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THE BANNER
CLANTON, AL

JAN 2-DEC 31 1896

The Chilton View

Clanton, AL The Banner

Banner 1896

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THE BANNER.

Circuit Clerk
181344

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1896. NO. 10.

Liberty is to be dethroned and the people reduced to industrial slavery.

Debt is slavery.

The owner of a "chattel slave" held a bill of sale of him.

It was a deed.

What did it imply?

The right to say to him: "You shall work for me."

One man holds a note against another.

What does it imply?

The legal right to say: "Go to work and give to me the proceeds of your labor until the note is canceled."

If the note is small the debtor may only be a temporary slave. But if it is large enough so that it requires all of the surplus products of his labor to pay the interest he is a slave for life, and his children after him.

This is industrial slavery. This is the kind that the banker wants to fasten upon the people.

He seeks to do it under the plea of "sound money."

It is a lie, blacker than hell itself, for it seeks to destroy human liberty.

GOVERNMENT OF CITIES.

Purely a Matter of Business, and Not of Partisan Politics.

In all cities where the People's party have nominated candidates for office they have demanded that the municipality should own and operate all public utilities.

It is self-evident that the management of the affairs of a city should be purely a matter of business, not of sentiment or of politics.

It is equally clear that under our present system of ward caucuses controlled by the leaders, who are monopolists, of the two old parties, and who care only for self interest and the office, is not for the best interests of the public.

The greatest inducement to public mismanagement of city affairs is the idiotic practice of permitting private individuals and corporations to enrich themselves by controlling public utilities. Public control will alone remove such cause of exploiting the public. If we only stop to think a little we will see how absurd it is for a city to grade and pave its streets at great expense, and keep them in repair by taxing the people, and then to grant the use of a portion of these same streets to a private corporation, which forthwith proceeds to lay down tracks or gas or water mains, and make big dividends out of the people. Such business conduct is worthy of a Pacific Islander's brain.

Berlin, Germany, is said to be the best governed city in the world. Its streets are the cleanest, its pavement the best, yet Berlin, by owning the gas works, electric lights, water works, street railways, city telephones, and even the fire insurance, in fact, all the public improvements, makes a profit every year of 5,000,000 marks, or $1,250,000 above all expenses.

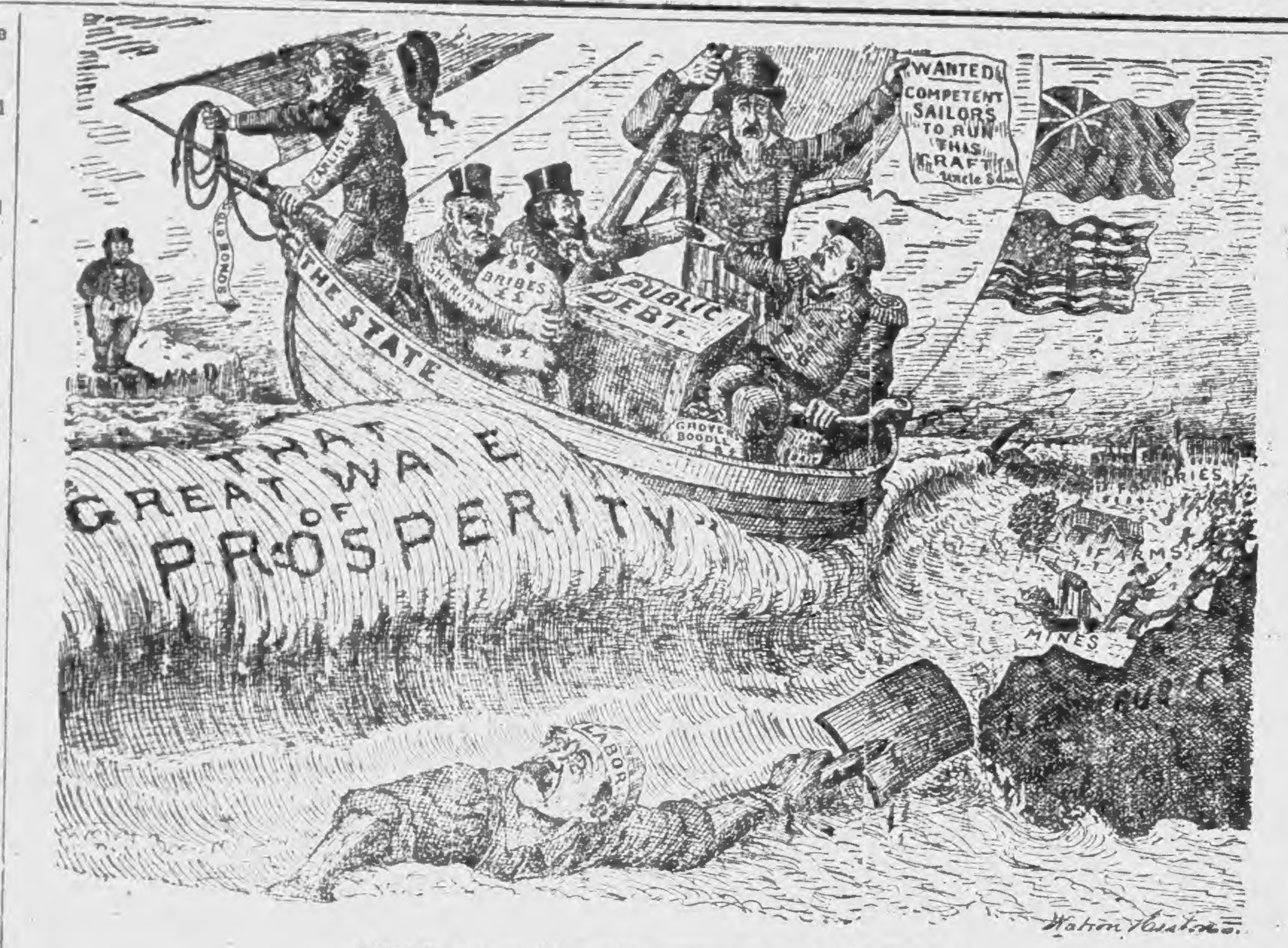
Although the Berlin street railway (Stadt-Bahn) cost about $200,000 a mile, her citizens can ride a distance of five miles as many times each day, for 365 days, as they wish for only $4.50. It costs $36 to ride the same distance on the elevated railways in New York city to and from work each day.

In the city of Glasgow, Scotland, it costs only two cents to ride on the municipal street railways. The street cleaning in Denver is managed by the city at an ex[illegible] 75 per mile per day, while it [illegible] which has the contract [illegible] mile per day. It is [illegible] on owned the [illegible] uld be [illegible]

[illegible] pays [illegible] for [illegible] moon don[illegible] te, while [illegible], Ill., having no better advantages in fuel or other supplies, but owning its plant, has 240 lights burning all night without regard to the moon, at $60 each per year. Dunkirk, N. Y., owns its own plant, furnishing light all night and every night for $36.50 each per year. The average price paid to private parties by the various cities is $105.13 per light per year. The same service performed directly under municipal management averages to the citizens a cost of $52.12½. Boston pays a private corporation the enormous sum of $180 per light, but Chicago, which owns a plant, pays for the same service $65 a year. Manchester pays $1.70 per 1,000 cubic feet for gas, which it might have for $1 if the city manufactured the gas. Wheeling, W. Va., owns the gas plant and figures the cost of gas in burner, including leakage, at 29½ cents per 1,000 cubic feet. Philadelphia owns its gas plant, and while the people enjoy cheap gas, the city makes a net profit of nearly $1,000,000 a year besides what the city consumes in its public buildings, etc., which, reckoned at $1.20 per 1,000 cubic feet, is equal to a saving of $960,000, or a total net profit to the city of over $1,960,000 each year.

A report of the N. Y. senate shows that the people of New York city, under private ownership, have been bled in the last ten years to the extent of $30,07[illegible]715.27 above what they ought to have paid. Municipal ownership in the United States shows a net saving of 40 per cent. City ownership of all public utilities is a necessity. Let the people demand public ownership of public improvements and they will save more money each year than all the total direct taxes paid. Workingmen, you who produce all the wealth, investigate, and then vote for your own interests.—Twentieth Century.

The London (England) Times wants the American people to elect Grover Cleveland again. We don't wonder at this; Cleveland is the best representative of British interests that has ever occupied the presidential chair.



WANTED COMPETENT SAILORS TO RUN THIS CRAFT
THE STATE
BRIBES
PUBLIC DEBT
THE GREAT WAVE OF PROSPERITY
LABOR
Watson Heston

WHAT THAT "WAVE OF PROSPERITY IS DOING."

THE SITUATION NOW.

THE IMMORALITY IN THE BUSINESS WORLD.

"The Rich Man's Wealth Is His Strong City: the Destruction of the Poor Is Their Poverty"—The Law Governing Buyer and Seller.

Wealth Makers: When we stop to think of it, is it not an amazing thing that there is so much misery, want and anxiety in the world among people who are willing to work and capable of producing with their labor all sorts of wealth to satisfy their needs? How many there are all about us, here, there and everywhere, who are in need of good, well-furnished homes! And the carpenters, masons, producers of all sorts of building materials, painters, decorators, carpet weavers, furniture makers, artists, authors, publishers, printers, and the rest, would gladly build, beautify and furnish luxuriously homes for all. They could do it easily if kept at work. The farmers could feed all, the factories could clothe all, and the workers could all be rich, with every legitimate want supplied, if all the able-bodied were kept at work eight hours a day, six days in the week, 300 days in the year, for a period of ten years. Modern machinery and natural motive power have so multiplied the results of labor in almost every branch of industry that need should be unknown. But machinery, steam and electricity have not benefited the poor. Invention and tireless motive power have not done away with poverty. The percentage of landless, homeless, dependent people is even steadily increasing. Great numbers of sober, capable men and women cannot obtain regular employment, cannot exchange services with one another and so meet their mutual wants.

It is true of the different classes that the rich are growing richer, the people with small means are growing poorer, the numbers who cannot find regular employment are increasing, and the struggle between competing workers for the insufficient places and wages [illegible] to them by the landlords and [illegible] ore desperate [illegible] degrading and [illegible] In the [illegible] gree that wealt[illegible] ting world is growi[illegible] more miserable. [illegible] ich man's wealth is his strong city; the destruction of the poor is their poverty." "The rich ruleth over the poor, and the borrower is servant unto the lender." Capitalists are organized and organizing to increase their power and exactions; the wage-workers are organizing to resist wage reductions; and between these two commercial forces relentless, wasteful, terrible war is determined. Between contract and contract truces are observed, but there is no such thing as settled peace. On the one side the capitalists, never satisfied, out of the profits from under-paid labor are buying up and monopolizing more and more of the natural resources, the increasingly valuable land, mines, oil wells, lumber regions, municipal monopolies, costly machinery, the necessary means of production and exchange, and are so increasing yearly the sum total of their tribute; and on the other side the wage workers are organizing the fight for enough to live on, and they will never cease demanding more and more, until we have industrial equality as well as political equality, or until, starved to desperation, the bomb and torch shall be resorted to by the maddened masses. The great consolidating corporations and the class called monopolists, with the law and customs of the centuries behind them, will not force less from the workers than they have obtained power to, and the workers will not endure dependence and destitution as their permanent place and part in society. It is also true that the knowledge of injustice is spreading, and an explosion upward cannot be long prevented by force or subtlety. An industrial despot, when men are enlightened, will be seen to be as oppressive a tyrant as a political despot. A monopolist is as much of a king as if crowned and publicly proclaimed such.

But monopolists cannot be condemned, save as we condemn the business system which has made them. And have we not all plunged into it and lived by its law, or rule? In view of the results of the business struggle it is forced upon us to ask, is it right? is it Christian? are the commercial transactions which all engage in, the acts of trade commonly regarded as legitimate, moral?

From an editorial in an Omaha daily we clipped a few years ago the plain statement following, written in answer to a query of a correspondent. That paper said:

"It is the law of the business world and the law of the industrial world that the buyer and seller, whether labor or material be bought or sold, stand for the time being in antagonism to each other."

Each gets as much as he can and gives as little as he must, buys cheap and sells dear, if he can do so, and considers it practical wisdom and necessary business so to do. It matters not how much kindness of heart and sympathy individuals may possess, it is not allowed to interfere to any appreciable extent with the business struggle. "Business is business," we say.

But this struggle for gain one of another, which we call "business," is anti-Christian, is exactly contrary to the moral law. "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." And it is this selfish struggle which has divided men and produced all the innumerable, immeasurable, indescribable evils which flow out of selfishness. Let this statement sink down into your minds and receive careful consideration, that the business system of selfish force which fixes all prices and wages and distributes the rewards of labor, is anti-Christian, immoral, and we must [illegible]rate ourselves from it. We must [illegible] out of this Babylon, whose doom foretold approaches, or we shall continue to suffer her plagues and go down with her into final destruction. "For her sins have reached unto heaven and God hath remembered her iniquities."

THE RECENT ELECTION.

What It Means—What Its Results Will Be.

At every election, of late years, the old party papers suppress all reports of the Populist vote, and then howl, "The People's party is dead!" And every time it dies it grows stronger.

This year we have increased our vote everywh[illegible], notwithstanding the [illegible]ch the old parties have been [illegible]ading in our garments. In [illegible]e South, the Democrats swear by the Populist platform and [illegible]ee silver, and in the moun[illegible]n states and the West the Republicans do the same thing. We read that the Democrats carried Mississippi "on a free-silver platform," and the Republicans did the same thing in Nebraska. In Kentucky both parties were at the same time bimetallists and monometallists. The poor Populists are confused. They find it hard to vote against their old party when it is preaching their distinctive doctrine. They feel like Job Scroggins, the carter, when he woke up in his cart, very drunk, to find his horse stolen. Said he: "Be I Job Scroggins, or be I not? If I be Job Scroggins I have lost a horse; and if I beant Job Scroggins I have found a cart." And so our brethren in the South and West scratch their heads and say: "Am I a Populist or am I not? If I am a Populist I have got an awful lot of converts; and if I cannot agree with the enemy, who are whooping it up for free silver, where do I belong?"

But all these fogs will disappear next year. The national conventions will have to "fish or cut bait." They will have to be either "fish, flesh or good red-herring." If they go in on the side of the gold-bugs, as is highly probable, they will lose the greater part of the voters they have been feeding so recklessly on free silver pabulum. Paul's advice to be "all things to all men that you may win some" is good politics up to a certain point. Prior to 1860 the Whig and Democratic parties played that game with the slavery question; but there came a time when the people would stand subterfuges no longer and the Whig party was wiped out, as the Democracy have just been, and died the death. The meaning of the recent conflict is that the Democratic party has ceased to be a national organization. Its eastern and western ends are not agreed upon a single political principle—tariff, silver or anything else. It is two parties in one, tied together by the tails, like the Kilkenny cats, and there will be some dreadful scratching when they are hung over a line in the national convention next year. Heretofore the divergent elements of the party have been held together by the hope of success—but that hope is now crushed forever, and the fragments will fly apart by an irresistible centrifugal force.

There can be only two parties in this country—one representing Thomas Jefferson and the other Alexander Hamilton—one representing the rights of man and the other the rights of capital—one representing a forward movement to higher levels of progress and liberty; the other symbolizing a retrograde movement toward darkness and despotism. The past and the future stand face to face, and all the temporary expedients that come between them will be ground to powder.

The Republican party have won the elephant, and the question is how to feed him. The menagerie will open in about three weeks, and the stench and the roar will be dreadful. They must agree upon some policy, and what shall it be? Ah! There's the rub. They must produce good times to satisfy the people, and, at the same time, sustain bad policies that will satisfy plutocracy. And that which will satisfy plutocracy will not satisfy the people. And in the meantime, like the closing in of an Arctic winter, settles down upon the world the deadly effects of cutting in two the metallic money of mankind and throwing one-half of it away.

The Democracy has been destroyed trying to unify its forces on this question. The same doom awaits the Republicans. They will be caught between the upper and nether millstones of plutocracy and prosperity.

The Populists can afford to stand still and look on and "laugh when their fear cometh."—Representative.

LATEST MACHINERY.

The Trades in Which Its Ravages Are Felt.

Cotton spinning: One man and two boys do the work which it required 1,100 spinners to do but a small number of years ago.

Cotton weaving: One man does the work now of 40 weavers, which were required at the time of his grandfather.

Cotton printing machines have replaced 1,500 per cent of hand labor.

Horseshoes: One machine, with one man as attendant, manufactures as many horseshoes in one day as it would take 500 men to make in the same time.

Log sawing: Out of 500 men formerly employed at this business, 499 have lost their jobs through the introduction of modern machinery.

Nails: One nail machine has taken the place of 1,000 men.

Paper: In the manufacture of this article 95 per cent of former hand labor has been replaced.

Pottery: One man now makes as much ware in the same time as 1,000 could do before machinery was applied.

Shipping: By the use of machinery in loading and unloading ships one man can perform the labor of 2,000 men.

Steel ties machines: A saving of 500 per cent.

Steel wire nail machines: A saving of 200 per cent.

Typesetting machines: A saving of 150 per cent.

Watches: An expert watchmaker can turn out from 250 to 300 watches each year with the aid of machinery, 85 per cent of former hand labor being thus replaced.

Wood carving: One man now does as much work as 100 men could do fifty years ago.

And similar proportions hold good in all other trades.—N. Y. Commonwealth.

Some men never think until they become hungry—that is to say they seem to think with their stomachs. A little sensible forethought would save much suffering. The people are responsible for the present condition on account of foolish partisan blindness.

We have government ownership of the postal service, let us have government ownership of the railroads and telegraphs.

There is no property right where a human right has been violated to obtain possession of the property.

ORGANIZATION.

Without It But Little Can Be Accomplished.

While honest and patriotic effort is being made to accomplish much-needed reforms, we should not lose sight of the fact that without organization but little can be accomplished. Thousands of men talk reform for 364 days in the year and then vote for one of the old parties on election day. One of the principal reasons for this is that the reform forces are not properly organized. No body of men ever accomplished their object without organization. It is the one needful thing to enable us to march to victory. The two old parties are well organized. In every campaign they are well supplied with money, and their leaders are active and vigilant. We cannot expect to float to victory "on flowery beds of ease."

We are now just entering one of the most momentous campaigns in the history of this government. The money power has been in the field for months. Its forces are organized, solid and compact. Millions of documents have been distributed in the interest of "sound money." The money power, having dethroned silver, will now bring every force to bear upon the greenback. Its efforts will be backed by every trust and corporation. The issue is whether the citizen or the dollar shall rule in this country. The effort will be made to place at once and forever property rights above human rights. If this battle is lost, we believe that the only resort left for the people is to overthrow by physical force a power which their own votes have unwittingly enthroned.

Nothing but the most stupendous effort can prevent the money power from defeating the will of the people.

To make that effort effective will require organization. We have the winter before us. The duty of the hour is to organize. If we fail in this we will fail of success at the polls. The two old parties will gather up the stragglers and the disgusted voters will stay at home and not vote. We should organize in every township, county, and state. We should begin at once a school house campaign. A census of each township should be taken, classifying the voters. It should contain a list of those who will probably vote the democratic, republican, and Populist tickets, as well as a list of the doubtful and disgusted voters. Meetings should be held at least twice a month in every township. Literature should be placed in the hands of all the voters who are disgusted with the old parties.

To do this it is not necessary to wait for a call of the chairman of the state or county central committee. Let each township look after the work of its own organization, and then help its weaker neighbors. When once we get the townships organized, county and state organization will quickly follow. The county chairman should have the names of from three to five active workers in each township. He should keep this list and forward a duplicate of it to the chairman of the state central committee. Each Populist editor in every state should send a copy of his paper to the chairman of the state central committee, and also a copy to the chairman of the national committee. By this method the chairmen will be kept posted as to the progress of the campaign throughout the whole field. The organization can be clubs or Industrial Legions. General Paul Van Dervoort, of Omaha, Nebraska, is pushing the work of organizing both clubs and legions. Write to him at once inclosing stamp for reply, and he will send you particulars. Now, let two or three men in each township take hold of this work at once and get ready for the greatest battle that has ever been fought.

W. S. MORGAN.

When Will They Learn?

When will the American people learn that in turning from one of the old parties to the other, they merely "change the place and keep the pain?" With a great flourish of trumpets, the people of Maryland have smashed the Gorman machine and given over the government of that state to the Republicans. One of the fruits of victory is a United States senatorship, and the man most prominently suggested for the place is Charles Jerome Bonaparte, the grand-nephew of his great uncle. Mr. Bonaparte is a hard, grasping, and avaricious man, an extensive owner of real estate, a more than usually greedy landlord. He was also prominent in a movement to give over to a monopoly the business of dredging for oysters in Chesapeake bay. What will it have profited the people of Maryland to turn down Boss Gorman if at the same time they turn up Boss Bonaparte? That is about all the political reforms have amounted to in this country so far—changing one set of spoilsmen for another. The trifles about which children quarrel are really more important to them than are the "issues" between the old parties over which the American people go daft every four years, if not oftener. The tithing of mint, anise and cummin is what excites them; while the weightier matters of the law, truth, mercy and judgment are as utterly neglected now as they were eighteen hundred years ago.—Star and Kansan.

About the only remnant of the government our fathers gave us is the Fourth of July, and the scream of the eagle on that day is a mere screech as compared with that of former days.

The only "sound money" there is, or can be, is the money that has behind it a stable government. No bank money is considered "sound" unless it is vouched for by the government.

It is no joke to ask what congress is now in session for?

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OUR TRADE AND TRAFFIC

As Observed and Reported by Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review.

REACTION IN THE STOCK MARKET.

Business Checked in Many Lines. Decline in Bessemer Pig—The Usual Holiday Dullness Increased by Delay of Orders—Cotton Goods Declined.

The foreign and financial messages of the president were followed by violent reaction in the stock market last Saturday, with grave fears of monetary trouble. The sudden panic checked business in many departments, and the industries cannot be expected to show signs of improvement until the new year begins. Orders have for months been so much smaller than they were in the summer, when production was expanding and prices mounting rapidly, that new causes of uncertainty have the more influence. Bessemer pig has declined 25 cents more at Pittsburg, the bar iron association has reduced its price, not yet to the rate at which steel as well as iron bars are actually sold, and in most departments this industry suffers from the speculative advance in prices and production last summer. It is noted that Bessemer and open hearth steel were offered at the same price in bids on 6,000,000 tons which a Pittsburg mill will produce for appraisers' stores here. In the great textile manufactures the usual holiday dullness is increased by delay of orders, though there is some accumulation of goods for the demand expected soon. Standard brown sheetings and drills are an eighth lower and cotton goods average a third of 1 per cent lower.

The shoe and leather business does not improve and both leather and manufactured goods decline slightly, though speculation is again hoisting hides about 10 per cent for all in two weeks, and for some kinds 25 per cent.

Cotton has remained at 8¼ cents since last Saturday, and enormous commercial and mill stocks here and abroad, with a demand for goods much smaller than in September, hinder an advance. The quantity which has come into sight is 30 per cent less than last year to date, but slightly larger than in 1893, when the crop was 6,700,000 bales.

Payments through clearing houses were abnormally swelled by last week's panic, so that the average daily for December at all points is 18 per cent more than in 1894, and 12.2 per cent less than in 1893. Foreign trade shows a gain of 19¼ per cent in exports from New York of three weeks of December, which is decidedly encouraging, and a decrease of 18¼ per cent in imports here.

CHATTANOOGA'S RIVER TRAFFIC.

Building Barges to Carry Ore; One for the Mississippi.

The J. C. Warner made her first trip for Kingston and way landings last week. The Warner will make regular trips throughout the winter, leaving Chattanooga every Wednesday at 10 a. m. and Saturday at 6 p. m.

The Ocoee left Friday evening for the Hiwassee river with a cargo of freight. She will arrive in Chattanooga on her return trip next Tuesday with about 1,500 bags of grain.

The Onega will arrive from Knoxville next Thursday with a cargo of 2,000 bags of grain.

The Key City left at 4 p. m. Saturday for Loudon. She will arrive in Chattanooga on her return trip next Tuesday with a barge load of broom handles from Kingston.

The local ship yards present a very animated appearance now. A. R. Perry, of Chattanooga, has the contract for building five large barges for Roberts & Sparks, of the Eureka Iron mines, near Kingston. These barges are of 300 tons capacity and will be used in ore transportation. They will cost about $1,200 each. Three of them have been completed and the other two are in course of construction. In addition to these, Mr. Perry has the contract for building the largest transfer barge ever turned out in Chattanooga. It is to be 225 by 34 feet in size and is being built for Cairo, Ill., parties for use on the Mississippi river.

Fatal to a Bystander.

At Aberdeen, Miss., Thursday night a personal encounter took place between L. L. Lann and W. C. Sykes, in which Sykes received two serious wounds from Lann's pistol. Later W. A. Sykes and Kirby Lann, brothers of the two first named, took up the quarrel and a street duel ensued. Sykes received a wound in the left breast and Lann was shot twice in the shoulder. Clifton Wicks, a bystander, aged 19, was struck by a bullet from one of the revolvers and killed. All of the parties belong to the best families of the city. A woman of the town was the direct cause of the trouble.

Seventeen Went Down.

The people on the Russian bark Palme, Captain Erikson, from Liverpool December 18, for Mobile, in ballast, which stranded in Dublin Bay on Tuesday last have been saved. As told in these dispatches Tuesday, a life boat that put out to the rescue of those on the Palme was capsized and its seventeen occupants were drowned. This morning the tender Tearaght reached the Palme and rescued the sixteen persons aboard of her. Among those saved are the captain's wife and child.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office of Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State [illegible], of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their notice, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

We wish to call the attention of advertisers to the fact that the BANNER has by far the largest circulation of any paper in Chilton county. Any paper claiming a larger circulation is guilty of misrepresentation and an intention to defraud.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper

THE Cotton States and International Exposition at Atlanta closed its gates on Tuesday. It has been a decided success.

OUR old friend the National Watchman has consolidated with the Silver Knight, edited by Senator Wm. M. Stewart.

GOVERNOR MORTON, of New York, has announced himself as a candidate for nomination by the Republican convention for the presidency.

ANOTHER $100,000,000 worth of bonds is about to be issued to a syndicate, with the option on the part of the government to make it $200,000,000 if it is deemed necessary. Grover believes in making hay while his sun is shining.

WE publish in another column, by request of some of our subscribers, the election law passed by the last legislature. In connection with this it may be as well to remind our readers they will have to register again this year for the electors next fall. Don't forget this!

EXPRESS Agent S. W. Grier at Roseboro, N. C., who reported that his station was robbed of $950 a few days ago, has confessed that himself and Dr. Fleet J. Cooper, coroner of Sampson county, and the mayor of Roseboro, Reden Butler, stole the money. The brother of the mayor, Braxton Butler, was also implicated. All were arrested. Butlers gave bond and have disappeared.

THE Atlanta Constitution published in January last that $100 cash would be given for the best crop on one acre, each of cotton, corn, tobacco, sweet potatoes and watermelons, under certain conditions.

The reports from the acres of the five crops have been submitted in due form upon blanks furnished by the Constitution, and while many have made good reports and excellent crops, the judges make the following awards, giving to each one the $100 cash prize for the best acre as indicated:

For the best acre of cotton, Mr. W. G. Cross, of Lorane, Ga., for 7,089 pounds of seed cotton, raised at an expense of $52.20.

For the best acre of corn, Mr. G. B. Cranshaw, of Newborn, Ga., for 176½ bushels, raised at an expense of $9.70.

For the best acre of watermelons, Mr. V. Green, of Wolf City, Tex., 1,193, raised at an expense of $50.90.

For the best acre of tobacco, Mr. J. S. Dejarnette, of South Fork, Ark., for 1,052 pounds, raised at an expense of $43.25.

For the best acre of sweet potatoes, Mr. W. S. Dill, of Sandy Flat, S.C., for 529⅓ bushels, raised at an expense of $24.80.

Two Alabamians received honorable mention for the second best crop, Mr. J. T. Sims, Hetor, Ala., and Mr. J. H. Caselberry, Greenville, Ala. We regret that some of our Chilton county farmers did not enter this competition.

SENATOR ALLEN ON POPULISM.

Mr. Allen declared that the populist party had no affiliation with either of the old parties. The populists had realized before the meeting of this congress that there was a clear majority of the senate in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and they had been perfectly willing to unite in bringing about the passage of a free silver measure. They had sent out invitations to the free silver senators, but with the exception of two or three of them they had not met with the populists, and therefore the populist party had resolved as a matter of policy to take no part whatever in the organization of the senate. The populists felt that the republican party was—as between itself and the democratic party—in the ascendency, and the responsibility for legislation should belong to the republican party in both houses as speedily as possible.

The populists had felt that it was due to themselves as a party that they should take no hand whatever in the organization of the senate, and should refrain from voting, thus leaving the republicans and democrats to settle the question of organization among themselves. The populist party in the senate, in the house and in the country was a distinct political entity, having its organization in every state and territory, and having a popular vote within 200,000 of the number which landed Mr. Lincoln in the presidency in 1861. The populists were a distinct organization, and they proposed to maintain it in this and in the future congresses

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Mr. Allen replied that when the populists came to consider the question they realized that they held the balance of power in their hands, and he added, with much emphasis, that they were going to utilize it to its fullest extent as they went along. The democratic party, he continued, had proved itself absolutely incapable of legislation. (Laughter on the republican side of the chamber and in the galleries). It had claimed to be in favor of tariff reform, as he himself was, but when its tariff bill came before the senate last session it proved to be loaded at both ends and in the middle for protection. (Laughter). He had no faith in the democratic party, in its capacity or its disposition to relieve the country—not the slightest. He wanted the responsibility for legislation to begin now, so that the people would see that the do-nothing policy of the republican party resulted in about the same thing as the policy of the democratic party. (Laughter on both sides of the chamber).

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THE NEW ELECTION LAW.

No. 357 AN ACT. S. 459.

To amend Section 5, to repeal Section 35 and Section 36, and to add Section 49 to an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama, approved February 21, 1893.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That Section 5 of an act entiled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows: Section 5. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this State after the time herein prescribed for such registration, but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any general or special election to register such persons as may have reached the age of 21 years since the last registration; such other persons as may make oath that they became bona fide residents of the precinct in which they propose to register not less than thirty days before the day of election and since the last registration; but electors having the Constitutional qualifications who may have resided in any incorporate city in this State having a population of more than 5,000 inhabitants, as determined by the last federal census, for thirty days immediately preceding any election and have within such thirty days removed their residence from one precinct to another in the same city shall, after a residence of one day, be entitled to vote in the precinct in which they reside at the time of the election, but each of such electors herein last provided for must first deposit with the inspectors of election in said precinct the certificate of the Judge of Probate that said elector is duly registered in the precinct from which he has removed, and no other person than those provided for in this section shall be permitted to register on the the day of the election. The present resistrar shall furnish to each elector who may register on the day of election a certificate of registration, which shall be substantially in this form: State of Alabama, County of ——. Precinct No. ——, I, ——, precinct registrar, hereby certify that —— has this day registered before me as an elector. —— Registrar, Precinct No. ——, and if precinct registrar fails to attend or there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person as precinct registrar for that day, and if no appointment is made by 10 o'clock of that day, then the inspectors of election, or any two if them, may appoint a precinct registrar, who may qualify and act as such for that day; provided nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing, altering or amending the ordinances now or hereafter ordained by any municipal corporation chartered by the General Assembly providing for the separate registration of electors for municipal elections

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That Section 35 and Section 36 of said act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That said act be amended by adding thereto Section 49, in words as follows: Sec. 49. Be it further enacted, That upon opening the polls the inspectors must appoint two markers or assistants, one for each of the opposing political parties who may have candidates to be voted for at the election; and each of whom must be a discreet person, able to read and write, if practicable, and the inspectors, or any two of them shall, in like manner, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary to give every illiterate elector and every physically disabled elector an opportunity to vote, appoint a marker, who must be selected as provided for the selection of the first two. Every marker before entering upon his duties must take an oath, which may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, or by any one of the inspectors, to perform the duties of marker at the election according to law. No inspector, clerk or marker shall be appointed nor shal act as such except in the beat of his residence at the time of the election. Clerks and markers must be appointed from a list of persons not less than six nor more than ten in any beat, who may be suggested for that purpose by the duly constituted authorities respectively of the opposing political parties having candidates to be voted for at the election. Every illiterate or physically disabled elector shall be permitted to have the assistance of a marker, who has been appointed by the inspectors, and who may be selected by him from the number of markers. Any inspector who may refuse to appoint markers from the opposing parties, so as to give every illiterate or physically disabled elector the opportunity to select a marker of his own political party, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, on conviction, be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500. It is the sense of this section that the opposing party shall each have the right to suggest a list of names, not less than six nor more than ten persons, to act as markers and clerks. If no lists are furnished the inspectors shall appoint clerks and markers from opposing political parties.

Approved February 18, 1895.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

One of the fundamental principles of the Farmer's Alliance is to beautify and make home attractive, but how to do this is the all absorbing question. It is a momentous question, one that should interest all parents. When home is pleasant it is attractive and children love to stay about home and are not so subject to get off and fall into bad company and be led astray by the wiles of the devil and his angels. It is a fact that parents are neglecting, in a great measure, their duties toward their children. We see a multitude of boys in our country who to-day are going to ruin for lack of mental training and proper encouragements to hold themselves above dissipation and place them upon a higher plane of existence. Some of them think it smart to go to church with a bottle of whiskey in their pocket and one in their stomach, and a pistol concealed, with which they destroy their character and their influence for good, and bring trouble, gray hairs and reproach upon their parents and they working in the coal mines

To make home attractive, parents should live a consistent life, "slow to anger" and should "provoke not their children to anger," but teach them to love each other and to conduct themselves so that they will be highly esteemed by all. Home should be supplied with good books and all kinds of instructive literature, music, etc. To do this parents will have to use a good deal of industry and economy and deny themselves of a great many useless habits they often engage in. Home should be supplied with vehicles for travel and better roads. The people of Chilton county take less interest in roads than any people I know of. Many places there are gullies on one side of the road and a stump on the other and often a blackjack bush over-head to pull off one's hat and throw it in the mud and scratch the face severely. Occasionally a log across the road to stay till it rots out.

OBSERVER.

* * *

Lomax.

There was a nice Christmas tree at the church here on Christmas eve night. Many valuable and appreciative presents were distributed among the young people.

Our Sunday school is progressing nicely and will not go into winter quarters as the literature for the next quarter has already arrived and been distributed. The average attendance for last quarter was forty.

TIM.

* * *

Vine Hill.

Christmas passed. Weather cold.

On last Wednesday night a large crowd gathered at the hill to view and enjoy the beautiful Christmas tree. It was a most delightful quiet time, managed by Dr. Sher and Mr. Anderson and others.

Mr. Mott is still sick, but slowly improving.

Colds are still bad in this neighborhood.

Many of the farmers are looking to a good crop next year.

Success to THE BANNER in its cause of reform.

PAT.

* * *

The Largest Mail in America.

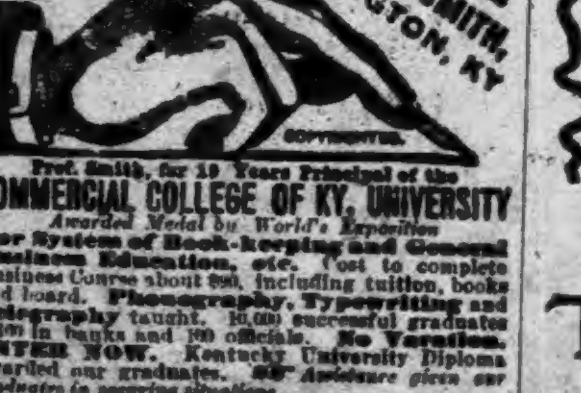
Postmaster Washington Hesing, referring to the Chicago postoffice, in a recent speech at the Auditorium, made the following statement: "This office is not second to, but is equal to New York in its importance, in the character of mail handled, in the volume of the same and in the number of registered packages. Be not astonished when I tell you that the largest patron of the postoffice in the United States is in Chicago—Montgomery Ward & Co."

Administrator's Notice of Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, } In Probate
Chilton County. } Court.

This day came P. M. Moore, sheriff and ex-officio administrator of the estate of Singleton Posey, deceased, and filed his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is ordered that the 13th day of January, 1896, be and the same set as a day for hearing and passing upon said account, when all persons in interest may appear and contest if they see proper. This 18th day of December, 1895.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.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Prof. Smith, for 19 Years Principal of the COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY Awarded Medal by World's Exposition For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, etc. Cost to complete Business Course about $90, including tuition, books and board. Phonography, Typewriting and Telegraphy taught. 10,000 successful graduates —100 in banks and 100 officials. No Vacation. ENTER NOW. Kentucky University Diploma awarded our graduates. Assistance given our graduates in securing situations.

In order that your letters may reach this College cut this notice and address as below.

WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

RUN DOWN WITH
DYSPEPSIA
STOMACH
Liver
AND HEART
AFFECTED.
Almost in Despair
But Finally
CURED
By Taking
AYER'S PILLS

"For fifteen years, I was a great sufferer from indigestion in its worst forms. I tested the skill of many doctors, but grew worse and worse, until I became so weak I could not walk fifty yards without having to sit down and rest. My stomach, liver, and heart became affected, and I thought I would surely die. I tried Ayer's Pills and they helped me right away. I continued their use and am now entirely well. I don't know of anything that will so quickly relieve and cure the terrible suffering of dyspepsia as Ayer's Pills."—JOHN C. PRITCHARD, Brodie, Warren Co., N. C.

AYER'S PILLS
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE NEW YORK WORLD THREE TIMES A WEEK AND THE BANNER FOR $1.50 PER YEAR.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK edition of the New York World has been converted into the THRICE-A-WEEK. It furnishes 3 papers of 6 pages apiece, or eighteen pages every week, at the old price of one dollar a year. This gives 156 papers a year for one dollar and every paper has six pages eight columns wide or 48 columns in all. The THRICE-A-WEEK World is not only much larger than any weekly or semi-weekly newspaper, but it furnishes the news with much greater frequency and promptness. In fact it combines all the crisp, fresh qualities of a daily with the attractive special features of a weekly.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

W. B. NOLEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Will make a specialty of defending criminal cases. When necessary is prepared to make indulgent arrangements.
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SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
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THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

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Atlanta Constitution	$1 50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1 50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1 50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1 50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1 50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

National Watchman (Washington D.C.)	$1 25
Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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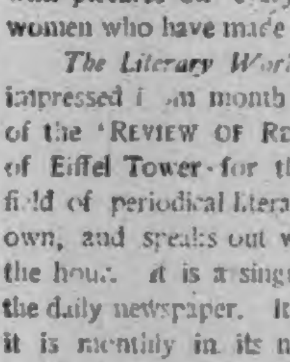
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

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The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
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THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

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"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
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We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their bailiwick, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

We wish to call the attention of advertisers to the fact that the BANNER has by far the largest circulation of any paper in Chilton county. Any paper claiming a larger circulation is guilty of misrepresentation and an intention to defraud.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper

THE Cotton States and International Exposition at Atlanta closed its gates on Tuesday. It has been a decided success.

OUR old friend the National Watchman has consolidated with the Silver Knight, edited by Senator Wm. M. Stewart.

GOVERNOR MORTON, of New York, has announced himself as a candidate for nomination by the Republican convention for the presidency.

ANOTHER $100,000,000 worth of bonds is about to be issued to a syndicate, with the option on the part of the government to make it $200,000,000 if it is deemed necessary. Grover believes in making hay while his sun is shining.

WE publish in another column, by request of some of our subscribers, the election law passed by the last legislature. In connection with this it may be as well to remind our readers they will have to register again this year for the electors next fall. Don't forget this!

EXPRESS Agent S. W. Grier at Roseboro, N. C., who reported that his station was robbed of $950 a few days ago, has confessed that himself and Dr. Fleet J. Cooper, coroner of Sampson county, and the mayor of Roseboro, Reden Butler, stole the money. The brother of the mayor, Braxton Butler, was also implicated. All were arrested. Butlers gave bond and have disappeared.

THE Atlanta Constitution published in January last that $100 cash would be given for the best crop on one acre, each of cotton, corn, tobacco, sweet potatoes and watermelons, under certain conditions.

The reports from the acres of the five crops have been submitted in due form upon blanks furnished by the Constitution, and while many have made good reports and excellent crops, the judges make the following awards, giving to each one the $100 cash prize for the best acre as indicated:

For the best acre of cotton, Mr. W. G. Cross, of Lorane, Ga., for 7,089 pounds of seed cotton, raised at an expense of $52.20.

For the best acre of corn, Mr. G. B. Cranshaw, of Newborn, Ga., for 176½ bushels, raised at an expense of $9.70.

For the best acre of watermelons, Mr. V. Green, of Wolf City, Tex., 1,193, raised at an expense of $50.90.

For the best acre of tobacco, Mr. J. S. Dejarnette, of South Fork, Ark., for 1,052 pounds, raised at an expense of $43.25.

For the best acre of sweet potatoes, Mr. W. S. Dill, of Sandy Flat, S.C., for 529⅓ bushels, raised at an expense of $24.80.

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THE NEW ELECTION LAW.

No. 337 AN ACT. S. 401

To amend Section 5, to repeal Section 35 and Section 36, and to add Section 49 to an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama, approved February 21, 1893.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That Section 5 of an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows: Section 5. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this State after the time herein prescribed for such registration, but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any general or special election to register such persons as may have reached the age of 21 years since the last registration; such other persons as may make oath that they became bona fide residents of the precinct in which they propose to register not less than thirty days before the day of election and since the last registration; but electors having the Constitutional qualifications who may have resided in any incorporate city in this State having a population of more than 5,000 inhabitants, as determined by the last federal census, for thirty days immediately preceding any election and have within such thirty days removed their residence from one precinct to another in the same city shall, after a residence of one day, be entitled to vote in the precinct in which they reside at the time of the election, but each of such electors herein last provided for must first deposit with the inspectors of election in said precinct the certificate of the Judge of Probate that said elector is duly registered in the precinct from which he has removed, and no other person than those provided for in this section shall be permitted to register on the the day of the election. The present registrar shall furnish to each elector who may register on the day of election a certificate of registration, which shall be substantially in this form: State of Alabama, County of ———. Precinct No. ———. I, ———, precinct registrar, hereby certify that——— has this day registered before me as an elector. ——— Registrar, Precinct No. ———, and if precinct registrar fails to attend or there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person as precinct registrar for that day, and if no appointment is made by 10 o'clock of that day, then the inspectors of election, or any two if them, may appoint a precinct registrar, who may qualify and act as such for that day; provided nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing, altering or amending the ordinances now or hereafter ordained by any municipal corporation chartered by the General Assembly providing for the separate registration of electors for municipal elections

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That Section 35 and Section 36 of said act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That said act be amended by adding thereto Section 49, in words as follows: Sec. 49. Be it further enacted, That upon opening the polls the inspectors must appoint two markers or assistants, one for each of the opposing political parties who may have candidates to be voted for at the election; and each of whom must be a discreet person, able to read and write, if practicable, and the inspectors, or any two of them shall, in like manner, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary to give every illiterate elector and every physically disabled elector an opportunity to vote, appoint a marker, who must be selected as provided for the selection of the first two. Every marker before entering upon his duties must take an oath, which may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, or by any one of the inspectors, to perform the duties of marker at the election according to law. No inspector, clerk or marker shall be appointed nor shall act as such except in the beat of his residence at the time of the election. Clerks and markers must be appointed from a list of persons not less than six nor more than ten in any beat, who may be suggested for that purpose by the duly constituted authorities respectively of the opposing political parties having candidates to be voted for at the election. Every illiterate or physically disabled elector shall be permitted to have the assistance of a marker, who has been appointed by the inspectors, and who may be selected by him from the number of markers. Any inspector who may refuse to appoint markers from the opposing parties, so as to give every illiterate or physically disabled elector the opportunity to select a marker of his own political party, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, on conviction, be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500. It is the sense of this section that the opposing party shall each have the right to suggest a list of names, not less than six nor more than ten persons, to act as markers and clerks. If no lists are furnished the inspectors shall appoint clerks and markers from opposing political parties.

Approved February 18, 1895.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

One of the fundamental principles of the Farmer's Alliance is to beautify and make home attractive, but how to do this is the all absorbing question. It is a momentous question, one that should interest all parents. When home is pleasant it is attractive and children love to stay about home and are not so subject to get off and fall into bad company and be led astray by the wiles of the devil and his angels. It is a fact that parents are neglecting, in a great measure, their duties toward their children. We see a multitude of boys in our country who to-day are going to ruin for lack of mental training and proper encouragements to hold themselves above dissipation and place them upon a higher plane of existence. Some of them think it smart to go to church with a bottle of whiskey in their pocket and one in their stomach, and a pistol concealed, with which they destroy their character and their influence for good, and bring trouble, gray hairs and reproach upon their parents and they working in the coal mines

To make home attractive, parents should live a consistent life, "slow to anger" and should "provoke not their children to anger," but teach them to love each other and to conduct themselves so that they will be highly esteemed by all. Home should be supplied with good books and all kinds of instructive literature, music, etc. To do this parents will have to use a good deal of industry and economy and deny themselves of a great many useless habits they often engage in. Home should be supplied with vehicles for travel and better roads. The people of Chilton county take less interest in roads than any people I know of. Many places there are gullies on one side of the road and a stump on the other and often a blackjack bush over head to pull off one's hat and throw it in the mud and scratch the face severely. Occasionally a log across the road to stay till it rots out.

OBSERVER.

* * *

Lomax.

There was a nice Christmas tree at the church here on Christmas eve night. Many valuable and appreciative presents were distributed among the young people.

Our Sunday school is progressing nicely and will not go into winter quarters as the literature for the next quarter has already arrived and been distributed. The average attendance for last quarter was forty.

TIM.

* * *

Vine Hill.

Christmas passed. Weather cold.

On last Wednesday night a large crowd gathered at the hill to view and enjoy the beautiful Christmas tree. It was a most delightful quiet time, managed by Dr. Sher and Mr. Anderson and others.

Mr. Mott is still sick, but slowly improving.

Colds are still bad in this neighborhood.

Many of the farmers are looking to a good crop next year.

Success to THE BANNER in its cause of reform.

PAT.

* * *

The Largest Mail in America.

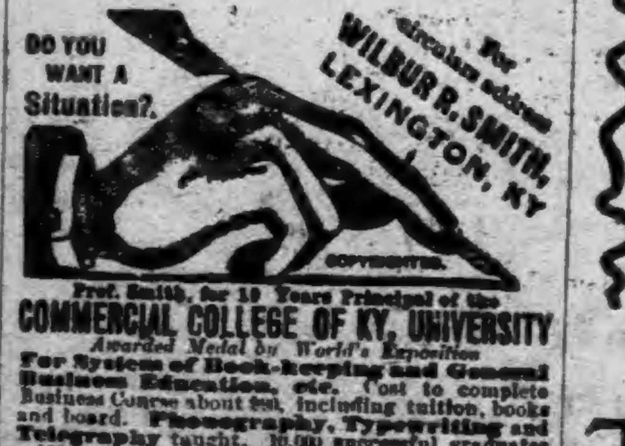
Postmaster Washington Hesing, referring to the Chicago postoffice, in a recent speech at the Auditorium, made the following statement: "This office is not second to, but is equal to New York in its importance, in the character of mail handled, in the volume of the same and in the number of registered packages. Be not astonished when I tell you that the largest patron of the postoffice in the United States is in Chicago—Montgomery Ward & Co."

Administrator's Notice of Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, } In Probate
Chilton County. } Court.

This day came P. M. Moore, sheriff and ex-officio administrator of the estate of Singleton Posey, deceased, and filed his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is ordered that the 13th day of January, 1895, be and the same set as a day for hearing and passing upon said account, when all persons in interest may appear and contest if they see proper. This 18th day of December, 1895.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.


DO YOU WANT A Situation?
For circulars address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY
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Prof. Smith, for 10 Years Principal of the
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY
Awarded Medal by World's Exposition
For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, etc. Cost to complete Business Course about $90, including tuition, books and board. Phonography, Typewriting and Telegraphy taught. 10,000 successful graduates —100 in banks and 100 officials. No Vacation. ENTER NOW. Kentucky University Diploma awarded our graduates. Assistance given our graduates in securing situations. In order that your letters may reach this College use this notice and address as below.
WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

RUN DOWN WITH
DYSPEPSIA
STOMACH
Liver
AND HEART
AFFECTED.
Almost in Despair
But Finally
CURED
By Taking
AYER'S PILLS

"For fifteen years, I was a great sufferer from indigestion in its worst forms. I tested the skill of many doctors, but grew worse and worse, until I became so weak I could not walk fifty yards without having to sit down and rest. My stomach, liver, and heart became affected, and I thought I would surely die. I tried Ayer's Pills and they helped me right away. I continued their use and am now entirely well. I don't know of anything that will so quickly relieve and cure the terrible suffering of dyspepsia as Ayer's Pills."—JOHN C. PRITCHARD, Brodie, Warren Co., N. C.

AYER'S PILLS
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE NEW YORK WORLD THREE TIMES A WEEK AND THE BANNER FOR $1.50 PER YEAR.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK edition of the New York World has been converted into the THRICE-A-WEEK. It furnishes 3 papers of 6 pages apiece, or eighteen pages every week, at the old price of one dollar a year. This gives 156 papers a year for one dollar and every paper has six pages eight columns wide or 48 columns in all. The THRICE-A-WEEK World is not only much larger than any weekly or semi-weekly newspaper, but it furnishes the news with much greater frequency and promptness. In fact it combines all the crisp, fresh qualities of a daily with the attractive special features of a weekly.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama

W B. NOLEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Will make a specialty of Defending criminal cases. When necessary is prepared to make indulgent arrangements.
CLANTON ALABAMA

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

Right in Sight
Sure Saving Shown
We'll send you our General Catalogue and Buyers Guide, if you send us 15 cents in stamps. That pays part postage or expressage, and keeps off idlers.
It's a Dictionary of Honest Values; Full of important information no matter where you buy. 700 Pages, 12,000 illustrations: tells of 40,000 articles and right price of each. One profit only between maker and user. Get it
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Bigger and Better Than Ever Before.
584 PAGES.
1,500 TOPICS.
Tells Everything You Want to Know When You Want to Know It.
A VERITABLE CYCLOPEDIA OF UP-TO-DATE FACTS.
An Invaluable and Unrivalled Political and Popular Hand-Book.
READY JANUARY 1st, 1896.
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THE WORLD,
Pulitzer Building, New York.
Don't Go Without It This Presidential Year.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1 50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1 50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1 50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1 50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1 50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

National Watchman (Washington D.C.)	$1 25
Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1 25

"ALL THE MAGAZINES IN ONE"
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature are alone worth the subscription price.

FIVE MONTHS FOR $1.00.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION $2.50.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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Agents find it the Most Profitable Magazine.

Sold on all News Stands. Single Copy, 25 cents.
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DRUGS, : MEDICINE NES,
ILET ARTICLES, ES.
PRE IONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

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General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.
AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
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—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

T[illegible] ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7¼ cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE:	
Sampey	913
Mullins	677
Wilson	301
W. G. Plummer, from wagons.	71
Total	1962

Rev. and Mrs. P. M. Guthrie have returned home from a pleasant visit tro relatives in Columbus, Ga.

W. J. Martin, Esq., returned last Saturday from a pleasure trip to Bibb county.

Mr. J. A. Dudley returned several days ago from New York, where he went to convey some United States prisoners to the King's county penitentiary.

Dr. Caine has returned from a visit to his old home in Dallas county.

Mr. William Cass has removed to Mississippi.

Miss Lula Cass has gone to Illinois to stay with her brother Benj for a while.

Mr. Jack Bozier has removed to Blocton.

Sheriff and Mrs. Moore went to Birmingham Monday.

Mrs. Moore and Miss Nannie Moore have gone on a visit to their old home in West Chilton.

Miss Nellie Merritt is visiting friends in Montgomery.

Charley Merritt returned to his his studies at Auburn on Monday.

Mr. W. H. Taylor went to Montgomery Monday on business.

Mr. Ed Aldridge, of Calera, has been visiting here several days this week.

Master Hugh Simpson returned to his home in Montgomery this morning.

The family of Mr. R. Ehrman returned home Monday from a visit to relatives in Briarfield.

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He uses it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy, I can recommend to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough, with the best results." 25, and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr. M.D., Druggist.

Mr. Rufus Gartman went to Montgomery this morning.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. John Waller and Miss Roxie Ann Price; Mr. B. J. Goss and Miss Winnie C. May.

Colored: Dunk Jackson and Penney Wilson; Bob Robinson and Lucinda Key; Henry Gentry and Chanie Peoples.

Mrs. Honeycutt is spending a few days with her son, Mr. George Honeycutt.

Mr. John Stanfield is having his new residence now occupied by Mr. Gilson painted. Mr. John W. Bailey is doin[illegible]

Many stubbo[illegible] [illegible]ating cases of rheum[illegible] [illegible] lieved to be i[illegible] as life [illegible] Chan[illegible] the [illegible] su[illegible] lie[illegible] in, and [illegible] and its continu[illegible] insures [illegible] effectual cure. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M. D. Druggist.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 16805.

Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala. }
Dec. 17, 1895. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 25th 1896, viz: Chambless Young, Homestead entry, No. 23,106, for the ne ¼ of nw ¼ of section 32, tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Anderson Peoples, Fed Latham, James Rasberry, henry Latham, all of Shoults, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D. Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

"For Charity Suffereth Long."

Mrs. Laura C. Phoenix, Milwaukee, Wis.

"*Matron of a Benevolent Home* and knowing the good Dr. Miles' Nervine has done me, my wish to help others, overcomes my dislike for the publicity, this letter may give me. In Nov. and Dec., 1893, *The inmates had the "LaGrippe,"* and I was one of the first. Resuming duty too soon, with the care of so many sick, I did not regain my health, and in a month *I became so debilitated and nervous* from sleeplessness and the drafts made on my vitality, that it was a question if I could go on. A dear friend advised me to try *Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.* I took 2 bottles and am happy to say, I am in better health than ever. I still continue *its occasional use, as a nerve food,* as my work is very trying. A letter addressed to Milwaukee, Wis., will reach me."

June 6, 1894. MRS. LAURA C. PHOENIX.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

CHRISTMAS IS COMING!

There is nothing better for a Xmas present than an

ORGAN OR PIANO.

T. A. King, representing the well known music music firm of E. E. Forbes, Montgomery, is in Clanton this month and is selling all kinds of

Musical Instruments

at prices and terms to suit the times. Also New Home, Wheeler & Wilson

Sewing Machines,
Type-Writers,
Bicycles, Buggies

Organs repaired.
Sewing Machines adjusted.

We sell at cash prices, but if desired will sell one third cash, one third in twelve months and one third in two years.

Addres for December,

T. A. KING, Clanton, Ala.

Final Proof Notice

Notice No. 16768.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. }
December 9, 1895. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Alabama, on January 25th, 1896 viz: William D. Caton, Homestead entry, No. 23,169, for the sw¼ of ne¼, sec 14 tp 22 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Virgil Whatley, Enoch Whatley, Seaborn Cleckler, Calloway Dawson all of Stasburg, Alabama. H. PURCELL, Register.

In Poor Health

means so m[illegible] you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth,* and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

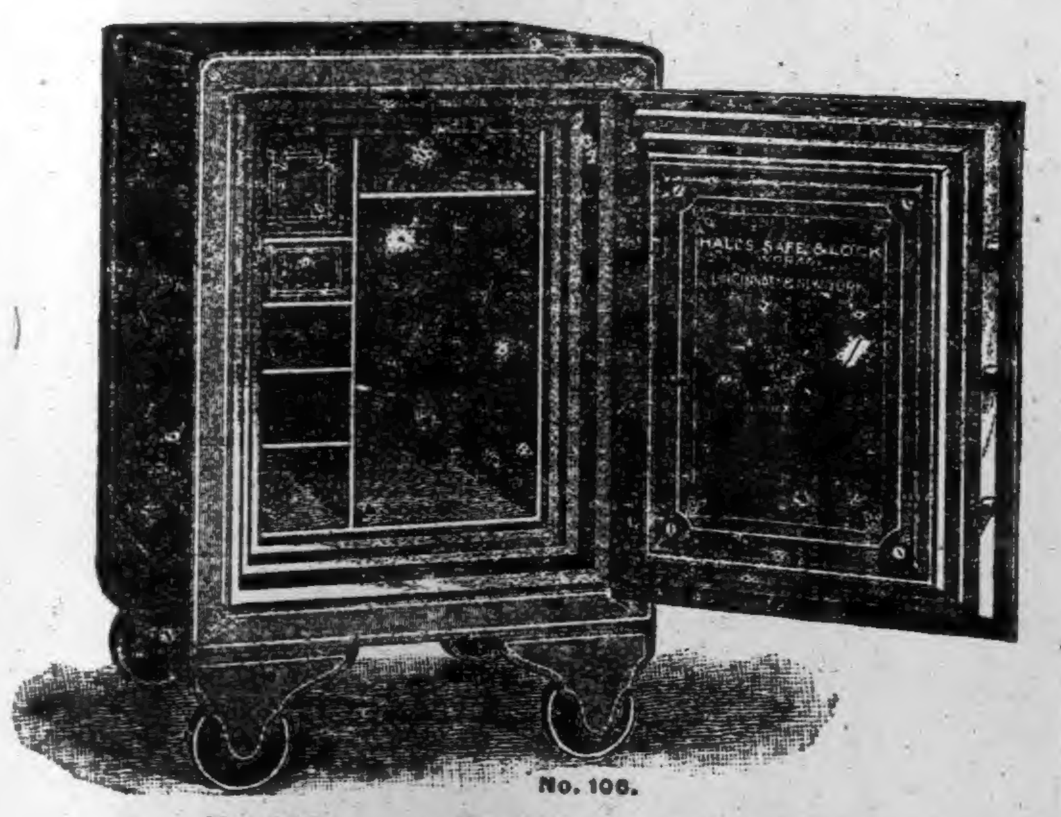
On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DISPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHŒA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

HALL'S EXCELSIOR SAFES.



No. 106.

No. 105.	No. 106.	No. 107.
OUTSIDE MEASURE.	OUTSIDE MEASURE.	OUTSIDE MEASURE.
25½ inches high.	36 inches high.	44 inches high.
15¾ inches wide.	21 inches wide.	30 inches wide.
17 inches deep.	22 inches deep.	24 inches deep.

These Safes are especially designed for Merchants, Doctors, Farmers, etc. They are made upon the same general plan as our celebrated **Standard Safes.** We are selling them at prices that defy competition. Terms to suit customers.

Second-hand Safes constantly on hand.

Write for catalogue and prices.

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R. T. PULLEN, } MANAGERS. CINCINNATI, O.

SALESROOMS:

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St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas City, Louisville, San Francisco, Omaha, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Portland, Ore., Portland, Me., Evansville, Ind., Atlanta, Ga., Richmond, Va.

20,000 Sold Last Year.

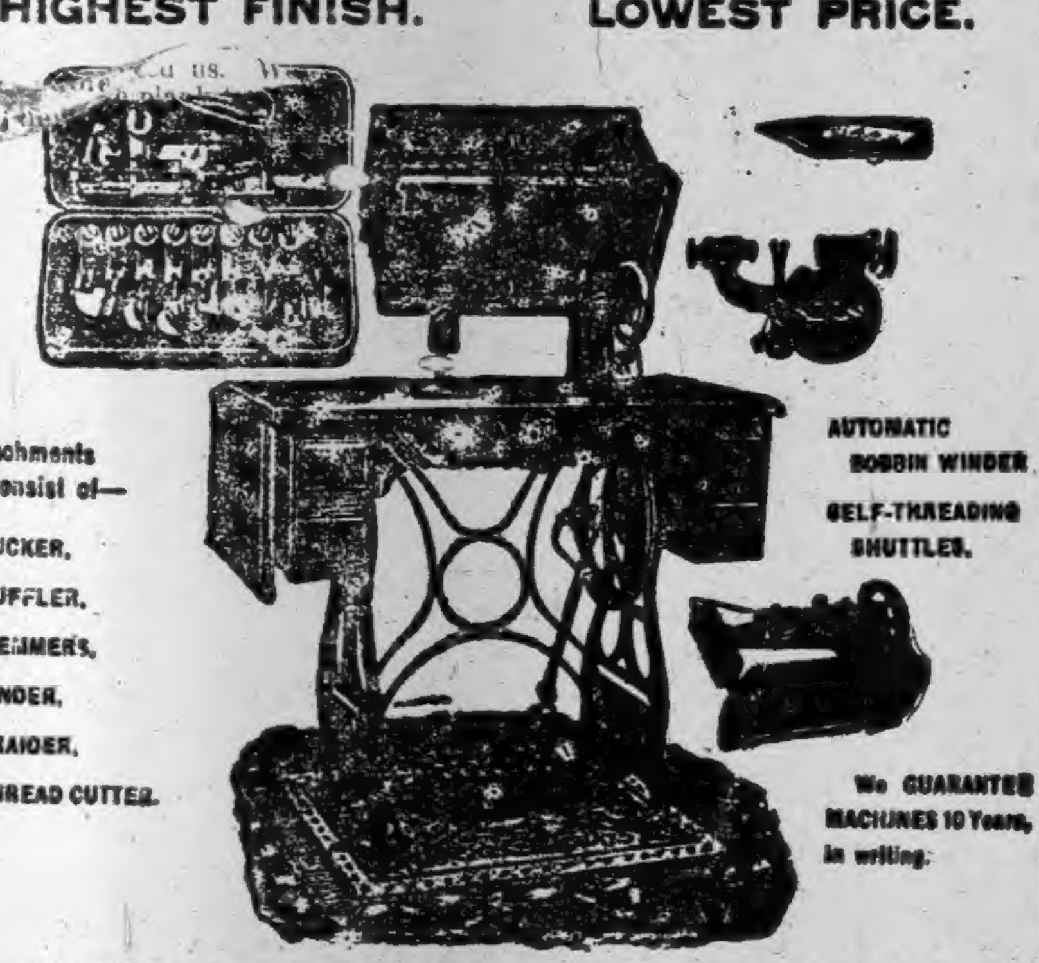
PEERLESS

Light Running and Noiseless

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST!

The Result of 20 Years of Sewing Machine Building.

HIGHEST FINISH. LOWEST PRICE.



With Walnut or Antique Oak Woodwork, in eight styles.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. SHIPPED ON 30 DAYS APPROVAL

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED in unoccupied territory.

Write for Catalogue.

CHICAGO SEWING MACHINE CO.

LAKE AND HALSTED AND FULTON STS. CHICAGO.

THE OPERA HOUSE HOTEL

AND NEW ACME RESTAURANT

(GELDERS HOTEL COMPANY

RATES PER DAY $1.25 AND UP MEALS 25 CENT

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

P.P.P.

(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

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"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 13 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by B. W. FRAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex. "Sworn to and subscribed before me," J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

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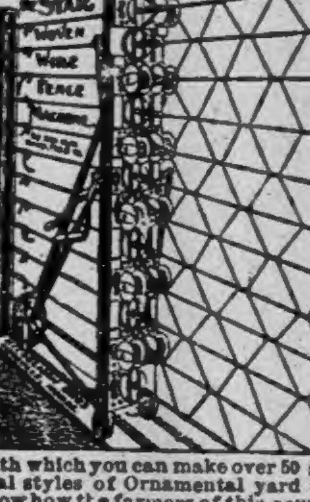

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BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Outrunning a Train.

By way of satirizing the running arrangements of slow railroads, absurd stories are sometimes told of dogs tied behind trains and keeping up with them; but a true story of this sort is undoubtedly a novelty. Such a story, seemingly well authenticated, comes from the department of the Lower Alps, in France:

The railway which runs from Manosque to Brillane crosses a hilly district, and is somewhat tortuous. Recently a lady who took the train at Manosque had been accompanied to the station by her dog. The dog was left outside, but the train had scarcely started when she saw that the faithful creature was in full pursuit, and trying to outrun the locomotive. He was soon distanced, of course, but when the train drew up at Volx, some time afterward, the lady was astonished to see the dog come panting up.

He had taken a short cut across the hills, and overhauled the train in this way. Nevertheless, the train started again without him, the dog still following. He repeated his tactics, and arrived at Brillanne, after a run of more than ten miles, a few seconds behind the train.

This time the dog's mistress endeavored to get him into her compartment. He had run out upon the second track, when a train coming in the opposite direction struck him, and killed him instantly.

The performance of the faithful creature had excited great admiration among the passengers, and there was much grief at the tragical end of his pursuit.

An English Gunpowder Factory.

The royal gunpowder factory at Waltham, England, bears more the appearance of a pleasure resort than of the prosaic plant that such a purpose involves. The factory covers in all its branches a beautiful stretch of wooded land, some 400 acres in extent, intersected by four miles of running streams. Electric launches ply between the different buildings, while cargoes of explosives are conveyed by sail barges, so as to reduce the liability to danger to a minimum. The threshold of the "danger building" is barred with a board, which not even the inspector may step over without having a special pair of large overboots on his feet, to keep his shoes from taking grit from outside upon the felt carpet. Once every week there is an explosion within the grounds, which is heard for many miles along the country side. In one part of the grounds is a pond into which the water from the nitro-glycerine factory is drained. This extraordinary lake is exploded every Saturday

Her First Railroad Ride.

It was the fate of pretty 16-year-old Lizzie Goddard, of Burnside, Ky., to be frightened to death by the first ride she had ever taken on the cars. Five minutes after she had arrived at Chattanooga on her first railway trip she was dead. Little Miss Goddard had been in constant fear of railroads all her life and boarded the train only after much persuasion. The train made a lunge a few miles from the city and she jumped from her seat and screamed in a frantic manner. She at once became unconscious and died as she was being removed from the train. Physicians agree that she died of fright.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Is It Not Queer that People Suffer When They Can be Cured?

Most people suffer because their stomachs are out of order. They really do not know what is the matter with them but they feel badly all over. As a specific for all trouble of this character Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy is the greatest. It will throw sunshine into the dark places and brighten up the lives and enhance the pleasures of all who take it. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Tallahatta Springs, Ala.

It cured me of a very annoying case of Piles in a few days. I have sold a good many boxes of Tetterine for the common Itch; and it has never once failed to cure. It's all that's claimed for it. T. L. Belsale. Sent by mail for 50c. in stamps. J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

It costs four times as much to govern American cities as is spent for the same purpose in European cities.

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT requires immediate attention. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" will invariably give relief.

Bulgaria proper has thirty-seven thousand square miles, about the size of Indiana.

Take Parker's Ginger Tonic Home With you. It will exceed your expectations in abating colds, and many ills and aches.

Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—Mrs. M. G. BLUNT, Sprague, Wash., March 8, '94.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Pain is Not Conducive of Pleasure, especially when occasioned by corns. Hindercorns will please; it removes them perfectly.

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Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

SPECTACLES.—If you wear them, or need them, or have trouble with your eyes, apply for Treatise on the Eye, Test Sheets and Catalog, sent free. F. B. GREENE, Optician, Boothbay Harbor, Me.

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Am. N. U. No. 1, 1896.

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CONSUMPTION
25 CTS.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

HOUSE.—The speaker announced the committees. The president's message urging financial legislation before the holiday recess was read and referred to the committee on ways and means. ....The resolution providing for a holiday recess was in like manner referred....Resolutions authorizing the committees on appropriations and ways and means to sit during recess were agreed to, and at 12:55 the house adjourned until Monday.

SENATE.—A letter from Secretary Olney gave a congratulatory cablegram from the Brazilian senate, transmitted through Minister Mendonca, of Brazil, on President Cleveland's recent enunciation of the Monroe doctrine. The resolution is as follows:

"The federal senate of the United States of Brazil sends its greetings to the senate of the United States upon the worthy message of President Cleveland, who strenuously guards the dignity, the sovereignty and the freedom of the American nations."

Mr. Proctor (rep., Vt.) submitted a resolution asking the secretary of war to submit information as to what amount could be profitably expended for coast defenses up to July, 1897. The resolution went over.

The first response to the president's message urging financial relief came in the form of a resolution offered by Mr. Vest (dem., Mo.) as follows:

"Resolved, That the secretary of the treasury is hereby directed in pursuance of the existing law, vesting in him full power to do so, to coin as rapidly as possible the silver bullion in the treasury purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, into standard silver dollars, and with such dollars redeem, cancel and retire the treasury notes of the United States commonly called greenbacks, in standard silver dollars, as well as in gold, using whichever may be most abundant and convenient."

Mr. Vest asked immediate consideration of the resolution, but Mr. Platt objected and the subject went over.

Mr. Butler (pop. N. C.) soon brought forward the subject in another form by asking immediate consideration of a resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to pay the government obligations in gold when the parity of the metals stood at 25 8-10 grains of gold for 412 1-3 grains of silver and to pay in silver when this parity was disturbed by the advance in the value of gold. Mr. Platt again objected.

In executive session the following nominations were confirmed:

Brigadier General Wesley Merritt to be Major General.

Colonel Zenas R. Bliss to be Brigadier General.

Colonel William P. Craighill to be chief of engineers and brigadier general.

Colonel T. H. Stanton to be paymaster general and brigadier general.

Also various other army promotions in the quartermaster generals, judge advocate generals, medical, engineer, and cavalry arms.

At 1:45 the senate adjourned until Tuesday.

SEVENTEENTH DAY.

HOUSE.—A resolution authorizing a clerk for each of the three branches of the committee on elections was agreed to and the committee empowered to sit during the sessions of the house.

Mr. Dingley, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported as the unanimous judgment of the committee that it would not be appropriate to take a holiday recess until a measure of relief had been considered by the house.

A resolution directing the committee on accounts to designate what committees should have clerks was agreed to.

Several bills and resolutions were introduced, among which were the following:

By Mr. Brewster, republican, of New York—To relieve the United States treasury by providing that hereafter no gold coin of a less a denomination than $10 shall be coined, nor shall there be issued any legal tender notes or paper currency of any kind of less denomination than $10.

Mr. Cummings, democrat, of New York, offered in the house today a joint resolution directing the secretary of the navy to accept the Katahdakin and to make her a part of the navy.

Mr. Dalzell, republican, of Pennsylvania, offered in the house a joint resolution appropriating $1,500,008 to enable the secretary of the navy to contract for a reserve supply of projectiles for the use of the navy.

The preamble to the resolution calls attention to the section of the annual report of the secretary of the navy, which states that the naval service has not reserve supplies of projectiles for itself or for auxiliary cruisers which would be fitted out in time of war.

At 12:30 the house adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—No session.

EIGHTEENTH DAY.

HOUSE.—A bill, by Mr. Cooper, of Florida, making Palm Beach, Fla., a substitute port of delivery and entry, was passed.....A communication from the secretary of the interior, Hoke Smith, in response to the resolution, by Delegate Flynn, of Oklahoma, relating to the delay in the allotment of the Wichita lands, was laid before the house.

Speaker Reed laid before the house the following telegram:

"Rio de Janeiro, Dec. 21.

"President Chamber of Representatives, Washington, D. C.:

"The chamber of deputies of the United States of the Republic of Brazil congratulates the chamber of representatives of the North American union for President Cleveland's worthy message, which so nobly and highly defends the rights and liberties of the American nations consecrated in the Monroe principles.

"Rosa E. Silva, President."

The reading of the message was followed by applause.

At 12:40 p. m., on motion of Mr. Dingley, the house adjourned until Thursday.

SENATE.—Resolutions and memorials from Ohio, indorsing the action of the president in relation to Venezuela, and in favor of recognizing the Cuban revolutionists as belligerents, were presented by Mr. Sherman, republican, of Ohio, and referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Several bills and resolutions were introduced.

The bill, by Mr. Hill, of New York, to repeal the statute which prohibits ex-Confederate officers, who had previously been commanding officers in the United States army or navy, from holding positions in the army or navy, was taken up and passed.

At 2 p. m. the senate adjourned until Friday.

NINETEENTH DAY.

HOUSE.—Mr. Dingley reported from the committee on ways and means "a bill to temporarily increase revenue to meet the expenses of the government and provide against a deficiency." By the provisions of this bill, which extends to August 1st, 1898, wools are taken from the free list, and clothing wools given a duty of 6 4-10 cents (60 per cent. of the duty provided by the act of 1890—the McKinley bill) and woolen goods are given a specific compensatory duty, 60 per cent. of what they had under the act of 1890, in addition to the ad valorem duty of the present law. Carpet wools are placed where they were under the act of 1890 and the same specific duty given to carpets as under the act of 1890; in addition to the ad valorem duties of the present law. The articles of lumber placed on the free list of the tariff of 1894 are transferred to the dutiable list with 60 per cent. of the duty that they had under the act of 1890. Then all the other dutiable schedules (except sugar, which is not touched), have all the duties raised 15 per cent.

Mr. Henderson reported from the committee on rules a resolution to close debate and vote on the passage of the bill at 5 o'clock. Adopted; yeas 213, nays 89. Upon the expiration of the time allotted for debate the bill was put to a vote and passed; yeas 205, nays 81. The populists voted with the democrats against the bill.

A joint resolution was agreed to providing for the transfer of the public property of Utah to the state government upon the admission of that territory as a state....At 5:45 the house adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE. No session today.

TWENTIETH DAY.

HOUSE.—Chairman Dingley, of the committee on ways and means, reported the bill for the restoration and protection of the gold reserve by the sale of 3 per cent bonds, and to authorize the issue of certificates of indebtedness to meet deficiencies in the revenue. A rule was agreed to providing for a vote on the passage of the bill at 3 p. m. tomorrow. The bill was debated until 5 o'clock, when a recess until 7 was taken. On reassembling the debate was continued until 10 when the house adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—Mr. Hill, of New York, introduced a joint resolution providing that all bonds issued hereafter shall be made payable in gold coin or in standard silver dollars at the option of the holders, and that the maximum rate of interest shall be 3 per cent. The proposition was discussed by Mr. Hill and Mr. Teller, of Colorado, until the hour of adjournment.

TWENTY-FIRST DAY.

HOUSE.—The discussion of the bond bill was resumed and continued until 3 o'clock, when a vote was taken on the first section, resulting in its adoption by 170 to 136. All the democrats but one, all the populists and forty-six republicans voted nay. The second section, which provides for the issue of certificates of indebtedness to supply any deficiency in revenues, was agreed to without division and the bill was then passed....Several resolutions of inquiry were agreed to, as was the senate joint resolution directing the secretary of the navy to accept the ram Katahdin..At 4:30 the house adjourned.

SENATE.—Not in session.

COTTON ACREAGE NEXT YEAR.

The Memphis Cotton Exchange Indorses the Cotton Growers.

The movement looking to no increase of the cotton acreage next year was inaugurated by the Memphis Cotton exchange Monday afternoon at a general meeting called for the purpose. The preamble sets forth a large crop of cotton grown at heavy expense brings but little if any larger total value, contrasting the present with the past years to establish the fact and adds: Another matter for the farmers to bear in mind is that at the present time there is a possibility of war, if such should occur, the inevitable effect would be to depreciate the value of cotton and appreciate the value of all food crops. Therefore be it

Resolved, That the Memphis Cotton exchange urgently recommends to the producers that the production of home supplies be made the first consideration in planting operations for the coming year, and that the acreage of cotton be not increased over that of last year.

Resolved, That we approve and indorse the American cotton growers for bringing about the reduction in the acreage of the crop now being marketed and we respectfully urge that Hon. Hector D. Lane the president, and his coadjutors, the presidents of the various cotton states of said association, to continue in the good work to take up the matter at the earliest practicable moment and urge it again upon the attention of the cotton producers of the south.

Resolved, That the various cotton exchanges throughout the south be and are hereby requested to co-operate with this exchange in this matter and that the southern newspapers are also requested to publish these resolutions.

Wages Raised 10 Per Cent.

Following the notice to the 16,000 coke workers employed by H. C. Frick & Co. of a 10 per cent advance in wages after the first of the year the announcement was made by W. J. Rainey that he would also advance the wages of his 2,000 employes 10 per cent to take effect next week. The past three months have been the busiest in the history of the coke trade. Out of 17,347 ovens in the region 16,011 are in operation and the prospects are that more ovens will be fired. The advance of wages will enable the men to make the highest wages ever paid in the Pennsylvania coke region.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

SOME CHRISTMAS CASUALTIES.

Masked Highwaymen—Sad Result of Preparing Santa Claus for Children—A Centenarian Dies—Burglary and Robbery—Crew of Twenty-five Lost.

SOUTHERN.

In a fight on Christmas eve at Berea, Ky., two men, Bill Johnstone and Less Mitchell were killed. It is supposed that Mitchell's friends, after he had fallen, shot Johnstone.

On Christmas eve, at Bostwick, Fla., Mrs. John Dougherty's clothing caught fire as she was preparing her children's Christmas stockings. She was so badly burned that death resulted in a few hours.

Twenty-three federal prisoners made their escape from the United States jail at McAlister, I. T., early Thursday morning. They had been furnished with a skeleton key. Deputy marshals are in pursuit.

Saturday afternoon the plant of the Wolverine Lumber company burned, together with the stock of veneering and lumber. The mills were destroyed last summer, and the new plant had only been in operation a few months. The loss is total and exceeds $100,000; insurance, $79,000.

Henry Standfield, 9 years old, was accidentally killed at Trion, Ga., about 5 o'clock Saturday evening by an iron pipe weighing about 400 pounds falling and striking him on the neck and shoulder. Some boys were playing with the pipe, when it was pushed over and in falling struck the boy, killing him instantly.

At Crossville, Tenn., Will Tanner attempted to shoot Constable Burnett and a warrant was issued for his arrest. The constable and Circuit Clerk Parham attempted to serve the warrant, when Tanner fired at the constable and was about to fire at Parham, who shot first, killing Tanner instantly. The shooting is considered justifiable.

The four-story iron-front building at 5 and 7 West Baltimore street, Baltimore, was destroyed by fire Thursday night. The adjoining buildings, Nos 3 and 5 South Charles street and Nos. 1 and 3 West Baltimore street, were badly damaged by water. Loss on stock $200,000 and on buildings $100,000, fully covered by insurance.

Sheriff R. C. Burke received a telegram from St. Louis Landing, Ark., in the lower end of Phillip county, informing him that L. B. Oliver had killed a man named Johnson. Coroner H. B. Higgins and Deputy Sheriff Kitchens left at once to hold an inquest and make arrest. The telegram announced that there were no witnesses to the killing.

EASTERN.

At Nashua, N. H., on Christmas day Mrs. Hannah Lovett died at noon, aged 106. She was born in Kilmore, county Kerry, Ireland. She was the mother of twelve children. A brother died in Merrimac, Mass., a few years ago aged 105, and of eleven brothers and sisters all but one, who was killed, lived to be over 90.

There were in all twenty-two persons on the ill-fated schooner Victoria, believed to have foundered with 22 on board off Cabot island, on the Newfoundland coast. Among them were a family named Nozworthy, husband and wife and five children. The stem of the Victoria has been picked up at Horse island.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, of No. 5 Madison square, north, New York, went to the opera Friday night with their daughter, leaving their two sons and six servants to care for the house. On their return it was discovered that burglars had entered and carried off diamonds valued at $65,000, besides a sum of money and a number of certified checks. About the same hour a thief entered the apartments of Mrs. Francis N. Barnes, at 239 Central park, west, while she was at dinner and stole her diamonds and jewelry, valued at $10,000.

WESTERN.

Five felonious homicides and one accidental are reported for Christmas day in St. Louis, Mo.

At Bloomfield Tunnel, O., two negroes ended a game of craps by one winning the other's money and then shooting him dead, upon his asking the loan of a dollar.

On Christmas night three masked men held up a street car in San Francisco, Cal., and robbed Richard Clarke of $3,000, after shooting him and two other men, wounding Clarke so that he will probably lose a leg.

On Christmas eve night burglars entered the postoffice at the suburban town of Harvey, Ill., and stole $2,200 in stamps and $300 in money. Entrance was effected through the rear entrance, and the burglars made quick work of getting into the old-fashioned safe with a chisel and making off with their plunder.

At Muskegon, Mich., William Smith, a milkman, Allen N. King, a second-hand furniture dealer, and a young man named Henser were held up late Christmas eve night by a lone highwayman and robbed. From Smith he secured 46 cents; from King a gold watch and $2, and from Henser a gold watch.

I. B. Porter, of Denver, Col., who has been chosen president of the New York mining stock exchange, will be escorted to New York by a large number of business men of Colorado. A special train will be run carrying at least $1,000,000 worth of ores besides millions of pure gold, under the protection of armed guards. The Colorado party will attend the first call of the New York exchange

Early Christmas morning J. A. Smith, of Saginaw, Mich., was cremated in a fire which destroyed Mrs. Goss' boarding house at Palatka, Fla. Smith was spending the winter in Florida for his health. There were two male nurses with him when the fire broke out. They claim the flames spread so rapidly they had to desert Mr. Smith to save themselves. The coroner is investigating.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

Immigrants from Ohio.

During the year a hundred Ohians have located in Lauderdale and Colbert counties and thirty-eight more are booked to arrive January 8.

The Big Cotton Mill.

The Dwight cotton mill, the largest in the state having 30,000 spindles began operation Christmas day. It is situated near Gadsden and employs 800 people, requiring 250 cottages for their accommodation.

Solicitor Little Resigns.

Mr. James S. Little, solicitor of the Jefferson county criminal court, has resigned that office on account of continued ill health. He is now in New York for treatment, but his friends are not hopeful of his entire recovery.

Incendiary Fire.

The residence of J. C. Miller, mining superintendent of the Sheffield Coal, Iron and Steel company, at Gamble mines, Walker county, was burned Tuesday night, about midnight, Mr. Miller being absent on business at Birmingham.

Industrial Development.

N. S. Bouton and associates, of Chicago, on Saturday closed negotiations for the erection at Birmingham of car wheel works at a cost of $100,000. The contract was let and work begins on the plant January 1, which will be completed by May 1, and will have a capacity of 400 wheels daily, consuming sixty tons of iron.

Not Afraid of War.

Eighty-four couples celebrated Christmas in the county of Jefferson by becoming man and wife. The colored people led in this commendable movement. Forty-five couples from that class of citizenship took the vows of matrimony, while thirty-nine couples of white persons did likewise, as shown by the record in the probate judge's office.

Only One Still Free.

Deputy United States Marshal Arnold caught Allen Rutledge, colored, the sixth member of the Walker gang of moonshiners, Thursday night, and brought him to Scottsboro and placed him in jail Friday. There is only one more member of the Walker gang still at large and if the enterprising marshal catch him they will have caught an entire gang of moonshiners that have made more moonshine whisky than any gang in North Alabama. Rutledge will be tried before United States Commissioner B. [illegible]ott Parke next week.

Astonishing Verdancy.

Taylor Dearman, a wealthy farmer of Calhoun county, was beaten out of $230 near New Orleans while on his way to Texas. A stranger approached Dearman, and after telling him that he had an important shipment of goods at the next station, which the officials would not send to New Orleans unless the freight was paid in advance, asked his prospective victim to cash a certified check for $230, saying that when they reached New Orleans he would go with him to get the money. The stranger was accommodated and he then disappeared. The certified check, of course, was a forgery.

The Flames at Gurley.

Fire broke out Tuesday night at 9 o'clock at Gurley, in the store of O. L. Sullivan and before it could be gotten under control a large portion of the town was burned.

The losses are estimated as follows: Sullivan's loss, $6,000 insurance $3,000. [illegible]ion Mercantile company, loss $10,000, insurance $6,000.

J. C. Brannen's barber shop, $250.

Gurley store house, $2,500.

W. T. Lawler, $800; no insurance.

W. H. Beason store house, $3,500; insurance $1,000.

W. A. Given $500 loss; insurance $400.

J. C. Flyent store house and office, loss $1,100.

W. L. Giles' total loss $3,000.

One Boy Kills Another.

At Tuskegee Thursday night there occurred a most unfortunate affair, which cast a gloom over that entire community. Pellville Temple and Magruder Abercr[illegible] boys sixteen and thirteen [illegible] got into some [illegible] about hunting and the former was shot in the groin, intentionally or accidentally it has not yet been made clear, which resulted fatally in a few hours.

The shooting was done in the northern part of town between the residences of Dr. W. L. Lane and Captain W. H. Wright, and the shot attracted quite a crowd. Arriving on the scene two guns and a knife were found lying on the ground near the wounded boy. Magruder Abercrombie was arrested, charged with murder, and his preliminary hearing was postponed until tomorrow.

Prosperity in Florence.

Christmas day brought to a close the busiest fall season that Florence has known in many years. The trade for three weeks before Christmas was unusually large, the merchants being unable at times to attend to their customers. The financial condition of the town and country is believed to be better this year than any previous fall since the war. The farmers raised their cotton on a 4-cent basis and sold it for 7¾ and 8 cents, and as a result they have realized enough to pay themselves out of debt, and have a good surplus left. In town the factories are running full time, and the men are making good wages. A number of buildings are being built, and more are contemplated. The town has increased in population fully one thousand during the year, and is growing rapidly. The old year has been a satisfactory one, and the new year promises still greater prosperity.

Disastrous Gale.

The most disastrous storm in many years passed over Belford, Pa., Thursday night. Travel was delayed several hours on both the railroads and public highways. The roofs of many houses were blown off, the Chalybeate house, a noted summer resort, suffering the most injury, as an entire wing was blown down. A large tree blown across the track near Everett caused the wreck of a freight train and the death of a brakeman, whose name could not be learned.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Made
in a
Minute.

A little water and all ready for the griddle.

TO MAKE
Light,
Dainty Cakes
USE
Heckers'
Buckwheat.

Remember, the water must be cold and the griddle hot.

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W. L. DOUGLAS
$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay $4 to $6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for $3.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more $3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our $5, $4, $3.50, $2.50, $2.25 Shoes; $2.50, $2 and $1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 36 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue to Box R.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

NATURE'S
WAY:

There is no reason why the period preceding childbirth should be full of d[illegible] There is no rea[illegible] why chil[illegible] should bring [illegible] Nature do[illegible] natur[illegible] [illegible]ing, lack of exercise, [illegible] brings about the tor[illegible] [illegible] women go through the ordeal with [illegible]native case. Nature intended it that way. Women approaching motherhood have really but one thing to do—get strength generally and locally.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

is the best medicine and tonic to do this. It prepares the generative organs for the coming trial, shortens labor, lessens pain and robs confinement of its danger.

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HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

$2.42 CASH WITH ORDER buys this Automatic, self-cocking, Nickel Plated, Rubber Handled, 6 Shot Revolver, 32 or 38 C. F., or send 12 cts. and we will ship C.O.D. $2.30, and allow examination. FIRE ARMS CO., Winston, N.C.

RIPANS TABULES

W. C. Lloyd, a workingman, living at No. 68 White av., in the 18th Ward, Cleveland, O., first bought Ripans Tabules of Benfield, the druggist. In an interview had with him on the 8th of May, 1895, by a reporter named A. B. Calhoun, residing at 1747 East Madison av., Cleveland, Mr. Lloyd said that he was at present out of a job, but expected to go to work next week at the Bridge Works. "Anyway, I have the promise of a job there," were his words. He had been out of employment since last fall. We will let him tell his story in his own words: "Work was a little slack, and I was feeling so bad that I concluded to lay off for a few days, and when I returned my place was filled, so I've been out ever since. I don't care much, though. I've been gaining right along by my rest and treatment. Last fall I went to a doctor who was recommended to me as a good one and with quite a reputation. He gave me medicines of all kinds for nearly six weeks, and I got no benefit that I could see. In fact, I don't believe he knows what is the matter with me. A friend of mine called one evening and told me he had been using Ripans Tabules for a short time and had never found anything that helped his stomach and liver troubles as much as they did. He handed me a circular about them, which I read, and concluded that they were just what I needed and would fit my case exactly. I dropped Dr. —— at once, went over to the drug store and got a 50-cent box of them, out of which I took two a day for awhile, and within three days noticed and felt much improvement. That was about the middle of December. Last February I got another small box of the Tabules and took part of them only, as I was feeling so much better that I didn't think I needed any more. The rest of the box I gave to John C —— the other day. If I had heard of them at the time I stopped work I could have saved my doctor bill, and, better than all, probably kept right on with my work. But I do not begrudge the time lost nor the doctor bill, as I feel I am well paid for having learned of the Tabules. I now feel no pain whatever in my stomach, liver and bowels active and regular, and eat like a well man should eat."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

Successful

growers of fruits, berries, and all kinds of vegetables, know that the largest yields and best quality are produced by the liberal use of fertilizers containing at least 10% of

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Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

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A BARGAIN.
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ATHENS FEMALE COLLEGE. [illegible] Second [illegible] College [illegible] in the World. Enjoys national reputation. Terms reasonable.
SPRING TERM OPENS JANUARY 22.
For full particulars address
Z. A. PARKER, Ph. D., D. D. Prest.,
ATHENS, ALABAMA.

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/6 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel, Galvanized-after-Completion Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL.IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1896. NO. 11.

OUR HOME MARKETS.

INVADED BY PRODUCTS OF SILVER COUNTRIES.

J. W. Devine Shows How the Demonetization of Silver Has Operated Against Our Home Manufacturers—Flooded with Products of China and Japan.

The recent invasion of the markets of the United States by the manufactures from Japan confronts the American manufacturer of like articles with the alternative of selling as cheap as the Japanese articles are offered or surrendering the market to the invaders.

The advent of manufactures from the Orient will force the manufacturers and laborers of the United States to investigate the cause and when discovered, it will be a most terrible awakening. The fact that through their own indifference and credulity they have been committing industrial suicide, will not modify their wrath against the politicians and press that have deceived them, or mitigate the terrible consequences that must follow.

When the bimetallic standard of money was destroyed by the demonetization of silver in 1873 there became two monetary standards in the world; the gold standard for the more highly civilized, manufacturing and commercial nations of Europe and America, and the silver standard for the Orient. The coinage ratio between silver and gold under the bimetallic standard fixed a par of exchange between gold coins and silver coins for all the world, without prejudice to either, but with the closing of the mints of America and Europe to the coinage of silver, two standards were created, a gold standard for the Western world and a silver one for the Eastern world. When equal monetary rights were no longer conferred on both metals by any one of the great commercial nations, affording a clearing house through which exchange on such nations as made their coins of gold alone, or silver alone, could pass, the legal ligature was cut that had hitherto established a par of exchange between coins of each metal wheresoever coined.

Silver thus became a commodity in gold standard countries, and gold a commodity in silver standard countries. The commodity silver in gold standard countries had its quotations in terms of money units made of gold. The commodity gold in silver standard countries had its quotations in terms of money units made of silver.

In the adjustment of international trade relations in gold standard countries silver exchange rises or falls to correspond with the fluctuations of the commodity silver; and in silver standard countries gold exchange rises or falls to correspond with the fluctuations of the commodity gold.

Thus it will be seen that the destruction of the bimetallic standard, through the derangement of the exchange market, introduced new economic problems with which economists were unfamiliar, and fraught with consequences which we charitably assume that the authors of the crime of demonetization did not anticipate or understand.

The Oriental nations comprising about one thousand millions of people have from tim[illegible]l been on the silver standard [illegible] still adhere. The gen[illegible] those countries has [illegible] since 1873. O[illegible] lations the d[illegible] the [illegible] of ex[illegible] during t[illegible] years of [illegible]population the [illegible] for existence always at the maximum of human endurance, the law of the survival of the fittest developed a race capable of subsistence on a tithe of what the average worker of Europe or America requires. But the Orientals, with fixed habits, the result of ages of exclusiveness, did not share the spirit of progress and invention that characterized the people of the Western world, whose onward career has been undisturbed, till now, by competition from that quarter.

Labor saving machinery, telegraphy, railways and the ocean steamship brought in their train perplexing problems to the more progressive nations, who now form integral parts of a gigantic industrial system.

The solutions of these problems were progressing without menace to a constantly advancing civilization and each step in advance continued to add to the sum of human happiness, when the creditor interests of the world, seeking unjust gain, struck what may prove the fatal blow, by outlawing silver, thus destroying the bimetallic standard of money.

Under bimetallism all the gold and silver of the world coined and uncoined was potentially money at the legal ratio, and whenever exchange on countries coining gold alone, or silver alone, departed from the coinage ratio sufficient to profitably transport coin to or from countries confering equal monetary rights on both metals, automatic adjustment took place.

But with the destruction of the bimetallic standard all this was changed.

The rapid and constant rise in the price of gold exchange in silver standard countries soon doubled the price of commodities imported from gold standard countries. The effect of this was to force the Asiatic countries where the wages of labor and prices in general have been for centuries and still continue at a lower level than ever known among any other people, to manufacture for themselves. The price of gold exchange having doubled had the same effect in increasing the price of imports from gold standard countries that an import of one hundred per cent would have.

While India and Japan under the stimulus thus afforded were developing their cotton mills until they now supply the Asiatic demand for cotton yarn, England was purchasing the wheat and cotton of India paying the same price in silver as before 1873, and laying the same down in Liverpool at a cost to them in gold as much below the price of 1873 as silver bullion had fallen below the mint price under free coinage.

It must be borne in mind that the cost of commodities, that is, the material, labor, land-rents, and interest on capital, together with the profits, must be reckoned in the money of the country where the goods are produced, and that they are always paid for in current money of the country where they are sold.

If goods are produced in the United States and sold in Japan sufficient silver must be received for them, that when exchanged for gold it will cover the cost and the profits, likewise that if goods are produced in Japan and sold in the United States, they can be sold for just sufficient gold, that when exchanged for silver it will cover the cost and the profits.

Under bimetallism it was shown that neither country was benefited or injured because of the metal comprising the current coin, but it will be readily seen that under existing conditions, the advantage is on the side of Japan and against the United States to the extent of the fall in silver exchange below the rate that prevailed prior to demoneti[illegible] in 1873.

[illegible]ousands [illegible] years behind us [illegible] which [illegible]ian nation[illegible] manifested no dis[illegible]rd commercial exploitati[illegible] trary resisted ever[illegible]on upon their long established modes of life, content with selling other nations the few articles of manufacture, peculiarly their own, and such products as soil and climate gave them a natural monopoly, there is no good reason for believing that this sleeping Giant of the East could have been aroused from his slumbers by conditions less extraordinary than were presented by the exchange after the manufacturing nations adopted the gold standard.

Agriculture in gold standard countries suffered first. The wheat and cotton from India in the Liverpool market keeping step with the fall in Rupee exchange soon cut the price of the world's crop in two and destroyed the profits and depreciated the property of the producers in all gold standard countries.

The only reason why the manufacturers and laborers in all gold standard countries have not suffered a worse fate than has overtaken the wheat and cotton growers, is that the Asiatic nations did not have competing articles to offer.

Silver in the Oriental nations continues to purchase raw material and labor as cheaply as at any time in the past. These over-populated nations containing one-half the human family, perpetually on the verge of famine, the frequency and fatalities of which have developed and intensified a universal system of hoarding constantly trenching upon the coin in circulation, has had for thousands of years and still continues to have a wage rate barely permitting continued existence to the teeming millions of toilers.

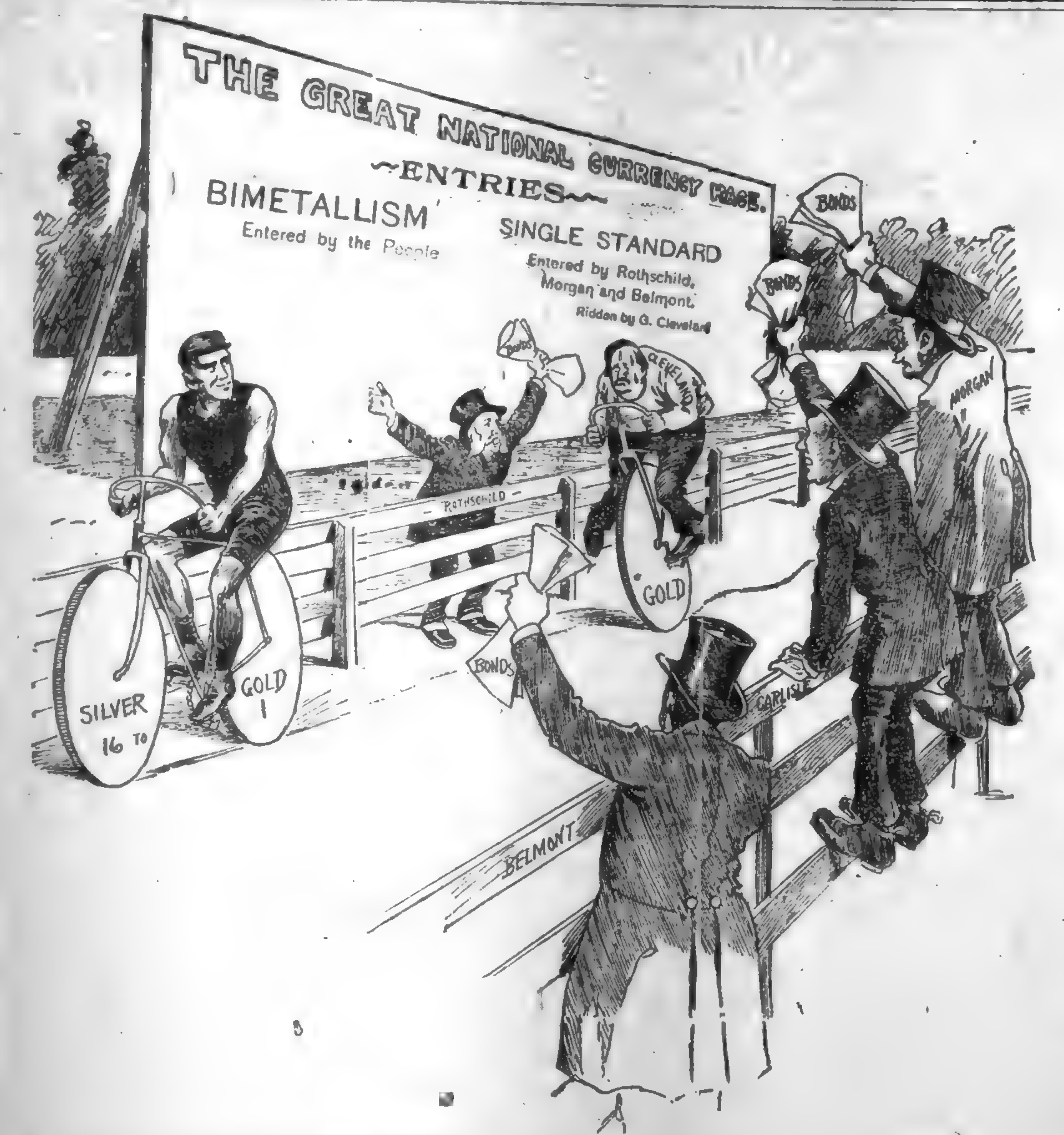
Before silver was outlawed in the Western world fifteen and a half ounces of silver in the Orient paid for commodities that cost an ounce of gold in the Occident, but at the present time it requires thirty-one ounces of silver to purchase the product of an ounce of gold.

Upon a wage in silver barely sufficient to continue life the alternative to the toilers of Asia was to manufacture for themselves the articles formerly imported from America and Europe or forego their use altogether.

These extraordinary and exasperating conditions awoke the Japanese from the sleep of inactivity. The recent invasion of our markets by manufactures from Japan is perhaps the most threatening and direful in the chain of calamities resulting from that ill-conceived and totally wicked effort of the world's creditors to plunder and enslave the world through the demonetization of silver.

Upon the gold standard, the present rate of exchange gives Japan an advantage over the manufacturing nations of America and Europe equivalent to a protective duty of one hundred per cent and an expert bounty of the same amount. This is the premium that the devotees of the gold standard in the United States have put upon the destruction of the civilization of the Western world. Who among them will contend that when factories are established in Japan, China and India, equipped with the latest improved labor saving machinery and operated by labor paid from two to three dollars per month that the era of colleges, schools and churches is not doomed?

J. M. DEVINE.



Cleveland—This blasted wheel wobbles too much. I never can catch that fellow ahead and you might as well save your breath. I am in a perplexing and delicate predicament as a result of ill-advised financial expedients.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Flashes of Thought from Independent Thinkers.

During the past seven years 134 American heiresses have married foreign titles and have practically transferred $200,000,000 o[illegible]th to foreign lands. Much [illegible] this wealth is in [illegible]onds, and draws dividends [illegible]erest from American enterprise. We are fast being made the serfs and supporters of the pauperiz[illegible] nobility of foreign lands.

* * *

The telegraphic monopoly has made $100,000,000 in twenty years. In 1858 the capital stock of the Western Union was only $358,700. It is now $150,000,[illegible]0. Its entire pl[illegible] could be dupli[illegible]ted for $30,000,00[illegible] The other $120,000,000 is water. Yet there are thousands and millions of people in this country who pretend to think that they would rather continue to pay prices for telegraphic service that yielded millions of dollars in dividends on watered stock than for the people to own and operate the wires as they do in England.

* * *

If Cleveland had been as great a success in managing the finances of the nation as he was in managing his own, the country would be quite prosperous. But while making a fortune for himself he has bankrupted pretty much everybody else. Perhaps the two things are counterparts of each other and if the first hadn't taken place the last would not have occurred.—Nonconformist.

Of course to do this he would have had to [illegible]se some other nation to have skinned, and to come to think of it we would like to have had him try his hand on old John Bull's people. If Grover could have made as complete a success of skinning them, as they, with his assistance, have in skinning us, we would now be flying.

* * *

The opinions of Grover Cleveland, who, with undisguised self-conceit, poses as the Moses of the financial question, are entitled to no more consideration to-day than when, as sheriff, he acted as hangman at Buffalo, N. Y.—Missouri World.

That's a center shot. A great people seem to think the moment a man is elected or appointed to a high position he becomes, in some mysterious manner endowed with a sagacity which he never possessed before. As a matter of fact he is not a bit smarter than he was, and in many instances it makes a fool out of a man, and he isn't as smart. Grover Cleveland seems to be of the latter class, and we are not inclined to think that he is as smart as he was when hanging men in Buffalo at $50 per hang.

* * *

It has been left for an agricultural paper to solve the vexing problem of living in a system of capital ownership of everything. It says if farmers' sons will be satisfied with no horse, no buggy, no good clothes and no education, they can save money on a farm even to-day.—Coming Nation.

Why of course. He might also leave off much that he eats. He might live principally on corn bread and cow peas, with hickory or walnuts thrown in occasionally for dessert. He might also reduce his hours of sleeping and increase the hours of labor. Why, most certainly, he could give half the products of his labor to plutocracy and then [illegible] money. But what we started out to [illegible] was that it is not every Agricultrual paper that is the farmers' friend or worthy the support of farmers. It was Buell's Bank Circular that announced the policy of buying up the religious and agricultural papers, and when you see one of them dealing out such trash as that you may put it down safely that it has either sold out, or don't know enough about farm interests to haul out manure.

* * *

Henry Watterson says: "We have, in fact, no democratic party at all. It is merely an agglomeration of quiddities thrown together by the upheaval of the times. A monster without a head, running wild through a wilderness of political incertitude."

Whoa, there, Henry. Is it that bad? Well, then, take the thing "thrum" us. If that's the kind of an individual it is, it ought to be prohibited by law from running at large. This, then, is the thing of great promise, a "monster without a head, running wild through a wilderness of incertitude." Well, we did not think it was so bad. We remember that Watterson told us the nomination of Cleveland would be a "march through the slaughter house to an open grave." Perhaps he meant the election of Cleveland, after all. In speaking of the President's message he said; "Nothing will come of it. Congress will not do anything at all, and if the republicans are wise they will simply pass the appropriation bill and go home."

It is very plain to see that Henry is overcome with large gobs of gloom, and that the "star-eyed goddess" seems to have forsaken him for the time being But he'll get over it—unless he has made it a profitable business transaction.

* * *

In a recent sermon Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage discussed the propensity of the American people to indulge in campaign lies and slanders, in the following picturesque style:

At every yearly or quadrennial election we have in this country great manufactories—manufactories of lies; and they are run day and night, and they turn out half a dozen a day, all equipped and ready for full sailing. Large lies and small lies. Lies private and lies public and lies prurient. Lies cut bias and lies cut diagonal. Long-limbed lies and lies with double-back action. Lies complimentary and lies defamatory. Lies that some people believe, and lies that all the people believe, and lies that nobody believes. Lies with humps like camels and scales like crocodiles, and necks as long as storks, and feet as swift as an antelope's, and stings like adders. Lies raw and scalloped and panned and stewed. Crawling lies and jumping lies and soaring lies. Lies with attachment screws and rufflers and braiders and ready-wound bobbins. Lies by Christian people who never lie except during elections, and lies by people who always lie, but beat themselves in a presidential campaign.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

Left it There to Tempt Him.

A family in North Selma went to breakfast Friday morning leaving $20 in cash in the front bed room. When they returned the $20 and William Robinson, who had been about the place, were missing. A warrant was sworn out and Officer Munn arrested him this afternoon.

Sheriff Kills a Prisoner.

Deputy Sheriff T. L. Seal killed Amos Robertson, a prisoner, Saturday, at Columbiana. As Seale unlocked Robertson's cell door he and another prisoner ran over the deputy, knocking him to the floor. The deputy getting on his feet opened fire on the fleeing prisoners and Robertson fell dead. The cononor's verdict was justifiable killing.

Bre'r Possum Escapes Injury.

Near Kennedy, Lamar county, Alabama Saturday night James Runyon, and Bobert Young climbed a high tree for an opossum. On the same limb, 40 feet from the ground, they quarreled. Runyon pushed Young off the limb but was pulled off with him. Both lived just long enough to tell how it happened.

Car and Cotton Burned.

Collinsville was in a whirl of excitement early Friday morning when fire was discovered in a freight box car near the depot; the car and contents was entirely destroyed. But for the timely assistance of the citizens of the town the depot and contents would have burned. It is supposed that some tramps slept in the car last night and dropped fire probably from a pipe. The car contained twelve bales of cotton.

A Good Man Stricken.

Thursday evening while Rev. A. S. Andrews, D. D., of Greenville, Ala., was conducting the funeral services of Mr. J. M. McNameel at the First Methodist church in Opelika, he was stricken with congestive paralysis, and is lying critically ill at the home of Dr. J. M. Mason. This is the second stroke Dr. Andrews has had, and grave fears are entertained as to the result. His wife was immediately telegraphed for, and is now attending his bedside.

Allowed to Make Bond.

The preliminary trial of Arna Mahoney at Athens for the killing of Redus Westmoreland, in Elkmont, on November 5, 1895, closed late Friday afternoon, after occupying three days. Almost all day was occupied with argument, and within ten minutes after the close of the last speech Justice Christens rendered his decision allowing Mahoney his liberty upon the making of a bond for $2,500.

Prosperous and Hopeful.

The reports from merchants of Ashville show that their cash trade for 1895 was far in excess of any previous year. The farmers have paid up very well for 1895 with prospects of paying more before the season closes. Considering everything, the people commence the year 1896 in better shape than they have been in many [illegible]. It is estimated by the be[illegible] informed citizens that St. [illegible]ounty has more corn than it will require to supply the people, and very near enough meat to do them. There is a larger acreage planted to wheat than has been in fifteen years.

Go and Do Likewise.

Mr. C. A. Williamson has just finished killing his hogs. Out of four 15-months-old pigs he netted 1,340 pounds, and a 2-year-old yielded him 660 pounds. He thinks he has also about twenty-five gallons of lard. These porkers were raised right here in Tuskegee and at a small cost. Mr. Williamson is 73 years old, but with only the aid of a boy he raised last year seven bales of cotton, 100 bushels of sweet potatoes, thirty-six gallons of syrup [illegible] 150 bushels of corn, fifty bushels of oats, besides peas, fodder and ground peas. And all this yield was from twenty-three acres of ground. And yet able-bodied sneaks are going about begging.

Horribly Burned.

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1896. NO. 11.

OUR HOME MARKETS.

INVADED BY PRODUCTS OF SILVER COUNTRIES.

J. W. Devine Shows How the Demonetization of Silver Has Operated Against Our Home Manufacturers—Flooded with Products of China and Japan.

[illegible] recent invasion of the markets of the United States by the manufactures from Japan confronts the American manufacturer of like articles with the alternative of selling as cheap as the Japanese articles are offered or surrendering the market to the invaders.

The advent of manufactures from the Orient will force the manufacturers and [illegible] of the United States to investigate the cause and when discovered it will be a most terrible awakening. The fact that through their own [illegible] and credulity they have [illegible] committing industrial suicide, will not modify their wrath against the politicians and press that have deceived them or mitigate the terrible consequences that must follow.

When the bimetallic standard of money was destroyed by the demonetization of silver in 1873 there became two monetary standards in the world; the gold standard for the more highly [illegible] manufacturing and commercial [illegible] Europe and America, and the silver standard for the Orient. The [illegible] between silver and gold under the bimetallic standard fixed a [illegible] exchange between gold coins and silver coins, for all the world, without prejudice to either, but with the closing of the mints of America and Europe to the coinage of silver, two standards were created, a gold standard for the Western world and a silver one for the Eastern world. When equal monetary rights were no longer [illegible] on both metals by any one of the great commercial nations, affording a clearing house through which exchange on such nations as made their coins of gold alone or silver alone, could pass, the legal ligature was cut [illegible] had hitherto established a par of exchange between coins of each metal [illegible].

[illegible] became a commodity in gold standard countries and gold a commodity in silver standard countries. [illegible] silver in gold standard [illegible] had its quotations in terms of money units made of gold. The commodity gold in silver standard countries had its quotations in terms of money units made of silver.

In the adjustment of international [illegible] relations in gold standard countries silver exchange rises or falls to correspond with the fluctuations of the [illegible] and in silver standard [illegible] exchange rises or [illegible] with the fluctuations [illegible] gold.

[illegible] the de-[illegible] standard [illegible] of the ex-[illegible] new [illegible] which economists [illegible] with con-[illegible] assume [illegible] of de-[illegible] or un-[illegible]

[illegible] comprising [illegible] millions of people [illegible] been on the [illegible]

[illegible] of Europe [illegible] charac-[illegible] Western world, [illegible] been undis-[illegible] from [illegible]

[illegible] machinery, telegraphy [illegible] train perplexing problems to the more progressive nations [illegible] integral parts of a gigantic industrial system.

[illegible] of these problems were [illegible] without menace to a constantly advancing civilization and [illegible] advance continued to add [illegible] of human happiness, when [illegible] interests of the world, [illegible] gain, struck what may [illegible] by outlawing silver [illegible] destroying the bimetallic [illegible].

[illegible] metallism all the gold and [illegible] world coined and uncoined [illegible] legally money at the legal [illegible] whenever exchange on countries coining gold alone, or silver [illegible] departed from the coinage ratio sufficient to profitably transport coin to [illegible] countries confering equal monetary rights on both metals, automatic adjustment took place.

[illegible] with the destruction of the bimetallic standard all this was changed. [illegible] rapid and constant rise in the [illegible] of gold exchange in silver standard countries soon doubled the price of commodities imported from gold standard countries. The effect of this was to [illegible] the Asiatic countries where the wages of labor and prices in general have been for centuries and still continue at a lower level than ever known among any other people, to manufacture for themselves. The price of gold exchange having doubled had the same effect in increasing the price of imports from gold standard countries that an import of one hundred per cent would have.

While India and Japan under the stimulus thus afforded were developing their cotton mills until they now supply the Asiatic demand for cotton yarn, England was purchasing the wheat and cotton of India paying the same price in silver as before 1873, and laying the same down in Liverpool at a cost to them in gold as much below the price of 1873 as silver bullion had fallen below the mint price under free coinage.

It must be borne in mind that the cost of commodities, that is, the material, labor, land-rents and interest on capital, together with the profits, must be reckoned in the money of the country where the goods are produced, and that they are always paid for in current money of the country where they are sold.

If goods are produced in the United States and sold in Japan sufficient silver must be received for them, that when exchanged for gold it will cover the cost and the profits, likewise that if goods are produced in Japan and sold in the United States, they must be sold for just sufficient gold that when exchanged for silver it will cover the cost and the profits.

Under bimetallism it was shown that neither country was benefited or injured because of the metal comprising the current coin, but it will be readily seen that under existing conditions, the advantage is on the side of Japan and against the United States to the extent of the fall in silver exchange below the rate that prevailed prior to demonetization in 1873.

[illegible] years behind us [illegible] nation, [illegible] to his [illegible] foreign exploitation [illegible] resisted every [illegible] upon their long established modes of life, content with selling other nations the few articles of manufacture peculiarly their own, and such products as soil and climate gave them a natural monopoly, there is no good reason for believing that this sleeping Giant of the East could have been aroused from his slumbers by conditions less extraordinary than were presented by the exchange after the manufacturing nations adopted the gold standard.

Agriculture in gold standard countries suffered first. The wheat and cotton from India in the Liverpool market keeping step with the fall in Rupee exchange soon cut the price of the world's crop in two and destroyed the profits and depreciated the property of the producers in all gold standard countries.

The only reason why the manufacturers and laborers in all gold standard countries have not suffered a worse fate than has overtaken the wheat and cotton growers, is that the Asiatic nations did not have competing articles to offer.

Silver in the Oriental nations continues to purchase raw material and labor as cheaply as at any time in the past. These over-populated nations containing one-half the human family, perpetually on the verge of famine, the frequency and fatalities of which have developed and intensified a universal system of hoarding constantly trenching upon the coin in circulation, has had for thousands of years and still continues to have a wage rate barely permitting continued existence to the teeming millions of toilers.

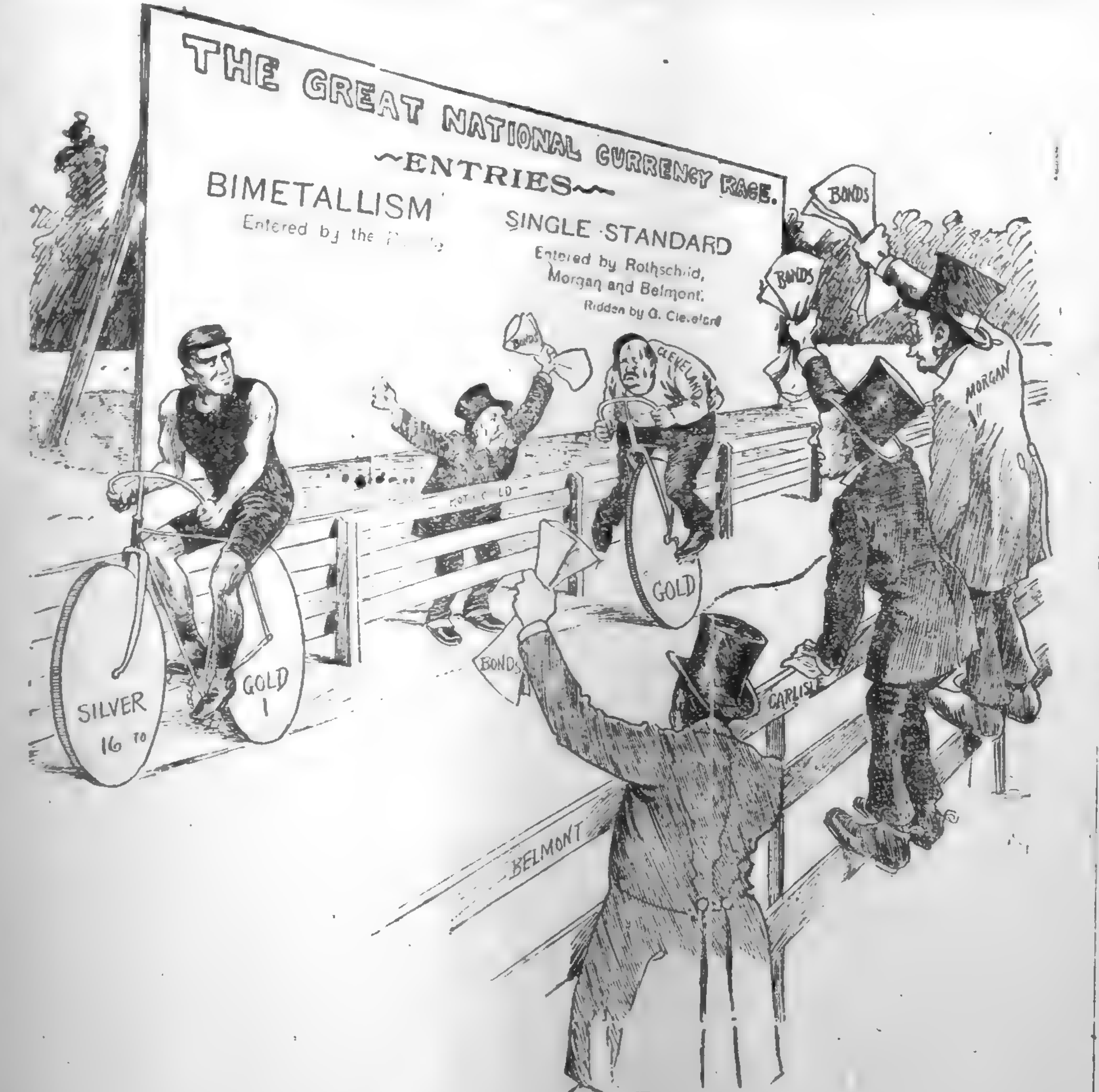
Before silver was outlawed in the Western world fifteen and a half ounces of silver in the Orient paid for commodities that cost an ounce of gold in the Occident, but at the present time it requires thirty-one ounces of silver to purchase the product of an ounce of gold.

Upon a wage in silver barely sufficient to continue life the alternative to the toilers of Asia was to manufacture for themselves the articles formerly imported from America and Europe or forego their use altogether.

These extraordinary and exasperating conditions awoke the Japanese from the sleep of inactivity. The recent invasion of our markets by manufactures from Japan is perhaps the most threatening and direful in the chain of calamities resulting from that ill-conceived and totally wicked effort of the world's creditors to plunder and enslave the world through the demonetization of silver.

Upon the gold standard, the present rate of exchange gives Japan an advantage over the manufacturing nations of America and Europe equivalent to a protective duty of one hundred per cent and an expert bounty of the same amount. This is the premium that the devotees of the gold standard in the United States have put upon the destruction of the civilization of the Western world. Who among them will [illegible] tend that when factories are [illegible] lished in Japan, China and India, equipped with the latest improved labor saving machinery and operated by labor paid from two to three dollars per month that the era of colleges, schools and churches is not doomed?

J. M. DEVINE.



Cleveland—This blasted wheel wobbles too much. I never can catch that fellow ahead and you might as well save your breath. I am in a perplexing and delicate predicament as a result of ill-advised financial expedients.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Flashes of Thought from Independent Thinkers.

During the past seven years 134 American heiresses have married foreign titles and have practically transferred $200,000,000 of wealth to foreign lands. Much of this wealth is in [illegible] bonds, and draws dividends [illegible] interest from American enterprise. We are fast being made the serfs and supporters of the pauperized nobility of foreign lands.

* * *

The telegraphic monopoly has made $1[illegible],000,000 in twenty years. In 1858 the capital stock of the Western Union was only $358,700. It is now $150,000,000. Its entire plant could be duplicated for $30,000,000. The other $120,000,000 is water. Yet there are thousands and millions of people in this country who pretend to think that they would rather continue to pay prices for telegraphic service that yielded millions of dollars in dividends on watered stock than for the people to own and operate the wires as they do in England.

* * *

If Cleveland had been as great a success in managing the finances of the nation as he was in managing his own, the country would be quite prosperous. But while making a fortune for himself he has bankrupted pretty much everybody else. Perhaps the two things are counterparts of each other and if the first hadn't taken place the last would not have occurred.—Nonconformist.

Of course to do this he would have had to use some other nation to have skinned, and to come to think of it we would like to have had him try his hand on old John Bull's people. If Grover could have made as complete a success of skinning them, as they, with his assistance, have in skinning us, we would now be flying.

* * *

The opinions of Grover Cleveland, who, with undisguised self-conceit, poses as the Moses of the financial question, are entitled to no more consideration to-day than when, as sheriff, he acted as hangman at Buffalo, N. Y.—Missouri World.

That's a center shot. A great people seem to think the moment a man is elected or appointed to a high position he becomes, in some mysterious manner endowed with a sagacity which he never possessed before. As a matter of fact he is not a bit smarter than he was, and in many instances it makes a fool out of a man, and he isn't as smart. Grover Cleveland seems to be of the latter class, and we are not inclined to think that he is as smart as he was when hanging men in Buffalo at $50 per hang.

* * *

It has been left for an agricultural paper to solve the vexing problem of living in a system of capital ownership of everything. It says if farmers' sons will be satisfied with no horse, no buggy, no good clothes and no education, they can save money on a farm even to-day.—Coming Nation.

Why of course. He might also leave off much that he eats. He might live principally on corn bread and cow peas with hickory or walnuts thrown in occasionally for dessert. He might also reduce his hours of sleeping and increase the hours of labor. Why, most certainly, he could give half the products of his labor to plutocracy and then [illegible] money. But what we started out to [illegible] was that it is not every Agricultrual paper that is the farmers' friend or worthy the support of farmers. It was Buell's Bank Circular that announced the policy of buying up the religious and agricultural papers, and when you see one of them dealing out such trash as that you may put it down safely that it has either sold out, or don't know enough about farm interests to haul out manure.

* * *

Henry Watterson says: "We have, in fact, no democratic party at all. It is merely an agglomeration of quiddities thrown together by the upheaval of the times. A monster without a head, running wild through a wilderness of political incertitude."

Whoa, there, Henry. Is it that bad? Well, then, take the thing "thrum" us. If that's the kind of an individual it is, it ought to be prohibited by law from running at large. This, then, is the thing of great promise, a "monster without a head, running wild through a wilderness of incertitude." Well, we did not think it was so bad. We remember that Watterson told us the nomination of Cleveland would be a "march through the slaughter house to an open grave." Perhaps he meant the election of Cleveland, after all. In speaking of the President's message he said: "Nothing will come of it. Congress will not do anything at all, and if the republicans are wise they will simply pass the appropriation bill and go home."

It is very plain to see that Henry is overcome with large gobs of gloom, and that the "star-eyed goddess" seems to have forsaken him for the time being. But he'll get over it—unless he has made it a profitable business transaction.

* * *

In a recent sermon Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage discussed the propensity of the American people to indulge in campaign lies and slanders, in the following picturesque style:

At every yearly or quadrennial election we have in this country great manufactories—manufactories of lies; and they are run day and night, and they turn out half a dozen a day, all equipped and ready for full sailing. Large lies and small lies. Lies private and lies public and lies prurient. Lies cut bias and lies cut diagonal. Long-limbed lies and lies with double-back action. Lies complimentary and lies defamatory. Lies that some people believe, and lies that all the people believe, and lies that nobody believes. Lies with humps like camels and scales like crocodiles, and necks as long as storks, and feet as swift as an antelope's, and stings like adders. Lies raw and scalloped and panned and stewed. Crawling lies and jumping lies and soaring lies. Lies with attachment screws and rufflers and braiders and ready-wound bobbins. Lies by Christian people who never lie except during elections, and lies by people who always lie, but beat themselves in a presidential campaign.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

Left it There to Tempt Him.

A family in North Selma went to breakfrst Friday morning leaving $20 in cash in the front bed room. When they returned the $20 and William Robinson, who had been about the place, were missing. A warrant was sworn out and Officer Munn arrested him this afternoon.

Sheriff Kills a Prisoner.

Deputy Sheriff T. L. Seal killed Amos Robertson, a prisoner, Saturday, at Columbiana. As Seale unlocked Robertson's cell door he and another prisoner ran over the deputy, knocking him to the floor. The deputy getting on his feet opened fire on the fleeing prisoners and Robertson fell dead. The cononor's verdict was justifiable killing.

Bre'r Possum Escapes Injury.

Near Kennedy, Lamar county, Alabama Saturday night James Runyon, and Robert Young climbed a high tree for an opossum. On the same limb, 40 feet from the ground, they quarreled. Runyon pushed Young off the limb but was pulled off with him. Both lived just long enough to tell how it happened.

Car and Cotton Burned.

Collinsville was in a whirl of excitement early Friday morning when fire was discovered in a freight box car near the depot; the car and contents was entirely destroyed. But for the timely assistance of the citizens of the town the depot and contents would have burned. It is supposed that some tramps slept in the car last night and dropped fire probably from a pipe. The car contained twelve bales of cotton.

A Good Man Stricken.

Thursday evening while Rev. A. S. Andrews, D. D., of Greenville, Ala., was conducting the funeral services of Mr. J. M. McNameel at the First Methodist church in Opelika, he was stricken with congestive paralysis, and is lying critically ill at the home of Dr. J. M. Mason. This is the second stroke Dr. Andrews has had, and grave fears are entertained as to the result. His wife was immediately telegraphed for, and is now attending his bedside.

Allowed to Make Bond.

The preliminary trial of Arna Mahoney at Athens for the killing of Redus Westmoreland, in Elkmont, on November 5, 1895, closed late Friday afternoon, after occupying three days. Almost all day was occupied with argument, and within ten minutes after the close of the last speech Justice Christens rendered his decision allowing Mahoney his liberty upon the making of a bond for $2,500.

Prosperous and Hopeful.

The reports from merchants of Ashville show that their cash trade for 1895 was far in excess of any previous year. The farmers have paid up very well for 1895 with prospects of paying more before the season closes. Considering everything, the people commence the year 1896 in better shape than they have been in many [illegible]. It is estimated by the best informed citizens that St. [illegible] county has more corn than it will require to supply the people, and very near enough meat to do them. There is a larger acreage planted to wheat than has been in fifteen years.

Go and Do Likewise.

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THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER.
Clanton, Ala.

We desire a correspondent at every post office in the county.

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their notice, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

We wish to call the attention of advertisers to the fact that the BANNER has by far the largest circulation of any paper in Chilton county. Any paper claiming a larger circulation is guilty of misrepresentation and an intention to defraud.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper.

UTAH was admitted to the sisterhood of States last Saturday. This gives the Republican party two more U. S. Senators.

THE Cuban patriot army is reported to be within twelve miles of the city of Havana. While it is difficult to get truthful accounts of all that is transpiring in Cuba, there seems to be no doubt but that the revolutionists are making grand progress in their fight for freedom.

SECRETARY Carlisle, at midnight on Sunday, issued a notice calling for proposals for the purchase of $100,000,000 of United States 4 per cent bonds. The bonds will be issued February 1st. and be payable in coin thirty years after date. In spite of all opposition Cleveland evidently says bonds I want and bonds I'll have.

RICHARD H. CLARKE, goldbug of Mobile, has issued an address to the Democrats of Alabama, announcing himself as a candidate for the governorship. Capt. Joe Johnston, free silver man, of Birmingham, is already announced. If the gubernatorial contest lay between these two men only we would unhesitatingly prefer Capt. Johnston, who undoubtedly has a far larger following than any goldbug candidate can possibly hope for. As the Advertiser gang are supporting Mr. Clarke they will attempt to control the convention and secure for him the nomination and leave poor Capt. Johnston out in the cold. But the People's Party in due time will produce their candidate, who will be elected as in the last two elections and not only elected, but will take his seat in the gubernatorial chair.

A MEETING of Populists of Jefferson county was held last week in Bessemer for the purpose of formulating the county ticket for the ensuing campaign. A circular letter was prepared and ordered to be printed and distributed throughout Jefferson county. It contains the names of the gentlemen selected by the meeting for the several county offices. We extract from this circular some good Populistic doctrine and think it might be followed in other counties.

We believe that it is but just and politic to confer informally together as Populists to determine who shall be our candidates and not leave this most important matter subject to the action or manipulation of any so-called leaders, who too often assume to direct the affairs of a party and say who shall or who shall not run for office. Bossism has killed the old democratic party and driven many of us from its ranks. We should avoid all possible danger from this source in our organization. We want no leaders except as we select them for specific duty. The people must rule. As you know, however, it is not the offices that the Populists seek, but the protection of the interests of the people by the election of honest, worthy, reliable citizens to protect those interests.

WE have much pleasure in reprinting from last week's Tribune a letter from Hon. A. P. Longshore suggesting the name of the Hon. S. M. Adams as the People's Party gubernatorial candidate. Brother Adams is so well known in our county that it would be superfluous for us to say anything in regard to his qualifications. We can, however, assure him that if he receives the nomination at the State convention he can rely upon the unanimous and hearty support of the Populists of Chilton county.

COLUMBIANA, Ala., Dec. 18.

To The Tribune:

I have, for some time, been casting about for a suitable man to head the reform forces next year. We all realize that we must have a man who is, and has been heretofore, a reformer in every sense of the word. I am satisfied, after looking the field over, that Hon. S. M. Adams of Bibb is the man to head the ticket. He is an upright Christian gentleman, in whom the reformers of Alabama have the utmost confidence. He is an able speaker, a clear and concise reasoner, a bold and fearless champion of the rights of the people, an uncompromising foe to ballot box stuffing. He is well known in every county in the State, having been President for several years of the Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union. I have nothing to say in disparagement of any other man suggested, but I know of no man in the State who has more of the essentials of leadership than Hon. S. M. Adams of Bibb.

A. P. LONGSHORE.

WE have received a circular letter from the headquarters of the United Confederate Vetrans Association at New Orleans in reference to the proposed establishment of the Confederate Memorial Hall in which Confederate relics and mementoes are to be deposited for all time. At the Houston reunion Mr. Charles Broadway Rouss subscribed $100,000 for the purpose of establishing this Memorial hall, on the condition that the Veterans raised a like amount. A committee was appointed and they suggest that the most feasible manner of reaching the desired object is to set apart a "Memorial Festival Day," and the General Commanding designates Friday, May 1, 1896 as the most suitable time for the use of the women of the South in raising funds for this great Memorial Hall.

The General Commanding appeals to and urges these heroic women, survivors of a heroic age, and all the daughters of the South who take pride in the history of such worthy and glorious ancestors, to immediately organize societies and elect presidents, secretaries, teasurers and other officers, in every city, town, hamlet and neighborhood in the South, and to notify Colonel R. C. Wood, general manager of of the Confederate Memorial Association, No 44 Perdido street, New Orleans, La., so that he can at once supply them with subscription books and full instructions, and respectfully requests that they will commence without delay the collection of funds for the erection of this depository of the records of the valor of Southern manhood and the heroism of Southern womanhood, and continue their efforts symtematically, making the "Memorial Festival Day," May 1, 1896, the culmination of their efforts.

The money raised by each society and in each locality must be deposited in some good bank or other safe depository, to the order of the United Confederate Veterans for the use of the Confederate Memorial Association, to remain until called for by proper authority.

In the meantime, each society or locality, where money is raised, will report the amount collected to Colonel R. C. Wood, general manager of the Confederate Memorial Association, No. 44 Perdido street, New Orleans, La., so that an idea can be formed of the total amount thus secured.

The General Commanding requests the old veterans composing the 721 United Confederate Veteran Camps of this Association to render all the assistance possible to the ladies engaged in this holy cause.

A CONVENTION of the cotton growers is called by Hecter D. Lane, president of the American Cotton Growers' Protective Association, to meet at Memphis on Tuesday, January 21, to consider what steps shall be taken in regard to the next crop. Mr. Lane says:

According to official data, America has exported to Europe 1,323,000 bales less than last year. The northern mills have taken 450,000 bales less than last year. Stocks of cotton at American ports and interior towns are about the same as last year, but as the season progresses the stocks at the ports will daily grow less as compared with last year.

On the other hand, the mills of England, America and the continent are running full time, and if they keep up the present prices until next September they will need all your cotton; they cannot wait for the next crop. What, then, prevents your obtaining remunerative prices for the remaining portion of this crop?

Referring to the cotton speculators of New Orleans, New York and Liverpool, he says:

The southern planter has the power to depose these reckless despots and wholesale despoilers of our prosperity. Destroy the annual surplus, their able coadjutor, by a judicious decrease of acreage and these gentlemen will be out of a job. Plant only a moderate crop and you will be better off with a 7,000,000 to a 7,500,000 crop selling at 10 to 11 cents than a 10,000,000 bale crop selling at 5 to 6 cents.

We certainly believe Mr. Lane is correct in his assumption, and would again earnestly impress upon our Chilton county farmers that they make a point of first raising their home supplies and devote only their spare land and labor to raising cotton. Because you have received a little better price for your cotton this fall, mainly on account of the shortness of this crop, do not run into the extreme of planting nothing but cotton this year.

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr. Walter Kendrick, and sister, Miss Daisy, have returned home from a most delightful visit to friends near Verbena.

F. M. Connell, Jr., of Pratt City, is down on a visit.

Mr. M. D. Henderson, of Elmore, has returned home after spending the holidays with friends here.

Miss Fannie Rasberry, of Mulberry, and Mr. Will Cricket, of Columbus, Ga., attended an entertainment at the hospitable home of Mr. Harrison Kendrick's on Friday night during the holidays.

Mr J. C. Pa[illegible] visted Montgomery on Thursday last.

Mr. Ben Boyd, and cousin, Miss Ada Boyd were the guests of Mr Walter and Miss Daisy Kendrick last Saturday and Sunday.

Married at the residence of the bride's parents last Thursday at 6:30 p.m., Mr. Benjamin J. Goss and Miss Winnie May, Rev. J. L. Long officiating.

Christmas of 1895 is numbered among the events of the past, and the people are preparing for a new year. It is an undisputed fact that the farmers of this community are in a much better condition than at this time last year. With well filled corn cribs and plenty of home raised meat they are prepared to greet the new year with a feeling of independence, with smiling faces and happy hearts.

The Christmas has come and gone It passed off very quietly here. No drunks, no rows, no cutting and no shooting. The small boy and the darkie had their usual good noisy time popping firecrackers. And the local merchants did a rushing business for several days especially in Christmas goods.

There is plenty of corn, meat and molasses all over this county and I think more money than for several years past. The people have more generally paid their taxes than at any previous time. Collector B. M. Gentry will not be under the painful necessity of putting the penalty on many of his constituents.

The people are paying more attention to colts (horses and mules) cattle, hogs and goats than heretofore. I have not detected any improvements in sheep raising.

The people seem so much better off at the end of this year than of last, it does look like they ought to see diversified crops and living and boarding at home is the best and wisest policy, but I much fear many of them will run cotton crazy next year.

Success to the BANNER.

TIM.

Late Literary News.

No one ever thought of introducing so expensive a feature as lithographic color work in the days when the leading magazines sold for $4.00 a year and 35 cents a copy. But times change, and the magazines change with them. It has remained for The Cosmopolitan, sold at $1.00 a year, to put in an extensive lithographic plant capable of printing 320,000 pages per day (one color). The January issue presents as a frontispiece a water-color drawing by Eric Pape, illustrating the last story of Robert Lewis Stevenson, which has probably never been excelled even in the pages of the finest dollar French periodicals. The cover of The Cosmoplitan is also changed, a drawing of page length by the famous Paris artist Rossi, in lithographic colors on white paper takes the place of the manilla back with its red stripe. Hereafter the cover is to be a fresh surprise each month.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR]

STRASBURG, Ala., Jan. 3, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Presuming upon your kindness in the past in publishing the many views of our people on various topics I once again present myself with a bundle of opinions, sincerely asking a fair and impartial hearing and consideration of the same, in regard to what seems to us to be for the best in the management of our political affairs, both for the State and county.

Of course, I understand that we have committees especially selected to attend to these matters, yet committees always like to have an expression from the people in regard to all very important actions that they may be sustained in their acts by the people. So, in all humbleness as a citizen and avowed populist I feel constrained to come forward with some suggestions, especially regarding the situation in our own county, for the time is rapidly drawing nigh when action must be taken as to the manner of nominating candidates for the various offices to be filled in this county.

Now all who give any attention to such things understand that there is quite a number of people spoken of for the various places, and to my mind I see nothing alarming in this more than that perhaps some foolish things may have been done and said for and against individual or prospective candidates. And now, because of these things we have some people who say that we ought to hold beat meetings, etc., and have an understanding who shall be candidates and not allow any man's name to come before the people who has even so much as been mentioned heretofore in order, as they say, to kill off aspirants and office-seekers.

Now this would be funny if it was not so serious, for who is it that can assume the right and privilege to say that any man in what we call a free country shall not have the right to submit himself or his name for any and all positions that the people may be willing to accept his services for, and more, there is not now nor ever will be a man in any office that did not in some degree aspire to it, and it would shake my confidence in any man were he to tell me that he had no aspiration for any official position which he may be holding.

Here is the thing to consider in our dealings publicly and privately, let our aspirations and ambitions be kept under the curb of honor and uprightness, and I want to say here and now that I condemn the idea of a few men in each beat coming together and laying down a requisition for everybody to be governed by. I am willing to submit to the voice of the whole people in primary where every man who will take the obligation to support the nominee, and the principles of our party in both county and State, is to have a vote.

And now with the foregoing explanations of my position, the[illegible] every man shall have a full and [illegible] privilege to offer himself and his services to the people, using his own judgment as to whether the people want those services or not being actuated and led by the principles as enunciated by the platform of our party, Yours L. B. POUNDS.

* * *

WEST CHILTON, Jan. 3. 1896.

Editor BANNER: I write you this card to let the people know that we are going to run Mr. E. W. Bailey candidate for our next tax assessor. He will serve us as assessor if we elect him, and I am satisfied that he can make as good bond as any man in the county, is competent of filling the office and I now put his name before the people of Chilton county as a candidate for our next tax assessor. I have known Mr. Bailey for a good many years; he is alright in every respect and is a high toned gentleman. The people may now consider him in the field as a candidate for we are going to run him and we are going to elect him, you may bet your socks on that.

OLD MIKE.

* * *

"I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhœa of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M.D., Druggist.

* * *

DIXIE, Ala., Jan. 4, 1896.

Editor BANNER: The friends of E. W. Bailey are not satisfied at his declining to be a candidate for office and they will at the proper time announce his name for the office of Tax Assessor. In his statement as published a few weeks ago, he did not decline to serve the people, and we will ask the consideration of the voters of Chilton for him for assessor. Mr. Bailey is well qualified for the office and we the people do not think that we could do better than to nominate him. South Chilton will go solid for him.

The health of community is good. Success to the BANNER,

SECOR HARRIS.

West Chilton Warblings.

A few days ago the house owned by Mr. Joel Friday and occupied by Jim Bailey (colored) caught fire and was burned to the ground. Bailey and his wife were absent, at work some distance from the house, and had left their three little children, the eldest of whom was not more than four years old, alone. It is surmised the children played near the fire in the open fireplace, and their clothing becoming ignited set the house ablaze. When the fire was discovered the back wall of the house was falling in, and it was too late to rescue the children. Their poor little bodies when taken from the ruins were all that could be found the arms and legs having been burned off.

* * *

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Isabella on 21st day of February.

FRIDAY.

9 a.m. Opening exercises.

9:30 a.m. The best way of impressing upon the minds of the pupils the importance of an education, A. B. Harwood, Miss Cora Smith.

10 a.m. Teachers duties, W. S. Garner, W. C. Robinson.

11:30 a.m. Home and parental duties, B. D. Wilson, J. M. Massey.

2 p.m. Should country schools be graded, G. L. Speer. General discussion Question box.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a.m. History, H. L. Hicks, W. R. Headley.

10 a.m. Can Reading be successfully taught in the school-room simply by hearing reading lessons? F. M. Foshee, Miss Jennie Wilson.

11 a.m. How should the art of writing be taught? Miss M. P. McGee.

2 p.m. Orthography, Miss Kate Garner. General discussion.

J. Alex Moore } Committee.
R. E. R. Hicks }

Isabella is located about 12 miles west of Clanton. Any teachers wishing conveyance from this point to the Institute, will please write Prof. B. D. Wilson at Lily, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

* * *

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., says "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M.D., Druggist.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Administrators Notice of Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, } In Probate
Chilton County. } Court.

This day came P. M. Moore, sheriff and ex officio administrator of the estate of Singleton Posey, deceased, and filed his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is ordered that the 13th day of January 189[illegible], be [illegible] set as [illegible] upon said account, when all persons in interest may appear and contest if they see proper. This 18th day of December, 1895.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

THE NEW YORK WORLD THREE TIMES A WEEK AND THE BANNER FOR $1.50 PER YEAR.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK edition of the New York World has been converted into the THRICE-A-WEEK. It furnishes 3 papers of 6 pages apiece, or eighteen pages every week, at the old price of one dollar a year. This gives 156 papers a year for one dollar and every paper has six pages eight columns wide or 48 columns in all. The THRICE-A-WEEK World is not only much larger than any weekly or semi-weekly newspaper, but it furnishes the news with much greater frequency and promptness. In fact it combines all the crisp, fresh qualities of a daily with the attractive special features of a weekly.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
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THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

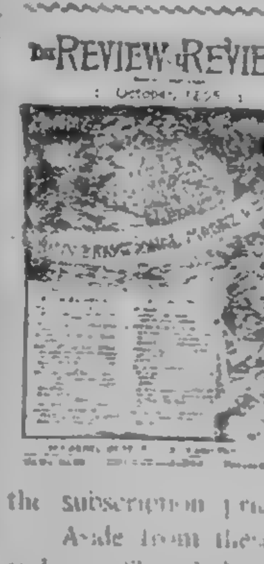
Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

National Watchman (Washington D. C.)	$1.25
Memphis Commercial Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State Herald	$1.25

"ALL THE MAGAZINES IN ONE."

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines of [illegible] the subscription price. Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the history of the month, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month. *The Literary World* says: "We are deeply impressed [illegible] it is monthly in its method, [illegible] the daily newspaper.

FIVE MONTHS FOR $1.00.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION $2.50.

THREE CURRENT NUMBERS SAMPLED 25 cents.

Agents find it the Most Profitable Magazine.

Send ten cents in stamps for a sample copy. Single copy, 25 cents.

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CLANTON, ALA.

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Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.
DEALER IN
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TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
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—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7.15 cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE:

Sampey	919
Mullins	689
Wilson	301
W. G. Plummer, from wagons	71
Total	1980

Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., is taking a course of lectures at the Atlanta Medical College under Drs. Calhoun and Westmoreland, studying surgery and diseases of the eye. He will return home as soon as the course is finished.

Mr. Jot A. Maier returned home from his trip to Texas last week. He says he is well pleased with that state.

Mr. J. M. Merchant, of [illegible], had the misfortune to cut two of the fingers of his right hand off recently.

Mr. W. F. Jones has removed his family to Prattville.

Rev. J. G. Lowrey has rented the McKee house and moved into it.

Mr. Lee Stewart has moved into town, having rented the Sutton house.

The widow Marcus has moved into the Cameron Moore house.

Mr. Cameron Moore, who is clerking [illegible] farm at Spig[illegible], has removed his family to that place.

Mr. R. Ellington went to Birmingham on Tuesday to attend the lumber men's convention.

Captain Cornwell, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy, I can recommend to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough with the best results." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr. M.D., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate judge to the following persons:

Mr. Wm. E. Mims and Miss Anna E. Wyatt; Mr. W. F. DeShazo and Miss Josephine Harris; Mr. Jonah McKee and Miss Martha Maddox.

Colored: Jim Pond and Georgiana Sawyers.

Mr. Fer. M. Jacobs, the voluntary observer at Birmingham for the U. S. weather bureau, has kindly sent us the results of his observations for the month of December, from which it appears the mean temperature for the month was 47 degrees. The highest temperature was [illegible] degrees on Dec. 23, and the lowest was [illegible] degrees on Dec. 4 and [illegible]. The total rainfall was [illegible] inches. There were 21 clear days, [illegible] partly cloudy, [illegible]. The prevailing wind was south east. There was killing frosts on [illegible] days during the month.

Services were held at the Congregational church last Sunday, Rev. J. L. B[illegible] officiating.

At the [illegible] Friday night a [illegible] was given [illegible].

Miss Wi[illegible]

[illegible] Christmas holidays at [illegible].

Mr. and Mrs. Evans Pinkard have taken the [illegible] house and [illegible] to housekeeping.

Miss [illegible] is visiting Miss [illegible] Mauris.

Mr. Wm. Cullen has returned from his trip to Arkansas.

Mr. W. H. Merritt went to [illegible] Sunday and returned Wednesday, a quick trip.

Squire M. Cumbaugh, of Dixie, has been in town since Monday.

Mr. Jim McKee went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Last Saturday night there was a [illegible] wreck on the L. & N. railroad [illegible].

Saturday was teachers' day and [illegible] went home with [illegible].

Supt. J. W. Moore, Profs. R. L. Hicks, W. J. Atchison and J. Heaton were among our visitors Saturday.

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

The BANNER office is the only Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give the best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

Mrs. J. P. Bell, Osawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes ***"I was troubled with heart disease*** for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. ***They said there was no help for me,*** that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,*** which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and ***it completely cured me. I sleep*** well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Final Proof Notice

Notice No. 1676.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
December 9, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Alabama, on January 25th, 1896, viz: William D. Caton, Homestead entry, No. 23,169, for the sw¼ of ne¼, sec 14 tp 22 north of 1 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Virgil Whatley, Enoch Whatley, Seaborn Clecker, Calloway Daws, all of Stanburg, Alabama. H. Prescott, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 1305.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Dec. 17, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January [illegible], 1896, viz: Chambless Young, Homestead entry No. 23,106 for the [illegible] of sec 32 tp 21 north of range 1 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Andrew Peoples, [illegible], James [illegible], all of Shoals, Ala. H. Prescott, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a mortgage executed on the 5th day of January, 1895, by the Star Co-operative Association to the undersigned, recorded in Book 33, on pages [illegible] Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note [illegible] the undersigned will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash in front of the court house [illegible] within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday, February the 5th, 1896, the following described property, to-wit:

One store house and lot in Stanton, Ala. [illegible] fixtures [illegible] section 16, township 20 [illegible] Alabama [illegible].

[illegible]

DO YOU WANT A Situation?
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WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Clanton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

THE NEW ELECTION LAW.

No. 357 AN ACT S. 459.

To amend Section 5, to repeal Section 35 and Section 36, and to add Section 49 to an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama, approved February 21, 1893.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That Section 5 of an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows: Section 5. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this State after the time herein prescribed for such registration, but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any general or special election to register such persons as may have reached the age of 21 years since the last registration; such other persons as may make oath that they became bona fide residents of the precinct in which they propose to register not less than thirty days before the day of election and since the last registration; but electors having the Constitutional qualifications who may have resided in any incorporate city in this State having a population of more than 5,000 inhabitants, as determined by the last federal census, for thirty days immediately preceding any election and have within such thirty days removed their residence from one precinct to another in the same city shall, after a residence of one day, be entitled to vote in the precinct in which they reside at the time of the election, but each of such electors herein last provided for must first deposit with the inspectors of election in said precinct the certificate of the Judge of Probate that said elector is duly registered in the precinct from which he has removed, and no other person than those provided for in this section shall be permitted to register on the day of the election. The present registrar shall furnish to each elector who may register on the day of election a certificate of registration, which shall be substantially in this form: State of Alabama, County of ——. Precinct No. ——, I, ——, precinct registrar, hereby certify that —— has this day registered before me as an elector, —— Registrar, Precinct No. ——, and if precinct registrar fails to attend or there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person as precinct registrar for that day, and if no appointment is made by 10 o'clock of that day, then the inspectors of election, or any two of them, may appoint a precinct registrar, who may qualify and act as such for that day: provided nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing, altering or amending the ordinances now or hereafter ordained by any municipal corporation chartered by the General Assembly providing for the separate registration of electors for municipal elections.

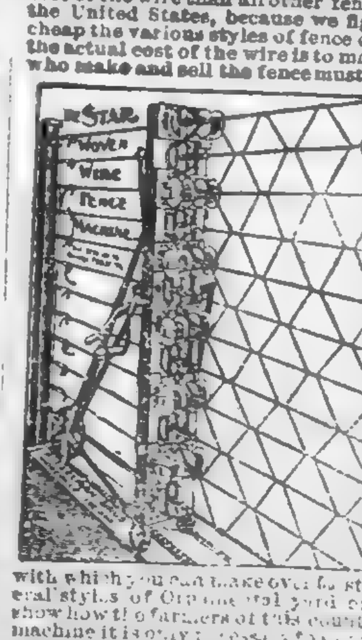
Sec. 2. Be it further [illegible], That Section 35 and Section 36 of said act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That said act be amended by adding thereto Section 49, in words as follows: Sec. 49. Be it further enacted, That upon opening the polls the inspectors must appoint two markers or assistants, one for each of the opposing political parties who may have candidates to be voted for at the election; and each of whom must be a [illegible] person, able to read and [illegible], if practicable, [illegible] electors, or any two of [illegible], in like manner, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary to give every illiterate elector and every physically disabled elector an opportunity to vote, appoint a marker, who must be selected as provided for the selection of the first two. Every marker before entering upon his duties must take an oath, which may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, or by any one of the inspectors, to perform the duties of marker at the election according to law. No inspector, clerk or marker shall be appointed nor shall act as such except in the beat of his residence at the time of the election. Clerks and markers must be appointed from a list of persons not less than six nor more than ten in any beat, who may be suggested for that purpose by the duly constituted authorities respectively of the opposing political parties having candidates to be voted for at the election. Every illiterate or physically disabled elector shall be permitted to have the assistance of a marker, who has been appointed by the inspectors, and who may be selected by him from the number of markers. Any inspector who may refuse to appoint markers from the opposing parties, so as to give every illiterate or physically disabled elector the opportunity to select a marker of his own political party, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, on conviction, be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500. It is the sense of this section that the opposing party shall each have the right to suggest a list of names, not less than six nor more than ten persons, to act as markers and clerks. If no lists are furnished the inspectors shall appoint clerks and markers from opposing political parties.

Approved February 18, 1895.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can [illegible] earth, [illegible] and checkering for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. [illegible]



with which you can make over 60 styles, [illegible] of [illegible] show how the farmers of this country appreciate the machine it is only necessary [illegible] machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 20 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 450,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all the machines were run only 60 days, during [illegible] rods per day each, they would [illegible] 2,000,000 rods, which would make [illegible] rods or 20 miles for every [illegible] combined [illegible] of all the [illegible] the United States would not equal this. [illegible] much. [illegible] Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about [illegible] may save you many dollars. [illegible] Address, Kitselman [illegible]

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

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Artificial Eyes Polished,

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eye. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., [illegible] Building, 25-27, Third Ave., New York.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

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For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists. Dr. J. S. Johnson, jr., Clanton, Ala.

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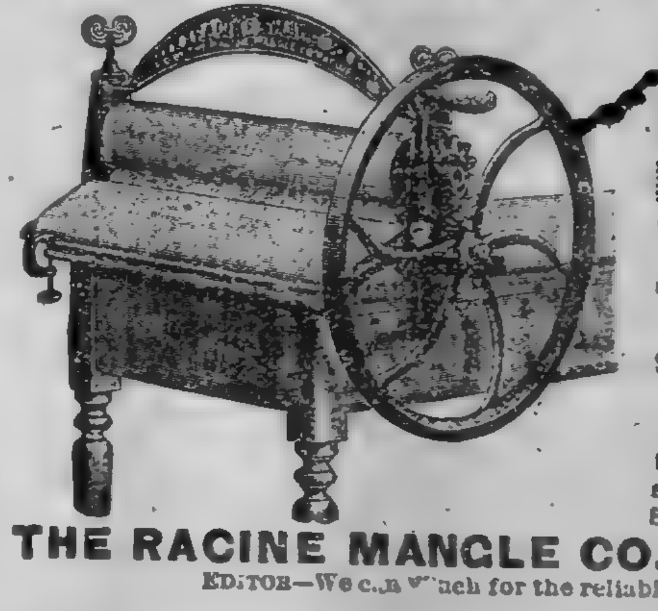

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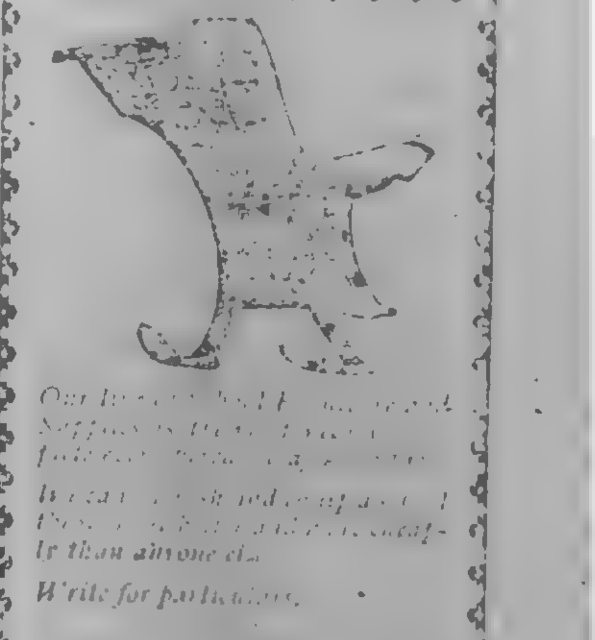

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This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"I was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
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Indorsed by B. W. FEARENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
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REMEDY.

SEND FOR BOOKLET.

Dried sunflower blossoms are eaten by the poorer natives in Bombay and Bengal twice a day.

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Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches, and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 50c. and $1 bottles.

Spanish Africa comprises a territory equal in size to Colorado and Nevada.

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That's so, the editor hears Mr. Market Gardner say. Well, why don't you have them? Simply because you don't plant Salzer's Northern grown seeds. His vegetables are bred to earliness and they never disappoint you. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetables, farm seeds, grasses, clovers, potatoes, etc.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT TO the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c. postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalogue. Catalogue alone, 5c. postage. (A. C.)

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

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A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City, on receipt of 40 cts. in postage stamps.

A Beautiful Complexion.

There is no person on earth but what would [illegible] complexion. This is especially [illegible] There is no way to [illegible] The trouble lies [illegible] Tyner's Dyspepsia [illegible] system and [illegible] It is harmless [illegible] results. It [illegible] complexion [illegible] cts per bottle.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free Dr. Kline, [illegible] Phila., Pa

Mrs. Winslow's [illegible] for children teething [illegible] a bottle

Every Mother Should Always Have

a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. Nothing so good for pain, weakness, colds and sleeplessness

After six years' suffering, I was cured by Piso's Cure. MARY THOMSON, 29 1/2 Ohio Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March 19, 1894.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

England has an area of 51,000 square miles, or a little smaller than Arkansas.

THE MOST SIMPLE AND SAFE REMEDY for a Cough or Throat Trouble is "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" They possess real merit

There are in Ohio about 17,500 oil wells, o[illegible] more than 5,000 were bored in 1894.

Now is the Time to Cure Your Corns

[illegible]

Hood's

sarsaparilla has over and over again proved itself the best blood purifier medical science has ever produced. It cures when other [illegible] utterly fail. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Its success is based upon its intrinsic merit. Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, mild, effective. All druggists. 25c.

World's Fair! HIGHEST AWARD.

IMPERIAL GRANUM

Is Pure and unsweetened and can be retained by the weakest stomach. A safe, easily digested FOOD for DYSPEPTICS!

Sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE! John Carle & Sons, New York.

OPIUM and **WHISKY** habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 2, 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

[illegible]

HE WON HIS CASE.

The Lawyer's Witty Remark Had Its Effect on the Jury.

Some gray-haired lawyer politicians sat in the hotel talking over their early experiences. The conversation was opened by the man from up the State remarking:

"I see that old Dennis Keeny has just died up in my native town. He was one of the last of the old-style lawyers who relied for winning their cases, not on their knowledge of law, but on their acquaintance with human nature. He was one of the best specimens of the class, too. Stories of his retorts and witty sayings are told all over his own and the adjoining counties.

"The first time I ever heard him was in the case of a man who was on trial for shooting into a party that had come to 'horn' him, a form of country celebration that you have probably heard about. Keeny appeared for the defendant. It was shown that the gun with which the shooting was done was loaded with dried peas instead of lead. Finally a very dirty-looking witness was called, and testified that he had been shot in the right leg. On cross-examination the fellow appeared rather shifty, and finally Keeny asked him to show the jury the exact spot where the pea took effect. The fellow demurred, saying that the shooting had been done six weeks before, and the wound had healed. At last, with great reluctance, the witness drew up his right trousers leg, exposing a limb well covered with dirt. Pointing to a spot which, if possible, was blacker than the rest, the witness said:

"'There; that's where they went in.'

"Keeny turned to the jury, and in his most impressive manner said:

"'Gentlemen, I leave it to your knowledge of crops; if peas had been planted in that soil six weeks ago they would be in blossom now.'

"The witness retired in confusion and Keeny won his case."

Killed by a Dead Snake.

"I heard recently," said a snake fancier the other day, "of a curious incident which indicates the awful virulence of the poison of the cobra di capello. It occurred in India. It appears that one very warm Sunday, while the people were assembled at service, a large cobra glided in through the open door of the church. The preacher did not notice it himself, but several of the congregation did, and they were very much alarmed. The sexton was, fortunately, on the alert, and he managed to secure a tulwar, with which he cut off the creature's head before it had time to do any mischief.

"After the service a number of the congregation were looking at the headless reptile, when one man, more curious than the rest, placed his foot on the severed head and rolled it toward him. Presently he uttered a loud exclamation and drew his foot away. By some means he had contrived to set in action the poison fangs, which darted violently forward and struck him in the foot. Remedies were applied, but they proved in vain; half an hour later the poor fellow was a corpse."

Controlled by a Hair.

One solitary human hair seems a very small thing, but it is the most important part of an important machine in the Capitol at Washington. The machine warms and ventilates the House, the Senate, and the various committee rooms and runs several electric dynamos. Its most curious feature is the appliance for telling the proper temperature of the air in the building. A dial arranged like a clock marks different degrees from [illegible] 100. Zero means perfectly dry air. [illegible] saturated air; i. e., air carrying all the [illegible] it will hold. Human hair absorbs moisture like a rope, becoming shorter when it is wet. The hair here [illegible] six inches long. The difference in length between it when wet and when dry stands for the 100 degree of moisture on the dial, and as the moisture of the hair varies the pointer on the dial moves. According to the necessity more steam is thrown in or steam is allowed to escape, the atmosphere being in this way regulated and kept at a healthy point.

Only 16 and She "Chaws Terbacker!"

Miss Drake, aged 16 years, of Lynn, Ky., is a very naughty girl or a very unfortunate one, or both. She chews tobacco, and not only that, but the vile habit has obtained such a mastery over her that she is killing herself, with little hope of relief. She began using the weed in small quantities about a year ago, and so fast did the habit grow upon her that in three months she was consuming two pounds of leaf tobacco a week. Her parents became alarmed and forced her to discontinue its use, but so great was her suffering that she twice attempted suicide. For the past six months she has used four pounds every week, having a large chew in her mouth at all times when she is not eating, even sleeping with a quid under her tongue. She is emaciated to a mere skeleton, having lost forty-three pounds in weight since she began the use of the weed. The doctors have tried every known remedy to destroy the appetite, but without success.

Sarsaparilla Sense.

Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. You want the best. It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you?

When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market fifty years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. There are many sarsaparillas. But only one Ayer's. IT. CURES.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

TWENTY-SECOND DAY.

HOUSE.—No session.

SENATE.—After some routine business the house bond bill was laid before the senate, read twice and referred to the finance committee.... The resolution by Mr. Quay, calling on the secretary of the navy for information as to whether it would be advantageous to contract for six new battle ships instead of two, was taken up and agreed to....Mr. Lodge addressed the senate on the Monroe doctrine and its application to the Venezuelan boundary question, giving a history of that question from its beginning up to date....The correspondence relating to the vice-consulates at Erzeroom and Kharpoot was laid before the senate and referred to the committee on foreign relations....A resolution, by Mr. Mitchell, republican, of Oregon, relating to select committees of the senate, was agreed to....Mr. Mitchell then offered a resolution providing for the reorganization, by the republicans, of the standing and select committees of the senate from and after January 1st. A lengthy debate followed and, the yeas and nays being called, the resolution was adopted by 30 to 28. Five of the six populists not voting.... An executive session was held. A proposition for a recess from tomorrow until January 7th was objected to and withdrawn, and at 5:40 the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

TWENTY-THIRD DAY.

HOUSE.—The house met informally and adjourned until Thursday.

SENATE.—The resolution as to additional duty on raw wool was referred to the committee on finance.....Mr. Perkins, republican, of California, introduced a resolution instructing the finance committee to report an amendment to the house revenue bill providing for an additional duty on new sugar equal to the proposed increase on other articles, and asked immediate consideration. Objection was made and the resolution went over.

Mr. Pettigrew, republican, of South Dakota, introduced a bill to cancel redeemed legal tender notes. Referred.

The resolution by Mr. Chandler, republican, of New Hampshire, relating to prices paid for armor for vessels of the navy, was agreed to.....Mr. Sherman introduced a resolution to restore and protect the gold reserve in the treasury and prohibit the reissue of redeemed United States notes except in exchange for gold, and asked that it lie over for the present.....Mr. Elkins, republican, of West Virginia, offered a resolution providing that all issues of United States bonds under existing statutes shall be made only upon proposals after advertisement and to the highest bidder, and asked for immediate consideration. Objection being made the resolution went over. The senate then adjourned until Friday.

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY.

HOUSE.—The house met merely to adjourn until Monday. The speaker announced, before adjournment, that he had signed the bill to accept the ram Katahdin.

SENATE.—A bill to repeal the law requiring proof of loyalty as a prerequisite in applications for bounty and warrants for service in the Mexican war, was passed by unanimous consent....Mr. Allen offered a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to whether the reserve fund had ever been separated from other monies in the treasury. Agreed to....The resolution by [illegible] Sherman, relating to the reserve [illegible] Wheeler laid before the senate and Mr. [illegible] speech on finances. The resolution [illegible] The resolution [illegible] Elkins, directing that no bonds shall be sold, except after due advertisement and to the highest bidder, was taken up for present consideration by a vote of 48 to 6. Pending consideration of resolution the senate adjourned until Monday.

VENEZUELA'S INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Revolutionary Correspondence Leads to Sensational Arrests.

A special from Caracas, Venezuela, says: A profound sensation has been caused by the arrest of Gen. Hermogene Lopez, once the president of Venezuela, in the time of Guzman Blanco. The arrest was made, it is said, because of the discovering of revolutionary correspondence involving the latter. English capitalists, it is rumored, have approached Guzman Blanco to stir up a rebellion here.

Among others arrested are Gen. Gonzalez Guana, chief of police under Guzman Blanco; Domingo Carbajal, a revolutionary chief in the time of President Palavio; the Paredes brothers and Valencia.

President Crespo is determined to suppress the movement at any cost.

The militia has been enrolled but not armed yet; probably will not be until everything is quiet.

Next Sunday President Crespo will issue a printed address to the people of Venezuela, giving the actual position of the government on the Guiana question, expressing the gratitude of the nation to President Cleveland for his attitude in upholding the Monroe doctrine, so necessary to the maintenance of the independence of the southern republics and urging the people to bury political discord and present a solid front to the English invader.

At the same time General Crespo counsels the people to be calm, to refrain from violence and await the action of the United States.

The address will be read in the plazas of the different cities.

To Make Munitions of War.

Two important charters were granted by the corporation court of Norfolk, Va., during the latter part of the December term and their purport made public Saturday. Two companies were chartered with the right to manufacture munitions of war, with general offices in Norfolk and branch offices in Alexandria, Va.

Going to the Cotton Mills.

Eighteen carloads of white people have gone from Wayne, Dublin and Pender counties, N. C., to work in the cotton mills at Pelzer, S. C. They were in two special trains. None of them have ever worked in cotton mills.

ANOTHER STAR IN THE GALAXY

The President Issues His Proclamation Declaring Utah a State.

The president, at 10 o'clock a. m., Saturday, signed the proclamation admitting Utah to statehood. The proclamation reads as follows:

By the President of the United States of America.

A Proclamation—Whereas, The congress of the United States passed an act which was approved on the 16th day of July, 1894, entitled "An act to enable the people of Utah to form a constitution and state government, and to be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original states," which act provided for the election of delegates to a constitutional convention to meet at the seat of government of the territory of Utah on the first Monday in March, 1895, for the purpose of declaring the adoption of the constitution of the United States by the people of the proposed state and forming a constitution and state government for such state; and

Whereas, Delegates were accordingly selected, who met, organized and declared on behalf of the people of said proposed state their adoption of the constitution of the United States, all as provided in said act; and,

Whereas, Said convention, so organized, did, by ordinance, irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of said state as required by said act, provide that perfect toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured and that no inhabitant of said state shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship, but that polygamous or plurate marriages are forever prohibited; and did also by said ordinance make the other various stipulations recited in Section 3 of said act; and,

Whereas, said convention thereupon formed a constitution and state government for said proposed state, which constitution, including said ordinance was duly submitted to the people thereof at an election held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, 1895, as directed by said act: and,

Whereas, The returns of said election have been made and canvassed and the result thereof certified to me, together with a statement of the votes cast and a copy of said constitution or ordinance, all as provided in said act, showing that a majority of the votes legally cast at such election was for the ratification and adoption of said constitution and ordinance; and,

Whereas, The constitution and government of said proposed state are republican in form, said constitution is not repugnant to the constitution of the United States and the declaration of independence; and all the provisions of said act have been complied with in the formation of said constitution and government.

Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States of America, in accordance with the act of congress aforesaid and by authority thereof, announce the result of said election to be as so certified and do hereby declare and proclaim that the terms and conditions prescribed by the congress of the United States to admission into the Union have been duly complied with, and that the creation of said state and its admission into the Union on an equal footing with the original states is now accomplished.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 4th day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and twentieth.

[Seal.] Grover Cleveland.

By the president:

Richard Olney, Secretary of State.

LEVI P. MORTON

Announced as a Candidate for the Republican Nomination for President.

Following the statement telegraphed the day before, upon the authority of ex-Senator Warner, that Governor Morton had authorized his friends to announce that he had consented to become a candidate for president of the United States, Thomas C. Platt on Thursday said: "Gov. Levi P. Morton is a candidate for president on the republican ticket. The governor will not make any formal statement himself, but he has told his friends he is a candidate. I regard Governor Morton as the strongest candidate in the race."

THE VENEZUELAN BOUNDARY.

President Cleveland Appoints Five Citizens as Commissioners.

Under the authority of the resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the facts relating to the disputed line between British Guiana and the Republic of Venezuela, the president has appointed the following: D. J. Brewer, of Kansas; associate justice of the supreme court of the United Sates; Richard H. Alvey, of Maryland, chief justice of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia; Andrew D. White, Frederick R. Coudert, of New York, and Daniel G. Gillman, of Maryland, president of the Johns Hopkins university. In politics the commissioners are classed as follows: Republicans, Judge Brewer and Andrew D. White; Democrats, Judge Alvey and Mr. Coudert. Mr. Gillman is of no party affiliation, but inclined to republicanism. He is distinguished for his attainments in scientific and historic research. All the commissioners have evidently been chosen with a view to their eminent fitness for the task imposed.

THE VENEZUELAN COMMISSIONERS

Receive Their Commissions and Take the Oath of Office.

A commission has been issued to each member of the Venezuelan-Guiana commission, as follows:

To the Hon. David J. Brewer:

You are hereby appointed a member of the commission to investigate and report upon the true location of the divisional line between the territory of the republic of Venezuela and that of British Guinea.

It is expected that the commission will avail itself of all possible sources of information; will apply to the matter all pertinent rules of municipal and international law, and will make a report to the president of their conclusions, together with the evidence and documents submitted to and considered by them, with as little delay as is compatible with the thorough and impartial consideration of the subject to be dealt with.

In testimony whereof I have caused these letters to be patent and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Given under my hand at the City of Washington, on the fourth day of January in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and twentieth.

Grover Cleveland.

By the President:

Richard Olney, Secretary of State.

After receiving their commissions on Saturday they proceeded to hold a preliminary meeting.

The session lasted about an hour, and at its conclusion a formal statement of the proceedings, so far as it was deemed proper to make public, was given out as follows:

Justice Brewer was unanimously elected president of the commission, and proceeded to administer to Messrs. Alvey, Coudert and Gilman the following oath:

"I — of — appointed — of the United States at — do solemnly swear that I will support and defend the constitution of the United States of America against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office of member of the commission to investigate and report upon the location of the divisional line between the territory of the republic of Venezuela and that of British Guinea, etc."

Commissioner Alvey then in turn administered the same oath to President Brewer. It was moved and seconded that the president designate a clerk to act for the present session of the commission and Walter Blandford was appointed in that capacity.

Commissioner Coudert moved that the matter of the selection of quarters for the commission be left to President Brewer and Commissioner Alvey, which motion was agreed to.

Commissioner Gilman moved that an inquiry be made as to the best map, showing the physical characteristics of the country in question, and where it could be reproduced in a convenient form for the use of the commission. This motion was also agreed to. Commissioner Gilman was authorized to make the inquiry.

Adjourned until next Saturday.

BRING OUT YOUR HOARDED GOLD.

Secretary Carlisle Issues a Circular Inviting a Popular Loan.

Treasury Department,
Office of the Secretary,
Washington, January 6, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the secretary of the treasury at Washington, D. C., until 12 o'clock m. on Wednesday, the 5th day of February 1896, for the purchase of $100,000,000 of United States 4 per cent. coupon or registered bonds, in denominations of $5 and multiples of that sum, as may be [illegible] by bidders. [illegible] reject any or all bids is reserved.

The bonds will be dated on the first day of February, 1896, and [illegible] in coin thirty years after that date, will bear interest at 4 per cent. per annum, payable quarterly in coin, but all coupons maturing on and before the first day of February, 1896, will be detached, and purchasers will be required to pay in United States gold, or gold certificates, for the bonds awarded to them, and all interest accrued thereon after the first day of February, 1896, up to the time of application for delivery.

Payments for the bonds must be made at the treasury of the United States at Washington, D. C., or at United States sub-treasuries at New York, Boston Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati Chicago, St. Louis or New Orleans, or they may be made at San Francisco with exchange on New York, and all bids must state what denominations of bonds are desired and whether coupon or registered and at what place they will be paid for.

Payments may be made by installments, as follows: Twenty per cent. upon receipt of notice of acceptance of bids, and 20 per cent. at the end of each ten days thereafter; but all accepted bidders may pay the whole amount at the date of the first installment, and those who have paid all installments previously maturing may pay the whole amount of their bids at any time, not later than the maturity of the last installment.

The bonds will be ready for delivery on or before the 15th day of February, 1896.

Notice is further hereby given that if the issue and sale of an additional or different form of bond for the maintenance of the gold reserve shall be authorized by law before the 15th day of February, 1896, sealed proposals for the purchase of such bonds will also be received at the same time and place, and up to the same date and upon the same terms and conditions herein set forth and such bids will be considered as well as the bids for the 4 per cent bonds herein mentioned.

J. G. Carlisle, Secretary of State.

Lost in a Mine Cave.

Ten men were caught in a cave in the Anna Lee mine at Victor, Col., Saturday morning, and it is not possible that any of them have escaped death.

DIDN'T NEED A DEED.

The Native Could Prove His Right to the Claim.

Within a few miles of the North Carolina State line I stopped at a poverty-stricken cabin to smoke a pipe and chat for a few minutes with the tallest and raggedest native I ever saw in the South, says a writer. It was evident from the looks of things that he was at hard-pan and below, and after some general talk I queried:

"Why don't you go at it and fix up your cabin so as to make it comfortable?"

"It does look shaklety, and that's a fact," he replied, "but I'm trying to sell out, yo' see."

"Is that the reason you have no crops?"

"Yes, that's the reason."

"And how much land do you own here?"

"Wall, sah, I can't 'zactly say how much, but a powerful lot, I reckon."

"But don't you know where your boundary lines begin and end?"

"They might begin down thar' by the creek and eand up thar' by that big tree," he replied in doubtful tones.

"Your deed ought to show," I said.

"Yes, but I hain't got any deed."

"Didn't you get a deed when you bought this property?"

"No, sah—no deed."

"Then how can you say you own it?"

"How kin I say, sah how kin I say?" he repeated. "Why, sah, I cum 'long yere arter the wah and liked the looks of the place and squatted on it. Since that time three different critters hev cum up from Maisonville to hist me off, and I hev killed two and wounded the t'other and held right on. If that hain't ownin' the property then I'd like to know! No, sah, I hain't got no deed, but I hev got a double-barreled shotgun, and I reckon thar' won't be any disputes about ownership when I find a critter who wants to buy!"

Bacilli in Hay.

One of the latest discoveries in the bacilli kingdom is the "hay bacillus," found guilty of what has hitherto been called the "spontaneous combustion" of improperly cured hay. A scientist—who knows all about it, of course—says that the hay bacillus is a minute, "sticklike" being, always and everywhere found on grass and hay. When hay is not sufficiently dry, the bacilli continue to live on the moisture still present. By their breathing, these mischievous atoms generate heat, and as there are billions on billions of them, the heat rises until it reaches 100 degrees C. and more. Then the poor things die. But the mischief goes on. The blades of grass are turned into threads of coal; the coal, condensing the gases developed, increases the heat. Finally, when this transformation has progressed to the surface, a slight draft fans the smoldering mass into flame. In like manner bacilli of the same genus cause the ignition of manure heaps.

Comes to stay

There is more than one food which will cause the body to increase in weight. A free supply of sugar will do this; so will the starchy foods; cream, and some other fats. But to become fleshy, and yet remain in poor health, is not what you want. Cod-liver oil increases the weight because it is a fat-producing food. But it does far more than this. It alters, or changes, the processes of nutrition, restoring the normal functions of the various organs and tissues.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with [illegible] condition. So [illegible] person gains in weight from taking Scott's Emulsion, it is because of two things: First, the oil has acted as a fat-producing food; and, second, it has restored to the body a healthy condition. Such an improvement is permanent: *it comes to stay.*

SCOTT'S EMULSION [illegible] by the medical [illegible] *Ask your doctor* [illegible] always *palatable* always [illegible] *contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.* [illegible]

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS. Lebanon, Ohio.

RIPANS TABULES

Because he had palpitation of the heart, Mr. A. J. Allen determined to quit smoking. He thought the tobacco habit was the cause of his trouble, but when he ceased smoking the pulsations of the heart were more violent than ever. Mr. Allen is a registered chemist of Lynn, Mass., and at second thought he concluded that, if tobacco wasn't the cause, it must be acute dyspepsia. His knowledge of chemistry naturally prompted him to take Ripans Tabules, well knowing their efficacy in disorders of [illegible] and bowels. [illegible] followed, and now [illegible] in the region of [illegible] markable part of Mr. A[illegible] lence followed. He decided to [illegible] smoking anyhow and discovered that Ripans Tabules not only satisfied the longing for tobacco, which [illegible] [illegible]

"Blight"

costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

"Kainit"

will prevent that dreaded plant disease.

[illegible]

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For Sale:

Large size, cost $100, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

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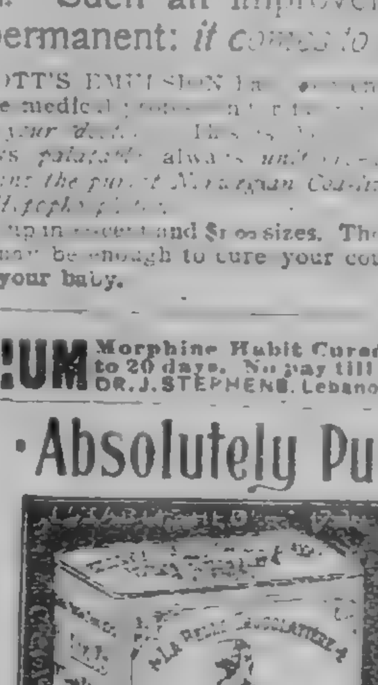

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GUARANTEE

Purchase Money refunded should *Brown's Iron Bitters* taken as directed *fail* to benefit any person suffering with Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, Chronic Headache or Neuralgia. More than 4,000,000 bottles sold—and *only* $[illegible] asked for and refunded.

(SEAL.) BROWN CHEMICAL CO., [illegible]

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1896 NO. 12.

AN ENORMOUS LOSS.

AN EXPERIENCED MINER OF MONTANA WRITES A LETTER.

Mr. Joseph K. Clark in a Letter to General Paul Van Dervoort Gives Some Valuable Reasons Why Silver Should Be Remonetized.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 18, 1895.

Hon. Paul Van Dervoort, Omaha, Neb.

Dear Sir: Agreeable to promise I send you a few of the material facts relative to the silver question, and which I trust may throw a little more light on the great problem of the day—a problem with which many of the eastern people are not familiar.

In 1893, when the price of silver dropped to 59 cents per ounce, the deep silver mines of Montana, and in fact all mining states and territories, had sufficient ore reserves opened up and exposed to last from one to two years.

The great drop in silver, with its attendant general financial crash in 1893, so discouraged the silver producers that development work on the large mines came to a standstill, and only the reserve bodies of ore were taken out and treated. These reserves have been completely exhausted up to date, and no profit accrued to the owners.

I will cite you to the Alice, Moulton and Lexington, which were numbered among the largest silver producing mines of the world, and fifty other mines in Butte alone, whose machinery is now lying idle. There are in this, the greatest mining camp on earth, a few leasers working some of the best properties, and making only a bare living.

In Philipsburg, Granite county, the Bimetallic and Granite Mountain, two mines which have paid several millions of dollars in dividends, are now closed down on account of the low price of silver.

The Elkhorn, in Jefferson county, which has been a divident paying bonanza for fifteen years, recently published to the world the fact that it must succumb to the inevitable—that their great ore bodies were exhausted.

Look carefully over the mining field, and see if you can find one rich producing silver mine. The bonanzas, which held such conspicuous places in the mining world, are things of the past. Today but one is left—the Ontario, of Utah, and that is being worked at a small profit only.

It is true that there are left a few silver mines from which the rich bodies of ore have not been all taken out. These, however, will soon become exhausted, if steadily worked. When and where have any large silver mines been found of late years? The Molly Gibson, located in Colorado, is the only one, and like the Alice, Moulton and Lexington, it is lying idle today.

I mention these facts as evidence that silver mines are not being sought after or prospected for, because they may not be found, and would not pay if discovered. When one is found, in the search for copper, the claim is recorded, represented, and left idle in hopes that some day in the near future silver will reach a paying basis.

There are, no doubt, very many small silver leads yet undiscovered, and had silver not been demonetized, there would be today at least three thousand of them, in [illegible] and territories, working [illegible] three thousand mines [illegible] employment to fifty thousan[illegible]

Look car[illegible] of the labor [illegible] fifty the [illegible] [illegible] 500,000 [illegible] 7,000 wor[illegible] [illegible]e east, simply because to open and develop three thousand mines, vast amounts of machinery would be required, and the army of men engaged in these mines would have to be fed and clothed. To produce the machinery, clothing and food, would require the services of a ten times greater number of men. Again, the product of the mines would increase the number of wage earners who manufacture works of art—every article for which silver is used.

Remonetize silver, and at least one-half million men in the east who are now idle will have employment, and I firmly believe the number would be twice one-half million. At the same time there would be an increase in wages, for when the west is prosperous high wages are always paid, and high wages mean a more generous distribution of money.

The gold bugs say we "are making an overproduction of silver;" that "it can be produced for 25 cents per ounce with profit." Let us look at this matter intelligently.

When we take into consideration the immense number of men who have been engaged in prospecting for silver mines; the hundreds of "mines" which do and never have produced; the millions of dollars expended in the erection of buildings, purchase and planting of machinery on properties which have never returned a penny of profit, or even returned the original investment, and with these expenditures m[illegible] an honest comparison, it will be plainly seen that the gold bug estimate of 25 cents per ounce for cost of production loses its honesty of statement, and appears only as a ridiculous assertion, made with deliberate intention to falsify.

I will illustrate with indisputable figures how rapidly the silver production is falling off, and more particularly with the price at or near 67 cents per ounce.

In 1891 the production was $75,416,500.

In 1882 the production amounted to $74,989,900.

In 1894 it dropped to 49,500,000 ounces.

For 1895 the actual production will not exceed 33,000,000 ounces.

At this rate of decrease the production in 1896 will be less that 25,000,000 ounces.

Every laborer, artisan, mechanic, farmer, merchant and professional man in these United States should give this subject his earnest thought that his mind may more easily grasp the monetary situation with a realizing sense of its importance.

With our mines idle this decrease will continue until, in a very few years, silver will only be known as a by-product with copper and gold, and will not exceed, all told, over 15,000,000 ounces.

The demand for silver to be used in art and manufacture may possibly act in a certain degree as a stimulus to silver mining industry. Without a demand of this nature it will require the entire amount of the by-product to supply the art trade only.

With low prices where is the world's supply to come from? America will have no silver to sell. This country and Mexico have produced over one-half the silver in the world at this time. Mexico is using the greater part of all the silver she produces, and we can readily see how that country makes herself prosperous by so doing. She pays all her help with silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, and sells her products, aside from silver, in gold countries, receiving payment in gold. Such manner of transacting business makes silver countries prosperous, while gold countries deteriorate commercially and financially.

Many of the politicians of today are [illegible] silver with tariff. While I am for tariff, I am for silver first [illegible] being a paramou[illegible] [illegible]apan [illegible] China are both si[illegible] [illegible] can as easily make or manufacture any needed article as can the United States. With monometallism, Japan and China are given 75 per cent advantage to start with. The difference between gold and silver at present gives them 50 per cent advantage, while the difference in price of labor in other countries and ours is over 25 per cent; hence 75 per cent is a small estimate. With their cheap labor to contend with, how are we to shut out their wares and products? Can we raise the tariff high enough to do so?

This is one of the gravest questions we have to contend with. Shall we allow the gold bugs of England and the United States to reduce our free-born laboring classes to a level with the Mongolian or enslaved coolies of Asiatic countries? Emphatically, No!

But how prevent it?

The simplest thing imaginable. Throw political affiliations aside; ignore all party ties on this important issue, and vote for the presidential candidate who is known to favor the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

Take John Sherman from 1873 to the present time for example, with Grover Cleveland and John G. Carlisle as auxiliaries, and see where they, with their monometallist proclivities and teachings, and administrative acts, have placed us. In the mining states and territories we see deserted towns, idle machinery, desolate houses, poverty, starvation, misery, misery, misery, and a terrible increase in the crime which follows and is the outcome of want and suffering.

Railroads, too, are mostly in the hands of receivers, and trains are running short-handed with crews working at pitifully low wages.

Farmers are in a still worse condition. For all they sell they receive less than the cost of production, and apparently do not know the cause. A few days since I met a farmer in Omaha, Neb. He told me corn in the country was worth but 12½ cents per bushel. That farmers were selling their hogs at so low a figure they had to do without meat at home. That they were compelled to do this to procure the necessaries more essential to life, and also to pay their taxes. I regret to learn that this state of affairs exists to a great extent in all the agricultural states.

In some of the states farmers are burning corn because they have no money to buy coal, or they find corn so much cheaper, as fuel.

I ask in all honesty, Are such things necessary in a land so naturally blessed as our own America? So rich in its millions of resouces?

Is there no remedy?

I answer, Yes! By the ballot. At the coming presidential election vote for a candidate who is a pronounced silverite, who favors the free coinage of silver and gold at a ratio of 16 to 1, and who will not betray your confidence after his election.

It will require several years to place us on the prosperous footing we enjoyed twenty years ago.

There are but few in the east who realize the great importance of this silver question or understand it in its entirety; who appreciate the fact that we have but just passed through the greatest silver producing era the world has known for four thousand years. It is the third of its kind, and covers a space of thirty-five years, or since the discovery of the famous Comstock in Nevada. With most of the silver m[illegible] ly worked out history is [illegible] repeat itself, and ma[illegible] us with another such pr[illegible]on for a thousand or even five thousand years.

Allowing silver is remonetized at 16 to 1, the production will increase but slowly. The reason is that the greater number of old mines are worked out, and there is but little hopes of finding new ones of their past magnitude.

People in the east, generally, have but little knowledge of the silver mines in the Rocky mountains; know nothing whatever of their workings; are ignorant of how silver is produced, where it comes from, how it got there, or why it should become exhausted.

I have personally examined very many mines on the Pacific slope, and in the interior, and have reliable information from other mines as to their present condition and wealth. I can say truthfully that the number of silver mines showing good ore below the 1,000 foot level will not equal the number of fingers on one's hands; and further, I may say that I am familiar with many mines throughout Montana, Idaho, Utah, Nevada and Colorado, which do not show good paying ore below the 600 or 700 foot levels.

Copper mines are not referred to. They are different. The copper mines of Butte, for instance, improve with depth, and some of them are nearly or quite 1,700 feet deep. They produce, however, but little silver. Seven million ounces per annum will cover all the by-product from copper and lead in Montana at the present time. Silver produced in this way is very expensive, as it must necessarily go through several treatments before it gets into fine bars. With silver at a low figure it does not more than pay for treatment when it is produced with copper.

I could give a thousand more reasons why this country should have free silver coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1, but my letter has grown longer than I at first intended it should be.

The things mentioned are matters of history, some of them unwritten, it is true, but nevertheless truths that will remain with us forever.

With every wish for your success in the great cause you have so nobly espoused, I have the honor to be, very truly yours,

JOSEPH K. CLARK.

Banks of issue are a violation of the Jefferson doctrine.

1878
TWO STANDARD DOLLARS WORTH 100¢ IN GOLD.
100 CENTS
100 CENTS
SYNDICATE SPLIT GOLD DOLLAR WORTH 200 CENTS IN EVERYTHING BUT ITSELF.
LABOR
CLOSED
CLASS LEGISLATION
JOB LOT OF SILVER FOR SALE CHEAP
10,000,000,000 STANDARD DOLLARS DUMP
LIBERTY
EMPTY
FARMERS CORN 10¢
SYNDICATE COAL $1.00

A Few of the Advantages of the Gold Standard: Idle Silver, Idle Factories, Idle Labor, Cheap Corn and Dear Coal.—National Bimetallist.

ALLEN'S RESOLUTION.

Detailed Vote of Its Passage by the Senate.

Washington, Special: The adoption of Senator Allen's motion for the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 in view of the expected war over Venezuela passed by a vote of 36 to 24.

The following is the vote:

For Silver.

Allen,
Bacon,
Baker,
Bate,
Berry,
Blackburn,
Butler,
Call,
Carter,
Chilton,
Clark,
Cockrell,
Dubois,
Gibson,
Harris,
Jones (Ark.),
Jones (Nev.),
Kyle,
Mantle,
Mitchell (Ore.),
Morg[illegible]
Nelson,
Pasco,
Peffer,
Perkins,
Pettigrew,
Pritchard,
Roach,
Stewart,
Teller,
Tillman,
Vest,
Voorhees,
Walthall,
Warren,
Wilson—36.

Against Silver.

Allison,
Brice,
Burrows,
Caffery,
Cameron,
Chandler,
Gallin[illegible]
G[illegible]
[illegible]e,
Hawley,
Lodge,
McMillan,
Martin,
Mills,
Mitchell (Wi[illegible]
Morrill,
[illegible]
[illegible]roctor,
Quay,
Sewell,
Sherman,
Smith,
Thurston,
Wetmore—24.

Political Freedom.

In the United States senate, March 4, 1881, in reply to the attack made by Senator Hill, of Georgia, on Senator Mahone, of Virginia, because Mahone had "left the Democratic party," United States Senator John A. Logan said:

"I was a Democrat once, too, and I had a right to change my opinions, and I did change them. The man who will not change his opinions when he is honestly convinced that he was in error is a man who is not entitled to the respect of men;" and then, turning to Senator Hill, he added: "If a man happens to differ with you, tyranny of political opinion in your section of the country is such that you undertake to lash him upon the world and try to expose him to the gaze of the public as a man unfaithful to his trust. We have no such tyranny of opinion in the country where I live; and it will be better for your section when such notions are driven to the shades and retired from the action of your people."

Yet, in the face of these brave words, a Kansas Republican legislature changed the name of St. John county to Logan, for the sole reason that ex-Governor St. John had "left the party."—Agitator.

War Proclaimed.

War was proclaimed in August, 1894, against protection and governmental favoritism in the tariff; a fight to the bitter end.

Mr. Cleveland proclaimed it.

He also announced his own enlistment as a private in the army of attack. We quote his energetic words of August 28, 1894:

"I take my place with the rank and file of the democratic party who believe in tariff reform and know what it is and refuse to accept the result embodied in this bill as the close of the war."

This volunteer took his place in the ranks, but where is he now? He has run away!

Has he sent a substitute? If so, who is that substitute? Has he fled also?—New York Sun.

If the voters of this generation had the spirit of the men of 1776 there would be a shaking up of old dry bones among the politicians of today.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

Escaped From Jail.

Two prisoners knocked down the jailor at Gadsden Tuesday evening and escaped.

School Funds Disbursed.

There has been disbursed to the schools since the beginning of the fiscal year, October 1st, 1895, over $200,000.

Cadet Appointment.

The war department announces the appointment of Marshall H. Hurt, of Tuskegee, to the Military Academy at West Point.

Piedmont Calaboose.

Piedmont's old log calaboose was partially torn down by unknown hands Friday night, leaving that city without a prison.

Postoffice Robbery.

The postoffice at Friuthurst was broken open Thursday night and robbed of a considerable amount of stamps, cash and valuable mail matter.

Hand Mutilated in a Gin.

Mr. George W. Zorn, of Lodi, while at work in his steam gin Saturday, got his hand caught in the machinery and so crushed and mangled that amputation was necessary.

Very Remarkable.

A dispatch from Tuskegee states that a boy "aged 11 years," while playing on the floor, picked up and swallowed a tablet, containing morphine and some other drug, and died in a few minutes.

Abercrombie Bound Over.

McGruder Abercrombie, who is charged with the murder of Belville Temple, in Macon county, has had a preliminary trial. The trial magistrate held him to answer at the court, fixing his bond at $2,500.

Growth of Foreign Trade.

The records of the custom house show that the foreign trade of Mobile for the past twelve months has been over $7,000,000 in value, showing an increase over last year of 63 per cent., and over the year previous of 93 per cent.

People Pay Taxes Promptly.

Since the beginning of the fiscal year, October 1st, 1895, there has been paid into the state treasury $125,000 more than up to the same date last year and the payments for December collections promise to be unprecedented in amount.

Barn Burners at Work.

The barn of T. G. Gilliland a prosperous farmer of Chambers county, was burned Friday night, together with two mules, fodder and 200 bushels of corn. It is supposed to have been set on fire by negroes.

Lost His House and Contents.

Mr. Archie Jennings, of Eagle Creek beat, Tallapoosa county, lost his house and contents by fire Monday night. He also lost his smoke-house and all of his meat, lard, etc. The loss is very heavy on Mr. Jennings, as he had no insurance at all.

Child Burned Fatally.

At Powderly Sunday [illegible] dress of a littl[illegible] [illegible] age, the daugh[illegible] [illegible] Foly, caught [illegible] alone in the house. She ran out and her screams brought willing hands to extinguish the flames, but the poor child was so badly burned that she died in a few hours.

Held on a Grave Charge.

William McMillan, whose arrest at Mobile was chronicled Thursday night on the charge of setting fire to his store to defraud the insurance companies, had a preliminary hearing in the mayor's court, and was held in $250 bond, which he failed to give, and he is still in the guard house.

Negro Woman Assassinated.

Victor White, an aged negro woman living a mile south of Selma, while sitting at her fireside Friday night was shot from outside, one buckshot entering her eye and several striking her neck. Her wounds were supposed to be mortal. A motive for the devilish deed may exist in the fact that she has a life estate in a large body of land.

For the Heroes and Widows.

Since the beginning of the fiscal year October 1, 1895, 6,837 warrants at $17.05 for soldiers and widows, and 56 warrants at $21.48 for blind Confederate soldiers, aggregate, $117,770.93, have been drawn in favor of Confederate soldiers applicants and about the 1st of November were sent to the respective Judges of Probate in the state.

Sale of Fertilizer Tags.

Chief Clerk Leslie A. Smith, of the Agricultural department, speaking of fertilizer tags, says: "The sales for the last quarter far exceed those of any corresponding quarter since the organization of the department. Just see the figures: In October we sold $607 worth, in November $1,635, and in December $5,740, making an aggregate of $7,982."

Murder Most Foul.

A. P. Collins, foreman of the Tecumseh Iron company's smith and machinery repairing shops, was shot from ambush at 10 o'clock Saturday morning, and died from his wound in half an hour. Mr. Collins, with his two little boys, was out squirrel hunting in the settlement where moonshiners are supposed to be running a blockade still. It is probable that one of those engaged in the illicit business fired the fatal shot in order to prevent the discovery of their hidden still. The weapon was a rifle of large caliber. The ball entered his left leg just below the hip, breaking the bones and severing the main artery.

Mr. Collins was 45 years old, a deacon of the Baptist church and a man without an enemy so far as known. He leaves a wife and eight children.

BEN M. JACOBS & BROS.,

Birmingham, Ala.

A Good Sensible Christmas Gift

is a pretty, useful article selected from our immense stock of

FURNITURE & CARPETS

You can't miss it. You please the recipient and you feel satisfied that you have not wasted your money, but invested it in a useful manner. We have hundreds of desirable articles at all prices.

Rockers, Sideboards, Hall Racks,
Couches, Dining Tables, Parlor Suits,
Easy Chairs, China Cabinets, Commodes,
Music Stands, Chamber Suits, Book Cases,
Rugs, Desks, Carpets, Pictures

In justice to yourself you cannot purchase before looking at our immense stock, (the largest in Alabama) covering four immense floors, and getting our prices. You will be sure to be pleased.

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Jacobs CARPETS & FURNIT[illegible] BIRMINGHAM, AL.

Special attention to mail orders

Silver's Co[illegible]

During [illegible] the lowest quo[illegible] [illegible] silver in this country was [illegible]nts per fine ounce. The highest quotation was 68 cents. The average price was 63.7 cents. At the lowest price the bullion value of our standard silver dollar was 46.3 cents. At the highest price the bullion in our standard silver dollar was worth 52.6 cents. The ratio of gold to silver this year was 1 to 32.50. At this rate a dollar would buy 754.6 grains net of silver.

Bold Leap for Liberty.

When the L & N. which leaves Montgomery at 9 o'clock was going down the steep grade south of Clanton, Edward Hall, a negro convict, asked the guard for a drink of water. He was told to get one, and being handcuffed, and the train running at the rate of forty miles an hour or more, the guard did not follow him to the tank in the rear of the car. Instead of stopping at the water tank, Hall quickly opened the car door, stepped out on the platform and jumped off. He probably escaped alive, because the finding of a corpse has not been heard from.

Forging Signatures.

Postoffice Inspector Whiteside, has been notified that William A. L. Martin, a resident of Talcot, Ala., has been arrested there and bound over to the United States court by United States Commissioner W. D. Kindstrey on the charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes. For some time he has been writing the Tradesman Publishing company, of Chattanooga, Tenn., requesting sample copies of the journal. He has forged the signatures of persons residing in his town, and also signed fictitious names to several communications. He is held in a bond of $250.

Tennessee River Trade.

Navigation was resumed on this portion of the Tennessee river this week, and business with the steamboats is booming. There will be more boats in the Tennessee river trade this season than for years. The Clyde, the Fisk, the Gunter, the Spring Hill and the Bill Nye were all at Florence this week. The City of Chattanooga is due up from Riverton today, on her way to Chattanooga. The Clyde was here this week for the first time in five month. Reports from river points indicate that large shipments will be handled this season. At many points large quantities of merchandise have been stored for months awaiting the arrival of a boat.

Belligerent Cuba.

Campos has telegraphed to his government that the mayor of Cuba buried over 150 bodies found on the field where the Spaniards under Navarro fought the insurgents under Gomez a few days ago. He also reports another victory, on the 10th, over the insurgents under Maceo at Bigana on the border of the province of Pinar de Rio.

STATE AUDITOR'S REPORT.

Excerpts Showing Some Interesting Facts Relating to State Funds.

The total receipts into the treasury, from all sources, including a temporary loan of $100,000 procured by Governor Jones and also a temporary loan of $100,000 negotiated by in the city of New York, on the 1st of August, 1895, amounts to $2,038,648.95. The total disbursements for all purposes, for the same period, including the payment of $100,000, temporary loan paid in February last, amounts to $2,047,966.41, showing an increase in disbursements over receipts, of a fraction over $9,000. These figures, however, include the receipts and disbursements of three special funds, viz, the convict fund, the agricultural fund and the fund for the relief of disabled needy Confederate soldiers, the receipts and disbursements of which can in no way affect the receipts and disbursements of the general fund. To arrive at a true condition of the general fund, it will be necessary to deduct the receipts and disbursements of the special funds from the totals noted above. The receipts into these funds, for the fiscal year, are as follows:

Convict fund....$163,235.76
Agricultural fund 11,384.77
Confederate soldiers fund......117,813.43 $292,433.96

Disbursements for the same period,

Convict fund....$357,229.59
Agricultural fund 28,303.21
Confederate soldiers fund...... 1[illegible]3 155.51 $308,688.31

It will be seen that there is a difference of $16,254.35 of disbursements of these funds, over receipts, which more than covers the apparent discrepancy in the general statement referred to above.

* * * * * * *

The receipts into the convict fund for the past fiscal year have been sufficient to meet current expenses and liquidate warrants previously issued, aggregating $15,663.15, and leave a balance of $9,340.04 to the credit of that fund.

* * * * * * *

The remarkably small amount of receipts into the agricultural fund for the year amounting to $11,384.77, is due to the fact that an unusually small number of fertilizer tags were sold by the agricultural department during the year, and the price at which such tags were sold was but about half the sum formerly charged except for the preceding fiscal year.

Breaking the Solid South.

Out of 3,000 western men who have settled in Wilcox county, Georgia, 2,700 are said to be republicans.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office of Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER.
Clanton, Ala.

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their notice, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

We wish to call the attention of advertisers to the fact that the BANNER has by far the largest circulation of any paper in Chilton county. Any paper claiming a larger circulation is guilty of misrepresentation and an intention to defraud.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper

WE notice in our exchanges the candidates are coming out in strong force in all directions.

THE national executive committee of the People's Party is now in session at St. Louis and will fix the time and place for holding the national convention.

THE bond syndicate has dissolved and gone out business. It is to be regretted that Cleveland and his bond are not also out of business—but, fortunately, that time is drawing nigh.

POPULISTS are girding up their loins in readiness for the fray. The organized democracy may as well understand right now that for once Alabama intends to have honest elections.

THE annual meeting of the Supreme Council of the National F[illegible] Alliance and Industrial Union w[illegible] at the National Hotel, Pennsylvania ave., Washington, D. C., February 4, at 10 o'clock a.m. A full representation from all the States is urged to be present.

A POST OFFICE savings bank bill has been introduced in the Senate, which empowers money order offices to receive small savings of ten cents or decimal fractions of a dollar, bearing interest at two per centum on yearly deposits. On making deposits the depositor will receive a card with stamps denoting the amount and these cards can be cashed at any money order office in the United States. We hope to see this measure become a law.

On last Friday the matter in the case of W. F. Aldrich vs. G. A. Robbins, from the Fourth Alabama district, was taken up. Mr. Aldrich was represented by P. G. Bowman, while Mr. Robbins was represented by Genreal Shelley and Mr. Fay, the latter of New York. Mr. Bowman consumed nearly two hours on Friday in his argument for the contestant. On Saturday Mr. Fay made his argument for the contestee. Twelve o'clock came before he had finished, and on Monday he concluded, after which Mr. Bowman closed in a half hour's argument, devoted mainly to the old occusation of ballot box stuffing. The case was then submitted to the committee. It is reported that on Friday neat a subcommittee of three will be appointed to examine into the testimony and report their finding to the full committee, after which a report will be made to the.

On Friday next the case of Robinson vs. Harrison, from the Third Alabama district, will be up before the committee, and on the Tuesday following the case of Goodwyn vs. Cebb, from the Fifth Alabama tistrict, will be heard.

The case of Aldrich vs. Underwood, from the North Alabama district, has not been set yet, but the prospect is that it will be in a few days.

HON. S. M. ADAMS has issued the following call for the meeting of the State Executive Committee in Birmingham next Thursday:

RANDOLPH, Ala., Jan. 14, 1896.

The political situation in Alabama has assumed such a shape that I feel it my duty to call a meeting of the Executive Committee, for the purpose of presenting certain questions for consideration.

The members of the Executive Committee are requested to meet me in the city of Birmingham on the 23rd day of January, 1896, at 11 o'clock a.m.

Each member is earnestly requested to be present, as business of vital importance to our party will be considered.

S. M. ADAMS,
Chairman Populist State Executive Committee.

Progress in Civil Service Reform.

The annual meeting of the Civil Service Reform Association was held at Washington, and the Hon. Carl Shurz, as president made a very note-worthy address. The movement has made satisfactory gains, and Mr. Shurz summed them up in a most impressive manner. Our consular service, although sadly demoralized in the opening months of the present Administration, is now, by Secretary Olney's advice, to be brought—so far as most of its places are concerned—under strict and sensible regulations which will in time give us a service based upon actual merit, and one which can be of some use to American commerce. Furthermore, it is proposed to introduce the principles of merit and of permanent tenure into the ranks of the great army of fourth-class postmasters. Gradually we are getting rid of the abominable spoils system and that is a profound reason for thankfulness. It is worth our while to note the fact that a woman's auxiliary of the Civil Service Reform Association has been instituted in New York and that women's branches are to be formed in different perts of the country. There is no political sphere in which intelligent women can render more valuable service to their country than in this hopeful, but necessarily long continued fight against spoils and corruption as the objects and motive of political life. Mrs. Josephine Shaw Lowell is one of the women most actively enlisted in the new movement.—From "The Progress of the World," in the January Review of Reviews.

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr. Charlie Mercer, of Elmore, visited Mr. H. Kendrick last Friday and Saturday. Miss Daisy Kendrick has gone on a two weeks visit to relatives and friends at Elmore.

Mr. H. Kendrick is one of the most prosperous farmers in this community. He is preparing his land in a home like manner. He [illegible] a swamp that will make 10[illegible] per acre. Mr. E. T. Conn[illegible] the swim, he has bottoms as rich [illegible] try can afford. He is cutti[illegible] that will be very profitable to him. It is to be heped that others will emulate their examble. One of our newly married young men has started out in life, but I much fear the way he has begun, he will neither have succes nor friends. There was singing at E. T. Connell's Saturday night and there will be another one at I. N. Connell's next Saturday night at 6 o'clock. J. P. and G. W. were togetherer last Sunday night when they called to see their best girl, but the old man gave them the "G B." Two heart-broken boys were they. Objects of pity are they not? The Misses Pyrons have returned from a visit to Deatsville.

I think Mr. Ed Gulledge, of Salem, has made a mash on one of our pretty girls down here from the way he rides that ideal Hamiltonian of his down this way about every Sunday. Mr. Walter Kindrick goes up towards the cross roads right often I think he's gone crazy over some girls up there. Some of the pipes at Patillo's gin bursted last week and haven't got them fixed yet, several of their customers had to go to another mill to get their corn ground.

Mr. John W. Patillo is still attending the Verbena High School.

I will close, and if this escapes the waste basket I will write again. Wishing THE BANNER and its readers prosperity and success I remain

Yours as ever, TIM.

Last Thursday night Edmund Hall, colored, convicted of gaming in the courts of Montgomery and sentenced to the coal mines for three months, escaped from the officer, Mr. Thurber, of the Sloss company, when near Clanton, by jumping from the train. The negro asked the officer to let him get a drink of water, and when he reached the water tank near the rear door he made a dash for liberty and leaped from the train. The train was running at the rate of about thirty-five miles an hour and the road where the leap was made was very rough. He was handcuffed, but seems to have got clear away.

Why is Cleveland anxious for a third term? Because he doubts his ability to bankrupt the United States before the 4th of March 1897—Silver Knight.

West Chilton Warblings.

Well, the year 1895 has sweetly passed away and that brings us all another year nearer the grave; the great wheels of time are fast turning and rolling us all into eternity. Time cuts down all; both great and small. Many of our friends and relatives have passed away during 1895 and many more will cross over during the year 1896. According to the ruling days we will have another good crop year. March will be very cold and windy, April will come in a little cold but will not last long, May will be a fine month, it will be extremely warm and dry and pleasant, June will be very wet and July will have rain a plenty and August will be dry and September wet. Note this but don't plant too much cotton.

Last week was general hog killing week in these diggings and there has been a host it killed in West Chilton, you bet. By cotton selling for 5 cents a year ago has caused and been the means of having more corn in the crib and more meat in the smoke house at this time in West Chilton than ever was here before. If the farmers don't go wild over the thoughts of eight cent cotton there is still glad tidings ahead.

Mr. J. Y. Friday, of East Perry, happened to some bad luck a few days ago; he drove his wagon over to Bob Seymours and got out, went into the house leaving his two mules hitched to the wagon and they became very badly frightened at a dog and ran away with the wagon and they struck a tree with the end of the tongue with such power the tongue broke into three pieces and one piece flew round and staved through one of the mules killing him instantly. It has not been but a few years since Mr. Friday had a horse run away with the plow and run against a tree and broke his neck.

Mr. W. M. O'Neal is building him a fine residence near old Bulls bure.

Joel Friday is moving back on his old place in West Chilton.

The people of West Chilton have put Mr. E. W. Bailey in the field as a candidate for tax assessor.

Success to THE BANNER and its many readers. OLD MIKE.

* * *

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M. D. Druggist.

* * *

Stanton Stories.

This evening, the 14th, Mr. Henry Sewell while absent from home with his family his house caught fire and on his return home every thing he possessed on earth was ablaze. Mr. Sewell is a poor hard working man with a big family of little children. Two years ago his daughter, 14 years old, caught on fire and was burned to death and at the same time his kitchen [illegible]d corn crib was burned. These [illegible] blows on Mr. Sewell and a co[illegible] necessary to prevent starvat[illegible] [illegible] that can be sent him by the readers [illegible] BANNER will be thankfully received by his brethren. Think of it, homeless and pennyless. Shall we say friendless? God forbid! Lets send him something, boys, and risk a blessing.

Last Sunday while some children were playing in Mr. Robert Whites barn a match was ignited which caught the fodder on fire and he lost his barn and one thousand bundles of fodder.

On the 7th day of January Mr. Joe Burk's little boy while attempting to ride a moving a freight train fell and his leg was cut off just above his ankle.

Blue birds have returned to Chilton again, we have seen lots of them

We are having lots of pneumonia and more Grippe.

Miss Ada Broadhead has been very sick with pneumonia, but is convalescent now.

TOM HIDE.

* * *

Valley Creek Visiting.

Rev. J. W. Mithell delivered an excellent sermon at Valley Creek last Sunday.

Rev W. J. Ruddick was at Valley Creek last Sunday.

Farmers are preparing for an other crop. We wish them great success this year.

Mr. M. H. Barnes' family has had a severe attack of measles.

Messrs. Willie and Frank and Miss Dovie Perry visited friends near Valley Creek last Sunday,

Hurrah for Mr. Weslie Friday, he has got him a dove trap set; we hope he will catch one Dovie.

Success to THE BANNER and its correspondents. A FRIEND.

* * *

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy, I can recommend to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough, with the best results." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr. M.D., Druggist.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR]

EDITOR BANNER: Not having seen any publication of the receipts and expenditures of tax money collected in Chilton county, will you kindly inform the public, anxious to know. what has become of its money, whether Section 830 of the Code of Alabama, that requires publication to be made semi-annually, on the 1st of January and July, has been repealed? If not repealed, why are these publication not made?

TAX PAYER.

The section of the code refered to has not been repealed. We don't know.—ED.

* * *

CLANTON, Ala., Jan. 16, 1896.

EDITOR BANNER: You will please give me a few lines in your paper in regard to my views about how to select our officers to fill the various offices in our county. I have talked with a good many about it, some few favor a convention a goodly number curses convention as soon as it is named and refers back to the old party about some trick which had been done; I can see old nick rise in them at once. So, feeling as I do about the matter, while I would not have the community to think that I was dictating for them at all, but generally speaking, knowing the feelings of the people I wish to say that I would recommend that we hold a primary election, and as it is a free county and we are free men let every man run who wants to, and let the highest vote take it. Trusting we have got right I would recommend that we let every man vote who will support the ticket on the first Monday in August and then whoever is is nominated let every man put his shoulder to the wheel and push with all his might until the election is over. Let us be like Gen. George Washington was in defending the liberties of America; on one occasion he saw his men were about to flinch he jumped upon the b eastworks, waved his flag and cried out, "rally to it, my brave boys, and the day shall be our own." so let every man do likewise for I feel like our wives and children are at stake, it seems to me it is enough to touch the nerve of every thinking man in America and put them to work.

Now I wish to say that I have been asked the question by many of my friends if I was still a candidate for sheriff, I want every man to know that I agreed to run through the primary election, so I propose to be a man of my word, I am a candidate for sheriff for the next term, subject to the primary election. I hope that every man will turn out and have a voice in it trusting everbody will be satisfied. Success to the People's Party and to THE BANNER. Yours,

M. A. KILGORE.

* * *

MAPLESVILLE, Jan. 13, 1896.

Editor Banner: I see there is being candidates named for the different offices of the county and I think it would be well enough for beat 7 to mention one for tax collector and while doing so we believe that the office should seek [illegible] While she is seeking she sho[illegible] best man in our county. When [illegible] men to office they should be me[illegible] and tried; men of honest report. [illegible] do not hesitate to say that all of these noble qualities are found in T. J. Hubbard; and that is not all we can assure you that his bond can be made as strong as it need be. Then why not put the right man in the right place? And I do say from what I can learn that T. J. Hubbard will beat the race, and the man that beats L. B. Pounds for tax assessor will have to hustle.

Success to THE BANNER.

SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

"I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhoea of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M.D., Druggist.

* * *

Late Literary Note.

It is difficult to predict the future work in the magazine field. No one would have conceived, ten years ago, that a thirty-five-cent magazine would ever contemplate the use of the expensive lithographic processes in printing. But a ten cent magazine has put in a large and complete lithographic plant with the avowed purpose of furnishing a certain amount of color-work every month. The first is the reproduction of a water color, drawn by Rossi for The Cosmopolitan magazine and redrawn upon stone by their own lithographic artists, and printed upon their own lithographic presses.

BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Clanton Alliance meets on Saturday before the second and fourth sundays in each month.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Isabella on 21st day of February.

FRIDAY.

9 a.m. Opening exercises.

9:30 a.m. The best way of impressing upon the minds of the pupils the importance of an education, A. B. Harwood, Miss Cora Smith.

10 a.m. Teachers duties, W. S. Garner, W. C. Robinson.

11:30 a.m. Home and parental duties, B. D. Wilson, J. M. Massey.

2 p.m. Should country schools be graded, G. L. Speer. General discussion Question box.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a.m. History, H. L. Hicks, W. R. Headley.

10 a.m. Can Reading be successfully taught in the school-room simply by hearing reading lessons? F. M. Foshee, Miss Jennie Wilson.

11 a.m. How should the art of writing be taught? Miss M. P. McGee.

2 p.m. Orthography, Miss Kate Garner. General discussion.

J. Alex Moore } Committee.
R. E. R. Hicks }

Isabella is located about 12 miles west of Clanton. Any teachers wishing conveyance from this point to the Institute, will please write Prof. B. D. Wilson at Lily, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

* * *

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., says: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M.D. Druggist.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE NEW YORK WORLD THREE TIMES A WEEK AND THE BANNER FOR $1.50 PER YEAR.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK edition of the New York World has been converted into the THRICE-A-WEEK. It furnishes 3 papers of 6 pages apiece, or eighteen pages every week, at the old price of one dollar a year. This gives 156 papers a year for one dollar and every paper has six pages eight columns wide or 48 columns in all. The THRICE-A-WEEK World is not only much larger than any weekly or semi-weekly newspaper but it furnishes the news with much greater frequency and promptness. In fact it combines all the crisp, fresh qualities of a daily with the attractive special features of a weekly.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

GET THE BEST
When [illegible] about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
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WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Look Here! We will send you the BANNER, and the Atlanta weekly Constitution one year, for one Dollar and fifty cents.

SUBSCRIBERS receiving their paper with a blue cross (X) mark on it will understand their subscription has expired and will oblige by renewing. Kindly mention to your friends THE BANNER costs only One Dollar per year, or Fifty Cents for six months.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1 50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1 50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1 50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1 50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1 50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

National Watchman (Washington D.C	$1 25
Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1 25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1 25

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THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

FIVE MONTHS FOR $1.00.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION $2.50.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

THREE RECENT SAMPLES 25 cents.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

Agents find it the Most Profitable Magazine.

Sold on all News Stands. Single Copy, 25 cents.
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Dr J S JOHNSON [illegible]tor.
DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : M[illegible]ES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

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DEALERS IN
General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.
AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7 20 cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE:	
Sampey	925
Mullins	694
Wilson	308
W. G. Plummer, from wagons.	71
Total	1998

$5.00 REWARD.

Lost or stolen. Two bird dogs. Setters. Dark red and white spotted. Both about same size. Oldest named Dan, youngest Topsy.

W. R. GREEN, Depot Agent,
Clanton, Ala

Early Sunday morning burglars broke into the stores of Mr. W. L. Sampey and Mr. Will Wright, blowing open the iron safes in both stores with gunpowder. It would appear the burglar had some knowledge of their surroundings, as they got an axe from Dr. Johnson's wood pile to break open the store doors, and fastened the door of the rooms above Mr. Wright's store to prevent Mr. Martin, who rooms there, from coming down and interrupting their nefarious occupation. Fortunately Mr. Wright had left no money in his safe but Mr. Sampey lost about $30. There is no clue to the burglars.

What might have been a fatal accident happened at Mr. John Motes place near Jemison on Monday. Young Duren, a boy about six years old, got possession of a loaded pistol and while playing with it it went off shooting him through the left hand and ploughing up his left breast.

Will the subscriber who wishes to have his paper sent to Pleasant Grove please send us his name? He omitted to sign it on the card he sent us.

Supt. Moore was in town Saturday.

Col. W. A. Collier was in town Tuesday.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. A. C. Headley and Miss Mamie Purvis; Mr. W. M. Thomas and Miss Sallie Wilson; Mr. M. V. Northcutt and Miss Mahalia Smith; Mr. A. O. Davis and Miss Annie Smith; Mr. N. C. Glenn and Miss Ella Culp; Mr. Wm. Baker and Miss Everline Motes.

Married on Wednesday morning Mr. A. O. Davis and Miss Annie Smith, Judge Honeycutt performing the ceremony at the residence of the bride's parents. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left on the mail for Texas where they will reside. The affair was kept very quiet until the last moment, but there was a large number of friends present at the wedding. Miss Annie was such a universal favorite all regret her departure, but unite in wishing her a bright and happy future.

Commisioners court held a special term this week for the purpose of making arrangements to advertise for bids for building the new court house. Advertisements will be issued at once and early in February the con[illegible] be made. It has been dec[illegible] ild the new court house o[illegible] lot on the north si[illegible] esent structure.

Mr [illegible]gh Foshee [illegible] mingh[illegible]day

M[illegible] aftin[illegible] busines[illegible] Jemison Monday.

Mr. W. M. Adams went to Montgomery this morning.

Married Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents near Cooper's, Mr. W. M. Thomas and Miss Sallie Wilson, Wiley Smith, J. P., performing the ceremony. We offer our congratulations.

Mr. A. C. Smith and Mr. J. C. Dennis have formed a partnership to practice law so far as civil cases are concerned. In criminal cases the partnership does not exist.

WANTED—A horse for his keep. Best of care taken. Work light. Apply at this office.

Dr. W. C. Bledsoe, Secretary and Treasurer of the State Board of Missions of Alabama, will preach at the Baptist church next Sunday and at night

Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., has returned home from Atlanta where he has been attending a course of lectures. The Doctor's friends rejoice at seeing him looking so well.

Mr. Jim McKee has purchased a new grist mill with all the latest improvements and is preparing to fit it in his gin house here.

Mr. Tipton Mullins is making a lengthy stay here, having undertaken a large amount of legal business.

Mr. Henry Honeycutt made a trip to Tuskaloosa and Birmingham yesterday.

Miss Luella Stansberry has returned to her home at Woodlawn after a most pleasant visit to Miss Bettie Mullins.

There is a considerable amount of sickness reported; measles are especially prevalent.

Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.

A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decidde to try a bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.

When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 170 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

Final Proof Notice

Notice No. 16768.

Land Office at Montgomery Ala.,
December 9, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Alabama on January 27th, 1896 viz: William D. C[illegible], Homestead entry, No. 23,169, for the sw¼ of ne¼, sec 14 tp 22 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Virgil Whatley, Enoch Whatley, Seaborn Checkler, Calloway Dawson all of Stasburg, Alabama. H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 16805.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Dec. 17, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 25th 1896, viz: Chambless Young Homestead entry, No. 23 106, for the s½ of nw¼ of section 32 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Anderson Peoples, Fed Latham James Rasberry, Henry Latham, all of Shoalts, Ala. H. PURCELL, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a mortgage executed on the 5th day of January, 1895, by the Stanton Co operative Association to the undersigned, of record in book 33, on pages 359 and 360 Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note described therein, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in Stanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday, February the 5th, 1896, the following described property, to-wit:

One store house and lot in Stanton, Ala., better known as the Alliance store including fixtures, safe, etc., and the n½ of ne¼ of section 16, township 20 north range 11 east, containing 80 acres more or less all in Chilton county, Ala. [illegible] default having been made in the [illegible] of said note, said sale to be [illegible] the payment of said note.

ISSAC ROLLEY, Mortgagee

Jan. 6th, 1-96.

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For circulars address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY
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For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, etc. Cost to complete Business Course about $90, including tuition, books and board. Phonography, Typewriting and Telegraphy taught. 10,000 successful graduates—100 in banks and 100 officials. No Vacation. ENTER NOW. Kentucky University Diploma awarded our graduates. Assistance given our graduates in securing situations.

In order that your letters may reach this College ease this notice and address as below.

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Why not be your own Middle-man?

Pay but one profit between maker and user and that a small just one. Our Big 700 Page Catalogue and Buyers Guide proves that it's possible. Weighs 2½ pounds, 12,000 illustrations, describes and tells the one-profit price of over 40,000 articles, everything you use. We send it for 15 cents; that's not for the book but to pay part of the postage or expressage, and keep off idlers. You can't get it too quick.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
The Store of All the People
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

WATCH THIS SPACE.

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

THE NEW ELECTION LAW.

No. 357. AN ACT S. 459.

To amend Section 5, to repeal Section 35 and Section 36, and to add Section 49 to an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama, approved February 21, 1893.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That Section 5 of an act entiled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows: Section 5. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this State after the time herein prescribed for such registration, but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any general or special election to register such persons as may have reached the age of 21 years since the last registration; such other persons as may make oath that they became bona fide residents of the precinct in which they propose to register not less than thirty days before the day of election and since the last registration; but electors having the Constitutional qualifications who may have resided in any incorporate city in this State having a population of more than 5,000 inhabitants, as determined by the last federal census, for thirty days immediately preceding any election and have within such thirty days removed their residence from one precinct to another in the same city shall, after a residence of one day, be entitled to vote in the precinct in which they reside at the time of the election, but each of such electors herein last provided for must first deposit with the inspectors of election in said precinct the certificate of the Judge of Probate that said electer is duly registered in the precinct from which he has removed, and no other person than those provided for in this section shall be permitted to register on the the day of the election. The present resistrar shall furnish to each elector who may register on the day of election a certificate of registration, which shall be substantially in this form: State of Alabama, County of ———, Precinct No ———, I ———, precinct registrar, hereby certify that ——— has this day registered before me as an elector. ——— Registrar, Precinct No. ———, and if precinct registrar fails to attend or there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person as precinct registrar for that day, and if no appointment is made by 10 o'clock of that day, then the inspectors of election, or any two if them, may appoint a precinct registrar, who may qualify and act as such for that day; provided nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing, altering or amending the ordinances now or hereafter ordained by any municipal corporation chartered by the General Assembly providing for the separate registration of electors for municipal elections

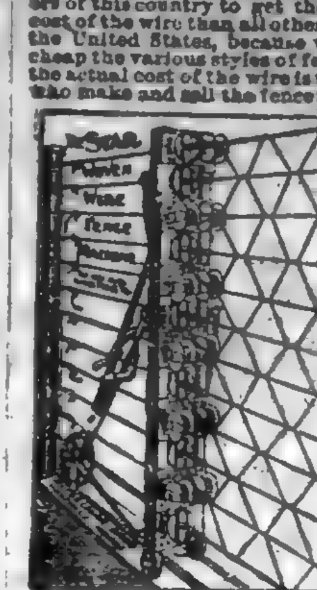
Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That Section 35 and Section 36 of said act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That said act be amended by adding thereto Section 49, in words as follows: Sec. 49. Be it further enacted, That upon opening the polls the inspectors must appoint two markers or assistants, one for each of the opposing political parties who may have candidates to be voted for at the election; and each [illegible] whom must be a dis[illegible]on, able to read and w[illegible] practicable, and the inspectors, or any two of them shall, in like manner, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary to give every illiterate elector and every physically disabled elector an opportunity to vote, appoint a marker, who must be selected as provided for the selection of the first two. Every marker before entering upon his duties must take an oath, which may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, or by any one of the inspectors, to perform the duties of marker at the election according to law. No inspector, clerk or marker shall be appointed nor shall act as such except in the beat of his residence at the time of the election. Clerks and markers must be appointed from a list of persons not less than six nor more than ten in any beat, who may be suggested for that purpose by the duly constituted authorities respectively of the opposing political parties having candidates to be voted for at the election. Every illiterate or physically disabled elector shall be permited to have the assistance of a marker, who has been appointed by the inspectors, and who may be selected by him from the number of markers. Any inspector who may refuse to appoint markers from the opposing parties, so as to give every illiterate or physically disabled elector the opportunity to select a marker of his own political party, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, on conviction, be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500. It is the sense of this section that the opposing party shall each have the right to suggest a list of names, not less than six nor more than ten persons, to act as markers and clerks. If no lists are furnished the inspectors shall appoint clerks and markers from opposing political parties.

Approved February 18, 1895.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below, we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to build your own fence manufacturer a[illegible] with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate the machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 400,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 76,9[illegible] rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One cent isn't much. Invest it in a postal card and send for one Large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 107, Ridgeville, [illegible]



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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Rai road at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co.
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Agents Wanted. GREEN SEAL

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition [illegible]. They tone up the [illegible] digestion, cure loss of appetite, [illegible] constipation, correct kidney [illegible] and destroy worms, giving [illegible] to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists

Dr. J. S. Johnson, jr. Clanton, Ala.

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Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, not, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

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TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD—
POISONING
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REMEDY.
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LUCAS COUNTY.

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FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
A. W. GLEASON,
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Since Chas. O. Tyner began the manufacture of Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy, many people have inquired as to its efficacy. Chief Justice Bleckley, of Georgia, has tried it for indigestion and dyspepsia, and gives this as his decision:

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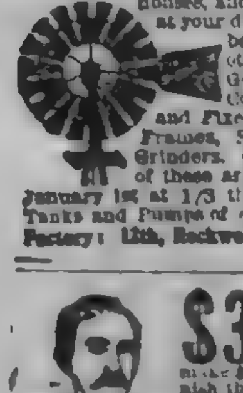

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Am. N. U. No. 3, 1896.

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GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

LOST IN THE TRANSVAAL AFFAIR.

Great Britain Puts More Ships in Fighting Order—Mississippi's Capitol Unsafe, Move on Foot for Removal—Mallory's Shortage to be Made Good by His Father.

SOUTHERN.

A move is on foot for the removal of the capitol of Mississippi, and $200,000 has been subscribed by citizens of Canton for the erection of the new capitol at that place.

On Saturday morning, three miles north of Middleborough, Ky., a freight train on the L. and N. ran into a rock slide, killing the engineer and breaking the fireman's ankle.

Reuben McNary, an employe of the Knoxville (Tenn.) Street Railway company, fell from a forty-foot pole Thursday forenoon and was seriously if not fatally injured.

S. P. Satterfield, principal clerk of the North Carolina house of representatives, was indicted Saturday evening for "willfully and negligently permitting the enrollment of the assignment act."

About the first act of the Mississippi senate, after organization, was the adoption of a joint resolution providing for a committee, and appropriating $500, for the examination of the capitol building, which is said to be unsafe.

Carroll Smith, of Canton, Miss., has about completed a plant for the manufacture of cob pipes. He has five car loads of cobs en route, and expects to begin work by the 15th. This is the first plant of the kind in the south.

The International Migration society, of Birmingham, Ala., Saturday chartered of J. B. Harte & Co., the steamer Lauranda, with which to carry 400 negroes from Savannah to Monrovia, Liberia. The steamer will sail in two or three weeks.

The father of Alva H. Mallory, the building and loan association agent who recently absconded from Memphis, Tenn., says he will make good his son's shortage and repay also the $600 which his son obtained on a forged check from Worthen's bank. The son was a high society swell, the father a plain, honest gentleman.

An L. and N. freight train of twenty-eight loaded cars plunged through an open draw of the bridge spanning an arm of the lake, thirty-one miles east of New Orleans, last Tuesday morning. The engine and twenty-two cars went down. The engineer and the fireman jumped and swam ashore. Three tramps were killed.

The Chattanooga pulp and pulp board mill resumed operations Saturday, having been shut down for several weeks on account of the building of an addition to the plant, and the putting in of new machinery. The plant will run day and night and will employ about twenty men. A member of the company stated that they had orders sufficient to keep them running for six months.

The notorious Henry Williams, colored, who is charged with the murder of Elizabeth King, and who made his escape on December 26, was captured near Shaw's Station yesterday by Mr. Ike Muckle, a planter, and was safely lodged in jail at Greenville, Miss., Saturday night. Several months ago a [illegible] charge was preferred against [illegible] a [illegible]ant of the proper evidence [illegible]

WESTERN.

According to the coroner's verdict last week's explosion at St. Louis was caused by the storage of unsafe and dangerous fireworks in the H. B. Grubb building without sufficient help to care for them.

The finance committee of the Cincinnati chamber of commerce at its meeting Saturday reported that $28,000 had been pledged to secure the democratic national convention in Cincinnati with twenty more lists to be heard from, which would swell the sum to $50,000 at least.

Two masked men early Saturday morning held up the night agent of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad in Fort Scott, Kan., G. S. Knox, together with two passengers, J. C. Kinney and Carl Fortiner, and robbed the company's safe. The agent says only a small amount was secured. The robbers escaped.

James Brown, one of the train wreckers who held up a Lake Shore train and robbed the United States Express company near Kessler, Ind., was, on a plea of guilty, sentenced to the penitentiary for twelve years.

"The Parisian," general a store, run by the firm of Siegel, Hillman & Co., occupying the five-story building at Broadway and Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., was totally destroyed by fire Saturday night. The loss on the building and stock is estimated at $200,000. About fifteen employes, who were working after hours, had a narrow escape.

EASTERN

The schooner J. H. Carey, Capt. H. W. Christensen, and crew of seven men, mostly Norwegians, which left Gloucester, Mass., August 20, for the Grand Banks, has not been seen since and is given up as lost.

At Baltimore, Saturday afternoon, Mrs. Mattie V. Anglier, wife of Frank Anglier, a cigar dealer and pool room proprietor, shot and killed Chas. H Parker, agent for the Leavitt Machine company, of Athol, Mass., at her husband's store because, she claims, he attempted to take liberties with her.

At Hoboken, N. J., Saturday night, fire destroyed the extensive blind, sash and moulding mill of Riugger & Freidberger and several adjoining houses. Loss, $70,000; insurance, $25,000. Two firemen were injured by falling timbers.

The joint committee of coal operators and miners of the Pittsburg district held an all day session at Pittsburg, Pa., Saturday. At the conclusion of the conference 30,000 miners in that district alone were made happy by the announcement that a uniform rate for mining has been established. This decision will also have the effect of bettering the wages for miners in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and West Virginia.

Reports received at Pittsburg, Pa., indicate that the window glass houses controlled by the Pittsburg and Indiana combination, have closed down for a month. Several thousand workmen are thrown out of work, and all employed in this industry will lose about $400,000 in wages. The reason for the shut-down, assigned by the manufacturers, is that prices cannot be maintained, if big stocks are accumulated before the spring trade opens.

FOREIGN.

The Portuguese cruiser Vasco de Gama, now at Aden, has been ordered to Lorenzo Marquese.

Fresh massacres have occurred at Rumkaleh and Djebine, in the District of Orfah in Turkey.

A steamer and three sailing vessels were wrecked on the island of Ischia during a storm on the Mediterranean Saturday. Several lives were lost.

A special dispatch from Rome says that 10,000 Abyssinians were killed or wounded in the attack made upon Makaleo January 8.

The boiler of a torpedo boat on Lake Magoire, Italy, exploded Wednesday, sinking the vessel and drowning twelve people, who were on board of her.

The British admiralty department has just ordered four more thirty-knot torpedo catchers, and war-like preparations continue at the different naval yards.

President Kruger, of Transvaal, has issued another proclamation to the Rand people asking them to behave in the future in such a way as to admit of the introduction of reforms.

In the recent battle between the forces of the Republic of South Africa, or Transvaal, and the filibusters led by Dr. Jameson, the latter lost 150 killed, 50 wounded and 500 captured.

The Cubans, under Nunez, have captured San Christobal, which is, as to importance, the second town in the province of Pinar del Rio. They also captured a train filled with refugees about to depart for Havana, securing much valuable booty.

Reports received at London are to the effect that the heavy Abyssinian losses in the attack upon Markale on January 8, when 10,000 natives were killed, is due to the explosion of mines laid by the Italians outside the fortifications.

Portugal, it is announced, will remain neutral in the dispute between Great Britain and Germany regarding the Transvaal, and will not permit the Germans or the British to land troops at Delagoa bay, or to traverse the Portuguese territory in South Africa.

The complications growing out of Dr. Jameson's raid into the Transvaal have led to an order by the British admiralty to put six additional ships of war in commission. All of these, with six torpedo destroyers, to assemble at Portsmouth with all possible dispatch.

German exports to the United States during the last quarter of 1895 shows an increase of 50 to 100 per cent in various districts, compared with the same period of 1894. In Berlin the increase was $2,000,000, in Frankfort $420,000, in Hanover $230,000. From Hamburg the exports to the United States showed a decrease.

The Yokohoma correspondent of the Russian Novoe Vremya cables that Japan has offered free and unlimited anchorage to Russian warships in all Japanese harbors, with the view of diverting Russia from her intention of acquiring a harbor in Corea.

The Italians in Abyssinia have defeated Emperor Menelik's forces at Makaleh, the engagement taking place on January 7 (Tuesday). The Shoans lost heavily, while the Italians had three native troopers killed and a [illegible]ded.

Ha[illegible] the American mining engineer, [illegible] members of the reform committee arr[illegible]nesburg, Transvaal, Saturday and was taken to Pretoria charged with high treason. He is said to be the only American known to have been arrested up to the present time in consequence of the Transvaal troubles.

There is a strong feeling of resentment among the Dutch as well as the British at Cape Town, Africa, at the so-called meddling of Germany in South African affairs. Intense excitement prevails and there is a renewal of wild rumors, including one that Great Britain has sent an ultimatum to the government of the Transvaal.

A special from San Jose, Costa Rica, says: The latest news from Cuba has so excited the Cubans and their sympathizers here that there is danger of an outbreak. The stores of the Spanish merchants are guarded by the police. The government has issued a stringent decree against disturbers of public order.

A dispatch to the Central News from Johannesburg says that fifty-four arrests of members of the reform committee have already been made and that further warrants have been issued. The dispatch adds that the curiosity concerning the losses sustained by the Boers in fighting with Dr. Jameson's party is unappeased. There is reason to believe that they lost 150 men at Doornkop alone.

LONDON GATHERS GOLD

And Hoards It, But Sends Silver to Foreign Countries.

London authorities on the movement of bullion estimates that shipmen's of silver to Asia in 1895 amounted to about £6,000,000 sterling, a falling off as compared with recent years. On the other hand, exports to the continent of Europe increased £2,500,000 sterling over the previous year. Mexican dollars have been in good demand all the year at the east, and the price has closely followed that of bar silver, with a premium of about 1 1-3 per cent in favor of the coin. The imports of gold at London were very large, amounting to about £36,000,000 sterling, including £11,450 sterling from the United States (to which, however, £3,275,000 sterling was shipped), £8,200,000 sterling from South America and £6,250,000 from Australia, while India and China shipped £3,800,000 sterling to London.

Tardy Honors to a Hero.

Tennessee Confederates are raising a fund to erect a monument to Sam Davis, the hero of the First Tennessee Regiment, who was hanged at Pulaski.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS

TWENTY-FIFTH DAY.

SENATE.—After some preliminary routine business, unanimous consent was asked by Mr. Broderick of Kansas, to have Mr. Clarence E. Allen sworn in as representative from Utah, That state, he said, had been admitted into the Union last Saturday, and Mr. Allen had credentials signed by the Governor and secretary of state, though not in their official capacity, as they were only to be sworn in. Objection was made by Mr. Crisp, and the matter was referred to the judiciary committee, with leave to report at any time.... Mr. Hitt offered a joint resolution appointing William L. Wilson, of West Virginia, a member of the board of regents of the Smithsonian institution in place of Henry Coppe, deceased, and it was adopted. .... The house, on motion of Mr. Dingley, at 1:20 adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—Not in session.

TWENTY-SIXTH DAY.

HOUSE.—Nothing of material interest to the general public transpired in the house. Clerks were assigned to committees by the adoption of the report of the committee to which that duty had been referred.... An additional clerk was also authorized for each of the committees on military affairs, naval affairs and interstate and foreign commerce..... Upon the unanimous report of the committee on judiciary there was no debate on the right of Mr. Allen representing the state of Utah.... Several resolutions of inquiry were agred to, one asking the attorney-general what had been done by him towards enforcing the anti-trust law of 1890 and what additional legislation, if any, desirable and necessary to protect the people from the operations of trade-trusts and conspiracy..... At 1:25 the house adjourned, after a statement by Mr. Henderson, republican, of Iowa, that the committee on rules would be ready to report tomorrow.

SENATE.—Mr. Jones, democrat, of Arkansas, reported from the finance committee the house bond bill, with a substitute, as follows: That from and after the passage of this act the mints of the United States shall be open to the coinage of silver, and there shall be coined dollars of the weight of 412½ grains, troy, of standard silver, nine-tenths fine, as provided by the act of January 18, 1837, and upon the same terms and subject to the limitations and provisions of the law regulating the coinage and legal tender quality of gold, and whenever the said coin herein provided for shall be received into the treasury certificates may be issued thereon in the manner now provided by law.

Section 2. That the secretary of the treasury shall coin into standard silver dollars as soon as practicable, according to the provisions of section 1 of this act, from the silver bullion purchased under authority of the act of July 14, 1890, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes," that portion of the silver bullion which represents the seigniorage or profit to the government, to-wit: The difference between the cost of the silver purchased under said act and its coinage value, and said silver dollars so coined shall be used in payment of the current expenses of the government; and for the purpose of making the said seigniorage immediately available for use as money the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed to issue silver certificates against it, as if it were already coined and in the treasury.

Section 3. That no national bank note shall be hereafter issued for a denomination less than $10, and all notes of such banks now outstanding of denominations less than that sum shall be, as rapidly as practicable, taken up, redeemed and canceled, and [illegible] $10 and larger denominations shall [illegible] their stead under the direction of the [illegible] of the currency.

Section 4. That the secreta[illegible] treasury shall redeem the United States notes, commonly called greenbacks, and also the treasury notes issued under the provisions of the act of July 14, 1890, when presented for redemption, in standard silver dollars or in gold coin, using for redemption of said notes either gold or silver coins, or both, not at the option of the holder, but exclusively at the option of the government, and said notes, commonly called greenbacks, when so redeemed, shall be reissued as provided by the act of May 31, 1878.

Mr. Morrill, republican, of Vermont, chairman of the committee on finance, stated that the substitute was approved by a majority of the committee, but not by the republican members. The bill was read in full and was placed on the calendar.

Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five senators to inquire whether there is and has been for the last two and a half years any republican form of government in the state of Alabama, whether there was fraud, force, intimidation or other unfairness in the election of members of congress. The resolution was referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

After an executive session the senate, at 4:30 adjourned until tomorrow.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY.

HOUSE.—The annexation of the Hawaiian islands was broached in the house today by Mr. Spalding (rep., Mich.) in the form of a resolution. The resolution provided that the Sandwich islands be erected into a new state to be called the state of Hawaii, with a republican form of government, to be adopted by the people through deputies in convention, with the consent of the existing government. Conditions were imposed that questions of boundary or complications with other governments be transmitted to the president to be laid before congress for its final action before January 1, 1898; that all property pertaining to the public defense be ceded to the United States, but the state retain all other property and the United States to be liable for none of its debts. The resolution proposes as an alternative, that Hawaii may be admitted as a state by treaties between the two governments, with one representative in congress and proposes an appropriation of $100,000 for making the treaties. The resolution was read by unanimous consent and referred to the committee on foreign affairs.... Upon his request, Mr. Harrison (dem., Ala.) was relieved from service on the election committee No. 3, because his seat is contested, and Mr. Bailey (dem., Tex.) was appointed in his stead.... Mr. Henderson (rep., Ia.) stated that the committee on rules would not be able to report until tomorrow, and at 12:45 the house adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Hale from the committee on naval affairs, reported back favorably a bill authorizing the secretary of the navy to increase the number of enlisted men in the navy. He directed attention to the importance of the bill, and gave notice that he would call it up at an early date.... Mr. Butler (pop., N. C.) offered two amendments to the free coinage substitute for the house bond bill. The first prohibited the sale of interest-bearing bonds without the express consent of congress, and the second made it mandatory on the secretary of the treasury to redeem greenbacks in treasury notes in silver as long as the market price of 412½ grains of silver was lower than that of 29¾ grains of gold..... Adjourned until tomorrow.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY.

HOUSE.—The house was in session only twenty-five minutes. Mr. Livingston offered a resolution relating to British encroachments on Venezuelan territory, which was referred to the foreign relations committee, and the house then adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—In the senate the day was devoted to speeches and the presentation of petitions, and, after an executive session, the senate at 4:10 adjourned until tomorrow.

TWENTY-NINTH DAY.

HOUSE.—Mr. Henderson, republican, of Ohio, reported the rules agreed upon in committee. The entire session of the day was taken up in proposing and discussing amendments, and at 4:55 the house adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Pritchard, republican, of North Carolina, proposed an amendment to the emergency tariff bill, increasing duties on certain articles, and discussed it at some length.... The house bond bill, with its free silver substitute, was taken up and Mr. Jones, democrat, of Arkansas, spoke in support of the substitute.... Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, offered a concurrent resolution tendering congratulations to the president and people of the republic of Transvaal. Referred to committee on foreign relations.... At 3:50 the senate adjourned until Monday.

THIRTIETH DAY.

HOUSE.—The day was devoted entirely to the consideration of the report of the committee on rules and at 3:45 the house adjourned until Monday.

SENATE.—No session.

GOVERNOR BUSHNELL, OF OHIO

Inaugurated With Grand Military and Civic Display.

Columbus, O., is gay with flags and bunting, marching troops and political clubs with their bands of music, celebrating the inauguration of Governor Bushnell. The inauguration exercises proper took place in the rotunda of the capitol at noon Monday.

At 11:45 the legislative committee arrived at the capitol, as did also carriages with Governor McKinley and Governor-elect Bushnell. The exercises were simple and very brief.

Prayer was offered by Rev. J. W. Russell, of the Central Christian church.

The oath of office was then administered by Judge T. E. Minishall, of the supreme court. Governor McKinley then presented Governor Bushnell with his commission and Bushnell delivered his inaugural address.

There was a magnificent parade of thirty-nine civil and political organizations and sixty military organizations, which was reviewed by the gubernatorial party from the stand on the north side of the capitol.

Terrible Suffering of Seamen.

A boat from the steamer Ealing, which recently went ashore on Green Island, Issacs Harbor, N. S., reached [illegible] o'clock Friday. There were nine [illegible] the boat, which was in charge of Second officer Thomas, and all were thoroughly exhausted and badly frost bitten. They had a [illegible]ble experience, and nine of their mates, including the captain, died of cold and exposure, and were thrown overboard. The survivors are in such an exhausted condition that they cannot tell exactly when their mates died, saying it was either today or yesterday. They say two boats left the steamer at 6 p. m., on the 6th instant. One contained the first officer and eight men, and as nothing has been heard from them, all hands have probably perished. The other boat which arrived at Canso today, was in charge of the captain, and originally contained eighteen men. Nine died, as related above.

KNOCKED AT WRONG DOOR.

Cranstoun, the Hawaiian Exile, Referred to President Dole.

A non-suit was granted to the defense Saturday in the case of J. Cranstoun, one of the Hawaiian exiles who sued the Canadian-Australian Steamship Company for $50,000 damages in connection with his deportation from Honolulu. Cranstoun is an American citizen who was charged by the Dole government with complicity in the late Hawaiian rebellion, and deported, with others, on the Canadian-Australian steamship Warrimoo, by order of the chief executive. The judge held that the steamship merely acted as an agent of the Hawaiian government, whose deportation of Cranstoun was an act of state, and therefore the steamship officials could not be held liable for damage suits.

Jameson Lost His Job.

Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, has issued a proclamation removing Dr. Jameson from the office of administrator of the Mashonaland and appointing F. J. Newton, secretary and receiver general of British Bechuanaland, in his place. Mr. Newton is an imperial officer. The twenty-two members of the reform club arrested in Johannesburg on Friday on charges of high treason are now in the Pretoria jail, where Dr. Jameson and his comrades are also confined pending the complete disarming of the Johannesburg Uitlanders.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

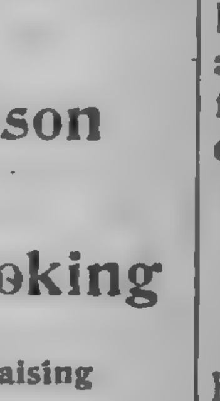
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay $4 to $6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for **$3.**

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more $3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.



None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our $5, $4, $3.50, $2.50, $2.25 Shoes; $2.50, $2 and $1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 36 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue to Box R.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

A lesson in Cooking

Two Cupfuls of
Hecker's Self-Raising
Buckwheat,
Two Cupfuls of
Cold Water,
Stir a few times,
Bake on a hot griddle.

Takes about a Minute.

Hecker's
BUCKWHEAT.

RIPANS TABULES

A gentleman of a methodical habit, who had adopted the practice of retaining a copy of every prescription issued by his family physician, became interested as time went on to note that the same ingredients were pretty certain to be prescribed at some point of the treatment of every case. For a poor appetite, or a sore throat, for restlessness which disturbed the baby's sleep, and for troubles which beset the aged grandparents, the favorite remedy was always turning up, although slightly modified from time to time and used often in conjunction with others. One day our friend happened to observe that the formula of a certain advertised remedy was identical with the latest prescription he had received from his own physician, and in some surprise he stated the case to him. The family doctor, after listening to what he had to say, replied: "The case is about this way: Whenever there is a disturbance of the functions of the body, no matter of what nature, it is pretty certain to be accompanied by a derangement of the digestive organs. When they are all right the patient gets well. That particular formula that you have observed me to write more and more frequently is the result of an age of careful experiment, and is pretty generally agreed upon now by all educated physicians who keep up with the times. The discovery of the past few years of the means reducing every drug to a powder and compressing the powders into little lozenges or tablets, or tabules if you prefer, which will not break or spoil, or lose their good qualities from age, if protected from air and light, is the explanation of how it has come about that this prescription is now for sale as an advertised remedy. It is the medicine that nine people out of ten need every time they need any, and I have no doubt that making it so easy to obtain, so carefully prepared, and withal so cheap, will tend to actually prolong the average of human life during the present generation."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

Poor soil

and exhausted fields, which were once productive can again be made **profitably fertile** by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing **high percentages of**

Potash

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

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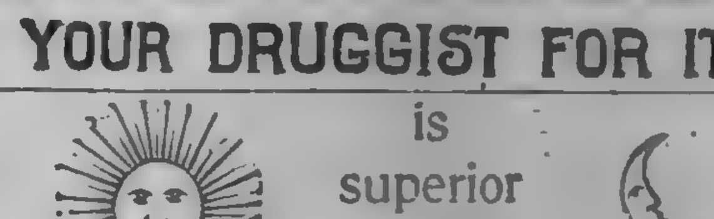
OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

McELREE'S
Wine of Cardui

(PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACT.—NOT INTOXICATING.)

CURES FEMALE DISEASES!

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

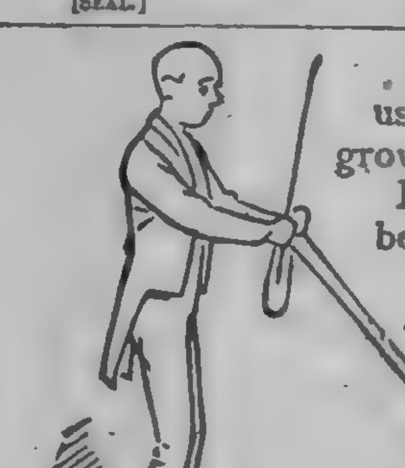


As the [sun] is superior to the [moon]

So is BROWN'S IRON BITTERS to other medicines.

GUARANTEE

Purchase Money refunded should *Brown's Iron Bitters* taken as directed *fail* to benefit any person suffering with Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, Chronic Headache or Neuralgia. More than 4,000,000 bottles sold—and only $2.00 asked for and refunded.
[SEAL.] BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD



It's a slow process, usually—education, development, and growth. But it hasn't been so with Pearline. Pearline's success has been a wonder, from the start. All the more so when you consider the many poor imitations of it, which claim to make washing easy. These things tend to confuse people, of course. They're forced on the public by peddlers, prizes, substitution, etc. No doubt they're often thought to be the same as Pearline. We protest. Don't judge Pearline by the company it has to keep.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1896. NO. 13.

Evant Clark

SHYLOCK'S HATRED.

SHAKESPEARE ON THE SUBJECT OF INTEREST.

Frank T. Reid in the Tacoma Sun Shows How Mammon Is Rapidly Changing This Fair Earth Into a Hell of Woe

It is interesting to consider the ground on which Shakespeare bases Shylock's hatred of Antonio. It grew out of the natural antipathy which the false merchant, whose motto is "business is business," and "every man for himself," entertains for the true merchant, whose controlling passion is not greed but service. It also reveals the fact that Shakespeare clearly saw the iniquity of taking interest. No custom, however venerable, could blind that royal mind. If founded on a false principle he intuitively felt that it was a "goodly apple rotten at the core."

When Bassanio approaches Shylock for a loan and offers Antonio as his surety, Shylock says (aside):

"I hate him, for he is a Christian;
But more, for that, in low simplicity,
He lends out money gratis, and brings down
The rate of usance here with us in Venice
* * * * * and he rails,
Even there where merchants most do congregate,
On me, my bargains, and my well-won thrift,
Which he calls interest; cursed be my tribe,
If I forgive him."

At this day, in the estimation of our "business men," our "practical" men, what "low simplicity" it is, what an addle-pated crank he is, what a fool, who "lends out money gratis." If one of our merchants were now to rail at one of his fellows at the exchange, "where merchants most do congregate," for taking interest, what a universal cackling, as of geese, would be heard! Verily, the world does move. But still the query remains—in what direction, hellward or heavenward?

Shylock sought to justify his practice of taking interest by citing the example of Jacob cheating Laban out of the best of his flocks in the unique way described in the book of Genesis. To which Antonio replies:

"Was this inserted (in the Bible) to make interest good?
Or is your gold and silver ewes and rams?

Shylock—I cannot tell; I make it breed as fast.

Antonio—The devil can cite scripture for his purpose.
An evil soul, producing holy witness,
Is like a villain with a smiling cheek.
O, what a goodly outside falsehood hath!"

And when Antonio was arrested for the debt, and in the custody of the jailer, Shylock exclaims, "Talk not to me of mercy; this is the fool that lent out money gratis."

Antonio says, "Let him alone;
I'll follow him no more with bootless prayers.
He seeks my life; his reason well I know;
I oft delivered from his forfeitures
Many, that have at times made moan to me;
Therefore he hates me."

Is there a single Antonio among the "business" me[illegible]endom today?

I believe it [illegible] where in the '70s that Mr. [illegible] Hewitt of New York delivere[illegible]fore the American in[illegible] engineers. I wish [illegible] to quote only the [illegible] paragraph in which he sket[illegible] picture [illegible] of Br[illegible] next cent[illegible] our mining interests will b[illegible]ed on a scale somewhat commensurate with the area of the country and the extent of its resources."

"As New York will be the center of capital, so it will be the initial point of our iron and steel industry. On the shores of the Hudson river, the ores of Lake Champlain of the valleys of Connecticut, and of the highland ranges of New York and New Jersey, will meet the anthracite coals of Pennsylvania upon conditions so favorable that New York and its vicinity must become a great metalurgical center. Thence the chain of fire, extending across New Jersey and following the banks of the Lehigh and Schuylkill to the Susquehana, will lead us by the margin of the coal fields, along the outcrop of the magnetic hematite and fossiliferous ores which extend through Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama, nearly to the Gulf, so that the light of furnace answering to furnace will never be lost sight of in the long line of over 1,000 miles! Hence, turning to the west, Missouri, Kentucky, Western Tennessee, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, will be all aglow with furnaces, forges and mills, fed by the admirable fuel of the inexhaustible coal-fields of the west, and the superb ores of Missouri and Lake Superior. The waters of the great lakes will reflect the flames which will light up their margin, while to the west, along the lines of the various Pacific railways, the newly found coal and iron of that hither[illegible]rackless region will form an enduring basis for the growth of industrious communities, busy cities and teeming farms. The west coast will not be behind in the race, but an iron industry, more valuable than its mines of gold and silver, will yet supply its growing millions with the fundamental basis upon which modern civilization rests. The growth of this vast industry will be accompanied by the schoolmaster, the preacher and the physician. Homes of which human nature may be proud will be established in its wake; labor and christianity will march hand in hand, binding all interests and all classes so harmoniously and so indissolubly together, that peace and good will between capital and labor shall prevail throughout the land forever."

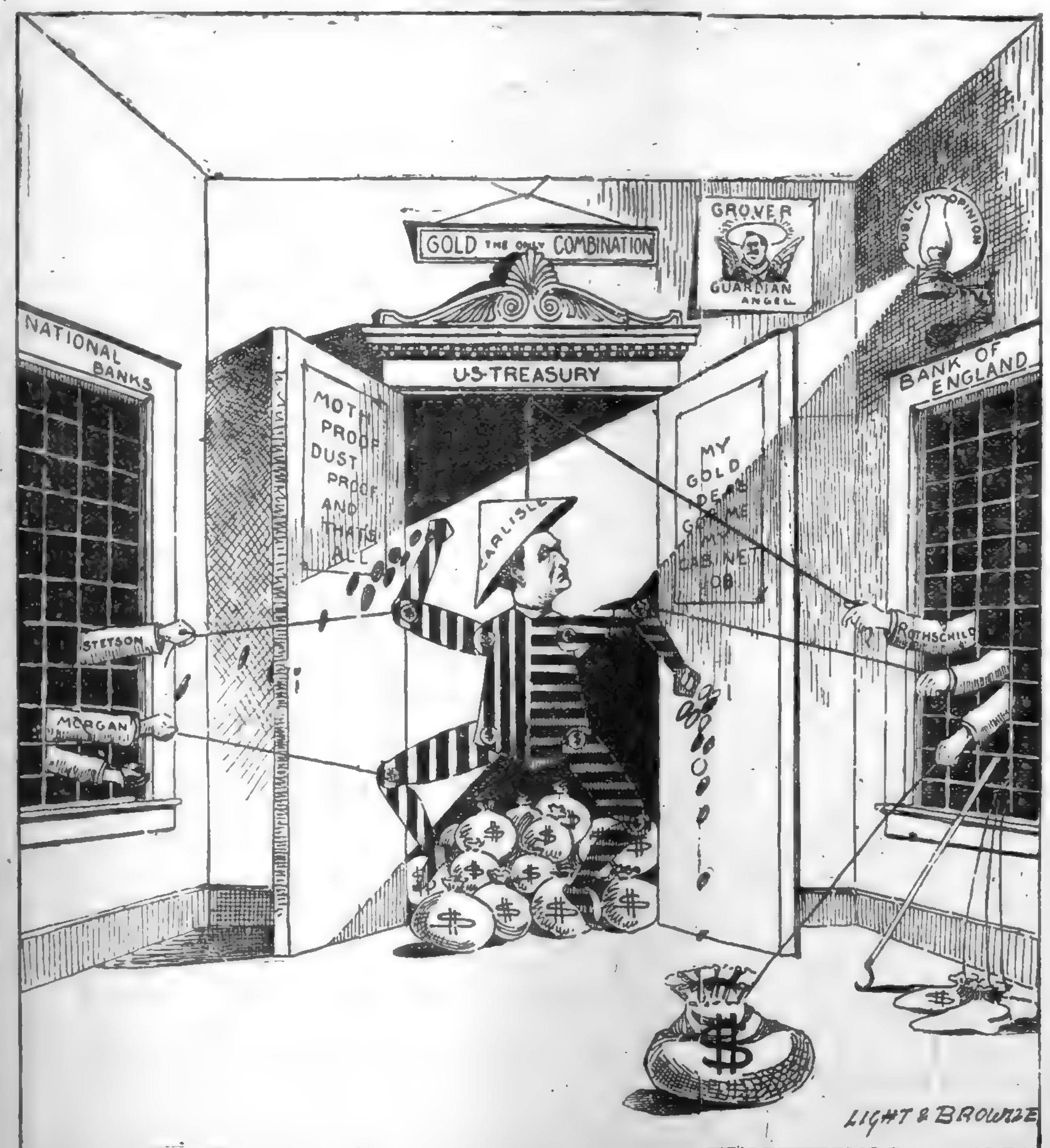
O, ye wandering tribes of Israel! the Garden of Eden behind you, and this Promised Land ahead; a land not flowing with milk and honey, but flowing with molten lava; the mountains of which are mountains of cinders and ashes, on which rest pillars of cloud by day and by night, hiding the light of sun and stars, and intensifying the lurid glare of the fires of Hell that belch flame from every furnace mouth. And this is to be the outcome of 19th century civilization; this the City of the New Jerusalem!

Iron, "the fundamental basis upon which modern civilization rests!" True Mr. Hewitt, undoubtedly true. Baal is your God; and in his service you are rapidly changing this fair world into an unspeakable hell; a valley of Jehosaphat "strewn with the wreck of dead men's bones," and murdered souls. But what do "the false priests who preach for hire" have to say to your candid assertion that iron, and not the Sermon on the Mount, is the fundamental basis on which their ecclesiastical systems rest? Labor (in chains?) and christianity (dressed in broadcloth) marching hand in hand, from ocean to ocean, from the gulf to the lakes, and guided by "the light of furnace answering to furnace"—what a sublime spectacle! It were easy to imagine Zeus, the Father of Gods and men, looking down, well-pleased, on the beatif[illegible]vision; [illegible] fruit of the "wonderful [illegible] most "enlightened age of which history bears record." The only reason, however, it seems, why christianity (in broadcloth) is expected to go marching hand in hand with Labor (in rags) is that it may play the part of a policeman, and preserve the peace between Capital and Hunger. "Homes, of which human nature may be proud," will cluster about the mouths of these "fiery furnaces" in which are manufactured the fundamental basis of modern civilization, warships, cannon, etc. The schoolmaster, the preacher and the physician, the three chief ornaments of our present social life, will continue their stay among us, presumedly as their services will be more than ever in demand in the healing, or attempted healing, of the diseased bodies, minds and souls of men.

And this man Hewitt, and his class, are looked upon as sane men, as the only sane men; while those who realize the godlessness and horror of the state of things which he presents as a picture of heaven, are styled cranks. Verily, the Bible is right—the Devil is the Prince of this World, and he is the great Deceiver!

Were we to awaken an Athenian of the time of Phideas from his mausoleum, and take him with eyes to see and ears to hear and nostrils to smell into Pittsburg or Birmingham, or any other manufacturing center, would he not ask us, in stupefaction, under what curse of the gods had the earth fallen that mankind should dwell in such hideous clamor, such sooty darkness, such foul stenches, such defiled and imprisoned air? He would survey the begrimed toilers of the mills and looms, the pallid women, the stunted offspring, the long lines of hideous houses, the soil ankle deep with cinder dust, the skies a pall of lurid smoke, the country scorched and blackened and accursed; he would survey all this, I say, asking by what malediction of heaven and what madness of mankind the sweetest and chief joys of nature had been ruined and forgotten thus? He would behold the dwarfed trees dying under the fume of poisonous gases; the clear river changed to a slimy, crawling, stinking putrid flood of filth; the buoyant air, once sweet as the scent of cowslips or clover grass, made by the greed of man into a sickly, noxious, loathsome thing, loaded with the stench of chemicals and the vapors of engine-belched steam. He would stand amidst this hell of discordant sounds, between these walls of blackened brick, under this sky of heavy-hang[illegible] soot; and he would remember the world as it was; and if any at his ear prated of science, he would smile in their faces, and say, "If these be the fruits of science let me rather dwell with the forest [illegible]east and the untaught barbarian."

THE TREASURY JUMPING-JACK.
(From the National Bimetallist.)



Carlisle: Heavens! How tired I am. This acrobatic business looks easy enough, but if anyone thinks it is, let him take my place for a while. When I became secretary of the treasury, I thought these bankers were my friends, and that all they wanted was to keep our monetary system on a "sound basis." But every one of them has a string tied to me. Each is pulling with all his might, and I am so tired. I cannot even get time to prepare my report.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTION[illegible]

To Legion Scouts in All Parts of the Country.

1. A Legion Scout is simply a recruiting officer of the Industrial Legion, detailed on special duty, with a roving commission which will permit the holder to organize wherever there is no one engaged in active work. If they reach a locality where there is no Legion they will at once plant one. If they find one stir it up and fire them with a new devotion for the cause.

2. A Legion Scout ought to be ab[illegible] to hold a meeting at a mo[illegible]ce on a street corner, [illegible]st field, around a threshi[illegible]chine, wherever you can gain the attention of even a handful of people.

3. They should be provided with books to sell, should distrib[illegible]e and take subscriptions for [illegible]wspapers, sell Legion buttons, and the beautiful certificate of membership in the Legion and People's Party.

4. If a Legion Scout has no money to procure an outfit, he should at once demonstrate his fitness for the work by going out and collecting in small sums from patriotic people who cannot travel in this cause enough money to purchase one which will cost about $5. A worker who has not got the snap to do this would fail as a Legion Scout.

5. A Legion Scout should try to sell books at first, should go quietly about, avoiding noisy discussion, and endeavor to get the people to take some book. Use those that the people most desire. For instance, Coin's Financial school is now in demand, and you should go into the ranks of the old parties first and make the effort, and whenever you sell a book you should get the buyer to recommend it to his neighbors and urge them to get one. It would be well to avoid too much partisanship at first. Just show the people that you only want them to inform themselves as to the [illegible]ses of the condition of the people, and quietly remind them that you left one or the other of the old parties because they utterly failed to furnish a remedy and always betrayed the people when they promised one. Use all the effort you can to get them to take some true People's Party paper. Get just as many sample copies as you can of the best papers to distribute on the way. Try and get one man to take one paper and his neighbor another, so that there may be a variety of our papers from all sections in each locality. Also get hold of all the names of old party voters on the way and send to our papers, who will gladly send sample copies to them.

6. Urge every Legion to start a library. Each member can bring one book or more, then raise a fund and add to it, and keep a regular crusading committee in the field to induce the people to read them and promptly return them.

7. Our people are nearly all poor and no man need be debarred from the work by poverty. Each Legion Scout must be able to make a short speech or sing a good song. Model after the Salvation Army to some extent. You, if live and earnest, can start from Portland, Oregon, and make your way to Pensacola, Florida, in this way. If you can get a horse and buggy it will be a good way. Two could go together. If you had a bicycle, which it only takes four horses to buy under present conditions, it would be a good way. But if you have neither, walk, and you can do it without purse or scrip, as they did in the olden time, and I know all our true friends will entertain you free on the long journey.

8. We want Legion Scouts in cities where there are so many thousands unemployed. The committees of the People's Party should have a trained corps of them to distribute papers, sell books, advertise meetings, secure names to petitions, and all the thousand things so necessary to the work of building up our party in the city. The Legion should have open headquarters in [illegible] city, should organize in eve[illegible]ct, should always [illegible] of books on hand [illegible] workers who are unem[illegible] can take them out and try [illegible]ell them and return all unsold. A city Legion Scout should always have a full supply of leaflets, the "Bankers' Circulars," the "People's Party Platform," and the best papers, and it should be the duty of a city Legion Scout to canvass the wards and precincts to find out the standing of each party, and make proper return on the blanks furnished by the committee.

9. It will take self-sacrifice and zeal. You will bear heavy burdens on the way. You will be out in the storm, sleep without shelter, and often be hungry, but you will be one of the great army helping to liberate the people and striving to avert the horrors of a bloody revolution by an appeal to the ballot box, and if some noble patriot among you will blaze a pathway and organize a Legion in every town from ocean to ocean before 1896, he will be enshrined in history as a hero.

Hay and Gold.

According to the Indianapolis Journal the hay crop of Indiana in 1893 was worth $26,340,240. According to the director of the mint the gold crop of the entire Unit[illegible] States is only $39,000,000, much less than the hay crop in two average states. Why can't we have a hay basis instead of a gold basis? According to Professor McLaughlin and other gold-bugs we need not have the actual gold in circulation, only a few pieces to determine the "value." As our hay product is much more valuable than our gold product, why not store up a dollar's worth of hay in the treasury department at Washington and call that a basis?—Bob Schilling.

The people are learning that liberty means more than living under the mere form of a republican government. It means that all natural opportunities shall not only be free, but that they shall be guaranteed by the government, and not absorbed by the few.

Those fellows who got excited at Grover's war message and wanted to fight, are now putting on their coats, after seeing what big fools the president made of them.

It requires a great deal of gall for a speaker to undertake to defend the record of the Democratic party, yet there are those who for the sake of an office will do it.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

Inspecting the Mines.

Governor Oates went around last week with the state board of convict inspectors, visiting the mines on a tour of inspection.

Industrial Progress.

Mr. W. W. Cobia has purchased the Piedmont Foundry and Machine Company property, and is putting the plant in repair for operation at an early day.

Paying Taxes Promptly.

Captain John H. Turpin, Hale county's tax collector, states that the taxes paid to date exceed those of last year to same date $10,000 to $12,000.

Residence Burned.

The residence of T. W. Coleman, Jr., of Anniston, was burned Friday morning, with all his furniture, library and household goods. Loss about $1,900; insurance on dwelling, $1,200.

Stave Mill Burned.

The F. G. Oxley stave mill at Valley Head was burned about 2 o'clock Thursday morning. Loss about $1,000. The plant employed thirteen men besides those who supplied the timber for staves.

Murderous Assault.

Herman Hildebrand, of Mobile, on Wednesday night visited his wife, who is living separately, and assaulted her with a chair, breaking her skull. After hunting him all night the officers found him bidden under three mattresses and took him.

Canning Factory Burned.

The canning factory at Bridgeport, the largest and most important industry of the kind in the state, was entirely destroyed by fire. The loss is $13,000, with insurance of $6,000. An effort will be made to have the factory rebuilt in time for the next fruit season.

Big Sale of Fertilizers.

The sale of fertilizer tags at the department of agriculture continues to exceed the corresponding sales last year. Saturday $1,900 worth of tags were sold and on an average the sales have been something over a thousand dollars a day of late.

Stabbed by a Sneak.

While a quarrel was going on at Roach's saloon in Birmingham last Saturday George Swanton, a white man, who was taking no part in the quarrel, received a deep and dangerous knife stab near the lung. Who struck the dastardly blow has not been ascertained.

The Steamship Mobile.

The arrival of the new steamship Mobile, of the Mobile and Liverpool trans-Atlantic line, at Mobile on Thursday morning was celebrated by addresses of welcome by the mayor and others and responses by officers of the line. The Mobile is of 3,700 tons burden, the largest vessel that ever came over the bar. She was built especially for the Mobile trade.

Convicts Escape.

On Saturday morning two negro convicts working with the street gang in Birmingham pretended to be [illegible] and were allowed to go an[illegible] gang to rest. Wh[illegible] on a little dist[illegible] jumped on the [illegible] them and disarmed [illegible]m. They then left for parts unknown, still chained together, and carrying the guard's gun.

Immigrants Arrived From Kansas.

Eight weeks ago seven farmers with their families left Kansas for Dallas county and reached Hazen last Wednesday, where they have located. Most of them have purchased land and the others have rented and begun active farming operations. They were received cordially by the good people of Hazen and vicinity and will be an acquisition to that section of the country.

Boze Bound Over.

The sensational preliminary trial of Boze [illegible]rrington, charged with the assassination, from ambush, over a week ago, of Andy Collins, a prominent and popular citizen of Tecumseh, Ala., has been finished and Arrington bound over in a large sum. It was the most sensational trial that was ever held in Alabama, Collins being greatly beloved and the murder a most horrible one. The killing occurred in a few miles of the Polk county, Ga., line.

Prosperous Avondale.

Avondale is forging right to the front. There is not now a desirable store house or residence vacant in this suburban town. All of her industries are working on full time, and the music of the saw and hammer reminds one of the din of building boom days. Several new stores and residences have been built during the past few months, and there are others in course of erection, among which is a handsome two-story hotel, the property of Mrs. Montgomery.

North Alabama Agricultural College.

Colonel M. K. Clements was elected to the presidency of the North Alabama Agricultural School in 1893 and under his management it has steadily increased in patronage. The sessions of 1893 and 1894 there were enrolled 176 pupils, the next session 232 and this session at the beginning of the sixth month 292 pupils, from ten counties, have matriculated. Of this number 131 are girls and young women and 161 are boys and young men. Besides the regular college course the school offers superior advantages in music, elocution and art. The agricultural experiment station is being put in first-class shape and more attention than ever before will be given to experiments this year. The exhibit made by the station took a medal at the Atlanta exposition, of which all the friends of the station feel justly proud.

BEN M. JACOBS & BROS.,
Birmingham, Ala.

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Jacobs CARPETS & FURNITURE BIRMINGHAM ALA.

Special attention to mail orders

THE SPA[illegible]

[illegible] Commanders—Politicians Condemn Campos.

An important conference was held Thursday afternoon between Gen. Martinez Campos and a committee composed of three political leaders, each representing one of the three existing political parties. The conference was held for the purpose of freely and frankly discussing the conduct of the Spanish campaign against the Cuban insurgents. General Campos asked each of the leaders his opinion in regard to the subject of discussion and invited candid expressions of opinion. The leader representing the autonomist party expressed complete satisfaction with the conduct of the campaign, but the leaders of the reformists and conservatives expressed exactly contrary opinions.

Gen. Martinez Campos, at the conclusion of the conference, informed the committee of his decision to consult the government at Madrid in regard to the various expressions of opinion on the part of the committee concerning the campaign against the insurgents.

General Campos has summoned Lieut.-Gen. Sabas Marin, commander of the second army corps, to come to Havana.

By reference to our Washington news it will be seen that the Spanish government has accepted the resignation of Campos, and Marin succeeds to the command.

FATAL FAMILY FIGHT.

Brother Against Brother, Father Against Son in Deadly Combat.

Joseph P. Dove and his wife, of the vicinity of Jonesboro, Tenn., had dwelled together thirty years, and seven children had grown up in their household, when the wife sued for and obtained a decree of divorce. The decree provided for an equal division of the property. On Wednesday commissioners met on the premises to make the partition. All the family were present, when suddenly, without warning, Will, a younger son and a partizan of the father, struck John, who had stood with his mother in the controversy, with a club, knocking him down. As John arose he drew his pistol and fired twice at Will, wounding him severely. Isaac, rushing to the aid of Will, received John's third shot. Mr. Dove now came up, and as John started to run fired at him. The bullet went wide of the mark and struck Etta, a young daughter. During the fray Dove himself received two shots. No one seems to know who fired them. Isaac and Etta were reported dying. John and Will were committed to jail without bail and the father is kept under guard, the nature of his wounds forbidding his incarceration.

PLAYED THEY WERE BURGLARS

And Lost the Swag by a Premature Explosion.

Three boys were so badly burned by an explosion at their home in Philadelphia that they cannot live. The boys were David, aged 19, William, aged 17, and George McKisson, aged 7, brothers. They were in the house alone at the time the explosion took place, and they refuse to give any details of the accident. The explosion completely shattered the house and badly damaged the two adjoining dwellings. It was undoubtedly caused by gunpowder. A fuse was found and among the debris was a toy bank with the door blown off. The police think these boys blew open the poor box of a church a few weeks ago, as the explosion on that occasion was similar to this one. Mrs. McKisson in endeavoring to save her youngest child from burning to death was herself badly burned.

FRANK LESLIE'S POPULAR

Monthly—General Robert E. Lee and His Ancestors, by Mrs. Pryor.

Among the indications that sectional prejudices and animosities are fast dying out in this country not the least significant is a growing demand in each of the two sections, that in the sixties grappled each other by the throat, for a more intimate acquaintance with the lives and character of the great leaders who marshaled the opposing armies. Northern and southern journals vie with each other in the production of literature in the strong light of which the fame of northern and southern heroes is more and more coming to be regarded as a national heritage. Among the productions of this character not one has met a heartier welcome than will greet the series of articles on General Robert E. Lee and his ancestors, by Mrs. Roger A. Pryor, of New York (formerly of Virginia), the publication of which will begin in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for February. In announcing this valuable contribution to American literature the publishers say:

"The south—the north, welded together in national pride, do as a whole people center their affection in the memory of the south's beloved chief."

Dangerous Way to Escape.

Recently at Morristown, Tenn., a gang of prisoners set fire to the calaboose in an effort to effect their escape, and their lives were saved only after great exertions. "Bob" and "Alf" Taylor were delivering their lecture in the opera house and by their coolness and presence of mind checked a stampede that was threatened when the cry of fire was raised.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established reliable house. Salary $[illegible] and expenses. [illegible] position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Co[illegible], Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly E. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Clanton, Ala.

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their notice, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

We wish to call the attention of advertisers to the fact that the BANNER has by far the largest circulation of any paper in Chilton county. Any paper claiming a larger circulation is guilty of misrepresentation and an intention to defraud.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper

THE State executive committee of the People's Party of Alabama is in session to-day at Birmingham. Full report next week.

NEXT Thursday the County Alliance meets at Providence. We hope to see a good attendance.

UTAH this week elected two Republican senators to the United States Senate: Frank J. Cannon and Arthur Brown. Iowa also re-elected its Republican Senator Allison; and Maryland elected a Republican senator Geo. Wellington.

THE Republican State executive committee is called to meet at Birmingham to-day. It is probable the two committees will hold communication with each other and arrive at some understanding in regard to the campaign.

WHERE, oh where is the Chilton View at? It failed to come out last dozen subscr to the relief of its half erable apology for a newspa this mis- its futile attempt to follow the lead of the Montgomery Advertiser in upholding the cause of the gold standard and organized democracy, has a terribly hard time.

Now is the time to subcribe for THE BANNER—52 issues for $1. You want to know how your county and State politics are going this year and you can only get the news from THE BANNER, which never misses an issue. In addition to THE BANNER we will give you FREE a year's subscription to the Ladies' Home Ideal, a 24 page monthly journal for the family—all for One Dollar.

THE national convention of the People's Party will be held at St. Louis on July 22. The Executive Committee passed resolutions inviting the co-operation of all opposed to the two old parties. It was decided that the basis of representation shall be one delegate from each congressional district, two from the State at large and one for each 1000 votes or fraction thereof cast by the Populists at the last election.

THE campaign is now well under weigh. The Democratic State executive committee met at Montgomery Tuesday and decided that the Democratic convention shall be held at Montgomery on April 21. Beat meetings are to be held April 11, and the county convention April 21, The committee passed resolutions inviting all persons who will agree to support organized Democratic principles (?) and nominees to participate in their primaries. Col. Tompkins resigned the chairmanship of the committee and John B. Knox, of Calhoun, was unanimously elected. Knox is a silver man and a supporter of Capt. Joe Johnston. The Advertiser and their puppet Dick Clarke got badly left throughout the proceedings.

WHAT do the Democrats expect to gain by throwing open their primaries to all who will support their nominees? They surely cannot anticipate any accessions from the Republicans, and if they hope to see any Populists going in that direction they never made a bigger mistake in their lives. For an organize Democrat Capt. Johnston we believe to be a good man, but he will not get any Populists votes. But it is possible the organized intend to pile up fictitious majorities in the white counties (Mr. Caffey, of Lowndes, and others of his kind have already promised to look after the black belt) and then claim the increase is caused by the return of "those who have strayed away" from the Democratic fold? It will be well to keep our eyes wide open at any rate.

A LARGE gathering of free silver men met in Washington yesterday for the purpose of arranging a national convention to nominate a presidential candidate pledged to the remonetization of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. General Weaver was chairman. It was decided a convention should be held at St. Louis at the same time as our Populist convention. Now, all that remains to be done is to merge the silver convention into the People's Party convention and we will sweep the country easily.

UP to the present the election committee have not reported the result of their investigation in the Aldrich-Robbins contest case. Mr. T. A. Aldrich remarked in Birmingham the other day his brother was certain to be seated.

MONTGMERY county is about to spend $100,000 in making thirty miles of new gravel roads. Work will be commenced at once.

THE American Cotton Growers' Association met at Memphis on Tuesday. There were about 500 delegates present and all the cotton states were represented.

The committee on resolutions reported as follows: "That we call the attention of southern cotton growers to the fact that they are masters of the situation. The crop of 1895 being less than 7,000,000 bales, renders it entirely feasible, by a further reasonable reduction of acreage during the present year, to materially advance the value of cotton and thus insure a safe and substantial profit that cannot fail to bring increased prosperity to the south, not only as the immediate result of such profit, but by enhancing the value of our lands and tion m the tide of immigrament of the grea the development of this favored section. ces

"We earnestly urge all produ of cotton to take advantage of this golden opportunity and to continue the wise policy adopted during the past season of making the south self-stpporting by first producing an abundant supply of corn, hay, meat and other like commodities, for home consuption—decreasing the cotton acreage still further for the matter of prime importance, thus guarding against the dangers of over-production and leaving the cotton as a surplus crop."

Other resolutions were reported and adopted, making the American Cotton Growers' association permanent, instructing the president and the execution committee to move energetically against every disposition to increase the acreage, and providing for permanent officers for each cotton growing state.

A committee to formulate an address to the agriculturist was also appointed to prepare and promulgate it, after which the convention adjourned sine die.

* * *

The state of Alabama requires a tag costing fifty cents, payable to the state department of agriculture on each ton of fertilizer sold in the state, and if the sale of fertilizer tags can be taken as an index of farming operations, the farmers of Alabama are going to work on an extensive scale. For the past four days the receipts at the department of agriculture for the sale of fertilizer tags amount to more than $1,000 per day, representing the sale of tags for more than two thousand tons daily. Such sale is phenomenal, and by many it is believed that it means a largely increased acreage, though Commissioner Lane is of the opinion that it means the use extensively of fertilizers under crops other than cotton.

* * *

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M. D. Druggist.

BIDS WANTED

For Building a Court House for Chilton County.

Sealed proposals will be received until 12 m. Monday, February 10th, to build a brick court house for Chilton County, at Clanton, Alabama, plans and specifications of which can be seen at the office of the Probate Judge at Clanton, Alabama. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for the sum of One Hundred Dollars to guarantee the successful bidder to enter contract, be marked: "Proposal for Building Court House, at Clanton, Alabama," and addressed to "The Probate Judge, of Chilton County; at Clanton, Alabama." The county reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS CHILTON COUNTY.
Clanton, Ala., Jan. 16th, 1896.

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr. Luke Pattillo, o Oxford, Ala., visited his brother Mr. A. L. Patillo last week.

Mr. Cato Patillo visited Montgomery on business last Friday.

Mr. Pyron has returned home after visiting his sick daughter, Mrs. Alexander, of Montgomery.

Mr. Bill Connell, of Newport, is down visiting his parents, also his sister at Elmore.

Miss Daisy Kendrick returned home sooner th n expected, as her mother was compelled to be absent from home a few days.

Messrs. Phillip and Wilber Connell are going back and fourth visiting their sister, Mrs. Eliza Kendrick, who is very low.

Things are somewhat dull since the holidays. Our merchant, Mr. Bice, has moved his stock of goods back and the farmers are laying their plans for another year. There has been very little money in circulation, but this fact is evidence, not only of a short crop, but of growing economy with those who make the money—the farmers. This class is in a better condition probably than they have been since the war, Last year they planted and planned for 4 and 5 cent cotton, paid increased attention to the raising of food products, and inaugurated more rigid enconmies. The result they are not so overloaded with debt, and their smokeh uses and cribs are near to their own door yard, instead of a thousand miles away in Illinois and Kansas.

If a full crop of cotton had been made the farmers would, at present prices, have been in quite comfortable circumstaaces; even as it is, with only half a crop, they are in a condition to look hopefully into the future, whether the government be run by "gold-bugs" or "silver-loons."

Mrs. Sarah Connell is now staying with her sick daughter at Elmore.

Mr. G. C. Norris and familY, of Prattville, are visiting relatives and and friends here.

As this is Leap Year, let me say a word to the girls. This is the last leap year of the century, and there will not be another until 1904. The new woman should drive a lively business this year. more leap year until 1904 Durpose cent year, woman pro- I will say no es, as it were, at present.

Messrs. Jas. C. and John W. Pattillo visited their uncle. Mr. Wash Pattillo at wadsworth, last Sunday.

Mr. W. E. Baker has burned off his new ground.

The weather is very changeable in this part of the country.

Success to the BANNER.

TIM.

* * *

WE extract the following from a letter to the Tribune from Judge Gaston of Greenville.

In conclusion, let me urge on our people moderation and impress them with the fact that a conservative course will give us success. Around us we see the unmistakable evidences of the disintegration of the old parties. We see two rivals for the nomination for the office of Governor in one party, each claiming that certain principles, as antagonistic as darkness and light, constitute the settled principles of that party. Candidates of this party declare their willingness to support a doctrine they believe to be ruinous to their country, in case a convention so decrees. But, in my opin, they can never bring their honest followers to embrace such madness. On the other hand, we see a large number of citizens who have, for a number of years, been practically disfranchised. Will they kiss the hand that smote them? Not while the fires of human nature remain kindled in their breasts. Then, where will these elements go? If we show ourselves to be true to our own principles and stand to what we know to be right, I firmly believe that before the sun sets on the first Monday in August so many of the honest people of Alabama will rally around the flag that floats for principles of eternal truth, for principles that guarantee all citizens equal and exact justice under the laws, that oppression, corruption and ballot box stffing in Alabama will be forever buried!

Lastly, my friends, let it be said that no man let his personal ambition stand in the way of success.

ZELL GASTON.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR]

Editor BANNER. As there are so many candidates named for our different county offices I write to ask if you will not please to publish a list of them so that we will know who is out for the offices.

X. Y. Z.

[We cannot do this, as no official announcements have been made. In due time we presume the candidates, or their friends for them, will make their announcements, then things will be in proper shape. —EDITOR.]

* * *

West Chilton Warblin s.

We are having a great deal of rain; it wil put the farmers back in sowing oats.

There seems to be measles raging in many places about.

I have been asked by a good many who was going to run for our next representative, and I have been unable to give any answer upon this subject.

OLD MIKE.

* * *

South Calera.

There has been a heap of rain for some days.

South Calera church has appointed Prof. J. E. Creel, Richard P. Busby and Thos. R. Busby a committee to get up subscriptions to ceil the church.

South Calera has a fine Sabbath-school with the following officers:

Prof. J. E. Creel superintendent and leader of the choir; Frederick Endress, assistant superintendent; K. M. Jones, secretary and treasurer; Richard P. Busby, teacher of class No. 1; Miss Mary Creel, teacher of class No. 2.

Preaching at this church each month, by Rev. Charles Milstead on first Sunday, 11 a.m; by Rev. Wm. Crowson on second Sunday, 11 a.m.; by Rev. J. L. Busby, pastor, on fourth Sunday, 11 a.m. and on Saturday before.

Capt. H. Harsh, supt. of the works at this place has given our church a new stove.

Bro F. W. Lenty, of Clanton, has been among friends here since Saturday eve. He seemed to enjoy a singing given for his benefit on Sunday evening at the residence of Mr. Wm. L. Shaw also another one on Sunday night at the residence of Mr. W. H. Padgett; both singings were conducted by Rev. J. L. Busby and Prof. J. E. Creel.

Mr. Mont Dean, of Eastpoint, Ga., is again with us, we are always glad to have such a genial friend as Mr. Dean with us.

POPULIST.

* * *

The Living Topics Magazine.

The Living Topics Magazine is a unique publication which will greatly interest all who wish to keep informed concerning the progress of the world, and especially all owners of of cyclopedias.

It records such items concerning current events and the progress of knowledge as one would naturally look for in a first-class cyclopedia were in up to date—which no cyclopedia is or possibly can be. gener the latest cyclopedias are date of consu five years behind average reader inquires and yet the concerning things of the past years than concerning things of the preceding three centuries.

Topics are treated in strict alphabetical order, and as often as the alphabet is covered a new volume begins and the same course is resumed. Subscriptions only 50 cents for each 500 pages. Specimen sent free on request. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 10 and 12 Vandewater Street, New York.

* * *

Popular Monthly's Great Lee Articles.

There is no American, living or dead, North or South, who stood nearer the hearts of the people, or whose memory is held with more sacred affection, than General Robert E. Lee. All on this side of the wiped-out but never-to-be-forgotten "line" feel that they know him; but there is still much of his history and that of his family and his ancestors that has never yet been told. On this account the BANNER is pleased to note the announcement of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly regarding the series of notable Lee papers that begin in the February issue. The first is "The Ancestors of General Robert E. Lee and the Times in which They Lived," by Mrs. Judge Roger A. Pryor, of New York. The whole series, beginning with the earliest colonial times down to the present date, will be enriched with numerous portraits and illustrations of special interest, heretofore unprinted, and a large speaking likeness in water colors of General Lee. Altogether these articles will form a valuable addition to the history of the great men of the nation.

BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Clanton Alliance meets on Saturday before the second and fourth Sundays in each month.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Isabella on 21st day of February.

FRIDAY.

9 a.m. Opening exercises.

9:30 a.m. The best way of impressing upon the minds of the pupils the importance of an education, A. B. Harwood, Miss Cora Smith.

10 a.m. Teachers duties, W. S. Garner, W. C. Robinson.

11:30 a.m. Home and parental duties, B. D. Wilson, J. M. Massey.

2 p.m. Should country schools be graded, G. L. Speer. General discussion Question box.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a.m. History, H. L. Hicks, W. R. Headley.

10 a.m. Can Reading be successfully taught in the school-room simply by hearing reading lessons? F. M. Foshee, Miss Jennie Wilson.

11 a.m. How should the art of writing be taught? Miss M. P. McGee.

2 p.m. Orthography, Miss Kate Garner. General discussion.

J. Alex Moore } Committee.
R. E. R. Hicks }

Isabella is located about 12 miles west of Clanton. Any teachers wishing conveyance from this point to the Institute, will please write Prof. B. D. Wilson at Lily, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

* * *

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., says: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M.D. Druggist.

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THE BANNER.

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Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

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FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets seven Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7.20 cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE:

Sampey	935
Mullins	707
Wilson	325
W. G. Plummer, from wagons.	71
Total	2038

CHILTON COUNTY ALLIANCE

Chilton County Alliance will meet with Pri**v**idence Alliance (2 miles from Clear Creek) on Thursday, January 30, 1896.

L. MOORE, Pres.
H. I. HONEYCUTT, Sec.

All members of the Congregational church are particularly requested to meet in conference on the first Sunday in February as there is business of importance to be attended to.

Mr. Hammond, of Mulberry, is in town to-day

Sheriff Moore made a trip to the Capital City Tuesday.

Mr. Russell McDaniel spent Sunday with his parents here.

Photographers have pitched their tent in the yard at Mr. G. O Logan's place.

When the building of a new court house commences Clanton will be alive with the large number of workmen employed.

Col. Knox went to Birmingham yesterday to attend the Republican convention to-day.

The Misses Helen and Alvis Ehrmen came home from school last Sunday on account of the sickness of their brother Leon.

Mrs. Rasberry and Miss Eulah, of Mulberry, were in town Monday.

Mr. Sam Gullahorn was shaking hands with old friends here this week.

Miss Xyr Hunt is home again after a pleasant visit to friends in Birmingham.

Mr. Debardelaban is visiting his daughter, Mrs. E. M. Pinckard, of this place.

Mr. W. I. Mullins is very sick with measles.

A full line of Fertilizers on hand. W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala

Plenty of rain this week and yesterday we had lightning and thunder. Hail was reported from some parts of the county.

Mr. Ehrman's little son, Leon has been down with a sharp attach of pneumonia, but we are glad to say he is now somewhat better.

Mr. W. H. Foshee attended the state executive committee at Montgomery Tuesday.

It pays to plant good seeds, and we advise our friends who are thinking of doing anything in this line to send 10 cents for Vick's Floral Guide for 1895. This amont may be deducted from the first order. James Vick's Sons. Rochester, N. Y., are the pioneers in this line.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week [illegible] Probate Judge to the fol[illegible] persons:

Colored: Charles [illegible] and Laura Rush.

Mr. W. A. Mi[illegible] of Jemison, is in town to-day.

Mrs. [illegible] Watts, of Brewton, is vi[illegible] father-in-law, Mr. Natt[illegible]

Mr. E. L. Manning, of Bozeman, who is organizing the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Society in this county was in town to day.

Mr. Joe Allen living near Verbena was arrested this morning on a charge of wife beating. While the sheriff stepped into the post office at Clanton, Joe got on his mule and scaped into the swamp, leaving his mule and pistol on the road which Mr. Jonathan Headly took charge of. Sheriff Moore is just off after the escapee and expects to have him before night.

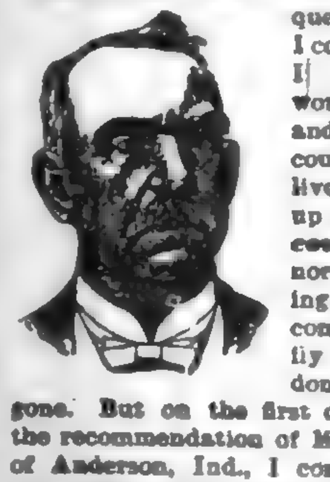
"I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhoea of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50-cent bottles of this remedy for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M. D., Druggist.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy, I can recommend to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough, with the best results." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M. D., Druggist.

HEART DISEASE,

like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but **Constantly grows worse.** There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and ***Don't know what to take for it,*** as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:



"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I ***couldn't lie down*** nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart*** and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. ***I believe I am fully cured,*** and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Final Proof Notice

Notice No. 16768.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
December 9, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Alabama, on January 27th, 1896 viz: William D. Caton, Homestead entry, No. 23,169, for the sw¼ of ne¼, sec 14 tp 22 north of r 1 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Virgil Whatley, Enoch Whatley, Seaborn Cleckler, Calloway Dawson all of Stasburg, Alabama. H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 16805.

Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala.,
Dec. 17, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 25th 1896, viz: Chambless Young, Homestead entry, No. 23,106, for the se ¼ of nw ¼ of section 32, tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Anderson Peoples, Fed Latham, James Rasberry, Henry Latham, all of Shoults, Ala. H. PURCELL, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a mortgage executed on the 5th day of January, 1895, by the Stanton Co operative Association to the undersigned, of record in book 33, on pages 359 and 360 Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note described therein, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in Stanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday, February the 5th, 1896, the following described property, to wit:

One store house and lot in Stanton, Ala., better known as the Alliance store including fixtures, safe, etc., and the n½ of n¼ of section 16, township 20 north range 11 east, containing 80 acres more or less all in Chilton county, Alabama, default having been made in the payment of said note, said sale to be made for the payment of said note.

ISSAC ROLLLY, Mortgagee.
Jan. 6th, 1896.

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WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

THE NEW ELECTION LAW.

No. 357 AN ACT S. 459.

To amend Section 5, to repeal Section 35 and Section 36, and to add Section 49 to an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama, approved February 21, 1893.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That Section 5 of an act entiled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows: Section 5. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this State after the time herein prescribed for such registration, but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any general or special election to register such persons as may have reached the age of 21 years since the last registration; such other persons as may make oath that they became bona fide residents of the precinct in which they propose to register not less than thirty days before the day of election and since the last registration; but electors having the Constitutional qualifications who may have resided in any incorporate city in this State having a population of more than 5,000 inhabitants, as determined by the last federal census, for thirty days immediately preceding any election and have within such thirty days removed their residence from one precinct to another in the same city shall, after a residence of one day, be entitled to vote in the precinct in which they reside at the time of the election, but each of such electors herein last provided for must first deposit with the inspectors of election in said precinct the certificate of the Judge of Probate that said elector is duly registered in the precinct from which he has removed, and no other person than those provided for in this section shall be permitted to register on the day of the election. The present resistrar shall furnish to each elector who may register on the day of election a certificate of registration, which shall be substantially in this form: State of Alabama, County of ——, Precinct No. ——, I, ——, precinct registrar, hereby certify that—— has this day registered before me as an elector, —— Registrar, Precinct No, ——, and if precinct registrar fails to attend or there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person as precinct registrar for that day, and if no appointment is made by 10 o'clock of that day, then the inspectors of election, or any two of them, may appoint a precinct registrar, who may qualify and act as such for that day; provided nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing, altering or amending the ordinances now or hereafter ordained by any municipal corporation chartered by the General Assembly providing for the separate registration of electors for municipal elections

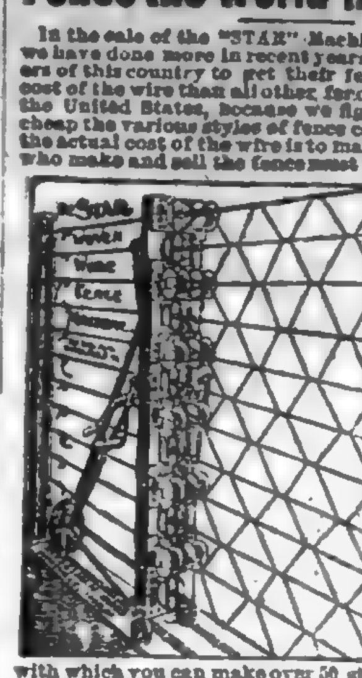
Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That Section 35 and Section 36 of said act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That said act be amended by adding thereto Section 49, in words as follows: Sec. 49. Be it further enacted, That upon opening the polls the inspectors must appoint two markers or assistants, one for each of the opposing political parties who may have candidates to be voted for at the election; and each [illegible] whom must be a disc[illegible] able to read and wri[illegible] practicable, and the inspectors, or any two of them shall, in like manner, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary to give every illiterate elector and every physically disabled elector an opportunity to vote, appoint a marker, who must be selected as provided for the selection of the first two. Every marker before entering upon his duties must take an oath, which may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, or by any one of the inspectors, to perform the duties of marker at the election according to law. No inspector, clerk or marker shall be appointed nor shall act as such except in the beat of his residence at the time of the election. Clerks and markers must be appointed from a list of persons not less than six nor more than ten in any beat, who may be suggested for that purpose by the duly constituted authorities respectively of the opposing political parties having candidates to be voted for at the election. Every illiterate or physically disabled elector shall be permitted to have the assistance of a marker, who has been appointed by the inspectors, and who may be selected by him from the number of markers. Any inspector who may refuse to appoint markers from the opposing parties, so as to give every illiterate or physically disabled elector the opportunity to select a marker of his own political party, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, on conviction, be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500. It is the sense of this section that the opposing party shall each have the right to suggest a list of names, not less than six nor more than ten persons, to act as markers and clerks. If no lists are furnished the inspectors shall appoint clerks and markers from opposing political parties.

Approved February 18, 1895.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to make your own fence



manufacturer a[illegible] with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 600,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 75 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One cent much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the address, Kitselman Bros., [illegible]

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. CLEVELAND, O. GREEN SEAL
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Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's C[illegible] [illegible]ers. They tone up the [illegible] [illegible]gestion, cure loss of appe[illegible] [illegible] constipation, correct kidney [illegible] and destroy worms, giving [illegible] to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists Dr. I. S. Johnson, jr., Clanton, Ala.

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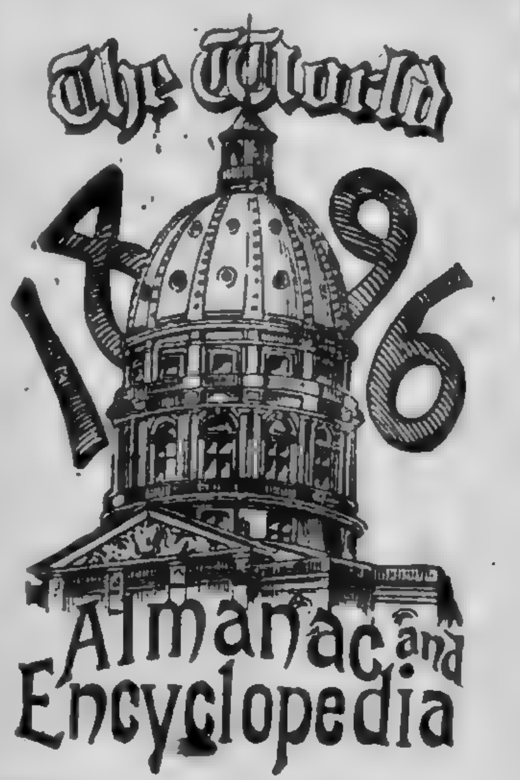

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On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

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"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by B. W. FEAKENS, Druggist.

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"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

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The earthworm is merely a stomach or digestive organ without any modern appliances and improvements to it.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

A Prominent Doctor Speaks.

He is not talking about medical ethics, quite the contrary. The scientist is eager to grasp truth in whatever field it may be found, and the fact that Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy is so meritorious calls forth from him a testimonial:

"Chipley, Ga., August 4, 1894.—Dr. C. O. Tyner, Atlanta, Ga.: I think it is due you that I should say that Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy has done more for me than all other preparations that I have tried. I think it is a valuable remedy for chronic dyspepsia and indigestion. It has cured me. I hope you may be able to cure all dyspeptics. They are legion.

DR. Q. T. PURSELL."

The World's Eighth Wonder.

It's not a pyramid nor a hanging garden; it's Salzer's Silver Mine Oats, which yielded 209 bushels per acre. That yield won $200 in gold. Next yield 206 bushels. You can beat that in 1896 and win $200. Largest grass, clover and grain seed growers in America!

148 page mammoth catalogue 5c. postage, OR IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 10c. postage to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive their mammoth catalogue and ten packages of grains and grasses, including package of Silver Mine Oats! (A. C.)

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Never read a book through merely because you have begun it.—Witherspoon.

Some floating soaps turn yellow and rancid. Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap does neither. The Borax in it bleaches it with age, and the odor is delightful. Try it once, use it always. Order a trial lot of your grocer. Insist on red wrappers.

No matter how mad a man may be, he always tries to look cheerful if he has to chase his hat.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are a simple and convenient remedy for Bronchial Affections and Coughs. Carry them in your pocket.

A man is foolish to rely entirely on himself so long as he can use oxen to haul logs out of a swamp.

Money Spent in Parker's Ginger Tonic is well invested. It subdues pain, and brings better digestion, better strength and health.

I can recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. TOWNSEND, Ft. Howard, Wis., [illegible]

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Why You Should Use Hindercorns.

It takes out the corns, and then you have comfort, surely a good exchange. 15c. at druggists.

Nerves

Depend upon the blood for sustenance. Therefore if the blood is impure they are improperly fed and nervous prostration results. To make pure blood, take

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. $1; 6 for $5.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25 cents.

DON'T SCRATCH

TO AVOID THIS USE
TETTERINE

[illegible]

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Bottlebinding.

You can't judge of the quality of a book by the binding, nor tell the contents by the title. You look for the name of the author before you buy the book. The name of Robert Louis Stevenson (for instance) on the back guarantees the inside of the book, whatever the outside may be. There's a parallel between books and bottles. The binding, or wrapper, of a bottle is no guide to the quality of the medicine the bottle contains. The title on the bottle is no warrant for confidence in the contents. It all depends on the author's name. Never mind who made the bottle. Who made the medicine? That's the question. Think of this when buying Sarsaparilla. It isn't the binding of the bottle or the name of the medicine that you're to go by. That's only printer's ink and paper! The question is, who made the medicine? What's the author's name? If you see Ayer's name on a Sarsaparilla bottle, that's enough. The name Ayer guarantees the best, and has done so for 50 years.

PIRATES IN EASTERN WATERS.

Malays Are Still the Terror of the Seas Toward the South of Asia.

The Malay and Eastern waters swarm with seemingly commercial junks and proas, which wear all the air of respectability, but are none the less on a constant watch for becalmed traders and cargo ships undermanned. In the Formosa channel the outward and homeward passengers will see apparently innocent vessels leisurely drifting in pairs before the wind. They drag between them a huge cable to which is fastened a sweep net; and, if nothing better turn up, they have to be content with what tunnies and turtle they may thus catch off the Pescadores, or the Baracels, or in those waters, the home of the cyclone, where rises the lonely Piedra Blanca. If, however, a Tonkinese or Chinese rice or opium boat drifts near by, and no embarrassing European boat is near, the nets are drawn in, the swarthy fishermen get out their spears and muskets, and combine to board and ravage the unlucky trader, cutting the throats of all on board, and sinking the junk when she has been thoroughly cleaned out. Instances have been known in which Canton or Foo Choo pirates have shipped as seemingly harmless and respectable voyagers on board even European steamers sailing out of Chinese ports, and have risen, when the vessel was well out at sea, and massacred her captain and crew. In such a case one hears of it, for European blood is an expensive liquid to spill in the East; but no mention ever comes to public ears of the hundreds of craft sailed and owned by natives which, year by year, in the seas east of Singapore, fall victims to the treacherous pirate of the Malay peninsula or Celebes or Javan archipelago.

A well-manned merchant ship with a Maxim gun on board would be fairly safe, for they can only attack in their boats, and any quick-firing cannon of the modern type would be more than they could comfortably face. A steamer, too, as long as her engines keep going, is perfectly secure, for their best chance is in those dead calms which come upon the Eastern seas, when the trader is helplessly fixed, while the "water rats" can bring their dhow or proa close up with long sweeps, and finish off the rest in their boats. Yet, if this kind of ancient villainy is to go on in those distant waters, at least until the Japanese have gained firm hold of Formosa, it is outrageous that examples of its revival should be furnished so close to civilization as the Straits of Gibraltar.

We sincerely hope that vigorous measures will be adopted by the military authorities of Great Britain in the Mediterranean to identify and clear out this nest of pirates so near "the rock." Diplomacy and diplomatic scruples should all be put on one side until the Albucemas scoundrels have been condignly punished, and a becoming number of them strung up in sight of their pensive countrymen along the Riff coast. We shall otherwise have an English mail or passenger seamer run ashore there some day with the result of being plundered and her company murdered. The maritime Arabs along the coast are just the same now, in point of morality, as when they roved the middle sea, a terror to all its shores and when the Algerine galleys drove a roaring trade in Christian captives. A felucca is not much from the point of view of Lloyd's Shipping Register, but it is an eminently serious thing that any vesel flying the British colors should be boarded and plundered within the hearing of the guns upon the rock.—London Telegraph.

[illegible]

Some years ago [illegible] when Chinese laundries were [illegible] thing, a man went to a Chinese laundry with some shirts, and, thinking that he could only be understood in "pidgin" English, opened the conversation as follows:

"Hello, John! You washee this shirtee. You makee all litee. Me payee you, eh?"

To which the Chinese laundryman replied as follows:

"Oh, yes. I will wash it. On what day would you like it back?"—Worcester Gazette.

Street Car Statistics.

Here are some figures relative to the street car mileage of this country: Nine hundred and seventy-six roads, 1,914 miles of track for horse traction, 10,363 for electric, 632 for cable, and 679 for miscellaneous, making a total of 13,588 miles; 44,745 cars, averaging 3.29 per mile of track; $748,014,206 total capital stock, averaging $55,000 per mile of track; $552,129,950 total funded debt, or $40,600 per mile of track; $1,300,711,000 total capital liabilities, or $95,600 per mile of track.

An Early Diving Bell.

The eldest intelligence respecting the use of the diving bell in Europe is the relation of an exhibit at Toledo, before the Emperor Charles V., in the middle of the sixteenth century, when two Greeks, in the presence of several thousand persons, let themselves down in the water in a large inverted kettle with a burning light, and came up again without being wetted.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS

THIRTY-FIRST DAY.

HOUSE.—A resolution by Mr. Morse, republican, of Massachusetts, looking to an expression of our government in regard to Armenian outrages, was referred to the foreign affairs committee.....Two bills relating to the District of Columbia were passed.....The pension bill was taken up in committee of the whole.....Mr. W. A. Stone, republican, of Pennsylvania, explained the bill and the two changes made by it in the existing law, which were to make a pension granted date from the time of the first application without regard to intervening rejections and limiting to $500 the income which dependent widows may receive and yet be eligible to a pension. Without any action on the bill the house at 4:30 adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—Numerous petitions in favor of awarding belligerent rights to the Cubans were presented by Mr. Call, of Florida.....Mr. Kyle, populist, of South Dakota, introduced a concurrent resolution empowering and directing the president to receive properly accredited representatives of the Cuban patriots, and, upon certain contingencies, to extend to them belligerent rights. Referred to foreign affairs committee.....The unfinished business, being the house bond bill and the free silver substitute, was taken up and Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, spoke two hours, advocating the substitute. At the conclusion of Mr. Morgan's remarks, Mr. Butler, populist, of North Carolina, having the floor, the senate at 4:10 adjourned until tomorrow.

THIRTY-SECOND DAY.

HOUSE.—The day was spent in discussion of the pension bill and at 4:15 the house adjourned.

SENATE.—A bill granting a pension of $75 per month to the widow of Brigadier-General Cosswell was passed..... The bond bill and silver substitute was taken up. Mr. Butler, populist, of North Carolina, offered an amendment prohibiting the issue of bonds without the action of congress and requiring the payment of either gold or silver in redemption of greenbacks and treasury notes and for interest on coin bonds, and advocated his amendment in a two hours' speech.....Mr. Mills offered resolutions requiring the legal tender notes to be kept in circulation, the silver bullion now in the treasury to be coined as rapidly as possible, the seniorage to be applied to current expenses and the balance to the redemption of the treasury notes issued for its purchase; authorizing the issue of legal tender notes in any case of deficiency, to be cancelled when returned to the treasury; that all laws authorizing the issue of interest bearing bonds shall be repealed, and that the government shall have, and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to exercise the option of paying all obligations in silver or gold. He asked that the resolutions be on the table and gave notice that he would speak on them tomorrow. At 4:25 the senate went into executive session and soon thereafter adjourned until tomorrow.

THIRTY-THIRD DAY.

HOUSE.—The report of elections committee No. 2 on the contest of Cheesebrough vs. Geo. B. McLellan, from the Third district of New York, was presented in the form of a resolution declaring McLellan duly elected, Cheesebrough having abandoned the contest. The report was agreed to and the resolution passed....The house then went into committee of the whole on the pension bill, which was considered until 4:10 p. m., when the committee rose and the house adjourned.

[illegible]—Messrs. Mills and Peffer [illegible] on their respective [illegible] offered.... Mr. Pugh, of Ala[illegible] resolution of the same general [illegible] of the two under consideration, declaring all government bonds payable, principal and interest, in standard silver dollars....A joint resolution was passed appropriating $75,000 to defray expense of locating the line between Alaska and British America....A short executive session was held and the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

THIRTY-FOURTH DAY.

HOUSE.—The debate on the pension bill was concluded in committee of the whole, and the committee rose....A bill extending to January 22, 1899, the period allowed the Aransas Pass Harbor company for securing a depth of 20 feet over the bar, was reported from the committee on rivers and harbors and went to the calendar....Mr. Moody, of Massachusetts, announced the death, on the 22d of May last, of his predecessor, Gen. Wm. Cogswell. The usual resolutions were adopted and the house, as a further mark of respect, adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—The bill, by Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, prohibiting the acceptance by any American of any title or degree of honor from any foreign government, which was adversely reported from the committee on foreign relations yesterday, was at his request put upon the calendar.... Mr. Hamsbrough, republican, of North Carolina, from the committee on agriculture, reported a joint resolution directing the secretary of agriculture to carry into effect the law in relation to the distribution of seeds and of farm bulletins. Calendar....Mr. Cullom offered a resolution of inquiry relative to the rights in Turkey of naturalized Armenian citizens of the United States....Mr. Sewell, republican, of New Jersey, offered resolutions defining the Monroe doctrine and asked that they lie on the table for the present....The bill, by Mr. Hale, of Maine, relating to the construction of telegraphic cables in the Pacific, was laid before the senate and Mr. Hale spoke in its advocacy. Referred to foreign relations....The bond bill, being the unfinished business, was taken up and Mr. Peffer concluded his remarks thereon....The death of the late Representative Cogswell, of Massachusetts, was announced, the usual resolutions passed, and the senate, as a further mark of respect, adjourned until Monday.

THIRTY-FIFTH DAY.

HOUSE.—The general pension appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1897, after more than five days' debate, was read by paragraphs and passed without material amendment....A message was received from the president asking prompt legislation to enable the attorney-general to prosecute litigation in reference to lands in forfeited railroad grants....Some miscellaneous business was transacted and the house adjourned until Monday.

SENATE.—No session.

ALABAMA'S EXHIBITS.

Medals Awarded at the Cotton States and Internation Exposition.

Among the prizes won by Alabama at the exposition we note the following as of general interest:

EDUCATIONAL.

Public Schools, Birmingham, Ala.; gold medal on the system of instruction, the method of teaching and pupils' work.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn, Ala.; bronze medal on mechanical drawings.

Tuskegee Normal and Industrial School, Tuskegee, Ala.; bronze medals on buggies and carriages.

Tuskegee Normal and Industrial School, Tuskegee, Ala.; gold medal collective exhibit.

State Normal and Industrial School, Normal, Ala.; bronze medal on methods and results.

AGRICULTURAL.

Montgomery county; silver medal on agricultural products.

Cadenhead Butte Co., Guntersville, Ala.; silver medal on sub-soil and turning plow.

Madison county; silver medal on corn, hay and meal.

Eugene F. Heart, Montgomery, Ala.; bronze medal on flint corn.

M. V. Moore, Auburn, Ala.; bronze medal on sweet potatoes, large tomato vines.

Bullock county; bronze medal on farm products.

North Alabama Agricultural and Experimental Station, Athens, Ala.; bronze medal on corn from Limestone.

INDUSTRIAL.

Alabama City Furniture Company, Alabama City, Ala.; gold medal on tables.

Dallas Manufacturing Company, Huntsville, Ala.; gold medal on cotton fabrics.

Henderson Knitting Mill Co., Troy, Ala.; bronze medal on knit underwear.

West Huntsville Cotton Mills, Huntsville, Ala.; bronze medal on yarns and twine.

NATURAL RESOURCES.

State of Alabama; diploma of grateful recognition and gold medal for a collective exhibit of the natural resources, manufacturing industries and educational system of the state for erection of a building on the grounds and for efficient promotion of the object of the exposition.

Geological Survey of Alabama; gold medal on collection of soils, fossils, etc., of Alabama.

T. L. Fossick & Co., Sheffield, Ala.; gold medal on large slabs and blocks of Oolytic limestone.

Mobile & Ohio R. R., Mobile, Ala.; gold medal on original maps and statistics, relating to the forests of Alabama; planks and trunks, sections of the most important species of South Alabama and Mississippi.

A number of coal companies and iron mining and manufacturing companies, won gold and bronze medals on their exhibits, and a number of medals were awarded for other Alabama products.

FOUR ARRESTED, ONE KILLED.

Western Train Robbers Raid a Train and Come to Grief.

Four bandits arrested at Cedar City, Mo., Friday are the train robbers who held up the Missouri Pacific train and robbed the crew of $500 and five gold watches on Thursday. Next day, the robbers, six in number, appeared at Cedar City and undertook to run the town. Their leader was shot and [illegible] by Charles Gilbert, of Fulton, [illegible] were arrested. They were conveye[illegible]lloway county jail at Fulton. Fro[illegible] it is ascertained that they were [illegible]tedly the Nevada train robbers. On [illegible] the men $1,600 was found. There [illegible] great excitement over the affair. It is known that there were eight men in the gang, two escaped, one is dead and five are in jail. The fifth man was arrested Thursday morning when he called at the jail to see the others. He is a brother to the man who was killed.

A Hero of the Revolution.

Memorial exercises were held at noon Saturday at General Nathaniel Greene's monument in Savannah, by a delegation of Rhode Island editors, in commemoration of the heroic services to his country of the revolutionary patriot. The monument in Savannah is the only memorial to General Greene except in the hall of representatives at Washington. Addresses were made by the members, and participated in by the city authorities; Sons of the Revolution, Daughters of the Revolution and other historical societies. The Cheatham artillery, which fired the salute at the burial of General Greene in 1786, was represented by a detachment.

Jealousy Incites Murder.

George Smith and James Frazier, Jr., were in love with the same girl, and both were jealous. They met in a saloon near the mouth of Quicksand, Ky., Friday, and while under the influence of liquor engaged in a quarrel. Frazier knocked Smith down. Bystanders interfered and Smith left the saloon. He met on the outside the elder Frazier and William Smith, also a relative of his rival. Without any warning he leveled his pistol, which he carried in his hand, and after shooting both men at close range, continued his flight. The two victims had nothing to do with the fight, nor had they any knowledge of it.

Street Robbery in Chattanooga.

Mrs. T. McLellan and daughter were walking on Cedar street, Chattanooga about 6 o'clock Saturday evening, when a negro seized her around the waist and attempted to wrench her purse from her hand. She held to it, screaming, and her daughter tried to make the scoundrel release her. Several men on West Ninth street, attracted by the cries of the ladies, ran to their aid. As they approached the villain fled and had not, at last accounts been captured. The brave woman saved her purse.

COULD ONLY EAT PEPTONOIDS

BUT PINK PILLS MADE IT POSSIBLE TO EAT ANYTHING.

Get Your Digestion Right and Your Health Will Take Care of Itself.

From the Star, Washington, D. C.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills miraculously cured me of two diseases and have otherwise done me a vast amount of good," said Mrs. E. A. Meeker, of No. 207 Third street, Southeast Washington, D. C., to a *Star* reporter to-day.

"For many years I was a sufferer from muscular rheumatism in its worst form, and in addition had stomach trouble to such an extent that for a long time I could eat nothing stronger than beef peptonoids. The rheumatism commenced in my back and not only extended into my left arm, almost paralyzing it from the shoulder to the elbow, but attacked my hips and limbs with such vehemence that it was impossible for me to go out on the street without being supported by an attendant.

"I was attended by four different physicians—not all at one time—of both the allopathic and homeopathic schools, and there were times when I was covered from my neck to my feet with porous or some other kind of plasters, for I tried everything of the sort that was recommended by my friends.

"During the greater part of this time my husband and son were urging me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but I steadily refused to do so.

"About two years or two and a half years ago the physician who was then attending me, and I have had none since, said to me, 'Mrs. Meeker, there is no use for me to come and see you any more; you have muscular rheumatism, a disease incident to old age, and you cannot be cured. I will give you some iron for your blood, and when this prescription runs out you can get it renewed. If you get much worse you can send for me, but I will not again call until I am summoned.'

"Of course I was much discouraged, but still I tried a noted massage treatment thoroughly, but without the slightest effect. At last my husband persuaded me to try the Pink Pills.

"I want to say that when I began taking the Pink Pills it was without the least faith in their efficacy for good or belief that they would benefit me, but simply to please my husband and son by taking something. However, I took them as directed by the makers, and about the end of the month I found to my great surprise that my stomach was so much better that I had no longer to subsist on beef peptonoids, but could begin to indulge in more solid food.

"So I told my husband that as the Pink Pills were evidently doing me good, I would try them for another month.

"I continued to use them as directed and during the second month my eyesight, which had been very bad for a long time, began to improve, and it was much more pleasant for me to go on the street, though I still had to be attended on account of my weak limbs.

"How many boxes of the Pink Pills I took in all I could not begin to tell, as there were periods when I would stop using them for a week at a time. But from the time I commenced until I felt I could safely cease taking them was about fifteen months.

"Sometime after my eyesight began to grow better, my memory, which had been defective and caused me much trouble for a long time, returned and became as good as when as I was many years younger. During the period to which I refer I had great difficulty in remembering where I had put anything, but as I said before, this trouble entirely disappeared and has never returned, while my eyesight also continues excellent.

"My long continued illness had reduced my weight from between 130 and 140 pounds to 112 pounds, but while I was taking the Pink Pills I gained thirty pounds, and I now weigh 138 pounds.

"Some of my friends freely asserted that my flesh, as they noticed my increasing weight, was not solid and predicted that I would speedily lose it. Such, however, has not been the case, although I have not taken any of the pills since last December. All my rheumatism having by that time disappeared, since which time I have had no return of the dread complaint. I have been told that the disease will visit me again, but if it does, I shall again resort to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"With my experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I have not hesitated to recommend them to others who were afflicted. My niece, who lives near Hillsboro, Loudoun County, Va., suffered for a long time with a peculiar disease of the hips and limbs. I believed the medicine which did me so much good would cure her also, and I bought three boxes of them and sent to her. She took them and was cured completely of her complaint."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

A CENTURY BEHIND.

Spain Is Far in the Rear in the March of Progress.

In Spain, a century behind the rest of the world, machinery has not been introduced; everything is done by man[illegible]. The tillers of the soil often have [illegible] distances to their work. Cottages are [illegible] far between; the plains are far-reaching. They start before daybreak and return after nightfall. Tired with their long day they make a frugal meal and then go to bed. Of home they really see nothing except on Sunday, their only day of rest and leisure. Very picturesque they look standing in groups about the villages, dressed in the long cloak that often sits upon them as gracefully as upon the noble.

Most of the people work in the fields, men, women and children; and not infrequently overwork themselves into ill-health and shortened lives. All are simple and primitive, happy as people living under a warm sun and generous climate generally are. Wisdom has taught them not to expect the impossible, and they are easily contented. Fun and laughter, a light heart and gay temperament are the characteristics of the dwellers in the plains; healthy lives and influences which bear good fruit.

As a result of their toil many an acre, many a mile of the plain country will be seen at certain seasons gorgeous with the yellow flower of the saffron. This is in great demand in Spain; no kitchen is without a large supply, and it is said to cause the ugly yellow tinge that often distinguishes the Spanish features. Other crops grown on the plains are Indian maize in great abundance, and garbanzos, or chick peas. The latter forms almost the staple food of the peasantry, and is supposed to have been brought into the country by the Carthagenians. This also will be found in most of the Spanish kitchens, laying the foundation to many of their dishes.

Come West For Your Seed.

That's what we say, because it's the best. Salzer's Wisconsin grown seeds are bred to earliness and produce the earliest vegetables in the world. Right alongside of other seedsmen's earliest, his are twenty days ahead! Just try his earliest peas, radishes, lettuce, cabbage, etc. He is the largest grower of farm and vegetable seeds, potatoes, grasses, clover, etc.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c. postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. postage. (A. C.)

Vermont is being systematically stocked with various species of game birds from other States and lands, under the direction of a department of the State Game Commission. A few days ago a number of Mongolian pheasants, which have been introduced in several Pacific States with much success, were received at the headquarters of the commission. The birds are to be kept in confinement and the eggs distributed in various parts of the State. The eggs will be set under domestic hens, and the young pheasants will, at the proper time, be set free in the forests. A consignment of Virginia quails and sharp-tail grouse is now on its way to Vermont to be used for the same purpose.

A careless London bicyclist has been indicted for manslaughter, convicted and sentenced to four months' imprisonment. He was riding down a hill on a dark night without a lantern, and ran into and killed a pedestrian. The four months' imprisonment carries hard labor with it. It is to be hoped, observes the New Orleans Picayune, that this incident will be borne in mind by wheelmen and police justices of this country, even though it cannot be regarded as establishing a precedent for the latter to follow. A lesson of severe character is needed by numerous riders here, who are disposed to go at breakneck speed without regard to the rights of anybody else. If serious results should follow their recklessness, it is certain that they should be dealt with harshly, both by judges and juries.

Professor Thwing says that fifty-five per cent. of college women wed.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4%

Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

Second Hand
TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.

Large size, cost $400, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

Apply at once to
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ATLANTA, GA.

ASTHMA
POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC
Gives relief in FIVE minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One Box sent post-paid on receipt of $1.00. Six boxes $5.00. Address THOS. POPHAM, PHILA., PA.

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

OPIUM [illegible] WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 4, 1896.

shake it off

The general belief among doctors is that consumption itself is very rarely inherited. But the belief is becoming stronger that the tendency to consumption is very generally transmitted from parent to child. If there has been consumption in the family, each member should take special care to prepare the system against it. Live out doors; keep the body well nourished; and treat the first indication of failing health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is a fat-producing food and nerve-tonic. Its use is followed by improved nutrition, richer blood, stronger nerves and a more healthy action of all the organs. It strengthens the power of the body to resist disease. If you have inherited a tendency to weak lungs, shake it off.

JUST AS GOOD IS NOT SCOTT'S EMULSION.

25 YEARS IN THE POULTRY YARD
108 pp. 31st Ed. Written and sold by a farmer and Poultry man of 50 years experience. A plain practical system, easily learned. Describes their diseases, how to make hens lay. Cholera, Gapes & Roup you need not have. Price 25c. stamps. A Free Cat'l. A. M. LANG, Box 321, Chicago, Ill.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Charles S. Patterson, the publisher of *Newspaperdom*, says that it is not often that he gets so enthusiastic as he does over Ripans Tabules. Almost with the regularity of clockwork he used to feel, at about eleven o'clock, that something had gone wrong with his breakfast; especially was this true if he had had a nervous night, as is no uncommon thing with head-workers. "My stomach," said Mr. Patterson, "is under the standard as to strength, and it seems at these times [illegible] efficiently, and finally to stop. Clouds come before my vision and a slight nausea is felt. Then I reach out for my Ripans. (Years of the sort of thing related have made me know the symptoms as well as my name.) Down goes one of the blessed little concentrated boons, and in a few minutes the visual clouds lift, discomfort passes away, stomach apparently resumes operations, and at 12.30 or 1 o'clock I go out for my usual rather hearty luncheon—all in delightful contrast with my former practically ruined afternoons—that I sought to escape by fasting and various [illegible]."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to [illegible] what it was. [illegible] January 1st [illegible] Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

Be Sure

'Tis pure Cocoa, and not made by the so-called "Dutch Process." Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is absolutely pure—no chemicals.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

SALZER'S VEGETABLE SEEDS

Are recognized as the best for all soils and climes, whether North or South, because they

Sprout Quickly, Grow Vigorously, Produce Enormously!

[illegible]

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Build a fort around your health with
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

GUARANTEE

[illegible]

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1896. NO. 14.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

NOW BELONG TO THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Possession Should Be Taken at Once—Over $140,000,000 Owing by These Railroads to the United States—Why Not Proceed to Foreclose?

[illegible] issued by the United States to the Pacific railroads are falling due.

In 1862 congress voted bonds in aid of the Union Pacific, Central Pacific, Kansas Pacific, Western Pacific, and Sioux City & Pacific railroads to the extent of sixteen thousand dollars per mile in the level districts, and forty-eight thousand dollars per mile in the mountainous districts, the government to have a first lien on the roads and rolling stock and other appurtenances to secure the repayment of the bonds and interest. The bonds were made payable thirty years after date and were issued as the roads were constructed.

Two years later congress passed an act authorizing the companies to give a first mortgage to private parties for an amount equal to the government aid and making the government's claim a second lien.

The act provided that in case of default in payment of the bonds when due the secretary of the treasury might take possession of the roads for the use and benefit of the United States.

The peculiar wording of the act declared that the payment of interest did not work a forfeiture.

Bonds to the amount of $64,623,512 were issued by the government and delivered to the companies.

The government has paid interest on these bonds to the amount of $105,698,926. The companies have paid none of the principal; they have paid only about one-hundredth of the interest in cash. They have received a credit on account of transportation service for the government of $27,954,714.

So the account stands as follows:

PACIFIC RAILROADS—DR.

To bonds ....$ 64,623,512.00
To interest paid by U. S...105,698,926.00

$170,322,438.00

CR.

By cash ...$ 1,103,618.00
By transportation .27,954,714.00

$ 29,058,333.00

$141,264,105.00

Over one hundred and forty million dollars owing by these roads to the United States.

The first installment of interest on these bonds was paid by the government twenty-nine years ago. This should have been repaid by the railroads at that time, but they did not repay it, and in the government's account with the roads no interest upon interest is charged to the roads.

Were they charged with interest upon interest, that is, if the interest were compounded, the amount due the government would figure up 340 million dollars. Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, who was on the Pacific railroads investigation committee, reported that the fact the law did not specify defaulted interest should bear interest was worth to the roads one hundred and ninety-nine mi[illegible]rs.

The schemers who engineered the Pacific railroad project got from the government in bonds and lands more than enough to construct the roads.

The actual cost is fixed by Gov. Pattison at $9[illegible],000. The value of the land grante[illegible] estimated by Gov. Pattison wa[illegible]. This added to the bon[illegible] $129,000,000, or $34,000,000 more than the roads actually cost.

The actual net earnings of the roads that is, receipts from freight and passenger fares, over and above expenses—amounted to the stupendous sum of $27[illegible],000,000 at the time Gov. Pattison made his report, some eight years ago.

These roads have robbed the people without mercy by excessive freight charges, notwithstanding the people's money built and paid for every particle of the roads. Wayfarers with little or no money have become worth tens of millions after living in kingly splendor for thirty years, all out of these roads.

The bonds are now falling due and the roads are not paying them. The roads go to the government under the law, and the secretary of the treasury has the right without suit or delay to take possession.

Let it be done, and let it be shown that Uncle Sam can run a railroad and make it a great public blessing as well as he can a postal system.—Missouri World

Jingoism.

Ex-Gov. St. John, of Kansas, utters the following view of the Venezuelan trouble:

It is shallow jingoism, pure and simple. Mr Cleveland's Venezuela message was merely to touch American patriotism to draw their attention from financial plundering going on. And the gold-bug republicans and wall street democrats are cheek-by-jowl with him. The idea of all this furore over a boundary dispute between Venezuela and England is the veriest bosh.

"The idea of sounding tom-toms over British boundary dispute between Venezuela and English comes with bad grace from those who encouraged acquisitions right in our own country, by English syndicates, realities aggregating more in acreage than six of the New England states.

"Why, even within the past few weeks," said the governor, "British lords have acquired whole counties in area in Indiana and Illinois and the west. They own our bonds, they own our railroads, our principal industries, and dictate our financial policies. And the very men who are crying "fire" are the ones who knuckle and truckle most to British demands in our monetary system. They don't want war, they have no intention of precipitating war. It's jingoism."

INTEREST A THIEF.

Its Power to Concentrate the Country's Wealth Nearly Unlimited.

The power of interest to accumulate is not appreciated as it should be. When it is, there can be no question but that an intelligent people will refuse to continue a system fraught with such a terrible danger to the progress of civilization and the welfare of humanity. The following table will demonstrate the terrible rapidity with which compound interest accumulates as the rate per cent increases:

$1	100 yrs.	at	1	per cent,	$2.75
"	"	"	" 2	"	7.25
"	"	"	" 2½	"	11.75
"	"	"	" 3	"	19.25
"	"	"	" 3½	"	31.25
"	"	"	" 4	"	50.50
"	"	"	" 4½	"	81.50
"	"	"	" 5	"	131.50
"	"	"	" 6	"	340.00
"	"	"	" 7	"	868.00
"	"	"	" 8	"	2,203.00
"	"	"	" 9	"	5 543.00
"	"	"	" 10	"	13,809.00
"	"	"	" 12	"	84,675.00
"	"	"	" 15	"	1,174,405.00
"	"	"	" 18	"	12,145,007.00
"	"	"	" 24	"	2,551,779,404.00

Another practical illustration is to compare the man at work with the dollar at interest. At first thought it would seem ridiculous to make the comparison with even one man but we shall make it with all the producers of the world pitted against one dollar.

In 1890, after almost 400 years of labor of many millions of people, the total accumulation of wealth of the nation was about $62,500,000,000. This included a large amount of wealth brought to this country by immigrants; it also included the vast value of lands, forests, mines, etc., which we did not produce, but found ready for our use.

With the great shrinkage in values that has since occurred the total accumulation would probably be less than $50,000,000,000.

Now suppose that Christopher Columbus when he landed in America had started a bank on a capital of one dollar, loaning the money at the rate of ten per cent, compounding at the end of every three months, as is the usual custom with banks where they do not charge the interest in advance.

The capital would double every seven years, and by 1890 would have accumulated $143,603,198,813,228,032.

As a wealth accumulator the dollar proves far superior to the most ingenious and industrious people; occupying the most fertile country on earth. Great are the United States of America, Great are the American people.

But 2,872,064 times greater is the Shylock dollar at ten per cent. interest.

Another comparison which will come closer home will be to anticipate the result for the future by comparing the power of the banks to accumulate through production.

How long can the people keep ahead of the banks?

How long until the banks own the people and the nation?

We will take as the basis of our circulation the average increase of the wealth of the nation during the period from 1880 to 1890 as per census reports, and will ignore the great shrinkage of values already a fact.

Assume (an assumption not warranted by the facts or prospects) that the nation will enjoy the same degree of prosperity as in the past decade, with an annual increase of three per cent per annum and no financial depressions, panics or set-backs; the producers with a full head of steam on and sails set to a favorable breeze; the drones quietly and placidly clipping ten per cent. interest coupons.

From the report of the comptroller of the currency for 1892, page 45, we find that the national banks had loaned out at interest (including stocks and bonds) $2,509,000,000; (page 85), state banks, loan and trust companies, savings banks and private banks (6 per cent not reporting) the amount was $3,145,000,000, or a total for the banks of $5,654,000,000. The result by seven year periods would be as follows:

	Nation's Wealth.	Bankers' Wealth.
1892	$ 66,306,250,000	$ 5,654,000,000
1899	82,188,953,986	11,308,000,000
1906	101,082,036,427	22,616,000,000
1913	124,318,167,160	45,232,000,000
1920	152,895,675,383	90,464,000,000
1927	188,042,405,297	180,928,000,000
1934	251,256,847,012	361,856,000,000

When we take into consideration the fact that all values have decreased fully 25 per cent during the past three years instead of increasing at the rate of three per cent per annum, and the further fact of the vast amount of interest collected by insurance companies, land loaning syndicates, dividends of railroads and other corporations, it is evident that the nation cannot stand the strain for another twenty years.

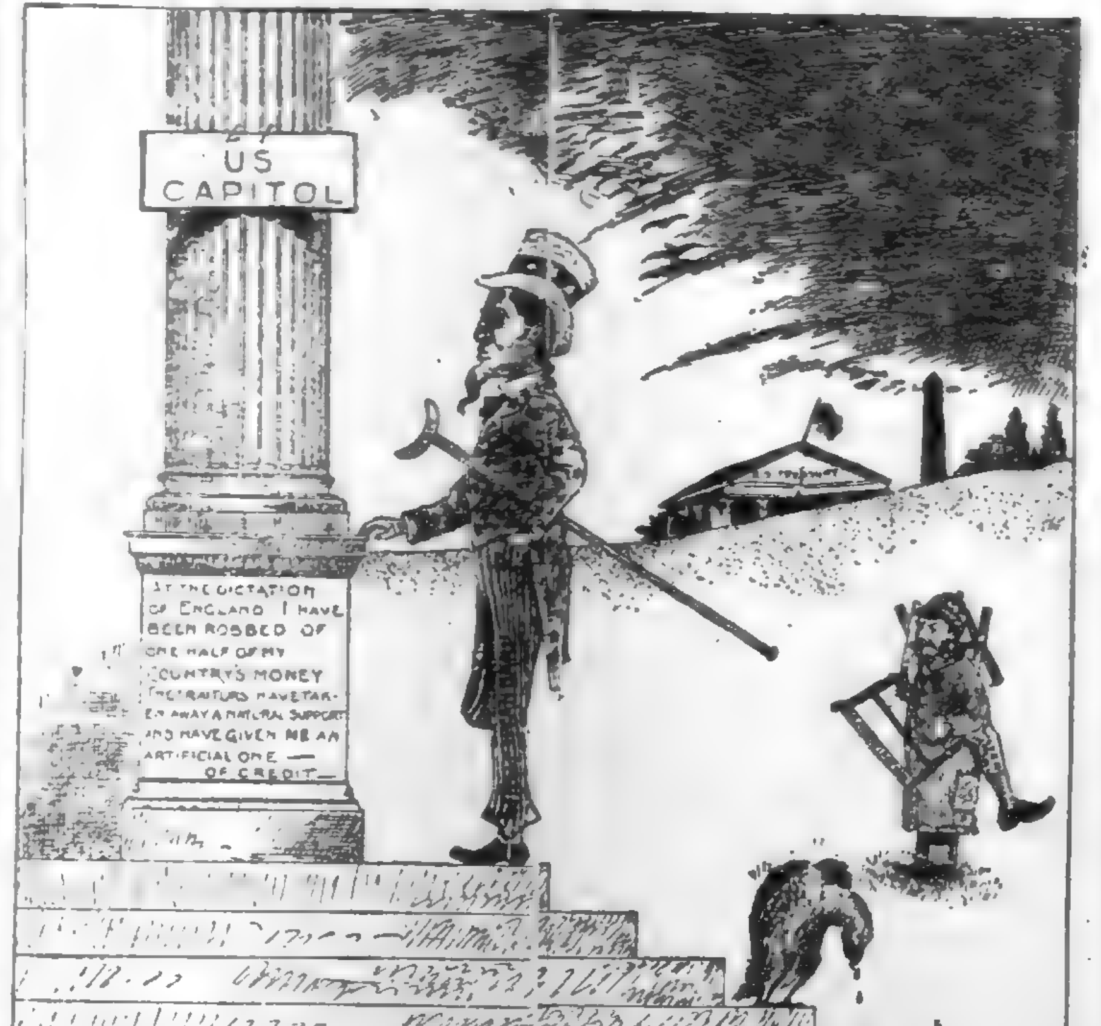
Interest must be abolished or we perish as a nation.—Dakota Ruralist.

Increasing the Dose.

The dose is growing larger. Two years ago the legal thieves were almost afraid to issue even a small batch of bonds. They feared the people would not stand it. They knew it was an imposition, an uncalled for, unnecessary, fraudulent proceeding and expected a great roar, but they ventured a $50,000,000 issue. The people roared. When that wore off a little they tried another 50 million batch and the roar was weaker. Then we had to swallow the 62 million steal, and now they venture a $100,000,000 purse. The people are getting used to it, and in a short time will be expected to submit to a $200,000,000 yoke and then $500,000,000 and so on, until the $1,000,000,000 program is completed. Well, who blames the money power? The people are oysters and go on voting for it.—Iowa Tribune.

If the war was as sure as the bonds and taxes somebody would get whipped.

UNCLE SAM WILL SOON BE ALL RIGHT.


US CAPITOL
AT THE DICTATION OF ENGLAND I HAVE BEEN ROBBED OF ONE HALF OF MY COUNTRY'S MONEY THE TRAITORS HAVE TAKEN AWAY A NATURAL SUPPORT AND HAVE GIVEN ME AN ARTIFICIAL ONE — OF CREDIT —

Uncle Sam is very foolish to bewail so small a matter as the loss of his silver leg. He does not seem to be posted in "sound" finance. He is actually so ignorant as to think that it would be better for him to use his own silver than to borrow gold.—National Bimetallist.

NATIONAL LEGION.

An Appeal for a More Perfect Organization.

With the dawn of the New Year I again remind those who desire reform; who want the restoration of silver coinage; who want to preserve the sacred greenbacks; who want to free the nation from British dictation and deliver the people from all similar entangling alliances with foreign governments and potentates; who want to curb the usurped powers of the courts; who want to prevent the president from combining all authority of a mikado, czar, or emperor in his person; who desire to overthrow the dominion of the banks and corporations over our land; who want to save their homes, see labor employed and happiness and content reign in place of gaunt, hollow-eyed despair and desperation, and who hope to bring about this glad result, and all who are earnestly seeking the enthroning of an era of prosperity, that they must organize at once. Not another moment must be lost. We cannot wait any longer. We must at the beginning of 1896 commence to do our duty. If every one of over two million voters should give a day and a dime to the cause, victory would be ours in 1896. It is useless to seek a wiser and better plan. The Legion combines all of the machinery that is needed for the work of the campaign. It enlists the recruits, it drills the voters, it allies the women and young people, it guards the ballot box; it for[illegible] a fair count; its members stand by each other and uphold the honor and glory of the party. All of the hundred ways of organizing simply divide and enable the enemy to conquer.

I think our people are thoroughly convinced that the Legion furnishes the method of work absolutely needed. The little book of J. D. Botkin I have commended shows exactly how to do the work.

We want an organized band of zealous missionaries seeking converts far and wide on a definite an[illegible] certed plan. It is too [illegible] devise another plan. [illegible] recruiting officer already appointed and furnished with supplies would go to work, the [illegible]est would be great. It is folly to wait and look for another way or to try to revive the dead. If the people will not at once, without the loss of an hour, go to work with energy, victory will be postponed until 1900. It will be criminal to dally longer. We must encourage a spirit of self-sacrifice. If we win we must have our best workers give time and energy to the work. Any live man or woman can organize anywhere.

The people are ready; but they wait for the sluggish leaders. With a perfect organization in all the states, we need never fear the wiles of the enemy. We can resist every assault if we are ready for the fray. We have a vast majority in our favor. The ranks of labor alone could win. Farmers could slay the hostile band at the polls. The stay-at-home vote, discontented and disgusted, could overthrow Wall street. Our divisions in a multitude of discordant bands render it easy to whip us in detail. I firmly believe all the elements desiring reform will unite, but they will not if we offer to surrender our organization and betray our platform in advance. We can overcome the world and annihilate the flesh, and destroy the devil if we have sense enough to organize the Legion. It is hard to wake the dead. In this work it would need 10,000 Gabriels with trumpets that could be heard round the world to arouse the sleeping people. They act like Sampson after Delilah took away his strength. They do not know their power. We fear when they do awake it will be too late and they will only destroy the temple.

We invoke the aid of every patriotic, of each high-souled man and woman, who wants to bring back the spirit of the fathers, who wants to give liberty and work to all, who wants to turn back the tide of ignorance drifted on our shores by the enemies of free government, who wants to overthrow forever the foreign vandal hands that seek to destroy the land our heroic ancestors gave us, who would rather die than be enslaved, and is willing to give all his or her time, if need be, to bring back honor, love, prosperity and patriotism.

I also desire to give notice that I have accepted the position of editor-in-chief of the Nation, a monthly magazine, published at Omaha, Neb., by the Union Publishing company, which will publish for the information of the Legion all orders and circulars. Its "silver article" alone for January will be worth the cost of the magazine. It will have articles on all phases of reform and will teach true patriotism and love of country. It will be the organ of no organization, but will have something good for all. It will be sent for one ($1.00) dollar per annum. Liberal commission to agents. It will be invaluable for all members of the Legion, as I have already arranged for articles from all our leading writers. Address me at Omaha, Neb.

PAUL VAN DERVOORT.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Well, Grover wants to sell some more bonds. The farmers and workingmen will, of course, hail this news with joy. This affords another opportunity for them to make a profitable investment of the money they have saved from raising 40 cent wheat, 15 cent corn and 5 cent cotton. The farmer who has been losing sleep on account of being compelled to deposit his savings in a bank that might break or suspend at any time, now has the opportunity to invest them safely. Of course the loan is only for $100,000,000 and will be quickly taken up by the farmers, so if you want to get part of it you must be in a hurry. As the denomination of bonds are as low as $50 any farmer or workingman can afford to own several of them. If you haven't got the money right handy to take a $50 bond you might sell two or three horses, or three or four hundred bushels of corn.

* * *

The United States is ri[illegible] ural resources tha[illegible] nation in the world, [illegible] m the market borrow[illegible] money to sustain itself. If th[illegible] no other evidence against the two old parties who have had the administration of affairs for thirty years than this alone it would be sufficient to convict them of incapacity, if not dishonesty. Any man who has the management of a fertile farm or well stocked store, with all the advantages of seasons and trade in his favor, and who has to be constantly increasing his indebtedness to keep the farm or store running, would be called a bad manager.

But there is a sentimentality or prejudice in politics that seems to cover up all these deficiencies. The United States is the only government in the world that uses gold as money, that will furnish it for export. To make gold the standard of payment and then to throw the treasury open to the sharks who export it from the country is a piece of folly so palpable that a blind man ought to see it, and every honest man ought to repudiate it.

* * *

The congress of the United States is in a pretty mess. It might appropriately be divided up into several classes. There are those who can do and won't do; those who would do but can't do; those who could do but are afraid to do; those who never try to do, and those who don't care a straw whether they do or not. The house is Republican by 135 majority over all. The senate has 41 Republicans, 38 Democrats and six Populists, with the organization in the hands of the Republicans. The white house is tory, of course—anything for the bankers and his friends. The house has not been charged with any intentions to pass any good measure of relief for the people. The senate has made a feint or two in the right direction, but if some good measure should run the gauntlet it would be killed in the house. If, by any chance of good fortune it should pass both houses the president would veto it. Summing up the situation, it looks now like the present congress would do nothing but talk and draw its salary.

It is well for the public to remember that the Democratic administration is issuing bonds under a Republican made law.

The cuckoos and goldbugs, like the money they advocate, are so "good in Europe" that America would be better off without them.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

New Postoffice.

Oakley is a new postoffice in Jackson county, J. C. Hughes postmaster.

Real Estate in Cullman.

First avenue property in Cullman brought $30 a front foot recently.

Safe Burglarized.

The safe of the Alabama Cotton Oil company was burglarized on Saturday night and robbed of $53. It was evidently done by some one who knew the place.

Populist Conevntion.

The executive committee of the people's party met in Birmingham Thursday and appointed April 28 for the meeting of a state convention of the party at Montgomery.

Republican Convention.

The republican executive committee in session in Birmingham Thursday agreed on a resolution calling a state convention to meet in Montgomery on the 28th of April.

Better Raise Stock at Home.

There has been delivered at the depot in Eufaula, since the middle of September, thirty-two car loads of stock and the number sold is estimated at from 825 to 850 head.

Good Price for Land.

Eighty acres of land belonging to the Mann estate was sold Monday for over $1,200 cash. This land lies near Nanafalia in this county, and was bought by E. C. Dozier and James Pritchett, two of Marengo county's best citizens.

Democratic Convention.

The state executive committee of the democratic party met in Montgomery on Tuesday and appainted April 21, for the day and the city of Montgomery the place for the meeting of the convention to nominate candidates for governor and other state officers.

Accident at Bozeman.

The log train at Mobley's mill ran off the track Thursday and several casualties were the result. The engineer had his arm broken and was badly hurt, one negro was killed outright and a white man was fatally hurt. It was a deplorable accident.

Heavy Rains in Marengo.

It has rained for several days and the Chickasabogue creek is higher than it has been in ten years. The mails south and west failed to get more than a mile from town, and the mails to Demopolis failed this morning, the first time since the present contractor took the route, nearly four years ago.

Athens Female College.

Dr. Z. A. Parker took charge of the Athens Female College about November 1st, 1895, with thirteen day pupils in attendance and not a boarder in the college. Now he has ninety-five pupils in attendance and enough have made arrangements to come to run the membership up to one hundred.

Cyclone, Rain and Hail.

Quite a cyclone passed over Dixons Mill neighborhood last Wedne[illegible] blowing trees and fences [illegible] lives were lost. [illegible] were hail [illegible] the storm. [illegible] stones that fell in Linden were as large as a partridge egg. Many fell about Octagon, as large as a guinea egg.

Question of Location Settled.

The location of the State Industrial School for White Girls is at last settled. Montevallo, through her executive committee—H. C. Reynolds, W. S. Cary and E. S. Lyman—has paid over to the state board of trustees the sum of $9,000 and delivered the deeds to the magnificent property which was donated by the citizens to the school.

Uxorcide and Suicide.

On Friday night last, about 9 o'clock, John H. Goodwin, a farmer, of Shelby county, in a fit of mental derangement, shot his wife. She fell and instantly expired. He then put the muzzle of the gun against his own abdomen and, pushing the trigger with a stick, shot himself, and, falling across his wife's body, expired. Two children, aged 5 and 8, witnessed the terrible tragedy.

Big Grain Elevator.

Mobile is to have a 250,000 bushel elevator within the next 100 days, the contract for which was awarded Saturday evening. The bonus of $15,000 was raised Friday night and is now in bank on deposit to be paid over upon the completion of the elevator. It will be located opposite the new slip of the Mobile and Ohio road, and will be accessible to all railroads entering Mobile.

Long Distance Telephone.

The long distance telephone line between Oakman, Jasper, Corona, Patton, Coal Valley, Blossburg, Horse Creek and Birmingham, has been completed and is now ready for use. The line belongs to the Oakman Long Distance Telephone company, and they have made arrangements with the Bell Telephone company in Birmingham so that subscribers of the latter can get connection with the places named above at any time.

A Question of Veracity.

Judge Robinson, of Lee county, contesting the seat of Congressman Harrison from the Third Alabama district, in an affidavit, states that Governor Oates made a proposition to him that if he would abandon the contest against Harrison the impeachment proceedings against him (Robinson) as probate judge of Lee county would be withdrawn. Governor Oates pronounces this statement as absolutely untrue, and today forwarded an affidavit to that effect, for use before the committee on elections of the house of representatives.

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Birmingham, Ala.

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is a pretty, useful article selected from our immense stock of

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Special attention to mail orders

Barges on the W[illegible]

Two barges [illegible] the Black W[illegible] company and [illegible] for the transportation [illegible] from the Tuscaloosa coal fields.

Immigrants Occupying the Land.

The western portion of Escambia county is on a small boom. The lands in that section are being divided off into lots suitable for truck farming and many northern people are buying and settling there, a great many nice cottages having been built for them.

Industrial Progress of Eufaula.

If natural adaptation is any index of destiny then Eufaula will ultimately become the workshop of southeastern Alabama. The material is now on the ground preparatory to damming the waters of the Chewalla creek, and they will be utilized in operating the large bagging factory plant which has been closed down for several years, but is to soon start up for permanent work in the future. In addition to this the proprietors propose to erect a large grist mill and ginnery to be run by the same power and other small manufacturing industries are spoken of in connection with it.

White-cappers Convicted.

Attorney-General Fitts was in Wetumpka last week assisting Solicitor Brewer in prosecuting the white-cappers, Josephus Jowers, John Edwards and John Morgan, who were charged with murdering Rufus Swindal, colored, in Elmore county, in March, 1895. After a long and hard fight by the attorneys on both sides, the case was submitted to the jury Wednesday night about 7 o'clock. Thursday about 11 o'clock the jury brought in their verdict. They found Josephus Jowers and John Edwards guilty of murder in the second degree, and fixed their punishment at ten years in the penitentiary. John Morgan was acquitted.

Industrial progress in Florence.

The Florence Pump and Lumber company will increase its fore of hands on February 1 to 100 men. The company is doing a larger business this year than ever before. All of the manufacturing establishments in Florence appear to be prospering. The Cherry Cotton mills are running night and day in order to keep up with their increasing business. The Florence Wagon works are doing remarkably well and are working a large force of hands. The plaining mills and lumber dealers say the demand for building matersal has been greater during the past four months than for several years and a still greater demand is expected in the spring.

Industrial School for Negro Girls.

Work has begun in earnest on the Industrial School for Negro Girls on the mountain just east of Oxanna, which is to be built and endowed by a wealthy widow lady of Philadelphia, who is represented by her brother, Rev. George A. Marr. The contract for the main building has been let. This building will be four stories in height, 67x175 feet, which includes a wing at each end. The first two stories will be of stone and the other two of brick, the stone being secured from a quarry within 1,000 yards of the site of the building. The cost of this building will be some $40,000. Grading for the foundations has already begun. It is hoped to have the structure completed by the 1st of September.

Industrial—Fort Payne.

The Standard Lime company is pushing its business along quite nicely, and in a few months expect to have all three kilns in operation.

The Standard Stone works is doing a big business, considering the length of time it has been in existence and the general depression in finance all over the country. However, it is now behind with orders and in a short time the foundry will be put to its fullest capacity, thereby giving employment to a much larger number of hands.

The work at the steel mills is progressing rather rapidly, considering the inclemency of the weather, and it is only a question of a few days when everything will be in readiness for operation.

The Valley's Flooded.

A steady rain has been falling in lower Mississippi for over a week, and as a result the creeks and rivers have been converted into inland seas. The reports from various points state that farms and plantations have been inundated, fences destroyed, bridges swept away. The damage to property will reach a considerable sum. The railroads are also great sufferers and the delay in traffic on some of them is serious. The Iron Mountain, which runs through a swampy country, in eastern Arkansas, is under water in several places.

Disasters by Fire.

On Saturday morning a fire broke out in the top story of a tall building, in Cleveland, O., occupied by several firms, resulting in damages to the amount of between $30,000 and $40,000.

On Saturday night the plant of the Champion Blower and Forge company at Lancaster, Pa., was burned. Loss $80,000; insurance $60,000.

Cotton Mill Burned.

The Stevens Cotton mill, belonging to the assigned estate of H. S. Shirk & Sons, of Lancaster, Pa., was completely destroyed by fire Saturday morning. Loss $60,000; insurance $37,000.

WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

We desire a correspondent at every post office in the county.

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their notice, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

We wish to call the attention of advertisers to the fact that the BANNER has by far the largest circulation of any paper in Chilton county. Any paper claiming a larger circulation is guilty of misrepresentation and an intention to defraud.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper

REMEMBER THE BANNER IS THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN CHILTON COUNTY.

THE People's Party State Executive Committee met at Birmingham last Thursday and Capt. R. F. Kolb was asked to preside temporarily. J. C. King acted as secretary pro tem. Chairman S. M. Adams' resignation was accepted and G. B. Deans, of Shelby, was elected in his place. Twenty-five members of the committee were present and vacancies were filled as follows: Fourth District—C. F. Dodson, of Cleburne. Eighth District—J. J. Turrentine, of Limestone, and C. W. Hunt, of Jackson. On motion of Mr. Baltzell a committee was appointed to confer with the Republican committee in reference to the time and place of calling the State Conventions of the respective parties. The chair appointed Frank Baltzell, R. F. Kolb, J. M. Whitehead, I. L[illegible] and E. C. Jackson to be of the committee. [illegible] was agreed by the conference committee that a convention of each party should meet at 12 m., in seperate halls, in the city of Montgomery, on April 28 proximo. It was further recommended that beat meetings, primary elections and county conventions to select delegates to the State Convention be held prior to April 11, 1896.

It was voted thas all lawful voters who favor the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, the abolition of national banks and the increase of the volume of money by the national government, who favor a free ballot and a fair count, and who are opposed to an increase of the national debt by the sale of interest bearing bonds to keep up a reserve, and who will pledge themselves to support the candidates nominated by the Populists for State and county offices, are invited to come into these primaries and assist us in nominations and selecting delegates

THAT gold bug cyclone last week played the very mischief. It started in the gulf, and as it came through Mobile unceremoniously brushed Dick Clarke aside as if he was nobody and never had had gubernatorial aspirations. It gathered force as it came north and reaching the capital city it struck the Montgomery Advertiser such a mighty blow that it is doubtful if the old girl will ever get over it. But its culminating point was Clanton. It rattled the windows of the post office, and meeting our much esteemed friend Dr. Stewart, who was intently figuring how his vote and that of Postmaster Garner could be made to count more than two from Chilton county for the honorable Dick it fairly doubled him up and knocked all the breath out of him. He is better now, thank you. Then it struck the Chilton View and knocked it clean out of sight, so that it has not been seen or heard of since. And that is the last of the View.

Chairman Deans' Address.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., }
Jan. 24, '96. }

To the Populists of Alabama:

The State Executive Committee of the People's Party of Alabama, in session January 23, was requested by Hon. S. M. Adams to accept his resignation as chairman. The committee recognizing the ability, integrity and fitness of Mr. Adams in the performance of the duties involved in the position he had seen fit to decline to further honor and hold, accepted his resignation with regret and with high appreciation for his services in behalf of the reform movement.

The committee then placed me in the position of trust, honor and responsibility, formerly occupied by Mr. Adams, and, in its acceptance, I ask the the Populites of Alabama to co-operate and advise with me in the discharge of the important work we have undertaken.

At the suggestion and by the request of the State Executive Committee, this address is made that the Populist voters of Alabama may be acquainted with and awakened to the political situation that now confronts the reform movement.

The State campaign is practically at hand and the lines of contest are fast being formed by the political parties in Alabama. The State Executive Committee of the organized Democratic party met January 21, 1896, and formulated its plan of action.

It may be wrong at this time to refer to the resolutions adopted by this committee to inveigle voters who have officiated with the reform movement in Alabama into the snare of ballot box stuffers. The resolutions adopted by the State Committee of the "organized" Democracy and to divert the minds of the defrauded people of Alabama from the ballot box stuffers within that organization and from the fact that this party is controlled by these enemies to honest government.

The record of fraud and usurpation made by the "organized" Democracy speaks in thunder tones to the liberty-loving people of Alabama, a warning that cannot fail to cause them to beware of political associations with a party that has both wronged and robbed them.

This recent action of the "organized" Democratic Executive Committee is no doubt the consummation of a deeply plotted scheme of Captain Johnston, who, let it never be forgotton by the patriotic people of Alabama, was the chief conspirator in the mid-night conclave of the unscrupulous political tricksters, who put into execution a plan, conceived in iniquity, to defraud the people of their choice for Governor in 1890, when an overwhelming majority had expressed themselves for Reuben F. Kolb.

Let it now be remembered that Captain Johnston has publicly declared, although he claims to be in favor of fair and honest elections, that he would support if nominated by the "organized" Democracy, Judge Caffee, of Lowndes county, [illegible]tically declared, over his [illegible] that he had counted 4,999 [illegible] for the "organized" Democ[illegible] and that he would do it again.

Captain Johnston has also declared in public speeches in the State that he favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver and that a gold standard would entail more miseries to the people of this country than all the wars, pestilences and famines, and, in the next breath avows that he would support a gold standard nominee for any office named by his party!

The position held by Richard H. Clarke on the currency question and his advocacy of a single gold standard, with its attending ruin, is plainly known to the Populists of Alabama, who need not be counselled to refuse their support to either him or his policies.

The "organized" committee, at present controlled by the Johnston faction, in its resolutions adopted January 21, invites all voters in Alabama to participate in the primaries of the "organized" Democracy, who will pledge to support the nominees and "principles" of the party. As Johnston advocates the free coinage of silver, as Clarke is a radical goldbug, and, as Knox, the chairman of the "organized" Democratic Committee, is an advocate of the gold standard, and Johnston, a free silver man, claims to control this committee, the voters cannot possibly conceive what the principles of the "organized" Democracy may be when formulated by a hybrid and a mongrel State Convention. The Populists of Alabama, judging the "organized" Democracy by its past record, cannot see in this party but one fixed and agreed policy and principle, but no one can deny the unity of the "organized" Democracy on the question of ballot box stuffing. By record, precedent and practice, the "organized" Demecracy is a ballot box stuffing party.

The reform movement in 1893, seeking to restore peace and liberty to the State, submitted to the Executive Committee of the "organized" Democracy, through its State Executive Committee, a fair, just and equitable proposition to hold a white primary election, in which each party or faction should have representations of its own choice to protect the interests at the polls. The "organized" committee refused to concede or submit to such an honest settlement of the political differences of the people and only make the proposition they have so lately promulgated, because they have the party machinery to again defraud the people.

The "organized" Democracy opens its front doors to admit voters of all parties and the Caffees come in the back doors to fix the election returns.

The Populists of Alabama can not hope for honest elections except by sustaining the reform movement.

The People's party is the only party that is a unit in favor of the free coinage of silver.

All fair-minded, honest and liberty-seeking people of Alabama, who desire to reclaim the State from the corrupt party now dominating it, are appealed to, that the reform movement should have their hearty support.

The prospects for the success of the reform movement in this State were never brighter than now.

By concerted action on the part of all opposition to "organized" Democracy, it is in the power of the people to drive from power this corrupt oligarchy in Alabama and establish a republican form of government in the State.

G. B. DEANS,
Chairman State Executive Committee, People's Party of Alabama.

Jemison Gems.

On the night of the 23 inst. near Rocky Mount, one more home was made sorrowful by the death of Mrs. J. J. Green, after months of suffering from cancer of the tongue.

While we sympathise with the kind husband and children in their great loss, we think they should be reconciled and consoled with the thought of her suffering being ended. She was a faithful member of the methodist church, and a life time member of the Sabbath-school. Yes, her vacant seat will be prominent, for the reason it was never vacant in time of health. Farewell, dear friend, we will soon follow on, one by one as our work is finished here.

May your mantle fall on the shoulders of those whom you have so kindly led through dangers. We expect to meet you across the river. "We have but the one more river to cross."

On 9th inst. Leroy Campbell and wife took charge of a new female boarder. Their intention is to board her at least 18 years. As it is their honest belief there is not another so interesting a personage now living. May be they are entitled to their extravagant notions, we too admire love to strangers, or new comers.

We are sorry to learn that the farmers are laying in so much fertilizers to raise cotton to buy corn with next fall. We believe in home made composte, then put it under corn, potatoes and other roots. Roots and tubers are too much ignore for the prosperity and safety of the farmer. The BANNER should not be neglected.

IGNORAMUS.

* * *

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr F. M. Connell, Jr., of Birmingham, paid us a visit Sunday. [illegible] H. Kendrick has returned [illegible] trip to Montgomery, also [illegible] at Elmore.

Mrs. Sarah [illegible] home last Sunday after spen[illegible] two weeks with her sick daughter at Elmore. She reports that she is not much better yet.

Mrs. Sarah Kendrick came home last Tuesday from Elmore, where she had been staying with her daughter-in-law; went back Friday and will come home before the latter part of next week.

Mr. P. M. Jones visited Bozeman last Monday.

Mr. B. I. Goss is still working on his dwelling.

Mr. E. T. Connell has built a new wagon shelter by the side of his barn.

Master Adelbert Goss went over to Friendship Saturday evening and stayed until Sunday evening. I guess he went to see if he could not find him a little sweetheart.

Little Johnie William Pattillo was with us Sunday for the first time since Xmas. Come again Johnie, we are always glad to see you.

Mr. G. C. Norris and family, of Prattville, have returned home after a week's visit here with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Williams, of Prattville has returned to her home after spending two weeks with her son Mr. M. C. Williams, of this place.

Mr. John Mims, of Swift Creek, visited here Saturday and Sunday.

The entertainment at Mr. T. N. Taylor's Friday night was enjoy by all present.

Who is it that will be so kind as to give us a Valentine party the 14th prox?

The farmers here are tearing down and repairing fences this week.

We are staying at home now, for fear if we don't, the measles will catch us, and take us away.

Mr. H. Kendrick has got out so many boards and piled them side by side, by his yard fence that it has been remarked by several, that it looks like the walls of Jerrico.

Success to THE BANNER, TIM.

Clanton Alliance meets on Saturday before the second and fourth sundays in each month.

BIDS WANTED
For Building a Court House for Chilton County.

Sealed proposals will be received until 12 m. Monday, February 10th, to build a brick court house for Chilton County, at Clanton, Alabama, plans and specifications of which can be seen at the office of the Probate Judge at Clanton. Alabama. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for the sum of One Hundred Dollars to guarantee the successful bidder to enter contract, be marked: "Proposal for Building Court House, at Clanton, Alabama." and addressed to "The Probate Judge, of Chilton County; at Clanton, Alabama." The county reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS CHILTON COUNTY.
Clanton, Ala., Jan. 16th. 1896.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR]

RANDOLPH, Ala., Jan. 25, '96.

Editor BANNER: As I have seen nothing from this part of the county I will write and speak for some of us. Some one has had all to say about the men to fill the offices. I don't mean to fall out with any one for giving their views, but I think a little different from some one on different men. Now, there is S. D. Posey, who is a good man and is crippled so as to disable him from work; he is fully qualified to assess the taxes of Chilton and why not help those who need help. L. B. Pounds is my friend and is fully competent to fill the place and I had as lieve vote for him as any man in our county, but Posey needs help from some source. He only has one leg to walk or work with.

Then there is J. A. Logan, near Clanton, who I believe would make us a good representative in the general assembly. Why not send him to legislate for us? I don't say that these men are the best men in Chilton county, like the man said about his man, but I think they are good men. I have nothing to say about others who have had their names before the people. Another word, you, who write whooping up your friends to the people, let your names come before the world. Why do you want to play snake in the grass. We are strictly People's Party men and want officers who are interested in the good of the people and not so much for the pocket. Some people seem to laud some men for their past business experience, saying they have been tried so put them in again now. Do these fellows think because those parties discharged their duties that others would do the same, or are they the only ones that we can place confidence in? If so, pity Chilton county. I don't think because they have been in office that they should be excluded now, but it should not be, in advantage to those who have had no chance. What has become of Frate, Tom Hide and The Hustler and others? I see some one has broke out from Maplesville for T. J. Hubbard; he is my neighbor. He is all right.

S. E. WALDRUP.

* * *

[illegible]addox Mill.

Mr. J. M[illegible] has ginned 304 bales of cotton [illegible]son.

We are having plenty [illegible] now and water is plentiful.

Misses Alvarado and Emma Maddox took a pleasant trip to the river recently.

Mrs. Ellen Maddox, age 68, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jane Hardy, and she has had a severe spell of pneumonia.

Miss Lueza Headley visited Miss Della Culp last Saturday night and Sunday, after returning home from school.

Mr. Albert Foshee and wife visited Mr. Joner Mim's family last Sunday. Mr. J. E. Littlejohn has built him a new house and put glass windows in it.

A SCHOOL GIRL.

* * *

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M. D. Druggist.

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The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Isabella on 21st day of February.

FRIDAY.

9 a.m. Opening exercises.

9:30 a.m. The best way of impressing upon the minds of the pupils the importance of an education, A. B. Harwood, Miss Cora Smith.

10 a.m. Teachers duties, W. S. Garner, W. C. Robinson.

11:30 a.m. Home and parental duties, B. D. Wilson, J. M. Massey.

2 p.m. Should country schools be graded, G. L. Speer. General discussion. Question box.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a.m. History, H. L. Hicks, W. R. Headley.

10 a.m. Can Reading be successfully taught in the school-room simply by hearing reading lessons? F. M. Foshee, Miss Jennie Wilson.

11 a.m. How should the art of writing be taught? Miss M. P. McGee.

2 p.m. Orthography; Miss Kate Garner. General discussion.

J. Alex Moore }
R. E. R. Hicks } Committee.

Isabella is located about 12 miles west of Clanton. Any teachers wishing conveyance from this point to the Institute, will please write Prof. B. D. Wilson at Lily, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

* * *

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., says: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M. D. Druggist.

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THE TWICE-A-WEEK edition of the New York World has been converted into the THRICE-A-WEEK. It furnishes 3 papers of 6 pages apiece, or eighteen pages every week, at the old price of one dollar a year. This gives 156 papers a year for one dollar and every paper has six pages eight columns wide or 48 columns in all. The THRICE-A-WEEK World is not only much larger than any weekly or semi-weekly newspaper, but it furnishes the news with much greater frequency and promptness. In fact it combines all the crisp, fresh qualities of a daily with the attractive special features of a weekly.

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Clanton, Ala.

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

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CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

Look Here! We will send you the BANNER, and the Atlanta weekly Constitution one year, for one Dollar and fifty cents.

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross (X) mark on it will understand their subscription has expired and will oblige by renewing. Kindly mention to your friends THE BANNER costs only One Dollar per year, or Fifty Cents for six months.

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OUR CLUBBING RATES.

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Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

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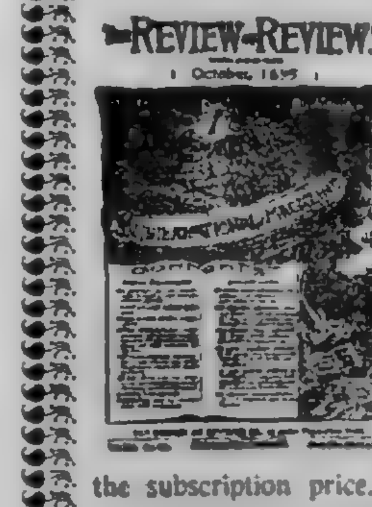

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Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7 25 cents

SALES RECEIVED TO DATE:	
Sammey	943
Mullins	711
Wilson	327
W. G. Plummer, from wagons.	71
Total	2052

CHILTON COUNTY ALLIANCE

Chilton County Alliance will meet with Providence Alliance (2 miles from Clear Creek) on Thursday, January 30, 1896.

L. Moore, Pres.

H. T. Honeycutt, Sec.

Remember The Banner is the ONLY newspaper in Chilton county.

A full line of Fertilizers on hand
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

Mrs. Jno. W. Bailey, of Montgomery, is spending awhile with Mr. B. W. McDaniel's family.

Mr. W. T. Cahen has had his residence painted and papered. Messrs. Bailey and Williamson did the work.

The quarterly meeting of the Methodist church took place last Saturday.

Mr. J. J. Hill, of Lomax, was in town Sunday.

Major Bass, of Birmingham, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Newt Wilson is down with an attack of measles.

Dr. G. W. Dawson, of Mulberry was in town Tuesday.

The people in the Baker and Foshee settlement, 7 miles west of Clanton have built a fine new school house. Prof. A. B. Harwood opened a three months school there last Monday.

Rev. Will M. Waller and wife, evangelists, commenced a series of revival meetings at the court house on Tuesday night. Bro. Waller preaches with great power and those who fail to hear him will miss a treat. Mrs. Waller is leading the choir, composed of our best singers, which adds much to the beauty of the service.

Rev. T. B. Haynie, of Gate City is assisting at the revival meeting to day.

It pays to plant good seeds, and we advise our friends who are thinking of doing anything in this line to send 10 cents for Vick's Floral Guide for 1896. This amount may be deducted from the first order. James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., are the pioneers in this line.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. A. Motes and Miss Catherine Baker; Mr. A. L. L. Turner and Miss Lallie Strickland.

All members of the Clanton Congregational church are particularly requested to meet in conference on the first Sunday in February, as there is business of importance to be attended to.

Tuesday last some thief walked into the dining room at Mrs. Smith's restaurant and stole about $12. Essex McDaniel (colored) who was working in the place was arrested on suspicion.

Mr. W. I. Mullins is, we are glad to say, somewhat better.

Mr. Oscar Mullins continues to slowly [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] McMorries is well enough to be out again.

Mr. P. Sid Jones, of Birmingham, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Keith, of Illinois, is staying in town looking at the surrounding country with the intention of purchasing land.

Mr. J. J. Hill, of Lomax, is the possessor of a pair of well trained English red bone blood-hounds.

"I know an old soldier who had chronic diarrhoea of long standing to have been permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn. "I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it superior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., M.D., Druggist.

There is an epidemic of hog cholera in and around Clanton. We have been told that epsom salts is a preventative for the disease.

The Banner office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy, I can recommend to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough with the best results." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr. M.D., Druggist.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

No DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1890 and '92 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. Hilton.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, } Probate
Chilton County. } Court.

To J. M. Davenport, Annie Bell Birtie, Emmit, Catherine and Pearl Shoults

Whereas Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport deceased, has filed her application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of division upon the grounds that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 21st day of April, 1896, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. You are therefore hereby notified to appear before said court on said 21st day of April, 1896, to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this 28th day of January 1896

R. M. Honeycutt,
1-30-3t Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and state of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Chilton County Alliance out of the goods, chattels and tenements of the said Chilton County Alliance I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One store house situated in the town of Stanton in said State and county known as the Chilton County Alliance Store.

Therefore, according to said command, I will expose for sale at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Chilton County Alliance in and to the above described property, on Monday the 24th day of February, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 21st day of January, 1896. P. M. Moore,
Sheriff Chilton county, Alabama.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a mortgage executed on the 5th day of January, 1895, by the Stanton Co-operative Association to the undersigned, on record in book 35, on pages 359 and 360 Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note described therein, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in Stanton, Chilton county, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday, February the 5th, 1896, the following described property, to-wit:

One store house and lot in Stanton, Ala., better known as the Alliance store including fixtures, safe, etc., and the n½ of ne¼ of section 16, township 20 north range 11 east, containing 80 acres more or less all in Chilton county, Alabama, default having been made in the payment of said note, said sale to be made for the payment of said note.

Isaac Rolley, Mortgagee.

Jan. 6th, 1896.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

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Originators of the Mail Order Method
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the Banner.

THE NEW ELECTION LAW.

No. 357 AN ACT S. 459.

To amend Section 5, to repeal Section 35 and Section 36, and to add Section 49 to an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama, approved February 21, 1893.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That Section 5 of an act entitled An Act to Further Regulate Elections in the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows: Section 5. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this State after the time herein prescribed for such registration, but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any general or special election to register such persons as may have reached the age of 21 years since the last registration; such other persons as may make oath that they became bona fide residents of the precinct in which they propose to register not less than thirty days before the day of election and since the last registration; but electors having the Constitutional qualifications who may have resided in any incorporate city in this State having a population of more than 5,000 inhabitants, as determined by the last federal census, for thirty days immediately preceding any election and have within such thirty days removed their residence from one precinct to another in the same city shall, after a residence of one day, be entitled to vote in the precinct in which they reside at the time of the election, but each of such electors herein last provided for must first deposit with the inspectors of election in said precinct the certificate of the Judge of Probate that said elector is duly registered in the precinct from which he has removed, and no other person than those provided for in this section shall be permitted to register on the the day of the election. The present resistrar shall furnish to each elector who may register on the day of election a certificate of registration, which shall be substantially in this form: State of Alabama, County of ——. Precinct No. ——, I, ——, precinct registrar, hereby certify that—— has this day registered before me as an elector. —— Registrar, Precinct No. ——, and if precinct registrar fails to attend or there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person as precinct registrar for that day, and if no appointment is made by 10 o'clock of that day, then the inspectors of election, or any two if them, may appoint a precinct registrar, who may qualify and act as such for that day; provided nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing, altering or amending the ordinances now or hereafter ordained by any municipal corporation chartered by the General Assembly providing for the separate registration of electors for municipal elections.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That Section 35 and Section 36 of said act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That said act be amended by adding thereto Section 49, in words as follows: Sec. 49. Be it further enacted, That upon opening the polls the inspectors must appoint two markers or assistants, one for each of the opposing political parties who may have candidates to be voted for at the election; and each of whom must be a discreet [illegible] able to read and write [illegible], and the inspectors, or any two of them shall, in like manner, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary to give every illiterate elector and every physically disabled elector an opportunity to vote, appoint a marker, who must be selected as provided for the selection of the first two. Every marker before entering upon his duties must take an oath, which may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, or by any one of the inspectors, to perform the duties of marker at the election according to law. No inspector, clerk or marker shall be appointed nor shall act as such except in the beat of his residence at the time of the election. Clerks and markers must be appointed from a list of persons not less than six nor more than ten in any beat, who may be suggested for that purpose by the duly constituted authorities respectively of the opposing political parties having candidates to be voted for at the election. Every illiterate or physically disabled elector shall be permitted to have the assistance of a marker, who has been appointed by the inspectors, and who may be selected by him from the number of markers. Any inspector who may refuse to appoint markers from the opposing parties, so as to give every illiterate or physically disabled elector the opportunity to select a marker of his own political party, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, on conviction, be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500. It is the sense of this section that the opposing party shall each have the right to suggest a list of names, not less than six nor more than ten persons, to act as markers and clerks. If no lists are furnished the inspectors shall appoint clerks and markers from opposing political parties.

Approved February 18, 1895.

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First.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

Second.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

Third.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840. Sick Headache.—Palpitation of the Heart.—Drowsiness.—Irritability.—Indigestion.—Cold Feet.—Enlargement of Liver & Spleen.—Sleeplessness.—Low Spirits.—General Lassitude.—Dullness.—Heaviness.—Tired Feeling.—Sour Stomach.—Bad Taste in Mouth.—Constipated Bowels.—Skin & Eyes Yellow.—Biliousness.—Loss of Strength & Flesh.—Coated Tongue.—Pains in Side & under Shoulder Blades.—Foul Breath.—Glimmering before the Eyes.—Weight in Stomach after Eating.—Torpid Liver.—Flesh Soft & Flabby.—Acute & Chronic Malaria.—Bile coming up in Mouth.—Nervous Headaches.—Memory Clouded & Indistinct.—Wind Colic.—Piles, by Curing Constipation Producing it.—Kidney Diseases.—Fullness of Blood in Head.—Numbness of Hands, Arms & Feet.—Belching up Gas.—Bloating of Stomach after Food is Taken.—Irregular Appetite.—Heartburn.—Dimness of Vision.—Dizziness upon Suddenly Getting Up.—Suffocating Sensations.—Dispondency of Pregnant Women.—Nausea Before or After Eating.—Vertigo.—Yellow Jaundice.—Deficiency of Perspiration.—Female Complaints.—Bad Colds.—Backaches so Common to Mothers.—Flatulency.—Loss of Appetite.—Pains & Aches in Joints.—Chilly Feelings Down the Back.—Limbs Feel too Heavy.—Cramp Colic.—Skin Dry & Harsh.—Bilious Fevers.—Paleness.—Weakness.—Thinness.—Detestation of Food.—Sudden Flushes of Heat.—General Debility.—Fretfulness of Teething Children.—Dyspepsia.—Nervous Depression of Tired Women.—Unpleasant Dreams.—Spitting up of Food After Eating.—Diarrhoea of Children, by Removing the Cause.—Gnawing Sensations in Stomach.—Puffiness & Dark Rings Under the Eyes.—That Restless "Out of Sorts," Not Sick and Not Well Feeling, so Common with Over-worked People.—It Builds up Weak & Debilitated Mothers and Fathers & Pale and Enfeebled Children, by Perfectly Regulating the Action of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach & Bowels, so that all Food Taken is Naturally Assimilated.

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AND NEW ACME RESTAURANT

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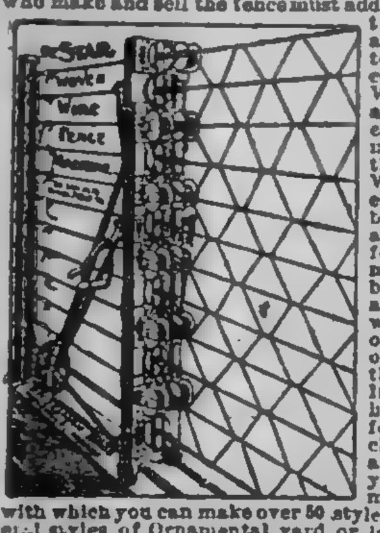

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True to name. Packet 25 cents, half Packet 15 cents.

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"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

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It is not hard for one to find reasons sufficient to himself for doing that which accords with his inclinations.

Just How it Does it is Not the Question. It is enough to know that Hindercorns takes out corns, and a great relief it is. 15c. druggists.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. ABBOTT, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

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WE PAY [illegible] to sell fruit trees. [illegible], Louisiana, Mo.; Rockport, Ill.

Am. N. U. No. 5, 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS

THIRTY-SIXTH DAY.

HOUSE.—The military academy appropriation bill was passed and several bills of minor importance. The sum appropriated by the military academy bill is $449,547, which is less than the estimates by $171,422. At 3:45 the house adjourned.

SENATE.—Two opposing phases of the Monroe doctrine were presented in the senate today—one from the committee on foreign relations favoring a strong reaffirmation of the doctrine, and another from Mr. Sewell, of New Jersey, urging that the doctrine had been carried so far beyond its scope as to threaten dangerous consequences. Mr. Davis, of Minnesota, presented the committee report as the author of a resolution embodying the essential features of all the previous resolutions.... The silver bond bill was laid aside temporarily, as no senator was ready to speak. Mr. Platt and Mr. Hale pointed out the details of the practice long observed. Platt asked that a day be set for a vote. Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, in charge of the measure, declined to fix a time, as several senators were still to be heard.... Mr. Peffer's bill concerning congressional funerals was further discussed and then referred to the committee on rules with a view to formulating a general rule on funerals.... Mr. Pugh's resolution for silver payments of outstanding government obligations did not reach a vote, although urged by its author.... On motion of Mr. Dubois a bill was passed to aid the states of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota to support schools of mines by giving them 25 per cent of the moneys paid to the United States for mineral lands. ....The house bill was passed extending the time for improving Aransas Pass, Tex.,....The bill extending the limit of the port of entry of New Orleans was passed, also the bill amending the act granting the Gainesville, McAlester & St. Louis railroad company a right of way through the Indian Territory.....Mr. Baker, of Kansas, offered an amendment to the pending silver bond bill providing that coinage "shall be restricted to the product of the United States mines."....At 4:25 p. m., the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY.

HOUSE.—Some unimportant resolutions passed and the house went into committee of the whole on the urgent deficiency bill. In the course of a colloquy relative to the prevailing abuses of the fee system in the compensation of officers of United States courts, Mr. Swanson pointed out that in the last fiscal year nearly 11,000 persons were brought into court who ought not to have been there, imposing an unnecessary expense of $2,000,000 upon the government. Mr. Lacy, admitting the evils of the system and the urgent need of reform, said "some of the evils could be cured if the judges would dismiss the offending officials, as they have the power to do." The consideration of the bill having been concluded, several unimportant amendments and one appropriating $7,000 for the survey of the Chippewa Indian lands being added, the committee rose and the bill, as amended, was passed. ....At 4:15 o'clock the house adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE—The senate put aside finance and foreign affairs today and gave the [illegible] to work of comparatively minor [illegible] About seventy bills were [illegible] calendar of much accumulation [illegible] only the important measures [illegible] The Cuban question received brief [illegible] inconclusive attention early in the day.... Bills were passed granting a pension of $50 a month to the widow of Rear Admiral English and the establishment of rules and regulations for the navigation of United States canals and similar works of navigation... The silver bond bill was laid aside to permit bills on the calendar to be passed. The following are among the bills passed: Authorizing certain persons to accept decorations from the Hawaiian government. Authorizing bridges over the Mississippi river at St. Louis, between that city and St. Clair, Ill., and over the Obion river, Tennessee. Reconvening the delegates to the international marine conference of 1889. For conference with foreign governments as to uniformity in census returns.... At 3:55 the senate went into executive session, and at 4 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow.

THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY.

HOUSE.—Two-thirds of the three hours' session of the house today was occupied in the consideration of a senate joint resolution authorizing the expenditure of $55,000, all told, for the employment of outside assistance to the supervising architect of the treasury in the preparation of plans and specifications and supervision of the Chicago public building. The joint resolution was passed.... The unanimous report of elections committee No 2 that H. C. Miner was entitled to the seat now occupied by him as representative from the Ninth New York district, and that Timothy J. Campbell, contestant, was not entitled thereto, was agreed to without discussion.... The house at 3:03 p. m. adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—After the mourning routine business Senator Call's resolution calling for the dispatches of United States consuls in Cuba relating to the war was adversely reported from the committee on foreign relations and, at Mr. Call's request, went to the calendar....Mr. Cullum, of Illinois, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a preamble and resolutions, reciting the provisions of the treaty between Turkey and the leading powers of Europe, of 1878, by which protection was guaranteed to Christians residing in the Ottoman empire, expressing the sense of horror with which the American people regard the recent atrocious persecution of the Christian people in Turkey, and pledging to the administration the hearty support of congress in the most vigorous action it may take for the protection of American citizens in that country. The resolutions were laid aside for future action....Mr. Pugh made an ineffectual effort to secure present consideration of his resolution for the payment of national obligations in standard silver dollars. Mr. Hill, of New York, offered an amendment providing that, if for any reason silver coin shall not be at a parity with gold coin, the bonds now payable in coin shall be paid in standard gold whenever demanded....The morning hour having expired, Mr. Pugh's resolution gave place to the regular order—the house bond bill with its free silver substitute, which was discussed until 5:30, when the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

THIRTY-NINTH DAY.

HOUSE.—Mr. Hendrick, republican, of Iowa, from the committee on rules, reported the quorum counting rules as amended to meet objections.... Mr. Crisp, democrat, of Georgia, moved to substitute for the proposed rules those of the fifty-third congress. The motion was lost and the rules as reported were adopted..... Some routine business was transacted and at 4:30 the house took a recess until Friday night, when, after the consideration of private pension bills, it will stand adjourned until Monday.

SENATE.—Mr. Warren, republican, of Wyoming, addressed the senate in favor of protective tariff....Mr. Dubois, republican, of Idaho, advocated the free silver substitute for the bond bill; and Mr. Daniel, democrat, of Virginia, discussed the Monroe doctrine... ..Several bills and resolutions were introduced, and, after an executive session, the senate at 5:15 adjourned until tomorrow.

FORTIETH DAY.

HOUSE.—There was a fair attendance of members when at 8 p. m. the house met for the first pension session of the fifty-fourth congress. Among the thirteen bills which received favorable consideration were the senate bill granting $75 per month to the widow of the late brigadier-general and representative, William Cogswell, of Massachusetts, and the house bill increasing to $73 per month the pension of the widow of the late Colonel William Dulaney. At 10:30 p. m. the house adjourned until Monday.

SENATE.—The committee on privileges and elections was given permission to sit during the session of the senate to consider the Dupont election case from Delaware. Mr. Caffey had the president's communication as to the non-payment of the sugar bounties transferred from the finance committee to the judiciary committee and made a statement explanatory of the questions in dispute.....The concurrent resolution reported last Wednesday on the Armenian outrages was adopted.....The bill appropriating $5,000 for the purchase of lands adjoining the naval station at Port Royal, S. C., was passed. An executive session was held and the senate adjourned until Monday.

THE HOPE OF THE SOUTH.

The Policy That Won Victory in '95 Will Assure Success in '96.

The Cotton Growers' Protective association, upon the call of President Hector D. Lane, held an enthusiastic convention in Memphis last week. Six hundred delegates and visitors were present, and on every hand expressions of unqualified gratification over the results were heard. With other important actions taken by the convention a committee was appointed to prepare an address. That the committee was well chosen is apparent in their work. Into a few sentences they have condensed volumes of good sense and valuable suggestion, as follows:

To the Cotton Growers of Alabama:

The Cotton Growers' Protective association of America, in convention assembled at Memphis, Tenn., on this [illegible] day of January, 1896, again [illegible] an urgent appeal for co-operation [illegible] planting the crop for 1896. [illegible] of extreme congratulation that [illegible] made to you last year was so generally responded to and that the crop of 1895, made upon the diminished acreage, has had the effect of greatly increasing the price and bringing prosperity to the country. The crop of 1895, though estimated to be 3,400,000 bales short of the crop of 1894, was in the markets of the world worth more by nearly $30,000,000. In the face of this result to abandon the ideas of diminishing acreage would be to sound the retreat in the face of victory. It is the concensus of opinion among the best thinkers that if by any means the cotton crop of America could be held within the limits of 7,000,000 bales per annum for ten years, the people of these southern states would be the richest and most prosperous agricultural people in the world. How can this be brought about? The answer is with you. We appeal to your self-interest and to your patriotism to do all in your power to keep down the production of the staple. Do not abandon the ground you have won. Fight on upon the lines laid down, make the cotton states self-supporting, put more land in clover and grasses for your hogs to run on, diversify your crops, and when you have done all this the area devoted to cotton will yield more profitable returns than if you sought to increase the number of your bales.

It it felt by the most thoughtful men that we are entering upon a year of great uncertainties, and that even a small cotton crop may fail to give adequate returns for its production. The mutterings of a storm are disturbing the country and unsettling all business calculations. The prudent man will trim his sails to meet it. With the commerce of the country interrupted by war—and war may come—cotton would be unsalable except at nominal prices. Every consideration, then, of patriotism, of self-interest and of prudence dictates that you adhere strictly to the rule of diminished acreage. Earnest men are earnestly working to lead you and guide you into prosperity. Do not let them labor in vain, but cheerfully and hopefully respond to their appeal.

Hector D. Lane, Ala.
W. H. Stovall, Miss.
Wm. A. Broughton, Ga.
J. W. Corcoran, Ark.
F. L. Maxwell, La.
W. W. Stone, Miss.
J. M. Castleman, Tex.
T. F. P. Allison, Tenn.
Charles Scott, Miss.

Silk Mill Burned.

The Deckertown silk mill, at Middletown, N. Y., was burned Friday night. Loss $60,000.

THEODORE RUNYON DEAD.

Our Ambassador to Germany Expires Suddenly of Heart Failure.

WAS A FAVORITE IN BERLIN.

Born in New Jersey in 1822, Graduated From Yale, Entered the Law Profession and Commanded a Brigade of Volunteers During Late War.

Hon. Theodore Runyon, United States ambassador to Germany, expired suddenly and unexpectedly at 1 a. m. Monday morning of heart failure. Mr. Runyon had been in somewhat feeble health for some time past, but no immediately fatal results were anticipated. No longer ago than last Tuesday evening he was present at a dinner given in his honor by ex-Empress Frederick, mother of Emperor William.

Mr. Runyon has manifested great activity in the discharge of the duties of his office, which have been more than usually onerous on account of the complications in European affairs, which have more or less demanded the attention and care of the diplomatic representatives of all nations. His death came as a great shock to official and social circles in Berlin, where he was a great favorite.

Theodore Runyon was born at Somerville, N. J., October 25, 1822. He graduated from Yale college in 1842, and in 1846 was admitted to the bar. In 1853 he was made city attorney and in 1856 city councillor of Newark, N. J., a position he retained until in 1864, when he became mayor of the city. He was appointed in 1856 a commissioner to revise and codify the military laws of New Jersey, and in 1857 was made brigadier-general and subsequently major-general of the New Jersey national guard. At the outbreak of the civil war he was placed in command of a New Jersey brigade of volunteers. In 1865 he was democratic candidate for governor of his state, but was not elected. In 1873 to 1887 he was chancellor of New Jersey.

In March, 1893, he was appointed by President Cleveland United States minister to Germany, and shortly afterwards was made ambassador in accordance with a law of congress that the United States representative in Germany should be raised to the rank of an ambassador, reciprocally with similar action on the part of the German government concerning its representative in the United States. The degree of L.L.D. was confered upon him by Yale, Rutgers and Wesleyan colleges.

Mr. Runyon was the successor of William Walter Phelps, who had held [illegible] of German minister for four years. [illegible] gallant soldier, and Fort Runyon, [illegible] Alexandria railroad at the south end [illegible] bridge near Washington, D. C., is [illegible] tion of his name.

He was a man of unquestioned ability and high social attainments.

During his service in Berlin the most important matter that has been pending between the United States and Germany has been that in regard to the removal of the restrictions imposed on the importations of American pork and beef products into that country.

He moved with his family in the best society in the state. He had three daughters and two sons. The daughters were all noted for their beauty, and there was much regret in Newark society when they followed their father and mother to the German courts. The sons are Chauncey Runyon, 22 years old, and Frederick, 20 years old.

The first known of the death of Mr. Runyon by his friends in Newark came in the form of a cablegram to Chauncey Runyon, saying his father had died from heart failure.

One of Mr. Runyon's daughters is a gifted writer and is credited with the authorship of a book recently published in which some well known Newark people are rather freely treated.

ALMOST A LYNCHING.

The Officer Surrenders, but His Prisoners Escape the Mob.

An almost successful attempt was made Friday night to lynch Sam Foster, colored, and Pete Smith, white, who murdered B. E. Atwater, of Chicago, Tuesday night at Webster Grove, a suburb of St. Louis, Mo.

After the inquest Friday the situation became so threatening that it was decided to take the prisoners to the city for safety.

They were handcuffed together and started for the city in a wagonette driven by Constable Fielson. When within six miles of the city limits the conveyance was suddenly surrounded by a mob of sixty armed men, who demanded the prisoners. Constable Fielson surrendered, but the prisoners began whipping the horse and started off on a run. A volley was fired after them and one shot struck the negro in the right hip.

They were not pursued and the horse fell lame. It being impossible for them to escape, they were finally overtaken by Fielson and taken to Four Courts in St. Louis early Saturday morning.

Foster fired the shots that killed Atwater and admits his guilt.

TINY REPUBLICS.

Small Countries that Maintain Their Independence.

The number of small republics that have stood the test of time and preserved their autonomy in spite of the jealousies of their powerful neighbor is greater than most people imagine.

Pitcairn Island, situated in the Pacific Ocean, has long remained in the peculiar position of being independent and free from interference without ever having had its national existence formally recognized. Its first settlers, from whom the present inhabitants are exclusively descended, were the mutinous crew of an English man-of-war, H. M. S. Bounty, famous in story.

Lying in the southern seas, in the region of the Australian continent, is the Island of Franceville. One of the New Hebrides, it is not far from New Caledonia. In area eighty-five miles, it is mainly occupied by about 500 natives, the white inhabitants being less than a hundred. France, which originally had control of this place, gave it, in 1879, a charter of independence, promising that no other power should be permitted to interfere with it. The people elect a President, who governs with the aid of an advisory council of eight members. The President, in addition to his administrative functions, exercises judicial powers, and there is no appeal from his decisions. Although no office can be held by colored citizens, universal suffrage prevails, without distinction of sex or color. Just now the President is an American, R. D. Polk.

To Europe, however, we must look for the smallest of all self-governing peoples. Some dozen miles from the Sardinian coast to the northeast, the long, narow island of Tavolara rises from the sea. Five miles long and about half a mile wide, its soil is cultivated by the natives, only to a limited extent, fishing being the staple industry. The republic of Tavolara dates from 1886. The island has a population of but fifty or sixty souls.

IRON IN FOOD.

Spinach Contains More of It than Eggs or Beef.

Prof. Bunge, in the course of a paper on iron as a medicine, read before the German Congress of Internal Medicine, has been ventilating some ideas which are as much matter of general science (and therefore extremely important) as they are details connected with the physician's domain. He is strong on the point that iron should reach our blood through the medium of our food, rather than through the druggist's specialties. Iron, as everybody knows, is a food element absolutely essential for the proper constitution of the body. It is as rigidly demanded by the plant as by the animal; and it is from plants that Prof. Bunge shows we should chiefly receive our iron supply. Spinach, he tells us, is richer in iron than yolk of eggs, while the yolk contains more than beef. Then succeed apples, lentils, strawberries, white beans, peas, potatoes and wheat, these substances being given in the order in which they stand as regards the plentifulness of their iron constituents.

Cow's milk is poor in iron, but, as balancing this delicacy in the food of the young mammal, it is found that the blood of the youthful quadruped contains much more iron than the adult. Thus, in a young rabbit or guinea pig one hour old, four times as much iron was found as occurs in these animals two and a half months old.—London Public Opinion.

Malaria on the Mississippi Bottoms.

From the Banner-Democrat, Lake Providence, La.

The swamp lands along the banks of the Mississippi river in Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana are generally considered very unhealthy in contrast with the hilly country adjoining them. It is here the germs of malaria are formed, and from which originate those terrible malaria chills and fevers which the people of the low countries dread. In addition to these are intermittent and remittent fevers, dyspepsia, indigestion and rheumatism, all caused from malaria germs and the dampness of the atmosphere.

Medical science has been put to its utmost capacity to devise some mode of treatment [illegible] these physical ailments can be mo[illegible] not eradicated, but so far it has failed [illegible] it seem that there can be found any cure [illegible] these symptoms. Such has been the general opinion until recently, when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills found their way here, and came to stay. To-day those who have used them say they would not do without them for all the medicines in the drug stores.

Mr. Dan O'Sullivan, Sr., is a prominent citizen of this city, Lake Providence, La., and has been identified with its interests for years. At present he occupies an important position on the City Council and is also Secretary of that body. He was once a strong, robust, healthy man, full of vigor and always on the go. Within the last year, however, his health has been very bad, his appetite poor, his digestion poor, in fact, his entire system was completely out of order. He began to use various medicines, but to no purpose. At length he decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. In a few days the change for the better could be noticed. He continued to improve so fast that the proprietor of the Lake Providence *Banner-Democrat* interviewed him and asked him what he had been taking to put him in such good shape again. His reply was in substance as follows:

"My liver was all out of order, my digestion was very bad, I felt sluggish and did not want to do a thing but lay around the house. My blood began to get thin, and I felt sick all over. I concluded to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as I had heard so much about them. After taking them a few days I could feel that they were doing me a great deal of good. I continued the use of them, and in a week or so I felt like a new man. They toned up my stomach, put my blood in good condition, gave me a good color, a good appetite, in fact, put me in first-class shape again. My friends congratulated me my return of health, and I smiled when I told them that Pink Pills did the work."

Mr. O'Sullivan takes every opportunity to recommend them to others, who are being likewise benefited.

Mrs. D. H. Parker, who was raised in the city of Lake Providence, but who now resides in Greenville, Mississippi, also uses Pink Pills. Her husband, Mr. D. H. Parker, a popular traveling salesman of the Drummond Tobacco Company, of St. Louis, says that for years his wife had been suffering from dyspepsia and indigestion, that she had to be very careful what she ate, and would frequently have severe spells from being a little imprudent in her diet. She sent for some Pink Pills, took them and is now well and strong, and can eat any and every thing without being effected in the slightest manner. She is loud in her praises of Dr. Williams' great remedy. She also suffered from rheumatism, and that, too, has left her. These are only two cases where the Pink Pills have done so much good. Others of a like nature in this locality could be mentioned, if necessary; but the experience of this gentleman and this lady are enough to warrant the assertion that for restorative qualities, and general recuperative properties, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best on the market.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

Earliest Radishes and Peas.

The editor urges all readers to grow the earliest vegetables. They pay. Well, Salzer's Seeds are bred to earliness, they grow and produce every time. None so early, so fine as Salzer's. Try his radishes, cabbage, peas, beets, cucumbers, lettuce, corn, etc.! Money in it for you. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetables, farm seeds, grasses, clovers, potatoes, etc.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c. postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. postage. (A. C.)

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
W. L. DOUGLAS
$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay $4 to $6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for **$3.**

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more $3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

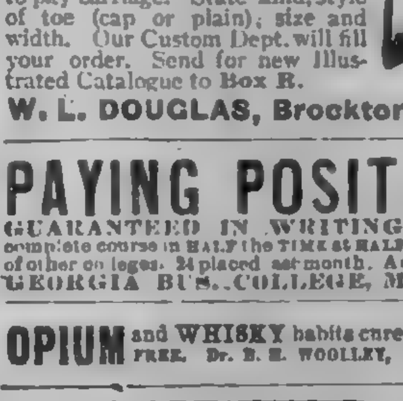
Ask your dealer for our $5, $4, $3.50, $2.50, $2.25 Shoes; $2.50, $2 and $1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 36 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue to Box R.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PAYING POSITIONS GUARANTEED IN WRITING. Students' complete course in HALF the TIME at HALF the EXPENSE of other colleges. 24 placed last month. Address at once GEORGIA BUS. COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.



Keep your eye on Pearline "ads."

Even if you use it already, you'll find hints here and there that will greatly help you. And there isn't a man, woman, or child but can be helped by Pearline.

All these advertisements are meant for the good of [illegible], of course—to show you [illegible] best and easiest and cheapest way of washing and cleaning, and to lead you to use it. But if they do, they will have helped you far more than they will have helped Pearline. You have more at stake. All the money you could bring to Pearline, by using it, wouldn't be a drop in the bucket to the money you'd save by it.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 470 JAMES PYLE, New York.

Waste on the Farm.

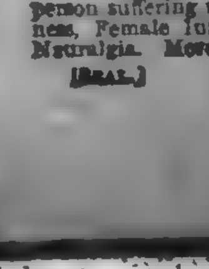
Around the farm there is at least *a ton or two* of materials, such as **Ashes, Hen Droppings, Wood's Earth, Marl** and other things, which, if mixed with

Powell's Prepared Chemicals,

make fertilizers rich in Ammonia, Potash and Phosphoric Acid, which will be quick acting, producing large crops and at the same time permanently improve the soil. *A fertilizer made in this way is certain, but costs very little*—only about $12 per ton.

Many thousand farmers have saved fully half their fertilizer bills by the use of Powell's Prepared Chemicals. Circular giving instructions for mixing, with testimonials from every section sent free.

POWELL FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.



BUY SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN

HURRAH, FARMERS—SHOUT FOR JOY!

The millennium is coming for the farmer, for with our new creations in Wheat (60 bu.), Oats (209 bu.), Barley (116 bu.), Corn (207 bu.), Rye (70 bu.), Potatoes (1,200 bu.), Hay (6 tons), and Green Fodder (100 tons per acre)—we say with such yields the millennium is here for the farmer! SILVER MINE OATS—$200 IN GOLD! This Oat yielded in Pennsylvania (sworn statement) 209 bu. from one measured acre, and hundreds of farmers who tested same are sure 250 bu. is possible in 1896. SILVER KING BARLEY—$100 IN GOLD! That is the wonder! 116 bu. per acre in 1895 and 150 bu. is possible in 1896. So one thousand growers say. It is marvelous, wonderful. Oh, the millennium is here! Catalogue tells all about it. It is mailed you with [illegible] grain and grass samples, including Corn and Barley, upon receipt of 10c. postage, or Catalogue alone for 5c. postage.

GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

Unlucky in health?
Here are emblems of good luck;
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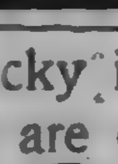

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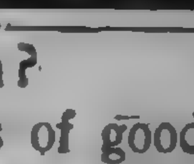

and
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

GUARANTEE

Purchase Money refunded should *Browns's Iron Bitters* taken as directed fail to benefit any person suffering with Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, Chronic Headache or Neuralgia. More than 4,000,000 bottles sold—and only $2.00 asked for a refund.

(SEAL.) BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, Md.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. W. C. Lewis, who is connected with the artistic advertising department of the Youth's Companion, and resides at 88 Dwight Street, Boston, relates that he had his attention called to Ripans Tabules by a business acquaintance who expressed a high opinion of them. Mr. Lewis was a good deal troubled with what he describes as a nervous, bilious condition that appeared to be brought on from time to time by high pressure work or special mental activity or excitement, such as would be common at periods of unusual nervous tension. It has become his practice at such times to take a Tabule—just one—at the moment that he observes the difficulty approaching. It makes no difference when it is. A favorable result is invariably apparent within twenty minutes. The only noticeable effect is that he feels all right in twenty minutes if he takes the Tabule; while if he does not the nervous, uncomfortable feeling intensifies and leads to a bad afternoon and tired evening. He carries one of the little vials with him all the time now, but doesn't have occasion to apply to it anything like as often as he did at first. Nowadays there are frequent periods of from a week to ten days or even two weeks during which he finds that he has no occasion whatever to make use of the Tabules, but still carries them in his pocket, just the same, so that they may be ready if an occasion occurs.

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

Second Hand
TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.

Large size, cost $400, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

Apply at once to

Atlanta Newspaper Union,
ATLANTA, GA.

$3 A DAY SURE. SEND us your address and we will show you how to make $3 a day; absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live; send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work; absolutely sure; write at once.

ROYAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Box L8, Detroit, Mich.

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL IV. CLANTON ALA. THURSDAY FEBURARY 6, 1896. NO. 15.

A GRAND DOCUMENT.

AN OLD-LINE DEMOCRAT REVIEWS SITUATION.

He Answers a Series of Questions That Are Now Uppermost in the Minds of Millions of Democratic and Republican Voters.

The following letter and questions were recently addressed to Judge X. B. Saunders, of Belton, Texas. The judge has been one of the old line democrats, and the questions were propounded to him by some of his old time friends:

Sparta, Bell Co., Tex.

Hon. X. B. Saunders, Esq., Belton, Tex.:

Dear Sir: Relying upon your frankness, intelligence, integrity and patriotism and on our long acquaintance with you, and further, knowing you to be a plain man of the people, take the liberty to ask your view on the following questions:

1. Are you a monometallist or bimetallist? Are you in favor of our nation establishing the ratio of 16 of silver to 1 of gold, and undertaking to maintain it without reference to action on the part of England or any other country?

2. Do you believe that a majority of the democratic party in Texas and the United States is in favor of the free coinage of silver at the old ratio of 16 to 1, and if so, do you believe that this majority in spite of the influences of the money power, backed by the president, John Sherman and eastern leaders of the so-called democratic and republican parties, will be able to have their will expressed in the national platform?

3. Is it your opinion that the present method, principles and practices of the president and his co-workers are in accord with the time-honored principles of democracy, and if not, are they in accord with any existing party? If so, which one?

4. Upon a calm and impartial survey of the present political field which one of the parties is the one, in your opinion, that nearly accords with the democratic party as organized and maintained by Jefferson, Madison and Jackson, and what is the duty of the citizen under the present political condition of parties and the country?

5. Do you consider the present condition of things as menacing any great evil to our government and country? If so, how and why? Your early answer will oblige

Your friends,
J. R. WALKER,
J. M. CRAMER,
G. W. COLE,
and others.

Belton, Texas, Oct. 19, 1895.

Messrs. J. R. Walker, J. M. Cramer, G. W. Cole, and others, Sparta:

Gentlemen: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th inst., in which you request me to express my views upon certain questions therein contained touching the present political situation in our country. While I am not now, and as you are all aware never have been a politician (having never held a political office in my life), and therefore my reply will only be the expression of a private citizen, yet I always take enough interest in the affairs of my country to endeavor to inform myself upon all current political questions so as to be able to vote intelligently, and as I have no concealment to make of my endeavor to answer your questions candidly, and whether satisfactory to others or not, it will be at least satisfactory to myself, and the utterances I shall make will represent no one but myself.

In answer to your first question, I have [illegible] that I am a bimetallist. I am [illegible] a gold or a silver monometallist. I favor the money of the constitution, the money of our fathers, gold and silver. But if we are to have only one metallic currency, I favor silver, because it is the money of the people, is most suited to the ordinary transactions of the great body of the people, and therefore most usual and convenient, is more stable and and less subject to dangerous fluctuations than gold. I am in favor of the continuance of its coinage at the old American ratio of 16 of silver to 1 of gold, as about that ratio it maintained itself as the principal medium of exchange of the world for more than 300 years prior to the great crime of its demonetization, as the most accurate statistics will show. Besides, it is questionable if there is hardly gold enough in the world to sufficiently float the commerce of the United States unaided and alone.

I am also in favor of our country issuing a national paper currency directly to supplement our stock of gold and silver. I am opposed to national bank issue of paper currency by authority of government. I want the bondholders, banks and bankers to go out of the government business and I want our government to go out of the banking and bond-issuing business, as if I had the space it could be easily demonstrated that the people of this nation are annually robbed of many millions of dollars.

Yes, I am in favor of our nation establishing the ratio of 16 of silver to 1 of gold and maintaining it without reference to what Great Britain "or the balance of mankind" may think or say or do to the contrary notwithstanding. To coin, to establish, to fix and regulate its currency is one of the highest and most sacred arts of national sovereignty. To surrender that right to a foreign power either directly or indirectly is the most pusillanimous and disgraceful of all national acts. I am proud to say that the United States it a nation—the wealthiest and most powerful in existence, the census shows—with twice the population and greater wealth than Great Britain, and our people rank with the most intelligent, active and progressive on earth. Their renascent energies are

Tail twisting and bond feeding at the same time are a little out of harmony. Pick up your silver, Grove, put the bonds in your pocket, and twist as hard as you please.—National Bimetallist.

incalculable, and resources practically inexhaustible.

More than a hundred years ago when our revolutionary fathers had gone successfully through an eight year baptism of fire and blood to establish their right to be a free and sovereign nation, with not three million of people, impoverished and financially exhaused to the last degree, with neither commerce or credit and not the one-thousandth part of our present national wealth, our monetary system was established then right in the teeth of the opposition of British capital and their paid agents, who then, as now, sought to hold us in financial slavery, and practically the same arguments were used then as now to show that it was to our best interest to permit England to regulate our financial affairs. But those sturdy old patriots paid no heed to them, but went ahead and established a system that for eighty years met all the demands of the most wonderful national development recorded in the history of men. * * *

To your second question I answer both yes and no. To the first part I answer yes, I am satisfied that at least seven-tenths of the democratic party in Texas and a large majority of that party in the United States is in favor of the free coinage of silver at the old ratio of 16 to 1. This will apply more particularly to the party in the south and west. But in the north and east the democratic leaders being "hand in glove" with the republican party on this and other questions are almost a unit for the demonetization of silver. I do not believe that the southern and western democrats will be able to so overcome the baleful influence of Cleveland, Sherman and money power sufficiently to get the honest expression of the majority in the national platform, and I believe this gold standard wickedness or a straddle of the question to catch votes will be fastened upon the party, in the event of either of which I think the honest democratic masses will become so disgusted they will no longer act with the party.

To the third question I answer no, I do not think the present methods, principles and practices of our president and his comrades are in any way in accord with the "time-honored principles of democracy," for numerous reasons, a few of which I will mention. It is not a time-honored principle of the democratic party for the president to go [illegible] the republican party and se[illegible] the highest office in his gift (secretary of state) a man who boasted to the day of his death that he had never voted the democratic ticket. Surely among the millions of democratic voters there could have been found some one honest and capable enough to fill the office. If there was, then he was untrue to his party and his principles. If it was true there was not to be found among all the democratic millions who could be trusted with this important portfolio, then the sooner the party is wiped out of existence the better.

It is not in accord with democratic usage or principle to issue in time of profound peace the enormous amount of $162,000,000 of bonds to supply a deficiency which is occasioned if not directly at least indirectly by destroying the debt-paying power of one-half the democratic and constitutional money of the country and to cover up as far as possible that criminal and undemocratic blunder. It is not democratic for a democratic president, who, when elected and finding an unprecedented democratic majority in congress who are opposed to the unconditional repeal of the silver bill of 1890, or in other words, who are opposed to the unconditional destruction of all silver money, conceives himself to be infinitely wiser and greater than the whole democratic party that he joins with the republican minority led by that enemy of democracy and constitutional liberty, John Sherman, by invoking all the influence of his great office and lavishing false promises, cause enough democratic votes to join with his faithful republican following to carry the repeal, and then when enough of the democratic congress, conscious of the great wrong he had induced some of them to commit, sought to partially atone for it and asserted their manhood and principle by passing the "seigniorage bill," faithful to his working republican minority and the money kings of Wall and Lombard streets to prevent cheapening their gold and vetoed it, knowing it could not be passed over his veto by a two-thirds majority, by which act alone he caused property values in this nation to shrink not less than $1,000,000,000 by increasing the purchasing power of gold that much.

It is not democratic for a president to accept a nomination on a platform intended by the party to favor bimetallism and after election to openly declare and work for monometallism.

In answer to your fourth question I have to say that after a deliberate review of the present condition of political affairs, with the democratic party hopelessly shattered and in connection with the republican party unalterably manipulated and dominated solely in the interest of the money power, utterly regardless of the interest or inconvenience of the great mass of the people; when for many years past principle has invariably been abandoned, when classing with expediency, when all along the pathway of the last thirty years are strewn the wrecks of broken political faith, and vicious legislation has been the rule instead of the exception, it seems to me that party which is ever regardful of the interest of the whole people above all other interests, which prefers to stand by principle for principle's sake, which in the simplicity of its instincts, its methods and principles most nearly agrees with the party of Jefferson, Madison and Jackson is the one known as the people's party. It is the outgrowth of a patriotic American sentiment, which is destined to cover out whole country, "as the waters cover the sea." Its very existence is at once an evidence of and an indignant protest of a nation against the corruption and degeneracy of its political parties. Whenever human brains are working, human hands are toiling, or human hearts are beating for a loftier citizenship or the amelioration of the toilers of earth, it reaches out the hand of sympathy and assistance.

As to what is the duty of the citizen under this condition of things I will not presume to answer for any one but myself, as each man in a matter of this sort must answer to his own conscience. For myself, I conceive it my duty as a well-wisher of my country to vote hereafter with this party and [illegible] through evil and goo[illegible]

To your fifth [illegible] last question I answer yes. I do consider the present condition of things, brought about by the corruption and misrule of the republican and democratic leaders, as a serious menace to the very existence of our free institutions, and one calling for the earnest, thoughtful consideration of every citizen. We are now actually in the midst of a condition of things the very thought of which was a source of much disquietude to the fathers of our government, and against which we have been so solemnly warned by them. It is a matter of history familiar to every school boy that at the organization of our government there were two great parties, federal and republican, one led by Mr. Hamilton and the other by Mr. Jefferson, the one favoring a strong, centralized, aristocratic government with long official terms, the other a more democratic form with short terms of office and the full preservation of all rights of the citizen consistent with good government. And these grave questions were only settled by a long, earnest, and peculiarly able debate by those old patriots in the formation of the constitution. Among other things it was proposed to elect the president for life.

To the everlasting honor of those old patriots the short term idea prevailed, and among other things the presidential term was fixed at four years. Geo. Washington was twice elected, serving in all eight years, and declining a reelection, declaring that no man ought to be permitted to serve longer in that great office. Ever since the example set by the Father of his Country has been accepted as American common law on this question, and until the last twenty-five years no one in this nation could be found so unpatriotic or corrupt as to wish to change it.

We have now fastened upon us an official aristocracy. It has become an established custom, inaugurated by the republican party and acquiesced in by the democratic representatives in congress, that it is right and proper to foist upon the government the widow of any man they choose, who has happened to have lived for any length of time by holding office, but who has been so improvident or worthless as to have lived beyond his income and died penniless, and too often when he has left his family in easy circumstances. These matters may seem unimportant and insignificant to the casual observer, but they as surely mark the corruption of the hour, the decadence of a simple, honest patriotism; the political, moral and social drifting of the office-holding class from the well defined landmarks of a glorious national past, as the light follows the rising of the sun. The people of our great nation can never be too distrustful of any innovation, however small, upon the wholesome rules and checks thrown around our institutions, or guard with too great diligence the inestimable privileges bequeathed to us by those grand old masters who stood at the cradle of our government.

The liberties of a people are never subverted at once, and the principles of free government are only changed by successive insidious steps. The innovation of today is too apt to become the precedent of tomorrow, and one by one the fundamental props of the system are stolen away until at last the whole system tumbles into ruins. I sincerely believe that if Mr. Cleveland is ever nominated for president in violation, as it will be, of a settled American principle, he will be the candidate of the combined republican and democratic monometallists, for their creed on this greatest of all present questions is identical.

And I further believe the success of that combination would be absolutely ruinous to the best interests of the country, if it did not result in the destruction of our system of free government. Then let the thoughtful, earnest men of all parties unite with the great party of the people and present an unbroken front against this combination of money changers and sweep them from our great political temple, which they have so long made a house of merchandise. You have the power if you but will it.

"You have a weapon that comes down
as still
As the snowflake that falls upon the
sod;
That executes a freeman's will,
As lightning does the will of God.
A weapon from which neither bolts nor
locks
Can shield the traitor,
The unbought ballot in the ballot box."

Unite and you can scatter your political enemies like autumnal leaves. Justice may sleep, but never dies; the cause of the people may have been delayed by their apathy and want of concert, but the hour of triumph will surely come. The finger of destiny is pointing to it as surely as the needle to the pole. The cup of political iniquity of those who would make us bond slaves of a foreign and native moneyed aristocracy is full, and when that hour of triumph shall come, when their shields and lances are broken, and under the purer regime of the people our country shall be restored to its ancient way of national prosperity and permanent glory—

"Then shall the press the people's rights
maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by
gain;
Here patriot Truth its sacred precepts
draw,
Pledged to Religion, Liberty and Law."

Very respectfully,
X. B. SAUNDERS.

Solid Truth.

In conversation with a gen[illegible] this city, who has [illegible] grocery business [illegible], he said, in speak[illegible] the money question [illegible] who are opposed to the free coinage of silver and more money argue that the volume of money has no effect upon the prosperity of the people they admit the dollar is harder to get, but contend that it will buy double the amount of goods. I want to tell you it is a mistaken idea. I can pass along my shelves and point out a great many staple articles that are practically the same price as they were when wheat was bringing a dollar a bushel. The reason," he said, "is plain enough to me; the railroads can and do hold up freight charges, and the big trusts dictate prices on nearly if not all staple goods, and the retail grocer must of course sell accordingly." Concluding he said, "I am in favor of more money, and I don't care what it is made of, so it has Uncle Sam's guarantee back of it."—Mo. World.

The Arkansas Kicker.

The Arkansas Kicker is among the latest list of comers to the Populist fold of able newspapers. It is published at Hardy, Ark., by W. S. Morgan, secretary of the U. R. P. A., and George A. Puckett. These names are sufficient guarantee that every issue will be like the initial one—a hummer. There are about 1,200 Populist papers in the country at the present time all doing noble service for the cause of humanity as enunciated by the People's party platform and the number is constantly increasing. The Kicker makes the third paper launched by Bro. Morgan in as many years and they are all doing splendid work. Bro. Puckett is a very able writer and has long been the personal associate of Bro. Morgan.—Ex.

The railroad companies don't want the government to build railroads for its own use, but have bribed legislation to have the government to build the roads and then turn it over to the corporations. But this is not paternalism. A parent would not give all the good things to one or two children, but divide them among all the children. After all, what is government ownership but the children going into partnership to build roads for themselves?

As a public policy concentration of wealth is as unwise as the concentration and support of a large army of soldiers. Both open up the avenues to an abuse of power, and are useless appendages of our civilization.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

New Library.

The district school at Georgiana has recently fitted up a handsome new library.

Lively Demand for Mules.

It is reported that nine car loads of mules have been sold in Greensboro this season.

Dropped Dead.

Nathaniel Thompson dropped dead at Pheonix City Thursday. He was one of the oldest citizens in the town.

A Good Work.

The contract for grading the new road from Anniston to White Plain has been let. This will make a route six miles shorter between the two towns.

They Want the Prison.

A party of Anniston citizens will go to Washington and ask that the new prison to be located in the south be placed in that city.

State Bar Association.

The executive committee of the Alabama Bar association has fixed August 5 and 6 as the time for the next meeting of the association. The committee will determine the place of the meeting at an early day.

At Half Rates.

The Alabama Great Southern will grant rates on their entire division for the Mardi Gras in Birmingham of one fair for the round trip. This will attract people all the way from Chattanooga and Meridian.

A Perpetual Home.

The Grand Lodge of Masons of Alabama have purchased the lot and building on the corner of Perry and Washington streets, in Montgomery, for $9,750, and on the lot will build a perpetual home for the Grand Lodge of Alabama.

New Cotton Mill.

Parties from Lawrence, Mass., a cotton mill town not far from Boston, are considering locating a cotton mill in Walker county, on the Kansas City, Memphis & Birmingham road, not over forty miles from Birmingham. The land has been thoroughly inspected and the various qualifications of the property looked at, and, it is said, all that is lacking is the signing of the deeds conveying the property.

Big Purchase of Pig Iron.

A sale of 19,000 tons of pig iron in a lump was made in Birmingham Friday by several furnaces to an agent who represented industries in the Anniston district. The iron was bought especially for the pipe works and rolling mills and for immediate consumption. The sales indicate a general revival among the Anniston industries, and leads to the belief that consumers expect another rise in the iron market soon and are accordingly purchasing now.

Fatal Dynamite Explosion.

By a premature explosion of dynamite at the Henry Ellen mines of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company, in the Birmingham distr[illegible] Friday morning about 11 o'cl[illegible] men were killed. [illegible] a colored mine[illegible] a charge, [illegible], when the explosion occurred. He was blown to pieces and instantly killed. Evan Morgan, a white miner, who was standing near by, received injuries which caused his death an hour later. Morgan's home was in Ohio.

Alleged Gold Brick Man.

Steve Pratt, who it is alleged is the artist who sold gardener Dobbins, of Birmingham, the "gold brick" for $6,000 was registered at the Jefferson county jail Saturday morning. Steve was arrested in Houston, Tex., a short time since; his description as reported tallied closely with that of the man who victimized Mr. Dobbins. The Birmingham chief of police, accompanied by gardener Dobbins, went to Houston, upon hearing of Pratt's arrest, and there a number of prisoners were lined up before them to see if Mr. Dobbins could pick out "cousin" Steve. It is said that gardener Dobbins looked dangerous when he brought his big right fist down on his left palm as he said, "That's him. He's shaved off his beard, but I'd know his hide in a tan vat."

A River of Rye.

One of the most complete and wonderfully appointed illicit stills ever discovered was captured on Gunter's mountain, near Scottsboro, Friday, by Deputy United States Marshal Arnold. The still was in a cave in the mountain, in which was a stream that did not show itself at all on the face of the mountain. The moonshiners had rigged up a water wheel and had everything very complete. The entrance was under some bushes, into which they crawled on their hands and knees. The officers noticed smoke on some stones, and found a hole which served as a chimney, down which he climbed for forty feet. He found a valuable still, with worm and everything in operation, and a spare still of 150 gallons capacity. He destroyed about 1,000 gallons of liquor. The capture is considered a remarkably clever one. The moonshiners escaped.

Convict Inspectors Report.

The state board of convict inspectors has filed its quarterly report with the governor. Among other things they report that on September 1 there were 1,610 state convicts on hand; that since that time 198 have been added, 110 discharged, 8 escaped and 33 have died, leaving on hand January 1, 1,663 There are 909 county convicts on hand. Prosperity is reported at the convict farms this year. At Fort Jackson 161 bales of cotton were gathered from the 225 acres planted, and 18,000 bushels of corn were made on the 300 acres planted. At Speigner's about 400 b[illegible] of cotton were [illegible] 000 bushels [illegible] 0 bushels [illegible] and a large quantity of forage, fodder, hay and pea vines were made on each place. Hogs and vegetables were raised at both the farms in sufficient quantity to furnish food for the prisoners. Improvement in the health of the convicts in the prisons and in the mines is reported. The bad condition in which the jailers of the different counties of the state deliver the prisoners to the mining companies is greatly deplored in the report.

From the Coal Fields to Mobile.

The first tow of coal from the Warrior coal fields of Alabama has passed through the new government lock above Tuscaloosa and in its passage down the Warrior, the Tombigbee and Mobile rivers to Mobile, has been given a rousing reception everywhere, particularly at Tuscaloosa and Demopolis. All of Mobile turned out to give the tow Baltimore and the initial barge of coal a reception and to emphasize the fact that, with steam coal at $1.50 a ton, Mobile is the cheapest coal port in the world. The mayor and council and officers of the commercial bodies met the boat up the river, where speeches of welcome were made by Mayor Lavretta, of Mobile, and responded to by Mayor Williams, of Demopolis. The parade past the city was participates in by all of the steam tugs and commissioned boats, while on the banks the population stood shouting a continual hurrah. The sixty sail vessels in port were properly decorated with flags. Every steam whistle in the city shrieked for an hour, while the artillery split the air with salvos. It was a great day for Mobile and Alabama.

The Arbachooche Gold Mines.

The Heflin Gold Mining company now has all its machinery in position on the placer fields at Arbacooche, Cleburne county, Ala. They have put in engine, boiler, pumps and all the appliances for hydraulic mining. The auriferous gravel will be lifted from its bed and dumped into sluice boxes and there washed. This placer gravel assays $3 per cubic yard, and can be handled at a cost not exceeding 20 cents per cubic yard. This rich gravel extends over a limited area and fully 100 acres are controlled by the Heflin company. It is about three to five feet in depth all over the property. A creek running through these lands furnishes sufficient power for all milling purposes that may be required. Heflin is situated eighty-seven miles west from Atlanta and the gold field is nine miles from the station. This company is composed of Chattanooga men, who have intrusted the work to W. L. Bowron, the well known analytical chemist for the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company. Foreman W. F. Henry is conducting the operations. The development of this field is watched with great interest.

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Birmingham, Ala.

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[illegible] OUT TO DECIDE.

Novel Compromise Over the Possession of an Offspring in Atlanta.

A unique compromise has brought an end to the fight in the Atlanta courts between Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Bellebeau over their child. In his petition for a writ of habeas corpus for the possession of the boy, the father says that his wife left him for reasons he did not know. She took the child with her, and he wanted it back. He could not get his wife, he says, to listen to his pleadings and finally brought the matter into court.

Before the case came to trial the father and mother had a conference, the result of which was the following order duly recorded in the records of the court: During the year 1896 the wife is to have the child. In 1897 the husband is to take possession, and the youngster will then spend alternate years with mother and father until he reaches the age of 12, when he is to decide for himself with whom he shall give permanent allegiance.

GOLD FIELDS OF VENEZUELA.

Party of Americans to be Organized by Edward McFarlane.

Edward McFarlane, a well-known mining engineer of Colorado and founder of the town of Telluride, has returned from the gold regions of Northern South America. Mr. McFarlane proposes to organize a colony, proceed to Caracas, the capital of Venezuela, apply for concessions from the government and lead the party to the gold fields in the disputed territory, which he says are the richest in the world. In the opinion of Mr. McFarlane there is no danger of encounter with the British. He is of the opinion that the boundary line will be located without bloodshed.

ACCEPTED IT AS A LOAN.

Money Sent to Nebraska Drouth Sufferers Returned With Interest.

The secretary of the St. Joseph Commercial club has received a draft for $103 from Grand Island, Neb., the same being money, with interest, donated by the jobbers of that city to drouth sufferers in 1894. A letter accompanying the draft says the farmers who were helped in 1894 raised good crops last year and intended to discharge their obligation. The money was sent as a gift, not as a loan and its return was a surprise and is something unprecedented.

A Big Fire.

The residence of W. B. French, South Knoxville, Tenn., was burned Thursday night. The loss on the house is $3,000; on furniture and stores, $3,000; insurance, $1,000.

WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

We desire a correspondent at every post office in the county.

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their section, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

We wish to call the attention of advertisers to the fact that the BANNER has by far the largest circulation of any paper in Chilton county. Any paper claiming a larger circulation is guilty of misrepresentation and an intention to defraud.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper

PEOPLE'S PARTY CALL.

The Executive Committee of the People's Party of Chilton County is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Wednesday, February 19, at 10 o'clock a.m. Each member is earnestly requested to be present as business of importance concerning the interests of the party will come before the Committee for consideration.

Members of the People's Party in the county are all invited to be present at the meeting and aid and assist in the work of the Committee

Respectfully,
LEE HAYES, Chairman.
Clanton, Ala., Feb. 6, 1896.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

CHAIRMAN Deans' address has called forth a prolonged wail from the Democratic press.

IT is about time we began to hear from the candidates, and know whom we are asked to support for the nominations.

IN another place in this paper will be found the call for the Republican convention to be held at Calera on March 4th.

THE State-Herald and the Advertiser are having a regular monkey and parrot time in their amiable efforts to boom their respective candidates. We want to please both sides so respectfully submit the following sample paragraphs:

RICHARD CLARKE Esq., at the present moment, can command, all told, four votes in Chilton county. One of the voters will most probably remove from the county shortly so the honorable Richard should only reckon on three. The State-Herald will please copy.

CAPT. JOE JOHNSTON, at the present moment, can command the balance of the organized vote in Chilton county, but by the time the conventions meet a large number of the organized will have become very much disorganized and will have come into the People's Party, so the gallant captain should not reckon on many. The Advertiser will please copy.

WE are looking forward at the Democratic primary to the biggest vote ever cast in any election in this State. The Advertiser gang will count more than enough votes in the black belt to nominate Dick Clarke and Captain Johnston's friends, not to be outdone, will count every voter in the white counties and say it's alright, all the Populists and Republicans—everybody, men, women and children—have united in voting for Joe. The population of Alabama is about a million and a half, but that's no matter, the organized factions can easily count a million each.

WE are given to understand there are some people in Chilton county who, while opposed to the politics of THE BANNER, are desirous of getting the news of the county. To all such we wish to state that although we cannot undertake to alter the policy of THE BANNER to meet their views, we can and do undertake to give them the news of the county. This year of 1896 is one fraught with the very greatest political importance, and as there is now only one newspaper (THE BANNER) in Chilton county our citizens, irrespective of politics, should subscribe at once and keep posted with what is going on around them. Every person in the county should be acquainted with all that is happening in and around their respective neighborhoods. Our correspondence columns are always open to everyone—politics cut no figure—if you have anything to say of public importance send it to us and we will publish it. As is well known THE BANNER is alive to the fact that the advancement of the county is also its own advancement, we shall continue in the future as in the past to do all in our power to keep Chilton county in the front rank of the commonwealths of the State of Alabama. With 500 additional subscribers we will put in a new steam press and give Chilton county such a boom as has never been dreamed of.

BALLOT REFORM.

It is of great importance that a true conception of the political situation in Alabama and other Southern States is had, not only by the people of the South, but by the people of the North and the entire country as well.

Any movement that seeks to acquaint the country with the methods that have been practiced by the ballot box stuffing regime, to stifle the will of the people, deserves the endorsement of all good citizens, who desire that public sentiment shall cause a revolt against cliques and corruptors of the ballot.

The campaign of education and agitation along this line, that has been inaugurated and successfully carried on, by Hon. J. C. Manning, President of the Southern Ballot Rights League, has justly won the plaudits of those who wish that honest elections may prevail anywhere. After a study of the situation in Alabama and other Southern States and after a careful study of the claims of contestants for seats in Congress from the South Mr. Manning has published letters in the leading Northern papers that have attracted widespread attention. He has caused newspapers containing these articles to be sent out to thousands of people, in[illegible]ding prominent Southern voters, South[illegible] newspapers, members of [illegible] No one interested in the cause [illegible] elections, can fail to appreciat[illegible] scope of this work, and the good to come from it.

Public opinion is a power in this country, and when aroused will right the wrongs done an outraged and defrauded people.

The writer is proud to have watched the progress of this movement and commend the efforts of Mr. Manning and believes it is the duty of the reform press in the South to endorse and sustain him.

R. F. KOLB.

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Asso'n.

Promptly at noon on Saturday, Feb. 1, 1896, in the court house in Clanton an audience of representative farmers of Chilton county was called to order by W. F. Claughton of Verbena. The object of the meeting was briefly stated in an appropriate speech. It was "the object and purpose of the meeting to organize in this county for the mutual protection of its members, "The Farmers Mutual insurance Association of Alabama" Incorporated by Acts of the General Assembly, session of 1894–5.

Prof. G. L. Speer was nominated for temporary chairman and was elected by acclamation, W. J. Martin was elected temporary secretary, and on motion of C. L. Manning, he read the Act incorporating the Association, also the plan upon which said Association is to be operated. Great interest was manifested in the movement by those present and the plans met the hearty indorsement of all.

It was then ascertained that policies representing something over $43,000 had been written up by the agent, C. L. Manning.

Permanent officers were then elected for the ensuing year, as follows:

W. F. Claughton, Verbena, Pres.;
W. M. Wilson, Clanton, Sec. Treas;
E. L. Manning, Verbena, agent;
B. M. Gentry, G. P. Haines, S. L. Scott; A. T. Hathcock and Akin Mims, Directors.

On motion a committee on by-laws and local government was appointed as follows:

W. M. Adams, chairman, John Strock, J. A. Logan, W. J. Martin and J. W. Moore.

The meeting then adjourned to meet on Saturday, 15th inst, at 10 o'clock, at which time the organization will be perfected and the by-laws go into full force and effect. All parties are asked to be present.

On motion it was ordered that a copy of the proceeding of the meeting be sent to the BANNER for publication.

W. J. MARTIN,
Temporary Sec.

Turn-Round Topics.

A shadow of gloom was cast over our community on last Friday when the news was circulated that Mrs. Rebekah Sneed had died the night before. Her death had been expected for only one or two days, she having been afflicted with a disease that I know not. One of her relatives telegraphed to her two brothers, one in Montgomery and the other in Birmingham. Mr. Clent Connell of the capital city received the telegram too late to come on the mail, so he jumped a freight train and came right a head arrived in time to see his sister buried. But her other brother, Mr. Jim Connell, of Birmingham, received the telegram too late for the morning accommodation; he was compelled to lay over for the evening mail, so when he arrived he found to his sad disappointment that his sister had been put away, she being buried between sun-set and dark Friday evening. Mrs. Sneed was possessed of many noble and endearing traits of character, and it is sad to us that Providence willed that she should be cut down so early in life. She died in the hope of an inheritance in the great beyond, and it has been requested that her funeral be preached on the first Sunday in next month, by Rev. J. L. Long at Corinth. It was requested by Mrs. Sneed before her death that her sister, Mrs. Joe Cash, of Bozeman, should take her little two-year old daughter and raise her. The request was granted. The deceased leaves a husband, three brothers and two sisters to mourn her loss.

Mr. Clent Connell after attending his sister's burial returned Saturday evening to his home in Montgomery.

Mr. Jim Connell, of Birmingham, will stay with us awhile.

We are sorry to report measles in our community, Mr. J. C. Pattillo has them, and we fear more of us will take them. It has been reported, that John William Pattillo, had to quit school on the account of having them, but I have heard since that he did not have them.

Mr. Fim Connell, of Birmingham, and sister, Miss Lona, of Verbena, visited their uncle, Mr. E. T. Connell, last Sunday.

Mr. J. S. Jones and wife have returned home from a visit to relatives and friends at Bozeman.

Mr. Harve Connell, a brother of the deceased, whom I did not mention, has returned from a trip to Bozeman.

Mr. Jasper Dennis, of Friendship, visited Mr. John Howard last Friday and Saturday.

Sunday was a rainy day, which prevented a great many from at[illegible]ing church.

[illegible]ers here have commence[illegible]

This is log-[illegible] at least four days will be [illegible] in that work, at one place and then the other. E. A. Norris gives the first one.

Mr. Warren Jones, of Lomax, is visiting here.

While clearing last Tuesday, Mr. Will Manning made a glancing lick, cutting his leg just below the knee to the bone, though it is not a very serious cut, he can now walk about on it tolerably well. Be more careful next time Willie, will you?

Mrs. Eliza Kendrick returned home Thursday, from Elmore. She reports her daughter-in-law some better.

May success and prosperity be with the BANNER and its readers,

TIM.

* * *

Coopers Clippings.

It has been quite awhile since I have given the BANNER any dots but am a fond reader of it. We have had plenty of rain for the past few weeks which has been very bad on oat sowing. There is a great preparation being made in this section for a large cotton crop, Phosphate and Guano are leaving this place every day.

Mr. S. E. Waldrup wanted to know what had become of the Hustler and in reply I will say that he is still on foot.

Mr. W. W. Gray says he is going to get married soon, we hope to have a big dance at his wedding. Mr. Joe Handling is standing a big hand with his girl across the creek.

Coopers is on a boom; it has a new blacksmith shop, you can get your work done cheap.

No other news I will close hoping to hear from Old Mike, Tom Hide and Uncle Sap.

THE HUSTLER.

* * *

O. W. O. Hardman, Sheriff of Tyler county, W. Va., appreciate a good thing and does not hesitate to say so. He was almost prostrated with a cold when he procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says: "It gave me prompt relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for coughs and colds." For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

BIDS WANTED

For Building a Court House for Chilton County.

Sealed proposals will be received until 12 m. Monday, February 10th, to build a brick court house for Chilton County, at Clanton, Alabama, plans and specifications of which can be seen at the office of the Probate Judge at Clanton, Alabama. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for the sum of One Hundred Dollars to guarantee the successful bidder to enter contract, be marked: "Proposal for Building Court House at Clanton, Alabama." and addressed to "The Probate Judge of Chilton County, at Clanton, Alabama." The county reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS CHILTON COUNTY.
Clanton, Ala., Jan. 16th, 1896.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

By authority of the District Committee the Fourth district convention of the Republican Party is hereby called to meet in Calera on March 4, 1896, at 12 m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the 55th congress; for the election of two delegates and two alternates to the Republican National convention to be holden in St. Louis, Mo., June 16, 1896. For the election of two members of the State committee; for the election of a district committee and chairman and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it. Each county will be entitled to the number of delegates as follows: Cleburne 4, Calhoun 9, Chilton 4, Dallas 10, Talladega 12, Shelby 9, Total 47.

J. D. HARDY, Chairman.
F. M. SHOUSE, Secretary.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR]

Editor BANNER: We have a sad town, Brother John Patton lost his eldest son, Sam, last Thursday morning about seven o'clock, and his father died Saturday evening about three o'clock. Oh! how sad it was to see four sons and two daughters stand by and see the last breath leave the old man. He was a good man, had no enemies, was liked by all and may God bless his sons and daughters and may His spirit lead them to the place of happiness where there will be no parting. Sam was a boy loved by all; I have known him three years, have seen him nearly every day, and I have never heard any of his associates say aught against him, but to the contrary I have heard all of them speak well of him, he was a quiet peaceable boy and attended strictly to his own business; he was faithful to his father's business, could be trusted with all things that came under his care, but oh how he will be missed by his parents, there will be a vacant seat at the fire side, a vacant chair at the [illegible] a vacant place in his father s [illegible] our prayer is that he has filled [illegible] where all is happiness, peace [illegible] may the rich blessings of our [illegible] your rest on his faithful mother [illegible] father and may they take courage and say the Lord's will be done, and may they meet Sam in that world above together with the rest of their children. Respectfully,

A FRIEND.

* * *

On January 30 death claimed Samuel Patton, after a severe illness from pneumonia. He was a young man who was just stepping out into the responsibilities of the journey of life, and ready to bless fond parents who had so cautiously trained him for duties ahead. On 1 inst, while the cloud of sorrow was yet hanging heavily over Mr. John Patton's household, death entered the home of Mr. Wm. Patton and carried him away. He was the aged grandfather of the deceased Samuel. Thus we find but 31 hours between the flight of these two souls, so closely related. For years they have lived in speaking distance so closely are their homes situated. Now that their earthly pleasures have ceased, they will start on the celestial shore of the great beyond, viewing the untold rapturous and sublime grandeur of the home of the blessed. As time swiftly rolls by, another, and another one of these bereaved ones will pass on up to glory, there to join in with perpetual praise in admiration of the home bought by the blood of Christ.

MRS. IRA CAMPBELL.

* * *

Kincheon News.

Guano hauling is the order of the day; oat sowing has begun.

The farmers in this section are in good spirits, they have hog and hominy a plenty and are making preparations for a large crop.

The health of the community is better than it has been, but the measles are giving some trouble.

Miss Sarah Strickland has been visiting relatives in Talladega county for some time and has returned home to her old neighborhood.

Wishing THE BANNER much success I will close.

A FRIEND.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Isabella on 21st day of February.

FRIDAY.

9 a.m. Opening exercises.

9:30 a.m. The best way of impressing upon the minds of the pupils the importance of an education, A. B. Harwood, Miss Cora Smith.

10 a.m. Teachers duties, W. S. Garner, W. C. Robinson.

11:30 a.m. Home and parental duties, B. D. Wilson, J. M. Massey.

2 p.m. Should country schools be graded, G. L. Speer. General discussion Question box.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a.m. History, H. L. Hicks, W. R. Headley.

10 a.m. Can Reading be successfully taught in the school-room simply by hearing reading lessons? F. M. Foshee, Miss Jennie Wilson.

11 a.m. How should the art of writing be taught? Miss M. P. McGee.

2 p.m. Orthography, Miss Kate Garner. General discussion.

J. Alex Moore }
R. E. R. Hicks } Committee.

Isabella is located about 12 miles west of Clanton. Any teachers wishing conveyance from this point to the Institute, will please write Prof. B. D. Wilson at Lily, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

* * *

A Great Chance to Make Money.

I want to tell you of my wonderful success. Being a poor girl and needing money badly, I tried the Dish Washer business and have cleared $200 every month. It is more money than I ever had before, and can't help telling about it, for I believe any person can do as well as I have if they only try. I sell from 5 to 15 machines a day. My business is increasing and am going to keep right on until I make $10,000. There is no excuse to be poor when so much money can be made selling dishwashers. The Washers sell on side; every lady wants one. The Mound City Dish Washer does splendid work; you can wash and dry the dishes in two or three minutes without putting your hands in the water at all. Try this business and let us know how you succeed. The Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo., will give you all necessary instructions so you can begin work at once.

ELIZABETH C.

THE NEW YORK WORLD THREE TIMES A WEEK AND THE BANNER FOR $1.50 PER YEAR.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK edition of the New York World has been converted into the THRICE-A-WEEK. It furnishes 3 papers of 6 pages apiece, or eighteen pages every week, at the old price of one dollar a year. This gives 156 papers a year for one dollar and every paper has six pages eight columns wide or 48 columns in all. The THRICE-A-WEEK World is not only much larger than any weekly or semi-weekly newspaper, but it furnishes the news with much greater frequency and promptness. In fact it combines all the crisp, fresh qualities of a daily with the attractive special features of a weekly.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
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Clanton, Ala.

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

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CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

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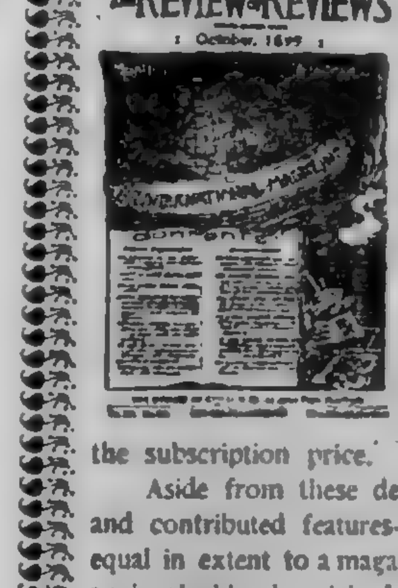

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Edited by ALBERT SHAW.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7.25 cents

SALES RECEIVED TO DATE:

Sampey	949
Mullins	711
Wilson	339
W. G. Plummer, from wagons.	71
Total	2070

Judge Callen came up from the capital city last Friday and returned Sunday.

Mr. F. A. Gulledge, of Verbena, was in town Sunday.

Teachers' day was last Saturday and amongst others we were pleased to meet Professors J. W. Moore and R. E. R. Hicks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Dunkin came up from Prattville last Saturday evening and spent Sunday with Mr. Tom Phillips' family. We were glad to notice that Prattville evidently agrees with them.

A full line of Fertilizers on hand
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. Joe Headley was in town Saturday.

U. S. Commissioner Wilson, of Birmingham, was in town Sunday.

Last week Deputy Marshall Dudley, with the assistance of Deputy Collector Tutwiler and Deputy Marshal Adams, raided a still at P. W. Grubbs place, near Briarfield in full operation. The still was located in the shed room which had been converted into a still room. They destroyed a fine copper still and the whiskey and beer. No arrests were made.

Another new, necessary and useful kitchen tool, the Christy S. I. B. Spatula or Handy Kitchen Knife, more wonderful than the Christy Bread Knives. We will mail sample to any address in the U. S. A. on receipt of 50 cents. Agents wanted; write quick for territory.
THE R. J. CHRISTY MFG. Co.,
Clyde, Ohio.

Mr. W. F. Culp has removed into the house recently vacated by Rev. J. G. Lowrey.

Mr. R. Ehrman went to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. O. A. Duke is spending a few days with friends here this week.

Dr Johnson met with an unfortunate accident on Saturday night. He was driving out to Ehrman's mill to visit a patient when his horse ran away and in trying to avoid a fallen tree the buggy came in contact with a fence, smashing the buggy, throwing out the doctor and breaking his arm. We are glad to say he is doing well.

Mr. J. J. Mims and Miss Minnie Baker were happily married last Thursday evening at the residence of Mr. James A. Baker, Judge Honeycutt, officiating.

Mr. N. A. Graham, of Calera, was in town last week.

From the weather report issued by Mr. Ben M. Jacobs, the observer at Birmingham, it appears the mean temperature for the month of January was 45 degrees; the total rainfall was 3.40 inches, there were 12 clear days, 2 partly cloudy and 17 cloudy; the prevailing wind was southeast.

The revival meeting at the court house cont[illegible] with unabated vigor and [illegible] with much enthusiasm.

Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Washington, says she has never been able to procure any medicine for rheumatism that relief the pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm and that she has also used it for lame back with great success. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. J. Mims and Miss Minnie Baker; Mr. Henry T. Gregg and Miss Eva Roebuck; Mr. John Allen and Miss Sarah J. Cox.

The experience of Geo. A. Apgar, of German Valley, N. J., is well worth remembering. He was troubled with chronic diarrhœa and doctored five months and was treated by four different doctors without benefit. He then began using Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarhœa Remedy, of which one small bottle effected a complete cure. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 26-27 Third Ave., New York City.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.

DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable: with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

On Monday, January 27, Miss Naomi Moore came to stay with County Superintendent Moore and wife at Strasburg. The young lady commenced her career in a most hospitable home.

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Probate
Chilton County. } Court.

To J. M. Davenport, Annie Bell Birt[illegible] Emmit, Catherine and Pearl Shoupta:

Whereas Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport deceased, has filed her application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of division upon the grounds that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 21st day of April, 1896, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. You are therefore hereby notified to appear before said court on said 21st day of April, 1896, to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this 28th day of January 1896
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
1-30-3t Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county state of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Chilton County Alliance out of the goods, chattels lands and tenements of the said Chilton county Alliance I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One store house situated in the town of Stanton in said State and County known as the Chilton County Alliance Store and n ½ of ne ¼ sec 16 tp 20 north range 11 east.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Chilton County Alliance in and to the above described property, on Monday the 2nd day of March 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 21st day of January, 1896. P. M. MOORE.
Sheriff Chilton county, Alabama.

Notice to Non-resident

The State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

No. 1235. Circuit Court, Spring Term, 1896.

Fox Bros. & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. Otto Stoelker, Defendant. Attachment.

Whereas Fox Bros. & Co. as Plaintiffs in said cause, have obtained an Attachment out of this Court, issued the [illegible] day of January, 1896, against the estate of the said Defendant, situate in said County and State, which Attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit:

N ½ of ne ¼ sec 5 tp 20 r 15; Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 4 tp 20 r 16; W ½ of sw ¼ and sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 21 r 16; Se 1-4 and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 3 tp 20 r 16; Se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 7 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of ne 1-4 sec 10 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of se 1-4 and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; [illegible] ½ of sw 1-4 and sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 33 tp 21 r 16; Nw 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 16; W ½ of ne 1-4 sec 8 tp 20 r 16;

And whereas it appears that the said Otto Stoelker, Defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, now, therefore, the said Otto Stoelker, as such Defendant, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said Attachment.

Witness my hand this 4th day of February, 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk.

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Pay but one profit between maker and user and that a small just one.
Our Big 700 Page Catalogue and Buyers Guide proves that it's possible. Weighs 2½ pounds, 12,000 illustrations, describes and tells the one-profit price of over 40 000 articles, everything you use. We send it for 15 cents; that's not for the book but to pay part of the postage or expressage, and keep off idlers. You can't get it too quick.

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WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

COLONIZING IN CHILTON.

Thrifty Scandinavian Immigrants Settling in Alabama.

Mr. A. L. Wamben, of Thorsby, the new town located on the Louisvill and Nashville railroad in Chilton county, passed through the city the other day on his return home to North Dakota. Mr. Wamben formerly lived near Hatton, Dak., and came to Alabama about two months ago prospecting, in company with several others from the same section and community. The party were met on their arrival in Birmingham by Capt Sid Jones and it was through his influence that they visited Chilton county, where they were so well pleased than they bought property and began building the town of Thorsby, which now boasts of a number of progressive families. The citizenship is composed altogether of Scandinavians, said to be the most progressive and enterprising people now immigrating to this country.

Mr Wamben said to a State Herald reporter that he was on his way to his former Dakota home for the purpose of disposing of all his property there, both personal and real, and that he would return with something near $6,000, which he proposed to invest in Chilton county. His landed interests in Dakota, he said, consists of a farm of 160 acres, located within one mile of the town of Hatton, and that he will find no trouble in disposing of it at $30 per acre.

He says that he is more than satisfied with his adopted home. In fact, he says Alabama is indeed the garden spot of America, and Thorsby is destined to be the garden spot of Alabama; that he is carrying with him to Dakota a full supply of printed matter containing all the information any one could desire, and that he is satisfied quite a number will come with him on his return. Mr. Wamben says that Dakota is a good country—plenty of good lands, but that the climate is almost unbearable at times, and an ancient prophet would hardly be able to tell when it would rain and blow and when dry weather might be expected. In Dakato, he said wheat is the only profitable crop that can be raised, and in Alabama he expects to raise any and everything, but will devote his attention in the main to fruit culture.

"How many people have you at Thorsby Mr. Wamben?" asked the reporter.

"All told I think we have about fifty people. The most of them are young men without families. We have been feeling our way so to speak, and have not been making any exertion much to increase our population. We wanted to be able to report correctly to our northwestern friends just how things are before inducing them to settle among us."

"And are you satisfied that they will be pleased with the change?"

"Pleased! They cannot help being pleased; we have found the Eldorado. By the way, do you know that we can raise coffee in Chilton county?"

"Coffee!"

"Yes, coffee—genuine coffee. A Mrs. Bruce, who resides about one and a half miles from Clanton, told me the other day that she had a neighbor that raised last year all the coffee she will need for several months. About three years ago the lady discovered a peculiar plant growing in her garden and decided to fertilize and cultivate it to see what it was, and it proved to be a coffee plant. She said that she remembered that her husba[illegible] from market at one [illegible] came in the garden where she was and spilled some on the ground, and that she is certain here was the starting of her coffee culture. The first year the coffee matured so nicely that she determined to save the crop for seed and plant again and did so, and it is the third years' growth that she is using. I don't know that I shall go in the coffee raising business just yet, but this experiment is worth telling the public about." "On the 10th of March a home-seekers' excursion will be run from all points in the north and northwest."

* * *

A Des Moines woman who has been troubled with frequent colds, concluded to try an old remedy in a new way, and accordingly took a tablespoonful (four times the usual dose) of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy just before going to bed. The next morning she found that her cold had almost entirely disappeared. During the day she took a few doses of the remedy (one teaspoonful at a time) and at night again took a tablespoonful before going to bed, a[illegible] on the following morning awoke free from all symptoms of the cold. Since then she has, on several occasions, used this remedy in like manner, with the same good results, and is much elated over her discovery of so quick a way of curing a cold. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

PATENTS OBTAINED. TERMS EASY
Thirty-five years' experience. Examinations and reports free. Prompt attention
Send drawing and description to
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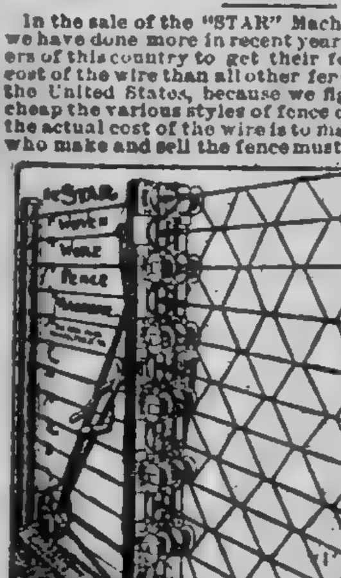

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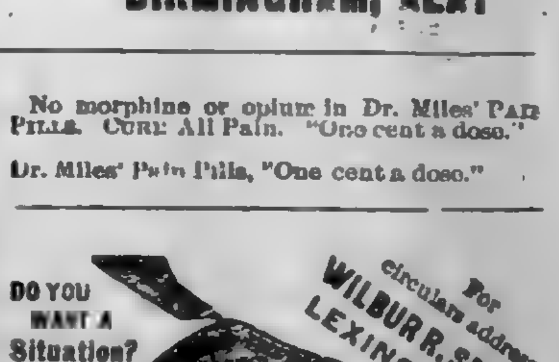
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This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formul is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior TO ALL Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

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EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"I was a rheumatic sufferer for 12 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, tried [illegible] at Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by S. W. PEARSON, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." J. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.

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Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably, as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Company.

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That's Salzer's Earliest, fit for use in 28 days. Salzer's new late potato, Champion of the World, is pronounced the heaviest yielder in the world, and we challenge you to produce its equal! 10 acres to Salzer's Earliest Potatoes yield 4000 bushels, sold in June at $1 a bushel—$4000. That pays. A word to the wise, etc.

NOW IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 10c. postage you will get, free, 10 packages grains and grasses, including Teosinte, Lathyrus, Sand Vetch, Giant Spurry, Giant Clover, etc., and our mammoth seed catalogue. (A. C.)

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"I think it is best not to hide a light under bushels, and when a good remedy is discovered it is our duty to let it be known in the interest of suffering humanity.

"I have been suffering with indigestion and dyspepsia. I tried all the various remedies as well as several eminent physicians, but without avail. I was induced by a friend to try Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and the first dose relieved me. Yours is a grand remedy for indigestion and dyspepsia. It builds up, and I recommend it as worthy of trial by all who wish to be cured." For sale by all druggists.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

The obscure demagogue may easily point out the errors of statesmen whose power and patriotism is known the world over.

The only floating soap now made that is 100 per cent. pure and contains Borax is Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap. Why buy an adulterated soap when you can get the genuine? Put up only in red wrappers.

If you would serve mankind expect your motives to be assailed and your character besmirched by people who imagine that all honesty is locked within their own breast.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are of great service in subduing Hoarseness and Coughs. Sold only in boxes. Avoid imitations.

Many people foolishly expect him who has been put into office on the cry of "reform" to be more honest than others.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and [illegible] trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila.

The More One Uses Parker's Ginger Tonic the more its virtues are revealed in dispelling colds, indigestion, pain and every weakness.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Walking Would Often be a Pleasure were it not for corns. These pests are removed with Hindercorns. 15c. at druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Nervous

People wonder why their nerves are so weak; why they get tired so easily; why they do not sleep naturally; why they have frequent headaches, indigestion and

Nervous Dyspepsia. The explanation is simple. It is found in that impure blood feeding the nerves on refuse instead of the elements of strength and vigor. Opiate and nerve compounds simply deaden and do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla feeds the nerves pure, rich blood, gives natural sleep, perfect digestion, is the true remedy for nervousness.

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Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Am. N. U. No. 6, 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Acres of Mushrooms.

A gentleman who lately returned from a visit to Astoria says that while there he went over to look at what the Astorians call the "mushroom town" site of Flavel. He is not interested in the rivalry between the two terminal cities, but says that in the line of mushrooms he has never seen anything equal the Flavel town site and vicinity. There were acres and acres literally covered with the nutritious and delicious fungus, which were of astonishing size. He secured one which was nine inches across, as big as a soup plate and weighed half a pound, the largest mushroom he has ever seen. There were others nearly as large and any number of good-sized ones.

The boys of Flavel, if there are any, might make plenty of spending money by gathering mushrooms for the Portland market, if they would select nice, fresh ones, cut and pack them carefully, as grapes, etc., are packed. They could be gathered during the day, sent up on the night boat, and be here all nice and fresh next morning. Mushrooms sell here at retail at twenty cents per pound, and the dealers probably pay ten or fifteen cents for them. All sorts and sizes are gathered, including stale ones, and no care is taken to get them to market in a presentable condition.

The large mushrooms are broken, and they are gathered stems and all, and the earth from the roots is scattered among them. This makes the demand small to what it would be if the fungus were properly handled. Tons of fine mushrooms are to be had in this country, and, besides furnishing a very palatable and wholesome dish, they make the finest kind of catsup. But one variety is in common use, although two or three other kinds are occasionally seen in the market, and at least six or eight wholesome varieties are to be found in the region.—Portland Oregonian.

Indian and Magician.

"Nothing so completely mystifies an Indian," said Captain Partello at the Officers' Club recently, "as to witness the operations of some itinerate sleight-of-hand performer, many of whom find their way into the sparsely settled portions of the Northwest, where they are always sure to reap a good harvest. Professor McAllister, the magacian, once visited a camp of River Crows on the Yellowstone, and, after extracting various packs of cards and other articles from the ears, necks, noses and garments of the astonished Indians, was invited to a big feast of roast dog and other delicacies. The Chief was so impressed by the great medicine powers of the professor that he took him to his wigwam, introducing him to his daughter, Miss Wicista-Neeta (meaning Wild Cat), and offered her for a wife at the low price of two ponies. The feast and daughter were both declined, but as McAllister was leaving the tepee he spied a lean, yellow cur. He asked the chief how much he would take for the dog, at the same time stroking the brute down the back to his tail length and each time taking a handful of money from the end of his tail.

"'Him very valuable dog,' said McAllister, picking a coin out of the dog's eye and another out of his nose. 'Two ponies for him, Chief?'

"The Indians, with eyes as big as saucers, stood in awe and astonishment and shook their heads. After McAllister had gone they carried the poor dog down to the river side and cut him open, but the goose had no golden egg, and they went slowly back to [illegible] completely dumfounded and as sor[illegible] beings can possibly be."—Exch.

A Blind Little Prince.

Much sympathy is felt in England for the little boy of Prince and Princess Adolphus of Teck, who is doomed to blindness for the remainder of his life. He was afflicted with ophthalmia shortly after his birth, and, after having his eyes operated upon several times, has now lost the use of both eyes. It is a sad blow for the young parents, who were married under such very brilliant auspices, the bridegroom a brother of England's future queen, the Duchess of York, while the bride, a daughter of England's wealthiest peer, the Duke of Westminster, was one of the great heiresses of the London season. It is difficult to understand the discussion that has arisen in the English papers with regard to the correct style and dignity of the poor little blind boy of the Prince and Princess of Teck, and one finds even a former diplomat, such as Mr. Labouchere, suggesting in Truth that the Queen should confer upon the child some courtesy title in order to avoid his being condemned to the dignity of a mere esquire. Of course, all this is ridiculous. The father of Prince Adolphus, the Duke of Teck, is a German duke and an Austrian prince. The title of prince, in accordance with German and Austrian law and usage, is borne by all his male children, no matter how many of them there are, and by their children in turn, while the eldest son of the Duke will, on the death of his father, succeed to the dukedom. There is absolutely no need for the Queen to interfere in the matter, as the little blind baby is a prince and will remain so until the end of his days.

A Simile in Smoke.

There's all sorts of grades of tobacco plant. The best comes from Havana. There's all sorts of grades of sarsaparilla plant. The best comes from Honduras. If you want cheap tobacco, all right—provided you get value for your money. Cheap tobacco's not as good to smoke—but it don't cost as much.

If you want cheap sarsaparilla . . . But you don't want it. Of course you don't. You are paying for the best. To pay for the best and get anything but Honduras sarsaparilla is like paying for Havana cigars and getting Pittsburg "Stogies." There's only one sarsaparilla made exclusively from the imported Honduras plant. That's Ayer's. Just keep it in mind that you are paying for Honduras sarsaparilla when you are paying for the best; but you don't get what you pay for unless you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Any doubt about it? Send for the "Curebook."
It kills doubts but cures doubters.
Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FORTY-FIRST DAY.

HOUSE.—The senate concurrent resolutions relating to the Armenian persecutions, after four hours' debate, passed by 143 to 26....A message was received from the president asking an appropriation to concur the expense of bringing the negro colonists back from Mexico....The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was reported. Adjournment until tomorrow.

SENATE—The senators from Utah appeared and took their seats. The long term ending March 3, 1899, fell by lot to Mr. Cannon. Mr. Bunner's term will end March 3, 1897....The bond bill came up, as the regular order, and two speeches were delivered on it, but no action taken. Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, gave notice of an amendment providing for the issue of $100,000,000 of 3 per cents. for coast defense....A number of petitions were presented, an executive session was held and the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

FORTY-SECOND DAY.

SENATE.—Mr. Turpie, of Indiana, presented a memorial relating to the Armenian horrors and addressed the senate on it. Notices of two amendments to the bond bill and substitute were given; one by Mr. Tiller, of Colorado, requiring the payment of National bank notes in coin when presented for redemption at the banks of issue; and one by Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, to prohibit the issue of bonds until congress shall first declare the necessity for such issue....Mr. Call's resolution for a special committee to investigate the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs, being before the senate, Mr. Hill, of New York, moved an amendment instructing the judiciary committee to investigate the whole subject of contempt of courts as enforced by Federal courts. The subject was debated until the hour assigned for hearing Mr. Thurston on the Monroe doctrine, when the resolutions were laid aside and Mr. Thurston proceeded with his speech....The debate on the bond bill was then resumed. An effort was made for an agreement to set a time for a vote on it, but failed ....Resolutions of regret at the death of Frederick Reiman, representative elect from Illinois, were adopted, and the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE.—The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill went through the house today without discussion and practically without amendment. Mr. Hitt, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, explained the changes made in the text of the law, and Mr. McCreary stated that in his opinion, they were all essential to the welfare of the service. The bill had the unanimous support of the committee....Bills were passed authorizing the secretary of state to convene the international marine conferences, and authorizing officers and soldiers of the army who are members of the Sons of Veterans to wear a badge of that society on occasions of public ceremony ....Upon hearing the formal announcement of the death of the late Frederick Reiman, representative-elect of the Eighteenth Illinois district made by his successor, Mr. Hadley (Rep. Ill.), the house passed its usual resolution of respect, and at 2:35 o'clock, adjourned until tomorrow.

FORTY-THIRD DAY.

HOUSE.—A resolution, with amendments, authorizing the donation of condemned cannons to grand army posts, was referred to the naval affairs [illegible]ttee....The regular order, be[illegible] committee for the consideration [illegible] the morning hour, was taken up, [illegible]ing that no quorum was pres[illegible] journed until tomorrow.

SENATE.—Mr. Morgan from the committee on foreign relations reported, as a substitute for Mr. Calls resolution to accord belligerent rights to the Cubans, The following:

Resolved, By the senate (the house of representatives concurring) that the present deplorable war in the island of Cuba has reached a magnitude that concerns all civilized nations to the extent that it should be conducted, if unhappily it is longer to continue, on those principles and laws of warfare that are acknowledged to be obligatory on civilized nations when engaged in open hostilities, including the treatment of captives who are enlisted in either army; due respect to cartels for exchange of prisoners and for other military purposes, truces and flags of truce; the provision of proper hospitals and supplies and services to the sick and wounded of either army; be it further

Resolved, That this representation of the views and opinions of congress be sent to the president, and if he concurs therein, that he will, in a friendly spirit, use the good offices of this government to the end that Spain shall be requested to accord to the armies with which it is engaged in war the rights of belligerents, as the same are recognized under the laws of nations.

Mr. Cameron presented a minority report, closing with a resolution that "the president is hereby requested to interpose his friendly offices with the Spanish government for the recognition of the independence of Cuba."

The entire majority report was read and the whole matter went to the calendar....The regular order, being the house bond bill and silver substitute, was taken up and Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, spoke two hours, advocating the substitute....Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, who is in parliamentary charge of the bond bill, made another ineffective effort to have a time fixed for a vote or for beginning the debate under the five minute rule. Senator Morrill and Hill objecting on the ground that several senators desired to speak on the bill....Mr. Call then addressed the senate on the bill, advocating bimetalism, and the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

FORTY-FOURTH DAY.

SENATE.—Most of the day was spent in debate. The urgency deficiency appropriation bill was reported back from the committee on appropriations and notice was given by Mr. Hale, of Maine, that he would probably ask the senate to consider it tomorrow.... Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, introduced a bill to prohibit the purchase or use by the government of any wares manufactured in any penitentiary work house or any prison, or by convict labor. Referred to the committee on education and labor. At 6 p. m. the senate took a recess until noon tomorrow.

HOUSE.—Mr. Wadsworth, republican, of New York, chairman of the committee on agriculture, reported the agricultural appropriation bill, and Mr. Grout, republican, of Vermont, the District of Columbia appropriation for the year ending June 30, 1897....Mr. McCall, republican, of Texas, from elections committee No. 3, reported its unanimous finding that David Culberson, democrat, was entitled to his seat as a representative from the Fourth Texas district. J. H. Davis having abandoned the contest, of which he gave notice to the clerk, a resolution to that effect was agreed to....Mr. Jenkins, republican, of Wisconsin, reported from the same committee its unanimous report in favor of the sitting member in the contest between Rosenthal and Crowley, from the Tenth Texas district, stating that he would call it up for consideration tomorrow....A resolution reported from the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, by Mr. Doolittle, republican, of Washington, was agreed to, asking the president to transmit to congress the report of the board of engineers appointed by him to investigate the Nicaraguan canal....The speaker announced the assignment of Mr. Wellington, of Maryland, to the committee on labor, and Mr. Belknap, republican, of Illinois, to the committee on railways and canals....The following bills were passed: Directing the pension bureau, in claims by widows for pensions, to accept as evidence of the soldier's death proof of his unexplained absence for seven years; transferring to the state of Nebraska the military reservation of Fort Omaha for a school of instruction of the national guard of that state; to reorganize the customs collections of the district of Alaska; to open the forest reservations of Pike's Peak, Plum creek and the South Platte, Colorado, in the Cripple Creek district, to the location of mining claims; confirming certain cash entries of "offered" lands in the states of Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas....The house at 2:10 p. m. adjourned until tomorrow.

FORTY-FIFTH DAY.

HOUSE.—A bill was passed giving brandies made from other fruits the same conditions under the revenue laws as brandies made from peaches, apples and grapes....The District of Columbia appropriation bill was considered in committee of the whole. Without disposing of it the committee rose and the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, after disposing of the contest from the Tenth district of Texas in favor of Crowley, democrat, the sitting member. The evening session was devoted to private pension bills and at 10:30 the house adjourned until tomorrow.

SENATE.—The senate was called to order at noon and resumed consideration of the bond bill and silver substitute. An agreement to take a final vote at 2 p. m., tomorrow was reached. Mr. Palmer, democrat, of Illinois, gave notice of an amendment declaring it to be the policy of the United States to maintain the parity between the gold and the silver dollar and directing the secretary of the treasury to use his discretion, under the law, to that end.....A recess was taken at 4 p. m., until 7:30, after which the debate was continued until 10, when a recess was taken until 11 a. m. tomorrow.

Corbett's Mouth Murphy Mashed.

It was at the National theatre in Philadelphia where the pugilist is playing. Murphy, who is a small man, was the fireman on duty. He smelled [illegible]rette smoke and entered Corbett's [illegible] to tell him that smoking is agains[illegible] "No one is smoking here," Co[illegible] "Why," said Murphy, "You are smo[illegible]self." He had seen the smoke from [illegible]rette hidden under Corbett's co[illegible] Thereupon the big pugilist shoved Murphy out and slammed the door. The little man threw himself against the door, it opened so easily that he staggered half across the room. So Corbett took him at a disadvantage and struck him twice. But Murphy came back with a blow on the big fellow's mouth that brought the blood profusely. Having no further business there Murphy started down stairs when Corbett seized him, threw him down and kicked him. The little man started down again. As Corbett followed him he turned suddenly, caught the big fellow around his legs, jerked them from under him and sent him bumpity bump down the stairs. Corbett upon getting on his feet attacked Murphy furiously, but others now interfered and the fight was off. So the story goes, but Corbett says it is all made up, and that he only had some words with the fireman about smoking a cigarette.

Complaint of Consular Neglect.

The Foresters of Cleveland, O., have asked Secretary of State Olney for an explanation of the neglect of Patrick A. Collins, United States consul-general at London, to give certain information that was requested of him. Fred McAdams, a Forester whose home was in Cleveland, died in a London coffe house and when his brethren here heard of his death they asked Consul-General Collins to look after his effects and see that they were returned to his relatives. It is asserted that the consul-general paid no attention to the request and that it was necessary to proceed through another channel. Past Chief Ranger Johnson of Court Forest City has laid the case before Secretary Olney and is awaiting an explanation.

The Coliseum Selected.

The next democratic nominee for the presidency will be named at the Coliseum at Sixty-third and Jackson park, Chicago. This was the decision of the sub-committee of the national democratic committee Saturday afternoon after a session of over four hours, and it means that an audience of not less than 15,000 will be afforded an opportunity of greeting with acclamation the name of the successful candidate. It was also decided to locate the headquarters of the national committee at the Palmer house.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

KING OF PORTUGAL ASSAULTED.

Five Bold Burglars Bagged in Boston. Fire in Toronto—Killed in a Wreck on the Rails—Rosenthal in a New Role—Additions to the Navy and Merchant Marine.

SOUTHERN.

South Carolina's tobacco crop for 1895 brought $1,000,000.

George C. Todd, has been elected mayor of Louisville, Ky. Todd is a republican.

Mrs. Montgomery, who has been on trial at Rome, Ga., for the murder of her husband, was acquitted last week.

At New Orleans Jerry Duggan, the deputy sheriff who was murderously assaulted by a prisoner on January 22, died last Friday.

Senator Gorman refused to serve on the sub-committee to make arrangements for the Chicago convention. He says he will not attend the convention.

Richmond is making preparations for the Confederate veterans' meeting. The city council has been requested to appropriate $12,000 for improvements.

A. J. Rosenthal, who has been figuring as contestant for Crowley's seat in congress, is now posing as defendant in a charge of embezzlement made by W. B. Witte, at LaGrange, Texas.

Two ships were launched at the Newport News yards Thursday. One of them a United States gun boat, the Helena; the other a Plant Line steamer, the Duchess, constructed so as to be convertible into a war ship if there should be occasion for it.

The authorities at Bluefields, W. Va., will look into the lynching of Alex Jones, which occurred some days ago. The Norfolk & Western railroad will also prosecute them for stopping the train and delaying the United States mail.

In the superior court, Atlanta, Friday, Alex Carr, who murdered Captain King on the street of Atlanta a year ago, and Adolphus Duncan, who ravished Mrs. Sener, a respectable white woman, a few months since, were sentenced to be hanged on the 13th of March.

A freight train on the Houston & Texas Central struck a cow at 8 p. m. Thursday, six miles south of Hempstead, and was wrecked. Engineer James Quill is missing and is thought to be under the overturned engine. Fireman Charles Cash and Brakeman Sam Colville are perhaps fatally injured.

EASTERN

Dr. Alfred L. Kennedy, the distinguished chemist, was burned to death Thursday night in his office in Philadelphia, Pa. It is believed he was experimenting with chemicals when the fire occurred.

Clarence Murphy, wanted in Salem Mass., for embezzling $6,000 from the Salem Savings bank two years ago, was the other day arrested in San Francisco, Cal. Murphy attempted to escape after being captured, but was frustrated.

Paul Brigham, who pleaded guilty to having forged the certificate of a check on the Columbia National bank of Washington, by which the Lincoln National bank of New York city was swindled out of $6,500, was sentenced to seven years in state prison by Judge Cowing.

Five burglars were cribbed in Boston last Wednesday night. In the chief's office are the tools found on the men, comprising sticks of dynamite dynamite cartridges, five thirty-eight calibre revolvers, fully loaded, and an assortment of jimmies, drills and other safe-breaking instruments.

It is reported that the Standard Oil company is to be organized as a corpo[illegible] with a capital of $200,000,000. This [illegible]ice the capitalization of the origin[illegible] Having been declared an illegal combination as at present organized, it has been decided to form a corporation into which will be more firmly combined its field production, pipe lines and refineries.

FOREIGN.

The London Standard publishes a dispatch from Madrid saying that the bank of Spain has advanced 50,000,000 pesetas to the Spanish government for the campaign in Cuba.

Emperor Menelik, of Abyssinia, has sent letters to King Humbert, of Italy, and to General Barratieri by an Italian trader asking that Italy appoint a plenipotentiary to arrange terms of peace between Italy and Abyssinia.

On Thursday, as King Charles, of Portugal, was driving along the street, an anarchist threw a rock at him and hit the aide-de-camp, who sat by him. The aide sprang from the carriage, seized the anarchist and held him until policemen came and took him in charge.

Fire in a planing mill on Ontario street, Toronto, Canada, Thursday morning, quickly spread to adjoining buildings. One of the firemen was severely injured, and many occupants of the burning dwellings had narrow escapes. Loss, about $30,000; insurance small.

The London Daily News states that when Sir Philip Currie, British ambassador at Constantinople, presented the queen's letter to the sultan he and his dragoman were kept waiting in a cold room without overcoats for nearly an hour. As a result, both caught violent colds. It is rumored that Sir Philip Currie was dissatisfied with the interview.

Dwyer's Murderers Arrested.

John and Brady Rutherford, Joe Goodwin and Ed Prosper, negroes, were arrested at Brenham, Texas, Thursday and Prosper confessed, implicating the others in the murder of Thomas Dwyer, the millionaire. They assaulted him with a gas pipe, and while he was still alive threw him into a cistern. They secured a large sum of money from the safe. To prevent lynching, which was threatened, Sheriff Teague took the prisoners to Galveston for safe keeping.

[illegible] Quigg's Fine [illegible]

Speaking of Caruth: He is the gentleman who rather disturbed the serenity of that metropolitan editor and statesman, Lemuel Eli Quigg.

"The Republican party, Mr. Speaker," shouted Mr. Quigg on an occasion when, metaphorically speaking, he was sailing and soaring in the heavens of the house, "the Republican party, Mr. Speaker, on that occasion of the nation's greatest peril, stood like a gladiator, belted and buckled, booted and spurred——"

"Will the gentleman," interrupted Carthur, with the look of one who was taking a consuming interest in Quigg's speech, and wanted full information on all points as he went along, "will the gentleman please mention where and when it was that the gladiators wore boots and spurs?"

The house, as usual, full of approving delight, yelled its glee over the interruption, and all very much to the confusion of Lemuel Eli Quigg.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Had No Use for Another Fortune.

A laborer employed in one of the iron mills in Allegheny, earning the munificent salary of $1.10 a day for wheeling ore in a wheelbarrow, received a telegram announcing that a relative in Ireland had died and left him $60,000. He left his job, went to Ireland, secured the cash and started upon a career of luxury and high living. Two years later he reappeared in Pittsburg, asked for his old position and went back to wheeling ore. One day another telegram came announcing that a relative in England had died, leaving him $20,000. He threw up his hands in despair. "Hivins!" cried he. "Must Oi trow up me job and go over ther and waste another year or two in spending that? It's a shame to handicap a decint workin' man like thot. Oi'll sind word to thim Oi can't do it."

Prosperity Came Through Pines.

The region of the Landes, which, fifty years ago, was one of the poorest and most miserable in France, has now been made one of the most prosperous, owing to the planting of pines. The increased value is estimated at 1,000,000,000 francs. Where there were, fifty years ago, only a few thousand poor and unhealthy shepherds, there are now sawmills, charcoal kilns and turpentine works, interspersed with thriving villages and fertile agricultural lands.

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RIPANS TABULES

Mr. R. L. Johns, of Selma, Ala., is in the habit of buying Ripans Tabules at White's Pharmacy at Selma. When interviewed at the time of a recent purchase, Mr. Johns said: "Ever since I was in the army, where I contracted indigestion and dyspepsia from eating "hard tack and sow belly," I have suffered much from those and kindred ailments. A son of mine who clerks for J. N. Harter in a drug store at Winfield, Kansas, told me while home on a visit, over year ago, to get a box of Ripans Tabules and take them. I did [illegible] in a very short time I was benefited, and by the time they were half gone I was well, and since then I have felt better, ate more and relished it better than at any time since the war and am doing more work now than I ever expected to do again. I tell you, they are the greatest medicine for a fellow's stomach I ever saw. This box is for a neighbor of mine out by me in the country. We always have them at home, and I never hesitate to recommend them when a fellow complains about his stomach hurting him
(Signed), R. L. JOHNS."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBURARY 13, 196. NO. 16.

STATE'S EVIDENCE.

EX-GOV. GIBBS OF TEXAS LAMBASTS THE OLD PARTIES.

He Says They Are Selling Bonds and Devising New Systems of Taxation Instead of Laboring to Lighten the Burdens Already Upon the People.

Another prominent democrat has taken the witness stand and scored the democratic party. This time it is ex-Governor Gibbs of Texas. He gives the following reasons for the change. He says:

"It used to be that a democratic platform was no longer than the ten commandments, and as easy of comprehension. Now it takes Roger Q. Mills and Horace Chilton two hours each to tell a crowd what it is, and when they get through talking the oldest democrats are as badly mixed as if they had been alternating between beer and red liquor. Mills says that gold with just a little silver mixed in makes democracy. Chilton says that Mills is wrong; that democracy consists of an allopathic instead of a homeopathic dose of silver. Which is the right prescription for democrats? They differ on the size of the dose. Which will kill or cure? When it comes to the tariff, Cleveland and Mills think that it is democratic for the men, women and children who herd sheep and round-up cattle to do this in the teeth of the northern and the competition of the world, but that it is also democratic for corporations who manufacture woolen goods and shoes in big brick buildings to have 50 per cent protection.

"Old Bill Morrison of the old-line democrats was retired to a soft job on the interstate commerce commission because he thought the tariff ought to be on a strictly revenue basis, and while it was getting there that all should have the same amount of protection. He did not believe that the sheep and cattle industries of the south and west, pursued by individuals for a livelihood, should be laid out to hold the campaign fund and votes of eastern corporations. They killed old Morrison and the fact that he was choked to death on soft official butter doesn't fool a man at the forks of the creek.

"We know that republicanism stands for protective tariff and extravagant appropriations every day in the week and Sunday, too. We know that it stands for big pensions to the rich, when Texas, looking to the condition of those who had to pay pensions to its grand veterans, provided that where one of these heroes was worth more than $1,000 that he should draw no pension, and those grand veterans left out from reasons of justice and equity never complained. When the democrats had congress they never had the nerve to pass such an amendment to the pension law of the United States, but left the country to pay more than one-half of the immense pension list to men and women of wealth. Under the tariff system the poor people pay the most of this pension money. The democrats did not tackle this and other manifest abuses of government because they wanted to win with eastern votes and get appointments to foreign missions and other fat offices. In their anxiety to get and hold office they have made platforms and congressional records that look as bad and contradictory as some old woman's crazy quilt made of rags just as they come to hand. Free perfumery and taxed wool hats is a more ludicrous political sight and smells worse to an educated political nose than the oft-ridiculed populist pumpkin in the government subtreasury. A [illegible]nting office may swallow [illegible] all this hybrid tariff and financial policy just as a child will take sheep saffron tea when he has the bellyache. The democracy now dished out by the leaders has as many ingredients as Rio Grande hash, but the smell of official garlic is the only distinctive quality, whether it is Hogg or Clark hash or Cleveland and Mills hash. The recipe for making this hash is so complicated that even our governor understands it one way the day before and another way the day after. The uncertainty of what constitutes Simon pure democratic hash has turned the political stomachs of even Kentucky and Texas democrats.

"The result of all this democratic and republican strife for office is that we have had class legislation and special indulgencies until the people are eaten up by the office-holding, protected and pensioned classes. They are issuing bonds and devising new systems of tax levy and collection and trying to create money out of everything, instead of trying to reduce taxation and expenses and the too tempting official salaries. The national, state and county governments are on too high a horse, but their dignity won't permit them to ride a smaller one. When the people kick they give them a war commission or an agricultural commissioner to spend more money and inquire of somebody else living on government money what is the trouble with the mudsill fellows who are not on a government horse, but are walking. The mudsill people have got afraid to complain for fear they will have some more expensive commissions or special committees to use up the contingent funds, which have to be filled up again by taxation. It takes a mule to pull a copy of the United States statutes, and two mules to pull a copy of the state statutes, and still they are adding to them and every page creates more officials. Increased taxes and floating warrants don't breed democrats.

"When the people begin to kick against so much officialism, so much taxation, the democratic and republican leaders begin to levy more taxes, spend more money and create more offices. Lead put in the right place will quiet these tax producers.

"We can get money to build warships to float around the world and fire salutes and to pay big pensions to the already rich, but when it comes to doing something practical for the benefit of the masses we are as the Chinaman says: 'Alee times busted.'

"The canalization of the Trinity river at a cost of $1,000,000 would save to the producers of Texas about $2.50 per bale on their cotton freights, but our representatives won't demand it, either because it will scare eastern democrats or won't appear economical. If Texas is safely democratic, what is the use of giving them any relief? If we canalize the Trinity river it will save the producers several millions every year, but it will make the holders of railroad stocks and bonds in the east mad, and they won't put up any democratic campaign fund. Instead of canalizing the Trinity river they will build a warship at a cost of $2,000,000 and call her Texas and let Texas girls baptize her, and this won't hurt or offend the railroads and will quiet the 'mud sillers,' who will vote ticket, although ship won't float. This is the game the democratic and republican leaders give the people, and then tell us that this is the government of the people, by the people, and for the people—but which people?

"We can build a $1,000,000 park in the middle of the Potomac river, for the official class to play hide and seek in, but we cannot get any tax money to facilitate the commerce of the state. Oh, yes, this is a government of the people, but it is the people controlling the democratic and republican rings. There is not a representative in congress from Texas but feels all he needs to do is talk tariff and silver and cuss republicans and ridicule populists to get a nomination by a convention and then be elected. As long as it is this way Texas will be in the soup.

"In return for all the racket we have raised at the forks of the creek the state administration has given us a railroad commission without power to act; higher taxes and more officials. Even the national government and monarchies limit the amount [illegible] an officer can pocket, but this people's democratic administration fixes no limit, and when the people talk about reforming this abuse, the leaders begin to talk tariff or silver or hunt some popular individual to put into office. In many counties the excess of fees over $2,500 per annum to each officer would put the roads in good order, but the Texas democracy is afraid to reform this system, for fear it will lose ward organizers or voters, so authorized an increase of taxes. In Kentucky the leaders thought that fool democrats could be depended on to vote the ticket forever. Now where are they? What has happened in Kentucky will happen in Texas, for the people are politically weary. They feel like killing snakes at home instead of in South America. The next democratic primaries in Texas will be slimly attended, for thousands of democrats, without changing their principles, believe that the party can never be depended on for reform, and know that it is a political impossibility to reorganize a political party in power, with the political patronage and election machinery in its hands. Democratic votes beat the party in Kentucky and will defeat it in Texas.

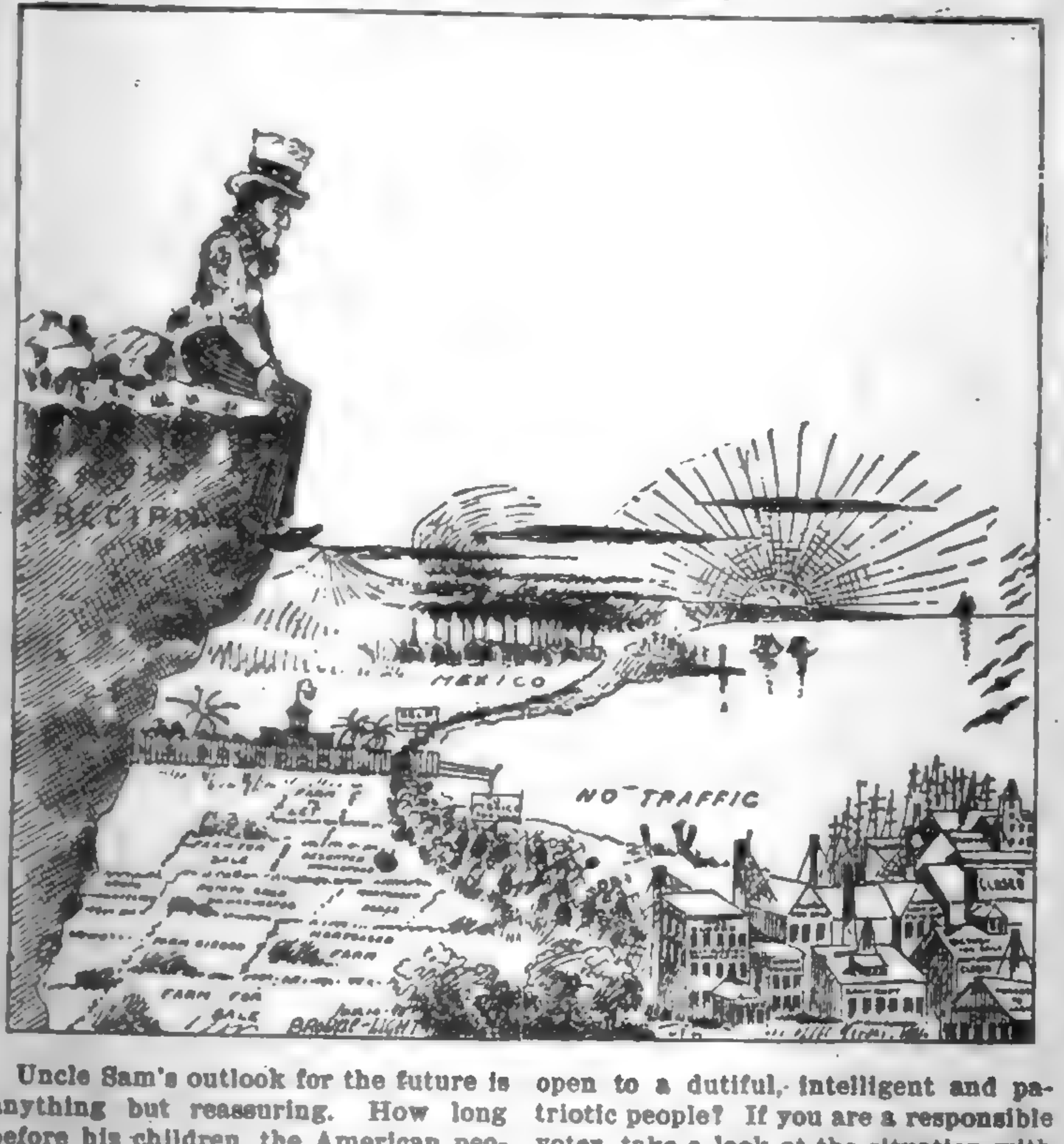
"There are enough democrats and republicans in Texas who hold Texas prosperity and genuine reform of more worth than party fealty, to defeat with their votes any ticket put up, and for the good of the state without yielding any convictions. They can flock together one day and argue with each other the next. Populists could not give us anything worse than the official fee system and the ornamental railroad commission in state politics; and in national politics no more extravagance and demoralization and unequal taxation than the last democratic and republican congresses. In congress they could demand in behalf of the people fair treatment in a tariff bill or an appropriation bill. They could be earnest, if not eloquent; honest, if not polished, and preach and vote against the autocratic tendencies of democratic and republican congressmen. They might reduce expenses to a basis where the money in circulation would abide more in the pockets of the people than in the government treasury or official pocketbooks. They might cause the people to find out that just as efficient officers could be obtained for one-half the present salaries, just as in the best and most honest days of the republic. They might teach the official class that being a democrat or a republican does not give them a cinch on official holding. They might teach the world that the mud-sillers of America make just as good office holders as beasts of burden. They might prove to the world that republican governments can reform themselves, and that democratic institutions can live beyond the usual age of corroding corruption. It might teach us that there is enough political vigor and independence always inherent in the people to make formation of the political rings dangerous to political safety. If they taught us this much, we can stand their mistakes in financial theories; which, after all, would not cost as much as quasi proclamations and do-nothing congressional sessions. Political opiates have ceased to lull the masses to sleep, and there has got to be a political upheaval before there is any reform or check to the arrogance of party power. If the mud-sillers of our social and political organism [illegible] ignorant, they may compensate us for their ignorance by their economy and honesty, just as old Andrew Jack[illegible]d. If he makes a good tax-producer in time of peace, and a good soldier in time of war, why not a good office-holder? It is not as brutal nor expensive to us for him to murder the queen's English as to murder the queen's subjects.

"He may have sense enough to run the government for a fair and equal toll, and return to the 'pay as you go policy.' He may not have a university education, and yet may know more than the financier who killed the goose that laid the golden egg. N[illegible] how uncouth the mud[illegible] appear, when he gets [illegible] the pie counter with his official apron on, he will be transmogrified into a thing of wisdom and beauty, and handle the official baton and draw the offi[illegible] salary with the grace of a Sir Miles Crowley or a Sir Roger. If he can't shoot ducks on the Chesapeake bay, he can go over on the Virginia side and make the coons and opossums think that the world was at war. If he gave us much troub[illegible] as a living congressman, he would at least compensate us by an economical funeral. Peffer says that any good populist will be satisfied with one government paid mourner. The shrewd Yankee congressman could not get away with any more of the populist wool and hide than he has with the democratic wool and hide. If he did not prove himself a good performer and breeder we could turn him out on the commons and try a new breed, for after all government is but an experiment. Why not give the populist or mud-siller the benefit of the doubt, for we do this much for the criminal. If he can raise any more political hell, or make times any harder, or be bossed any more by corporations than the democratic and republican parties of to-day are, it will be because he gets up earlier and puts in mo[illegible] time at it. It will require great wisdom for him to get up a more Dolly Varden tariff or financial system.

"Some of these one-gallused fellows know as much about what constitutes good government as some of these political dudes, who pose as statesmen and teachers of democracy, and get on both sides of silver and the railroad, and every other political question, and expect democrats to make jumping-jacks of themselves in trying to follow them.

"When the democratic party is defeated it will be re-organized on a basis of honest, economical, equal government."

"THE DAWN OF PROSPERITY."
(For the silver-using Nations.)



Uncle Sam's outlook for the future is anything but reassuring. How long before his children, the American people, will discover the real cause of his dejected mood and, recognizing the situation from his present point of view, resolve upon the only dignified course open to a dutiful, intelligent and patriotic people? If you are a responsible voter, take a look at the situation with your own eyes—your conscience and common sense will do the rest in November, 1896.—From the Chicago National Bimetallist.

The Democratic party never was so demoralized as it is now. It has nothing but broken pledges upon which to make the campaign.

It is evident now that about all the present Congress will do is to pass the usual appropriation bills, draw its salary and go home.

MORGAN'S CORNER.

"NOTES AND COMMENT" FROM A SKILLFUL PEN.

Flashes of Thought from the World of Thinkers Commented Upon by the Secretary of the National Reform Press Association.

The meeting of the National Committee at St. Louis, Jan. 17, was one of the great events of the year. The results of the meeting, we believe, are generally satisfactory to the Populists. There is some dissatisfaction as to what some of the committee should have said in interviews published in the St. Louis papers. We have little confidence in what we read in the plutocratic papers and are not willing to take such reports for truth. However, there is one suggestion we would make in this connection, inasmuch as the interview is so seldom truthfully reported, we see no reason why our leading Populists should persist in submitting to being interviewed, unless it is through an uncontrollable desire to attract public attention.

* * *

There is a kind of discussion going on in some of our Populist papers, if it can be dignified by the name discussion, that is doing the party more harm than good. It is with reference to the so-called "issues" in the Omaha platform. Now, if there is anything wrong in the Omaha platform it ought to come out. Upon that all good Populists will agree. But it is not fair to arraign the "issues" and not designate what they are. The plutocratic press hold that the platform is made up of "issues," and, by the way, the word "issues" was first applied by the plutocratic press. When Populist papers or Populist leaders speak of the issues, they owe it to the public to state what, in their opinion, constitute the "issues" in the platform. While some seem to think that everything is an "issue" except the free silver coinage plank, the plutocratic press charges that that is the worst issue of all. To talk about "issues" and not state what they are occure to us as firing from the brush to escape a responsibility which there is a lack of courage to assume.

* * *

In a speech before the Illinois Bar association, Judge John Barton Payne made a very startling statement, which if true (and there is no doubt of it), demands a very drastic remedy.

"In Cook county," he declared, "no man who has sufficient influence to see the County Commissioners can be brought to trial for any crime on earth. Did you apprehend the force of that statement? It is literally true."

About a year ago, in that city, a poor man was sent to jail for taking a pig's foot. Of course he had no "influence." Several men were hung because they happened to be present at a meeting where some reckless fellow threw a bomb, and several policemen were killed and injured. It was never charged that any of them threw the bomb, or knew anything about it. Of course they had no influence. But the rich dodge their taxes by making false oaths, and resorting to all kinds of unlawful subterfuges, and nothing is said about it. They have "influence." "Influence" is a great thing in Chicag[illegible] A stranger going to that cit[illegible] never neglect to [illegible] supply of it w[illegible]

* * *

[illegible] now comes the charge that the [illegible]easury officials are covering up the true facts about the gold withdrawals from the reserve fund. This is not the first time the charge has been made that these officials are juggling with figures in making their reports. But this time the kick comes from the plutocrats, who demand the right to know just how much blood there is left in their victim, that they may know how to gauge their speculations. They do not care to kill the goose that lays the golden egg, or even to rob the nest that she might be discouraged or disgusted and not lay anymore. Hence they demand to know the facts in the case. So far as the people are concerned it makes but little difference; while there is a traitor in the camp who holds the keys and opens the doors the thieves will raid the treasury, and until the fool-killer can catch up with his work, or the partisan scales drop from the people's eyes, we cannot hope for anything better.

* * *

Senator Sherman will probably live long enough yet to drain to the dregs the cup of gall he has prepared for the people. His methods and his record are being laid before the people in a way that is not calculated to add to his happiness. In a recent speech in the senate, Senator Morgan indulged in most emphatic criticisms of his record.

He referred to the intrigues before national conventions and the "wind-shaken platforms" of these bodies. In his judgment the emergency tariff and bond bills were constructed merely as a part of the platform to be laid before a national convention next summer and not with any purpose to enact them as laws. Mr. Morgan criticised the financial course of Mr. Sherman, while he sat across the aisle giving close attention to the remarks. He referred to Mr. Sherman as the "Napoleon of finance," but this Napoleon was rapidly nearing his Waterloo and his exile at St. Helena. Mr. Morgan enumerated in detail the financial burdens which the legislation urged by the Ohio senator had imposed on the people. They were evils which brought misery, want and calamity to the whole people. It had worked more miseries than those pictured in the Apocalypse. His (Mr Sherman's) garment was one of many colors, in keeping with the variegated lines of the party to which he belonged. At the present time the Ohio senator and the President were together in their financial views, both equally oblivious to the constitutional requirement that the metals be on equal terms. It was the Ohio senator who originated the evil of selling bonds to a syndicate.

* * *

The People's party has plenty of generals but not enough privates. Let us devote our time now to mustering and organizing recruits—when the proper time arrives we can select our generals. —Industrial Leader.

That is only a part of the truth, Brother Royelle; but it is mighty good as far as it goes. The People's party has too many so called generals. And some of them are generals, too,—general nuisances. One of the drawbacks to progression is that too many men think they are born to lead, who are actually not fit to lead a mule to water. All the trouble that has ever come to the People's party has come through its generals(?). You are right; what we need now is recruits—privates. And here is the field for the would-be generals to work. Let them organize and equip an army and then they are entitled to be called generals. Some of them could not, or would not organize a corporal's guard. Yet many of just such men frequently make the most noise in our conventions. The trouble with many of our people is, they got the impression in their old party that patriotism consisted more in making a noise than anything else, and they can't divest themselves of the habit. What we need is voters and you can't get them by making a noise. Go to work and organize.

* * *

J. A. Wayland, in Appeal To Reason states the following indications of a coming revolution:

"One has to turn away from the pages of a great daily sick at heart at the awful daily recital of crime. Crime crime, crime. In every column. On every page. Mothers killing their children and themselves to escape lingering starvation. Suicides, murders, holdups, burglaries, perjury, forgery, embezzlement, violation of trusts, public and private. And in the midst of it another class giving great balls, banquets and extravagances, decked in silks, satins, diamonds, totally unmindful of the terrible anarchy their avarice is creating all about them! Such contrasts only appeared near the end of the nation that produced them. But this time it is world-wide, in every nation, and the cataclysm will be correspondingly great."

It was ever thus. History repeats itself. It was to be hoped that in a popular government, with popular education, and with the fearful examples of history before us, we might escape the doom which concentrated capital and the establishment of privileged classes bring in their train. But the greed of gain is stronger than the fear of destruction, and prejudice throttles intelligent action. The abyss of revolution yawns, but the roar of the storm is drowned in the subsidized cry of "anarchy," "paternalism," "lunacy," 'isms," and "impracticables." But the end will come.

* * *

At this juncture of our [illegible] lations with Great [illegible] mony of [illegible] before a [illegible] the House of Commons, [illegible] 1776, will be interesting. In answer to the question, "What was the temper of America to Great Britain before 1773?" he answered:

"The best in the world. They submitted willingly to the government of the Crown, and all their courts paid obedience to acts of Parliament. Numerous as the people are in the several old provinces, they cost you nothing in forts, citidels, garrisons, or armies to keep them in subjection. They were governed by this country at the expense only of a little pen, ink and paper. They were led by a thread. They had not only regard but affection for Great Britain, for its laws, its customs, its manners and even a fondness for its fashions, that greatly increased its commerce. Natives of Britain were always treated with particular regard; and to be an old England man was of itself a chacter of some respect and gave a kind of rank among us. The British government took away from America its representative money, commanded that no more paper bills of credit should be issued, that they should cease to be a legal tender, and collected the tax in silver. This was in 1773. Now mark the consequences. This contraction of the circulating medium paralyzed all the industrial energies of the people. Ruin seized upon these once flourishing colonies; the most severe distress was brought home to every family; discontent was urged on to desperation, till at last human nature arose and asserted its right!"

To-day we are practically under the domination of English financiers. It was at the dictation of England that our silver was demonetized and depreciated. It was England that dictated the contraction of our currency and a consequent reduction of values of all she wanted to buy of American products. It is England that is now withdrawing our gold from the Treasury and conspiring to force the issue of more bonds. If less provocation than this inspired our fathers to rise up in open revolt against a much more powerful nation than themselves, of what stuff are we to submit quietly when we possess as great power as England can muster? And no resort to arms is necessary. We can vote off this domination, but since England has captured both old party machines we must smash the machines before we can do it.

W. S. MORGAN.

Secretary Carlisle has ordered the coinage of 16,000,000 silver dollars.

BEN M. JACOBS & BROS.,

Birmingham, Ala.

A Good Sensible Christmas Gift

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Jacobs CARPETS & FURNITURE BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Special attention to mail orders

THE PULSE OF COMMERCE

[illegible] Numerous Than for [illegible] Same Week Last Year.

SUCCESS OF THE POPULAR LOAN

Has Fully Restored Confidence in All Quarters and Stimulates the Foreign Demand for American Securities—There Are Signs of Improvement, Yet Prices Are Lower.

Failures for the week have been 323 in the United States, against 381 last year, and 63 in Canada, against 58 last year. The wonderful success of the popular loan alters the face of events. January operations become ancient history as the nation mounts above all doubts and fears to a solid certainty that the people can and will uphold their government with $568,000,000 bid by 4,600 banks or persons, and the tremendous strength of the national credit is demonstrated as it has not been before for many years. The influence of this event upon all manufacturing and all trade cannot be lightly estimated. It strips the silver agitation of all its power to hurt. It puts the treasury upon a safe basis for the time, whether congress does anything or not. It notifies foreign nations that the United States has power as well as purpose. It unlocks millions of gold, which have been gathered in preparation, brings directly several millions of gold from Europe and stimulates the anxiety of foreign investors to obtain American securities.

With such a revolution in business suddenly effected, the customary records of the past week and month are of less value than usual. But there have been signs of improvement in the iron manufacture, although the average of prices is nearly 1 per cent lower this week, and orders for wire nails are stimulated by a decision to advance the price again March 1. There is also a more active demand for plates and sheets. Southern competition lowers coke iron at Chicago and prevents advance at the east, while sales of last year's speculators in the Pittsburg region still depress Bessemer. The ore pool is expected to fix the price for the year at $4, or possibly $4.50, and the coke pool still reduces the output.

The boot and shoe manufacture does not gain as yet, leather being about 1 per cent lower for the week.

The cotton mills continue generally active, though talk of decreasing the production still continues. Print cloths do not rise above 2 3-4 cents and some goods tend lower.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

[illegible]SATIONAL DISPATCH.

Aerial Disturbance Attributed to the Explosion of an Aerolite.

An aerolite burst over the city of Madrid Monday morning, causing great consternation among the inhabitants. The first warning of the explosion was a flash which illuminated the sky, which was almost immediately followed by a tremendous report, the vibrations from which shattered hundreds of windows. The aerolite was accompanied by a great white cloud, and simultaneously with the explosion there was a trembling of the earth resembling the sensation produced by an earthquake. When the flash and ensuing report took place the people rushed panic-stricken into the streets, and some minutes elapsed before the excitement was allayed. It is estimated that the meteoric body was twenty miles above the earth when it burst.

The people in the suburbs of Madrid were also panic-stricken by the explosion. The operatives in the factories, the children in the schools and the employes and others in the markets rushed into the streets in a wild stampede, believing that the world was about to be destroyed. Many persons were injured in the aimless rushes by running into one another or by being thrown down and trampled upon.

The shock of the explosion was so great in the city that it caused the collapse of one house and threw down a partition wall in the building occupied by the American legation. The shock was strongly felt in Guadalajara, the province bounding the province of Madrid on the northeast, and in other places. Among the superstitious the visit of the aerolite is believed to have had a dire potent[illegible]

SWEPT BY FIRE AND FLOOD.

Disastrous Fire in a New Jersey Village While Partially Submerged.

Bound Brook on Thursday night experienced the most dreadful calamity in its existence. It was swept by both fire and flood. The water from the Raritan river ran through the streets of the village and at 3 o'clock Friday morning the water was nearly 10 feet high in the main street of the town. The three main blocks in the village were flooded with water, and while the citizens were trying to rescue the men, women and children from the houses that were in danger of being swept away by flood, fire was discovered. The iron bridge over the Raritan river was swept away, cutting off all traffic from New York to Philadelphia on the Reading railroad. Among the buildings burned was the First Presbyterian church, which was 200 years old. The building was totally destroyed. One man was drowned by the upsetting of his boat while going to rescue a family.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

We desire a correspondent at every post office in the county.

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their notice, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross mark (X) on it will oblige by kindly renewing at once, otherwise we shall be reluctantly compelled to stop their paper.

PEOPLE'S PARTY CALL.

The Executive Committee of the People's Party of Chilton County is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Wednesday, February 19, at 10 o'clock a.m. Each member is earnestly requested to be present as business of importance concerning the interests of the party will come before the Committee for consideration.

Members of the People's Party in the county are all invited to be present at the meeting and aid and assist in the work of the Committee.

Respectfully,
LEE HAYES, Chairman.
Clanton, Ala., Feb. 6, 1896.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00 For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

We have received several communications this week concerning the claims of various gentlemen for the different county offices. We have given free scope to our correspondence and all have had an opportunity to present the names of their friends. There is nothing to be gained by publishing all this over again. All that the people are now waiting for is the time [illegible] to be candidates to announce themselves. Simply because a man's name has been mentioned for an office by some one is not sufficient for the people. Let the candidates themselves come forward.

Our county commissioners are to be congratulated on their financiering abilities. The treasurer has now on hand more than enough funds to pay for building the new court house. There was some slight opposition to the proposal of the commissioners to raise the money at once by a special tax instead of issuing bonds, but now all are agreed that it was much the better plan. We shall now have an elegant and permanent court house at a very low price and no indebtedness to meet in the future.

For three years the Chilton View under an almost innumerable number of editors, has been trying to stem the current of Populism, and now the Democratic wave of prosperity, which it averred was flooding the country, has swept it into oblivion. We have not the least desire to say one word against the gentlemen who have vainly endeavored to keep the View in existence. We have no doubt but that they acted conscientiously and according to their light, but we would impress upon them the fact that they are now fully cognizant of their mistake. We ask no man to come into the People's Party unless he appreciates the fact that Populism is really and truly Democracy in its fullest and widest sense. THE BANNER as well as all Populists, takes the position that Populism represents the will of the people, and by this we are governed.

THE NEW COURT HOUSE.

ON Monday last the gentlemen from various points assembled in Clanton for the purpose of submitting their bids for building our new court house to the Probate Judge and County Commissioners. The bids were as follows:

E. W. Waller, Chattanooga Tenn	$15,600.00
J. W. Morgan & Co., Birmingham	$13,503.35
W. N. Cox, Montgomery	$13,480.00
Cook & Laurie, Montgomery	$12,481.00
Thomas L. Howser & Co., Anniston	$11,963.00
Thomas Purvis, Birmingham	$11,750.00
Z. H. Clardy & Son, Talladega	$11,250.00
T. C. Thompson & Bros., Birmingham	$10,828.00
J. H. Dukes & Co., Anniston	$10,187.50

It will be seen that the bid of Messrs. J. H. Dukes & Co., of Anniston was the lowest and consequently was accepted. The contract was at once signed by Mr. Dukes and the bond will be signed in the next few days. The plan and specifications were prepared by Mr. W. S. Hull, of Dallas, Texas, who has great experience in this class of work. Mr. D. F. Youngblood, of Montgomery, is his representative and will have the superintendence of the structure.

It is Messrs. Dukes intention, if they find the conditions favorable, to make their own brick in Chilton county. They will commence work not later than March 1 and the new court house will be completed by November 1, next. Messrs. Dukes on consideration of being paid for their work as it proceeds instead of having to wait until the completion reduced the amount of their contract to a level $10,000.

THE BANNER intends to keep Chilton county in the proud position she has already attained in the front rank of the counties of our State. But although Chilton is in the lead that is no reason why she should not continue to advance. THE BANNER which you should "Remember is the only newspaper in Chilton county" is willing to do its part, and MORE than its part, and we therefore confidently appeal to those citizens who are not already subscribers, to come forward with their subscriptions and aid us in the glorious advancement of our county and the welfare of the State.

Kincheon News.

The farmers in this section are in [illegible] of them have [illegible].

We are making [illegible] a large crop this year.

This is a grinding season for [illegible] most some days will be [illegible] at that work at one place and then the other. Mr. Jim Scott gives the first one near Kincheon.

While cleaning the brush at this place, Mr. John Billingsley's son, Sammie, was seriously hurt by a tree falling on his leg and bruising it; we hope he will soon recover.

The health of this community is not very good, the measles are giving some trouble.

Mr. A. C. Pool visited his son Mr. W. M. Pool last Sunday six miles above Clanton.

Mr. W. A. Pool and Mr. John Chance made a trip to Selma last week with cotton, we hope they came back with a pocket full of money. Mr. Johnnie Pool took the measles at his brother's but we are glad to say he has recovered and came down to his father's last Sunday. This is leap year, it is the year for the girls to go to see the boys, but the boys around Kincheon don't stay at home enough for the girls to come. Spring is coming early, the Sweet Williams are blooming. Kincheon is on a boom it has a new blacksmith shop and another near by, the farmers will not have to plough with a dull plough this year.

Success to the BANNER and its readers.

• • •

Valley Creek Visiting.

The health of this community is very good at present; our friends who have had the measles are convalescent.

The Sabbath-school at this place is progressing nicely; there was a large attendance last Sunday.

It is said that some of the young people had a nice time at R. J. Mitchell's on Saturday night last. Misses Emma and Minnie Cook were there; it was a time ever to be remembered by some of the boys.

Mr. Frank Perry is visiting our community very often, he has a trap set for some young lady and I think he will catch our little May-flower.

Mr. Wiley Mitchell and sister are visiting relatives in East Perry.

I learn that Mr. R. J. Mitchell's hat rack does not hold near all of the young men's hats who visit there Sunday evenings.

As this is my first time to write to THE BANNER I will close, wishing its many readers success. IRA.

REPORT OF AUDITING COMMITTEE.

STATE OF ALABAMA }
Chilton County. }

To Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of Probate of Chilton County:

We, the undersigned Committee appointed by your Honor, to examine the books and vouchers of W. L. Sampey, Treasurer of Chilton County, from February 7, 1895, to February 7, 1896, beg to report that we have carefully examined the books and vouchers of said party and find that he has charged himself as per vouchers, to wit:

DR.		CR.		
To cash received from General Fund	$14492.54	From General Fund		$7973.55
From Fine and Forfeiture Fund	1191.37	From Fine and Forfeiture Fund		728.30
From Redemption of Land Fund	343.35	From Redemption of Land Fund		391.73
From Special Tax Fund	6426.55	For commissions as follows:		
By amount overpaid on R of L Fund	48.38	On $14492.54 rec'd @ 2½%	$362.31	
		On $1191.37	29.78	
		On $343.35	8.58	
		On $6426.55	160.66	
		On $7973.55 paid out General Fund	199.33	
		On $728.30 paid out Fine & Forf't Fund	18.20	
		On $391.73 paid out R of L Fund	9.79	
				788.65
		The books show balances:		
		From Gen Fund to Cash		5730.34
		" Fine & Forf't "		463.07
		" Special Tax "		6426.55
Total	$22502.19	Total		$22502.19

We commend the Treasurer for placing the county funds in bank
Signed this February 7, 1896.

ALEX. G. DAKE, }
A. C. SMITH, } Committee.
W. C. ROBINSON. }

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION
Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

By authority of the District Committee the Fourth district convention of the Republican Party is hereby called to meet in Calera on March 4, 1896, at 12 m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the 55th congress; for the election of two delegates and two alternates to the Republican National convention to be holden in St. Louis, Mo., June 16, 1896. For the election of two members of the State committee; for the election of a district committee and chairman and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it. Each county will be entitled to the number of delegates as follows: Cleburne 4, Calhoun 9, Chilton 4, Dallas 10, Talladega 12, Shelby 9. Total 47.

J. D. HARDY, Chairman.
F. M. SHOUSE, Secretary.

Coopers Clippings.

Well this week has come in beautifully, hope the weather will continue so for several weeks.

Col. J. C. Dennis, of Clanton, was in our town a few days since.

Who shall be our next Sheriff?

Well, Old Mike, the people say they are going to run you for a commissioner. They asked me about you and I recommended you [illegible] to them.

[illegible] I will close hoping [illegible] the BANNER success.

THE [illegible].

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Evergreen News.

Rev. Times, of Wetumpka, filled his regular appointment here last Sunday.

Mr. Tom Mitchell and Miss Lula Bostwick were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at Evergreen last Sunday at eleven o'clock. We extend our congratulations to the happy couple.

The measles have reached our community at last; we are glad that they haven't resulted in anything serious.

Misses Ida Daniel and Mami Moody, of Verbena, spent last Sunday with friends here.

Mr. Darsby and family, of Mathew's Station, have moved into our neighborhood, we extend to them a hearty welcome.

Rev. Shaw will fill his regular appointment here next Sunday.

Mr. Clarence Moody, of Verbena, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends here. A SUBSCRIBER.

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Stanton Stories.

Farmers are beginning to prepare their land for another crop; everybody is going to use guano, so look out for a big cotton crop this year.

Rev. A. M. Perry preached an eloquent sermon at Mt. Carmel church last Sunday, he had a large congregation and all seemed to enjoy the sermon; but, law me, what a change after the sermon when Mr. H. F. Gregg drove up to the church door in a buggy to take Miss Evy Roebuck in broad open daylight. Miss Evy is a bold and fearless girl and is loved by all who know her. Mr. Gregg is a high toned gentleman. They drove to Dixie and at 2 o'clock were married. Long life to the happy couple.

Brother S. E. Waldrup wants to know what has become of Tom Hide. He has been running the Hustler for two weeks. Tom has got to furnish a green dress on Thursday after the 14th. Look out, Mr. M., your turn next. Success to THE BANNER.

TOM HIDE.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

JEMISON, Ala., Feb. 10, 1896.

Editor BANNER: The political breeze is beginning to blow and will in a few months culminate in a terrible cyclone that will sweep this nation from Alpha to Omega. And how important it is that we the People's or Populist party should be in a condition to withstand the onsets of the storm. We have certainly got to face it. We know of no better safeguard than complete organization. People must be organized to successfully accomplish any undertaking. Without it no set of men can carry out their plans. Without it the adherents of no party can be educated in its principles. And this, in my estimation, is the great defect in the People's Party. We are not organized as we should be. Too many are laboring under the idea the work of organization is done; but not so, there never has been a time since the dawn of our party when the school house clubs and meetings were more needed. We are promised our enemies would move the earth and the heavens to accomplish our defeat. We need county meetings, beat meetings and school house clubs in every county and township in the government, where the questions at issue could be discussed and talked about until there would be awakened an interest in minds of all lovers of liberty. All [illegible] an interest in arising to [illegible] the questions of the situation [illegible] and step themselves [illegible] the just demand. Let us do this [illegible] the armies of Grover and the [illegible] will be made to [illegible] and turn pale and cry aloud "this populism" sure enough. Our demands are just, and justice like truth never dies, but when crushed, bruised and trampled beneath the earth will rise again, for the endless years of God are hers. Could a complete standard of unity exist everywhere amongst the friends of reform there would be no trouble in carrying our banner to a triumphant victory. UNO.

• • •

Vine Hill.

Farm work backward; oat-sowing progressing slowly, very few have sowed yet. The darkie and mortgage man wants a big cotton crop; not much fertilizers been shipped here yet. The darkie farmer is anxiously waiting for Hunt and Patillo to come so they can get vances. There is no politics in fashion in this beat, the organized is preparing to do the bossing as usual, they are determined to carry the beat solid for their party regardless of means used or costs, they will make plenty of fair promises of honesty and fairness, but talk is cheap. PAT.

• • •

Swift Creek Siftings.

There was singing at the Aldridge academy Monday night by Prof. J. E. White it was quite a success.

Success to the BANNER and its many readers.

BOY AFRAID OF GIRLS.

• • •

O. W. O. Hardman, Sheriff of Tyler county, W. Va., appreciate a good thing and does not hesitate to say so. He was almost prostrated with a cold when he procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says: "It gave me prompt relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for coughs and colds." For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

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What about Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Isabella on 21st day of February.

FRIDAY.

9 a.m. Opening exercises.

9:30 a.m. The best way of impressing upon the minds of the pupils the importance of an education, A. B. Harwood, Miss Cora Smith.

10 a.m. Teachers duties, W. S. Garner, W. C. Robinson.

11:30 a.m. Home and parental duties, B. D. Wilson, J. M. Massey.

2 p.m. Should country schools be graded, G. L. Speer. General discussion. Question box.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a.m. History, H. L. Hicks, W. R. Headley.

10 a.m. Can Reading be successfully taught in the school-room simply by hearing reading lessons? F. M. Foshee, Miss Jennie Wilson.

11 a.m. How should the art of writing be taught? Miss M. P. McGee.

2 p.m. Orthography, Miss Kate Garner. General discussion.

J. Alex Moore }
R. E. R. Hicks } Committee.

Isabella is located about 12 miles west of Clanton. Any teachers wishing conveyance from this point to the Institute, will please write Prof. B. D. Wilson at Lily, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

A Great Chance to Make Money.

I want to tell you of my wonderful success. Being a poor girl and needing money badly, I tried the Dish Washer business and have cleared $200 every month. It is more money than I ever had before, and can't help telling about it, for I believe any person can do as well as I have if they only try. I sell from 5 to 15 machines a day. My business is increasing and am going to keep right on until I make $10,000. There is no excuse to be poor when so much money can be made selling dishwashers. The Washers sell on sight; every lady wants one. The Mound City Dish Washer does splendid work; you can wash and dry the dishes in two or three minutes without putting your hands in the water at all. Try this business and let us know how you succeed. The Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo., will give you all necessary instructions so you can begin work at once.

ELIZABETH C.

ROBERT H. KNOX.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
CLANTON, ALA.
[illegible] in all the State and Federal [illegible] of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

STOP THAT SLIPPING
[illegible] and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.
The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

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Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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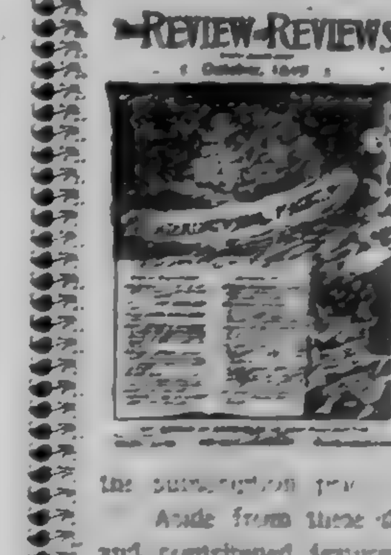
FIRST-CLASS WORK
LOWEST PRICES

"ALL THE MAGAZINES IN ONE"
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and [illegible] giving the [illegible] are alone worth the subscription price.

FIVE MONTHS FOR $1.00.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION $2.50.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the [illegible] with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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Agents find it The Most Profitable Magazine.

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CLANTON DRUG STORE.
Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.
DEALER IN
[illegible] : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
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DEALERS IN
General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.
AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
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—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker's Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7.25 cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE:

Sampey	962
Mullins	716
Wilson	339
W. C. Plummer, from wagons.	71
Total	2088

A full line of Fertilizers on hand
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

FOR SALE 160 acres of land six miles north-west of Clanton, (the place of J. P. Littleton) Apply to ISAAC LITTLETON, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. C. W. Hare, of Tuskegee, Ala., was in town this week and has moved the plant of the Chilton View to Tuskegee.

Rev. S. E. Bassett, of Fort Valley Ga., was in town this week.

Tax-collector Gentry and Assessor Rollins were in town Monday.

Mr. Jim McKee has moved his family from Yellowleaf into his new residence in Clanton.

Mr. P. D. Wilson went to Montgomery last Sunday.

Mr. Ben Lindsey has removed to Mahan & Davis' mill.

Mr. and Mrs Mart Bates, of Shelby, paid a visit to their old place here this week.

Mr. McKee is now fixing his new grist mill, which arrived this week.

Mr Charles H. Dansley who has just moved up from Montgomery county to Verbena, made his first visit to Clanton last week and like the sensible man he is, came in and subscribed for THE BANNER.

Rev. J. J. Stallings, of Troy, was in town last Thursday.

Messrs. George and Henry Honeycutt made a trip to Montgomery last Friday.

Mr. J. D. Cook, of Mountain Creek, was in town Friday.

Mr. Alfred Baker, one of the oldest citizens of our county, died last Sunday and was interred in the cemetery at Clanton on Monday. A number of our citizens paid their last tribute of respect to the deceased gentleman.

Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Washington, says she has never been able to procure any medicine for rheumatism that relief the pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm and that she has also used it for lame back with great success For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Thomas A. Mitchell and Miss Julia Bostwick; Mr. J. R Robinson and Miss Lizzie Aycock; Mr Ben Abinet and Miss Donie Ross: Mr. A. J. Ware and Mrs. Lizzie Thomas.

The experience of Geo. A. Apgar, of German Valley, N. J., is well worth remembering. He was troubled with chronic diarrhœa and doctored five months and was treated by four different doctors without benefit. He then began using Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy; of which one small bottle effected a complete cure. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

The [illegible] office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

Sunday night Sam Arledge was killed at the house of Widow Sammons at Stumps Hill by Will Martin, son of Tom Martin, who was convicted at the last term of circuit court and sent to the penitentiary. It seemed it might have been an old grudge. They quarrelled in the house but Mrs. Sammons quieted them but they went outside and renewed the quarrel. It appears that Arledge had Martin down beating him with his fist when Wash Sammons came and pulled him off and carried him away. Then Martin followed them and shot Arledge through the heart with a Smith & Wesson pistol. The unfortunate dead youth was attended to immediately but he never spoke a word—death must have been instantaneous. He was buried on Tuesday at the Robinson graveyard where there was a most distressing scene. Martin after the shooting went off right away and next morning was arrested at his home by Buck Arledge, uncle of the dead boy, who carried him to Clanton where he was committed to jail by Dr Stewart, J.P. He will have a preliminary trial on Saturday.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

"For Charity Suffereth Long."

Mrs. Laura C. Phoenix, Milwaukee, Wis.

"**Matron of a Benevolent Home** and knowing the good Dr. Miles' Nervine has done me, my wish to help others, overcomes my dislike for the publicity, this letter may give me. In Nov. and Dec., 1893, ***The inmates had the "LaGrippe,"*** and I was one of the first. Resuming duty too soon, with the care of so many sick, I did not regain my health, and in a month ***I became so debilitated and nervous*** from sleeplessness and the drafts made on my vitality, that it was a question if I could go on. A dear friend advised me to try ***Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.*** I took 2 bottles and am happy to say, I am in better health than ever. I still continue ***its occasional use, as a nerve food,*** as my work is very trying. A letter addressed to Milwaukee, Wis., will reach me."

June 6, 1894. MRS. LAURA C. PHOENIX.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

PATENTS OBTAINED. TERMS EASY

Thirty-five years' experience. Examinations and reports free. Prompt attention Send drawing and description to
L. BAGGER & Co. Atty's Washington, D.C.

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Probate
Chilton County. } Court.

To J. M. Davenport, Annie Bell Birtee Emmit, Catherine and Pearl Shoults:

Whereas Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport deceased, has filed her application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of division upon the grounds that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 21st day of April, 1896, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. You are therefore hereby notified to appear before said court on said 21st day of April, 1896, to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this 28th day of January 1896
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
1-30-3t Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Chilton County Alliance out of the goods, chattels lands and tenements of the said Chilton county Alliance I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One store house situated in the town of Stanton in said State and County known as the Chilton County Alliance Store and 1 n ½ of ne¼ sec 16 tp 20 north range 11 east.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Chilton County Alliance in and to the above described property, on Monday the 2nd day of March 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 21st day of January, 1896.
P. M. MOORE.
Sheriff Chilton county, Alabama.

Notice to Non-resident

The State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

No. 1235, Circuit Court, Spring Term 1896.

Fox Bros. & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. Otto Stoelker, Defendant. Attachment.

Whereas Fox Bros. & Co., as Plaintiffs in said cause, have obtained an [illegible] me to [illegible] of this Court, issued the [illegible] day of January, 1896, against the estate of the said Defendant, situate in said County and State, which Attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit:

N ½ of ne ¼ sec 5 tp 20 r 16; N w ¼ of nw ¼ sec 4 tp 20 r 16; W ½ of sw ¼ and sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 2 tp 20 r 16; se 1-4 and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 3 tp 20 r 16; Se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 7 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of ne 1-4 sec 10 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of se 1-4 and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; N ½ of sw 1-4 and sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 33 tp 21 r 16; Nw 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 16; W ½ of ne 1-4 sec 8 tp 20 r 16;

And whereas it appears that the said Otto Stoelker, Defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, now, therefore, the said Otto Stoelker, as such Defendant, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said Attachment.

Witness my hand this 4th day of February, 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk

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We'll send you our General Catalogue and Buyers Guide, if you send us 15 cents in stamps. That pays part postage or expressage, and keeps off idlers.

It's a Dictionary of Honest Values; Full of important information no matter where you buy. 700 Pages, 12,000 illustrations: tells of 40,000 articles and right price of each. One profit only between maker and user. Get it

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Annoucements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

SOULLESS CORPORATIONS.

Dr. Washington Gladden in his lecture on corporations, one of the course which he is now delivering in this city, said: "If we, the people of America, mean that this nation shall continue to stand for a genuine Christian democracy, we must at once confront the fact that the day of judgment has fully come to all these great combinations of corporate wealth. Such vast accumulations of power cannot be left in the hands of soulless and conscienceless organizations."

Whether there is Christianity enough in the country to want a "Christian democracy" is doubtful, but there is enough of it, unless church membership is a sham, to make a much more vigorous protest against "soulless and conscienceless organizations" than has been made. The revelations of such a book as that of "Wealth against Commonwealth" ought to make the blood boil in any country that preferns to be Christians, and yet we have not heard that, outside of what are called labor circles, blood was boiling except in very limited quantities. In fact, the Tenth Commandment seems to be in great danger, under the development of civilization, of suffering the same fate as the tail of a tadpole, dropping off in the upward progress. At least, to express the present state of feeling, it should be changed to read: "Thou shalt not covet everything that is thy neighbor's unless thou art in a trust." A vast portion of the general public looks complacently upon the efforts of combinations of individuals to obtain the earth so long as they do not resort to violence.

It is high time for the public to change its tone and join with Dr. Gladden in proclaiming the day of judgment at hand. The church should stop looking upon the Tenth Commandment as least because it is last. It should be preached in trumpet tones in every pulpit in the land.

The settling down process, noticed elsewhere in this issue, seems inevitable. There are world wide factors and forces at work which we cannot always resist or counteract by artificial methods. But the country cannot bear the process and the crushing weight of the combinations at the same time. The two will grind a large part of the people to powder. The lowering of wages on one side and increasing profits and multiplying millionaires on the other is more than American flesh and blood will endure.

Again, Dr. Gladden speaks to the point when he says that "the nation cannot afford to give any room to the suspicion that combinations of laborers are judged by a more vigorous law than combinations of capitalists." A United States Senator said in a speech a few days ago that there is a general impression throughout the West that the courts are running the railroads in the interest of the corporations. This feeling would not exist if there was not some reason for it. Just now the question before the Supreme Court is whether railroad officials who violate the Inter-State law can be punished, not because there is a doubt of their guilt but an absolute certainty of it. Could there be any cooler effrontery than this attempt to escape penalty and nullify a great law of the land by an open admission of guilt? Is the small man to be punished because he is guilty and [illegible] man to escape because he is guilty?

Back of all these slippery methods of violating law and eluding penalty is the too common feeling that in industrial matters the only law breaker is the man who uses a club. If a man raises a riot, he is a law breaker, which is true, and the offense is not to be overlooked; but the official who gives one man a rebate and ruins another thereby, is a peaceable citizen, which is not true, but an iniquity which has wrought more harm than all the railroad riots that this country has ever known. It is the kernal of a monstrous system of trusts whose corruption has touched and tainted every function of government, enthroned a plutocracy and reduced multitudes of American freeman to vassalage. "Yea, why even of yourselves judge ye not what is right;" said the great Teacher to those who stood around him. This question needs to be sounded along the line again. The judgment of the time is not falling where there is the most lawlessness, but where there is the most weakness.—*The Advance.*

• • •

A Des Moines woman who has been troubled with frequent colds, concluded to try an old remedy in a new way, and accordingly took a tablespoonful (four times the usual dose) of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy just before going to bed. The next morning she found that her cold had almost entirely disappeared. During the day she took a few doses of the remedy (one teaspoonful at a time) and at night again took a tablespoonful before going to bed, and on the following morning awoke free from all symptoms of the cold. Since then she has, on several occasions, used this remedy in like manner, with the same good results, and is much elated over her discovery of so quick a way of curing a cold. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DISPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHŒA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE OPERA HOUSE HOTEL

AND NEW ACME RESTAURANT

(GELDERS HOTEL COMPANY)

RATES PER DAY $1.25 AND UP MEALS 25 CENTS

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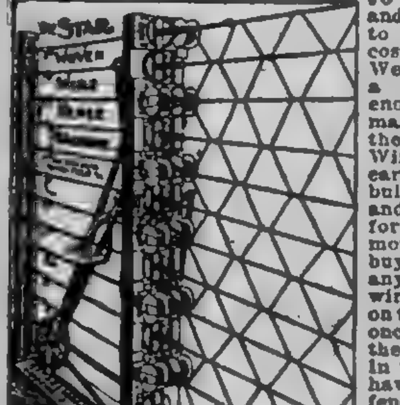

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London trained nurses have now a club of their own, just off the Strand, and it has already 500 members.

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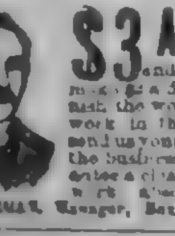

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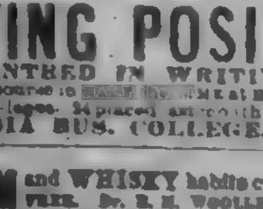

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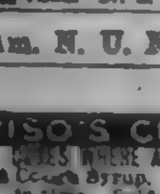

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Am. N. U. No. 7, 1896.

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FORTY-SIXTH DAY.

SENATE.—At 3 o'clock the debate in committee of the whole on the house bond bill and the silver substitute reported from the senate finance committee was closed. Butler's amendment requiring the secretary of the treasury, whenever the dollars of the two metals are not at parity, to pay out the inferior coin was voted down by 60 to 13. The amendment by Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, depriving the secretary of the treasury of the power to issue bonds without special authority of congress was defeated; yeas 21, nays 54. Mr. Morrill offered an amendment to the substitute reserving to the government on silver to be coined under this act, as seigniorage, the difference between the coinage and the commercial value of the bullion when delivered at the mint; lost by nays 43, yeas 33. A motion, by Mr. Gorman, to lay the substitute on the table, was defeated; nays 43, yeas 34. The substitute was then agreed to by yeas 43, nays 34. The bill as amended was then passed without a division and reported to the senate. The fortifications amendment, by Mr. Lodge was offered and tabled, without a division. The bill was put upon its passage and carried; yeas 43, nays 35. ....After holding an executive session the senate adjourned until Tuesday.

HOUSE.—The following bills were passed: House bills authorizing Capt. D. McNally of the army ordnance department to issue a duplicate check for $36,195, in favor of the Independent National bank of Philadelphia, the original check in favor of the Midvale Steel company, in payment for material furnished the ordnance department and deposited with the bank for collection, having been lost in the mails authorizing the issue of an American register to the foreign built ships Linde and Johann Ludwig; granting right of way through Indian and Oklahoma territories to the St. Louis and Oklahoma City railroad; authorizing the secretary of the interior to pay from the fund in his hands, belonging to the Indians, the sum of $1,000 to Reese Voorheese and John Paul Jones, for legal services to the "old settlers" or western Cherokee Indians. Senate bill amending the act granting right of way through the Indian Territory to the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf railroad, so as to permit the construction of a branch near Scullville to Fort Smith, Ark....The regular order being the District of Columbia appropriation bill, was taken up and was pending when the house adjourned until Monday.

FORTY-SEVENTH DAY.

SENATE.—Not in session.

HOUSE.—The army appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year was reported.....A bill was passed granting right of way through the Choctaw nation to the Arkansas & Choctaw Railroad company.....The senate free coinage substitute for the house bond bill was received and referred, under the rules, to the committee on ways and means.....A message from the president asking a reasonable appropriation for the families of four Italians killed in Colorado last spring was referred to the committee on appropriations.....Mr. Hill, republican, of Connecticut, offered a bill amending existing laws so as to permit national banks to issue currency to the par value of bonds deposited. When currency is issued to the banks the secretary of the treasury is directed to redeem [illegible] corresponding amount of [illegible] Should no legal tenders be presented [illegible] tion, then the secretary is di[illegible] redeem and cancel notes issued under the Sherman act. To carry out the provisions of this bill the secretary is authorized to issue a 3 per cent gold bond payable in twenty years, to be sold as occasion requires. The bill also reduced from 1 per cent to one-fourth of 1 per cent the tax on national bank circulation.....The house went into committee of the whole on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, which was considered until 4:59 p. m., when the committee rose and the house adjourned until tomorrow.

FORTY-EIGHTH DAY.

SENATE—Mr. Morrill, chairman of the finance committee, reported back the house tariff bill with an amendment substituting the silver bill already passed as a substitute for the house bill. Mr. Quay offered a resolution to recommit the bill, with instructions to report back the original house bill and the amendment as separate propositions. The resolution went over.—Numerous bills were reported and put on the calendar.—Mr. DuBois asked to have taken up his resolution providing for the distribution of the appropriation bills among the committees. These resolutions propose to substitute for the rule under which all appropriation bills have heretofore been referred to the appropriations committee a rule to refer every such bill to the committee having jurisdiction of the subject matter to which the bill relates. If adopted it will in effect abolish the committee on appropriations. The proposition was discussed until 5:30, when it went over without action, and the senate, after a short executive session, adjourned.

HOUSE—Mr. Dingly, republican, of Maine, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported a recommendation that the house non-concur in the senate substitute (the silver bill) for the house bond bill.—A number of measures were taken up and passed, and the rest of the session was devoted to the District of Columbia appropriation bill. A warm debate sprang up on a motion by Mr. Haines, of Nebraska, to strike out a paragraph giving $5,400 to St. Anne's Infant Asylum. Carried by 93 to 25. Appropriations of $1,800 each to the Association for Works of Mercy and St. Joseph's Asylum were stricken out, while those of $1,000 to the Young Women's Christian Home, and $9,900 to the Industrial Home school were retained, it being conceded that they were non-sectarian. The consideration of the bill in committee of the whole was completed, but no vote had been taken when the house adjourned until tomorrow.

FORTY-NINTH DAY.

SENATE.—Mr. Morgan from committee on foreign relations offered a substitute for the resolutions relating to the Cuban war heretofore reported. It is as follows: Resolved by the senate, the house of representatives concurring, That in the opinion of congress a condition of public war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba; and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers and accord to each the rights of belligerents in the ports and territories of the United States.....

The resolution is on the vice-president's table and will be taken up tomorrow.....The diplomatic appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar.....Several resolutions were brought up and discussed but no vote was reached. At 6:05 the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE.—The District of Columbia appropriation bill as amended was defeated by 143 to 64, and recommitted with instructions to report a new paragraph relating to charities.....A bill to prevent prize and bull fighting in the territories and the District of Columbia was passed. It make the principals and promoters of such fights liable to a penalty of from one to five years imprisonment.....The senate silver substitute to the house bond bill was under consideration when a recess was taken. The house reconvened at 8 p. m., and continued the discussion until 10:30, when it adjourned.

FIFTIETH DAY.

SENATE—The senate passed without division, debate or amendment, the bill passed by the house yesterday to prevent prize fighting in the territories. The text of the bill follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That any person who, in any of the territories or the District of Columbia, shall voluntarily engage in a pugilistic encounter between man and man, or a fight between a man and a bull, or any other animal, for money or for other thing of value, or for any championship, or upon the result of which any money or anything of value is bet or wagered, or to see which any admission is charged, either directly or indirectly, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five years.

Sec. 2. By the term "pugilistic encounter," as used in this bill, is meant any voluntary fight by blows by means of fists or otherwise, whether with or without gloves, between two or more men for money, or for a prize of any character, or for anything of value, or for any championship, or upon the result of which any money or anything of value is bet or wagered, or to see which any admission fee is charged, either directly or indirectly.

No other business was completed when the senate at 6 p. m. adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE.—The day and night sessions were spent in debating the senate silver substitute to the bond bill, and at 10:30 the house took a recess until tomorrow.

FIFTY-FIRST DAY.

SENATE.—Senator Frye, republican of Maine, was chosen president pro tem. of the senate....The Dubois resolution, for the distribution of the appropriation bills among the committees, was referred to the rules committee with instructions to report it back on the first Monday in December; yeas 40, nays 28....At 3:15 p. m. the senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.—It was agreed to close general debate on the pending bond and [illegible] bill at the close of Monday next. [illegible] age from the president, trans[illegible] report of the Nicaragua canal co[illegible] received. Referred to the committee on [illegible] and foreign commerce....Debate on silver bill continued, pending which the house took a recess until 10:30 tomorrow.

FIFTY-SECOND DAY.

HOUSE.—The entire day was taken up in debate on the senate silver substitute to the house bond bill and at 10:30 the house took a recess until Monday.

SENATE —No session.

ONE MAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Others Narrowly Escape—$200,000 Worth of Property Destroyed.

Early Saturday morning a fire started on the fifth floor of the Altemeyer building, at McKeesport, Pa., and is supposed to have been caused by defective electric light wiring. The flames were discovered by the printers of the Herald as the fire began to eat its way through the sixth floor. The night's work had just been finished and the paper was just about to go to press. When the flames were seen a rush was made for the usual points of egress, but the stairway was already impassable and the only resources were the windows and the elevator shaft. All but G. M. Barton, the foreman, succeeded in sliding down the rope. His escape was cut off and he was burned to death.

The flames spread to the residence of Peter Strong, adjoining, which was totally destroyed. Pollard's jewelry store and Deitrich's livery stables were also on fire, but the flames were extinguished without much damage. The loss on the Altmeyer theater building and the Herald plant is estimated at $175,000, and on the other buildings $25,000.

The Bristol Bridge Calamity.

Up to noon Saturday no more bodies had been found at the scene of the Bristol bridge accident and the record now stands: Six dead, two missing—Patrick McCarthy and James Mack, both of New Britain.

William T. Barry, the East Hartford section foreman, cannot recover from his injuries.

Murder by Unknown Hands.

Saturday morning Coroner Gus Johnson, of Knoxville, Tenn., held an inquest over the remains of John Melton, who was found in the creek at the Clinch street bridge Friday morning. After empanneling a jury and taking testimony a verdict was reached that the deceased came to his death from wounds in the head, inflicted by unknown persons.

STATE TOPICS.

Late News Items of General Interest to Alabamians.

Not Shut Down.

The stave works at Bridgeport, which have been reported shut down, are running daily.

Plenty and to Spare.

The good people of Gadsden sent last week to the Presbyterian Orphans' Home in Talladega $30 in provisions, and $65 cash.

Body of an Unknown Man.

The body of a man, not identified, was found in a pit near Benton by two hunters. It was wrapped in cotton bagging and bore marks of violence.

Alabama Ships Hogs.

A Scottsboro dispatch says: "Ashmore and Robinson ship 1,000 hogs from here to western markets next week." It is predicted that more than 5,000 will be shipped.

Store and Safe Robbery.

The storehouse of J. W. Moore, of Steels, Ala., was broken into last Wednesday night by unknown parties. The iron safe was broken open and robbed of $80 in cash, and a quantity of merchandise.

Killed a Fellow Convict.

On Thursday last, at Coalburg, John Waldrop, a negro convict who was sent up from Jefferson county for grand larceny, drove a pick into the brain of Jasper Thornton, colored, also a convict, causing his death in a short time.

The Rains Last Week.

Unusually heavy rains were reported from several points in the state last week, beginning on Wednesday night, swelling streams to the great danger of bridges, tearing up roads, destroying fences and suspending farm work.

Coming Back Home.

A dispatch from Florence mentions the return to that city and vicinity of a number of families who emigrated to Texas and have come back satisfied that Alabama possesses the elements of prosperity and happiness in as high a degree as any state in the Union.

With His Little Pistol.

In an altercation between Mr. Pan Freeman and Mr. Robert Broadnax last Wednesday night at Hayneville, the latter shot the former, wounding him slightly, the ball having passed through Broadnax's hand before it struck Freeman.

Train Load of Bananas.

A train of eighteen cars of bananas from the steamer Condor left Mobile at 4:47 p. m. on January 29, and arrived at St. Louis at 3:55 p. m. January 30, making the time between the points on this train 23 hours and 8 minutes, a very fast run.

Tennessee River Trade.

The rise in the Tennessee river, which threatens to submerge all the islands and main shores along its course, has boomed business at Decatur and other north Alabama towns, and every serviceable boat now finds employment.

From Tuscaloosa to Liverpool.

The steamer Hatttie B. Moore was at the Tuscaloosa wharf Friday night and on her down trip to Mobile carried a considerable lot of compressed cotton on through bills of lading to Liverpool. The all water route from Tuscaloosa to foreign ports is being utilized this season as never before.

Rebuilding Burned Mills.

Andrews and Stevens large planing mills which were burned at Opelika during first part of January are being rebuilt, and will soon be ready for the new and improved machinery. This enterprise is a very important one to Opelika, as a large number of workmen are dependent upon it for labor.

The Tennessee Booming.

The Tennessee river was rising rapidly Saturday night and it was thought the islands and bottom lands would be flooded. All cattle were being [illegible] from the bottoms. It is the first big [illegible] months, the river having been [illegible] for navigation above Florence the grea[illegible] portion of last year.

Mr. J. D. Mosely Loses a Hand.

On Monday morning Mr. J. D. Mosely, of Selma, while getting out of his buggy in front of Farrel's store near that city put his right hand on the muzzle of a gun, moving it so that the hammer was thrown and the gun fired, shattering his wrist and hand so that amputation was necessary.

High Waters at Brewton.

Another heavy rainfall visited Brewton Friday night, causing the streams to take another rise, though they had hardly gone down from the rise the day before. Several commercial men had to stay over two or three days last week, on account of the high water. All the mills were closed down water being up in them so they could not operate.

Prospective Cotton Mill.

Oxford is to have a cotton mill. The company starts with a paid-up capital of $50,000. The stockholders met Friday night and elected the following directors: O. W. Cooper, T. A. Howle, D. C. Cooper, J. R. Draper and L. B. Miller. Officers will be elected this week. Other industries are on foot and soon Oxford will be a thriving manufacturing city.

Indicted and Bailed.

Steve Pratt was indicted by the grand jury of Jefferson county last Monday for false pretense and, in another court, grand larceny, in obtaining $6,000 from old man Dobbins by the gold brick scheme. Under habeas corpus proceedings Friday his bond was fixed at $6,000 and was made, with Dr. R. M. Green, of Opelika, and M. T. Stratford as sureties, secured by cash deposited with the sheriff.

Musn't Print Nasty Things.

Joseph R. Dunlop, proprietor of the Chicago Dispatch, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary and a fine of $2,000 for circulating through the mails indecent matter contained in the daily issues of his newspaper. The conviction is the first of the kind in Chicago, the publisher of a daily paper never having been arraigned in court before to answer such a charge. A stay of twenty days was granted to permit of the preparation of a bill of exceptions, the intention being to appeal to the supreme court. Dunlop was released on $10,000 bail.

A MIGHTY UNDERTAKING.

A Mammoth Church in Chicago Being Moved Intact.

They don't do things by halves in Chicago as a general thing, and the removal of the Immanuel Baptist Church from its present site to a new one 75 feet away, bears out the reputation of the metropolis of the West. This undertaking is said to be the greatest and most hazardous in the history of engineering feats. The edifice is a very massive one, with heavy buttresses and a tower 225 feet high resting on a base 24 feet 6 inches square. The building, which is built of stone, is irregular in form, with a frontage of 100 feet. It is located near the southwest corner of Michigan avenue and Twenty-third street, adjoining the Metropole Hotel. It is, or was, so close to the hotel, in fact, that it shut off much light from one side of the building, and so the hotel people are having it removed.

The work of removing the church to its new site will require about three months, and will cost something like $75,000. Not a piece of plastering in the edifice is expected to be even cracked nor a stone loosened. The church is elevated on 1,600 jack screws and slid upon a steel railway. From the apex of the church, in the center, hangs a great plumb line, with a point beneath for a marker. Stationed at this marker all the time during the operation is a man, whose duty it is to watch the line and see that the church never leaves a true level. By a system of signals he directs the operations of the immense gang of workmen on the outside. Every man at his post awaits the proper signal and then all together they send the edifice a little way on its journey. Slowly but surely the great building creeps on, at the same time rising a little, for the new foundation will be six feet higher than the old one.

The contractor, of course, takes the risk upon himself, and if the edifice is injured he will be held responsible; so until the building has been firmly settled upon its new foundation he will be under a great strain. Altogether it is a mighty undertaking.

Let It Alone.

There is a story told of a very eminent lawyer, now no longer with us, who once, while endeavoring to dissuade a friend of mine from going to law, was asked what he would himself consider a sufficient ground for resorting to litigation.

"My dear fellow," he replied, "I do not say that under no conceivable circumstances would I take proceedings against anyone, but I do say that if at this moment you deliberately upset my ink on the tablecloth, chucked my wife out of the window, threw that volume of reports at the bust of Blackstone, 'made hay' with my furniture, and finally tweaked my nose, I should no doubt use my best endeavors to kick you down stairs; but, once rid of you, either by force or persuasion, no power on earth should induce me to bring an action against you."

THE DRUG CLERK'S STORY.

He Talks of Headaches and Nervousness and Gives a Cure for Both.

From the Evening News, Newark, N. J.

It was the drug clerk's turn to tell a story of one of his experiences, and the reporter, expecting something good, as usual, settled himself comfortably in a chair prepared to give his undivided attention to the speaker. The latter was Henry Maier, who resides with his parents on Acqueduct Street, Newark, N. J., and who hands out medicine over the counter of Dr. Andrew F. Burkhardt's drug store at 21 Orange Street, this city.

"Perhaps I can do nothing better," he began, "than to tell you the secret of my good health. It is a story that I have told to many recently, and as it resulted in good in each case, it may be worth your while to listen to it. To begin with, I was not always strong and robust, as I am now. Long hours of work and hard study had left me in a wretched condition. Frightful, lingering headaches found me a ready victim, and at times I was so nervous that the dropping of a pin would cause me to give a violent start, and then I would be seized with a fit of trembling that was, to put it mildly, exceedingly bothersome. Well, I began to doctor myself. Now I flatter myself that I know something of medicine; but with all my knowledge, I could find nothing that would cure those terrible headaches or put an end to my extreme nervousness. When I picked up a bottle my hand would shake as though [illegible] the chills, and if it was a powder that a [illegible] dling I stood a good chance of sprinkl[illegible] over these black trousers. Things went from bad to worse, and I soon realized that a man of my physical condition had better not attempt to mix any medicine.

"'Try a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills,' said Dr. Burkhardt, one day; and as you know the doctor's advice is always worth following, I got the Pink Pills and began to take them. Aladdin's lamp never performed the wonders of these pills. Would you believe it? Before I had taken the contents of one box my headache began to give me a day off occasionally, and soon it left me entirely. How about my nervousness? Well, the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I know enough about the business to appreciate the importance of following the prescribing physicians' directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. Look at me now! A picture of health; eh? Well, that is what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do for a man, or a woman either. See, I can hold this glass of water out now without spilling a drop, but I couldn't do that two months ago and—

"What is it, ma'm?" he asked as a neatly dressed woman came up to the counter. "A box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills." "Yes, ma'm, fifty cents, please. Thank you."

"These Pink Pills are great things," said Mr. Maier as he turned to the reporter again, and the latter, after all he had heard, thought so too.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

Come West For Your Seed.

That's what we say, because it's the best. Salzer's Wisconsin grown seeds are bred to earliness and produce the earliest vegetables in the world. Right alongside of other seedmen's earliest, his are twenty days ahead! Just try his earliest peas, radishes, lettuce, cabbage, etc. He is the largest grower of farm and vegetable seeds, potatoes, grasses, clovers, etc.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c. postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. postage. (A. C.)

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

Gladness Comes

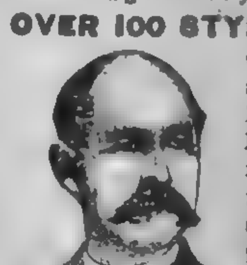
With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

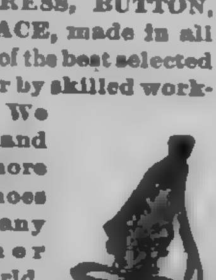
If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
W. L. DOUGLAS
$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay $4 to $6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for **$3.**

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS,





CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more $3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our $5, $4, $3.50, $2.50, $2.25 Shoes; $2.50, $2 and $1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 36 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue to Box R.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Second Hand
TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.

Large size, cost $400, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

Apply at once to
Atlanta Newspaper Union,
ATLANTA, GA.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Bert M. Moses, the advertisement and business writer of 502 Third street, Brooklyn, relates that he recently had occasion to consult Dr. J. S. Carreau, a well-known physician of 18 West Twenty-first street, New York City, for a stomach trouble which was pronounced a type of dyspepsia. "After consultation," writes Mr. Moses, "the Doctor gave me a prescription, and I was somewhat surprised to note that the formula was nearly identical with that of Ripans Tabules, for which I had, on more than one occasion prepared advertising matter. I had Dr. Carreau's prescription filled, and it proved satisfactory, giving quick relief. A week later, when I had taken all the medicine, I again called on the Doctor and mentioned the similarity of his prescription and the proprietary remedy spoken of, showing him both the remedy itself and the formula. The Doctor was at first somewhat inclined to criticise what he called patent medicines, but appeared to be surprised when he noted to what extent his own prescription conformed to the formula I showed him. It was practically the same. After a short time devoted to noting the careful manner in which the proprietary medicine was prepared, he wound up by prescribing it for my case. Of course I had to pay him for telling me to do this, but it was worth the cost to have such high professional assurance that the advertised article was, in fact, the scientific formula that it purported to be. I might have taken the proprietary medicine in the beginning and saved the Doctor's fee, but I think the confidence I have acquired in the efficacy of the remedy, through the Doctor's indorsement of it, is well worth the fee."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

"Blight"

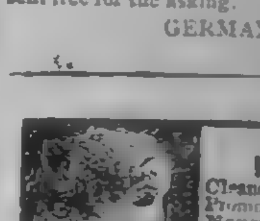
costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

"Kainit"

will prevent that dreaded plant disease.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.



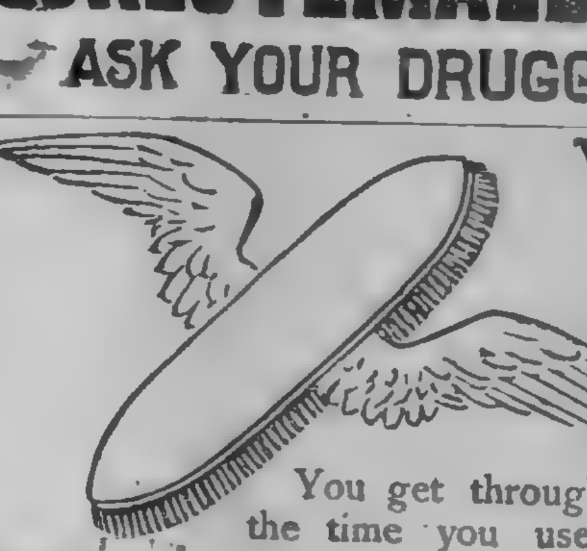
PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

(PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACT.—NOT INTOXICATING.)

CURES FEMALE DISEASES!

☞ ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

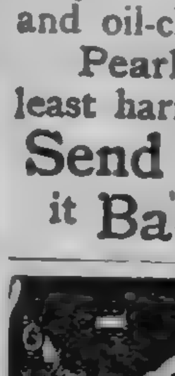


Work flies right along when you take Pearline to it. So does the dirt. Every scrubbing brush seems to have wings. You get through your cleaning in half the time you used to, and without any commotion or fuss.

Pearline saves rubbing. That means a good deal besides easy work, even in house-cleaning. Paint and wood-work and oil-cloth, etc., are worn out by rubbing.

Pearline cleans, with the least labor, and without the least harm, anything in the world that water doesn't hurt.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* JAMES PYLE, New York.



BUY SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS
HURRAH, FARMERS—SHOUT FOR JOY!
The millennium is coming for the farmer, for with our new creations in Wheat (60 bu.), Oats (209 bu.), Barley (116 bu.), Corn (207 bu.), Rye (70 bu.), Potatoes (1,200 bu.), Hay (6 tons), and Green Fodder (10 tons per acre)—we say with such yields the millennium is here for the farmer! SILVER MINE OATS—$200 IN GOLD! This Oat yielded in Pennsylvania (sworn statement) 209 bu. from one measured acre, and hundreds of farmers who tested same are sure 250 bu. is possible in 1896. SILVER KING BARLEY—$100 IN GOLD! That is the wonder! 116 bu. per acre in 1895 and 150 bu. is possible in 1896. So one thousand growers say. It is marvelous, wonderful. Oh, the millennium is here! Catalogue tells all about it. It is mailed you with 10 grain and grass samples, including Corn and Barley, upon receipt of 10c. postage. Catalogue alone for 5c. postage.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO LA CROSSE, WIS

Is there a blot on your health?

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
will remove it.

GUARANTEE.

We will refund the purchase money to any person who takes *Brown's Iron Bitters* as directed and fails to be benefited if suffering from any of the following diseases: Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, Headache and Neuralgia.

[SEAL.] BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE BANNER.

Circuit Clerk

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBURARY 20, 1896. NO 17

BEN TILLMAN'S FIERY TONGUE.

His Great Speech Arraigning the Administration of Grover Cleveland.

PORTENTOUS WORDS FROM THE BRAVE SOUTH CAROLINAN.

A Speech That Will Live in the History of the Country Like Those of Lincoln, Clay and Webster.

"God Forbid This Nation the Fate of France in 1789"—Is the Money Power Conspiring to Bring on Another Conflict at Arms—How the People Were Deceived Into Voting Democratic in 1892—Wall Street Is Behind the Old Parties and Is Contributing to the Campaign Funds of Both—High Time That the People Get a Party of Their Own—Good Reasons for Voting the Populist Ticket.

When Senator Ben Tillman, of South Carolina, got the floor in the senate to speak on the free coinage substitute, he spoke to a packed floor and galleries and received the undivided attention of his hearers.

The senator said that he would use plain Anglo-Saxon, the language of the common people, for he was one of them. He spoke bitterly of the essay-reading indulged in by senators, charging that that body was not the deliberative body that it was intended it should be by the fathers who framed the constitution. "How much," he said, "of this so-called senatorial dignity of which we hear so much and see so much is worthy of preservation? It hangs over this chamber like a wet blanket, it smothers down independent action: it obliterates the man and we are here the puppets, the cogs in the wheel of party, to do the bidding of the manipulators of the party machines. (Applause.)

"Speeches here change no votes. There is not a man on this floor who on any question affecting his party has ever been budged one inch from his position by a speech from a man on the other side. I have a higher conception of my duty than to feel or believe that South Carolina's interests alone are in my keeping. I am an American senator. I have one vote out of ninety which deal with the lives and liberties and property of the people of this country.

"So far as I know I am the only farmer pure and simple in this august body. Yet out of the 70,000,000 people in this country, 35,000,000 are engaged in agricultural pursuits alone. If, then, one farmer has broken down the barriers and forced his way here, upon his head rests the responsibility of giving utterance to the feelings, the aspiration of his fellows and of giving utterance to the sense of wrong they have. Therefore, Mr. President, I feel constrained to-day to raise my voice to speak, and before I get through you will realize the fact that I speak plainly and bluntly and use Anglo-Saxon, the vernacular, the language of the common people, for I am one of them, and I expect to tell you how they feel and what they think and what they want.

"The senator from Ohio (Mr. Sherman) said the other day that the question of the free coinage of silver is old straw, that it has been thrashed and thrashed and thrashed; that there is nothing new in it. It has been thrashed, sir, by law[illegible] has been thrashed by railroad magnates; it has been thrashed by the president of this corporation and the attorney of that corporation. It has not yet been handled on the pitchfork of the farmer. I am here to see if I cannot get a few grains more of truth in the straw, therefore the simile of the statement is good. They use pitchforks to handle manure, and perhaps I shall find some of that in my pathway before I get through."

Speaking of Cleveland and Sherman, he said: "In what respect do they differ? Mr. Sherman wants coin bonds. Mr. Cleveland wants gold bonds. Mr. Sherman wants a higher tariff. Mr. Cleveland wants the present tariff. Mr. Sherman, as a means of relief to stop the endless chain, which is a patent contrivance, with thieves at one end and dishonest officials at the other, to rob the American people, wants to keep the redeemed greenbacks in the treasury so no one can get them to raid the treasury, while the president says the only refuge he sees is to redeem, to blot out and issue bonds in place of every solitary piece of paper that circulates without interest. And both of them mean contraction, lower prices, harder times."

He referred to the present derangement of our finances as a "damnable scheme of robbery" which had for its object the destruction of silver, the increase of the debt and the surrender to corporations of the power to issue money and give to them a monopoly of that function. He called attention to the fact that the election of a president who would veto a silver bill in the coming campaign means continued disaster to our industries and increased poverty to the masses of the people.

Speaking of the last campaign, he said: "If the secret history of the year 1892 shall ever be written it will disclose the fact, which cannot be proven now, but of which I have not the slightest doubt, that the gold ring of New York, which embraces nearly all of the bankers in the eastern and middle states and the stock gamblers of Wall street, controlled the presidential nominations of both the democratic and republican parties, and had an understanding with the managers or with both the candidates themselves in regard to what policy should be pursued toward our finances. They contributed money for the booming of Mr. Cleveland as the only available democratic candidate and they abused and ridiculed every other democratic aspirant.

"They kept up such a noise and racket in the lobby of the Palmer House that one would have thought that pandemonium had broken loose and all the demons of hell had collected in one group to shout for 'Grover.'

"Interpreted according to the plain use and meaning of English words, the platform means bimetallism, but there are conditions and ambiguous phrases which have afforded an excuse to the elastic conscience of the bull-headed and self-idolatrous man who holds the reins of power to pursue the policy he has. Whether the scheme was agreed to by the president or not and whether he bound himself in plain terms or not, will, perhaps, never be known. His course has been unswerving in the absolute contradiction of his public professions and letter of acceptance. The expectations and interests of the people have been forgotten and ignored. The party which elected him has been betrayed and its banners now trail in the dust of disgrace and defeat. The practical destruction of the party has been accomplished. The republicans are now in possession of the other branch of congress by a majority unknown to our history except during and immediately after the war. They are there not because there has been an increase in the republican vote, but because hundreds and thousands of disgusted democrats have stayed at home and let the election go by default.

"The people by their votes (in 1892) demanded a change from the republican policy. A democratic president gave them a change for the worse by encouraging his moneyed friends who controlled the newspapers and thus directed the current of public opinion to hurry up their operations of robbery by means of the panic and to accelerate the downward progress of the country.

"I came up here as the governor of my state and stood out in the cold around here on North Capitol street for four hours, nearly frozen to death, to be present at the jollification and glorification upon the inauguration of a democratic president, with a democratic senate and a democratic house, and God forgive me for being such a fool. (Laughter.) Thank God, I did all I could to keep him from being nominated."

The senator quoted from President Cleveland's response to the committee that notified him of his nomination the last time, and declared there was nothing in it to warrant one to expect that the leader of the democratic party would ignore the platform and treat with contempt the trusted lieutenants whom the people had sent to the national capital to assist in shaping legislation.

He asked: "How many of you, men grown old and gray in the service of the party and of the nation, men who were its trusted leaders before this man from Buffalo was ever heard of—how many, I say, have been called into his councils? Whose advice has he followed? None but that of the bootlicks and sycophants which have crawled on their knees for crumbs of patronage and betrayed their constituents for the offices in his gift.

"In the entire history of this country the high office of president has never been so prostituted and never has the appointing power been so abused. Claiming to be the apostle of civil service he has made appointments only of those whose sponsors would surrender their manhood and, with bated breath, walk with submissive head in his presence. With relentless purpose he has ignored his oath of office to uphold and obey the law and has paid out gold instead of coin and issued bonds to buy more gold, by both actions overriding the law and giving no heed to the interests of any but moneyed friends—I might say, his owners and partners.

"While to this besotted tyrant coin has come to mean gold alone, he cannot by his mere 'ipse dixit' change the law of this land and pervert the plain meaning of the English language.

Speaking of the party talk he said: "The object was to have them use each other to hold silver up by holding gold down, and an honest secretary of the treasury who would have resigned his office rather than submit to the dictation of a besotted chief would have paid out silver to protect the treasury from the gold gamblers and bond gamblers, as the law and his oath of office required.

"But, alas! the old breed of southern statesmen, like Calhoun, who, after a life spent in public service, had to be buried at public expense, and his debts paid by the state of South Carolina, is no more. No wonder the senator from Massachusetts feels warranted in twitting me with the decay of southern statesmanship and charging us with dishonesty. He charges it, however, in another connection, and as aiding and abetting this Judas from Kentucky, who, after a brilliant career of twenty years and more as leader and champion of the silver forces, has in his old age come to this pitiful pass. And then to think this indictment brought against a whole section should have so much color of truth and of fact to back it up in the apostacy from the principles of the two other secretaries from the south in the cabinet of a president who has so disgraced the name of democracy.

"The south bows its head in shame at this exhibition of moral cowardice and despises the renegades."

The senator then asserted that Cleveland had not, during his term of office, held the hand of a simple, square, straight, honest toiler in the field. "He knows nothing about farmers, and, more's the pity, he cares nothing about them.

"They are burning our candle at both ends, robbing us on one hand with the tariff and robbing us on the other hand with the single gold standard. And they have asked us like beasts of burden, like dumb driven cattle, to bear these things and say nothing but to vote the party ticket."

He said, referring to Cleveland's toriff utterances, that he had sung this siren song with "damnable iteration" in the ears of the farmers. He quoted the messages for "the purpose of pointing out the evolution of a tyrant, and of showing the transition from a conscientious, law-abiding chief magistrate to an arrogant and obstinate ruler, who ignores the law and issues bonds at will. He not only issues them, but does it secretly with his law partner as a witness to the contract, and has created the suspicion in the minds of millions of his countrymen that a president of the United States can use his high office for private gain. The suspicion, like a 'damned spot,' has been burned into the brains of the people and will no more 'out' than Duncan's blood could be washed from the lily hands of Lady Macbeth."

He predicted that he was the last of the democratic presidents who would be elected by the party as now organized.

"The democratic party elected him and re-elected him and would have no other leader. It must bear the odium of his official misdeeds, his utter lack of leadership. He has never been a democrat, measured by the standard of Jefferson and Jackson. His opinions and policy on finance have been those of Sherman, who is not a republican measured by the standard of Lincoln."

He congratulated Sherman on his victory in the special session, and said he (Sherman) had the proud satisfaction of "knowing that he has brought the party which he so hates to its knees, and has lived to see many of his old antagonists enlisted under his banner of monopoly and class privileges."

"If he (Cleveland) was honest in the start (and I am willing to grant that [illegible]), his associations with Wall street and his connection with wealthy men have debauched his conscience and destroyed his sympathy with the masses."

In discussing the gold standard he said:

"Rothschild and his American agents graciously condescended to come to the help of the United States treasury in maintaining the gold standard which has wrought the ruin, and only charges a small commission of $10,000,000 or so on one little transaction. Great God, that this proud government, the richest, most powerful on the globe, should have been brought to so low a pass that a London Jew should have been appointed its receiver to have charge of the treasury. Is there a man here who can think of it without blushing?"

"And what are the people going to do about it? Why are these iniquities permitted, and the outrageous and unlawful actions of the executive unchecked? No man here denies the assertion that it is unlawful to issue bonds to pay the current expenses of the government, and yet it has been done. There has been a lame explanation attempted, that redeemed greenbacks had to go into the general fund and be reissued, but if they were secured for the gold which the bonds have been issued and they were not used to pay current expenses, where are they? The responsibility of providing revenues and looking after the solvency of the treasury, which rests with congress, has been usurped by the president.

"Now comes the crucial question for the republican party. Why have you not impeached him? You have nearly a three-fourths majority at the other end of the capitol, which alone can formulate articles of impeachment. Why have you not impeached him?

"Because he is carrying out republican policies, and the majority in the house of representatives feel safe, the senators over here feel safe, and you all believe that the republican party is certain to elect the next president and obtain control of the government.

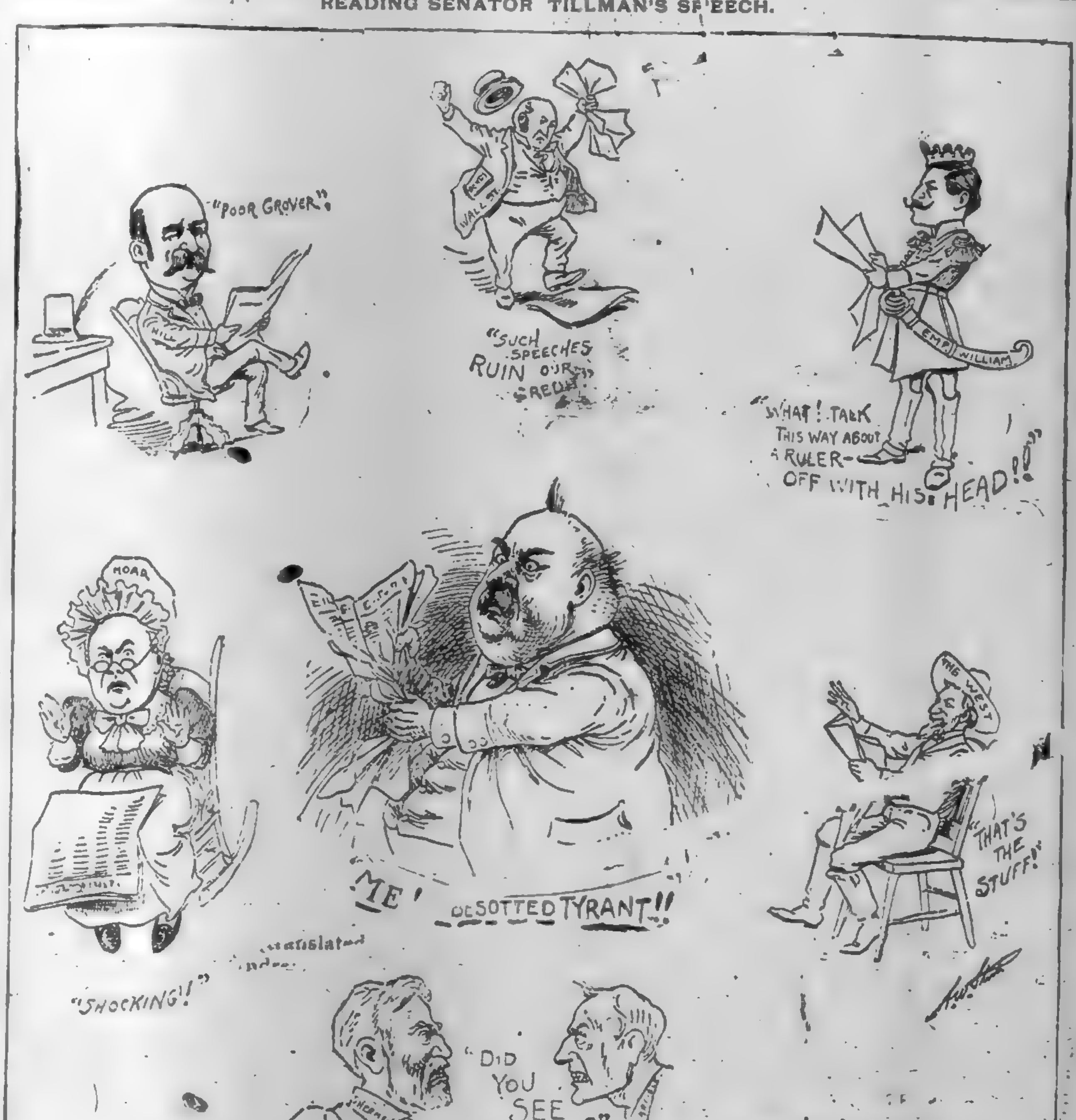
"The encroachments of the federal judiciary and the supineness and venality—corruption, I may say—of the representative branches of this government are causes of deep concern to all thinking and patriotic men. We are fast drifting into government by injunction in the interest of monopolies and corporations and the supreme court, by one corrupt vote, annuls an act of congress looking to the taxation of the rich.

"You all remember Macauley's prediction that some day a government would be put in charge of this country by the commune. When that time comes, God have mercy on you millionaires who have stolen so much of the people's money.

"A day of reckoning will come, unless there is no longer a just God in heaven, and when it does come, woe be unto those who have been among the oppressors of the people. The present struggle is unfortunately too like that which preceded the late civil war, inasmuch as it is sectional. The creditor and the manufacturing states of the north and east, those which have grown inordinately wealthy at the expense of the producing classes of the south and west, are urging this policy with the besotted blindness of Belshazzer. The old slaveholders of the south were not more arrogant or more determined. The sordid despotism of wealth, to use the apt phrase of Justice Brown, is already felt throughout the land.

"And the new Mason and Dixon's line which is drawn, not by the surveyor, but by the denial of the natural and inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness to a large majority of citizens, will sooner or later bring together in the bonds of union the toiling and now down-trodden masses of the cities and the equally desperate masses of the country; agrarianism and communism will join hands. There are millions now on the march, and they tramp, tramp, tramp; tramp the sidewalks hunting work and tramp the highways begging bread. Unless relief comes they will some day take a notion to tramp to Washington with rifles in their hands to regain the liberties which have been stolen from them or which their representatives have sold; and the hitherto conservative force of the republic, the well-to-do agricultural class, will lift no hand to stay the march, but join it. God grant that our country may be spared the enactment of such scenes as were witnessed in Paris in 1789. But the fair flower of liberty planted by Jefferson in the immortal declaration of the 4th of July, 1776, watered by the blood of our revolutionary sires under Washington, cannot be uprooted or smothered by the noxious weeds of monopoly and class privilege without bloodshed; and a cataclysm which will give us a military despotism or leave the republic redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled is just as sure to come as yonder sun shines in the heavens unless we do our duty here and take the hands of these conspirators off the people's throats and give them an opportunity to breathe, to work, to live.'

READING SENATOR TILLMAN'S SPEECH.


"POOR GROVER".
HILL
WALL ST.
"SUCH SPEECHES RUIN OUR CREDIT."
EMP. WILLIAM
"WHAT! TALK THIS WAY ABOUT A RULER—OFF WITH HIS HEAD!!"
HOAR
"ME! BESOTTED TYRANT!!"
THE WEST
"THAT'S THE STUFF!"
translated
"SHOCKING!!"
SHERMAN
"DID YOU SEE IT?"
ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS.

Initiative and Referendum.

The Initiative and Referendum is a feature of vital importance to the people. Briefly stated, it means that by petition a certain per cent of the population can call for the enactment of any law they may desire. This is the Initiative. Then the proposed measure is referred back to the whole people for their adoption or rejection by ballot. This is the Referendum. If we enjoyed this privilege, how many bond bills would pass? How long would it be until we had free coinage and many other measures of relief for the people? The Initiative and Referendum simply means that all important measures shall receive the approval of the people before it becomes a law.—Topeka Co-Operator.

It Is Business.

Unjust appropriation of the wealth of others is "business."

Corporation cash spent for buying senatorships is "business."

Cutting down wages to the lowest subsistence limit is "business."

Giving as little as possible for as much as you can get is "business."

Applying machines to the production of things, and letting men starve is "business."

Trying to redeem $346,000,000 of currency with only $100,000,000 (and less) of gold is "business."

Playing at diplomacy and shaking the presidential fist at a foreign nation for the purpose of getting more soldiers to use against our own people, is "business."

Setting up laws above human rights property above man, wealth above worth, greed above goodness, plunderers above patriots, and fleecers above feeders, is "business."—Coming Nation.

One-twentieth of all the wealth in America is owned by English capitalists. This is worse than if England captured all the republics in South America, as far as jeopardizing our interests is concerned.

BEN M. JACOBS & BROS.,

Birmingham, Ala.

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Music Stands, Chamber Suits, Book Cases,
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In justice to yourself you cannot purchase before looking at our immense stock, (the largest in Alabama) covering four immense floors, and getting our prices. You will be sure to be pleased.

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Special attention to mail orders

DUN'S TRADE REVIEW.

The Continued Closeness of Money Hinders Busi[illegible]

R. G. Dun & C[illegible] weekly review [illegible] for the first week of Feb[illegible] were $4,079,680, against $2,909,890 last year. Manufacturing were $2,372,253, against $729,348 last year, and $1,584,072 in 1894, and trading were $1,636,427, against $1,934,894 last year and $2,465,585 in 1894. Failures for the week have been 327 in the United States against 270 last year, and 67 in Canada against 51 last year.

There is a little more demand for some manufactured products. Exports improve with yielding prices of staples and for the week from New York exceeded last year's 30 per cent, while imports have increased 15 per cent. Pig iron at the east and at Chicago has not advanced, southern competition continuing at prices so low that several Alabama furnaces have stopped. A demand for finished products keeps about 70 per cent of the capacity employed. The coke output is again much reduced.

Textile work shows little change, though the cut in print cloths and general concessions in brown and bleached staples, averaging for the whole list quoted 6 per cent since January 1, induced more buying, which the known accumulation of goods ahead of demand has hindered. Many mills are reporting great profits last year from the rise of cotton, but the prospect of a larger crop this year does not promise a repetition of such gains. Though goods still average 12.7 per cent above their lowest point a year ago, cotton is now 44 per cent higher than it was then. Sales of wool have been small for two weeks of February, but higher prices abroad, sustained by heavy shipments of goods to this country, incline holders of wool here to make no concessions, so that manufacturers have the more difficulty in meeting competition. Cotton receipts at this season, never large, still indicate a supply for the current crop year, including stocks brought over, much in excess of the world's needs, so that the prospect of increased acreage has the more power to depress prices, and spot cotton has declined an eighth for the week. Exports in January were $8,653,566 less than last year, though prices were 45 per cent higher.

Clearings for the week were 10.4 per cent larger than last year and 27.7 per cent less than in 1893.

Liverpool Cotton Statistics.

Following are the Liverpool weekly cotton statistics: Sales, total 48,000 bales; American, 43,000; trade takings, 66,000; actual export, 8,000; import, total 138,000; American, 117,000; stock, total, 11,560,000; American, 962,000; afloat, total, 154,000; American, 130,000; sales for speculation, 2,000; purchases for export, 1,700.

A SHOCKING STORY

Received by a Young Armenian, a Resident of Milwaukee.

Giragos Tomanian, a young Armenian of Milwaukee, Wis., is almost prostrated by a letter which he received from his uncle, Khiatjian Tomanian, written December 31, 1895, in the village of Ouzounaba, Pelau, province of Diarbekir, Armenia. This place is twenty days distant from Constantinople by horse. The letter says:

"I wrote you of the horrible happenings, which are unequaled in the history of our village. Brother, they have struck our quiet village; they have burned our church and our home and robbed us of everything. They have killed nearly everyone. Those who are left have changed their religion and become Mohammedans. But this is not all; let me write and relate about your home.

"Your brother's wife and your little boy are killed. Your wife and mother have thrown themselves into the Euphrates in order to save themselves from Turkish outrages. Your sister is living yet; but I wish she might have been killed with the rest, for they have taken her and married her to a Kurd and have changed her religion to Mohammedanism. The massacre continued for three days. Very few of us are left in the village."

Alabama's Coal Output.

The following is taken from the state mine inspector's report:

There are in Jefferson county 4,906 coal miners. This includes 1,500 convicts. During the past twelve months there were mined in Jefferson county 3,710,331 tons of coal, and the coke output was 1,301,881 tons of 2,000 pounds. Walker county—Miners, 2,150; coal, 935,701 tons; coke, 3,290 tons. Bibb county—Miners, 1,085; coal, 643,762 tons; coke, 38,835 tons. Tuscaloosa county—Miners, 677; coal, 208,117 tons; coke, 40,840 tons. Blount county—Miners, 95; coal, 62,400 tons. Shelby county—Miners, 233; coal, 52,754 tons. St. Clair—Miners, 120; coal, 30,806 tons. Winston county—Miners, 20; coal, 4,500 tons. There are a number of mines in the coal district that employ less than twenty men, and make no report. Mr. Hillhouse estimates that these small mines turn out 25,000 tons per annum. These figures show a total of 9,286 miners, and a production of 5,648,461 tons of coal.

Turkish Violence.

The Turkish estimate of Turkish violence in the province of Harpoot and some of the adjacent villages, which has been obtained through a translation of a list prepared in Turkish by a local Moslem in a high [illegible] government position, gives the total number killed as 39,334; number destitute 94,776 [illegible]

WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel [illegible] Alabama [illegible] reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha B[illegible] Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1 00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Killgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary

JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P M Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.

L. B. POUNDS.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

L. H. REYNOLDS.

THE executive committee of the People's Party of Chilton county met yasterday at the court house, Lee Hayes in the chair After stating the object of the meeting Mr Hayes offered his resignation which was accepted Jot A Miller and Ben H Wells were put in nomination for the chairmanship, and balloting resulted in the election of J A Miller The chairman appointed the following committee on order of business: E L Manning, B H Wells, E H Smith, W Y Nix, Ira Campbell and Frank Crichton The committee reported as follows: We your committee on order of business beg leave to report We recommend that the executive committee decide upon the means by which nominations shall be made for our county officers We recommend that no person who is not a member of the executive committee be allowed to speak at this session unless invited to do so We suggest that two primary elections be held, one early in April open to all candidates, and a second one during the time of registration in which only the names of the two candidates for each office receiving the highest number of votes at the first primary shall be submitted We also suggest that at the first primary each beat elect two delegates to form a county convention for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention We also suggest that at the second primary each beat elect two men to serve on the executive committee for the ensuing term The report was received and after considerable discussion in which all present took part was unanimously adopted as a a whole The committee then decided that the first primary should be held on Tuesday, April 14; the county convention to elect delegates to the state convention on the Saturday following, April 18, and the second primary on Tuesday, May 5, polls to open at 10 a m and close at 5 p m The following resolution was then passed: That an an invitation be extended to all persons to participate in our primaries, providing they will pledge themselves to support our nominees and will endorse our platform and principles Managers of the primary elections were appointed for each beat The committee suggested that all the candidates have their names printed on the same ticket so that the tickets will be the same as those used in the state elections The minutes were read and approved, a resolution passed that the proceedings be published in THE BANNER, and the committee adjourned to meet Saturday April 18

WE are requested to state that the primary elections in beat 8 will be held at Stanton instead of as heretofore at Dixie

---

LEE HAYES.

The announcement of Mr Lee Hayes for the office of sheriff which appears in this issue is not in the nature of a surprise as it has been well known for some time he intended to be a candidate Mr Hayes is generally credited with having made the best sheriff our county ever had, and we have no doubt but if he is elected he will again fill the office to the entire satisfaction of the county

G. W. PATRICK.

The friends of Mr Patrick in announcing him for the sheriff's office do so with much exultation, claiming him to be a strong candidate This gentleman hails from the western part of the county which has always sent in good men and true, and we believe if Mr Patrick is elected he will uphold the dignity of the office

M. A. KILLGORE.

The announcement that Mr Killgore is a candidate for the position of sheriff is hailed with satisfaction by his friends Mr Killgore is a gentleman highly thought of in the county and his admirers claim will, if elected, make an admirable sheriff This is his first candidacy

JAMES T. COOLEY.

This gentleman has come forward at the request of his friends as a candidate for the office of sheriff Mr Cooley is a well known man and if he should prove to be the [illegible] people will doubtless fill the [illegible] he aspires with credit to him[illegible] the county

T. J. HUBBARD.

Mr Hubbard is a candidate for the onerous position of tax collector and his supporters aver their enthusiastic belief in his ability to fill the office in a thoroughly creditable manner if he is elected It takes a peculiarly gifted man to fill this office but we are confident that Mr Hubbard has the necessary qualifications

P. M. MOORE.

Sheriff Moore, whose term will soon expire has been induced by his friends to seek the office of tax collector Mr Moore's genial and urbane manner has gained him many friends who will do their best to see him elected We are satisfied that if he gets the office he will prove a most efficient officer

L. B. POUNDS.

Perhaps no gentleman is better known in our county than Rev L B Pounds A man of sterling worth, his friends have announced him as candidate for the position of tax assessor, being assured that if he is elected he will prove the right man in the right place, and that the office will be in good hands

E. W. BAILEY.

Commissioner Bailey has in the course of his duties made a good record and now that his friends announce him as a candidate for the office of tax assessor his official record will stand him in good stead The duties of assessor are of great importance to the community and we feel fully justified in saying that Mr Bailey if elected is thoroughly competent to perform them

L. H. REYNOLDS.

Mr Lewis Reynolds, the popular manager of the Alliance store at Jemison, is announced as a candidate to represent Chilton county in the general assembly Mr Reynolds is known to everyone in the county His suave manners and business experience will, if he is elected, give us a good representative at the state capital

• • •

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COUNTY TREASURER.

GENERAL FUND

DR.		CR.	
Received of the following persons:		By amount overpaid....$	1.79
B. M. Gentry, taxes....	$14,111.02	Support to the poor.....	924.00
R. M. Honeycutt licenses	12.19	Medical services at jail..	60.00
R. M. Honeycutt, costs in county court.........	64.25	Med. services poor house	70.00
R. M. Honeycutt % Parrish land sale.........	145.00	Commissioners court....	207.35
R. M. Honeycutt, sale of State lands...........	75.76	Work at jail..........	56.45
R. M. Honeycutt, redemption State lands.......	10.52	Lumber and work for bridges and pub. roads	764.35
Peter Quigley % due Co.	61.00	Waiting on circuit court.	4.50
		Examining Treas books.	18.00
		Managers of elections...	39.00
		Clerks of elections......	24.00
		Returning officers......	11.20
		Work on court house....	11.20
		Carrying person to P. H.	2.50
		" " " aslm.	70.00
		Summoning special juries	9.00
		Keeping poor house....	577.92
		Supplies for court house.	44.75
		Insurance on " "	166.50
		Freight on goods for Co.	2.95
		Coal for jail..........	44.85
		Ex-offi. services cir. clerk	200.00
		Costs in def'lt'g bail cases	7.35
		Services sheriff.........	438.61
		Services probate judge..	524.00
		Supplies for poor house in 1891 Hand's ex'rs..	205 45
		Making land book E. G. Rollins..............	75.00
		Stationary, Print., adv'g	704.00
		Special bail'ff, H. Harris	3.00
		Mile posts and sign brds.	29 50
		Horse, buggy for G jury	2.00
		Holding inquest H. Day.	3 20
		" " T. Little	10.75
		" " M.Donegan	50.10
		Foreclosing mortgage J. M. Parrish..........	41.33
		Supplies and burial expenses S. E. Lambert.	12.70
		Burying Man'l Donegan	10 00
		Coffin for Geo. Meredith	5 00
		Sup for burial of paupers	8 70
		Errors lands sold for taxes	31 70
		Work for county P Smith	3 00
		Clern and repair c h well	5 00
		Jurors................	1,953 30
		Bailiffs...............	181 10
		Board of equalization....	51 00
		State witnesses "	49 52
		Services Pension exam..	28 90
		Jury commissioners.....	30 00
		Attorney for county.....	62 50
		By commissions........	788 65
		Balance on hand.......	5,730 34
Total..............	$14,479 74	Total............	$14,479 74

FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND

From State Treasurer....$	400.22	By amount overpaid....$	9 32
" R.M.Honeycutt,fines	83 00	State witnesses........	356 28
" J.P.VanDerveer,fines	707.15	Clerk's fees...........	56 65
" A.C.Mims,J.P.,fines	1.00	Clerk's services.......	27 05
		Sheriff's fees..........	279 00
		Balance on hand	463 07
Total............	$1,191.37	Total..........	$1,191 37

REDEMPTION OF LANDS

Rec'd of R M Honeycutt.$	343 35	By amount overpaid....$	22 85
Amount overpaid.......	48 38	Redemption of lands....	368 88
	$ 391 73	Total..........	$ 391 73

SPECIAL COURT HOUSE FUND

Received taxes from B M Gentry.........$	6,426 55	By cash on hand.......$	6,426 55

Respectfully submitted,

W. L. SAMPEY, Treasurer.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION
[illegible] Congressional District
[illegible]bama.

By authority of the District Committee the Fourth district convention of the Republican Party is hereby called to meet in Calera on March 4, 1896, at 12 m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the 55th congress; for the election of two delegates and two alternates to the Republican National convention to be holden in St. Louis, Mo., June 16, 1896. For the election of two members of the State committee; for the election of a district committee and chairman and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it. Each county will be entitled to the number of delegates as follows: Cleburne 4, Calhoun 9, Chilton 4, Dallas 10, Talladega 12, Shelby 9. Total 47.

J. D. HARDY, Chairman.
F. M. SHOUSE, Secretary.

West Chilton Warblings.

The health of this portion is extremely good at present. Farm work is on a drag owing to so much rains. Old Mrs. Mary Ray a fine old lady and the mother of C. C. Ray died very suddenly on the morning of the 12th from heart trouble. Prof. Henry Burges has a nice school at Bluff Springs. Plantersville is still on a boom; Capt. R. W. Little is having another fine residence built on his north lot in front of the Hickabee block and there is now 4 store, 1 drug shop, 1 blacksmith shop, 1 masonic lodge, 1 large college, 2 churches, 1 minister and 3 docters all in Plantersville and the sweet little town is building up rapidly.

I am mighty afraid that the farmers are fixing to draw on a western smokehouse and corncrib. There is a great deal of fertilizer being used in western part of the county this year. Men, this is going to ruin us again; we should look sharp and not dabble too much in cotton. I will close hoping that all who are not subscribers to the BANNER may soon be. Good will to everybody.

OLD MIKE.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood [illegible] not hold ourselves responsible [illegible]sions.—EDITOR.]

PLANTERSVILLE, ALA., F[illegible] 5, '96

Editor BANNER: I have learned that some of my friends in the eastern pert of the county are talking of putting my name before the people of the county as a candidate for commissioner or some other office. This is bitterly against my will and consent. Owing to my fast declining health I am not a candidate for any office nor ever have been or intend to be and if elected to any office without my will and consent I shall certainly not serve. And I want the people of the county to distincted understand that I shall not serve nor accept any office. You will please publish this and by so doing you will greatly oblige,

Yours, M. H. BARNES.

• • •

Editor BANNER: The hour is approaching when the candidates for our county offices will again have to be selected. And we suppose this will be done by holding primary elections in the various beats in the county. This we think a good and safe plan to arrive at the wishes of the people, and one to which none can reasonably object. As yet we learn of but few who have submitted their names to the public. But here and there they are beginning to pop up

Who shall we have for Tax collector? Beat four has the man if he will consent to make the run. But above all things let us have peace and harmony in our ranks. Let no aspirant be guilty of trife or wire-pulling while seeking an office.

ELI.

• • •

O. W. O. Hardman, Sheriff or Tyler county, W. Va., appreciate a good thing and does not hesitate to say so. He was almost prostrated with a cold when he procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says: "It gave me prompt relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for coughs and colds." For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Isabella on 21st day of February.

FRIDAY.

9 a.m. Opening exercises.

9:30 a.m. The best way of impressing upon the minds of the pupils the importance of an education, A. B. Harwood, Miss Cora Smith.

10 a.m. Teachers duties, W. S. Garner, W. C. Robinson.

11:30 a.m. Home and parental duties, B. D. Wilson, J. M. Massey.

2 p.m. Should country schools be graded, G. L. Speer. General discussion Question box.

SATURDAY.

8:30 a.m. History, H. L. Hicks, W. R. Headley.

10 a.m. Can Reading be successfully taught in the school-room simply by hearing reading lessons? F. M. Foshee, Miss Jennie Wilson.

11 a.m. How should the art of writing be taught? Miss M. P. McGee.

2 p.m. Orthography, Miss Kate Garner. General discussion.

J. Alex Moore } Committee.
R. E. R. Hicks }

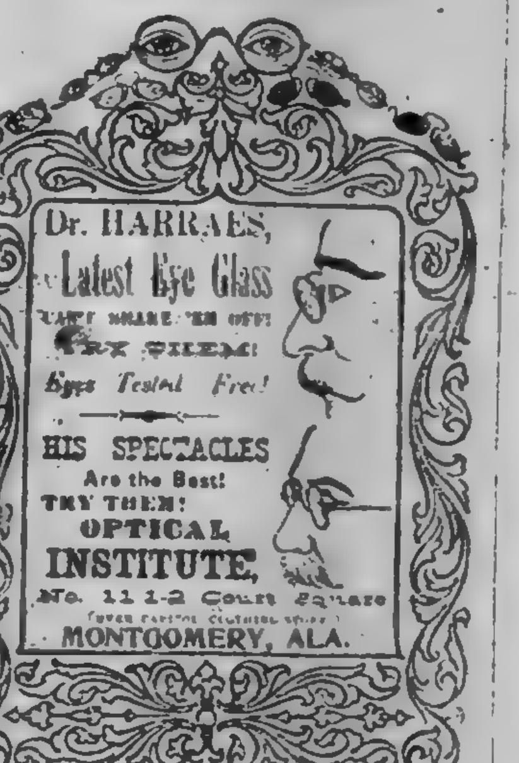
Isabella is located about 12 miles west of Clanton. Any teachers wishing conveyance from this point to the Institute, will please write Prof. B. D. Wilson at Lily, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

A Great Chance to Make Money.

I want to tell you of my wonderful success. Being a poor girl and needing money badly, I tried the Dish Washer business and have cleared $200 every month. It is more money than I ever had before, and can't help telling about it, for I believe any person can do as well as I have if they only try. I sell from 5 to 15 machines a day. My business is increasing and am going to keep right on until I make $10,000. There is no excuse to be poor when so much money can be made selling dishwashers. The Washers sell on side; every lady wants one. The Mound City Dish Washer does splendid work; you can wash and dry the dishes in two or three minutes without putting your hands in the water at all. Try this business and let us know how you succeed. The Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo., will give you all necessary instructions so you can begin work at once.

ELIZABETH C.



ROBERT H. KNOX,

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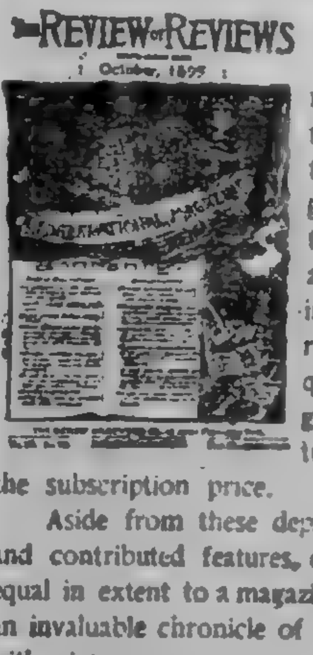
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

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CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS.

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

A full line of Fertilizers on hand
W L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala

FOR SALE 160 acres of land six miles north-west of Clanton, (Estate of J. P. Littleton) Apply to ISAAC LITTLETON, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. W. J. Poole, of Mulberry, gave us a call on Saturday and told us a recipe to prevent bud worms. Take polk top, roots and all, and elder and soak ten or twelve days then put the corn in the liquid and soak all night then plant it.

Mr. Claude Branche is visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. Eugene Barrett removed his family back to Montgomery last week.

Mr. Will Callen spent Sunday with his father at Montgomery.

Mr and Mrs. Stanfield were called to Montgomery last week on account of the serious illness of their daughter Mrs. Gillespie.

The revival meeting at the court house came to an end Sunday night.

Mr. Sid Blasingame was in town several days this week.

Electric Bitters

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $100 per bottle at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

On February 7 Deputy Marshall J. A. Dudley and Collector C. S. Tutwiler and Deputy G. L. Bender captured a still on W. G. Hayes' place, near Macedonia church, five miles southeast of Randolph. The still was a 50 or 60 gallon copper still. There was 250 gallons of corn beer on hand. A run had been made the night before and about 20 gallons of whisky was taken from a wagon on its way to Randolph. The horse and wagon was seized by the collector and will be sold, the proceeds going to the U. S. government. The following persons were arrested: W. G. Hayes, Charles Presley, Monro Atchison, James Smitherman and Jase Hayes, but Jase managed to escape. The other four were carried to Montgomery and placed under bond to await the action of the grand jury.

Last Tuesday Deputy Marshal Dudley arrested John Rutland (colored) at Jemison for retailing whiskey without license. He was taken to Montgomery and placed under bond.

Mr. N. W. Wilson visited Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. W. H. Taylor attended Mardi Gras in Birmingham Tuesday.

Mrs. Debardelaben, mother of Mrs. E. M. Pinckarnd, of this place, returned to her home at Tuskegee, Ala., this morning.

Mrs. Bishop, of Birmingham, visited her parents, Mr and Mrs, Tol Mullins, here this week.

Mr. Logan Dunkin is in town this week.

Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Washington, says she has never been able to procure any medicine for rheumatism that relief the pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm and that she has also used it for lame back with great success For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Colored: James Wilson and Louisiana Smith; Isaac Abercromby and Tiny Peoples; Joseph Shelton and Ellen Collins.

Yesterday about noon an alarm of fire was raised. A very high wind was blowing at the time which caused everyone in town to feel more than usually anxious. The fire was at the residence of Mr. Joe Gore and had originated from a spark from the kitchen stove. Fortunately it was discovered in good time and immediately extinguished without doing any damage but it was a narrow escape.

The experience of Geo. A. Apgar, of German Valley, N. J., is well worth remembering. He was troubled with chronic diarrhœa and doctored five months and was treated by four different doctors without benefit. He then began using Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, of which one small bottle effected a complete cure. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW for a reasonable price We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for both eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

Mrs. J. P. Bell, Osawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes "*I was troubled with heart disease* for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. *They said there was no help for me,* that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,* which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and *it completely cured me. I sleep* well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

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Thirty-five years' experience. Examinations and reports free. Prompt attention Send drawing and description to
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Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Probate
Chilton County. } Court,

To J. W. Davenport, Annie Bell Birtee Emmit, Catherine and Pearl Shoutz:

Whereas Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport deceased, has filed her application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of division upon the grounds that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 21st day of April, 1896, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. You are therefore hereby notified to appear before said court on said 21st day of April, 1896, to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this 28th day of January 1896
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
1-30-3t Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, state of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Chilton County Alliance out of the goods, chattels lands and tenements of the said Chilton county Alliance I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One store house situated in the town of Stanton in said State and County known as the Chilton County Alliance Store and n ½ of ne ¼ sec 16 tp 20 north range 11 east.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Chilton County Alliance in and to the above described property, on Monday the 2nd day of March 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 21st day of January, 1896. P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton county, Alabama.

Notice to Non-resident

The State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

No, 1235. Circuit Court. Spring Term 1896.

Fox Bros. & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. Otto Stoelker, Defendant. Attachment.

Whereas Fox Bros. & Co., as Plaintiffs in said cause, have obtained an Attachment out of this Court, issued the [illegible] day of January, 1896, against the estate of the said Defendant, situate in said County and State, which Attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit:

N ½ of ne ¼ sec 5 tp 20 r 16; Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 4 tp 20 r 16; W ½ of sw ¼ and sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 2 tp 20 r 16; Se 1-4 an 1 se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; Se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 7 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of ne 1-4 sec 10 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of se 1-4 and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; N ½ of sw 1-4 and sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 33 tp 21 r 16; Nw 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 16; W ½ of ne 1-4 sec 8 tp 20 r 16;

And whereas it appears that the said Otto Stoelker, Defendant as aforesaid is a non-resident of the State of Alabama now, therefore, the said Otto Stoelker as such Defendant, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said Attachment.

Witness my hand this 4th day of February, 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk

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For the Announcements of

Dr. A. . MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

The Cotton Crop.

The crop of the coming season should not exceed that of last year a bale. If the acreage be limited, then there will be a sufficient demand to keep the price from 7 to 9 per pound. The farmers made it profitable to themselves last year by reducing the cotton yield, in two ways. First, they received 3 to 4 cents more per pound for their cotton than the year previous; and, secondly, they grew more corn, potatoes, hay, beeves, sheep and hogs all of which yielded fair profit to the growers, or prevented them from buying these necessities. By this change they did not have to contract debts for supplies, and all of these diversified crops and stock decreased the expenses of the farm and at the same time produced larger supplies of home fertilizers for keeping up the fertility of the lands.—Hector D. Lane.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at J. S. Johnson, Jr Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

The Silver Question.

No great revolution in prices therefore follows the restitution of silver to its old role. That is the second specter with which men seek to horrify public opinion. However, suppose it should come, and the value of gold should sink by half, exactly as the Selesian Times maintains. It does not follow that the farmer is no better off, because all prices, including those of his produce, rise. Every farmer will gladly pay for wages and for everything he buys twice as much as he now pays, provided all the forms of his income double. He would gladly see the change if only his fixed expenses, like mortgage interest, quittances, taxes and burdens, were not doubled. Besides, in farming, what a man produces for his own use counts for much more than in other callings. This may be remarked in a purely theoretical way. In practice no such wide-reaching effect of bimetalism could be considered. It would not alter the value of money to any such extent as that. It would, mainly by doing away with the different ranges of value in different parts of the world, introduce an upward tendency in prices, as the sole gold standard brought a downward tendency. Instead of the slow increase in the value of money now going on there would be either complete steadfastness or a slow lessening in the value of money. Differences in ranges of prices would disappear, as also monetary crises Commerce and business would be quickened and in a short time nothing would seem so incomprehensible as that the world allowed itself for a quarter of a century to be halted in its economic development by a sorry experiment with the sole gold standard.—From "Leading Errors of the Gold Standard Party," by Dr. Otto Arendt (translated by President E. B. Andrews), in the February Review of Reviews.

• • •

Notice of Application for Pardon.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor for the pardon of Isaiah Patrick convicted at the Fall Term 1895 of Circuit Court of Chilton County of the offense of burglary.

B. T. PATRICK.

• • •

Card from Doc Rogers.

I wish respectfully to say to my friends that my name having been mentioned in connection with the office of Sheriff in the coming election that I am not a candidate and have no intention to enter the race

Respectfully, H B ROGERS.

A Des Moines woman who has been troubled with frequent colds, concluded to try an old remedy in a new way, and accordingly took a tablespoonful (four times the usual dose) of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy just before going to bed. The next morning she found that her cold had almost entirely disappeared. During the day she took a few doses of the remedy (one teaspoonful at a time) and at night again took a tablespoonful before going to bed, and on the following morning awoke free from all symptoms of the cold. Since then she has, on several occasions, used this remedy in like manner, with the same good results, and is much elated over her discovery of so quick a way of curing a cold. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

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$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

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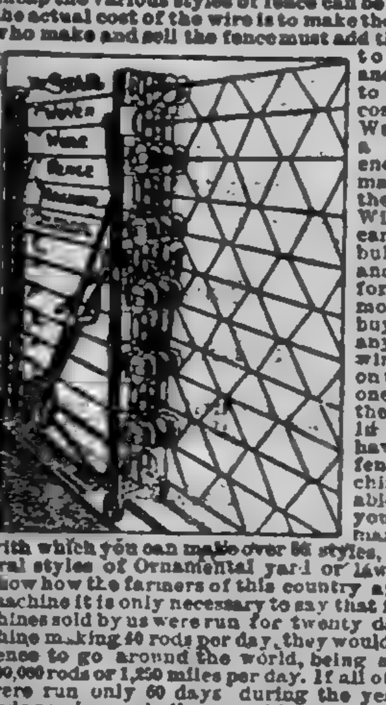

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In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below, we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer and with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 400,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 76,800 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One cent isn't much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our Large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 1092, Ridgeville, Indiana.

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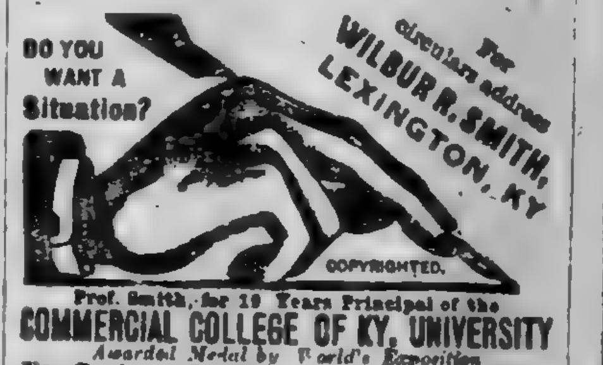

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We want an experienced agent in every county. Good opening for a good man. Write for terms and mention this medium.

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Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists

Dr. J. S. Johnson, jr. Clanton, Ala.

BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians; treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by E. W. FEAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me,"
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY— TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
&OLD SORES
BLOOD— POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A WONDERFUL REMEDY.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK-SAVANNAH, GA.

Freight by Trolley Cars.

A move has been made in Newark, N. J., which is significant in view of the present changing condition of general freight service. A bread bakery which runs out fifty delivery wagons daily to points within fourteen miles of the city finds that it can do much of its freight delivery in a simpler and better and cheaper way. Eighteen of its wagons are sent to Jersey City in the morning, loaded with hot bread, which is delivered to the locked boxes in front of the grocery stores before the stores are open. To save a drive of from fourteen to twenty miles a day for each of these wagons, the firm has made a contract with the local electric car company to run trolley freight cars from the bakery to a new delivery depot in Jersey City. The cars will be run at an hour of the night when they will not interfere in any way with passenger traffic. If the venture is successful the firm proposes to run cars to more distant cities. On the other hand, the traction company is now seeking to make similar contracts with the brewers of the city, who now deliver large quantities of beer in Hudson County and New York by wagons. It is but natural that the strongest pressure should be brought against this innovation, but under its franchise the company has the right to run freight cars. Should the night trolley freight service become general it will readily be seen what an important modification of city and suburban delivery traffic will follow.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Company.

William J. Murray, aged 60, determined to give up eating. His fast continued forty-seven days and then he died.

High Price for Potatoes.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., pay high prices for new things. They recently paid $300 for a yellow rind watermelon, $1000 for 30 bu. new oats; $300 for 100 lbs. of potatoes, etc., etc.! Well, prices for potatoes will be high next fall. Plant a plenty, Mr. Wideawake! You'll make money. Salzer's Earliest are fit to eat in 28 days after planting. His Champion of the World is the greatest yielder on earth and we challenge you to produce its equal (A. C.)

If you will send us 10c. in stamps to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get, free, ten packages grains and grasses, including Teosinte, Spurry, Giant Incarnate Clover, etc., and our mammoth catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. for mailing.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and [illegible] surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

☞ Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

Are You Troubled? And do You Want Your Troubles to Fly Away?

You have suffered worlds of trouble, anxiety and pain, and you hardly know what ails you. Sometime your business goes wrong, and for a long time you have been feeling physically very badly. Don't know what is the matter? Of course you don't, else you would get some medicine. The trouble is with your stomach and liver. Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy will do a vast amount of good in helping this trouble if you will use it. Price 50 cents per bottle or sale by all druggists.

The little goat from which the cashmere wool comes is found in the Himalaya mountains.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is 100 per cent. pure. Made of Borax. It floats. Costs you same as poorer floating soap. Worth more. If all this is true you need it. Order one cake of your grocer, you'll want a box next.

The total of a Japanese bill is put at the top, and the items below.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are unequaled for clearing the voice. Public speakers and singers the world over use them.

The only dumb animal is the giraffe. It is unable to express itself by any sound.

Mothers Appreciate the Good Work
of Parker's Ginger Tonic, with its reviving qualities—a boon to the pain-stricken and nervous.

We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ills., Oct. 1, 1894.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

When You Come to Realize
that your corns are gone, and no pain, how grateful you feel. The work of Hindercorns. 15c.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Merit

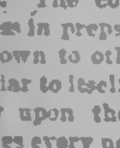
Is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity, increasing sales and wonderful cures. The combination, proportion and process in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make it peculiar to itself. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and as the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system, all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficent influence of

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 8, 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR [illegible] CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

ALABAMA IN BRIEF.

County Presidents of Cotton Growers' Association Appointed.

A COAL MINE BOSS MURDERED.

Regimental Encampments—Appointments by the Governor—An Important Prisoner Captured—Large Deal in Land—Other Interesting Matters Briefly Chronicled.

The Seventh district republican convention will meet in Gadsden April 7.

Disturbing Graves.

Three suits for $10,000 each have been filed in Lamar county against the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad for disturbing graves near Sulligent.

The Cotton Acreage.

The Eufaula Times has been interviewing farmers from both sides of the river on the cotton acreage, and they all say there will be no increase this year.

Stevenson's Election.

The town election of Stevenson resulted in the selection of the following ticket: Mayor—W. J. Jackson; aldermen—A. H. Moody, Guf Arn, W. A. Gould and W. B. Hunt.

Large Tract of Land Sold.

At Cullman City last week a sale of a 150,000-acre tract of land, including part of the city, was made under a decree by the chancellor, Mr. S. Roman, of the firm of Lehman, Durr & Co., becoming the purchaser at a sum in the neighborhood of $200,000.

The State Bar Association.

The executive committee of the Alabama State Bar association have accepted the invitation of the Birmingham bar to hold the next annual meeting of the association in Birmingham. The meeting has been fixed for August 5th and 6th, and will no doubt be the most generally attended of any meeting yet held by the members of the bar throughout the state.

A Mine Boss Murdered.

I. I. Cook, an assistant mine boss at Pratt mines, was murdered by a convict last Friday. Two negroes were engaged in a quarrel and Cook was endeavoring to separate them, when one of them turned upon him like a maniac, knocked him down and drove his pick into poor Cook's back, inflicting a death blow. He died immediately.

Telephone Rate War.

A lively telephone rate war is on in Florence. The Southern Bell company, which has had a monopoly of the business here for five years, now has an energetic competitor in the Citizens' Telephone company, a local concern that has recently commenced operations. The new company has rates a little under the Bell company. The situation promises to become very interesting.

New Appointments.

The governor has made the following appointments: T. S. White, justice of the peace, beat 13, Perry county; W. B. Thomas, justice of the peace, beat 20, Coffee county; T. J. Stephens, beat 26, Jefferson county; W. J. Nelson, beat 8, Lauderdale county; W. H. Knight, notary public and justice of the peace, beat 15, Hale county; James E. Chambers, beat 14, Jefferson county; John Harrison, constable, beat 26, Coffee county.

Briefly Mentioned.

[illegible] is to be erected at Calera.

J. A. Owen is building a handsome brick store at Greenville.

It is said that Lee county farmers are hustling for next year's crop and are discussing politics very little.

Four fruit steamers unloaded 50,000 bunches of bananas at the Mobile wharf one day last week.

Ozark Methodists will build a new church.

Preparations are being made to erect a new Baptist church at Coats' Bend.

Seeks an Appropriation.

J. A. Van Hoose, mayor of Birmingham, is in Washington to ask of the river and harbor committee an appropriation for the long-talked-of canal uniting the Tennessee, Coosa and Warrior rivers, which will give Birmingham an outlet to deep water and the markets of the world, and will be of incalculable benefit to the people of Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee. Mr. Van Hoose will have the cordial cooperation of the Alabama delegation in Congress, and as he only asks for enough money to make the initial survey, he has strong hopes of success.

A Father Sues His Sons.

A remarkable suit was filed in the United States court at Birmingham last Thursday by John Klein against Henry Klein, Charles W. Klein and William L. Klein, his sons, for $50,000 damages for alleged trespass committed by defendants against the personal property of plaintiff, causing his arrest and imprisonment unlawfully, as he alleges. The suit grows out of an old family quarrel over possession of half a block of valuable property in Birmingham, occupied by Klein's sons, who are prosperous merchants. Klein is a very old man. The arrest of Klein occurred three years ago, and was for an alleged interference with them.

Regimental Encampments.

The Alabama State troops will go into camp in regiments this year, instead of battalions, as during the past two or three years. The troops are divided into three regiments and the colonel commanding each will probably be accorded the privilege of selecting the place at which the encampment of his forces will be held. Mobile will certainly entertain one regiment, Montgomery or Birmingham another and Anniston appears to have a good chance at the third. It is intended that the encampments this year shall be administered in as economical a way as possible, in order that the troops shall be enabled to save out of their appropriation sufficient to purchase arms and equipments for 100 additional men, three new five-mile rifles for the artillery battery and a Hotchkiss mounted, rapid-firing rifle, with a range of three and a half miles. All of these proposed purchases are intended to be kept at the capital.

An Important Prisoner.

Robert Charlson, ex-United States commissioner at Attalla, and a fugitive from justice, was captured last week at Paso del Norte, Mexico, just across the Rio Grande from El Paso, Tex., where he was engaged in the cattle business. Charlson is now under arrest, and in the course of time will be taken to Birmingham and surrendered to the local United States authorities by his bondsmen. Robert Charlson is about 40 years of age. His early manhood was spent in the northwest, where he acted as an Indian scout. He also visited Mexico, where he picked up the Spanish language. He could converse readily in that tongue, as well as German, Swedish and several other languages. About the year 1892 he was appointed commissioner by Judge Bruce, and established his office at Attalla. In 1893 the federal court grand jury here sent a memorial to the government complaining of vast frauds committed in North Alabama by commissioners and deputy marshals. As the result the government sent a special examiner, Lee Chalmers, to the scene, and Chalmers got the government to appoint Lee Cowart as his aid. The two made a thorough investigation, the upshot of which was the indictment of Charlson and several other commissioners and about ten to twelve deputy marshals on the charge of extorting from the government by presenting false accounts. The investigation disclosed that the government had been robbed of about $100,000 in the space of two or three years. Charlson and others were removed from office and Charlson was tried and convicted of presenting fictitious pay rolls to the government and getting pay for alleged trials that never took place. He received a sentence of a year and a day in the government penitentiary. Pending an appeal he fled the country. Ten other cases against him had not been tried.

Cotton Growers' Association.

H. C. Reynolds, president of the Alabama Cotton Growers' Association, has issued the following from Montevallo

The following named gentlemen are appointed county presidents of the Cotton Growers' Association. From advices received from various portions of the state, I believe by prompt and energetic action we can yet avert the calamity that a ten-million-bale crop will bring. I earnestly request the county presidents to organize their respective counties and insist on a reduction in the acreage of cotton.

Autauga, Morgan M. Smith, Autaugaville.
Baldwin, J. D. Trammell, Bay Minette.
Barbour, Hiram Hawkins, Hawkinsville.
Bibb, Nelson Fuller, Centreville.
Blount, A. E. Fields, Blountsville.
Bullock, S. T. Pruitt, Midway.
Butler, F. E. Day, Greenville.
Calhoun, J. W. Harris, Piedmont.
Cherokee, John S. Watts, Cedar Bluff.
Chilton, Lewis H. Reynolds, Jemison.
Chambers, George A. Shealy, Cusseta.
Choctaw, W. E. Lenoir, Womack.
Clarke, George Poe, Jackson
Clay, George W. Mackay, Ashland.
Cleburne, B. M. Edmondson, Heflin.
Coffee, H. E. Brock, Clintonville.
Conecuh, H. Stallworth, Evergreen.
Colbert, G. W. McWhorter, Riverton.
Coosa, W. W. Walden, Kelleyton.
Covington, W. G. Williams, Urbanity.
Crenshaw, J. F. Bryan, Salsoda.
Cullman, M. A. Johnson, Cullman.
Dale, L. Wilkerson, Ozark.
Dallas, Dr. McKinnon, Pleasant Hill.
DeKalb, Reuben Davis, Lathamville.
Elmore, Albert Elmore, Elmore.
Escambia, E. P. Lovelace, Brewton.
Etowah, W. H. Lovejoy, Gadsden.
Fayette, George Hassell, Fayette.
Franklin, W. M. Smith, Newburg.
Greene, [illegible] Horton, Pleasant Ridge.
Geneva, J. [illegible] Johns [illegible]
Hale, Alex Sledge, Whitsey.
Henry, R. T. Reynolds, Abbeville.
Jackson, R. A. Coffee, Scottsboro.
Jefferson, W. J. Prowell, East Lake.
Lamar, J. P. Young, Vernon.
Lawrence, M. B. Hampton, Leighton.
Lee, B. H. McCullough, Beulah.
Lauderdale, M. B. Shelton, Florence.
Limestone, R. B. Mason, Athens.
Lowndes, A. D. Lawhorn, Benton.
Macon, C. J. Bryan, Tuskegee.
Madison, G. P. Turner, Huntsville.
Marengo, Locke McCorkle, Dayton.
Marion, A. J. Hamilton, Hamilton.
Marshall, Sam Henry, Guntersville.
Mobile, Daniel Smith, Mobile.
Monroe, W. B. Kemp, Kempville.
Montgomery, James D. Dickson, Pine Level.
Morgan, W. V. Nevill, Trinity.
Perry, D. W. Pitts, Uniontown.
Pickens, S. W. Hood, Gordo.
Pike, W. H. Barrett, Ansley.
Randolph, J. W. Radney, Roanoke.
Russell, J. M. Brown, Seale.
Shelby, J. W. Pitts, Columbiana.
St. Clair, W. S. Forman, Springville.
Sumpter, J. M. Winston, Ramsey.
Talladega, S. W. Welch, Alpine.
Tallapoosa, Charles B. Verner.
Washington, W. A. Moseley, St. Stephens.
Walker, James Watts, Oakman.
Wilcox, John Standiford, Pineapple.
Winston, W. S. McCullow, Motes.

Respectfully yours,
H. C. Reynolds,
President Cotton Growers' Association for Alabama.

Singular Catastrophe.

At 3:15 Wednesday morning a water main on Franklin Avenue Hill, Cleveland, O., burst and with the volume of water that poured out several hundred feet of the hill was washed into the river. A small one-story frame house, occupied by Mrs. Mary Ravey, 60 years of age, was inundated, and with its contents was hurled into the river. Mrs. Ravey was drowned. A New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio freight train was passing at the foot of the hill, and the force of the water carried four cars into the river. On the cars were three of the train crew, and the men were carried with the cars. Two of the men jumped before the river was reached and escaped, but the third was dumped into the river, and but for the tenders of Columbus Street bridge would have been drowned. An alarm of fire was turned in and a message sent to the waterworks pumping station and the main was cut off.

Benjamin R. Tillman, United States senator from South Carolina, addressed the Commercial club at Providence, R. I., last week, on the liquor laws South Carolina.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

REVOLT IN THE COREAN CAPITAL.

Whitecaps at Work—Deaths at Sea. Prominent Cubans Joining the Insurgents—Union Men Refuse to Work With Non-Union Men. Other News in Condensed Form.

Eugene V. Debs spoke in Atlanta last week.

The new 4 per cent government bonds are listed at 116 to 116¼.

President Cleveland has been chosen arbitrator to settle the dispute between Italy and Brazil.

Captain Cradmore and wife, of the American bark Fred. P. Litchfield, from Hong Kong, both died at sea.

John R. Gentry, the great pacing stallion, was sold at New York last Friday to William Simpson for $7,600.

Seymour Kecner was hanged at Clayton, Rayburn county, Ga., last week, for the murder of his two girl cousins last summer.

The English blue book says Russia refused to co-operate in securing reforms in Armenia.

It is reported that President Kruger, of Transvaal, wants to visit England to discuss political conditions.

The Progressive Farmer, a newspaper published at Raleigh, N. C., will become the organ of the National Farmers' Alliance.

Judge Hugh L. Whiteside died in Chattanooga last Friday from blood poisoning, which attacked the system through an amputated leg.

Debs has challenged any conductor or engineer to meet him in open debate on the relative merit of the organizations they represent.

A dispatch from Havana states that the mayor of Managua, Cuba, and other residents of that place, have joined the insurgents.

There is trouble in the French government over the Southern railway scandals in that country, and a parliamentary revolution is feared.

Judge Richard H. Clark died at Atlanta Friday last. Judge Clark was one of the framers of Georgia's Code, and about the oldest lawyer in the state.

Will and Jesse Stewart, brothers, got into a dispute near Winston, N. C., the other day over a game of cards. The latter stabbed the former to death with a knife.

The citizens of Nashville contemplate presenting the United States gunboat "Nashville" with a silver service. One thousand dollars will be subscribed for the purpose.

The London Observer is authority for the statement that there has not been such a spirit of unrest in France for years, caused by the Southern railway scandals.

Dr. L. W. Perkins, of Beaufort, S. C., has been arrested on a charge of perjury in connection with the recent graveyard insurance cases.

At Augusta, Ky., Robert Henry Laughlin has confessed that he brutally and in cold blood murdered his wife and niece, Mary Jones, Saturday morning.

A dispatch from Cedar Keys, Fla., says a capsized schooner off Anclote Island, is bottom side up in 18 feet of water. There is no trace of her crew, and many fear they were drowned.

Lucket & Co.'s tobacco factory and stemery in Clarksville, Tenn., was destroyed by fire, consuming 1,500,000 pounds of tobacco and causing a loss of $75,000, fully covered by insurance.

Advices received at the German foreign office from Africa are of a character that tend to increase the strain upon the relations between that country and England.

Preliminary work on a new joint [illegible] depot for the Seaboard Air Line and the [illegible] and Atlantic railroads at Atlanta, Ga., [illegible] begun in a few days. The contract [illegible] let for structure, which will cover a [illegible] 000 by 300 feet, and it is expected to cost $1,000,000.

Mr. Pioda, the Swiss minister to the United States, writes that he will visit Newberne, N. C., the last of this month to present a flag, which is the gift of the city of Berne, Switzerland, after which Newberne is named.

Whitecaps visited the home of Rufus Woodruff, in Wilkes county, N. C., and after breaking the door down they fired their pistols in the house, carried Woodruff out, beat him unmercifully with switches, and then made him run, firing at him as he went.

When Judge W. T. Morrow arrived at Shepherdsville, Ky., from Frankfort he found that thieves had entered his house in his absence and stolen a tin box containing notes, bonds and other valuable papers to the value of between $20,000 and $30,000.

A receiver has been appointed for the Baltimore Condensed Milk Company, at York, Pa. Liabilities, $102,000; assets, $20,000. Cashier Barnard, of the Fort Stanwix bank, who defaulted for $102,000 and committed suicide, held $102,000 worth of the stock.

The Gulf Coast Lumber company, a union of expert lumber manufacturers of Alabama, Mississippi and Florida, in meeting in Mobile recently, increased prices of all grades from 50 cents to $3 per thousand. Cuban schedules were slightly advanced, according to lengths.

Detachments of American, British and French marines have been sent to Seoul, the Capital of Corea, to guard the interests of their respective countries. News has been received that the new cabinet which has been formed in Seoul has decreed the execution of a number of former ministers.

In Behalf of Mrs. Maybrick.

A telegram from London says: The committee working in behalf of the pardon of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, confined in prison on conviction of poisoning her husband, has submitted an exhaustive presentation of its case to the home secretary, presenting new and important evidence for his consideration.

By a New Jersey decision a silver coin is legal money so long as it is unmutilated. That it is worn thin makes no difference, so long as it is recognizable.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

FIFTY-THIRD DAY.

In the senate the day was spent chiefly in speeches on the Monroe doctrine and the seed bill. The usual resolutions were adopted on the announcement of the death of Representative Cain, of Texas.... The house resumed debate on the bond bill and continued it until noon. A committee consisting of Messrs. Pendleton, of Texas; Crowley, of Texas; Kyle, of Mississippi; McDearmond, of Tennessee; Miles, of Maryland; Milner, of Michigan; Leonard, of Pennsylvania; McCleary, of Minnesota; and Murphy, of Illinois, was appointed by the speaker to accompany the body of Representative Crain to Texas, after which, at 12:40, the house as a further mark of respect adjourned.

FIFTY-FOURTH DAY.

A bill granting to the city of Charleston, S. C., the old postoffice building there, to be used by the commercial bodies of that city, was reported to the senate and passed. On motion of Mr. Hoar, republican, of Massachusetts, it was ordered that on the 22d day of February, Washington's birthday, immediately after the reading of the journal, Washington's farewell address be read to the senate.... The bill for the purchase and distribution of seeds was passed. A message from the president was received transmitting the correspondence relating to Ex-Consul Waller's case and a report of the secretary of state thereon. The message expresses the expectation of Waller's immediate release.... The time of the house until 3:30 p. m. was given to District of Columbia business, after which the debate on the bond bill was resumed in committee of the whole.

FIFTY-FIFTH DAY.

In the senate Mr. Peffer, populist, of Kansas, introduced a resolution which calls for an investigation of recent bond sales, all dealings with syndicates and individuals. The resolution is so comprehensive as to cover every possible phase of the negotiations in the bond issues of the last three years. Progress was made on the deficiency appropriation bill, and the item of federal court expenses brought out strong criticisms from Messrs. Chandler, Tillman and Vest against the free system. Among the favorable reports presented was one on Mr. Hale's bill, making February 12 Lincoln's birthday a national holiday. Mr. Hale called up the bill making February 12 Lincoln's birthday a national holiday. Mr. Hill, democrat, of New York, said he had intended to offer an amendment making the birthday of Andrew Jackson a legal holiday, but in order not to interfere with this measure, he would submit his bill separately. Mr. Hawley objected to the immediate consideration of the bill, and this prevented action.... The house spent another day in the discussion of the silver bond bill. The feature of the day was the speech of Mr. McCleary, republican, of Minnesota, who used to illustrate his remarks the charts previously employed by Mr. Towne, from his own state, and by them sought to refute the arguments in favor of free silver made by Mr. Towne. Messrs. Dolliver, republican, of Iowa, Brosius, republican, of Pennsylvania, and Brunn, republican, of Pennsylvania, also opposed the bill. Messrs. McMillan, democrat, of Tennessee, Bailey, democrat, of Texas, Underwood, democrat, of Alabama, and Cox, democrat, of Tennessee, spoke in favor of free coinage.

FIFTY-SIXTH DAY.

The senate defeated the motion of Mr. Morrill, chairman of the finance committee, to take up the tariff bill, by a vote of 21 yeas to 29 nays. The negative vote which defeated the motion was given by democrats, populists and four republican senators, viz.: Messrs. Teller, Mantle, Dubois and Carter. The affirmative vote was entirely republican, but its total of twenty-one is less than half of the aggregate republican strength.... The urgent deficiency bill was passed. It carries about $6,000,000, a considerable increase over the bill passed in the house. A resolution was adopted directing the Pacific railroad committee to make full inquiry into the status of the Pacific railroads.... The house, after a ten days' debate, by a vote of 80 to 190 in committee of the whole, rejected the senate free coinage amendment to the bond bill and reported the bill to the house with a recommendation to non-concur and insist on the house bill.... Propositions were offered during the day to concur with the amendments as follows: To coin the American silver product, for the retention of the seigniorage by the government and to open the mints to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 15½ to 1, when Germany and France should have agreed upon similar action. All were defeated by large majorities.

FIFTY-SEVENTH DAY.

By a vote of 215 to 90 the house after debating the matter for almost two weeks decided not to concur in the senate's free silver coinage substitute for the bill of the house authorizing bond sales to maintain the gold reserve, sales of treasury certificates to meet temporary deficiencies in revenue and providing additional revenue for the treasury. Nothing else was presented in the course of the five hours' session. The closing debate was notable principally because of the fact that the principal speeches for and against free coinage of silver were made by two democrats, both members of the committee on ways and means and both from Georgia—Crisp and Turner. The attendance upon the evening session was unusually large, 116 members being present. The committee acted favorably upon ten bills, which at 10:15 were reported to the house by Chairman Hepburn, and five bills previously reported were passed, when the bill to pension Hannah Wright was reached. General Curtis, republican, of New York, asked unanimous consent to withdraw it, briefly stating that the morning after favorable action had been taken by the committee of the whole he had received word that the old lady had died.

Corean Uprising.

Advices received from Seoul, capital of Corea, says that an uprising took place there on February 11, during which the premier and several officials were murdered. The dispatches add that the king and crown prince have sought shelter in the Russian legation. A force of 200 Russian sailors and marines are now guarding the legation of that country.

At the Age of 109.

Etienne Chatelaine, a pensioner of the war of 1812, died at Cornwall, Ont., last week at the age of 109 years. His widow is over 95 years of age. He had been married over seventy years, and has 375 living descendants.

Rattlesnakes, Butterflies, and . . . ?

Washington Irving said, he supposed a certain hill was called "Rattlesnake Hill" because it abounded in—*butterflies.* The "rule of contrary" governs other names. Some bottles are, supposedly, labeled "Sarsaparilla" because they are full of . . . well, we don't know what they are full of, but we know it's not sarsaparilla; except, perhaps, enough for a flavor. There's only one make of sarsaparilla that can be relied on to be all it claims. It's Ayer's. It has no secret to keep. Its formula is open to all physicians. This formula was examined by the Medical Committee at the World's Fair with the result that while every other make of sarsaparilla was excluded from the Fair, Ayer's Sarsaparilla was admitted and honored by awards. It was admitted because it was the best sarsaparilla. It received the medal as the best. No other sarsaparilla has been so tested or so honored. Good motto for the family as well as the Fair: Admit the best, exclude the rest.

Any doubt about it? Send for the "Curebook."
It kills doubts and cures doubters.
Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Where Did You Get This Coffee?

Had the Ladies' Aid Society of our Church out for tea, forty of them, and all pronounced the German Coffeeberry equal to Rio! Salzer's catalogue tells you all about it! 35 packages Earliest vegetable seeds $1.00 post paid.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND with 15c. stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free a package of above great coffee seed and our 148 page catalogue! Catalogue alone 5c. (A. C.)

seedtime

The successful farmer has learned by experience that some grains require far different soil than others. He knows that a great deal depends on right planting at the right time. No use complaining in summer that a mistake was made in spring. *Decide before seed-time.* The best time to treat coughs and colds is before the seeds, or germs, of consumption have begun their destructive work.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, promptly cures lung and throat troubles. *Do not neglect your cold.*

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (*Ask your doctor*.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Insist on Scott's Emulsion, with trade-mark of man and fish.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

RIPANS TABULES

Mrs. James Taylor, who resides at No. 82 Bailey avenue, Kingsbridge, New York, on the 14th of December, 1894, said: "My age is 60 years. For the past two years I have had liver trouble and indigestion. I always employed a physician, which I did in this case, but obtained no beneficial results. I never had any faith in patent medicines, but having seen Ripans Tabules recommended very highly in the New York *Herald*, I concluded to give them a trial. After using them for a short time, I found they were just what my case demanded. I have never employed a physician since, which means $2 a call and $1 for medicine. One dollar's worth of Ripans Tabules lasts me a month, and I would not be without them if it were my last dollar. They are the only thing that ever gave me any permanent relief. I take great pleasure in recommending them to any one similarly affected."

(Signed), MRS. J. TAYLOR."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 [illegible]

Manufacturers of
Engines, Boilers, Mining Machinery, Saw Mills, Shafting and Pulleys.
MILL AND MINING SUPPLIES.
OLD MACHINERY REPAIRED.
Write for Prices. Address,
Hardie-Tynes Foundry and Machine Co.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
In writing please mention this paper.

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TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.
Large size, cost $400, in use four months.
WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.
Apply at once to
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and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made **profitably fertile** by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing **high percentages of**

Potash

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

[illegible] pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming [illegible] They are sent free for the asking.

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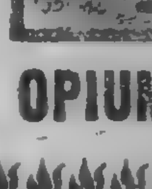
93 Nassau St., New York.

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/6 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel, Galvanized after-completion Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.



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POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC
Gives relief in FIVE minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One [illegible] postpaid on receipt of $1. [illegible] $5.00. Address THOS. [illegible] Pa.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

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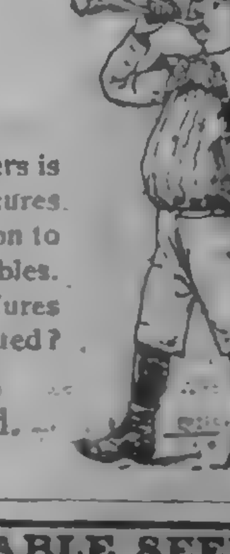
That is what Baron von Liebig said of good chocolate. All of Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocoas and Chocolates are good,—the best, in fact.

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.



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that Brown's Iron Bitters is the symbol for health, strength and happiness. It cures all diseases arising from impure blood, and is a boon to poor SUFFERING WOMAN in her daily cares and troubles. It eliminates the impure blood from the system. Cures stomach, kidney and liver complaints. Are you afflicted?

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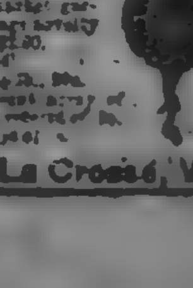

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Are recognized as the best for all soils and climes, whether East or West, North or South, because they
Sprout Quickly, Grow Vigorously, Produce Enormously!
That is their record the world over. Being Northern-grown, they are bred to earliness. There is lots of money made in early vegetables, and we are going to make a bold statement: here that the earliest, choicest vegetables in the world are produced from Salzer's Seeds. Our Catalogue tells you why so if you wish to make money—that is have vegetables in the market [illegible] days ahead of your neighbors—plant Salzer's Seeds. [illegible] for market gardeners' wholesale list. ☞ Lightning Cabbage is the earliest Cabbage novelty of the world, fit for market in [illegible] days! [illegible]
We make a specialty of choice pedigree Onion Seed [illegible]
Salzer's Earliest Cucumber cannot be beat. [illegible]
Our mammoth Plant and Seed Catalogue, [illegible] of the choicest vegetables, with prices dirt cheap, is [illegible] postage, or Catalogue and Package of Early Bird Radish upon receipt of [illegible]
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBURARY 27, 1896. NO. 18.

THE TARIFF FRAUD.

Revenue Last Year of McKinley Law, - -	$199,784,991
Revenue First Year of Gorman-Wilson Law, -	179,350,000
The Difference Between the Two Systems, -	20,434,991
Per Capita Difference Between Them, - -	30½ cents

And Still Our Republican and Democratic Friends Insist that a Paltry Difference of 30 Cents to Each Person in this Republic is Great Enough to Make an Issue in this Campaign.

A Pointer—Don't be Humbugged by the Tariff Fraud. More Money is the Issue, and Neither of the Old Parties Are in Favor of it. Get into Line for the Populist Ticket.

DEAD STATESMAN.

COME HIGH AND CONGRESS REFUSES TO CHEAPEN.

Funerals and Obituaries—Senate and House Decline to Omit Them—Growth of the Scandal—Commissary Supplies—Some Recent Extravagances.

[illegible]

[illegible] Senator [illegible] Kenna and Senator [illegible] have in turn found [illegible] objections which have [illegible] bill. Doubtless [illegible] senators will be [illegible] bill comes [illegible] to shant [illegible] the bill was [illegible] o'clock. Then [illegible] the senate adjourned [illegible]

Where Senator Peffer finds an unanswerable argument is in the growing extravagance in attending [illegible]. Up to 1847 there had been [illegible] deaths of senators and in only [illegible] of these cases was the senate called upon to spend any money. When senators died at their homes or during a recess of the senate, it was not deemed necessary for the government to turn undertaker. Now, however, no senatorial death is allowed to escape the contingent fund. Down to 1847 no senatorial funeral cost as much as $1,000. Since 1877 every senator but one who has died has been buried at government expense. It is perhaps worthy of mention that the last senatorial death before 1877 which did not cost the government anything was that of Lewis V. Bogy of Missouri. Mrs. Leland Stanford did not permit the senate to pay any of the bills of her husband's funeral, but the Hearst obsequies cost the government $21,322.55.

Some of the more recent congressional funerals illustrate the elasticity of the expense accounts. When Representative Houk of Ohio dropped dead during the last congress, he was given a casket that cost $350, to which was added a copper lining at a cost of $100 more. A brick grave and a marble slab were put in by the thrifty cemetery management in Ohio. It cost $937.24 to take the committee from Washington to Dayton and back, and to feed them en route. When these bills were audited it was found necessary to disburse in addition $74.60 for meals en route. Dayton is about fifteen hours from Washington. The committee was evidently composed of good feeders.

Another recent congressional funeral was that of Representative Chipman, whose body was taken to Detroit. Here are a few of the queer items in the Chipman funeral account:

One-half dozen glasses	$18
Six professional bearers	18
Shaving	5
Pall-bearers' invitations	5
Canopy at grave	[illegible]
Soloist and male quartet	85
Four clergymen's fees	40
Choir and organist	40

Mr. Chipman was put into a $550 cas-[illegible]

[illegible] his colleague Senator Plumb. He [illegible] $[illegible]. [illegible] the senate [illegible] more than $1,000 [illegible] than the average of the last ten senatorial funerals [illegible] was equal [illegible] of an average [illegible] Senator Peffer puts [illegible] funeral expenses of Senator [illegible] paid by the senate. It appears [illegible] paying $400 for a casket and [illegible] embalming the body in Washington. The committee employed an undertaker of Kansas to re-embalm [illegible] body [illegible] to attend [illegible] paid. The [illegible] for the [illegible] members [illegible] committee to [illegible] cost $46.18. It appears that after reaching Emporia the members of the committee scattered in various directions to their homes, and then put in individual bills for what they spent in getting back to Washington by various roundabout ways. "Commissary supplies en route" for those twelve gentlemen cost $155.41.

"Commissary supplies" cover a multitude of expense sheets. In the old [illegible] expense accounts of congressional funerals were found wine, brandy, cognac, almonds, raisins, syrup, soda water and so on. These items never appear now. "Commissary supplies" sounds better. When congress footed the bill for the nation's hospitality to Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, one item in the official expense account was:

Champagne, sherry, madeira, postage, cigars, lemonade bar bill, washing, medicine, post office stamps, porterage, and messengers, hack hire paid at different times, telegrams, sugar, brandy and whisky in room, porter and ale, envelopes, barber's bill............$658.82

Brandy and whisky were called "brandy and whisky" in those days, and not "commissary supplies."

One curious discovery, resulting from Senator Peffer's industrious investigation is the fact that distance usually has little to do with the cost of a congressional funeral. Senator Plumb was buried at Emporia, Kan., and Senator Kenna at Charleston, W. Va. Emporia is more than 1,000 miles west of Charleston. Senator Kenna's funeral cost $34.75 more than Senator Plumb's. "Commissary supplies, meals and lunches" for the Kenna funeral cost $432.48—about three times the cost of the same for the trip from Washington to Emporia. Charleston, W. Va., is eleven hours' ride from Washington. Besides this $432.48 for "commissary supplies, meals and lunches" on the Kenna funeral trip, there was a charge of $76.50 for room and board while at Charleston. A Washington undertaker went on the trip and received $45 for his funeral services, while the Charleston undertaker got $56 more for his funeral expenses. The two items already mentioned for "commissary supplies" and for "room and board," aggregating over $500, do not include $29.75 for breakfast at an eating station en route. The car which carried the body of Senator Kenna was draped at a cost of $55.

"Besides, undertakers, florists and hotelkeepers all perform their work and make their charges on the same grand scale." Senator Peffer observes.

[illegible] Senator [illegible] Senator [illegible] Senator [illegible] Washington [illegible]

[illegible]

The funeral of Senator [illegible] [illegible] Senator [illegible] [illegible]

The custom of traveling at the contingent expense of statesmen began, it is believed, with cases where [illegible] in Washington when congress was sitting. It now extends to senators and representatives wherever they die. The last senatorial death was that of Senator Stockbridge of Michigan, which occurred at the senator's home. A committee of senators was appointed and sent to the funeral at a cost of $[illegible]. Representative Myron B. Wright died during recess in the last congress. The sergeant-at-arms made up a party to attend the funeral, and charged the expenses, $[illegible], to the contingent fund. It will be noted that the cost of assembling a committee to witness the burial of a dead senator or representative at his home when congress is not in session is much greater now than the cost of giving a funeral in Washington and sending it all the way home with an escort was a few years ago.

"The average congressional funeral," says Senator Peffer, "is nothing more than a party of goodnatured gentlemen having a good time at the public expense."

In the fifty-second and fifty-third congresses there were twenty-one funerals of representatives; that is twenty-one funerals in four years from 1891 to 1895. The cheapest was that of Representative James Phelan, of Memphis, who died in the Bermudas, and was taken thence to Tennessee at an expense to the government of only $345.80. The most expensive of these twenty-one funerals was that of J. L. Chipman, of Detroit, which cost $2,308.40. The body of the Hon. J. W. Kendall was escorted to the mountain home in Eastern Kentucky at a cost of $2,156.56, and one of the members who went with it wrote for the papers a very humorous description of the expedition on his return to Washington. W. B. S.

SOUND SENSE.

Eternal Vigilance Is the Price of Liberty.

Missouri World: This paper has repeatedly advised the silver men of the old parties who could not see their way clear to join the people's party, to withdraw from the goldbug parties and form a party of their own, and expressed the belief that if they would do so nothing could keep them and the populists from coming to an understanding. We said that when old party ties were severed they would not see so much in the populist platform that was objectionable to them. When the single plank platform was first advocated we asserted that the money question in its broad sense was alone worthy of a dozen campaigns. But we opposed the one-plank move. The party was advancing rapidly on the Omaha platform. The railroad and government loan and postal bank propositions were dear to many of our people. These principles of the party had gathered to us, we had reason to believe, a large per cent of our strength. They were concrete and caught the attention of people whose attention could not be attracted by the abstract money question. They were a great aid to the party instead of a hindrance, as the one plank men thought.

While the question was up for discussion the bimetallic party was formed at Washington City. In its platform there was none of the alleged objectionable planks of the Omaha platform. We hoped this new party would be able to gather round its banner millions of voters. But from all appearances it proved a complete failure. One trip across the continent by Mr. Sibley and little was heard of it afterward.

The silver men—most of them—who had abandoned the old parties found a suitable place in the people's party and this set to work for the bimetallic party.

[illegible]

[illegible] one plank sentiment, [illegible] the two bodies [illegible] together and that with a part of the populist convention and all of the bimetallic, they will be able to dictate platform and candidates.

On the other hand, there may be a bolt from the republican convention and there is pretty sure to be one from the democratic convention, and it may turn out that the bimetallic convention will represent millions of voters. We hope so. But let populists bear in mind that "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

ONE CLEVELAND ENOUGH.

Jefferson City Pastor Would Pray the Lord to Send No More Like Our President.

Jefferson City (Mo.) special: At the First Methodist church in this city last evening prayer services were held for "Our Rulers." There was a large audience. The pastor of the church, in announcing the subject, said: "Let us pray for our rulers. Let us not forget our president, Grover Cleveland. Let us pray that God in His mercy will make him a wise and good man, doing right for the sake of right; shunning the wrong because it is evil. Like the Englishman who prayed for George III, let us ask God to assist him in wisely guiding the affairs of state, bless him, be merciful to him; but in Thy mercy give us no more like him."

The Great Man.

The great man was so great that he held thirty million two-legged animals in his left hand and thirty-five million in his right, in perfect balance. At the same time a great eagle appeared at Washington. When the eagle spread out his wings they touched Boston and San Francisco at the same time. The great man took the great bird on his hands and named the great eagle "Congress." He decided to break the eagle to be a gentle servant for his private service. In his boundless wisdom he decided not to use physical force but to starve nearly to death, and it was a success. The great man then said, "My little country is not fit for a great man; guess I will take a trip to Jupiter and give that little globe an object lesson, and my eagle will fetch me there." He then cut a large piece of meat out of a farmer's heap, put the meat on the point of his sword, seated himself on the eagle's neck, holding the sword in his right hand, with the meat twelve inches ahead of the bird's head, and a black-snake in his left hand, whipping the bird all the time in order to make his meat tender. The eagle, flying for the meat, shot through the air like a cannon ball. As the air was full of road dust from below and meteor dust from above, the great man's eyes became of no account. For the sake of producing light he put a gold piece in his mouth, but still the Egyptian darkness prevailed; he then swore by his greatness that gold was of no account at Jupiter. Presently the eagle collided with a great wall, and the great man touched solid ground, but darkness still prevailed. "Where am I at? Perhaps in hades! I desire a better place. I have changed my friends and my party, and I took my nation by the throat and choked the life out of her; but if I am in hades it is a step in the right direction. I will meet the rich man here." Presently the rich man appeared, plated with gold and powdered with diamonds. Seeing a little animal crawling on the ground with a yellow speck in its mouth, he picked it up with his right hand and put it in the palm of his left, looked at it but could not tell what it was; he put it under a powerful microscope and pronounced it to be a genuine American "gold bug." Well, the rich man charged ten million dollars for entertainment and a return ticket. The farmers paid the bill.—J. Fatland, Newark, Ill.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

CHICAGO & SAVANNAH SHORT LINE.

Russia Toying With Corea—Short Paragraphs of News at Home and Abroad—The German Emperor's Authority—The Venezuelan Boundary—Southern Exposition.

It is rumored that Great Britain will purchase [illegible] Bay.

The Catholic winter school opened at New Orleans last Thursday.

Danville and [illegible], Va., will be one town, under one government, after July.

The National Republican League will meet at Milwaukee August 25, 26 and 27.

The [illegible] at Asheville, N. C., was recently damaged [illegible] by fire.

Portland, Me., had last week the [illegible] storm of the present winter.

President Cleveland denied a pardon [illegible] of Oregon, convicted of pension frauds.

"Kid" McCoy, a light-weight pugilist, fled [illegible] Washington [illegible]

[illegible] have been discovered [illegible] that [illegible] in gold and [illegible] in silver [illegible] the ton.

[illegible] Thompson, guest of [illegible] Palmer of New York, [illegible] while temporarily insane.

The National Daughters of the American Revolution in session at Washington have elected as their president Mrs. Adlai Stevenson.

Constantinople advices state that all the powers have assented to the recognition of Prince Ferdinand as the lawful ruler of Bulgaria.

More than [illegible] tramps and homeless persons sought and obtained lodging from the cold in the police stations of Chicago one night last week.

The question of the German emperor's authority in the army came up in the Reichstag the other day, and it was questioned whether he had the right to order a man shot.

Ex-United States District Attorney Ed. R. Campbell at Nashville was shot and killed by his crazy son Robert last Friday. The boy had just recently returned from an insane hospital at Cincinnati.

While a cage containing eight men was descending a colliery pit at Leigh, Lancashire, Eng., Thursday morning the catches failed to work and the cage crashed to the bottom of the pit, killing all of its occupants.

The boiler of a locomotive on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western road exploded at Cassville, N. Y., the other day. Engineer John Keech and Fireman John Lewis, both of Binghampton, N. Y., were killed.

The cold in the great lake region last week was something terrible. One man was found frozen near Port Colborne, Ont., and it is feared that thirteen fishermen, who were out on the lake near Buffalo, N. Y., have perished.

A bomb was exploded in the garden of the Royal Palace at Madrid Wednesday. The police began to look for the parties who did the work, and while the search was going on three others were exploded. No one was hurt.

A London dispatch says: The Westminster Gazette publishes an article urging Lord Salisbury not to further delay the reply of Great Britain to the proposal to appoint a joint British and American Venezuelan commission.

Arrangements are being made to take Dr. Cornelius Herz from England to France. Dr. Herz was convicted of Panama canal frauds, but has been in England, from which country the French authorities have found it difficult to get him back.

The crew of the United States steamer Baltimore, which arrived at the Norfolk navy yard Tuesday night at 11 o'clock, from San Francisco, was paid off Saturday, their terms of enlistment having expired. It took $46,000 to pay these men off.

The case of William Brockman, president of the School Board, vs. Charles E. Chapin, city editor of an evening newspaper, for libel, was dismissed at St. Louis. Judge Neville held that no action would lie unless personal malice was shown.

A passenger train on the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railroad crashed into the caboose of a freight train near Houghton, Mich. A brakeman was perhaps fatally burned and the conductor of the freight was severely hurt.

At Jackson, Miss., J. F. McCool, of Kosciusko, speaker of the Mississippi house, was recently elected Grand Master of the Masonic Grand Lodge, and Secretary of State J. L. Power was re-elected Grand Secretary for the twenty-seventh consecutive year.

Directors of the Nicaragua Company, which succeeded the old Nicaragua Canal Company, were elected in New York last Thursday. Ex-Senator Warner Miller said he was going to Washington in a few days to find whether congress proposed to aid the canal. If it did not, capital would be sought elsewhere.

The socialist members of the German Reichstag will not attend the banquet to be given on March 21 to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the creation of that body, because it has been announced that Baron Von Berlepsch, president of the Reichstag, will propose a toast to the emperor.

President Porter, of the Traders National bank of Scranton, Pa., has sworn out a warrant before United States Commissioner Colborn for the arrest of A. B. Williams, the late cashier of the bank, charging him with embezzling $35,000 of the institution's funds. Williams was taken into custody and was held for a hearing.

Meetings are being held in El Paso, Texas, between Governor Thornton and United States Marshal Hall, of Santa Fe, Sheriff Ascarate, Judge Fall, of Las Cruces, and other prominent citizens of South New Mexico, relative to stopping the political feuds and vendettas, which have made life and property unsafe in Lincoln and Dona Ana counties, New Mexico, for so long.

The London Daily Chronicle announces that "Great Britain is resolved to arbitrate the Venezuelan boundary dispute directly with the United States. The method to be adopted and the details of the settlement are alone under consideration. The government is being urged by persons of influence to conclude the settlement as speedily as possible."

An exposition of southern products, natural and manufactured, will be held in Chicago this fall, merchants, manufacturers and capitalists of Chicago agreeing to finance it, while the southerners interested will furnish it and deliver exhibits free of cost to Chicago. This was the decision of the special committee appointed by the delegation at the Palmer House last week.

Direct railroad communication between Chicago and Savannah, Ga., with a double track and easy grades is promised by the proposed extension of the Black Diamond railroad system of Tennessee to the northwest and southeast. If the expectations of Col. Albert E. Boone, president of the road be realized the distance between Chicago and Savannah will be reduced 1,015 miles.

A dispatch to the London Globe from Shanghai says it is believed there that Russia intends to establish a protectorate over Corea and that England and the United States will strenuously resist such action. In the meantime the Japanese are making active naval preparations. Russia, according to this dispatch has chartered six Norwegian and German steamers, which are taking on cargoes of coal at Shanghai, intended for use of the Russian squadron.

Hon. Michael D. Harter, ex-representative in congress from the Fourteenth Ohio district, committed suicide at Fostoria, O., last Saturday. Mr. Harter was born at Canton, O., April 6, 1846. For over twenty years he was a constant and consistent advocate of low tariff taxes and sound money and an enemy of class legislation. He was elected to the Fifty-second and reelected to the Fifty-third congress as a democrat, taking an active part in the debate against the silver bill in the last congress. Mr. Harter was an energetic business man, a manufacturer and banker.

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Special attention to mail orders

OUR TRADE AND TRAFFIC

As Observed and Reported by Dun's Weekly Review.

STATEMENT OF WEEK'S FAILURES.

Business Somewhat Retarded by Stringency Resulting From Withdrawal of Cash to Purchase Bonds, Confidence in American Securities—Low Prices—Large Stocks.

Liabilities in failures during the three weeks of February were $7,680,393, against $5,55[illegible],096 last year. Manufacturing liabilities were $3,163,986, against $1,592,319 last year, while tradings were $3,842,033, against $3,353,019 last year. Failures for the week have been 280 in the United States, against 303 last year, and 66 in Canada, against 36 last year. The restoration of the treasury reserve has been effected with remarkably little monetary disturbance, though stringency in the New York markets, greater elsewhere than here and greater in commercial than in other loans, has somewhat retarded business. The rapid rise in the price of bonds strengthens public confidence. Prompt action of the house on the silver bill has helped to increase foreign confidence in American securities. Prices of commodities as a whole are now at the lowest average ever known, though only one-half of 1 per cent below the average of September 3, 1895. Hides, leather and their products, textile goods and iron products have declined much since that date, and meats are also lower.

Though business is less than was expected at Chicago, it is increasing for materials for cars and car-wheels and is excellent in plates. The cast pipe business is active, but little is doing in rails, and the new bar classification is not favored. Prices are steady at Philadelphia and plates are doing a little better, but other branches are dull.

In textile manufactures prices are generally weak, open reductions averaging 3 per cent for cotton goods, and since January 1 about 9 per cent. Not much increase of buying answers to these reductions, and some of the accumulated stocks are quite large. The volume of domestic trade reflected by clearings is 63.7 per cent larger than last year. Railroad earnings in February thus far are 13.6 per cent lower than last year. Stocks weakened until Thursday, but then advanced and closed about ⅓ cent per share higher for railroads. Exports of products in two weeks of February have been 7 per cent larger than last year, though cotton mills are growing fewer. Imports no longer show the increase formerly observed, but for two weeks have been 18.8 per cent larger than last year.

THE BANNER,

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Killgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary

JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P M Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary. J. A. LOGAN.

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.

L. B. POUNDS.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

L. H. REYNOLDS.

At the solicitation of, perhaps, too partial friends throughout the county I announce myself a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party of Chilton county. If elected to this office my best endeavors will be exerted in securing such legislation as shall redound to the best interests of our State and County.

FRANK CRICHTON.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

COMMISSIONER.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

WE are obliged to hold over several communications on account of lack of space.

DON'T forget the date of our primaries—April 14 and May 5.

A LARGE gathering of the most influential and representative members of the Populist and Republican parties of the State of Alabama met in Erswell hall, Birmingham, to-day (Thursday) and fully discussed the advisability of uniting their forces in opposition to the ballot-stuffing organized democracy. The following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the conference that the conventions of the People's Party and of the Republican party that are to meet in Montgomery on April 28 shall enunciate their principles in their platforms and shall each seek to, if possible, nominate the same ticket, which will in no instance violate the distinctive principles of either party, but which will draw to its support all good citizens of Alabama who seek to establish honesty in our elections and the advancement of the peace and prosperity of our State and nation. Without seeming to in any way usurp or assume any of the powers which naturally devolve upon the respective State conventions we respectfully recommend that both parties co-operate to this end.

FRANK BALTZELL, Ch'm'n.

Resolved, That it is the calm and deliberate judgment of the members of this conference, individually and collectively, that the most urgent demand and exacting duty of our friends in the United States senate requires the prompt adoption of the resolution offered by Hon. W. V. Allen, which provides for an investigation of the frauds perpetrated in the State election held in Alabama the first Monday in August, 1894; and that we appeal to each and all of them, who favor good government and honest elections, to use every effort in their power to secure the adoption of said resolution at the earliest practical moment.

WE have the best authority for stating that within the next few days the investigating Congressional Committee will declare Hon. W. F. Aldrich duly elected to Congress from this district.

ALEX GLASSCOCK.

Our present county commissioners of whom Mr. Glasscock is one, have made such a splendid record during their term of office, that there appears to be little desire on the part of the people to change them. Mr. Glasscock announces his candidacy for re-election, and probably other members of the board will follow his example. We think Mr. Glasscock is eminently fitted for the position and hope to see him re-elected.

ALEX G. DAKE.

In this issue will be found the announcement of Mr. Alex G. Dake as a candidate for county treasurer. Mr. Dake is universally conceded to be a man of fine business qualifications, of unimpeachble honesty and integrity and has been a pioneer worker in the cause of reform and for the People's party. He was for several years secretary of the County Alliance, and as a Justice of the Peace made a fine record. Most of his judgements having been sustained. He is thoroughly competent to fill the office of Treasurer and if he is elected we are satisfied it will be for the benefit of the county.

J. A. LOGAN.

Mr. Joe Logan, known to everyone as one of our most progressive and successful farmers, is announced as a candidate for Tax Collector. He has been prominent in all reform matters since their conception; was one of the first members of the First Alliance in Alabama and hopes to be first in the election for the office he seeks. We believe Mr. Logan would make an excellent tax collector if he is elected, leaving every confidence in his ability and integrety.

J. W. MOORE.

County superintendent of Education J. W. Moore seeks re-election to this important office. Bro. Moore has made a splendid superintendent and we have no doubt that if the people retain him in his office he will continue his good work in the same spirit he has carried it on up to the present.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and $1.00

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

TRUCKLING TO TOM REED

"Parsons and Kolb are here to attend a secret conference of Alabama Republicans and Populists to decide on the question of fusion. They will refer the matter to Tom Reed and will abide by his decision. It is learned from a reliable source that the Speaker will urge a combination against the Democrats. In fact, he has already expressed himself on this subject, and there is no doubt that his counsels will be followed. The contingent of Alabama Republicans who oppose fusion will be whipped into line. The scheme is to make Goodwyn the gubernatorial candidate and to divide the Presidential electors between the parties of the combine. —Special from Washington."

The extract above appeared first, as I am informed, as a special to The Montgomery Advertiser. The day following, February 14, it appeared in the State-Herald of this city, as a special. The fact that I had gone North with Mayor Van-Hoose for the sole purpose of promoting a great public improvement in which this city and county are most deeply interested, was well known to many leading citizens here, and my mission was cordially endorsed by them. If the State-Herald did not know from its local staff the fact of my departure, about midday, and the reason that carried me, there is nothing to be said by me in reproach. The enterprise displayed, however, in paying for a telegram from Washington, which purported to explain my departure and which was a malicious falsehood; and the vulgar editorial endorsement of so improbable news, was simply in keeping with the vile prostitution of the columns of that paper, daily made, for the purpose of promoting the political ends to which its owners and managers have sunk their money and ceaselessly devote their time and energies. This latter kind of enterprise is what I now propose to expose to the public view.

I denounce the alleged "news," published, as the work, originally, of a mendacious and corrupt Democratic politician in the city of Washington. I inform the general public that the only semblance of truth in the item, as set out, is, that I visited Washington and that, it being considered, by myself and those from Birmingham with whom I was associated in a public mission, best that we should meet the Speaker of the House of Representatives before which body our business was to be placed, I did see Speaker Reed accordingly.

Now for the facts in detail. I left the passenger station here in company with Mayor of the city and Mr. P. G. Bowman, all of us on the same mission, on the afternoon of Tuesday, February the 11th inst.

Wednesday night we reached Washington. It was agreed that I should proceed at once to New York on our common business. I accordingly remained only 15 minutes in Washington. I staid Thursday and Friday in New York, going back to Washington the evening of the latter day. Saturday we undertook to see Speaker Reed. Mayor Vanhoose, myself and others were introduced to him at the Capital at the same time. There was no mention made of politics. The interview was brief. I had never met him before and did not see him again.

By Monday I had become cognizant of the infamous report sent out, as having come from me in the few minutes that I had spent in Washington Wednesday night. I met a Mr. Smith, reporter on the Washington Post, Monday night. He informed me that he had sent the dispatch and expressed deep regret that he had been the victim of a malicious deception. He assured me that a prominent Democrat from Alabama had stuffed him with his news. He volunteered to say he would correct himself by a second special, but, of course, the correction, if received, would be smothered in the newspaper office where so precious a lie had been beforehand received and sent out to do its pre-ordained work.

The people of Alabama have been unnecesarily insulted by this dastardly attempt to pervert a bona fide public service of several gentlemen of this city in its proper effect because I happened to be one of the number. I am glad to say those who undertook the public work referred to are content with the promise of success thus far. All of us were cheered by the reception which business men and legislators accorded us. This city and this county, with due attention following up our initial action, must be very largely the beneficiaries of the high endeavor on foot. It may be too much to hope that The State-Herald will be able to rise to the plane of the public appreciation of that endeavor; or to allow that endeavor to proceed as against its own political schemes and its vile attempts at assassination of the character of men who cross its narrow horizon. The unvarying and notorious feebleness of its support of any public question is ample assurance to all that when its lies are exposed and consigned to oblivion no other uttrances given out by it carry the least weight or consideration with them.

R. F. KOLB.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION
Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

By authority of the District Committee the Fourth district convention of the Republican Party is hereby called to meet in Calera on March 4, 1896, at 12 m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the 55th congress; for the election of two delegates and two alternates to the Republican National convention to be holden in St. Louis, Mo., June 16, 1896. For the election of two members of the State committee; for the election of a district committee and chairman and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it. Each county will be entitled to the number of delegates as follows: Cleburne 4, Calhoun 9, Chilton 4. Dallas 10, Talladega 12, Shelby 9. Total 47.

J. D. HARDY, Chairman.
F. M. SHOUSE, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

By authority of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county a convention of the Democratic party of said county is hereby called to meet at the court house in Clanton on Wednesday the 15th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Democratic State convention which meets in Montgomery on April 22. The following apportionment of delegates has been fixed by the committee: Beat 1, Mineral Spring. 4; beat 2, Providence 4, Jemison 6; beat 3, Benson 5; beat 4, Clanton 12; beat 5, Coopers 5, Verbena 7; beat 6, Kincheon 5; beat 8, Maplesville, 5; beat 8, Dixie, 8; beat 9, Strasburg, 4.

Delegates will be chosen to the convention at an election to be held as nearly as may be under the forms governing general elections in this State on Saturday April 11, 1896. All white voters who will support the nominees of the Democratic party, are entitled to participate in the election of delegates to the county convention.

R EHRMAN,
Acting Chairman Democratic Executive Committee Chilton Co.

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr. and Mrs. Kendrick attended the birthday celebration of Mr F. M. Connell Sr. last Friday, it being his 74th birthday. They report one of the most pleasant spent days they ever spent.

We are all expecting the measles to get down here yet; that will be bad. The Pattillos are all getting well of the measles. Mr. Walter and Daisy Kendrick attended the German at Mr. William Rutlin's Friday night; everything was arranged most romantically for the occassion. They say it was as good as they ever witnessed.

The new Methodist minister occupied the pulpit Sunday. Your correspondent did not learn his name. Mr Newton Calloway, of Salem, was here Sunday.

Mr. E. L. Jones commenced working the Mountain Creek road to-day. I don't know how long he's going to work but I guess he will get through this week, as the road is in a bad condition.

By the way, readers, let me ask you a question before I forget it. Did you ever know a man, when called upon to engage in a most needful work at the cemetery a half mile from his home; that would go to his stable, bridle his short bodied, little legged, longed eared and short tailed Hamiltonian saddle him, jump astride and start out as if he had a week's jorney before him? Now as I have asked I will answer. Such a man is in existence and he don't live one hundred miles from here either, and he don't ha! ha!

Mr. E. A. Norris gave his friends an entertainment at Mr. B. I. Goss' Saturday night, Mr. F. M. Connell, and sister, Miss Julia from the Lovely Lane, were in attendance. Mr. Fim Connell and neice Miss Sallie DuBose of the Cross Roads paid us a flying visit Sunday. Mr. H. I. Norris has returned from Prattville accompanied by uncle George Morgan.

Miss Lucy Gentry was struck with paralysis Saturday morning, and she is now in a very serious condition. We wish and hope for her rapid restoration.

One of our prettiest and most accomplished young girls was nearly crazy Saturday night because her best fellow (that fellow with the ideal Hamiltonian) was not at the party. I would advise him to come down soon for she takes on about him mightily. Little I. W. P. has had the measles and is now about well, but he aint been down here lately. In conclusion I will say to the Boy Afraid of Girls who wrote from Swift Creek last week, that he need not be afraid of girls, for they won't bite him but then they might kick him. Let us hear from all the correspondents.

TIM.

* * *

O. W. O. Hardman, Sheriff of Tyler county, W. Va., appreciate a good thing and does not hesitate to say so. He was almost prostrated with a cold when he procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says: "It gave me prompt relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for coughs and colds." For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Vine Hill.

The farmers in our section are taking advantage of this beautiful weather. They are preparing their lands for another crop. Owing to the fire which swept over the woods near here during the windy weather last week the sound of axes and mauls can be heard making new rails as the fire did not stop for fences.

The party given by Mr. and Mrs. Williams last Friday night was simply grand. Mr. Will Kelly, with his band of music, made all who were present want to shake their feet. The old felt young and the young felt grown.

There will be a sociable at the school house next Friday night, given in honor of Miss Mattie Willis who has been spending several days with Miss Lula Willis. Everybody is invited.

A new public road has recently been cut from the Chilton county line to Mr. W. D. Ellis' mill.

Messrs John and Sam Gantt called at Vine Hill yesterday.

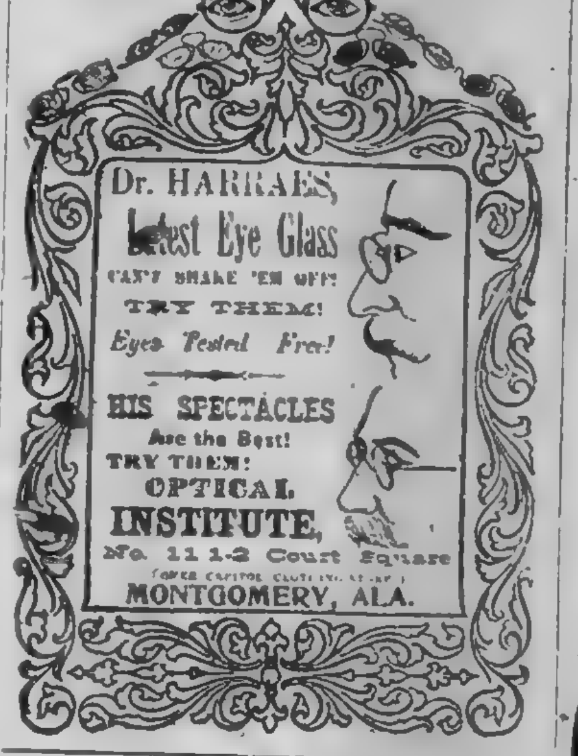
Y. D. K.

A Great Chance to Make Money.

I want to tell you of my wonderful success. Being a poor girl, and needing money badly, I tried the Dish Washer business and have cleared $200 every month. It is more money than I ever had before, and can't help telling about it, for I believe any person can do as well as I have if they only try. I sell from 5 to 15 machines a day. My business is increasing and am going to keep right on until I make $10,000. There is no excuse to be poor when so much money can be made selling dishwashers. The Washers sell on sight; every lady wants one. The Mound City Dish Washer does splendid work; you can wash and dry the dishes in two or three minutes without putting your hands in the water at all. Try this business and let us know how you succeed. The Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo., will give you all necessary instructions so you can begin work at once.

ELIZABETH C

The experience of Geo. A. Apgar, of German Valley, N. J., is well worth remembering. He was troubled with chronic diarrhœa and, doctored five months and was treated by four different doctors without benefit. He then began using Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, of which one small bottle effected a complete cure. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.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CAN'T SHAKE 'EM OFF!
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HIS SPECTACLES Are the Best!
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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Will practice in all the State and Federa Courts of Alabama.

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HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
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THE SECURITY SCHOOL SHOE
WEARS LIKE IRON
W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

STOP THAT SLIPPING
and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.
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THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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LOWEST PRICES

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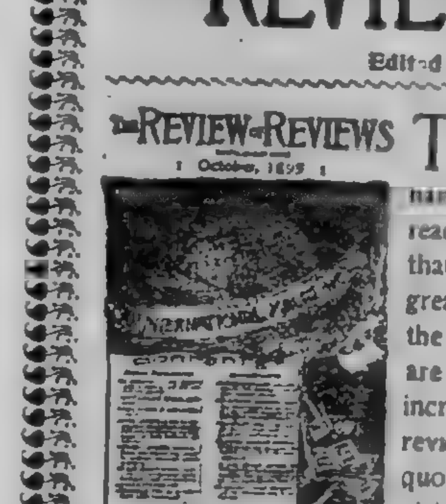
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.


THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
October, 1895

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

FIVE MONTHS FOR $1.00.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION $2.50.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.
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PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
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—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA,

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

A full line of Fertilizers on hand
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

FOR SALE 160 acres of land six miles north-west of Clanton, (Estate of J. P. Littleton) - Apply to Isaac Littleton, Clanton, Ala.

A young lady came to stay at the home of Mr. Oscar Mullins last Wednesday week—a nine pounder.

Mr. Joe Gore is happiest man in town. He not only has a charming wife, but also a charming daughter last Tuesday week.

Deputy Marshal Dudley on Tuesday arrested C. L. Smith, at Providence, charged with retailing liquor without license. He was carried to Montgomery and placed under $200 bond.

Mr. T. A. Curry has been somewhat unwell this week.

Miss Roberta Johnson, of Mulberry, visited Clanton this week.

Mr. Bob Martin, of Montgomery, is in town for a few days.

Messrs. G. L. Spear and W. C. Robinson were appointed County Surveyors at the last term of Commissioners court.

Dr. Joe Johnston, of Mulberry, went to Montgomery today to consult an oculist.

Mr. Srock, of Verbena, was in town yesterday.

Mr. W. I. Mullins went to Montgomery Monday.

Mr. Oscar Mullins continues to improve.

Just as we go to press we learn that Col. Baldwin, of Verbena, died this morning.

Miss Minnie Pinckard, who has been visiting relatives in Tuskegee for some time, has returned home.

Mr. Calloway Smith, of Coosa county, was in town this week.

Rev. L. B. Pounds, of Strasburg, was in town to-day.

Mr. L. H. Reynolds, of Jemison, was in town yesterday.

Mr J P Palmer visited Montgomgomery Tuesday

Sheriff Moore went to Montgomery Monday.

Mr. John Stanfield has gone to Birmingham to accept a lucrative position.

Mr. Gilson visited Montgomery this week

Miss Mattie Palmer is among the recent convalescents from the measles

The building formerly occupied by the View is undergoing renovation and will be converted into a store house.

Farmers say that the hauling of so much guano does not indicate an increase in the cotton acreage, but a great deal of it will be used on other products.

Dr. Wise, of Coopers, was in town this week.

Mr. Henly Northington of Verbena, was in Clanton to-day.

Dr. Mathews visited Montgomery this week.

Mr. Forest Potts, of Birmingham, is in town.

On Wednesday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, a difficulty occurred near the Congregational church in Clanton between John Moon and Dennis Ponder, both colored, in which Moon was shot and killed. Two shots were fired by Ponder in rapid succession, one passing through the left hand and the other entering Moon's body in the region of the heart. Immediately after the shooting Ponder fled and up to the hour of going to press has not been arrested. The parties are said to have quarrelled on Tuesday about a woman, and a renewal of the quarrel resulted in the killing of Moon. Both Moon and Ponder are well known, the former having been employed for some years as a cook at the Misses Duke's boarding house, and the latter as hostler for Mr. W. H. Merritt.

Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Washington, says she has never been able to procure any medicine for rheumatism that relief the pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm and that she has also used it for lame back with great success. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons: Mr. I. J. Dennis and Miss Polly Ann Parrish; Mr. Rufus Davis and Miss Linnie Ellison; Mr. Charles J. Burkhalter and Mattie Haley.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. Reference given. Price Two Dollars for one eye. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office building, 36-37 Third Ave., New York City.

Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.

A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decided to try a bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.

When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Probate
Chilton County. } Court.

To J. M. Davenport, Annie Bell Birtes, Emmit, Catherine and Pearl Shoutts:

Whereas Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport deceased, has filed her application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of division upon the grounds that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 21st day of April, 1896, has been appointed for the hearing of said application. You are therefore hereby notified to appear before said court on said 21st day of April, 1896, to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this 28th day of January 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

1-30-3t

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, state of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Chilton County Alliance out of the goods, chattels lands and tenements of the said Chilton county Alliance I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One store house situated in the town of Stanton in said State and County known as the Chilton County Alliance Store and n½ of ne¼ sec 16 tp 20 north range 11 east.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Chilton County Alliance in and to the above described property, on Monday the 2nd day of March 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 21st day of January, 1896. P. M. MOORE.
Sheriff Chilton county, Alabama.

Notice to Non-resident

The State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

No. 1245. Circuit Court, Spring Term 1896.

Fox Bros. & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. Otto Stoelker, Defendant. Attachment.

Whereas Fox Bros. & Co., as Plaintiffs in said cause, have obtained an Attachment out of this Court, issued the 25th day of January, 1896, against the estate of the said Defendant, situate in said County and State, which Attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit:

N ½ of ne ¼ sec 5 tp 20 r 16; Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 4 tp 20 r 16; W ½ of sw ¼ sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 20 r 16; [illegible] and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 3 tp 21 r 16; Se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 7 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of ne 1-4 sec 10 tp 20 r 16; E ½ of se 1-4 and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; N ½ of sw 1-4 and sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 33 tp 21 r 16; Nw 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 16; W ½ of ne 1-4 sec 8 tp 20 r 15;

And whereas it appears that the said Otto Stoelker, Defendant as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, now, therefore, the said Otto Stoelker as such Defendant, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said Attachment.

Witness my hand this 4th day of February, 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk

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For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Clilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Stanton, Feb. 24, 1896.

Editor BANNER: I saw in THE BANNER last week the name of Lee Hayes announced as a candidate for the sheriff's office. Go it, Lee, beat 8 is going to come up solid for you.
IN HOC.

* * *

Dixie, Ala., Feb. 24, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Please allow me space in your interesting paper to speak a few words in behalf of Messrs. Hayes and Bailey. As I have known the men for quite a while it gives me pleasure to recommend them to the voters of Chilton county. Our friend D. C. Gandy is not going to make the race for assessor.
B. H. Jr.

* * *

The Dicosvery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

* * *

Collins Chapel, Feb. 26, '96.

Editor BANNER: God has, in His all wise wisdom, seen fit to call our much beloved brother, T. G. Robinson, from the walks of man to Himself. Mr. Robinson was a devoted Christian, his seat on his church days was never vacant; he was just as true to the reform cause. He was a charter member of Collins Chapel Alliance, I never knew him to be absent from his Alliance from the time he joined until he died; he was the the president of our Alliance at the time of his death. He left a wife and ten children to mourn his loss for which this community extends their most heartfelt sympathy.
W. A. M.

Clanton, Ala, Feb. 24, '96.

Editor BANNER: A few words to the readers of the BANNER and oblige in behalf of M. A. Killgore, as a candidate for sheriff. He is a man highly respected in the community in which he lived 13 years, as a good citizen and an open hearted christian. He will appreciate the support of all who feel disposed to do him the honor. He is fully competent to fill the office and as far as making bond is concerned he will make it.
E. M. GILES.

Notice of Application for Pardon.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor for the pardon of Isaiah Patrick convicted at the Fall Term 1895 of Circuit Court of Chilton County of the offense of burglary.

B. T. PATRICK.

A Des Moines woman who has been troubled with frequent colds, concluded to try an old remedy in a new way, and accordingly took a tablespoonful (four times the usual dose) of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy just before going to bed. The next morning she found that her cold had almost entirely disappeared. During the day she took a few doses of the remedy (one teaspoonful at a time) and at night again took a tablespoonful before going to bed, and on the following morning awoke free from all symptoms of the cold. Since then she has, on several occasions, used this remedy in like manner, with the same good results, and is much elated over her discovery of so quick a way of curing a cold. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

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Most Popular

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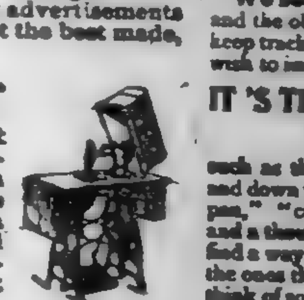

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FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840. SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—REGURGITATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHOEA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATION IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

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No Heat, No Fuel, No Scorching.

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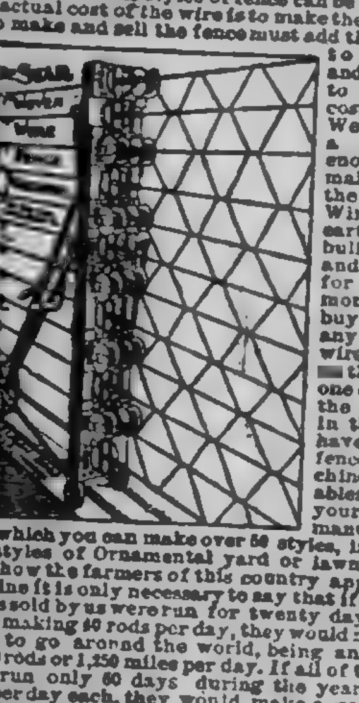
In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below, we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer and with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 400,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 76,800 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One cent isn't much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our Large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 1092, Ridgeville, Indiana.



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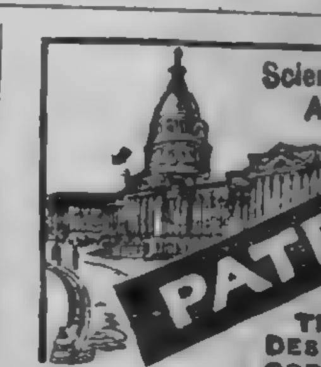

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For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

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This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

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For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

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EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
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Indorsed by B. W. FEARRIS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me,"
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

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There are some pleasures which are inexpensive but satisfying, particularly to the childish mind.

"Oh," exclaimed Marjorie Manson, as the dessert came on, "how I wish you had told me this morning, mamma, that you were going to have ice cream for dinner!"

"Why, what difference would it have made?" inquired Mrs. Manson.

"Oh, lots!" said Marjorie, with a sigh, "I could have expected it all day, then!"

Retaliation.

Inkleigh—Did you read that last story of mine?

Pushpen—I did.

Inkleigh—Well, I'm going to write an article on how I came to write it.

Pushpen (savagely)—By George! If you do I'll write an article on how I came to read it.—New York World.

An Oversight.

It is said that when one of the sons of the emperor of Austria called his brother the greatest fool in Vienna, the emperor, who was present and highly offended at their quarrel, exclaimed, "You forget that I am present!"

Grass is King! Hurrah!!

Shout for joy. The green grass rules. It's more valuable than oats, wheat and corn together. Luxuriant meadows are the farmer's delight. A positive way to get them and a very sure one we know is to sow Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures. No need of waiting a life time either. Salzer has a mixture, sown in April, producing hay in June. Many farmers report yields of six tons of magnificent hay per acre. Over one hundred different kinds of grasses, clovers, Teosinte, Sand Vetch, Giant Spurry and Fodder plants! 35 packages earliest vegetables $1.00. (A. C.)

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND with 10c. postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive, free, ten grass and grain samples and their mammoth seed catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. for mailing.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

The Prevailing Malady

in this country is dyspepsia. Probably more than three-fourths of the people suffer from it in some of its many forms. Many have dyspepsia and don't know it, because they have the painless kind. Such are always half sick and ascribe their ailment to any cause but the true one. Where dyspepsia is known, or suspected, Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy ought to be used. It is a wonderful medicine, very pleasant to take, and not only corrects digestion in a few minutes, but cures the worst cases of dyspepsia. For sale by all druggists.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

If you are down with the blues, read the twenty-third Psalm.

The object of the manufacturers of Dobbins' Electric Soap has been for 31 years to make this soap of such superior quality that it will give universal satisfaction. Have they succeeded? Ask your grocer for it. Take no other.

If you don't know where to look for a month's rent, read the twenty-seventh Psalm.

THE GENUINE "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are sold only in boxes. They are wonderfully effective for Coughs and Throat Troubles.

If there is a chilly sensation about the heart, read the third chapter of Revelations.

It is More Than Wonderful

how patiently people suffer with corns. Get comfort by removing them with Hindercorns.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Impaired Health is Not Easily Regained,

yet Parker's Gin er Tonic has attained it in many cases. For every weakness and distress.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer. MRS. ALLIE DOUGLASS, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 20, 1894.

March

April, May are most emphatically the months for taking a good blood purifier, because the system is now most in need of such a medicine, and because it more quickly responds to medicinal qualities. In winter impurities do not pass out of the body freely, but accumulate in the blood. The best medicine

April

to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood, and thus give strength and build up the system, is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands take it as their Spring Medicine, and more are taking it to-day than ever before. If you are tired, "out of sorts," nervous, have bad taste in

May

the morning, aching or dizzy head, sour stomach and feel all run down, a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla will put your whole body in good order and make you strong and vigorous. It is the ideal Spring Medicine and true nerve tonic, because

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared. 25 cents.

100 SALESMEN to sell New Cash Register [illegible] Winston, N. C.

Am. N. U. No. 9, 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

ALABAMA IN BRIEF.

Birmingham Pushing for Water Transportation.

EX-CONVICT KILLED AT GURLEY.

Two Deaths From Explosion of an Engine—A Murderer Surrenders. A New Marble Discovery—Two Young Lives Extinguished by Fire.

Inexpressibly Sad.

In Etowah county little Amy Darnell was so badly burned as to leave no hopes of her recovery. Her clothes were burned from her body, and the flesh peeled off in slices.

An Editor Made Happy.

Mr. J. W. Young, the popular young editor of the Fayette Sentinel, was married on the 18th instant to Miss Naomi Ward, of Sulligent. A host of friends are offering congratulations.

Danger in Open Grates.

A special from Gadsden, Ala., says: Little Katie Green, whose parents live in St. Clair county, was playing with her doll before the grate when her clothing caught on fire. Her mother and aunt extinguished the flames and the child's wounds were pronounced very light. She played around the rest of the day but about midnight she had an attack, and in an hour was a corpse.

By Violence the Violent Die.

At Gurley's Thursday evening Dick Childress, an ex-convict, was terrorizing the citizens with a pistol when he met with Policeman Erwin and began to curse him, at the same time pointing his pistol at him. Erwin drew his pistol and both began firing. Childress shot twice and fell, dying instantly, three balls from Erwin's pistol having struck him. Erwin was unhurt.

She Would Dance.

A fatal shooting affray occurred at a candy break near Sardis, Dallas county, Friday night. Virgil Morrisette was jealous of Andrew Wilkins' attention to his wife and forbade them dancing together. Later he saw them dancing and, drawing his pistol, fired at Wilkins and the ball passed through his heart, killing him instantly. In the confusion which followed Morrisette made his escape and has not yet been captured.

A Thief Gets Ten Years.

J. W. Strong, who stole a bag containing one thousand silver dollars from an express truck in the union depot, at Birmingham, on the night of December 13, last, while it was being unloaded fom a car upon its arrival from the New Orleans mint, was on Saturday sentenced by Judge Green of the criminal court to ten years labor in the mines. Strong escaped from the officers last Saturday while he was being taken to the court room to receive sentence but was recaptured that night. The officers say he is a notorious crook.

Washington's Birthday.

The Birmingham society of the Sons of the Revolution on Saturday held a session at the Young Men's Christian association rooms at 3 p. m., in celebration of the one hundred and sixty-fourth anniversary of the birth of George Washington. The Daughters of the American Revolution participated, and the exercises were very interesting. The membership of these two societies is made up of some of the best citizens. All who feel an interest in patriotism were cordially invited, and members of the organization were especially requested to be present.

Cotton Planters Convention.

M. B. Shelton, president of the Lauderdale County Cotton Growers' association, has called a convention of cotton growers, to meet in Florence next Saturday. The convention is for the purpose of taking active steps to reduce the cotton acreage this year. A convention of this character was held here last year and as a result the acreage was reduced about 30 per cent. It is feared that many of the farmers of this section contemplate planting an increased cotton crop this year on account of the better prices that prevailed last fall. A strong effort will be made at the coming convention to persuade them against such a policy.

More of Our State's Wealth.

Gen. J. W. Barker, receiver of the Chattanooga Southern railroad, has received a slab of the most beautiful dove colored marble ever found in the south. It is from a large deposit on the property of P. J. Hines, near Jacksonville, Ala. A short time ago Charles Hang, president of the Rockwood (Ill.) Furniture company, was in the south and was anxious to secure marble to be used in the less expensive grades of furniture. At Roulnette Creek, in Wayne county, a county concerning whose riches "the half has never been told," some fine pink marble has been found, but it was too far from any transportation facilities to be available. The recent discovery at Jacksonville is attracting considerable attention.

Horrible Catastrophe.

A local freight train on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis rail road, pulled into Bridgeport at 3:15 p. m., Thursday and had stopped on the main track preparatory to taking a siding, when, without a seconds warning, the boiler exploded with terrific force. The locomotive was torn to atoms. One piece of it crashed through the gable of a house several hundred feet away. The body of the fireman, Will Irvin, was torn to shreds, and that of John Walkup, the engineer, was thrown over the top of a planing mill, over 200 feet distant, and was horribly mangled. Simon Riggles, a brakeman, who was on the locomotive tender, was scalded and is not expected to recover. Not a vestige of the big locomotive remained on the track except the wheels.

"Gwine Back" to Africa.

Ten negro families, consisting of forty persons, reached Selma Saturday from Camden, en route to Liberia. J. J. Carmichael, an intelligent negro, is in charge of the party. He is the agent of the International Emigration society, of Birmingham, and will go through to Liberia with them. The negroes are from Dallas, Wilcox and Marengo counties. Their passage is $41, and is paid through, and their household effects and farming implements have been shipped to Savannah. The party went on to Birmingham and will sail from Savannah. The negroes are promised three months provisions by the emigration company, while the government of Liberia offers them thirty acres of farm lands, ten acres for a house site, and each child in a family over 16 years of age ten acres of land additional.

Weary of His Secret.

William Walters has surrendered himself to Sheriff Barr, of Los Angeles, Cal., saying he killed Paul Maddox, in Tuskaloosa county, Alabama, in April 1889. According to his story, he was working at the coal mines near Tuskaloosa. One day he and a friend, Martin Davis, were riding along the road, when they met several other men who were supplied with whisky. Walters bought some whisky of Maddox, one of the other party, and paid for the liquor. They had several drinks together, when Maddox again asked for pay. Walters said he had already paid for the liquor. Maddox struck him on the forehead with a bottle. Walters retaliated by drawing a revolver and putting a bullet through Maddox's body. Walters fled, and made his way to Mississippi, where he boarded a train for the Pacific coast. Sheriff Burr has received a telegram from Alabama that an officer and requisition papers will be sent for Walters.

Experiments in Photography.

Prof. A. F. McKissick, of the Alabama Polytechnic institute has very successfully reproduced the now celebrated experiments of Professor Roentgen, of Wurzberg, by photographing through wood, card board, paper and the human hand. In one of the experiments he places a plate sensitized in a plate holder, which is impervious to sunlight. The articles to be photographed are placed on the top of the plate holder. A tube is lighted up for five minutes. When the plate is developed an image of the articles placed on the plate is distinctly seen. In another experiment he places a key and a book in a thick pasteboard box. This is placed on top of the plate holder and, after being exposed to the lighted tube five minutes, an image of the key and book, which are inside the box, is photographed on the plate. The third experiment consisted in photographing a pair of scissors through a thick piece of wood. One of the most interesting is the photographing of the human hand, which shows the faint outline of the hand, the bones, the joints, etc.

Pushing for Water Transportation.

Mayor VanHoose, of Birmingham, has lately visited Washington and New York with a view to forwarding measures looking to the construction of a canal through the Birmingham district to deep water on the Warrior river.

Mr. VanHoose said Saturday morning: "There were on the committee Congressman O. W. Underwood, Mr. W. F. Aldrich, Capt. R. F. Kolb, Mr. P. G. Bowman and myself. Mr. Aldrich, who was personally acquainted with several members of the committee on rivers and harbors, made a speech and showed them what benefit the canal would be to this section of the United States, and explained the reasons why the government should take a hand in the affair.

"A strange coincidence took place," continued the mayor, "and that was our delegation followed a delegation from Mobile. It was not a preconcerted affair. The Mobile delegation was before the committee for the purpose of asking for a continuation of the work on the gulf and bay there. That committee showed the good that would accrue from the continuation of the work, saying that it would afford an outlet for the coal and iron products of the state and assist the other industries of the commonwealth of Alabama. We showed the committee, after hearing that the Mobile delegation had just been ahead of us, that there was no arrangement between us, and it was only the coincidence that did our cause some good.

"The committee asked us to file our papers and, while not made in so many words, we were given to understand that a thorough investigation of our request would be made. The indications are that a survey will be ordered during this coming summer.

"I cannot say whether the survey will be made down Five-Mile creek or along Village creek."

BILL NYE IS DEAD.

The Great Humorist Succumbed to a Recent Attack of Apoplexy.

Bill Nye died at his home in Buck Shoals near Asheville, N. C., about 1 o'clock last Saturday afternoon.

He suffered a stroke of paralysis about two weeks ago, and since that time has been steadily sinking. His health had been frail for some time and his illness was superinduced by mental worry over the financial failure of his recent lecture tour.

Edgard Wilson Nye, humorist and lecturer, was born in Shirley, Me., August 25, 1850. He was educated at an academy in River Falls Wis., removed to Wyoming, studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1876. He began early to contribute humorous sketches to the newspapers, using the pen name of "Bill Nye." He was connected with various western journals, and afterward settled in New York city. He has published "Bill Nye and the Boomerang," "The Forty Liars," "Baled Hay," "Bill Nye's Blossom Rock," "Remarks" and other productions.

He ranked with the best known and most popular humorists of his time, and has made several wide lecture tours. Mr. Nye owned an elegant winter home near Asheville called Buck Shoals. He leaves two daughters.

Few men were more widely known and none have made the world laugh more by humorous writings than Bill Nye.

Fell to His Death.

Saturday morning Conductor Winyard, of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad, was killed at Walthourville, Liberty county, Ga. He fell from the train as he was passing from one car to another. The train passed over both legs, mangling them terribly. His body was taken to Savannah for interment.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

FIFTY-EIGHTH DAY.

The attack on Secretary Morton for his refusal to expend the appropriation for seed in the present agricultural appropriation bill, was transferred from the senate to the house to-day, and furnished the feature of the proceedings in the lower house. Some very harsh things were said and applauded, especially by Mr. Boatner, who referred to Mr. Morton contemptuously as "that individual," and not a voice was raised in his defense. The general debate on the agricultural bill was closed before adjournment....Several bills of minor importance were passed, and a resolution was adopted directing the judiciary committee to inquire into the right of an executive officer to refuse to execute a law on the ground of its unconstitutionality, and to report by bill or otherwise. This investigation grows out of Comptroller Bowler's decision in the sugar bounty cases.

FIFTY-NINTH DAY.

The speech of Senator Davis, of Minnesota, supporting the resolution of which he is the author, enunciating the policy of the United States on the Monroe doctrine, was the event of the day in the senate. The rest of the day was given to the military academy appropriation bill, which was under discussion when the senate adjourned. The proposition of Mr. Vilas to increase the third-class appointments from each state to an aggregate of ninety, brought out much debate, the prevailing sentiment being favorable to the report. A resolution by Mr. Allen (pop., Neb.) was adopted calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to the amount of money, including the gold reserve in the treasury on March 4, 1889, and March 4, 1893, respectively; whether there was a decrease of revenue between those dates and the causes therefor. A message from the house of representatives announced the disagreement of that body in the senate silver substitute for the bond bill. No action was taken as to a conference....The agricultural appropriation bill occupied the attention of the house today. A great deal of criticism of Secretary Morton was indulged in both sides of the political aisle. An amendment was pending when the house adjourned making mandatory the execution of the provision in the bill for the distribution of seed. An amendment appropriating $42,360 for a new edition of the "horse book" was adopted. Before the bill was taken up, the senate's amendments to the urgent deficiency bill were non-concurred and a bill was passed for the examination and classification of lands in the railroad grants in California. Mr. Dalzell (rep., Pa.), of the committee on ways and means, reported a resolution of inquiry calling on the secretary of the treasury for an exhaustive report relative to the sale of bonds under the resumption act between the two periods between 1879 and March 1, 1893, and between the latter date and January 1, 1896, which was adopted. The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill under the five minute rule. Amendments were adopted as follows: On motion of Mr. Doolittle (rep., Wash.), directing the secretary of agriculture to distribute fibre flax seed in the state of Washington, and on motion of Mr. Long (rep., Kan.) appropriating $15,000 for continuing the investigation of modes of irrigation.

SIXTIETH DAY.

In the senate two appropriation bills, the military academy and the pension bill, were passed during the day. The pension appropriation bill, carrying $142,000,000, was passed after ten minutes' debate....The house today passed the agricultural appropriation bill. It carries $3,158,192. The section of the revised statutes for the purchase and distribution of "rare and uncommon" seed, which Secretary Morton declined to execute in the current appropriation law, was repealed, the appropriation for seed was increased from $130,000 to $150,000, and its execution was made mandatory upon the secretary. Bills were passed to permit the Kansas City & Fort Scott railroad to extend its lines into the Indian Territory, to dispose of the Fort Kalmath hay reservation, and to grant the Columbia & Red Mountain railroad a right of way through the Colville Indian reservation. A resolution was adopted directing the committee on ways and means to investigate the effect of the difference of exchange between gold and silver standard countries upon the manufacturing industries of the United States. Notice also was given that the contested election case of Vanhorn vs. Tarsney would be called up next Tuesday.

SIXTY-FIRST DAY.

About sixty private pension bills were passed by the senate during the day. The bill pensioning the widow of the late Secretary Gresham as brigadier-general at $200 monthly, with an amendment making the amount $100 monthly, went over without action in order to permit Mr. Voorhees to speak against this amendment....In the house the army appropriation bill, carrying $23,275,902, was passed; the conference report on the urgent deficiency bill was adopted, and the bill to extend for five years the time in which the government can bring suits to annul patents to public lands under railroad and wagon road grants was passed. An amendment was adopted limiting the application of the act to "railroad and wagon road grants."

SIXTY-SECOND DAY.

In the senate the bill to regulate marriage in the District of Columbia was passed. Mr. Morgan's resolutions, according belligerent rights to Cuba, were taken up and were pending when the senate adjourned until Saturday. ....The house refused to concur in the senate amendments to the general pension appropriation bill and it was sent to a conference. The Indian appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole and was pending when a message from the senate was received announcing the passage of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. Mr. Hitt, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, asked concurrence in the senate amendments. The amendments were three in number, increase the salary of the consul at Cape Town to $3,000; making a secretary of legation in Liberia at $1,500, and appropriating $10,000 to cover expenses of officers already in the service detailed to make inspection of consulates. The motion of Mr. Hitt was agreed to. The committee then rose, and at 5:10 o'clock the house adjourned.

SIXTY-THIRD DAY.

In the house, during the morning, the amendments to the military academy appropriation bill were agreed to and a senate bill was passed to amend section 5294 of the revised statutes so as to empower the secretary of the treasury to remit and to mitigate forfeitures under his jurisdiction as well as fines and penalties. Consideration of the Indian appropriation bill was resumed in committee of the whole. Having completed only ten pages of the bill in two days, the committee rose and, on motion of Mr. Dingley, republican, of Maine, it was ordered that when the house adjourn at the close of the evening session for the consideration of private pension bills it be to meet on Monday next. At 5 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 p. m., the evening session being for the consideration of private pension bills only.

SIXTY-FOURTH DAY.

As it was publicly known that the ordinary legislative proceedings in the senate were to be dispensed with today and that the day's session was to be devoted to the memory of the Father of His Country, the galleries of the senate were early crowded with spectators. The opening prayer was delivered by Rev. Wallace Radcliff, D. D., pastor of New York avenue Presbyterian church. He offered special thanks to God "for him whose name is in all hearts today; for the inheritance of his memory, and for the inspiration of his life and example." The reading of Thursday's journal was dispensed with, and the vice-president announced that, under the resolution of the senate the Farwell address of President Washington would be now read by the president of the senate pro tempore, the senator from Maine, Mr. Frye. Taking his position at the clerk's desk, Mr. Frye commenced in a clear, strong voice and with perfectly accentuated delivery to read the farewell address. The reading occupied three-quarters of on hour, and when it was ended the thanks of the senate were, on motion of Mr. Gray, given the reader, and then the senate, at 12.55 p. m., adjourned until Monday.

The Way of the Transgressor is Hard.

Robert Charlson, ex-United States commissioner at Attalla, Ala., who was arrested several days ago in San Antonio, Tex., and brought back to Birmingham and placed in jail, having two years ago fled his $7,000 bond while under sentence of one year for defrauding the government by returning false accounts, which case was pending an appeal, and also while nine other indictments on a similar charge were pending against him, has told the story of how his recapture was effected. He says that he was advised when his first case went against him two years ago, by ex-Deputy Marshal A. H. Draper, a close friend, to skip, Draper promising to go with him and remain by him. The two went to Monterey, Mexico, where Charlson changed his name to J. F. Robertson. He and Draper opened a restaurant at Monterey, Charlson putting up all the money. They struggled hard to make both ends meet and once in a pinch Charlson divided his last dollar with Draper. Now Charlson charges that it was his friend Draper who informed on him for a reward. He says Draper opened correspondence with a woman in Alabama last fall over his protest and in December last made a mysterious trip to San Antonio, Tex., where he remained. About ten days ago, Charlson says, he had to go over to Chihuahua and via San Antonio was the nearest route. While in that city he met Draper, who induced him to walk up to the government building with him. There he was arrested by an officer in Draper's presence. Charlson will remain in jail until the March term of the United States court, when Judge Bruce will decide whether to send him on to the Brooklyn penitentiary now or place him on trial for some of the other charges that are pending. Draper's treachery to Charlson is very likely to be rewarded by his own arrest. When Draper left here there was no charge against him, but after his departure it was discovered that he had made way with some important papers in the cases of the government against Charlson, so it is alleged, and he is now under indictment for that offense. The government authorities have telegraphed to the authorities at San Antonio ordering Draper's arrest.

WOMAN'S WIT.

TOLD BY A SOCIETY GIRL.

Something About Morphine, Sulphur, Molasses and Other Things.

From the Evening News, Newark, N. J.

Among the popular society leaders in East Orange, N. J., Emma L. Stoll, a charming young maiden, stands in the foremost rank. She is of a lovable disposition and the light of the social set in which she moves. For two years she has been a sick girl from internal troubles peculiar to women, and having recently recovered, has given our reporter the following interesting account:

"Instead of improving under the care of my physician I became worse. For five weeks I was unable to get out of bed and about six o'clock each morning I suffered horribly. My lips were sore and lacerated from the marks of my teeth, for in my efforts to keep from screaming I sunk my teeth deep into my lips. At such times I rolled and tossed until the bed shook like an aspen leaf and it finally got so serious that the doctor—I won't tell you his name—gave me some morphine pills to take. The very thought of them now makes me shiver. These morphine pills simply put me to sleep for a while, and when I became conscious again my agony was renewed.

"The pain in my stomach and back was more than I could stand. 'Your blood is poor,' said the doctor, 'take sulphur and molasses,' and I did until it was a great wonder that I was not a molasses cake. It was time wasted in taking it because I was not benefited in the least; my suffering continued, but by a mighty effort after being in bed so long, I got up. Oh, but I was a sad sight then. From 112 pounds, I had fallen to ninety; my cheeks were pale and sunken and I limped; yes, actually hobbled from the extreme pain in my side. Then I read of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and the testimonial in the News inspired me with hope. I got the pills and took them. Before many days I began to improve and before I had finished one box I felt as if I could go out and walk for miles. I soon stopped limping and through the Pink Pills I soon bid good bye to my headaches, while the pain in my stomach and back slowly but surely succumbed to the influence of these pills that seem to be able to persuade all pain to leave one's body. Now I am as I used to be, well and strong, light-hearted and merry but never without the pills. See I have got some of them now," and from a nearby desk she handed out one of the boxes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Earliest Onions Pay.

There's a market gardener in Minnesota. He is prosperous, makes his money on earliest vegetables, gets his seeds from Salzer, follows Salzer's instructions how to grow 1000 bu. per acre and sells Salzer's King of the Earliest onion already in July and gets $1.50 a bu.! Catalogue tells all about it and of lots of other seed for garden and farm! 35 packages earliest vegetables $1.00.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 12c. stamps to John A. Salzer, La Crosse, Wis., you will get free his great catalogue and a package of yellow watermelon sensation. (A. C.)

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

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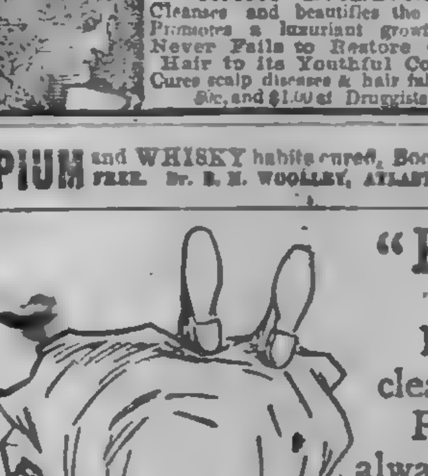

"Plain, but athletic."

(After sketch in New York Truth.)

Evidently the picture of a woman cleaning house for the first time with Pearline. She finds that what has always been the hardest kind of hard work is now comparatively easy, pleasant, quickly done—and in her joy and enthusiasm and high spirits, she kicks up her heels.

Probably this is an extreme case. Still, it may be there are numbers of women who, when they clean house first with Pearline, manifest their pleasure in the same way. You don't hear of it, though. They simply tell you that in all their lives the work of house-cleaning has never been so light, so satisfactory, so soon over, so thoroughly well done.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* JAMES PYLE, New York.

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The millennium is coming for the farmer, for with our new creations in Wheat (60 bu.), Oats (209 bu.), Barley (116 bu.), Corn (267 bu.), Rye (70 bu.), Potatoes (850 bu.), Hay (6 tons), and Green Fodder (100 tons per acre)—we say with such yields the millennium is here for the farmer! SILVER MINE OATS—$200 IN GOLD! This Oat yielded in Pennsylvania (sworn statement) 209 bu. from [illegible] measured acre, and hundreds of farmers who tested same are sure 200 bu. is possible in 1896. SILVER KING BARLEY—$100 IN GOLD! That is the wonder! 116 bu. per acre in 1895 and 150 bu. is possible in 1896. So one thousand growers say. It is marvelous, wonderful. Oh, the millennium is here! Catalogue tells all about it. It is mailed you with 10 grain and grass samples, including Corn and Barley, upon receipt of 10c. postage, or Catalogue alone for 5c. postage.

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The Home Bureau for Delicacies for the Sick, and Nurses' Registry, at 15 West Forty-second st., N. Y., under date of Oct. 20, 1894, writes: "Please send one dozen boxes Ripans Tabules to the Nurses' Club, 104 West Forty-first street. Reports of the Tabules for troubles resulting from disordered digestion come very frequently to our attention here. This Bureau does not dispense medicines, but has opportunity to hear frequent discussions concerning the merits of remedies. It seems to be conceded that the Tabules are a reliable auxiliary to the physician. Some of our patrons use them to a considerable extent, and physicians assure us that the formula is excellent."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

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Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are free for the asking.

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAUCH 5, 1896. NO. 19.

CREATOR OR CREATED.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE HUNGER AND IDLENESS.

Is the Crime of Human or Divine Origin—Premature Death from Hunger, Cold or Exposure in a Country Possessing Unlimited Wealth Is Murder.

From the St. Louis Evening Journal.

Presidents, senators, high muck-a-mucks in the social and political world from home and abroad, including Scrofulous heiress huntres from run-down estates in Europe, and upstart politicians recently promoted from the gutter to the judiciary for devoted sycophancy to the vested interests—these and others of their ilk are now interviewed and held up to public view by the daily papers, and their every remark reported and every action noted so assiduously that the millions—that is the every day fellows like you and me have almost forgotten that we exist. We see the members of the official and social ring quoted so often that we have come to think that they are the country, the people, and when they say "we" or "us" or "our," we common people get confused and think we are in it. They do the talking, for they own the sources of information. We the millions, have no organs and are dumb. So when when they are having a good time the country is prosperous, when they gorge themselves God is good, when they get into a senseless quarrel with the same breed across the water our country must prepare for war and when one of their youngsters has the stomach ache cold weather is prophesied. But we, the people who have been left out in the cold have a mouth-piece now in the Daily Journal, and we are going to speak through it and be interviewed ourselves. Those of us who have sorrows are going to tell how we think they came upon us and give any advice we wish, to others in danger of ills that may be prevented.

A Journal man met an old soldier coming out of the postoffice yesterday and as he did not claim the title of colonel interviewed him.

Have I got anything to say to the public?" he ejaculated in answer to the first inquiry. "I should think I have I have enough to say that if the people would listen to me and had hearts instead of gristley blood pumps they would rise against their present rulers before tomorrow.

I went to the war as a healthy smart young man, from a pleasant home and even left my sweetheart, to give my life to save my country. I generously laid my all on the altar of patriotism and when I returned home wounded and only a wreck of a man I found that the country I thought I was saving had been captured in the rear by a band of scheming traitors headed by John Sherman. I worked hard to make a living but because I would not become a partner to the rascals who looted the public treasury to enrich national banks, I was refused a pension.

"Last year my only daughter who all her life has been devoted to me and nursed me like an angel through every illness and who used to sit up nights to make me delicacies—she was forced to work in a factory on Washington avenue. The boss' son took a liking to her and I don t blame him for she was the loveliest creature you ever laid eyes on. He told her how pretty she was and she was fooled into thinking he was going to marry her. He came to our house many times, and I knew he meant to marry her. I knew he was a good-intentioned fellow and generous, but his grisly old dad said he would disinherit him if he did. My daughter used to tell me with her arms around my neck all the things she was going to do for me [illegible] she married Fred. But one day she came home as pale as death. She said she was sick. I knew she was sick in her mind and got her to tell me that her sweetheart was not going to marry her. I thought this was all, poor child, but one week later she did not return one night, and told me in a note that she was not worthy to live with me any more, and that I would never see her again. The poor youngster, I have been looking for her ever since, but she is gone, I am afraid, forever. I would not condemn her—I would forgive her—I would forgive even the young man. Both are angels beside the prostitute editors and preachers who uphold a system of society that makes Christian marriage impossible, and sells the love of both man and woman for gold. The young man had been sent away by his father for fear I would kill him. No, I wouldn't hurt him; he was only weak; I know he really loved my girl. But I would not object to killing a few of the fellows who have made it impossible for me to get work and support my daughter, and who make social laws against men marrying those they love when poor. I would not object to shouldering my rifle the second time to abolish slavery, this time of sixty instead of four million slaves, whose sons are made drudges or criminals, and whose daughters are regarded as the natural game for the sport of the idle classes. Oh. I just wish they would try to count out the people's choice for president this year, if the poor people elect him. I would just like to get one whack at them. Curse their souls, if they keep on breaking the laws and spitting on the people they will find enough just such broken-hearted, simple-minded fellows of my stripe to make short work of them. No, I ain't got no more to say and if you publish half I've told you you've got more spunk than William Lloyd Garrison."

Muttering a few curses the old wounded soldier walked away. He gave his blood to save his country—to-day his country denies him the opportunity to earn a living and drives his daughter to what is worse than death.

Walking into the postoffice the Journal man saw an old woman writing on a postal card, but after she would write each word she had to stop and wipe the tears from her eyes. She first resented being asked the cause of her sorrow, but after being assured she was talking to a friend explained that she had raised a family of three bright boys, but all were now dead, and that although they once owned their own home and store, doing a prosperous business, the millionaire's department store had caused their failure, and now she and her aged invalid husband were about to be separated and sent to two different charitable houses for the aged. My youngest boy killed himself by overwork trying to make the business go and when he saw we were all going under in spite of his efforts, he lay right down on his bed and died in delirious fever. And to think after losing all our children and working hard all our lives we must now be separated in our old age and be sent to different institutions among strangers—! Oh! My God it is too much! I wish I were dead too!"

When asked if she thought God was to blame for her misfortune she answered: "Oh, no; He made the world big enough and rich enough for all." "Then why is this world filled with so much pain and wretchedness?" continued her interrogator. "I don't know," she sobbed. "Is it not all the fault of those who monopolize the world and deny the poor the right to earn their living?" The poor woman looked up in blank amazement. She had been their in a church led by Pharisees, who had never suggested that God's Kingdom was possible on this earth, or that the present hell is the result of social and political crimes, and so she only shook her old aching head—she could not understand. The idea that the benefit of progress and invention belonged to all alike, and that every man, woman and child in the world might enjoy an abundance of all the good things of life had never occurred to her. The poor thing had cried, "Oh, my God!" in her misery, never realizing that God had given her a world of unlimited beauty and delight, which had forcibly been taken from her by the ruling classes; that these people waste enough in one brutal feast to save the lives of a hundred hungry women and children; that single families squander in useless ostentation weekly what would give comfort, peace and plenty to a neighborhood and that these things are crimes for which the pereptrators must not only answer to heaven but for which they shall very soon have to answer to an enraged and determined people.

The victims of social injustice will be interviewed from time to time by the Journal man and their suggestions published as to how existing social cannibalism can be abolished, how each individual can be most useful in quenching the flames of our earthly hell and overcoming the two-legged devils who now poison the stream of human life.

Alleged Disreputable Action.

The newspapers that believe that a high tariff is the remedy for all our most important ills are berating the Senate finance committee because it reported a free silver bill as a substitute for the tariff bill. It is asserted that the substitute bill is not germane to the original bill. Well, let us see. The purpose of the tariff bill is to raise revenue, to get hold of some money, is it not? If it were passed it is altogether problematical whether it would answer the purpose or not. Importations depend upon a market for what is imported. When times are good and everybody has money to spend a tariff will produce revenue. When nobody has any money, importations will necessarily be light and a revenue from a tariff will not be heavy. The government has asked congress to enact some sort of legislation that will relieve the financial necessities of the treasury. The finance committee had before it the simple question of how to raise money and it very wisely concluded, in our judgment, that the easiest and most certain way of raising money was to provide for the coinage of silver. It seems to us that it was the most sensible thing that the senate has done for ten years. It went about accomplishing a purpose in a direct, business-like, common sense way. The majority of the senate is in favor of free silver. The majority of the senate next year will be in favor of free silver; and to charge that the free silver senators are obstructionists because they provide a way for raising revenue according to their financial convictions, is as silly as would be the charge that the house is an obstructionist because it believes in the tariff bill and not in the silver bill. When a majority of such a straight-back institution as the senate is in favor of free silver, it looks to us as if the gold men ought to pause and ascertain where they are at.—Chicago Voice.

Seeing that by taking in the honest elements of all parties the populists can elect president and vice president, the Wall street wolves (that is all that will be left of the republican and democratic parties after July 22) are already planning to capture the presidency by force. Wonder if they know what such a course would entail? "We have the guns," they say, "the president is ours, the navy is ours, the army is ours. Just let them try and inaugurate a crazy populist president of this country and we'll kill them like cattle." Gentle reader, the above expression comes from a third-term advocate of Mr. Cleveland. He speaks for plutocracy. Wall street has actually planned to steal the presidency in March, next year.

Would not the "pitchfork" make a good and attractive addition to the plow and hammer as an emblem of the people's party?

WHAT GENERAL GRANT SAID:

"With Free and Unlimited Coinage of Gold and Silver we will Clear Away our Public Debt Before the Close of the Century."

These Were Uttered by the President Just After He had Signed the Bill Demonetizing Silver. In Other Words, He did not Know that the Bill which He Signed had for its Object the Destruction of One-half of the Debt-Paying Money of the Country. Yet Wall Street Wolves Tell Us the Demonetization Act was not Sneaked Through Congress by John Sherman and his Co-conspirators from England.

IT'S THE PROGRAM.

SO THINKS A DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

Says that Grover Cleveland and John Sherman Will Support the Same Candidate This Year—Next President Will Be a Populist.

(From the Chicago Opinion.)

National politics have been taking such shape for the past few months that the tariff question promises to be largely eliminated from the coming presidential campaign, through being so completely overshadowed by the financial issue embodying the remonetization of silver at 16 to 1 and the abolition of the national banks.

Many indications point to a general smashing of party lines and the union of men from all parties, who think alike on the financial question, under a new party banner. That the gold standard leaders will control both the republican and democratic national conventions does not permit of a doubt, and while they may attempt to deceive the people as usual by a straddle, those old methods will no longer be effective, and when the lines are fairly drawn it is not improbable that Grover Cleveland and John Sherman will be found standing upon the same platform and supporting Governor Morton of New York for president, who is now reasonably sure to receive the republican nomination at the demand of Wall street, while the democratic party is liable to be absorbed in the extreme west and south by the populist party. Since the meeting, Jan. 22, at Washington, of the silver men matters have made rapid progress toward the fusion of all the elements who believe in a genuine double standard and oppose a surrender of this country to English domination in our financial management under the populist banner. It was there decided to call a national convention to meet June 22, at the same time the populist party is to convene, to select a presidential candidate, when it is expected that conference committees will arrange a platform and candidates that will easily satisfy those two bodies and also all the republicans and democrats, who will be virtually driven out of their respective national conventions, which will already have made nominations and adopted a gold platform in the face of strong and bitter opposition. All western republicans and democrats also southern democrats, who are opposed to reduction in value of the silver dollar will have no place to go but to the new party, and in most cases will control the party machinery west of the Mississippi and south of Mason and Dixon's line. Consequently, in those states both of the old parties will be placed in the attitude of bolters and the populists assured of every electoral vote in all of those states, thus making it incumbent upon them only to carry Indiana and Michigan in order to win the election, both of which states have always retained a strong greenback sentiment. Republican and democratic aid in those states will accomplish that much. In Michigan Mayor Pingree, of Detroit, an ardent free-silver man, will undoubtedly secure the republican nomination for governor, and the gold standard republicans will be compelled to bolt. A fusion of the Pingree men, silver democrats and populists for electors is assured, which means their election. In Indiana the democrats will place themselves squarely upon the silver platform, and a fusion with the populists and silver republicans assure a large majority in the state. In Illinois the populists will hold their convention first, and the program is now to nominate Governor Altgeld and Attorney General Moloney, with perhaps Hinrichsen, thus paving the way for a fusion of all the free silver men in the state upon one ticket. The candidates who are to lead this formidable party comprised of men who have tired of the double dealings of both old parties upon the vital interests that more than all others affect business prosperity to-day, are Senators Henry M. Teller of Colorado, long a leading republican, for president, and Senator Morgan of Alabama, Representative Crisp of Georgia, or some such man for vice-president. Mr. Teller has always been a loyal republican, but has never failed to place the financial question above that of tariff. Work on these lines has been going on for months, and 8,000 newspapers are already prepared to sustain the silver party. T. H. Carter, chairman of the republican national committee, must naturally stand by his avowed convictions and throw his influence into the scale for silver. Tom Reed has never taken a position on the question where he could be counted, while McKinley already scents the new arrangement of party lines, and is speaking upon both sides of the issue. The nomination of Governor Morton will make many heart burnings, especially when it it known to be at the dictation of Wall street, with ten millions behind it and double that amount if necessary, all of which was made by the syndicate who sold Cleveland's bonds. The headquarters of the Bimetallic Union is in this city and is in charge of Edward B. Light, secretary, and Hon. H. F. Bartine, editor of the National Bimetallist. They are doing a vast amount of missionary work and disseminating the silver doctrine through an immense volume of literature, with which they are flooding Indiana, Illinois and Michigan and educating the people. At the same time W. H. Harvey (Coin) is still actively engaged in making converts through his splendid organization of the Patriots of America. Leading greenbackers like General Weaver of Iowa, Jed Spalding of Michigan, and Robert Schilling of Wisconsin fully approve of the movement, as do the populist leaders like Senator Peffer of Kansas. Politicians may decry the issue and machine men attempt to dodge and straddle again, and once more fool the people, but every move upon the checkerboard is forcing men who think alike to bury all old prejudices and stand together for their own interests and a common country. Let the honest voter take notice and govern himself accordingly. The next president will be a populist.

NATIONAL LEGION.

CIRCULAR NO. 2.

The Legion is now rapidly growing among the people; it is growing faster than any organization in the nation. The People's party must thoroughly organize. If it will not, it will meet with the fate of the Greenback and Labor parties. If they want to preserve the faith they have battled for on many fields, it is of the highest importance that they should unite at once in the Legion and seek converts in a regular systematic way. It is possible between now and July 22d to convert the great mass of the people who are dissatisfied with the two old parties. We must provide a plan to educate and instruct them in the faith we hold. If we had a Legion in every state, county, precinct and school district in the land, as has been constantly recommended, there would be no misunderstanding about our platform and vital principles. What we must do is to educate the people; and we should at once, without a moment's delay, organize. It is no use quarreling with each other; no use reviling at the faults and frailties and mistakes that may be made. What we want is perfect unity and organization. It is useless to criticise the action at St. Louis. We must without sacrifice of principle hold out the olive-branch to those who believe as we do on fundamental questions, and keep our "doors open to the North, South, East and West" if we expect to win and relieve the oppressed people. I have ever upheld the Omaha platform, and will loyally do so until the St. Louis convention establishes its creed. I believe that we will agree without the loss of our self-respect or the abandonment of our principles. In order to hold our faith we should organize into a compact, united band. And if the two million who have voted our ticket, and the loyal following associated with them in their households, will organize and individually and by force of perfect organization go into earnest missionary work, we can convert enough voters before July to win the fight.

From every quarter come the glad tidings of great accessions to our ranks. In some localities it amounts to a landslide. We can never gain in this grand contest if we are divided ourselves. I have had many grievances and have been burdened with a heavy task. I have resented bitterly unfair treatment, but I am willing to bury it all and labor to organize for victory in 1896. The people should sustain their committees. They should build up and encourage their newspapers. They should cheer the overworked, illy paid editors. They should be willing, one and all, to "divide their last blanket and last crust" with each other, and remember that no great cause has ever triumphed unless martyrs trod the hot plowshares and unselfishness was ever uppermost. We have adopted a new form of membership for those who desire it and who wish to swell the fund for propaganda work.

We send the certificate of membership, a beautiful token, and Legion button to all sending $1.00; and with it we enclose a full set of supplies and commission as Legion Scout if desired; and a sample copy of The Nation, which prints all orders and circulars. There is no red tape. Send for papers and organize at once.

We want you in line now; and the moment you read this go out and drum up ten people and organize and send for charter. Always enclose stamps for supplies. We draw no salaries, and labor as a freewill gift. We are already burdened with a load of debt incurred in this work. We want to establish a lecture bureau, and we urge your active co-operation. Our mail is constantly increasing and we need a typewriter for this great work. We do not appeal to or beg of the people. It is their work and they should help sustain it.

This is a great struggle for human rights. No more sacred contest was ever waged in all the ages. If we are alive, if we will awake, if we will arouse from slumber, and each one do his whole duty—if we are a band of freedom, united in fraternity—we can restore liberty and bring back prosperity. We are in the ruthless hands of aliens and traitors to our nation who sell our birthright daily. Our rulers worship the golden image, and humiliation and shame are the lot of our patriotic people.

A new Declaration of Independence is demanded, and on our shoulders rests the sacred work.

PAUL VAN DERVOORT.

Boycotting the Populists.

The "Times-Echo" of Eureka Springs, Ark., says:

"There is one peculiarity about all Populist papers that's very noticeable—they run practically no advertisements. Perhaps advertisers think that a man who will read a Populist paper hasn't money enough to buy goods that are advertised.".

We can hear some old party merchant chuckling to himself as he reads that little squib.

The partisan merchant knows why Populist papers have very little advertising. It is a part of the organized boycott against people who protest against being robbed.

Populist papers have just as large subscription lists, and often larger, than any old party paper published in the same counties. Their readers have just as much money to buy goods as do the farmers and laborers of the two old parties, and they are more intelligent and likely to see a good point in an advertisement.

But Populist papers are boycotted purely for partisan reasons.

Most Populist editors do not expect any patronage from old party sources—and some are so independent that they fly at their masthead, "No advertisers need apply."

It requires courage to run a Populist paper—but Populist newspaper men are usually "built that way."

In view of these facts Populists generally are beginning to see the wisdom of "tit for tat," and patronizing only those business men who consider their trade worth asking for. By and by no Populist will buy anything at all from the merchant who boycotts his paper.

We must do it in self-defense.

A Don't Care Citizen.

Don't care how the cotton sells—
Takin' of my ease,
Where the music of the bells
Jingles on the breeze.

Don't care how the country goes—
Roamin' far an' free;
In the woods there blooms a rose
Red an' sweet for me!

Don't care how the cities roll—
Thundering along!
Streak o' sunshine in my soul
Twinklin' into song!

Don't care where my life is led—
Still it's honey sweet,
Blue sky smilin' overhead—
Green earth at my feet!

—Atlanta Constitution.

BEN M. JACOBS & BROS.,

Birmingham, Ala.

Rockers, Sideboards, Hall Racks,

Couches, Dining Tables, Parlor Suits,

Easy Chairs, China Cabinets, Commodes,

Music Stands, Chamber Suits, Book Cases,

Rugs, Desks, Carpets, Pictures

In justice to yourself you cannot purchase before looking at our immense stock, (the largest in Alabama) covering four immense floors, and getting our prices. You will be sure to be pleased.

2011 FIRST AVE Birmingham

Jacobs' Carpets & Furniture Birmingham, Ala.

Special attention to mail orders

CURRENT OF COMMERCE.

About the Usual Number of Failures, With Average Liabilities.

BUSINESS GAINS IN THE WEST.

No General Improvement—Demand for Industrial Products Not Equal to Supply—Fewer Labor Difficulties Than Usual—Decline in Cottons.

Failures in the three weeks of February show liabilities of $10,839,916, against $8,523,028 last year and $11,420,418 in 1894. Failures for the week have been 273 in the United States, against 259 last year, and 53 in Canada, against 38 last year.

In some quarters business gains at the west rather than at the east, but there is no general change for the better, though hopefulness still predominates. Foreign affairs grow more pacific and public opinion turns more resolutely towards sound money, but the want of sufficient demand for the products of the great industries still retards actual improvement. Strikes of some importance in garment making and kindred lines affect trade in Chicago and Baltimore, but there are fewer labor difficulties than usual, as existing conditions warn wage-earners that controversies at this time are unwise. The speculative market shows little life.

The market for textile goods is disappointing. Materials reductions in cottons have not brought out the needed demand, and a further decline in Lawrence, L. L. brown sheetings this week to 4 1-8 cents corresponds with reports that mills of some importance may prefer to arrest production for a time unless the demand improves. Clay worsteds are again a shade lower; the range for all woolens is scarcely 1 per cent higher than a year ago, although wool is more than 7 per cent higher and a good many mills are closing or reducing time. The feature in iron has been the large demand for wrought and cast pipe. Large orders for structural are received at Chicago and expected at the east, as building plans are unusually large; but sheets sell slowly and rails very little, though bar iron is fairly active, with many orders coming for cars. Iron quotations average 2 per cent lower for the week, because of the drop in Bessemer at Pittsburg to $12.50, and in gray forge to $10.75. The demand for boots and shoes gains very little. Exports of domestic products from New York for three weeks show a gain of 16 per cent over last year, while imports in the same time scarcely increase.

NOTIFIED TO GET OUT.

Pleasant Way in Which Pennsylvania Workers Show Preference.

Daniel Winter, who was appointed president pro tem. of the National Window Glass Workers' association when President Burns was suddenly deposed last week, and Hudson Campbell, presiding officer of L. A. No. 300, were run out of Jeannette, Pa., last week by a mob of more than 1,000 men and boys. The officers went to Jeannette to visit the glass workers at the Chambers-McKee factory. The latter are friendly to Burns and as soon as the officials were recognized work was stopped. A crowd quickly gathered and the two men were notified to get out of the town at once. They started for the station, followed by a howling mob, blowing horns and threatening them with summary punishment.

The crowd finally became so demonstrative that Winter and Campbell took refuge in Burgess Bethune's office from which they were escorted to the railroad station by the police, followed by the mob, yelling, "Burns, Burns, Burns, is president," and "Hang the villains." The two men quickly boarded the train and as it pulled out for Pittsburg the last words Campbell and Winter heard were a promise of death if they returned to Jeannette.

NO OBJECTION

To Bimetallic Congress Has J. Bull, But Can't Think of Opening India Mints to Silver.

In the British house of commons Friday Mr. George N. Curzon, under secretary for foreign affairs, stated that the government had been approached with a view to the convening of another international bimetallic congress. To these representations Lord Salisbury had replied that he would consult with his colleagues in the ministry before giving a definite answer. The premier informed the powers making the overtures, however, that he had no desire to oppose the holding of such a conference if good grounds were shown, but upon learning that the reopening of the Indian mints was a necessary condition to an international monetary agreement he refused to continue the matter to any further conclusion.

Specie Exports

The exports of specie from the port of New York for the week amounted to $347,500 in gold and $1,338,000 in silver. The imports were: Gold, $769,447; silver, $51,618; dry goods, $3,935,305; general merchandise, $8,615,976.

WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

THE Republican convention yesterday at Calera passed resolutions against co-operation or fusion and indorsed the nomination of Gen. Joseph H. Burke, of Calhoun, for governor.

THE resolutions in the U. S. Senate in regard to the belligerent rights of the Cuban patriots have wounded the susceptibilities of the Spanish people and now it is war talk again.

EUGENE DEBBS, the labor leader, gave an excellent lecture on the brotherhood of man in Birmingham last Sunday. He received an ovation on his arrival in the city and was carried to his hotel on the shoulders of his admirers.

THE committee on elections have made their report in favor of seating W. F. Aldrich from this district, and the cause of honest elections in Alabama has gained a great victory. We hope next week to be able to say that Capt. Goodwyn has been seated for the fifth district.

THE Senate committee on elections have reported favorably on Senator Allen's resolution for the appointment of a committee, to consist of two Democrats, two Republicans and one Populist, to inquire into the legality of the present Alabama legislature that returned Senator Morgan.

IN Jefferson county we notice the announcement of our old and highly esteemed friend A. J. O'Keefe, editor of the Independent, for the office of representative in the legislature. Jefferson sends six representatives to the legislature and we hope and expect to see six Populists returned. If it should unfortunately happen that a democrat is to be one of the six we certainly would like to see Mr. O'Keefe that one. Although he still remains in the Democratic party he is a gentleman of broad mind and liberal views, and a staunch free silver man. He is a well known labor man and was president of the Birmingham Trades Council.

THE Republican convention of the fourth Alabama district met yesterday at Calera and in our opinion did an unkind act in nominating H. Alex Wilson, of Lomax, as their candidate for congress. Our present congressman, Hon. W. F. Aldrich, fought a great fight in the last campaign which is only just completed. In all probability he is the only man in the district who could have carried the affair to such a satisfactory conclusion. But it would appear the republicans think Mr. Aldrich is too good a Populist for them and have declined to nominate him again. Republicans in this district cannot elect their man without Populist support. The logical conclusion is that Mr. Aldrich should come directly into the Populist party and if he desires to be again returned to congress we can and will elect him. We extend the invitation and say, come!

CONFEDERATE MUSEUM.

After more than thirty years, during which time the historic building was used as headquarters for the United States Military Commanders of District No. 1 and as a Public Grammar School, the Jefferson Davis mansion, known the world over as the "White House of the Confederacy," is about ready to be thrown open as a Confederate Museum.

A room has been assigned to each of the Confederate States and has been put in charge of a Regent residing in that State, together with a Vice-Regent residing in Richmond. The duty of the former will be to gather and forward all Confederate relics possible in her State, while the Vice will have charge of the room. The Regent and Vice-Regent for Alabama are Miss Mary Clayton, of Eufaula, Ala., and Mrs. Jas. H. Drake, of Richmond, Va., respectively. Miss Clayton is to gather the relics and forward them to Mrs. Drake who will place them in the Alabama room for preservation and exhibition. In order to collect these relics Miss Clayton desires to appoint a committee in each city and town in the State to assist her.

Time and ill-use have greatly impaired the Davis mansion and it will be necessary to have the Alabama room made suitable for the reception of the relics, and glass cases will have to be procured in which to preserve them. Miss Clayton desires the committees appointed in the cities and towns to collect as much money as possible with which to repair and furnish the room. The larger the amount of money the more creditable will be made the Alabama exhibit. She feels sure that every old Confederate, as well as their sons and daughters will be glad to assist her.

Miss Mary Clayton, of Eufaula, Regent for Alabama of the Confederate Battle Abbey Association, is the daughter of the gallant and distinguished Maj Gen Henry D Clayton, who was the ideal of splendid soldiers he commanded on many battle fields, and who died while president of the State University at Tuscaloosa

J. J. L. STEWART.

Mr. Stewart who is well and favorably known throughout the county but more particularly in the neighborhood of Verbena where he has resided for many years is a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor. Mr. Stewart is thoroughly posted on the duties of the office having served the county of Autauga as Tax Assessor in a most efficient manner, gaining the respect and confidence of even his political opponents. If elected we are satisfied he will make as good a record in this county.

P. E. HARRIS.

Mr. P. E. Harris, of Plantersville, is announced as a candidate for county commissioner for the Third District. This gentleman has never sought office before but his neighbors and friends, by whom he is held in high estimation, have induced him to become a candidate in this coming election. The people are aware that the county commissioners have a great responsibility and are seeking the best men for the position. If elected Mr. Harris will look well after the interests of his constituents and the county.

RUFUS C. RIGGINS.

The announcement of Mr. Rufus C. Riggins' candidacy for the office of county commissioner for the First District will be hailed with satisfaction by his friends. Mr. Riggins during his term of office as justice of the peace in beat 4 made a good reputation. He is a gentleman highly thought of in his own community and we feel assured the interests of the county could not be entrusted to better hands. If he is elected he will undoubtedly make an excellent commissioner.

BEN H. WELLS.

It has been understood for some time past that Mr. Ben H. Wells would be a candidate for the office of tax collector and his announcement is very gratifying to his friends. Ben is a strong man and enters the race with a vim and vigor that will carry him well forward to the goal. He has been a leading man in the reform movement from its beginning and is well known throughout the county. Thoroughly posted on the duties of the office to which he aspires he will, if elected, make a most efficient tax collector.

MOSES ROBINSON.

It is with unqualified pleasure we make the announcement of the candidacy of Mr. Moses Robinson for re-election as commissioner for the Fourth District. At the present time it is of the utmost importance that some tried and true man should be on the board of commissioners and the able manner in which the proceedings of the board have been conducted, together with his great experience in county matters, make it eminently proper that Mr. Robinson at least should be retained in the office he has so worthily filled. We hardly expect there will be any opposition to his candidacy, but if there should be we are confident of his re-election.

Subscribe for THE BANNER.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

By authority of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county a convention of the Democratic party of said county is hereby called to meet at the court house in Clanton on Wednesday the 15th day of April, 1895, at 12 o'clock for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Democratic State convention which meets in Montgomery on April 21. The following apportionment of delegates has been fixed by the committee: Beat 1, Mineral Spring, 4; beat 2, Providence 4, Jemison 6; beat 3, Benson 5; beat 4, Clanton 12; beat 5, Coopers 5, Verbena 7; beat 6, Kincheon 5; beat 8, Maplesville, 5; beat 8, Dixie, 8; beat 9, Strasburg, 4.

Delegates will be chosen to the convention at an election to be held as nearly as may be under the forms governing general elections in this State on Saturday April 11, 1896. All white voters who will support the nominees of the Democratic party, are entitled to participate in the election of delegates to the county convention.

R EHRMAN,
Acting Chairman Democratic Executive Committee Chilton Co.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Turn-Round Topics.

Rev. Mr. Taylor filled his regular appointment here Saturday, and Sunday being the time appointed for the obsequies to be preached by Rev. I. L. Long of the deceased Mr. Sneed, who died a month ago, he preached the funeral and delivered a most eloquent sermon.

Mr. Wm Taylor and family, of Coopers, attended church Sunday.

Mr. Joe Cash and wife of Bozeman, were with us Sunday.

Miss Alice Morgan, of Prattville, is visiting the family of Mr. H. I. Norris.

Our genial young friend, Mr. Frank Higgins, of Higgins ferry, paid us a visit Sunday

Mr. Will Gray and family, of Friendship visited here Sunday.

Uncle Jack Mims and son, Mr. John Mims, of Swift Creek, visited relatives and friends here last week.

Misses Julia and Lona Connell, two of the prettiest and most accomplished young ladies of the Cross Roads, spent Sunday with Miss Daisy Kendrick.

Messrs. Cato and John Pattillo visited Providence Sunday.

Mr. Cole and Mr. Wiley Gray of Coopers, attended the dance at Mr. Tom McKinney's Wednesday night.

Success to the BANNER.

TIM.

• • •

For seven years or more Mrs. W. D. Louder, of Quincy, Ky., was subject to severe attacks of cramp colic. Mr. S. R. Morse, a druggist of that place, recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, which has effected a permanent cure, saving her much suffering besides the trouble and expense of sending for a doctor, which was often necessary. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

• • •

Maplesville Music.

Farmers are beginning to prepare their land for another crop.

Mr. A. J. Marlar gave an entertainment on the night of the 14th for the sake of the young people of this community.

Mr. H. H. Gragg and sisters, Misses Isabelle and Ida, visited the family of Mr. S. B. McCary on the 14th, also attended the entertainment at Dr. Marlars.

Our neighbor girls look shy when the Jemison twins come down; it is well to look shy for they take the day wherever they go.

Mr. L. B. Broadhead gave a nice sociable on the night of the 15th for the sake of our most charming young ladies, Misses Ida and Isabelle Gragg. Come again girls, we all fell in love with you.

We are sorry to relate the accident that happened to our friend Briggs Sexton on the 14th; his gun exploded hurting him badly but not seriously. Success to THE BANNER.

COUSIN.

• • •

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

ANNOUNCEMENTS,

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Killgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary

JAMES T. COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P M Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary. J. A. LOGAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. BEN. H. WELLS.

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.

L. B. POUNDS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. J. J. L. STEWART.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

L. H. REYNOLDS.

At the solicitation of, perhaps, too partial friends throughout the county I announce myself a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party of Chilton county. If elected to this office my best endeavors will be exerted in securing such legislation as shall redound to the best interests of our State and County.

FRANK CRICHTON.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

COMMISSIONER.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

RUFUS C. RIGGINS

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

MOSES ROBINSON.

"Perhaps you would not think so, but a very large proportion of disease in New York, comes from carelessness about catching cold," says Dr. Syrus Edson. "It is such a simple thing and so common that few people, unless it is a case of pneumonia, pay any attention to a cold. New York is one of the healthiest places on the Atlantic Coast and yet there are a great many cases of catarrh and consumption which have their origin in this neglect of the simplest precaution of every day life. The most sensible advice is, when you have one get rid of it as soon as possible. By all means do not neglect it." Dr. Edson does not tell you how to cure a cold but we will. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will relieve the lungs, aid expectoration, open the secretions and soon effect a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

PROGRAM OF SABBATH-SCHOOL CONVENTION OF MULBERRY ASSOCIATION.

Program for the Sabbath-school convention of the Mulberry Association to be held with Antioch church on Saturday before the fifth Sunday in March, 1896:

At 10 a.m. Devotional exercises by Rev. Sutton Smitherman.

Address of welcome by D. B Smitherman.

Subjects for discussion:

1. What should be the qualifications of a Sunday-school teacher? opened by A. Glass, T. W. Langston and J. P. Gentry.

2. What is our motives for going to the Sabbath-school? opened by A. Mims, J J. Hicks, R. J. Jones.

3 What advantage is the Sabbath-school to civilization? opened by Martin J. Franklin, T. G. Williams, J. W. Scott.

4. Can we improve on the modern methods of conducting Sunday-school and if so how? opened by H. L. Hicks, D. L. Smitherman and W. H. Shaw

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock Sunday-school mass meeting, conducted by R. M. Honeycutt. At 11 o'clock introductory sermon by L. B. Pounds.

All Sunday-school workers are cordially invited to attend.

COMMITTEE.

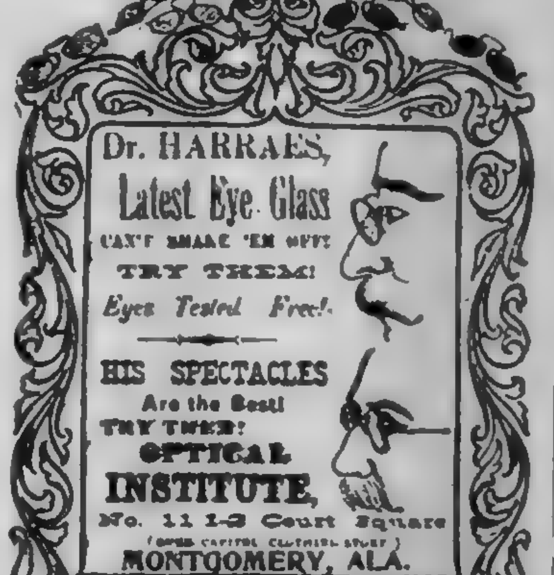
Don't forget that April 14 is the date of the first primary.

A Great Chance to Make Money.

I want to tell you of my wonderful success. Being a poor girl and needing money badly, I tried the Dish Washer business and have cleared $200 every month. It is more money than I ever had before, and can't help telling about it, for I believe any person can do as well as I have if they only try. I sell from 5 to 15 machines a day. My business is increasing and am going to keep right on until I make $10,000. There is no excuse to be poor when so much money can be made selling dishwashers. The Washers sell on side; every lady wants one. The Mound City Dish Washer does splendid work; you can wash and dry the dishes in two or three minutes without putting your hands in the water at all. Try this business and let us know how you succeed. The Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo., will give you all necessary instructions so you can begin work at once.

ELIZABETH C.

A severe rheumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr. J. H. Loper, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for over six months. At times the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything. With all he could do he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm. "I only made three applications of it," he says, "And have since been free from all pain." He now recommends it to persons similarly afflicted. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.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Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

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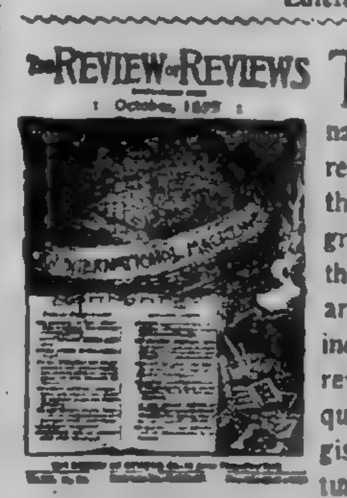
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

FOR SALE 160 acres of land six miles north-west of Clanton. (Estate of J. P. Littleton) Apply to ISAAC LITTLETON, Clanton, Ala.

Mr Joe Johnson who has been attending school at East Lake, is visiting his father who is in feeble health.

Miss Mattie Sue Chandler is on a visit to her aunt at Spigners.

Tax collector Gentry was in town Monday.

Mr. L. H. Reynolds, of Jemison, was in town the first of the week.

Mr. J. J. L. Stewart, of Verbena, was in town this week.

Mr. Robert Aldridge, of Oxmoor, Ala., visited relatives here last Sunday.

Mr. Ben Wells, of Coopers, was in town shaking hands with friends Monday.

Mr. G. W. Armstrong, of Jemison, gave us a pleasant call Monday.

Mr. B. H. Chesnutt, who has taken charge of Mr. Ehrman's mill at Lomax, has removed his family back to their old place in town.

Col. Knox has rented the Patrick Smith home and moved into it.

Col. Knox attended the republican convention at Calera yesterday.

The friends of Dr. Joe Johnson, Sr., will regret to hear of his illness. He is under the treatment of Dr. E. A. Matthews, of this place. We wish for the doctor a speedy recovery.

Mr. J. P. Allen, of Jemison, was with his many friends in Clanton this week.

I have a car load of horses and mules to sell at my farm near Verbena.
S. B. SHAW.

If you want sugarcane seed go to Berry Knight.

Mrs. Sheriff Moore is visiting relatives in West Chilton—the particular relative this time is a young gentleman who arrived quite recently at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harris.

Mr Dukes, the contractor for the new court house, arrived here Monday and has been busily engaged in finding material in the neighborhood to make brick. We understand he has found suitable clay and is making arrangements with the owner of the land. Men and teams will be here early next week to commence operations.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.
H. I. HONEYCUTT.
Clanton, Ala., March 3, '96.

Last Wednesday about noon the lot buildings of Mr. H. J. Hardy, 5½ miles west of Clanton were burned to the ground. Mr. Hardy had been clearing new ground and the nearest brush heap was about 40 yards from the buildings. It is supposed that either a current of air carried the fire to the buildings or that a rabbit in the brush heap caught fire and ran under the buildings. In addition to the lot buildings a mule was burned and Mr. Hardy lost all his corn and fodder and a ton of guano. The neighbors have made good the loss so far as the corn and fodder is concerned and also helped him with some money.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives the best satisfaction of any cough medicine I handle, and as a seller leads all other preparations in this market. I recommend it because it is the best medicine I ever handled for coughs, colds and croup. A. W. Baldridge, Millersville, Ill. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:
Mr. Andrew M. Walker and Miss Mary Chandler.

Col. W. A. Collier is in town to-day.

Messrs. W. D. Lawrence, T. E. Crompton, D. C. Savage and H. J. Foshee, all of Maplesville, are in town to-day on business.

Mr. W. L. Sampey is contemplating building a new brick storehouse.

Hon. Frank L. Pettus, of Montgomery, is in town to-day.

Hon. H. A. Wilson, of Lomax, Republican candidate for congress was in town this morning.

MR. BEN M. JACOBS, U. S. weather bureau voluntary observer at Birmingham makes the following report for February: Mean temperature 50 degrees; maximum temperature 70 degrees on the 26th, minimum 23 degrees on the 17th; total rainfall 4 39 inches; 18 clear days, 9 cloudy and 1 partly cloudy; prevailing wind north.

HEART DISEASE, like

many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but Constantly grows worse. There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and Don't know what to take for it, as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I couldn't lie down nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. I believe I am fully cured, and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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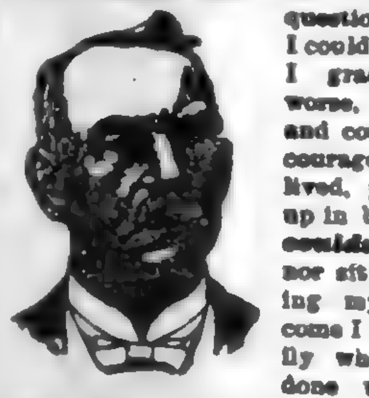
Restores Health



South Calera.

Farm work is beginning to flourish around here.

The Spoke Factory here is running on full time; Mr. G. B. Deans chairman of our executive committee, is superintendent of the works here.

South Calera Sabbath school has ordered a lot of song books to put in their new library.

The Christian Endeavor Society of South Calera church held their semi-annual election of officers last Sunday evening, resulting in the election of Prof. J. E. Creel, president, Federick Endres, vice-president, K. M. Jones, Secretary treasurer.

Owing to the sickness of Rev. J. L. Busby's family the stand was occupied Sunday by Rev. J. R. Crowson who preached an excellent sermon.

Mr. H. Harsh, of Birmingham, attended church here Sunday.

Anyone wishing to educate their children would do well to patronize the South Calera school under the principalship of Prof. J. E. Creel, cheap school, cheap board, good school and good society.

FISHING BASKET.

* * *

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1 00

* * *

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

PATENTS OBTAINED. TERMS EASY

Thirty-five years' experience. Examinations and reports free. Prompt attention. Send drawing and description to
L. BAGGER & Co. Att'ys Washington, D.C.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Clanton, Ala., March 3, '96.

Editor BANNER: Please allow me a small space in your interesting paper to say a few words on behalf of Mr. M. A. Kilgore, who I see is a candidate for sheriff. I have known him for fifteen years and think he is a good kind-hearted Christian man and will make a good sheriff. He stands high in my settlement. I think that beats 1 and 4 are for him.

Yours truly, W. M. KNOX.

* * *

Maplesville, Ala., Feb. 23, '96.

Editor BANNER: I am a middle of the road Populist. I saw several names of candidates for our county offices and want to say look out, boys, pull on your caps and look sharp. The man who beats L. B. Pounds for assessor will have to hustle; the man that beats T. J. Hubbard won't be found this time, and Lee Hayes is talked of more than any man yet.

CHRISTOPHER.

* * *

West Chilton, Feb. 26, '96.

Hayes and Bailey will have a large majority in this part of the county. The people here are not satisfied at having two primaries, they think one would have been enough. But nevertheless we will attend both of them with every foot up and toe nails dragging and poll it up for Hayes and Bailey. X.

Teacher's Institute.

The Chilton County institute met at Isabella, Feb. 21st.

Institute opened with prayer by L. B. Pounds.

First subject, The best way of impressing upon the pupils the importance of an education, A B Harwood opened followed by R. E. R. Hicks, J. W. Moore and L. B. Pounds. Home and parental duties, responded to by B. D. Wilson, also discussed by J. W. Moore R. E. R. Hicks, J. Alex Moore and L. B. Pounds. Adjourned one hour for dinner 2 p m Institute called to order Should country schools be graded? A lively discussion by the teachers joined in by several citizens, who gave good talks, all agreeing that they should be graded when they can be done so with justice to all Opening question box and answers to questions; adjourned to meet Saturday at 8:30 a m Institute met according to adjournment, opened with music by Prof Veazey and others, prayer by J. Alex Moore. Miss Sadie King and H L Hicks were added to the program committee and instructed to prepare program for next Institute History, H. L. Hicks opened, followed by W R Headley, A B Harwood, J Alex Moore, R E R Hicks and Miss Sadie King; next subject taken, Can reading be successfully taught in the schoolroom simply by hearing reading lessons, discussed by J W Moore Miss Sadie King R E R Kicks and J Alex Moore Adjourned until 2 p m, at 2 o'clock Institute resumed work, Orthography discussed by J W and J Alex Moore

The following resolutions on the death of Miss Viola Woolley were read and adopted:

By some mysterious dispensation of all wise Providence, He has seen fit to remove from the cares of this life one of our most earnest teachers, and that in this removal the county has lost a friend to education, and the teachers profession, a noble worker. That such a life was severed in the death of Miss Viola Woolley, Therefore be it

RESOLVED 1. That in the death of Miss Woolley, her patrons have lost an untiring worker, her pupils a noble example.

2d. That we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who is too wise to err and too good to be unkind.

3d. That we extend our sympathy to the grief stricken family.

4th. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the BANNER and to the Montevallo paper for publication. Also a copy furnished the bereaved family.

On motion the Institute adjourned to meet at call of the president.

J. W. MOORE, Pres.
A. B. HARWOOD, Sec.

Notice of Application for Pardon.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor for the pardon of Isaiah Patrick convicted at the Fall Term 1895 of Circuit Court of Chilton County of the offense of burglary.

B. T. PATRICK.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHŒA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

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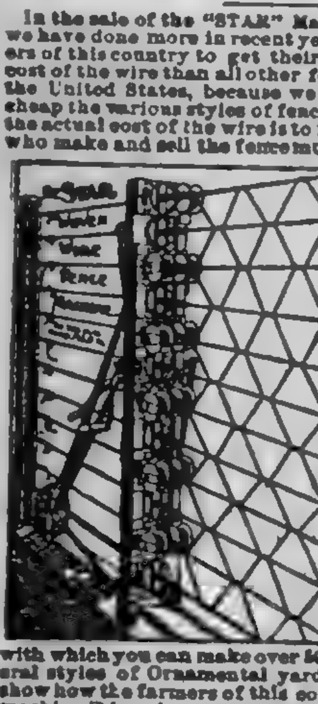
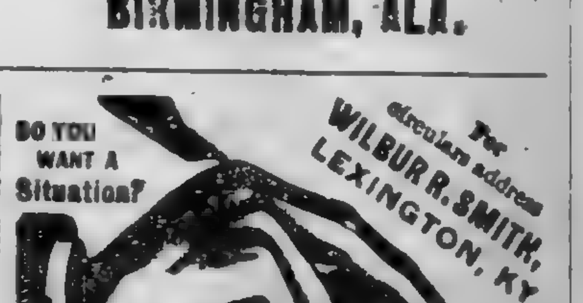
AND NEW ACME RESTAURANT
(GELDERS HOTEL COMPANY)

RATES PER DAY $1.25 AND UP MEALS 25 CENTS
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below, we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer and with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 400,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 76,000 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One cent isn't much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 1092, Ridgeville, Indiana.





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COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY
Awarded Medal by World's Exposition
For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, etc. Cost to complete Business Course about $90, including tuition, books and board. Phonography, Typewriting and Telegraphy taught. 10,000 successful graduates—100 in banks and 100 officials. No Vacation. ENTER NOW. Kentucky University Diploma awarded our graduates. ☞ *Assistance given our graduates in securing situations.* ☞ *In order that your letters may reach this College save this notice and address as below.*
WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
—IS VIA THE—

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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
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Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
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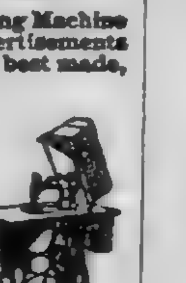

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

Headquarters for Sweet Peas

Mixed Varieties per pound 40 cents,
Half pound 25 cents.
Quarter pound 15 cents.

....THE ONLY
NEW DOUBLE SWEET PEA Bride of Niagara
True to name. Packet 25 cents, half Packet 15 cents.
The Wonderful **Crimson Rambler Rose** Only 15 cents.

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THE PIONEER SEED CATALOGUE.
Chromo-lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Roses, Fuchsia White Phenomenal, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables.

Tried and True Novelties.
Fuchsia double white Phenomenal
Blackberry, The Rathbun.
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The Earliest Tomato known.

Filled with good things old and new.
Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts. which may be deducted from first order—really FREE—or free with an order for any of the above.

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MANGLES FOR Family Use.

An ordinary family ironing can be done on the "Racine" Mangle in twenty minutes.

No Heat, No Fuel, No Scorching.

The goods always retain their pure whiteness and will wear twice as long as where hot irons are used.

SAVES FUEL, SAVES TIME,
SAVES LABOR, SAVES THE CLOTHES,
EVERY MANGLE GUARANTEED.

Prices within the means of every family. Made in six styles and ten sizes for families, hotels, laundries, etc. Send for our new illustrated catalogue.

THE RACINE MANGLE CO., RACINE, WIS.
EDITOR—We can vouch for the reliability of this company.

Our line of School Furniture and Supplies is the most nearly complete ever offered by a single firm.

We can furnish and equip a school throughout better and more cheaply than anyone else.

Write for particulars.

We want an experienced agent in every county. Good opening for a good man. Write for terms and mention this medium.

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Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.
Dr. I. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

P.P.P.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formul is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through it I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FRAZIER, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me." J. M. Lasater, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD—
POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR
BOOKLET.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family, and costs only 50 cents; the large size $1. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and for sale by all druggists.

A woman will battle equally for her children, her principles and her ideas.

Yellow Rind, Blood Red Flesh!

A wonderful combination, a tremendous novelty, found only in Salzer's Golden Pumpkin Watermelon. It's marvelous. We paid $300 for one melon! You will want it, everybody wants it. 5 kernels 10c., 25 kernels 40c. 35 packages earliest vegetable seeds $1.00. Our new creations in oats yielding 201½ bu., barley 116 bu., potatoes 1200 bus. per acre! Where will it end?

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND with 10c. postage to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free a package of above Salzer's Golden Pumpkin Watermelon seed and our 148 page seed catalogue free. Catalogue alone 5c. for mailing. (A. C.)

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A Great Blessing—Something in the Reach of Everybody.

What would you think of a man who was sick and constantly lived in reach of salvation, yet because he had failed in other directions refuses to take the blessing that is before him? This was the case with Mr. John S. Cook, of Atlanta.

"I have been suffering with dyspepsia for ten years. I began taking Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and gained fifteen pounds in thirty day. I commend it to the public as a great blessing. I can eat supper, go to bed and sleep like a babe—something I could not do before." Price 50 cts. per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

The thirst for justice is apt to end with the righting one's own wrongs.

Nothing in bath or laundry so good as Borax. Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap needs but one trial to prove its value. Costs same as poorer floating soap. No one has ever tried it without buying more. Your grocer has it.

Our wealth is often a snare to ourselves and always a temptation to others.

BRONCHITIS. Sudden changes of the weather cause Bronchial Troubles. *"Brown's Bronchial Troches"* will give effective relief.

Opinions grounded on prejudice are always sustained with the greatest violence.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mothers Who Use Parker's Ginger Tonic insist that it benefits more than other medicines for every form of distress.

I could not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—MRS. E. C. MOULTON, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Hindercorns is a Simple Remedy, But it takes out corns, and what a consolation it is! Makes walking a pleasure. 15c. at druggists.

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:

"In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards

A Sore

two inches across formed, and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on, and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise. I have increased in weight and I am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. BLAKE, South Berwick, Me.

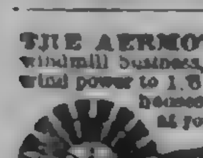
This and other similar cures prove that

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All Druggists. $1

Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills The best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair.

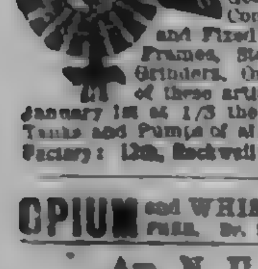
Promotes a luxuriant growth.

Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.

Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.

50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/6 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel, Galvanized after-Completion Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and [illegible] Streets, Chicago.



OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 10, 1896.

FISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

25 CTS 25 CTS

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

The Trustees of the A. C. F. College Re-Elect Dr. Massey President.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT A SAW MILL.

Colored Farmers and Teachers Meet. Too Many Watches Per Capita—A Distinguished Alabamian's Death Little Girl Burned—Proposed College—Etowah County Enterprises

Pipe Works to Resume.

The pipe works at Bridgeport are preparing to start work. They have been shut down for a number of weeks.

Lots of Hogs.

Messrs. Robinson & Ashman, at Scottsboro, have paid out $14,000 for hogs during the last year. All of them were shipped to western markets.

Alabama Conference Female College

At a recent meeting of the trustees of this institution Dr. John Massey, who has presided over it for twenty years already, was elected president for another term of five years.

Fatal Accident in a Saw Mill.

Last Thursday, while at work in a saw mill near Green Hill, Lauderdale county, Harvey Lifan was struck on the back of the head by a piece of timber and instantly killed. His neck was broken by the blow.

Important Tributary to Gadsden.

The Gordon Chemical works at Round Mountain have twenty-one ovens in full blast turning out 80,000 bushels of charcoal per month, which is used by the Furnace Company at that place.

The Usual Cotton Acreage.

The convention of farmers that was called to meet in Florence last Saturday did not materialize. The object of the convention was to curtail the cotton acreage in that section, but the farmers were too busy getting ready to plant cotton to attend. Only town people were present. The usual amount of cotton will probably be planted in that county this year.

Another Little Girl Burned.

At Ball Play, Etowah county, Wednesday morning, LaFayette Mickwent to the woods to cut crossties, and was accompanied by his son and daughter. A fire was built and the children were standing around it, when in some manner the little girl's clothing became ignited and she was enveloped in flames before her father could reach her. Every thread of clothing was burned off, and she suffered excruciating agony before death relieved her sufferings.

Proposed New Negro College.

A college for the education of negroes of both sexes is to be built near Courtland by the Muscle Shoals Association of colored Baptists who have secured twelve acres of well located land for the purpose. The purchase price of the school site was $30 per acre, and lands adjoining have risen in value in consequence. Courtland was selected after Decatur, Florence and other available sites had been carefully examined.

Robbins of the Fourth Goes Out.

A Washington dispatch says: The house committee on election No. 1 has decided the contested case of Aldrich, republican and populist, against Robbins, democrat, for the Fourth Alabama district, in favor of Aldrich. The vote in Aldrich's favor is unanimous, but the committee divided on party lines upon the argument by which the same conclusion is reached. So there will be two reports to the house, signed by democrats and republicans respectively, assigning different reasons for one result.

Another Etowah Enterprise.

The Anniston Lime & Stone Company have purchased 200 acres of land five miles from Gadsden, and will immediately begin the largest lime manufacturing plant in the south. Four furnaces are to be built, four lime kilns, a barrel factory and a number of tenant cottages. A spur line will also be constructed to connect with the Louisville & Nashville railway. The rock is quarried on Calvin mountain. The new village is to be called Calvin, and about 150 workmen and their families will reside there.

Populists and Republicans.

About 100 leading populists and republicans of Jefferson county met in Birmingham last Saturday to formulate plans for fusion on a county ticket. Reuben Kolb, Jr., presided. Early in the conference, Jerry Fountain, county populite chairman, and H. P. Burrus, populite candidate for state senator, opposed fusion. The conference concluded by appointing a committee to formulate fusion plans to be reported upon two weeks hence. Mr. Fountain and the anti-fusionists, then bolted and held a meeting of their own, a call for a populist county committee meeting to convene the same day as the fusion conference resulting.

Guntersville Industries.

The Chattanooga Tradesman says: The Standard basket factory is pushing its work at a lively rate. The addition to the factory has been followed by a general overhauling, under the supervision of S. H. Tyler, and the plant is now ready for use, with a capacity of 600 baskets daily. Robert M. Huffman, who has been foreman for Messrs. Sanders & Folsom, at the Fort Payne basket factory, will be in charge as general manager, and Sam H. Tyler, of Guntersville, will be time-keeper and shipping clerk. The pay rolls and the timber bills will be about $100 a day, or 65 per cent more than at any time previous. The enterprise will be of great benefit in the way of stimulating the trade of the town.

Normal and Industrial Institute.

This week will be remembered as a great occasion at the Normal and Industrial Institute at Tuskegee. On Thursday, March 5th, begins the fifth annual meeting of the colored farmers and educators. At this meeting will assemble many of the leading men and women among them and their discussion of every-day topics will prove beneficial to all who attend. The invitation have been sent far and wide, and parties coming are urged to be there if possible on Wednesday night. After they reach the college they will be at no further expense.

The Big Factory Humming.

Gadsden's great cotton factory, the largest in the south, with its 30,000 spindles, is in full operation, and the weaving of cloth goes merrily on. Some 500 neat dwellings have been completed and are now occupied. The place now has a population of 3,000 souls and 800 will be given employment. The company has 6,000 bales of cotton stored in their warehouses, enough to run them nearly a year. Gadsden is lively now and all her industries are in full blast, with a weekly pay roll of $15,000.

Under the Cruel Wheels.

Saturday morning at Palmer station, on the Birmingham Mineral road, J. P. Hanbury, a flagman, met with an accident in which he lost a leg and had the other badly crushed.

Mr. Hanbury was making a coupling, and by some means unaccounted for he fell between the cars and two wheels passed over both his legs. He was carried to Birmingham and taken to the Wilson & Brown infirmary. The left leg was taken off at the thigh and the right one bandaged as well as could be. The injured man has a family in Birmingham, and has a large number of friends who will regret to know of his unfortunate accident.

Important Prospective Industry.

A deal has just been consummated by which Florence secures a new and important manufacturing industry. Within the next two weeks there will be established in Florence a wood working plant that will give employment to one hundred skilled mechanics. All of the arrangements have been made, the factory building secured and the new factory will commence operations as soon as the machinery arrives and is put in place. The new factory will manufacture wagon wheel material for the export trade. It will be operated by W. E. Winch & Bros., who have an extensive plant of the same kind in Indiana. They have been offered cash bonuses and factory buildings free by other towns, but they went to Florence without any inducements except the natural advantages which the place offers.

Colony of Grape Growers.

A syndicate, composed of R. L. Spencer, O. F. Sampson, L. D. Phillips, J. B. Merrill, and associates of the Alabama Fruit Growing and Winery association of Fruithurst and W. G. Ledbetter and others of Anniston, have bought of the Woodstock Iron works 8,000 acres of land adjoining and just northwest of Anniston, and will colonize it with Swedish, Scandinavian and German grape growers. The organization will be called the Anniston Homestead and Fruit Growing association, and will be capitalized at $153,000. An application has been made for a charter, and the organization will be perfected in a few days. The company will begin planting vineyards within the next ten days. The superb foreign agency organization of the Fruithurst company will be used, and a large class of the best immigrants will be settled on the lands.

Farmers to Meet at Florence.

The prospects are encouraging for a good attendance at the convention of farmers to be held in Florence Saturday. The convention has been called for the purpose of taking active steps for the reduction of the cotton crop in this section during the coming season. It is feared that the farmers, elated over the prices received last fall, are preparing to plant a larger crop than usual this year. At the convention tomorrow they will be asked to pledge themselves not to plant more than a certain percentage of their lands in cotton and to diversify their crops more than they have been in the habit of doing. The farmers of this section are in better financial condition than they have been since the war. The majority of them are out of debt and many have a surplus to run them through the year. Another siege of 4 cent cotton, it is feared, would put them back to where they were two years ago.

A Distinguished Career Closed.

One of the most noted figures in antebellum days of Alabama passed away in the city of Washington, D. C., at 3 o'clock Wednesday morning. This was Judge Wm R. Smith, Sr. of Tuskaloosa county. He was aged 80 years and 11 months. Judge Smith was living in Washington at the time of his death with his family, some of the members of which are employed in the government service.

Deceased represented Alabama in Congress from the old Sixth District several times before the war and was a member of the Confederate Congress during the war. He has written a number of treatises on Alabamians and kindred subjects of wide note and a book on Alabama of much historic value. He was the first student to matriculate at the State University of Alabama at Tuskaloosa. He stood high among his colleagues in the departments of public service and was universally esteemed by the people of Tuskaloosa county and the State at large.

A Pair of Thieves Penned.

Constable Phillips, of Pratt City, on Thursday arrested two negroes who had in their possesion ten watches and eight rings; also a pawn ticket for one watch, which had been placed in a Birmingham pawn shop.

Yesterday J. W. Carroll, of Warrior, arrived in the city and advised Sergeant J. B. Donelson that his jewelry house had been burglarized of twenty-four watches and ten rings early in the week. Sergeant Donelson informed Mr. Carroll of the arrest of the two negroes at Pratt City, and he went to that place and readily identified the watches and rings as his property. The negroes were immediately given a preliminary hearing by a justice of the peace, who bound them over to await the action of the grand jury. The watch deposited in the pawn shop in Birmingham was also identified and recovered. The two negroes were placed in the county jail.

Hours of Labor Reduced.

Beginning next Monday the hours of labor in the cotton mills of the Columbian Manufacturing company, Greenville, N. H., employing 600 hands, will be reduced from forty to thirty hours per week because of the small demand for goods. These mills have been running on full time since September, 1894.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

SIXTY-FIFTH DAY.

In the senate the bill granting a pension to the widow of the late secretary of state, Walter Q. Gresham, as brigadier-general, was amended by substituting $100 per month for $200, and passed. Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, spoke another installment of his address on the Cuban resolutions. The house bill to provide the extension by five years of the time within which suits may be brought to vacate and annul land patents to railroad companies was reported from the committee on public lands, discussed briefly and passed. The vice-president announced his signature to the urgent deficiency bill. After a short executive session the senate adjourned until tomorrow. ....In the house the Indian appropriation bill occupied the day. By a vote of 93 to 64 the provision that the secretary of the interior shall make contracts with present contract schools for the education of Indian pupils to an extent not exceeding 60 per cent of the amount authorized for the fiscal year 1895 was stricken out on motion of Mr. Linton, republican, of Michigan and an amendment inserted prohibiting the secretary of the interior from spending any of the money appropriated for education in a sectarian institution. Under existing conditions only Catholic schools are in contract relations with the interior department, the other churches having abandoned their claims to public money. Speaker Reed announced that he had signed the current deficiency and diplomatic and consular appropriation bills. At 5:10 the house adjourned until tomorrow.

SIXTY-SIXTH DAY.

In the senate Mr. Morrill, chairman of the finance committee, moved to proceed to the consideration of the house tariff bill. The motion was defeated by nays 33, ayes 22. The Cuban resolutions were again taken up, and Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, finished his three days' speech in favor of the resolutions. Mr. Gray, of Delaware, thought the question of belligerency was in the exclusive jurisdiction of the executive branch of the government and wholly outside the constitutional powers of congress. The senate adjourned without action on the resolutions.... The house passed the Indian appropriation bill, a bill relating to the seal fur business, and three bills relating to the District of Columbia. The report in the election contest of Robert T. Vanhorn vs. John C. Tarsney, from the Fifth Missouri district, was taken up and was pending when the house adjourned. There was a minority report in this case, favoring further investigation, and it is expected that several days will be spent in debate.

SIXTY-SEVENTH DAY.

In the senate the army appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar. It calls for a total appropriation of $23,279,402. The senate committee increased the amendment of the house bill by $3,500.

Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, offered a substitute for the pending Cuban resolution. It authorizes and requires the president to issue a proclamation recognizing the independence of the republic of Cuba. He asked that that the resolution lie on the table. Mr. Allen referred to the vote yesterday on taking up the tariff bill and the statement made by Messrs. Morrill and others that the tariff bill was dead, and stated that while he did not believe in the policy set forth in that bill yet if the republicans could unite upon it and would couple with it an amendment providing for the free coinage of silver—not a substitute—the populist party in the senate would help pass it. Mr. Canton, republican, of Montana, addressed the senate in explanation of his vote against taking up the house tariff bill on the 13th. The Cuba resolutions were laid aside to allow him to finish his address, which was followed by a discussion on finances, at the conclusion of which an executive session was held and the senate then adjourned.....In the house the senate amendments to the bill extending the time in which the government may enter suit to annul land patents issued under railroad, wagon road and canal grants were concurred in by a yea and nay vote—155 to 93. The postal appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1897, was reported. The committee has made several important additions to the bill. One providing increased fast mail facilities between Springfield, Mass., and New Orleans, La., which had been stricken from the bill, was reinserted, the appropriation for the service being $196,000. An item appropriating $1,000,000 was added for special mail service between Chicago and Council Bluffs, Ia., via Burlington. Special facilities were also provided for between Kansas City, Mo., and Newton, Kas., the appropriation for this route being $81,700. The Vanhorn-Tarsney contested election case from Missouri occupied most of the session, without reaching a conclusion, and at 5:30 the house adjourned.

SIXTY-EIGHTH DAY.

A resolution authorizing the committee on coast defense to visit and examine the New York City defenses and to take testimony, was agreed to in the senate. Bills appropriating $500,000 for two first-class revenue steamers for the Pacific coast and $100,- for a public building at New Port News, Va., were passed. Also the army appropriation bill, with no greater delay than that caused by its being read in full. It appropriates over $22,000,000 and is the fifth of the annual appropriation bills that have passed the senate. The debate on the Cuba resolutions was resumed and continued until the hour of adjournment. In the house the Vanhorn-Tarsney contested election case was disposed of by seating Vanhorn, republican. Mr. Hitt, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a substitute for all the pending resolutions relating to Cuba. Objection being made to present consideration, the resolutions went over and the house adjourned.

SIXTY-NINTH DAY.

The senate passed the Cuba resolution by 64 ayes to 6 nays. The resolutions were as follows: Resolved, by the senate, (the house of representatives concurring), That in the opinion of congress, a condition of public war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba; and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the two contending powers, according to each all the rights of belligerents in the ports and territories of the United States. Resolved further, That the friendly offices of the United States should be offered by the president to the Spanish government for the recognition of the independence of Cuba. The conference report on the pension appropriation was presented and agreed to. The house bill relating to the anchorage and movement of vessels in St. Mary's river, on Lake Huron, was taken from the calendar and passed. The house devoted most of the day's session to the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill, but did not complete it. A message from President Cleveland vetoing the bill authorizing the leasing of the school lands of Arizona was laid before the house and made the special order for tomorrow. The conference report on the general pension appropriation bill and the report of the elections committee No. 1 confirming Mr. Jones' title to his seat as representative from the First district of Virginia were agreed to. At 4:50 the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension and relief bills only. The house tonight, in committee of the whole (Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, in the chair), considered and laid aside with a favorable recommendation nine private pension bills, with others ordered to be reported to the house.

THE EFFECT IN SPAIN.

American Consulate at Barcelona Stoned--Our Flag Trampled Upon.

An attack was made upon the United States consulate in Barcelona, Spain, on Sunday, notwithstanding the fact that the building was guarded. During the day a procession comprising 10,000 persons paraded the streets of the city as a demonstration against the action of the American senate.

As the procession passed the consulate some of the paraders tried to force their way into the building, but the police and gendarmes succeeded in driving them away, but not until they had been forced to charge upon the mob with drawn sabers.

While this trouble was going on the main body of the procession continued its march to the town hall, where the leaders handed to the mayor a strongly worded protest against the action of the American senate and against the speeches that had been delivered therein on the Cuban question, it being declared that some of the speakers had grossly insulted Spain and the Spanish government in defending Cuban bandits and outlaws.

Subsequently a great crowd, excited by the burning oratory of speakers glorifying Spain and denouncing the United States, proceeded to the American consulate, where they gave vent to their patriotism by stoning the building, much to the damage of the windows thereof.

In the evening there was another outburst of disapproval of the United States and all things American. The rioters had purchased somewhere a large American flag, which, after it had been dragged through the street, was pulled to pieces amid cries of 'Long live Spain" and "Down with the Americans!"

After this the mob became more violent and proceeded to the consulate, where a perfect volley of missiles was directed against the shield over the doorway bearing the American coat of arms, which was battered almost to pieces. The mob in some way became possessed of several American flags, which were destroyed amid ribald jests and expressions of contempt for the nation they represented.

At length the guards at the consulate were re-enforced by a detachment of mounted police, who charged the rioters with drawn swords and dispersed them.

Spanish Government Expresses Regret.

After a long conference with President Cleveland Monday morning Secretary Olney gave out for publication the following cablegram from Mr. Taylor, United States minister at Madrid, under date of March 1: "The Minister of State has just called to express deep regret that a mob has insulted the Barcelonian Consulate, and breaking windows, and offered a complete reparation. He informed me that the government on its own motion has taken every precaution to guard the legion and give it protection."

FATAL SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Two Dentists, Working Together, Quarrel and Shoot Each Other.

As the result of a quarrel Thursday afternoon in the office at 810 Broadway, St. Louis, Mo., Dr. Edward A. Dill, a prominent dentist, is probably fatally wounded with a bullet in his right lung, and Dr. J. J. Seaman, his assailant, is lying dead at the morgue.

Dr. Dill, who is in the city hospital, says that he reprimanded Seaman for neglecting his work, when the latter began to talk in a loud voice. A lady who was present receiving treatment, requested that he make less noise, when Seaman slapped her in the face, at the same time drawing a revolver and shooting at Dill, who received a bullet in the right lung. Dr. Dill then drew his revolver and shot Seaman in the side. The latter ran from the office and dropped dead on the sidewalk, surrounded by an immense crowd of people that had been attracted by the shooting. His body was taken to the morgue.

Dr. Dill was removed to the city hospital, where the physicians are of the opinion that he cannot live long. He has a family living at 912 1-3 North Campton avenue, in the heart of the fashionable west end, while his assailant is a single man and lived in a down-town lodging house.

The deceased has a brother in the city, James O. Seaman, who is stopping at the Grace Hotel, the two having occupied a room together. They are from Atlanta, Ga., and the brother notified the morgue-keeper tonight that he would have the body removed to Atlanta for burial.

Policy a Motive to Humanity.

General Weyler began an investigation of the Guatao horror immediately after its publication by the American press. He had interviews with Marquis Cervera, Captain Calvo and others implicated. There is little doubt that examples will be made now that the truth has been revealed. Other instances have occurred where Weyler relied entirely upon the reports of subordinates and refused to investigate. In the Candelaria affair, where seventeen prisoners were taken from the field after the battle and shot down in cold blood, Weyler sent General Canella, who commanded, back to Spain. Weyler undoubtedly regrets these occurrences. He realizes the effect abroad, and has ordered the generals to prevent repetitions.

The Ins and Outs of It.

If you get best wear out of a coat, best work must have gone into it. You can't get good bread out of poor flour.

Moral: You can't get the best out of anything, unless the best is in it; and the best has to be put in before it can be taken out. Now, we have a rule to test those sarsaparillas with a big "best" on the bottle: "Tell us what's put in you and we'll decide for ourselves about the best." That's fair. But these modest sarsaparillas say: "Oh! we can't tell. It's a secret. Have faith in the label." . . . Stop! There's one exception; one sarsaparilla that has no secret to hide. It's Ayer's. If you want to know what goes into Ayer's Sarsaparilla, ask your doctor to write for the formula. Then you can satisfy yourself that you get the best of the sarsaparilla argument when you get Ayer's.

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Logical.

Mamma—You ought not to accept a diamond necklace as a present from Mr. De Billion. You don't know what the future may bring forth.

Agnes (pertly)—Well, I'll take good care of the present and let the future take care of itself.—New York World.

How to Learn Economy.

"Marriage has made a great change in Barlow."

"Yes; he used to be a great spendthrift, but now he doesn't spend a cent."

"No; he can't afford it now."—Harper's Bazar.

Allmony.

Triggs—What is your plan of life now you are divorced?

Briggs—Installment plan.

Triggs—Installment plan! How's that?

Briggs—I have to pay so much a week.—New York World.

The World's Earliest Potato.

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NOW IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 10c. postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get, free, 10 packages grains and grasses, including Teosinte, Lathyrus, Sand Vetch, Giant Spurry, Giant Clover, etc., and our mammoth seed catalogue. (A. C.)

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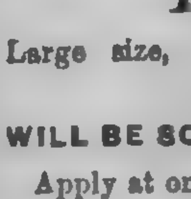

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RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Wm. J. Carlton, of Elizabeth, N. J., says: "I consulted a physician in the country this summer where I was spending my vacation, about a chronic dyspepsia, with which I have been a good deal troubled. It takes the form of indigestion, the food I take not becoming assimilated. After prescribing for me for some time, the physician told me I would have to be treated for several months with a mild laxative and corrective—something that would gradually bring back my normal condition without the violent action of drastic remedies. I recently sent to the Doctor (Dr. Thomas Cope, of Nazareth, Pa.) a box of Ripans Tabules, and wrote him what I understood the ingredients to be—rhubarb, ipecac, peppermint, aloes, nux vomica and soda. He writes back 'I think the formula a very good one, and will no doubt just suit you.'"

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Co pany, No 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

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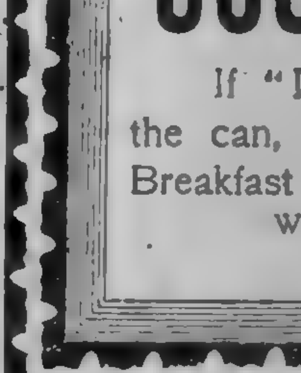

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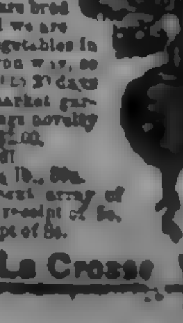

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1896. NO. 20.

BOND IS A VAMPIRE.

NATIONAL DEBT HAS NEVER BEEN REDUCED ONE CENT.

John Clark Ridpath, LL. D., Discuss the Devilish Work of the Shylocks Through the Agencies of the Bond and the Dollar.

The Road: John Clark Ridpath, LL. D. has an article in the January number of the Arena which should be read and pondered upon by every producer in the country and by every man and woman who has the welfare of our country at heart. The article referred to is the first of a series of three upon "The Bond and the Dollar," and describes "The Genesis and Evolution of a Monster." The schemes resorted to by the money power, the results so far, and the inevitable slavery sure to follow soon if something is not done to dethrone the Shylocks who turned the greenbacks into an interest-bearing, bonded debt and forced the single gold standard upon us, are depicted by a master hand. John Clark Ridpath can hardly be laughed down as a "crank" or his utterances characterized as "vagaries." He is a scholarly gentleman who has an international reputation as a historian; his "History of the United States," "The Seven Great Races of Mankind," "History of the World," etc., being recognized everywhere as standard works. He looks at the question of "The Bond and the Dollar" from the standpoint of the historian, and reaches conclusions which every honest reformer can endorse as true. The article should be read in full to be thoroughly appreciated—get a copy of the January Arena and keep it for reference.

In his description of the "Genesis and Evolution of a Monster," the author says in part:

"War preys on two things—life and property; but he preys with a partial appetite. Feasting on life, he licks his jaws and says, 'More, by your leave.' Devouring property, he says, between grin and glut, 'This is so good that it ought to be paid for.'. Into the vacuum of the wasted life rush the moaning winds of grief and desolation; into the vacuum of the wasted property rushes the goblin of debt. The wasted life is transformed at length into a reminiscent glory; the wasted property becomes a hideous nightmare. The heroes fallen rise from their bloody cerements into everlasting fame; the property destroyed rises from the red and flame-swept field as a spectral vampire, sucking the still warm blood of the heroic dead and of their posthumous babes to the tenth generation.

"The name of the vampire is Bond.

"On the first of March, 1866, the national debt of the United States entailed by the Civil War reached the appalling maximum of nearly three thousand millions of dollars. The American people were inexperienced in such business. They had never known the incubus before. Europe had known it, but not America. For a long time the public debt of the nation had been so small as to be disregarded. Now all of a sudden, with the terrible exigencies of the war, the debt expanded and settled over the landscape like a cloud from Vesuvius, darkening from shore to shore.

* * * * * * *

"It was intended by those who first contrived the legal-tender currency that it should be absolute money in the payment of all debts of whatever kind. The Supreme Court of the United States has since decided by a voice of eight to one that congress possessed—and possesses—the right and power to make such a money, whether in war or in peace. The validity of the Legal-Tender Act is now [illegible] much a part of the constitutional [illegible] of the United States as the abolition of African slavery. But they who were skillful in watching their own interests, even in the throes of our national break-up and impending catastrophe, adroitly contrived that the national currency should have an exception in it in favor of those who should lend their means to the government. They who should make such loan should receive therefor a bond; and the interest on the bond—as also the duties on imports of foreign goods—was exempt from the legal tender of paper and reserved for it. * * *

The party of the bond became skillful and adroit. * * * They understood the situation perfectly, and adopted as their method a policy embracing [illegible] intentions: First, to perpetuate the bond and make it everlasting by the postponement and prevention of payment; second, to increase the value of the currency in which all payments were to be made; that is, to increase the [illegible]e of the units of such payments as the payments should become due, so that whatever might be the efforts of the people to discharge the debt, it should increase in value as rapidly as they could reduce it! * * * For thirty years this game has been permanently, skillfully and successfully carried on. * * * If the treasury should have to-day, or in the year 1900, a surplus of six billions of gold, the government could not call and cancel its bonds. They were not made to be called and canceled, but to be refunded and perpetuated. * * *

Besides, the reduction in interest has been a reduction only in name. In no case has the reduction been made until the value of the dollar of payment has been so enlarged as more than to balance the reduction. The same thing is true of the payment of principal as well as the payment of coupon. For thirty years the American people have been pouring into that horrid maelstrom the volume of their great resources. They have paid on their debt, or at least they have paid, in this long period such a prodigious sum that arithmetic can hardly express it. (At the close of 1895 the interest account alone on the national debt had cost the American people over $2,635,000,000.) The imagination cannot embrace it. And yet it is the truth of the living God that in the year 1895, at its close, the national debt of the United States, in its bonded and unbonded forms, will purchase as its equivalent in value as much of the average of twenty-five of the leading commodities of the United States, including real estate and labor, as the same debt would purchase at its maximum on the 1st of March, 1866! The people have paid and paid for thirty years, and at the end have paid just this—NOTHING." (Mr. Ridpath furnishes facts and figures which prove indisputably the truth of the above assertion.)

"Let all men know it. Let the world know it. Let the common man ponder this appalling statement of an undeniable truth. Let our national authorities know it. Let the leaders of every political party have it shouted in their ears. Let every administration that has been in power from the first of Grant to the last of Cleveland be told in trumpet voice that the publications put forth from month to month as statements from the treasury about the reduction of the national debt of three millions or seven millions or ten millions have been essentially and utterly false. True it is that the debt has been nominally reduced according to the publications; but it has never been so reduced, for until by the contrivance of those who possess it the purchasing power of the currency has been augmented fully as much as the equivalent of the payment!

"Thus from month to month and from year to year the astounding process has gone on. And thus from year to year the judgment of the American people has been abused with the iteration and belief that they were paying their debt, when in truth all the multiplied millions on millions, and billions which they have paid have been simply contributed to the fund-holding class, whose claim after a lifetime is worth as much as it was at the beginning! The resources of a great people have been poured like a roaring river into a sinkhole that has swallowed all; and the golden streams of the contribution have issued silently through a thousand unseen spouts into the private reservoirs of the holders of the debt."

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

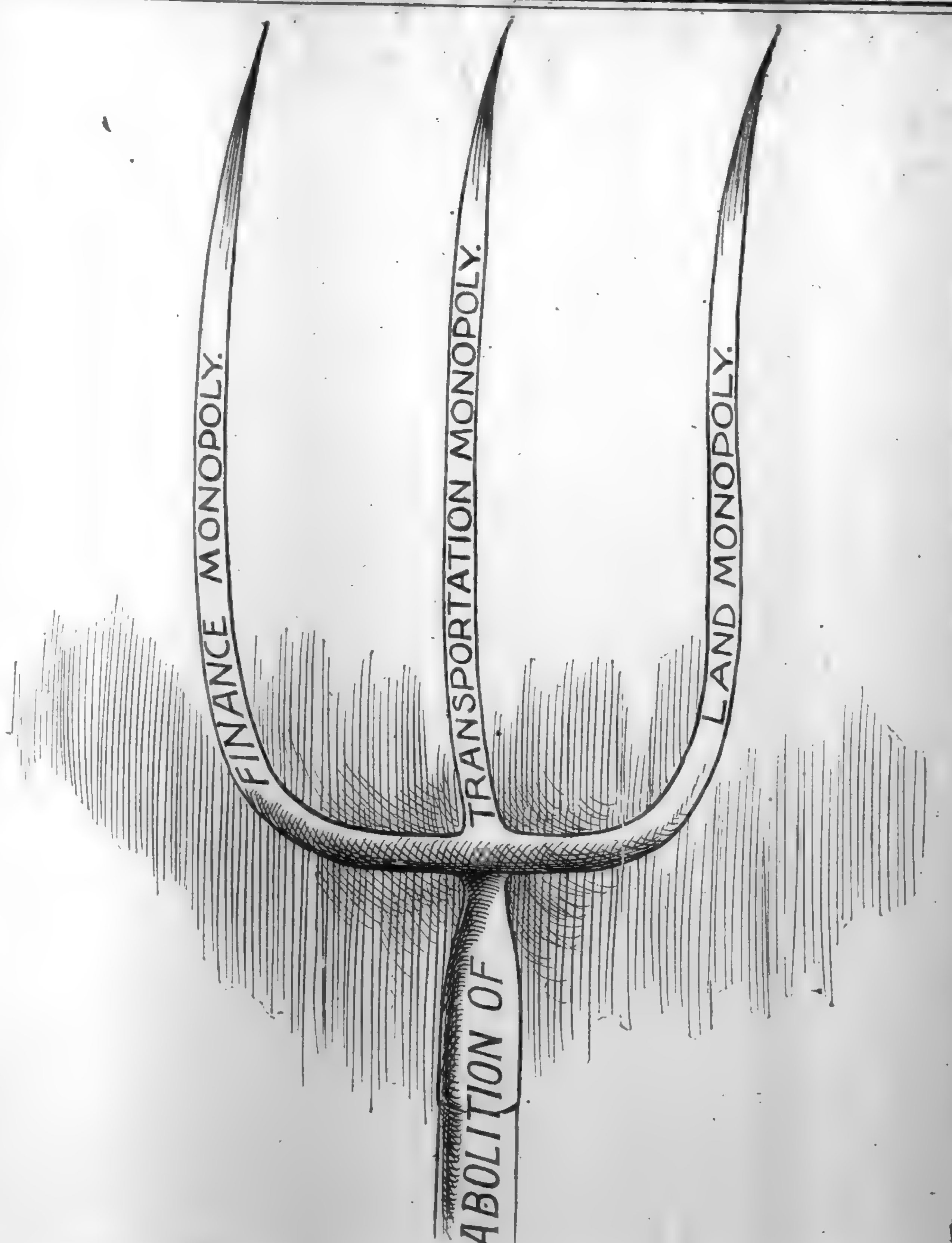
(Arkansaw Kicker.)

I am the Democratic party.
You ort to have knowed it
When I driv up.
I ran against a 'snag
In Kentucky;
And fell in the soup
In Maryland.
I wasn't in it
In Ohio,
And got my eye knocked out
In New Jersey,
But I carried
New York City,
And in Mississippi,
Where a nigger who would vote
Against me
Is not intelligent enough
To vote,
I rolled up—
My usual majority,
And would have
Carried Arkansas
If an election had been held there.
I wanted a chance,
And got it,
And it has done me up.
I had the world by the tail
And a down-hill pull,
But the hair slipped,
And the Republicans
Grabbed my pie.
I'm a sort of
A Free-silver
Inside-the-party
Gold-bug-
Low-tariff-
Sugar-trust-free
Coal-and-iron-
Monopoly-
States-Rights-
Government-by-injunction-
Gold-reserve
Bond syndicate-
Single-standard-
Sound-currency-
International-
Money-
Baltimore-plan-
Paternalistic-
Father-of-a-mule,
Struck by a locomotive,
Bob Ingersoll
Says
There ain't no hell,
But if there was,
It couldn't
Faze me—
I'm done up
Already.
Goodbye.
Drive me to the graveyard.

The Middle of the Road.

Slumber on, you proud and haughty swell-headed plutocracy, and your ignorant and misguided followers! Stop your ears to shut out the truth; close your eyes to the vision of desolation before you; do not let reason have its sway; count as naught the logic of events; do not think of reason, but move on in ignorance, blinded by prejudice! You'll wake up by and by, but your impotent rage will not avail you. Your derision and scorn of the people's movement, of their struggles for industrial freedom, only adds strength to their purposes, energy to their efforts and zeal for the cause. "Lay on, Macduff, and damned be he who first cries, 'hold, enough!'"—New Forum.

Congressman U. S. Hall, of Missouri, is reported as saying that "somebody on deck ought to anonunce that there is a storm brewing." Is it possible that Mr. Hall has not read Senator Tillman's speech.


FINANCE MONOPOLY.
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ABOLITION OF

SUGGESTED BY SENATOR TILLMAN'S SPEECH IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

HALL THE TRAITOR.

EIGHT SENATORS ARE POLITICAL COWARDS.

Between the Cowards and the Traitors the Liberties of the People Are Being Crucified—Time to Call a Loud Halt.

Congressman U. S. Hall, of Missouri, who, like Livingston, of Georgia, and others, owes his position in Congress to the deception he practiced on the Alliance, or Farmers' and Laborers' union of his state, has been creating a little sensation in Congress.

Hall is one of those shrewd fellows who took advantage of a popular uprising among the people against existing evils to boost himself and a few friends that helped him into a salaried positions. He never could have broke into Congress any other way, and his treachery to the organization that elevated him to the position is a fitting evidence of the unscrupulousness of the man. He went to Congress as a free silver advocate. He assisted in constructing the St. Louis demands at the joint meeting of the Alliance and Knights of Labor, in December, 1889, and also the Ocala demands a year later. He was then a warm advocate of free silver.

In 1892 he took a prominent part in the Missouri campaign, running against Chas. H. Mansur, and aided other leaders in deceiving the members of his party into the belief that the national platform adopted at Chicago meant free silver. Now he says the platform don't mean any such thing. He was speaking on the free silver senate amendment to the bond bill, and said:

"I observed a remark of my friend from Georgia this morning to the effect that in voting for this first section of the Senate amendment he was standing upon the democratic platform adopted at Chicago in 1892. I know that I am talking for a body of men who know that platform by heart, and I defy any one of them to produce one section of that platform that warrants a vote by any democrat for the first section of this Senate substitute. You can not find any such provision in the Chicago platform of 1892. You will find in that platform of the democratic national convention a declaration that one dollar should be made as good as another in the United States and the world over. You will find in the platform of one national convention a doctrine corresponding exactly with the first section of that senate resolution; I refer to the national platform of the populist party, announced at Omaha, July 4, 1892. That is the only political platform in the United States that has ever laid down such a doctrine as that embodied in this senate resolution."

Mr. Talbert, of South Carolina, asked him if he did not vote for free silver when he was first elected to congress? Mr. Hall replied:

"The gentleman from South Carolina asks if I did not vote for the free silver coinage bill in the extra session in 1893. I answer, yes. But I will tell the gentleman that I have progressed since that time."

Now "progressed" is a very good word. Some one has called it "succumbed," but in our opinion "progressed" is much more respectable. Besides, there is no suggestion about it of any undue influence being used to accomplish the desired result. Just "progressed."

Carlisle has "progressed."

Hoke Smith has "progressed."

J. Sterling Morton has "progressed."

We know of "oodles" of postmasters, too, who have "progressed."

Benedict Arnold "progressed."

Judas "progressed."

The people have "progressed," too, but it is backwards, and towards greater destitution and poverty.

What Mr. Hall's constituents ought to do with him is to "progress" to the ballot box and elect him to stay at home.

Mr. Hall's sensation was that he had heard that eight senators had voted for the free coinage amendment who said they believed that the free coinage of silver would ruin the country.

Of course nobody believed any such thing, and if they did it ought not to startle the country, because the people know that there are several times eight senators that could be relied upon to do almost anything in the play of politics.

Mr. Hall tried to justify his change of attitude and in so doing showed how near he was getting over towards the republican camp. He said:

"But let us take legislative proceedings; take matters of parliamentary law. My friend from Georgia has had occasion on this floor to cite a case where our present speaker varied from the position which he now occupies upon the question of counting a quorum. Certainly Mr. Reed, of Maine, held at the time the view attributed to him; but further investigation showed him that he was wrong; and when he found he was wrong, what did he do? Once when the question arose in this house as to the right of the speaker to count a quorum, Mr. Reed, then a member, thought that such power did not exist. But investigation of the matter subsequently opened his eyes upon that question. What is the result? He changed his position upon that great rule of parliamentary law, and wrote himself down what history, after partisan prejudice and passion shall have passed away, will justify, as one of the greatest pioneers in parliamentary law that ever lived. (Applause.) That was a violation of consistency. I never in any public utterance of mine condemned Mr. Reed for the position he took on that question, and I never intend to do so; for he was, in my judgment, absolutely correct."

Mr. Hall then announced himself as "the one democrat from the rural districts, west of the Mississippi, in a purely agricultural region, that dares stand up and say that sound money is the salvation of the agricultural and laboring classes of this country."

Yes, indeed, Mr. Hall has "progressed" since we knew him in the Alliance, and between the "political cowards," to use his own words, and the political traitors, the liberties of the people of this country are being crucified.

Everything saved out of the wreck of the democratic party points to the incapacity of its leaders and their failure to redeem their promises.

STILL THEY COME.

Another Democrat Repudiates the Grand Old Party.

Southern Mercury: Hardly a day passes that does not record the accession to Populist ranks of some leading Democrat or Republican. We are just in receipt of a letter from Hon. W. C. Blanks, of Willis Point, Tex., from which we make the following extract:

"At one time or another in a man's life he is confronted by a dilemma which calls him to a halt and serious contemplation of which horn he will take. Just such a dilemma is presented for the consideration of every thinking free-silverite in Democratic ranks to-day. The Democratic party is a house divided against itself, a union of dissenting elements, a combination of faiths so politically incompatible that it will be an utter impossibility to harmonize them. The larger faction proclaims with a flourish of trumpets the fidelity to the peculiar doctrine that we may increase our prosperity by adherance to a principle that fair practice has clearly demonstrated is ruinous to our financial success—the gold standard. The other faction is as unyielding, apparently, in its allegiance to the doctrine of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. It is a practically demonstrated truism that discrimination against the money of the people deleteriously affects the price of the products of farm and daily labor. Believing in such a doctrine, should I continue with either wing of the Democratic party, or should I turn my back upon them and seek the companionship of the Populist hosts, who are now, and have been since the organization of their party, staunch and unequivocal advocates of that favorite theory of the money-making classes. The majority of the big guns in the Democratic party announce themselves and their party favorable to gold-buggism. If I continue with them and vote their ticket, I implicitly proclaim my belief in that idea, which, believing as I do, would make me a political hypocrite of the first water. It is no more excusable to be a hypocrite in politics than it is to be a hypocrite in religion. On the other hand, why should I go with the silver wing of Democracy? What hope have the members of that faction? Frowned upon by the majority of Democratic leaders, hopelessly disorganized, they have, under the name of Democracy, less prospect than any set of wanderers on the political desert. The only reason advanced to me by Democrats that I should remain with them is that they retain the name "Democrats." The most hopelessly befuddled brain in the state lunatic asylum should be enabled to bury that argument beneath an ocean of logic. An examination of the record of the Democratic party, and a dispassionate review of its boasted achievements, but leads us to the conclusion that it can be depended upon to always do the wrong thing at the critical moment. The result of its labors is but 'a comedy of errors.'

"I see no reason why I should continue in the stranded ship of Democracy, and so I part company with it and announce myself with the Populist party hereafter, 'teeth and toenail.' Yours very truly,

"W. C. BLANKS."

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In justice to yourself you cannot purchase before looking at our immense stock, (the largest in Alabama) covering four immense floors, and getting our prices. You will be sure to be pleased.

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MARKETS AND TRADE.

Observations of Dun's Review Upon Present Conditions and Prospects.

EFFECTS OF CUBAN RESOLUTIONS.

Remarkable Steadiness of Railroad Stocks, Largely Due to Satisfactory Reports of Railway Earnings, Slightly Lower Range of Prices on Industrial Products.

Failures for the week have been 285 in the United States, against 234 last year, and 68 in Canada, against 58 last year. The Cuban resolutions and the appointment of receivers for the Baltimore and Ohio were events of sufficient importance to affect almost any genuine market, especially for securities. It therefore argues either remarkable strength of conditions or an entire want of life and genuineness in the market that the prices of the sixty most attractive railroad stocks, which averaged $49.74 per share February 1, have never fallen since that date lower than $49.36 nor risen above $50.85 per share. The market is largely under the control of operators who cannot afford to see it decline much, but it is also true that the vote on the Cuban question and the receivership had both been discounted. The strength of the market is largely due to more satisfactory reports of railway earnings. The volume of business reflected by clearing house exchanges is not materially improving, the week's returns showing a gain of only 6.5 per cent over last year and a decrease of 17.6 per cent in comparison with the same week in 1893.

The industries all report a slightly lower range of prices except for iron and steel products, and it is noteworthy that while combinations in structural beams and wire and cut nails are advancing in prices, the quotation for Bessemer pig has fallen to $12.40 at Pittsburg, and southern No. 2 is offered at $7.75, deliverable at Birmingham, and billets have sold at $17, Pittsburg. The bar combination, which raised the prices not long ago, finds an increasing part of the business absorbed by outside works.

The reports of the boot and shoe interests are not on the whole more encouraging this week, shipments from the east being still nearly 20 per cent less than last year, but there was no further decline in prices.

There is no improvement in the demand for woolen goods and a number of establishments have closed. Some further reductions have been made in prices of cotton goods, although it does not appear that the concessions have thus far been successful in calling out new business.

BETTER a blush on the face than a stain in the heart.

REAR ADMIRAL WALKER DEAD.

He Was a Distinguished Officer of the American Navy.

Rear Admiral Henry Walker died at his home in Brooklyn Sunday afternoon.

Henry Walker was born in Virginia eighty-eight years ago. His father, Anthony Walker, was a college student at Yale with John C. Calhoun. In 1827 he became a midshipman in the navy, being assigned to the frigate Alert, under the command of Lieut. Farragut. He was present at the surrender of Vera Cruz during the Mexican war, being the executive officer of the brig Vesuvius. During the war of the rebellion he commanded the gunboats Taylor and Lexington, and protected General Grant's army while it was making its retreat on the transports. He was also at the battle of Fort Henry, in charge of the gunboat Carondelet. He was successful in getting the Carondelet past island No. 10 on April 4, 1862, while the enemies' shots fell on it like hail. For this piece of work the commander was honorably mentioned. In 1862 for his bravery he was made a captain; in 1866 commodore, and a rear admiral in 1870. One year later he retired, having the proud distinction of being the first officer to do so voluntarily to give the young men a chance.

Green Goods Men Entrapped.

An important capture of green goods men was made Friday by the postoffice inspectors of Chicago in conjunction with Deputy Marshals Thomas P. Gray and W. A. Richards, of Des Moines, Ia. The captured men are Charles Hurd, alias Vogel; J. R. Gray, alias Vogel, Jr., and Frank Smith. The capture was made at the Hotel Delaware, on Cottage Grove avenue, near Sixty-third street, and was the result of an appointment growing out of an extensive correspondence and repeated interviews. The seizure was very dramatic, weapons being freely displayed on both sides, and the guests of the hotel were thrown into a panic. A satchel containing $35,000 in good money, which was found in the possession of the prisoners, was taken in charge by the officers.

Thrasher Not the Man.

The man Thrasher, who was arrested in Birmingham on suspicion of being the man who recently assaulted Miss Jones, in Walker county, Georgia, was taken before Miss Jones Thursday afternoon by Sheriff Riley of that county and was released, the young lady declaring emphatically that he was not the man. It is now believed that the guilty man is Arthur Tippins, and the posse are now hunting for him. Governor Atkinson has offered a reward of $140 for the arrest and conviction of the guilty man.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama.

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

THERE will be a public meeting at Collins' Chapel on Saturday night next (March 14). L. H. Reynolds, Frank Crichton, M. A. Kilgore, J. A. Logan, P. M. Moore and other candidates will be on hand to address the people. A large crowd is expected.

THE Senate Committee on elections reported on Tuesday recommending the adoption of Senator Allen's resolution providing for an investigation of the Alabama State and Legislative elections of 1894. The report states that instead of Oates having been elected by 27,587 votes he was defeated by about 7,000.

WE are requested to state that Cane Creek church has been made a polling place for beat 4, and Messrs. Wm. Lambert and Henry Mahan appointed managers for the primaries to be held on April 14th and May 5th. This gives beat 4 two polling places—Clanton and Cane Creek. The latter place has been added so that voters will not have to come such a long distance to vote.

THE Republican party in their conventions in this State appear to be actuated by one motive. If the regular convention cannot nominate their own particular favorite there is a bolt, with the result that both factions nominate their own man and send contesting delegations to the national convention. Like the Democrats they are hoplessly divided. There can be only one sequel to these divisions in the two old parties and that is a steady gain to the Third Party. Let the good work go on!

As we predicted some time since the Democrats are piling up the returns for their respective candidates. In the extreme south—Geneva county—the Clarke people claim a great victory for their man, and in the north—Morgan county—Johnston men have piled up an overwhelming majority for the redheaded son of Jefferson which the Birmingham State-Herald coolly claims to have been caused by the return of 500 voters to the Democratic fold. The latter claim is the veriest bosh, and we trust that the Morgan populists will take such precautions in the August election as will prevent their votes being counted against them.

THE Montgomery Advertiser is beautifully inconsistent. It rails against Senator Allen for having a "smelling committee" appointed to investigate frauds in the last election in Alabama, (when their fraudulent practices were for the time successful) and at the same time sends its own representatives as a "smelling committee" to Morgan county to discover fraudulent practices in the recent Democratic primary when they were outwitted by their own Democratic opponents. We say most heartily, go it, both Democratic factions, by the time you get through exposing each other's rascality, honest elections will be within easy reach.

CHAIRMAN'S CALL

HEADQUARTERS STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE PEOPLE'S PARTY OF ALABAMA.

Birmingham, Ala., March 9, 1896.

In accordance with instructions from State Executive Committee, I hereby call a State Convention of the People's Party, to be held in the city of Montgomery on the 28th day of April, 1896.

The qualification of voters who participate in the selection of delegates to the State Convention, and nomination of county officers, was prescribed by State Executive Committee as follows:

That all lawful voters who favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, the abolition of National banks and the increase of the volume of money by the national government, who favor a free ballot and a fair count, and who are opposed to an increase of the national debt by the sale of interest-bearing bonds to keep up a reserve, and who will pledge themselves to support the candidates nominated by the Populist for State and county offices, are invited to come into these primaries and assist us in nominations and selecting delegates.

The basis of representation allowed each county at said State Convention was fixed a follows:

"One delegate for each member of the lower house of the General Assembly, and one for each 200 votes cast for Kolb in 1894, or fraction of 200 over 150."

The table below shows the number of Representatives each county in this District has in the house of representatives, number of votes cast for Kolb, in 1894, as declared by Speaker Clark, and the number of delegates each county will be entitled to in the next People's Party State Convention:

COUNTIES,	No. of Rep in L.	No. Votes for Kolb.	No. of Delegates
Calhoun	2	2672	12
Chilton	1	1242	7
Cleburne	1	990	6
Dallas	3	167	4
Talladega	2	2471	14
Total	9	6942	43

G. B. DEANS,
Chairman State Ex. Com.

WE are pleased to note that Hon A. P. Longshore is a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly from Shelby county. The next legislature needs the best men in the State and Shelby could not find a better man than Brother Longshore.

D. C. GANDY.

Since it has been known that our popular Tax Assessor, Mr. E. G. Rollins, would not seek re-election, the people in different parts of the county have been looking around for a good man to fill the office. Amongst others Mr. D. C. Gandy, late manager of the Alliance store at Stanton, has been considered by his friends as a gentleman thoroughly competent in every way for the position, and the announcement of his candidacy consequently now appears. If elected we are assured that Mr. Gandy will not only perform the duties of the office satisfactorily but will endeavor to reach the high-water mark in efficiency.

J. G. SMITHERMAN.

Mr. J. Goodman Smitherman is a candidate for Commissioner from the Third district. He is a gentleman well known all over the county and stands pre-eminent in his own community as a thorough-going Populite and genuine reformer. He is fully aware of the fact that the people are determined to put the best man they can get in office and we have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Smitherman is a right good man and if elected will reflect credit upon our county.

SAM PATE.

We have the pleasure to announce this week the candidacy of Mr. Sam Pate for re-election as commissioner from the first district. Mr. Pate is one of our present efficient board of commissioners, and was elected to the position without any effort on his own part. He is again urged to allow his name to be brought forward and we have no doubt if he is re-elected the affairs of the country will receive the same careful attention in the future which he has given to them during his term of office.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by J. S. Johnson, Druggist.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

Vine Hill.

Guano, guano, guano—and still it comes and most of it to make cotton. When will the farmers learn that buying fertilizers to raise cotton is ruin, it exhausts the farm and don't return anything to it but debt.

Died, after a long and painful illness, Mr. Roland aged 75 years. Miss E. M. Moore is quite sick hope she will soon be up again.

Vine Hill Sunday-school still prospers and its members continues to increase in numbers.

Mr. N. L. Merony sawyer for V. H. lumber company, happened to a painful though not dangerous accident by having a log roll on him.

Farm work is slow, waiting for spring to open; oats look vigorous and growing fine.

Mr. Geo. Wilkins and family have moved into our neighborhood also Mr. Cob Vincent and his family.

Politics quiet, we want no fusion here. Prosperity to the BANNER and advocates of reform.

PAT.

* * *

Death of Mrs. Busby.

Ellen, wife of Rev. Joseph L. Busby, died at South Caiera, Alabama, Tuesday March 4, 1896, 36 years of age. She had been in indifferent health for about one year, but the immediate cause of her death was measles. She leaves a husband and six children grieving over their irreperable loss. Her devotion to her husband, home and children, and her love for her church, were undoubtedly known to all in the community where she resided. For three or four days before her departure she knew that she was surely going home, and more impressive words were never heard than those in which she exhorted all who came within reach of her voice to be faithful to God and loyal to their church. She obtained a great victory and is now numbered with the saints on high.

The funeral services were attended by Rev. A. T. Clarke.

* * *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

By authority of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county a convention of the Democratic party of said county is hereby called to meet at the court house in Clanton on Wednesday the 15th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Democratic State convention which meets in Montgomery on April 21. The following apportionment of delegates has been fixed by the committee: Beat 1, Mineral Spring 4; beat 2, Providence 4; Jemison 6; beat 3, Benson 5; beat 4, Clanton 12; beat 5, Coopers 5, Verbena 7; beat 6, Kincheon 5; beat 8, Maplesville, 5; beat 8, Dixie, 8; beat 9, Strasburg, 4.

Delegates will be chosen to the convention at an election to be held as nearly as may be under the forms governing general elections in this State on Saturday April 11, 1896. All white voters who will support the nominees of the Democratic party, are entitled to participate in the election of delegates to the county convention.

R. EHRMAN,
Acting Chairman Democratic Executive Committee Chilton Co.

Collins Chapel.

Farmers are just about ready to plant in this community.

We are glad to say that Mr. Archie Robinson is getting better after a long spell of typhoid fever.

There was a grand musical entertainment at Mr. B. N. Martin's last Saturday evening, the music was conducted by Mr. Henry H. Gragg and Miss Julia Bean. They are both natural musicians and it drew the attention of many. Success to THE BANNER.

IIYE.

* * *

Coopers Clippings.

Coopers is improving, our streets are all ditched and the sidewalks thrown up.

"Perhaps you would not think so, but a very large proportion of diseases in New York, comes from carelessness about catching cold," says Dr. Syrus Edson. "It is such a simple thing and so common that few people, unless it is a case of pneumonia, pay any attention to a cold. New York is one of the healthiest places on the Atlantic Coast and yet there are a great many cases of catarrh and consumption which have their origin in this neglect of the simplest precaution of every day life. The most sensible advice is, when you have one get rid of it as soon as possible. By all means do not neglect it." Dr. Edson does not tell you how to cure a cold but we will. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will relieve the lungs, aid expectoration, open the secretions and soon effect a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Kilgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P M Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary. J. A. LOGAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. BEN. H. WELLS.

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.

L. B. POUNDS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. J. J. L. STEWART.

With friends, too, I announce myself as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the People's Party primary. I want the office, know how to do the work, and if elected will serve the people, county and State to the best of my ability.

D. C. GANDY.

P.S. I have never given anyone permission to call me out of the race. D. C. G

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

L. H. REYNOLDS.

At the solicitation of, perhaps, too partial friends throughout the county I announce myself a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party of Chilton county. If elected to this office my best endeavors will be exerted in securing such legislation as shall redound to the best interests of our State and County.

FRANK CRICHTON.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

COMMISSIONER.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

RUFUS C. RIGGINS

We, the friends of Samuel Pate, hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as County Commissioner for the First District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of J. Goodman Smitherman hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

MOSES ROBINSON.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

PROGRAM OF SABBATH-SCHOOL CONVENTION OF MULBERRY ASSOCIATION.

Program for the Sabbath-school convention of the Mulberry Association to be held with Antioch church on Saturday before the fifth Sunday in March, 1896:

At 10 a.m. Devotional exercises by Rev. Sutton Smitherman.

Address of welcome by D. B. Smitherman.

Subjects for discussion:

1. What should be the qualifications of a Sunday-school teacher? opened by A. Glass, T. W. Langston and J. P. Gentry.
2. What is our motives for going to the Sabbath-school? opened by A. Mims, J. J. Hicks, R. J. Jones.
3. What advantage is the Sabbath-school to civilization? opened by Martin J. Franklin, T. G. Williams, J. W. Scott.
4. Can we improve on the modern methods of conducting Sunday school and if so how? opened by H. L. Hicks, D. L. Smitherman and W. H. Shaw.

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock Sunday-school mass meeting, conducted by R. M. Honeycutt. At 11 o'clock introductory sermon by L. B. Pounds.

All Sunday-school workers are cordially invited to attend.

COMMITTEE.

Don't forget that April 14 is the date of the first primary.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat" foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, snuffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

DR. BROWNE.

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

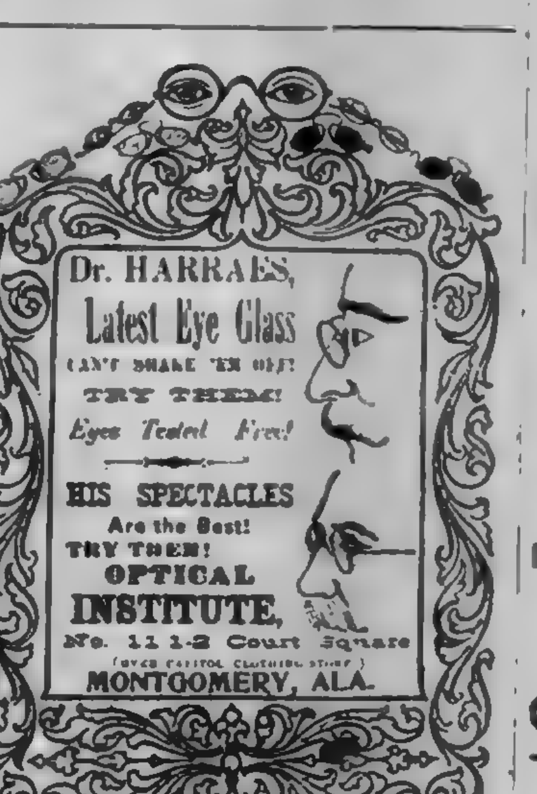
CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

Notice of Application for Pardon.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor for the pardon of Isaiah Patrick convicted at the Fall Term 1895 of Circuit Court of Chilton County of the offense of burglary.

B. T. PATRICK.

A severe rheumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr. J. H. Loper, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for over six months. At times the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything. With all he could do he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm. "I only made three applications of it," he says, "and have since been free from all pain." He now recommends it to persons similarly afflicted. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.



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Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

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Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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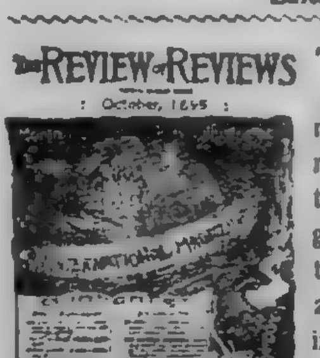
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

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The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in June, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton Brown fine spring shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

FOR SALE 160 acres of land six miles north-west of Clanton, estate of J. P. Littleton. Apply to J. W. LITTLETON, Clanton, Ala.

Misses Gussie and Sarah Abney, of Randolph, were in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Durkin, of Prattville, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. H. A. Wilson, of Lomax, was in town Tuesday.

A show was given on Saturday night in the court house, part of the proceeds going to the benefit of the Baptist church.

Mr. John Hester spent several days with relatives in our town.

Mr. Durword Fosbee was with many friends here Sunday.

Mr. D. K. Middleton, of Hayneville, visited his parents here this week.

Chancery Court is in session here today. Hon. R. B. Kelley, of Anniston, presiding. The following attorneys are in attendance: Frank L. Pettus, Selma; J. M. Falkner, Alex Troy and Thos. H. Watts, Montgomery; W. A. Collier, Birmingham; W. W. Lavender, Centerville. Bowie, Talladega. Our local talent is ably represented by Col. Knox, Thos. A. Curry, Adams & Martin and Smith & Dennis.

Married last night at the residence of Mr. Reuben Popwell, father of the bride, Mr. Butler Lowe and Miss Eva L. Popwell, Squire Dake performing the ceremony. After the wedding a large number of friends participated in a jovial time. THE BANNER wishes the young couple much happiness and prosperity.

Mrs. P. M. Moore went to Birmingham this morning on a visit to her sister, Mrs Wiggington to make the acquaintance of another little relative—a bouncing baby girl.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives the best satisfaction of any cough medicine I handle, and as a seller leads all other preparations in this market. I recommend it because it is the best medicine I ever handled for coughs, colds and croup. A. W. Baldridge, Millersville, Ill. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. S. L. Gray and Miss Lula C. Johnson; Mr. D. B. Lowe and Miss Eva L. Popwell.

I have a car load of horses and mules to sell at my farm near Verbena.
S. B. SHAW.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.
H. L. HONEYCUTT.
Clanton, Ala., March 3, '91.

The young people of our town enjoyed an entertainment last Monday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. VanDerveer. The entertainment was to have been on last Friday evening but owing to the inclemency of the weather was postponed until Monday. The young ladies masked, in their robes of white marched to the Thornton hotel, where they were joined by the young gentlemen, who greatly surprised the fair ones by being themselves masked. Then they, two by two, marched up to elegant home of Mr. VanDerveer, after which some time was passed trying to distinguish them apart, as there was a pound of candy offered for the hardest one to be distinguished, it was won by Miss Bettie Mullins and Miss —— Herring, who could not be recognized. After unmasking they proceeded in having all kinds of games until 12:30 when they marched into the dining room where an elegant table was furnished; returning to the parlor where everyone enjoyed themselves until 12:30 o'clock. Everyone going home hoping that it would not be long before they could have the pleasure of attending another entertainment at Mr. VanDerveer's.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Geo. E. Skaggs out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Geo. E. Skaggs I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One half undivided interest of the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 13, lying and being in Chilton county Alabama.

Therefore according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all right, title and interest of the above named Geo. E. Skaggs in and to the above described property, on Monday the 13th day of April, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 7th day of March 1896.
P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton county, Ala.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

WEST CHILTON, March 6, '96.

EDITOR BANNER: Health of the community good as usual except some complaint of measles.

Rev. Mr. Eam who has been sick has recovered.

Farm work progressing finely. Farmers have planted a large oat crop.

Politics are on a boom over here, and we are pleased to hear the people speaking out for those who have been true reformers in the stormy days of the reform movement.

Rev. G. W. Freeman of Bibb, filled his regular appointment at Pleasant Grove on the 4th Sunday.

Prof. Thomas has closed his school at Pleasant Grove.

The Sabbath school at Mars Hill has been closed on account of the measles.

By the way, who are to be our commissioners? We have heard that Mr. S. E. Waldrup, of beat 3, will be a candidate for that office, we can say that Mr. Waldrup is a true Populist and a good man, and one who has been bold for reform ever since its introduction here.

Give us, this year, men for office who are Populists indeed. Men like the gallant L. B. Poonds, the indefatigable J. A. Logan and many others who have been fearless in the reform work.
POPULIST.

* * *

I recommend Lee Hayes and E. W. Bailey to the voters of Chilton county as being two of the nicest and most honorable men I have ever known. Best wishes to Editor and People's party.
W. E. FOX.

CORRESPONDENCE

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Clear Creek, Ala., March 9

EDITOR BANNER: Among the candidates for tax collector we notice the name of Mr. J. A. Logan, of Clanton. This pleases Eli well. For while we are a good friend to all the other aspirants and believe them to be the best of reformers we must be allowed to urge the claims of Mr Logan in preference to anyone else. No man in the county has made greater sacrifices, no man has worked harder and accomplished more for the reform cause in Chilton county than J. A. Logan. It was he who first organized the county, often leaving his wife and children to take care of the home, while he would be gone days and nights traveling through rain and sunshine telling the people of the danger ahead. And from that day to this he has fought for every inch of ground we now hold in this county. He is honorable, high minded and well qualified to make us a good and safe tax collector. What say the people of Chilton? You all know him.
ELI.

* * *

For seven years or more Mrs. W. D. Louner, of Quincy, Ky., was subject to severe attacks of cramp colic. Mr. S. R. Morse, a druggist of that place, recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which has effected a permanent cure, saving her much suffering besides the trouble and expense of sending for a doctor, which was often necessary. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

* * *

Jumbo, Ala., March 1, '96

EDITOR BANNER: I have noticed the names of James Cooley, Lee Hayes, G. W. Patrick and M. A. Killgore as candidates for sheriff on the reform ticket. I wish to say in regard to Bro. Killgore he is an open hearted man to all in distress and prompt at his church. It is the wish of the people in the east end of beats 1 and 4 to have him as our next sheriff. We think it is high time we elected a man from our part of the county, we have been helping elect men from the western part long enough, and we can't do better than elect Brother Kilgore for sheriff and Frank Crichton as Representative.
A FRIEND.

* * *

Stanton, Ala., March 6, 1896.

EDITOR BANNER: The farmers in our vicinity are making preparations for a big cotton crop this year.

The ladies of the Methodist church gave an oyster supper last Friday night for the purpose of raising money to paper their church and make some other improvements preparatory to the district preachers meeting which will be held at this place the latter part of this month.

The "festive" commercial traveller is getting to be quite numerous, we have from three to five with us every day; we are always glad to see them as it makes the hotel keeper smile and "it is an ill wind that blows no one any good."

We were pleased to shake the hand of the next sheriff of Chilton county today. Lee says that he has heard of men running for office but he is walking as all of his horses are busy plowing.

Your correspondent was in error about Mr. Dan Gandy not being in the race for assessor, he is still in the race and will announce himself as a candidate for tax assessor in your next issue.

The Knights of Pythias enjoyed a pleasant visit from Mr. T. J. Adler, grand keeper of records and seals, he gave the lodge a fine address, which the members enjoyed very much. there is much interest manifested in the order here, the lodge is receiving new applications at every meeting.

There is some talk of another candidate for commission from beat 8, who will announce himself in due time. With best wishes to THE BANNER
I am yours,
BEAT 8.

* * *

LOMAX, Ala., March 6, '96.

EDITOR BANNER: I want to say to my gardener friends I have 300 cabbage plants ready to set, they are about 4 inches high; who is ahead of me?

I learn that Robt. H. Knox was in Lomax to-day visiting H. A. Wilson on some important Republican business. No white man can afford to support republicans. I can't nor won't.

I ask each member of the Third Party to support Mr. Cooley as I know him to be a high-toned gentleman, and I will do everything in my power to defeat Lee Hayes.
DOLL HILL.

* * *

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eye. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 23-27 Third Ave., New York City.

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

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Over-Profit Paying Stop it

Get our Great Catalogue and Buyers Guide. We'll send it for 15 cents in stamps to pay part postage or expressage. The Book's free. 700 Pages, 12000 illustrations, 40000 descriptions, everything that's used in life; tells you what you ought to pay, whether you buy of us or not. One profit from maker to user. Get it.

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For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

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$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co.; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

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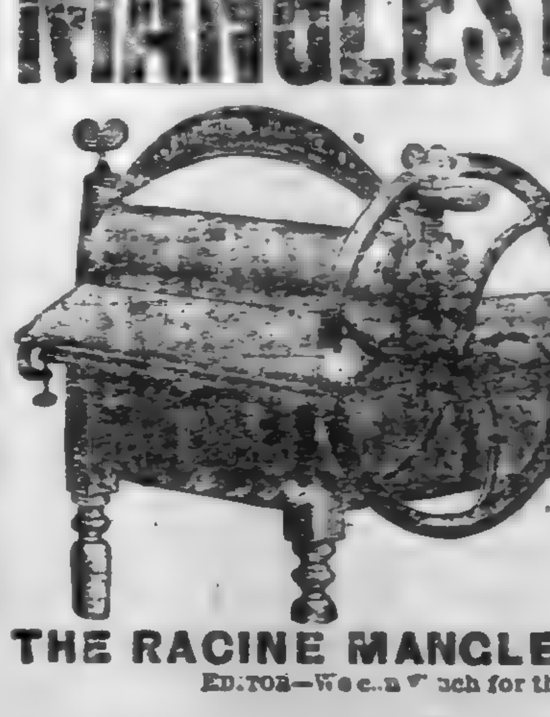

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Most Popular

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This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

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For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

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"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
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Indorsed by B. W. FEAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
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IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c. postage, you will get free their mammoth catalogue and ten grass and grain and fodder samples (worth $1 to get a start.) (A. O.)

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials free. Address

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By mail for 50c. in stamps.

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FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Everyone Knows How it is

to suffer with corns, and they are not conducive to walking; remove them with Hindercorns.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Piso's Cure is a wonderful Cough medicine.—MRS. W. PICKERT, Van Siclen and Blake Avenues, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1894.

Many Influences Combine to Reduce Health [illegible] the danger limit. The reviving properties [illegible] Parker's Ginger Tonic overcome these ills.

Spring Medicine

Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, overeating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

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OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N. U. No. 11, 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR [illegible] CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. [illegible]

ALABAMA IN BRIEF.

"Railroad Bill," alias Morris Slater, Pays the Penalty of His Crimes.

NOTARIES PUBLIC APPOINTED.

Schooner Ashore—Mobile Contracts for Steel Bridges—Baptists Secure $1,500 for a School—Cherokee and Marshall Have New Court Houses—Alabama's Foreign Trade

A Popular Institution.

The Hamilton agricultural school has 184 students enrolled.

Fire at Union Springs.

Two store houses in Union Springs, near the center of the city, were burned Thursday night.

New Court House Completed.

Marshal county's new court house has been finished and turned over to the county commissioners.

Killing at Evergreen.

A difficulty occurred at Evergreen Monday between William Bird and Govan Moorer, two school boys, in which the latter was killed.

"Railroad Bill" Killed.

The negro Morris Slater, alias "Railroad Bill," robber, murderer and desperado, was shot and killed at Atmore Saturday night at 8:50 p. m., by J. L. McGowan.

People Paying Taxes Promptly.

Tax Collector King, of Winston county, has filed the delinquent tax list with the probate judge. It is the smallest delinquent list ever filed in the county.

To the Insane Asylum.

Wiley Tucker, the half witted white man who burned a bridge in Etowah county on the Chattanooga Southern last fall, has been sent to the insane asylum at Tuscaloosa.

Convicted of Gin Burning.

Dave Sanders has been convicted in the city court of Selma of the offense of arson, for burning Day's gin, and was sentenced last Thursday to the penitentiary for seven years.

Another Industrial School.

A benevolent lady in New York had recently placed in the hands of the Episcopal bishop of Alabama through Mayor VanHoose, quite a handsome sum of money to be used in starting an Industrial School for Colored Girls in Birmingham.

Negro Conference.

Over 600 people attended the fifth annual session of the Tuskegee Negro Conference Thursday, about 400 men and 200 women. Fifteen states were represented, eight Southern and seven Northern. Booker T. Washington presided.

A Large Saw Mill.

The large saw mill of the United States Rolling Stock Company at Ball Play is soon to be put in operation. Agents of the company have been at the mill making an inventory of everything, and it is very likely that the mill will start in a few weeks. This plant represents an outlay of $53,000.

Public School Library.

The teachers and pupils of the public schools of Greenville, having organized a library association, have taken a long step already toward the end proposed. Between 200 and 300 volumes have been secured by donation and purchase, all books of sterling merit, and the number is constantly growing.

Cherokee's New Court House.

There was a special term of the commissioners' court of Cherokee last week for the purpose of receiving the new court house from the contractors. While the contract called for a substantial duplicate of the old building, the new one is a much better house, and the authorities are well pleased with it. County officers will move in in a few days.

A Cavalry Company for Birmingham.

A movement is on foot to organize a new cavalry company in the Alabama state troops. If it is organized it will be located in Birmingham and attached to the Second regiment. It is stated that the company has already been virtually organized in the Magic City and is only awaiting authority to formally organize.

Boy's Head Under the Wheels.

John Young, a boy about fifteen years old, who lives with his widowed mother a few miles west of Double Springs, while driving a team of oxen Thursday, fell off the wagon, which was heavily loaded, and the wheels passed over his head. At first it was thought he was fatally injured. He is still alive however, and at last accounts was improving.

An Echo of the Expo.

The latest matriculant at the Polytechnic is Senor Miguel T. Romero, of Venezuela, who was enrolled Friday morning. Mr. Romero was commissioner in charge of the Venezuelan exhibit at the Atlanta Exposition, and his attention was called to the college by its exhibit in the Alabama building. He will study the branches relating to agriculture, such as botany, biology and agricultural chemistry.

Opening Gold Mines.

The gold mines of Clay county are being worked more profitably now than they have been for several years. Many new leads are being opened up, and unusually large and paying quantities of ore mined. A strong company has just been organized to operate the Irbelinda mine, a test mill having been going for some time with very satisfactory results. The new company will put in about $50,000 worth of modern mining machinery.

Actors Fight a Duel.

Actors Will Lang and John West fought a duel on the stage of the opera house at Marion, Ind., after the close of a performance, one night last week and Lang received wounds which may prove fatal.

The men are members of the "O'Hooligan's Masquerade" company, and, after a rough-and-tumble fight in West's dressing room, secured revolvers and met on the stage. In the volley which followed Lang received two bullets, West escaping unhurt. The whole company was arrested.

FIFTY FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

SEVENTIETH DAY.

A number of petitions were presented in the senate and several resolutions offered and referred. A conference was ordered on the army appropriation bill. The president's veto message on the bill leasing lands in Arizona was received and the bill and the veto message were referred to the committee on public lands. The senate then, by unanimous consent, proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar unobjected to and passed, among others, senate bill authorizing the secretary of the navy to enlist additional men for service in the United States navy. The bill was passed. The remainder of the day was consumed in the passage of bills on the calendar that are unobjected to, the most important being one to promote the efficiency of the revenue cutter service by establishing a permanent retired list on three-fourths pay; and the omnibus bridge bill, regulating the construction of bridges over the Mississippi and Missouri rivers. The Cuban resolutions passed by the house were laid before the senate and referred to the committee on foreign relations. Adjourned....In the house the senate joint resolution authorizing the continuance of the improvements of Mobile harbor was agreed to. Also a bill authorizing the Arkansas and Northwestern Railroad company to construct and operate a road through the Indian Territory. On motion of Mr. Willis (rep., of Dela.) the rules were suspended and a senate joint resolution was agreed to, authorizing and directing the secretary of agriculture to purchase and distribute seeds, etc., as has been done in preceding years. Mr. Hitt, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, then called up the senate Cuban resolutions and moved to suspend the rules and pass the resolutions reported by the house foreign affairs committee, in lieu of the senate resolutions. The house resolutions were then read at the clerk's desk. The motion to suspend the rules was carried by 175 to 19. It was agreed that 35 minutes on each side be allowed for debate. Upon the conclusion of the debate the previous question was ordered and the house resolutions were agreed to by 263 to 17. The resolutions are as follows: Resolved, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, That in the opinion of congress a state of public war exists in Cuba, the parties to which are entitled to belligerent rights and the United States should observe a strict neutrality between the belligerents. Resolved, That congress deplores the destruction of life and property caused by the war now waging in that island, and believing that the only permanent solution of the contest, equally in the interest of Spain, the people of Cuba, and other nations, would be in the establishment of a government by the choice of the people of Cuba, it is the sense of the congress that the government of the United States should use its good offices and friendly influence to that end. Resolved, That the United States has not intervened in the struggles between any European governments and their colonies on this continent, but from the very close relations between the people of the United States and those of Cuba, in consequence of its proximity and the extent of the commerce between the two peoples, the present war is entailing such losses upon the people of the United States that congress is of the opinion that the government of the United States should be prepared to protect the legitimate interests of our citizens by intervention if necessary." The executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill was then taken up, the question under consideration being the substitution of salaries for fees in the compensation of United States attorneys and marshals. Without reaching a conclusion, the house, at 4:50, adjourned.

SEVENTY-FIRST DAY.

The conference report on the army appropriation bill was agreed to. Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, introduced a bill which provides for the retirement of all national bank notes and the substitution therefor of United States legal tender notes to be issued by the treasury to the banks—the bonds now deposited as security for the redemption of national bank notes to be retained in the treasury as security for those legal tender notes. A resolution was also offered by Mr. Allen and went over until tomorrow declaring that under existing laws all United States bonds and legal tender notes are redeemable in gold and silver coin. Mr. Chandler, republican, of New Hampshire, reported from the committee on privileges and elections a resolution for the appointment by the president of the senate a committee of five to investigate the Alabama election of October 1894, with power to send for persons and papers, and to inquire whether the legislature then chosen, and which elected a United States senator, Morgan, was elected by false returns or other dishonest methods or violent practices. The resolution went over without action. Mr. Gray, democrat, of Delaware, giving notice of a minority report. The agricultural bill, which appropriates $3,262,652, was passed. It is the sixth regular bill that has passed both houses. After some other business, of minor importance, and a short executive session the senate adjourned..... In the house the day was devoted to consideration of the executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill, which was still pending when the house adjourned.

SEVENTY-SECOND DAY.

Much of this day was devoted in the senate to debating the claim of H. D. Dupont to the Delaware senatorship. The case was laid aside, Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon, who had spoken three and a half hours in support of Dupont's claim, having the floor. The senate disagreed to the house substitute for the senate Cuba resolutions and requested a conference. The following bills passed: Senate bill to provide for substitute ports of entry and delivery in the state of Florida. Senate joint resolution directing the secretary of war to furnish an estimate for deepening the channel from Hampton Roads to the navy yard at Norfolk, Va., and also improving the western branch of the Elizabeth river. Senate bill granting a pension of $75 a month to the widow of ex-Senator Spencer, of Alabama as brigadier-general. Senate bill for the relief of St. Charles college, Missouri, for use, occupation and damages by United States troops during the civil war. Also senate bill repealing the law which requires the southern district judge of Florida to reside at Key West, Fla. Adjourned....After passing a few relatively unimportant bills the house spent the rest of the day's session in the consideration in committee of the whole of the fee and salary amendment to the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. In the course of the afternoon a message was received from the house announcing the disagreement of that body to the substitute of the house for the Cuban resolutions and asking a conference thereon, but no action was taken on it. The order for the printing of the report of the Nicaragua canal commission made February 19 was amended so as to exclude the printing of the accompanying papers and maps. The conference report on the army appropriation bill was agreed to. The house, at 5 o'clock, adjourned until tomorrow.

SEVENTY-THIRD DAY.

The debate on the case of Mr. Dupont, the contestant for the Delaware senatorship was continued in the senate, but no conclusion was reached and the case went over to Monday. The conference report on the Cuban resolution was presented by Mr. Sherman, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, the report being that the senate recede from its disagreement to the house resolutions and agree to them as a substitute for its own. The report was made a special order for Monday next at 2 o'clock. The senate passed some twenty-five bills on the calendar that were unobjected to. Among the bills passed was senate bill to pay $48,858 to the heirs of the late John Roach for labor and material on the United States gunboat Dolphin. Also house bill to incorporate the supreme council of the thirty-third degree of Scottish rite masonry for the southern jurisdiction of the United States. An executive session was held and the senate adjourned until Monday.....In the house the senate's request for a conference on the Cuba resolutions was agreed to and the conferees appointed. The bill making the national military parks public fields for military maneuver and drill by the regular army and state militia, under regulations fixed by the secretary of war, was passed. Also a bill appropriating $69,000 for the reconstruction of the bridge over the Mississippi river at Rock Island, Ill. Consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill occupied the remainder of the session and was still pending when the house adjourned.

SEVENTY-FOURTH DAY.

The house passed a bill requiring all pensions to be paid in checks. The legislative appropriation bill was passed. The postal bill was taken up and was pending when a recess was taken until 8 o'clock p. m. At the night session about a dozen private pension bills were passed.

SEVENTY-FITH DAY.

The senate resolutions authorizing the secretary of the treasury to distribute the diplomas and medals of the World's Fair were agreed to in the house. A bill to incorporate the Free Masons in the Indian Territory was passed. The postal bill was taken up and was pending when the house adjourned until Monday.

ITALIANS SUFFER DEFEAT.

Loss Reported From 3,000 to 10,000, Including 200 Officers.

A battle was fought on Sunday, March 1, between the Italian army under General Barateri and the Abyssinian forces, in which the Italians were routed with great slaughter. It seems that in the morning the Italian forces, comprising four brigades with one in reserve, occupied two ridges near Adowa. One brigade (Alberton's) was thrown forward and advanced too far. It was attacked by overwhelming numbers and driven back in such confusion that the supporting artillery could not be brought into action. In the effort to relieve this brigade all the Italian forces became engaged, fighting desperately. Gen. Dabormida's brigade was cut off. He fought his way through the Abyssinian lines, and, with a remnant of his battalions, rejoined the Italians. Fighting at great disadvantage from the first, and assailed by vastly superior numbers, the Italians at length retreated, and it appears that the retreat had much of the character of a rout. Among the killed were General Alberton and Colonel Galliamo. General Arimandi was seriously wounded. It was stated that of 247 officers engaged, only 40 answered to roll call after the battle. Reports as to the losses vary from 3,000 to 10,000, killed wounded and missing. But as numbers of the missing returned to the lines after the first reports were sent out, it is probable that the losses will not exceed 5,000. The Italians retreated toward Assemira.

MISS BARTON'S MISSION.

She Says the Distress and Suffering is Enormous.

A letter just received by a member of the American National Red Cross from Miss Clara Barton, dated Para, Constantinople, February 19, tells of the journey of the Red Cross party which sailed on January 23, and also contains the following:

"Not only was the fullest permission given by the sublime porte for entrance into Armenia, but an active and generous effort was displayed toward making our journey safe and pleasant. Mr. Terrell was very much gratified and seems very happy over our success, to which the state department and he contributed so largely.

"As soon as an outfit can be made and passage secured our men will start for the desolate regions. It will be cold and terribly hard for them, but that is what they came for. I have met several of the leading missionaries and other American gentlemen here. It is hoped that the massacres are over, but it is of course uncertain. The general feeling is that Russia has said 'Enough.'

"The distress and suffering through want and sickness is enormous and terrible."

Rush to the Alaska Gold Mines.

The steamship Topeka sailed from Port Townsend, Wash., at noon Thursday with the largest passenger list ever carried north, made up of 300 miners, for the gold fields of the famous Cook's inlet and Youkon county. Nearly as many more have engaged passage for a future trip. The steamship Alki arrived Thursday, and in one day the entire accommodation had been spoken for. The rush to the north is unprecedented. The steamer The City of Puebla, which sailed Thursday, had also on board a large party of miners under command of Capt. John H. Johnson, bound for the gold mines 700 miles in the interior of Alaska.

Uncle Sam's Marines at Corinto.

The United States warship Alert arrived at Corinto, Nicaragua, Thursday and landed a force of marines to protect foreign interests in the town.

Trolley Cars and Pills.

From the Evening News, Newark, N. J.

Mrs. Anna Burns, of 838 Plane Street, Newark, N. J., is a decidedly pretty brunette, twenty-six years old, tall, and a pleasant conversationalist. On the ground floor of her residence she conducts a well-ordered candy store. When our reporter visited her store, she in response to a question told him a very interesting story.

"Until about two months ago," she began, "I enjoyed the very best of health and could work night and day if necessary. Suddenly, and without any apparent cause, I began to suffer from intense pains in my head, in my limbs and temples. Almost distracted with this seemingly never ending pain, I tried cure after cure, prescription after prescription and almost a gallon of medicine of all kinds. Nothing did me any good. In fact I became worse. The knuckles of my hands soon became cramped and the pain in my hips became more and more distressing each day. Business in the store had to be attended to, however, and so I was obliged, suffering as I was, to keep more or less on my feet and occasionally I was forced to go out. This was the ordeal I dreaded. Each time I went out I trembled when I came near the car tracks for my pain at times was so severe that I was obliged to stand perfectly still no matter where I was. On one occasion I was seized in this way while I was crossing the tracks on Market Street and there I stood perfectly rigid, unable to move hand or foot while a trolley car came thundering along. Fortunately it was stopped before it struck me, but the dread of it all lasted as long as my pain, for I never knew when crossing the tracks, whether I would not drop to the ground in my agony and be crushed to death. My anxiety to get well grew apace and I had about given up in despair when I saw in the *Evening News* one day, an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Here was something I hadn't tried before and I lost no time in getting to the nearest drug store. There I paid fifty cents for a box of these truly wonderful, health restoring pills. Before I had finished taking half of the pills I began to feel relieved; the pains in my hips gradually disappeared and for the first time in many days I felt as if there was some hope. I continued to take the pills and the more I took, the better I felt. I finished one box, got another and now having taken only a few of the second fifty cents' worth, I am free from all pain and as happy as the day is long. Since I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I have gained thirty pounds and now when I cross the car tracks I don't care if there is a dozen vehicles nearby. It is a great relief, I assure you, and suffering humanity has a never failing friend in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I know what I am talking about. I speak from experience."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental, worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Puzzle Jugs.

Water or puzzle jugs were made in England as early as the seventeenth century, and at the beginning of the present century were still being produced. They are now seen only in museums or private collections. These tantalizing vessels, though not always equally complex, have generally some features in common. In spite of their many spouts, a perforated neck usually prevented the abstraction of their contents in the ordinary way. But a secret passage for the liquor up the hollow handle and through one spout or nozzle afforded the means of sucking out the contents. Of course all other spouts and a small concealed hole under the top of the handle had to be closed by the fingers judiciously employed during the imbibing process. The inscriptions found on some of these puzzle jugs usually relate to the difficulty of getting at their contents; the following is an example, written in "scratch blue," on a salt-glazed jug: "From Mother Earth I claim my birth, I'm made a joke for man; But now I'm here, filled with good cheer, Come, taste me if you can."

No Protection.

Green is popularly supposed to be the color which best protects the eye, but a German professor denies that it has any beneficial effect whatever, and declares that green newspapers, green glasses and green umbrellas are all a mistake. His theory is, at all events, plausible. It is that each different color tires a different set of nerves and vision, and, therefore, looking at one particular color saves one set of nerves at the expense of another. The best method, he points out, is to dim all the rays of light by smoked or gray glasses, which rest all the optic nerves.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS $3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay $4 to $6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for **$3.**

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more $3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our $5, $4, $3.50, $2.50, $2.25 Shoes; $2.50, $2 and $1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 36 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue to Box R.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

THE DOWN-HILL ROAD!

Once give a disease a start, and the road from health to sickness is smooth, and declines rapidly. Sometimes just a little irregularity, just a little drain, just a faint "bearing down" feeling, indicates the existence of a disorder that nearly always leads to the most serious consequences.

There are very few women in perfect health. Nearly always there is some weakness in the female organs. Neglect of these little things is sure to push the sufferer farther down the hill to disease. Put a stop to them.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

will quickly stop and cure all displacements and drains the weaknesses peculiar to women. It cures by building up the whole system. Disease can't exist in a strong, healthy body.

Wine of Cardui enables women to cure themselves. It enables them to keep secrets from the doctor that he must know if she goes to him for help.

One Dollar a Bottle.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/6 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel, Galvanized-after-Completion Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

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growers of **fruits, berries,** and all kinds of **vegetables,** know that the largest yields and best quality are produced by the liberal use of fertilizers containing at least 10% of

Actual Potash.

Without the liberal use of Potash on sandy soils, it is impossible to grow fruits, berries and vegetables of a quality that will command the best prices.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

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Manufacturers —OF— Engines, Boilers, Mining Machinery, Saw Mills, Shafting —AND— Pulleys.

MILL AND MINING SUPPLIES.

OLD MACHINERY REPAIRED.

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BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

In writing please mention this paper.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS. but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue.

W. B. PRATT, Secy.

ELKHART Carriage & Harness Mfg Co. Elkhart, Ind.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Better use them this way,

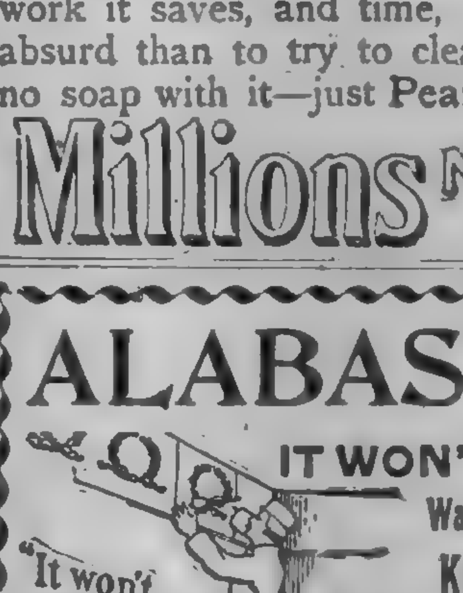
if you don't use Pearline. Give your tired arms and aching back a rest, somehow, when you're scrubbing and cleaning.

"An absurd idea?" Of course. But when a person has cleaned house with Pearline, year in and year out, and knows how much work it saves, and time, and rubbing, nothing seems more absurd than to try to clean house without it. Pearline—no soap with it—just Pearline—makes house-cleaning easy.

466

Millions NOW USE Pearline

ALABASTINE.

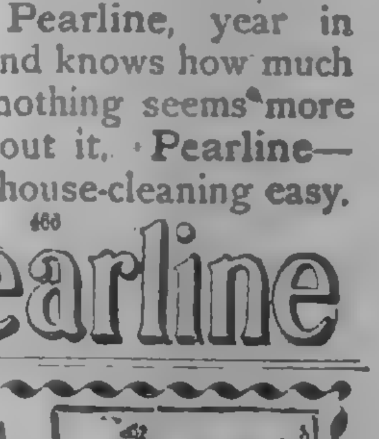


"It won't rub off."

IT WON'T RUB OFF.

Wall Paper is Unsanitary.

Kalsomine is temporary, rots, rubs off and Scales.



THE DOCTOR—"One layer of paper is bad enough, you have three here. Baby may recover, but cannot thrive."

ALABASTINE forms a pure and permanent coating and does not require to be taken off to renew from time to time. Is a dry powder. The latest make being adapted to mix, ready for use, with Cold Water. Can be easily brushed on by any one. Made in white and twelve fashionable tints. ALABASTINE is adapted to all styles of plain and relief decorating.

ASK YOUR PAINT DEALER FOR CARD OF TINTS.

If not for sale in your town, write us for name of nearest dealer.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY ALABASTINE CO., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

$1,500 for 50 Cents

—AND—

Weekly Commercial Appeal 12 Months.

YOU STAND AN EQUAL CHANCE WITH ANY ONE TO GET IT.

In order to secure 100,000 subscribers the following offer is made: To the subscriber first guessing the correct or nearest number of bales of cotton received in Memphis, Tenn., from September 1, 1895, to May 15, 1896, inclusive, as follows: If correct or nearest to the correct guess is received on or before March 31, 1896, it GETS IN CASH $1,500, but if not till April only $500 cash. The contest closes April 30, 1896.

Receipts in former years were as follows: Up to May 15, 1892, 745,538 bales; to May 15, 1893, 410,585 bales; to May 15, 1894, 474,351 bales; up to May 15, 1895, 581,181 bales. Number of bales already received in Memphis from Sept. 1, 1895, to March 8, 1896, is 389,812.

Features of the Weekly:

Condensed News of the Week; The Week's Doings in Congress; General News of the Whole World; The Farm, Garden and Live Stock; A Corner for the Young Folks; The Latest Market Reports; Dr. Talmage's Sunday Sermons; Political Gossip; Items of Interest; Hints to the Housekeeper; The Letter Box; Asked and Answered; Veterinary Department; Religious News; The Friendly Circle; diversified matter on diversified subjects.

A prominent feature being timely editorials on current topics reproduced from the daily edition, and for DEMOCRACY and FREE SILVER.

SPECIAL—Weekly Commercial Appeal and Atlanta Weekly Constitution 12 months each for only $1.25, allowing guess on Commercial Appeal cotton guessing contest, also Constitution cotton guessing contest.

Other papers The Commercial Appeal clubs with:

Commercial Appeal and Home and Farm, Louisville, 12 months	80c
Commercial Appeal and Washington Weekly Post, 12 months	80c
Commercial Appeal and Weekly Courier-Journal, 12 months	$1 00
Commercial Appeal and Semi-Weekly Republic, St. Louis, 12 months..	1 25
Commercial Appeal and Texas Siftings (weekly, New York) 12 mos.	1 50

One guess allowed with each subscription for Weekly Commercial Appeal in above clubbing offers.

For a club of 10 yearly subscriptions at 50 cents each we will send a nickel openface watch, guaranteed to keep time 5 years. For a club of 20 at 50c each a 22-caliber Rifle. For a club of 15 at 50c each a fine $7 Parlor Lamp. For a club of 30 at 50c each a $10 single-barrel breech-loading Shotgun. For a club of 40 at 50c each a $16 double-barrel breech-loading Shotgun. For a club of 40 at 50c each we will send a lady's gold-filled case Watch, guaranteed for 5 years. Also gent's gold-filled Watch for 40 subscriptions. For a club of 60 at 50c each we will send a $40 Sewing Machine, latest improved. $1,180 in CASH AND VALUABLE GIFTS GIVEN TO AGENTS. Send for sample copies and terms. 50 cents must accompany every guess for 12 months' subscription. Both subscription and guess must be sent in same letter. Sample copies free.

Remit only by Registered Letter or Money Order.

☞ *Address all letters to The Commercial Appeal, Memphis, Tenn.*

Shooting Pains in any part of the body are usually caused by Neuralgia, which in turn is caused by a low state of the blood. Purify the blood and the pains cease. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS *purifies the blood.*

BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

Clerk Circuit Court

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1896. NO. 21.

NOT FOR SILVER.

REPUBLICAN PARTY PLEDGED AGAINST WHITE METAL.

A Declaration that It Will Bear Defeat Rather Than Surrender to the Demands of the Silver Element in the Party.

One of the strangest thing in politics is the apparent blindness in the adherents of a party to see its defects, or to determine its policy. It cannot be said that all men who hold views opposite to the well-established policy of the party to which they belong are dishonest. It is like color blindness, a species of defect which, while it exists, cannot be accounted for. A good illustration of this idea presented itself in the senate the other day when Carter, Dubois and others took a firm stand for silver, and insisted that they represented the republican idea on that question. As a matter of fact the republican party has made no pretensions to being a free silver party for over twenty years. While it is true that it has declared for bimetallism in its national platforms, and for the use of both gold and silver, yet it insisted on impossible conditions to obtain bimetallism, and only favored the use of such silver as was already coined.

It knew that bimetallism through international agreement, which meant England's consent, was impossible, and growing more so every day. That declaration is only an artful evasion of the real issue for want of courage to meet it. The republican party demonetized silver in 1873. It opposed its full restoration in 1878. It is responsible for the Sherman makeshift in 1890, and for the decision that creditors of the government could demand gold in payment for coin obligations at their option. All these things are matters of record. Intelligent and well-informed men know them to be so. Yet in the face of all this evidence, there are thousands of men who believing that relief from the present condition of prostrated industries can only be had through free silver are still hanging to the republican party, hoping against hope, fighting against fearful odds, with defeat staring them in the face, surrounded with broken pledges, and blasted hopes, weighed down with despair, knowing full well that they are engaged in a losing fight.

In addition to the record of their party every leading republican paper is against them and in favor of the gold standard. A recent issue of the Globe-Democrat contained an editorial along these lines from which we clip the following: "Even if the entire mining region were solidly arrayed in defense of the bolters the republican party would make no surrender to silver. On this question of honest money—of money which, in the language of Jones, of Nevada, in his best days, "can not lie," and which "keeps its promises to rich and poor alike"—the republican party has taken its position. To this position it will stick despite the threats of fanatics and demagogues, and regardless of the fortune which the immediate future may have in store for it. The position which the party took in the conventions of 1888 and 1892 is the position which it will take in the convention of 1896. It would be easy, to be sure, to make the silver utterance clearer, squarer and stronger than those of the years named were. Probably that of 1896 will be. In any event it will mean a dollar which at all times, in all places and under all conditions will be worth 100 cents in the world's money, gold.

If there is to be any split in the two great parties [illegible] the silver question 1896 is the time to have it. A square contest on this issue without any entangling alliances with the tariff or any other question, is the great need of this country at the present time. One canvass on the silver issue—one canvass in which the 14,000,000 voters of this country could vote "yes" or "no" on the question of whether the national finances were to be debased to the Chinese level—would stamp out the silver distemper and remove finally and eternally this fiat money in peril. It is well for the honest money men in both parties to understand that silverism is as hollow and false physically, so to speak, as it is morally. Outside of the half a dozen mining states it has no standing among the people. The result in 1895 in Kentucky, in Nebraska (where the democrats split into a silverite and anti-silverite group) and in the eighteenth Illinois congressional district tells the story of the feebleness of the silver folly when it is resolutely attacked. But even if it were as powerful as its advocates pretend, the duty of the republicans to assail it would still be imperative. The party which created the national banking system, which maintained, in the face of powerful opposition, the government's faith with its creditors of 1861-5 and which brought every dollar of the country's currency up to the gold level, could better afford to be defeated in defending the public credit than it could to win by a surrender which would make it break with its record of a third of a century's glorious achievements in the policy of financial sanity and honesty."

It would be utterly impossible for the English language to make plainer the position of the republican party upon the silver question. Then why do men who are honest and intelligent any longer cling to a party that is so palpably pledged to pursue a policy inimical to their interests and their principles. The time has come for a new dispensation in the domain of politics—or rather a revivifying of an old dispensation that has been set aside to make room for a system of spoils and reign of greed that are undermining the foundations of our republic. There never was a time when this nation approached nearer a crisis fraught with more importance than the present. Let men weigh well their duty as patriots against their allegiance to their party.

The republicans apparently have been having pretty smooth sailing, but recently a large sized skeleton has shown itself in the family closet. Whatever may be said of the sincerity of the senators representing the silver mining states, there is a constituency behind them that don't propose to take a stone for bread, and between their allegiance to the grand old party and the frantic appeals, not to say demands, of their constituency, the aforesaid Senators are between the devil and the deep blue sea, with the chances that the party will have a devil of a row before the thing is settled. If there is anything that the people in Colorado, Nevada, Idaho, Montana and other silver states want more than anything else it is free silver, and they are not at all backward about declaring their intention of having it or a free fight. When the tariff measure came up in the senate the other day, five of these silver senators voted to block any further progress along those lines, unless we were to have free silver. This proceeding was so extraordinary in the republican family that it excited much comment, and no little criticism against the aforesaid five senators. Senator Carter, who also happens to be the Chairman of the National Republican Committee, smarting under these criticisms, dropped his robe of senatorial courtesy, borrowed brother Tillman's pitchfork and proceeded to probe the old republican dung-hill in the following refreshing style:

"It is high time that republicans who claim to be within the party should take their cues from the party platform, rather than from the White House. If it shall occur that this senseless crusade against republicans who believed in good faith in the Minneapolis platform, when it declared for bimetallism as well as protection, shall be carried to such an extent as may result in the adoption of President Cleveland's scheme by the St. Louis Convention, I submit that republican success will be rendered utterly impossible. If the platform of 1896 announces to the country, in conjunction with the action of republicans between the two conventions, that the plank on bimetallism adopted at Minneapolis was a delusion, a fraud and a snare, it would be just as well for the republican party not to make a nomination at St. Louis at all. Such a platform as that, which will be the logical outcome of the republican following of President Cleveland's scheme, would leave the republican party in this chamber with scarcely enough members to second a demand for the yeas and nays. In plain view of these facts, the drift of the republican party in the eastern section of the country toward Clevelandism and the gold standard is to me an appalling spectacle. In the name of all the republican party means to human civilization, let republicans in and out of congress take counsel of their own party platform and traditions and cease blind devotion to the false god who deals in mysterious phrases."

Senator Carter said much more than this, but it is enough to show that he knows how to handle a pitchfork and that there may be more trouble ahead for the republican party than it is willing to admit. One thing, however, Carter and his associates ought to know, that is they are making a hopeless fight against fearful odds in their own party, and that their action only serves to keep the free silver forces divided and thereby assists the goldbugs.

W. S. MORGAN.

PLEDGING CANDIDATES.

Do the People Hire Officials to [illegible] Them?

How could a national convention pledge a president to any particular course? Where is the man fit to be president, the candidate whom the people respect, who would accept a nomination under such conditions? A president thus elected would be foresworn to a course which might violate his official oath. Such a president would be a cipher. There is not now, and never has been, a party in this country foolish enough to adopt such a course, or strong enough to carry an election by such a policy.—Washington Post.

So?

Thought this was a government of the people.

Appears to us that no president has a right to disobey the instructions of the people who have him hired.

Not only the president, but every other official elected by the people ought to be bound under penalty of death to carry out to the best of his ability the pledges and instructions upon which he is elected.

A majority of the people have a right to dictate the policy of government even to the extent of changing all present existing constitutional and statute law.

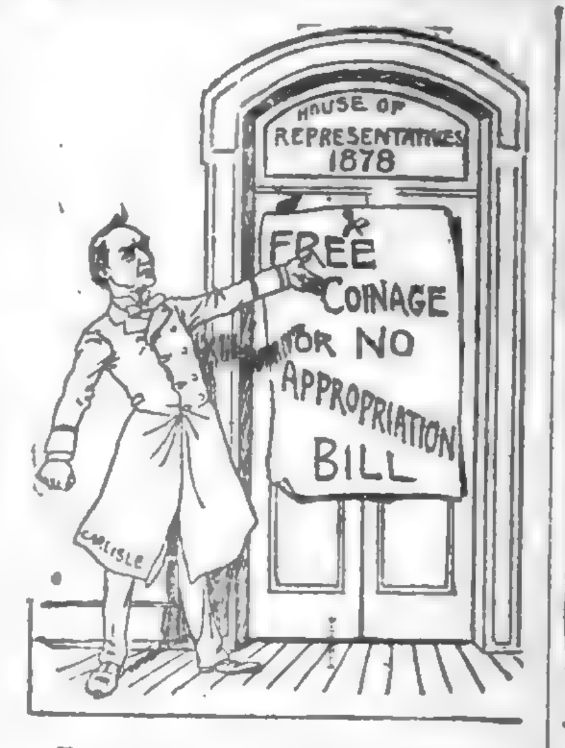
No law of the land should be allowed to stand supreme in the presence of a majority of the people opposed to it.

No president or other official has any right to set up his personal opinion against that of the people whom he is sworn to serve.

There is one party that believes in instructing and binding its candidates to carry out the instructions of the convention—that is the People's party. —Arkansaw Kicker.

Protection that don't protect farmers and their wives and children, protects millionaires and corporations that don't need protection.

If the democrats want to see the republicans laid in the shade all they have to do is to join the populists, and the job will be neatly done.

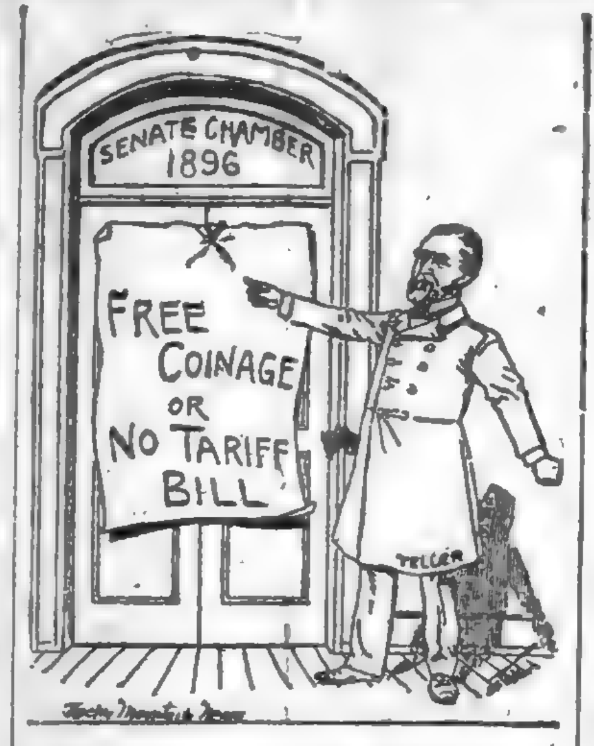


HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 1878
FREE COINAGE OR NO APPROPRIATION BILL
CARLISLE

From John G. Carlisle's Speech.

For the Bland Bill in 1878.

The struggle now going on cannot cease, and ought not to cease until all industrial interests of the country are fully and finally emancipated from the heartless domination of syndicates, stock exchanges and every great combination of money grabbers in this country and in Europe. Let us, if we can do no better, pass bill after bill, embodying in each some one substantial provision for relief, and send them to the executive for his approval. If he withholds his signature and we are unable to secure the necessary vote here or elsewhere to enactment them into laws, notwithstanding his veto, let us, as a last resort, suspend the rules and put them into the general appropriation bills, with the distinct understanding that if the people can get no relief the government can get no money.



SENATE CHAMBER 1896
FREE COINAGE OR NO TARIFF BILL
TELLER

Teller's Message to New York World.

"The action of the house has not been a surprise to anyone and has no special significance, for it is well understood when the members of the house were elected that the majority were opposed to silver.

"I do not state a secret when I say that the influence of the administration was exerted in favor of the republican candidates in favor of the gold standard and against democratic candidates in favor of bimetallism.

"I am confident we shall very soon hear from the industrial interests of Christendom, now threatened as never before, by the competition of the silver-using countries, especially the Asiatic countries, or what has been properly called 'the Asiatic pool.' This competition cannot be met by tariffs and can only be overturned by a change in the monetary system."

A CASE OF YOUR OX.

MR. WATSON RAISES THE CURTAIN OF THE PAST.

And Makes a Comparison Which Also Answers the Purposes of a Lecture—$1,000 to an Opera Singer—$21,000 for a Funeral.

People's Party Paper: Do you remember how mad congress became with me because of the Campaign book in which the drunkenness of members was shown up?

Do you recall how the Atlanta Journal and other democratic newspapers assailed me as a liar and slanderer?

If you do, you will read with special interest the following paragraph from the Atlanta Journal:

"Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.—The death of Representative Crain, of Texas—the first member to die since the opening of the recent session of congress—was as sad as it was unexpected, and has thrown a temporary pall of gloom over the house.

"When 'Bill' Crain first came to congress—the forty-ninth—he was only 37, rich, handsome and talented beyond the majority of his fellows. He came brimful of ambition, hope and health, enjoying the perfect confidence of his Texas constituency and possessing the elements of a successful and honorable public service.

"It is far from my purpose to distress those who loved him or to say aught but good of him—for after all, his faults—whether right or wrong—are those that most men are quick to condone.

"Suffice it to say that in the heydey of his youth he fell into the hands of the gilded Philistines of the capital. His talents were soon lying dormant and his money went so fast that he hardly realized that he had nothing left but the confidence of his own people and his congressional salary to live upon.

"The moral of it all is that Washington is a bad place for young men with money and talents coupled with convivial habits."

* * *

You may remember that congress appointed a prosecuting committee to try me for slander, and that the evidence I introduced before this committee was so damaging to the prosecution that neither the report of the committee nor the evidence taken by it were ever publishd and circulated.

In that record the testimony of the Hon. John G. Otis, of Kansas, is to be found.

Among other incidents, he spoke of seeing a certain congressman attempt to rise from his seat and ask a question of a member who was making a speech. Mr. Otis testified that the questioner was so drunk that he fell back into his seat while attempting to ask the question.

He is dead now—poor fellow—killed in his prime by the bar-room which runs night and day, Sunday and Monday, just below the hall in which our congressmen meet.

* * *

Cover him with flowers and burn incense around his bier—you who murdered him!

Chant the requiem and bless the grave—you whose cowardly silence let the assassin strike him down!

Praise his generous nature, eulogize his talent, pour forth regrets that his brilliant prospects were so cruelly shrouded in the eternal night—you whose base panderings to party flung the weeds of widowhood around his wife!

* * *

If that bar-room were driven out of the building the temptation to weak congressman would not be so great.

Facility leads to crime.

The very fact that the tempting drink is so close by, so convenient, melts the resistance of many a member who would never walk into the city for a drink.

The very fact that the bar is run as a part of the congressional restaurant, is screened from public view, is easy of access, and offers choice companionship as well as concealment, makes the pitfall the more perilous.

* * *

Mr. Preacher—you who lecture your congregation so often on the sacred duties of going to church and paying your salary—how much have you done to arouse public indignation against this national disgrace of the congressional bar-room?

How many times have your brethren in Washington preached against it?

How many times has the chaplain of the house, or the chaplain of the senate, prayed to the Most High God to blast with His divine wrath the abominations which those chaplains knew to exist within sixty feet of where they prayed?

* * *

He is dead.

Appoint your funeral committee to escort the lifeless body back to his home; furnish this committee with plenty to eat and to drink and to smoke on their doleful journey; appropriate from the common treasury the money to pay for the burial; endow the widow with the salary for the "unexpired term."

Do all this, solons of this Christian republic!—and then go back and tell your congressional bar-room to kill another one.

* * *

Here is a paragraph from a democratic newspaper which supported Cleveland in 1892, and which found no language too savage to use towards those who opposed Mr. Cleveland and who predicted that he would carry out the very schemes he has since manipulated.

(Sparta Ishmaelite:)

"The masses of this country have had since the last inauguration of Cleveland, on the 4th of March, 1893, a thousandfold better and stronger grounds for armed revolution than their forefathers for armed resistance to the tyranny of King George in 1776. What were the exactions of the stamp act and a tax of a few pence on a pound of tea compared with the continent-wide confiscation and ruin through which Cleveland and Carlisle have made their way to the superemacy of national bank gold gamblers in the very temple of the people's liberties?"

* * *

Mrs. Hearst, widow of the late Senator Hearst of California, lives in Washington, is immensely rich, and is a society leader.

At one of her entertainments she paid an opera singer $1,000 to sing a few songs during the evening.

Mrs. Hearst is the same lady who allowed her husband to be buried at public expense; and the sum you tax-payers paid for that funeral was more than $21,000.

It is to the eternal credit of Mrs. Stanford that she had the decency to bury her husband at the expense of his own enormous estate.

Who Bribes.

Who bribes aldermen? Agents of corporations.

Who bribes legislators? Agents of corporations.

Who bribes congressmen? Agents of corporations.

Who bribes United States senators? Agents of corporations.

Who bribes courts? Agents of corporations.

Who bribes juries? Agents of corporations.

Who sets up the primaries? Agents of corporations.

Who furnishes boodle to politicians? Agents of corporations.

Moral—If you find these things continue to vote for men who believe corporations should be chartered or allowed to own property. Every franchise granted crepates another bribe to corrupt your public servants, and it will rob the people to get the money to do it.—Appeal to reason.—Kansas City.

The man who has not independence enough to vote his sentiments—that is to vote on election day the way he talks the other 364 days in the year—ought to have been born a fishworm.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

MARK TWAIN REPORTED SICK.

Annual Convention of American Bankers' Association—The Monitor Monadnock—Great Distress and Destitution of Armenians. An Oil Mill Burned.

Spain will secure 30,000 Mauser rifles in Germany.

Spain is still endeavoring to raise money for the war in Cuba.

The Columbia bicycle factory was burned at Boston Thursday. Loss $125,000.

Lord Dunraven presided at the London Yacht Racing Association meeting the other day.

Rothschild, Baum & Stearn, clothiers, failed at Rochester, N. Y. They owe $300,000.

The Philadelphia Methodist Episcopal conference voted to admit women as delegates.

A dispatch from Bombay says that Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) is seriously ill at Seypore.

The Anderson Cotton Mill company, at Anderson, S. C., will start a new mill at a cost of $250,000.

The annual convention of the American Bankers' Association will be held at St. Louis September 22, 23 and 24.

The monitor Monadnock put in at San Francisco last week from her sea trial. She is pronounced a grand success.

Twenty-two countries have given notice of their intention to take part in the exposition to be held in Paris in 1900.

Frank Klein, a pugilist, was convicted of manslaughter at Milwaukee, Wis. He killed Louis Schmidt in May last in a prize fight.

The First National bank of Germantown, Pa., was wrecked by powder in the hands of burglars. Nothing was secured by them.

At Philadelphia, Bishop Hurst, of the Methodist Episcopal church, said if it were in his power he would free Cuba in five minutes.

The treasury gold reserve at the close of business last Friday stood at $126,685,064. The withdrawals for the day were $99 300.

President Cleveland, accompanied by Dr. O'Reilly and Commander Lamberton, of the navy, went duck hunting in Virginia one day last week.

The English house of commons knows nothing of English army officers offering their services to Spain in case latter country comes to blows with the United States.

The Spanish universities, closed a few days ago on account of warlike demonstrations on the part of students toward the United States, will be reopened.

Private advices announce the burning of the cotton oil mill at Clarksdale, Miss., near Memphis. The loss is about $100,000, only partially insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

American tobacco jumped from 73 to 82¾ on the Stock Exchange Wednesday. The cause was thought to have been a settlement of the tobacco war, but this the Drummond and Liggett & Myers people deny.

Report says 200,000 Armenians are in a starving condition in their country, and the only help they get is furnished by the English and American charities.

A heavy snow fell at Burlington, Ia., Saturday night, with cold weather. Ice commenced running in the Mississippi so thick that all steamers were compelled to tie up.

Mr. Walford Davis Green, conservative member of the British parliament, says Spain has no right to kick at the action of the United States, as this country has always been on the side of liberty.

An Albany, N. Y., dispatch says: Lexow's greater New York bill has passed the senate by a vote of 32 to 8. The bill was not amended and now goes to the assembly for concurrence.

It is stated that Bear Spring iron furnace, in Stewart county, Tennessee will be blown in about April 1. The plant has been considerably improved, and good work is expected.

Ex-Senator Patrick Walsh has accepted the invitation of Governor Oates, of Alabama, to address the meeting to be held in Montgomery March 25 to take steps looking to an Alabama exhibit at Chicago.

A heavy hail storm at Guthrie, O. T., was followed by a downpour of sleet which will do great damage to peaches and apricots, which are in bloom all over the territory, and ruin early vegetables. In many places the hail drifted badly.

The directors of the Knoxville, Tenn., Woolen mills have voted to erect a 5,000 spindle cotton mill in connection with their plant to manufacture their own warp. This addition will cost about $10,000 and will give employment to 150 additional hands.

At Denver, Col., a reported strike of rich gold ore on a claim of the Blue Jay company caused an advance from 6½ to 27¼ in the stock of that property on the mining exchange on transactions of 625,000 shares. The rise caused a wild scene of excitement on the floor.

Henry Patterson, a young farmer living in the country near Gainesville Ga., returned from a hunt the other day, and going into the bedroom where his wife lay placed his gun on a table. It was discharged and the top of her head was blown off. The coroner's jury said the killing was accidental. She was 18 years old.

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In justice to yourself you cannot purchase before looking at our immense stock, (the largest in Alabama) covering four immense floors, and getting our prices. You will be sure to be pleased.

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Special attention to mail orders

WEYLER'S WILY WAY.

Another Proclamation to Soften the Severity of Previous Manifestoes.

Captain General Weyler has issued another proclamation, the terms of which indicate a purpose to still further soften the severity of the proclamations he issued soon after his arrival in Havana.

This edict provides that all persons captured up to the date, in the provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio, who are suspected of having been members of a rebel band, should they of their own free will deny that they belonged to such band, will be liberated in every case, provided they give their promise before two witnesses to be loyal to the Spanish cause, and provided also that no one appears against them to offer charges of any other crimes.

To this end instructions are given to judges that they shall record in the files a personal description of those against whom proceedings shall have been taken, and shall then ask for the release of those coming within the above mentioned provisions as being discharged of the crime of rebellion but they shall remain subject to the vigilant surveillance of the authorities. The same proceedings will be adopted with regard to those who are arrested and who are not accused of common crimes.

The above proclamation is signed Weyler.

NOT NEW YORKERS.

Suits Against the Goulds to Collect Taxes Are Withdrawn.

A telegram from New York says: The Goulds will not be compelled to pay the taxes on $10,500,000 which were assessed in this city for the year 1895. Five suits had been filed against the estate of Jay Gould and his son and daughters to enforce the findings of commissioners of taxes and assessments. The defendants pleaded non-residence. When the case against George J. Gould came up for hearing before Judge Pryor in the special term of the supreme court, the corporation council's representative announced that it had been determined to abandon the suits on the ground that the defendants could establish the plea of non-residence. Judge Pryor thereupon gave a judgment vacating the assessments.

The Missing Steamship Safe.

The steamship Rio de Janeiro has arrived at Honolulu out of coal, twenty-six days from San Francisco. She had battled sixteen days with heavy head gales on the northern route, when her coal supply was too near exhausted for her to make the few hundred miles remaining to Yokohama. She put about for Honolulu making sail. Before reaching here she had burned her aft deck house and mizzen top mast, and had but twenty tons left.

MACEO TO WEYLER.

Cuban General Appeals to the Spaniard to Be Less Cruel.

A special from New York contains a lengthy proclamation addressed by the Cuban insurgent general, Maceo, to General Weyler. It is dated February 27. After arraigning the Spanish commander for his crimes and atrocities towards Cubans, it says: "Out of humanity, yielding to the honorable and generous impulses which are identified with both the spirit and the tendency of the revolution, I shall never use reprisals, that would be unworthy of the reputation and the power of the liberating army of Cuba. But I nevertheless foresee that such abominable conduct on your part and on that of your men will cause victims, without my being able to prevent it, even though I should punish hundreds of innocent persons.

"For this last reason, since war should only touch combatants, and it is inhuman to make others suffer from its consequences, I invite you to retrace your steps, if you admit your guilt, or repress these crimes with a heavy hand if they were committed without your consent. At all events, take care that no drop of blood be shed outside the battlefields; be merciful to the many unfortunate peaceful citizens. In so doing you will imitate in honorable emulation our conduct and our proceedings."

The Battle Ship Massachusetts.

Uncle Sam will in a few days have another powerful war ship ready for service. The Massachusetts was launched over two years ago, and but for the delay in the completion of the armor and guns would have been in commission long ago. The vessel is now practically finished, and if necessary could go into commission in a few weeks. The delay for several months past has been due to the non-arrival of several large guns. Two of these guns are in place in their turrets and one is now on its way here from the government proving grounds at Indian Head, and the fourth will be shipped from Bethlehem in a day or two. With the mounting of the guns the armament will be practically completed.

Cheap and Not Original.

In the law and equity court of Louisville, Ky., one day recently, Judge Sterling B. Toney, who is a great stickler for promptness, turned up late, and on presentation ordered himself fined $5 for contempt of court. When his docket had been cleared he remitted the fine and all others of a like character that had been imposed on jurors and others during the week.

WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain;
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

LAST Friday we rejoiced at receiving the following telegram:

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 13, '96
Our votes are counted here. Right prevailed. Just been seated.
W. F. ALDRICH.

THREE weeks from next Tuesday is the first primary—April 14.

REGISTRATION commences on Monday, May 4. Remember that unless you register you are disfranchised.

KANSAS Populists yesterday held their State convention and elected delegates to go to St. Louis. The platform adopted demanded the free coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

EVERYTHING points to success for us this year both in State and national elections. A good strong pull all together and the people rule.

THE Senate Committee on privileges and elections has made a favorable report on the proposed amendment to the constitution providing for the election of United State senators by direct vote of the people.

WE suggest to the candidates it is time they were making some arrangements about the ballots for the primary. The executive committee suggested that all names should go on one ticket—the same as in the State election. This reduces the expense and at the same time is educational.

MR. Oates of Montgomery is very busy preparing data for the use of Senators Morgan and Pugh when the resolution to send the investigating committee to Alabama comes up in the Senate for argument. We hope Mr. Oates will include the notorious announcement of "Pulse" Caffee, but suppose he will be too busy to remember it.

THE Advertiser is hard at work exposing Democratic frauds in their own primaries, while the State-Herald is exerting itself altogether too much to discredit the exposure. They may continue to fight as hard as they please; they may pile up the biggest majorities in their primaries and claim the earth, but it will only cause the people to be more intent upon having their votes honestly counted in August.

Senator Chandler will send his committee to the Montgomery Advertiser first to get a few pointers as to how democrats commit frauds. If the Advertiser refuses to assist the smelling committee it will only have to go to the files of the Advertiser.—Montgomery Journal.

THIS is a frank admission. Perfectly true and the advice is good. Could not possibly do better than get pointers from the Advertiser—if pointers were needed for the '92 and '94 elections. As a book of reference on election frauds nobody disputes the fact that you cannot find anything to equal "the files of the Advertiser."

CONGRESSMAN W. F. Aldrich took his seat in Congress last Friday and we congratulate this District in now having the man who was elected by our votes in the place of the individual who has too long usurped the position. During the debate on the case in the House some strong language (but not too strong) was indulged in which should cause the blush or shame to rise to the face of all those who are responsible for the humiliation of our State by their reprehensible election practices. Mr. Liney (Rep. S.C.) said:

"Fraud upon the ballot-box was the red-eyed daughter of high treason. It was the one great menace to the republic. The report of the minority of the committee itself showed that in one county Robbins received 3177 fraudulent votes. There has never been anything like it in heaven or this side of hell."

Mr. Moody (Rep. Mass.) denounced in the strongest terms the crimes against honest elections in Alabama. He declared it to be the duty of the House to say to those persons who were striving for an honest ballot that "no man shall come here and hold a seat with garments so seeking with crime as to defile the very atmosphere which we breathe."

If the present fraudulent incumbents of official positions have the least particle of conscience left we imagine they must feel at the very least most uncomfortable at these reflections upon the villianous means by which they attained their ends.

FROM the report of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections we extract the following:

"In August 1892 Reuben F. Kolb was the candidate against Thomas G. Jones the regular Democratic candidate. *The ticket headed by Kolb was elected* and the supporters of the Kolb State ticket also elected a majority of the members of the legislature; but by fraudulent and corrupt practices on the part of the election officers a majority of the votes cast was returned for the Jones State ticket, and a majority of Jones members to the legislature was also fraudulently declared elected. The creation of this fraudulent and false State government was accomplished by the wholesale falsifications of returns. The State government established, headed by Mr. Jones, was the creation not of votes cast, but was constructed on paper by the dishonest election officers in pursuance of a great conspiracy deliborately organized long before the election for the purpose of the political complexion of the State in case it should appear that Kolb and his supporters had carried the election. Mr. Kolb and his supporters allowed the fraudulent State government to assume its functions, relying upon the adoption by the legislature of a law enabling them to make a contest as to the election of governor, the passage of which contest law was publicly promised to them dy Mr. Jones to induce them not to resort to; but the promise was deliberately broken after the bill had passed one branch of the legislature."

J. G. GAY.

The open primary election is having the effect of inducing the friends of several prominent men to bring their favorites out as candidates for the several county offices. Mr. J. G. Gay of Plantersville, a gentleman who has the respect and esteem of all who are acquainted with him, has been urged to come out as a candidate for the office of tax collector. Having yielded to the pursuation of his friends Mr. Gay proposes to make a vigorous race and if elected will serve the people in a thoroughly efficient manner.

A. C. MIMS.

Squire A. C. Mims, born and raised within one mile of Clanton, who has lived his whole life in beats four and six this county, and who for twenty-six years continuously has been a justice of the peace in those beats giving great satisfaction by his impartial judgments, is announced as a candidate for the office of tax assessor. Mr. Mims is thoroughly acquainted with the needs of the county and the duties of the office and if he is elected will undoubtedly make us a good assessor.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phœbe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

Lily Lyrics.

Farmers have begun to plant corn.

Mr. B. F. Hammon will sell the remainder of his furniture, etc., next Tuesday, and will move his family to Birmingham as soon as possible. We regret his leaving our community, but wish for him success in his new home.

Mr. Crit Jones left recently to try his fortune in South Alabama again.

Miss Sallie Coolley is the happy recipiant of a new Esty organ, presented by her father.

Sabbath-school at Mulberry is moving on nicely. Mr. W. J. Flemming is to succeed Miss Roberta Johnson as teacher of the Bible class.

Mr. Clayton Edwards and family attended the funeral of his aunt Mrs. Vaughn of Oakmulgee last week.

The query for debate at the Oak Grove Debating Club for last Saturday night was "Which deserves the most honor Columbus for discovering America or Washington for defending it." It was given in to the affirmative.
CLINT.

* * *

West Chilton Warblings.

Miss Anna Palmer, of Maplesville, has been visiting friends and relatives at Valley Creek the past week.

Mr. Wm. Price says he has found gold on his land.

There has just been completed a new church house at Old Medlins in east Perry; it will be dedicated the 5th Sunday in this month.

The boys tell me that Capt. R. J. will have to order a larger hat rack to hold the boys hats of Sundays.

What has become of the Hustler and Uncle Say? I would be glad to hear from them, and where is Tom Hide? He has quit shooting off those big Patrick guns, let us hear one more big gun Tom.

Success to the Editor,
OLD MIKE.

* * *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

By authority of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county a convention of the Democratic party of said county is hereby called to meet at the court house in Clanton on Wednesday the 15th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Democratic State convention which meets in Montgomery on April 21. The following apportionment of delegates has been fixed by the committee: Beat 1, Mineral Spring, 4; beat 2, Providence 4, Jemison 6; beat 3, Benson 5; beat 4, Clanton 12; beat 5, Coopers 5, Verbena 7; beat 6, Kincheon 5; beat 8, Maplesville, 5; beat 8, Dixie, 8; beat 9, Strasburg, 4.

Delegates will be chosen to the convention at an election to be held as nearly as may be under the forms governing general elections in this State on Saturday April 11, 1896. All white voters who will support the nominees of the Democratic party, are entitled to participate in the election of delegates to the county convention.

R EHRMAN,
Acting Chairman Democratic Executive Committee Chilton Co.

Collins Chapel.

Last Saturday night a number of candidates met here and addressed a pretty good crowd. Mr. Ira Campbell called the house to order and L. H. Reynolds, Frank Crichton, J. A. Logan, L. B. Pounds, J. J. L. Stewart, J. T. Cooley M. A. Killgore and Sam Pate all made short talks. The proceedings were very harmonious, every man declaring his opposition to any personalities during the campaign, it being agreed that if any candidate should adopt the Democratic plan of slinging mud at an opponent he should be left severely alone. The meeting broke up about half past ten o'clock.

"Perhaps you would not think so, but a very large proportion of diseases in New York, comes from carelessness about catching cold," says Dr. Syrus Edson. "It is such a simple thing and so common that few people, unless it is a case of pneumonia, pay any attention to a cold. New York is one of the healthiest places on the Atlantic Coast and yet there are a great many cases of catarrh and consumption which have their origin in this neglect of the simplest precaution of every day life. The most sensible advice is, when you have one get rid of it as soon as possible. By all means do not neglect it." Dr. Edson does not tell you how to cure a cold but we will. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will relieve the lungs, aid expectoration, open the secretions and soon effect a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Killgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary
JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P M Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary. J. A. LOGAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. BEN. H. WELLS.

At the request of many friends we are authorized to announce the name of J. G. Gay as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.
L. B. POUNDS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. J. J. L. STEWART.

With friends, too, I announce myself as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the People's Party primary. I want the office, know how to do the work, and if elected will serve the people, county and State to the best of my ability.
D. C. GANDY.

To the voters of Chilton county as I cannot see you all personally I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county, subject to the action of the People's Party primary. A. C. MIMS

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
L. H. REYNOLDS.

At the solicitation of, perhaps, too partial friends throughout the county I announce myself a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party of Chilton county. If elected to this office my best endeavors will be exerted in securing such legislation as shall redound to the best interests of our State and County.
FRANK CRICHTON.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

COMMISSIONER.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
RUFUS C. RIGGINS.

We, the friends of Samuel Pate, hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as County Commissioner for the First District, subject to the action of the Peopeo's Party primary.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of J. Goodman Smitherman hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
MOSES ROBINSON.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Frank Crichton, A. C. Mims and others will address the people at

Shiloh church, near Kincheon, Saturday night, March 21.

L. H. Reynolds, Frank Crichton and others will address the people at

Rockymount church, Saturday night, March 28.

Isabella church, Tuesday night, March 31.

Valley Creek church, Wednesday night, April 1.

Macedonia church, Thursday night, April 2.

All candidates are invited to be present.

Let all who love America unite once and vote together for their own country. Never mind the platforms. Make such as suits you best; but agree upon the same candidates, candidates in whom all the people have confidence. By the 22nd of July next the way will be clear.—Silver Knight.

PROGRAM OF SABBATH-SCHOOL CONVENTION OF MULBERRY ASSOCIATION.

Program for the Sabbath-school convention of the Mulberry Association to be held with Antioch church on Saturday before the fifth Sunday in March, 1896:

At 10 a.m. Devotional exercises by Rev. Sutton Smitherman.

Address of welcome by D. B. Smitherman.

Subjects for discussion:

1. What should be the qualifications of a Sunday-school teacher? opened by A. Glass, T. W. Langston and J. P. Gentry.
2. What is our motives for going to the Sabbath-school? opened by A. Mims, J. J. Hicks, R. J. Jones.
3. What advantage is the Sabbath-school to civilization? opened by Martin J. Franklin, T. G. Williams, J. W. Scott.
4. Can we improve on the modern methods of conducting Sunday-school and if so how? opened by H. L. Hicks, D. L. Smitherman and W. H. Shaw.

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock Sunday-school mass meeting, conducted by R. M. Honeycutt. At 11 o'clock introductory sermon by L. B. Pounds.

All Sunday-school workers are cordially invited to attend.
COMMITTEE.

Don't forget that April 14 is the date of the first primary.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD
PRESCRIBES
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
— FOR —
COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or
Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. J. S. BROWNE, LONDON

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when CUSHMAN'S INHALER will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Beeley Thorn, in communication in the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '92.
I have had Catarrh about two years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.
T. DOUGLAS MORTON.

KINGSTON, N. Y.
I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE —A thoroughbred Red Jersey Boar, 2½ months old, price $5.00, apply at this office.

A severe rheumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr. J. H. Loper, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for over six months. At times the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything. With all he could do he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm. "I only made three applications of it," he says, "And have since been free from all pain." He now recommends it to persons similarly afflicted. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

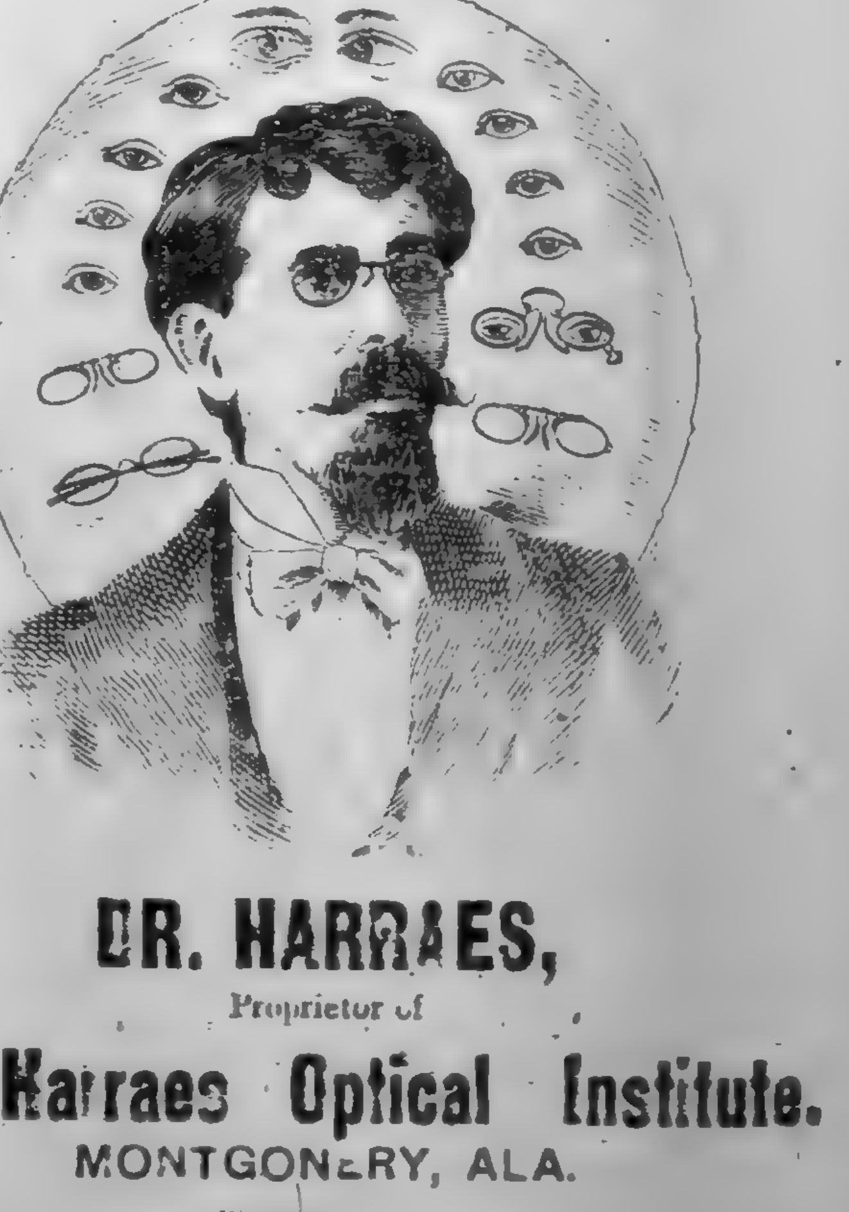
OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25



DR. HARRAES,
Proprietor of
The Harraes Optical Institute.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
WILL BE AT
Clanton March 26, at The Duke House.
And will remain for a few days by request of some of the citizens here.

Dr. Harraes
Is a graduate of three of the best Colleges in the World.
He has had twenty years experience in fitting Spectacles and curing defects of the eyes.
Let everyone who has any Eye trouble or Neuralgia or Headaches or other similar trouble take advantage of this opportunity and go and see him.
Most Headaches, Neuralgia, Cross Eyes, Granulated Lids, are caused by DEFECTIVE EYES. Thousands of well known people have been relieved or cured of the above and many other troubles by the use of Dr. Harraes' Spectacles or Eye Glasses.

CONSULTATION FREE.
Prices for Spectacles Very Reasonable.

CLANTON DRUG STORE.
Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.
DEALER IN
DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.
AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS.

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala

We went to press last Thursday while a fall of snow was covering the earth.

Mr. I. F. Culver, of Bullock, candidate for the Democratic nomination as Commissioner of Agriculture, was in town last Friday.

Mr. Joe Johnson is again visiting his father, who continues to be in feeble health.

The many friends of Mr. W. J. Martin will be glad to know that he is improving after some days of illness.

Misses Roberta Johnson and Celestial Dunlap visited Maplesville Monday.

Mrs. John Garner and Mrs. Dr Matthews visited Jemison yesterday.

Mr. J. W. Stanfield went to Decatur last Sunday night.

Mr. F. A. Curry left this morning for his old home at Livingston, Ala., where he will make a short stay.

Mr. Tom Gullahorn went to Coopers to-day.

Mr. Leroy Watts left this morning for Birmingham where he will meet his sister, Mrs. W. C. Satterwhite, of Virginia, who is on her way to Clanton to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Watts.

We call your attention to the advertisement of Dr. Harraes, which will be found in another column. The Doctor has a fine reputation for his skillful treatment of all diseases of the eye. He will be in Clanton March 26th when you can consult him free.

An influential meeting of Johnston men was held at the court house last Saturday. It was composed of town people—farmers being conspicuous by their absence. The members were all enthusiastic for Johnston.

A romantic marriage took place last Sunday when Mr. Willie Logan and Miss Addie C. Mims were married in the big road near Strasburg, Rev. L. B. Pounds performing the ceremony. We wish the young couple much happiness and prosperity.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives the best satisfaction of any cough medicine I handle, and as a seller leads all other preparations in this market. I recommend it because it is the best medicine I ever handled for coughs, colds and croup. A. W. Baldridge, Millersville, Ill. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. William A. Logan and Miss Addie C. Mims.

I have a car load of horses and mules to sell at my farm near Verbena. S. B. Shaw.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.

H. I. Honeycutt.
Clanton, Ala., March 3. '91.

Dr. J. Harraes, president of the Optical Institute at Montgomery will spend a few days professionally in Clanton commencing March 26. If your eye-sight is not good or if you need spectacles call and see him at the Duke House.

Chancellor McSpadden being unable to hold the last term of the Chilton chancery court on account of illness, Hon. Richard B. Kelley, of Anniston, was appointed special Chancellor. We do no believe that any other person could have given such general satisfaction or received such unlimited commendation at the hands of members of the legal profession. The business of the term was promptly disposed of and the special Chancellor left on last Saturday after having made friends of everyone who had the pleasure of meeting him.

Last Friday night Dutch Crosby and Will Martin, both of whom were in jail on charges of murder, made their escape and have not since been heard from. By some means or other they had procured a finely tempered saw with which they cut out two or three iron bars of the window of the cell and so escaped.

Cushman's Menthol Balm
Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.
Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation. Guaranteed to give satisfaction, when you need an ointment be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.
If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.
CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

[illegible] Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

DR. J. H. WATTS.

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. Watts.
Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Turn-Round Topics.

Spring has not come yet as it snowed the 12th and 13th and covered everything except the ground about one-half or three-quarters of an inch thick. Had the ground not been wet so the snow could have stuck without melting, it would have been a general "rabbit hunt" on the morning of the 13th.

Mr. E. L. Jones is convalescent after an attack of measles, but his wife has just taken them, and he has two children who are more than apt to take them.

Messrs. Cato and John Pattillo, Walter Kendrick and sister. Miss Daisy, attended the "social hop" at Mr. Elias Minor's near Coopers Friday night.

Miss Alice Morgan has returned to her home at Prattville after a pleasant stay with relatives and friends here, much to the regret of her many acquaintances.

Messrs. T. D. Whitsworth and P. M. Jones attended the lodge at Bozeman Saturday.

Mr. P. H. Connell our new and inexperienced overseer has put the Knight's Ferry road in as good condition as it ever was. We congratulate him and say he did well.

The peach tree is in bloom, as is also the plum and pear, but I am afraid the cold snap hurt them considerably.

Masters David and Beater Kendrick went to Shady Grove church Sunday for the first time.

Tim.

Subscribe for The Banner.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D. Post Office Building, 25–27 Third Ave., New York City.

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

Why not be your own Middle-man?

Pay but one profit between maker and user and that a small just one.
Our Big 700 Page Catalogue and Buyers Guide proves that it's possible. Weighs 2½ pounds, 12,000 illustrations, describes and tells the one-profit price of over 40 000 articles, everything you use. We send it for 15 cents; that's not for the book but to pay part of the postage or expressage, and keep off idlers. You can't get it too quick.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
The Store of All the People
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the Banner.

PATENTS OBTAINED. TERMS EASY
Thirty-five years' experience. Examinations and reports free. Prompt attention Send drawing and description to
L. BAGGER & Co. Att'ys Washington, D.C.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor]

A CARD.

To the People of Chilton county: It is questioned as to how I stand in cutting off the north end of the county. I am opposed to it and should I be elected I would do all I could to defeat such a measure should it arise.

Resp'fly, L. H. Reynolds.

* * *

Lomax, Ala., March 17, '96

Editor Banner: In your valuable paper of last week appeared an article signed by my brother, Doll Hill, and I beg space to say that I do not indorse anything contained in said article. In common with many and I believe a large majority of the people of Chilton county, I desire the nomination and election of Lee Hayes to the office of sheriff and will do all I can honorably to secure his election. Respectfully,

G. W. Hill.

* * *

Maplesville, Ala., March 17, 1896.

Editor Banner: A few words from this part may not be out of place. Now that the first primary is close at hand, let us turn out freely and go and vote for the men of our choice. Mr Lee Hayes for sheriff, Mr. Tom Hubbard for tax collector, Mr. L. B. Pounds for assessor and Mr. Frank Crichton for representative. These gentlemen will be the choice of the people of beat 7 and 8. We hope that Hayes will be elected beause we think that he is the man for the position, notwithstanding the other candidates are nice gentlemen. The farmers are very backward in planting corn owing to the cold weather, but we hope the inclement weather will not continue all the year. Great success to The Banner, Beat 7.

* * *

For seven years or more Mrs. W. D. Louder, of Quincy, Ky., was subject to severe attacks of cramp colic. Mr. S. R. Morse, a druggist of that place, recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, which has effected a permanent cure, saving her much suffering besides the trouble and expense of sending for a doctor, which was often necessary. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

* * *

West Chilton, March 18, 1896.

Well, Mr. Editor, I am glad to see your name announced as a candidate for representative. I had about decided to vote for Mr. Reynolds until your name came out, but now I will go my last link in support of you for our next representative. Politics is getting hot over this way. The friends of Mr. J. G. Gay will announce him and put his name before the people as a candidate for collector, and I see the friends of Mr. E. W. Bailey have announced him as a candidate for assessor; this is a wise thing of his friends doing so, for Mr. Bailey is the very man to fill that office. I have been knowing him for many years, he is right in every respect. He is a hightoned gentleman, strictly honest and don't drink liquor. Mr. Lee Hayes is the very man we are looking for, for our next sheriff, and we are going to elect him for that office you may bet; we pay no attention to any false reports we hear about him.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., March 19, 1896

Editor Banner: You will please give me a few lines in your paper in regard to some reports on me. It is reported that I am a candidate in behalf of Mr. Hayes. I am sorry that people tell false on me but I am glad to think that they cannot tell anything that's true that would hurt me. I wish to say that I am a candidate in behalf of M. A. Killgore strictly.

Success to the People's Party and the Banner. Yours,

M. A. Killgore.

* * *

Randolph, Ala., March 18, '96.

Editor Banner: As there seems to be a little misunderstanding as to the intention of the primaries I will say the first is open to all candidates, and the second to the two candidates for each office receiving the highest number of votes at the first. This I think is right. It gives time to reflect and we want to be right before we quit.

My name has been mentioned for office. I have never asked for it but the people have got it up themselves. I have always considered my unworthiness as well as my incompetency, and I want the people to act wisely in their choice.

S. E. Waldrup.

* * *

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

Subscribe for the Banner!

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:
First.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."
Second.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.
Third.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, not, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.
On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.
See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.
Sick Headache.—Palpitation of the Heart.—Drowsiness.—Irritability.—Indigestion.—Cold Feet.—Enlargement of Liver & Spleen.—Sleeplessness.—Low Spirits.—General Lassitude.—Dullness.—Heaviness.—Tired Feeling.—Sour Stomach.—Bad Taste in Mouth.—Constipated Bowels.—Skin & Eyes Yellow.—Biliousness.—Loss of Strength & Flesh.—Coated Tongue.—Pains in Side & under Shoulder Blades.—Foul Breath.—Glimmering before the Eyes.—Weight in Stomach after Eating.—Torpid Liver.—Flesh Soft & Flabby.—Acute & Chronic Malaria.—Bile coming up in Mouth.—Nervous Headaches.—Memory Clouded & Indistinct.—Wind Colic.—Piles, by Curing Constipation Producing it.—Kidney Diseases.—Fullness of Blood in Head.—Numbness of Hands, Arms & Feet.—Belching up Gas.—Bloating of Stomach after Food is Taken.—Irregular Appetite.—Heartburn.—Dimness of Vision.—Dizziness upon Suddenly Getting up.—Suffocating Sensations.—Dispondency of Pregnant Women.—Nausea before or After Eating.—Vertigo.—Yellow Jaundice.—Deficiency of Perspiration.—Female Complaints.—Bad Colds.—Backaches so Common to Mothers.—Flatulency.—Loss of Appetite.—Pains & Aches in Joints.—Chilly Feelings Down the Back.—Limbs Feel too Heavy.—Cramp Colic.—Skin Dry & Harsh.—Bilious Fevers.—Paleness.—Weakness.—Thinness.—Detestation of Food.—Sudden Flushes of Heat.—General Debility.—Fretfulness of Teething Children.—Dyspepsia.—Nervous Depression of Tired Women.—Unpleasant Dreams.—Spitting up of Food After Eating.—Diarrhea of Children, by Removing the Cause.—Gnawing Sensations in Stomach.—Puffiness & Dark Rings Under the Eyes.—That Restless "Out of Sorts," Not Sick and Not Well Feeling, so Common with Over-worked People.—It Builds up Weak & Debilitated Mothers and Fathers & Pale and Enfeebled Children, by Perfectly Regulating the Action of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach & Bowels, so that all food taken is naturally assimilated.
C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE OPERA HOUSE HOTEL
AND NEW ACME RESTAURANT
(GELDERS HOTEL COMPANY)
RATES PER DAY $1.25 AND UP MEALS 25 CENTS
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

THE SECURITY SCHOOL SHOE
WEARS LIKE IRON
W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Geo. E. Skaggs out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Geo. E. Skaggs I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One half undivided interest of the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 13, lying and being in Chilton county Alabama.

Therefore according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all right, title and interest of the above named Geo. E. Skaggs in and to the above described property, on Monday the 13th day of April, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 7th day of March 1896.

P. M. Moore,
Sheriff Chilton county, Ala.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

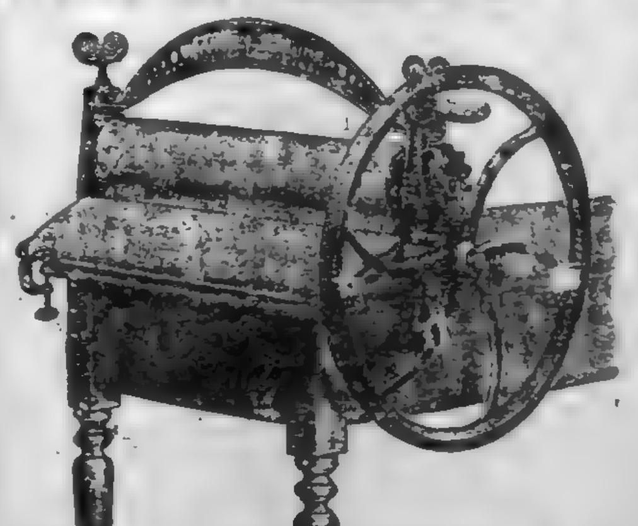
THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
The Through Cars
Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST.
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,
Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

GET THE BEST
When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and
Most Popular
for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is
Light Running
There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the
NEW HOME
It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.
WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
Orange, Mass. Boston, Mass. 28 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo. Dallas, Texas. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

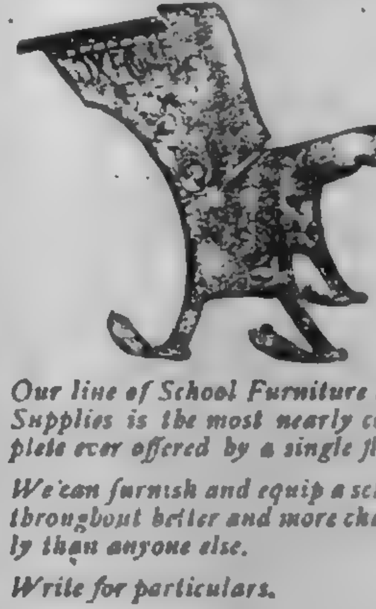
WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to stop Headache in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose."

Headquarters for Sweet Peas
Mixed Varieties per pound 40 cents, Half pound 25 cents. Quarter pound 15 cents.
....THE ONLY
NEW DOUBLE SWEET PEA Bride of Niagara
True to name. Packet 25 cents, half Packet 15 cents.
The Wonderful Crimson Rambler Rose Only 15 cents.
VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1896,
THE PIONEER SEED CATALOGUE.
Chromo-lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Roses, Fuchsia White Phenomenal, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables.
Filled with good things old and new.
Tried and True Novelties,
Fuchsia double white Phenomenal
Blackberry, The Rathbun.
Tomato, Vick's Early Leader,
The Earliest Tomato known.
Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts. which may be deducted from first order—really FREE—or free with an order for any of the above.
ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.
JAMES VICK'S SONS



MANGLES FOR Family Use.
An ordinary family ironing can be done on the "Racine" Mangle in twenty minutes.
No Heat, No Fuel, No Scorching.
The goods always retain their pure whiteness and will wear twice as long as where hot irons are used.
SAVES FUEL, SAVES TIME, SAVES LABOR, SAVES THE CLOTHES, EVERY MANGLE GUARANTEED.
Prices within the means of every family. Made in six styles and two sizes for families, hotels, laundries, etc. Send for our new illustrated catalogue.
THE RACINE MANGLE CO., RACINE, WIS.
Editor—We can vouch for the reliability of this company.



Our line of School Furniture and Supplies is the most nearly complete ever offered by a single firm.
We can furnish and equip a school throughout better and more cheaply than anyone else.
Write for particulars.
We want an experienced agent in every county. Good opening for a good man. Write for terms and mention this medium.
ANDREWS' SCHOOL FURNISHING COMPANY
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WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.
TO HORSE OWNERS.
For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.
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BACK ACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

P.P.P.
(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)
This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.
Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is
Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas
For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.
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KIDNEY—TROUBLES
PIMPLES
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A WONDERFUL REMEDY.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.
READ THE TRUTH
EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.
"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, and as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by E. W. Frakens, Druggist.
"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me," J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.
"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS.
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK-SAVANNAH, GA.

Too Many Nightingales.

Miss Hoba Stretton, the English authoress, spent some years on the border of Epping forest. Her house there was given up because the "nightingales warbled so vociferously as to spoil her night's rest."

Mrs. Bacon—The man upstairs is all the time missing money. His wife takes it out of his pocket while he's asleep. Mrs. Egbert—Doesn't he suspect her? "Oh, no; he's a professional mind reader."—The American.

Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family, and costs only 50 cents; the large size $1. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and for sale by all druggists.

Youth is the season of hope, enterprise and energy to a nation as well as an individual

$100 Reward. $100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Tell a Friend Good News.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

"Please forward six boxes of TETTERINE, C. O. D. I think it strange that it is not sold here in New England, as it is the best cure for eczema, ringworm and all eruptions of the skin I ever saw. I got a box from a Cincinnati drummer, and gave part of it to a young lady who had tried almost everything to remove pimples and an eruption from her face. Two applications of TETTERINE completely cured her. I know also a gentleman whose body had been covered with eczema. Two boxes of TETTERINE cured him completely, and now his skin is as smooth as a baby's."

P. O. HANLON,
With Silver Springs Bleaching Co.

1 box for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Does Lots of Good—You Will Find it so if You Try it.

Mrs. T. J. Meador has kind words to say about Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. "For many years I have suffered with dyspepsia and nervousness. I have been taking Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and find that it is doing me lots of good and I am now in better health than I have been for years. It relieves me in a few minutes of indigestion."

If you are suffering with indigestion or dyspepsia of any character whatever, it would be to your interest to try a bottle of this remedy. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

To be innocent is to be not guilty, but to be virtuous is to overcome our evil intentions.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is not an imitation. It is original. The only soap that floats, contains Borax and is 100 per cent. pure. It is worthy a trial. Every lady who tries it continues its use. Red wrapper.

It is better to rise early and work for one's breakfast than to lie in bed and create no need of it.

IRRITATION OF THE THROAT AND HOARSENESS are immediately relieved by "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*." Have them always ready.

A true liar can always be depended upon to tell as many different stories as there are stories to tell.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Experience Leads Many Mothers to Say

"Use Parker's Ginger Tonic" because it is good for colds, pain and almost every weakness.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

I cannot speak too highly of Piso's cure for Consumption.—MRS. FRANK COBBS, 215 W 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

These Distressing Corns!

Bad as they are, Hindercorns will remove them, and then you can walk as you like.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Spring

Is the season for purifying, cleansing and renewing. The accumulations of waste everywhere are being removed. Winter's icy grasp is broken and on all sides are indications of nature's returning life, renewed force and awakening power.

Spring

Is the time for purifying the blood, cleansing the system and renewing the physical powers. Owing to close confinement, diminished perspiration and other causes in the winter, impurities have not passed out of the system as they should, but have accumulated in the blood.

Spring

Is, therefore, the best time to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, because the system is now most in need of medicine. That Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier and Spring medicine is proved by its wonderful cures. A course of Hood's Sarsaparilla now may prevent great suffering later on.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

GOOD WRITERS and illustrators, known or unknown, wanted to contribute to the Waterbury, published at Waterbury, Conn. Ask your newsdealer for a copy, to see what it's like.

Am. N. U. No. 12, 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS

ALABAMA IN BRIEF.

Large Lot of Cotton Burned—Narrow Escape of Ships.

LANDS FOR ALABAMA SCHOOLS

College Commencement—Alabama Coal Companies Reaching Out. Night Schools for Factory Children—Populite Convention Called—Aid for Colored Schools.

Assignment at Leighton.

J. L. Walker, general merchant, at Leighton, Ala., has assigned. Liabilities, $13,000; assets, about $6,000.

Giving Factory Children a Chance.

A free night school for the benefit of the factory children is to be established under the auspices of the teachers of Factory Chapel Sunday school at Selma.

Another Boiler Explosion.

The boiler of Larkin & Grigies' mill Selma, on Saturday afternoon exploded, killing one white man and fatally injuring three others. The names of the victims have not yet been ascertained.

Help for Montevallo and Tuskegee.

The house committee on public lands has reported favorably the senate bill granting 25,000 acres of land to each the Booker Washington Institute, of Tuskegee, Ala., and to the Industrial School for Girls, at Montevallo, Ala.

The Inevitable Consequence.

A telegram received from Gadsden announces that Mrs. John Eason, who deserted her husband and children in Marshal county last December and eloped with Dr. Joe Patterson to Texas, was seen in that city, and that she had herself been deserted.

Populite State Convention.

Mr. G. B. Deans, chairman of the populite state executive committee, in accordance with the instructions of that committee, has issued a call for a state convention of the people's party, to be held in Montgomery April 28, 1896.

Assignment at Huntsville.

George T. Scruggs & Son have made an assignment to Jesse F. Young, for the benefit of their creditors. The assignment embraces a stock of merchandise, accounts, etc. Liabilities, $5,500, with assets estimated at from $7,000 to $8,000.

Total of Assessed Values.

The total assessment of real estate in the state is $145,516,138, and of personal property $25,821,886—total, $541,337,024. This is an increase of $67,529,927 in the past decade. The tax rate has been reduced from 6 mills in 1886 to 5½ mills in 1896.

New Ore Mine Opened.

The Georgia Mining & Manufacturing company has leased a number of convicts and are now at work opening up the Guiton bank of red hematite ore, near Cass, Ala. The ore is said to be of excellent quality. It will be shipped to Chattanooga and South Pittsburg.

Railroads and Their Earnings.

The table in the state auditor's report regarding railroads is full of interest. There are 3,594 miles of rail road in the state. The earnings in Alabama were $12,407,384, and the license tax received to pay the expenses of the railroad commission amounted to $12,500.

Ingraham Surrenders.

Fred Ingraham, the Central of Georgia railroad station agent who on Monday night shot and seriously wounded Conductor Joe Oliver at Fitzpatrick's Station, on Thursday gave himself up to the sheriff of Bullock county, in which the shooting occurred, and is in custody at Union Springs. Oliver's condition is precarious.

Mobile's Shipping Business.

The Mobile Register of yesterday publishes a statement of the shipping business done at Mobile during February of this year. It shows an increase of 113 per cent over the February business of 1895 and 232 per cent over the business of 1894, with an average increase of 123 per cent for each period of each year. This is a wonderful growth.

Normal College Commencement.

Dr. P. T. Hale, pastor of Southside Baptist church, of Birmingham, has been invited by the faculty of the State Normal college at Florence to preach the commencement sermon on May 24.

The large number of young teachers assembled in this well known institution from all over the south make it one of the foremost of its kind in the country.

Reaching Out for New Markets.

The coal companies of Alabama have taken steps to put a line of barges on the Mississippi river to carry their products from Greenville, the western terminus of the Southern railroad, to New Orleans and other points below. Pittsburg has heretofore supplied these markets, but the uncertainty of transportation by the Ohio has proven so disappointing that, with the favorable rates of freight offered by the Southern, the field is now fairly open to the Alabama operators.

Two Sentenced to be Hung.

Judge Greene, of the Jefferson county criminal court, on Saturday sentenced Will Smith and John Walton to hang May 8. Smith was the leader of the Brookside riot last July, when he and half a dozen other negroes ambushed Deputy Sheriff Arthur Woods and posse while they were going on their way to arrest Smith and his associates for petty offenses. Woods was killed. Three of Smith's associates have been sent to the penitentiary. Walton was a convict at Coalburg and murdered Jasper Thornton, a fellow convict, with a coal pick.

New Cotton Mill's Product.

The first shipment of cotton manufactured goods made in Birmingham left Saturday morning for Chester, Pa., over the Central of Georgia railway. The goods were manufactured by the Birmingham cotton mills, which were located at this place last fall by J. B Cotton and associates, of Chester, Pa. They were brought here through the instrumentality of the Birmingham Commercial club. The shipment consisted of about 30,000 pounds of cotton yarn in one car load. The mill has orders for more than it can supply.

Charlson Pleads Guilty.

In the federal court at Birmingham Saturday Ex-United States Commissioner Robert Charlson pleaded guilty to eleven indictments charging him with making fraudulent returns in his accounts, and asked for the mercy of the court. He will be sentenced next week. Charlson was convicted and given one year's sentence on a similar charge two years ago, but while out on bond pending an appeal fled to Mexico. A few weeks ago he was captured at San Antonio, Tex., and brought back here. Charlson was one of half a dozen federal officers indicted three years ago for alleged fraudulent practices as the result of an investigation by special examiners which disclosed frauds amounting to upwards of $100,000.

Big Lot of Cotton Burned.

Fire Wednesday afternoon destroyed the fertilizer warehouse and upper wharf cotton seed shed belonging to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad company at Mobile and 3,680 bales of cotton stored in the shed awaiting shipment to Liverpool. The fire started in the midst of the cotton and spread from end to end instantly. With great difficulty the British steamship Corse, lying in the slip alongside, was moved out into the river. She had 24,000 pounds of powder and 300 barrels of petroleum on board. The British ship Van Loo and the British bark Killy and the American schooner C. D. Hall were rescued from the slip adjoining the first slip on the south. The Hall was slightly damaged. Loss on buildings and wharf is about $21,000 and on the cotton about $75,000, covered by insurance, blanket policies.

Negro Industrial Education.

Miss Francis C. Baylor, of Virginia, a popular authoress, was in Alabama last week conferring with the school authorities in relation to the use of a part of the Slater fund in the establishment of industrial departments in the colored schools. In these departments the colored boys will be taught trades, such as shoe making, carpentry, brick laying, machinery and so on, while the girls will be given lessons in housekeeping and corresponding duties. Miss Baylor came as the agent of a number of ladies who have charge of part of the Slater fund, and it is understood that her conference with the state superintendent of education, Mr. Turner, and other school authorities, was entirely satisfactory. While in Birmingham Miss Baylor was the guest of Mayor VanHoose, with whom, as well as with Dr. J. H. Phillips, superintendent of the city schools, she consulted freely.

The City of Birmingham.

Twenty years ago, says the Birmingham Evening News in its great trade edition of Saturday, the financial interests of Birmingham were cared for by one bank with a capital of $50,000, with deposits of about $60,000. Today we have in the Birmingham Clearing House Association seven banks; three national, three state, and one private, with an aggregate capital of $1,650,000, and with deposits of about $2,950,000. Besides several smaller institutions, we have two large Building and Loan associations, with assets of about $2,000,000, and many of the largest loan companies of the eastern cities are represented here.

The clearings of the banks in the Birmingham Clearing House, as shown in the weekly reports, run from $400,000 to $500,000 per week, and show a gratifying increase over corresponding periods in 1894 and 1895. The clearings for the year 1894 were $16,810,058, and for 1895 they were $20,044,295. For the month of February, 1895, they were $1,175,694 and for February, 1896, they were $1,725,314. There are over two hundred manufacturing establishments within the confines embraced by the city directory, giving employment to 9,250 men and paying out $500,000 per month in wages, and that outside of that territory, in the Birmingham district, are other industries, principally coal and iron and allied plants, which provide employment for 20,950 men, who are paid $763,000 in wages monthly.

The industries in the Birmingham district outside the city employ men and pay wages as follows:

	Men Employed.	Wages Pd
Coal miners and helpers,	9,500	$ 418 000
Ore miners and helpers,	4,000	144 000
Furnace laborers,	3,750	150 000
Coke oven laborers,	1,300	48,000
Limestone quarries,	600	18,000
Rolling mills and pipe works,	900	35,000
Foundries, machine shops, etc.,	1 000	50,000
Total outside of city,	20 950	$ 763,000
Total in city,	9,250	$ 500 000
Grand total,	30 200	$1,263,000

This includes 2,090 coal miners in Walker county, 677 in Tuscaloosa county, 1,085 in Bibb county, 223 in Shelby county, 93 in Blount county, 120 in St. Clair county, 20 in Winston county and 75 in other North Alabama counties, making a total of 3,718 outside of Jefferson county included in the above statement. This leaves a total of 26,482 men employed by the industries in Jefferson county.

Shipping Meats North.

An enormous report seems to be in circulation to the effect that there is a noticeable scarcity of fat hogs in the Chattanooga market. The fact is that there are more hogs in the market than usual and they are of prime quality. John Shamotuiski has already packed about 1,300, Leo Ackerman about 800, W. B. Walker 500 and all the city butchers have their store houses full. A number of hogs are shipped every week from this point to Cincinnati and command the best prices. Recently Foust Bros., proprietors of the Chattanooga stock yards, shipped to Cincinnati the finest lot of fine grade beef cattle that ever left this market. There were twenty-two head and they averaged 1,320 pounds.

Cotton Statistics.

Following are the Liverpool weekly cotton statistics: Sales, total, 65,000; sales, American, 59,000; trade takings, 74,000; actual exports, 4,000; imports, total, 89,000; imports, American, 76,000; stock, total, 1,158,000; stock, American, 970,000; afloat, total, 173,000; afloat, American, 145,000; sales for speculation, 3,000; purchases for exports, 1,800.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

New Classification of Railway Postal Clerks With Increased Pay.

THE STARS ON OUR FLAG.

Bridge Across the Chattahoochee. Bill Authorizing New Mexico to Form a State Constitution—Merited Promotion—Favorable Report on Bill for Election of Senators.

Bridge Over the Chattahoochee.

The house committee on commerce offered a favorable report on the bill authorizing the construction of a wagon bridge across the Chattahoochee river at Columbia, Ala.

⁂

Bill to Admit New Mexico.

The senate committee on territories has ordered a favorable report on the bill to admit New Mexico as one of the states. The bill provides for a constitutional convention and all the other provisions along the lines of a regular statehood bill.

⁂

Springfield Rifles.

Senator Hawley, from the committee on military affairs, has made a report authorizing the secretary of war to issue Springfield rifles to the national guard of the various states and territories in exchange for the rifles now held by them.

⁂

Will Prepare Plans.

Secretary Carlise has appointed Henry Ives Cobb, a skilled architect, of Chicago, to assist the supervising architect of the treasury in preparing plans, specifications and drawings for the new Chicago public building, salary $4,500 a year.

⁂

Arrest and Confession of Guilt.

Chief Inspector Wheeler of the postoffice department has received telegrams announcing the arrest and confession of guilt of Susan Hammond, postmaster at Hubbell, Ky., and of Postal Clerk Fisher, at Winona, Minn., charged with stealing mail matter.

⁂

As Dictated by Common Sense.

Commissioner Stump has decided to admit, under contract at New York, Walter Ainsworth and four other machinists from England, who have come to this country to put up new improved cotton machinery in Columbia, S. C., New Bedford, Mass., and New York city. It is stipulated that these men shall do no other kind of work.

⁂

Robbins Out—Aldrich In.

The republican strength in the house was increased by one Friday afternoon when, by a vote of 173 to 59, Gaston A. Robbins, democrat, was declared to be not entitled to the seat occupied by him as a representative from the Fourth Alabama district, and William F. Aldrich, his republican opponent was placed therein.

⁂

Acts of Congress Approved.

The president has approved the acts making seven years unexplained absence proof of death in pension cases; to incorporate the supreme council of the Thirty-three Degree of Scottish Rite Masonry for the southern jurisdiction of the United States and authorizing the distribution of world's fair medals and diplomas.

⁂

Election of Senators by the People.

The senate committee on privileges and elections directed a favorable report on the proposed amendment to the constitution providing for the election of United States senators by the popular vote of the people. Senator Mitchell was authorized to prepare the report of the committee. The joint resolution and the report will be submitted to the senate shortly.

⁂

George M. Coffin Promoted.

George M. Coffin, of Charleston, S. C., has entered upon the duties of deputy comptroller of the currency to which position he has been appointed by Secretary Carlisle upon the recommendation of Comptroller Eckles. He was appointed chief of the division of issues in 1886 upon the request of Comptroller Trenholm who transferred him in 1888 to the head of the division of reports, including examiner's reports, in which position he has been retained continuously since by Comptroller Eckels, Hepburn and Searcy.

⁂

Appointment—Pardon Denied.

Secretary of the Interior Smith has appointed George Y. Scott, of Rosedale, Miss., a commissioner to investigate the annuity rolls of the Osage Indian nation, vice C. F. Bloodgood, of Catskill, N. Y., declined.

The president has denied an application for pardon in the case of Crawford Goldsby, alias Cherokee Bill, sentenced in Arkansas to be hanged next Tuesday for murder.

⁂

Minister Willis' Return.

A special from Honolulu says; United States Minister Willis has announced his intention of leaving Hawaii April 15. Many people are of the opinion that the American legation will be closed for the remainder of President Cleveland's term, in order to get even with the Dole regime for criticising the action of Minister Willis in refusing to acknowledge the January celebration.

Mr. Willis' departure is looked upon as the only recourse left, as he has been persona non grata from the moment of his arrival. There has been more or less talk of the possibility of the Hawaiian government giving Minister Willis his passport, and it is fair to surmise that Willis is leaving to prevent such a contingency.

TAILORS OUT ON A STRIKE.

Union Tailor Organizations at Chicago Quit Work.

In accordance with the action taken recently at meetings of the various tailors' unions, 13,000 tailors went out on a strike in Chicago last week, comprising approximately the total strength of the union organization. Although there are some non-union men still at work, the strikers claim practically every shop in Chicago is tied up.

FIFTY FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

SEVENTY-SIXTH DAY.

In the senate a bill for the punishment of offenses on the high seas (revolt, mutiny, assault and riot) was reported from the judiciary committee, and was, after some opposition on the part of Mr. Call, passed. At 1:10 p. m. Mr. Sherman called up the conference report on the Cuban resolutions. Thereupon Mr. Hoar offered a resolution, which went over under the rules, that the consideration of the conference report relating to Cuba be postponed until Monday, April 6, and that the committee on foreign relations be directed to report the facts which in its opinion justify the adoption of such resolutions, with the evidence therefor. Mr. Hoar also offered a resolution, which was agreed to, requesting the president to communicate to the senate (so far as not incompatible with the public interests) all the facts in his possession relating to the existing conflict in the island of Cuba, especially such as affect the interests and duties of the United States in the premises. Mr. Hale, republican, of Maine, addressed the senate in opposition to the Cuban resolutions. At the conclusion of his remarks a short executive session was held and the senate then adjourned.... The house passed the following bills: Limiting to 10 cents per copy the maximum price for copies of patent specifications. To print 20,000 copies of the book on agriculture by the department of agriculture. Chairman Daniels, of election committee No. 2, gave notice that he would on Wednesday call up the contested election case of Aldrich vs. Robbins, from the Fourth district of Alabama. Several bills relating to the District of Columbia were passed. The rest of the session was devoted to the further consideration in committee of the whole of the postoffice appropriation bill. Without disposing of it the committee rose, and at 5:15 o'clock the house adjourned.

SEVENTY-SEVENTH DAY.

In the senate Mr. Lodge, rising to a question of personal privilege, severely criticised the action of De Lome, the Spanish minister, in giving to the press his statement recently published, relating to the allegations of senators in the debate on Cuban affairs. A long colloquy ensued, most of those who took part in it agreeing with Mr. Lodge, as to the undiplomatic character of the Spanish minister's course. Mr. Hoar's resolution to postpone the Cuban matter to April 6th went over again. Mr. Turpie, of Indiana, resumed his speech in the Delaware senatorial election case and still had the floor when the senate adjourned.... The house passed a bill making one year's residence in any territory a condition precedent to obtaining a divorce in such territory. Two or three personal relief bills were disposed of and the postal bill occupied the remainder of the session. At 5:10 the house adjourned.

SEVENTY-EIGHTH DAY.

In the senate Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, introduced a joint resolution, which was referred to the foreign affairs committee, requiring the president to investigate the manner in which the Cuban war is conducted. Mr. Hoar addressed the senate on his resolution to postpone the Cuban concurrent resolutions to April 6th. At the conclusion of his remarks his resolution went to the calendar. The Dupont case was resumed and Mr. Turpie, of Indiana, finished his three day's speech against seating Mr. Dupont in the senate. A short executive session was held and the senate adjourned.... In the house the postal bill occupied the day's session and was passed and sent to the senate.

SEVENTY-NINTH DAY.

The senate passed the house joint resolution providing for the adjustment of claims of and against the state of Tennessee arising out of the use of certain railroads seized by the United States during the war. The debate on the Cuban resolutions was continued, but gave way at 2 p. m. to the Delaware senatorial election case, which was not concluded. Several bills were taken from the calendar and passed, and the senate adjourned.... The house was engaged today in the consideration of contested election cases. In the case of Coleman, republican, vs. Charles F. Buck, from the Second Louisiana district, it was held, unanimously and without debate, that Buck had been and is entitled to the seat. In the case of Aldrich vs. Robbins, from the Fourth Alabama district, there were three reports: one by two republican members of the committee that the apparent majority of 3,736 for Robbins should be changed to one of 601 for Aldrich; other members of the majority found a majority of 238 for Aldrich, while the minority report claimed a majority of 539 for Robbins. After several hours' debate the house, without reaching a conclusion, adjourned.

EIGHTIETH DAY.

The session of the senate today was taken up in a colloquy relating to matters growing out of the debate on the Cuban resolutions, and a speech by Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri, on the financial conditions. An executive session was held and the senate adjourned until Monday.... In the house two bills were passed. One was to require that engineers and assistant engineers on steamers sailing under American registers shall be American citizens. The other was the tonnage tax bill, repealing the reciprocal provisions of the law of 1884, of which only Germany and the Netherlands take advantage, and reducing the tax on the coastwise trade between the Americas, between the United States and the West Indies and between the United States and Hawaii from 3 to 2 cents per ton. The debate in the Aldrich-Robbins case, from the Fourth Alabama district was resumed. Mr. Dinsmore, of Arkansas, advocated the report of the minority, in favor of Robbins, in a three hours speech. Mr. Daniels, of New York, chairman of the committee, made the closing argument for Aldrich. A vote was then ordered, and, by 173 to 59, Aldrich was declared entitled to the seat. Mr. Aldrich appeared at the bar and [illegible] in by Speaker Reed amid republican applause. The vote was along party lines, the populists uniting with the republicans in voting Robbins out. Mr. White, of Illinois, was the only republican who voted for Robbins, while Messrs. Cobb, Dockery and Dearmond, democrats, of Missouri, voted with the republicans for Aldrich. At 5:15 o'clock the house took a recess until 8 and at the close of the evening session (for pension bills) adjourned until Monday.

Italians Deserting Their Country.

The Neue Freie Presse says the entire Italian garrison at Verona have deserted, with their arms and baggage, and crossed the Austrian border into Tyrol. Hundreds of Italian deserters are crossing the borders daily.

A Nine-Year-Old Heroine.

There is a little girl 9 years old in Bristol, Conn., who has been granted a bronze medal for saving life by the Connecticut Humane Society. Her name is Grace Colvin, and she was playing with another little girl when a sand bank caved in and buried her companion. Instead of running away she staid and dug away the sand from the little girl's face so that she could breathe.—Poughkeepsie Eagle.

Changed.

He looked at her earnestly. "You have changed since last we met," he said.

"Yes," she answered. "Those red ones were causing so many runaways that I thought I would adopt a pair of a more somber hue."—Indianapolis Journal.

At the Grand Restaurant.

Waiter—How will you have your clams—on the half-shell?

Westerner—No, siree; I've got money enough to be as swell as the next man. Give 'em to me on the whole shell or nothin', by gum!—New York World.

Practical.

"Professor, is your daughter a good housekeeper as well as a learned woman?"

"Why, yes, she has translated a cook book into Greek.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Every woman has a certain look with which she thinks she can squelch a man.

An Old Bird's Nest.

The oddest of all birds' nests is the one built by the tontobane, a South African songster. It is built of cotton and always upon the tree producing the material. In constructing the domicile the female works inside and the male outside, where he builds a sentry box for his own special use. He sits in the box and keeps watch or sings nearly all the time, and when danger comes in the form of a hawk or a snake, he warns the family, but never enters the main nest.

Saloonkeepers' Harvest.

A great manufacturing company in Massachusetts recently paid their workmen, on Saturday evening, 700 $10 bills, each bill being marked. By the following Tuesday 410 of these marked bills were deposited in the bank by the saloon-keepers of the town. Four thousand and one hundred dollars had passed from the hands of the workmen on Saturday night and Sunday and left them nothing to show for this great sum of money but headaches and poverty in their homes.

A Physical Impossibility.

"Mike," said Plodding Pete, "if you had a $20 bill would you blow it in?"

"Nop," replied Meandering Mike; "I couldn' blow it in. Havin' twenty ud' take me breath away."—Washington Star.

Nell—"I wouldn't like to be in your shoes!" Belle—"No! they'd pinch you frightfully, wouldn't they?"—Philadelphia Record.

"I am sixty years of age and from girlhood have been familiar with the name of Ayer..... Five years ago, I become nervous, sleepless, and lost flesh. I took a variety of medicines without benefit. At last I began a course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, I became stronger, gained flesh, and*

"A Word in Season"

The season is Spring,—Spring when you call on your body for all its energy, and tax it to the limit of effort. Does it answer you when you call? Does it creep unwillingly to work? It's the natural effect of the waste of winter. So much for the season. Now for the word. If you would eat heartily, sleep soundly, work easily, and feel like a new being, take

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* This testimonial will be found in full in Ayer's "Curebook" with a hundred others. Free. Address J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

RIPANS TABULES

Mr E. M. Cross, a special Associated Press reporter, who lives at 1916 Maple Avenue, Huntington, W. Va., has knowledge of the remarkable cure of Mrs. Martha Gilkison, the wife of a carpenter of the east end of the city, who, on the 22d of September, 1895, related her experience as follows: "For a good many years I have been bothered an awful sight with my stomach. I got so I couldn't eat anything at all without souring on my stomach. Lots of times while working I would spit up great mouthfuls of stuff bitter as gall. I kept getting worse all the time and took piles of doctor medicine, but I might as well took that much starch for all the good it done me. It run into neuralgia of the stomach and worked itself all over me. Dr. Gardener, the new doctor up on Twentieth Street, told me when I saw him it was my stomach that caused all the trouble and give me an order to the drug store. I took it there, and the boy give me a box of Ripans Tabules. began getting better, and have used a little over two boxes, and am now sound and well. (Signed), MARTHA GILKISON, No. 1820 Fourth Avenue, Huntington, W. Va."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

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[SEAL.] BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1896. NO. 22.

PINGREE A POPULIST.

STANDS PAT ON EVERY ARTICLE OF OUR FAITH.

Republicans and Populists and Free-Silver Democrats Will Name Him for Governor of Michigan—May Be Heard From July 22.

Miss Mary B. Miller, a student of the Englewood (Chicago) high school, has nominated Mayor Pingree, of Detroit, for president. The nomination was made the other day at a meeting of the literary club connected with the school. Her name was on the program for a speech on Mayor Pingree and his reforms. The speech will interest reformers generally, because Mayor Pingree's views are given on the three great questions of the day—Finance, Transportation, Land. Here it is:

"Men are best known by the ideas which they represent.

"When we think of Washington, we are reminded of the hero in war and in peace, who knew no faltering in the darkest hours of the republic, and who served his country for eight years without money compensation.

"When we think of Jefferson we think of his memorable words: 'That which will promote the interest of the individual in the most permanent and beneficial form, is the promotion of the general good, increasing the opportunities of mankind, and enlarging the scope of civilization.'

"When we think of Monroe, we confound his name with that great doctrine of international law now fully recognized throughout the world.

"When we think of Jackson, we are reminded of his brave resistance to the money power, which sought to fasten upon this country a duplicate of the Bank of England.

When we think of Lincoln we are reminded of his fidelity to the cause of human rights, as represented in the abolition of slavery.

"When we think of Wendel Phillips we see the figure of an aristocrat stooping to embrace the cause of the enslaved negro, unawed by the scoffs and jeers of plutocracy.

"All these men were made for the occasion: By the oppression of George III, Washington was made; in the attempt to centralize the government, Jefferson; from the oppression of the Central and South American republics, Monroe; the attempt to renew the charter of the United States bank, Jackson; and the cause of slavery made Lincoln and Phillips.

"In the latter we have a type living among us to-day, made by the selfish greed of corporate wealth, which seeks to turn all things to its own interests, regardless of the suffrages of the people. Hazen S. Pingree is an abolitionist in another sense. He believes in the abolition of corporate wealth, as presented in financial monopolies, transportation monopolies and land monopolies.

"Let us examine his position on these questions, for it is fitting that we, the future heirs to this republic and its institutions, should study out the science of government.

"What is financial monopoly? Why does Mayor Pingree seek to abolish it? Is it best for the United States that these forms of monopoly be abolished?

"We find financial monopoly represented in the national banking system of the country, which delegates to a few persons almost the entire control of the finances, with power to contract or expand the currency at will, to cause panics, create distrust, strikes and bloodshed. Now, Mayor Pingree believes that the right to issue money should be solely delegated to the people, through the treasury, with a government banking system in which there would be no selfish interests for private gain.

"With this idea worked out, it is quite plain that there would be no more panics, for the people having confidence in the government would not rush to the government banks to withdraw their money from circulation, as was done in the panic of 1893. This panic was brought about by the greed of the bankers of Wall street, New York, and the bankers of Lombard street, London, who sought to break down the rising sentiment in favor of the remonetization of silver, which was unwittingly demonetized by act of congress in 1873.

"Let us look a little further into this panic of '93. The democratic party had just been returned to power on what was popularly supposed to be a free silver platform, by an overwhelming majority of both houses of congress. This platform promised to remonetize silver with free and unlimited coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1. But there was an obstacle in the way. The president saw fit to put a different construction to the platform.

"There was a prospect, however, that congress would pass a free coinage bill over his veto. To offset this it was decided by the Wall street bankers and their friends in London to give a great 'object lesson' in the panic that followed. This was first noticed when banks began to call in their loans, and to refuse accommodations on the very best securities.

"As answer for their offense against industry and commerce, they gave out through their public press, that the panic resulted from fear of the remonetization of silver, and that when there was no farther danger of remonetization, prosperity would return. A free coinage bill was not passed and what more the Sherman act was repealed so prosperity is still far away.

"But the crowning act and the one showing the relation between the Wall street bankers and their London partners, was at once laid bare, when England arbitrarily closed the mints India to the free coinage of In consequence of this silver at shrunk 20 cents on the dollar, a breach in the intrinsic value of the dollars, as represented in gold and silver respectively.

"Now a large portion of the people of this country in '93, frightened into submission to the program of the banking monopolies, began to clamor against any attempt at remonetization, and by urging their representatives in congress, not only succeeded in preventing remonetization, but forced the repeal of all laws favorable to silver as a standard of value. Thus one-half the standard money was given a final blow, all of our silver money becoming merely token, or like a paper currency, redeemable in gold. It is natural that when redemption money is reduced by one-half, the half remaining will increase in purchasing power. Prices at once began to fall. It was soon found out that money would purchase nearly twice as much product as before. For instance, wheat fell from 90 cents a bushel to 40 cents. To the owners of money this meant prosperity, to the owners of products and all those who have something to sell, including their labor, it simply meant ruin.

"There were, or there are, some rich men, strong enough and patriotic enough, to resist this form of infamy, even at the cost of their own fortunes. Chief among these is the subject of this address. Mayor Pingree is a wealthy manufacturer as well as mayor of Detroit. On expressing his opinion, he immediately became the object of ridicule at the hands of a large portion of the prominent newspapers of the country. But ridicule is not argument, facts can never be answered by abuse; in this day the people seek the truth, not abuse. They behold in such men as Mayor Pingree, a possible savior for the cause of humanity, and of the republic.

"Now let us look at Mayor Pingree's views on trasportation monopolies. He believes in government, state and municipal ownership, in all quasi public monopolies. For instance, if the government runs the postoffice department successfully, why should it not run the entire railroad system or telegraph system? If municipalities run the water system successfully, why not extend our ownership to gas or street railways? Such a condition of affairs would have two good results, the abolition of vast private fortunes and in a more equitable distribution of wealth. For instance, instead of paying exorbitant rates to private persons or corporations, the people would be practically paying their own money into their own pockets, as it were. It is plain that government and municipal ownership of public monopolies would be a benefit to mankind. The subject admits of very little, if any, adverse argument.

"Now let us look at Mr. Pingree's views of land monopolies. First, we must find out what land monopoly is. I will give a simple illustration: On the corner of Garfield and Michigan boulevards there is a vacant lot valued at twenty thousand dollars; its owner holds it at that price. What gives the property that value? Improvements? No; it stands to-day in the same condition as in the infancy of Chicago, or when the Indians roamed the plains of Illinois. It is plain that the improvements made around it, such as the two boulevards, built at public expense, and houses adjoining, give it its value, and this value will continue to increase indefinitely as a result of improvements made around it, but not upon it. The owner is what might be called a dead head in commercial life, that is he takes advantage of natural conditions and the industry of his neighbors. Such a man is an enemy to society, for without producing anything useful, he grows wealthy out of the industry of others. Wealth thus accumulated may be called legitimate by some, but nevertheless, it is not. God gave the land to the people to improve and to beautify, and not to hold in idleness.

"To abolish land monopoly it would only be necessary to pass a law increasing the taxes on vacant or idle property taking it entirely off improved property, that is reversing the conditions under which we now live. By an error which we inherit from monarchial England, we tax people for improving their property, instead of taxing them for not doing so. For instance, I have a lot worth five hundred dollars and my tax is two dollars a year. I put up a house for eight thousand dollars, the tax gatherer immediately assesses me for my enterprise. The next year instead of paying two dollars taxes, I pay from fifty to seventy dollars; that is what I get for making improvements.

"Put all the tax on the vacant property and very soon you will see no more vacant expanses of prairie in the center of Chicago, or held for illegitimate speculative purposes. Owners of such property would be anxious to sell so as to get rid of the taxes, and the property would be so cheap as to be within the reach of all the people. All of us could then have homes.

"In Detroit, Mayor Pingree, as the chief executive of the city took occasion to advocate tax reform in this direction, and to accomplish his purpose he has found that it will be necessary to change the constitution of the state of Michigan, and it is not improbable that a legislature favorable to his views will be elected in November next.

"In the meantime, all the vacant property of Detroit is being made use of by the poor for the purpose of raising vegetables, hence we have the vulgar newspaper appellation "Potato Pingree." The experiment has proved so entirely successful that it has been taken up in other cities throughout the country.

"But the people should not lose sight of the fact that the abolition of land monopoly is one of three great problems to be solved by the will of the American people at the ballot-box.

"As an indication of the fact that Mayor Pingree's views are popular with the common people, we need only look at his several indorsements at the polls. In 1889 he was chosen mayor by a majority of over two thousand; in 1891 by a majority of five thousand; in 1893 by a majority of eight thousand, and in 1895 by a majority of ten thousand.

At a convention soon to be held in Michigan, he will be nominated for governor of that state. It may happen, however, that he will not remain a candidate for that office, for even now we hear the voice of the people of this nation calling him to a higher destiny, and I for one would nominate for president of the United States, Hazen S. Pingree, the abolitionist of 1896.

"TO FIND THE COLORED GENTLEMAN IN THE WOOD PILE."

TURN THE CATHODE RAYS ON IT.—From Cleveland Press.

DEBS AT ST. LOUIS.

Largest Hall in the City Packed to Overflowing.

(Evening Journal.)

"Take heart,' said Mr. Debs, "the midnight watch is over.

"Defy public opinion and take your stand with men like Jackson. The world, as yet, is neither just nor generous. Still there is room for hope in this line. Free government can demonstrate itself. The forebodings and advance objections of Macaulay count for nothing as against honest attempts to establish justice among men.

"Organized labor is not understood. It is not the produce of a clime or season, but is born of oppression. While, of course, there are honest and even generous employers, they ever find themselves short of a quorum. They stand simply as honorable exceptions to an otherwise monotonous array of forces adverse to the welfare of the wage worker. The ever-widening range of machinery is constantly rendering more difficult the application of arbitration in the settlement of disputes arising from its use.

"Machinery is everywhere and is everything: man has become a mere attachment. For instance, men in Kalamazoo, Mich., operate machinery for five cents an hour. This service brings a reward of fifty cents a day—$3 a week. Such pay for intelligent effort is so palpably inadequate that strikes follow sooner or later. They do not come by chance or by choice.

"Frances E. Willard, that sterling exponent of an enlightened citizenship, says that to-day millions are kept in enforced idleness; they can get no work. They strive for this work as if it were bread itself. Happily, economics is obtaining a hearing; it is on the lips of many; it is a hopeful sign. Relife must come. Victor Hugo has aptly said the labor question is the question of mankind. A crucial change is impending. Good men are saying again: 'Prepare ye the way.'

"Abraham Lincoln placed man before the dollar, but industrial conditions have reversed the enumeration, and man's social standing is now weighed out to him just as any other purchasable commodity."

Referring to the model town of Pullman, Ill., as a condensation of industrial infamy, Mr. Debs told again some harsh-sounding truths. With a surplus of $25,000,000, this company charged rentals (and per force collected them) ranging from 25 to 50 per cent above the rate paid by others than Pullman slaves in the immediate vicinity. The exactions wrung from this unwilling tenantry were fully exposed. On every step from the cradle to the funeral casket Pullman levied toll.

Bitter was the arraignment of the Manager's association, so-called, which precipitated the strike that has been generally charged up to the American Railway Union. Twenty-six lines of railway allied themselves to wreck this trade union and blacklist its members. This damnable blacklist is enforced today so far as it is possible to do so.

"Courts are used by one side only, and injunctions are for the rich alone. During the Pullman strike, up to July 2, no trouble had occurred. But trouble was necessary. So 4,200 thieves were sworn in as deputy marshals in Chicago, and trouble began that day. Property was destroyed. Chief of Police Brennan has testified that the deputy United States marshals were the real thieves. I sought the advice of the best legal advisers of the country with regard to the injunction served upon me. I followed the advice and served six months for doing so."

Judge Jenkins and his malodorous injunction were not spared. A railroad is wrecked; then a receiver is appointed. The receiver, an officer of the court, orders a 10 per cent reduction in wages; the judge issues an injunction against a strike. A committee of congress investigates, but just as the corruption is tapped the appropriation suddenly gives out—and so does the bottom of the investigation.

"When I was in jail—"

But Mr. Debs was not permitted to finish this sentence without the interruption of the heartiest of laughter. There was something about the manner of saying it which was irresistible. Yet this preliminary introduced a pathetic story concerning a cell mate who, for the theft of an old cloak valued at $2, was sentenced in three minutes.

The speaker referred feelingly to his experience at Woodstock prison as putting him in touch with the unfortunate. "Suffering seems necessary to fully appreciate the unhappiness which attends the unemployed. Competition is a curse unspeakable. Competition is cannibalism. Co-operation can save the workers. It deserves faithful trial.

"Think, even though you think by proxy. Think upward; you must think. Books will win for you. Read after your work; read to wife and child. There is no excuse for ignorance. Shakespeare says there is no slavery but ignorance. Total ignorance is total helplessness. Have a library, if it consists of but one book.

"Associated effort only can bring emancipation. Selfishness commits suicide always. Labor must be united and just, and above the low motives so often marring it. Labor's parasites must be lopped off. Away with leaders! Debs is no leader; he does not wish to be. No one must follow; think for yourself."

The republicans gave us John Sherman, and the democrats gave us Grover Cleveland—two bricks of the same color.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

INDIAN TERRITORY BLIZZARD.

Fire in Providence—Relief Funds Sent to Armenia—Temperance Convention Postponed—Laying Corner Stone of Davis Monument—Breaking a Law to Test It.

The directors of the New York mining exchange have resigned.

The corner stone of the Jefferson Davis monument at Richmond, Va., will be laid July 2.

The National Armenian Relief committee forwarded $10,000 to Armenia one day last week.

It is reported at Athens, Greece, that King Alexander, of Servia, has been betrothed to Princess Marie, of Greece.

The Italian embassy in London have received no information of the reported evacuation of Kassala by the Italians.

A blizzard passed over the Indian Territory and North Texas Wednesday night. It is predicted that the entire fruit crop is ruined.

The torpedo boat Ericsson was attached by the government at New London, Conn. There is a claim on the vessel of $85,000.

The democratic primaries of Fulton county, Ga., will be held June 6, at which time an expression on the United States senatorship will be had.

St. Asaph race track near Alexandria, Va., has been opened in violation of law. The managers do it to test the recently enacted statute against it.

Lee Glascock, a member of the city council of Austin, Texas, has disappeared, leaving behind forged papers on which he obtained several thousand dollars.

Chattanooga aspires to the possession of an auditorium and her enterprising people have put up $2,000 and "many promises of large subscriptions" to that end.

The state temperance convention that was to have been held in Atlanta March 25 and 26, has been postponed until another call is issued by President Pringle.

The yacht race for the cup given by Baron Hirsch was sailed last Friday and won by the Satanita. The Ailsa was second and the Britannia third and last. The Satanita won easily.

John C. Winder, for years general manager and vice-president of the Seaboard Air-Line, was stricken with paralysis last week at his home in Raleigh, N. C. His condition is critical.

At a meeting of the republican county committee, in New York city, Edward Lauterbach presiding, resolutions indorsing the candidacy of Governor Morton for the presidency were adopted.

Clem Strauthers, who murdered Louis Peter last November, and Buck Chappell, who murdered Mrs. Dora Emshoff December 18, 1895, were both hanged at Belleville, Tex., last week.

At Bayou Chicot, La., the thermometer went down to 2 degrees below freezing on Friday morning. The peach crop is entirely ruined; also all small vegetation. Farmers are very backward.

Chattanooga is complaining of an epidemic of petty thieving from residences. It is a bad feature of this epidemic that other cities cannot successfully quarantine against it.

A special cable dispatch to the New York Evening Telegram says that the great international trotting race on the Var track, near Nice, was won by the American stable's bay mare Autrain.

At Abbeville, La., there was a heavy frost and considerable ice last Thursday night, but very little damage was done, however, to the fruit crop, and unless there comes another frost part of the crop is safe.

George W. Dice, counterfeiter, after hearing the government's evidence, entered a plea of guilty Friday in the United States court at Atlanta. He asked that sentence be deferred until Monday and Judge Newman assented.

The large saw mill of T. W. Gibbs, situated fourteen miles from Hot Springs, Ark., together with a big quantity of lumber, was totally destroyed by fire last week. The loss is estimated at $10,000; no insurance.

The republican city convention of Guthrie, Okla., ended in a riot, after nominating a ticket half made up of negroes. A taxpayer's ticket of white men will be put out in opposition to it. G. N. Perkins, a negro, was nominated for police judge.

J. T. Howard & Co., dealers in saddlery and harness, Chattanooga, Tenn., have assigned. The insolvents were the oldest saddlery house in the city and capitalized at $25,000. Their embarrassment will be only temporary, as the liabilities are small. Assets are not listed.

Last Thursday night was the coldest snap at Plaquemine, La., for some weeks, and the thermometer registered 30 degrees. There was ice between the rows in many fields. Potatoes and early vegetables were killed in large quantities, and the loss will be heavy.

A dispatch from Madrid says there is a feeling there which finds wide expression that the pacification of Cuba will be impossible until a supreme effort is made involving the sending of large re-inforcements to Cuba and establishing a complete blockade of the island.

Providence, R. I., was visited by another disastrous conflagration last week. The fire broke out in the Masonic building on Pine street, totally destroying that edifice, besides causing considerable damage to adjacent buildings in the rear of the structure. The loss is $500,000.

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Birmingham, Ala.

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Jacobs CARPETS & FURNITURE BIRMINGHAM, AL.

Special attention to mail orders

The unnotified cold wave reached the vicinity of Alexandria, La., on Thursday night of last week, and the thickest ice of the season was formed. It is not supposed that it will affect the fruit crop, which it will take several hours to decide, although the gardens in this section have been seriously damaged.

A. B. Huffman, of Lynchburg, was robbed by bunco men, who ply their vocation at Houston, Texas, without restraint. He was inveigled into the joint formerly kept by Dalton, who killed Dick Riddle, the bunco king, and who in turn was killed by Mike Ryan, and robbed of $95 by a con man named Low Collins, who was arrested and locked up.

The Central Methodist Episcopal conference, in session at Williamsport, Pa., has, by a vote of 152 to 52, voted to admit women as lay delegates to the general conference. A proposition increasing the ratio of ministerial representation from one to forty-five persons to one to sixty-five was also adopted.

Mr. S. J. Naffett, manager of the Homer Hardware company, was shot and instantly killed one night last week in a personal difficulty by McK. Ramsey, son of the venerable mayor, Mr. John B. Ramsey. Mr. Naffett received six wounds and died without speaking. Mr. Ramsey used two pistols, firing some eight or nine shots. The difficulty orginated over a trivial affair and is very much regretted by the citizens of Homer. Mr. Ramsey surrendered to the sheriff this morning and is now in jail.

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS MEET.

Governor Bradley Their Candidate for President.

At a meeting of leading republicans, representing every congressional district in the state, held at the Galt house, Louisville, Ky., resolutions were adopted indorsing the course of Gov. Bradley during the session of the legislature, approving the action of the state central committee in presenting his name as a suitable candidate for president, and pledging those present to support his candidacy by sending an instructed Bradley delegation to St. Louis. Missionaries will be sent into those states which have doubtful or uninstructed delegations, and a hot fight will be made for the leading republican.

Governor Bradley came in at midnight and when told of the action of the meeting made a short speech expressing thanks for the good words and pledging himself to keep Kentucky's name untarnished.

Worst Storm of the Season.

The blizzard which set in at Niagara Falls, N. Y., last Thursday night was by far the worst storm of the season. Railroad traffic demoralized.

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS MEET.

Governor Bradley Their Candidate for President.

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ANARCHY IN INDIANA.

Laborers Assault Others for Taking Work They Had Abandoned.

Nearly a year ago the employes of the Taylor and Chaundler's foundry went on a strike on account of a difference regarding wages, and since that time there has been trouble, the strikers being determined not to allow non-union men to work and the management being equally determined to employ no other workmen. Saturday evening when the men left the shop for the day a crowd of union men advanced upon them from the west and east. With a shout the strikers attacked the non-union men with clubs, stones and brickbats. A general fight ensued. While the men were thus struggling several pistol shots were fired and William Watson, Walker Davis, non-union men and Hooker Lee a bystander, were shot. Lee received two bullets in the neck but neither of the wounds is considered fatal. Watson was shot in the thigh, the bones being shattered and the wound may prove fatal. Davis was shot through the head and was taken to his home in a dying condition. A number of the strikers were beaten with stones and clubs and some were badly battered by the tin dinner buckets in the hands of the employes.

Joint Debate.

Hons. Hoke Smith and Charles F. Crisp, of Georgia, have agreed upon a joint debate on the financial question at Augusta, Ga., on March 31, Atlanta on April 2; and at other times and places to be appointed.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

Two weeks from next Tuesday is the first primary.

As will be seen in another column Mr. D. C. Gandy has withdrawn from the race for the tax assessor's office.

HON. SAM ADAMS is a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly from Bibb county. He is sure to be elected and will make his presence felt at the capitol.

JOHNSTON and Clarke are making a big fuss in order to get the Democratic nomination. It won't amount to a row of pins which one gets it, for the simple reason that the Populists are going to elect the next governor of Alabama.

THE congressional committee on elections has unseated Mr. Boatner from Louisiana on the ground of fraud in the election. They considered the evidence was not sufficient to seat the contestant so simply declared the seat vacant.

CONGRESSMAN ALDRICH no sooner takes his seat than he settles down to work. He has introduced "A bill to retire the United States legal-tender notes and Treasury notes, and to substitute therefor Treasury certificates; to coin into standard silver dollars all the bullion now in the Treasury, and for other purposes." The bill was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency and ordered to be printed.

A GREAT deal has been said and written in regard to encouraging immigration to our State. We maintain it is useless to expect immigration until we have honest elections. People are apt to think that when honesty in elections is at a discount it is not apt to be above par in other matters. Chilton county is known to have honest elections and an honest set of county officials. The consequence is immigrants are settling here. We understand the Concordia Land and Improvement Association is about to spend $150,000 at Thorsby the new settlement between Strasburgh and Jemison.

CHAIRMAN Taubeneck, of the national executive committee of the People's Party says:

"When the national conventions of the silver party and our party meet in St. Louis every honorable effort will be made to form a coalition. I believe our presidential candidate will come from the west or south, because the people distrust an eastern man. I believe we will carry a majority of the southern and western states next fall besides the territories. We will get Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas, and if we can unite with the free coinage forces, we expect to carry all the southern states except West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee. We will get Utah, Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Oregon, Washington, California, Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas and, I believe Iowa will go our way, with a fighting chance to capture Missouri. We are certain of sweeping Texas. This would leave the republicans sixteen states without taking the democrats into account."

Representative Aldrich has introduced a financial bill to retire the United States legal tender notes and treasury notes and to substitute therefor treasury certificates, and also to coin into standard silver dollars all the bullion now in the treasury. The bill has already attracted considerable attention among business men and financiers, and Mr Aldrich will press it for favorable consideration by the House committee.

Mr. Aldrich discusses the financial question as a representative Southern business man, and said to a Washington Post reporter:

"First, let us issue $500,000,000 of what we call treasury certificates. They are not to be redeemed in coin, but their receivability at par, for all government dues shall be their redemption. They should also be made full legal tender, for private debts, within the United States, and should be made available as legal reserve by national banks. The argument for the issuance and continuance in circulation of this fiat money, is based upon the following idea: The government derives its revenue from its own people, and expends it with them again. We collect annually about five hundred million dollars from the people, and pay it back to them again in pensions, in salaries, and for materials and supplies. I see no need of having metalic money, or, in fact, money of any kind in the transaction of the government with its own people. A government, properly administered, should have as much income as expense. One balances the other. The government gives out certificates for what it owes; these certificates drift to the hands of those who have taxes to pay. The government receives them back for taxes at par, the debt of the government, and to the government mutually extinguish each other. This issue of $500,000,000 is to be used to take up the outstanding greenbacks and treasury notes. When this is done there will be no further necessity of keeping a redemption fund of $100,000,000 or less in the treasury for the redemption of greenbacks, as they will no longer exist; the gold remaining in the redemption fund when the process of exchange has been completed, could be set aside as the payment of interest on the public debt, and to redeem bonds.

"The exchange of the certificates for the treasury notes would also relieve the uncoined bullion in the treasury, which, together with the seigniorage already accumulated, should be coined at the rate of, say, five millions a month, and the whole amount thus liberated should be set aside as a special fund for the upbuilding of our navy, and for coast and lake defences. This would be a concession to those who demand that we 'do something for silver,' and to those who believe that the best guarantee of peace is to be fully prepared to defend ourselves in case of war.

"What would be accomplished by the proposed change? We would do away with the necessity or excuse of selling bonds for redemption purposes. We would relieve the treasury from carrying $100,000,000 of the people's money as the redemption fund. We could build up our navy and coast defenses without increasing the taxation, and expending among them money now held in the treasury for no purpose. We have done something for silver and for gold; and by coining silver and by doing away with the gold reserve and the necessity for more gold to keep it up, we will take the strain from off the gold, lessen the demand for it, which will strongly tend to bring it nearer to a par with silver, and make, in the future, free coinage, at the present ratio, a possibility."

S. D. POSEY.

As will be seen by his announcement elsewhere, Mr. S. D. Posey is desirous of serving his fellow-citizens as tax assessor. He is a whole-souled, genial gentleman and his friends declare him to be qualified to fill the office. Raised in this county he is famaliar with its needs, and this is his first candidacy for any office. Mr. Posey has the misfortune to have lost one of his legs, but as his opponents have already discovered this does not affect his getting about in the most lively manner. If elected to the office he will devote his best energies and ability to making an efficient assessor.

C. W. PLANT.

This gentleman is announced as a candidate for commissioner from the Third District. Mr. Plant is a merchant of Stanton and his experience as a business man would be of considerable importance to the board. He is a straightout silver man and thoroughly acquainted with the duties of commissioner. If elected, the Third District will have an excellent representative on the board and the county will have acquired an efficient commissioner.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

W. F. ALDRICH.

MEMBER OF CONGRESS FROM THE FOURTH ALABAMA DISTRICT.

Turn-Round Topics.

Nearly all the farmers have planted some corn if it is still winter.

Mr. E. L. Jones' family is getting well of the measles. He has been unable to work for four weeks, and has got badly behind with his farm work, and the neighbors in this community will all turn out and help him one day this week.

Miss Lucy Gentry who was struck with paralysis about five weeks ago is fast improving; think in a few more weeks she will be able to return to her work.

Miss Lona and Julia Connell, of Lovely Lane, were the charming guests of Miss Daisy Kendrick last week, but I am sorry to say that they were called away on account of sickness at their father's home.

Mr. Goosby and wife, of Prattville, visited relatives here last week

Messrs. Cato and John Pattillo and E. A. Norris and Master Peyton Patillo visited Salem Sunday.

GRANDPA TIM.

* * *

Lily Lyrics.

Farmers are about ready to plant corn but are waiting for spring to open.

Messrs. Palmer and Freeman were around last week gathering up corn &c for Mr. Reynolds, whose lot, barn and contents were destroyed by fire a few days ago.

Rev. F. M. Woods filled his regular appointment at Mulberry the 4th Sunday.

Mr. B. F. Hammond and family moved to Birmingham last Thursday.

Miss Florence D'Shazo, who has been spending several months here, will, in a short while, return to Ohio.

Mr. J. A. Logan was around last week as jovial as you please. Success to him is the wish of his friend V——

Prof. Wilson's school will vacate after six weeks, till July. We are very thankful that we were so fortunate as to secure his service. We should all use our utmost endeavors to make his summer school a grand success. So now let us all do good in some way, and build up an institute that we would be proud of.

CLINT.

* * *

West Chilton Warblings.

Captain Pritchet, of Stanton, got his fine residence and contents burned last week by rats taking matches up in the hall. It is a great loss and no insurance.

Mr. H. W. Cole, of Coopers, and Captain Dave Moore are visiting in West Chilton this week, we are glad to see them again.

OLD MIKE.

Literary Note for April.

The General of the Army, the General commanding the U. S. Corps of Engineers, Vice-Pres. Webb, of the New York Central, and John Jacob Astor, compose The Cosmopolitan Magazine's Board of Judges to decide the merits of the Horseless Carriages which will be entered in the May trials, for which The Cosmopolitan offers $5,000 in prizes.

"Perhaps you would not think so, but a very large proportion of diseases in New York, comes from carelessness about catching cold," says Dr. Syrus Edson. "It is such a simple thing and so common that few people, unless it is a case of pneumonia, pay any attention to a cold. New York is one of the healthiest places on the Atlantic Coast and yet there are a great many cases of catarrh and consumption which have their origin in this neglect of the simplest precaution of every day life. The most sensible advice is, when you have one get rid of it as soon as possible. By all means do not neglect it." Dr. Edson does not tell you how to cure a cold but we will. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will relieve the lungs, aid expectoration, open the secretions and soon effect a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Killgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary

JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P M Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary. J. A. LOGAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. BEN. H. WELLS.

At the request of many friends we are authorized to announce the name of J. G. Gay as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.

L. B. POUNDS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. J. J. L. STEWART.

To the voters of Chilton county as I cannot see you all personally I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county, subject to the action of the People's Party primary. A. C. MIMS

At the desire of his friends we are authorized to announce the name of S. D. Posey as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

L. H. REYNOLDS.

At the solicitation of, perhaps, too partial friends throughout the county I announce myself a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party of Chilton county. If elected to this office my best endeavors will be exerted in securing such legislation as shall redound to the best interests of our State and County

FRANK CRICHTON.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

COMMISSIONER.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

RUFUS C. RIGGINS.

We, the friends of Samuel Pate, hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as County Commissioner for the First District, subject to the action of the Peopeo's Party primary.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of J. Goodman Smitherman hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

To the white voters of Chilton county: I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the Third district, subject to to your decision at the primary. I believe in free coinage of silver 16 to 1.

Yours Respectfully,
C. W. PLANT.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

MOSES ROBINSON.

TO THE PEOPLE.

As I havn't time to devote myself to a thorough campaign of the county, and thought when I entered the race that such a course would not be tolerated by the people, I hereby announce myself as out of the race for Assessor. Thanking my friends for their support &c. I will support my friend and relative, E. W. Bailey, and ask all my friends to give him their support that can.

Respectfully,
D. C. GANDY.

The Ideal Penacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Penacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, in the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

L. H. Reynolds, Frank Crichton and others will address the people at

Rockymount church, Saturday night, March 28.

Isabella church, Tuesday night, March 31.

Valley Creek church, Wednesday night, April 1.

Macedonia church, Thursday night, April 2.

Coopers, Saturday evening, April 4th, [illegible] o'clock.

Providence church, near Watson's Cross Roads, Tuesday night, April 7th.

Cane Creek, Thursday night, April 9th.

All candidates are invited to be present.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

Greatest Discovery of 19th Century.
Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.
CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE.
WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central-London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breath way, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."

Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

FOR SALE.—A thoroughbred Red Jersey Boar, 2½ months old, price $5.00, apply at this office.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

DR. HARRAES,
Proprietor of
The Harraes Optical Institute,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
WILL BE AT
Clanton March 26, at The Duke House.
And will remain for a few days by request of some of the citizens here.

Dr. Harraes
- Is a graduate of three of the best Colleges in the World.
- He has had twenty years experience in fitting Spectacles and curing defects of the eyes.
- Let everyone who has any Eye trouble or Neuralgia or Headaches or other similar trouble take advantage of this opportunity and go and see him.
- Most Headaches, Neuralgia, Cross Eyes, Granulated Lids, are caused by DEFECTIVE EYES. Thousands of well known people have been relieved or cured of the above and many other troubles by the use of Dr. Harraes' Spectacles or Eye Glasses.

CONSULTATION FREE.
Prices for Spectacles Very Reasonable.

CLANTON DRUG STORE.
Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.
DEALER IN
DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.
AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA-ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker' Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton-Brown fine Spring shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

Mrs. W. C. Satterwhite, of Virginia, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Watts of this place.

There was a musical at Dr. J. S. Johnson's last Friday night, given in honor of Miss Celestia Dunlap, who has been a pleasant visitor to our town for a few weeks. All had a most delightful time.

Miss Minnie Wells, of Jemison, visited friends and relatives in our town last Sunday.

We call your attention to the advertisement of Dr. Harraes, which will be found in another column. The Doctor has a fine reputation for his skillful treatment of all diseases of the eye. He will be in Clanton March 26th when you can consult him free.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.

H. I. HONEYCUTT.
Clanton, Ala., March 3, '91.

Mrs. Dr. Campbell, of Texas, is visiting Dr. Johnson's family here to day.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie is attending a preacher's meeting to-day at Stanton.

J. C. Dennis, Esq., visited Coopers last Sunday.

STRAYED from George W. Gore's place, near Strasburgh, a dark bay mare three years old, white saddle marks on back, small wen on side of nose. Anyone giving information to George W. Gore, Strasburgh, will be satisfied for their trouble.

There will be services at the Episcopal church next Sunday, morning and night, Rev. J. F. Smith officiating.

Mr. Tipton Mullins, of Birmingham, was in town a few days this week.

Mr. Ben Wells was amongst our visitors Monday.

Mrs. Johnson, of Birmingham, is visiting Mr. W. F. Culp's family.

Mr. John Mahan, of Randolph, was in town Monday.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. James R. Broadhead and Miss Lily Jackson.

Colored—Lee Peoples and Clara Perry.

Hon. R. F. Kolb was in town yesterday.

Dr. J. Harraes, president of the Optical Institute at Montgomery will spend a few days professionally in Clanton commencing March 26. If your eye-sight is not good or if you need spectacles call and see him at the Duke House.

The contractors for the new court house have a force of men at work on the Ponder place preparing for brick making.

Don't forget that April 14 is the date of the first primary.

Mr. Maud McKee is the proud possessor of a new buggy.

PROGRAM OF SABBATH-SCHOOL CONVENTION OF MULBERRY ASSOCIATION.

Program for the Sabbath-school convention of the Mulberry Association to be held with Antioch church on Saturday before the fifth Sunday in March, 1896:

At 10 a.m. Devotional exercises by Rev. Sutton Smitherman.

Address of welcome by D. B. Smitherman.

Subjects for discussion:

1. What should be the qualifications of a Sunday-school teacher? opened by A. Glass, T. W. Langston and J. P. Gentry.
2. What is our motives for going to the Sabbath-school? opened by A. Mims, J. J. Hicks, R. J. Jones.
3. What advantage is the Sabbath-school to civilization? opened by Martin J. Franklin, T. G. Williams, J. W. Scott.
4. Can we improve on the modern methods of conducting Sunday-school and if so how? opened by H. L. Hicks, D. L. Smitherman and W. H. Shaw.

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock Sunday-school mass meeting, conducted by R. M. Honeycutt. At 11 o'clock introductory sermon by L. B. Pounds.

All Sunday-school workers are cordially invited to attend.

COMMITTEE.

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick relief to pain and inflammation. For Farmers' cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

CARTHAGE, Mo., July 18, 1895.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY HAMM.

It Acts Like a Charm.

SALEM, Ala., April 5, 1892.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions; the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes B. ... I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do not cure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for the box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

"For Charity Suffereth Long."

Mrs. Laura C. Phoenix, Milwaukee, Wis.

"Matron of a Benevolent Home and knowing the good Dr. Miles' Nervine has done me, my wish to help others, overcomes my dislike for the publicity, this letter may give me. In Nov. and Dec., 1893, *The inmates had the "LaGrippe,"* and I was one of the first. Resuming duty too soon, with the care of so many sick, I did not regain my health, and in a month *I became so debilitated and nervous* from sleeplessness and the drafts made on my vitality, that it was a question if I could go on. A dear friend advised me to try *Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.* I took 2 bottles and am happy to say, I am in better health than ever. I still continue *its occasional use, as a nerve food,* as my work is very trying. A letter addressed to Milwaukee, Wis., will reach me."

June 6, 1894. MRS. LAURA C. PHOENIX.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

Wherever you go early or late
You're sure to meet a candidate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Geo. E. Skaggs out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Geo. E. Skaggs I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One half undivided interest of the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 13, lying and being in Chilton county Alabama.

Therefore according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all right, title and interest of the above named Geo. E. Skaggs in and to the above described property, on Monday the 13th day of April, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 7th day of March 1896.

P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton county, Ala.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

A severe rheumatic pain in the left shoulder had troubled Mr. J. H. Loper, a well known druggist of Des Moines, Iowa, for over six months. At times the pain was so severe that he could not lift anything. With all he could do he could not get rid of it until he applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm. "I only made three applications of it," he says, "And have since been free from all pain." He now recommends it to persons similarly afflicted. It is for sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

GREEN SEAL **STOP THAT SLIPPING** GREEN SEAL

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. GREEN SEAL
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Clanton, March 25, 1896.

EDITOR BANNER: As there seems to be some misunderstanding as regards the candidates who will have to go before the second primary I wish to explain that to the best of my knowledge and belief that the executive committee ruled that when there was only two candidates for any office the one receiving the highest number of votes at the first primary would be the nominee of Party. When there are more than two candidates for any office the two receiving the highest number of votes—even if one received a majority of all the votes cast—will have to submit their claims to the second primary. This is how I understand the matter.

Yours,
JOT A. MILLER.

* * *

Coopers, March 24, 1896.

EDITOR BANNER: I wish to say to the voters of Chilton county, through the columns of your valuable paper, that Ben H. Wells, our candidate for Tax Collector, from beat 5, has not been well for several weeks, which accounts for his failure to canvass the county and converse with his many friends on the political issues of the day. Ben is still in the race and I hope his friends will turn out at the first primary and give him an opportunity to continue the race in the second primary.

C. N. DENNIS.

* * *

For seven years or more Mrs. W. D. Louder, of Quincy, Ky., was subject to severe attacks of cramp colic. Mr. S. R. Morse, a druggist of that place, recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, which has effected a permanent cure, saving her much suffering besides the trouble and expense of sending for a doctor, which was often necessary. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

* * *

Clanton, March 21, 1896.

EDITOR BANNER: Furnish me space in your valuable paper to request my friends throughout the county to support Mr. J. T. Cooley for sheriff as I know him to be an honorable, high-toned gentleman and in every respect worthy of your support. Without a doubt we will roll up a handsome majority in this part of the county for him.

Yours respectfully,
H. B. RODGERS.

* * *

Jumbo, Ala., March 12, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Seeing the many names that appear for the different offices will please allow me to say that our people about Jumbo are going to go for L. B. Pounds for assessor for we think him to be a worthy and suitable man for the place.

D. H. MULLINS.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., March 17, 1896.

Editor BANNER: I see several recommendations for the various candidates and some for our present commissioners. I for one think there are some untried who would do just as well as them. I notice Rufus C. Riggins' name in the BANNER, and I think the people of this county could do no better than to elect him. I have known him for some time, he is a man that wants to deal justice to everyman and if he is elected (and he is sure to carry beat 4 and even the First district) the people of Chilton county will agree with me before his term of office expires.

A SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

West Chilton, March 21, '96.

EDITOR BANNER: I see in THE BANNER of the 19th that Mr. John S. Gay, of beat 8, has announced himself as a candidate for our next Tax Collector. I am proud of this. I don't think the people could make a better selection than this. I have known Mr. Gay all his life and can recommend him to the voters of the county as being alright. He is a good, religious, sober, upright man and is strictly honest, and if elected will serve the people to the very best of his ability. He is going to make a good run. It seems like we are going to be overstocked with candidates, they keep coming in and are all good men; but some of them are bound to be left. Every man wants his friends elected.

* * *

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00

* * *

Lily, March 19, '96.

EDITOR BANNER: As politics are at such a high tide let me ask all the people to go to the primary on the 14th day of April and vote for an honorable, honest, virtuous, upright man. Surely out of the number that are running there can one of this kind be found running for each office. Let them adhere to the principles of the Alliance, especially one, to-wit: "Let the office seek the man and not the man the office." Under this head let them remember that when they nominated Pink Moore for sheriff, four years ago, it was unsolicited by him, but he has made an honest sheriff, has not forgotten the people who elected him, is the same old jolly Pink Moore, with a good word and a smile for all, and now let us give him our hearty support for tax collector. I take the authority to say that he is honest, honorable, upright and virtuous. He has filled the sheriff's office with honor to himself and county and we can reasonably expect him to fill the tax collector's office the same way. Go to the place where Pink Moore's father lived, inquire about Pink from boyhood up and you will find no one who will dispute the above.

A FRIEND.

* * *

Maplesville, March 27, '96.

EDITOR BANNER: Perhaps it would interest some one to see how the race will be run in beat 7. We think we know the sentiments of the people and give you the names of those who will get there the 14th. Hayes for sheriff, T. J. Hubbard for collector, L. B. Pounds for assessor, Frank Crichton for representative and all of the old commissioners who are running; we also heartily endorse J. G. Smitherman for commissioner. Alex G. Dake will get there for treasurer.

SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

Swift Creek, March 21, '96.

EDITOR BANNER: Please allow me a little space in your paper. I just feel so thankful, we have had the right kind of a candidate to visit us this week. His name is Cooley, he is running for sheriff and I want everybody to know we are well pleased with his looks. I hope he will be our next sheriff.

S. A. COX.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives the best satisfaction of any cough medicine I handle, and as a seller leads all other preparations in this market. I recommend it because it is the best medicine I ever handled for coughs, colds and croup. A. W. Baldridge, Millersville, Ill. For sale by J. S. Johnson, Jr., Druggist.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

By authority of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county a convention of the Democratic party of said county is hereby called to meet at the court house in Clanton on Wednesday the 15th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Democratic State convention which meets in Montgomery on April 21. The following apportionment of delegates has been fixed by the committee: Beat 1, Mineral Spring, 4; beat 2, Providence 4; Jemison 6; beat 3, Benson 5; beat 4, Clanton 12; beat 5, Coopers 5, Verbena 7; beat 6, Kincheon 5; beat 8, Maplesville, 5; beat 8, Dixie, 8; beat 9, Strasburg, 4.

Delegates will be chosen to the convention at an election to be held as nearly as may be under the forms governing general elections in this State on Saturday April 11, 1896. All white voters who will support the nominees of the Democratic party, are entitled to participate in the election of delegates to the county convention.

R. EHRMAN,
Acting Chairman Democratic Executive Committee Chilton Co.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

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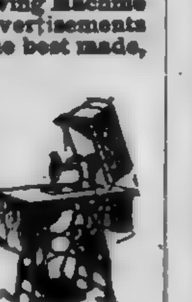

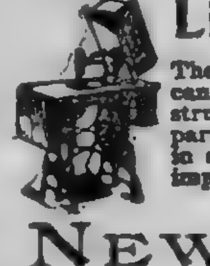

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When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

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ROSAMOND

THE BEST TAN SHOE MADE
MOTHER AND DAUGHTER
FATHER AND SON
ALL WEAR THEM

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THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

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....THE ONLY
NEW DOUBLE SWEET PEA Bride of Niagara
True to name. Packet 25 cents, half Packet 15 cents.

The Wonderful Crimson Rambler Rose Only 15 cents.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1896, THE PIONEER SEED CATALOGUE, Chromo-lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Roses, Fuchsia White Phenomenal, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables.

Tried and True Novelties. Fuchsia double white Phenomenal Blackberry, The Rathbun. Tomato, Vick's Early Leader, The Earliest Tomato known.

Filled with good things old and new.

Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts. which may be deducted from first order—really FREE—or free with an order for any of the above.

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An ordinary family ironing can be done on the "Racine" Mangle in twenty minutes.

No Heat, No Fuel, No Scorching.

The goods always retain their pure whiteness and will wear twice as long as where hot irons are used.

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Prices within the means of every family. Made in six styles and ten sizes for families, hotels, laundries, etc. Send for our new illustrated catalogue.

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EDITOR—We can vouch for the reliability of this company.

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AND NEW ACME RESTAURANT

(GELDERS HOTEL COMPANY)

RATES PER DAY $1.25 AND UP. MEALS 25 CENTS.

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BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

Dr. I. S. Johnson, jr., Clanton, Ala.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

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P.P.P.
(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by B. W. Fearens, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me," J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

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LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
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CURES
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WONDERFUL
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For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store,

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

MR. J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Dear Sir:—"Please send half-a-dozen boxes of your TETTERINE, C. O. D. This makes one and one-half dozen I have ordered from you. Some I have used myself, the remainder I distributed among friends requiring it. It has effected a cure in every case where tried. Some of them have been doctoring with our best physicians, both here and in Boston, for years without any benefit. Some said it could not be cured, as it was inherited, but one box of TETTERINE effected a complete cure. I shall always keep a supply on hand, as I know myself what it is worth. Gratefully yours,"

P. O. HANLON,
Silver Springs Bleaching Co.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Since Chas. O. Tyner began the manufacture of Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy, many people have inquired as to its efficacy. Chief Justice Bleckley, of Georgia, has tried it for indigestion and dyspepsia, and gives this as his decision:

"Atlanta, Ga., March 14, 1894—Chas. O. Tyner, Atlanta, Ga.: I have used, and am now using, Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. It is a mental as well as a physical elixir. With its aid and a pair of spectacles I can frequently see the law in spite of unsuitable or too much diet. "LOGAN E. BLECKLEY."

This is a splendid decision and people are profiting by it.

At weddings, in Austria, the happy couple, on departing, are showered with roses.

Dobbins' Electric Soap has been made for 31 years. Each year's sales have increased. In 1895 sales were 2,047,620 boxes. Superior quality, and absolute uniformity and purity, made this possible. Do you use it? Try it.

If you are all out of sorts, read the twelfth chapter of Hebrews.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are a simple yet most effectual remedy for Coughs, Hoarseness and Bronchial Troubles. Avoid imitations.

Executions in France, Spain and Austria are in public and many of the spectators consider them more attractive than stage tragedies.

Get Hindercorns and Use it If

you want to know the comfort of no corns. It takes them out perfectly. 15c. at druggists.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—M. P. DIETER, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

The Reviving Powers of Parker's Ginger Tonic make it the need of every home. Stomach troubles, colds and all distress yield to it.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea, which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla that I took several bottles, and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla —for pains in the back and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." MRS. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

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Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

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OLD MACHINERY REPAIRED.
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TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.

Large size, cost $400, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

Apply at once to

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PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

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GUARANTEED IN WRITING. Students' [illegible] in HALF the TIME at HALF the EXPENSE of [illegible] colleges. [illegible] placed last month. Address at once GEORGIA BUS. COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

FREE 40 PACKETS GARDEN SEEDS Address, the Messengers, Luckets, Va., with stamp for particulars.

OLD STAMPS We buy them for cash STANDARD STAMP CO. St. Louis, Mo.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
25 CTS.
CONSUMPTION

ALABAMA HAPPENINGS.

Railway Extension Given the State. A New Outlet to Western Markets.

THE MARSHAL AT AN OPERA.

Tennessee River Improvement at Riverton—Meeting of South Alabama Press Association—Death Under Car Wheels—Blue Springs Factory.

Railroad Depot Burned.

The depot of the Alabama Midland at Dothan was burned last week. Loss $3,000; insurance, $2,000.

Cash for the School Teachers.

The teachers will be happy to know that money is going out promptly from the treasury to pay their salary for the present quarter.

Blue Springs Cotton Factory.

The plans and specifications for the Blue Springs cotton factory, at Oxford, have been received, and bidding for the erection of the plant is now in order.

Burglary at Florence.

A thief entered James' book store at Florence last week and helped himself to $50 cash. He entered through the back door transom and had just time to escape by the back door when a clerk entered from the front.

Under the Car Wheels.

R. F. Cribbs fell from a car on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad at Sulligent Thursday and was killed. He was acting as a brakeman on a train of gravel, and was thrown from the top of a car under the wheels.

In Public Service Again.

Captain Peyton B. Bibb, of Montgomery, has been appointed dock master at Port Royal, S. C. Captain Bibb is an ex-naval officer, and resigned when he was well up in the line of promotion to the rank of lieutenant commander.

Will Bore for Oil.

It is said that petroleum oil has been discovered on Cedar creek and Little Bear creek, southwest of Russellville, and that a company has secured several thousand acres of land and will commence drilling soon.

Mobile Tax Collections Increase.

The annual report of the city tax collector of Mobile, Frank Petrinovich, to the general council shows that the increase in the collection of the city taxes for the year is $15,070.27, the greatest increase being in the collection of back taxes.

Death Trap at Bridgeport.

George Scheff, an employe of the Bridgeport Basket factory, fell into a pool of boiling water Saturday at the factory at Bridgeport, Ala., and was scalded to death. Superintendent Charles Steele met death in the same way and place one month ago.

River Improvement at Riverton.

Captain Kingman has returned to Chattanooga from inspecting the river improvements as far down as Riverton, Ala. He found the work on the lift lock of the Riverton canal progressing satisfactorily. About 3,000 yards of stone are being put in each month.

Basket Factory Resumes.

All preparations are being made to start the Fort Payne basket factory. Many of the hands have been secured and some of them have already been at work straightening things up and getting in shape to begin work in a few days.

Let a Female Jury Try Him.

Special Officer McGovern, of Mobile, has gone to New Orleans to bring back Harry Wolrick, a ladies' tailor who was arrested in that city on the charge of swindling a number of ladies in Mobile, who gave him material to make into garments. He failed to return either the material or the garments.

The Deadly Open Grate.

The little 2-year-old daughter of Mr. Charlie Mitcham was badly burned at his home this morning about 11 o'clock. She was playing around the fire when her clothes caught and soon her entire apparel was ablaze. The doctors think that she is not necessarily fatally injured.

Editor Lee's Sad Misfortune.

Mr. L. H. Lee, a prominent young lawyer and editor of the Clayton Courier, met with an accident while out dove shooting a few days ago. Two shot struck his left eye. He came here for treatment and his friends everywhere will regret to learn that he will lose it.

A Very Painful Accident.

Mrs. James Masson, wife of the president of the First National bank of Mobile, was thrown from her horse Saturday afternoon and the horse fell on her. She was picked up bleeding at the ears and was conveyed into a residence near by and physicians summoned. It is stated that she was not as badly hurt as was at first supposed.

Stamp Sales at Florence.

The sale of stamps in the Florence postoffice during the month of February amounted to $510, an increase of $72 over the sales in February, 1895, which was $438. The business in the Florence office shows a gradual increase nearly every month and it is a pretty good sign that business in other lines is also keeping up well.

Birmingham Ball Park.

Work at the base ball park goes on as rapidly as possible, notwithstanding the inclement weather. Contractor William Wells, who is building the grand stand, was seen by a News reporter this morning and he said that before the allotted time his part of the work would be completed. The fence around the park is going up and the whole field is assuming some shape.

At the State Capitol.

Governor Oates returned from Washington Saturday about noon and spent the afternoon at his office. He is hopeful that the land grant for Alabama schools will get through the house. Things are pretty badly torn up now on the second floor, but when the repairs are completed the improvement will be very noticeable. The senate chamber and hall of the house of representatives will look like new places.

The Marshal Went to Sleep.

At Gadsden, a United States prisoner, J. F. Barnes, under arrest on a charge of perjury, made his escape. Deputy Marshal Wheeler Leath took his prisoner out of jail, purchased him a new suit of clothes and took him to the opera, intending to take a late train for Birmingham. During the performance the marshal went to sleep and the prisoner walked out.

Tug Sunk—Steamer Arrived.

News reached Mobile Saturday afternoon of the sinking of the tug Daisy in Grant's Pass while towing a raft of timber from Pascagoula to Mobile. There are no details of the accident.

The steamer Gulf City of the Alabama and Florida line, before reported ashore in Apalachicola Bay, where she was driven by a gale of wind, has arrived at Mobile.

Just What They Wanted.

Friday night the store house of E. E. Jackson & Company, at Georgiana was broken into, and dry goods, shoes, groceries, in fact, something of almost everything in the store was taken. From appearances next morning it seems that they took their time and selected just what they wanted. This is the first instance of the kind in several years.

Tangled in the Lines.

A serious accident befell Mr. Roland Lee, of Selma, last week. While out driving his horse ran away, throwing him out of a road cart. He got tangled up in the lines and was dragged several hundred yards. He was finally picked up by several negroes and brought to the city, and the best medical aid summoned. His injuries are exceedingly dangerous, and great fear for his recovery is entertained.

More Industrial Progress.

One of the largest band saw mills in the south is being erected in Madison county, five miles south of Huntsville, by parties and capital from Indiana.

The outlook indicates that the coming spring Huntsville will experience a large building boom. A large number of northern farmers are locating in the county and buying farms, and everything points to the continued growth of Huntsville and the advancement of the county.

More Cars Mean More Traffic.

The Elliott Car works, of Gadsden, have received an order from the Sea board Air Line for 500 box cars, and the shops went to work on the order Monday. This is considered a great thing for Gadsden, as it means that $250,000 dollars will be turned loose here during the dull summer months. Captain J. M. Elliott, Jr., is now in Washington making estimates for 500 more, and it is likely that he will secure them. The car works are just finishing an order for the C. R. & C. railroad, and the Seaboard order will keep the plant from shutting down a single day.

South Alabama Press Association.

The third annual session of the South Alabama Press Association was held in Montgomery last Thursday. Among the business transactions of the meeting was the adoption of a minimum rate for foreign advertisements, and a circular letter to be sent publishers throughout the state. The old officers were re-elected, with the addition of a vice-president. The board now is: President, J. B. Stanley, Greenville Advocate; vice-president, T. E. Williams, Dothan Siftings; secretary, Ira Champion, Troy Messenger. The president announced the following executive committee: F. P. Glass, D. T. Miles, J. B. Simpson and W. C. Crumpton.

New Railroad Extension.

There is every prospect now of the building of a large portion of the long-delayed Decatur, Chesapeake & New Orleans railway, of which Dr. Sandusky was the chief promoter. Men are now at work on the link between Fayetteville and Decatur, Ala., and the money is furnished by the syndicate who recently bought the road. C. P. Perin, of Birmingham, Ala., who is vice-president of the organization; James E. Rhodes, of this city, who is manager of the construction company, and W. B. Barnard, engineer, left Friday morning to survey the line of the road from Fayetteville, Tenn., to Madison Cross Roads, in Alabama, and also to examine critically the trestles, bridges and also the machinery, consisting of engines, etc., now at Madison Cross Roads.

Successful Fisher for Suckers.

Calling himself Rev. Johnson, a negro came to Jackson county about a month ago, who claimed to be a Baptist preacher from Boston, Mass., who was in the south organizing lodges of the "Sons and Daughters of America." As he was a bright yellow negro, of fine appearance and seemed to be well educated, he met with good success and organized lodges at Hollowood, Stevenson and Scottsboro, charging each member $3.50 each. After staying here about a month and collecting something over $150, he skipped the country with the cash. The heaviest losers are the colored people near Hollowood, some of whom mortgaged all their effects in order to get their whole families in the lodge. Since leaving here they have found he is a fraud, and no trace of his present whereabouts can be had.

Desperate Attempt to Escape.

Ike Singer cut Jordan Lee's throat from ear to ear at Oak Grove, La., one day last week. Singer was arrested, and, while on the way to Floyd, La., in charge of Deputy Sheriff Sthrock and posse, attempted to escape. The posse ran him about two miles. After killing his horse, he promised to surrender, but, on coming up, he jumped at the deputy and attempted to get his pistol, and, while scuffling, was shot six times by Mr. Sthrock, the deputy, and one time by some one else, all taking effect. Both Lee and Singer are still alive, but are not expected to live till morning.

Important Supreme Court Decision.

The supreme court of Tennessee rendered an important decision Friday which directly sustains the legislative committee that seated Peter Turney as governor. H. S. Old had been arrested for fraudulent voting and in passing on his case, the court held that a vote cast without evidence of payment of poll tax was fraudulent. It was because of this fact that the Tennessee republicans failed to show poll tax receipts that Evans was not declared governor. This is the first legal action on this point.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

Greer County, Texas, Held to be Uncle Sam's Property.

MORE DRY DOCKS RECOMMENDED.

The Cruiser Olympia Tries Her Speed, Four New Battle Ships and Fifteen Torpedo Boats—Venezuela's Evidence—Bill to Confer Statehood on New Mexico.

Bill Favorably Reported.

The senate committee on territories favorably reported the bill for the admission of the territory of New Mexico to statehood.

⁂

More Dry Docks Recommended.

The house naval committee has decided to recommend three new timber dry docks, one at Algiers, La., one at Portsmouth, N. H., and one at Mare Island, Cal. An appropriation of $100,000 is made for each.

⁂

Popular Election of Senators.

The senate committee on privileges and elections made a favorable report on the amendment to the constitution providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

⁂

Weather Forecast Postmarks.

The scheme of adding the latest weather forecasts to the postmarks on letters will be commenced by the postoffice department July 1. Applications for this service from over forty postoffices have been filed and it will be introduced first in New York, Chicago and other large offices.

⁂

Greer County, Texas.

The claim of the United States to the territory known as Greer county to which the state of Texas also made claims was affirmed by the decision of the supreme court of the United States announced today by Mr. Justice Harlan. The decision settles a controversy which has been waged by the state and federal governments for many years. The territory in question is situated in the southwest corner of the Indian Territory and comprises about 1,500,000 acres.

⁂

Venezuela vs. J. Bull.

The council of Venezuela has submitted to the Venezuelan commission a printed brief, presenting a bit of new and apparently conclusive evidence in support of Venezuela's claim. It refers to the map contained in a two-volume large folio geography prepared by Thomas Myers, professor in the Royal Military academy of Woolwich in 1822. The Essequibo is shown as the dividing line between British and Spanish Guiana. Numerous citations are set forth in the brief to show that England at that time recognized the limits now claimed by Venezuela.

⁂

Speed of the Cruiser Olympia.

A recent speed run of the cruiser Olympia between two Chinese ports was made the subject of an official report which has just reached the navy department. Notwithstanding very rough weather, the Olympia averaged 20 knots an hour and would have made 23 knots according to her officers, in smoother water, thus becoming the second fastest cruiser in the world. The Minneapolis of our navy, which holds the record, made her remarkable speed of 23 knots and a fraction on her official trial, where every condition was favorable to speed and where forced draught was used. The Olympia ran under natural draught.

⁂

Kentucky Senatorial Question.

When asked if an extra session of the Kentucky legislature could elect a successor to Senator Blackburn, Senator Mitchell, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, said: "Undoubtedly, and its their duty to elect one. I myself was elected by a special session of the legislature. The regular session, like the one just adjourned at Frankfort, fritted the term away balloting for a senator. An extra session was called soon afterwards and at the session I was elected." Senator Gray, of Delaware, former chairman of that committee, asked for his opinion, said it was too delicate a matter for him to discuss, but said he guessed so.

⁂

Spaniards Got the Munitions.

Minister Dupuy de Dome received the following telegram from the captain-general of Cuba:

Havana, March 20, 1896.

A detachment of Variadero Notr Cardenas captured 150 boxes of ammunition for Remington and Winchester rifles, nine boxes of cavalry rifles, fourteen tin boxes of medicine and twenty knapsacks covered with oil cloth, two boxes explosives and three boats.

(Signed) Weyler.

Minister de Lome has no doubt that all this material was that landed by the Collazo expedition from Cedar Keys, in the schooner J. S. Mallory, captured by the United States revenue cutters, and released by the customs authorities at Tampa and afterwards transhipped near the southern coast of Florida to the steamer Three Friends, which landed it in Cuba several days ago.

⁂

To Enlarge Our Navy.

The house naval committee has decided to recommend the construction of four battleships and fifteen torpedo boats. The battleships will have a displacement of about 11,000 tons, and shall cost not to exceed $1,750,000 each, exclusive of armament. The appropriations to begin the work on the battleships will be in keeping with the amount which Secretary Herbert says he could expend next year for that purpose. Five of the torpedo boats will be of large size and will cost in the aggregate $850,000, while the appropriation for the remaining ten, which will be of smaller dimensions, will be $800,000. In view of the expedition with which boats of this character can be built, $1,256,250 of the entire amount will be provided for in the present bill. The large boats will have a speed of 26 knots, as against 20 knots for the smaller vessels. This conclusion was reached only after a two hours' discussion, participated in by all the thirteen members present.

FIFTY FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

EIGHTY-FIRST DAY.

In the senate Mr. Call offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the secretary of the treasury to inform the senate what orders have been issued from the treasury department to seize United States vessels loaded with arms and munitions of war and with passengers on board supposed to be destined for Cuba, and by what authority such seizures and arrests have been made. Mr. Lodge then took the floor and addressed the senate on the immigration bill. At the close of Mr. Lodge's speech the immigration bill was restored to the calendar, and the house tariff bill, with the finance committee's free coinage amendment, was taken up. Mr. Pugh addressed the senate on the finances. At the conclusion of Mr. Pugh's speech the conference report on the Cuban belligerency resolutions was taken up and Mr. Morgan, a member of the committee on foreign relations, addressed the senate in favor of the adoption of the report. Without finishing his speech Mr. Morgan yielded to a motion to adjourn, and at 5:30 o'clock the senate adjourned until tomorrow.....This was suspension day in the house, and the following bills were passed under suspension of the rules or by unanimous consent. Providing free homesteads on the public lands of Oklahoma for actual, bona fide settlers, with an amendment suspending until further legislation can be had by congress the operations of the land laws in Greer county, Texas, due to the decision today of the supreme court declaring that county a part of the public domain. Increasing the penalty for mutilating or defacing coins, and making the passage of such coins a felony. The house at 4:12 adjourned until tomorrow.

EIGHTY-SECOND DAY.

Senator Morgan concluded his speech on Cuba, and Senator Pugh finished his remarks on the finances. No business was done and the senate at 5:40 adjourned.....The house, after five hours spent in considering it, passed a bill revising certain sections of the customs administrative act, and then adjourned.

EIGHTY-THIRD DAY.

The morning hour in the senate was given to consideration of a joint resolution directing the secretary of the interior to execute the law for opening to settlement 2,000,000 acres of land, originally a part of an Indian reservation in Utah. The Dupont election case was then taken up and Mr. Thurston made an argument for Dupont, after which a number of bills were passed without objection.....The day's session of the house was devoted to the discussion of the resolutions reported from the committee on foreign affairs censuring Ambassador Byard. Without reaching a conclusion the house adjourned.

EIGHTY-FOURTH DAY.

The senate resumed the debate on the Cuban resolutions, continued it through the day's session, and adjourned without reaching a conclusion.... The debate on the Bayard censure resolutions was continued today and reached the point of an agreement to vote on them tomorrow at 12. Mr. Taylor, republican, of Ohio, reported from committee number two, on elections, resolutions declaring vacant the seat now occupied by Mr. Boatner, of Louisiana, and gave notice that they would be called up tomorrow and voted on without debate. Adjourned.

EIGHTY-FIFTH DAY.

The debate on the Cuban resolutions was continued. Mr. Mitchell, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, reported the joint resolutions for the election of United States senators by the people. Mr. Gray, democrat, of Delaware, gave notice of a minority report to be made. Mr. Allen addressed the senate in opposition to Mr. Dupont's claim to a seat in the senate. The following senate bills were taken from the calendar and passed: Senate bill for the relief of settlers upon lands within the indemnity limits of the grant to the New Orleans Pacific Railway company. To approve and ratify the construction of a railroad bridge across Caddo lake at Mooringsport, La., and across the Red river near Fulton, Ark. Also senate bill for the exchange of land at Choctaw Point, Ala., held for lighthouse purposes, for another tract better adapted for the same purpose. Appropriating $25,000 for the monument in Baltimore to the memory of Gen. William Smallwood and the soldiers of the Maryland line in the war for American independence. Also senate bill to pay Holmes & Leathers, contractors on mail routes in Mississippi, $12,209 for transportation of the mails in April and May, 1861. Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, offered a joint resolution recognizing belligerency in Cuba. The legislative appropriation bill was reported from the committee and the senate adjourned until Monday....The house passed the Bayard censure resolution, six democrats voting for and five republicans against it. The vote was 180 yeas to 71 nays. In the contested election case of Alexis Benoit vs. Charles Boatner, from the Fifth Louisiana district, the seat was declared vacant, and a new election will result. A night session was held to consider pensions and the house adjourned until Monday.

A Very Dull Rogue.

Julius Mayse, supposed to be of Greenville, Miss., but more recently of Vicksburg, appeared at Tullulah, La., one day last week, and claiming to represent Loeb, Bloom & Co., of Paducah, Ky., got a team to go to Lake Providence. Arriving at Milliken's Bend he claimed to be representing Jacobs & Garnet, of Memphis, Tenn., and that he was a son of Jacobs. While here a Mr. Tellen exposed him as a fraud and he skipped back to Tallulah. News of his character preceded him, and he was arrested on arrival and jailed. Inquiries were dispatched to both firms he claimed to represent and both answered that they knew no such man. On his person when arrested were two checks to which the names of Tullulah merchants had been forged, and he acknowledged the forgery.

Not the Mallory Cargo.

From information received the seizure of arms and ammunition made the other day by the Spanish in Cuba is not so important as indicated. The munitions seized were not from the Mallory, but were from the schooner Arkell. The Arkell was at anchor at a place called Elvarudo. All the arms aboard had been landed save 145 cases of ammunition, when the gunboat Caradad have in sight. The men on the Arkell abandoned the schooner and hastily escaped to the shore. The Caradad seized the Arkell and 145 cases of ammunition.

SCARLET FEVER SETTLED IN THE BACK.

AN OPERATION WAS UNSUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED.

The Patient Was Finally Restored, After Eighteen Years.

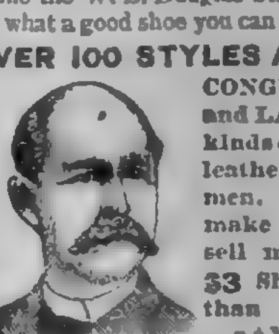
From the Evening News, Newark, N. J.

About eighteen years ago, when Mrs. Annie Dale, of 88 Bruce street, was a bright, merry school girl, she was taken ill with scarlet fever. She recovered, but she was a very different girl from a physical standpoint. She was cured of the scarlet fever, but it left her with an affection of the back. As she grew older the pain seemed to increase. Her sufferings were intensified by her household duties, but she never complained, and with one hand pressed tightly to her back she did her work about her cozy home.

"I was fourteen years old when I was attacked with scarlet fever, and have now suffered with my back for eighteen years.

"Night and day I suffered. It really seemed as if I must succumb to the pain, and then to make matters worse, my head ached so badly that I could scarcely see, at times. Finally I went to St. Michael's Hospital, at the corner of High street and Central avenue, and there the surgeons performed a difficult operation on my back, but it did no good; it was like everything else. I was told at the hospital to return for another operation, but the first had left me so weak I could not go back. Then again I had become discouraged and my three children needed my attention and care at home. The pain became harder to stand and my back was almost broken, it seemed. I thought I would never know what it would be like to be well again when I was told to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. With many doubts, a faint heart and an aching back I went to get the pills, and little dreaming that they would prove the elixir of a new life to me, I began to take them. Only a short time elapsed before I began to improve. Could it be possible that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were doing what everything else had failed to accomplish? I asked myself the question many times and before long I was enabled by my improved condition to answer the question with an emphatic 'Yes.' Now the pain of almost twenty years is cured by these Pink Pills in a few months. I have no pain of any kind now, but I have got some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and while I do not think it will ever be necessary to use them again, I shall certainly never be without them in the house."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.



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W. L. DOUGLAS
$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.
If you pay $4 to $6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for $3.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS,
CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more $3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our $5, $4, $3.50, $2.50, $2.25 Shoes; $2.50, $2 and $1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 36 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue to Box R.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Poor soil

and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made **profitably fertile** by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing **high percentages of**

Potash

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
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"IT WILL NOT RUB OFF"
ALABASTINE
DURABLE AND BEAUTIFUL
WALL COATING.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

NATURE'S WAY:

There is no reason why the period preceding childbirth should be full of discomfort. There is no reason why childbirth itself should bring a feeling of dread to the mother. Nature does nothing wrong. It is the abuse of nature by wrong living, lack of exercise, ill-fitting clothes, that brings about the tortures of childbirth.

Perfectly healthy women go through the ordeal with comparative ease. Nature intended it that way. Women approaching motherhood have really but one thing to do—get strength generally and locally.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

is the best medicine and tonic to do this. It prepares the generative organs for the coming trial, shortens labor, lessens pain and robs confinement of its danger.

One Dollar a Bottle.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. John J. Barry lives at 104 Concord st., Brooklyn, N. Y., is 65 years old. He used to be a freight clerk, but for eleven years has done no work, mainly on account of rheumatism. He has always been troubled a good deal with constipation, but a few months since, his attention having been directed to Ripans Tabules, he commenced a course of treatment with them, using them according to directions. As a result the trouble from constipation is overcome and there is a positive improvement to be noted in the condition of his rheumatic joints. His daughter, who lives with him and has suffered a good deal from dyspepsia, also uses the Tabules and has found in them the greatest possible benefit.

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

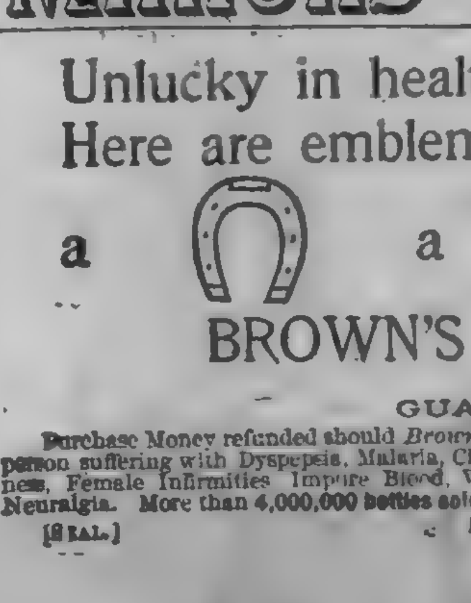
$3 A DAY SURE. SEND us your address and we will show you how to make $3 a day; absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work, absolutely sure, write at once. ROYAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Box [illegible], Detroit, Mich.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS. but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. [illegible] styles of Carriages, [illegible] styles of Harness, [illegible] styles Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue. ELKHART Carriage & Harness Mfg Co. Elkhart, Ind. W. B. PRATT, Sec'y

ASTHMA
POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC
Gives relief in FIVE minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One Box sent postpaid on receipt of $1.00. Six boxes $5.00. Address THOS. POPHAM, PHILA., PA.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 13. 1896.



To find the time required to clean your house with Pearline, take the time required to clean it last with soap, and divide by two. Use Pearline, and save half your time and half your labor—then you can find time to do something else besides work.

Pearline will clean your carpets without taking them up. It will clean everything. From the kitchen floor to the daintiest bric-a-brac, there's nothing in sight that isn't cleaned best with Pearline. It saves rubbing.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

Unlucky in health?
Here are emblems of good luck;
a ∩ a ☘ and
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

GUARANTEE

Purchase Money refunded should Brown's Iron Bitters taken as directed fail to benefit any person suffering with Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, Chronic Headache or Neuralgia. More than 4,000,000 bottles sold—and only $[illegible] asked for and refunded.

[SEAL.] BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE BANNER.

Selects C-Cl

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1896. NO. 23.

WANTED--A MAN.

ONE WHO WILL NOT BETRAY THE PEOPLE.

Interview with Gen. Sherwood—He Compares the Financial Policy of Other Nations to the Present Policy of the United States.

Gen. Sherwood has just returned from a business trip to Indiana. He has had facilities for becoming acquainted with the condition of business, and last evening, when asked for the result of his observations, he said:

"Business ought to be a great deal better, but we have the consolation that it could not be much worse. I saw a good business man in Toledo this morning, who has been in active business for twenty-five years, and he told me that this is the worst February for business he had ever experienced."

"Do you find business men generally talking that way?"

"Business men generally are not as hopeful as one year ago, especially merchants, and manufacturers. Congress, of which so much was promised by the republican long-distance prophets a year ago, is doing nothing to help business or to ease the money market, and from present indications will adjourn without doing a thing. Last week I was down in central Ohio in one of the large manufacturing cities, and both the president and cashier of a leading bank there told me money was tighter than a year ago. I asked if the new bond issue would not help, and they both said it was only a temporary expedient that would not help anybody outside the bond buyers. The cashier said the fact that so many bankers were anxious to put their money into bonds at a low rate of interest was a sure indication that they had no confidence in the future of business enterprises. Both the president and cashier said a majority of the business men in that town were not making any profit, hardly keeping even, and most of the merchants were afraid of a further decline in values of textile fabrics.

"I went into the bank to get a small check cashed; you know I never have a large one, and when I was leaving the cashier asked me if I had read Tillman's speech in the senate. I told him I had not; only the press summary. He then said that it was a powerful speech, and Tillman only said what a great many people are now thinking. He said he had subscribed for a number of Tillman's speeches for free distribution among his goldbug friends, and agreed to send me a copy. After thanking him I expressed surprise, as I knew he was a John Sherman, Grover Cleveland, close corporation, gold standard man only six months ago. He then said his convictions were now for free silver, as he had been fully educated by the disasters and business wrecks we have had under the gold standard and that he belonged to that class of men who had the courage to admit when he was wrong."

The reporter asked Gen. Sherwood if he had seen the statement of Chairman Anderson of the Ohio democratic committee that Cleveland could not have the democratic nomination again, if he desired it.

"Yes; I read that and was very much surprised. Col. Anderson doubtless judged by the last Ohio democratic state convention at Springfield, when the office holders proved more potent than the delegates representing the democratic masses; but the result of the election ought to have admonished Col. Anderson not to try any more experiments on this line. It is true that Cleveland is a rank favorite with the republicans; and from a party standpoint he ought to be, as he has betrayed the democratic party on every vital issue, and has carried out without a quiver, either of remorse or shame, all the financial schemes of the party he was elected to repudiate and overthrow.

"When I came up from Indianapolis a few days ago, a couple of farmers got on the train at the first station this side of Muncie, Ind., and took a seat in front of mine. One was from Darke county, Ohio. From conversation on the deplorable condition of farming, they drifted into politics and to condense the animus of their talk, one said he had always been a democrat, but if he had known Grover Cleveland would have done what he has done, he would sooner have voted for the devil for president. In reply to a taunt from his companion that Cleveland might run again, he said he would sooner vote to hang him than vote for him for president again, or any other man like him, 'and,' he added, 'I know lots of democrats in my section that feel the same way.' His companion, who was evidently a Harrison republican, said: 'Well, I guess it don't make much difference to us who is elected. Congress and the president are just alike.'"

The general continued: "There is a deep and all pervading discontent among the masses of both parties over prevailing conditions, and all the people need now is for the leaders of the democratic party to cut loose from Grover Cleveland, repudiate entirely his financial policy, absolve the party from all responsibility for his deplorable administration and put the party back on Jeffersonian lines. Then there would seem to be a chance, and it is the only chance, to elect a democratic president this year. It is criminal folly for democrats to longer attempt to sustain a man who has betrayed every democratic principle worth anything. The real facts are, Grover Cleveland is a stench in all right smelling democratic nostrils. At the end of his term he will have less real friends among the democratic masses than Benedict Arnold had in the continental army when Lord Cornwallis surrendered.

"Witness the absolute brutality of the last proposition of the gold standard papers, that borrowing gold by issuing one hundred millions of interest bearing bonds would strengthen the public credit and help business. Carry this idea into your own business. Could a corporation or business firm strengthen their credit by making a large loan of money and issuing interest bearing notes for obligations that bore no interest? Is not the proposition thoroughly idiotic when examined in the light of ordinary common sense? We have now had over $260,000,000 useless bonded debt created in the past two years, and the end is not yet. When the Sherman silver act was repealed all the gold bugs in the land, big and little, from John Sherman down, claimed that we would have prosperity in sixty days. Read Senator Sherman's last speech in the senate, just before the silver repeal bill passed. Sherman was the chief bugler among the loud singing cuckoos in both houses of congress. He then said that all we needed to bring gold from Europe by the ship load and give us a substantial business boom was to destroy silver as a unit of value and a money metal. And it was done by men who were elected to congress sacredly pledged to bi-metallism. Look at the terrible business wrecks in the immediate trail of this infamous enactment. Look at the record of bond sales since then. See from the records how every promise for better times has been proved criminally false and delusive. And again we see Senator Sherman, as the real mouthpiece of his platitudinous obesity of the White House, arise in the senate and commend the present house of representatives because they have just voted to kill any silver legislation whatever.

"And did you notice that Sherman savagely criticised leading statesmen and senators of his own party for voting against another tariff bill, and commended the republicans of the house for defeating any legal recognition whatever of the white metal; that Sherman, in a speech made at Zanesville last year, before the Ohio republican convention, claimed to be a stanch and trusty friend? And he had the marvelous audacity to claim, in his speech, not yet five days old, that these house republicans, 'fresh from the people,' as he said, represented the people. It was almost 1,900 years ago, if I remember aright, that Christ, talking by inspiration from on high, of just such beings, said:

"'They bind heavy burdens and grievous to be borne, and lay them on men's shoulders; but they themselves will not move them with one of their fingers. Woe unto you, scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites! for ye devour widow's houses and for a pretense make long prayers.'

"And all these modern Pharisees from Sherman down claim to be champions of the only honest money, and that all are dishonest or ignorant who oppose their schemes of confiscation of the property of the common people by law. I would like the Plain Dealer to look up the campaign records of the members of the present congress who voted a few days ago to murder the honest silver dollar of the constitution at every stage of the voting, and see how many preached the gold dollar of the vampires on the stump when out vote begging. I venture the opinion there are not ten congressmen in the whole array, from the entire country west of the Allegheny mountains, that dared talk to their constituents in their electioneering campaigns as they voted in the house. Everybody knows, who knows anything, that nine-tenths of all the intelligent citizens of Ohio are at heart bi-metallists. And we have the scoundrelism of modern politics well represented in the vote referred to, showing that fidelity to a public trust is no loger the rule of conduct with a majority of our public men. In fact, representative government has ceased to be representative and the boodler in the primaries expects his servant, whom his corruption money elects, to become the tool of the Shylocks when elected, and the record of this house of representatives to date proves that whom the boodler buys the Shylock holds securely in his grip.

"When we witness the humiliating cowardice of the present house of representatives in refusing to even make one move to relieve the financial stress of the people, it is no wonder so many business men are giving up in despair. Let us suppose that the silver men had had their way in 1893, as the gold men had theirs, and suppose we should have had the result we witness today—of the increase of the bonded debt of over $260,000,000; with falling prices of all products of labor, and of the farm and mine, and with the appalling list of business failures, suicides, want and woe, and crime, that has followed as the inevitable result of the gold standard. Why, it would not be safe for one of the silver leaders to venture out upon the streets of any city, or hamlet in the country on account of mob violence. Surely, there would be no newspapers in the land with enough of the gall of brutality to have advocated a continuance of the policy.

"And now that we have had the terrible experience of the last two years and a half, with a policy that every democrat of intelligence and patriotism predicted at the outset would result only in disaster, it seems incomprehensible how any well meaning citizen who loves his country and his kind should exhibit a disposition to further exploit the field of disaster. Certainly no true democrat is in favor of it. My observation is, and I am looking at the situation only from a business standpoint, that business men of both parties are thoroughly convinced that the present fiscal policy must be changed before we can have any substantial prosperity, and I believe that a majority of sagacious business men understand that the present effort of the republican leaders to try and avert the only live issue (the money question) by switching off on the tariff is a scheme of humbug and fraud, as transparent as it is insincere and dishonest.

"The people are about ripe for a leader who is sound on the money question for the people's honest dollars and not the scarce gold of the Shylocks that has never been seen by the common people, has never been the money of circulation and never will be. There is no civilized country anywhere that has ever adopted or ever will adopt our present financial policy of fiat money for the people and gold for the Shylocks. There is no civilized country in the world that would discard silver as a money metal if that country was as rich in silver mines as the United States. The world's record today is that all the silver using countries are prosperous and all the exclusive gold countries are not. This ought to dissipate the miserable rot of the gold standard organs that a silver standard for the United States would mean bankruptcy. It is a bare assertion with no vitality to sustain it, but lie. Even England; the credit nation of the world, would not tolerate for a month our present fiscal policy. We recovered soon after the war from the Geneva award some $15,500,000 of England. When this claim matured the banking and commercial classes of Great Britain, fearing a disturbance of the money market should gold be withdrawn for export, induced the Bank of England to interpose and the United States treasury was induced to exchange securities, so as to prevent any withdrawal of gold.

"Here is McKinley, who claims to be for protection (and no one is able to tell just what that means now), not in favor of the protection of our richest and most favored American product, silver. The fact that whole communities have been wrecked in the west by legislation which he commends, and populations wrecked by hostile legislation, in direct conflict with his whole theory of protection, does not move him to utter a word of condemnation. He has been going up and down the land with Napoleonic beak and Chesterfieldian pose and talking the barren paucity of unmeaning platitudes about protection, utterly oblivious to the well known fact that a bill embodying all his ideas, framed according to his own sweet will, not only created revolution in his own party in almost every state in the union, reduced wages in ten thousand manufacturing establishments in less than three months, but so disturbed economic conditions that the most sagacious students of history attribute the panic of 1893 almost solely to his work. Surely it is a desperate case of desperation to look for a savior from present disaster in a party and country wrecker whose work is only five years old.

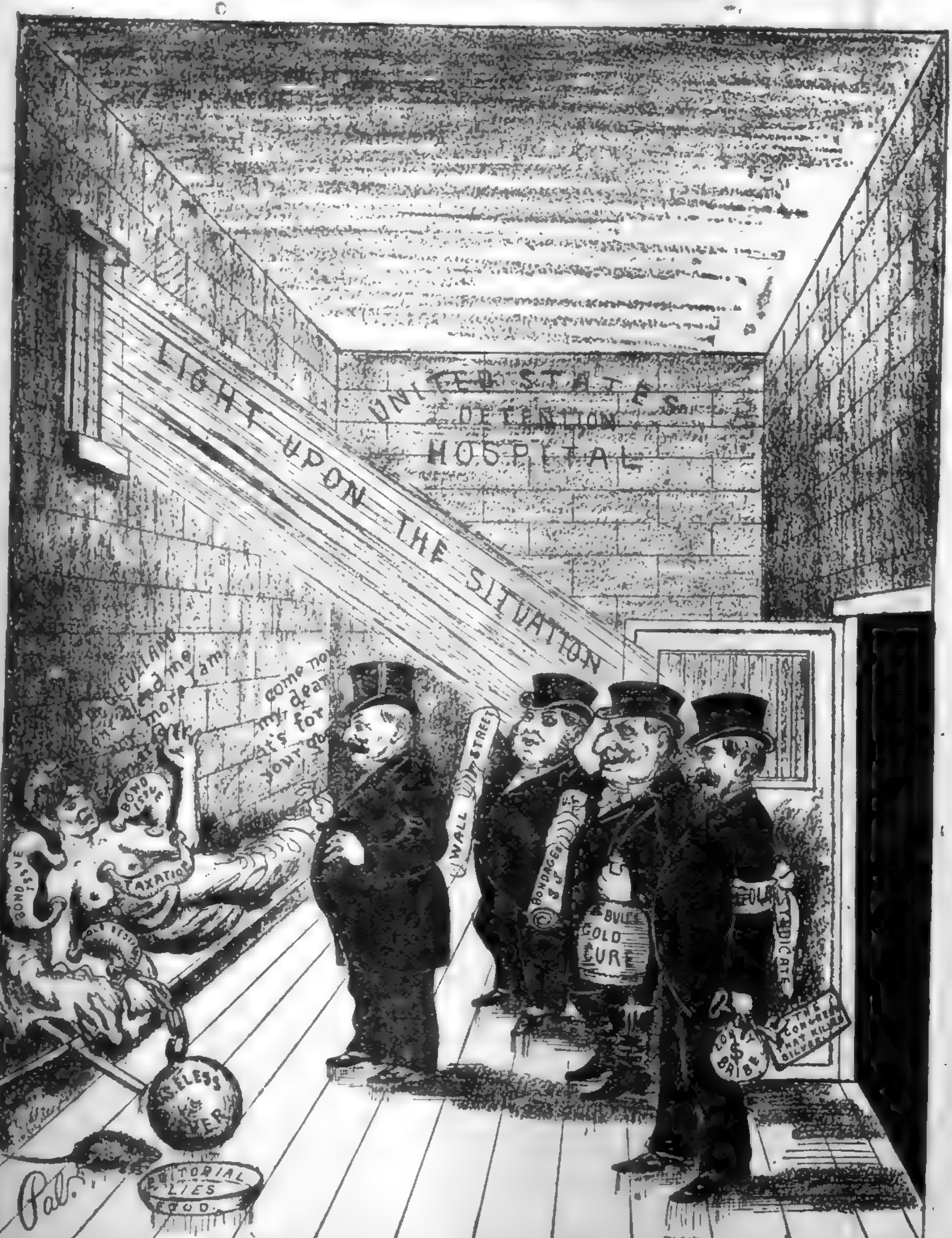
"But where is the people's savior now, do you ask? I do not seem to see him, but Gov. Matthews of Indiana looks fairly well. This time the people will scrutinize the man more than the platform. Cleveland's base betrayal has taught us that. Sibley of Pennsylvania is both the man and the platform. I remember during the war, when disaster after disaster overtook the army of the Potomac, that it was the poet of the camps, Edmund C. Stedman, who wrote the ringing battle cry that electrified the country. It was the well remembered poem, 'Give us a Man.'

"'Give us a man of God's own mold,
Fit to rally his fellow man;
Give us a rallying cry and then,
Abraham Lincoln, give us a man!'

"Then a man on horseback was wanted to command the army of the Potomac. Today we want no man on horseback. We want no man who looks to an increased standing army and formidable battleships and forts and fortifications along our frontiers for continued protection and glory; but we want a man anxious to do justice to the great, brave, patient people, and whose humane rule will cause the people to love the country and its free institutions; and then neither armies, nor navies, nor forts, nor bastiles will be needed. A happy, contented and prosperous poulace is the best shield of the state."

The designs for six of the fifteen main buildings of the forthcoming Tennessee Centennial exposition have been accepted and the construction put under contract, to be completed by June next. The lakes and terraces have already been finished, and the Administration building has been completed.

COMING EVENTS CAST THEIR SHADOWS.



It is believed that another issue of bonds will be necessary, if the exports of gold to England continue for any length of time.—New York Post (English Syndicate Organ).

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

ADVANCE OF MINERS' WAGES.

Entombed in a Mine—The United States Cruiser, Raleigh—An Editor Absconds—Railroad Earnings, Revolt of the Matabeles—Crimes and Casualties.

Fred Reed, editor of the Monroe Journal and a resident of Woodsfield, O., has absconded with $1,400 of the city's money.

At Machias, Me., a new block of buildings, containing seven stores and many offices, was burned last Thursday morning. Loss $175,000, partly insured

Senator Lexow's greater New York bill has passed the assembly by a vote of 91 yeas and 56 nays. The measure now goes to Governor Morton for approval,

A dispatch from Berlin, Germany, says that China, instead of making Port Arthur a free port, will cede it to Russia in exchange for important concessions.

The United States cruiser Raleigh returned to Fort Monroe, Va., last Thursday at 8 p. m. from a four hours' trial trip at sea, making twenty-two knots per hour.

Dispatches received from Havana state that the Bermuda landed the arms and ammunition she carried and that Gen. Calixto Garcia and his men safely joined the insurgents.

An explosion occurred in the Brunner mine, New Zealand, last Thursday morning. Five miners are known to have been killed and sixty are entombed with no hope of their being rescued.

Reports received at Valparaiso of violent earthquakes throughout different portions of Chili have caused many of the inhabitants to leave the city and towns and camp in the country districts.

The boiler in the steamer Artemus Lamb exploded Thursday morning above Alton, Ill. Fireman Ed. Lallard and Eli Lancaster were blown into the river, but were rescued. Both were fatally injured.

Ellis & Lessig Steel & Iron company, of Pottstown, Pa., has notified its employes of a raise of wages in every department of 10 per cent. The change, which will go into effect April 1, will benefit over 500 men.

The Norwegian bark Erato, which went ashore last Wednesday night seven miles below Tybee island, is a total wreck, and wreckers are at work trying to save what they can before the vessel goes to pieces.

The Egyptian public debt commission has decided, to advance from the reserve fund £500,000 asked by the government for the purpose of defraying the cost of the Nile expedition. Of this amount £200,000 must be furnished immediately.

An eastbound freight train on the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa railroad was wrecked at North Judson, Ind., Thursday night. A wrecking crew found the dead bodies of four unknown men in a car of oats. They had evidently died from suffocation.

Near Waycross, Ga., last week, two road agents held up and robbed R. H. Rawls, merchant and postmaster at Schlatterville. They thought he had $4,000 insurance money. They only got $50 and a rifle. It is reported that one of the robbers has been caught.

By an explosion of nuptha in Newark, N. J., one night last week Albert Aericht, of that city, and Fred Gallagher, of Rockland, Mass., were burned to death, and two other workmen were seriously burned. A fire resulting from the explosion damaged the works about $2,000.

The Grand opera house at Springfield, Mo., one of the finest theaters in the west, burned at 2 o'clock Friday morning. The fire originated under the stage and swept through the scenery and in a few minutes the entire building was in flames. Loss, $80,000; insurance, $40,000.

William Bradley, while walking near the big saw in a mill at Readyville, Tenn., stumbled and fell against the circular saw, and was horribly mutilated. His right leg was severed near the groin and his body hurled by the saw into the dust pile. When taken out life was extinct.

John L. Perkins is in jail charged with the murder of Stephen Howard, son of a blind man. The boy was leading his father along the road when Perkins quarrelled with the boy. The blind man struck at Perkins, but hit his boy. Perkins then seized the old man's stick, killed the boy and threw the body into a neighboring creek.

The Southern Railway company reports for February gross earnings of $1,494,918, an increase of $233,010, and net earnings of $430,405, an increase of $47,120; and from July 1 to February 27 gross earnings of $13,451,370, an increase of $1,046,780, and net earnings of $4,384,350, an increase of $332,011.

The steamer Sam Brown, lying at the lower wharf, Louisville, Ky., ready to go below with a large cargo, was burned early Friday morning. It is estimated that it will be a total loss. The Brown was owned by Capt. Sam Brown, of Pittsburg. She was built at Pittsburg in 1881 and was valued at $25,000.

At Buffalo Bluff, Fla., on Thursday last, Captain Ben McGraw, aged 66, and George La France became engaged in a fight about some work La France was doing for McGraw. La France beat Captain McGraw so that he will probably die. McGraw used a knife and disemboweled La Erance, who is mortally wounded.

An incendiary fire last Thursday morning destroyed the upper floor and roof of the White block, situated on Memorial square, Chambersburg, Pa., causing a loss of $60,000, the insurance being $25,000. Adjoining buildings were also damaged. Among the occupants of the White building to suffer loss was the Register printing office.

Three of the Southern railway train wreckers are in jail at Macon, Ga. It seems clear now that the Shaws wrecked the Southern's train to get damage for injury to their wives. Criswell's confession is generally believed. It is reported that one of the Shaws has confessed, but if this is true the confession has not been made public.

Nearly a dozen residences and three-quarters of the business portion of the village of Benton, Ark., were destroyed by fire, which started shortly after midnight Friday morning and raged for nearly three hours. The village has 1,000 inhabitants and no fire department. The total loss is estimated at $40,000 and is but partially covered by insurance.

The Midway Deposit bank, of Midway, Ky., made an assignment at Versailles, Ky., Friday to John Wise, a director. Fifty thousand dollars is due depositors. The bank has $60,000 in collectable notes and it will probably pull through. It is understood that William Shipp, cashier, and Charles W. Stone, assistant cashier, used $25,000 of the bank's funds in outside transactions.

Lem Henderson, the negro who was killed at Middleboro, Ky., Thursday night while attempting to burglarize a store, was one of the negroes who recently escaped from the Knox county Tenn., work house and who led the blood-hounds such a long and lively chase. He was a small copper-colored negro and at the time of his escape was serving a sentence in the Knox county work house for the robbery of a house at Ooltewah.

A duel was fought in the Neubabetsburg wood, near Berlin, Germany, last Thursday morning between Herr Zonker, a solicitor residing in Potsdam, and an officer in the German navy. The duel was fought with pistols and Zonker was shot and instantly killed. Zonker was a prminent lawyer.

Information has been received that the Matabeles of the Inseza and Filabusti districts, South Africa, have revolted and murdered many of the white settlers there. Large numbers of whites are flocking to Buluwayo for protection. The people of the towns in Matabeland are erecting defences to protect themselves against the natives, and volunteers are being enrolled. Armed forces have been dispatched to the disturbed districts.

The schooner William Todd, Captain Campbell, belonging to Calais, has arrived at Kingston, Jamaica, from Mobile, Ala. Her commander reports that he was fired on by Spanish gunboats off the Isle of Pines. He hove to, was boarded and his vessel was searched. The Spaniards did not find anything contraband on board the schooner, and so she was allowed to proceed.

Wolvek, the ladies' tailor who was arrested in New Orleans some days ago for being a fugitive from Mobile, and charged with having embezzled a lot of ladies' clothing which had been intrusted to him while he was working in Mobile, has informed the Times-Democrat that he was tried by the mayor of Mobile and honorably acquitted.

Fourteen hundred men employed in the ship yards of Wheeler & Co., West Bay City, Mich., went on a strike this morning against the check system of payment. The firm gave as their reason for adopting the system the danger of transporting $20,000 every pay day. The strikers are holding a meeting to discuss the situation.

Three hundred weavers at the big Eagle & Phenix mills, Columbus, Ga., walked out Saturday, and it is expected that many more will go out within the next few days, and will necessitate the closing of the entire plant. This is the result of a notice of a cut in the wages of the weavers. A committee waited upon the officers to protest against the reduction, but the decision of the company was declared to be final. For a short time there were indications of a serious riot. The strikers made strong efforts to induce others to join them, but failed. It is claimed that the reduced wages are not lower than is paid at other mills.

Later—The mills shut down on Monday evening "until further notice." The 300 strikers have thrown out of employment 1450 operatives.

New Probate of an Old Will.

The will of Benjamin Franklin was allowed in the Suffolk county, Mass., probate court by Judge Grant on petition of Mayor Quincy, as a foreign will, having been probated about a century ago in the orphans' court in Philadelphia. The probate of the will is deemed necessary in view of a legal disposition of the "Franklin fund," which was created by the will of Franklin and now amounts to several hundred thousand dollars. There was no opposition to the probate and it was admitted upon the credit of the certificate of the recorder of the orphans' court.

Cotton Warehouse Burned.

The Reedy River Manufacturing company, whose factory is seven miles from Greenville, S. C., had 1,000 bales of cotton, which had been bought early in the season at 9 cents, and stored in a warehouse 100 yards from the mill. Last Thursday they began to take it out for spinning. When the hands returned to the warehouse after the noon rest and opened it they found the cotton blazing. It was all consumed. Loss, $33,000; insurance, $30,000.

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75 CENTS. For seventy-five cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES HOME JOURNAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

Ex-GOVERNOR THOMAS SEAY died at his home in Greensboro on last Monday.

ONE week from next Tuesday is the first primary. We hope every man has made up his mind to come out and vote on that day.

JUDGE PARSONS having exchanged circuits with Judge John R. Tyson, of Montgomery, the next term of Chilton circuit court will be held by Judge Tyson.

IN another column we furnish the full text of the financial bill introduced by Congressman Aldrich. It contains some very interesting features which we propose to discuss later on.

AN effort is being made in Texas to have the Populists and Republicans fuse. The Republicans are to support the Populist ticket on the condition that the Republican presidential electors are placed on the Populist ballots.

WE have received such an immense amount of correspondence this week it is impossible to get it all in. We have done our best with it, and now throw ourselves upon the indulgence of such of our correspondents whose communications we are compelled to hold over.

THE organized Democratic press is in a state of great disquietitude. The more the Clarke faction and the Johnston faction yell at each other and call one another bad names the more truthful they get and by the time the election comes on they will have disclosed so much rascality on either side that all honest men will have concluded to let Democracy severely alone and will come and vote the Populist ticket —the only honest ticket in the field.

AT the last meeting of the State Executive Committee the following gentlemen were appointed managers of the primary elections:

Beat 1. T. J. Dorminy, W. P. Cleckler.

Beat 2. (Box 2 Jemison) B. M. Gentry, Ira Cambell; (Box 1 Providence) I. B. Martin, W. H. Shaw.

Beat 3. (Box 1 Benson) W. H. Varden, William DeShazo; (Box 2 Macedonia) Z. J. Jones, J. P. Nix, J. D. Glasscock.

Beat 4. (Box 1 Clanton) G. C. King, J. H. Duncan; (Box 2 Cane Creek) Wm. Lambert, Henry Mahan.

Beat 5. (Box 1 Coopers) M. Popwell, J. J. McDowell; (Box 2 Verbena) S. S. Scott, Pink Jones.

Beat 6. J. R. Vinson, E. B. Deason.

Beat 7. (Box 1, Maplesville) J. D. McGee, G. W. Fox. (Box 2, Lathams) W. B. Green, J. D. Holsomback.

Beat 8. Sam Griffin, J. F. Harris.

Beat 9. A. F. Childress, J. M. Mims.

J. W. FOSHEE.

The friends of J. W. Foshee have induced him to allow his name to be placed before the people as a candidate for commissioner for the First District. It is almost superfluous for us to say anything in the way of introduction. Everyone knows Wash Foshee to be a gentleman well qualified in every particular to perform the duties of the office to which he aspires and everyone knows that if he is elected we shall have gained a most efficient commissioner.

S. E. WALDRUP.

A thorough-going reformer, a true Populist, a honorable gentleman—these are the qualities which have caused the friends of Mr. S. E. Waldrup to bring him forward as a candidate for commissioner from the Second District. Mr. Waldrup has been identified with the reform movement ever since its inception in this State. He is an able and accomplished gentleman, perfectly competent to perform the duties of commissioner and if he is the choice of the people we are satisfied we shall have another good commissioner.

Maplesville Music.

Mrs. A. S. Foshee has been called to Stanton to see her daughter, Mrs. Parnell, who has been dangerously ill. We are glad to state that Mrs. Annie Williams is much better from a very serious illness.

Two weeks ago a very young lady came into Mr. Henry Bearden's family to stay a long time.

Mrs. Mary Paisley is in Selma visiting friends.

Mr. Jimmie Dunklin from Selma is visiting his sister Mrs. Claude Paisley.

Miss Jesse Applewhite of Coosa county is visiting her sister Mrs. Cooper.

We have a most excellent Sunday-school under the superintendency of Mr. R. Martin.

We have a most excellent sermon every third Sunday at 11 a.m. by Mr. [illegible].

The weather has been very unsuitable for farmers and gardeners but they now have their business under headway in good spirits.

It is believed the last cold snaps have not injured our fruit to any great extent.

Our town is sustaining fine health. Success to the BANNER.

SUBSCRIBER.

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr. J. C. Pattilo has painted his new buggy, and oh! How it does shine.

Mr. W. H. Kendrick, of Elmore, paid us a visit Sunday.

Messrs. James Cato and John W. Pattilo and Captain Frank Higgins three of Chilton's handsomest young men, accompanied by three of the prettiest young ladies of Selma, visited Turn-Round Sunday. Come again, young friends.

Mr. Walter Kendrick has returned from a trip to Montgomery.

Yes, the neighbors and friends of Mr. E. L. Jones met Wednesday and did a big day's work Mr. Jones thanks them very much for their help.

Spring is coming fast, corn planting is general now. TIM

Lily Lyrics.

Mrs. Mollie and Miss Fannie Rasberry are visiting relatives in Shelby County where Miss Fannie will remain several weeks.

Mrs. Ora Campbell and Miss Ollie Garner were visitors to Clanton last Wednesday. Mrs. Campbell will leave Monday for her home in Texas and Miss Ollie is speaking of going with her.

Messrs. G. W. Fox. and O. K. Wright were visitors to Stanton last week.

Mr. Lige Deason visited our community last week.

Prof. B. D. Wilson went to Clantan last Friday.

Miss Florence Deshazo will leave for Ohio next Monday. Miss Emma Deshazo left for Selma last Saturday to engage in millinery work.

Quite a number of the young people of this community are anticipating attending a singing at Shiloh the 2nd Sunday in April.

CLINT.

Clear Creek, Ala., March 29, '96.

Editor BANNER: We realize that with the candidates of Chilton county the day of reckoning is close at hand, and what we wish to say is that Mr. J. A. Logan of Clanton is still before you, and still claiming your support for tax collector. We do not hesitate to say that the voters of this county can do no better than to elect him. This they are going to do. Gentlemen, let us all march up to the polls the 14 of April and vote together for so worthy a man, and then show me a man who can say he is sorry he has done so. ELI.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

A BILL

To retire the United States legal-tender notes and Treasury notes, and to substitute therefor Treasury certificates; to coin into standard silver dollars all the bullion now in the treasury, and for other purposes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and house of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to issue five hundred million dollars in Treasury certificates as herein provided.

SEC. 2. That said certificates shall be of the denominations of ten, twenty, fifty and one hundred dollars, and shall be in the following form, to-wit: The United States will receive this certificate at its par value for all customs, taxes and all public dues, and said certificates shall be a legal tender at their par value in payment of all debts, public and private. When any of said certificates are received into the Treasury under any law from any source whatever, and shall belong to the United States, they shall not be retired, canceled, nor destroyed, but they shall be reissued and paid out again and kept in circulation: Provided, That nothing herein shall prohibit the cancellation and destruction of mutilated certificates and the issue of other certificates in their stead. Said certificates when held by any national-banking association may be counted as a part of its lawful reserve. Said certificates shall be of uniform size and appearance, from designs selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, and a sum sufficient to carry into effect the provisions of this Act is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. The United States shall receive said certificates as the exact equivalent of the standard money of the United States, dollar for dollar.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall, immediately upon the passage of this Act, prepare and issue the said certificates in place of all United States legal-tender notes and of Treasury notes issued under the Act of July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, that may be in the Treasury, and shall continue the substitution of said certificates for all the legal-tender notes and Treasury notes that become the property of the Government by redemption, exchange or otherwise. The said legal-tender notes commonly called "greenbacks," and the said Treasury notes are to be canceled and destroyed.

SEC. 4. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall coin into standard silver dollars, as soon as practicable, the silver bullion purchased under authority of the Act of July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An Act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes," as may be freed by the withdrawal, redemption, or substitution of the Treasury certificates for the Treasury notes issued for the purchase of said bullion; and in addition thereto he shall coin into standard silver dollars that portion of said silver bullion which represents the seignorage or profit to the Government, to-wit: The difference between the cost of the silver purchased under said Act of July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, and its coinage value. The coinage of standard silver dollars is to continue as above until all bullion now in the Treasury is coined. The silver dollars so coined shall be placed in the Treasury as a special fund to be used for coast and lake defenses, for additions to the Navy and similar purposes, as may be hereafter determined upon by acts of Congress. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to issue silver certificates against the silver dollars when coined and deposited in the Treasury as provided by this Act.

SEC. 5. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem the United States notes commonly called "greenbacks," and also the Treasury notes issued under the provisions of the Act of July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, when presented for redemption, in standard silver dollars or in gold coin, using for redemption of said notes either gold or silver coins, or both, not at the option of the holder, but exclusively at the option of the Treasury Department, and said notes when so redeemed shall be destroyed as provided in section three of this Act.

SEC. 6. That the gold held in the Treasury at a redemption fund for the legal tender and Treasury notes, when the process of substitution of Treasury certificates therefor shall have been completed, shall be set aside and used as a redemption fund for United States bonds and to pay the interest thereon.

SEC. 7. That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to use such portion of the five hundred million dollars of Treasury certificates in the payment of the current expenses of the Government as shall remain after deducting the total amount of legal-tender notes and Treasury notes outstanding on the passage of this Act from the said five hundred millions.

SEC. 8. That this Act shall take effect immediately.

SEC. 9. That all acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Killgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary
JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P M Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary. J. A. LOGAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. BEN. H. WELLS.

At the request of many friends we are authorized to announce the name of J. G. Gay as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
J. B. [illegible]

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary. J. J. L. STEWART.

To the voters of Chilton county as I cannot see you all personally I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county, subject to the action of the People's Party primary. A. C. MIMS.

At the desire of his friends we are authorized to announce the name of S. D. Posey as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

COMMISSIONERS.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
RUFUS C. RIGGINS.

We, the friends of Samuel Pate, hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as County Commissioner for the First District, subject to the action of the Peopeo's Party primary.

At the request of his friends we are authorized to announce the name of John W. Foshee as a candidate for Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

By request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Commissioner for the Second District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
S. E. WALDRUP.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of J. Goodman Smitherman hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

To the white voters of Chilton county: I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the Third district, subject to your decision at the primary. I believe in free coinage of silver 16 to 1.
Yours respectfully,
C. W. PLANT.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
MOSES ROBINSON.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
L. H. REYNOLDS.

At the solicitation of, perhaps, too partial friends throughout the county I announce myself a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party of Chilton county. If elected to this office my best endeavors will be exerted in securing such legislation as shall redound to the best interests of our State and County
FRANK CRICHTON.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Be it known that I have made the following changes in the Register business. In beat six I have appointed Elijah Deason instead of Milton Roper, as Mr. Roper's eye-sight is very much impaired and he is growing too old. In beat eight I have appointed C. W. Plant to succeed E. L. McKee on account of his health and holding a position away from home. In beat 4 by request I have appointed W. B. James in place of W. M. Wilson. I am ready to make any other appointments for vacancies that may occur in any of the other beats when notified. B. W. GARNER.
County Register.

Marvelous Results

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

L. H. Reynolds, Frank Crichton and others will address the people at:

Coopers, Saturday evening, April 4th, 2 o'clock.

Providence church, near Watson's Cross Roads, Tuesday night, April 7th.

Cane Creek, Thursday night, April 9th.

Liberty Hill, Wednesday night, April 8.

Littlejohn's schoolhouse, Thursday morning, April 9, 11 o'clock.

Jemison, Friday night, April 10.

Clanton, Saturday, April 11, 2 o'clock.

All candidates are invited to be present.

Plantersville Ala., March 24, '96.

Editor BANNER: Will you please give me space in your worthy paper to speak a few words. In your issue of the 19th I read a piece from Maplesville, stating that Mr. Tom Hubbard would get the votes cast for tax collector in beats 7 & 8. I just wish to say that he is mistaken for Mr. J. G. Gay will get three-fourths of the votes cast in beat eight. Mr. Gay is a very fine man, is a good Christian worker as well as a deacon of the church and has been superintendent of the Sunday-school for several years. The time is fast coming when we should elect Christian men for office and we assure he is thoroughly competent to fill the office. Hurrah for Messrs. Gay, Bailey, Crichton and Hayes. YOUNG MIKE.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat," foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, sniffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE.

[Is not this recommendation sufficient for all who read may profit by it?]

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co.; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHOEA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 1614—Surrey Harness, Price $16.50. As good as sells for $30.

No. 718—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.50. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets, second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton-Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. Eugene Sartor is visiting his father at Ehrman's mill, and is making arrangements to locate at Prattville.

The friends of Mr. Nat Watts will be glad to hear that he is able to be out again after a few day illness.

Mr. Tipton Mullins is in town on business.

Mr. W. H. Foshee visited Birmingham Sunday.

Mr. O. K. Mullins continues to be quite sick.

Mr. Oliver Mullins and daughter, Miss Sophia, was in town last Tuesday.

Mr. F. J. Davis has removed his family from Ehrman's mill to Lomax.

Mrs. W. B. James and children are visiting relatives in Montgomery

The contractors have commenced to make brick for the new court house.

Mrs. Nat Watts and daughter, Miss Callie, returned home last Tuesday from a pleasant visit to Evergreen and Greenville.

Mrs. Wright and daughter, Miss Mattie, are visiting relatives at Bessemer.

Mr. P. D. Wilson visited Montgomery Sunday.

Mrs. W. F. Culp and her sister, Mrs. Johnson, of Birmingham, visited Mountain Creek this week.

Mr. Monroe Durbin, of Kincheon, was in town this week.

The many friends of Messrs. W. M. and P. D. Wilson will be grieved to learn of the severe illness of their mother.

Mr. T. E. Gullahorn visited Verbena this week

To morrow is Good Friday—the day to plant gardens.

Mrs. J. W. Brantley, of Jemison, was in town to-day on business.

Miss Roberta Johnson returned from Atlanta last week with her father, where he has been under treatment. We are glad to say the doctor is some better.

Dr. Harraes, the celebrated optician from Montgomery made many friends during his stay here last week. It was unfortunate for him that some peddlers were in town at the same time selling spectacles and it is possible some of our readers may have thought they were addressing the doctor when they were talking to the peddlers. We publish this in justice to Dr. Harraes.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.

H. I. HONEYCUTT.
Clanton, Ala., March 3, '91.

STRAYED from George W. Gore's place, near Strasburgh, a dark bay mare three years old, white saddle marks on back, small wen on side of nose. Anyone giving information to George W. Gore, Strasburgh, will be satisfied for their trouble.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. E. Z. Atchison and Miss Sophia Childress.

Rev. J. W. Cabaniss will fill the following appointments in the Unity Association:

Big Springs April 11 and 12.
Bethsalem April 13, 11 a.m.
Maple Springs April 14, 11 a.m.
Chestnut Creek April 14, 7 p.m.
Verbena April 15, 7:30 p.m.
Bozeman April 16, 7:30 p.m.
Corinth April 17, 11 a.m.
Friendship April 18, 11 a.m.
Providence April 19, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Clanton April 20, 7:30 p.m.
Pleasant Grove April 21, 11 a.m. and 8 p.m.
Shiloh April 22, 7 p.m.

Pastors are respectfully requested to meet our Missionary at the above mentioned times and places.

J. G. Lowrey,
Chm'n. Ex. Com.

CONFEDERATE PENSIONS.

For the accommodation of the wounded confederate soldiers and widows who are entitled to the benefits of an act for the relief of needy confederate soldiers &c, approved February 13th, 1891, and who are required by said act to make application annually to the Judge of Probate for said relief. I will be at Stanton on Saturday April 25 in the forenoon, and at Maplesville in the afternoon, and those desiring to make application as required by said act can meet me at the above named places and I will wait upon them.

Respectfully,
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

Mrs. J. P. Bell, Osawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes ***"I was troubled with heart disease*** for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. ***They said there was no help for me,*** that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,*** which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and ***it completely cured me. I sleep*** well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgement obtained against Richard Fraser out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Richard Fraser I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One-ninth undivided interest of the following named-lands: Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 12 t 22 r 14 and w ½ of sw ¼ sec 7 t 22 r 15 also ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 12 t 22 r 14.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Richard Fraser in and to the above described property, on 1st Monday of May, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 30 day of March 1896.
P. M. MOORE.
Sheriff Chilton County, Alabama.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Geo. E. Skaggs out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Geo. E. Skaggs I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One half undivided interest of the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 13, lying and being in Chilton county Alabama.

Therefore according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all right, title and interest of the above named Geo. E. Skaggs in and to the above described property, on Monday the 13th day of April, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 7th day of March 1896.
P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton county, Ala.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

GREEN SEAL **STOP THAT SLIPPING** GREEN SEAL
and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.
GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. CLEVELAND, O. GREEN SEAL
Agents Wanted.

Artificial Eyes Polished.
Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Okmulgee, I.T., March 26, '96

Editor BANNER: Your very interesting paper "THE BANNER" makes its more than welcome visits out here in the Nation regularly every week, and feeling a deep interest in every thing pertaining to the general welfare of the people of Chilton county I am desirous of expressing some thoughts through your columns concerning the candidates for nomination for the various offices in the primary election to be held next month and especially the candidates for Representative.

I notice that you (Frank Crichton) and Bro. Reynolds are candidates for that office. I also notice that Reynolds pledges himself to work and vote against the cutting off of part of Chilton county if he is elected. Lewis ought to have thought of this when he and Mr. Randal, of Calera, were down in Montgomery using their best endeavors to get old man West's little bill through the Legislature some three or four years ago. In one of your December issues he denies a report that he offered to pay me any reasonable amount for my influence for the bill. In this he is correct. He never offered or made any such proposition. But when he asserts that he never approached me on the subject—if he means the bill when he says subject—he asserts too much, for he did approach me concerning the bill, and it was at his solicitation that I requested the Jeffersonian caucus to hear him and Mr. Randal in person in behalf of the West bill. The caucus agreed to hear them. Lewis advocated before that caucus the cutting off of the north end of the county. He said although a citizen of Chilton he lived near the line and that all or most of his business transactions were done in Shelby; most of his friends and acquaintances lived in Shelby, and his post office was in Shelby, and that it was too inconvenient to have to go twenty or more miles to get to the court house which he had to do in Chilton. Strange, was it not, that Lewis Reynolds was the only man in the county of my knowledge to go down to the capitol to aid and assist in getting an act passed that would have damaged his county thousands of dollars, and only because it would be so much more convenient to him.

Lewis seems to be unfortunate in getting office. In 1892 the Alliance failed to indorse him for the Legislature, but not to be outdone, in a very short time he was out for Senator. The county that he wished so much to be a citizen of gave us A. T. Goodwin. When I left the county last fall Reynolds, I understood, was a candidate for Sheriff, and this Spring he wants to be the Representative, and yet there are some people ready to swear they will never, no never, enter into a scramble for office.

Now, Mr. Editor, as the darkey said, let us suppose the case. Suppose that the Alliance in '92 had chosen Bro. Lewis for Representative, north Chilton would now have been in Shelby county if he could got it there, and the county would have been the loser by large odds—but it didn't! Suppose the district convention at Calera in '92 had nominated Bro. Lewis for Senator, instead of Goodwin, could you estimate our loss in County, State and Nation? But it didn't, thank the Lord!

If I could cast my vote in Chilton this year I would vote for Representative Frank Crichton, Sheriff Lee Hayes, Assessor L. B. Pounds, Collector J. A. Logan, Treasurer A. G. Dake, Commissioners Smitherman, Robinson, Glasscock and Harris, and for Superintendent J. W. Moore.

Hoping that the good people will honor you by giving you the nomination. I am yours &c,

O. M. MASTIN.

* * *

Jemison, Ala., March 30, 96.

Editor BANNER: The candidates of our county were met at Rockymount, Saturday evening by a fine audience of country people. We regret that we were too late to hear the opening address by Mr. Crichton, followed by Mr. Reynolds. He is a brilliant speaker. There were also speeches by J. A. Logan, L. B. Pounds, Stewart, Wells, Killgore and others, all of which were very interesting. The audience was adorned by the presence of a good number of ladies. At the close of the speaking the people were dismissed by Mr. J. B. Northcutt, chairman of the evening.

UNO.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $100 per bottle

Clanton, Ala., March 28, '96.

Editor BANNER: Please publish for me my positive denial of the vile report that is going the rounds of the county, viz: that I came to Clanton without any intention of becoming a candidate for sheriff, but that after an hour's consultation with R. Ehrman I consented to become a candidate and forthwith had my name announced as such.

I hereby pronounce said report as utterly false and without the slightest foundation. I am a candidate from my own choice and in regard to the wishes of my friends, and if elected I shall discharge the duties thereof to the best of my ability following only my line of duty. Truly yours &c,

J. T. COOLEY.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., March 26, '96.

Editor BANNER: Please give me a few lines in your paper in regard to my views about who I think ought to be our next sheriff. I think as we have never had a sheriff from the eastern part of the county and as brother M. A. Killgore is a good man and well qualified to fill the office, we ought to elect him. You will all think over the matter and see if I am right and if you think so you may rest assured we will appreciate your help. I feel interested in him because I know he is alright, a hard working man and needs it. I know he will get a good vote and I hope he will get there.

Yours,
EDDIE GILES.

* * *

West Chilton, March 30, 1896.

Editor BANNER: In looking over the political field, we find many aspirants for official honor in Chilton county. Of course fitness for office and faithful service in the reform cause should influence our votes. Therefore we think Mr. Frank Crichton is the man for Representative in the General Assembly, he would be an honor to Chilton county. S. E. Waldrup for commissioner is an ardent friend of the reform cause, and we think he will be well supported. For tax collector, there is the true and brave J. A. Logan, who is entitled to, and we believe will get the hearty support of the people of Chilton, his record is good. For assessor, there is L. B. Pounds, a man of sterling worth, a true Populist, he has been on the right side all the while. Populist of Chilton county, I think we will make no mistake in heartily supporting the above mentioned candidates.

"POPULIST."

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

By authority of the Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county a convention of the Democratic party of said county is hereby called to meet at the court house in Clanton on Wednesday the 15th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Democratic State convention which meets in Montgomery on April 21. The following apportionment of delegates has been fixed by the committee: Beat 1, Mineral Spring, 4; beat 2, Providence 4, Jemison 6; beat 3, Benson 5; beat 4, Clanton 12; beat 5, Coopers 5, Verbena 7; beat 6, Kincheon 5; beat 8, Maplesville, 5; beat 8, Dixie, 8; beat 9, Strasburg, 4.

Delegates will be chosen to the convention at an election to be held as nearly as may be under the forms governing general elections in this State on Saturday April 11, 1896. All white voters who will support the nominees of the Democratic party, are entitled to participate in the election of delegates to the county convention.

R. EHRMAN,
Acting Chairman Democratic Executive Committee Chilton Co.

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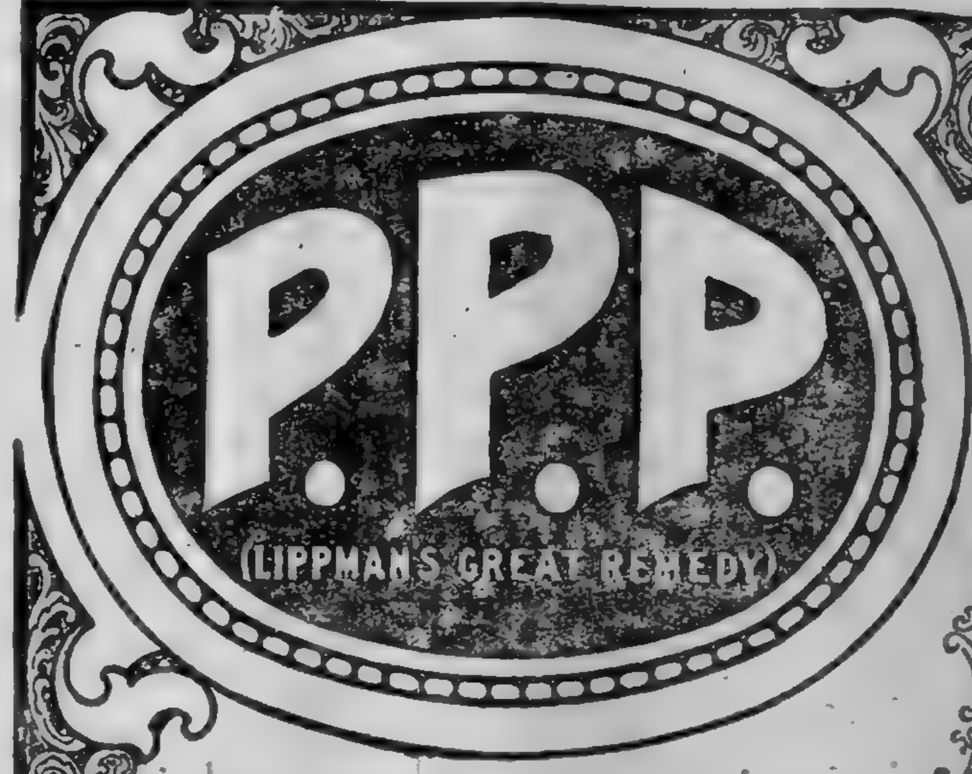

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Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formul is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is
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For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.
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EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.
"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort I tried P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man. W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by E. W. FEARN, Druggist.
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Warm Milk Not Affected by Odors.

My experience has been that milk is never affected by bad odors while throwing off steam in cooling. It is after cooling that odors from the stable are absorbed. Cabbage, turnips or onions fed to cows directly after milking will not affect the milk.

She Had Him.

Husband—Don't you know that every time a woman gets angry she adds a wrinkle to her face?

Wife—Yes; it's a wise provision of nature to let the world know the kind of husband she's got.—Photos and Sketch.

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The traditional little farm well tilled and the little barn well filled is sufficient for contentment. Many a farmer has lost all peace in life through a mortgage put on to build a bigger barn or to take in more land than he could till.

Greatness to Come.

"Pat, who, in your opinion, was the greatest man that ever lived?"

"Faix, an' at the rate we're goin' it's me own opinion he hasn't been born yit, at all, at all."—Waverly Magazine.

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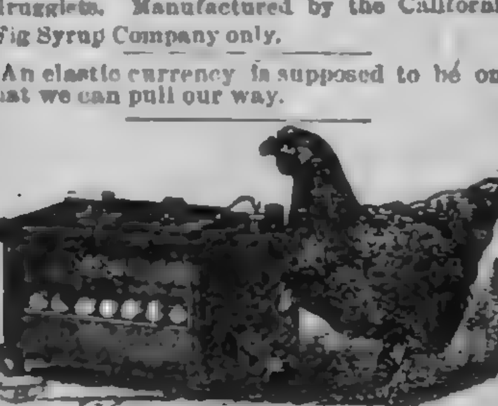
Whether on pleasure bent, or business, ake on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

An elastic currency is supposed to be one that we can pull our way.



"The Wooden Hen."

The illustration shown herewith is small in size, but really large when we consider that the "Wooden Hen" is no larger than a live hen, yet has double the capacity. It weighs only fifteen pounds, has a capacity of twenty-eight eggs, and while not a toy, is just as amusing, besides being instructive as well.

We suggest that every reader of this write Mr. Geo. H. Stahl, Quincy, Ills., and ask for a copy of his handsome little booklet "A," describing the "Wooden Hen;" also his large catalogue of the Model Excelsior Incubator. All sent free. Mention this paper.

Worthy of Trial—That is the Opinion of Mr. A. E. Thornton

"I think it is best not to hide a light under bushels, and when a good remedy is discovered it is our duty to let it be known in the interest of suffering humanity.

"I have been suffering with indigestion and dyspepsia. I tried a l the various remedies as well as several eminent physicians, but without avail. I was induced by a friend to try Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and the first dose relieved me. Yours is a grand remedy for indigestion and dyspepsia. It builds up, and I recommend it as worthy of trial by all who wish to be cured." For sale by all druggists.

There are nearly 7,000 miles of streets in London.

If you have tried Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap you have decided to use it all the time. If you haven't tried it you owe it to yourself to do so. Your grocer has it, or will get it. Be sure that wrappers are printed in red.

The robin and the wren are the only birds that sing all the year. All the other birds have periodical fits of silence.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are unrivaled for relieving Coughs Hoarseness, and all Throat Troubles. Sold only in boxes

The wars of the last seventy years have cost Russia $1,775,000,000 and the lives of 664,000 men.

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Take Parker's Ginger Tonic Home With you. It will exceed your expectations in abating colds, and many ills and aches.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Pain is Not Conducive of Pleasure, especially when occasioned by corns. Hindercorns will please; it removes them perfectly.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Spring Medicine

Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, overeating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1 Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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If your Druggist don't keep TETTERINE, send 50 cents in cash or stamps for a box to—
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.
It Cures all Skin Diseases.

Am. N. U. No. 14. 1896.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
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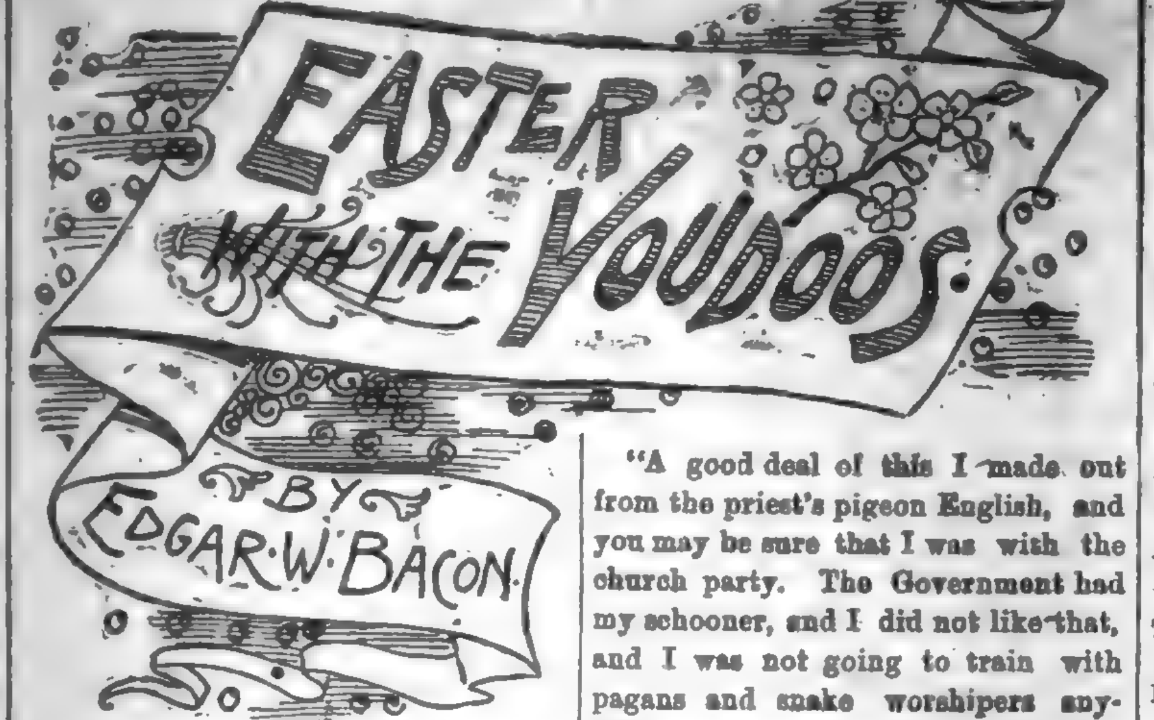

EASTER WITH THE VOUDOOS.

BY EDGAR W. BACON.

Three of us sat in the cabin spinning yarns. Overhead the boom creaked till the tautened sheet caught up the block with a slam; then it swung lazily back as the Carondelet rolled on the next swell.

Captain Taggert refilled his pipe and settled himself comfortably before he responded to our demand for a story.

"If a man is bent on doing a foolish thing he ought to select some other kind of foolishness than taking his wife and child on a voyage with him. I learned that lesson by experience.

"You remember my telling you about the time the old Kate Morris was seized by the Haitians for running the blockade? Well, my wife was with me that trip, and as the baby was only raising eighteen months, of course we had not left her at home. We got a big indemnity for the schooner, but that didn't prevent our being on shore for the best part of a month and passing the kind of an Easter that will give the old woman a shiver just to think about to this day.

"Pretty country, Haiti. Ever been there? It's got mountains that I couldn't begin to describe, for I aint any hand at describing, and water along the coast that beats the Mediterranean, while, as for the trees and flowers, they make you think you've got into a greenhouse as big as all outdoors. It's a real sightly place, but I wouldn't live there if you should give me the island. No, sir!

"The town where we were when the Kate Morris was held was as white and clean looking as anything you ever saw, if you stayed far enough away, but close at hand one would judge that it could stand considerable disinfecting.

"Men on horseback used to come swinging through the streets that weren't clean enough to walk in or wide enough for a wagon. The women wore long-tailed dresses, and it seemed to us that they spent most of their time climbing the hill to a little prayer house that stood on the slope just outside of the town. It was getting on to the end of Lent, and I suppose they had religion stronger than common.

"We soon found out that there were two kinds of religion on the island. All the women did not go to confess to the priest. There was an old hag that had a hut to the west'ard of where we were stopping where a good many of them used to meet and concoct deviltry. Between that hag and the priest there was more hatred than you ever saw between rival candidates for a country postoffice. There was religion, politics and war all mixed up in it, for the old woman was the Obi Woman or Voodoo witch.

"I had heard a good deal about the voodoos and how they worship a serpent and pray to the devil, and eat human flesh, and I naturally wanted to get an invitation to one of their shindigs, but I found that they chose dark nights and out-of-the-way places for the exercises, and if an outsider got caught looking on his family was apt to go in mourning.

"I took it kind of the old priest that he came and told us that we wanted to look out for that old woman. You laughed at her or did something she didn't like, he said, and she will do you harm if she can. Don't go too far and keep watch of the child.

"When he said this—not in good English, but so that he could be understood—my wife turned pale and wanted to go right back to the Kate Morris. But the Haitian Navy was in charge, and we couldn't do that, so we made the best of a bad bargain and stayed right on where we were. But there wasn't a morning came that I didn't wish Car'line and little Carrie were back with her folks in Boston.

"The old priest was friendly. He came up frequently after we got acquainted. I think he felt kindly to me because we were the only two men in the place who were not generals. It was a pleasure to see him pet little Carrie. They got to be the biggest kind of friends. But if she saw the voodoo woman anywhere she would scream and hide in her mother's skirts. Then I could see a wicked look come into the eyes of that old hag till they were exactly like the eyes of an angry snake.

"Politics got to be pretty strong about there. It seems that the National party—that is the revolutionists—had the church with them, while the Government had its agents out among the voodoos trying to get their support. The revolutionists were in power in that town, but the others were strong enough to be dangerous.

"A good deal of this I made out from the priest's pigeon English, and you may be sure that I was with the church party. The Government had my schooner, and I did not like that, and I was not going to train with pagans and snake worshipers anyhow.

"It got to be pretty close to Easter, and they were making great preparations at the church. My wife went down to look on. The women treated her well, and she was in high feather.

"That night little Carrie was gone. How it happened we could not tell. At first when we missed her we thought that she had gone into the house, but finding that she was not there her mother became frantic and in a little while the whole town was roused. We searched everywhere. At the witch woman's house first, and after that in every place where we could possibly suspect that she had been hid. The frightful suggestion that she might be dead was replaced by another still more horrible when we recalled the tales we had heard of voodoo ceremonies.

"That night, after dark, some one came creeping to our hut as though not wishing to be seen. She stole in like a ghost and quickly shut the door, putting up her hands to reassure us, for we were startled at the intrusion. It was a rather pretty young woman, whose child my wife had taken in her arms and kissed at the church that day.

"With broken English and broken French and many signs she let me know that there was a voodoo dance that night and that she knew the way to it.

"I had hard work to prevent Caroline from going along, but at last I did persuade her that it would be better for her to go to the priest and tell him what we had learned. She clung to me and cried: 'Bring her back; bring her back with you!' till I was almost unmanned.

"I followed my guide through a tangled forest where there was no path. Up and up through vines that wound themselves about me and thorns that cut like knives. At every step I expected to feel the stinging fangs of the deadly fer de lance. Presently we heard the trum trum and soon came upon the voodoos. They were in a little hollow dancing in a clear space, around which were blazing bonfires. Their priestess, the old hag, smeared with blood and dirt and dressed in a fantastic way, occupied the centre, leading the singing and getting those brutes waked up to a crazy pitch. It was not pretty to look at. But I did not see my baby anywhere, and I could hardly tell whether to be most relieved or disappointed.

"I was undecided what to do (for I did not want to waste time if Carrie was not there), when I heard a little whimpering cry not far to the left of where we were hid. My guide heard it at the same moment, and laid her hand on my arm as a signal for silence. Then we crept as quietly as two snakes till we came across a woman who was guarding my little girl. That woman was so wrapped up in the dance that she did not hear or see anything else. Her neck was craned out as if she was waiting for a signal to join them. She woke suddenly when Zelie's long fingers were wrapped around her throat to prevent her screaming and my pistol barrel was plunged in her face.

"We tied her, hand and foot, gagged and bound her and dumped her down in a hollow filled with ferns, where it would be difficult to find her. Then we left those savages and made for town. I did not mind how the thorns and the branches tore my hands and face and clothes now, as long as I could protect the little sleepy white head that nestled down to my shoulder.

"Half way down the hill we met a company of revolutionist soldiers. My guide held a brief parley with them, and when they found who we were they let us go. I could not understand what was said, but I could understand some distant shots that we heard before I put Carrie in her mother's arms.

"The voodoo people got the worst of the scrimmage. What's that? What Car'line said? Look here, old man, you are not married, and never had a child of your own, so I'll excuse you, but you'll maybe know some day that there's part of a yarn like this that would stick in a man's throat if he should try to tell it.

"Anyhow, the hag was dead, shot down by the soldiers. The next day all the children in the place turned out in their Sunday best, and all the mothers rejoiced.

"Carrie was there in the first place of all, carrying a lily as tall as herself, for when the old priest saw her he stooped and took her up and she headed the Easter procession in his arms."
—New York Journal.

EASTER VERSE.

Easter.

The flowers by the garden tomb
Each lent to each its sweet,
And made a fragrant pathway
For the coming of His feet.

Glad Easter unto Easter
Its own blest radiance gives,
And shining ranks of festivals
Repeat the cry, He lives.
—George T. Packard, in Youth's Companion

Easter Hope.

When winter's minions have withdrawn
Their spectral tents from hill and plain,
And dawn, by vermeil-mantled dawn
Comes spring to claim her own again.

The wind-flower in its sunless sleep
Within its prison chamber chill
Feels sudden through its being leap
A vernal and ecstatic thrill.

Hope bids thee look, O drooping heart,
Beyond Death's dark environing.
When, like the flower, thou too shalt start,
Renewed as with the touch of spring.
—Clinton Scollard, in Harper's Bazar.

Easter-Tide.

Happy, happy Easter Day sets its bells a-ringing!
Once again—the Lenten passed—hearts are tuned for singing!
Let us cast our woes aside, think no more on sorrow,
While from the glad Easterside hope and peace we borrow.
Let us lift our eyes above, seek the glorious blue,
And remember that beyond dwells the Christ so true,
And that ere He reached that throne, for our sakes He died!
And our risen Christ we praise at the Eastertide.
Come, ye hearts that have been sad, hear the joy-bells ringing!
Come, ye hearts that have been glad, join ye in the singing!
Praise the living Christ whose eye sees our every need,
Praise the Lord of Hosts who is our "Comforter" indeed.
—Mary D. Brine.

An Easter of Ye Olden Time.

The observance of Easter is connected with the history of Christianity itself. And while there has never been any difference of opinion among Christians as to the general observance of the festival, in the early church the Asiatics kept the feast on the day of the Jewish Passover, while the Western Christians observed it on the first Sunday after the Passover.

Hence arose a great dispute in the second century, and Victor, the Bishop of Rome, excommunicated those churches which did not keep it on the Sunday. The controversy was brought before the Council of Nice, in the year A. D. 325, and it was decreed that Easter Day should be kept on the Sunday following the Jewish Feast of the Passover, which Passover is kept on the fourteenth day of the Jewish month Nisan. At the same time, to prevent all uncertainty, it was made a rule of the church that the full moon next to the vernal or spring equinox, should be taken for the full moon in the month Nisan, and the 21st of March be accounted that vernal equinox. Consequently, Easter Day is always the Sunday following the full moon which falls on, or is next, the 21st day of March.

The day is still known as Pascha in the Eastern Church, as well as in the various churches in Europe, the English title of Easter being probably derived from the old Saxon word "Oster," Spring. Some scholars have suggested that it had its origin in the word Eastre, the name given to the Anglo-Saxon goddess of the dawn. For the Church took the pagan philosophy and made it the buckler of faith against the heathen. She took the pagan Sunday and made it the Christian Sunday. And she took the pagan Eastre and made it the Christian Easter.—Home and Country.

We Can Thank the Chinese.

But few people have any idea that the originals of the many-colored eggs which are now being distributed as Easter gifts have probably descended to us from the greatest of the Chinese spring festivals, and can boast of an antiquity of more than 700 years before the Christian era. So there appears to be no new thing under the sun; and although the magic eggs of to-day are merely receptacles for a nondescript medley of bon bons and bijouterie, they are a survival, or a revival, of one of the quaintest of Old World customs.

This practical method of disposing of Easter eggs suggests that much of the ceremony connected with them is due to the celebration of the Easter feast which succeeds the Lenten fast. That "an egg at Easter" is a very old proverb in this country is sufficiently shown by the fact that the Pope sent Henry VIII. an Easter egg in a silver case, while an extract schedule of the personal expenses of Edward I. contains, against Easter Sunday, the suggestive item: "Four hundred and a half eggs, 1s. 6d." The price is as noteworthy as the number.

But the most remarkable feature of the usage is its international character. Thus, in Russia, it is customary to exchange visits and eggs on Easter day, and "to drink a deal of brandy." Again, in Italy, dishes of eggs are sent to the priests to be blessed, after which they are carried home and placed in the center of the table. It is the correct thing for all the guests to eat one of them. The custom also exists in Spain and Germany, and generally among the Jews, Greeks, Persians in some form or another.—Chambers's Journal.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

EIGHTY-SIXTH DAY.

In the senate the conference report on the Cuban resolutions was, on motion of Mr. Sherman himself, disagreed to, and the senate insisted on its disagreement to the house substitute for the senate resolutions, and asked for a further conference. The same conferees on the part of the senate were reappointed—Sherman, Morgan and Lodge. The joint resolution, by Mr. Mills, and the concurrent resolution, by Mr. Platt, on the same subject, are yet to be disposed of. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was taken up and considered for upwards of two hours—some thirty out of 135 pages being disposed of. The senate at 5:36 p. m. adjourned until tomorrow. ....Today's session of the house under the rules was given to District of Columbia business, but the district calendar was soon cleared up and the remainder of the session was spent in consideration of a bill to modify the existing law regarding the punishment of crimes committed under federal jurisdiction involving the death penalty so as to allow a sentence to prison for life. After three hours' discussion the passage of the bill was frustrated by a point of no quorum made by Mr. Barrett, republican, of Massachusetts, and the house adjourned until tomorrow. In the morning hour bills were passed authorizing the construction of various bridges, authorizing the leasing of school lands in Arizona, exempting logging trains from the law requiring patent couplers and air brakes. The speaker laid before the house today a communication from Secretary Lamont submitting a letter from the president of the Mississippi river committee, reporting the caving of the west bank of that river in front of Helena, Ark. The damage already done is serious enough to excite alarm for the safety of valuable public and private interests, and it is recommended that $75,000 be made available to construct the necessary protecting works.

EIGHTY-SEVENTH DAY.

Mr. Mills, of Texas, addressed the senate in support of his joint resolutions requiring the president to use his good offices to induce the government of Spain to concede to Cuba the right of self-government, and, in the event of Spain's refusal, to take military possession of the island and hold it until the Cubans organize a government and raise military and naval forces to defend it....In the house Mr. Hull, republican, of Iowa, had presented from the committee on military affairs for consideration of the house the senate bill which repealed section 1218 revised statutes, regulating the appointment of officers in the army or navy, providing that no person who held a commission in the United States army and afterwards entered into the service of the Confederate States, or any state thereof, should be appointed an officer in the army or navy of the United States. The bill was passed after two hours debate, Mr. Boutelle alone voting in the negative. The unfinished business, when the house met, was the bill introduced by Mr. Curtis, republican, of New York, to reduce the number of crimes subject to capital punishment, and it was passed. The house agreed to the senate request for a further conference on the Cuban resolutions. Mr. Boutelle, chairman of the committee on naval affairs, reported the naval appropriation bill for the years 1896–7, and it was ordered printed. The house adjourned until tomorrow.

EIGHTY-EIGHTH DAY.

Mr. Platt introduced in the senate a resolution fixing the time of the final adjournment of congress on May 2. Referred to committee on appropriations. The legislative bill was considered for sometime and went over. At 5:5 the senate adjourned....Today's session of the house was devoted chiefly to the naval appropriation bill.

EIGHTY-NINTH DAY.

The senate passed a joint resolution authorizing ex-President Harrison to accept certain medals tendered him while president. The legislative appropriation bill was up for further consideration and went over. A number of resolutions were offered, and the senate adjourned....The house passed the naval appropriation bill, as it came from the committee, without amendment. Several private bill were passed. A concurrent resolution authorizing the president to appoint a banking and currency commission, to consist of nine citizens, to act with the comptroller of the currency and to report their recommendations and conclusions to congress, was offered by Mr. Heatwhole, of Minnesota, and referred to the committee on banking and currency. The sundry civil appropriation bill was reported to the house, and the house adjourned.

NINETIETH DAY.

The senate took up the legislative appropriation bill. Mr. Sherman's motion to strike out the sections providing compensation for district attorneys, clerks and marshals by salaries instead of fees, was defeated by nays 30 to yeas 18. On motion of Mr. Hill the section changing the time of meeting of the territorial legislature of New Mexico from December to May was, after a hot debate, stricken out. The bill was then passed and the senate adjourned until Monday.....The house spent two hours of the day's session in discussing the question of what business should be taken up. It was finally decided to consider private pension bills. Four of these were considered in committee of the whole, favorably reported, and the house adjourned until Monday.

The South's New Industries.

The south's industrial growth continues despite the calamity criers and hard time wailers. The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record gives the following summary of the new industrial enterprises projected in the South during the last three months, as compared with the first quarter of 1895:

Description of Industries.	1895.	1896.
Iron furnaces		
Machine shops and foundries	23	13
Stove foundries		1
Miscel. iron and steel works	12	13
Woodworking establishments, including saw mills, planing mills, etc.	122	140
Furniture factories	5	11
Carriage & wagon factories	4	4
Agri'al implement factories	5	
Mining & quarry companies	63	71
Flour mills	37	22
Textile mills	43	37
Cotton compresses	7	3
Cotton seed oil mills		7
Brick works	13	20
Canning factories	18	12
Ice and cold storage plants	25	23
Electric light & power plants	30	35
Gas works	8	35
Water works	28	16
Miscellaneous not in above	455	464
Total	891	896

Feed for Layers.

In regard to feed, most farmers know that hens will fatten on the grains raised on the farm, wheat, oats and corn, if these are fed regularly either by mixture or with frequent change. These are improved by grinding and a little meat added a couple of times a week. But it may be well to hear what a Nova Scotia expert has to say about feeding laying hens. He says: "There is nothing equal to the exclusive use of meat and bone with very little of anything else."

Going to South Africa.

During the last year or two there has been something of a migration of miners from the Western States to South Africa, and advertisements of rates and routes to South Africa are printed in most of the mining papers. The movement seems to have extended to others than the miners, and may indicate that the emigrants have not fared badly. A man advertises in a recent issue of a Deadwood paper that he will sell at a bargain his saloons in Deadwood and in Lead, as he intends going to South Africa. Whether he expects to make money out of the mines or the miners he doesn't state.

Cheap Horses.

A herd of about 7,000 horses was bought on a Washington ranch the other day by the Portland Horse Meat Canning Company at $3 a head.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

Turpentine for Worms.

If turpentine is given to lambs for worms, let it be done after a twenty-four hours' fast, and when the first stomach is empty. It is not unlikely that the whole flock is affected if we find worms in one. The turpentine and linseed oil can be administered with milk, or the trupentine poured upon the salt allowed them; they will eat it readily.

A religion that does not stick to a man during business, is no good after business hours.

Do Birds Understand Music?

This question has recently been discussed among naturalists, and Dr. G. M. Gould, of North Carolina, asserts not only that katydids keep time, but that they produce a kind of music which may be described as orchestral. Both Dr. Gould and another observer have listened to two orchestras of katydids answering one another all night long. Sometimes individual performers were noticed to drop out of time, but upon the whole the stridulation of these insect bands is harmonious and in a regular key. Observers do not agree on the point whether or not there is a difference of pitch between the notes of two orchestras.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh; which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

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Poets Break Out

in the springtime. And a great many who are not poets, pay tribute to the season in the same way. The difference is that the poet breaks out in about the same spot annually, while more prosaic people break out in various parts of the body. It's natural. Spring is the breaking-out season. It is the time when impurities of the blood work to the surface. It is the time, therefore, to take the purest and most powerful blood purifier,

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* This testimonial will be found in full in Ayer's "Curebook," with a hundred others. Free. Address: J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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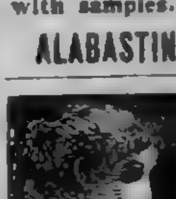

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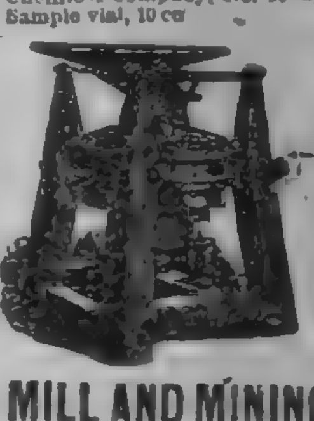
RIPANS TABULES

"Some time ago," said Clifton Arnsparger (of Paris, Ky.), County Attorney of Bourbon Co., Ky., "I saw the advertisements of Ripans Tabules in the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, and believing it was the remedy I needed, I determined to get some of the Tabules. There was no name attached to the advertisement, so I wrote to the publishers of the *Courier-Journal* and was referred to the Ripans Chemical Co., 10 Spruce st., New York, from whom I obtained a box for 50 cents. I had been greatly troubled with sick headache, but since I secured Ripans Tabules, whenever I begin to feel symptoms of sick headache or sour stomach, I take one or two Tabules and escape all the terrors of a splitting headache. One taken after eating has aided my digestion and made me feel like a different person. I find I now can get the Tabules from a local druggist. (Signed), Clifton Arnsparger, September 13th, 1895."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to the Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cts.



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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA APRIL 16, 1896. NO. 25.

MISSING ISSUE

THE SILVER QUESTION

INVASION OF THE UNITED STATES BY THE ASIATICS.

How They Exchange the Products of Their Labor for Our Gold, Which They in Turn Exchange for Silver to Hire Cheap Labor to Compete with Ours.

(By Joseph K. Clark, Butte, Montana.)

The question that seems most to bother the Americans in regard to the Chinese-Japanese situation, is whether our brothers of the Orient are our financial superiors or not, and, as they appear to have the best of the matter at present, to an unprejudiced observer, it would seem that as they know when they have a good thing and then make the best of it, they, at least, are the financial superiors of those antiquated minds that see nothing but financial disasters in bi-metallism.

If the recent treaty between those nations is carried out in the spirit as well as the letter, and to the adaptibility of the Chinese is added the ingenuity of the Japanese, their progress during the twentieth century would be wonderful indeed.

The Chinese, since the time of Confucius, seem to have done nothing but adhere to ancient customs; the Japanese, on the other hand, are a people of progress, and during recent years have made gigantic strides in all the arts and sciences and in commerce.

The first cotton spinning factory in Japan was established at Kagishima more than forty years ago, by Shemazu Haribisa, the greatest feudal prince of modern times.

For nearly twenty years this was the only factory of the kind in the country, but in 1867 the people began to wake up and since then so many other factories have been established that there are now 580,564 spindles in operation, which, taken with those now in process of construction, will make the total number of spindles nearly one million.

One of the articles in the Japanese-Chinese treaty that will be most important to the development of the Chinese, and important to the world of commerce reads as follows:

"Japanese subjects shall be free to engage in all kinds of manufacturing industries in all the open cities, towns and ports of China, and shall be at liberty to import into China all kinds of machinery, paying only the stipulated import duties thereon."

At first, with but a casual thought, it would seem that this article opens up before Americans visions of great prosperity; that soon the United States would soon wrest from England the supremacy in the oriental trade.

All this would happen and more, if advantage were taken of the treaty (for the Japanese look upon us as their best friends), and if we were not brought into direct labor competition with them.

While we may be slightly benefited for the time, as it is, still, they are rivals to be feared, not despised or looked down upon, and the treaty virtually makes China and Japan one nation, with a population of 500,000,000 people.

For labor they pay about 17 cents per day in gold to men and 11 cents to women.

They are the greatest imitators in the world, and as they have no patent laws by which foreigners may be protected, they seize upon every useful patent and with their cheap labor turn out products for a net cost that would make Americans open their eyes wide in astonishment.

A recent article in the "Inventive Age" has the following paragraph:

"One of the subjects for our statesmen in the near future will be: 'How best can we protect the American manufacturers and the American laborers from the imitative genius, piracy and cheap labor of Japan, not alone in cotton and cotton goods, but in the manufacture of everything the arts produce."

Thirty-five years ago the Japanese might have been classed as barbarians, and they were divided into many factions. They had a civil war and the victorious party proclaimed the present reigning sovereign "mikado of the Japanese empire." He was but seventeen years of age, but had been educated in the United States and had acquired many American ways and modes of thought.

Under his enlightened rule a great social revolution took place. Edicts were promulgated tolerating Christianity and permitting Buddhist priests to marry nuns.

It is claimed by some people that the marriage of this multitude of Buddhist priests accounts, in a great degree, for the intelligence the Japanese display to-day as a nation, for the priests were the educated men of the land.

In 1871 a board of education was formed and a year later a college with a staff of European professors was established and largely patronized.

As their chief intercourse was with the United States, England and France the study of the languages of those nations was insisted upon, and the adoption of all mechanical appliances that could promote the arts and sciences was encouraged.

At this time one railroad was in operation, with others in process of construction. Now their railway system compares favorably with those of the European powers.

In 1870 a national mint was established at Osaka, the machinery being imported from England. In this year they issued their first coin made in their own mints. Heretofore it had been coined in other countries, but used as national coin.

The Japanese came from a mongrel Tartar source, and their origin dates far back into antiquity. The national religion is Bhuddism, but sanction was given to the worship in the old faith, Sin Fin, or Faith in Gods.

The Chinese have historical legends that antedate the flood mentioned in the Bible, and have a history that reaches back farther than any other nation now in existence.

The wonders of the Empire caused the discovery of this continent, for Columbus had in his mind as much the discovery of a short route to Cathay, as he had the desire to prove the correctness of his theory that the world was round.

If it had not been for his vivid and glowing descriptions of the riches and marvels of this country, Isabella and Ferdinand probably never would have listened to his pleadings, and have supplied him with vessels, and men, and money to make the trial.

Later a famous traveler, Sir John De Mandeville, returned home with glowing accounts of the country, and with strange tales of the queer people inhabiting it.

Their first porcelain furnace was set up in the seventh century in the province of Kiangsi, but the celebrated furnaces of Kinti Chin were not established until almost two hundred years later.

They now have over five hundred porcelain furnaces in operation, which supply nearly the whole world in porcelain ware. In the matter of baking the porcelain no other country has ever excelled them, one single piece passing through forty hands before it is deemed finished.

The date of the origin of the manufacture of silk in China is lost in the mists of remote antiquity. From the Chinese the Persians acquired the art; from the Persians the Greeks learned it, while it is not known whether the Romans had it from the Greeks or through some intercourse their sea captains had with the Chinese themselves.

They excel in the manufacture of damasks and flowered satins and in their simple hand looms can reproduce the most intricate of French and English patterns. China Crepe has never been imitated successfully.

In the tenth century they had invented printing machines and were proficient in the manufacture of the finest paper.

Their most elaborate works are the Imperial Canal and the Great Wall. The latter was built about 200 B. C. and extends west from Pekin along the entire northern frontier for a distance of over 1,500 miles, over rivers and across mountains and plains. It was from 15 to 30 feet in height, and 25 feet at the base, while the top was 15 feet in breadth, or wide enough for six men to ride horse back abreast.

The Imperial Canal is one of the greatest works of its kind in the world and flows from Pekin to Canton, a distance of 1,200 miles. This great work was constructed in the thirteenth century and runs through a most fertile country, where every variety of vegetable life may be grown on account of the diversified climate.

Thus, centuries before we became a nation, China had progressed in art and manufacture, and although they have been isolated to a great extent from the rest of the world, thereby being unable to profit by the developments of civilization, with the Japanese to teach and aid them, they will be able soon to make anything that can be manufactured in any other place in the world.

They produce the raw material in their own land and sell the manufactured article for gold in a gold standard country,

I have thus briefly outlined the present condition of China, simply to direct your attention to what we may expect in the near future, when the well paid labor of America will be brought into direct competition with the pauper labor of China and Japan.

There is only one logical conclusion to come to if our legislators do not take some active steps towards preventing such competition the wages of American labor will drop.

The gold bugs have always been victorious.

You ask, "Why?" "Because the masses do not understand the financial question?" This is true only in part. The main reason is that the gold bugs have bought both judge and jury. Is it any wonder that they are awarded the verdict?

Three-fourths of the people of the United States are in favor of free coinage on a basis of 16 to 1 and have cast their votes to that effect, electing on a silver platform men who, when elected, repudiated their promises and deceived the people, supporting gold bug theories regardless of the suffering and misery their actions brought upon the people who elected them.

The time has come when the masses must make the great effort of their lives to gain recognition. In the elections of 1896, the silver question will be the axis upon which all others revolve; so prepare to make the fight of your lives. Cast aside all party affiliations. If you cannot get an honest man nominated in your own party, vote for any honest man, regardless of party, but be sure that he is honest.

Remember that the gold-bugs are preparing for the greatest fight they have ever had; they realize their jeopardy and that the people have become determined to be heard and so are making strenuous efforts to provide against defeat.

This is not a political fight. It is a battle with the pluotcrats of London and their agents in the United States on one side and the people on the other. The people must win, for if they lose, the cause of the people—free silver—will be retarded for years.

Nominate, regardless of party, an honest man. One who will boldly and at all times support free silver, and after nominating, elect him, and the cause is won.

Beware of bankers! They are false prophets and nine-tenths of them are auxiliaries of the gold bugs in London. They are gold bugs themselves for purely mercenary reasons. With gold mono-metallism they can retain their high rates of interest.

What does it matter to them that you lose your farm or your home; that the laborers on railways, in fields or in factories, have to work for a few cents a day to compete with the cheap labor of China and Japan—they get their interest just the same.

Every one that can read should study the financial question and prepare himself to cast his vote for an honest, true man, who will at all times and in all places work for the good of the country and the good of the people.

What little gold there is is controlled by, comparatively, a very few men, or locked up in vaults by the hundreds of millions.

At the beginning of the Christian era the Roman Empire had 1,800,000,000 of metallic money. At the end of the fifteenth century they had less than $200,000,000. India and China then were in the height of their glory and splendor and the inference is that much of the money that disappeared found its way into the coffers of the wealthy Indian and Chinese nabobs.

In these countries gold was needed, for the Chinese, at this time were building the Imperial Canal, and in India gorgeous and magnificent temples were being constructed.

Are we going to follow this example? Are we going to furnish money, depreciated in our own country, but to other nations worth its own value, that they may beautify and make rich their own lands while paupering us?

At this time the Roman Empire must have had men who well might have been named Sherman, Carlisle and Cleveland, who acted as emissaries to India and China and made the Roman masses believe that silver was worthless and so demonetized it.

The monied people of India and China at that time, probably, were as ready to buy it at fifty cents on the dollar as their descendants are ready to buy it of us, and we are not sure that they even paid that much.

But, however, they lost their money, their trade, their power; for when a nation or individual loses money, credit goes with it and with the credit goes trade and power.

To this loss of money and power may be accredited their decline in civilization, their decrease in population and commerce and the disappearance of their freedom. History records nothing to show the cause of this deplorable result except the shrinkage of bimetallic money.

History repeats itself, and if we, the people of the United States, cannot retainb imetallic money, we will follow in the footsteps of the Roman Empire.

We alone are not suffering from the demonetization of silver; the peasantry of all gold standard countries are sharing the disastrous results with us.

In the statistics compiled by Archbishop Walsh of Ireland it is shown that prior to 1873 the exports of yarn from India to China and Japan alone were practically nothing. In 1873 occurred the demonetization of silver. What effect that had upon the industry may be seen from the following table:

In 1874	$ 1,000,000
In 1875	5,000,000
In 1880	25,000,000
In 1885	75,000,000
In 1889	127,000,000
In 1891	165,000,000

England had this trade until silver was demonetized in 1873, when she lost it, and while losing this she lost in nearly every other branch of commerce in proportion. It is only a question of time when all her spindles and looms will be silenced.

What has been said of England may be said also of the United States or any other gold standard country, unless bimetallism be adopted.

Demonetization of silver is responsible for this loss of prestige.

It is easily enough seen why silver standard countries prefer to trade with one another; and when silver is demonetized by any nation that nation immediately begins to lose her trade.

To cite a suppositious case that may be made applicable to ourselves. Suppose we were to have our gold discounted at the rate of 100 per cent by the silver standard countries. Would we not at once seek some gold-standard nation with whom we might trade, that our gold might be taken at par? Reverse the case, and the present situation is explained.

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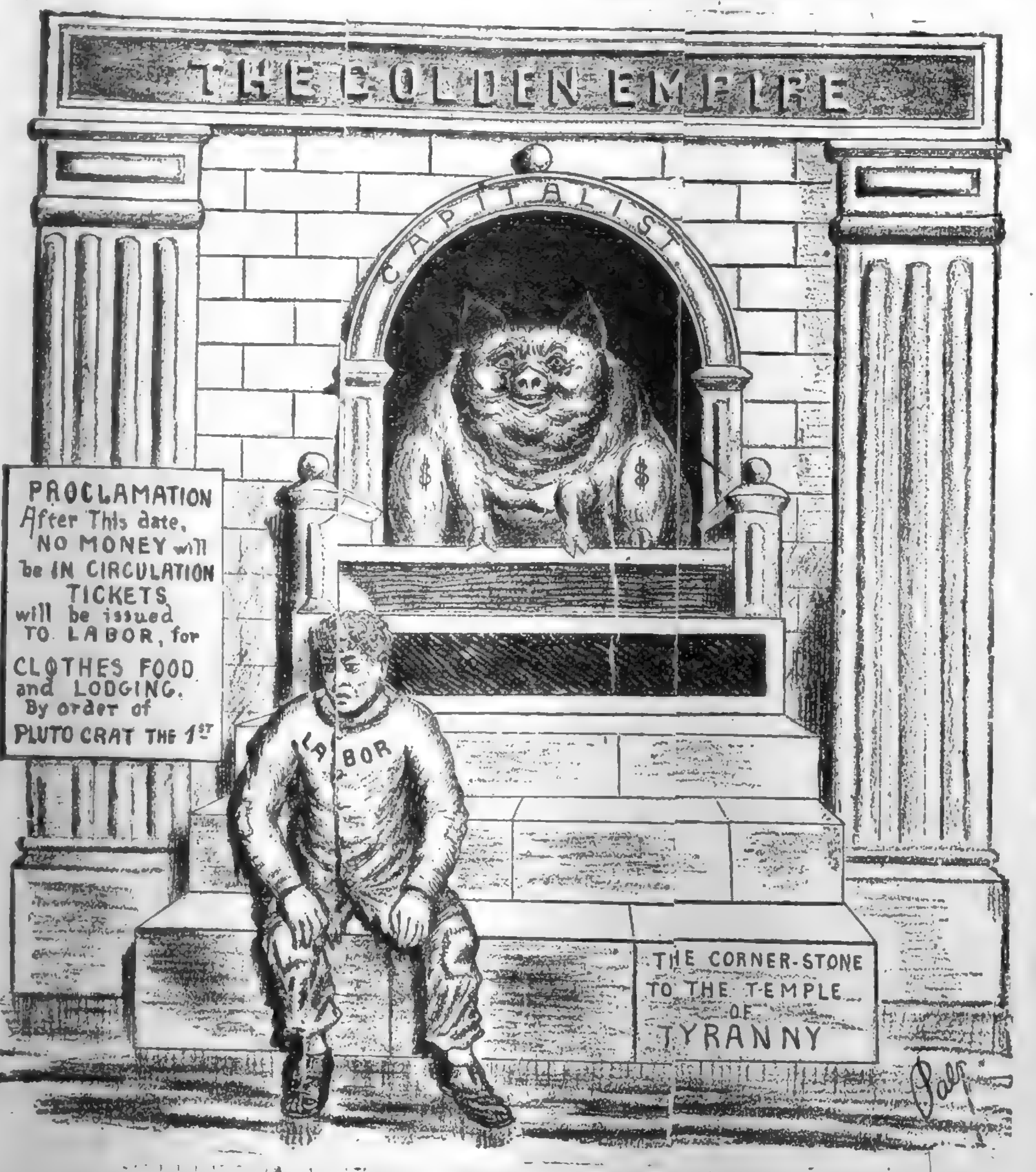
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AWFUL RESULTS OF MUTINY.

Mutineers Murdering Their Officers Meet a Fearful Retribution.

The steamer Empress, of Japan, which has just arrived from the Orient brings news of a terrific explosion in which a large number of Chinese soldiers were killed by an explosion at Kiang Gin. Two regiments revolted, and at a signal from their leader they seized the guns of the forts and proceeded to kill off all of the officers and a new regiment of soldiers recently arrived. In the midst of the massacre a magazine exploded and all hands were blown to pieces. Two battalions must have been wiped out of existence, as not a soldier lived to tell if the magazine went off by accident or designedly. All within 100 yards of the magazine were killed by flying shells. The story of the mutiny is told by those who watched it from a distance.

Besides an immense quantity of shells, 16,000 pounds of powder was stored in the powder room. One company fighting near the building literally disappeared from the face of the earth, not a trace of any of them being found.

Captain Kao, who was sent in command of the battalions, found them shockingly demoralized and all sorts of crimes were being practiced in the garrison towns. His attempt at honset reform cost him his life. Several celebrated officers of the late war were killed.

Tug Burned—Crew Saved.

The tug Peter Dalton of the Independent Towing company burned Saturday morning off Rogers Point. The crew was rescued by the Welcome of the same company, which happened to be passing the Dalton when the fire broke out. The tug had a quantity of dynamite on board. The only hose on board was a small coil ¾ of an inch in size. This was inadequate, but the men did the best they could in trying to keep down the flames until they could get to a place of safety. Captain Tom Barry ordered the schooner Dowey to cut loose and preparations made for leaving the burning vessel. The Welcome drew up alongside of the Dalton, and the latter's crew was transferred together with the dynamite, and the Dalton was given up to the flames.

Homicide in Kansas.

Charles Branscombe, editor of the New Era, of Wellington, Ks., was killed, probably by accident, by Robert Simmons, editor of the Caldwell News. Simmons and A. A. Richards, editor of the Wellington Daily Mail, had been carrying on a bitter newspaper war They met by chance and both drew revolvers and commenced firing. At the fifth shot Branscombe, who was in company with Richards, was pierced by a bullet and fell.

METAL CHECKS INHIBITED.

Parties Using Them Too Lib rally Subject to Arrest.

The first of a series of arrests under the United States statutes relating to metal coins and tokens and coupons, were made by United States Marshal Hawkins, at Linton, Ind., last week. If they hold good it will effect all manufacturers, mine owners and merchants who are using metal checks or tokens or coupon books, as a matter of convenience or otherwise. It has been the policy of mine operators to issue to miners before pay day metal checks, and merchants also used these checks, which have been a money equivalent in all mining districts for years. Those arrested include Nathan Dixon, of the Summit Coal company, and Finney Strong, president of the Linton Supply company. Some of the tokens were confiscated. These two companies alone have nearly $40,000 in tokens and coupons in circulation.

Road Agents Thwarted.

A southbound express train on the Iron Mountain road narrowly escaped a holp-up at 11 o'clock last Wednesday night. Preceding the express was a construction train of three cars. When Gad's Hill, Mo., was reached the first train ran onto a siding and into an obstruction. On the steep bank overlooking the track were five mounted and armed men. The would-be robbers saw they had the wrong train and hurriedly rode off. The track was repaired and both trains proceeded unmolested. Gad's Hill is the scene of the memorable robbery by the James and Younger brothers in 1873.

Novel Plan for Swindling.

A swindle which evidently is new in Missouri is being worked with great success in many towns there. A woman book agent appears in town and goes from house to house leaving books for examination. Next day a man calls to see if the books are wanted, and if they are not he takes them away with him. Usually they are not wanted. A few days later the woman agent appears again, and on being told that the man has taken away the book weeps copiously, says the villain has been collecting her books all over town, pleads poverty and so on, and accepts the proffered compensation.

Bank Clerk Disappears.

James Sanford, clerk of the Bank of Commerce of Louisville, Ky., has disappeared, and his accounts with the bank are short $10,000. He had charge of the Louisville and Nashville railroad's account, and, with the help of an accomplice, got away with the cash.

WANTED.—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

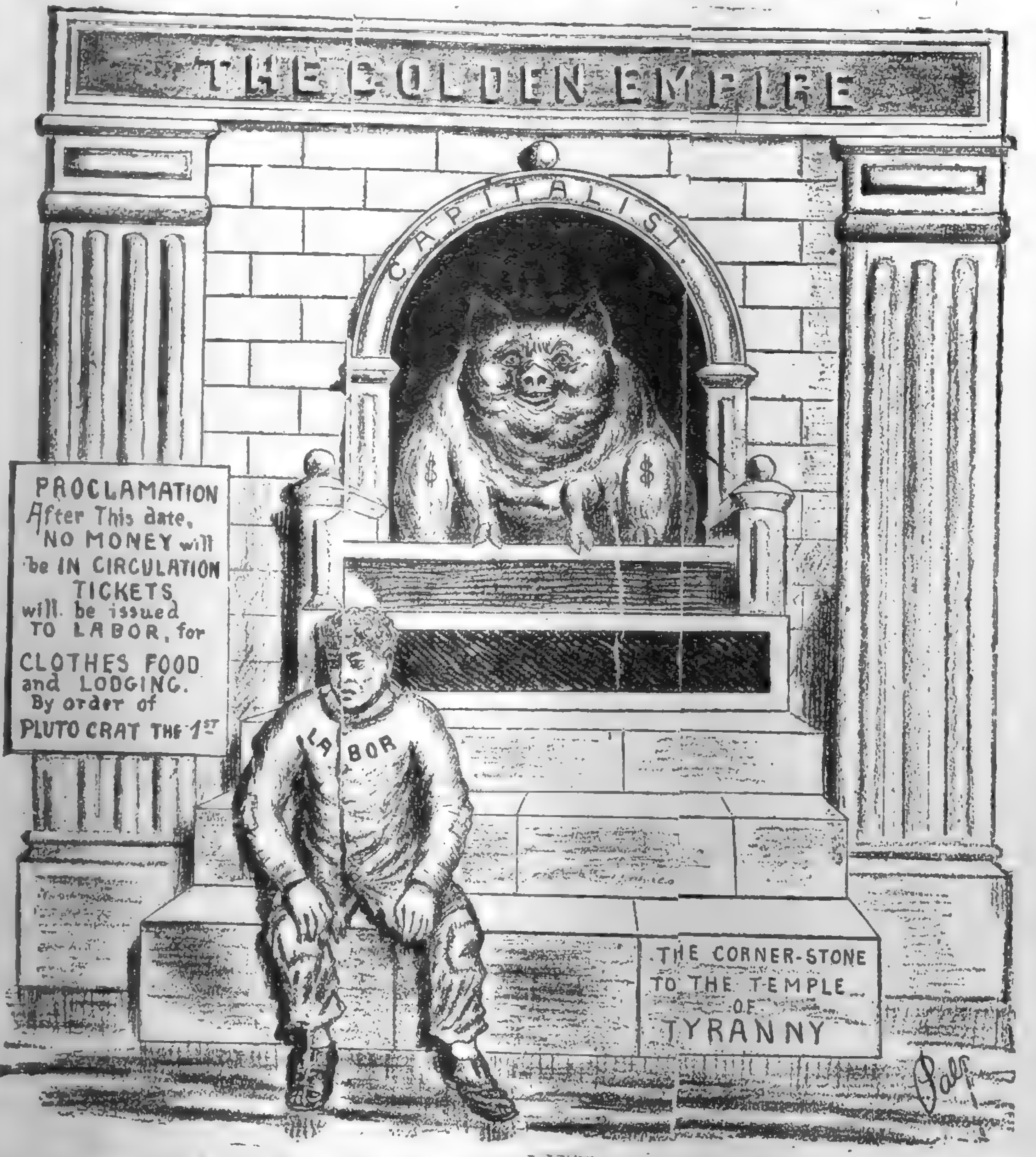
Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896. NO. 25.

WHAT THE GOLD STANDARD WILL FINALLY BRING US TO.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THE SILVER QUESTION

INVASION OF THE UNITED STATES BY THE ASIATICS.

How They Exchange the Products of Their Labor for Our Gold, Which They in Turn Exchange for Silver to Hire Cheap Labor to Compete with Ours.

(By Joseph K. Clark, Butte, Montana.)

The question that seems most to bother the Americans in regard to the Chinese-Japanese situation, is whether our brothers of the Orient are our financial superiors or not, and, as they appear to have the best of the matter at present, to an unprejudiced observer, it would seem that as they know when they have a good thing and then make the best of it, they, at least, are the financial superiors of those antiquated minds that see nothing but financial disasters in bi-metallism.

If the recent treaty between those nations is carried out in the spirit as well as the letter, and to the adaptibility of the Chinese is added the ingenuity of the Japanese, their progress during the twentieth century would be wonderful indeed.

The Chinese, since the time of Confucius, seem to have done nothing but adhere to ancient customs; the Japanese, on the other hand, are a people of progress, and during recent years have made gigantic strides in all the arts and sciences and in commerce.

The first cotton spinning factory in Japan was established at Kagishima more than forty years ago, by Shemazu Harihisa, the greatest feudal prince of modern times.

For nearly twenty years this was the only factory of the kind in the country, but in 1867 the people began to wake up and since then so many other factories have been established that there are now 580,564 spindles in operation, which, taken with those now in process of construction, will make the total number of spindles nearly one million.

One of the articles in the Japanese-Chinese treaty that will be most important to the development of the Chinese, and important to the world of commerce reads as follows:

"Japanese subjects shall be free to engage in all kinds of manufacturing industries in all the open cities, towns and ports of China, and shall be at liberty to import into China all kinds of machinery, paying only the stipulated import duties thereon."

At first, with but a casual thought, it would seem that this article opens up before Americans visions of great prosperity; that soon the United States would soon wrest from England the supremacy in the oriental trade.

All this would happen and more, if advantage were taken of the treaty (for the Japanese look upon us as their best friends), and if we were not brought into direct labor competition with them.

While we may be slightly benefited for the time, as it is, still, they are rivals to be feared, not despised or looked down upon, and the treaty virtually makes China and Japan one nation, with a population of 500,000,000 people.

For labor they pay about 17 cents per day in gold to men and 11 cents to women.

They are the greatest imitators in the world, and as they have no patent laws by which foreigners may be protected, they seize upon every useful patent and with their cheap labor turn out products for a net cost that would make Americans open their eyes wide in astonishment.

A recent article in the "Inventive Age" has the following paragraph:

"One of the subjects for our statesmen in the near future will be: 'How best can we protect the American manufacturers and the American laborers from the imitative genius, piracy and cheap labor of Japan, not alone in cotton and cotton goods, but in the manufacture of everything the arts produce.'"

Thirty-five years ago the Japanese might have been classed as barbarians, and they were divided into many factions. They had a civil war and the victorious party proclaimed the present reigning sovereign "mikado of the Japanese empire." He was but seventeen years of age, but had been educated in the United States and had acquired many American ways and modes of thought.

Under his enlightened rule a great social revolution took place. Edicts were promulgated tolerating Christianity and permitting Buddhist priests to marry nuns.

It is claimed by some people that the marriage of this multitude of Buddhist priests accounts, in a great degree, for the intelligence the Japanese display to-day as a nation, for the priests were the educated men of the land.

In 1871 a board of education was formed and a year later a college with a staff of European professors was established and largely patronized.

As their chief intercourse was with the United States, England and France the study of the languages of those nations was insisted upon, and the adoption of all mechanical appliances that could promote the arts and sciences was encouraged.

At this time one railroad was in operation, with others in process of construction. Now their railway system compares favorably with those of the European powers.

In 1870 a national mint was established at Osaka, the machinery being imported from England. In this year they issued their first coin made in their own mints. Heretofore it had been coined in other countries, but used as national coin.

The Japanese came from a mongrel Tartar source, and their origin dates far back into antiquity. The national religion is Bhuddism, but sanction was given to the worship in the old faith, Sin Fin, or Faith in Gods..

The Chinese have historical legends that antedate the flood mentioned in the Bible, and have a history that reaches back farther than any other nation now in existence.

The wonders of the Empire caused the discovery of this continent, for Columbus had in his mind as much the discovery of a short route to Cathay, as he had the desire to prove the correctness of his theory that the world was round.

If it had not been for his vivid and glowing descriptions of the riches and marvels of this country, Isabella and Ferdinand probably never would have listened to his pleadings, and have supplied him with vessels, and men, and money to make the trial.

Later a famous traveler, Sir John De Mandeville, returned home with glowing accounts of the country, and with strange tales of the queer people inhabiting it.

Their first porcelain furnace was set up in the seventh century in the province of Kiangsi, but the celebrated furnaces of Kinti Chin were not established until almost two hundred years later.

They now have over five hundred porcelain furnaces in operation, which supply nearly the whole world in porcelain ware. In the matter of baking the porcelain, no other country has ever excelled them, one single piece passing through forty hands before it is deemed finished.

The date of the origin of the manufacture of silk in China is lost in the mists of remote antiquity. From the Chinese the Persians acquired the art; from the Persians the Greeks learned it, while it is not known whether the Romans had it from the Greeks or through some intercourse their sea captains had with the Chinese themselves.

They excel in the manufacture of damasks and flowered satins and in their simple hand looms can reproduce the most intricate of French and English patterns. China Crepe has never been imitated successfully.

In the tenth century they had invented printing machines and were proficient in the manufacture of the finest paper.

Their most elaborate works are the Imperial Canal and the Great Wall. The latter was built about 200 B. C. and extends west from Pekin along the entire northern frontier for a distance of over 1,500 miles, over rivers and across mountains and plains. It was from 15 to 30 feet in height, and 25 feet at the base, while the top was 15 feet in breadth, or wide enough for six men to ride horse back abreast.

The Imperial Canal is one of the greatest works of its kind in the world and flows from Pekin to Canton, a distance of 1,200 miles. This great work was constructed in the thirteenth century and runs through a most fertile country, where every variety of vegetable life may be grown on account of the diversified climate.

Thus, centuries before we became a nation, China had progressed in art and manufacture, and although they have been isolated to a great extent from the rest of the world, thereby being unable to profit by the developments of civilization, with the Japanese to teach and aid them, they will be able soon to make anything that can be manufactured in any other place in the world.

They produce the raw material in their own land and sell the manufactured article for gold in a gold standard country.

I have thus briefly outlined the present condition of China, simply to direct your attention to what we may expect in the near future, when the well paid labor of America will be brought into direct competition with the pauper labor of China and Japan.

There is only one logical conclusion to come to if our legislators do not take some active steps towards preventing such competition the wages of American labor will drop.

The gold bugs have always been victorious.

You ask, "Why?" "Because the masses do not understand the financial question?" This is true only in part. The main reason is that the gold bugs have bought both judge and jury. Is it any wonder that they are awarded the verdict?

Three-fourths of the people of the United States are in favor of free coinage on a basis of 16 to 1 and have cast their votes to that effect, electing on a silver platform men who, when elected, repudiated their promises and deceived the people, supporting gold bug theories regardless of the suffering and misery their actions brought upon the people who elected them.

The time has come when the masses must make the great effort of their lives to gain recognition. In the elections of 1896, the silver question will be the axis upon which all others revolve; so prepare to make the fight of your lives. Cast aside all party affiliations. If you cannot get an honest man nominated in your own party, vote for any honest man, regardless of party, but be sure that he is honest.

Remember that the gold-bugs are preparing for the greatest fight they have ever had; they realise their jeopardy and that the people have become determined to be heard and so are making strenuous efforts to provide against defeat.

This is not a political fight. It is a battle with the pluotcrats of London and their agents in the United States on one side and the people on the other. The people must win, for if they lose, the cause of the people—free silver—will be retarded for years.

Nominate, regardless of party, an honest man. One who will boldly and at all times support free silver, and after nominating, elect him, and the cause is won.

Beware of bankers! They are false prophets and nine-tenths of them are auxiliaries of the gold bugs in London. They are gold bugs themselves for purely mercenary reasons. With gold mono-metallism they can retain their high rates of interest.

What does it matter to them that you lose your farm or your home; that the laborers on railways, in fields or in factories, have to work for a few cents a day to compete with the cheap labor of China and Japan—they get their interest just the same.

Every one that can read should study the financial question and prepare himself to cast his vote for an honest, true man, who will at all times and in all places work for the good of the country and the good of the people.

What little gold there is is controlled by, comparatively, a very few men, or locked up in vaults by the hundreds of millions.

At the beginning of the Christian era the Roman Empire had 1,800,000,000 of metallic money. At the end of the fifteenth century they had less than $200,000,000. India and China then were in the height of their glory and splendor and the inference is that much of the money that disappeared found its way into the coffers of the wealthy Indian and Chinese nabobs.

In these countries gold was needed, for the Chinese, at this time were building the Imperial Canal, and in India gorgeous and magnificent temples were being constructed.

Are we going to follow this example? Are we going to furnish money, depreciated in our own country, but to other nations worth its own value, that they may beautify and make rich their own lands while paupering us?

At this time the Roman Empire must have had men who well might have been named Sherman, Carlisle and Cleveland, who acted as emissaries to India and China and made the Roman masses believe that silver was worthless and so demonetized it.

The monied people of India and China at that time, probably, were as ready to buy it at fifty cents on the dollar as their descendants are ready to buy it of us, and we are not sure that they even paid that much.

But, however, they lost their money, their trade, their power; for when a nation or individual loses money, credit goes with it and with the credit goes trade and power.

To this loss of money and power may be accredited their decline in civilization, their decrease in population and commerce and the disappearance of their freedom. History records nothing to show the cause of this deplorable result except the shrinkage of bimetallic money.

History repeats itself, and if we, the people of the United States, cannot retainb imetallic money, we will follow in the footsteps of the Roman Empire.

We alone are not suffering from the demonetization of silver; the peasantry of all gold standard countries are sharing the disastrous results with us.

In the statistics compiled by Archbishop Walsh of Ireland it is shown that prior to 1873 the exports of yarn from India to China and Japan alone were practically nothing. In 1873 occurred the demonetization of silver. What effect that had upon the industry may be seen from the following table:

In 1874	$ 1,000,000
In 1875	5,000,000
In 1880	25,000,000
In 1885	75,000,000
In 1889	127,000,000
In 1891	165,000,000

England had this trade until silver was demonetized in 1873, when she lost it, and while losing this she lost in nearly every other branch of commerce in proportion. It is only a question of time when all her spindles and looms will be silenced.

What has been said of England may be said also of the United States or any other gold standard country, unless bimetallism be adopted.

Demonetization of silver is responsible for this loss of prestige.

It is easily enough seen why silver standard countries prefer to trade with one another; and when silver is demonetized by any nation that nation immediately begins to lose her trade.

To cite a suppositious case that may be made applicable to ourselves. Suppose we were to have our gold discounted at the rate of 100 per cent by the silver standard countries. Would we not at once seek some gold-standard nation with whom we might trade, that our gold might be taken at par? Reverse the case, and the present situation is explained.

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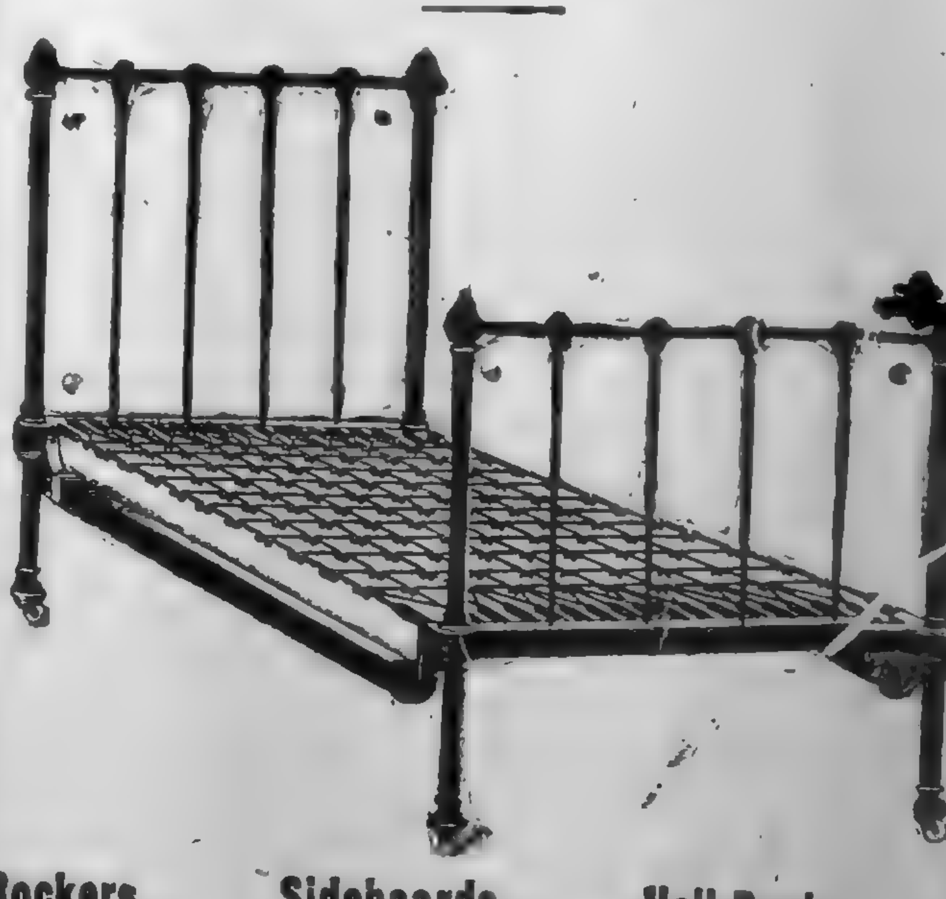

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AWFUL RESULTS OF MUTINY.

Mutineers Murdering Their Officers Meet a Fearful Retribution.

The steamer Empress, of Japan, which has just arrived from the Orient brings news of a terrific explosion in which a large number of Chinese soldiers were killed by an explosion at Kiang Gin. Two regiments revolted, and at a signal from their leader they seized the guns of the forts and proceeded to kill off all of the officers and a new regiment of soldiers recently arrived. In the midst of the massacre a magazine exploded and all hands were blown to pieces. Two battalions must have been wiped out of existence, as not a soldier lived to tell if the magazine went off by accident or designedly. All within 100 yards of the magazine were killed by flying shells. The story of the mutiny is told by those who watched it from a distance.

Besides an immense quantity of shells, 16,000 pounds of powder was stored in the powder room. One company fighting near the building literally disappeared from the face of the earth, not a trace of any of them being found.

Captain Kao, who was sent in command of the battalions, found them shockingly demoralized and all sorts of crimes were being practiced in the garrison towns. His attempt at honset reform cost him his life. Several celebrated officers of the late war were killed.

Tug Burned—Crew Saved.

The tug Peter Dalton of the Independent Towing company burned Saturday morning off Rogers Point. The crew was rescued by the Welcome of the same company, which happened to be passing the Dalton when the fire broke out. The tug had a quantity of dynamite on board. The only hose on board was a small coil ¾ of an inch in size. This was inadequate, but the men did the best they could in trying to keep down the flames until they could get to a place of safety. Captain Tom Barry ordered the schooner Dowey to cut loose and preparations made for leaving the burning vessel. The Welcome drew up alongside of the Dalton, and the latter's crew was transferred together with the dynamite, and the Dalton was given up to the flames.

Homicide in Kansas.

Charles Branscombe, editor of the New Era, of Wellington, Ks., was killed, probably by accident, by Robert Simmons, editor of the Caldwell News. Simmons and A. A. Richards, editor of the Wellington Daily Mail, had been carrying on a bitter newspaper war. They met by chance and both drew revolvers and commenced firing. At the fifth shot Branscombe, who was in company with Richards, was pierced by a bullet and fell.

METAL CHECKS INHIBITED.

Parties Using Them Too Liberally Subject to Arrest.

The first of a series of arrests under the United States statutes relating to metal coins and tokens and coupons, were made by United States Marshal Hawkins, at Linton, Ind., last week. If they hold good it will effect all manufacturers, mine owners and merchants who are using metal checks or tokens or coupon books, as a matter of convenience or otherwise. It has been the policy of mine operators to issue to miners before pay day metal checks, and merchants also used these checks, which have been a money equivalent in all mining districts for years. Those arrested include Nathan Dixon, of the Summit Coal company, and Finney Strong, president of the Linton Supply company. Some of the tokens were confiscated. These two companies alone have nearly $40,000 in tokens and coupons in circulation.

Road Agents Thwarted.

A southbound express train on the Iron Mountain road narrowly escaped a hold-up at 11 o'clock last Wednesday night. Preceding the express was a construction train of three cars. When Gad's Hill, Mo., was reached the first train ran on to a siding and into an obstruction. On the steep bank overlooking the track were five mounted and armed men. The would-be robbers saw they had the wrong train and hurriedly rode off. The track was repaired and both trains proceeded unmolested. Gad's Hill is the scene of the memorable robbery by the James and Younger brothers in 1873.

Novel Plan for Swindling.

A swindle which evidently is new in Missouri is being worked with great success in many towns there. A woman book agent appears in town and goes from house to house leaving books for examination. Next day a man calls to see if the books are wanted, and if they are not he takes them away with him. Usually they are not wanted. A few days later the woman agent appears again, and on being told that the man has taken away the book weeps copiously, says the villain has been collecting her books all over town, pleads poverty and so on, and accepts the proffered compensation.

Bank Clerk Disappears.

James Sanford, clerk of the Bank of Commerce of Louisville, Ky., has disappeared, and his accounts with the bank are short $10,000. He had charge of the Louisville and Nashville railroad's account, and, with the help of an accomplice, got away with the cash.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain;
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Subscribers who receive this number of The Banner marked with a cross-mark, (X) in blue pencil will kindly understand that [illegible] we [illegible] until their subscriptions are paid up.

[illegible] For one Fifty cent we will send you The Banner every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you The Banner and The [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

Registration begins on Monday, [illegible].

Of course you are going to register, but see to it that your friends and neighbors also register.

Our second primary will be held on Tuesday, May 5—two weeks from next Tuesday.

Organized Democrats held their county convention yesterday at Clanton and will send a solid delegation for Joseph F. Johnston.

Senator Butler last week introduced a bill at Washington providing for the establishment of a postal telegraph system by the government.

The County Executive Committee will meet on Saturday and officially declare the result of Tuesday's primary. We propose next week to give all the details of the election.

"Call us no longer the organized democracy," wailed a Democrat at their convention yesterday, "but rather let us be known as the demoralized democracy." And he correctly expressed it.

Next Saturday the county convention meets at Clanton to elect delegates to the State convention at Montgomery on the 28th. In view of the uncertainty as to what course the State convention may take it would be best to send the delegation uninstructed.

The wheat crop in Australia is reported to be short and the probabilities are they will have to import wheat to make good their own shortage instead of being able to export any. In South America the crop is also short. The chances are that wheat growers in the United States will have a better market for this year's crop and will realize much better prices.

By one means and another Joseph F. Johnston has secured a majority of the delegates to the State Democratic convention to be held at Montgomery next Wednesday, and evidently will be the nominee of the party. It is immaterial to us how he has obtained the nomination—we now know whom we have to fight in August and all that concerns us is to see we have the right man at the head of our own ticket and then work unremittingly to elect him by the largest majority ever known in the State.

The many friends of Mr. Reuben C. Duke will be pained to learn of his death by Bright's disease which occured last Monday at the home of his father at Ashford, Ala. The remains were brought to Clanton on Monday night and interred in the cemetery Tuesday evening. Rev. J. G. Lowery conducted the funeral services in the Baptist church, and a large number of friends headed by the Masonic fraternity attended him to his final earthly resting place.

THE PRIMARY.

The first primary has passed over quietly and comfortably. Up to the time of going to press we have not been able to obtain the returns from all the boxes. So far as we have been enabled to get the information it would appear that for the sheriff's office Cooley is ahead with Hayes and Killgore pretty well matched for second place. For the assessor's office Mims and Pounds seem to be well in the lead, with Posey running close behind the second man. The race for the office of tax collector has been one of the hardest for the prophets, but it appears from present figures that Logan is a long way ahead and that Pink Moore and Hubbard are close together for second place with Ben Wells not a great way behind. Duke for treasurer and J. W. Moore for superintendent of education have met with no opposition and consequently have a walk over. The greatest surprise of the day was at the last moment the introduction of B. W. Rollins in opposition to Reynolds and Crichton for representative. The figures we have at this time show Reynolds leading and Rollins close after him. This result was unquestionably obtained by nearly all those opposed to Reynolds throwing their votes to Rollins while Reynolds friends stood manfully by him. The commissioners by districts seem to be as follows: First district, Riggins; Second district, Glasscock; Third district, Smitherman; Fourth district, Robinson.

The case of the office seeking the man has been well illustrated by the lack of votes for the two delegates to the county convention. No one knew whom to vote for—no names having been mentioned in this connection—and the consequence was very few votes were cast. The office seeking the man is a beautiful theory, but it is essential in order to get a fair expression of the opinion of the people they should know beforehand whom it is they are asked to support.

Maplesville Music.

Miss Coosa West, of Selma, is visiting Mrs. Paisley of this place.

Mr, Frank Kelley of Selma spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. R. H. Martin.

The young men deserve credit for the nice prayer-meeting they have kept in a flourishing condition since Mr. Oliver Latham left us.

Come out Tuesday and select the best boys for the offices the job belongs to their friends.

O.

Jemison.

At a meeting of the Citizens of Jemison, Ala., held at the Academy Monday night, the 30th of March, the following resolutions were made and unanimously adopted.

Whereas: The frequent occurrences of drunken carousals, of loud profane and boisterous talk, having lately been witnessed and heard in the town of Jemison, and

Whereas: Believing that such occurrences are caused by the sale of intoxicating drinks in the town of Jemison, and

Whereas: Knowing that such acts are against the Laws of the State of Alabama, and that the influence of such unlawful and illegal proceedings are detrimental to the good Citizenship, the high moral standing and the Christian Spirit of Jemison, be it

Resolved 1st: That we, as the Citizens of Jemison, condemn all such unlawful, illegal and immoral acts, and

2nd: That we do in mass assembly pledge ourselves to have the Laws upheld, and

3rd: That any person or persons found guilty of selling, causing to be sold, of being so intoxicated as to use profane and boisterous language on the streets or in the town of Jemison, or any public drunkenness against the Laws of our State, will be by us reported to the Grand Jury of Chilton county, pledging ourselves that we will banish from our midst, by taking legal steps against any person or persons guilty of such, regardless of race, color or previous condition.

(Signed) Citizens of Jemison, Ala.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 F. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

POPULIST DELEGATES.

Reduced Fare Arrangements.

Through the courtesy of the Southern States Passenger Association, persons attending the People's Party State Convention, to be held at Montgomery, Ala, commencing Tuesday, April 28th, will be granted a reduction in their railroad fare only under the following conditions:

First—Each person must purchase a first-class ticket (either unlimited or limited) through to the place of meeting, for which he will pay the regular tariff fare, and upon request the ticket agent will issue to him a certificate of such purchase.

Second—If a through ticket cannot be procured at the starting point the person will purchase to the most convenient point where such through ticket can be obtained, and there repurchase through to the place of meeting, requesting a certificate properly filled out by the agent at the point where the purchase is made.

Third—Persons coming from points at which through tickets to Montgomery cannot be procured, should be instructed to purchase tickets to Birmingham, Selma, Opelika or Lanett, (as may be most convenient) and there re-purchase to Montgomery, taking certificates from both agents from whom tickets are secured. The certificates obtained from the agent at any of the points named above will be honored at Montgomery for the reduced rate returning to the point at which it was secured, and the other will be honored for the reduced rate returning thence to the starting point, if presented on or before May 4, 1896.

Fourth—Tickets for the return journey will be sold by the ticket agents at the place of meeting, at one-third the first-class limited fare, only to those holding certificates, signed by the ticket agent at the point where the through ticket to the place of meeting was purchased and countersigned by the secretary or clerk of the convention, and vised by an agent of the association, certifying that the holder has been in attendance upon the convention.

Fifth—It is absolutely necessary that a certificate be procured, as it indicates that the full fare has been paid for the going journey, and that the person is, therefore, entitle to the excursion rate returning. It will also determine the route via which the ticket for return journey should be sold, and without it no reduction will be made.

Sixth—Tickets for the return journey will be available for continuous passage only; no stop over privileges being allowed on tickets sold at less than full fares. Certificates will not be honored unless presented within THREE DAYS after the date of adjournment of the convention.

Seventh—Ticket agents will be instructed that excursion fares will not be available unless the holders of certificates are properly identified, as above described, by the secretary or clerk on the certificates, (such certificates to be vised by the agent of the association), which identification includes the statement that fifty or more persons who have purchased full fare tickets for the going passage and hold properly receipted certificates have been in attendance at the meeting.

The certificates are not transferable, and the signature affixed at the starting point compared with the signature to the receipt will enable the ticket agent to detect any attempted transfer.

N. B. Please read carefully the above instructions, be particular to have the certificates properly filled and certified by the railroad agent from whom you purchase your going ticket to the place of meeting, as the reduction on return will apply only to the point at which such through ticket was purchased.

Yours truly,
R. F. Kolb.

Turn-Round Topics.

Spring, beautiful spring has come at last. Yes, winter has shaken off her icy fetters and put on a new robe of spring. Flowers are in bloom; trees of all kinds are putting forth their buds; the birds are singing the songs of springtime, the bumble-bee and the honey-bee are busy sipping the nectar from the flowers, and in short everything is most lovely and beautiful.

The farmers here are all about done planting their up-land corn, the low damp bottom land will not be planted before about the first of May. Some of the farmers have commenced to plant cotton, though for the want of rain they are somewhat backward. Unbroken land is getting so hard that it can hardly be plowed, and what can be plowed? clods up, which is injurious to the land.

Miss Sallie Norris, one of our pretty girls, visited Miss Nancy Long of Friendship last week.

Messrs. P. M. Jones and T. D. Whitsworth visited relatives at Bozeman last Saturday.

Miss Lucy Gentry is now staying with her sister, Mrs. I. L. Long of Friendship.

Messrs. Cato and John Pattillo visited Verbena last Sunday.

Little Effie and Essie Traywick came home from school at Verbena Tuesday with the measles, but are now getting along very well.

Success to you all,
Grandpa Tim.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

The friends of G. W. Patrick hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of M. A. Killgore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
James T. Cooley.

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of P. M. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.
J. Y. Logan.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
Ben. H. Wells.

At the request of many friends we are authorized to announce the name of J. G. Gay as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of E. W. Bailey hereby announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.
L. B. Pounds.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
J. J. L. Stewart.

To the voters of Chilton county as I cannot see you all personally I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
A. C. Mims

At the desire of his friends we are authorized to announce the name of S. D. Posey as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

COMMISSIONER.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
Rufus C. Riggins.

We, the friends of Samuel Pate, hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as County Commissioner for the First District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

At the request of his friends we are authorized to announce the name of John W. Foshee as a candidate for Commissioner from the First District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

By request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Commissioner for the Second District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
S. E. Waldrup.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of [illegible] Goodman Smitherman hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

To the white voters of Chilton county: I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the Third district, subject to your decision at the primary. I believe in free coinage of silver 16 to 1.
Yours respectfully,
C. W. Plant.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
Moses Robinson.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidats for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
L. H. Reynolds.

At the solicitation of, perhaps, too partial friends throughout the county I announce myself a candidate for the office of Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party of Chilton county. If elected to this office my best endeavors will be exerted in securing such legislation as shall redound to the best interests of our State and County.
Frank Crichton.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Be it known that I have made the following changes in the Register business. In beat six I have appointed Elijah Deason instead of Milton Rorex as Mr. Rorex's eye-sight is very much impaired and he is growing feeble. In beat eight I have appointed C. W. Plant to succeed [illegible] on account of his health and holding a position away from home. In beat [illegible] by request I have appointed N. B. James in place of W. M. Wilson. Beat 9, D. N. Riggins in place of Henry Estes who has left the county. I am ready to make any other appointments for vacancies that may occur in any of the other beats when notified.
B. W. Garner, County Register.

When no change is announced in The Banner the Beat Registers who acted at the last election will hold the same position in this election.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

MUSICAL CONVENTION.

The Chilton County Musical convention will hold its first session with the Mulberry class at Mulberry church the 3rd. Sunday and Saturday before in May. All interested are expected to attend on Saturday by 10 a.m.
J. B. Northcutt, Sec.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
Greatest Discovery of 19th Century.
Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE, WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

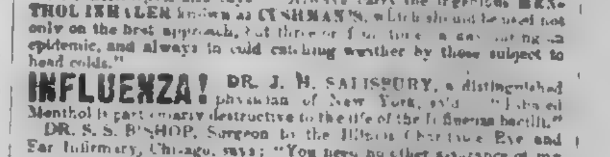
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the best approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, says "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."

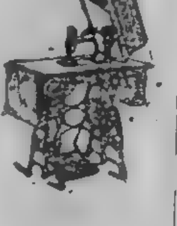


Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address
Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular



for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
Orange, Mass. Boston, Mass. 28 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo. Dallas, Tex. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

Carthage, Mo., July 23, 1895.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much.
Roy Hahn.

It Acts Like a Charm.

Salem, Ala., April 6, 1895.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions: the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm."
D. W. Floyd, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	[illegible]
New York World (3 papers every week)	[illegible]
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	[illegible]
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	[illegible]
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	[illegible]
Silver Knight National Watchman	[illegible]

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial Appeal	[illegible]
Birmingham [illegible]	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK
LOWEST PRICES

CLANTON DRUG STORE

Dr. J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....
M. BORN & CO.
The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.
They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT. LOWEST PRICES.
LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT
W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

Headquarters for Sweet Peas

Mixed Varieties per pound 40 cents,
Half pound 25 cents.
Quarter pound 15 cents.

....THE ONLY
NEW DOUBLE SWEET PEA Bride of Niagara
True to name. Packet 25 cents, half Packet 15 cents.

The Wonderful Crimson Rambler Rose Only 15 cents.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1896,
THE PIONEER SEED CATALOGUE.
Chromo-lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Roses, Fuchsia White Phenomenal, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables.

Tried and True Novelties.
Fuchsia double white Phenomenal
Blackberry, The Rathbun.
Tomato, Vick's Early Leader,
The Earliest Tomato known.

Filled with good things old and new.
Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts. which may be deducted from first order—really FREE—or free with an order for any of the above.

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.
JAMES VICK'S SONS

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton-Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala

Mr. Charlie Merritt visited relatives here last week, he returned to school, at Auburn, Ala., last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merritt went to Montgomery Tuesday.

A series of meetings are being held at the Baptist church.

Mrs. L. C. Day, of Jemison, is visiting her mother here this week.

Mr. Albert Culp is down from Birmingham this week sick.

Workmen are busily hammering away putting up the tool and lime sheds on the site of the new court house.

Mr. George Lewis, of Montgomery, is visiting relatives here this week.

The Baptist church has been beautified and made more attractive by laying down a new carpet.

The friends of Mrs Wright and Miss Mattie will be sorry to learn that they are on the sick list this week.

We are glad to say that Mr. Oscar Mullins is improving.

There was a "reading circle" organized at the Mothodist church last week. All kind of religious literture will be used.

Mr. Caldwell McMorries left this morning for a visit to friends in Montgomery county.

Rev. and Mrs. P. M. Guthrie are in Verbena this week attending a missionary rally.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.

H. I. HONEYCUTT.
Clanton, Ala., March 3, '91.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:
Mr. I. N. Martin and Miss S. Bevels.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

CONFEDERATE PENSIONS.

For the accommodation of the wounded confederate soldiers and widows who are entitled to the benefits of an act for the relief of needy confederate soldiers &c, approved February 13th, 1891, and who are required by said act to make application annually to the Judge of Probate for said relief. I will be at Stanton on Saturday April 25 in the forenoon, and at Maplesville in the afternoon, and those desiring to make application as required by said act can meet me at the above named places and I will wait upon them.

Respectfully,
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

WANTED —A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soaps and Pure Flavoring Extracts. $40 to $75 a month easily made. Address Crofts & Reed, Chicago, Ill.

Lily Lyrics.

Mrs. Mollie Rasberry has returned from a visit to relatives in Shelby county.

Prof. B. D. Wilson dismissed his school last Friday.

A right young boy visitor came to Mr. J. S. Wright's the 7th inst.

Mr. Buck Harris, of Dixie, paid his sister, Mrs. Deshazo, of this place, a visit recently.

The gentle shower Monday night was highly appreciated by farmers.

Miss Della Blalack, of Maplesville, is here visiting her aunt, Mrs. Mollie Rasberry.

Dame rumor hath it that we will soon hear the marriage bells pealing fourth.

Miss Eulah Rasberry is visiting in the Magic City this week.

Mr. Walter Lenoir, is the possessor of a new top buggy.

Dr. Hayes and Mr. W. L. Lenoir were in Selma last week.

Mr. O. K. Wright left for Birmingham Wednesday, to be gone till Sunday.

Miss Geneva Jones is visiting her sister, Mrs. Speer, of Kincheon.

CLINT.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, **never gets better of its own accord,** but **Constantly grows worse.** There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and ***Don't know what to take for it,*** as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I ***couldn't lie down*** nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart*** and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. ***I believe I am fully cured,*** and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgement obtained against Richard Fraser out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Richard Fraser I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One-ninth undivided interest of the following named lands: Se ¼ of se ¼, sec 12 t 22 r 14 and w ½ of sw ¼ sec 7 t 22 r 15 also ne ¼ of s ¼ sec 12 t 22 r 14.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Richard Fraser in and to the above described property, on 1st Monday of May, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 30 day of March 1896. P. M. MOORE.
Sheriff Chilton County, Alabama.

Sheriff's Sale.

Byvirtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of acertain judgment recently obtained against Geo. E. Skaggs out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Geo. E. Skaggs I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One half undivided interest of the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 13, lying and being in Chilton county Alabama.

Therefore according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all right, title and interest of the above named Geo. E. Skaggs in and to the above described property, on Monday the 13th day of April, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 7th day of March 1896. P. M. MOORE.
Sheriff Chilton county, Ala.

The above sale is continued until Monday, May 4 1896.
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price. We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periods to Coal visitbilt on and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Vine Hill, April 11, '96

Editor BANNER: I beg space in your columns to reply to Young Mike, he spoke of a candidate and recommended him for an office I don't think a man could be higher recommended than to say he was a christian, that is a recommendation that neither of the old parties want. Yet it is the most important qualification that a man needs to fill any office, for a man that is a christian will do nothing wrong. So give us christians as rulers then we will have peace in the land.

Success to the BANNER and its patrons. PAT.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of the jurors drawn for the spring term of Circuit court, commencing on Monday, May 11, 1896.

GRAND JURY.

Beat 1 R. Vanderslice, W H Conway.

Beat 2 S A Curry, L H Reynolds, Harrison Driver.

Beat 3 Wylie Foshee, J P Nix, B H Jones.

Beat 4 J E Evans, R E Jones.

Beat 5 James Wood, J H Bostwick, Calvin Dennis.

Beat 6 James Griffis, R L Williams, Sr.

Beat 7 Noah Latham, W Y Nix.

Beat 8 S B Ratliff, D C Gandy.

Beat 9 J M Poole, Aaron Littleton.

PETIT JURY—First Week.

Beat 1 J F Marcus, E W Willis, C H Lowery.

Beat 2 J T Blow, J O Jeffries, J D Hand, G W Shaw jr. J N Childers.

Beat 3 James Cooley, B F Rasberry, S K Rasberry.

Beat 4 Noah Littlejohn, J M Maddox, N A Kicker, J W Cox, J P Parrish, J R Thompson.

Beat 5 E E Estes, D B Wilson, John L Moore, Anderson Baker, R T Grant.

Beat 6 J T Williams, R L Williams jr. A C Mims.

Beat 7 John Milford jr, S B McCary, T C Crumpton.

Beat 8 Joe Gandy, C C Dyer, C W Plant.

Beat 9 George Maddox, Alfred Childers, A Bussy.

Second Week.

Beat 1 Lewis Littleton, H B Roper, W H Bean.

Beat 2 H N Beasley, J R Johnson, J M Brantley, Alfred Pate.

Beat 3 J M Furguson, Wm Deshazo, Wm Veazey, J C Culp, Doc Jones, B W Garner, E Z Nix.

Beat 4 J M Thacker, O K Mullins, W H Parrish.

Beat 5 J W Taylor, J R Thomas, Jake Lavinska, W L Bates.

Beat 7 L B Broadhead, Emmitt Christian, Eugene McGee, Clay Latham.

Beat 8 Frank Weaver, Jesse Rucker, W T Duggan, R W Gandy, W W Sansom, Jack Landers, J R Parnell.

Beat 9 G W Sorrell, J T Mims, James Burnett, J B Childers.

STRAYED from George W. Gore's place, near Strasburgh, a dark bay mare three years old, white saddle marks on back, small wen on side of nose. Anyone giving information to George W. Gore, Strasburgh, will be satisfied for their trouble.

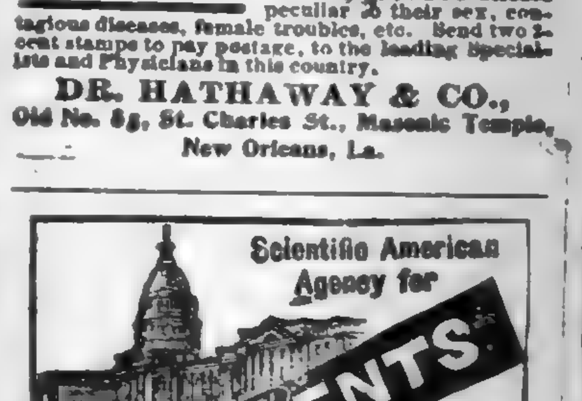
The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 85, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.



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Notice to Non-Resident

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

IN PROBATE COURT
SPECIAL TERM.

To Fannie Christian Resident of Scott county, Arkansas.

You are hereby notified that on the 31 day of March, 1896, there was filed in this Court a petition for a sale of certain personal property for Partition among the Joint owners thereof, said petition setting forth that said property is now in the possession of Emmit Christian in this county and that you are one of the Joint owners thereof You will take notice that the 7th day of May, 1896, has been set for the hearing of said petition at which time you can appear in said court at the court house in Clanton, Ala., and contest said petition if you see proper to do so.

Witness my hand at office in Clanton, Ala., this 7th day of April, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate Court.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to owner unknown the following Real Estate, to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $3.52.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $3.52

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 24 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $10.38

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

All of sec 31 less se ¼ of se ¼ sec 31 tp 24 r 13, tax and costs $17.82.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 13 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.79.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.52.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.03.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.03.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 28 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $36.89.

BEAT NO. 4.

Nw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 15 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $35.2.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $1.75.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼, sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $7.45

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $4.41.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw ¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $11.30.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $12.72.

BEAT NO. 7.

Ne qr of of sw qr sec 7 tp 21 r 12 tax and costs $3.52.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $3.52.

Se qr of se qr sec 18 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

W ½ of ne qr sec 22 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $4.74.

Nw qr of nw qr and s ½ of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $17.29.

BEAT NO. 8.

N½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.74.

Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

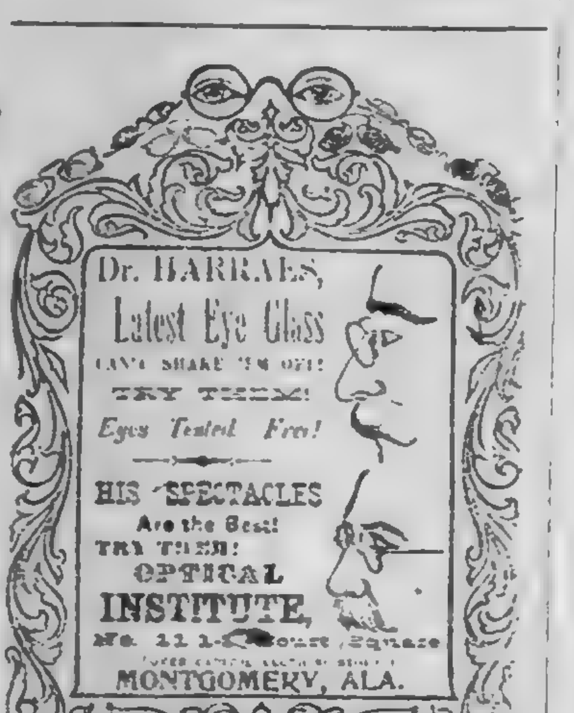
Sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $3.52.

W ½ of ne qr of se qr sec 23 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $3.09.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 11th day of May, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same, fees and costs.

This 9th day of April, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.



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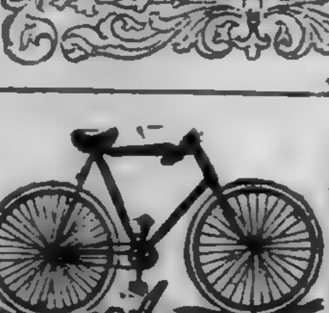
Latest Eye Glass
CAN'T SHAKE 'EM OFF!
TRY THEM!
Eyes Tested Free!
HIS SPECTACLES
Are the Best!
TRY THEM!
OPTICAL
INSTITUTE,
No. 11 1-2 Court Square
MONTGOMERY, ALA.



We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

HAMILTON BROWN SHOE Co's
ROSAMOND
THE BEST TAN SHOE MADE
MOTHER AND DAUGHTER
ALL FATHER AND SON WEAR THEM
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans,

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHEA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT FEELING "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. [illegible] styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $50. Spring Wagons $30 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 3[illegible]—Surrey Harness. Price $15.50. As good as sells for $25.

No. 7[illegible]—Price with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $66.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

MANGLES FOR Family Use.

An ordinary family ironing can be done on the "Racine" Mangle in twenty minutes.

No Heat, No Fuel, No Scorching.

The goods always retain their pure whiteness and will wear twice as long as when hot irons are used.

SAVES FUEL, SAVES TIME,
SAVES LABOR, SAVES THE CLOTHES,
EVERY MANGLE GUARANTEED.

Prices within the means of every family. Made in six styles and ten sizes for families, hotels, laundries, etc. Send for our new illustrated catalogue.

THE RACINE MANGLE CO., RACINE, WIS.

EDITOR—We can vouch for the reliability of this company.

P.P.P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 15 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man.
W. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Rhea, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by S. W. FRANKLIN, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had no rest on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me,"
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
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POISONING
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WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR
BOOKLET.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton-Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala

Mr. Charlie Merritt visited relatives here last week, he returned to school, at Auburn, Ala., last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merritt went to Montgomery Tuesday.

A series of meetings are being held at the Baptist church.

Mrs. L. C. Day, of Jemison, is visiting her mother here this week.

Mr. Albert Culp is down from Birmingham this week sick.

Workmen are busily hammering away putting up the tool and lime sheds on the site of the new court house.

Mr. George Lewis, of Montgomery, is visiting relatives here this week.

The Baptist church has been beautified and made more attractive by laying down a new carpet.

The friends of Mrs Wright and Miss Mattie will be sorry to learn that they are on the sick list this week.

We are glad to say that Mr. Oscar Mulins is improving.

There was a "reading circle" organized at the Methodist church last week. All kind of religious literture will be used.

Mr. Caldwell McMorries left this morning for a visit to friends in Montgomery county.

Rev. and Mrs. P. M. Guthrie are in Verbena this week attending a missionary rally.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.

H. I. HONEYCUTT.
Clanton, Ala., March 3, '91.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:
Mr. I. N. Martin and Miss S. Bevels.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

CONFEDERATE PENSIONS.

For the accommodation of the wounded confederate soldiers and widows who are entitled to the benefits of an act for the relief of needy confederate soldiers &c, approved February 13th, 1891, and who are required by said act to make application annually to the Judge of Probate for said relief. I will be at Stanton on Saturday April 25 in the forenoon, and at Maplesville in the afternoon, and those desiring to make application as required by said act can meet me at the above named places and I will wait upon them.

Respectfully,
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

WANTED—A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soaps and Pure Flavoring Extracts. $40 to $75 a month easily made. Address Crofts & Reed, Chicago, Ill.

Lily Lyrics.

Mrs. Mollie Rasberry has returned from a visit to relatives in Shelby county.

Prof. B. D. Wilson dismissed his school last Friday.

A right young boy visitor came to Mr. J. S. Wright's the 7th inst.

Mr. Buck Harris, of Dixie, paid his sister, Mrs. Deshazo, of this place, a visit recently.

The gentle shower Monday night was highly appreciated by farmers.

Miss Della Blalack, of Maplesville, is here visiting her aunt, Mrs. Mollie Rasberry.

Dame rumor hath it that we will soon hear the marriage bells pealing fourth.

Miss Eulah Rasberry is visiting in the Magic City this week.

Mr. Walter Lenoir, is the possessor of a new top buggy.

Dr. Hayes and Mr. W. L. Lenoir were in Selma last week.

Mr. O. K. Wright left for Birmingham Wednesday, to be gone till Sunday.

Miss Geneva Jones is visiting her sister, Mrs. Speer, of Kincheon.

CLINT.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *Constantly grows worse.* There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and *Don't know what to take for it,* as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 5 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgement obtained against Richard Fraser out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Richard Fraser I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One-ninth undivided interest of the following named lands: Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 12 t 22 r 14 and w ½ f sw ¼ sec 7 t 22 r 15 also se ¼ of s ¼ sec 12 t 22 r 14.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Richard Fraser in and to the above described property, on 1st Monday of May, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 30 day of March 1896.
P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County, Alabama.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Geo. E. Skaggs out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Geo. E. Skaggs I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One half undivided interest of the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 13, lying and being in Chilton county Alabama.

Therefore according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all right, title and interest of the above named Geo. E. Skaggs in and to the above described property, on Monday the 13th day of April, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 7th day of March 1896.
P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton county, Ala.

The above sale is continued until Monday, May 4 1896.
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. GREEN SEAL
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

Artificial Eyes Polished.

Artificial eyes which have become rough through wearing, polished up equal to NEW, for a reasonable price We guarantee full satisfaction. References given. Price Two Dollars for one eyes. Write to the ARTIFICIAL EYE POLISHING CO., Station D, Post Office Building, 25-27 Third Ave., New York City.

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodic visits to Coal vistibilt on and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Vine Hill, April 11, '96

Editor BANNER: I beg space in your columns to reply to Young Mike, he spoke of a candidate and recommended him for an office I don't think a man could be higher recommended than to say he was a christian, that is a recommendation that neither of the old parties want. Yet it is the most important qualification that a man needs to fill any office, for a man that is a christian will do nothing wrong. So give us christians as rulers then we will have peace in the land.

Success to the BANNER and its patrons.

PAT.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of the jurors drawn for the spring term of Circuit court, commencing on Monday, May 11, 1896.

GRAND JURY.

Beat 1 R Vanderslice, W H Conway.

Beat 2 S A Curry, L H Reynolds, Harrison Driver.

Beat 3 Wylie Foshee, J P Nix, B H Jones.

Beat 4 J E Evans, R E Jones.

Beat 5 James Wood, J H Bostwick, Calvin Dennis.

Beat 6 James Griffis, R L Williams, Sr.

Beat 7 Noah Latham, W Y Nix.

Beat 8 S B Ratliff, D C Gandy.

Beat 9 J M Poole, Aaron Littleton.

PETIT JURY--First Week.

Beat 1 J F Marcus, E W Willis, C H Lowery.

Beat 2 J T Blow, J O Jeffries, J D Hand, G W Shaw jr. J N Childers.

Beat 3 James Cooey, B F Rasberry, S K Rasberry.

Beat 4 Noah Littlejohn, J M Maddox, N A Kicker, J W Cox, J P Parrish, J R Thompson.

Beat 5 E E Estes, D B Wilson, John L Moore, Anderson Baker, R T Grant.

Beat 6 J T Williams, R L Williams jr. A C Mims.

Beat 7 John Milford jr, S B McCary, T C Crumpton.

Beat 8 Joe Gandy, C C Dyer, C W Plant.

Beat 9 George Maddox, Alfred Childers, A Bussy.

Second Week.

Beat 1 Lewis Littleton, H B Roper, W H Bean.

Beat 2 H N Beasley, J R Johnson, J M Brantley, Alfred Pate.

Beat 3 J M Furguson, Wm Deshazo, Wm Veazey, J C Culp, Doc Jones, B W Garner, E Z Nix.

Beat 4 J M Thacker, O K Mullins, W H Parrish.

Beat 5 J W Taylor, J R Thomas, Jake Lavinska, W L Bates.

Beat 7 L B Broadhead, Emmitt Christian, Eugene McGee, Clay Latham.

Beat 8 Frank Weaver, Jesse Rucker, W T Durgan, R W Gandy, W W Sansom, Jack Landers, J R Parnell.

Beat 9 G W Sorrell, J T Mims, James Burnett, J B Childers.

STRAYED from George W. Gore's place, near Strasburgh, a dark bay mare three years old, white saddle marks on back, small wen on side of nose. Anyone giving information to George W. Gore, Strasburgh, will be satisfied for their trouble.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

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Notice to Non-Resident

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

IN PROBATE COURT
SPECIAL TERM.

To Fannie Christian Resident of Scott county, Arkansas.

You are hereby notified that on the 31 day of March, 1896, there was filed in this Court a petition for a sale of certain personal property for Partition among the Joint owners thereof, said petition setting forth that said property is now in the possession of Emmit Christian in this county and that you are one of the Joint owners thereof You will take notice that the 7th day of May, 1896, has been set for the hearing of said petition at which time you can appear in said court at the court house in Clanton, Ala., and contest said petition if you see proper to do so.

Witness my hand at office in Clanton, Ala., this 7th day of April, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate Court.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to owner unknown the following Real Estate, to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $3.52.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $3.52

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 24 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $10.38

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

All of sec 31 less se ¼ of se ¼ sec 31 tp 24 r 13, tax and costs $17.82.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 13 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.79.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.52.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3 03.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.03.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 28 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $36.89.

BEAT NO. 4.

Nw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 15 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $35.2.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.75.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼, sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $7.45

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $4.41.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw ¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $11.30.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $12.72.

BEAT NO. 7.

Ne qr of of sw qr sec 7 tp 21 r 12 tax and costs $3.52.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $3.52.

Se qr of se qr sec 18 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

W ½ of ne qr sec 22 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $4.74.

Nw qr of nw qr and s ½ of ne qr sec 28 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $17.29.

BEAT NO. 8.

N½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.74.

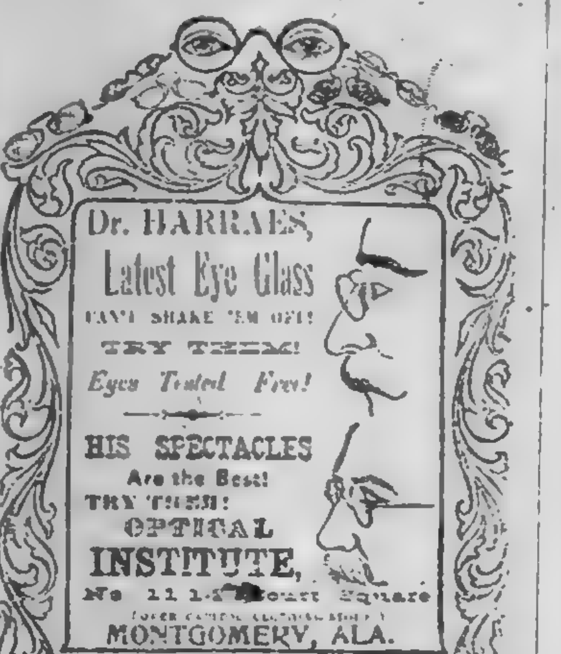
Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

Sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $3.52.

W ½ of ne qr of se qr sec 23 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $3.09.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 11th day of May, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same, fees and costs.

This 9th day of April, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.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Latest Eye Glass
CAN'T SHAKE 'EM OFF!
TRY THEM!
Eyes Tested Free!
HIS SPECTACLES
Are the Best!
TRY THEM!
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INSTITUTE,
No. 11 1-2 Court Square
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

HAMILTON BROWN SHOE Co's
ROSAMOND
THE BEST TAN SHOE MADE
MOTHER AND DAUGHTER
FATHER AND SON
ALL WEAR THEM
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
The Through Cars
Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,
Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

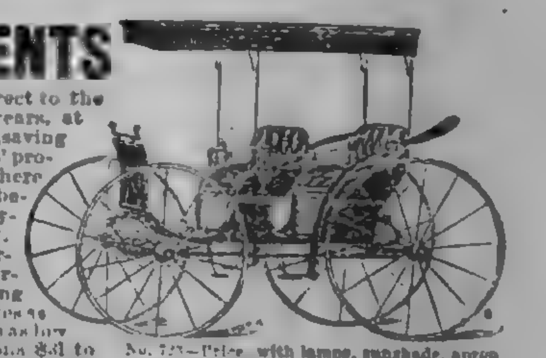
On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHEA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT POSITIVES "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

No. 16¼—Surrey Harness, Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.



No. 7?3—Price with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders $70.00. As good as sells for $90.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

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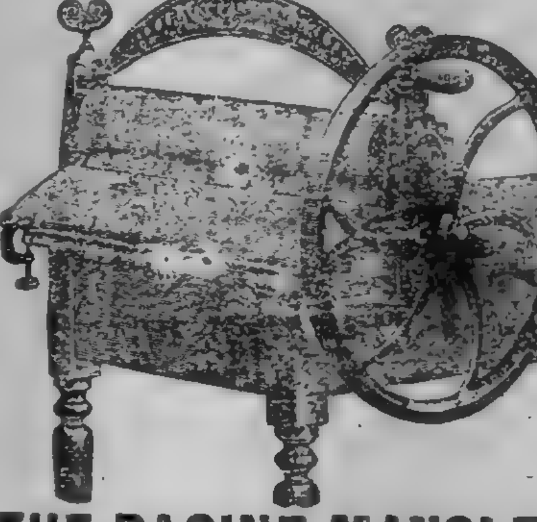

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An ordinary family ironing can be done on the "Racine" Mangle in twenty minutes.

No Heat, No Fuel, No Scorching.

The goods always retain their pure whiteness and will wear twice as long as where hot irons are used.

SAVES FUEL, SAVES TIME,
SAVES LABOR, SAVES THE CLOTHES,
EVERY MANGLE GUARANTEED.

Prices within the means of every family. Made in six styles and ten sizes for families, hotels, laundries, etc. Send for our new illustrated catalogue.

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EDITOR—We can vouch for the reliability of this company.

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LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 13 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FEARENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me,"
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS.
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CURES
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A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR
BOOKLET.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Live to 100.

Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson still gives it as his fixed opinion that every man and every woman should attain the age of 100. According to Sir Benjamin, the would-be centenarian must have a blonde complexion, with hazel eyes, light brown hair and reddish cheeks. He must never smoke nor drink, must eat very little meat and he must not work by artificial light.—London Globe.

We would rather enlist in the army for three years, in time of war, than have a back tooth pulled.

Good Old Town.

Clarence, Erie County, N. Y. (population, 200), has a score of residents whose age is over seventy-five years.

Teacher—Olga, translate the following sentence into French: "My cousin Arthur is greatly attached to me." Olga (quickly)—His name is Max.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Form good habits, and you will find them as hard to break as bad habits.

When Traveling,

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Dr. Ball, the eminent naturalist, says that the whaling and sealing industries in Alaska are practically exhausted.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surface. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

A $50 Doctor's Bill.

"I cannot recommend your TETTERINE enough. I had erysipelas in my face and head so bad that I could not do any work in three months, and I tried the doctors, and my doctor's bill is fifty dollars. A friend told me to get some of your TETTERINE, and I did so, and it has entirely cured me. I recommend it to everybody." Yours truly,

WILLIAM H. ALDERMAN,
Laxton P. O. (Bullock Co.) Ga.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

It is estimated that of the ninety thousand paupers of London, two-thirds are able-bodied and capable of working.

Everyone who once tries Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap continues to use it, for it is really infinitely superior to even the best of other floating soaps, and costs you no more. Made of Borax, floats, 100 per cent. pure. Try it.

The export of sheep from Ireland has been falling off enormously, but there has been an increase of cattle.

FOR RELIEVING THROAT DISEASES, COUGHS AND HOARSENESS, use "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*." Sold only in boxes. Avoid imitations.

The Siamese are skilled in the manufacture of fireworks, which are largely used at cremations and all public functions.

There are Dictionaries and Dictionaries, but the noblest Roman of them all seems to be Webster. It is still easily in the lead in the great race for popularity.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There is Pleasure and Profit
and satisfaction in abating troublesome and painful ills by using Parker's Ginger Tonic.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Piso's Cure.—RALPH ERIEU, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

It is So Easy to Remove Corns With
Hindercorns, we wonder so many endure them. Get it and see how nicely it takes them off.

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

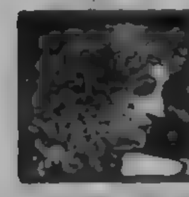
Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All Druggists. $1
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N. U., No. 16. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

DROWNED IN THE TENNESSEE.

Suicide at Athens—The A. G. S. Railroad Improving Its Road Bed and Putting in Steel Bridges—Three Negro Tramps from Georgia Arrested With Sixteen Watches.

His Leg Amputated.

Samson Allison, whose foot was crushed in Forest Thursday by an L. and N. train, was compelled to have his leg amputated to save his life.

Convicted and Sentenced to Hang.

The trial at Athens of George and Charles Seawell for the murder of Upshaw Smith ended Saturday in a verdict of guilty and they were sentenced to be hanged.

Death From a Blow on the Head.

Jesse Norris, a young lad of 18, of Butler county, died Friday night from the effects of a blow received on the head by a piece of scantling in the hands of an ex-convict—Jim Allbritton.

A Farmer Stabs Himself.

James Henderson, a Limestone county farmer, committed suicide at Athens while attending circuit court there last week by stabbing himself with a knife. No cause for the deed is thus far assignable.

Man and Horse Drowned.

J. W. Lynch, while attempting to cross a swollen stream near Decatur one day last week, was drowned. One of his horses was drowned also and the other was with much difficulty rescued.

B. Y. P. U. Convention.

The annual convention of the Baptist Young People's Union was held in Anniston last week. The session was well attended and of an interesting character. Dr. P. H. Mell of Auburn, presided, with Wm. A. Davis, of Anniston, as secretary.

Negro Who Killed Jim Espy.

Hill Williams, the negro who killed Mr. Jim Espy near Gordon, which occurred on the 3d instant, was committed to jail at Abbeville, Friday. It is said to have been a very brutal murder, and it was feared Williams would be lynched, but this was averted.

W. R. Daughtry Discharged.

W. R. Daughtry, of the firm of Thomas Butler & Co., who was arrested on two warrants charging him with embezzling the firm's money, was tried at Opelika Saturday before the county court judge, and dismissed on account of a technical error in the warrants. Butler is still in jail, and all of the immense stock of musical goods has been divided out among creditors.

Taking Other People's Letters.

Pearl Congers, a colored girl 14 or 15 years of age, was arrested a few days ago for taking other people's mail from the Tuskegee postoffice. For some time she has been calling for mail belonging to one or two white persons and would carry it home. She was finally caught and carried to Montgomery, and, failing to make a $100 bond, was put in jail.

The Sixteen Watches Claimed.

The sixteen watches taken by the local police from the three negro highwaymen wanted in Rome and arrested in Anniston Wednesday morning, belong in Chattanooga, where they were stolen from a fruit stand last week. The three negroes, who knocked down and robbed a white man near Rome Tuesday night, were convicted in that city on preliminary trial.

Dothan Looking Up.

A board of trade was organized at Dothan last week by some of the most influential business men. Joseph Baker was elected president, Dr. J. R. G. Howell, vice-president, Ed Nix secretary, and W. T. Nicholson treasurer. This movement means a great deal for the town and section. The board proposes means looking to immigration and cotton factories, and many other important enterprises is to be pushed.

Church and Barn Burned.

The barn of Rev. M. N. Morrison, of Trinity, Ala., was discovered to be on fire about 12 o'clock Sunday. The flames spread rapidly and were soon communicated to the M. E. church, south, building, and others in the neighborhood, resulting in the destruction of the church, the barn and damage to other property, including the Masonic lodge room, to the amount of $3,000.

Executive Committee, B. Y. P. U.

Before the Baptist Young People's Union convention at Anniston adjourned Friday afternoon the following executive committee was elected: B. D. Gray and Charles F. Wheelock of Birmingham, T. F. West of Pratt City, W. D. Gray and L. R. Dix of Montgomery. E. P. Hogan of Birmingham was elected secretary and treasurer. Talladega was selected as the place in which the convention should be held next year. The date will be settled upon later by the executive committee.

Sixteen to One.

Henry Thompson, Charley Williams and William Henry, three negro tramps, charged with knocking down and robbing a white man at Atlanta Junction, just this side of Rome, Thursday night, were arrested on a southbound Southern freight train early Friday morning and locked up at Jacksonville. On being searched Thompson was found to have in his pockets sixteen new gold watches. He told several conflicting stories as to where he got them. The negroes will be held until a Georgia officer comes for them.

Between Mobile and Guatemala.

Mobile merchants and merchants at Puerto Barrios, Guatemala, have joined the forces and have sent the Managua down on the Belize line touching at Guatemalan ports. They will run a weekly by steamer, and it is said that there is considerable opposition Machees Brothers who have the Guatemalan subsidy, and it is expected that this opposition may result in Mobile securing the subsidy.

Valuable Trotter Ruined.

Fantasy, the greatest trotter in the Hamlin string, with a record of 2:06, and a fair showing of breaking the world's record the coming season, met with perhaps a fatal accident while jogging along the road near the Driving park at Selma Friday morning. A negro was driving the mare and as she turned the corner near Moore's dairy a white goat ran out into the road, causing the spirited animal to jump to one side; the wheels of the cart ran up the street car track. The cart was overthrown, the driver thrown out and the frightened mare made a break. The end of the shaft stuck in the flesh under the shoulder. She ran and kicked and before she was stopped the shaft had made three ugly wounds from 3 to 4 inches deep.

A. G. S. Improvements.

The road bed of the Alabama Great Southern railway between Chattanooga and Birmingham is being given a general overhauling. A considerable amount of the track is being reballasted, this outside of the general repair of the track bed.

All of the wood bridges on the line are to be torn away in the near future, steel ones being placed in their stead. This improvement will cost the road several thousand dollars, there being quite a number of bridges between Chattanooga and the southern terminus at Meridian. A force of men, outside of the regular bridge crews, has been employed to place the new steel bridges.

Bridge No. 13, below Fort Payne, has been rebuilt, the old wooden bridge having been removed and the metal one put in its place. The work of placing a steel bridge in the place of No. 14, between Rising Fawn and Sulphur Springs, has been commenced. The work of placing the new bridges, after all necessary arrangements are perfected, is easy, requiring about an hour's time, and delaying no trains any length of time.

Hanged by a Mob of Masked Men.

Between midnight and daylight Sunday morning a mob of masked men went to the county jail at Scale, took Reddyck Adams, colored, therefrom and murdered him. The mob did its work very quietly, no one being disturbed but the jailor, who was very badly frightened. Some person representing himself as a deputy sheriff from Beat 4 knocked at the jailor's door, telling him he had a prisoner to put in jail. The jailor at once proceeded to the jail and unlocked it, being entirely unsuspicious, when he was surrounded by a posse of perhaps thirty armed and masked men. Resistance on the part of the jailor was useless. Reddyck was taken out hurriedly and carried to a little clump of woods about 200 yards east of the jail, where he was securely tied, one end of a plow line placed around his neck, the other thrown over a limb, and he was drawn up about 3 feet from the ground. The rope was tied to a post of the fence of the city cemetery and Reddyck was left dangling in the air, where he was found about 6 o'clock. Reddyck Adams deserved to be hung, but the law should have done the job. He is the man who waylaid and so foully shot Mr. R. T. Renfroe last November, and after shooting him robbed his person, burglarized his store and set fire to his dwelling. He had been on trial in the circuit court here last week, and the jury had been out on his case from 5:20 Wednesday until 3 p. m. Saturday, when they were discharged after having made a mistrial. A coroner's jury was empanelled to investigate the mobbing of Adams, and after examining a number of witnesses adjourned.

AMERICANS GET OUT OF SPAIN.

Spanish War Fleet Being Put on a War Footing and Waiting Orders.

A dispatch from Madrid says: Affairs look so serious again that American tourists are hurrying away. Space on the Sud express, which leaves for Paris tomorrow afternoon, has already been taken.

The passage of the belligerency resolutions has caused excited talk. A guard is still maintained at the American legation, but it has not been increased. The feeling is prevalent that the crisis is near and that the trouble may break out at any moment.

The captain-general of Ferrol reports that the fleet which is being organized there is already to go to sea. The ships composing it are the ironclads Pelayo, Infanta, Maria, Terressa, Vizcaya and Oquendo, the torpedo destroyer Destructor and various torpedo boats. They will for the present be supplied with the necessary war material and will probably leave for the river Arosa on Friday week to go through a course of instruction until the government decides on the ultimate destination. The last three named ironclads are really second-class cruisers.

At the End of the Voyage.

During a squall on the bay of San Francisco Thursday morning the British ship Blairmore was capsized and six of her crew drowned. Nine others of the crew were rescued by boats that were in the vicinity. The captain, John Crow, swam to the small boat lying astern and pulled himself to the landing. The Blairmore arrived from Newcastle, N. S. W., with a cargo of coal, about a week ago, making the voyage in fifty-six days, the fastest on record. The Blairmore was anchored about a half mile off the Union Iron works in seven fathoms of water. Though the weather was squally all the morning, the ship held fast, and Captain Crow had apparently no reason for fear. At 7 o'clock, however, the wind suddenly sprang up from the southeast with increasing violence. The tide was then at its flood, and, taking the ship on the starboard bilge, keeled her over considerably. The captain thought the wind had about exhausted itself, but suddenly a wild squall rushed up and, catching the vessel under the port bow, lifted her completely out of the water. For a moment she seemed held in the air. She dropped over on her side, and shortly after sank out of sight.

Serious Results of a Storm.

A wind storm with the violence of a cyclone visited the vicinity of Red Cloud, Neb., Saturday evening. On the farm of Andrew Hawley, a barn was blown over, burying Hawley and his little girl, crushing the child's shoulder and leg; she may die. The father was seriously injured. Damage to property is thought to be large, but details are meagre.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Cuban Resolutions on the President's Desk, and May Rest There.

NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Plague in China—Minister Terrell in Washington—Acts of Congress Approved—Appropriations for Coast Fortification—Bankruptcy Bill to be Reported.

Arizona's Governor Confirmed.

The senate in executive session Thursday confirmed the nomination of Benjamin J. Franklin, of Phoenix, Ariz., to be governor of Arizona, vice L. C. Hughes, removed.

⁂

Grade of Lieutenant-General.

The bill to revive the grade of lieutenant-general for the purpose of conferring it upon Major-General Miles has been reported to the house. The report compliments the career and service of General Miles.

Bermuda Ship Channel.

United States Consul Hanger, at Bermuda, reports to the state department that the work of improving the ship channel there has been completed, and vessels drawing 20 feet of water may now come in at low tide directly to the wharves at Hamilton.

⁂

Two Acts of Congress Approved.

The president has approved the act exempting logging trains from the operation of the act requiring the equipment of trains with safety brakes and couplers; also the joint resolution authorizing Benjamin Harrison to accept medals from Spain and Brazil.

⁂

Bill Favoring Widowed Pensioners.

Senator Allen has introduced a bill providing for the restoration of the names of widows of soldiers to the pension rolls after the death of the second husbands, who by reason of a second marriage have been dropped from the pension rolls.

⁂

Bill to Protect Military Parks.

Several bills were on Wednesday considered by the committee on military affairs of the house and ordered to be favorably reproted. The military telegraph operators bill which recently passed the senate and a bill providing penalties for trespassers on the Chickamauga and Chattanooga Military park, broadened to apply to all national military parks, were reported.

⁂

New Mexico and Arizona.

The house committee on territories voted to report favorably the New Mexico statehood bill to the house and also decided to defer action on the Arizona bill. So evenly divided was the committee that the fate of the bill rested on a single vote. This vote decided to place the question of New Mexico's admission before the house for settlement, and also sidetracked for the time the decision of Arizona's fate.

⁂

Pushing Prosecution of Witnesses.

It is the intention of the government to push as rapidly as possible the prosecution of the remaining witnesses indicted for contumacy in refusing to answer questions of the senate sugar trust investigation committee, of almost two years ago. Elverton R. Chapman, the New York broker, whose conviction by the district supreme court was confirmed by the district court of appeals, will come over from New York to surrender himself Monday.

⁂

A Bankruptcy Bill.

The house committee on the judiciary has completed its work on the bankruptcy bill and decided to report the bill to the house this week. The measure is based upon the old Torcy bill, which has been in congress for several years. Under the bill as framed, involuntary bankruptcy can be forced only for fradulent or wrongful acts, or when the debtor being insolvent suspends payment for thirty days. Safeguards are provided to prevent the dissipation of estates by the expenses of bankruptcy.

⁂

The Fortifications Bill.

The members of the committee of the house appropriations committee who have been working on the fortification bill have been disposed to provide liberally for public works. Friday Chairman Hainer, of the subcommittee, reported the bill to the full committee and it may pass the house this week. The bill will provide for extensive works and will authorize expenditures of from $7,000,000 to $8,000,000. Under its provisions the government will be able to begin the extensive works contemplated by Senator Squire's bill and to carry them on for the first year. In the main, the recommendations of the war department will be carried out and the manufacture of carriages and parts of guns will be continued so that the guns can be put into use as soon as they have been made. The cash appropriations of the bill will be sufficient for carrying on the work to March next.

⁂

Minister Terrell Returned.

Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, United States minister to Turkey, who arrived in New York from abroad Sunday, reached Washington at night and made an early call Monday morning on Secretary Olney, with whom he was closeted for some time. Mr. Terrell declined to talk for publication about the Turkish situation beyond repeating the remark he made on landing in New York, that there had been no outbreaks for two months and that everything in the perturbed sections was apparently quiet. He added that despite the attacks made on his administration as minister, he knew to his gratification that he was sustained by the president and the state department. Mr. Terrell could give no information as to the length of his stay in America nor whether he would visit his home in Texas. There is reason to believe that Mr. Terrell will remain in Washington for some time, going over with the president and Secretary Olney all the matters affecting the relations of Turkey and United States and giving them the benefit of his knowledge and observation.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

NINETY-SIXTH DAY.

Several bills of minor importance were passed by the house, among them being the following: For the relief of settlers within the indemnity of the New Orleans Pacific railroad; to authorize the secretary of the treasury to reconvey to the former owners certain lands in Valveade county, Texas. A bill granting a pension of $100 a month to Gen. John M. Thayer was passed. Mr. Leonard, republican, of Pennsylvania, presented the report of the committee on elections in the case of W. C. Robertson vs. George B. Harrison, recommending the adoption of a resolution declaring Mr. Harrison to be entitled to his seat. The resolution was agreed to without debate. After about an hour devoted to miscellaneous business the Cuban question was taken up and debated until the hour of adjournment. Having reached an agreement to vote on Monday the house, at 10 p. m., adjourned.

NINETY-SEVENTH DAY.

The senate met, talked and adjourned, with an agreement to vote at 5 p. m. tomorrow on the postoffice appropriation bill.... In the house Mr. Wadsworth, of New York, chairman of the committee on agriculture, read a letter from Secretary Morton stating that, in obedience to the unanimous sentiment of the house, he had arranged to put up garden seeds in packages of five each instead of fifteen, as at first arranged, making 2,025,000 packets instead of 625,000 for the use of the members of congress. The change required an additional expense of $5,000. The report of the conference committee, recommending the adoption of the senate Cuban resolutions, was agreed to; yeas 245, nays 27. The river and harbor bill was passed by a vote of 216 to 40, and the house adjourned until tomorrow.

NINETY-EIGHTH DAY.

After the introduction of several resolutions the senate resumed consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill. An amendment by Mr. Wolcott, republican, of Colorado, that whenever one postoffice is consolidated with another so as to make it a station or substation, as provided in the bill, the salary of the superintendent or clerk may be paid out of the appropriation for clerks, was voted down by 48 to 7. Mr. Pasco offered an amendment that nothing in the bill should authorize the establishment or maintenance of any station, sub-station or branch postoffice beyond the limits of any city or town. This was adopted—yeas 30, nays 25. The committee amendment appropriating $80,000 as additional compensation to the Oceanic Steamship company for ocean mail service from San Francisco to New Zealand and New South Wales was agreed to—yeas 32, nays 21. And the item of $196,614 for necessary and special mail facilities on trunk lines from Boston to Atlanta and New Orleans by way of New York and Washington was retained in the bill, Mr. Vilas' motion to strike it out having been voted down—yeas 13, nays 39. An amendment requiring the expenditure of $50,000 for experiments in rural free delivery was offered by Mr. Butler, populist, of North Carolina, and was agreed to—yeas 27, nays 25. The bill was then passed and the senate at 5:35 adjourned until tomorrow.... The session of the house today was devoted to consideration of a bill for the establishment of a public library in Washington, and a bill to adopt the metric system of weights and measures. Pending a call for the yeas and nays on the latter the house adjourned.

NINETY-NINETH DAY.

The senate passed the bill granting a pension of $50 a month to the widow of Major General C. H. Hamilton; a bill authorizing a bridge across the Chattahoochee river at Columbus, Ga., and a bill for the improvement of roads at Gettysburg National park. After an executive session the Indian appropriation bill was taken up and at 5 o'clock it was laid aside and the senate adjourned.... In the house the bill to adopt the metric system of weights and measures, after having passed by a majority of two, was reconsidered and referred back to the committee. The bill to repeal the compulsory pilotage law so far as it relates to sailing vessels in the coastwise trade was called up, discussed and laid aside with the understanding that a vote on it will be taken tomorrow. The conference report on the agricultural bill was adopted and the house adjourned.

ONE-HUNDREDTH DAY.

The Indian appropriation bill was considered in the senate and after making some progress was laid aside. The remainder of the time was taken up in speeches and routine business, until the last hour, when seventy-five private pension bills were taken from the calendar and passed, and the senate adjourned.... In the house the bill to repeal the compulsory pilotage law was defeated. The District of Columbia appropriation bill was passed. Several other matters were before the house upon which no final action was taken. At 5:05 the house adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIRST DAY.

The day's session of the senate was devoted chiefly to considering the Indian appropriation bill. A bill granting aid to an international exposition at Omaha was passed, and the senate adjourned.... In the house the debate on the bill to provide a tax on domestic and imported filled cheese was continued. A number of local and private bills were passed—an evening session was held to consider private pension bills, of which three were passed. Adjourned.

Ohio Adopts Electrocution.

By the action of the house Thursday, in passing the Jones senate bill, Ohio adopts the electric method of execution. It does not go into effect until July 1, and continues the gallows method of execution for all persons upon whom the sentence of death has already been pronounced. Four condemned men now in the annex of the state prison will therefore be hung. Charles Morris, who has been found guilty of murder in the first degree at Washington Court House and is awaiting sentence, will probably be the first victim of the electric chair in the state.

Strife Between Fellow Craftsmen.

Governor McGraw, of Washington, on Wednesday evening called out the militia on account of the trouble between the Washington and Oregon fishermen along the Columbia river near Ilwaco, on the Pacific coast, and forty picked men left Seattle for the seat of trouble Thursday afternoon. Their instructions are to aid the civil authorities of the Pacific country. It is feared the action of the governor will foment strife, and further trouble is feared.

Last Year's Poor Mackerel Catch.

Last year's mackerel catch was almost a failure, and few of the many vessels engaged in the fishery paid expenses. Bad weather and fog prevented a good catch in the early part of the season and the fish were not at all plentiful. Later in the season the weather was good, and large bodies of mackerel were seen at different points along the Atlantic coast, but for some reason they were wild, did not school and could not be taken. The same conditions are said also to have been noticed abroad. The Norwegian and Irish mackerel catches were very poor.

Miss Alcott's View.

In a book of reminiscences of Concord thirty years ago, by Frank Stearns, just published, the author relates how Miss Alcott came to him one day, and asked him to take her out rowing. He complied, but he found it more of a job than he had anticipated.

"This is the darnedest boat I ever pulled," he remarked.

"Frank," said Miss Alcott, "never say darn. Much better to be profane than vulgar."

Paderewski's Joke.

The other day when Paderewski was dining at a hotel in Richmond, Va., a fine nickel-plated banjo was sent in by a local banjo player, with the request that the great pianist should write a short musical sentiment on the sheepskin head. Paderewski complied with the request, and this is the sentiment to which he attached his signature: "I have not the pleasure of being a performer on this beautiful instrument; am only a piano player." Now the banjo player is asking his friends if the virtuoso was "jollying" him.

Circulation.

In about twenty-two seconds a drop of blood goes the round of the body. In about every two minutes the entire blood in the body makes the round through the right side of the heart, the lungs, to the left side of the heart, through the arteries, the veins, again to the heart.

Hope for Massachusetts Spinsters.

The male births in Massachusetts during the past year exceeding the female births by nearly 2,000.

"I write to let you know how pleased I am with your sarsaparilla. I felt very weak and tired last month, and went, as usual, to get ——'s sarsaparilla, and did not know but I had ——'s until I got home, when I found I had yours. And pleased I am that I got yours, for it made me rugged and strong sooner than ——'s, and so strong that I set to work, alone, to turn a house round. I moved this house its full length, and then 16 feet back. Quite an undertaking for one man. But it was your sarsaparilla that gave me strength to do it. I shall always take it in future."—THOS. WARD, Hill St., Oliphant, Pa., Dec. 28, 1895.

WEIGHTY WORDS FOR Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Successful

growers of **fruits, berries,** and all kinds of **vegetables,** know that the largest yields and best quality are produced by the liberal use of fertilizers containing at least 10% of

Actual Potash.

Without the liberal use of Potash on sandy soils, it is impossible to grow fruits, berries and vegetables of a quality that will command the best prices.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. P. T. Barry, who has general charge of the advertising contracts of the Chicago Newspaper Union, is compelled to pass a large portion of his time in journeying to and fro in the interests he represents. Speaking of Ripans Tabules, Mr. Barry says that he has carried them with him in his satchel on all his trips, since he first became acquainted with their excellent qualities. He uses four or five a week, being always particular to take one after a hearty or, more especially, after a hasty meal. He never requires more than one. Mr. Barry does not remember how he was first induced to make trial of Ripans Tabules, but now he buys them of the nearest druggist whenever his supply is exhausted. "They are specially convenient," Mr. Barry says, "and a mighty nice thing—just what a man needs when traveling, if he needs a medicine at all."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

Webster's International Dictionary

The One Great Standard Authority,
So writes Hon. D. J. Brewer,
Justice U. S. Supreme Court.

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It is easy to find the word wanted.
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It is easy to learn what a word means.

THE BEST WORK OF ITS KIND.
The Boston Herald says:—
No dictionary can be final, but for the next twenty-five years the International must be accepted as the best work of its kind in the English language

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Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896. NO. 26.

A HISTORICAL STORY.

WITH 60,000,000 HEROES AND 50,000 VILLAINS.

A Brief Running Sketch of the Pioneer Days, Progress and Degeneration of the American People—Where Will It End?

Romance and oppression brought our forefathers to found a home of freedom on the mysterious shores of America. Brave, adventurous spirits were those who broke the ties of old associations and came to exercise their God-given rights and ingenuity upon the raw material of creative bounty. They found the land ready-made, free as the air and water, which in turn purified and refreshed each other for the growth of a glorious vegetation, without which neither man nor any other animal could exist.

Throughout the long and hard struggle of shaping natural wealth to artificial and human designs, their imaginations looked forward to the establishment of a noble society of free men, women and children, sharing equally the bounties of nature, and equally protected in life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Fancy kept pace with fact, and hope inspired them through toil and tragedy. The good humor of health and freedom drove away homesickness and bound them together in love and loyalty to each other.

They were neither phanatics nor knaves. There was but little originality in their plans—they were simply following the natural instincts which the Creator instilled into the souls of the first pair in the Garden of Eden.

There was a God-made before a man-made decree that all men should be free and equal. As long as every man was compelled to earn his bread by the sweat of his own brow there was unity and patriotism. Necessity bound them with no stronger ties than brotherly love—but a few were bound only with necessity, and as the means of protection increased the selfish ones early set about to acquire a portion of the country's riches without work. They saw that in protecting themselves the people must also protect the guests who did not work. They dare not permit invasions of enemies in the hope of their killing only the idlers. The common people were always in the majority, hence in protecting themselves also guarded the holes in which the cowardly speculators were hidden.

The speculators early invaded the American soil—the people were honest and unsuspicious—besides they were not quite free from the doctrines of landlordism taught in their old homes. They submitted to seizure of lands, and never questioned the validity of charters from kings of the old countries.

There was seemingly plenty of land for all time, and people of growing communities, when crowded, moved farther west and took up new land.

And all this time speculators were getting more and more land, for which they had no use, and holding it for the time when they might take advantage of the necessity of the people for homes and sell them land. It required "long heads" to look forward so far—and the common people never trouble themselves about the future while everything appears to move smoothly. Capital descends to the idle sons and grandsons of millionaires, and likewise the necessity of homes descends to the children and grandchildren of debtors. Children are born in debt, and pay what their fathers owed to dead men to the children who were born holding mortgages against the unborn. Truly the mortgage is a deathgrip.

Ever since Abraham bought a sepulcher, and paid for it with silver, money has been building palaces upon graves.

Money has been the cause of every war that stains the pages of civilization's history. It is the bunco-steerer that gets two "hay-seeds" fighting and steals their coats while they fight. It gambles on the results of war as it would on a cock-fight. Its owners never go to war; they hire substitutes and save their own precious heads to govern the fools who are left after the fighting is over.

English love of money forced our forefathers into revolution.

Love of money caused the late war. The men who fought to abolish slavery were patriotic in their effort to abolish the evil—but love of money caused the evil—and in the war itself the money power had no interest except as a speculation. Black slave owners lost, and white slave drivers won.

Capital laughed at the pathos of the situation, and turned its attention to forcing an issue of bonds to control labor without the responsibility of feeding the laborer.

Thousands of heroes lost their lives to free the slaves, and others lived to become slaves themselves.

The people of the south were so badly whipped that they were willing to accept anything—and the soldiers of the north were so puffed up with victory that they suspected no conspiracy and in the sight of "old glory" marched in proud military step to their doom. The war gave common people something to talk about for the few years that capital wanted for uninterrupted scheming.

Parties sprang up, bitterly opposed to each other, and the people took sides blindly, while the far-seeing money power contributed to the campaign funds of both parties and collected their pay from the administration, in the shape of land grants, subsidies, franchises, etc., etc.

Newspapers were started, and tried to tell the truth, but found it more profitable to lie for money. Art and literature were pursued principally by the inane millionaire society class, and vigorous truth was condemned by the plutocratic press as blasphemy and treason. Nature was pronounced vulgar, and the people read only such papers as plutocracy endorsed and supported. The laborer was told that God intended him to do the dirty work, and that brains should rule. Thank God, they will—a few brave students here and there have been studying the principles of justice, besides applying these principles to existing conditions—and when the people grew sick of the slush and slobbering of society chatter, solid food was demanded—and the demand brought the supply. Authors, heretofore too poor to bear the expense of expressing themselves, found the people's press ready to publish, at its own risk, modest works that have since circulated to the corners of the earth.

The birth of the Populist movement was a great psychological explosion. Little fires broke out here and there, growing brighter, then dying, only to be succeeded by a conflagration that startles the world.

The effect of the teaching of all the despised great thinkers of all time seems to have concentrated for a final struggle that must succeed now or never. There is no more land to be taken up, no more wildernesses to conquer—the people must turn about and make homes where they find themselves.

I started to write a story, and began it with the word "romance"—but there is no romance in it. There are fathers and mothers, lovers and maidens in the story—some of them married—some of them single—but as for them living "happily-ever afterward," they made a mistake in not killing or driving the villains to suicide, as is done in the conventional stage play—so there is no happiness. Marriage entangles hearts in the problem, and financiers don't consider hearts. This story will end with the coming of the millennium.

GEO. A. PUCKETT.

Hardy, Ark.

Cleveland's Debt.

"T. M. P." asks the Press how much money there was in the treasury when ex-President Harrison took his seat in 1889 and how much there was when Cleveland took his seat in 1893. Information is also desired as to the total issue of bonds made under the Cleveland administration, and how much the interest thereon will be.

The Treasury books show that on March 1, 1889, three days prior to General Harrison's inauguration, there was $266,404,441 in the Treasury, and on March 1, 1893, immediately preceding Cleveland's inauguration, the total available cash was $124,128,089. In the four years of Harrison the National debt was reduced as follows in round numbers:

1890	$125,000,000
1891	135,000,000
1892	40,000,000
1893	10,000,000

This was an aggregate of $310,000,000 of interest bearing obligations canceled. The Cleveland administration to date exhibits an increase in the national debt of four bond sales. The first issue was in February, 1894, $50,000,000 at 5 per cent, for ten years, commanding $25,000,000 interest at maturity. The second issue was in November, 1894, of $50,000,000 five per cent bonds, for nine and one-half years, commanding $23,750,000 interest at maturity. The third issue was in February, 1895, of $62,315,400 four per cent bonds for thirty years, commanding $74,778,480.

The fourth issue was in February, 1896, for $100,000,000 four per cent bonds, running twenty-nine years at four per cent commanding 116,000,000 interest at maturity. This addition to the public indebtedness is in principal $262,315,400 and in interest $239,528,480, making a grand total of $501,843,880. The sum total of the Cleveland indebtedness, is found by adding to this increase of interest-bearing debt the Treasury deficiency to date.—New York Press.

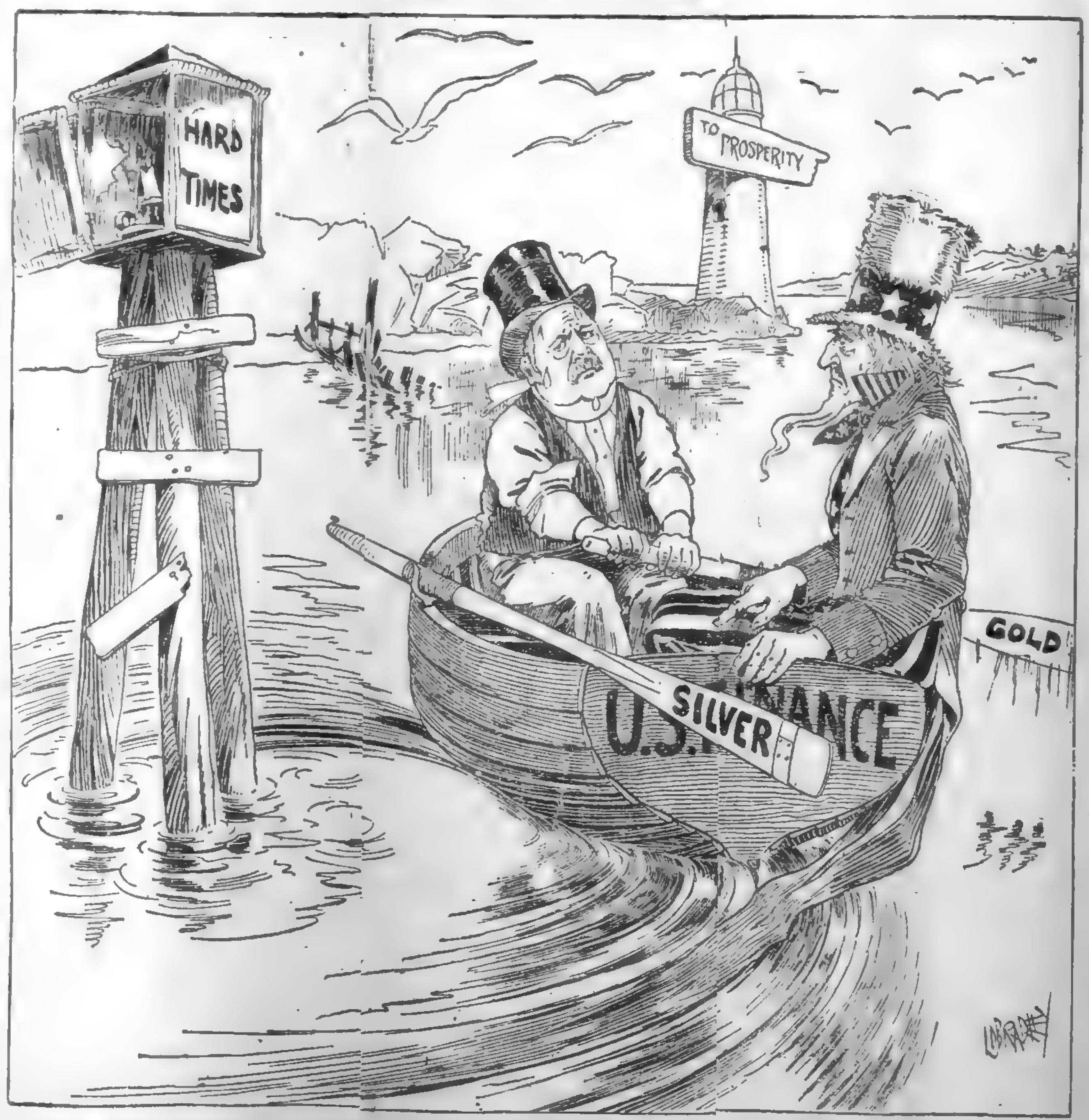
The Tariff Humbug.

The republicans proclaim loudly that protection is the one and only issue, the holy of holies, the ark of the covenant as it were. How hypocritical is this pretence plainly appears when they are called on to choose between protection and the single gold standard. The other day, in the Kentucky legislature, it seemed as if the race for senator was to be left between two democrats, Carlisle and Blackburn. Immediately the gold standard republicans rushed to the support of Carlisle in order to defeat a free silver candidate. Yet Carlisle is the ablest enemy protection ever had in congress. In fact, he is ultra free trader. Evidently the average goldbug is ready to embrace even a free-trader if with him he can get his darling idol gold. When Senator Allen made his proposal in the senate to furnish six Populist votes to the republicans to pass their tariff bill if they would incorporate free silver with it, they declined with scorn. They prefer to let even protection go than to grant free silver. This shows exactly how the wind blows. The silver people can learn a valuable lesson from it.—The Nonconformist.

The people's party has arrived at that point where it don't propose to listen to any propositions of fusion with either of the two old frauds which it denounces, or any other party that favors trusts or monopolies of any kind. The people's party is a party of principles, and when it ceases to be such it should go out of existence.

Money and transportation are two agents of exchange which are of a public nature, and government can't control either without owning and operating them.

SWINGING 'ROUND THE CIRCLE.



Uncle Sam: "Grover, you'r making me dizzy; why don't you use both oars and go straight ahead?"—National Bimetallist.

MR. TOBE SPILKINS.

HE THINKS POLITICS ARE VERY BADLY MIXED.

Makes Him Sweat to Keep Up—Would Leave the Democratic Party If He Did Not Want to Be Sheriff So Bad—Describes Nineteen Kinds of Democrats

From Morgan's Buzz-Saw (Hardy, Ark.)
Boney Forks,
(Which is in the Stait uv Arkansaw),
February the 6teenth, 18ninety6.

Mistur Editur—Things is gittin' aufully mixed up. I'll be dad gummed if I hain't gittin' tired uv this politix biznes. If it wuzen't fur bein' sheruff I'd leev the dad dratted party. It hain't no longer a solid falanx like it wuz when I cooden't git the nominashun fur nuthin'. Now when I kin git the nominashun fur a good offis, tha air quarllin' and fussin' like dogs and kats. I never wuz so puzzeled tu kno how tu bee a Democrat in mi life. Thare hain't no recete nor formulay that will sute aul okkashuns. God knose I tri tu bee a Demikrat, fur I want tu be sheruff so bad, but it maiks me swet. The trubbel now iz I don't kno whitch kind uv a Demikrat tu be. Thar iz tu mi nollege ninetene kinds uv Dimikrats, az follers:

The goldbug Demikrats,
The free silver Demikrats,
The national bank Demikrats,
The government issue Demikrats,
The high tariff Demikrats,
The low tariff Demikrats,
The tariff fur revenu Demikrats,
The fre traid Demikrats,
The bond ishuin' Demikrats,
The anti-bond ishuin' Demikrats,
The home rool Demikrats,
The federal trupes Demikrats,
The grenebak Demikrats,
The hard munny Demikrats,
The "my daddy wuz" Demikrats,
The inkum tacks Demikrats,
The no inkum tacks Demikrats,
The phool Demikrats whoo don't want offis.
The smart Demikrats whoo duz.

Thare ma be sum uther varietize, but I kan't think uv them now, and I hoap tha won't git offended bekoz I fale tu menshun thair partikular variety.

Now what puzzels me iz whair did aul these varietize kum frum? Tha coodent kum frum the saim ansesters, and it looks like sumboddy haz bin goin' awa frum hoam and krossin' the brede. Tha hain't no differents betwene sum uv theze Demikrats and the Republikans. If sum uv our leeders hain't bin sleepin' with Republikan harlots then I hain't no judg uv ophspring, and kan't tell a mulatter frum a ful blooded nigger, whitch I think I kin.

Thare wuz a time when you cood tel a Demikrat bi the wa he talked, but now you haf tu see him voat be4 you kin kno. The only sines left uv old Demokrasy that kin be rekonized without identyfikashun is our luv fur likker and our inklinashun tu kuss the Republikans.

Under theze tryin' surkemstanses it iz very diffikult tu run fur offis with enny kind uv satisfakshun.

When a man runs fur offis he iz expekted to sa sumthing. In order tu git tu bee sheruff I cood kepe mi mouth shut and be a ninetene-sided Demikrat, but tu talk enny tu speek uv and sute aul kinds uv Demikrats iz a fete that is hard tu du. I hav bin thinkin' over what kind uv a speach I wood maik in this kampane, and have rit out what I am goin' tu sa. I think it will kiver aul kinds uv Demikrats and not maik enny uv 'em mad. Here is mi speach in substantal:

"Feller sitizens: I am no offis seeker like the dad gummed Populists, but at the urgent solisitashun uv millyuns uv mi frends I hav konsented tu leev mi peeceful home and la doun fur the time beein' mi okkupashun az a plain onest farmer, and bekum yoor kandydait fur the responsibel offis uv sheruff. (Cheers.) Feller sitizens, in makin' this grait sacrifize, I want tu sa I du it with du appresiashun uv the onerous dutize uv the offis tu whitch I—I mene mi frends, hav asked me tu aspire. You want tu kno, uv korse, be4 you voat fur me what mi politix iz. I want tu sa rite here tha air jist the saim az yourn. (Great and tremendous applauze.) Tu the men whoo beleev in a gold standard I want tu sa, when Tobe Spilkins iz sheruff, he wil let you pa yoor fines and taxes in gold. (Not mutch applauze.) Tu the fre silver men, you kin pa yoor's in silver, and the paper munny men kin pa thair's in paper munny. (Applauze.) And tu the men whoo hain't got enny munny at aul, I want tu sa I wil taik the taxes in koon skins and heffers. (Aufful site uv applauze.) Feller sitizens, I stand with you aul on the tariff. (Applauze.) I beleev in a hi tariff on sum things, a low taruff on sum things, and fre traid in sum things, and what tariff we have, adjusted fur revenu only. (Tremendous applauze.) I'm oppozed tu nashnul banks (applauze) eggscept when we think it iz nessessary (applauze). I'm oppozed tu the ishue uv bonds (applauze) only when we nede munny. (Cheers.) I'm in faver uv home rool fur Demikrats (appluaze) and federul trupes fur the Republikans and Populists. (Wild and enthusiastic applauze.) I'm in faver uv them whoo wants an inkum tacks a havin' it (applauze) and them whoo don't want it not havin' it. (Applauze.) My daddy wuz a Demikrat (applauze) and I never scratched a tickket in mi life. (Great eggscitement and loud cheering.) I luv the grand old Demikratick party (applauze) with its brilyant rekord and eminent staitsmen. (Applauze.) I wil never see its banner traled in the dust. (Loud cheers.) It's a grand old party. (Cheers). It's got more prinsiples on tap than enny other party ever thought uv. (Cheers.) It stands reddy tu reseev ennyboddy that wants tu kum intu its shelterin' fold, and it don't maik enny differents what he beleevs. (Cheers.) We have taken out patents on ninetene kinds of Demikrats and have patents for seven moar kinds applide fur. (No applauze.) Let every Demikrat du hiz duty. Boys, stand bi the grand old party wunts moar. Let us voat 'er strate. Let the seeride ranks kloze up and form a solid falanx whose majestick tred kin be heerd from the rok bound shores uv Nu Ingland tu the golden gait uv Kaliforny, and from the shimmerin' laiks tu the Gulf uv Mecksiko. Let the band pla." (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

You see, I hav insurted the "cheers" and "applauze" at the proper plaises, and when I am maikin' mi speach and kum tu them I maik a sine tu the uther kandydaits, and tha start the applauze. I think this iz the best plan, az you air aulwaze shure uv the applause and git it right whair it iz needed, and whair you want it. If that speach don't fetch 'em I don't kno what wil. It don't seme tu me like ennyboddy cood find enny falt with it.

Seniter Jones and Guvernor Clark iz havin' a talkin' match in mi stait now. Tha both want tu be seniters. Clark kin beet Seniter Jones a spittin', and kin hold him a purty level rase a promisin' good things tu the peeple, but I don't think Clark kin beet Jim Jones, becos Jim haz a bigger salary tu spend than Clark. I hoap I'll git tu bee sheruff. Yours til the kows kum home.

TOBE SPILKINS,
Whoo wants tu bee sheruff.

Goldbug Praise for Populists.

The following encomium from the goldbug Oregonian on the populist party will make thousands of votes for the army of reformers in the coming elections:

"For the free-silver man, whether he pretends to be a republican or democrat, there is no logical stopping place or ground to stand on short of the populist camp. There is where he belongs, for the populist party is the only party that has committed itself on any national platform to free coinage of silver. When, therefore, men who insist on free coinage of silver like Hon. C. P. Yates, of Washington county, and Hon. Sylvester Pennoyer, of Multnomah county, take formal leave of the republican and democratic parties and cast their lot with the populist organization, they do a logical, necessary and straightforward thing: The populist party is the silver-money party."

We seldom have an opportunity to copy the truth from any of Rothschild's organs; but the Oregonian, of March 5, 1896, admits the fact that there is no room in the army of avarice, flaunting the banner of the demo-republican combination, for an honest silver man. No one can serve in either of Rothschild's political parties without leaving country, home, liberty, prosperity and happiness behind. It is only the captains and generals, the bosses and corruptionists of the two old parties, who live upon the fat of the land and enjoy the crumbs which fall from the table of gold aristocracy. Honest men in the ranks of gold monopoly are as much out of place as Christians obeying the commands of the father of lies who offered to the Savior of mankind as large a bribe as the kings of avarice ever offered for the worship and submission of the masses to the rule of the classes. What honest man can view universal distress in a country of unbounded resources and inhabited by seventy millions of the most enterprising and energetic people on earth, without indignation against the conspirators who produced the ruin? When the Oregonian says that the populist party is the only party against hard times, is the only party that repudiates alien rule, is the only party that is opposed to bonded slavery, is the only party that is in favor of preserving the institutions of America, is the only party of liberty, truth and equal rights, it commends the populist party in language of eulogy which cannot be surpassed. If it be true, that the populist party is the only party in favor of Americans ruling America, and against the subjugation of this country to the English gold standard, and the oppression and extortion of the agents and emissaries of the mother country, what name is there in the English language which shines brighter and is more emblematic of our institutions than the name "Populist," which is already glorious by the enemies it has made? The commendation of the Oregonian has removed every objection that any honest man can have to join the populists in a common cause against the iniquities which the Oregonian cherishes, and for which it lives and has its being.

Don't be alarmed, Mr. Oregonian, the silver men and populists, and all other good men, will get together to fight your kind and every other kind who are in favor of the enemies of the republic. You have drawn the line between honest American citizens and Tory corruptionists of the gold standard. The people will take you at your word.—Silver Knight.

Both the old parties are in favor of "control" of railroads; the Omaha platform favors ownership, and when it was put there it was supposed to be a "fundamental principle" of the platform.

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EVANGELIST DIAZ.

The Cuban, Imprisoned by Weyler. Appeal to Baptists in his Behalf.

A million and a half Baptists will soon be demanding the release of Rev. A. J. Diaz, the Cuban evangelist, who has been arrested and imprisoned by General Weyler. Rev. I. T. Tichenor, corresponding secretary of the Southern Baptist convention, has issued an address to the Baptists of the south. In it he calls on the denomination to raise a fund to defend Diaz and to care for him and his family. Dr. Tichenor says that Diaz will not dare to touch a mouthful of food prepared in the Spanish prison for fear of being poisoned. The Baptists of this section, and they are numerous, are arroused by the news of the arrest, and they will appeal at once to the state department to interfere.

Diaz is an American citizen. He was a patriot of the revolution twenty years ago. To escape arrest he threw himself into the sea, hoping to drift back to shore at nightfall, but he floated so far out that he could not get back. A passing ship picked him up and carried him to New York. He was converted in this country, joined the Baptist church and returned to Cuba as an evangelist. He has done a great work there and has greatly endeared himself to the Baptists of the states.

News of the arrest and incarceration by the Spanish officials of Rev. A. J. Diaz, an American citizen and superintendent of missions of the Southern Baptist convention, in Cuba, was received in Atlanta, Ga., last Thursday by telegram from Havana to Dr. I. T. Tichenor, corresponding secretary of the home mission board of the Southern Baptist convention. No particulars are given, but it is presumed that the arrest is on account of Dr. Diaz's well-known pro-insurgent proclivities, though it is not believed here that he has been guilty of any overt act that should have subjected him to imprisonment.

Dr. Diaz is a great favorite among southern Baptists, and it is probable that a concerted movement will begin among them to secure his release. He is a native of Cuba, and, it is said, had to flee from the island on account of his alleged connection with the rebels in the former revolutions, escaping from a pursuing party of Spanish soldiers by swimming out from the shore to a passing vessel. He went to New York and subsequently entered the Baptist ministry. After the war he returned to Cuba to undertake the work of proselyting his own people. He has been very successful and has built up a large following in Havana, where he presides over the finest protestant church on the island.

A young woman, who has no name, was arrested in New York City the other day for stealing with her teeth.

RATHER HOT UP THERE.

Several Cities Report Last Friday the Hottest April Day Yet Recorded by the Signal Service.

Philadelphia—The hottest April 16 experienced in many years. The highest point reached was 88 degrees at 3 p. m., but the greatest discomfort was caused by the excessive humidity. No fatalities have been reported.

Chicago—The hottest April day since the signal service was established in Chicago. The mercury went to 87 in the afternoon, beating the highest previous mark by 3 degrees; and it was several degrees warmer in the street. No prostrations were reported.

New York—Eighty-five degrees was shown by the official thermometer at 3 o'clock p. m., the highest temperature for an April day that the local signal office has recorded. This was the fourth day of the hot spell and according to the forecast there probably will be three more days of high temperature before a change comes.

Murderer Shot and Captured.

Julius Zilke, who murdered in cold blood his employer, Edward Davids, a wealthy farmer, near Markesan, April 6, and has since eluded officers, was captured at Appleton, Wis., Thursday morning. Zilke carried a rifle, with which the murder was committed. Policeman Garvey overtook him on the railway tracks about a mile north of the city, and called upon him to surrender. Zilke raised his rifle to fire, whereupon the officer shot him twice, once just over the heart, and once in the hand. After being shot, Zeilke dropped his gun and ran nearly a mile before he was caught. He will probably die. There is a reward of $1,300 for his capture.

A Fiend Incarnate.

Walter Crawford, a fugitive negro convict, is inviting a violent death in the country about forty miles southeast of Memphis, Tenn. Tuesday morning he knocked his guard senseless with a club, released a gang of fellow convicts and fled with the guard's weapons. Making his way to the home of a witness against him, Crawford shot him dead and would have served his wife the same had she not escaped by flight. He then went after a hostile planter, who saw him coming and, mounting his horse, hurriedly fled the danger. Friday the sheriff and posse took the field and it was reported last night the fugitive had already killed two of his pursuers.

Five Children Suffocated.

In a tenement house fire at Turner's Falls, Mass., at 5 o'clock Friday morning, five French children were suffocated. Property loss small.

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Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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REGISTER!

REGISTRATION begins on Monday, May 4.

NEWS comes from Georgia that the Populists and Republicans will unite on the same State ticket.

THE county executive committee met at Clanton, last Saturday and counted the votes cast at the first primary. We give the details in another column.

ANOTHER victory! Yesterday Mr. A. T. Goodwin took his seat in Congress and the ballot thieving fraternity get one more set back Mr. Goodwin took his seat amidst applause. Hurrah for co-operation and dismay to organized democracy.

WE are again oblige to hold over a pile of communications, and once more call the attention of our correspondents to the fact that letters received on Thursday morning cannot be expected to be published that same day.

THE county convention met at Clanton on Saturday last. Ira Campbell was elected chairman and Alex G. Dake secretary. The following were elected delegates to the State convention: E. L. Manning, W. G. Riggins, J. R. Vinson, B. M. Gentry' G. W. Patrick, H. I. Honeycutt, W. H. Conway. A motion was made and carried that the delegation go without instructions.

A PRIVATE telegram states that Mr. W. F. Aldrich, the recently seated member from Alabama, was on Thursday last appointed a member of the committee on banking and finance, one of the most important committees in the House.

Mr. Aldrich's bill on finance which he introduced in a few days after he was seated, has made him recognized at once as one of the ablest members of Congress and his constituency has cause to feel proud of him—Ex.

MARDIS L. WOOD, whilom Democratic nominee for congress from this District, and a member of the State Democratic Executive Committee, was on Tuesday morning, at the depot in Montgomery, shot by Sheriff Kennedy of Dallas for alienating the affections of his (Kennedy's) wife. Percy Wood, who was with his brother at the time, was also shot and died soon after. Mardis was not killed, but is expected to lose both arms. Kenneday gave himself up.

THE Democratic State convention has put the free silver plank in its platform and elected a solid silver delegation to the national convention. That's alright in its way and we are glad of it. Only we expect the next Democratic State convention will be putting the sub-treasury plank of the Populites in its next platform. The Populist "crank" of to-day is the wise man of the Democrats two years hence.

THE PRIMARY

Beat	1		2	3		4		5	6		7	8	9	4	Totl
Box		1	2	1	2	1	1	2		1	2			2	
Sheriff															
James T. Croley	12	10	60	26	23	36	80	32	24	14	4	13	28	14	376
Lee Hayes	7	..	4	38	22	84	7	..	32	31	8	45	37	2	317
M. A Killgore	36	14	45	..	14	39	24	6	3	2	..	2	42	14	241
G. W. Patrick	10	..	3	1	1	5	2	3	29	12	20	62	17	7	178
Tax Assessor															
E. W. Bailey	..	..	1	2	..	7	34	8	4	..	4	70	6	1	137
A. C. Mims	17	..	5	41	..	74	55	2	60	23	..	26	17	13	33.
S. D. Posey	3	24	75	..	30	7	8	1	5	..	32	3	24	..	21.
L. B. Pounds	33	1	17	17	31	46	9	12	13	34	3	17	61	17	311
J. J. L. Stewart	11	..	5	8	1	23	4	18	5	..	..	2	16	6	99
Tax Collector															
J. G. Gay	..	..	3	6	..	1	2	..	4	1	..	49	1	..	67
T. J. Hubbard	9	9	52	29	46	15	15	2	15	29	20	8	28	..	277
J. A. Logan	41	2	24	7	15	62	37	9	24	14	19	31	80	17	382
P. M. Moore	12	10	39	15	2	62	7	5	28	14	..	24	11	11	240
Ben H. Wells	3	4	3	5	..	20	52	23	12	..	..	2	3	9	136
Treasurer															
Alex G. Dake	61	25	91	42	52	136	73	38	60	50	39	96	94	32	889
Co. Supt. of Ed.															
J. W. Moore	62	23	90	61	55	148	90	38	84	50	33	107	113	32	986
Representative															
Frank Crichton	2	2	..	6	4	17	7	3	5	..	34	26	2	1	109
L. H. Reynolds	59	22	108	20	31	30	19	30	16	13	5	72	94	12	531
E. G. Rollins	..	..	1	36	18	110	80	7	60	41	..	..	19	21	393
Com. First Dist.															
John W. Foshee	6	6	16	12	9	13	23	23	9	6	..	36	24	13	196
Sam Pate	50	18	63	8	19	22	26	11	28	22	6	50	20	2	345
R. C. Riggins	10	1	10	41	31	110	16	1	45	27	34	16	73	14	429
Second Dist.															
Alex G. Glasscock	55	16	77	20	29	75	48	21	41	48	38	84	91	8	651
S. E. Waldrup	7	7	20	30	32	62	7	15	32	3	1	13	15	18	262
Third Dist.															
P. E. Harris	30	16	5	7	..	70	41	31	36	3	..	68	51	21	379
C. W. Plant	2	1	..	..	1	10	2	1	10	3	..	34	5	1	70
J. G. Smitherman	25	5	84	53	58	59	11	2	25	50	39	13	35	1	460
Fourth Dist.															
Moses Robinson	59	21	73	37	52	61	27	8	38	42	38	99	85	4	644
Riley Robinson	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	23
Jno. H. Vinson.	..					86	62	28	49				8		233

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Coopers, Ala., April 21, '96.
To the Voters of Chilton county.

As my name has been introduced to a number of you at the primary election held on the 14th day of April, 1896, as a candidate for a Legislator. I now feel it to be my duty to speak to the public concerning this matter. I was not a candidate my self. I did not authorize onyone to use my name as such on that day. Mr. Miller, the chairman of the Executive committee, called on me in the evening of the 13th, before the primary was to be held the next day following, and insisted that I become a candidate for the Legislature at once and let my name go before the people to-morrow. I said to him that it was too late and stated to him that I had been solicited by a number of my friends to make the race for that office but had refused to run the race. Mr. Miller said that there is considerable dissatisfaction among the people with the other candidates for this office, and that it was his understanding that a number of the people would vote for me whether I did consent to run or not. In this conversation I said to Mr. Miller that if my people picked me up and run me anyway and if they were to nominate me that I would have to serve them. I am satisfied that it was this expression from me that caused my name to go before the poople on the day of the primary. Mr. Miller said to me in this conversation that there were a number of others waiting to hear from me. He did not tell me that my name would be used when he left me nor during the time that he was with me except that it was his understanding that there were a number of people that would vote for me whether I run or not.

As you know, my name was scattered among you as far as it well could be carried, and a number of votes were cast for me, large enough to place me in the second primary. This act seemed to add confusion to confusion among our people. I have had a number of men to call on me to find out what I was going to do with or concerning this movement. Some of my friends say that if I run on that I am a ruined man politically. Others say that this action is not my action and that I must not come down that I will be politically dead and such action on my part will be erroneous. You can see that I am in the center of confusion. Knowing that the highest power known among men lies in the whole people, I therefore put my case before you as your friend for you to consider and to act upon at the primary election to be held on the 5th day of May. I want you to act according to the best of your judgment in this case. If you find after a thorough examination and consideration of this case that I was wrongfully and erroneously put before my people, though you may be a special friend to me, you have the right to rebuke that act by casting your vote for Bro. Reynolds.

If I shall prove to be your choice I say to you that I will serve you and your interests to the very best of my skill and ability.

I will say to those who cast their votes for me on the 14th that they have my heartfelt thanks for the great interest and confidence that they have manifested to-ward me.

Your friend,
E. G. ROLLINS.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., April 21, 1896.
Editor BANNER: Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words concerning my position as candidate for sheriff.

For some time my name has been announced as a candidate for sheriff subject to the action of the People's Party, and last Saturday at Clanton, after the result of the primary was learned by me, and before the Executive committee examined the returns, I told my friends that if the interest of the party demanded it, and if it would be to the promotion of harmony in the party, I would willingly withdraw my name and not allow it to go before the people at their second primary, so I thought it would be better to continue my name before the people till their next primary election, and there let them say by their votes, what was best.

I am still as I have been, entirely subject to the wishes of the people, and when it is fairly expressed, I shall cheerfully yield, let their decision be as it may.

I shall not enter into any further canvas, as I am known all over the county, but will only say, that if I receive the nomination, I will appreciate it very much and will perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability, without partiality or favor, but if I do not receive it, the man who does will get my hearty support.

Very respectfully,
LEE HAYES.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., April 20 '96.
Editor BANNER: Sir, you will please give me space in your paper to express my feelings as a defeated candidate, I am perfectly satisfied and I feel my conscience clear of misrepresenting anything or bringing any reproach upon the party. To my friends I thank you all very much for your support and appreciate it as much as if I had received a majority. I wish to say to the voters to be as quiet as possible and look over the claims of the nominees and elect the men of your choice. Turn out in August and support the nominee. Gentlemen, I am out of the race but I am not out of the fight. I have my choice whom I rather would get there but every body cannot get their choice. Every body must be satisfied for the majority to rule for that is the only way we can ever keep together. I hope the people will consider well the importance of the success of our party and keep in the middle of the road. As the old saying is, stand to the rack, fodder or no fodder.

Success to the People's Party and BANNER. Respectfully,
M. A. KILLGORE.

* * *

State of Alabama,
Chilton County,

Personally Appeared before me, E. F. Fuller, a N. P. & Ex-officio J. P., C. W. Plant who being duly sworn on oath deposes and says if such report is being circulated in Chilton county, that Lee Hayes brought me out as a candidate for the office of commissioner is untrue and without foundation as he never had any talk with me on the subject of my being a candidate before or since the election and it is a positive falsehood. C. W. PLANT.

Sworn and subscribed before me this the 20 day of April, 1896, E. F. Fuller, N.P & J.P.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., April 20, '96.
Editor BANNER: It seems that the order of the day is to circulate scandalous reports, or lies, on the candidates of the different offices of the county. If that don't kill the People's party she will never die. I am a Populite from "tip to toe," and am sorry indeed that men will stoop so low as to tell lies on some one else just to gratify their own feelings. I call attention to this fact in behalf of the People's party; for she will surely go under if such procedure is continued much longer. I heard very recently that some one was telling, down on Mulberry, some miserable lies on J. A. Logan, a man who, for ten years, has almost spent his life in the interest of the Farmers Alliance and People's party. I have known him to stop his plow and ride over the county to awaken the people to a sense of their duty. He has spent valuable time in reading to prepare himself for the emergency. In fact he has done more for the reform movement than any man in the county. I have known J. A. Logan from infancy. He was a moral boy, and when he was 21 years old we elected him justice of peace in our beat in Coosa county, and he discharged his official duties with honor to himself and to his people. He is strictly a temperate man, and his character is without blemish. And now will we listen to infamous lies made and told by the most unscrupulous characters in the county, and refuse to support a man who has so valiantly fought our battles through thick and thin, and perhaps did what no other man in the county could have done as well as he did. I know of my own knowledge that he has spent his own money freely to promote our cause, and if his opponent, Mr. Hubbard, has ever done anything I have never heard of it. Equal rights to all and special favors to none should be our motto; therefore give us Logan this time for we may need him again soon to confront Col. Brown, of Talladega and others. Success to the People's Party,
A. D. MASSEY.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary
JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary. J. A. LOGAN.

TAX ASSESSOR.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.
L. B. POUNDS.

To the voters of Chilton county as I cannot see you all personally I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county, subject to the action of the People's Party primary. A. C. MIMS.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
L. H. REYNOLDS.

The friends of E. G. Rollins who took it upon themselves to submit his name at the first primary and who insist upon his candidacy, hereby announce him as a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party primary, May 5.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

COMMISSIONER.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
RUFUS C. RIGGINS.

We, the friends of Samuel Pate, hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as County Commissioner for the First District, subject to the action of the Peopeo's Party primary.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

By request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Commissioner for the Second District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
S. E. WALDRUP.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of J. Goodman Smitherman hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
MOSES ROBINSON.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Be it known that I have made the following changes in the Register business. In beat six I have appointed Elijah Deason instead of Milton Roper, as Mr. Roper's eye-sight is very much impaired and he is growing too old. In beat eight I have appointed C. W. Plant to succeed E. L. McKee on account of his health and holding a position away from home. In beat 4 by request I have appointed W. B. James in place of W. M. Wilson. Beat 9, D. N. Riggins in place of Henry Estes who has left the county. I am ready to make any other appointments for vacancies that may occur in any of the other beats when notified.

B. W. GARNER, County Rgister.

I will be at Macadonia Tuesday May 5, at Benson Saturday May 9 for the purpose of registration and at my home near Benson the remainder of the time.

J. C. VEAZEY, registrar beat 3.

Beat 1—Mr. D. H. Mullins will be at Mineral Springs on Tuesday, May 5.

Beat 9—Mr. D. N. Riggins will be at the election box at Strasburg on Tuesday, May 5.

All Beat Registers will facilitate their work by attending the primary election to be held on Tuesday, May 5. Please make your appointments.

When no change is announced in THE BANNER the Beat Registers who acted at she last election will hold the same position in this election.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 2c. per box. Sold by J. S. Johnson, Druggist.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat," foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, sniffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. [illegible] lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

DR. BROWNE.

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

FIRST-CLASS WORK

LOWEST PRICES

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA

Headquarters for Sweet Peas

Mixed Varieties per pound 40 cents, Half pound 25 cents. Quarter pound 15 cents.

....THE ONLY....

NEW DOUBLE SWEET PEA Bride of Niagara

True to name. Packet 25 cents, half Packet 15 cents.

The Wonderful Crimson Rambler Rose Only 15 cents.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1896, THE PIONEER SEED CATALOGUE. Chromo-lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Roses, Fuchsia White Phenomenal, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables.

Tried and True Novelties. Fuchsia double white Phenomenal Blackberry, The Rathbun. Tomato, Vick's Early Leader, The Earliest Tomato known.

Filled with good things old and new.

Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts. which may be deducted from first order—really FREE—or free with an order for any of the above.

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

JAMES VICK'S SONS

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton-Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

Mrs. W. A. Collier and daughter, Alice, of Birmingham, visited friends here last Saturday.

Miss Julia Moore, of Elmore, is visiting Capt. W. A. Middleton's family here this week.

We are sorry to say that Mrs. G. O. Logan continues to be quite sick.

Miss Nannie Dake is visited relatives here this week.

Mr. R. Ehrman has removed his family to Birmingham.

Mr. Oscar Mullins is able to be out again.

Master Wallace Simpson, of Montgomery, is visiting relatives here this week.

Prof. McMorries and family visited relatives in Verbena last Saturday.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Wm. A. Johnson and Miss Mattie A. Ousley; Mr. J. A. Chandler and Mrs. Mary Kelley.

Colored—James Taylor and Caroline Hannah; J. C. Middlebrooks and Viola McKinney; John Stateworth and Fannie Gibbons; Allen Fuller and Belle Foshee.

Mrs. W. A. Middleton visited Montgomery Tuesday.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

CONFEDERATE PENSIONS.

For the accommodation of the wounded confederate soldiers and widows who are entitled to the benefits of an act for the relief of needy confederate soldiers &c, approved February 13th, 1891, and who are required by said act to make application annually to the Judge of Probate for said relief. I will be at Stanton on Saturday April 25 in the forenoon, and at Maplesville in the afternoon, and those desiring to make application as required by said act can meet me at the above named places and I will wait upon them.

Respectfully,
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

WANTED—A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soaps and Pure Flavoring Extracts. $40 to $75 a month easily made. Address [illegible] Chicago, Ill.

[illegible]

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung Trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama. Seventh District, North-eastern Chancery Division, April 22, 1896.

Moses Jones, Complainant, vs. Cora Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Cora Jones is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that her post-office and residence are unknown to affiant and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the BANNER a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Cora Jones to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 25 day of May, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against her in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama this 22 day of April, 1896.
W. E. STEWART, Register in Chancery

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgement obtained against Richard Fraser out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Richard Fraser I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One-ninth undivided interest of the following named lands: [illegible]

[illegible]

Sheriff's Sale.

[illegible]

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
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WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodic visits in our and adjoining counties and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of the jurors drawn for the Spring term of Circuit court, commencing on Monday, May 11, 1896.

GRAND JURY.

Beat 1 R Vanderslice, W H Conway.

Beat 2 S A Curry, L H Reynolds, Harrison Driver.

Beat 3 Wylie Foshee, J P Nix, J H Jones.

Beat 4 J E Evans, R E Jones.

Beat 5 James Wood, J H Bostwick, Calvin Dennis.

Beat 6 James Griffis, R L Williams, Sr.

Beat 7 Noah Latham, W Y Nix.

Beat 8 S B Ratliff, D C Gandy.

Beat 9 J M Poole, Aaron Littleton.

PETIT JURY—First Week.

Beat 1 J F Marcus, E W Willis, C H Lowery.

Beat 2 J T Blow, J O Jeffries, J D Hand, G W Shaw jr, J N Childers.

Beat 3 James Cooley, B F Rasberry, S K Rasberry.

Beat 4 Noah Littlejohn, J M Maddox, N A Kicker, J W Cox, J P Parrish, J R Thompson.

Beat 5 E E Estes, D B Wilson, John L Moore, Anderson Baker, R T Grant.

Beat 6 J T Williams, R L Williams jr, A C Mims.

Beat 7 John Milford jr, S B McCary, T U Crumpton.

Beat 8 Joe Gandy, C C Dyor, C W Plant.

Beat 9 George Maddox, Alfred Childers, A Bussy.

Second Week.

Beat 1 Lewis Littleton, H B Roper, W H Bean.

Beat 2 H N Beasley, J R Johnson, J M Brantley, Alfred Pate.

Beat 3 J M Furguson, Wm Deshazo, Wm Veazey, J O Culp, Doc Jones, B W Garner, E Z Nix.

Beat 4 J M Thacker, O K Mullins, W H Parrish.

Beat 5 J W Taylor, J R Thomas, Jake Lavinska, W L Bates.

Beat 7 L B Broadhead, Emmitt Christian, Eugene McGee, Clay Latham.

Beat 8 Frank Weaver, Jesse Rucker, W T Dungan, R W Gandy, W W Sansom, Jack Landers, J R Parnell.

Beat 9 G W Sorrell, J T Mims, James Burnett, J B Childers.

I am representing the Magnetic Ore Company which has for sale about twenty thousand acres of land in this county. Any person wishing to buy land at reasonable price and on easy terms of payment will find it to their interest to see or write to me.

H. I. HONEYCUTT.
Clanton, Ala., March 3, '91.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

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Notice to Non-Resident.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.
IN PROBATE COURT
SPECIAL TERM.

To Fannie Christian Resident of Scott county, Arkansas.

You are hereby notified that on the 27 day of March, 1896, there was filed in this Court a petition for a sale of certain personal property for Partition among the Joint owners thereof, said petition setting forth that said property is now in the possession of Emmit Christian in this county and that you are one of the Joint owners thereof. You will take notice that the 7th day of May, 1896, has been set for the hearing of said petition at which time you can appear in said court at the court house in Clanton, Ala., and contest said petition if you see proper to do so.

Witness my hand at office in Clanton, Ala., this [illegible] day of April, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate Court.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA
CHILTON COUNTY.

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to owner unknown the following Real Estate, to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $3.52.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $3.52

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 24 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $10.38

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

All of sec 31 less se ¼ of se ¼ sec 31 tp 24 r 13, tax and costs $17.82.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 13 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.79.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.52.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.03.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.03.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 28 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $3.52.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $36.89.

BEAT NO. 4.

Nw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 15 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $35.2.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $3.52.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.75.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼, sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $7.45

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $4.41.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw ¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $11.30.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $12.72.

BEAT NO. 7.

Ne qr of of sw qr sec 7 tp 21 r 12 tax and costs $3.52.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

Se qr of se qr sec 18 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $3.52.

W ½ of ne qr sec 22 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $4.74.

Nw qr of nw qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $17.29.

BEAT NO. 8

N ½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.74.

Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $3.52

Sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $3.52.

W ½ of se qr of se qr sec 22 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs [illegible]

[illegible]

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

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[illegible]

Young Ladies [illegible]

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ELKHART, IND.

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$2.50 SHOE.

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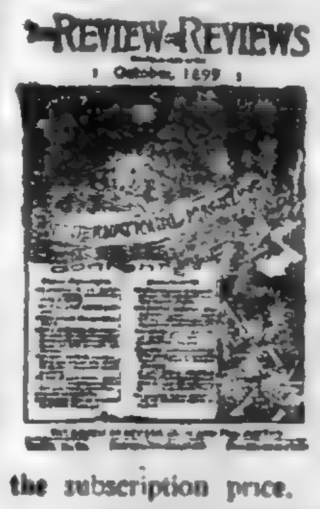
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

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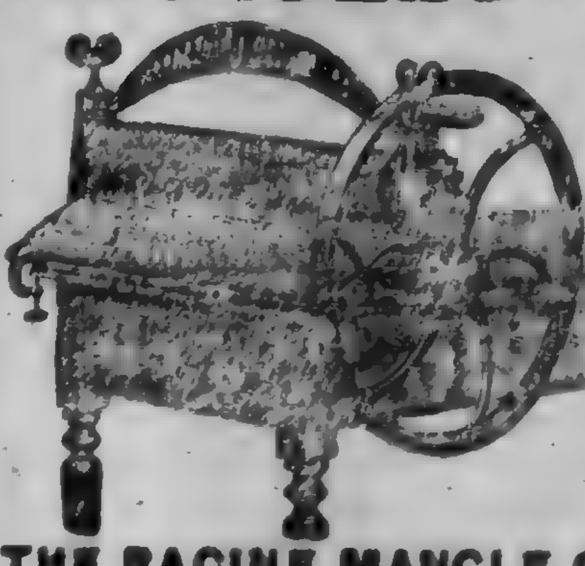

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TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

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WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
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Clean Stables.

Start into the winter with clean stables, and keep them in that condition. We always hear that stock of all kinds are more liable to contract disease in winter than summer, and no doubt many ills that stock contract in winter may be traced to filthy stables and bad ventilation. Clean stalls and good bedding make stock healthy.

The North Kingdom.

Norway is more properly Norea, meaning "North Isle." It is called by the natives "The North Kingdom."

The Hoosier Version.

Teacher—Have you learned the golden rule, Tommy?

Tommy—Yes'm. It is to do to other people like they would do to you.—Indianapolis Journal.

Never tell a secret; your confidant may not consider your secret of as much importance as you do.

As a rule, within four or five weeks after a bride comes to a strange own, her kin begin to drop in.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

It Took the Ribbon.

Dear Sir:—"Having used several boxes of your TETTERINE, I can say that it is the best remedy I have ever found for skin diseases. After failing with Cuticura and other similar preparations, through the recommendation of a friend I tried a box of TETTERINE, and two applications was all that it took to effect a complete cure of a breaking out on my foot of long standing. I think it is the best salve in the world for skin diseases." Yours truly,

R. B. ALEXANDER,
Mt. Selma, Texas.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

The love of God is so great that none can be lost who will believe in it.

Can the sale of an inferior article constantly increase for 33 years? Dobbins' Electric Soap has been on the market ever since 1865, and is to-day as ever, *the best and purest* family soap made. Try it. Your grocer will get it.

If you want a man to do something, find a man who believes something.

Why You Should Use Hindercorns.

It takes out the corns, and then you have comfort, surely a good exchange. 15c. at druggists.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill. S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. [illegible] a bottle.

Money Spent in Parker's Ginger Tonic is well invested. It subdues pain, and brings better digestion, better strength and health.

Spring Medicine

Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, [illegible] heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

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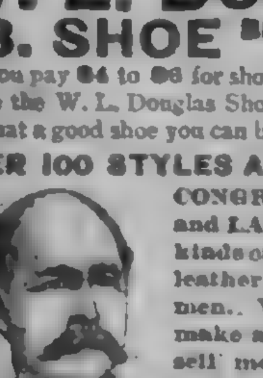

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EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

GOVERNOR PARDONS A CONVICT.

Decaturites Excurt to the Magic City. The State Sabbath School Convention—East Florence Churches. The Missing Georgia Doctor—Pensions—Patents.

Chamber of Commerce Organized.

The Decatur Chamber of Commerce was formally organized on the evening of the 13th instant, with a large list of business men as members.

Pensions Granted to Alabamians.

Original, John G. Dernell, Athens; increase, George H. Jordan Citronelle; original widows, etc., Cora Lane (mother), Belle Pina, Limestone.

Montgomery News Suspends.

The Montgomery Evening News has suspended publication and the proprietors have made an assignment to Mr. Lee McLendon, who will wind up its affairs.

The Governor Grants a Pardon.

Governor Oates has issued a pardon for George A. Pearce, of Mobile, who pleaded guilty to a charge of embezzlement in the city court of that county last July and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Churches in East Florence.

There is a decided boom in church building in East Florence. The Methodists of that part of the city have just completed a handsome house of worship on Sweetwater avenue, and the Presbyterians are now enlarging their chapel by the addition of an L which will cost about $500.

Patents Issued to Alabamians.

Patents have been issued to: John W. Noble, Anniston, Ala., car coupling; Brice Park, Roanoke, Ala., plough attachment; James N. Williams, Mobile, Ala., mucilage receptacle; Charles Linstrom, Vicksburg, Miss., locomotive truck spring hanger; W. C. Colwell, Palatka, Fla., hose coupling. Harry W. Russell, of Huntsville, Ala., has registered a trade mark for handles for axes and similar tools.

Excursion to Birmingham.

The first excursion of the season went down the Louisville & Nashville road Saturday morning from Decatur. It was conducted for the benefit of the reading room of the Louisville & Nashville shops at New Decatur and between 400 and 500 people came to the Magic City. The regular Decatur accommodation train had four extra cars attached and the crowds at the stations along the road were picked up without losing a moment's time. The excursionists return home in the afternoon.

In a Pickle is Picklesimer.

Rev. J. M. Picklesimer, of Bridgeport, has at present no church and no congregation. He handed in his resignation and requested the customary letter, which would enable him to pursue his chosen avocation in other quarters. The congregation promptly accepted his resignation, but refused to give the required letter on the ground that the charges made against him had not been disproven, and consequently not having been proved to be innocent, he was guilty.

The Mary Lee Coal Property.

A declaration of incorporation for a mammoth mining corporation has been filed in the probate court at Birmingham. The name of the corporation will be the Jefferson Coal and Railway Company. This corporation has acquired the property of the Mary Lee Coal and Railway Company, and, as the projectors are capitalists, with abundant funds, it is confidently believed that the new organization will go to work on a large scale in developing the extensive mineral properties of the Mary Lee company. Douglass H. Gordon and Henry S. Jenkins, of Baltimore, Md., filed the declaration of incorporation. The capital stock is to be $100,000.

Four Days' Sport at Demopolis.

The Demopolis Driving and Bicycle Association will inaugurate its first spring meeting with four great racing days—May 11, 12, 13 and 14.

A large force of men have been at work on the track and park, and by Saturday everything will be in readiness. A large and commodious grand stand as well as bleachers will be erected, and to crown it all a dancing pavilion will be built for the accommodation of the young people. On this occasion a splendid brass and string band will be on hand and will furnish their full quota toward making it the great success which it now promises to be. There will be four bicycle races and two horse races on the 11th, 12th and 13th, and on the 14th there will be a shooting tournament. $500 in prizes is offered. Further particulars will be furnished by the Demopolis Driving and Bicycle Association.

Big Land Deal Closed.

There was a big deal closed Saturday in Mobile which will result in the development of some ten thousand acres of cypress lands lying between the Mobile and Birmingham railroad and the Mobile river, and known as the Ladd lands. The novel feature of this deal is to be found in the fact that the sale of these lands will result in the bringing to the Mobile market of some 25,000,000 superficial feet of cypress timber. This will be done without the aid of freshets, and involving the use of pull boats, whose success has already been demonstrated in the Louisiana cypress swamps. In addition to the cypress that is on these lands, there are also about twenty million superficial feet of pine, which will also be developed. The land brought $40,000.

Rev. Picklesimer Pecked.

The following is the resolution passed at the regular convention of Holly lodge K. of P. April 16, 1896, Bridgeport, Ala.:

Whereas, Brother C. F. J. Meyers' character has been assailed through the public press by one Rev. J. M. Picklesimer by the statement "that he has picked said Meyers up out of the gutter since he (Picklesimer) came to Bridgeport," and,

Whereas, Said Meyers was a charter member of this lodge and has since remained in good standing and that the charge preferred is unfounded; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we condemn the statement as false. Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be spread upon the minutes of this lodge, and a copy sent to The Chattanooga Times for publication.

W. S. Johnson,
G. C. Rutledge,
W. F. Kirk,
Committee.

Supposed to be Dr. N. S. Jordan.

On Thursday afternoon a man appeared at the house of Mrs. Gertrude Smith, of Magnolia Springs, and asked for a drink of water, which was given him. He had all the appearance and answered fully to the description o Dr. S. N. Jordan, a practicing physician of Columbus, Ga., who disappeared from his home some few months ago and who was tracked to Bay Minette, Baldwin county, where all traces of him were lost. From Mrs. Smith's he went on east toward the old Dowty place, where he was overtaken by two men and brought back and questioned. He denied being Dr. Jordan, but said he had been to Bay Minette and to Fairhope Colony, near Montrose. He did not have much to say. The Columbus authorities were wired for instructions, but, the nearest telegraph station being eight miles away, before an answer had been received the man, not being closely guarded, walked off, going back in the direction of the Dowty place.

State Sunday School Convention.

The session of the State Sunday School convention in Selma during the past week has been probably the most interesting in the history of the organization.

The following officers have been elected for the ensuing year:

President, Prof. Thomas W. Palmer, Tuskaloosa.

Secretary, James M. Glenn.

Assistant Secretary, S. B. Brewer, Anniston.

Statistical Secretary, F. M. Stillwell, Selma.

Executive Committee—W. E. Holloway, T. L. Jones, John B. Fellows, W. D. Dillard, E. J. Russell, A. A. Oden, Joseph Carthel, Prof. William P. Taylor, W. E. Bingham, S. D. Holt, J. B. Greene, Stewart Brooks.

District Vice Presidents—First, George M. Garth, Courtland; Second, W. F. Fragin, Albertville; Third, Dr. E. C. Anderson, Anniston; Fourth, W. R. Sawyer, Birmingham; Fifth, George H. Cole, Eutaw; Sixth, W. T. Atkins, Selma; Seventh, W. B. Davidson, Montgomery; Eighth, C. D. Carmichael, Ozark; Tenth, D. L. Mauphin, Mobile.

Results in Jefferson.

Dr. R. M. Cunningham, (free silver) is declared the nominee for the state senate. The vote cast for him was 4,620, against 3845 for Mr. M. A. Porter. Dr. Cunningham's majority, 785 votes.

The following were nominated as the six candidates for representatives in the lower house of the general assembly: John J. Altman, 4,652; I. A. Brown, 4,112; John Harkins, 3,857; Daniel Green, 3,722; D. J. Ovens, 3,560; L. Y. Lipscomb, 3,355;—all sound money men, except Altman.

Frank P. O'Brien received the nomination for sheriff with 2,488 votes, leading Burgin, who was next, 591 votes.

J. B. Francis received 4,915 votes for tax collector, his majority being 1,744.

J. Felix McLaughlin was nominated tax assessor, with 4,815 votes, a plurality over A. J. Tarrant, 2,253.

Treasurer, Kenneth F. Hawkins, 3,651.

County commissioners—W. P. Stradford of the First district, L. D. Lacey of the Second district, William S. Morrow of the Third district, George L. Young of the Fourth district.

Mr. R. E. Jones, a Confederate veteran, of Camp Hardee, received the highest vote cast for any nominee, 6,675 for coroner, with a majority of 5,594 over H. E. Warner.

Sequel to the Burden Robbery.

A special from London says: Two men, whose real names the London police say are William Turner and William Roberts Dunlop, were arraigned in the Marlborough Street police court Thursday afternoon charged with the illegal possession of jewelry. The prisoners were remanded into the custody of the police for a week.

The correspondent is informed that the two men are undoubtedly either the actual burglars or accomplices of the burglars who robbed I. Townsend Burden's house in New York city some months ago. Twenty-eight unset diamonds, valued at $15,000 were found in their pockets. They refused to give any explanation. At their lodging the police found jewelry to the value, as they say, of $200,000, together with the settings of the diamonds found upon them when arrested. The jewelry was sewn up in belts and in the lining of their clothes. One gold piece with the name "T. Burden" engraved upon it, was also found.

Brutally Murdered His Son.

Abraham Carson, a negro laborer, living at No. 89 Church street, Charleston, S. C., brutally murdered his son Jacob, aged 12 years, last week. Jacob had been away from home without leave and this so enraged the father that he stamped and beat the boy to death. Carson's young daughter was an eye-witness to the deed, but was afraid to interfere. The boy's body was terribly mangled by the blows and cut by the boot heels of the unnatural father. Carson endeavored to escape, but was captured by the police and is now in jail.

Give the Girls A Chance.

The mayor of Vancouver has received a peculiar letter from Toronto, written in the interests of the young women in Toronto and other eastern Canadian cities. In this unique epistle the writer states that according to statistics there is a shortage in the female population in the northwest territories and British Columbia, amounting to about 40,000, and there is in eastern Canada a corresponding overplus of unmarried women. In order to equalize matters it is proposed to send young women of good health and moral character west to be distributed where the demand is greatest, and for this purpose it is sought to establish a home at Vancouver, for the reception and distribution of the young women for British Columbia.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

ONE HUNDRED AND SECOND DAY.

A resolution directing the secretary of war to furnish a plan and estimates for the improvement of the Nebraska side of the Missouri river opposite Sioux City, Ia., was adopted.....The "Filled Cheese" bill was passed. It provides for a special tax on manufacturers of this product of $400 per annum, a tax of 1 cent a pound on the product and a license tax of $12 a year on retaelers. At 4:40 the house adjourned until Monday.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRD DAY.

The senate receded from its amendment to the legislative appropriation bill authorizing the extension of the contract for printing the patent office Gazette for another year. The judiciary committee reported back the joint resolution proposing a remonstrance with the British government, in the matter of the imprisonment of Mrs. Maybrick, with the opinion that the senate has no jurisdiction of the subject. The argument on the Dupont case took up the remainder of the session and the senate adjourned until tomorrow.....The house passed the bill providing for holding United States courts at Biloxi, Miss., instead of Mississippi City. A number of private bills were disposed of and the remainder of the session was devoted to District of Columbia affairs. The house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH DAY.

Mr. Squire, republican, of Washington, addressed the senate on his bill to provide for coast defenses. The remainder of the session was taken up in arguments on the Dupont case, and at 5 p. m. the senate adjourned until tomorrow.....The house passed the fortifications and coast defense bill. The secretary of war estimated that $8,045,163 could be expended in the coming year. The bill carries specific appropriations amounting to $5,842,337, and authority is given the secretary of war to make contracts involving the further expenditure of $5,542,276, making the total authorized expenditure in the bill $11,384,613.....The following shows the aggregate amount appropriated and authorized by contract under each subdivision of the bill, namely: Gun and mortar batteries, $5,260,000; sites for fortifications, $250,000; preservation and repair of fortifications, $50,000; plans for fortifications, $5,000; sea walls and embankments, $17,975; torpedoes for harbor defense, $100,000; armament for fortifications, $5,502,675; proving grounds, Sandy Hook, N. J., $38,000; Watertown arsenal, Mass., $43,500; Benecia arsenal, Cal., $4,500; Watervliet arsenal, N. Y., $3,105; ordnance and fortification board, $100,000; Fortress Monroe sewerage system, $9,860. The house agreed to the conference report upon the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill as far as the conferees had agreed and ordered another conference upon the matters still in dispute between the two houses, of which there are something over 100 out of 314 items added by the senate. At 4:35 o'clock the house adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH DAY.

Most of the day's session of the senate was taken up in the debate on the Dupont case. After an executive session at 4 to 4:55 p. m., bills were passed amending the law relating to the protection of salmon fisheries in Alaska; for the sale of public lands by private sale in the state of Missouri, and to pay the heirs of Sterling D. Austin $59,287; appropriating $17,000 for acquiring burial grounds at Fort Meigs and Put in Bay Island, O., and the interment therein of the remains of the soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812. At 5:39 o'clock p. m. the senate adjourned.....The report of elections committee on the case of Moorman vs. Latimer from the Third district of South Carolina, in favor of the sitting member was adopted without division. Mr. Hull, republican, of Iowa, chairman of the committee on military affairs, called up the resolution for the appointment of William B. Franklin, of Connecticut; Thomas J. Henderson, of Illinois; George L. Beal, of Maine, and George W. Steele, of Indiana, as members of the board of managers of the national soldrs' home. The day was spent in the discussion o. charges brought against General Franklin and Colonel Smith relating to the management of the Leavenworth home, and with the understanding that a vote should be had at 3 p. m. tomorrow the house adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTH DAY.

In the senate the bill for a new museum was placed on the calendar. Further argument was heard in the Dupont case. Peffer's resolution for investigation of recent bond issues was taken up and Mr. Hill, of New York, addressed the senate, opposing the resolution. Pending Mr. Hill's speech the hour of 5:30 arrived and the senate adjourned.....In the house—The resolutions appointing the board of managers of the national soldiers' home occupied the session today and were adopted: The resolutions name General W. B. Franklin and George W. Steele to succeed themselves, Gen. T. J. Henderson of Illinois to succeed John C. Black and Gen. G. L. Beale of Maine, to succeed Francis Fessenden. At 4:35 the house adjourned.

Destructive Floods in Quebec.

Great damage is being done in the eastern townships of Quebec by water rising in the rivers, due to the hot sun melting the snow. Railway bridges and tracks are washed out, houses are submerged and factory fires extinguished.

The Quebec Central has lost its great iron bridge, 150 feet long, which crosses a ravine at Ste Anselme, twenty-one miles south of Point Levis. This cuts off all communication between this section and the New England states. In the vicinity of Sherbrooke, the tracks of the Quebec Central, the Maine Central and the Boston and Maine have been washed out in various places. Traffic will be interrupted for weeks. Sweeping past the city of Sherbrooke, the St. Francis river has burst from its confines and covers the country for a half mile between that city and Richmond. At Richmond the water is several feet deep in the main street. The city of Janesville is completely submerged. Umberton and Melbourn suffer in a lesser degree. The water is still rising.

Bound, Gagged and Pounded.

Four prisoners escaped from the penitentiary at Michigan City, Ind., the other day by scaling the walls. They are still at large. Six were in the conspiracy. Two weakened at the last minute and were bound, gagged and pounded into insensibility by the other four. The runaways were among the hardest prisoners in the institution.

Mrs. Wickwire—You don't know what a grief it is to have a husband who thinks he is funny. Mrs. Watts—What is the trouble dear? "I asked him last evening to bring home some good up-to-date literature and he brought a bundle of almanacs."—Indianapolis Journal.

Mr. McCann—I am building a house and am only using lumber from the zero forests of Michigan. Friend—Why so? Mr. McCann—Because trees that can stand zero all winter ought to make a warm house, so they ought.—Truth.

New Chambermaid—Are there really so many mice in the house? Cook—Of course not. I was determined, however, that mistress should get a cat. You see, I've a young man who calls on me pretty often, and we must be able to account in some way for the food I give him.—Fliegende Blaetter.

A man seems to live for the privilege of dying, old and neglected, and with a great deal of pain.

Every poor singer in this country once led a church choir.

Paralysis.

From the Press, New York City.

Morris Presianer, of No. 1 Pitt Street, New York, who is a real estate agent and collector of rents, caught a severe cold early last spring, which settled upon his kidneys. Soon he began to suffer severe pain in his backbone, sides and chest. His symptoms grew rapidly more alarming, until at last he was as helpless as a child and could scarcely move as he lay on his bed. As Mr. Preslaner is well known in the part of the town where he resides, he had many sympathizers, who did all they could to help him.

Though a native of Berlin, Mr. Presinner has lived in this country for forty years, having served the country of his adoption by three years' hard service in the civil war. He enlisted with the Nineteenth Illinois Infantry, taking part in many battles and marching with General Sherman to the sea. While in Georgia, Mr. Presianer was promoted to first Sergeant for bravery on the field of action. He is now a member of Koltes Post, G. A. R., and is one of the most popular men in the Post.

Mr. Preslaner told a reporter the story of his dreadful illness and wonderful recovery. The reporter met him as he was returning from a long walk, and, saying that he had heard of his wonderful cure, asked him to tell the story. When Mr. Presianer was comfortably seated in his pleasant parlor, he told the following story, which, he said, he hoped everyone who was suffering as he had suffered, would read. His words were as follows: "To begin with, I was taken sick just a year and a month ago, having taken a severe cold which settled on my kidneys. At first I thought the pain I suffered would soon pass away, but, instead of doing this, it grew more intense every day, so that in a week I could walk only with considerable difficulty.

"I called in a doctor, who said I had locomotor ataxia and began treating me for that disease. He did me no good, and all summer long I could scarcely attend to my business at all. Then I called another doctor and took his medicine for several weeks, but experienced no relief. Dr. Truman Nichols, of No. 287 East Broadway, who I at last called in, helped me more than any of the other doctors, but along towards fall I grew worse, despite his treatment. I think Dr. Nichols is a good doctor and understood my case, but despite this fact his medicines did me no lasting good.

"Early in November the little strength I had in my legs left me and I was unable to stand. The pain in my back and sides became almost unbearable and my limbs grew cold. An electric battery I bought failed to help, and for weeks I felt myself gradually growing weaker until all hope left me.

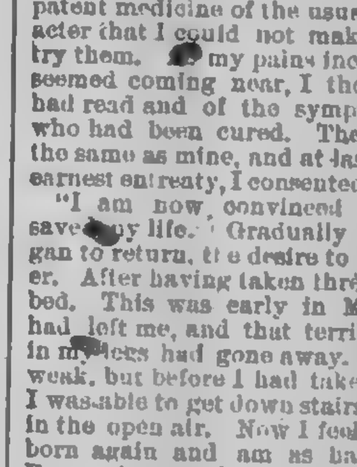
"Sometime before this I had read of a wonderful cure a man had received from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, but was so prejudiced against what I thought was a patent medicine of the usual worthless character that I could not make up my mind to try them. As my pains increased and death seemed coming near, I thought of what I had read and of the symptoms of the man who had been cured. They were precisely the same as mine, and at last, with my wife's earnest entreaty, I consented to try Pink Pills.

"I am now convinced that these pills saved my life. Gradually my strength began to return, the desire to live grew stronger. After having taken three boxes I left my bed. This was early in March. All pain had left me, and that terrible dead feeling in my legs had gone away. I was still very weak, but before I had taken the fourth box I was able to get down stairs for a short walk in the open air. Now I feel as if I had been born again and am as happy as a child. Every pleasant day I take a walk, and am sure that in a month I will be as well as ever."

All diseases, such as locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, partial paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous headache, palpitation of the heart, effects of la grippe, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness, either in man or woman, disappear when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are taken. Pink Pills can be bought of any dealer, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

RULES IN BRITISH GUIANA.

Augustus Lawson Hemming, K. C. M. G., the New Governor.



GOV. HEMMING.

The people of this country are especially interested just now in British Guiana and in the new Governor who has been appointed by the British Government for that colony — Augustus Lawson Hemming, K. C. M. G. Sir Augustus has seen thirty years' service in the home colonial office and is well qualified for the position. He has on several occasions been entrusted with delicate missions affecting boundary disputes, and he is thus well fitted to cope with the difficulty regarding the Venezuela boundary line. British Guiana is one of the most thriving of the British possessions in the tropics and is the equal of Trinidad or Mauritius. Its sugar product is equivalent annually to $10,000,000 and is worked by coolies imported from East India. There are rich gold fields in Essequibo and Cuyuni. Sir Augustus will therefore find a prosperous country under him.

A Valuable Franchise.

A cash offer of over $2,000,000 has been made by a leading banking house, representing a foreign syndicate, for the privilege of running canal boats on the Erie canal by electric traction.

The exclusive franchise for electric traction on the canal belongs to the Cataract General Electric company, one of the branches of the great Niagara Falls Power company. Several months ago experiments were made at Tonawanda, with a system of towing canal boats by a small motor running on a cable. The motor ran successfully and it is said to be ready for operation the entire length of the canal. If this system be put into successful operation the canal would become the great traffic route from the lakes to the seaboard.

A French governor of the South Pacific colony of New Caledonia, who was also an admiral of the navy, assumed his authority (says an exchange) while the natives were still cannibals. There had been rumors of an insurrection, and the admiral called before him a native chief who was faithful to the French cause and questioned him as to their truth. "You may be sure," said the native, "that there will be no war at present, because the yams are not yet ripe." "The yams, you say?" "Yes. Our people never make war except when when the yams are ripe." "Why is that?" "Because baked yams go so very well with the captives."

Properly Named.

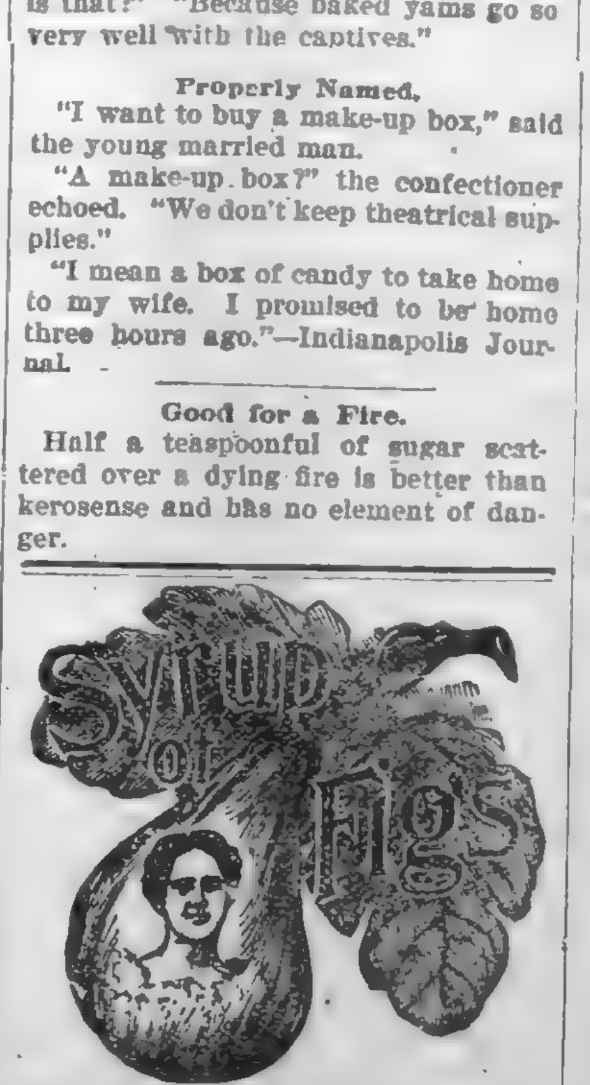
"I want to buy a make-up box," said the young married man.

"A make-up box?" the confectioner echoed. "We don't keep theatrical supplies."

"I mean a box of candy to take home to my wife. I promised to be home three hours ago."—Indianapolis Journal.

Good for a Fire.

Half a teaspoonful of sugar scattered over a dying fire is better than kerosense and has no element of danger.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

"Blight"

costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

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will prevent that dreaded plant disease.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

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ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N. U. No. 17. 1896.

The following true anecdote may be of some interest, illustrating the mathematical capacity of the Boers: "Six years ago an Englishman owed a sum of £500 to a Boer. When payment was demanded, instead of paying the whole sum, he paid only £300. On arriving home the Boer counted out his money with the aid of a 'Ready Reckoner,' and found that he had been paid £200 short. He immediately returned to the Englishman, explained to him that, according to his 'Ready Reckoner,' he was £200 short. The ready witted Briton seized the book and replied that it was 'last year's.' The Boer returned satisfied."—London Tit-Bits.

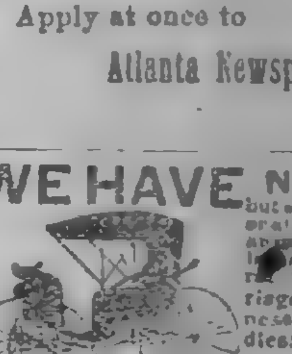
Officer—What did you want, sir? Citizen—Somebody has stolen my watch, and I want you to hunt the rascal up and give him the key to it. It raises the mischief with a watch to let it run down, you know.—Boston Transcript.

Gotrox—I think young Cheekly is a foreign nobleman in disguise. Wigwag—What makes you think so? Gotrox—Well, he has succeeded in borrowing a thousand dollars from me and now he wants to marry my daughter.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. William T. Cline, a grocer doing business at 1422 Norris St., Philadelphia, recently made the following statement concerning Ripans Tabules: "I had what the doctors called Nervous Indigestion, from which I suffered day and night. I tried several doctors, took electric treatment, patent medicines, and, in fact, everything that I could hear of, but nothing done me any good and I made up my mind there was no help for me, only to grin and bear it, but one day I was passing a drug store and stopped to look at the display in the window and I happened to see a card with 'Ripans Tabules' on it and I thought, well, here's another straw for a drowning man, so I'll throw some more money away, so I went in and bought a box, and, seems to me, the first dose took effect. I have been taking them ever since and they have surely worked wonders with me. When I look back on the past and then on my present condition, seems to me I am a new man. I am enjoying elegant health now, and I feel that I owe many thanks to Ripans Tabules. I have recommended them to several of my friends who say they are wonderful, and I must say they are a God send to any one suffering from a disorder of this nature."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.



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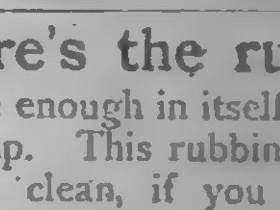

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W. B. PRATT, Sec'y Elkhart, Ind.

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AGENTS MAKE $5 PER DAY selling [illegible] patented device for [illegible] shutters at any angle. Samples by mail, 10c. Territory given. Address S. & M. SHUTTER BOW CO., 73 W. 11th St., N. Y. City.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

"Aye! There's the rub!"

And that ought to be enough in itself to seal the doom of bar soap. This rubbing with soap may get clothes clean, if you work hard enough, but can't you see how it wears them out?

Follow the directions that come on every package of Pearline, and you'll find that you not only do away with the hard and ruinous work of rubbing—but that you save time, and actually get better results. At every point Pearline is better than soap. But the mere fact that Pearline saves the rubbing—that ought to settle it.

BEWARE Peddlers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled. If your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back.*

Strikes at the Root—When you take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS you find it strikes at the root of the disease. That's the secret of its mighty success. Whatever the symptoms, BROWN'S IRON BITTERS attacks the cause—speedily, vigorously, effectively—*and the symptoms vanish.*

GUARANTEE.

Purchase money refunded should BROWN'S IRON BITTERS taken as directed, *fail* to benefit any person suffering with Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Female Infirmities, Impure Blood, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, Headache or Neuralgia. BROWN CHEMICAL CO. Baltimore, Md.

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1896. NO. 27.

OWN THE RAILROADS.

PEOPLE HAVE RIGHTS AS WELL AS CORPORATIONS.

Brother Hinckley Discusses Some of the Reasons Why The Government Should Own the Railroads—Only a Question of Common Sense.

Macaulay, in an essay written in 1824, makes this observation:

"The blind reverence for things ancient is indeed so foolish that it might make a wise man laugh if it were not also sometimes so mischievous that it would rather make a good man weep."

"Vested rights" belong in the category of "things ancient blindly reverenced," the absurdity and seriousness of which, in this latter day of the nineteenth century, cannot be better exemplified than in the treatment accorded to the railroads of this country. The "rights" by which a few men control with an iron hand every avenue and outlet of our gigantic, far-reaching commercial system, and out of which they have accumulated fortunes so vast as would put to shame even the vivid oriental imagination that conceived the Arabian nights, were "vested" in them by laws enacted by legislators who were elected as representatives of the people.

The ridiculousness and the seriousness which have followed the people's blind reverence of the rights which they have conferred upon railroads are about equally divided and are worthy of a few moments' consideration.

A corporation gets a charter for a railroad, then, on the ground that its construction will benefit the public, it appeals to the various counties, townships or municipalities through which it has located its line on paper for aid. The assistance is voted, say, by a given county to the extent of $200,000. The construction of the road begins; but in its progress through the county instanced it runs up against the farm of some independent (?) tiller of the soil, who enters an objection to its passage through "his" place and declares that his "vested right" in his farm shall not be sacrificed for any railroad that ever was. But the railroad gives "bond" for the settlement of any damage which the farmer may sustain and goes through, and when the case comes to court, the farmer learns for the first time that his "vested right" in the farm, although of as ancient origin as most vested rights, must give way to the "weal of the public" as represented by the railroad's "vested right" to go where it pleases. The $200,000 voted in aid of the corporation was more than sufficient to construct every inch of the road through the level prairie county voting it, and today the state auditor's report shows that the entire property of the railroad in that county is assessed for tax purposes at less than $150,000. This means that the company is not only not taxed on any property of its own in that county, but has $50,000 capital furnished by the citizens of that county upon which it pays no tax. But this is not "socialism" or "paternalism;" oh, no, its "business."

The same state in which the above instanced railroad is located (Illinois), has on its statute books a law which provides that if a person be killed by any railroad in the state the surviving relatives shall not be allowed to collect exceeding $5,000 damages. If the person be only crippled, however, he can get any damages that he can prove, and it has happened that cripples have collected more than double the amount their relatives could have obtained if they had been killed outright.

This state also happens to be the field in which the power wielded by railroads over the personal liberty of the citizen has received its most startling illustration. The imprisonment of Debs by "injunction" instead of by a jury of his peers has dignified the populists' proposition for government ownership into the most important question before the American people today. The money question, even in its entirety, involves no such consequences as the continuation of this newly risen but rapidly becoming omnipotent despotism which spurns the personal liberty of the humble citizen from its path with the same cold blood that it buys a legislature or corrupts a court.

How are you going to get the railroads? asks a doubting Thomas.

The people, under God, are omnipotent. They must take possession of the railroads exactly in the way that a railroad takes possession of the land it needs. The railroads do not pay fancy prices for the citizen's land, neither should the citizen pay fancy prices for the railroads. The value of the railroads is fixed by their owners at about $10,000,000,000.

Squeeze the water out of this and the residue would represent very little more than the amount of the national debt at the close of the war. Let the government print this amount of full legal tender money, not promises to pay, and pay it to the railroad owners, and it will not only own the roads, but it will have partially solved the money problem. "But the increased patronage would make the party in power invincible."

The only danger that comes from the dispensing of patronage consists in the fact that it is too generally used to pay [illegible] political workers and ward heelers for campaign services, and in the other fact that the patronage itself consists of a soft snap always considered desirable. How many ward heelers or soft-handed boodlers would want to be section hands or brakemen or firemen or engineers or conductors on a government railroad? Do you suppose the people of this country would tolerate a party for an instant that would jeopardise their lives and property by turning off skilled railway men and employing green hands in the interest of their party? Hadn't we better display a little less blind reverence for vested rights as they are and a little more intelligent consideration of the future?

T. D. HINCKLEY.

Mt. Vernon, Ill.

ALLEN NOT A CANDIDATE.

Writes a Letter to Governor Holcomb Stating That He Is Out of the Race.

Special Dispatch to the World-Herald. Governor Holcomb several days ago received from Senator W. V. Allen a letter in which the writer explains the reason for writing it, and as the letter is sufficiently explanatory of itself it is here given. This is the letter:

"Washington, D. C., March 24.—Hon. Silas A. Holcomb, Lincoln, Neb.—My Dear Governor: I have just been reading the very pleasant things said of me in connection with the populist nomination for the presidency, in your recent interview published in the press dispaches, for which please accept my thanks. The favorable mention of my name with the high office of president of the United States by the chief executive of my own state, who is himself able and well qualified by education, temperament, and experience, to fill the exalted position, possesses double value and is truly gratifying.

"I have not been unconscious, for several months, that a strong sentiment exists in the populist party throughout the nation favorable to my nomination, and I will not disguise from you that it has given me much pleasure to know that my services in the United States senate have been instrumental in prompting the use of my name in that connection. I have also observed quite an extensive discussion of the matter in the public press, and I have been the recipient of hundreds of letters asking me if I would be a candidate for the nomination, or accept it if tendered me.

"Fully realizing that ordinarily it is to be considered indelicate to either accept or decline a nomination that has not been tendered, still I feel that the time has come when, in the interest of the party, I should speak openly and frankly, as I desire above all things to promote the interest of the populist party, and by that means the interest of my country. Deeply conscious that it would be a distinguished honor to be the standard bearer of a great politicau party founded on the principles of eternal justice and right, a party that must, in my opinion, soon succeed to the administration of our national government, I nevertheless deem it unwise to permit my name to be used as a candidate.

"I think every true citizen should, at this time, consult the interests of the country and not his own personal desire. I do not feel that my experience has been such as to warrant me in being a candidate for the nomination, or in accepting it if it should be tendered me. There are many older and abler men in the party than I am, highly well qualified to make the race, and I feel confident that I can do the cause greater good by remaining where I am, fighting in the ranks for success, than by accepting the nomination if it should be tendered. The welfare of the party, and, therefore, the welfare of the country, is to be consulted at all times; principles count for everything, and men for nothing, in our struggle.

"Permit me also to say in this connection that there are personal reasons why I should not be a candidate, among which is the important fact that I have a family of children whose education must be looked after at this time, and who need my personal supervision more now than they have ever needed it before, or will ever need it again, and I must not permit myself to imperil their interests for my own promotion.

"Profoundly grateful to my fellow citizens of the state and nation for the flattering mention of my name in connection with the highest office on earth, I sincerely trust that hereafter attention will not be centered on me, but on some gentleman better qualified to discharge the duties of the position in the event of an election, and that wisdom will characterize the formation of our platform and the nomination we may make. I have the honor to be very truly, your friend,

"WILLIAM V. ALLEN."

Never Been Proposed.

"The people's party declares in favor of government ownership of railroads and telegraph lines. But nowhere in its platform does it indicate a plan to secure this end. Why charge that we are in favor of purchasing all the railroads at once at their capitalized value, including the watered stock, and issuing bonds for the amount and taxing the people to pay the bonds? No populist has ever proposed any such thing. The railroads could be bought and paid for within twenty years out of the net earnings and savings without taxing the people one cent, or increasing the present rate of freight and passenger tariff. But the people are already taxed on every dollar of capital represented by railroad bonds and stocks to the extent of ten thousand million dollars. They are taxed in freight and passenger rates which they have to pay the railroad companies. What the people's party desires is that the money which now goes to pay dividends on stocks and interest on bonds shall go toward purchasing the railroads and eventually owning and operating them at greatly reduced rates."

Dromedary Parcel Post.

The dromedary parcel post service in the German territories of southwestern Africa has given better results than were expected. The dromedaries are adapted to the climate, are not effected by the prevalent cattle diseases, are not made footsore in stony regions and do not suffer extreme thirst when deprived of water for a week.

THE GREAT DEBATE.

CRISP AND SMITH DISCUSS THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

Tom Watson Also Takes His Pen in Hand to Make a Few Remarks Which Are Very Pointed Indeed—His Logical Conclusions.

People's Party Paper: The Augusta Tribune describes Mr. Crisp as "an old gentleman with a bald head, adorned by a short-cropped fringe of hair on the outer edges."

Correct.

The same authority photographs Mr. Smith as "a smooth shaven, well-kept looking gentleman, with a face as round as the full moon."

Correct.

The "old gentleman with the bald head" opened the debate with a palmetto fan and a misstatement.

He said that the decline in values commenced immediately after the demonetization of silver in 1873. This is not true for two reasons:

1st. Silver was not "demonetized" till 1894.

2nd. Because the decline in values commenced several years previous to 1873—as several middle-aged men in America ought to know.

The "moon faced gentleman," however, did not seem to be posted upon this point, and he let the misstatement pass unchallenged.

It is a strange thing to us that Free Silver debaters will base their discussions upon so false a foundation. Unless they are willing to commit themselves to the principle of "Fiat money" they have no case at all.

The only sound and unanswerable portions of Mr. Crisp's argument are those which sustain the Populists in theory of money.

Once you say that the Government's mandate can arbitrarily make the ratio 16 to 1, you might as well say it can make it 20 to 1, or 10 to 1. Mr. Smith puts this with great force and Mr. Crisp did not even try to answer.

If the Commercial value of silver cuts no figure in deciding coinage ratio, then it is the Government's say-so which fixes it. And if the Government's say-so can fix it, independent of Commercial value, the "16 to 1" standard becomes a mere matter of convenience. It involves no principle at all.

It is true that Mr. Crisp can justly claim that our past experience proves that our government can make a success of the 16 to 1 ratio. It did it prior to 1873, and could do it again.

Certainly; but the success was due to the "Fiat money" principle, and not to the commercial value of the silver out of which the dollar was made. This was shown by the fact that the trade dollar, which contained more pure silver than the standard dollar, was at a heavy discount, while the standard silver dollar was at par. The trade dollar was not a full legal tender—did not have behind it the fiat of the law. It had to go mainly upon its value as mere silver. It had little worth except its commodity or commercial value.

The smaller standard silver dollar, on the contrary, had behind it the mandate of the law; it was full legal tender. It cancelled all debts dollar for dollar, not because the creditor wanted it to do so, but because the Government said it must do so.

Therefore everybody took as a dollar the smaller amount of silver which was in the standard dollar, while nobody would take, as a dollar, the larger amount of silver which was in the trade dollar. Nobody would accept it for more than eighty-five cents.

By act of congress the large trade dollar had to be melted up and coined into smaller legal tender dollars before they would circulate.

Mr. Smith must know all this, yet he did not dare to use it. Why? Because it proves too much for a democrat—no matter whether he be goldbug or free-silverite. It proves that the populists are right in saying that the legal tender quality is that which lifts silver and gold and copper and paper into the dignity and power of money.

The unanswerable portion of Mr. Crisp's speech is that in which he argues the case for "More Money." On that point Mr. Smith fails entirely to meet the argument.

But the reply lies right upon the surface, and the average Populist will see it at a glance.

Mr. Smith could have replied that to issue "More Money" does not necessarily mean more silver. If commercial values cut no figure, the argument for "More Money" would rest as firmly upon copper as upon silver. Every reason which Mr. Crisp urged for the issue of "More Money" would apply just as forcibly to the issuance of irredeemable treasury notes as to silver.

If the government's say so creates dollars why use silver when paper is so light, so convenient and so cheap?

It is this weakness in the logic of free silver Democrats which is so apparent to everybody except themselves.

When they claim that the government's fiat does not fix the value of a dollar, they should candidly concede that the market value should do it.

If they admit that it is the government's fiat which fixes the value of the dollar, then they should frankly confess that any other material would answer the purpose as well as silver.

To assert that any nation can give to silver a coinage value different from its commercial value is manifestly absurd—unless you admit that the legal tender quality which the government imparts to it by law is different from the commercial value which the markets of the world give to it by tho rule of supply and demand.

And the moment you admit that this legal tender quality does fix the value of the coin, regardless of the world's markets then you are talking Populism.

We know that you claim that is not so. You claim that you believe silver would go back to its 1873 value if the 1873 conditions were restored. True. But remember that there are two awkward facts to confront you as long as you stop short of the Populist position:

1st. The trade dollar is there to prove that it was not the value of the silver which made the standard dollar circulate at par. It was the power of the legal tender law!

2d. There are the market quotations of 1873 to prove that the amount of silver in the standard silver dollar was worth three cents more, on the markets of the world, than the amount of gold in the standard gold dollar. This proves too much for you; not too much for us Pops!

Neither of these awkward facts interfere with the "fiat money" principle, but they play the mischief with any free silver argument which stops short of the Populist position.

Each of the two facts alluded to conclusively prove that the commercial ratio is one thing and the legal coinage ratio quite another; the market value of 420 grains of non-legal tender silver (trade dollar) may be only 85 cents, while the legal value of 416½ grains of legal tender silver (standard dollar) may be one dollar.

On the contrary, the market value of 416½ grains of silver might rise above a dollar, whereas it could only, as a coined dollar be worth a dollar in the payment of debts.

No mere "free silver Democrat" can get over these two facts.

Mr. Smith is correct when he says that the nations of the world have changed the coinage ratio time and again to make it conform to the commercial ratio. As he says, it has been done also in this country. We think that the gold bugs are right when they claim that a debased dollar, under mere bimetallism, would drive the good dollar out of circulation. The reason is obvious: the good dollar would seek its true level, and would part company with its inferior.

To witness the dodgings and the squirmings of the free silver men when impaled on this point is funny. They cannot answer it, and they rarely try.

But to the Pops this alleged gold bug argument, this so-called "Gresham law" has no terror at all.

We admit that any commodity, obeying the laws of a mere commodity, will go where the best price invites it. Of two commodity dollars, the less valuable will continue to toddle around, as a dollar, while the more valuable will go into a better business. For instance, if the law stamps the words "one dollar on ten cents' worth of iron and also stamps the words "one dollar" on one hundred cents' worth of gold, the gold will not associate on such terms with the iron. It will leave the dime's worth of iron to keep up the pretense of being "one dollar," while the one hundred cents' worth of gold will be called to those uses which make it worth one hundred cents.

This is the Gresham law—destructive to your weak-kneed silverite who wants more money, but who does not want it based on the fiat of the government.

To us Pops this "Gresham law" goes for nothing.

We say we don't care a dime where gold goes; nor what the gold in the gold dollar is worth. We don't care whether silver stays at home, or visits around.

What we want is money. And to us, money means that thing which the government declares to be a dollar, and declares to be good in payment of a dollar's taxes and a dollar's debts. That's all we want in this country, and the law of this land and the enormous wealth of this people would carry paper money, at par, as easily as it carries paper bonds to a premium.

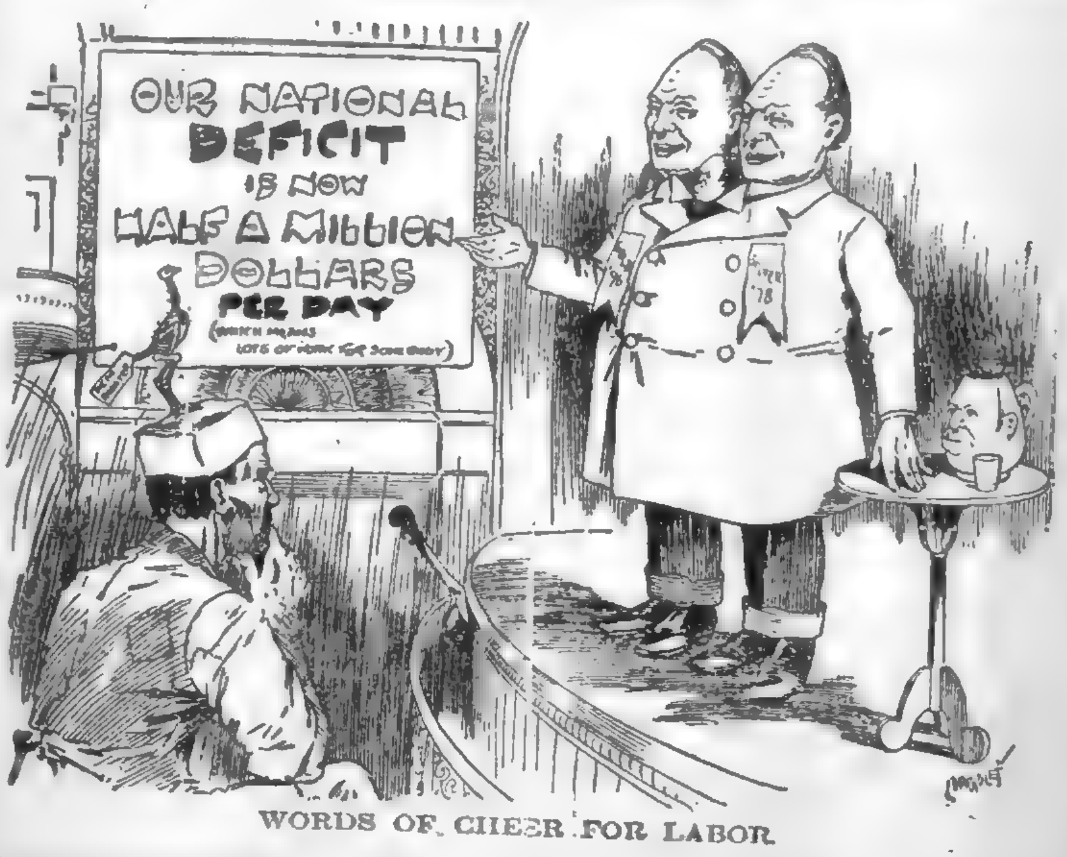
It is the law and the government's credit which floats the bond. The same agencies should float the dollar. Paper is paper, and a promise is a promise and there can be no reason why Uncle Sam's word on a paper dollar is not as good as his word on a paper bond.

For all purposes of trade in this country, then, a paper dollar, backed by the government, would answer our purposes as well as silver and gold.

For foreign trade, we would have to do just as we do now—settle our balances by bills of exchange or by gold and silver in their commercial shape. The United States government stamp on gold and silver dollars is worth nothing to use in foreign trade. Gold bars and silver bricks, duly assayed, would do quite as well.

With governments banks, panics would be impossible.

CARLISLE IN CHICAGO.


OUR NATIONAL DEFICIT IS NOW HALF A MILLION DOLLARS PER DAY

WORDS OF CHEER FOR LABOR.

"YOU MUST NOT AGITATE."

The Combines and Tyrants for Ages Past Have Said This to the People.

Congressman Wheeler, of Alabama, made some forcible remarks in the house a few days ago. He has introduced a bill providing that so long as the gold standard is maintained in this country the salary of all the officials, including congressmen, be reduced to three-fourths the salaries now provided by law.

In speaking on the bill Mr. Wheeler said:

Now, Mr. Chairman, we must either reduce salaries or we must enact the senate substitute into law, and thus provide for the coinage of silver. The arguments in favor of the gold standard were little more than the reiteration of the same scarecrow doctrines that were sent here from Wall street to oppose the silver-coinage law of 1878, and which have been reiterated every time a silver coinage bill has been brought before this body. The arguments were shown to be fallacious then and the history of the last eighteen years has proven them to be utterly without foundation.

A most distinguished member of this body—probably the ablest lawyer from the state which he represents on this floor, and by far the ablest advocate of the gold standard on this side of the house, a gentleman for whom we entertain profound regard, a gentleman whom I saw in his seat a few moments ago—after the fallacy of those arguments had been exploded, after every principle and theory that he advocated on this question had been refuted, cried out: "Stop all this agitation for the free and unlimited coinage of silver."

Yes, the distinguished gentleman cried, "You must not agitate." That Mr. Chairman, has been the exclamation of tyrants in all ages—"you must not agitate." (Applause.) When gentlemen resort to this ultimatum they admit that their arguments are fallacies. Nero told the people that they "must not agitate;" Caligula told the people that they "must not agitate." The gold-standard bankers of New York city, who now own substantially all the gold in the United States—so much was shown by the late bids on the bonds—were able to purchase bonds for gold to the amount of $102,448,199.55, while the 20,000,000 poeple who live south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers were only able to purchase to the amount of $222,086.

These gentlemen of New York insist that "this gold must be the only money of ultimate redemption." They have the farmers of the south and west by the throat, and they say, "You must not agitate. If you do we will make it worse for you; we control the money of the land; we have a power which you cannot resist;" and the distinguished gentlemen who advocate the gold-standard policy, cry out, "You must not agitate." "You farmers of the west, you farmers of the south," cry the bankers and monied men, "we have by our methods reduced the value of your products to one-half; and we have degraded you to mere toilers; we have elevated ourselves to be money kings and sovereigns; and now we say, 'You must not agitate' (applause); if you agitate this question we will make matters worse for you."

The speeches of these gentlemen are merely a repetition of the exploded theories which the Wall street and Lombard street bankers and brokers sent here in 1877 and 1878 to oppose the silver-coinage law of 1878, and which were reiterated by the same men when they struck the final blows upon silver by the bullion bill of 1890 and purchase-clause repeal of 1893.

Every prediction made by these men has proven to be false, and every prediction made by the friends of silver has proven to be correct and true. They said the silver-coinage act of 1878 would be followed by panic and distress. We denied this and insisted that it would bring prosperity. We were right and the gold-standard bankers were wrong.

Pattern for Burglars.

About the most considerate man the New York police have run up against for a long time is a burglar who left his overcoat containing his photograph in the house he last robbed. Other burglars should imitate his example, thus saving the police no end of trouble.—Ex.

Let Populists decide what they want done before going to the national convention. Don't leave the whole thing to be settled in the hurry and confusion of a convention.

The Cleveland family seems to be in disgrace all around. President Cleveland's brother got the "grand bounce" from the church he was serving as pastor.

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CURRENTS OF TRADE

As Observed and Reported by R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review.

MONEY MARKETS FAVORABLE

Foreign Commerce Looks Up—More Confidence Inspired by Evidences That Agitation for Cheap Money Will be Laid to Rest This Year. Retail Trade Better.

Failures for the week have been 238 in the United States, against 230 last year, and 44 in Canada, against 37 last year. Business has been favored by seasonable weather and the distribution of products has made fair progress not yet reducing retail or wholesale stocks far enough, however, to improve the position of industries. Money markets have grown more favorable, as well as the state of foreign commerce, and until the apparently groundless revival of discussion about the Venezuelan trouble there were brighter prospects of European investments here. The belief that agitation for cheap money will be permanently laid at rest this year is gaining ground and in financial quarters causes more confidence for the future. Prices of commodities are on the whole lower than ever before, having declined 2 per cent since April 1 and 17 per cent since July, 1890. The fall in manufactured products is a little less than it was April 1, but in farm products greater. Cotton goods were bought less freely last week, and the northern mills have taken scarcely any cotton this month. The feeling is more hopeful, because retail trade is better. The situation in woolen goods does not improve.

The large orders taken for boots and shoes when prices were reduced to last year's lowest, more than a month ago, result in shipments nearly equal to last year's. New orders are not coming in freely except for immediate delivery to fill out broken stocks. Leather is weaker with heavy sales, averaging about 3 per cent lower for the week, although hides at Chicago are a shade stronger. Neither pig iron nor manufactured products have improved in demand as yet, though further combinations have raised prices of rods and of bar iron to $1.20, while steel remains at $1.15 and nails 5 cents higher May 1. Brokers at Pittsburg are still selling steel billets 60 cents below the pool price. Structural angles are a shade lower, though some good contracts are expected.

A Gold Bug Verdict.

In a suit for damages against a street railway, decided in St. Louis, the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff for "one gold dollar." Judge Woods objected to the wording of the verdict. The verdict was recorded.

TWO BELLIGERENT CONGRESSMEN

Have High Words and the Historic Inkstand Comes to the Front.

Congressman Money, democrat, of Mississippi, senator-elect from that state, and Congressman Hall, democrat, of Missouri, had a personal encounter in the committee of naval affairs last Thursday. Statements conflict as to the language used by Mr. Money and resented by Mr. Hall, but it seems to be clear that, whatever were the words used, upon their utterance Mr. Money rose to his feet and Mr. Hall grabbed an ink well and hurled it at him. The blow behind the ear staggered him. Mr. Hall did not hit him with his fist. Mr. Money, though staggered, also clutched an ink well and let it drive at Mr. Hall's head, but the Missourian dodged and the missile flew harmlessly by and struck the wall opposite. Mr. Coakly, committee messenger, and other mutual friends rushed between the combatants and stopped the proceedings.

Mr. Money was taken to the room of the committee on claims, where his wounds were dressed by a physician who happened to be in the building. There were two cuts, one just back of the ear, about an inch long, and the other further down the neck, both probably made by the points of the ink well. Mr. Money, like his adversary, said he did not desire to make a statement.

There were present in the committee room, in addition to the two combatants, Commodore Fithian and Representative Meyer, of Louisiana, and Wilson, of New York, members of the committee. The altercation was over Mr. Wilson's bill for the reorganization of the personnel of the navy. An anomymous circular against the bill figured in the controversy.

Mr. Wilson says he was reading his mail and the conversation was participated in in a spasmodic fashion by all about the table. He says according to his recollection the row followed a statement of Mr. Hall's to the effect that whoever made such statements as were made in the circular, made statements which were not true. Mr. Money thereupon, according to Mr. Wilson, looked up and said: "Do you mean to say I am a liar?"

Mr. Hall replied in a low tone. Mr. Wilson says he does not know exactly what the reply was, but thereupon Mr. Money applied the epithet and the row began. The ink well thrown by Mr. Money, he says, narrowly escaped Mr. Hall's head and passed over his shoulder.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Frost has seriously injured the fruit crop of California.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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People's Party State Ticket

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

REGISTER!

REGISTRATION begins on Monday, May 4.

AT the foot of the ticket for next Tuesday's primary there will be a blank line under the caption "Delegate to Senatorial Convention." Please keep this in mind and fill in with the name of the best man you know. There will be one delegate from each beat.

NOTICE.

The Senatorial Committee of the Fifteenth District is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Tuesday, May 19, 1896, at 10 a.m., for the purpose of arranging for the Senatorial Convention. All Committeemen from Elmore, Chilton and Shelby counties are particularly requested to attend this meeting.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Ch'man.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Clear Creek, Ala., April 27, 1896.

Editor BANNER: The canvas of our primaries is drawing to a close. In a few days we shall know who our nominees are. Let us have a full turn out on the 5th of May. Come one and all. You can both, vote and regisger on that day. Kill two birds with one stone and save t me. Let me again call the attention of the voters to Mr. J. A. Logan who is before you for tax collector. He surely needs no further recommendation from any source. His services in the reform movement for the last ten years has fully demonstrated to the people of Chilton county that he the working man's friend, and it does seem to me that if merit ever deserves a reward now is a good time to bestow it. Let every voter in the county see to it that J. A. Logan's name is on his ticket and you will never have accasion to regret it.

X. X. X.

* * *

Editor BANNER: I am astonished at our people. I often hear church members say they won't vote for a preacher and therefore can't vote for L. B. Pounds for tax assessor. That is one of the greatest mistakes of their lives. Mr. Pounds is a christian man, a honorable high toned gentleman in every sense of the word. He is a useful man in the cause of righteousness. He is able to defend the truth and fully competent to assess the taxes. If the people would think for a moment they would see that they would be doing great missionary work by electing L. B. Pounds. He is a poor man and has 5 little motherless children to work for and serve 4 or 5 churches. He would feel less embarrassed if he was placed in a position to get a support without calling on the churches for it. Pounds has made a bold and vigorous fight for reform and no man can say ought against him. Give us Pounds for assessor. Success to the BANNER.

BILL.

* * *

Editor BANNER: As I cannot make a canvas of the county I ask a little space in your paper to express my gratitude to my friends for their support in the primary April 14th. As I am very busy in my crop and cannot leave home, if I fail to see any of my friends they will know that it is not because I don't want their support. I will certainly appreciate all that anyone will do for me. I want the people to do what they think is best and cast their votes for the man of their choice and I assure you that I will be satisfied and abide by the result. Someone is telling that I am supported by or running in the interest of some few. I will say that I am out for tax collector and am strictly in the interests of Tom Hubbard and I leave the matter in the hands of the voters and abide by their action May 5th. Respectfully,

T. J. HUBBARD.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., April 26, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Please alow me space in your most interefting paper to say a few words in regard to our candidates for sheriff. As there has been some outrageous lies told on Mr. Lee Hayes, I just want to say that Mr. Hayes was one of the first in the People's Party and has been faithful to the present time, always ready to bear his part and spend his own money. Now, gentlemen, Mr. Hayes says he would rather be dead than to injure the People's party.

Success to the BANNER.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

* * *

Editor BANNER: Now, give us Hubbard for tax collector, his neighbors say he is a good and true man, which is the best recommendation a man can have.

E. A. KNIGHT.

* * *

Strasburg, Ala., April, 29 '96

Editor BANNER: Please allow me space in the BANNER to correct some erroneous and false reports that I learn are being circulated against me in some parts of the county in regard to the support of certain candidates, both for sheriff and representative. Now, I say emphatically to the people that I am not working especially for any man but for myself, and I am, doing that in a high-toned, gentlemanly way. I have made no alliances with neither of these men, I have counseled for harmony and upright conduct upon the part of any and all. I have done this publicly and privately, and I am surprised that anyone will entertain any other opinion of me; neither am I trying to get in by detracting from my opponent. I simply ask the people for the office of assessor, because that I am in such condition as that it would greatly benefitme. I am a poor man, I preach to poor people, and and when you confer this favor on me it will be fully appreciated.

I am most truly yours,
L. B. POUNDS.

* * *

Randolph, Ala., April 25, 1896.

Editor BANNER: I wish to say that Squire E. Waldrup of 2d district is a good man and our clerk of our church and has been for many years. He is a good reformer, well qualified to fill the office of commissioner. I believe in equal rights to all and special favors to none.

ELIJAH BEARDEN.

* * *

Verbena, Ala., April 26, '96.

To the People's Party of Chilton County:

I see in the BANNER that L. H. Reynolds received a majority of all the votes cast in the first primary. I see no cause why the executive committee should not declare L. H. Reynolds the regular nominee of the People's Party. Brothers Rollins and Vinson came out too late, it caused the people to think that there was some trick or fraund being played on somebody. Eor the sake of harmony I hope that Mr. Rollins will withdraw his name from the list of candidates and not force Mr. Reynolds in the second primary. We should lay all our prejudice aside, put our shouders to the wheel and push with all our might, and elect our ticket in August. We should be sure to keep in the middle of the road.

Respectfully,
ALBERT THOMPSON.

* * *

MR. EDITOR: Again I am forced to ask for space in your paper. In the letter sent over our county by Mr. Jot Miller, chairman of the People's Party executive committee, and in the letter published in your last issue by Bro. E. G. Rollins, great dissatisfaction and confusion seems to have existed in our county, or at least in the minds of certain parties, in regard to who should be nominated as the People's candidate for the legislature.

Now, Mr. Editor, if there really existed any confusion who caused it? Certainly not I. There were two candidates for this office asking the support of our people, no dissatisfaction and confusion in this, certainly not. Was not the very beginning of this "confusion" when Mr. Jot Miller wrote to the members of the executive committee and asked them that if any candidate received a majority of all the votes cast for any one particular office if this candidate should not receive the nomination. The answer of the committee was yes. What next do we find our chairman doing? Do we find him holding himself aloof from the battle of votes? Do we find him occupying that high and lofty position which would give us a guarantee that he was impartial and unprejudiced? That he was in favor of "special favors to none?" What does the people of our county find? Let them examine. We find the chairman of the People's Party leaving his exalted position, riding over our county working against the interest of certain candidates, trying to bring out other candidates, adding "confusion" to "confusion." We find him bringing out new candidates, writing letters and sending telegrams in the interest of this new candidate, signing his name as chairman, prostituting his position and the trust of the people to defeat a candidate for a nomination. Who ever heard of such action on the part of a chairman? Where does he find any authority for such conduct? We are taught that in the People's Party we have a party known for its honesty and fair dealing, a party that demands fairness in all things, that scorns all political tricks, yet what do we find our chairman doing. I ask the people to stop and think.

There were only two candidates in this race, Mr. Frank Crichton and myself. When the committee met and counted the votes what did Mr. Crichton say? Listen, fellow citizens, and hear the words of an honest man, hear the ring of justice: "Mr. Chairman, I am defeated in this race honestly, Mr. Reynolds is elected and according to the voice of the committee he should receive the nomination." These are the words of an honest man, a man who in the hour of defeat had the courage to say what he thought. Was not the trouble with our chairman this; the wrong man got the nomination? Why did not our chairman see Mr. Rollins sooner? Who were the other parties waiting for the answer of Mr. Rollins? Did not our chairman carry the news from Mr. Rollins direct to the other parties? What is the People's Party in our county coming to? Is it to be known as a party of tricksters? Are we to soon lose confidence in each other? Are we to view with suspicion every act of its members? Fellow citizens, it is time for this thing to stop.

Now one word as to Mr. Rollins, Mr. Rollins is my friend and I feel that he has been led into this "confusion" without appreciating it. I would have liked it better if Bro Reynolds had said in his letter that he was or was not a candidate, that he wanted the position or that he did not want it. The people have a right to hear both Bro. Rollins and myself on the great subjects that are to-day confronting our people. Well, may be they forget the fact that our "chairman" vouches for Bro. Rollins, but may I not ask who vouches for our "chairman"?

Pardon me for again referring to the cutting off of a part of our county but I have received a letter from T. M. Barbour, who was chairman of the People's Party caucus at the time the bill was before the Legislature.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., April 9, 1896.

Mr. L. H. Reynolds, Jemison, Ala.

Yours received and in answer to your inquiry will say that neither yourself nor Mastin, who was representing your county, favored the cutting off of north Chilton.

Yours truly, T. M. BARBOUR,
Representative in Legislature of 1892 and 1893.

Now, Mr. Editor, hoping that there will be no further cause for "confusion" and that no further tricks will be resorted to in this campaign and that everybody will be satisfied with the result of our primary on May 5th, and that you will pardon me for again appearing in print beg to say to the people that if I shall have their support that they will find no act of mine to cause regret. Very respectfulty,

L. H. Reynolds.

* * *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

MR. EDITOR: I am of the opinion that the following letter, written by or for Mr. Jot A. Miller, and sent over the county the day before the primary election, will be very interesting reading:

Clanton, Ala., April 13, '96.

To the voters of Chilton County:

There is and has been some dissatisfaction among the members of the People's Party relative to the candidates for the office of representative, and believing it would not be to the best interest of the party to nominate either of the present candidates, I, with others, have been looking around for a suitable man to nominate for the position. There is a man who is in every respect qualified to fill this responsible position and is, I think, the most available man for the place. I have just had a conversation with him and he says he is not a candidate for the position, has not been or does not propose to be, but if the people think it is to the best interest of the party, and so decide by giving him the nomination, he will serve them to the best of his ability The man I refer to is Mr. E. G. Rollins, of Beat five. I take this means of asking all the voters of the People's Party to help us keep down all strife, to get the people to unite and vote down all office seekers, and elect a good, honest, conscientious, upright People's Party man who pledges himself to support our principles, and assure us an overwhelming victory in August, to do this no surer or better way could be adopted than to vote for E. G. Rollins.

Write the name under the name of the other candidates for representative on the blank line.

With much respect, I am and shall ever remain, your obedient servant, J. A. MILLER.

Four years ago we said there existed at Clanton a ring or clique, by our votes we declared it should be broken up. Where are we today? Let us stop for a moment and see. Let us examine the details of the present campaign, look at the sharp tricks and schemes you see at every turn. Have they forgotten how the Democratic Committee four years ago sought to rule and dictate to the people. We all remember what we thought of them Now look at the chairman of our own committee trying to do the very same thing. Does he forget that the people can and will think for themselves? He knows that the committee ruled that all the names should be printed on the tickets so the people could know who the candidates were. Yet he goes and violates this agreement or ruling. He as chairman writes, telegraphs and rides over the county in the interest of his special candidate and lends his office to help defeat a man who has done more in one day for our party than he (Miller) will ever be able to do. He cannot say he did not know this for he is chairman. Miller knows that he signed his name to letters written to other members of the committee and that it was decided that if any one candidate got a majority of all the votes cast that he should be declared the nominee. He knows that according to the ruling of the committee the race was confined to Reynolds and Crichton. Again he knows that according to the rules and the replies to his letters that L. H. Reynolds is to-day the nominee for representative. Mr. Crichton, true to our principles and honest to the core, declared Mr. Reynolds the true nominee.

Just think of it, all this squabbling and controversy caused by the chairman, not of the Democratic or Republican party, but of our own, backed by a small crowd who would rather see the People's Party disrupted than to see one man in office whom they cannot control. The majority of the people of our county left the old parties on account of the tricks, cliques, unfair and dishonest plans, that we might have a party free from all this, and now see where we are.

I tell you, Mr. Editor, we hope to see the day when the People's Party of this county will rid itself of all such tricksters and schemers for they are known and will soon be sent to their old homes by a people who once thought they could trust them.

Very Respt'y,
W. A. MIMS.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Be it known that I have made the following changes in the Register business. In beat six I have appointed Elijah Deason instead of Milton Roper, as Mr. Roper's eye-sight is very much impaired and he is growing too old. In beat eight I have appointed C. W. Plant to succeed E. L. McKee on account of his health and holding a position away from home. In beat 4 by request I have appointed W. B. James in place of W. M. Wilson. Beat 9, D. N. Riggins in place of Henry Estes who has left the county. I am ready to make any other appointments for vacancies that may occur in any of the other beats when notified.

B. W. GARNER, County Rgister.

I will be at Macadonia Tuesday May 5, at Benson Saturday May 9 for the purpose of registration and at my home near Benson the remainder of the time.

J. C. VEAZEY, registrar beat 3.

Beat 1—Mr. D. H. Mullins will be at Mineral Springs on Tuesday, May 5.

Beat 9—Mr. D. N. Riggins will be at the election box at Strasburg on Tuesday, May 5.

All Beat Registers will facilitate their work by attending the primary election to be held on Tuesday, May 5. Please make your appointments.

When no change is announced in THE BANNER the Beat Registers who acted at she last election will hold the same position in this election.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

REGISTER NEXT TUESDAY.
REGISTER NEXT TUESDAY.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD
PRESCRIBES
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
—FOR—
COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH.
SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE,
HEADACHE or
Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital; He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when CUSHMAN'S INHALER will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Beaky Thorn, in communication in the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '92.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON.

KINGSTON, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

REGISTER NEXT TUESDAY
REGISTER NEXT TUESDAY
REGISTER NEXT TUESDAY
REGISTER NEXT TUESDAY
REGISTER NEXT TUESDAY

Cushman's Menthol Balm
Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation. Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market. If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN
DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....
M. BORN & CO.
The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.
They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
LOWEST PRICES.
LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT
W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

VVV
The great Family Remedy

No home should be without a bottle of V. V. V., the great specific for all diseases of the blood—a true boon to ailing man and woman. A health and strength restorative of the highest efficacy. V. V. V., a purely vegetable preparation of sterling worth, acts directly on the blood, purifying, renewing and giving new life to every part of the system. Diseases of many years standing quickly succumb to V. V. V.; the ills of the hour are at once rectified, while the system is completely fortified against sickness.

A positive and permanent cure for Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, Malaria, Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Rheumatism in all its forms and blood poison of any nature. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed free to any one on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton-Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

BARGAIN! BARGAIN!!

At G. O. Logan's until the 10th day of May: 17 lbs granulated sugar for $1 00; 18 lbs brown sugar for $1.00; 5½ lbs good coffee for $1.00; 16 lbs bulk meat for $1.00 4 lbs soda 25; shoes at cost. Exchange for crossties, corn, chickens and country produce.

Miss Julia Moore has returned home after a pleasant visit to relatives here.

Mr. Durword Foshee, we are glad to say, is able to return to his work in Birmingham after several days sickness.

Mr. Ehrman went to Birmingham last Sunday.

Mr. Hugh Foshee visited Montgomery this week.

Mrs. A. J. Gullahorn arrived here this week on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Gartman.

Mrs. McNeil and Miss Once Belle Dejarnette, of Montgomery, spent Monday in our town.

Rev. Messrs. McCann and Bowen are assisting in the protracted meeting being held at the Methodist church in Clanton.

Messrs. Walter and Sidney Johnson, of Birmingham, were in town this week.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. P. Hayes and Miss Eulah J. Rasberry.

Colored:- Wesley Conyers and Annie Houser; John Houston and Mary Thompson; Will Brown and Mary Houston.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Dr. A. J. Massey, the eminent dentist from Birmingham, Ala., will be at Clanton during the session of court commencing May 11. We would remind any of our readers whose teeth may be causing them to suffer that this is their opportunity to consult a well known and reliable dentist.

We are glad to see Mr. Potts out again after a severe attack of malarial fever.

We often join with our friends in mourning the departure of their loved ones from this earth. The last victim to fall in our midst before the scythe of the grim monster death, was Miss Sallie Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Williams, who, on Saturday, the 25th inst., after a long illness meekly succumbed, and her soul winged its way to that land from whence no traveler ever returns. The family have the sympathy of the entire community in the bereavement, but while they grieve for their loved one, they are pointed for comfort to him who in wisdom and mercy doeth all things well.
A FRIEND.

Grand Excursion to Tampa, Fla. Only $5.50 for the Round-Trip.

On May 25th, the Plant System will run special train from Montgomery at the remarkably low rate of $5.50 for the round-trip, with proportionate low rates from other points on the line of the Plant System. Tampa is full of interesting sights. Two hundred and fifty cigar factories, employing seven thousand Cuban cigar makers. This alone is well worth the trip. Here you see the famous Tampa Bay Hotel, and the beautiful Port Tampa Inn, built over the waters of the Tampa Bay one mile from land. Tampa is a progressive city of twenty-one thousand people, located on Tampa Bay, the most beautiful of all southern waters: the finest boating, fishing and bathing in the world. Tickets will be good for return until June 1st., giving ample time for all kinds of sport. Those who desire can visit any other point in southern Florida. For full information write to W. V. LIFSEY, Division Passenger Agent, Montgomery, Ala.

WANTED -A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soaps and Pure Flavoring Extracts. $40 to $75 a month easily made. Address Crotts & Reed, Chicago, Ill.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.

DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering than and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.
Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama. Seventh District, North-eastern Chancery Division. April 22, 1896.

Moses Jones, Complainant, vs. Cora Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Cora Jones is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that her post office and residence are unknown to affiant and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the BANNER a news-paper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Cora Jones to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 25 day of May, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against her in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama this 22 day of April, 1896.
W. E. STEWART, Register in Chancery

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgement obtained against Richard Fraser out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Richard Fraser I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One ninth undivided interest of the following named lands: se ¼ of se ¼ sec 12 t 22 r 14 and w ½ of sw ¼ sec 7 t 22 r 15 also ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 12 t 22 r 14.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Richard Fraser in and to the above described property, on 1st Monday of May, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this 30 day of March 1896.
P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County, Alabama.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Geo. E. Skaggs out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Geo. E. Skaggs I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One half undivided interest of SE ¼ Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 13, lying and being in Chilton county Alabama.

Therefore according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all right, title and interest of the above named Geo. E. Skaggs in and to the above described property, on Monday the 13th day of April, 1896, during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 7th day of March 1896.
P. M. MOORE.
Sheriff Chilton county, Ala.

The above sale is continued until Monday, May 4 1896.
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodic visits to Clanton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of the jurors drawn for the Spring term of Circuit court, commencing on Monday, May 11, 1896.

GRAND JURY.

Beat 1 R Vanderslice, W H Conway.

Beat 2 S A Curry, L H Reynolds, Harrison Driver.

Beat 3 Wylie Foshee, J P Nix, B H Jones.

Beat 4 J E Evans, R E Jones.

Beat 5 James Wood, J H Bostwick, Calvin Dennis.

Beat 6 James Griffis, R L Williams, Sr.

Beat 7 Noah Latham, W Y Nix.

Beat 8 S B Ratliff, D C Gandy.

Beat 9 J M Poole, Aaron Littleton.

PETIT JURY--First Week.

Beat 1 J F Marcus, E W Willis, C H Lowery.

Beat 2 J T Blow, J O Jeffries, J D Hand, G W Shaw jr, J N Childers.

Beat 3 James Cooley, B F Rasberry, S K Rasberry.

Beat 4 Noah Littlejohn, J M Maddox, N A Kicker, J W Cox, J P Parrish, J R Thompson.

Beat 5 E E Estes, D B Wilson, John L Moore, Anderson Baker, R T Grant.

Beat 6 J T Williams, R L Williams jr, A C Mims.

Beat 7 John Milford jr, S B McCary, T U Crumpton.

Beat 8 Joe Gandy, C C Dyer, C W Plant.

Beat 9 George Maddox, Alfred Childers, A Bussy.

Second Week.

Beat 1 Lewis Littleton, H B Roper, W H Bean.

Beat 2 H N Beasley, J R Johnson, J M Brantley, Alfred Pate.

Beat 3 J M Furguson, Wm Deshazo, Wm Veazey, J C Culp, Doc Jones, B W Garner, E Z Nix.

Beat 4 J M Thacker, O K Mullins, W H Parrish.

Beat 5 J W Taylor, J R Thomas, Jake Lavinska, W L Bates.

Beat 7 L B Broadhead, Emmitt Christian, Eugene McGee, Clay Latham.

Beat 8 Frank Weaver, Jesse Rucker, W T Dungan, R W Gandy, W W Sansom, Jack Landers, J R Parnell.

Beat 9 G W Sorrell, J T Mims, James Burnett, J B Childers.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 85, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

Why not be your own Middle-man?

Pay but one profit between maker and user and that a small just one.

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MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
The Store of All the People
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18047.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
April 17, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 30th, 1896., viz: Louisa Manuel, Homestead entry, No. 25,460, for the nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 26 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cotton Hall, J. T. Selman, Ben Selman, John Smith, all of Dixie, Ala.
H. PURCELL, Register.

Notice to Non-Resident

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

IN PROBATE COURT
SPECIAL TERM.

To Fannie Christian Resident of Scott county, Arkansas.

You are hereby notified that on the 31 day of March, 1896, there was filed, in this Court a petition for a sale of certain personal property for Partition among the Joint owners thereof, said petition setting forth that said property is now in the possession of Emmit Christian in this county and that you are one of the Joint owners thereof. You will take notice that the 7th day of May, 1896, has been set for the hearing of said petition at which time you can appear in said court at the court house in Clanton, Ala., and contest said petition if you see proper to do so.

Witness my hand at office in Clanton, Ala., this 7th day of April, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT.
Judge of Probate Court.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

The friends of Lee Hayes hereby announce him as a candidate for the nomination of the People's Party for the office of Sheriff of Chilton county for the ensuing term.

By the request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Chilton County subject to the action of the People's Party primary
JAMES T COOLEY

TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of T. J. Hubbard hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

At the request of many friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.
J. A. LOGAN.

TAX ASSESSOR.

By encouragement of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor subject to the action of the Peoples Party primary.
L. B. POUNDS.

To the voters of Chilton county as I cannot see you all personally I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Chilton county, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
A. C. MIMS.

LEGISLATURE.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Representative of Chilton county subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
L. H. REYNOLDS.

The friends of E. G. Rollins who took it upon themselves to submit his name at the first primary and who insist upon his candidacy, hereby announce him as a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the People's Party primary, May 5.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of Alex. G. Dake as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of J. W. Moore hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Education subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

COMMISSIONER.

At the solicitation of my friends I announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner for the First District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
RUFUS C. RIGGINS.

We, the friends of Samuel Pate, hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as County Commissioner for the First District, subject to the action of the Peopeo's Party primary.

The friends of Alex Glasscock hereby announce him as a candidate for re-election as Commissioner for the Second District subject to the action of the People's Party Primary.

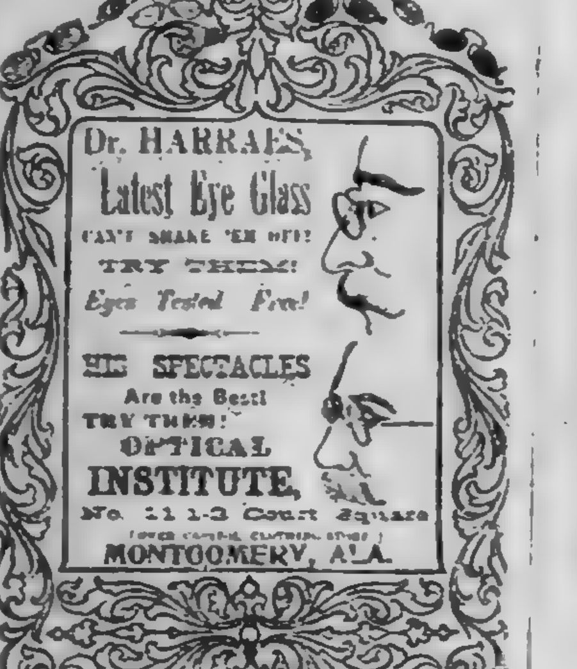
By request of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Commissioner for the Second District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
S. E. WALDRUP.

The friends of P. E. Harris hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

The friends of J. Goodman Smitherman hereby announce him as a candidate for the office of Commissioner for the Third District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner for the Fourth District subject to the action of the People's Party primary.
MOSES ROBINSON.

The many friends of J. R. Vinson hereby announce him as a candidate for Commissioner from the Fourth District, subject to the action of the People's Party primary May 5.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What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

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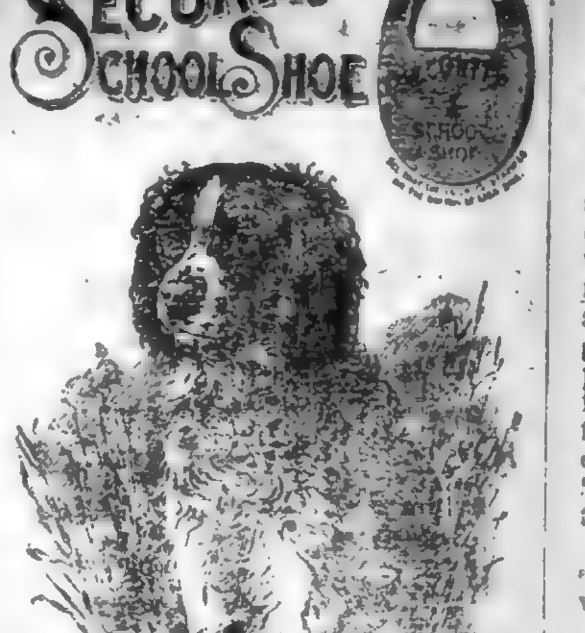

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W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST.
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.
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BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST,—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASE.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DISPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THICKNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF THE WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHOEA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

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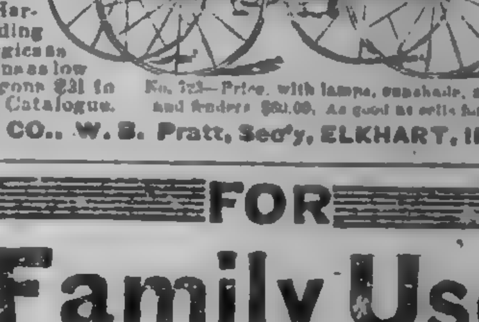

No. 16½—Surrey Harness. Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

No. 723—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

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An ordinary family ironing can be done on the "Racine" Mangle in twenty minutes.

No Heat, No Fuel, No Scorching.

The goods always retain their pure whiteness and will wear twice as long as where hot irons are used.

SAVES FUEL, SAVES TIME, SAVES LABOR, SAVES THE CLOTHES, EVERY MANGLE GUARANTEED.

Prices within the means of every family. Made in six styles and ten sizes for families, hotels, laundries, etc. Send for our new illustrated catalogue.

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EDITOR—We can vouch for the reliability of this company.

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LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formul is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior TO ALL Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by B. W. FRAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me," J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

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BLOTCHES
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A WONDERFUL REMEDY.
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LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
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For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

A Useless Strategy.

Little Mamie is sick in bed, but refuses persistently to take the prescribed pill. Her mother, however, resorts to strategy, concealing the pill in some preserved pear and giving it to the child to eat. After awhile mamma asks:

"Has my little dear eaten her pear?"

"All except the seed, mamma dear."—Texas Siftings.

If you want to be a man, your first resolve should be to pay your debts.

It Seems Credible.

Gazpin—How old does a woman have to be before she can vote?

Hazbin—Twenty-one, I believe.

Gazpin—But usually she doesn't vote until she's at least twice that age.

Hazbin—I know it. You see she has to devote the intervening time to making up her mind how to vote.—Roxbury Gazette.

The street railways of Massachusetts, nearly all of which are operated by electricity, carried 200,000,000 passengers last year, of whom 1,507 were injured, twenty-five fatally.

Sure Sign of Success.

"Look at Nordica!" said a keen observer. "Look at that Plymouth Rock jaw! No wonder she is on top to-day! Will power is written all over her intelligent and sweet mug."—Musical Courier.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Whoever will take one step to please God, will soon want to take another.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

In seeking Christ, go as far as you know the way, and he will meet you.

The best way to know whether Dobbins' Floating Borax Soap is the best for laundry and bath is to try it. It don't turn yellow like other floating soaps, as it is pure. Red wrapper. Ask your grocer for Dobbins' Floating-Borax.

Whatever God does for man to look at, he does with a humble instrument.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

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Just How it Does it is Not the Question. It is enough to know that Hindercorns takes out corns, and a great relief it is. 15c. druggists.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of the lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—LOUISA LINDAMAN, Bethany Mo., Jan. 8, 1894.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

"I Have Tried Parker's Ginger Tonic and believe in it," says a mother, and so will you when you know its revitalizing properties.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

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In writing please mention this paper.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N,U . No. 18. 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Adopts a Platform Advocating the Free Coinage of Silver.

THE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

In Favor of Fair and Honest Elections, and the Repeal of the 10 Per Cent Tax on State Bank Notes—The Nominees—The New Executive Committee, Etc.

The Democratic State Convention, which was held at Montgomery, adjourned sine die about 8 o'clock last Wednesday night. The platform adopted thoroughly advocates the free coinage of silver without the slightest qualification as to quantity or the pleasure of other nations.

The ticket nominated is as follows:

For Governor—Joseph F. Johnston, of Jefferson.

Secretary of State—J. Kirke Jackson, of Lauderdale.

Treasurer—G. W. Ellis, of Montgomery.

Auditor—Walter S. White, of Colbert.

Attorney-General—W. C. Fitts, Tuscaloosa.

Superintendent of Education—John O. Turner, of St. Clair.

Commissioner of Agriculture—I. F. Culver, of Bullock.

The new executive committee consists of:

At large—Winston Jones, of Mobile; W. H. Lawson, of Montgomery; Richmond P. Wetmore, of Birmingham; Frank L. Pettus, of Selma; Tennant Lomax, of Montgomery; Henry D. Clayton, of Eufaula.

First District—A. S. Lyons, of Mobile; Isaac Grant, of Clarke, and John C. Webb, of Marengo.

Second District—R. R. Bricken, of Crenshaw; J. N. Standford, of Wilcox, and J. I. Long, of Butler.

Third District—R. H. Glenn, of Russell; Frank M. Moseley, of Bullock, and Daniel Gordan, of Henry.

Fourth District—J. B. Knox, of Calhoun; S. J. Bowie, of Talladega, and M. A. Keith, of Dallas.

Fifth District—J. W. Cook, of Lowndes; J. T. Heflin, of Chambers, and W. H. Balke, of Clay.

Sixth District—W. B. Peeples, of Pickens; Steve Smith, of Lamar, and Daniel Collier, of Fayette.

Seventh District—J. G. Winston, of Marshall; J. L. Burnett, of Etowah, and W. I. Bullock, of Franklin.

Eighth District—R. P. Whitman, of Madison; G. P. Jones, of Lauderdale, and Asa Rountree, of Morgan.

Ninth District—S. G. Logan, of Bibb; T. M. Hudson, of Blount, and John R. Hogue, of Perry.

THE DELEGATES.

The delegation to the National Convention consists of:

At large—A. H. Kellar, of Colbert; J. H. Bankhead, of Fayette; John B. Knox, of Calhoun, and A. O. Lane, of Jefferson.

Alternates—J. C. Clark, of Mobile; W. C. Swanson, of Barbour; R. C. Hunt, of Jackson; Jesse F. Stallings, of Butler. (It is understood that Mr. Strassburger, of Butler, will take Mr. Stalling's place.)

First District—D. R. Burgess, of Mobile, John H. Minge, of Marengo; alternates, James P. Kenney, of Mobile, and Massey Wilson, of Clarke.

Second District—Tennant Lomax, of Montgomery; William L. Park, of Pike; alternates, B. B. McKenzie, of Butler; James M. McMallon, of Escambia.

Third District—W. P. Pointer, of Dale, and T. P. Hendham, of Lee; alternates, John W. Smith, of Russell, and C. L. Jinks, of Bullock.

Fourth District—D. T. Goodwyn, of Calhoun, and C. W. Hooper, of Dallas; alternates, W. A. Porter of Cleburne and J. A. Dudley, of Chilton.

Fifth District—A. J. Driver, of Chambers, and W. D. McCurdy, of Lowndes; alternates, G. A. Sorrell, of Tallapoosa, and W. M. Smith, of Autauga.

Sixth District—H. B. Foster, of Tuscaloosa and Sam Carpenter, of Greene; alternates, J. H. Moody and W. C. Jemison, of Tuscaloosa.

Seventh District—L. L. Cochrane, of DeKalb; E. C. Almon, of Franklin; alternates, J. T. Jones, of St. Clair, and W. J. Sibert, of Etowah.

Eighth District—J. E. Brown, of Jackson, and R. E. Sproggins, of Madison; alternates, R. L. Allen, of

Third District—T. M. Epsey, of Henry; alternate, M. M. Baldwin, of Bullock.

Fourth District—W. B. Brown, of Shelby; alternate, T. J. Burton, of Cleburne.

Fifth District—T. L. Bulger, of Tallapoosa; alternate, W. A. Hayes, of Autauga.

Sixth District—J. J. Mayfield, of Tuscaloosa; alternate, M. B. Curry, of Pickens.

Seventh District—M. D. Sibert, of Etowah; alternate, C. C. Appleton.

Eighth District—E. S. Almon of Limestone, and Paul Hodges, of Lauderdale.

Ninth District—C. E. Waller, of Hale, and John W. Tomlinson of Jefferson; alternates, A. P. Howlson, of Bibb, and L. L. Lee, of Perry.

THE ELECTORS.

The list of electors are as follows;

State at large—S. W. John, of Birmingham; J. W. A. Sanford, of Montgomery; alternates, J. J. Willett, of Calhoun, and L. B. Musgrove of Walker.

First District—E. L. Russell, of Mobile; alternate, Oscar L. Gray, of Choctaw.

Second District—John D. Burnett, of Conecuh; alternate, T. L. Cochran, of Wilcox.

Colbert; alternate, W. T. Lowe, of Lawrence.

Ninth District—C. B. Powell, of Jefferson; alternate, W. C. Garrett, of Jefferson.

CUBAN RESOLUTION.

Mr. Powell, of Jefferson, introduced a resolution committing the democrats of Alabama in favor of the cause of the Cubans, and requesting the Federal government to recognize them as belligerents. The resolution prevailed by an overwhelming vote.

THE PLATFORM.

The platform adopted by the convention reads as follows:

We the democrats of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, declare our continued faith in the old time-honored principles of the democratic party, and among these principles are the following:

1. The free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at 16 to 1 as the standard money of the country, without any discrimination against either metal and without the consent of foreign nations, as the United States coined silver and gold before the republican party obtained control of the government and changed the coinage laws of the country for the benefit of a class and to the injury of a great mass of the people.

2. The unconstitutional penalty of 10 per centum on each issue of state bank notes by any state or national bank ought to be repealed.

It is our purpose to maintain a government in this state fair and just to all, under control of the white men of Alabama.

The faith and credit of the state must be maintained untarnished.

Our system of public education should be improved and extended so far as the state has the ability without oppressive taxation.

We are in favor of honest and fair elections, and we recommend that laws be enacted under which primary elections and other party proceedings for the selection of candidates may be conducted.

We cordially invite all good citizens of this state, and especially all democrats who strayed from the party, to unite with us in an earnest and determined effort to maintain good government in the state of Alabama.

Let us preserve the dignity and credit and peace, and if possible, the prosperity of our state.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

The following is the vote for governor, by counties, as it occurred in the state convention:

THE CLARKE COUNTIES.

Autauga	1
Gherokee	7
Choctaw	6
Clarke	8
Coosa	5
Coffee	4
Covington	1½
Cullman	4
Elmore	7
Fayette	2
Geneva	4
Greene	7
Henry	8
Jefferson	15
Lamar	1 1-3
Macon	6
Marengo	11
Mobile	17
Pickens	7
Shelby	7
Sumter	6
Tuskaloosa	10
Washington	3
Total	147 5-6

THE JOHNSTON COUNTIES.

Autauga	3
Baldwin	3
Barbour	12
Bibb	5
Blount	7
Bullock	9
Butler	7
Calhoun	11
Chambers	9
Chilton	5
Clay	5
Cleburne	4
Colbert	7
Conecuh	5
Covington	1½
Crenshaw	5
Dale	6
Dallas	16
DeKalb	7
Escambia	3
Etowah	7
Fayettee	4
Franklin	4
Hale	[illegible]
Jackson	[illegible]
Jefferson	17
Lauderdale	8
Lawrence	7
Lamar	3 2-3
Lee	10
Limestone	7
Lowndes	[illegible]
Madison	
Marion	
Marshall	
Monroe	
Montgomery	18
Morgan	8
Perry	10
Pike	8
Randolph	6
Russell	[illegible]
St. Clair	[illegible]
Sumter	4
Talladega	1
Tallapoosa	8
Walker	5
Wilcox	10
Wilston	2
Total	[illegible]6 1-6

CARR DECLARED CRAZY.

He Was Under Sentence to Hang at Atlanta.

A special from Atlanta says: Alex Carr, the murderer, has been declared insane by a jury. He was under sentence to be hanged Friday last, but this will save him. Carr killed John King here in 1894. The murderer soon began to feign insanity. For more than a year he did not speak a word. Experts pronounced him a victim of dementia. But he was convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged. One month ago, just a few days before the date set for his execution, he broke his long silence and stated that he had been shamming all the time. The governor gave him thirty days' respite to see whether or not he was insane. Thursday he was examined and pronounced insane. He will be sent to the asylum. It is still a question with a great many whether he is sane or insane.

Evangelist Diaz Released.

Rev. Albert Diaz, the Baptist evangelist of Cuba, an American by naturalization, whose recent arrest and imprisonment by the Spanish authorities so stirred the hearts of Baptists and other Christians in this country, has with his brother Alfred, been released on condition of his leaving Cuba within six days. The Baptists of Atlanta, Ga., have invited him to that hospitable city.

Britons vs. Matabeles.

A dispatch from Buluwayo, South Africa, dated April 24, says: Commander Duncan, with 200 whites and 100 natives, with Maxim and Hotchkiss guns, met the Matabeles three miles out from Buluwayo. The Matabeles fired a heavy volley into the British party and drove them into the Umguza river. One of the whites of the British party was killed, three officers were wounded and several of the natives also killed.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

NORTH ALABAMA PRESBYTERY.

A Convict Makes an Effort to Escape and is Shot—Exhibition of Poultry—Murdered in Sleep—Powder Mill to be Erected.—Revival at Blountsville.

A Lofty Location.

Col. R. B. Kyle, of Gadsden, has begun the erection of a handsome summer home on Lookout Mountain, in Etowah county. The location is the highest point on the mountain.

Pensions Granted or Increased

Alabama: Original, Charles Robinson, Ensley City; additional, James J. Kennedy, Flint; widows Indian wars, Emily F. Pace, Coffeeville, Clarke county; Martha C. Baly, Dodsonville, Jackson county; original, special, April 7, Henry Torbert, Society Hill, Macon county.

Mr. Aldrich Complimented

Representative Aldrich, who succeeded Mr. Robbins from the Fourth Alabama district, has been placed on the committee on banking and currency, a position regarded as quite a compliment for a new member. Mr. Aldrich will go to the St. Louis convention as a Reed delegate.

New Industry in Birmingham.

The erection of a cotton seed oil mill in Birmingham is now assured. The location selected is East Birmingham, where ground has been secured. The main building will be 160x60 and the machinery therein will be of sixty tons capacity. The sheds will be 60x200 feet and the boiler room 24x40.

Congressman Goodwyn.

A Washington item says: "Congressman A. T. Goodwyn will leave for Alabama in a few days, to be present at the fusion convention. He will doubtless be nominated to head the ticket for governor and will enter the campaign, and proposes, he says, to make it lively for the democratic nominee.

Newspaper Plant Sold.

Messrs. E. J. Wiley and A. E. Bayol have purchased the plant of the late Montgomery Evening News. The terms of the sale which were made by the assignee are not known. Mr. Wiley is an energetic and capable newspaper man, and Mr. Bayol is competent to make the business management of the enterprise a success.

Nine Orphaned Children.

Mr. Clarence Crenshaw was buried from his home in Marion last Wednesday afternoon, with Masonic honors. His death resulted from a fall down a flight of steps in the hotel at Columbus, Miss., fracturing his skull. His wife has only been dead a few months, and the entire community sympathizes deeply with the nine orphaned children.

Athens College Commencement.

The commencement exercises of the Athens Female College will take place May 31 to June 3. Rev. R. A. Timmons, of LaFayette, will preach the commencement sermon Sunday May 31 at 11 a. m. Rev. J. W. Shoemaker, of Florence, will preach the baccalaureate sermon the evening of the same date at 8 o'clock.

Compulsary Vaccination.

Among the sanitary measures recommended by the state board of health was one asking the legislature to vest power in city authorities to compel vaccination in the future as a prerequisite for admission to the public schools, thus gradually protecting more and more the cities and towns from the dangers incident to small pox.

Great Revival at Blountsville.

There was a great revival at the Methodist church in Blountsville last week. More than fifty persons were converted and about thirty joined the church.

Dr. McGaha, of East Lake, is to preach the commencement sermon at Blount college and Dr. Anson West the baccalaureate. Rev. G. W. Reed, of Birmingham, will deliver the annual address.

Dogwood Timber Valuable.

W. R. Sloan, of Buffalo, N. Y., was in Mobile en route to the cypress swamps near that city. Mr. Sloan said: "From the car windows I notice the dogwood in bloom everywhere. It is not generally known, but dogwood and persimmon timber is getting more valuable every day. It is the only wood available for the spindles in cotton mills and millions are used every year."

Alabama Medical Association.

This important body, which has been in session in Montgomery adjourned Friday at noon, to meet in Selma next year. The session was entirely harmonious and profitable and pleasant in all its details, social, legislative and scientific. The attendance was good, 162 physicians registering. The hospitality of the physicians of the city and of the citizens was generous and cordial.

Murder Near Ishkooda.

A cruel murder was committed Thursday afternoon about two miles from Ishkooda, some five or six miles below Birmingham. Alonzo Cook, colored, shot and killed Susie Spencer, also colored. The murderer is still at large. It seems that the two quarreled when Cook pulled his gun and fired on the woman, killing her instantly. A telegram was received by the police department to look for the man, who is described about 5 feet 7 inches in height, and of ginger-cake color. He is said to be 25 years of age.

Desperate Attempt of a Convict.

Last week Tom Martin, a negro, was sentenced in Birmingham criminal court to a term of two years in the penitentiary. Special Officer S. B. Hale was taking him, chained to another convict, to Pratt Mines. While they were going through the woods between Pratt Station and the mines Martin sprang at Mr. Hale's horse, causing him to shy so suddenly that Hale was thrown to the ground. Martin jumped on him. In the struggle Officer Hale shot Martin in the thigh. He then submitted, and now lies in the prison hospital.

Another for Birmingham.

In a quiet way T. C. Thompson & Co. have erected the plant of the Birmingham Car Wheel works in the southwestern portion of the city near Alice furnace. The buildings are complete, and yesterday Mr. Thompson was ready to turn them over to the owners. Machinery will be put in at once, and the institution will soon be doing practical work. Over 100 hands will be employed, and another substantial industry will soon be adding to the growth and progress of the community. N. S. Bouton and associates, of Chicago, are at the head of this enterprise. Malone & Bell brought them to the city. This industry wil represent an outlay of $100,000.

Remarkable Electrical Experiments.

One night during the session of the Medical Association in Montgomery Professor McKissick, of Auburn, the accomplished young electrician of the college there, gave a series of beautiful and remarkable electrical experiments to a very large gathering of doctors and citizens, along the line of the study of the new X ray, by which, with electrical illumination of Geissler tubes, it was rendered perfectly possible to see clearly and distinctly objects through a block of wood an inch and a half thick, and other perfectly astonishing revelations of this discovery which, even now in its infancy, promises so much for the future of science. Many of these facts were demonstrated in large detail by the aid of the sterepticon.

Alabama's Poultry Show.

Arrangements have been perfected for giving the annual exhibition of the Alabama Pet Stock and Poultry Association in the city of Birmingham. It has been decided that the show will take place on December 15, 16 and 17. A large hall will be secured in the heart of the city, so as to render it convenient for the whole public to inspect the beautiful birds that will be on exhibition. It is expected that there will be at least two thousand feathered wonders on show. They will come from all parts of the country. Already a large number of special premiums have been secured from the local merchants in addition to the regular prizes that will be offered by the association itself.

Murdered While Asleep.

On Sunday while Bob Lewis, colored, was asleep in his cabin near Smith's Mines, in Jefferson county, Hattie Hayden and Josie Pegram, colored, were observed to enter the house and immediately afterwards a shot was heard. Men rushed to the house and therein found the two women, so it is stated, and discovered the man dying from a wound made by a pistol. The man did not live long enough to give a statement of the affair, so it is said. The women were arrested and brought to the city, where they were lodged in the county jail and a charge of murder was preferred against them both by Constable B. E. McGhee. The case was heard in the court of Justice J. L. Whitmore this morning and the Pegram woman as the result was turned loose, while Hattie Hayden was remanded to jail without bail to await the action of the grand jury.

Items Noted.

C. L. Bacon, of Gadsden, purchased 830 bales of cotton from A. G. Henry in Guntersville last week.

The Etowah Rifles are drilling preparatory to going to the state encampment, which will probably be in Birmingham.

Mrs. Phoeba Chapman, of Gadsden, has been awarded $2,000 damages for the killing of her husband by the Alabama Great Southern road some time ago.

A gentleman from Columbus, O., has been in and around Valley Head recently looking for a location to establish a colony of the Society of Friends or Quakers.

J. L. Griffin & Co. have erected a large saw mill at Gadsden and the mill is now running. It has a capacity of 20,000 feet of lumber per day and will give employment to a large number of men.

Unknown Man Killed.

About 5 o'clock last Thursday morning an unknown tramp was killed on the Louisville and Nashville railroad track, just north of the New Decatur depot, the engine passing over the man's breast, resulting in instant death. It is thought that the man was beating his way north over the road. Nothing was found on the body of value or by which his name or destination could be determined. A negro hack driver who went up on the train Thursday morning identified the remains as those of a man of foreign accent, whom he had seen Wednesday night in Birmingham begging, and who said he was an English seaman, on his way from San Francisco, Cal., to Philadelphia, where he expected to get on an English vessel. His height was above that of the average man, of blond complexion, hair sandy, and having a slight beard. He was about 45 years of age. There were tatooed figures upon the breast, which, it is said, were obliterated by the cause of death.

Bad Barn Burners.

Two large stock barns were burned near Fayetteville, Tenn., last week and in each case the fires were clearly traced to incendiarians. The first barn belonged to Parks Bros., on the Mulberry pike, the other belonged to A. H. Smith and was situated on the road to Pulaski, six miles out. Five head of horses were burned, among them Fannie B. M., winner of a number of races in the north last year. The fire was undoubtedly caused by incendiaries and the farmers are holding meetings all over the district. The excitement is very great.

Jealousy, Murder, Suicide.

Last Thursday afternoon at a place about two miles south of Meadville, Pa., Edward Karleskind shot his wife in the head three times and then cut his own throat. Both are dead. The only witness of the tragedy was the couple's 3-year-old girl. She says her father knocked her mother down with a club and then shot her. Thinking the woman was dead, he took a razor and cut his own throat from ear to ear, dying almost instantly. The woman lingered in agony for about two hours. Jealousy was the cause of the trouble.

Possibilities of the Ray.

It has long been known that sunlight is a potent destroyer of noxious germs, and the general belief is that it is the actinic rays that chiefly have such action. Now, if the X rays are merely the invisible ultra-violet rays of the spectrum, they are probably the most actinic of all. Indeed, that is indicated by their effect upon photographic plates. That they may prove to be powerful germicide agents, and it may be needful only to pass them through the human body to destroy all the noxious bacteria in the most remote and inaccessible tissues.

The Biggest Prune Orchard.

The largest prune orchard in the world is said to be located at Los Gatos, on the western edge of the Santa Clare Valley, California. It contains nearly 50,000 trees, covering about 380 acres. A hundred workmen and as many horses are constantly employed on this farm, which is provided with its own water works and electric light plant.

A woman who never marries misses the greatest opportunity of her life to be a martyr.

An English kindergarten game consists of a little box containing flags of different colors with an outline map. Both flags and divisions on maps are numbered with corresponding numbers. Flags of one color are used for towns, another for rivers, one for mountains and one for mineral fields. This idea might be used with advantage by the mother who goes through the geography lessons with her small children. If they were given bits of colored paper and permitted to make the flags of different nations, they could then be used to denote the territory of different countries.

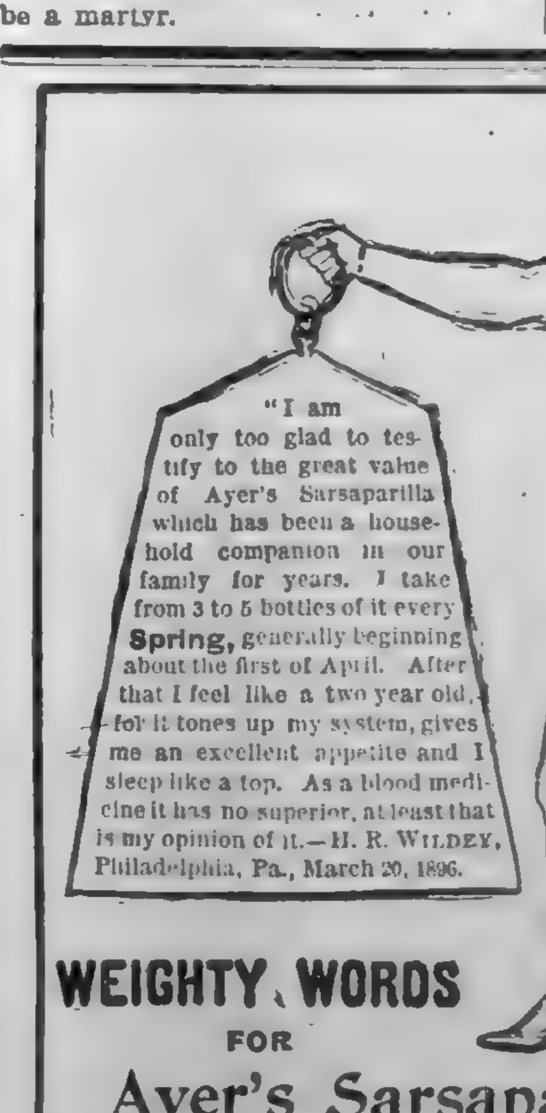
Humor with the Puritans.

The first boatload from the Mayflower scrambled out on Plymouth Rock.

"I suppose," remarked Miles Standish, emptying the water from his shoe, "that we can now be referred to as landed aristocrats."

And when this was repeated to Elder Brewster and explained to him he almost laughed.—New York Recorder.

An old man who marries a young wife may have good taste, but he has poor sense.



"I am only too glad to testify to the great value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla which has been a household companion in our family for years. I take from 3 to 5 bottles of it every **Spring,** generally beginning about the first of April. After that I feel like a two year old, for it tones up my system, gives me an excellent appetite and I sleep like a top. As a blood medicine it has no superior, at least that is my opinion of it.—H. R. WILDEY, Philadelphia, Pa., March 20, 1896.

WEIGHTY WORDS
FOR
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Poor soil

and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made **profitably fertile** by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing **high percentages of**

Potash

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

There is just a little appetizing bite to HIRES Rootbeer; just a smack of life and good flavor done up in temperance style. *Best by any test.*

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

Have you spent "hundreds" on experiments? Send 50 cents more for cure.

TETTERINE.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE,
Savannah, Ga.

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.
50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Walter Waterman, of No. 24 North Eleventh street, Philadelphia, writes under date of August 31, 1896: "I have always been a great sufferer from constipation. My liver seemed to be out of order almost all the time. Besides my face looking yellow. I am forty-two years old and have always led an indoor life. Some time ago a neighbor of mine suggested that I try Ripans Tabules. I did so. I now take them. I feel better. My bowels act well and they tell me my color has gotten more healthy in the face. I usually take one Tabule every day, also one at night before getting in bed. I have tried most all kinds of remedies. I am confident from the past experience that these Tabules have put me on my feet and I would recommend them to anybody who has been afflicted like me. I write this without solicitation."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

Second Hand
TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.

Large size, cost $400, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

Apply at once to

Atlanta Newspaper Union,
ATLANTA, GA.

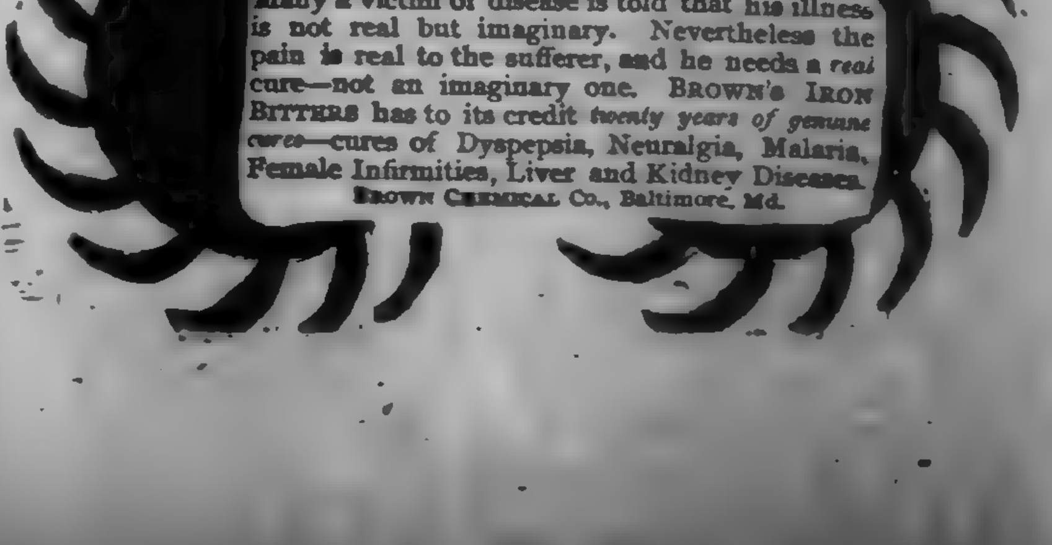
ADVERTISING CIRCULATORS We shall put out 50,000 circulars this spring. If you want to "get in on the ground floor," send ref. and two stamps for contract, etc. MAINE MFG CO. Box 9, Stillwater, Me.

Breakfast Cocoa

Made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., is "a perfect type of the highest order of excellence in manufacture." It costs less than one cent a cup.

THE DOCTOR—"One layer of paper is bad enough, you have three here. Baby may recover but cannot thrive."

ALABASTINE.
IT WON'T RUB OFF.
Wall Paper is Unsanitary. KALSOMINE IS TEMPORARY, ROTS, RUBS OFF AND SCALES.
ALABASTINE is a pure, permanent and artistic wall-coating, ready for the brush by mixing in cold water.
For Sale by Paint Dealers Everywhere.
FREE A Tint Card showing 12 desirable tints, also Alabastine Souvenir Rock sent free to any one mentioning this paper.
ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.



Real vs. Unreal.

Many a victim of disease is told that his illness is not real but imaginary. Nevertheless the pain is real to the sufferer, and he needs a *real* cure—not an imaginary one. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS has to its credit *twenty years of genuine cures*—cures of Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Malaria, Female Infirmities, Liver and Kidney Diseases.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1896. NO. 28.

BLAINE WAS FOR FREE COINAGE OF SILVER AT 16 TO 1.

From James G. Blaine's speech in the United States Senate, 1880.

"On the much vexed and long mooted question as to bimetallic and monometallic standard my own views are sufficiently indicated in the remarks I have made. I believe the struggle now going on in this country and in other countries for a single gold standard would, if successful, produce widespread disaster in and throughout the commercial world. The destruction of silver as money, and establishing gold as the sole unit of value, must have a ruinous effect on all forms of property except those investments which yield a fixed return in money. Those would be enormously enhanced in value and would gain a disproportionate and unfair advantage over every other species of property. If, as the most reliable statistics affirm, there are nearly $7,000,000,000 of coin or bullion in the world, very equally divided between gold and silver, it is impossible to strike silver out of existence as money without results which will prove distressing to millions and utterly disastrous to tens of thousands.

"I believe gold and silver coin to be the money of the constitution; indeed, the money of the American people anterior to the constitution, which the great organic law recognized as quite independent of its own existence. No power was conferred on congress to declare either metal should not be money. Congress has, therefore, in my judgment, no power to demonetize either. If, therefore, silver has been demonetized, I am in favor of demonetizing it. If its coinage has been prohibited, I am in favor of ordering it to be resumed; I am in favor of having it enlarged."

MR. BURKITT TALKS.

OPPOSED TO SACRIFICE OF ANY VITAL PRINCIPLE.

The Vice-President of the National Reform Press Association Favors A Union Only on an Honorable Basis—A Clever Painter.

One of the shrewdest politicians in the south is the Hon. Frank Burkitt of Mississippi, vice-president of the National Reform Press association and late candidate for governor of that state on the populist ticket. He has also been prominently mentioned as a possible candidate for vice-president on the populist ticket. Speaking of a union of reform forces, recently, in the People's Messenger, his own paper, Mr. Burkitt says:

"We publish elsewhere a communication from Brother T. N. Jackson of Amite favoring a combination of all reform forces in opposition to a gold standard. Such we apprehend is the feeling of every populist in the country, if it can be done without a sacrifice of vital principles and an abandonment of old time friends, who regard the land or transportation question as of paramount importance. Brother Jackson puts stress on the fact that the free silver party were invited to meet us at St. Louis and seems to think, we, by this act are under obligations to surrender a part of the Omaha platform. Just as well contend that Brother Jackson, when he invites a friend to his house to partake of his hospitality, is under obligations to surrender a part of his family government.

"Brother Jackson assumes there is a free silver party, when in fact there is no such party. An aggregation of gentlemen, members still of the two old parties, are dissatisfied with the manner in which both the republicans and democrats deal with the silver question and they are threatening to secede unless their respective parties shall meet their views on this subject, when their conventions are held and nominations are made. If this is done, we are told the free silverites will be content to stay with the old parties and they are not expected to surrender any of their old principles.' But before they can condescend to fight for their rights under the populist banner, we are informed by Gen. Warner, speaking for the silverites, we must surrender some if not all of our 'old principles.'

"Now we think we know Brother Jackson well enough to say that he will not accept any such terms, for a union under such conditions would mean the degradation and utter overthrow of our party organization

"Like our brother, we desire to see every man in America opposed to the English system of finance marshalled under one banner in the coming battle, but it must be done, if done at all, upon terms that will be honorable to all and humiliating to none. We are not demanding any 'sacrifice' to be made by the silver men in order that our respective forces may co-operate as allies against the gold power, and while we can and will make concessions for sweet harmony's sake, we are not prepared to make 'sacrifices' of principle to secure co-operation.

"When it is an incontrovertable fact that the people's party is the only national organization that has pronounced emphatically for free coinage at the rates of 16 to 1, and none of its members have ever failed after election to vote as they promised in the canvass preceding, the honest free silver man will not refuse to vote with us as against a gold standard of a cowardly, straddling plank in the [illegible] party platforms, and the man who would hesitate because the populists uphold the three cardinal declarations of the Omaha platform: 'Finance, Land and Transportation,' leaving him free to accept or reject whatever he pleased, would prove a weak ally, and probably a traitor in the end should he enter our camp. We say 'let's get together' with Brother Jackson, but let it be upon a basis that requires no 'sacrifices' at the hands of any party to the compact."

PASS THEM ALONG.

The following call has been sent out, from Washington, from the able chairman of the free-silver party of the United States:

American Silver Organization.—Office, Chairman National Committee, Corcoran Building, Washington, D. C.

Plan of Organization.

That the voters of the country may have an opportunity to so organize that they can co-operate and redeem our country from the blight of a gold standard which has made the one-hundred-cent dollar of 1873 a two-hundred-cent dollar in 1896, and is paralyzing the energies of our people, undermining our liberties and bids fair to fill the land with poor-houses, the National Committee appointed by the Silver Conference, in Washington, D. C., Jan. 22 and 23, suggests the following plan of organization:

1st. That the organization proceed from the people up, by all silver men signing the club roll.

2d. That the organization should extend into every school district, so that clubs may be formed convenient to the homes of the people.

In order to effect such organization, the representative of the National committee in each state and territory should proceed to secure the co-operation of one active and efficient worker in each county to act as a committeeman for such county, whose duty it will be to organize said county.

The county committeeman should proceed without delay to secure the co-operation of one active man in each city, township or precinct to undertake the organization of said city, township or precinct. It is further recommended that the city, township or precinct committeemen subdivide their work by the appointment of a committeeman in each school district, whose duty it will be to canvass the school district and secure the signature of voters to the club roll.

This would make a state organization right down with the people, each county having a member of the state executive committee. The school district committee men would constitute a township or precinct committee; the county committee would consist of the chairman of the township or precinct committees. It will be the duty of the representative of the Provisional National Committee to act as chairman of the state committee, until after state conventions have been held, and a new state committee created.

The importance of an immediate thorough canvass of the voters and the securing of their signature to the club roll cannot be too strongly urged. After the signatures are secured the work of perfecting the organization becomes easy. If this plan be adopted and vigorously executed it is believed that a majority of the voters can be enlisted in our cause long before the date set for holding our national convention. When the people understand that this plan has been adopted throughout the entire country they will at once realize that the only effective way of overcoming the money power and its servile politicians and press has been adopted, and hope will take the place of despair.

The club roll should be left in charge of the school district committeeman but a copy should be furnished to the national committee so that newspapers and documents could be sent to all signers of the club roll if desired—and further, so that the number of true friends of silver in the United States could be ascertained.

When the politicians learn the number of names on the list the Straddler will straddle no more and Goldbuggery will hide its head.

J. J. MOTT,
Chairman.

Whereas: The demonetization of silver in 1873 enormously increased the demand for gold, enhancing its purchasing power and forcing down prices until the one-hundred-cent dollar of 1873 has become a two-hundred cent dollar in 1896, measured by the average of American products. This fall of prices has deprived legitimate industry of profit, and injured producers for the benefit of non-producers, increased the burden of debts, swelled the gains of creditors and paralyzed the productive energies of the American people; condemning willing workers to idleness and filling our land with tramps and paupers while building up colossal fortunes at the money centers; Therefore be it

Resolved, That we the undersigned legal voters of.............................. County ....State .... will not support any political party, or vote for any candidate for any office whatever that does not favor the restoration of the money of the constitution by the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold on terms of exact equality regardless of the action of other nations, and that we will not support any candidate for the office of president or vice-president whose past record on this question does not constitute a guarantee of his action in the future.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.

We hope that all men who are not members of the People's party, and who do not desire to join it, but who nevertheless are in favor of free silver, will cut out the foregoing petition and pasting it at the top of a sheet of paper, get as many signatures to it as possible. I. D.

Are They Blameless?

If you are a populist you needn't read the short extract that follows. But if you are a democrat or a republican it may pay you to study it a little. It is from the New Charter, of San Jose, California:

For eight years we voted the republican ticket. When we became a voter all the chief legislative deviltry of the republican party had been committed. Men older and wiser than ourselves did all in their power to enlighten us. They gave us books and we would not read them. They gave us papers and we tore them up. They argued with us and we got mad, shrugged our shoulders, sneered, cussed the men who argued with us, and told them if they didn't like the country they had better get out of it. What was the matter with us? We were a party slave, with a party ring in our nose, the party collar on our neck, the party goggles before our eyes. We had eyes to see with, ears to hear with, brains to think with, yet we let the party bosses do our seeing, hearing and thinking on all things political. What we did, seven out of eight men in this country are still doing, in spite of the thousands who are holding the truth up before them. Were we blameless? Are they blameless?

USURY MEANS DEATH.

THE INCUBUS AND CURSE OF CIVILIZATION.

Has Left the Earth in Every Age and Clime Whitened With the Bones of Its Victims—Must Have a New Financial System.

The crisis is upon us. The campaign of 1896 will result in more for weal or woe than any event since the birth of this republic. The laborers and producers of the nation are being destroyed by an insatiable monster—usury. If this demon survives, the masses must perish. Though denounced by God, reason and experience, this fiend has left the earth in every age and clime, whitened with the bones of its victims. This word usury means to gnaw, to bite and is so defined because it eats up, or absorbs the product of the labor of others. But hard as the iron task-maker has been in the past, there has been no period when it was so powerful, so rapacious, so cruel and all-devouring as at present. Within the last half century it has submerged the United States beneath an ocean of interest-bearing bonds and debts, such as no previous age or civilization ever faced or contemplated. Mr. Harvey estimates the public and private debt at forty thousand millions of dollars. Other writers have placed it at thirty-two thousand millions of dollars. Hon. J. H. Walker, republican member of congress from Massachusetts, author of the proposed new national banking act, stated in Congress in March, 1892, that the debts of our people, public and private, amounted to thirty-one thousand millions of dollars. If we accept his figures, the interest at 6 per cent each year would amount to $1,860,000,000. This is more than the total value of all the following commodities, viz.: wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, buckwheat, potatoes, hay, tobacco, gold and silver produced in the United States in 1894, which according to government reports were of the value of $1,303,873,433. If we add to this usury on debts the amount paid yearly for taxes, federal, state and municipal, which is $800,000,000, then we have the following burden:

Annual usury	$1,860,000,000
Taxes	800,000,000
Total taxes and usury	$2,660,000,000

This is a sum far in excess of the total wages paid in the year 1890 to 4,711,832 persons, engaged in all the factories of the United States who received $2,282,823,265. The total value of all property in the United States in 1890 was $66,000,000,000. The shrinkage in values since 1890 has been in excess of the added value, so that we may safely say the total property does not at present price exceed $60,000,000,000. But this debt of thirty-one thousand millions is owed by the masses and is owned and held by the rich. Now in 1889 we find that 200,000 families own $46,200,000,000. They certainly own as much or more now, and when this is deducted from the $60,000,000,000 (the present value of all property), we find that there remains less than fifteen billions of dollars in the hands of the remaining thirteen millions of families in our country, and at the rate of present accumulation, all this must be swept into the hands of the few in a very short time. While debts have increased, the means of payment have decreased. The ascertained loss on the following crops during the past twenty-five years by the fall in prices since 1870 has been as follows:

Cotton	$5,179,000,000
Wheat	2,589,000,000
Wool	950,000,000
Barley	225,000,000
Corn	1,772,000,000
Oats	510,000,000
Rye	37,000,000
Live stock	1,384,000,000
Total	$12,646,000,000

While such ruinous losses from falling prices have bankrupted agriculture and beggared labor, the value of bank stocks has increased beyond the fondest dreams of avarice. Chemical Bank stock rising from $100 per share to over $4,000 per share. First National (John Sherman's bank) from $100 to $2,500 per share, and numerous others rising from five to eight hundred per cent in value.

Again, we see that usury rolls wealth so rapidly into the hands of the few that they cannot find investment for it all in loans. It has absorbed all railroads, telegraphs, coal mines, oil fields, lumber forests, and similar industries, and by the enormous advantage of immense combined capital has consolidated the manufacturing and similar branches of business into three hundred gigantic trusts all controlled by the few. It has thus swept the smaller operators out of business and turned profit from such business to the usurers. This oligarchy, with control of banking, transportation and the trusts, increasing its income so rapidly has but one other outlet. It turns to absorb all valuable agricultural land. To this end it raises firmly its invincible weapon, the gold standard, by which it can force prices of land and products ever lower, until it has by foreclosure of mortgages or otherwise, swept all such land to the hands of plutocracy, thus destroying all independent American farmers, reducing them to renters and wage slaves, who in rags must toil side by side with Chinamen, and fast hurrying all branches of labor to conditions, where a pure despotism of capital shall grind ever deeper into the dust of despair, slavery and misery the once happy and hopeful millions of our land. With wages ever falling, the masses become more wretched, the army of unemployed is greater. The usurer despots object to giving to labor the means of life by public employment of the unemployed while they are yet outside the jail, but favor driving the laborer first to imprisonment where he may work as the slave of the state. To this end they enact so-called vagrant laws, by which all men without means of support become criminals, and when arrested and forced to prison for the crime of poverty, the usurers favor furnishing public employment in prisons to the victims whom they have forced to that position.

This is the situation, and the problem we are called to face in the year 1896. Therefore we are now face to face with the crisis of the ages. We enter upon this irrepressible conflict from which we are to emerge with victory and industrial freedom, or in defeat and hopeless slavery. If we will rise to the occasion the contest cannot be doubtful. The usurers have frankly stated the process by which they have enslaved the people, in the infamous Hazard circular issued by the London capitalists to the New York bankers in 1862, which said:

"Slavery is likely to be abolished by the war power, and chattel slavery destroyed. This I and my European friends are in favor of, for slavery is but the owning of labor, and carries with it the care of the laborer, while the European plan led on by England, is capital control of labor by controlling wages. This can be done by controlling the money."

It is, therefore, the control of money which they confess has been the chief weapon in destroying our people. This control of money has been possible only because these same despots have controlled our government and our people can never end their slavery until they hurl from political power the organizations which have given, and now give to usurers the control of money. Mr. R. M. Widney, a banker, said in 1891: "A corner on money is a corner on all other corners combined and can control the social and political as well as the producing, labor and property interests of the nation." This is the testimony of every honest statesman and of all human experience. We must have a financial system which will place the control of money forever beyond the power of any combination or class. The remedy must be adequate to the occasion a system which will destroy usury is the only one which can meet the demands of this hour.

THOMAS V. CATOR.
San Francisco, April 1, 1896.

Avoid Nagging.

J. R. Miller, speaking of this common fault, says:

"Nagging is not a means of grace. There is a more excellent way—the way of love. It is better, when we wish to correct faults in others, to be careful to let them see in us in strong relief, the virtue, the excellence, opposite to the defect we see in them. It is the habit of a certain good man, if one of his family or friends mispronounces a word in his hearing, never pedantically to correct the error, but at some early opportunity to find occasion to use the same word, giving it the correct pronunciation. Something like this is wise in helping others out of their faults of character or conduct. An example is better than a criticism."

The Way.

First find thou Truth, and then—
  Although she strays
From beaten paths of men
  To untrod ways—
Her leading follow straight;
And bide thy fate;
And whether smiles or scorn
  Thy passing greet,
Or find'st thou flower or thorn
  Beneath thy feet—
Fare on! nor fear thy fate
At Heaven's gate.

—Wm. S. Shurtleff.

Three Houses Form This Parish.

The changes necessary to the construction of Queen Victoria street, London, have brought about a curious state of affairs. Piece by piece has been taken from the parish of St. Mary Mounthaw until at present it actually consists of but three houses and yet it is legally an electoral parish still.—New York World.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Trial of the Cruiser Massachusetts Proves Satisfactory.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The President Allows Certain Bills to Become Laws Without His Signature—Executive Clemency—Receipts and Expenditures—Two Florida Bills.

Nicaraguans Make Peace.

A private cablegram received from Managua announces that the rebel forces in Nicaragua have surrendered and that the rebellion in that republic is ended.

River and Harbor Bill.

The senate committee on commerce has reported the river and harbor appropriation bill to the senate. Among the items added by the committee is $30,000 for dredging Mobile harbor.

Two Florida Bills.

Congressman Cooper's bill to settle the titles of settlers on the Arredondo grant has been favorably reported and also Mr. Sparkman's bill giving 100,000 acres of public land to the Normal college at DeFuniak Springs and the Tallahassee Normal college.

Getting Home the Gold.

Secretary Carlisle today called on the depository banks in New York to pay into the treasury $3,000,000 deposited in those banks in payment of the last government bond sale and which has remained up to this time. This action is taken because of the weakness of interest rates in New York and the strength of foreign exchange. It is done in a hope to prevent threatened gold exports.

Receipts and Expenditures.

Treasury figures which will be officially proclaimed tomorrow show that up to May 1 the excess of expenditures over receipts for the fiscal year aggregated $23,200,000. For the month of April the excess is $4,5000,000. In round numbers the receipts for the ten months of the fiscal year are $274,800,000 and expenditures $298,000,000.

Gen. Lee Preparing for Cuba.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the new consul general of the United States at Havana called at the state department Saturday morning and had conferences with Secretary Olney and Assistant Secretary Rockhill. The Cuban situation was discussed, but further conferences will be held. The date of General Lee's departure for his post has not been settled, and he will probably remain in Washington several days posting himself on the state of affairs in the island, as shown by the reports received at the department.

Speed of the Big Cruisers.

The official computation of the speed made by the battleship Massachusetts in the trial trip Saturday, gives the vessel a record of 16.279 knots, according to a telegram received at the navy department this morning from Commodore Dewey, president of the trial board. As a result, the builders of the Massachusetts, the Cramps of Philadelphia, will get a premium of $125,000 or $25,000 for each quarter knot in excess of the contract requirement of 15 knots. The time made by the Indiana on her official trial was 15.61 knots.

Became Laws Without Approval.

The president, as was expected, has let the agricultural appropriation bill become a law without his signature, presumably because it thwarted Secretary Morton's purpose to abolish the seed distribution system. Four other bills have become laws without approval. These are the acts granting a pension of $100 a month to Joseph A. Cooper, late brigadier general, U. S. A., granting to railroad companies in Indian Territory additional grounds, granting a pension to Martha Brooks, of Nebraska, and the increase of the pension to Mary B. Houk, of Tennessee, widow of Congressman Leonidas Houk.

Executive Clemency.

The president has granted a pardon to R. J. Gilley, of Alabama, sentenced in July, 1893, to six years for conspiracy to intimidate witnesses. In his indorsement the president says he is satisfied that Gilley is not guilty of the charge. A pardon for the purpose of restoring him to citizenship was also granted M. R. Fleming, of Texas, passing counterfeit money. In the case of T. A. Hall, of Florida, convicted of cutting timber on government land and sentenced in March, 1895, to eighteen months in jail and a fine of $180, the imprisonment is remitted. The application for clemency made by Samuel Peeples, John Carnes and Anderson Black, convicted in Georgia of conspiracy to kill a person who had given information concerning violations of the revenue laws, was denied.

Postal and Pension Matters.

Postoffice Appointments—John Siddons, Redfield, Madison county, Ala.; Benjamin Akerman, Wilson Ridge, Calhoun county, Ala.; J. H. Phillips, Leveritt, Coffee county, Ala.; William Allan, Quito, Shelby county, Ala.; W. E. Sistrunk, Sistrunk, Elmore county, Ala.; Alex Bennett, DeBerniere, Jefferson county, Ala.; J. H. Batson, Earnest, Jefferson county, Ala. Pensions—Ala: Original, Elias Brown, Fernbank, Lamar county; original widows, Jane Cox, Belle Mina, Limestone county. Mississippi; original, John Tate, Vicksburg, Warren county; Ambrose Brown, Rodney, Jefferson county; orinal, widows, etc., special, April 15, Judy Brown, Carrollton, Carrollton county, Florida: Original, Alexander Duncan, Orlando, Orange county; restoration, Peter A. Hiller, DeLand, Volusia county; widow Indian war, Lucy A. Humphrey, Ashville, Jefferson county.

Assassination of the Shah of Persia.

Secretary Olney has received a cablegram from the minister of Teheran announcing that the shah of Persia, while visiting a shrine near the city for devotion, was shot by an assassin disguised as a woman. The shah was entering a shrine near Teheran when his assassin drew a pistol and fired at him, the bullet striking near his heart. The wounded ruler was at once conveyed to his carriage and taken with all speed to the palace, where he died two hours later. The murderer was arrested. It is believed he had accomplices.

The details that have reached London, England, of the assassination of the shah are of the briefest character. As the shah was entering the inner court of the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim the assassin, who is said to be a Sayyid from Kerman, named Mollah Rosea, delivered the fatal shot. The shah was attended by his chief physician, Dr. Tholoseau, and other physicians. The assassination caused much alarm. Prince Niab-Es-Saltanes, the third son of the shah, retired to his palace at the request of the government. The heir to the throne, Muzapar-Ed-Din, is at Tabriz. He will leave for the capital as soon as possible. A possible reason for the crime is that there has been much discontent for some time owing to the dearness of provisions, partly caused by the excessive issue of copper coins.

TWO SHIPS COLLIDE.

The Onwo Goes Down, With Over 300 People.

A dispatch from Shanghai, China, says the steamer Onwo has been sunk by coming into collision with the steamer Newchwang, off Woo Sung, ten miles north of Shanghai. The Onwo went down immediately, and the Newchwang was beached to prevent her sinking. A news agency dispatch from Shanghai, says that by the sinking of the British steamer Onwo, many lives have been lost. The European survivors of the sunken vessel are Second Officer Cooper and Third Engineer Allen. The drowned include the captain, five English officers and 300 Chinese. The United States warships Olympia, Boston, Yorktown and Detroit sent boats to the assistance of the Onwo and saved many lives.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS

Birmingham, Ala., Enterprises Hold a Prominent Place.

Special reports to the Manufacturers' Record from various parts of the south, especially from the Birmingham region, show a very decided revival in business interests. In addition to the steel mill projected recently by the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company, the Birmingham Rolling Mill company has definitely decided to build a steel mill with a capacity of about 200 tons a day. At the same place a $100,000 cotton seed oil mill company, a $100,000 tobacco factory, a large powder mill have been organized during the week and negotiations are pending looking to the building there of a $600,000 cotton mill by northern people. The development of grain facilities at southern ports continues to attract attention, and contracts have been made for the expenditure of about $500,000, to include two new cotton compresses, warehouses and other interests near New Orleans, while work has commenced at Pensacola on transportation improvements by the Louisville and Nashville railroad, including a grain elevator, the aggregate expenditure being about $150,000. One of the most extensive water powers in the south has been capitalized at $2,000,000, with the reported intention of large electrical development and the transmission of electric power in connection with cotton mill enterprises. Gold mining matters continue to attract attention, and in Virginia, North Carolina and Georgia considerable capital is being invested in the purchase and development of gold properties. Among other industrial enterprises reported for the week were the enlargement of several cotton mills and one or or new mills projected; a $25,000 lumber company in Mississippi; a forty-ton cotton seed oil mill in Texas; a $50,000 flour mill and a $30,000 compress in the same state.

Free Fight at a Picnic.

At a picnic Saturday, at Stilesboro, Ga., where one Bob McGinnis had put a dancing stand, a drunken man fell during a dance and broke up the set. A row ensued in which pistols were freely used, and seven persons received painful wounds. Three of the seven bear the name McGinnis. Among the worst is a little girl, Mary Jolley, who was shot in the neck.

Shah Muzafar Ed-Din.

Immediately after the death of the shah of Persia, the heir apparent (Valhiad), Muzafar Ed-Din, was proclaimed shah. Russia and Great Britain recognized Muzafar Ed-Din as heir to the Persian throne in 1958. The grand vivier will govern until the arrival of the new shah at Teheran from Dabriz.

BEN M. JACOBS & BROS.,
Birmingham, Ala.

Rockers, Sideboards, Hall Racks,
Couches, Dining Tables, Parlor Suits,
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Rugs, Desks, Carpets, Pictures

In justice to yourself you cannot purchase before looking at our immense stock, (the largest in Alabama) covering four immense floors, and getting our prices. You will be sure to be pleased.

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THE BANNER,

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

$1.00. For one dollar we will send you THE BANNER and THE LADIES' HOME IDEAL for twelve months. Don't wait too long, but subscribe now!

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of rssolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties.

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

REGISTER!

THE county executive committee will meet at Clanton on Saturday for the purpose of counting the votes cast in Tuesday's primary and will then officially declare the county ticket.

Now that the state convention has given us a first-class ticket and our own county primaries are over all we have to do is to keep steadily at work until August and then poll every vote in the county and pile up the biggest majority for the People's Party we have yet seen in Chilton county. But remember you must register NOW in order to vote in August.

REGISTRATION began last Monday, and will close on Saturday, May 23.

THE second primary is now over and so far as we have been able to get news of the result it would appear that the following gentlemen have been successful: J. T. Cooley, for sheriff; and A. C. Mims, assessor. It will take fuller returns than we have at present to decide whether T. J. Hubbard or J. A. Logan is ahead for the collector's office. From the partial information we possess the race between L. H. Reynolds and E. G. Rollins for the office of representative is very close, but Reynolds seems to be slightly in the lead. Of course it is known that Alex G. Dake for treasurer and J. W. Moore for superintendent of education, having met with no opposition, are the respective nominees for those offices. There is considerable doubt as to who have been elected commissioners, but it would seem to be Rufus C. Riggins in the first district, Alex G. Glasscock in the second, J. G. Smitherman in the third, and in the fourth it is doubtful whether Moses Robinson or J. R. Vinson has received the largest number of votes. We will give full particulars next week.

THE State Convention made the heart of every Populist who was present feel good, and at the same time was an object lesson to such Democrats who viewed the proceedings. From beginning to end it was evidently a convention of the people, by the people and for the people. Every question that came before the Convention was freely and thoroughly discussed from different stanpoints. There was no hesitation in expressing opinions. Every man present felt he had a right to say exactly what he thought, and said it. The one pre-eminent question was that of co-operation with the Republicans for the purpose of securing an honest election law. There is no difference of opinion among the people of Alabama that we *do* require an honest election law, but there has been some difference of opinion as to whether it was not best for the Populists to endeavor to secure it inside our party, and without assisatance from any source.

It was evident from the start that those who favored fighting this question on a straight Populist ticket intended to do all in their power to attain that end, and it was also apparent there was a majority present who considered it was advisable to secure the assistance of all who favored a free ballot and a fair count, and that it would not be wise to reject Republican aid. The Populists produced their own platform (which will be found in another column) and the two gentlemen from the Republican party, Mr. J. A. Grimmett and Mr. W. H. Smith, Jr., endorse that platform and now Populists and Republicans go hand in hand through this campaign and will in August prove to the world that Democratic ballot-box stuffing is a thing of the past.

But nothing gave us greater pleasure at the Convention than the unanimity with which those gentlemen who had opposed the plan of co-operation gracefully accepted the will of the majority and in the spirit of true Populism pledged their hearty support to the ticket. This Convention made manifest the fact that Populists are men who do their own thinking and cannot be coerced against their convictions, and yet, while endeavoring to ameliorate the lot of suffering humanity, are not so wedded to their own opinions as not to be open to conviction by their brethren.

The following composed the delegation from Chilton county: E. L. Manning, W. G. Riggins, H. I. Honeycutt, L. B. Pounds, B. M. Gentry, L. H. Reynolds and Frank Crichton. Details of the Convention will be found on page 4.

The third annual session of the Alabama Chautauqua Assembly will be held in Talladega July 2-26. The program is the most magnificent ever offered. Many of the finest attractions on the American continent have been secured, a number of whom never before appeared in the South. Twenty-five days crowded full of the best things genius can desire, or money procure. Brilliant lectures, embracing a wide range of subjects, helpful schools, superb music, splendid entertainments. The railroads will give cheap rates. The best board and lodging $5.00 a week cheaper than staying at home. There is no other place where Alabamians can spend the month of July so plensantly, profitably and economically as in Talladega. For full particulars write to Rev. S. P. West, Manager, Talladega, Ala.

Death of Chancellor McSpadden.

Hon. Samuel K. McSpadden, chancellor of the northeastern chancery division of Alabama, died at his home in Centre on last Monday. No one occupying a place upon the bench was more universally esteemed, and none held a warmer place in the hearts of the members of the bar.

The following resolutions were adopted at a meeting of the bar held in Clanton on Wednesday:

WHEREAS, We have heard with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. Samuel K. McSpadden, chancellor of this division, therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the death of Chancellor McSpadden, the state has lost an able and upright judge and a faithful public officer, and each member of the bar is sensible of a deep personal loss.

Resolved, further, that these resolutions be presented to the circuit and chancery courts, with the request that they be spread upon the minutes, and copies be furnished THE BANNER, The Montgomery Advertiser and The State-Herald for publication.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

Our friend Frank Kelley has been visiting his sister of this place, Mrs. R. D. Martin.

Mrs. Mary Paisley and Mrs. N. A. Goodwin are home again after a most pleasant visit to friends in Selma.

Mrs. Fannie Parnell, of Stanton has been visiting her mother, Mrs. A. S. Foshee, of this place.

Mr. Will Garner has been visiting friends here.

Mr. Sawyer, of Columbia, S. C., with his family, is visiting Dr. A. S. Woolley.

Herbert Woolley is home from Birmingham.

* * *

Lily Lyrics.

The copious showers and beautiful warm sunshine has made corn, cotton and all other vegetation look vigorous; grass not excepted.

Farmers have commenced chopping cotton somewhat earlier this season than usual.

Mr. Wm. DeShazo and wife visited relatives at Dixie last Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Geneva Jones was elected secretary of the Isabella Sunday-school last Sunday.

The Mulberry Sunday-school continues to grow in interest.

There seems to have been some misunderstanding as to when the singing convention would be at Mulberry, as it was first announced for the first Sunday in May and then the third Sunday, I wish to state that the third Sunday, and Saturday before is right. Come and bring your books and baskets. While nature has adorned herself so beautifully with her new mantle of verdure it is fitting that we should follow her example and adorn our song service with new songs that are inspiring and awaken new hopes and aspirations. CLINT.

* * *

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind,

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel.
Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

* * *

Verbena Views.

A very interesting singing was held at this place Sunday April 19th. Singing was called to order at 10 o'clock a.m., and the following officers elected for the day; Henry Robinson chairman, N. J. Jones assistant chairman, J. C Pattillo secretary, R. T. Grant, A. G. Pattillo and R. D. May committeemen. After prayer by Rev. A. L. Pattillo 30 minutes was consumed in singing and then adjourned till 2 o'clock during which time a very instructive sermon was delivered by Rev. James R. Crawford. At 2 p.m. singing was called to order by the chairman. By order of committee the people were entertained 20 minutes by J. H. Norrill followed by Riley, Robinson and R. D. May, each 20 minutes. After an intermission of 10 minutes T. L. Robison, B. J. Goss and R. T. Grant entertained the audience 40 minutes, after which singing adjourned.
J. C. PATTILLO.

* * *

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

RESOLUTIONS IN MEMORY OF BRO. REUBEN C. DUKE.

At a special communication of Clanton Lodge No 423 A. T. & A. M. held on the 14th day of April 1896 to pay the last tribute of respect to our deceased brother, Reuben C. Duke, a committee was appointed to draft suitable resolutions, and be it

RESOLVED 1st. That whereas it has pleased Almighty God to summon from our midst our friend and brother, R. C. Duke, on the 12th day of April, 1896, and whereas our brother was a member of our Lodge in good standing and held our esteem and respect. Therefore be it

RESOLVED 2nd. That in the death of our brother, Masonry has lost a devoted advocate and the Lodge a true and sincere brother.

RESOLVED 3d. That we bow in humble submission to the will of our Divine Master whose wise dispensations are ever ordered in mercy and justice.

RESOLVED 4th. That we extend to the family and relatives of our deceased brother our heartfelt sympathy.

RESOLVED 5th. That these resolutions be spread upon the Minutes of the Lodge and a copy published in THE CLANTON BANNER and a copy be sent to the family of our deceased brother.

W. H. SARTER,
W. I. MULLINS,
J. W. STANFIELD,
} Committee.

NOTICE.

The Senatorial Committee of the Fifteenth District is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Tuesday, May 19, 1896, at 10 a.m., for the purpose of arranging for the Senatorial Convention. All Committeemen from Elmore, Chilton and Shelby counties are particularly requested to attend this meeting.
L. H. REYNOLDS, Ch'mn.

Grand Excursion to Tampa, Fla. Only $5.50 for the Round-Trip.

On May 25th. the Plant System will run special train from Montgomery to Tampa, Fla., without change, leaving Montgomery 11:30 a.m., arriving Tampa 7:15 next morning, and sell tickets at the remarkably low rate of $5.50 for the round-trip, with proportionately low rates from other points on the line of the Plant System. Tampa is full of interesting sights. Two hundred and fifty cigar factories, employing seven thousand Cuban cigarmakers. This alone is well worth the trip. Here you see the famous Tampa Bay Hotel, the finest resort hotel in the world, also the beautiful Port Tampa Inn, built over the waters of the Tampa Bay one mile from land. Tampa is a progressive city of twenty-one thousand people, located on Tampa Bay, the most beautiful of all southern waters; the finest boating, fishing and bathing in the world. Tickets will be good for return until June 1st., giving ample time for all kinds of sport. Those who desire can visit any other point in southern Florida. For full information write to

W. V. LIFSEY,
Division Passenger Agent,
Montgomery, Ala.

Turn-Round Topics.

Some of the farmers are done planting cotton, some are still planting.

Farmers have commenced to plow their old corn the first time.

According to previous appointment the people of this community all that possibly could met Rev. J. W. Cabaniss, Commissioner of the Unity Association, last Friday at Corinth at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m., and two of the most able, eloquent and interesting sermons fell from the lips of Bro. Cabaniss. We invite him to come again.

Mrs. Bice and daughter, Miss Sallie, of Friendship, visited the family of Mr. H. I. Norris last week

Mr. W. H. Kendrick and family of Elmore, visited their parents here Friday, Saturday and Sunday

Uncle Jesse Jones lost about 40 pannels of fence by fire last Friday.

Mr. Jack Cooper and family, of Morganville, were with friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Tom Howard, of Verbena, visited his brother, Mr. John Howard Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. M. C. Williams and family visited relatives at Lightwood Sunday.

Mr. T. P. Connell and son, Joe, of Prattville, have returned to their home after a visit to relatives here.

Mr. T. D. Whitsworth had a severe attack of sickness last week which set him back somewhat with his crop. He is now fast improving.

Will close wishing success to all. GRANDPA TIM.

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

CARTHAGE, Mo., July 22, [illegible].—Your Menthol Balm cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY BAKER.

It Acts Like a Charm.

SALEM, Ala., April 6, [illegible].—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions; the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Teachers' Institute will be held for white teachers at Clanton on the 19th and 20th days of June 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a. m. Devotional exercise.

9:30 a.m. Can a teacher properly estimate the progress of his pupils without examination? A. B. Harwood, Miss Rosa Thornton.

10 a.m. How should examinations be conducted? W. S. Garner, Miss Jennie Wilson.

10:30 a.m. Vocation of the Teacher. H. L. Hicks, L. B. Pounds

11:30 a.m. How can parents in the country secure good schools? J. E. Creel, Mrs. M. A. Bowdoin.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. What qualifications makes the most valuable teacher? N. B. Comer, Miss Mary Garner.

2:30 p.m. Can Philosophy be successfully taught without apparatuses? J. Alex Moore, R. O. Headley.

3:30 p.m. The evils of negative teaching. J. W. Mims, E. C. Jones

SATURDAY—8:30 a.m. The requitites for successful teaching. J. P. Gore, H. A. Askins.

9:30 a.m. Modes of inspirin pupils to cultivate habits of self reliance. G. L. Speer.

10:30 a.m. How can a teacher best cultivate the morals of his pupils? B. D. Wilson.

11:30 a.m. How many different lessons ought a pupil to recite during the school day? J. M. Massey, W. A. Logan.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. Can a a teacher be to exacting? if so, why and now? H. W. Strock.

2:30 p.m. Ought the dictionary to be used as a text bokk in the school-room? Wm. Askins, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3:30 p.m. Ought teachers to be uniform in methods of teaching? C. C. Slaton, E. Y. McMorries.

Prof. R. E R. Hicks, Ch'm'n program Committee.

The law requires teachers to attend these Institutes, and I earnestly insist that all the teachers be present at this one, as we will have the State Supt. John O. Turner, and Dr. Eldridge, Pres. of the Troy Normal college, who will deliver four lectures on education on Saturday. He will also lecture on Sabbath-school Sunday following.
J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Be it known that I have made the following changes in the Register business. In beat six I have appointed Elijah Deason instead of Milton Roper, as Mr. Roper's eye-sight is very much impaired and he is growing too old. In beat eight I have appointed C. W. Plant to succeed E. L. McKee on account of his health and holding a position away from home. In beat 4 by request I have appointed W. B. James in place of W. M. Wilson. Beat 9 D. N. Riggins in place of Henry Estes who has left the county. I am ready to make any other appointments for vacancies that may occur in any of the other beats when notified.
B. W. GARNER, County Rgister.

When no change is announced in THE BANNER the Beat Registers who acted at the last election will hold the same position in this election.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

Greatest Discovery of 19th Century.
Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE.

WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the treatment of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."

Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

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When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine, do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

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The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST A[illegible] LOWEST PRICES.

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

Every disease arising from an impure condition of the blood is quickly, surely and permanently cured by the great vegetable blood purifier and family remedy—V. V. V. No one living in or near a malarial district should be without this wonderful specific. A single bottle of V. V. V. will suffice to convince anyone that it positively

Cures Malaria

as well as liver complaint, rheumatism, kidney diseases, catarrh, etc. V. V. V. will thoroughly cleanse the blood of all impurities, driving from the system scrofula, tetter, eczema and all other humors. It strengthens and invigorates the whole body. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

MAKERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

At G. O. Logan's until the 25th day of May: 17 lbs granulated sugar for $1 00; 18 lbs brown sugar for $1.00; 5½ lbs good coffee for $1.00; 16 lbs bulk meat for $1.00 ; lbs soda 25; 25 lbs rice for $1; shoes at cost. Exchange for crossties, corn, chickens and country produce.

Mr. Tom Thornton, who has been residing for some time in the Indian Territory is now out on a visit to relatives here this week.

Mr. William Cobern, of Mountain Creek, is visiting Dr. Johnson and family to-day.

Mr. Sam Gullahorn, our genial townsman, was among his many friends here Sunday.

Miss Nannie Duke, who has been running a boarding house in Montgomery has moved back to her old stand in Clanton

Dr. W. E. Stewart visited Birmingham last Tuesday.

Rev. Mr. Bowen, who has been earnestly laboring here in the protracted meeting, will leave on this afternoon's train for his home, while Rev. P. M. Guthrie, the pastor, will conduct the services at night until Sunday.

Mr. T. A. Curry went to Jemison on professional business Monday.

Next Monday Circuit court begins here.

Col. Collier, of Birmingham, was in town Tuesday.

Registration was pretty brisk the first of the week. All who have registered should see to it that their friends and neighbors also register.

The register for Beat 4 is at the BANNER office.

Sheriff Moore and his youngest son went to Birmingham Sunday.

Congressman Goodwyn—the next Governor of Alabama—passed through town on the accommodation Tuesday evening.

The foundations have been excavated for the new court house and the first bricks were laid yesterday.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. B. C. Glass and Mrs. L. A. Mitchell.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Dr. A. J. Massey, the eminent dentist from Birmingham, Ala., will be at Clanton during the session of court commencing May 11. We would remind any of our readers whose teeth may be causing them to suffer that this is their opportunity to consult a well known and reliable dentist.

A reward of $150 is offered by W. I. Mims for the arrest and delivery to the sheriff of Coosa county of Jim Hawkins wanted for the killing of Bud Mims. Jim Hawkins is about twenty years old, about 5 feet 10 inches tall, dark complexion, slightly freckled, small sandy moustache, weighs about 140 lbs.

WANTED—A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soaps and Pure Flavoring Extracts. $40 to $75 a month easily made. Address Crofts & Reed, Chicago, Ill.

Dr. J. F. Hayes and Miss Eulah Rasberry were happily married last Tuesday night week at the residence of the bride's mother at Mulberry. Rev. J. G. Lowrey performing the marriage ceremony. Both the young couple are widely known and greatly liked and we wish them all possible prosperity and conjugal felicity. They will make their home near Maplesville.

Commencing next Sunday train No. 2 northbound will arrive at Clanton 9:50 a.m.; No. 3 southbound will arrive 6:30 p.m. The accommodation from Birmingham in the morning will be ten minutes later, arriving here at 7:20 a.m.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, in the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

"For Charity Suffereth Long."

Mrs. Laura C. Phoenix, Milwaukee, Wis.

"Matron of a Benevolent Home and knowing the good Dr. Miles' Nervine has done me, my wish to help others, overcomes my dislike for the publicity, this letter may give me. In Nov. and Dec., 1893, *The inmates had the "LaGrippe,"* and I was one of the first. Resuming duty too soon, with the care of so many sick, I did not regain my health, and in a month *I became so debilitated and nervous* from sleeplessness and the drafts made on my vitality, that it was a question if I could go on. A dear friend advised me to try *Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.* I took 2 bottles and am happy to say, I am in better health than ever. I still continue *its occasional use, as a nerve food,* as my work is very trying. A letter addressed to Milwaukee, Wis., will reach me."
June 6, 1894. MRS. LAURA C. PHOENIX.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama. Seventh District, North-eastern Chancery Division, April 22, 1896.

Moses Jones, Complainant, vs. Cora Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Cora Jones is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that her post office and residence are unknown to affiant and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the BANNER a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Cora Jones to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 25 day of May, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against her in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama this 22 day of April, 1896.
W. E. STEWART, Register in Chancery

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife I. E. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama. I will proceed to sell for cash on

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1896,

at the court house door in Clanton in said county, within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of sec. eleven and sw ¼ of ne ¼ of sec. fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South-easterly, also all of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch thence North-westerly along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.

Clanton, Ala., May 2, 1896.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18047.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
April 17, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 30th, 1896, viz: Louisa Manuel, Homestead entry, No. 25,460, for the nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 26 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cotton Hill, J. T. Selman, Ben Selman, John Smith, all of Dixie, Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of the jurors drawn for the Spring term of Circuit court, commencing on Monday, May 11, 1896.

GRAND JURY.

Beat 1 R Vanderslice, W H Conway.

Beat 2 S A Curry, L H Reynolds, Harrison Driver.

Beat 3 Wylie Foshee, J P Nix, B H Jones.

Beat 4 J E Evans, R E Jones.

Beat 5 James Wood, J H Bostwick, Calvin Dennis.

Beat 6 James Griffis, R L Williams, Sr.

Beat 7 Noah Latham, W Y Nix.

Beat 8 S B Ratliff, D C Gandy.

Beat 9 J M Poole, Aaron Littleton.

PETIT JURY—First Week.

Beat 1 J F Marcus, E W Willis, C B Lowery.

Beat 2 J T Blew, J O Jeffries, J D Hand, G W Shaw jr, J N Childers.

Beat 3 James Cooley, B F Rasberry, S K Rasberry.

Beat 4 Noah Littlejohn, J M Maddox, N A Kicker, J W Cox, J P Parrish, J R Thompson.

Beat 5 E E Estes, D B Wilson, John L Moore, Anderson Baker, R T Grant.

Beat 6 J T Williams, R L Williams jr, A C Mims.

Beat 7 John Milford jr, S B McCary, T U Crumpton.

Beat 8 Joe Gandy, C C Dyer, C W Plant.

Beat 9 George Maddox, Alfred Childers, A Bussy.

Second Week.

Beat 1 Lewis Littleton, H B Roper, W H Bean.

Beat 2 H N Beasley, J R Johnson, J M Brantley, Alfred Pate.

Beat 3 J M Furguson, Wm Deshazo, Wm Yeazey, J C Culp, Doc Jones, B W Garner, E Z Nix.

Beat 4 J H Thacker, O K Mullins, W H Parrish.

Beat 5 J W Taylor, J R Thomas, Jake Lavinska, W I. Bates.

Beat 7 L B Broadhead, Emmitt Christian, Eugene McGee, Clay Latham.

Beat 8 Frank Weaver, Jesse Rucker, W T Dungan, R W Gandy, W W Sansom, Jack Landers, J R Parnell.

Beat 9 G W Sorrell, J F Mims, James Burnett, J B Childers

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of the country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE [illegible] Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading specialists and Physicians in this country.

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

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such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our $150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

All communications regarded strictly confidential. Address

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Reference—editor of this paper. Write for our 64-page pamphlet, FREE.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Clanton, Ala., May 7, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Please allow me space to express my thanks to my friends throughout the county for their support during my canvass.

As I cannot express my personal appreciation to everyone. I beg through your columns, to say to one and all that they have my heartfelt thanks and that I deeply appreciate their support and shall ever endeavor to merit their approbation and by no act of mine to cause one to regret his choice.

With great respect, I am yours truly, J. T. COOLEY.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., April 28, 1896.

Editor BANNER: I know you are pressed with communications, but please allow me space in your columns to express my sincere and heartfelt thanks to my friends throughout the county for their very hearty support in the primary of April 14, 1896, that it was much beyond my expectations as I was unable to mingle with them during the canvas at their public gatherings, and to assure them it has pleased me under a debt of gratitude to them, that I shall ever appreciate, and my highest aim shall ever be to merit it and if elected to discharge the duties to the best of my ability.

Yours with respect,
ALEX G. DAKE.

* * *

Death hath again visited our community and left many sad hearts to mourn the loss of our beloved sister in whose memory we feel impelled to speak a few words. Sister Martha Anne Varden was born June 1859 and died at her home near Liberty Hill church March 15, 1896. In early womanhood Sister Martha sought and found the Saviour and at once joined the Missionary Baptist church at Liberty Hill in which she proved faithful until her death. The impression which she made on our minds at the first continued unchanged to the very end of her life. We can but feel that it is good to have known such a woman and it is still better to look forward to meeting her again in the serene, peace and the open vision of the heavenly home. She was faithful to her church, obedient to her parents and a loving sister. Pure in heart, she now sees God. She will be missed and mourned by many loving friends and relatives. The voice of our beloved sister is hushed, we shall hear it no more on earth save in the sensitive ear of memory. So friends weep not as those who have no hope.

Done by order of church in conference Saturday before the second Sunday in April, 1896.

A. L. FOSHEE, }
JASPER GILES, } Committee.
W. M. WOOD, }

* * *

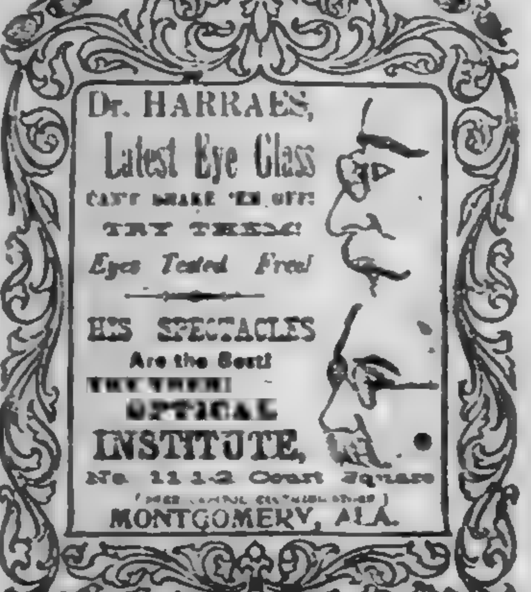
Money Made in a Minute.

I have not made less than $16.00 any day while selling Centrifugal Ice Cream Freezers. Anyone should make from $5 to $8 a day selling cream and from $7 to $10 selling frezers, as it is such a wonder, there is always a crowd wanting cream. You can freeze cream elegantly in one minute and that astonishes people so they all want to taste it, and then many of them buy freezers as the cream is smooth and perfectly frozen. Every freezer is guaranteed to freeze cream perfectly in one minute. Anyone can sell ice cream and the freezer sells itself. My sister makes from $10 to $15 a day. W. H. Baird & Co., 140 S. Highland Ave., Station A., Pittsburg, Pa., will mail you full particulars free, so you can go to work and make lots of money anywhere, as with one freezer you can make a hundred gallons of cream a day, or if you wish, they will hire you on a salary.

THE poorest education that teaches self-control is better than the best that neglects it. Religion is self-control in this life and joy everlasting in the life to come.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.



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SHOE Co's
ROSAMOND

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MOTHER and DAUGHTER
FATHER AND SON
ALL WEAR THEM
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—
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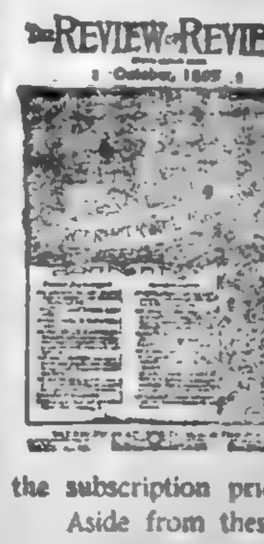
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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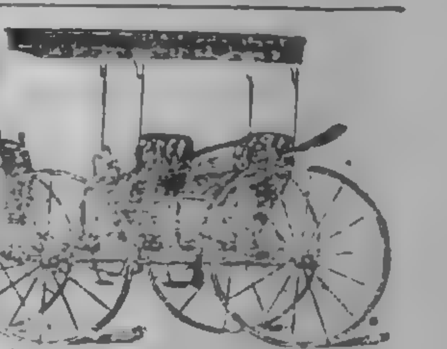

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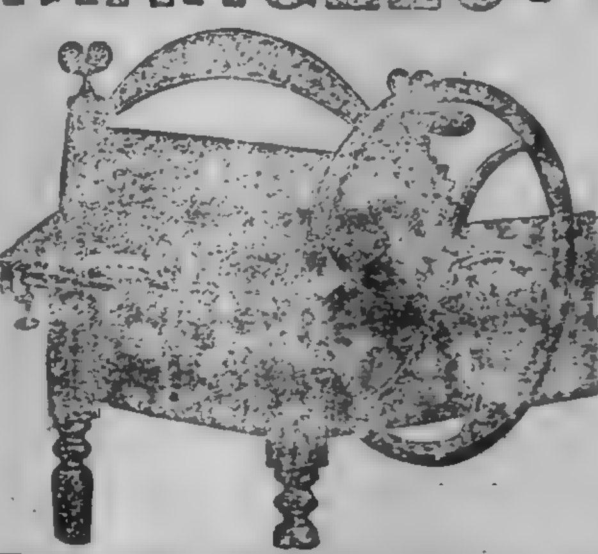

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"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS,
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What imagination will do I can show from my own experience. When a boy, in the Pyrenees, I once drank from a spring, and saw, to my horror, when I had already swallowed a mouthful, that the water was alive with small leeches. I had a bad time of it for two or three days. I firmly believed I had leeches alive and sucking my blood inside me; I felt them. I became languid. I believed they would drain my blood away. Happily, my father heard what was the matter with me and explained to me the corrosive nature of the gastric fluid and assured me that nothing living and of the nature of a leech could resist it.

The first commercial traveler to adopt the plan of taking his bicycle with him as "baggage" to enable him to quickly visit his customers in country towns is a drug salesman from Portland, Maine.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

Sheer Desperation.

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J. T. SHUPTRINE, City.

Dear Sir:—"Several physicians treated me without success for what they pronounced a stubborn case of eczema. In addition to this I have tried every so-called remedy that was suggested to me, but nothing did me the slightest good until in sheer desperation I tried your TETTERINE. This effected what seems to be a PERMANENT cure, and I take pleasure in testifying to its merits." Respectfully yours, ISAAC G. HAAS.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

The day which begins the darkest may turn out to be one of the brightest.

There are people using Dobbins' Electric Soap to-day who commenced its use in 1865. Would this be the case were it not the purest and most economical soap made. Ask your grocer for it. Look out for imitations. *Dobbins'.*

Some people never learn how to pray, because they will not learn how to give.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., Props. of Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The More One Uses Parker's Ginger Tonic the more its virtues are revealed in dispelling colds, indigestion, pain and every weakness.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. BUCHMUELLER, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Walking Would Often be a Pleasure were it not for corns. These pests are removed with Hindercorns. 15c. at druggists.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of this, weak, impure blood; for if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to everyone, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

POPULIST CONVENTION.

A. T. Goodwyn, of Elmore, Nominated for Governor.

THE TICKET IS NOW COMPLETE.

The Offices of Secretary of State and Attorney General Conceded to the Republicans, Whose Nominees Are Ratified—Executive Committee and Delegates to St. Louis.

The populite state convention met in Montgomery, Tuesday, April 28th.

The roll call showed delegates from all counties except Wilcox, Marion, Washington, Winston, Baldwin, Colbert, Greene and Escambia. There were no contests.

The following nominations were made: A. T. Goodwyn, of Elmore, for governor; W. S. Foreman, of St. Clair, for auditor; J. A. Bingham, of Talladega, for treasurer; W. M. Wood, of Cullman, for superintendent of education; J. A. Harris, of Chambers, for commissioner of agriculture.

The session was prolonged until 1:30 Wednesday morning, when the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock to allow the republicans, whose convention was also in session, to select candidates for secretary of state and attorney general. Upon reassembling the candidates suggested by the McKinley wing of the republicans were nominated. They were: For secretary of state, J. A. Grimmet, of Macon; for attorney general, W. H. Smith, of Walker.

DELEGATES TO NATIONAL CONVENTION.

State delegates to the national convention of the populite party, and executive committeemen, were nominated and elected as follows:

First District—Delegate at large, D. B. Anderson. Delegates—F. L. Foscue, A. J. Hern, Charles May, J. M. Young, W. J. Mason.

Executive Committee—D. B. Anderson, F. L. Foscue, Charles Spies.

Second District—Delegate at large, Zell Gaston. Delegates—Peyton Bibb, J. M. Whitehead, Milton Jeter, N. S. Russell.

Executive Committee—Zell Gaston, R. A. Lee, J. G. Thrower.

Third District—Delegate at large, J. C. Manning. Delegates—J. B. Billups, E. C. Jackson, C. B. Searcy, E. M. Johnson, A. G. Brock.

Executive Committee—J. C. Manning, A. M. Hudgins, J. C. Flournoy.

Fourth District—Delegate at large, A. P. Longshore. Delegates—H. J. Honeycutt, W. A. Cook, K. S. Woodruff, W. J. Gilmer, C. F. Dodson.

Executive Committee—G. H. Mason, G. W. Honeycutt, W. A. Cook.

Fifth District—Delegate at large, Joshua Franklin. Delegates—J. A. Lancaster, A. J. Weathers, J. P. Oliver, M. W. Whatley, J. A. Dennis.

Executive Committee—J. T. Cason, Reid Smith, Litt Reese.

Sixth District—Delegate at large, A. C. Hill. Delegates—S. A. Hobson, R. H. Seymour, O. L. McKinstry, J. S. Hollis, J. S. Yerby.

Executive Committee—J. R. Maxwell, O. L. McKinstry, D. G. W. Hollis.

Seventh District—Delegate at large, G. F. Gaither. Delegates—W. M. Coleman, J. S. Moragne, W. S. Foreman, T. W. Powell, J. W. Cooper.

Executive Committee—T. A. Street, A. G. Watson, T. W. Powell.

Eighth District—Delegate at large, D. W. Day. Delegates—D. B. Parks, J. F. Delaney, C. P. Allen, Thomas O. Love, A. C. Nixon.

Executive Committee—Thos. George, P. H. Cooper, A. C. Nixon.

Ninth District—Delegate at large, R. F. Kolb. Delegates—J. A. Dean, H. T. Stringfellow, M. J. Davis, P. G. Bowman, Nelson Fuller.

Executive Committee—Dr. G. I. Lowe, P. G. Bowman, S. M. Adams.

Six names were placed in nomination for places on the executive committee from the state at large, and the tedious balloting resulted as follows: G. B. Dean, Reuben F. Kolb, J. M. Whitehead and Frank Baltzell.

THE PLATFORM.

There was much discussion of the platform and many amendments were offered, only one of which was adopted, it being that of Judge Gaston. The following is the platform:

"The people's party of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the state for solution at the general state election, to take place on the 3d day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of populism as follows:

"First:—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and other like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable, the farmers and the labor in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products, against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the second section was as follows:

We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in times of peace."

RESOLUTIONS.

George F. Gaither offered the following, which was adopted:

"Whereas, the business failures for the first quarter in 1896 have so far surpassed all past records, and believing this is due to our financial system,

"Therefore be it resolved, That our delegates to the national convention are hereby instructed to use all honorable and legitimate means to unite all the financial reforms in one solid phalanx against a polity that has brought want and misery to our once happy and prosperous country."

The following resolutions were passed:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the federal government to open the Warrior river to navigation from the coal fields to the gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties.

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

NEW ERA FOR ALABAMA COAL.

Way Opened to All-the-Year-Round Markets—More Work for Miners.

A few days ago representatives of the Southern Railway company and of the West Alabama Coal association met in Washington, D. C. When they adjourned an agreement had been reached and a contract properly signed by which the Southern Railway company should put in a new coal tipple at Greenville, Miss., the western terminal of that line, costing not less that $40,000, and by which a line of coal barges, numbering about 100, should be placed on the Mississippi river to carry the Alabama product to New Orleans and distribute it up and down the tributary streams.

The West Alabama Coal association is composed of these four coal companies: The Virginia and Alabama Coal company, the Corona Coal and Coke company, the American Coal and Coke company and the Kohinoor Coal Mining company, and this new enterprise will be conducted under the name of the above association, for the joint account of the Southern Railway company.

The Southern Railway company will begin at once the erection of an immense screen at the tipple already built at Greenville. A screen, as is well known, is used to separate the several grades of coal. When this additional work is completed the total cost of the plant in round numbers will be $75,000. Another important piece of work will be the arranging of the tipple so that barges can be loaded at any stage of water.

Perhaps the greatest and most important item in connection with the erection of this tipple at Greenville will be the affording of a market for coal the year round, avoiding the necessity, as heretofore, of light runs at the mines in the district during the months of March, April, May, June and July.

Lively Kentucky Mother.

The wife of Oscar B. Lyons, a respectable farmer living one mile west of Mayfield, Ky., gave birth last week to five strong, well-developed boys, all of whom are doing reasonably well and have good prospects of living. Four of the boys weighed four and one-quarter pounds each and the fifth weighed five pounds. The little city has been all excitement and intense interest ever since very early today when the news was first made known. The occurrence has been all the talk on the streets, the business men neglecting their business, clerks and employes generally forgetting business to discuss the Lyons children. Hundreds of people visited Lyon's humble home during the forenoon today to see the boys and their mother. During the afternoon, by the advice of their family physician, Dr. S. J. Matthews, at least 1,000 visitors were refused admittance.

Oscar B. Lyons, the father of the boys, is a native of Christian county. He came to this county some years since from Logan county, and is the father, including the last five, of eleven children. Mrs. Lyons, the mother, was a Miss Elizabeth Campbell. She was born and reared near Bowling Green, in this state, and moved to this county some years since with her husband. She is rather under the medium size, but strong and vigorous. The mother is doing splendid and seems happy over her boys.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons are in only moderate means, and had not made arrangements to take care of so many babies, but the kind people of the town came to the relief, and many of the women either took or sent the little ones all the clothing and long dresses necessary for the time. The citizens here have raised money and have employed wet nurses to assist the family to take care of the children. Everything is being done by the people here to ensure the life and comfort of the babies, and everybody is deeply interested in their welfare.

Dr. S. J. Matthews, the attending physician, is very much elated over being the fortunate one called on to attend the mother during her confinement. Physicians here agree in the opinion that this case is the most remarkable one on record, and one that will attract universal attention among the medical fraternity.

CONDEMNED TO DEATH

By Judgment of the Court, But the Government is Merciful.

Four leaders of the reform committee of Johannesburg, South African Republic, who were implicated in Dr. Jameson's invasion of the Transvaal, when arraigned for trial plead guilty, hoping for the leniency of the court. But they were sentenced to death. One of the condemned men is John Haye Hammond, an American. The others are English. From the time their respective governments were informed of the severe sentence, the wires were kept hot until President Kruger gave assurance that the executive council of the republic had resolved not to enforce the death penalty. The British government has been informed that sixty other members of the reform committee have been sentenced to two years imprisonment, a fine of $10,000 and subsequent banishment for three years.

Leland Stanford Bequest.

After three years' litigation over the estate of the late Senator Stanford, Mrs. Stanford has at last been enabled to pay the bequest of $2,500,000 which the senator left to Leland Stanford, Jr., university. The bonds transferred to the university draw interest at the rate of $10,000 a month.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

SUNDRY NEWS ITEMS NOTED.

Mobile's New Railroad—Coroner Appointed in Jefferson—Negro Shoots a Woman at Ishkooda—Murder at Oxmoor—Jugular Severed at Birmingham.

Shooting at Ishkooda.

A few days ago Alonzo Cook, a young negro, got into a quarrel with Susie Spencer, at Ishkooda, and shot her. The woman died of the wound and Cook lies in jail charged with murder. He claims the shooting was accidental.

Coroner Appointed.

Col. R. E. Jones, of Birmingham, has been appointed coroner of Jefferson county, by the governor, to fill the unexpired term of Coroner Dusenberry, deceased. Colonel Jones is the democratic nominee for the next term of the office, to which he has been appointed.

Struck by Lightning.

The dwelling of Mr. Riley, on Twelfth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, Birmingham, was struck by lightning about 8 o'clock Friday morning. The house was considerably damaged, the roof and weatherboarding being partly wrecked. Fortunately no one was injured.

Industrial Movement.

The Clifton furnaces at Ironaton, Ala., will be repaired and put in blast. Crellin & Nalls, of the Birmingham Boiler works, have just made a $20,000 contract for repairing the Clifton furnaces. They have also just completed repairs to the Sloss Steel and Iron company's furnaces at North Birmingham. This last contract amounted to $12,000.

Struck by Lightning.

The depot of the Southern Railway at Cordova was struck by lightning Wednesday night, setting on fire some files, way-bills and messages hanging on the walls. The agent was fortunately out at the time, returning just in time to save the building from destruction, as the burning paper was sufficient to have ignited the walls.

Appropriation for Schools.

From the best information obtainable, there is a probability that the Tuskegee Normal School and the Girls' Industrial School, at Montevallo, will receive some aid from the public land bill, which is now pending before congress, rather the bill introduced for those two schools may pass. If so, the way will be opened for the other normal schools in the state at the next session of congress.

Reduction of Wages.

The coal miners throughout the Birmingham district, beginning Friday, are cutting coal for 37½ cents per ton, as against 40 cents last month. This reduction is caused by the fall in the price of No. 1 foundry iron, which is now quoted at $8.50 per ton. The sliding scale bases this price as rock bottom, and on every advance of 50 cents per ton the rate increases 2½ cents.

Thirty Convicts Sent Up.

Judge Green, of the criminal court of Birmingham, on Saturday morning sentenced thirty-five prisoners, all convicted in that court during the last two weeks. James Brown, who was convicted of murder in the second degree, was given twenty-five years; Will Spencer gets five years on the same charge and George Hawkins ten for assault to murder. The remaining sentences are for periods ranging from ten days to five years.

Negro Shot at Oxmoor.

On Wednesday at Oxmoor Clabe Tolbert, a negro, was shot, and it was thought the wound was fatal, but hopes of his recovery are now entertained. John, Frank and George Morrison have been jailed on the charge of assault with intent to rob Henry Mitchell. John Morrison is also charged with shooting Clabe Tolbert, colored, and Frank Morrison is charged with accessory to that act. The warrants were issued by Justice Ray, of Oxmoor, and the arrests were made by Deputies Burgin, Jones and Roebuck.

Arrested for Murder.

Sheriff Morrow, of Jefferson county, on Wednesday afternoon received the following telegram from Sycamore, Ala:

"I have arrested Alonzo Cook for the murder of a woman at Ishkooda. What must I do with him? Answer. C. P. Plassie."

A telegram was sent to hold the prisoner, and an officer was sent for him. Cook shot and killed a woman named Susie Spencer a few days ago near Ishkooda. A quarrel ensued between the woman and Cook and the latter pulled a pistol and killed her.

Items Noted.

The corner stone of the Barber Memorial School for negro girls was laid Tuesday at Anniston.

The United States grand jury recently in session at Huntsville returned eighty true bills as the result of their work.

W. T. Brooks, at Mobile, took aconite for paragoric by mistake. A doctor was secured in time to prevent serious results.

On Saturday last at 1 o'clock Mr. J. H. Radney, of near Roanoke, lost his mill and gin by fire. The loss is estimated at $1,500; no insurance.

Mr. W. R. Pryor, of Limestone county, sold three crops of cotton at one time a few days ago. There were 558 bales that averaged 500 pounds.

Thrown From a Buggy.

Mr. W. R. Hilliard, who travels in the Birmingham district for Roney, Arnold & Co., wholesale dealers in shoes at Knoxville, Tenn., was severely hurt Saturday morning near East Lake by being thrown out of a buggy. Mr. Hilliard lives at Huffman, a small place beyond East Lake, with his family. While going to Birmingham in a buggy the horse became frightened at something and became unmanageable. The horse finally ran away and Mr. Hilliard was thrown out of the buggy and seriously injured.

An Ingenious Suicide.

A French suicide near Lyons carefully built a guillotine for himself, using a hatchet weighted with a sledge hammer for a knife. Having adjusted his head to a block, he let go a cord holding the weight, and was neatly decapitated. This man certainly deserved to succeed. If he had built a pond to drown himself in he might have been rescued at the last moment and made ashamed of himself. But deliberately planning to lose his own head by his own hand shows that he had a brain.

A Remarkable Railroad Accident.

Probably the most remarkable railroad accident ever seen in America occurred on the Northern Ohio recently. The engine of one train struck the rear car of a train ahead and the car ran up on the engine. The engineer stayed in the cab and was not injured, nor was the fireman. The glass in the cab windows was shattered. The train ran back to a town a mile away from where the collision occurred and went on to a switch, with its strange burden.

It may sound like an anomaly, but the man discovered in crookedness is in a strait.

Sciatic Rheumatism and Its Cure.

From the Gazette, Burlington, Iowa.

The story of Mr. Tabor's nearly fatal attack of sciatic rheumatism is familiar to his large circle of acquaintances, but for the benefit of others and those similarly afflicted *The Gazette* has investigated the matter for publication. Mr. Tabor is Secretary and Treasurer for the Commercial Printing Company, with offices in the Hedge Block and resides at 417 Basset Street, Burlington, Ia. A *Gazette* man sought an interview with Mr. Tabor at his place of business to-day, and, although he was busily engaged with imperative duties, he talked freely and feelingly on the subject of his recent severe sickness and subsequent wonderful cure.

"Yes," said Mr. Tabor, "I can safely say that I am a well man, that is, my old trouble with rheumatism has entirely disappeared, but I am still taking Pink Pills and will keep on taking them as long as I continue to grow stronger and healthier, as I have been every day since I began to use them. You will not wonder at my profound faith in the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People after you have heard what I have to tell you. About one year ago I was stricken suddenly with sciatic rheumatism and was confined to my bed. It grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains and all the tortures which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only at intervals. Severe attacks would appear regularly in my back and descend into my leg and foot, and threatened to make me a permanent cripple. I tried various remedies for rheumatism, but without any beneficial results. I grew pale, weak and haggard, and my family and friends grew alarmed at my condition.

"About eight weeks ago my mother induced me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and you know the result. Before I had used one box I felt greatly relieved and much stronger. I continued their use and improved rapidly. I have now taken eight boxes and feel like a new man and completely cured, all of which is due to the efficacy of Pink Pills. They are invigorating and thoroughly wholesome, and have helped me in every way."

In reply to inquiries Mr. Henry, the druggist, stated that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were having a large sale, that it was particularly gratifying to him to know that the customers themselves were highly pleased with the benefits they had derived from their use; that many of them stated that the pills were the only medium that had done them any good; that they not only gave quick relief, but permanent benefit. That the pills *do* sell and that the pills *do* cure is a certainty.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes only at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

How to Mend Blackmailers.

A Newark lawyer has hit upon a novel and effective method of dealing with a blackmailer. A fine-looking and somewhat notorious woman called at his office and demanded $500. On his positive refusal to give her a cent the woman threatened to call at his house and demand the sum of his wife.

As the lawyer knew the character of the woman, he communicated with his people at home by his private telephone, and instructed his two strapping, able-bodied German girls to show the visitor to the reception-room when she called and then to set upon her together and give her a sound beating.

The girls, liking the fun, did as they were requested, and without saying anything to the wife of their employer, carried out his suggestion so well that the blackmailer fled from the house without her $500 but with two black eyes and a broken nose. She left behind her a quantity of hair and two front teeth.—New York Evening World.

He Didn't Wait.

They have been printing recently some of Henry Labouchere's experiences as a diplomat in the United States. He was an attache of the British legation in Washington, once upon a time. One day, they tell us, Labouchere was sitting in his office, when a rather noisy individual came in and asked to see the minister.

"You can't see him. He's gone out. You must see me."

"I don't want to see you; I want to see the boss of the ranch," said the noisy individual.

"All right," replied Labouchere, going on with his writing. "Take a chair."

The visitor sat and waited for an hour. Then, with several picturesque extracts from profane history, he inquired how long the boss would be.

"I should think about six weeks," replied Labouchere, carelessly. "You see, he has just sailed for England."

He didn't wait.

Distinction with a Difference.

"It's rather disappointing," said the Cuban insurgent, "that we can't be recognized as belligerents."

"Never mind," was the reply. "We are all right. You've noticed that when a young man gets through a medical college he puts out an elegant gilt sign, and is known as a 'physician.' But whenever anybody in the neighborhood gets sick they send for the old-fashioned fellow that everybody's been calling plain 'doctor' for years."

"That's true."

"And some of these people who sit in the office and write pieces about us are journalists. But the one who gets the real facts is simply known as a 'newspaper man.'"

"Yes."

"Well, we aren't any 'belligerents.' We're fighters."

The Newest New Woman.

Out West there is a "traveling man" who is a curiosity—simply because this man is a woman. She is Mrs. J. Jagodnigg, of Kansas City, and her line is one that is dear to the average woman's heart—fine furs. Mrs. Jagodnigg represents a big furrier, and she has just returned from a successful business trip through the Northwest. Her samples consist of several thousand dollars' worth of all manner of fur wraps for men and women, and she carries as well a full line of fur trimmings, from ermine down to the least expensive.

If Fate does slip a complimentary notice of a man in a paper, the foreman puts it where no one ever sees it.

It is difficult for a drinking man to hold his breath; it is generally too strong for him.

There is one thing you can always depend upon: If one man abuses a thing, the next man you meet will like it.

We like a girl who refuses to let a young man break her heart.

Not painted in water colors—a toper's nose.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Manufacturers —OF— Engines, Boilers, Mining Machinery, Saw Mills, Shafting —AND— Pulleys.

MILL AND MINING SUPPLIES.

OLD MACHINERY REPAIRED.

Write for Prices. Address,

Hardie-Tynes Foundry and Machine Co.,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

In writing please mention this paper.

One of the health-giving elements of HIRES Rootbeer is sarsaparilla. It contains more sarsaparilla than many of the preparations called by that name. HIRES—the *best by any test.*

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

AGENTS can COIN MONEY selling NIGHTINGALE TOY WHISTLE. Just out. Sells at sight. Sample, etc., 6 cents. Superior Wire Mat Co., Beaver Falls, Pa.

The Ideal Salesman.

A prize essay on the successful man says: "He must be enthusiastic! He will never be fully successful until he thinks his business is the best thing in earth! He must be true to his trade and earnest in his avocation. It is scarcely necessary for me to urge the importance of increasing his ability by learning all that is to be learned in the business, even to the minutest detail. The salesman should be an expert in the examination of his own goods. He should never represent a weave or fabric until he is sure of what he is handling.

Keep the Children Busy.

Almost every family can allow the children a tiny spot their very own for the planting of a few seeds or bulbs or slips, the care of which will give occupation and keep the children at home when otherwise they would plead to go somewhere or to have somebody come to see them.—Womankind.

Every married woman looks as if she needed a little more love, but what she really needs is a little more money.

Once a candidate, generally a candidate.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Herbert Miles, special representative of the Interstate Savings Loan and Trust Corporation, having main offices 901 and 902 Neave Bldg., Cincinnati, O., sends, under date of September 3d, 1895, a testimonial from his barber, Harry Scheid, of 211 West 6th St.: "I want to say," writes Harry, "that for eight months I have taken three Ripans Tabules a day, and have not been to see a doctor once since I commenced to take them. Before I would have to have a big tube put down my throat and have my stomach flushed (I believe that is what they call it) three times every week by a doctor that charged me 50 cents for every time. Of course that always gave me relief, but it always came back again, and I can tell you it was no fun to be pumped out about every two days. The doctor said I had catarrh of the stomach; but whatever it was it don't bother me now, but I still take one of Ripans after each meal, as I am afraid to quit. I am a barber, and for four years I was troubled, so that I used to lose about three days out of every month. I wish you would have your Tabules kept in more stores in Cincinnati, as there are only two places where I can get them. My attention was first called to your remedy by asking what the street car sign meant. (Signed), HARRY SCHEID."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4%

Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS. but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue. ELKHART Carriage & Harness Mfg Co. W. B. PRATT, Secy Elkhart, Ind.

$3 A DAY SURE. SEND us your address and we will show you how to make $3 a day; absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live; send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work; absolutely sure; write at once. D. T. MORGAN, Manager, Box LF, DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

All over the house you need Pearline. And more than ever in house-cleaning. Just look over the list of things that you might use—soaps and powders and fluids and what not. Some of them don't pretend to help you as much as Pearline; some will injure paint, or surfaces, or fabrics; some are only meant to wash or clean certain things.

But with Pearline, you will save time and labor in cleaning anything that pure water won't hurt. Not only can it do no harm, but it saves useless and harmful rubbing. 463

Millions NOW USE Pearline

DON'T YOU OFTEN come across expressions and references in the newspapers and books which you don't fully understand, and which you would like to look up if you had some compact book which would give the information in a few lines?—not be obliged to handle a twenty-pound encyclopædia costing $25 or $30. **50c.** in stamps sent to BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City, will furnish you, postpaid, with just such a book, containing 520 pages, well illustrated, with complete handy Index. Do you know who Crœsus was, and where he lived? Who built the Pyramids, and when? That sound travels 1125 feet per second? What is the longest river in the world? That Marco Polo invented the compass in 1260, and who Marco Polo was? What the Gordian Knot was? The book contains thousands of explanations of just such matters as you wonder about. *Buy it at the very low price of half a dollar and IMPROVE YOURSELF.* **50c. 50c.**

Circuit

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1896. NO. 29.

THE ELECTION LAW.

Full Text of the Registration and Election Law of Alabama, as Amended.

No. 377.] AN ACT [H. B. 721,
To further regulate elections in the State of Alabama.

Section 1.—Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama. That the judges of probate shall superintend the registration of electors in their respective counties.

Section 2.—Be it further enacted, That the governor shall appoint, as soon as practicable after the passage of this act, one competent person as registrar for each county, and such registrars shall hold office for four years and shall appoint a competent person as assistant registrar for each precinct or ward in their respective counties, and the governor shall have power to fill any vacancy should any occur in said office of registrar. And such registrars before entering upon their duties shall take an oath of office as prescribed in section 1, article 15, of the constitution of Alabama, which oath may be administered by any officer authorized by law to administer oaths in this state and must be filed in the office of the judge of probate of the county. Such registrars are authorized to administer the registration oath, and it shall not be lawful for any other officer or person to administer the same.

No.	Date.	Name.	Registration Attestation.	White or Colored.	Residence.	Employment and Remarks.

Section 3.—Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of such registrars within the several precincts or wards for which they are appointed respectively, in each year when any general state or federal election is to be held, to make registration of the electors residing in such precincts or wards upon blank forms provided for that purpose, and shall not register in other way or in other form than that herein prescribed.

Section 4.—Be it further enacted, That the registrars in each precinct or ward shall begin registration on the first Monday in May and shall continue the same for eighteen successive days, Sundays excepted, except in cities of 20,000 or more inhabitants, where thirty days time for registration shall be given.

Section 5.—Be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to register any elector in any precinct or ward in this state after the time herein prescribed for such registration; but the registrars shall be present at the polling places in the precincts or wards for which they are respectively appointed on the day of any general or special election to register such persons as may have reached the age of twenty-one years since the last registration; such other persons as may make oath that they were unable by reasons of absence from the county or by reason of sickness which confined them to their houses to register during the time appointed by law for general registration; such other persons as may take oath that they became bona fide residents of the precinct in which they propose to register not less than thirty days before the day of election and since the last registration; but electors having the constitutional qualifications who may have resided in any incorporated city in this state having a population of more than five thousand inhabitants as determined by the last federal census for thirty days immediately preceding any election and have within such thirty days removed their residence from one precinct to another in the same city, shall after a residence therein of one day be entitled to vote in the precinct in which they reside at the time of the election, but each of said electors herein last provided for must first deposit with the inspectors of election in said precinct the certificate of the judge of probate that said elector is duly registered in the precinct from which he has removed, and no other persons than those provided for in this section shall be permitted to register on the day of any election. The precinct registrar shall furnish to each elector who may register on the day of election a certificate of registration which shall be substantially in this form: State of Alabama, county of............Precinct No......
I,...............precinct registrar, do hereby certify that...............has this day registered before me as an elector. ....Registrar. Precinct No.... And if the precinct elector fails to attend or there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person as precinct registrar for that day, and if no appointment is made by 10 o'clock of that day, then the inspectors of election, or any two of them, may appoint a precinct registrar who may qualify and act as such for that day. Provided nothing in this act shall be construed as repealing, altering or amending the ordinances now or hereafter ordained by any municipal corporation chartered by the general assembly providing for the separate registration of electors for municipal elections.

Section 6.—Be it further enacted, That each registrar shall, at the time of his registration, furnish each elector who may register a certificate of registration, which shall be in the following form:

State Election 189..
Federal Election 189..

I,.......registrar, do hereby certify that.......has this day registered before me as an elector in precinct (or ward) No....

Witness my hand this........day of ....189....

(Signed).................. Registrar.

Section 6½.—Be it further enacted, That any person who shall purchase or offer to purchase, or in any way attempt to get possession of the certificate of registration of any voter, with the intention to deprive him of his vote, or with the intent to use said certificate of registration in any manner to control the vote or manage the vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be fined not less than $100 and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty days.

Section 7.—Be it further enacted, That each registrar shall, within two weeks after the time prescribed for registration, make a true copy of the list of names registered, which copy, along with the original registration list, he must return to the office of the judge of probate of the county.

Section 8.—Be it further enacted, That the judge of probate shall, from the registration list of electors returned to his office, make a correct alphabetical list of the electors so registered by precincts or wards, which list shall be certified by him, officially, to be a full and correct transcript of the list of registered electors, as the same appears from the returns of the registrars in his office. One copy of said list for each precinct or ward the judge of probate shall deliver to the inspectors of election in each precinct or ward immediately preceding every election.

Section 9.—Be it further enacted, That the judge of probate must furnish, previous to the first day of May of each year in which any general state or federal election is to be held, to the registrars the books and blanks necessary for the registration of electors, and each page of such books shall be in the following form:

State of Alabama, } We, the under-
County of.........} signed registered electors, each for himself, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and maintain the constitution and laws of the United States, and the constitution and laws of the state of Alabama; that I am not excluded from registering and voting by any clause in section 3 of article 8 of the constitution of the state of Alabama, and that I am a qualified elector under the constitution and laws of the state.

I............, registrar for said precinct (or ward) No....in the county of...... do hereby certify that the above and foregoing names of registered voters, from No. 1 to No....... inclusive, were duly registered by me according to law, and that each of said persons, so registered, took and subscribed before me the above and foregoing oath, on the dates set opposite to their several names.

Witness my hand this........day of ....188....

Section 10.—Be it further enacted, That each judge of probate shall be paid for his services about the registration and certification of electors such reasonable compensation as may be allowed by the court of county commissioners or the board of revenue, in no event less than 2 cents for each elector registered and certified, and in addition thereto the necessary expense of printing the books and certificates herein provided for.

Section 11.—Be it further enacted, That the compensation for the registrars shall be 3 cents for each elector registered and certified as herein provided, which shall be paid by the county.

Section 12.—Be it further enacted, That if any registrar neglects, fails or refuses to perform the duties herein prescribed, or if there is a vacancy in the office, the county registrar shall appoint some competent person to act in his stead.

Section 13.—Be it further enacted, That it shall be unlawful to register any person except in the precinct or ward in which such person is entitled to vote, and the registrar, when he has no personal knowledge of the identity or residence of the person offering for registration, shall examine him under oath touching the same, which oath shall be administered by the registrar.

Section 14—Be it further enacted, That in all elections hereafter held in this state on any subject which may by law be submitted to a vote of the people, and for all or any state, county, district or municipal officers, the voting shall be by secret official ballots, printed and distributed as hereinafter provided, and no ballot shall be received or counted in any election to which this act applies, except it be provided as herein prescribed.

Section 15.—Be it further enacted, That the printing and delivery of the ballots and cards of instruction to voters hereinafter prescribed shall in municipal elections be paid for by the several cities or towns respectively, and in all other elections by the several counties respectively.

Section 16—Be it further enacted, That the probate judge of each county shall cause to be printed on the ballots to be used in their respective counties the names of all candidates who have been put in nomination by the caucus, convention, mass meeting, primary election or other assembly of any political party or faction in this state, and certified in writing and filed with him not more than 60 days nor less than 20 days previous to the day of election, which certificate shall contain the name of each person nominated and the office for which he is nominated, and shall be signed by the presiding officer and secretary of such caucus, convention, mass meeting, or other assembly, or by the canvassing board of such primary election, and be duly acknowledged by one or more of them, before an officer authorized by law to take the acknowledgements. The judge of probate shall also cause to be printed upon said ballots the name of any qualified elector who has been requested to be a candidate for any office by written petition, signed, in case of a candidate for a state or federal office, by at least 500 electors; and in case of a county or municipal office, by at least 25 electors qualified to vote in the election to fill said office, when such petition has been filed with him not more than 60 nor less than 20 days previous to the election. And in addition to the name printed upon the ballot, and whether there be any names printed on said ballots or no, there shall be printed under each office to be voted for at the election blank lines in number equal to the number of persons who may be elected to fill that office. The name of no person shall be printed upon the ballot who shall, not less than twenty days before the election, notify the judge of probate, in writing, acknowledged before an officer authorized by law to take acknowledgements, that he will not accept the nomination specified in the certificate of nomination or request of electors. In case of any person to be voted for by the electors of the whole state or an entire congressional district or judicial circuit, such certificate of nomination shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state not less than 30 days before the day of election; and such secretary of state shall thereupon immediately certify to the probate judge of each county in the state, in case of an officer to be voted for by the electors of the whole state, and to the probate judges of the counties composing the judicial circuit or congressional district, in case of an officer to be voted for by the electors of such circuit or district, upon suitable blanks to be prepared by him for that purpose, the fact of such nomination and the name of the nominee or nominees, and the office to which he or they may be nominated; and the name of such person shall be printed by the judge of probate upon the ballot in its proper place in all respects as herein provided for nominations filed in the office of the probate judge; and any secretary of state who shall willfully fail or refuse to certify such nominations as herein provided shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars; and in the event of such failure or refusal, such certificate shall be made by the state auditor.

Section 17—Be it further enacted, That any person who shall falsely make, or falsely destroy, any certificate of nomination, or any part thereof, or file any certificate of nomination, knowing the same, or any part thereof, to be false, or suppress any nomination which has been duly filed, or any part thereof, or forge or falsely write the name or initials of any inspector of election on any ballot, shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction thereof shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years.

Section 18—Be it further enacted, That the probate judge shall cause to be preserved in his office all certificates and petitions of nomination filed therein under the provisions of this act for six months after the election for which such nominations are made.

Section 19—Be it further enacted, That the ballots printed in accordance with the provisions of this act shall contain the names of all candidates nominated, as hereinbefore provided, who have not declined. The names of all candidates for the same office shall be printed together and arranged alphabetically according to the initial letters of their surnames irrespective of party. But the order in which the titles of the several offices to be filled shall be arranged upon the ballots shall be left to the discretion of the officer charged with the printing of said ballots.

Section 20—Be it further enacted, That whenever a constitutional amendment or other public measure is submitted to a vote of the people, the substance of such amendment or other public measure shall be twice in the same language clearly indicated upon the ballot after the list of candidates, followed in one case by the word "Yes" and in the other by the word "No."

Section 21—Be it further enacted, That all ballots provided by the judge of probate of any county for an election shall be alike, printed in plain type, in straight lines, upon plain white paper so thick that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back, with a slender line between each name, and extending sufficiently to the left of the names to easily permit making before each name a cross mark (X), and in the appropriate place the words "Vote for one" (or two, or other number, as the case may be), to indicate the number which may be elected to each office, and shall be substantially in the following form, except the order in which the several offices to be filled are stated, namely:

Official Ballot, Election ...., 189..

(Make a cross mark (X) before the name of the candidate of your choice.)

Vote for one:

FOR GOVERNOR.
HENRY FISALER.
WILLIAM JONES.
JOHN SMITH.

Vote for one:

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.
WILLIAM KING.
THOMAS MOORE.
JAMES SIMPSON.

Vote for one:

FOR SHERIFF.
THOMAS JONES.
GEORGE SMITH.
JAMES WHITE.

Vote for two:

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
WILLIAM DANIELS.
JOHN DOE.

Constitutional Amendment. Yes.
Constitutional Amendment. No.

Section 23—Be it further enacted, That all ballots for use in each precinct or ward shall be fastened together in convenient numbers in books or blocks in such manner that each ballot may be detached and removed separately. Each ballot shall have attached to it a stub of sufficient size to enable one of the inspectors to write or stamp his initials thereon, and so attached to the ballot that when the same is folded the stub can be detached therefrom without injury to the ballot or exposing the contents thereof.

Section 23—Be it further enacted, That there shall be provided for each voting place at least one hundred ballots for every fifty registered electors at said polling place.

Section 24—Be it further enacted, That the sheriff of each county, at the expense of the county, or in case of a municipal election, the mayor or other chief executive officer, at the expense of the city or town, shall provide at each polling place a room or covered enclosure, and in such room or covered enclosure shall provide booths or compartments, one booth or compartment for each one hundred, or fraction of one hundred over fifty, electors registered for that election, and furnish each with a shelf or table for the convenience of electors preparing their ballots. Each booth or compartment shall be so arranged that it will be impossible for one elector at a shelf or table in one compartment to see an elector at another shelf or table in another compartment in the act of marking his ballot. Each voting shelf, or table, shall be kept supplied with conveniences for marking the ballots.

Section 25—Be it further enacted, That no person shall be permitted, under any pretext whatever, to come within fifty feet of any door or window of any polling room from the opening of the polls until the completion of the count of the ballots and certificates of the returns, except as herein provided.

Section 26.—Be it further enacted, That the judge of probate of each county shall cause to be printed in large type on the cards instructions for the guidance of electors in preparing their ballots. He shall furnish to the sheriff twelve, or more if necessary, such cards for each precinct or ward, and it shall be the duty of the sheriff to post one of such cards in each booth or compartment for the preparation of ballots, and not less than three in prominent places elsewhere about and outside of the polling place upon the day of election. Said cards shall be printed in large, clear type, and shall contain full instructions to electors as to what should be done: first, to obtain ballots for voting; second, to prepare the ballot for depositing in the ballot box; third, to obtain a new ballot in place of one accidentally spoiled.

Section 27.—Be it further enacted, That any person who wilfully, during or before an election, removes, tears down, destroys or defaces any booth or compartment, or any convenience provided for the purpose of enabling the elector to prepare his ballot, or any card printed for the instruction of electors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than $10 nor more than $500.

Section 28.—Be it further enacted, That except as electors are admitted, one at a time, to vote, and except the sheriff or his deputy, the inspectors and clerks of the election, and as many electors as there may be booths or compartments, no person shall be permitted within fifty feet of the polling room.

Section 29.—Be it further enacted, That when the right to vote of any person who demands to be permitted to vote is questioned by any elector, the said challenge shall be communicated to the inspectors before the person is permitted to vote by the sheriff, or some other officer or person in attendance and in charge of admission to the polling place, when his right to vote must be determined as required by law.

Section 30.—Be it further enacted, That when all the booths or compartments are occupied and other electors are waiting to vote, no elector shall occupy a booth or compartment for a longer time than five minutes. No elector shall be allowed to occupy a booth or compartment already occupied by another, or to speak or converse with any one, except as herein provided, while in the polling place.

Section 31.—Be it further enacted, That after having voted or declined or failed to vote within five minutes, the elector shall immediately withdraw from the polling place and go beyond the prohibited distance and shall not enter the polling place again.

Section 32.—Be it further enacted, That each elector upon entering the polling room shall be given one ballot by the inspectors. Before delivering the ballot to the elector at least one of the inspectors shall write or stamp, or shall have already stamped or written or printed his initials or name upon the stub attached to the ballot. On receiving the ballot the elector shall forthwith, and without leaving the polling room, retire alone to one of the booths or compartments provided for that purpose, and there prepare his ballot by marking with pen and ink or pencil in the appropriate margin or place a cross mark (X) before the name of the candidate of his choice for each office to be filled, or by filling in the name of the candidate of his choice in the blank space provided therefor, and marking a cross mark (X) in the appropriate margin, and likewise by marking a cross mark (X) before the answer he desires in case of a constitutional amendment or other question submitted to a vote of the people.

Section 33.—Be it further enacted, That any elector applying to vote, who shall declare on oath, which oath may be administered by any one of the inspectors, that by reason of his inability to read the English language he is unable to prepare his ballot, may have the assistance of an inspector to be selected by the elector, or a person to be appointed for that purpose by the inspectors of election, and the inspectors may appoint as many assistants as they may deem necessary in the preparation of his ballot, and the person so appointed or the inspector selected, shall retire to a booth or compartment with the elector and there mark the elector's ballot by marking with pen and ink or pencil cross marks (X) before the name of each candidate for each office to be given to him by the elector without suggestion or interference from the assistant. The assistant shall then deliver the ballot to the elector and withdraw from the booth or compartment. In all other respects he shall vote as is required of other electors; provided, that no candidate for election shall act as assistant to any elector in the preparation of his ballot.

Section 34.—Be it further enacted, That any elector applying to vote, who shall declare on oath, which oath may be administered by any one of the inspectors, that by reason of blindness, of the loss of the use of his hand or hands, he is unable to prepare his ballot, may have the assistance of such assistant as may have been appointed or inspector selected; that the assistant shall retire with the elector who asks for assistance in the preparation of his ballot to a booth or compartment and there prepare the elector's ballot, so as to indicate the elector's declared choice of candidates as to each office to be filled without suggestion or interference from the assistant. But in all cases any elector, before retiring to the booth, may have one of the clerks of the election to read over to him the titles of the offices to be filled and the candidates therefor."

Section 35.—Repealed.

Section 36.—Repealed.

Section 37.—Be it further enacted, That any person making a false declaration under the provisions of sections 33 or 34 shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years.

Section 38.—Be it further enacted, That any inspector who shall wilfully deceive any elector in preparing his ballot shall be guilty of a felony, and, on conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five years.

Section 39.—Be it further enacted, That any person who shall disclose how any elector may have voted, unless upon the trial of an indictment under section 38 of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than $10 nor more than $100.

Section 40.—Be it further enacted, That any elector who shall by accident or mistake spoil a ballot so that he can not conveniently or safely vote the same, may return it to the inspectors and receive another in lieu thereof. In no case shall any person be permitted to carry a ballot outside of the polling room.

Section 41.—Be it further enacted, That after preparing his ballot the elector shall fold the same so as to conceal the face thereof, and show the stub thereto attached with the name or initials of the inspector, and hand it to the receiving inspector, who shall, after detaching the stub, deposit the ballot in the box in the manner prescribed by law.

Section 42.—Be it further enacted, That if the elector marks more names than there are persons to be elected to an office, or if for any reason it is impossible to determine the elector's choice for any office to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such office; but this shall not vitiate the ballot, so far as properly marked, nor shall any ballot be rejected for any technical error which does not make it impossible to determine the elector's choice, and nothing herein shall be construed to prevent any elector from voting for any qualified person other than those whose names are printed upon the ballot.

Section 43—Be it further enacted, That any elector who shall, except as herein provided, allow his ballot to be seen by any person, or who shall take or remove, or attempt to take or remove, any ballot from the polling place before the closing of the polls, or place any mark upon his ballot by which it may be identified, or any person who shall interfere with any elector when inside the polling place, or when marking his ballot, or unduly influence, or attempt to unduly influence, any elector in the preparation of his ballot, or any elector who shall remain longer than the specified time allowed by this act in the booth or compartment, after being notified that his time had expired; or who shall endeavor to influence any elector to show how he marks or has marked his ballot, or aids or attempts to aid, any elector by means of any mechanical device, or any other means whatever in marking his ballot, or shall print, or procure to be printed, or have in his possession any copy of the ballot prepared to be voted, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be fined not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars, and any ballot marked by the elector for identification shall be rejected.

Section 44—Be it further enacted, That any officer who willfully and knowingly refuses or fails to perform the duties herein prescribed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars. But this section shall not be held to apply to cases where a different penalty is prescribed by this act.

Section 45—Be it further enacted, That any judge of probate, or other officer on whom the duties of the judge of probate may have been temporarily devolved, who willfully and knowingly neglects, fails or refuses to perform the duties herein prescribed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, except as herein otherwise provided, and on conviction shall be fined not less than $300 nor more than $2,000. And in the event the judge of probate of any county is unable, or neglects, fails or refuses to perform the duties herein prescribed, the duties, responsibilities and authority of the judge of probate shall devolve upon the clerk of the circuit court of the county.

Section 46—Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the sheriff in each county in this state, on each day of election, to be present in person or by deputy at all election precincts where elections are held in his county, and it shall be his duty to preserve good order, and in order that every elector who desires to vote shall do so without interference or interruption; and to maintain good order, and to carry out the intents and purposes of this act, such sheriff, or his deputy, may especially deputize sufficient force to act at all election precincts on the day of any election that he may deem necessary, and, in case of necessity, may raise a posse comitatus to put down all riots, or attempted riots or disturbances.

Section 47—Be it further enacted, That in case of any municipal election, held at a time different from a general state or federal election, the duties hereby prescribed for the judge of probate, in respect to receiving nominations, printing and distributing ballots and cards of instruction, shall be discharged, under the same sanctions, by the mayor or other chief executive officer of the city or town.

Section 48—Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Approved February 21, 1893.

Section 49—Be it further enacted, That upon opening the polls the inspector must appoint two markers or assistants, one from each of the opposing political parties who may have candidates to be voted for at the election, and each of whom must be a discreet person able to read and write, if practicable; and the inspectors, or any two of them, shall in like manner from time to time, as often as may be necessary to give every illiterate elector and every physically disabled elector an opportunity to vote, appoint a marker, who must be selected as provided for the selection of the first two. Every marker, before entering upon his duties, must take an oath, which may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, or by any one of the inspectors, to perform the duties of marker at the election according to law. No inspector, clerk or marker shall be appointed nor shall act as such except in the beat of his residence at the time of the election. Clerks and markers must be appointed from a list of persons not less than six nor more than ten in any one beat, who may be suggested for that purpose by the duly constituted authorities respectively of the opposing political parties having candidates to be voted for at the election. Every illiterate or physically disabled elector shall be permitted to have the assistance of a marker, who may be selected by him from the number of markers who have been appointed by the inspectors. Any inspector who may refuse to appoint markers from the opposing parties, so as to give every illiterate and physically disabled elector the opportunity to select a marker of his own political party, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, on conviction, be fined not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars. It is the sense of this section that the opposing political parties shall each have the right to suggest a list of names not less than six nor more than ten persons to act as markers and clerks. If no lists are furnished, the inspectors shall appoint clerks and markers from opposing political parties.

Approved February 18, 1895.

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A Devoted Advocate.

The London Telegraph publishes a dispatch from Pretoria, saying that the wife of John Hayes Hammond, the American member of the Johannesburg reform committee, who was sentenced to death, has had a long and touching interview with President Kruger, with whom she pleaded the cause of her husband and the other convicted prisoners. President Kruger promised that he would consider all the arguments that Mrs. Hammond had submitted, and said he hoped the matter would be settled by the end of the week. The outlook now seems to be most hopeful. The prisoners, with a few exceptions, have signed detailed statements relative to the agitation.

His Wife's Sister.

John W. Bowman and Miss Pearl Ballard were arrested at Anniston Thursday on a telegram from Joshua Ballard, of Omaha, Randolph county, who charged Bowman with deserting his wife and two small children and eloping with his wife's young sister, the wife and erring sister being Ballard's daughters. Bowman says he took the young girl from home in order to allow her to get married to a young man to whom her parents objected, but the girl denies this, and says she left home because her father mistreated her and told her to leave. Ballard is a wealthy merchant and planter of Randolph county.

Brave and Expert Swimmer.

Herman Gallwitz, an expert swimmer, rescued Dave George, a negro, from drowning at Jacksonville, Fla., Thursday afternoon.

George was in a sailboat, skimming along, close hauled, on a heavy breeze. A sudden squall upset the vessel. He was thrown away from the boat and floundered desperately in the water, meanwhile yelling for help. Gallwitz was in his rowboat. He bent to the oars and made it fairly jump over the waves. Just as the negro sank Gallwitz reached the scene. He dived, brought the man to the surface and held him there, in spite of the fact that he was grasped tightly around the neck.

Captain F. A. Santina, of the tug Annie H., which was passing, saw the struggle in the water, and had a boat lowered and sent to the rescue. The negro was hauled in, while Gallwitz continued his exercise, as if rescuing people from drowning were only a matter of ordinary moment.

Nicaraguan Canal Company.

At the annual meeting of the Maritime Canal company, of Nicaragua, the present company chartered by congress, held Thursday at its offices, 54 and 56 Broad street, New York, there were represented 152,098 shares, out of a total of 222,135 shares. Directors elected of the class of 1899 to succeed themselves were Jos. Bryan, of Virginia; James Roosevelt, Hiram Hitchcock, Thos. B. Atkins of New York; of the class of 1897, to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of Hon. R. G. Shanon, A. G. Menocal was elected. The board of directors afterward met and re-elected Hiram Hitchcock, president; C. T. Daly, vice-president; T. B. Atkins, secretary and treasurer. The executive committee consists of James Roosevelt, Hiram Hitchcock, H. E. Howland, F. F. Thompson and A. G. Menocal, in place of R. G. Shanon, resigned.

On the Transvaal Frontier.

Johnkheer Schaek, chairman of the first volksraad, has received a communication from Sir Hercules Robinson, British high commissioner in South Africa, to the effect that Earl Grey, administrator of the British South Africa company, believes the Matabele rebellion to be broken, and had therefore requested him (Sir Hercules) not to send imperial troops to Buluwayo, and so increase the difficulty of providing supplies there. Sir Hercules added that the British troops, numbering 700, would therefore remain at Mafeking, on the Transvaal frontier, pending the receipt of further orders.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

People's Party State Ticket

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C. MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK.
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

REGISTER!

THE New Orleans Daily Item declares the election of the Populist State ticket in Louisana and openly asserts that blood will be spilled in that State if the Democrats attempt to usurp the power of government without showing a clear majority on a fair count.

REGISTRATION will close on Saturday, May 23—one week from next Saturday.

SECOND PRIMARY.

	Min'l Sp'gs	Providence	Jemison	Benson	Macedonia	Clanton	Cane Creek	Coopers	Verbena	Kincheon	Maplesville	Lathams	Stanton	Strasburg	Total
James T. Cooley	58	26	125	30	38	62	30	91	21	64	53	17	54	61	73[illegible]
Lee Hayes	25	10	13	41	32	101	2	20	4	64	70	15	67	74	53[illegible]
A. C. Mims	47	26	49	45	32	104	18	99	5	118	39	20	88	40	73[illegible]
L. B. Pounds	40	11	88	22	42	63	14	15	21	11	83	12	31	94	547
T. J. Hubbard	37	22	119	50	56	45	3	55	12	46	112	19	41	39	656
J. A. Logan	52	15	22	21	20	115	29	59	14	80	13	13	78	98	629
L. H. Reynolds	80	28	137	26	56	37	11	35	23	21	64	6	54	107	685
E. G. Rollins	8	10	4	48	15	118	20	78	3	103	60	25	60	28	580
Samuel Pate	60	32	105	14	16	13	3	44	22	32	71	6	89	36	543
R. C. Riggins	29	3	29	48	52	146	29	36	1	85	43	25	46	98	670
Alex Glasscock	65	27	115	47	42	65	1	59	17	89	102	25	93	105	852
S. E. Waldrup	23	7	16	19	34	84	28	14	4	29	7	5	10	16	296
P. E. Harris	52	12	4	2	3	65	27	48	14	93	5		86	37	448
J. G. Smitherman	35	21	125	63	67	80	3	22	6	26	121	32	34	73	708
Moses Robinson	73	34	40	46	33	50	2	41	19	84	70	16	83	66	657
J. R. Vinson	13	2	83	22	32	111	28	70	7	74	34	15	30	50	571

THE Senatorial Committee for this district is called to meet at Clanton next Tuesday. It is fully time we began to consider the question of whom shall be nominated for this important office. We believe the understanding, since the formation of Elmore, Chilton and Shelby counties into the fifteenth district, has been that as Elmore furnished the first nominee in the person of Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, Chilton was to have the prior claim to name a man in the next election, and Shelby to follow. If this is the case, now is the time for Chilton to make it known to the rest of the district that it is our purpose to claim this privilege and produce our man.

HON. A. T. Goodwyn has addressed a letter to Capt. Johnston proposing that both of them join in a petition to the county appointing boards, asking "that the two contending parties be represented among the inspectors of election at every polling place in the State; that said inspectors be nominated by the authorized county executive committees of each party respectively," etc. We will give the letter in full next week.

Commenting upon this letter the State-Herald, which in common with other Democratic papers of the State is aghast at the prospect of fighting the combined forces of Populites and Republicans, says it is an insult to the Democratic party of Alabama. The fact of the matter is the Democratic press already recognizes the hopelessness of their cause, and in their efforts to find something to encourage themselves are imagining insults and manufacturing false statements in regard to the co-operation of Populites and Republicans, in the futile hope of retarding our triumphant march. If it is an insult to ask the Democratic party to assist in securing honest elections, what in the name of common sense is to be thought of those who oppose such a reasonable proposition? It is an insult to the common sense of the people to make such ridiculous assertions.

WE this week place before our readers the full ticket for State and county. Every man on that ticket has been selected by the people as being the very best men available for the respective offices, and every lover of honest government should from now until August work unremittingly, so that each and every nominee should be elected by an overwhelming majority.

The new County Executive Committee met and organized last Saturday with H. I. Honeycutt as chairman. The committee is as follows:

Beat 1 W. H. Conway, J. M. Robinson; Beat 2 Ira Campbell, I. B. Martin; Beat 3 Wylie Foshee, J. F. Fleming; Beat 4 H. I. Honeycutt, J. W. Littlejohn; Beat 5 J. W. G. Kicker, J. G. Burkhalter; Beat 6 John Edwards, John Scott; Beat 7 W. Y. Nix, W. A. Green; Beat 8 D. C. Gandy, Jesse Jones; Beat 9 J. W. Hayes, W. A. Mims.

NOTICE.

The Senatorial Committee of the Fifteenth District is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Tuesday, May 19, 1896, at 10 a.m., for the purpose of arranging for the Senatorial Convention. All Committeemen from Elmore, Chilton and Shelby counties are particularly requested to attend this meeting.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Ch'mn.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

CIRCUIT COURT.

CIRCUIT Court convened Monday morning. Judge John R. Tyson, who has exchanged circuits with Judge Denson, presiding. There were 70 cases on the civil docket, 44 of which were disposed of and 26 continued. There were few cases of any public interest, but the principal ones were Alabama Mineral Land Co. vs E. E. Jackson et 'als involving $45,000, which was continued. The case which excited much amusement to the court was that of Thos. E. Taylay vs. Joseph E. White. This was an action for malicious prosecution growing out of the controversy at Enterprise church. Col. Knox, who appeared for the plaintiff, kept the court in a mirthful mood by his humorous speech. The defendant got a verdict in his favor. Several other minor cases of no public interest were disposed of. The grand Jury made their report, which will be found below and court adjourned this evening until Monday next.

Our local bar was ably represented by Col. Knox, T. A. Curry, Smith & Dennis, Tipton Mullins, Adams & Martin, and W. H. Foshee.

The following visiting attornies are in attendance: S. W. Johns and W. A. Collier, Birmingham; L. C. Smith, C. P. Jones and Ray Rushton, Montgomery; S. D. Logan, Centreville; W. W. Willett, Anniston; F. B. Baldwin, Verbena.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

To HON. JNO. R. TYSON, Judge presiding Spring Term 1896, Circuit Court Chilton Co., Ala.

We, the Grand Jury empanelled for said term of Court, respectfully submit this as our final report:

As the result of our investigations of violations of law in our county we have returned twenty true bills.

The public roads of our county have been reported as being in good condition, but there is much room for improvement.

The bonds of our county officials we regard as good and sufficient.

The books of our county officials are correctly kept, so far as we were able to judge in the limited time we have for such work.

The financial condition of our county is good.

It is gratifying that the County has begun the erection of a new court house.

We visited the jail and find it neatly kept. While we think, after a full investigation of the escape from our jail of Crosby and Martin, the Sheriff is not greatly to blame, yet we believe that he could have been more diligent in his duty as to the security of the prisoners named. The damage to the jail, caused by the escape of these prisoners, has been repaired.

There are nine inmates in our county poorhouse, eight white and one colored. It is a pleasure to state that these unfortnnate ones are comfortably cared for.

We thank your Honor for the very able and explicit instructions as to our duties, Solicitor Brewer for his advice and able and impartial discharge of duty, and the bailiff for his courteous attention to duty, and now respectfully ask to be discharged,

J. H. BOSTWICK, Foreman.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $100 per bottle

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Clanton, Ala., May 11, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Please allow me pace in your columns to express my sincere and heartfelt thanks to my friends throughout the county for their very hearty support in the primaries just ended. I feel grateful to my friends for the confidence manifested by their ballots, and my highest aim will ever be to merit it. To those who opposed me I am your friend also, and if elected I will serve the people to the best of my ability. Equal rights to all and special favors to none shall ever be my motto, and I shall consider myself a servant of the people rather than a master.

Yours with Respect,
RUFUS C. RIGGINS.

* * *

When Spring Has Come.

How eagerly we look forward to the beatiful spring! All through the long dark winter, when the only cheering things to be seen are the bright fires and our windows full of green, we long for it. Our hopes are fixed on the time when the earth shall awaken and it is with small patience that we resign ourselves to he weary waiting.

Did you ever realize how many remarks during the winter we preface with the words, "in the spring?" It is but human to form plans, and spring is the starting point for the work of the year. Spring is the season of promise. It is then that we trust to Mother Earther the seed that we have treasured for months, and from which we hope to reap a harvest. Spring is the season of joy. We rejoice that the long winter is past, that the birds are with us again, the warm rain and bright sunshine are calling the flowers to appear, and that the trees are putting on their summer robes of green. How pleasant are the first warm days that we can open our windows and let in the pure spring air, and wander out and gather the first blossoms that greet the flower season. How much we enjoy those blossoms, simple and modest and sweet, not bright and flaming as they are later, when such pale beauties would not engage our attention because of their familiarity. How sweetly the birds sing, every little body seems bursting with the melody that struggles to find utterance through its tiny throat. All nature is glad and joyous. Truly we are happy in the coming of spring.

WALTER KENDRICK.
Burwell, Ala., May 11, 1896.

* * *

Jumbo.

At a meeting held by the citizens of this community and after many expressions of indignation as to lawlessness of some in the manufacture and sale of wild cat whiskey, and especially the burning of the Jumbo post office, we feel it our solemn duty to draft the following resolutions.

Resolved, That we the undersigned citizens of Jumbo, disapprove and condemn all such lawlessness and pray the assistance of the Federal and State authorities to aid us in suppressing and bringing to justice all such criminals solemnly pledging ourselves to assist the officers of the law in every way in our power, and request the BANNER to print the same.

Signed. H. C. Young, D. H. Mullins, Jesse Denson, H. F. Mullins, Oliver Mullins, A. T. Dobbs, Thos. H. Williams, C. R. Mullins, C. Mullins, W. M. Wagganer, John Huett, E. W. Willis, D. D. Hand, Jas. Vines.

Grand Excursion to Tampa, Fla. Only $5.50 for the Round-Trip.

On May 25th. the Plant System will run special train from Montgomery to Tampa, Fla., without change, leaving Montgomery 11:30 a.m., arriving Tampa 7:15 next morning, and sell tickets at the remarkably low rate of $5.50 for the round-trip, with proportionately low rates from other points on the line of the Plant System. Tampa is full of interesting sights. Two hundred and fifty cigar factories, employing seven thousand Cuban cigarmakers. This alone is well worth the trip. Here you see the famous Tampa Bay Hotel, the finest resort hotel in the world, also the beautiful Port Tampa Inn, built over the waters of the Tampa Bay one mile from land. Tampa is a progressive city of twenty-one thousand people, located on Tampa Bay, the most beautiful of all southern waters; the finest boating, fishing and bathing in the world. Tickets will be good for return until June 1st., giving ample time for all kinds of sport. Those who desire can visit any other point in southern Florida. For full information write to

W. V. LIFSEY,
Division Passenger Agent,
Montgomery, Ala.

THE political situation in Kansas is very gratifying to Populists. The chairman of the republican State committe publicly announces that the party will lose from 10,000 to 15,000 republican votes if the present State officers are renominated.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Teachers' Institute will be held for white teachers at Clanton on the 19th and 20th days of June 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a. m. Devotional exercise.

9:30 a.m. Can a teacher properly estimate the progress of his pupils without examination? A. B. Harwood, Miss Ross Thornton.

10 a.m. How should examinations be conducted? W. S. Garner, Miss Jennie Wilson.

10:30 a.m. Vocation of the Teacher. H. L. Hicks, L. B. Pounds.

11:30 a.m. How can parents in the country secure good schools? J. E. Creel, Mrs. M. A. Bowdoin.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. What qualifications makes the most valuable teacher? N. B. Comer, Miss Mary Garner.

2:30 p.m. Can Philosophy be successfully taught without apparatuses? J. Alex Moore, R. O. Headley.

3:30 p.m. The evils of negative teaching. J. W. Mims, E. C. Jones

SATURDAY—8:30 a.m. The requiites for successful teaching. J. P. Gore, H. A. Askins.

9:30 a.m. Modes of inspirin pupils to cultivate habits of self reliance. G. L. Speer.

10:30 a.m. How can a teacher best cultivate the morals of his pupils? B. D. Wilson.

11:30 a.m. How many different lessons ought a pupil to recite during the school day? J. M. Massey, W. A. Logan.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. Can a a teacher be to exacting? if so, why and now? H. W. Strock.

2:30 p.m. Ought the dictionary to be used as a text bokk in the school-room? Wm. Askins, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3:30 p.m. Ought teachers to be uniform in methods of teaching? C. C. Slaton, E. Y. McMorries.

Prof. R. E. B. Hicks, Ch'in'n program Committee.

The law requires teachers to attend these Institutes, and I earnestly insist that all the teachers be present at this one, as we will have the State Supt. John O. Turner, and Dr. Eldridge, Pres. of the Troy Normal college, who will deliver four lectures on education on Saturday. He will also lecture on Sabbath-school Sunday following.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Be it known that I have made the following changes in the Register business. In beat six I have appointed Elijah Deason instead of Milton Roper, as Mr. Roper's eye-sight is very much impaired and he is growing too old. In beat eight I have appointed C. W. Plant to succeed E. L. McKee on account of his health and holding a position away from home. In beat 4 by request I have appointed W. B. James in place of W. M. Wilson. Beat 9, [illegible] N. Riggins in place of Henry Estes who has left the county. I am ready to make any other appointments for vacancies that may occur in any of the other beats when notified.

B. W. GARNER, County Rgister.

When no change is announced in THE BANNER the Beat Registers who acted at she last election will hold the same position in this election.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 85, [illegible] Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY!

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

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DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

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CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
LOWEST PRICES.
[illegible] SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

V V V

Chain Shot

You've got to use heavy ammunition when you fight such a malignant enemy as SCROFULA. There is nothing that will rout this disease like **V. V. V.**—the wonderful blood purifier and family remedy. It drives out all impurities and taints—whether hereditary or not—making the blood pure and healthy and the whole body strong and vigorous. **V. V. V.** is a specific for all blood and skin diseases, as well as rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
At G. O. Logan's until the 25th day of May: 17 lbs granulated sugar for $1 00; 18 lbs brown sugar for $1.00; 5½ lbs good coffee for $1.00; 16 lbs bulk meat for $1.00 4 lbs soda 25; 25 lbs rice for $1; shoes at cost. Exchange for crossties, corn, chickens and country produce.

Mr. John Aldridge, of Birmingham, is attending court here.

Mr. Tom Harrison, of Jemison, was in town yesterday.

Mr. John Garner and family visited Jemison last week.

Mr. Frank Higgins was in town yesderday.

The register for Beat 4 is at the BANNER office.

Mr. L. H. Stewart has accepted a position on the railroad.

There was a delightful 10-cent museum at the old academy last Monday evening.

Mr. Wm. Johnson is a pleasant visitor in our town this week.

Mr. Albert Culp was shaking hands with his many friends here last Saturday and Sunday.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:
Mr. W. Edward Grant and Miss Ida Thomas.
Colored, Joe Martin and Delia Bryant.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

We are sorry to say that Judge Honeycutt is somewhat indisposed.

Rev. J. L. Busby, of South Calera, was in town yesterday.

Mr. F. A. Gulledge, of Verbena, was in Clanton yesterday on business.

The Ladies of the Methodist church will have ice-cream at the post office every afternoon; anyone desiring any can get it there.

Mr. W. L. Sampey has been suffering from an attack of mumps the last few days.

Rev T. B. and Mrs. Haynie and infant child, of Gate City, are stopping with Mr. G. P. Aldridge.

An excursion train passes through Clanton on Sunday; round trip fare to Montgomery is 75 cents.

A reward of $150 is offered by W. I. Mims for the arrest and delivery to the sheriff of Coosa county of Jim Hawkins wanted for the killing of Bud Mims. Jim Hawkins is about twenty years old, about 5 feet 6 inches tall, dark complexion, slightly freckled, small sandy moustache, weighs about 140 lbs.

Dr. A. J. Massey is now and will be here both weeks of court at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store. Is busy daily extracting teeth with his painless process, and other dental practice. Will go anywhere in the county after court is over, by solicitation.

Mrs. Robert Wilson died on Wednesday evening at her home near Poplar Springs, aged 73 years. She leaves an aged husband very sick, and who knows not of the loss of his life's partner. The deceased lady will be buried this evening at Mount Moriah.

On Thursday morning last about four miles east of Montevallo in Chilton county Deputy Marshalls Dudley and Taylor with Deputy collectors Tutwiler and Caldwell captured a copper still 45 gallon capacity. It was in the shed room of Herbert Lucus who was arrested and carried to Montgomery and placed under $200 bond. About 200 gallons of sorghum beer and 11 fermenters were destroyed.

The friends of Mrs. O. A. Duke and daughter, Miss Mary, will be glad to hear that they are here.

WANTED—A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soaps and Pure Flavoring Extracts. $40 to $75 a month easily made. Address Crofts & Reed, Chicago, Ill.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery: it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bot- [illegible] Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

Mrs. J. P. Bell, Osawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes ***"I was troubled with heart disease*** for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. ***They said there was no help for me,*** that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,*** which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and ***it completely cured me. I sleep*** well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, North-eastern Chancery Division, April 22, 1896.

Moses Jones, Complainant, vs. Cora Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Cora Jones is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that her post office and residence are unknown to affiant and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the BANNER a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Cora Jones to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 25 day of May, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against her in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama this 22 day of April, 1896.
W. E. STEWART, Register in Chancery

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife L. E. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama. I will proceed to sell for cash on

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1896.

at the court house door in Clanton in said county, within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of sec. eleven and w ½ of ne ¼ of sec. fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South-easterly, also all of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch thence Northwesterly along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.

Clanton, Ala., May 2, 1896.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18047.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
April 17, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 30th, 1896., viz: Louisa Manuel, Homestead entry, No. 25,460, for the sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 26 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cotton Hall, J. T. Selman, Ben Selman, John Smith, all of Dixie, Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he [illegible] the BANNER.

THE JURORS.

Following is a list of the jurors drawn for the Spring term of Circuit court, commencing on Monday, May 11, 1896.

Second Week.

Beat 1 Lewis Littleton, H B Roper, W H Bean.

Beat 2 H N Beasler, J R Johnson, J M Brantley, Alfred Pate.

Beat 3 J M Furguson, Wm Deshazo, Wm Veazey, J C Culp, Doc Jones, B W Garner, E Z Nix.

Beat 4 J M Thacker, O K Mullins, W H Parrish.

Beat 5 J W Taylor, J R Thomas, Jake Lavinson, W L Bates.

Beat 7 L B Broadhead, Emmitt Christian, Eugene McGee, Clay Latham.

Beat 8 Frank Weaver, Jesse Rucker, W T Duggan, R W Gandy, W W Sansom, Jack Landers, J R Parnell.

Beat 9 G W Sorrell, J T Mims, James Burnett, J B Childers.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat," foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, sniffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. BROWNE.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

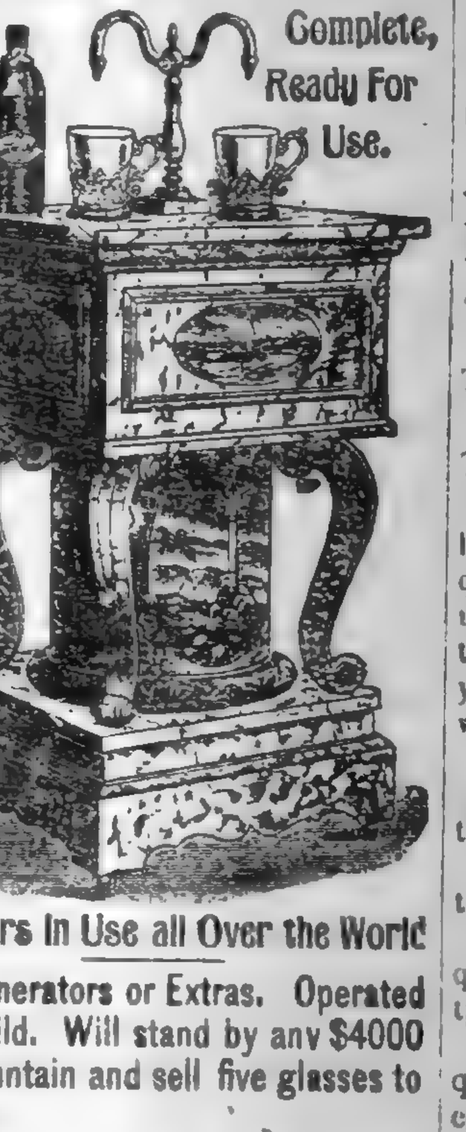
[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.
CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

✱ PORTABLE ✱
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.



30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly.
C. H. CHEATHAM.

Over-Profit Paying Stop it

Get our Great Catalogue and Buyers Guide. We'll send it for 15 cents in stamps to pay part postage or expressage. The Book's free. 700 Pages, 12000 illustrations, 40000 descriptions, everything that's used in life; tells you what you ought to pay, whether you buy of us or not. One profit from maker to user. Get it.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
Originators of the Mail Order Method
111-116 Michigan Ave. Chicago.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 13th day of June, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 24 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $11.92

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.70.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $39.39.

BEAT NO. 4.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $5.96.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼, sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $8.82

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.87.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw ¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.84.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.57.

BEAT NO. 7.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11, tax and costs $4.70.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw qr of nw qr and s ½ of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $20.38.

BEAT NO. 8.

N½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $5.96.

Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4 70.

W ½ of ne qr of se qr sec 23 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.36.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $6.80.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $3.66.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $5.48.

G W Willis w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 6 tp 23 r 15 tax and costs $6.16.

BEAT 2.

I T Milner ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and w ½ of se qr and se qr of se qr sec 15 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $15.60.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $42.54.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and e ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $11.89.

BEAT 3.

A S Coburn ne qr of ne qr sec 31 tp 22 r 13 tax and costs $3.71.

Julia Porter n ½ of se qr and se qr of se qr and se qr of nw qr sec 22 tp 22 r 12 tax and costs $5.67.

BEAT 4.

J M Gallaspie part of w ½ of ne qr sec 12 tp 21 r 14; and part of sw qr of se qr and se qr of sw qr sec 1 tp 21 r 14 tax and costs $6.57.

F. L. Bivings one house and lot in Clanton tax and costs $12.05.

BEAT 6.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $53.57

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $4.84.

Otto Stoker n ½ of ne qr sec 5 tp 20 r 16; nw qr of nw qr sec 4 tp 20 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 2 tp 20 r 16; se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 3 tp 20 r 16; se qr and ne qr sec 7 tp 20 r 16, w ½ of ne qr sec 8 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of ne qr sec 10 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 32 tp 21 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr sec 33 tp 21 r 16; nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $22.84.

Sigh Thornton se qr of sw qr sec 18 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $3.14.

BEAT 7.

Ephraim Vassor ne qr of sec 28 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $7.51

Robert Maybear nw qr of nw qr sec 21 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $2.55

BEAT 8.

J H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $4.75.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 15th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same, fees and costs.

This 13th day of May, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

HAMILTON-BROWN SHOE CO'S.
·OWN MAKE·
$2.50 SHOE.

W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

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On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

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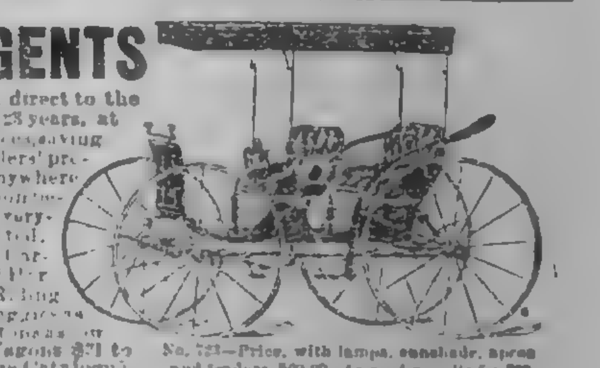

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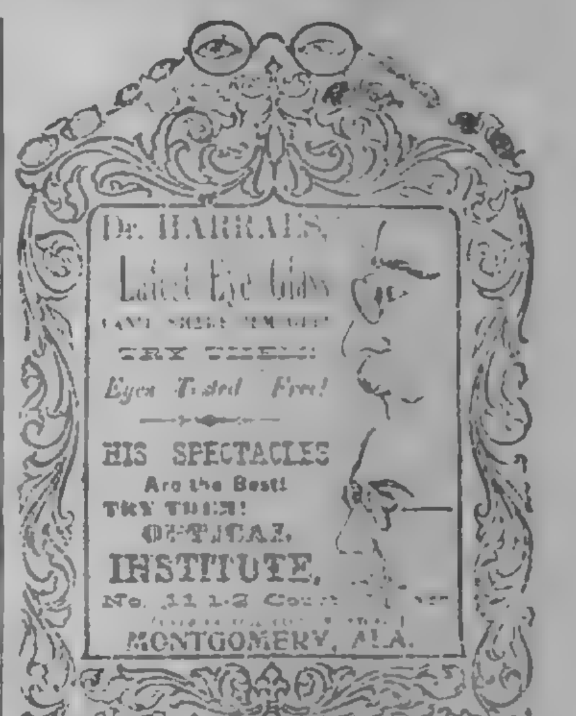

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Latest Eye Glass
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TRY THEM!
Eyes Tested Free!

HIS SPECTACLES
Are the Best!
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INSTITUTE,
No. 11 1-2 Court [illegible]
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

P.P.P.
(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FEARENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me,"
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD—
POISONING
RHEUMATISM
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A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS.
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Exploding an Old Myth—"Are you superstitious?" "No; I got out of that at a very early age." "How did it happen?" "I was born on Friday, April 13, and the Friday that I became 13 years old a rich uncle died, leaving me $3,000 by will."—Chicago Record.

"Now I'm ready to treat you," said the doctor, emerging from his private office. "A little whisky, with seltzer on the side, please," returned the patient, absent-mindedly.—Chicago Evening Post.

Students' Ghastly Prank.

Some pranking students stole the human skeleton belonging to the high school at Freeport, Me., the other night, and ran it up by the halyards to the top of the flagpole on the public commons.

The statement is made that 4,290 bushels of potatoes marketed at Gaylord, Mich., last week, brought $343,20, or but 8 cents a bushel.

Napoleon had his double, so had Wellington. A boy's double is a green apple.

Hope is believing that some stranger will saw your wood while you sit in the shade.

Fashion never thinks of introducing a style that is of any benefit to humanity.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

The devil could not take Christ high enough to show him anything he wanted.

Gold Dollar Monument.

"It is due you and a pleasure for me to recommend your TETTERINE. Truly, it is an infallible remedy and cure for tetter. My wife had been annoyed by same for about twelve years, and after using the TETTERINE for five days it disappeared entirely, to her great relief. She is ready to sing your praise, and I am prepared to contribute my gold dollar in erecting a monument to your name."

Yours, etc., A. M. HAYWOOD,
Evelyn, Ga.

To J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga. 1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

We have no more right to kill ourselves than we have to live useless lives.

Floating-Borax is now the only pure floating soap made. Be sure Dobbins' Soap M'f'g Co., Phila., is on every wrapper and cake. Ask your grocer for it. Red wrappers. No chapped hands with Dobbins' Floating-Borax.

If we are poor, we may take a long step toward wealth by becoming contented.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Coudersport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—Mrs. M. G. BLUNT, Sprague, Wash., March 8, '94.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Second Hand
TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.

Large size, cost $400, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

Apply at once to

Atlanta Newspaper Union,
ATLANTA, GA.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N. U. No. 20. 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

IMPORTANT GOLD DISCOVERY.

Route of the Proposed Canal—Call for Christian Endeavor Convention—Medical College for Bessemer—Negro Deck Hand Killed. Homicide at Ramer.

Editor Colsman Convalescent.

The many friends of Mr. Frank Coleman, of Huntsville, will rejoice to learn that he has passed all danger from the wound he received some days ago in an encounter with R. E. Spragins.

Homicide at Ramer.

In a difficulty at Ramer, in Montgomery county, last Tuesday a Mr. Weaver shot and fatally wounded a Mr. Miller. Mr. Miller died at noon Wednesday. He was a single man and was the only support of a widowed mother. The cause of the difficulty has not been reported.

Horses Run Away.

While driving out Wednesday afternoon, at Marion, Mr. Pritchett Crenshaw's horse ran away, throwing him and his brother out of the buggy, but not seriously hurting either. Mr. J. T. Fitzgerald's horse became frightened at the run-away team and also ran, badly smashing the buggy.

Medical College at Bessemer.

A new medical college will be opened in Bessemer in September by Dr. J. A. B. Lovett, president of the Montezuma university, with the following faculty: Drs. S. C. Carson, dean; E. M. Robinson, J. S. Winters, T. A. Spence, E. P. Lacy, J. T. Miller, Frank Pierce, W. H. Johnston, J. T. Chapman and J. A. B. Lovett.

Route of Proposed Canal.

"Beginning at a point at or near the site selected for lock No. 13, on the Warrior river, and continuing up Valley river, from its mouth, following the general course of said stream to Bessemer, Ala., thence up to five Mile creek, at a point where sufficient head can be obtained to supply water for that part of said canal between Five Mile creek and Bessemer, Ala., said channel to have a minimum depth of 6 feet and to be at least 50 feet in width at the water line."

Birmingham Police Notes.

Officer Disheroon caught a negro on the Southside Wednesday trying to sell a gold watch. The negro escaped and the watch is at police headquarters for identification.

Henry Johnson, the negro arrested for stealing brasses from the railroad Companies, was bound over in the sum of $500 by Judge Feagin yesterday morning. It is said that during the past four months the railroads centering here have lost at least $5,000 in this manner.

Rain and Produce Plentiful.

The heavy rains for the past week have interrupted farm work in Perry, and the crops are getting very grassy. If the rains continue another week some fields will have to be turned out.

Home raised corn is selling in this market at 40 to 45 cents, and fodder at 40 cents, and plenty of both are offered for sale at these prices. We never remember to have seen the prices of these products so low in this market at this time of the year. Good home raised molasses, hams and lard are also freely sold here.

Negro Deck Hand Killed.

A fatal accident happened on the steamer Hattie B., en route from Montgomery to Mobile, last Sunday. Just as the boat was leaving a landing a few miles north of Mobile a negro deck hand, Nathan Travis, attempted to throw a bundle of clothes to some one on shore. The bundle fell short of the land and struck on top of the rudder. Travis ran down on the fan tail and attempted to reach the clothes through the pit man hole, when the shaft which propels the wheel struck him about the head and shoulders, crushing his skull and of course producing instant death. The body went on down through the hole into the water and remained on the bottom.

An Incident of 75 Years Ago.

In view of the agitation of the question of a canal for Birmingham, the following from the Montgomery Republican of March 1, 1821, will be of interest:

"A boat arrived last week, the history of which will no doubt seem incredible to a stranger. She is a keel boat, 50 feet long, 6 feet beam, 6 feet deep and capable of carrying near 100 barrels. She was built at West Point, East Tennessee, where she was loaded for this place, and proceeded 100 miles down the Tennessee river to the mouth of Hiwassee, thence 66 miles to the entrance of the Wocoa,* up the latter a certain distance, when she was transported (with the cargo) ten miles by land to the Connesauga, thence to and down the Oostanaula, through the Coosa into the Alabama, a distance of nearly 1,000 miles from the interior."

*Probably the Ocoee is meant.

Further Discovery of Gold.

On last Saturday another gold-bearing quartz vein was discovered in the Arbacoochee gold mining district which, it is thought, will prove to be the richest find yet made. The vein is located on the lands of J. J. Boman, a mile and a half northwest of the Arbacoochee mines, now being worked. The quartz found on the surface will assay $25 per ton, and the vein, which has been cut, at a depth of less than 10 feet shows quartz that will assay as high as $100 per ton. The greatest width of the vein is 30 feet and the narrowest 3 feet. Its depth has not yet been ascertained. The prospect is that there is sufficient quartz to operate a twenty-stamp mill for a number of years and to justify a chlorination plant of equal capacity with the mill. The quartz are sulphuretter, but a large per cent of the metal in them is free gold.

Christian Endeavor Convention.

President Fred S. Ball, of the state organization of the Young People's society of Christian Endeavor, has issued the following: The sixth annual Christian Endeavor convention of Alabama will meet at Montgomery May 14-17, 1896. Each society is urged to send as many delegates as possible. Fully 300 are expected. Pastors and other Christian workers are also invited. The railroads have granted a two-thirds fare on the certificate plan under the usual conditions, which ticket agents will explain. Among the prominent speakers who will be present are Dr. Gilby C. Kelley, Prof. W. P. Taylor, Rev. A. B. Curry, and others, of Birmingham; Dr. J. I. Vance, Nashville; Dr. E. B. Bagley, Washington, D. C.; Rev. W. I. Sinnott, Columbiana; Rev. A. T. Clarke and E. T. Witherby, Shelby, and Rev. J. J. Dalton, Selma.

A chorus of fifty voices has been trained for the convention. This will be the best Christian Endeavor convention ever held in this state. For further information, write to Fred S. Ball, president, Montgomery, Ala.

Huntsville Looking Up.

Huntsville still moves forward in her onward march of growth and progress. The last industry secured is a modern flour mill with a daily capacity of 100 barrels each of flour and corn meal. The mill will be erected by Boyd Bros. of Tennessee, who already have in successful operation mills at Pulaski and Shelbyville. All arrangements have been perfected, and work on the buildings will begin at an early day.

Miss Mollie McGee, owner and proprietor of the McGee hotel has torn down the old rear part of her hotel and is erecting a new three-story addition to the main portion, which will be modern in all respects, and is done to meet the demand for rooms in this popular hotel.

Five miles south of the city the Indiana Lumber and Sawmill company is erecting a large band sawmill, the only one in this part of the state. It will be convenient to the Nashville and Chattanooga Railway company's road.

The old southeast corner building on the square, known as the Rerenson corner, is being removed, and on the lot Hon. Oscar R. Hundley will at once erect a handsome modern two-story building.

Father and Child Drowned.

One of the most sorrowful of recent events was that of the drowning of Mr. Gus Raulston, of Mobile, and his baby boy on Monday night last week. He, with his wife and two children were passengers on the steamboat Nettie Quill returning from an up-river excursion. The calamity which threw such a pall of sorrow over the hitherto merry excursionist was so sudden that none seem to understand precisely how it occurred. It appears, however, that Mr. Roulston was descending a ladder to the boiler deck, with his boy, who was 1 year and 10 months old, in his arms, preceded by his wife. Mrs. Roulston had just reached the boiler deck when her husband stepped upon the skirt of her dress. Stopping she called his attention to the fact. It is supposed that in stepping quickly back against the stairway he lost his balance and plunged into the river. The splash in the water was the first intimation Mrs. Roulston had that her husband and child were overboard. A young lady who was sitting at the foot of the stairs insists that he fell from the hurricane deck, and says she saw him strike the water, having the child clasped to his breast. They sank instantly out of sight and the bodies had not been recovered at last accounts. Later—The body of Mr. Roulston has been recovered.

THE COMPETITOR CAPTIVES.

Weyler and Others Threaten to Resign if They are Not Executed.

All the comments of the Spanish press manifest the deep impression made upon the public mind by the action of the United States toward the sentence of the Competitor captives.

A late dispatch from Havana confirms the report that Captain-General Weyler has threatened to resign his post unless the sentences are executed.

The Heraldo compares the offensive conduct of the United States consul-general at Havana with that of the British consul, who made friendly representations in favor of pardoning the prisoners. Public opinion, says the Heraldo, vehemently opposes American interference. This paper maintains that the rebels in Cuba are constantly receiving assistance from America, without which the rebellion would have been suppressed long ago.

The Epoca, which is the ministerial organ, discusses the matter in a far more conservative and less embittered manner than the other newspapers. It declares that America's demand applies exclusively to the form of trial, and not to the penalty. It believes that the Spanish government will decide that the matter shall be submitted to the supreme military and naval court.

According to the Dia the government cabled yesterday to Havana ordering Captain-General Weyler to send the case to the supreme military and naval court.

Several papers publish the report that besides General Weyler, Generals Ochando and Ahumada, who hold important commands in Cuba, have also threatened to resign if the judgment of the court martial is quashed.

Exports of Iron Products.

The following items from the Iron and Steel Bulletin, the organ of the American Iron and Steel Association, show that iron and steel exports are increasing:

The Delaware Iron works of New Castle, Del., are engaged on a large order for trolley and telegraph poles for North and South Africa. Two hundred tons of poles were shipped last week for Cairo and Cape Town, and the balance of the order, amounting to 1,000 tons in all, will be forwarded very shortly. We do not have any reciprocity treaties with North and South Africa.

The owners of the Baldwin Locomotive works have closed another important contract with the Russian government for sixty freight engines, to be completed by July 1. With the completion of this contract the firm will have constructed since October, 1895, 134 locomotives for the Russians.

The Union Iron works of San Francisco, Cal., recently shipped nine steel barges to Russia. They will be used for the navigation of Siberian rivers in connection with the construction of the Trans-Siberian railway.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

RECENT POLITICAL CONVENTIONS.

Republicans of Indiana and Michigan Declare for Protection and Reciprocity; Democrats of Tennessee for Free Coinage; of New Jersey for the Gold Standard.

The late Hamilton Disston, of Philadelphia, a few weeks before his death increased his income to $600,000.

A livery stable and several large business houses were burned at Camden, Tenn., on Friday. Loss about $8,000.

The British court has ordered the extradition to America of William Turner and William B. Dunlop, the Bueden diamond robbers.

One night last week, near Umatilla, Fla., a train ran into a herd of cattle and killed nine of them. The train narrowly escaped wreck.

The steamer Laurada, which sailed from Savannah March 2, carrying a large number of negroes from this section to Liberia, returned to Philadelphia Tuesday.

The riding school attached to the University of Heidelberg, Germany, burned Wednesday night. Two women, two children and twenty-seven horses were burned to death.

The riding school attached to the University of Heidelberg, Germany, was burned Wednesday night. Two women, two children and twenty-seven horses were burned to death.

On Thursday, at Cloyd's Creek, Tenn., a horse ran away with a buggy, in which were Dr. Adams, his wife and baby. They were all thrown out and the baby was instantly killed.

The sloop Malcolm, light, from Norfolk to Atlantic City, N. J., went ashore on Cobb's island Wednesday night, and is a total loss. The crew were saved by the life saving corps of Cobb's island.

At 1 o'clock p. m. Sunday a north-bound freight train, No. 32, parted, and the sections came together with terrible force, one mile south of Sadieville, Ky., tearing up ten or twelve cars. Nobody hurt.

The Queen and Crescent Railway Company lost $300,000 worth of property Thursday morning in the destruction by fire of the round house, twelve locomotives and a numbers of cars at Somerset, Ky. The insurance is ample.

Pensacola, Fla., has taken the preliminary steps for the establishment of a system of electric street cars. Work is to begin at once and the lines are to extend throughout the city and out to a point near the ruins of old Fort Rae.

The Queen and Crescent Railway company lost $300,000 worth of property Thursday morning in the destruction by fire of the round house at Somerset, Ky., and twelve locomotives and a number of cars. The insurance is ample.

The republicans of Michigan met in convention at Detroit on Thursday to elect delegates to their national convention at St. Louis. McKinley delegates were appointed. The resolutions oppose free silver and favor protection and reciprocity.

Holmes, the multi-murderer, was hung at Philadelphia, Pa., on Thursday. He was convicted of the murder of Benjamin F. Pietzel in order to collect the insurance on a life policy. He denied this murder to the last but confessed many others.

The Diggers' News says that the sentences imposed upon the convicted members of the Johannesburg reform committee will be reduced to nominal fines, that part of the sentences prescribing imprisonment and subsequent banishment being revoked.

Taylor Delk, a notorious desperado, was arrested near Senoia, Ga., Thursday morning, and carried to Atlanta and placed in jail. He and one son and a son-in-law are accused of killing the sheriff of Pike county. The others have escaped. Old man Delk says that his son-in-law shot the sheriff.

The Northeastern railroad, which belongs to the state of Georgia, was leased Thursday to Ed. Richards & Co. for $18,600 a year. Mr. Richards says that his syndicate will extend the road on into the marble fields of north Georgia. He has some New York capitalists interested in the project.

Taylor Delk, a notorious desperado, was arrested near Senoia, Ga., Thursday morning and was carried to Atlanta and placed in jail. He and one son and a son-in-law are accused of killing the sheriff of Merriwether county. The others have escaped. Old man Delk says that his son-in-law shot the sheriff.

At a mass meeting of citizens held in Atlanta, Ga., Thursday a fund was subscribed for the purpose of leasing the exposition buildings and saving them from sale. The city council has made an appropriation to be used in connection with the fund. It is probable that the buildings will be preserved.

A telegram from Nicholls, Ga., tells of a lynching there. It occurred at a turpentine still and the participants were a hard lot. "Bill" Hardee, a negro, gave a small white boy a terrible beating. This incensed some white men, who got Hardee, hanged him to a tree and filled his body full of holes.

The grand jury in session at Jacksonville, Fla., last week, brought in an indictment against Ella Burgess for the murder of her infant child. The woman was arrested several days ago. The child was found by another woman who was raking the yard, when the teeth of the rake caught in the foot of the child.

Philadelphia has an official called city forester, whose duty it is to guard from harm the umbrageous groves along Chestnut and Pine streets beneath whose slumberous shade the life of the town flows placidly on.

The total amount of the fortune of the Rothschild family is now put at $2,000,000,000.

The "my policy" men in the people's party are only in the way. The people's party wants no bosses.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTIETH DAY

The senate passed the naval appropriation bill, after amending it as follows: The number of battleships provided for by the house bill is reduced from four to two. The provision for five torpedo boats at a maximum speed of not less than 26 knots is changed to three at a speed of not less than 30 knots and the maximum cost reduced by $75,000; a provision is added for two submarine torpedo boats of the Holland type not to cost over $175,000 each; another amendment provides that bids for supplying armor for vessels shall not be received if they exceed $350 per ton. Some other amendments by the committee were agreed to, and at 5:58 the Senate adjourned.....The house, after four hour's debate under the five minute rule, passed the bankruptcy bill; yeas 157, nays 81. Pending the consideration of the bankruptcy bill Mr. Hitt, republican, of Illinois, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, called up, and the house passed without a division, the bill passed by the senate yesterday appropriating $75,000 to defray the expenses of the committee to be appointed under the recent treaty with Great Britain to determine the claims for damages for the seizure of alleged Behring sea poachers. Upon the unanimous report of elections committee No. 3, R. T. Thorpe, republican, was declared to be entitled to the seat from the Fourth Virginia district, occupied by W. R. McKinney, democrat, and he was sworn in by the speaker. The house, at 5:15 o'clock, adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIRST DAY.

The Dupont case was taken up in the senate and laid aside under an agreement to resume it on the day after the passage of the river and harbor bill at the close of the morning routine business and consider it until 5 p. m., when a vote will be taken. The river and harbor bill having been taken up, was laid aside for the bond resolution of Mr. Peffer. Mr. Hill spoke against it until the hour of adjournment....Today was suspension day in the house under the rules, and a number of private pension bills and other bills of local character were passed. The contested election case of J. C. Kearby vs. J. O. Abbott, from the Sixth district of Texas, was reported from elections committee No. 2, declaring Abbott, democrat, the sitting member, entitled to the seat, and it was agreed to. Mr. Sayers, democrat, of Texas, moved to concur in the senate amendment, reducing the number of battleships from two to four, and with the amendment pending the matter went over until tomorrow by unanimous consent. A bill was passed under suspension of the rules for the protection of American yacht owners and ship builders. Adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SECOND DAY.

The river and harbor bill was considered in the senate until 2 o'clock, when it gave way to the Peffer resolution and Mr. Hill continued his argument against it. It went over, Mr. Hill still having the floor. Twenty-seven private pension bills were then passed and the senate adjourned....In the house the resolution setting aside Wednesday, the 6th and 13th instants, for the consideration of the private pension bills, was presented as an order from the committee on rules. Mr. Henderson stated that there were 405 private pension bills upon the calendar, and it was to get rid of these that the committee on rules proposed the order. Adopted; yeas 172, nays 56. The house refused to concur in the senate amendment to the navy bill, reducing the number of battleships to be constructed from four to two, and requested a conference. The house then adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-THIRD DAY.

A conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was made to the senate and ordered printed. The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Call, of Florida, relating to citizens of this country captured on board the Competitor by the Spaniards, was laid before the senate and referred to committee on foreign relations. Mr. Morgan's resolutions, relating to recognition of belligerent rights in Cuba, were likewise referred. Mr. Call's resolutions on this same subject took the same course. Other resolutions by Mr. Call, relating to interference in elections by railroad coaporations, were referred to the committee on privileges and elections. The river and harbor bill was taken up and considered until 2 o'clock, when it gave way to the Peffer resolutions. Mr. Hill concluded his argument against the resolutions, which were then amended so as to instruct the committee on finance, instead of a special committee, to make the investigation, and it was agreed that a final vote on the resolutions be taken tomorrow not later than 4 o'clock. The senate then, after a short executive session, adjourned....The house passed a concurrent resolution providing for adjournment on the 18th instant. In the contest of Thompson, populist, vs. Shaw, democrat, from the Third North Carolina district. Shaw was declared entitled to the seat. The house went into committee of the whole on private pension bills, and, having acted on seventy-two bills, at 7:05 p. m., adjourned.

Southern Industrial Progress.

In spite of the general feeling of uncertainty which prevails throughout the country incident to the polical situation, reports to the Manufacturers' Record during the past week indicate much industrial activity in the south. Cotton mills representing an investment of over $600,000 capital have been projected by twelve different companies. The principal ones are a $150,000 mill in Texas, a $100,000 company in Georgia, a $50,000 company in Louisiana, a cordage plant in South Carolina, a 6,000 spindle mill at Norfolk, Va.; also a $120,000 company in North Carolina.

Other important industries to be placed in operation include a 120-ton cottonseed oil mill in Birmingham, Ala.; the enlargement of a farm implement works at Atlanta, a $50,000 marble company, also in Georgia; a $50,000 rice mill in Louisiana. A shirt-waist factory at McComb City is to employ 300 hands, and a furniture factory at Knoxville, Tenn., 60 hands.

Spanish Prevarication.

Official reports have been made of different engagements that took place last Wednesday between troops and insurgents. According to the statements of the commanders of the troops, the rebels sustained total losses amounting to sixty killed and twenty wounded. Four rebels were captured. The losses of the troops in all engagements is placed at four wounded.

Youthful Curiosity.

A case has been brought to the attention of the Dover (Me.) Observer in which the parents of a small boy were talking about hanging, and in the course of the conversation the method was described minutely. A little later the child went out, got a rope, and tying it to a beam, proceeded to experiment. He was so successful in his investigation that when he was found he was black in the face, and would have died soon.

Location of Garden of Eden.

Noah's wife is said by Armenians to be buried on Mount Ararat, and the Armenians trace their ancestry back to Japhet in one long genealogical tree. They have a tradition that the Garden of Eden was located in Armenia.

The old man likes to tell about the toughness of his youth, but if he was really tough he keeps still about it.

It would surprise a man if he knew how soon after he employs a man, that man begins to criticise his mehtods.

A Story of Gladstone.

The English press deems it an interesting coincidence that President Krueger lost a thumb by accident, while Gladstone lost a finger. It is recalled that Gladstone, in describing the amputation of his finger, once said: "The absence of pain sometimes amounts to pleasure. It was once my fate to have a finger cut off, and I recollect perfectly well that when the surgeons ceased to hack me I was more delighted than I can express. I thought I never experienced so lively a pleasure."

Worth Fighting For.

The property of the Salvation Army in this country is valued at something more than $4,000,000.

It is a peculiar fact that tramps and others who have no money with which to pay doctor's bills, never have appendicitis.

No one was ever able to fulfill the promise of his youth: youth is a promise that always goes to protest.

When buying sarsaparilla....

ASK FOR THE BEST AND YOU'LL

GET AYER'S:

ASK FOR AYER'S AND YOU'LL GET

THE BEST.

The remedy with a record:
....50 years of cures.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. F. B. Palmer, city editor of the Oskaloosa, Ia., *Times*, under date of May 5th, 1895, relates the following experience: "Recently I was compelled by a serious siege of dyspepsia to leave my office work, and thought to seek relief by a month's travel on the Pacific coast. The rest and change helped me somewhat, but I could find no relief for the awful fits of indigestion. When about to return home to Iowa I entered a prominent drug store in Tacoma, Wash., and asked for something that would bring relief from my indigestion. The druggist sold me a box of Ripans Tabules for 50 cents. In less than twenty-four hours I could feel a change for the better. From that day to this I have used Ripans Tabules whenever I felt my old ailment getting in its work, and with most commendable results."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

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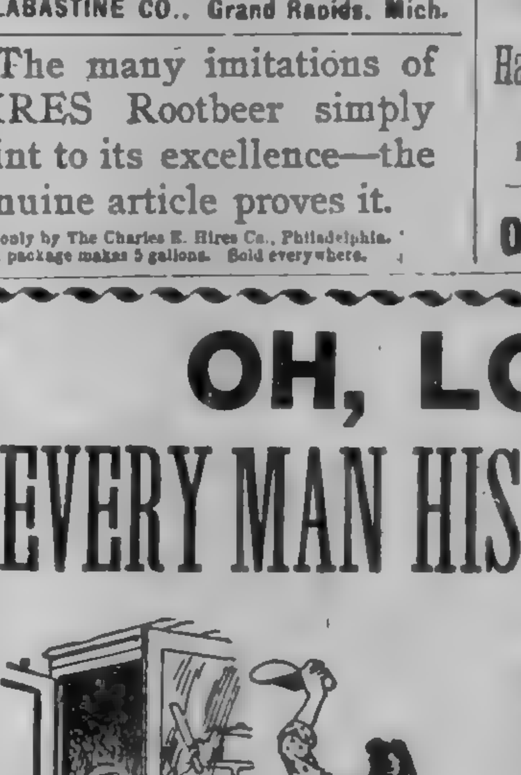

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1896. NO. 30.

Business is still waiting.

The people are moving—get out of the way.

The masses will write the populist platform.

Let us have a cathode ray on that secret bond deal.

The plutocratic plan is to borrow our way to prosperity.

The politicians are saying nothing about reducing salaries.

The Reform Press association is all right and understands its business.

The home is the sheet anchor of patriotism. The more homes, the more patriotism.

Well, yes, the transportation question is one of the planks of the people's party platform.

Congressman Loud seems to think the postal system ought to be run by private individuals.

The populists will not be diverted from their purpose by any half-way measures of reform.

Unless the government is for the benefit of the people, then the people have no use for a government.

And even the last issue of bonds has not yet restored prosperity. She must have the dumps pretty bad.

Any government that allows any class of citizens to live on the labor of another class is not a civilized government.

Tillman appears to have shaken loose an avalanche in the senate. His words have inspired lots of vigor in other speakers.

There is no reduction in congressional wages to correspond with the "good dollar" reduction in all other kinds of wages.

Iowa indorses Allison for president; and a set of wishy-washy resolutions that will suit exactly the temperament of that cat-like statesman.

Senator Cockrell says the democratic party "cannot be divided on the silver question," but the senator seems to forget that it is already divided on that issue.

If the public conscience was not seared by political prejudice there would be a political revolution in this country that would wipe out both the old political parties.

The Ohio republican platform means everything and nothing on the money question. It probably points to what the national platform will be—an evasion, or disgraceful straddle.

Weyler has proclaimed the Cubans bandits because they want to be free. Over here they call us cranks and anarchists; but if we should take up arms, no doubt they would call us bandits.

The indications are that the present congress will make the platform and nominate the candidate for the coming national republican convention. They are afraid to trust the matter to the people.

The Kansas republicans take no stand on the money question; they simply declare their willingness to take anything that comes from the national convention.

Senator Morgan says he don't want the negroes free in Cuba, and would not have them free in this country if they didn't vote the republican ticket. So that is the love of modern republicans for liberty.

The dead-lock in the Kentucky legislature, and the disgraceful scramble which characterizes it, presents an object lessons very favorable to another important demand of the people's party—elections of United States senators by the people.

If the plutocratic senators think that Ben Tillman can't see good out of one eye let them put him at the head of a populist committee to investigate that secret bond deal that Grover and "my former partner" consummated with the Morgan-Rothschilds syndicate.

Debs is vindicated. He was being tried last spring by a jury for the same offense Judge Woods sent him to jail for, when one of the jurors got sick and the case wasn't finished. Now this case has been dismissed without even going to trial again. By taking this course the government officials confess that it would have been impossible to convict him. He had committed no crime, and his imprisonment for six months in Woodstock jail was an instance of judicial tyranny worthy the dark ages. We have a government of law in this country—for some people, but not for others.—Star and Kansas.

Senator Tillman says Astor is reported to be the owner of 11,000 houses in New York city, and that congress is asked to spend a vast sum for coast defenses to make Astor's rent secure—and yet Astor has quit the country and become an English citizen. That is worth thinking about. If a hundred millions of dollars are expended on new fortifications, it is mainly to protect the property of city landlords. Only four men in a hundred in New York city own their own homes. The rest pay rent to somebody; and it is the insignificant fraction of the people who have houses to rent there that we are to be taxed to protect.—Star and Kansas.

LIMITED OWNERSHIP.

HAS A MAN THE RIGHT TO OWN A WHOLE STATE?

Getting at the Fundamental Principles of Limited Ownership—What the Great Scholar and Historian Thinks About It.

Among the profound and scholarly articles in the April Arena is one from Dr. Ridpath on the limitation of ownership of property. We present the following extract from it:

The hints of limitation are to be found alike in man and nature. Man is naturally a limited animal. There is no part of him, no element in him, that is not by nature under limitations. He is not composed of infinities but finities. His life is meted and bounded at every extreme. He begins in protoplasm and ends in dissolution. His entrance is on an ascent and his exit a tumble down. All of his powers are naturally and wholesomely circumscribed; and the limitation is not such as he himself regards as slavery.

Take the case of the senses. The sight of a good eye reaches from one mile to six miles, according to the bigness of the thing seen. The finer sounds we do not hear at all, and the heaviest cannonade of thunder, beyond the horizon of a few miles, is mere silence. No animal can feel what it does not touch, or taste what it does not feel. Round about the nature of man there is drawn such a limit that his whole world of sense is not twenty miles in diameter. He does not fly; and his swimming is a fit subject for humor; he is a walker or at most a rider. It takes time for him to go abroad, and other time most tedious for him to get home again. The young man full of hope, coming back from across the sea to the wicket gate of his adored, finds the last five miles a thousand.

She for her part, leaning out of the window, reckons the last hour to be eternity. Both are limited; not even the exulting hope and the bounding heart of youth can cancel time and space.

A large fraction of life—a third, they say, is spent in sleep; another fraction in eating and idling; another in the weakness of childhood and the weariness of old age; still another in sickness and accidents and the mistakes of avocation. A fifth fraction is expended in going about and in useful intercourse with others in like employment. The sixth and last fraction is consumed in marying and giving in marriage and in attending to the principal business of life—which in America is voting a party ticket.

Certainly these limitations, partly natural and partly artificial, are sufficient to curb life within a narrow circle of activities.

It is enough to make happy even a miserable member of human society to look around him in the world, to walk abroad, to hear the song of birds, the clamorous music of the circada, the bark of the distant squirrel: to see the flight of many creatures, the swimming of some and the scampering away of others. Though there is a limitation upon them all—a limitation drawn around all activity and power as if with a geometer's hand—yet there is no complaint, or anguish, or hunting for change or symptom of revolt. Nature and the living creatures that inhabit her domain are all visibly and manifestly meted and bounded with principles and confines which may not be passed; and yet, taken as a whole, nature is an orderly place, well fitted for happiness, given to hospitality, and pervaded with much good cheer. The only creature that seems to be disorderly, troubled, vexed with cross purposes and unsound sleep, is the principal inhabitant. What is the matter with him?

There is much the matter with him; and his ailments are hard to define. On the whole, the trouble with mankind seems to be that the limitations demanded in order that society may exist and the individual be free have not been laid with the right intent, by the right authority, in the right place. They have been laid with wrong intent, by illegitimate authority, in the very place where they ought not to have been laid at all. They have been laid by power, by selfishness, and by organized tyranny, on the weak and unorganized elements of society, where there was no need of limitation or any suggestion of it except the suggestion to enslave. So much distress, so much confusion, have arisen from the misplacement of limitation that human beings have become distrustful of the principle of limitation; and as a result they find no stable equilibrium between the extremes of anarchism and slavery.

There is, we must admit, no well-ordered, well-defined, and well-established human society in the world. Everything is slipping in the one direction or in the other. Every human being seems to be pushing his neighbor either into slavery or into anarchy. Each elbows the other into one of the extremes of unhappiness and conflict. Nobody seems to stop to consider whether it is not possible that a social state can exist in which the limitations are so laid that life in it may be as easy and natural as is the life of the irrational and unconscious orders of being that flourish around us. They live in easy perfection, and die without distemper or anguish. Why should not a man get through the world as well and as happily as a rain crow, a bass or a beaver?

That men are happier and better for possessing property, for having something of their own for getting as a reward of their toil a possession that they may enjoy, can no more be doubted than that rain refreshes the fields and sunshine makes glad the world. That property is also the beginning of that cruel strife which has converted the world into a slaughter house and ultimately made every human being so selfish that he can hardly any longer, by the utmost strain of his powers, prefer another to himself, can as little be doubted as denied. Is it not possible that the doctrine of limitations applied to property might rob it of its power to curse and promote its power to bless?

It is not property moderated and limited, but only the want of it, or the lawless excess of it, that curses the world. It is the too-much or the two-little that blasts the hopes of men. There is a vast area of intermediate possessions, between the extremes of poverty and wealth, that is almost an unmixed blessing.

We may note also that it is in this intermediate and wholesome region, between the extremes of want and surfeit, that the genius of the world and all of its saving forces are born and economized. We are acustomed to say that genius has its birthplace in poverty. This opinion prevails because in some conspicuous instances the children of the humble poor rise to the godlike stature. That any one so born should rise at all is a thing so remarkable as to attract the attention of the world and to favor the opinion that only the children of poverty can be great. In a few instances the children of the rich are born great also. But the rule is that the greatness and power of human life proceed from the intermediate condition in which there is neither abject poverty nor abounding riches. In this there is an emphatic suggestion of the principle of limitation applied to property; and here the debate properly begins. If society could agree that property shall freely exist, that every man shall have for his part all that he earns by his labor and skill, and no more, men indeed would not be equal in their possessions, but poverty on the one hand would cease, and the glut of riches on the other hand would disappear. Those who have nothing—and starve—would rise into the vast and healthy body of society composed of those who have something and live. Those who have too much—and surfeit—would be drawn back from excess, and would be absorbed in the great body from which in an evil day they were permitted to escape.

What follows? It follows as the night the day that somewhere between the right to own the valley of the Mississippi or the whole United States a line of limitation must be laid, over which no power known among men may be allowed to pass. To pass this line is to prepare the antecedents of the inevitable enslavement of mankind. It is thus perfectly clear that a restriction on land-ownership is a necessity of the situation which has supervened in human society. The principle of unlimited ownership cannot be longer admitted if civil and industrial liberty is to be maintained as a part of the rights of man. It is already absurd to speak of unlimited land ownership, or to attempt to defend it. I doubt whether any man in his senses here in the high light of the last decade of a great century will dare to champion the supposed right of an individual or of a corporate body to own the five states of our great northwestern group, or to own one of them, or a quarter of one of them. If there be such, he and I differ toto coelo and forever.

The Inter-State Commerce Law.

The best that could ever be said about the inter-state commerce law was that it was a step in the right direction. As a complete remedy for railroad evils it has been a failure. It failed of its most important purpose at the very start, in that it was intended to prevent the wrong done to short-haul shippers by preventing greater rates for short hauls than for long ones. It was supposed by our innocent statesmen that the roads would lower the rates for shorter distances. But the railroad knew a game worth two of that one. It left the short haul rates where they were and raised the rates for longer distances. The law was of no direct benefit to the farmer who was near the market and made matters worse for the farmer who was at a greater distance. Then the law has been loose and ineffective in some of its most important features and the courts have seemed inclined to protect the violators of the law even in what seemed to be its plainest provisions. And lastly the roads have not cared a continental for the law anyhow. It has been a huge joke to them, and when they wanted to ride over its provisions they have done it. Of these things congress has been perfectly cognizant all the time, but has done scarcely anything to improve the law. Congress has it within its power to protect the people from the cupidity of the railroad monopoly. It knows just wherein the law is weak, is familiar with the law-defying propensities of the roads, and comprehends the extent to which the people suffer from this corporate greed. In not doing its duty in the premises it is a participant in the robbery of the people, and the farmer who casts his vote for a man who will thus neglect the congressman's plain duty to the people, does not deserve much sympathy.—Farmer's Voice.

Watson's View of Tillman.

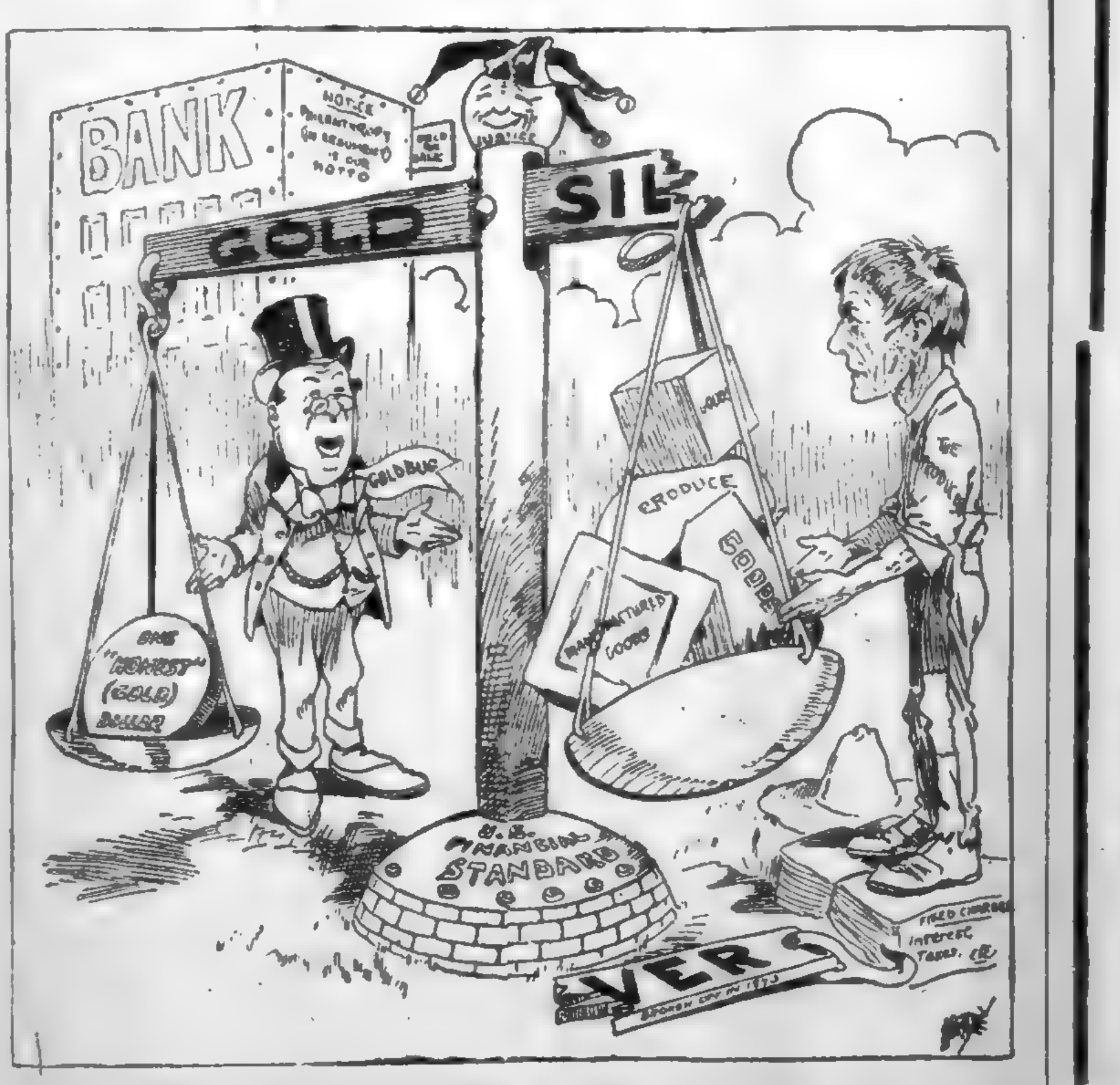
Ben Tillman is swearing around in the west, and heating the boiler in great style. Says that if the democratic national convention does not declare, unconditionally, for free silver at 16 to 1, he will take his hat and walk out.

All right, Ben; but you know you said, in 1892, you were going to walk out if they nominated Cleveland—but you didn't walk.

You knew as much about Cleveland in 1892 as you know now, but you supported him all the same.

In the meanwhile, Ben, go right ahead and heat the boiler. It's fun for the boys, and doesn't seem to worry Cleveland.—People's Party Paper.

IT AMOUNTS TO THE SAME THING.



The Capitalist—Pile in your goods, my man, if you want gold to use in paying your interest and taxes; you see the weight of the dollar has not changed.

Producer—Perhaps not, but somebody has been monkeying with the scales.—National Bimetallist.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Snap Shots at Prominent Features of the Political Parade.

Western republican papers are trying to make their readers believe that McKinley is in favor of free silver. But the following extract from a letter of John Sherman to the Brooklyn Young Men's Republican club tells a different story. "There can be no doubt as to the opinion of Major McKinley on the money question. He is committed in every form, every speech and otherwise, to the republican policy of maintaining the present gold coin of the United States as the standard of value. He, in common with myself and others believes that silver should be employed as money, always, however, to be maintained at par with gold. The convenience of silver coins for the minor transactions of life is so manifest that no sound money man would desire its discontinuance; but upon the primary condition that its coinage should be limited and its purchasing power maintained by the fiat of the government at par with gold. He believes, as I do, that a tariff should be adopted that will impartially protect all American industries from undue competition with foreign productions that can be and ought to be produced in the United States."

John Sherman's endorsement makes him solid in the east, and his own silence appears to makes him solid in the west. What cowards and dissemblers ambition doth make of Napoleons in time of peace!

* * *

The Chicago Express remarks that the Gould family have won on their plea of non-residence and are released from paying taxes on ten and a half million dollars which was assessed against them last year. The case never came to trial. A state's attorney merely dismissed the matter and abandoned the case. Five suits have been filed against the estate of Jay Gould and his sons and daughters, to enforce the finding of the commissioners of taxes and assessments. The defendants pleaded non-residence. When the case of George Gould came up for hearing before Judge Pryer, in the special term of the superior court, the corporation counsel announced it had been determined to abandon the suits. Judge Pryer thereupon gave a judgment vacating the assessments. If it had been some poor chap hauled up for not paying his dog tax or some poor girl arrested on a trumped-up charge by some blue-coated brass-button policeman, it would certainly not have been so magnanimously dropped.

* * *

The Montana republicans say that they are in favor of free silver, but that they care a great deal more for the success of their party, and "will not leave it under any circumstances." Isn't that patriotism and loyalty for you? They would rather go to hell with their party than to heaven without it.

* * *

Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Labor, makes the following comment on Senator Tillman's speech: "His defense of the farmer was masterful, and the ringing warning of coming events as startling as they may be truthful.... Another great light had appeared. He had spoken for a very large constituency, it is true, but for those who have to bear the severest burdens resulting from the conditions of which he so justly complains—alas! not a word.

"The men and women in the factories, shops, mills and mines, the young and innocent children whose tender years are spent in the modern hellholes, the great army of the unemployed as well as those who work on, not boss, the farm, are factors which Senator Tillman seemed to either overlook or ignore.

"The new force in industry which displaces labor faster than new industries are founded, which renders a large portion of our fellow men and women 'superfluous,' is a theme so fraught with the question of human existence that he who essays to speak in the name of the oppressed and the wronged and fails to appreciate these great factors lays himself open to the criticism of ignorance of cause and effect in the economy of life or to the alternative charge of insincerity."

* * *

Circulars are being distributed broadcast by the International Typographical Union inaugurating an active campaign on behalf of nationalizing the telegraph lines. There are only six countries in the world in which the telegraph is privately owned. These are Bolivia, Cyprus, Hondurus, Cuba, Hawaii and the United States, from which it can be seen that in this particular we rank with the least important nations in the world. In the matter of privately owned railroads we are also in the class with such countries as Cuba, Hawaii, Zululand, Venezuela and a few other countries belonging to the third class.

* * *

Well, at last we have discovered where that promised prosperity is. It is just beyant ould Oireland, on a little island called England. The last official report of England's chancellor of the exchequer shows that despite the fact that the expenditure of the last fiscal year had been larger than that of any since the last great war, the surplus in the treasury was the largest ever known, and the credit of the country was never so high. The deposits in savings banks and permanent accounts in ordinary banks had mounted to an unprecedented point. The amount of bullion in the Bank of England was £49,000,000, and the reserve fund in the bank, in proportion to its liabilities, was the highest on record. Everything, the report declared, had had an upward tendency, especially during the latter half of 1895. The increase in the value of exports, imports, railway earnings and bankers' and clearing house returns all show a continuous expansion of trade. The revenue for the fiscal year had been £101,974,000, while for the year 1894-95 the revenue had been only £94,684,000, showing an increase of £7,290,000, and making an excess of £5,812,000, over the estimates.

In England is where the democratic party restored prosperity.

* * *

Senator Teller may as well leave the republican party. It doesn't want him to stay. He gives away too much of the secret work. On the floor of the senate he has told the country how the Sherman bill became a law. He says that the free silver senators were bribed by the Sherman act to pass the McKinley act, and he was one of the members of the senate who accepted the bribe.

"The free coinage republican senators," he says, "had concluded to offer a free coinage rider to the McKinley law, and had assurances from the democratic senators that they would assist to put it on. This was made known to the managers of the McKinley bill and consternation prevailed among them. The silver republicans reckoned that the McKinley law would be worth billions to the manufacturers and they concluded that in order to get the billions the manufacturers would give the silver men millions. So a bargain was struck there and then. The McKinley senators agreed to pass the silver purchase bill in consideration of the votes of the senators from the silver-producing states for the McKinley measure."

Senator Teller was one of the guilty parties, and turns state's evidence. The statement occasioned very little excitement when delivered in the senate, however, as such trades are becoming very common with speculators in legislation.

Why Is It.

That those who raise food are starving?

That those who raise cotton go naked?

That those who raise beef have little to eat?

That those who make cloth go ragged?

That those who make shoes go barefooted?

That oil producers have sorry lights?

That coal producers have poor fires?

That gold and silver miners have no money?

That those who build mansions live in huts?

That builders of palace cars have to ride in a freight-box car or walk?

Please answer.—Reform Journal.

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Special attention to mail orders

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

The Business of the South and Southwest Remains Dull.

Bradstreet's weekly trade review says: Trade throughout the country remains quiet; wholesale merchants continue conservative, and the distribution of general merchandise is almost of a hand-to-mouth character. South and southwest business remains dull and featureless—unchanged from last week. At larger eastern centers travelers are preparing to start out, but unfavorable features in recent weeks in respect to cotton, wool, steel and iron industries show no changes. Collections continue unsatisfactory. Recent rains have had a very favorable influence on crops in Kansas and Missouri. This has tended to make the merchants regard the outlook more favorably and to stimulate purchases. In addition to a better feeling and stronger values for leather and hides, steel rail mills have sold two tons of product this year to one ton last year. The fact that fewer pig iron furnaces are turning out as much, if not more, iron this month than last, indicates that an unexpectedly large volume of contracts had been placed prior to the late nominal advance in quotations. The recent average weekly commercial death rate is continued, with a total of 265 business failures throughout the United States this week, against 267 last week, and against 210 in the corresponding week one year ago. More important changes in quotations for staples include advances for nails, cotton and oats, and decreases for pig iron, wool, petroleum, flour, wheat and pork, with steel nominally unchanged or shaded, according to the character of the sale.

BIG SHIPMENT OF STRAWBERRIES

Seven Car Loads, Their Value and Where They Go To.

Monday the shipment of strawberries from Chattanooga, Tenn., was the largest ever known from any point in the United States, seven car loads having been dispatched to Pittsburg, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Lexington and Louisville.

Two car loads were sent by refrigeration to Pittsburg. The representatives of the Pittsburg wholesale houses were on the ground at the time the berries were taken from the producers' wagons and purchased at from $1.50 to $2 per crate. The price ranged in accordance with the grade. One full car was sent to Buffalo, while the others were sent by express to points named above. Small consignments were also distributed in Ohio towns. In all there were nearly 4,000 crates.

Big Damages Recovered.

R. M. Landy, who sued in the federal court at Nashville, Tenn., got judgment Tuesday for $3,500 for injuries received on a Louisville and Nashville train. Landy was a mail clerk.

DEVASTATING STORMS.

Child Killed—Two Men Drowned—Much Property Destroyed.

A severe storm, announced by the weather bureau, fell upon St. Louis Wednesday evening. From an almost clear sky at 6 o'clock rain fell in torrents, and was carried in waves through the air by a 40-mile wind. Damage to life and property was very great.

Agnes Bolin, aged 3, was blown off a porch and killed. Two men were drowned by the swamping of boats in the river.

Louis Traffinger, wife and child, were buried in the debris of their house and badly injured.

The steeple of a church at Fifteenth and Walnut streets fell on the sidewalk, but no one was injured.

Three horses and two mules were killed by the falling of a smokestack of Anthony & Kuhn's brewery.

The smokestack of the Liberty brewery fell, but no one was injured. Incalculable loss was done to shade trees, shrubbery and light buildings.

A heavy storm swept through the Chippewa Valley, Wisconsin, doing thousands of dollars of damage. Cloudburts are reported at Bloomer and other points. Menominee suffered the worst—two railroad bridges, two wagon bridges and a foot bridge crossing Wilson creek were swept away. The loss is said to be $45,000. A mill some distance above Menominee was also swept away, which is not included in the loss named. Several trains are delayed by washouts.

Filibuster Expeditions.

The schooner Gladiator left Fort Meyers, Fla., Tuesday night with arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents. She also carried forty men, and will pick up more at Key Largo. Among the Americans on board were J. D. Fose, newspaper correspondent; W. R. Washburn, inventor of a rapid fire gun, and L. C. Sewart, a skilled engineer. A. H. Harris, an expert at gun powder making, was also on board. Alfonso Gonzales, a Cuban, commanded the expedition.

This is the second expedition reported within a week, the Laurada having sailed from New York several days ago, with men and munitions of war, as reported.

Weyler's Latest Edict.

Captain General Weyler has extended temporarily the operation of the last edict issued by him granting pardons to insurgents who shall surrender to the authorities within a specified time, so that it now applies to the provinces of Havana and Matanzas, as well as to the Pinar del Rio province.

WANTED:—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary $780 and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C. MIMS.
For Tax Collector,
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. BIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK.
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled; recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

REGISTER!

EVERY vote is needed this year more than ever. You should register NOW, Saturday is the last day.

SATURDAY is the last day you can register. Remember that unless you register you cannot vote at either the State election in August or national election in November. Every man should register.

GOODWYN'S challenge to Johnston has not yet been accepted. Capt. Johnston seems to be opposed to joint debates. He would not debate with his gold-bug friend Dick Clarke and he certainly is not anxious to meet Capt. Goodwyn. We, however, hope this matter will be arrayed. Let the two nominees for the governorship appear together before the people and then in August let the people honestly render their verdict as to which man they consider best represents their interest.

A FEW Populist newspapers have expressed alarm at the prospect of the free coinage Democrats controlling the Chicago convention; but if the claims of the gold bugs can be relied upon, their fears are groundless. A late, careful estimate gives the "sound money" contingent a good working majority in the Democratic convention; but even if the silver men should succeed there is not the slightest probability that Populists will go to the Democratic party with its inconsistent record and there is no reason to believe that free silver republicans will do so. The policy of both the old parties for many years has been in opposition to silver

HAVING got over the excitement of the primaries Chilton county has settled down to work with the full determination that as sure as August comes around we will pile up the biggest majority for our ticket that has ever been done in the county.

OVER in Georgia the Populites and Republicans are considering the question of a united ticket.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

GOODWYN'S LETTER.

Robinson Springs, Ala., May 9, '96
Hon. Joseph F. Johnston, Birmingham, Ala.—

Dear Sir: As the gubernatorial nominee of the people's party, this nomination being indorsed by the republican party, I make the following propositions to you, the nominee of the democratic party, to-wit:

That in the interest of free ballots and fair counts in the coming State election we join in a petition to the county appointing boards, asking that the two contending parties be represented among the inspectors of election at every polling place in the state; that said inspectors be nominated by the authorized county executive committees of each party respectively; that we further petition the appointing boards to promptly make public the names of the inspectors chosen, and that we petition the boards of inspectors to appoint clerks of the two opposing parties and an equal number of assistants from each party in the preparation of ballots; further, that we petition our county officers to submit the registration and poll lists to any committee that may be authorized by the aforesaid county executive committees, to the end that any illegal voters may be prevented from taking part in the state elections and that all illegal votes cast may be exposed in any contests that may be instituted. I am induced to make these propositions in view of the notorious and proven election methods that inexcusably and shamefully prevail in Alabama, knowing that the honest expression of the people can be best secured by a proper representation at the polls. Also, in view of the fact that the plank in your party platform in regard to elections is evasive and ominous, and is construed by many as favoring honest elections within party primaries only, and as condemning indirectly those frauds that compelled a democratic congressional nominee to withdraw from the contest, and those that seem to have been committed and proven against our esteemed competitor for your party nomination. All Alabamians, except a few political pensioners, will rejoice if we can so plan for the coming election that the result may be above reproach, and the inauguration of the next governor be in contrast to the last inauguration, when shotted guns disgraced our capitol grounds. The greatest curse that now afflicts our state is crime at the ballot-box and the threatening moral corruption that logically results from the toleration of such crime.

2. That you and I as candidates of opposing parties cavass the state by jointly discussing on equal and fair terms the issues of the day. Details may be arranged by chosen friends, or by direct arrangement between ourselves. An early answer is desired. Yours respectfully,

A. T. GOODWYN.

CIRCUIT COURT.

CIRCUIT COURT convened Monday morning, Judge Denson presiding, Judge Tyson having to attend his own court at Montgomery.

The following offenders were sent to the penitentiary: Robert Lee Callens (col) burglary two terms of two years each; Will Brown (col) grand larceny two years; Richard Hill (col) grand larceny two years. Nineteen cases were continued, thirteen were convicted and eight acquitted—none being of public interest.

Court adjourned Wednesday evening and all were pleased at the thought it was the last time they would have to hold court in the old court house.

AT the term of our circuit court, that ceased last Wednesday, the resolutions adopted by the Clanton bar upon the death of Chancellor Sam'l K. McSpadden, were presented by Col. Rob't H. Knox, who said:

"In presenting these resolutions I am conscious of the fact that Chancellor McSpadden needs no eulogy, but I beg to add that it was my privilege and pleasure to have known him from my boyhood, and as I recall this long period I can only think of those splendid traits of character that made him what he was in truth, one of nature's noblemen. He was a lover of truth for truth's sake. His kindly heart overflowed with love for his fellowman. He was a good man and a sincere man. He was a Christian and his end was that of the just. In every relation of life he was true—true to his state, true to his country and true to his God. Duty was to him the highest word in our language.

"Some forty years ago our dead friend was a member of the legislature of Alabama, and was an active participant in the stirring political scenes that led up to the secession of our state. Upon the declaration of war he promptly enlisted as a soldier at the first call of Alabama, and by shere force of character and merit rose to the rank of colonel of the splendid nineteenth Alabama regiment, and being brigaded with the peerless Armistead, Frank Beck, Zack Deas and Toulmin, his conduct reflected lustre upon the name of Alabama, and the brave men who were proud to be commanded by him.

"With the coming of peace he returned to his home and set about the task of rebuilding a fortune swept away by the war. With assiduous courage he went to work, and in the peaceful quiet of his home in the pursuits of his profession, he sought to pass the remainder of his days. But those who knew his worth would not permit this, and upon the demand of his fellow-citizens he was again called to the service of the state, and again entered the legislature for several terms. How well he discharged this trust, the laws enacted during these terms attest.

"Called to the office of chancellor, the bench was honored by his being upon it. During his long term in this office he endeared himself to all who came in contact with him, or had litigation in his court. His decisions ever bore upon them the impress of a painstaking sincerity and faithful regard for truth. He was a great judge, and a just one.

"But the chancellor is dead.

No guilty foeman took his life or saw him die.
Yet died he soldierly! As brave in battles past.
Closed that firm eye.

"Christian, patriot, soldier, chancellor, friend, farewell?"

A CONGRESS which continually legislates to contract the currency and lower prices, and which continually adds to fixed charges and salaries, is just such a Congress as the two old parties may be relied on to continue to give us.—People's Party Paper.

Poor Economy

By all means be economical, but don't be too economical where health or life is concerned. The matter of a few cents should never count between the old, standard and reliable preparations and the new, obscure, and in many cases, almost worthless substitutes.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites is as much the standard for all conditions of wasting in children and adults where the lungs are weak or affected, as quinine is the standard for malarial fevers. When you go to a store to get Scott's Emulsion, don't be fooled into taking something else they say "is just as good." *It isn't.* Scott's Emulsion has gained its reputation by its superior merit, and nothing of its kind has ever equalled it. Your doctor will tell you that.

All druggists sell Scott's Emulsion. Two sizes—50 cents and $1.00.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Maplesville, Ala., May 14, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Please allow me space in your columns to express my sincere and heartfelt thanks for their hearty support in the primaries of April 14 and May 5. It was much beyond my expectations as I did not canvas the county any to mingle with them during the canvas. I cannot express my personal appreciation to everyone. I will say to one and all, they have my heartfelt thanks and I appreciate their support which I shall endeavor to merit, and by no act of mine will I cause one to regret his choice. If elected in August next to the office of commissioner I will ever endeavor to perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

Again thanking my supporters, with great respect I am yours truly.

J. G. SMITHERMAN.

* * *

Editor BANNER: In considering the question of who would be our State Senator, I am quite sure that we have no man that could fill that position better than the well known chapion of the beople's rights Mr. J. A. Logan of Clanton.

If he would accept the nomination I am sure our district would have an able and faithful senator. Mr. Logan has proved true to the people's cause. I hope he will accept the namination if tentered to him.

A.

* * *

Coopers Clippings.

Rev. Hand filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church here last Sunday. We feel happy that we are able to state that we have a splendid Sabbath-school here and hope we may be able to accomplish much good by it.

We had the pleasure of meeting a number of our friends at Mr. Thomas Pyrons last Sabbath eve, and singing praises to the great Jehovah. The music was grand and all enjoyed the occasion.

We are glad to note that there is an effort being made to secure a singing school here for Prof. Veazy

Mr. W. C. Robinson of Providence was with us last Sunday. Come again Mr. Robinson we are always glad to see you.

Ma. Jacob Lavinsky visited the capital city last Saturday.

Mr. P. C. Dennis and wife paid their son a visit last Friday.

Mr. J. M. Dennis of the capital city visited his parents here last Sunday.

Mrs. Turner of Birmingham visited relatives here last week.

A goodly number of our citizens are attending court.

The doctors are quite busy now owing to the amount of sickness in our community.

Mr. T. M. Mitchell of Verbena was in town this afternoon.

Farmers are quite busy now chopping cotton.

I think the wedding bells will soon ring near here from what I can learn.

Mr. W. A. Cooper has just returned home from his farm in Coosa county. Reports fine prospects for a crop in that section.

We regret very much to hear of the death of Mr. Hollis Strock.

Where are you now Old Mike and the Hustler. Have you faded away in the spring like the flowers do in the fall. Awake from your sleep and let us hear from you again.

Success to the BANNER.

UNCLE SAP.

* * *

Commencement Concord High School.

May 29, 1896.

10 a.m. Declamation and Essays by the students.

2 p.m. Address by Rev. T. K. Roberts of Montgomery.

8 p.m. Exercises of the Grady Literary Society.

Address by Dr. E. G. Givahn of Montevallo.

Final debate, question, Resolved, That there should be an educational qualification for suffrage? Affirmative: W. R. Headley, B. W. Garner and J. F. Lowery. Negative: G. R. Moore, S. A. Curry, Jr., and R. E. Sessions.

Our friends are cordially invited to attend all the exercises.

J. ALEX MOORE.

* * *

Burwells

On Tuesday evening, May 12, death lifted the veil that hid a brighter sphere and Miss Lucy Gentry went to her home in heaven. She was refined, gentle and true and was a friend to be cherished in life and mourned in death. Like morning dew which glitters here for a while then flies to mingle with kindred dops among the clouds her gentle soul was borne away to that glory land on the sunny side of sweet deliverence, leaving behind friends beyond number to mourn her loss. Her remains were laid to rest in the cemetery at Friendship church to await the resurrectirn of the just.

REX.

* * *

Strasburg.

On Sunday last Mr. Henry Durbin and Mrs. Mary Clemons were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at the residence of Rev. L. B. Pounds who performed the marriage ceremony. We wish them much happiness.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Teachers' Institute will be held for white teachers at Clanton on the 19th and 20th days of June 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a. m. Devotional exercise.

9:30 a.m. Can a teacher properly estimate the progress of his pupils without examination? A. B. Harwood, Miss Rosa Thornton.

10 a.m. How should examinations be conducted? W. S. Garner, Miss Jennie Wilson.

10:30 a.m. Vocation of the Teacher. H. L. Hicks, L. B. Pounds.

11:30 a.m. How can parents in the country secure good schools? J. E. Creel, Mrs. M. A. Bowdoin.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. What qualifications make the most valuable teacher? N. B. Comer, Miss Mary Garner.

2:30 p.m. Can Philosophy be successfully taught without apparatuses? J. Alex Moore, R. O. Headley.

3:30 p.m. The evils of negative teaching. J. W. Mims, E. C. Jones

SATURDAY—8:30 a.m. The requitites for successful teaching. J. P. Gore, H. A. Askins.

9:30 a.m. Modes of inspirin pupils to cultivate habits of self reliance. G. L. Speer.

10:30 a.m. How can a teacher best cultivate the morals of his pupils? B. D. Wilson.

11:30 a.m. How many different lessons ought a pupil to recite during the school day? J. M. Massey, W. A. Logan.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. Can a a teacher be to exacting? if so, why and now? H. W. Strock.

2:30 p.m. Ought the dictionary to be used as a text bokk in the school-room? Wm. Askins, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3:30 p.m. Ought teachers to be uniform in methods of teaching? C. C. Slaton, E. Y. McMorries.

Prof. R. E R. Hicks, Ch'm'n program Committee.

The law requires teachers to attend these Institutes, and I earnestly insist that all the teachers be present at this one, as we will have the State Supt. John O. Turner, and Dr. Eldridge, Pres. of the Troy Normal college, who will deliver four lectures on education on Saturday. He will also lecture on Sabbath-school Sunday following.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

* * *

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and $100.

* * *

Grand Excursion to Tampa, Fla. Only $5.50 for the Round-Trip.

On May 25th. the Plant System will run special train from Montgomery to Tampa, Fla., without change, leaving Montgomery 11:30 a.m., arriving Tampa 7:15 next morning, and sell tickets at the remarkably low rate of $5.50 for the round-trip, with proportionately low rates from other points on the line of the Plant System. Tampa is full of interesting sights. Two hundred and fifty cigar factories, employing seven thousand Cuban cigarmakers This alone is well worth the trip. Here you see the famous Tampa Bay Hotel, the finest resort hotel in the world, also the beautiful Port Tampa Inn, built over the waters of the Tampa Bay one mile from land. Tampa is a progressive city of twenty-one thousand people, located on Tampa Bay, the most beautiful of all southern waters; the finest boating, fishing and bathing in the world. Tickets will be good for return until June 1st., giving ample time for all kinds of sport. Those who desire can visit any other point in southern Florida. For full information write to

W. V. LIFSEY,
Division Passenger Agent,
Montgomery, Ala.

Rev. N. A. Dobbs last Sunday had the pleasure of marrying Mr. J. W. Smith and Miss Mary Klinner. We congratulate the happy couple.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3 Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 83, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN
DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

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DEALERS IN
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AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....
M. BORN & CO.
The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.
They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
—LOWEST PRICES.
W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

CATARRH

is a more common and a more serious disease than most people imagine. Its cure depends upon constitutional treatment, not upon local remedies. V.V.V. cures catarrh because it purifies the blood, cleanses the secretory organs and brings the entire system to a condition of health and vigor. Composed entirely of health-giving vegetable remedial agents,

V.V.V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a wonderful specific for all blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—as well as rheumatism, malaria, liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, debility, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
At G. O. Logan's until the 25th day of May: 17 lbs granulated sugar for $1 00; 18 lbs brown sugar for $1.00; 5½ lbs good coffee for $1.00; 16 lbs bulk meat for $1.00 4 lbs soda 25; 25 lbs rice for $1: shoes at cost. Exchange for crossties, corn, chickens and country produce.

Mr. Saint Clair Thornton is visiting his parents here.

Mrs. O. A. Duke after visiting here left for a visit to friends and relatives in Nashville; while her charming daughter, Miss Mary, will remain with us.

PHOTOGRAPHS. We have some photographers in Clanlon until next Wednesday who are taking first-class photographs at 10 cents each or 4 for 25 cents. Don't miss this opportunity.

A great many couple of our young people enjoyed last Sunday out in the western part of the county.

Mr. Wylie Letcher, of Energy, has been visiting the Sheriff's family at this place during court.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Henry Durbin and Wrs. Mary Clemons; Mr. J. W. Smith and Miss Mary Klinner.

Colored. Jim Hubbard and Tansey Nix.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Rev. Mr. Caine and wife are visiting their son, Dr. V. H. Caine, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Gullahorn from Texas will spend the summer here.

Col. Knox went to Montgomery this morning.

Mr. W. H. Foshee made a trip to the papital city yesterday.

A reward of $150 is offered by W. I. Mims for the arrest and delivery to the sheriff of Coosa county of Jim Hawkins wanted for the killing of Bud Mims. Jim Hawkins is about twenty years old, about 5 feet 6 inches tall, dark complexion, slightly freckled, small sandy moustache, weighs about 140 lbs.

WANTED—A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soaps and Pure Flavoring Extracts. $40 to $75 a month easily made. Address Crofts & Reed, Chicago, Ill.

Messrs Blackburn & Sanders photographers have the gallery erected opposite the court house and will take you photograph for 10 cents or 4 for 25 cents. They leave next Wednesday so come at once.

The gentlemanly agent of the North-Western Yeast Company of Chicago, Ill., distributed free samples of their celebrated Magic Yeast among our people this week. All lovers of a pure hop and malt bread should not fail to try the sample of Magic Yeast. Thes company boasts of having the largest and cleanest yeast factory in the world, their sales averaging twenty tons daily and it goes to all parts of the world and in all probability has more friends among the ladies than any other article manufactured in this or any country and was the only yeast awarded a diploma and metal for purity and excellence at the great Chicago World's Fair.

If more of our people would use this yeast and eat bread from one to four days old their doctor's bill would be much less. Give it a trial.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS
BURNS
BRUISES
SCALDS
SALT RHEUM
ULCERS
ITCH
ERYSIPELAS
CHAPPED HANDS
FROSTED FEET
RINGWORM
AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation.

Guaranteed to give satisfaction when you need an ointment be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.

A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decidde to try a bottle of DR. MILES' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.

When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

Notice to Non-Resident.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama. Seventh District, North-eastern Chancery Division. April 22, 1896.

Moses Jones, Complainant. vs. Cora Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Cora Jones is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that her post office and residence are unknown to affiant and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the BANNER a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Cora Jones to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 25 day of May, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against her in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama this 22 day of April, 1896
W. E. STEWART, Register in Chancery

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife J. E. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama. I will proceed to sell for cash on

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1896.

at the court house door in Clanton in said county, within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of sec. eleven and w ½ of ne ¼ of sec. fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South-easterly, also all of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch thence North-westerly along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.

Clanton, Ala., May 2, 1896.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18047.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
April 17, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 30th, 1896., viz: Louisa Manuel, Homestead entry, No. 25,460, for the nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 26 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cotton Hall, J. T. Selman, Ben Selman, John Smith, all of Dixie, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

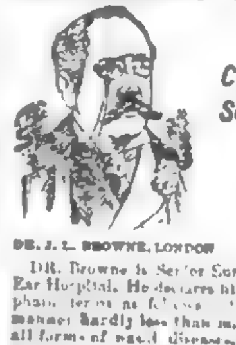
Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD
PRESCRIBES
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
— FOR —
COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or
Any Head or Throat Trouble.



DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol check in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when Cushman's Inhaler will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a freshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Bealey Thorn, in communication to the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '92.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON.

KINGSTON, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80
Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

Why not be your own Middle-man?

Pay but one profit between maker and user and that a small just one.
Our Big 700 Page Catalogue and Buyers Guide proves that it's possible. Weighs 2½ pounds, 12,000 illustrations, describes and tells the one-profit price of over 40 000 articles, everything you use. We send it for 15 cents; that's not for the book but to pay part of the postage or expressage, and keep off idlers. You can't get it too quick.

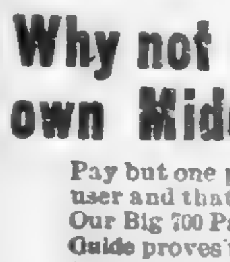
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
The Store of All the People
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 13th day of June, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 24 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $11.92

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.70.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $39.39.

BEAT NO. 4.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $5.96.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼, sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $8.82

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.87.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw ¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.84.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.57.

BEAT NO. 7.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw qr of nw qr and s ½ of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13. tax and costs $20.38.

BEAT NO. 8.

N ½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $5.96.

Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.70.

W ½ of ne qr of se qr sec 23 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.36.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $6.80.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $3.66.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $5.48.

G W Willis w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 6 tp 23 r 15 tax and costs $6.16.

BEAT 2.

J T Milner ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and w ½ of se qr and se qr of se qr sec 15 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $15.60.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $42.54.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $11.89.

BEAT 3.

Julia Porter n ½ of se qr and se qr of se qr and se qr of nw qr sec 22 tp 22 r 12 tax and costs $5.67.

BEAT 4.

J M Gallaspie part of w ½ of ne qr sec 12 tp 21 r 14; and part of sw qr of se qr and se qr of sw qr sec 1 tp 21 r 14 tax and costs $6.57.

F. L. Bivings one house and lot in Clanton tax and costs $12.05.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $53.57

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $4.84.

Otto Stoker n ½ of ne qr sec 5 tp 20 r 16; nw qr of nw qr sec 4 tp 20 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 2 tp 20 r 16; se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 3 tp 20 r 16; se qr and ne qr sec 7 tp 20 r 16, w ½ of ne qr sec 8 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of ne qr sec 10 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 32 tp 21 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr sec 33 tp 21 r 16; nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $22.84.

Sigh Thornton se qr of sw qr sec 18 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $3.14.

BEAT 7.

Ephraim Yassor ne qr of sec 28 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $7.51

Robert Maybear nw qr of nw qr sec 21 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $2.55

BEAT 8.

J H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $4.75.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 15th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same, fees and costs.

This 13th day of May, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

THE SECURITY SCHOOL SHOE

WEARS LIKE IRON
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

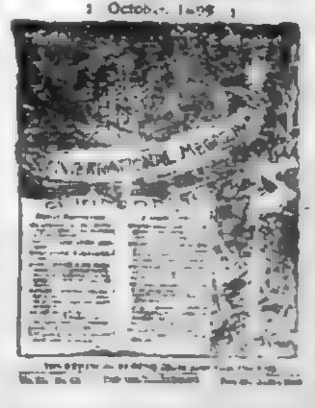
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

BACK ACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

"ALL THE MAGAZINES IN ONE."

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION $2.50.

THREE RECENT SAMPLES 25 cents.

Agents find it the Most Profitable Magazine.

Sold on all News Stands. Single Copy, 25 cents.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
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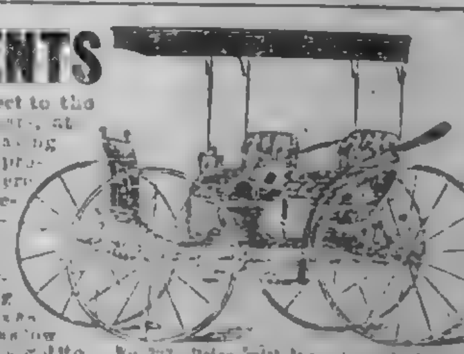
WE HAVE NO AGENTS

No. 16½—Surrey Harness, Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

but have sold direct to the consumer for 22 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $[illegible]. Spring Wagons $[illegible]. Send for large Catalogue.



No. 727—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $[illegible].

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly.

C. H. CHEATHAM.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

P.P.P.
(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formul is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FEARENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me,"
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS.
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK-SAVANNAH, GA.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD—
POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR
BOOKLET.

For sale at Dr, Johnson's Drug Store,

The Atlanta Journal says that a syndicate of New York capitalists are about to purchase the grounds of Piedmont Park, Atlanta, on which the Exposition was held. It adds that New York capitalists already hold large interests in Atlanta, and thus New York capital is destined to cut a large figure in the bustling metropolis of Georgia. These statements, comments the New York Tribune, are especially interesting, in view of the fact that while the Fair was in progress last fall, everybody in Atlanta was predicting that Chicago capital was soon to come to Atlanta and revolutionize things, and New York was denounced as slow because it failed to appreciate its opportunity. Chicago money, however, is still far from conspicuous down there, but it should be added in fairness that the Chicago papers wrote up the Fair in fine style.

Appearances Were Deceiving

"We don't seem to have any No. 13 collars," said the haberdasher, after looking through his stock. "People are not wearing 'em now anyhow. Won't a No. 14 do just as well?"

"I think not," stiffly answered the young man at the outside of the counter. "I may have a little neck, but I am not a [illegible]."

"We stood at the top of the steps," [illegible]

"Pretty Dancing (in the band)—We [illegible] —[illegible] Enquirer.

"There's only one girl in the world for me." [illegible]

[illegible] the gift of the almighty dollar. —[illegible] Statesman.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

I. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says: [illegible]

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

After six years' suffering, I was cured by Piso's Cure.—Mary Thomson, [illegible] Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March [illegible]

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, [illegible]

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, of whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering. "I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

ICE CREAM

Dealers, druggists and confectioners who wish to save ice, ice cream, labor and money, and who appreciate neatness and convenience, should send for our finely illustrated catalogue of ICE CREAM CABINETS or REFRIGERATORS. THE E. T. BURROWES CO., Portland, Maine.

You are bound to succeed in making HIRES Rootbeer if you follow the simple directions. Easy to make, delightful to take.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

Which do you prefer?
Tetter,
Eczema,
or
50 cents?
Better swap all three for
TETTERINE.
1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE,
Savannah, Ga.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N,U. No. 21. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS 25 CTS

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

THE GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

Steps Taken to Commence Building. Postal Carrier in Trouble—Fruit Crop—Knights Templar—Unecede—I. and S. Association—Sorrowful Event.

Boy Badly Powder-burned.

A son of George Bailey, Broomtown, Ala., was very badly burned by powder on Monday.

Cumberland Presbyterians.

The general assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church will convene at Birmingham on Thursday, May [illegible]

For Robbing the Safe.

Thomas W. Dubose, the colored porter at the Southern railway ticket office in Selma, is in jail for robbing the safe. He was caught red-handed with some $[illegible].

Military Encampment.

The First and Third regiments state troops have been ordered into encampment.

The Second regiment has been ordered into camp on June [illegible].

[illegible] Fruit Crop.

[illegible]

[illegible] Commencement.

Rev. W. [illegible] Winton, D. D., and E. K. [illegible] of Birmingham, will [illegible]

College Commencement.

The commencement exercises of the Seventh District Agricultural school, Albertville, opened Sunday, May [illegible], and closed Wednesday, May [illegible]. The exercises from beginning to end were enjoyed by all.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.

On Saturday night Mr. Robert [illegible], living near [illegible], was bitten by a mad dog. Dr. Easton who dressed the wounds, says he had on a pair of heavy jeans pantaloons and he hopes Mr. [illegible] will recover.

The Western Union Sued.

Mrs. Nancy James, of Huntsville, has sued the Western Union Telegraph company in the circuit court for $[illegible] damages for delay in the delivery of a telegram to her announcing the death of her son in Anniston.

A $10,000 Verdict.

In the Birmingham city court a few days since, Robert [illegible] obtained a verdict against the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company for $10,000. He claimed $15,000 in a suit for damages, of which the verdict was the result.

Two Farmers Shoot Each Other.

Saturday night George Gray and Geo. W. Watson, very prominent citizens of Lee county, became involved in a difficulty over a negro tenant. Gray shot Watson twice with a rifle, and Watson in return fired two loads of shot into Gray. Watson died in ten minutes. Gray's wounds will probably prove fatal.

Postal Carrier's Crookedness.

E. J. Parker, a well known young man, employed in the Montgomery postoffice as a letter carrier, was arrested and tried before Commissioner Booth on a charge of embezzlement and secretion of letters entrusted to him for delivery. The arrest was made on a warrant sworn out by J. E. Little, a postoffice inspector.

A Most Sorrowful Event.

Miss Mamie Fitzgerald, the twenty-year-old daughter of N. Fitzgerald, a prominent dry goods merchant of Mobile, stepped on a parlor match in her home Monday afternoon and her dress ignited. She tried to smother the flames in the bed clothes, but was terribly burned before assistance came. Miss Fitzgerald died of her injuries Monday night in intense pain.

Buying Himself Rich.

J. B. Kornegay, of Van Dorn, Ala., is under arrest charged with fraudulent use of the mails. He is said to have ordered some $22,000 worth of goods from 120 different firms in the north and west and disposed of the goods at a big discount and made no effort to settle. In December last he made an assignment, transferring previously all of his property to his wife.

Settling Their Differences.

At Bessemer Saturday afternoon Frank O'Rourke and Tom Burke, two young men in the employ of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company, who have been at outs for some time, renewed their quarrel, and both began firing with revolvers, exchanging five shots each.

Burke was wounded in the hip, and it is thought that he will die. O'Rourke surrendered, and is being held pending Burke's wounds.

A Negro Kills His Wife.

A week or ten days ago Wince Kyle, a negro, and his wife had a disagreement and she left him. Sunday night last Kyle met his wife and insisted on her returning home and living with him and she refused, whereupon he whipped out his knife and stabbed her fatally. Kyle made his escape into the hills north of Blountsville, where he remained in hiding until Monday evening, when he was captured. The wife died Monday morning. A post mortem developed the fact that the woman was enciente, and the negroes of that section are very much excited and feeling against the prisoner runs very high.

Cut the Jugular Vein.

In a row over a game of ball played between two colored teams at Knoxville, Tenn., one from Knoxville and the other from Chattanooga, Turner Lucky, a waiter at the hotel Flanders, was killed Tuesday night. Lucky became engaged in a quarrel with Walter Davis in the dining room of the hotel, but the two were separated by mutual friends. Shortly afterwards Davis ran up behind Lucky in the kitchen and cut the jugular vein, from which he died in a few moments. Davis [illegible] has not been arrested.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIFTH DAY.

A bill was passed authorizing the Sioux City and Omaha Railroad company to construct a railway through the Omaha and Winnebago reservation in Thurston county, Neb.; to pay R. J. Van Vleck $4,500 for extra work on the Sault Ste Marie canal; to establish a classification division in the United States patent office; to pay P. C. Montgomery, of Memphis, Tenn., $3,200 for the use of a steamer on the Mississippi river prior to March, 1863; granting permission for the erection of a monument in Washington in honor of Samuel Hahnemann, and appropriating $4,000 for a foundation; to authorize the investigation and payment of legal or equitable claims alleged to be due the late proprietors of the Knoxville Whig for advertising. The river and harbor bill was taken up and completed except the item of a deep sea harbor on the Pacific coast. The committee on commerce had reported in favor of locating the harbor at Santa Monica bay. Both California senators oppose this location and favor San Pedro. The question was pending when the senate adjourned.....The members of the house today voted themselves $[illegible] a month for clerk hire during the recess of congress. Under a resolution passed by the Fifty-second congress the members of [illegible] received $[illegible] a month for clerk hire during the sessions. [illegible] the allowance to members during the recess of congress came up in the form of the [illegible] resolution, adversely reported from the committee on accounts. The resolution was [illegible] and an amendment was passed. [illegible] republicans and [illegible] democrats [illegible] against it. Bills were passed to [illegible] the same at [illegible] for the [illegible] consideration, and to enable the government to issue patents on such lands; and to establish a life-saving station at Point Judith, [illegible]. On motion of Mr. [illegible], republican, of Pennsylvania, a resolution passed requesting the president to inform the house what, if anything, had been done to carry out the provisions of last year's agricultural act, directing him to negotiate with the government of Great Britain for the abrogation or modification of the existing regulations of that government which require the slaughter of imported cattle from the United States at the ports of entry. A bill was passed to appropriate $[illegible] for the deportation of the Canadian Cree Indians from the state of Montana. There are about [illegible] of these Indians. They have been in Montana since the close of the Riel rebellion. The pension bills favorably acted upon at the last Friday night session were taken up and passed. At [illegible] p. m. the house took a recess until 8 o'clock. Twenty-two private pension bills were favorably acted upon at the night session of the house. Among them were bills to pension the widow of the late Major General Thomas Ewing at the rate of $[illegible] a month, the widow of the late Major Theodore W. [illegible] at the rate of $50 a month, and the widow of the late Major General Joseph E. Carr at the rate of $[illegible] a month. The seventy-two bills favorably acted on in committee of the whole last Wednesday, were formally reported to the house. Those bills were left suspended last Wednesday. Mr. Erdman, democrat, of Pennsylvania, protested against the action tonight, and the question will probably come up on Monday. Adjourned until Monday.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIXTH DAY.

The senate passed the following bills: A bill to allow articles sent abroad for exhibition purposes to be returned free of duty. The bill for the deportation to Canada of the Cree Indians, who fled into Montana at the time of the Louis Riel raid. The bill for government participation in the Tennessee centennial in 1896. The president is authorized to appoint a government commission to have charge of a government building. An appropriation of $30,000 for a government building and $100,000 for a government exhibit was made. Appropriating $14,000 to William Moss, of Arkansas, for extra mail service. Appropriating $15,000 for a monument to General Nathaniel Green on the battle field of Guilford court house, N. C. Authorizing the secretary of war to appoint a commission to determine the cost of securing for the United States the channel in Atchafalaya bay, La. Appropriating $3,600 to C. B. Bryan & Co., of Memphis, Tenn., awarded by the court of claims. Giving to the evidence of private soldiers the same weight as that of officers in pension cases. Amending the pension law of 1890 so that the absence of an honorable discharge shall not be a bar to pension, provided there is no charge of desertion against the applicant. Amending the pension laws relative to false swearing in pension cases. Amending the pension laws so as to make mustering into service prima facie evidence of sound body and mind. Mr. White, California, concluded his argument against the location of a deep sea harbor at Santa Monica, and the question was still pending when the senate adjourned until Monday.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY.

The deep sea harbor question was debated at some length and went over. A substitute for the house bankruptcy bill was reported from the judiciary committee, with a minority report favoring the house bill. House joint resolution providing that the laws against the admission of contract labor immigration shall not be construed as prohibiting the entrance into the United States of mechanics, artisans and other laborers necessary for the preparation and installment of foreign exhibits at the Nashville Centennial exposition, and also providing for the admission of exhibits free of duty, was passed. The calendar of private pension bills was taken up. After about a dozen were passed further progress was blocked by an attempt of Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, to have a second pension engrafted on a bill giving a pension to the mother of an officer, and at 5:35 o'clock the senate adjourned until tomorrow....Miscellaneous business was the order in the house today. More bills authorizing the construction of bridges and granting right of way over government property than of any other kind were passed. A preliminary conference report upon the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to, and further conference ordered on the items still in dispute. The resolutions of elections committee No. 1, declaring John W. Maddox, democrat, to be entitled to the seat occupied by him as representative from the Seventh district of Georgia, contested by W. H. Felton fusion, were presented, and, being the unanimous report of the committee, were agreed to. The rest of the day was devoted to the consideration of District of Columbia business. At 5:15 the house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY.

A resolution to accept the invitation to attend the Tennessee centennial celebration at Nashville on June 1 and to appoint a committee of five to represent the senate, was agreed to. The controversy, which had gone on since Friday on the location of a deep sea harbor on the coast of California, was settled, after four hours' talk today, by a compromise in the form of an amendment to the river and harbor bill, which was agreed to. The amendment provides for a board consisting of an officer of the navy to be detailed by the secretary of the navy, an officer of the coast and geodetic survey, to be detailed by the superintendent of the survey and three civil engineers, skilled in riparian work, to be appointed by the president of the United States, to examine the two harbors, the report of the majority to be final, and it provides that whenever the board shall have settled the location and made its report to the secretary of war the secretary of war shall make contracts for the completion of the harbor as selected by the board, according to the project reported by it, cost not to exceed in the aggregate $[illegible]. An hour and a half was occupied after the opening of today's session of the house in disposing of a motion made by Mr. Perkins, republican, of Iowa, chairman of the committee on printing, to strike from the permanent records certain matters inserted by Mr. Wheeler, democrat, of Alabama, for which it was asserted by Mr. Perkins he had no permission. Mr. Wheeler contended that he had a right to insert the matter complained of, [illegible] the matter was ordered expunged. [illegible] of Illinois, [illegible] in the contested election case of Rinaker vs. Downing from the Sixteenth district of Illinois, and the arguments in the case occupied the remainder of the day's session.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-NINTH DAY.

The amendment to the river and harbor bill offered by Mr. Gorman, to limit expenditures to $10,000,000, was defeated in the senate by 40 to [illegible]. The bill was then passed by [illegible]. It now goes to conference. The bill as it passed the house appropriated $[illegible] and authorized contracts for thirty-two projects involving an aggregate of $[illegible]. As it was reported to the senate the amount appropriated was $[illegible]. That sum was increased by various items put on in the senate, including the provision for the deep sea harbor in southern California. The senate at [illegible] adjourned until tomorrow.....The house was occupied today in the debate on the contested election case of Rinaker, republican, against Downing, democrat, from the Sixteenth district of Illinois. The majority report of the committee favors Rinaker. At 4:20 the house, by a vote of 159 to [illegible], recommitted the case to the committee on elections No. [illegible], with instructions to recount such parts of the vote as they deem proper. The yea vote was made up of [illegible] democrats, [illegible] republicans and [illegible] populists. This ended the long, and, in some respects, unparalleled parliamentary struggle, and at 5:45 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Moody, the house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTIETH DAY.

Two speeches were made in the senate on the bill to restrict immigration by an educational test, one for and one against it. Caffrey, of Louisiana, addressed the senate, advocating a bill to increase the tariff on sugars imported from countries in which a bounty on sugars exported is allowed. The Dupont case was discussed for some time and laid aside. The following bills were passed: House bill to settle titles on the Arredondo grant, Fla.; senate bill for monuments to the revolutionary generals, Francis Nash and William Davidson, of North Carolina—$5,000 each. The pension bills on the calendar were then taken up and were passed very expeditiously, to the number of sixty in half an hour. Senate bill granting a pension of $75 a month to the widow of Rear Admiral Walter W. Queen and of $25 a month to the daughter of Maj. Gen. Philip Kearney were passed. After a short executive session the senate at 5:55 adjourned until tomorrow....In the house, Mr. Prince reported from elections committee No. 2 the contested case of Mr. Cheatham, republican, vs. Mr. Woodard, democrat, from the Second district of North Carolina, recommending that the sitting member (Mr. Woodard) retain his seat. The report was agreed to. The house then resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider private pension bills under the special order adopted last week. Fifty-three pension bills were acted upon favorably and reported to the house for passage, among the beneficiaries being the widows of Col. Orlando M. Poe, Gen. John J. Newton, Brig.-Gen. Charles D. Jameson, Brig.-Gen. and ex-Senator George E. Spencer and Robert Smalls of South Carolina, the famous colored pilot and ex-congressman. The river and harbor bill was received from the senate. The house disagreed to the senate amendments and ordered a conference, but afterwards reconsidered this action and the matter went over. The house then adjourned.

United States Cruiser Brooklyn.

The cruiser Brooklyn, or, as she has been more appropriately dubbed the "Greater New York," returned triumphant to her dock Cramp's ship yard Tuesday afternoon. Her journey up the Delaware from Cape's was almost one continuous ovation, every factory along the way saluting the queen of fighting craft as she passed, and flags were dipped repeatedly.

The most conspicuous object about the Brooklyn as she steamed up the river were big numerals "2107" painted in white on each side of the central smoke stack. These figures told to passing craft the story of its successful speed test. The Brooklyn has been designed as a more effective ship than the New York, being longer, heavier and possessed of supposed greater fighting qualities. Although the speed called for is the same, many of those on board are confident that she will, on her official test, accomplish twenty-two knots, or one knot more than the New York.

Scott Jackson Found Guilty.

The jury in the case of Scott Jackson, at Newport, Ky., after being out two hours and thirteen minutes Thursday morning, returned a verdict of guilty, with the death penalty.

Scott Jackson is one of the men charged with the murder of Pearl Bryan, the young woman found dead near Fort Thomas some time early in February, with her head cut off. He has been on trial for nearly four weeks. Alonzo Walling, Jackson's alleged pal, has not yet been tried.

Jackson was unmoved by the verdict. The date of his execution has not yet been fixed.

Mr. Hardtack—Well, what we want is a nightwatchman that'll watch. Alert and on the qui vive for the slightest noise, or indication of burglars. Somebody that can sleep with one eye and both ears open, and not afraid to tackle anything. See? Mose Jackson (tremulously)—I see, boss. I'll send mah wife around."—Judge.

Unique—"She is the most original woman I ever knew." "How is that?" "When she hasn't anything to say she doesn't talk."—Life.

A MOTORMAN'S LIFE.

FULL OF HARDSHIPS, EXPOSURE AND CONSTANT DANGER.

The Great Strain on a Man's Nerves [illegible] Short Time—The Experience of a Well-Known Motorman.

From the Cincinnati (Ohio) Enquirer.

The life of a motorman is not a bed of roses. He is subjected to many hardships, especially in the winter, when he is exposed to the cold and snow. Even in the summer he must bear the intense heat which beats down upon him. Considerable nerve and self possession are necessary in a good motorman, for the lives and limbs of the passengers are in his hands. One of the best known electric motormen in this city is William Frazer, who is at present running a car on the [illegible] line. He is not only well known to his fellow employes but to the people who travel on his car. Mr. Frazer is a young man about twenty-six years of age and resides with his wife and family at [illegible]. About a year ago Mr. Frazer was taken with serious stomach troubles. He ordered several kinds of medicine which were recommended to him, but none of them seemed to give him even temporary benefit. An enthusiastic admirer of the famous remedy known as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People told him to try them. Frazer was almost discouraged, but took the advice. To a reporter of the Enquirer he said:

"I can truthfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are all that is claimed for them. In fact they advertise themselves better than any medicine I ever saw. I was taken some time ago with a bad attack of indigestion. My stomach hurt me nearly all the time and I could not digest my food. The pain was almost unbearable and I found nothing that would give me relief. [illegible] When I bought the first box of Pink Pills I hadn't much confidence in their efficacy because I had tried so many things without success that I was almost discouraged. Before I had taken one box I was decidedly better. Two boxes cured me entirely. While I have been under the weather from other causes my indigestion has never returned. If I ever should I know just what to do. I have so much confidence in the efficacy of Pink Pills that if I ever get to be sick again with any disorder I shall use some of them. It is a pleasure for me to assure you, to testify to the excellent qualities of these Pink Pills. They not only tone the stomach but regulate the bowels and act as a mild cathartic."

Mr. Frazer's testimonial means something. He speaks from personal experience and any one who doubts that he received the benefits stated can easily verify the assertion by calling on Mr. Frazer or seeing him some time while he is on his car.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a [illegible], handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

A Princess Who is a Sixfooter.

The Crown Princess of Denmark is the tallest royal lady in Europe, her height being over 6 feet 2 inches. She is a granddaughter of Mlle. Desiree Clary, who was the first sweetheart of Napoleon Bonaparte. They quarreled, and Mlle. Clary married Bernadotte, who eventually became king of Norway and Sweden. Napoleon always remembered his old sweetheart with affection, and helped her husband out of one or two political snarls for Desiree's sake. The Crown Princess of Denmark is the richest as well as the tallest European princess, she having inherited a fortune of $25,000,000 from her maternal grandfather, Prince Frederick of the Netherlands, in addition to the fortune left her by her father.

A Beautiful Black Diamond.

Henri Moisson recently exhibited at the French Academy of Science a black diamond as large as a man's fist, which is valued at about $40,000. It is said to be the largest black diamond ever found, and was picked up in Brazil by a miner working in private grounds. It weighed 3,000 carats, or about twice as much as the largest stone of the kind hitherto discovered. Within a short time after its discovery, about five months ago, it lost nineteen grammes of its weight, evidently by the evaporation of water contained in it, but this loss has not ceased. Its crystalline form is nearly perfect, resembling that of the artificial diamonds formed by the crystallization of carbon in silver crucibles.—New York Tribune.

Where Comic Valentines Come From.

Fifteen million comic valentines are printed annually by a firm in Brooklyn, who virtually monopolize this peculiar business and give employment to 400 men and women the year round. Most of the caricatures turned out at this plant are drawn by a well-known magazine artist who says that he designs them only when he is out of humor. Instead of venting his anger in words he draws diabolical pictures of the person with whom he is angry, and the more horrible the picture the more fiendishly happy he is. The pretty lace work affairs that hold Cupids and hearts and arrows and carry sunshine into thousands of homes are designed by a woman, who also superintends their construction.

James Russell Lowell's Home.

There is concern in Boston about the future of James Russell Lowell's magnificent old home in Cambridge, at the gateway of Mount Auburn Cemetery. The house is the property of the poet's daughter, but the land adjoining it is in the hands of real estate agents, and the fine estate will soon be cut up into building lots unless the property is rescued.

The old family cat awoke from a nap before the fire and stretched himself in the manner common to cats. Margie looked at him with distended eyes. "My doodness!" she exclaimed; "I dess se tat's doin' t' boil over."—Judge.

"A fellow always feels satisfied with himself after having taken a little game," said the fellow coming out of the restaurant. "Well, it all depends on what kind of game he's been taking in," replied his friend, who had been out at the poker club.—Yonkers Statesman.

Nobody Can Remember.

Miss Willard says it is no longer considered a breach of courtesy to decline a drink in Kentucky. When was the experiment ever tried?—Louisville Commercial.

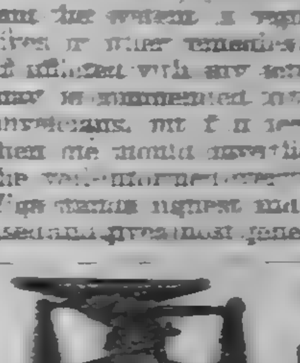
"John," she said, rather sternly, "the coal bin is empty." "Yes," was the disconsolate reply, "it's that way most of the time. It's never of use in an immediate emergency. I'm going to change its name and call it a coal-has-been."—Washington Star.

Hoax—My wife and some of her friends are going to organize a secret society. Joax—Nonsense! The idea of women in a secret society. Hoax—Yes, I misunderstood. They are to meet to tell secrets.—Philadelphia Record.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



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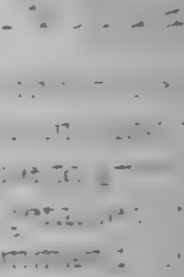

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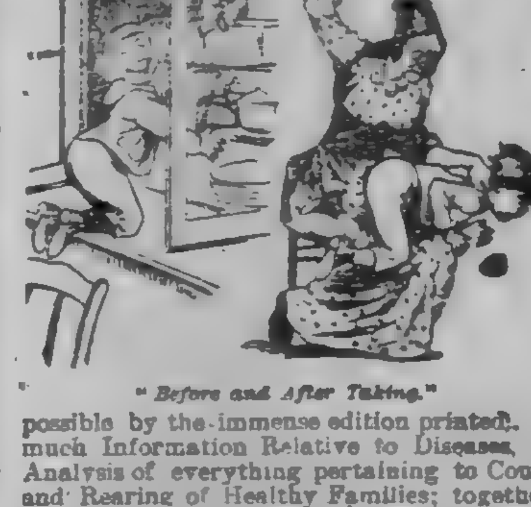

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This is a most Valuable Book for the Household, teaching as it does the easily-distinguished Symptoms of different Diseases, the Causes and Means of Preventing such Diseases, and the Simplest Remedies which will alleviate or cure.

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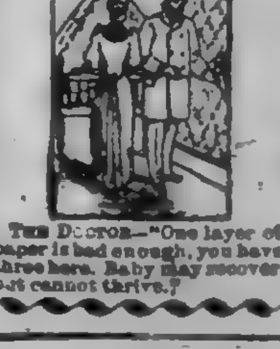

THE DOCTOR—"One layer of paper is bad enough, you have three here. Baby may recover but cannot thrive."

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1896. NO. 31.

JOE CLARK'S LETTER.

M'KINLEYISM MEANS BONDAGE FOR THE PEOPLE.

This Does Not Refer to the Tariff Record of the Ohioan but to His Money Record—Has Been Seduced Already by the Wall Street Crowd.

I was surprised to read that at the late Texas state convention called to elect delegates to the republican convention, to be held at St. Louis in June, 1896, the colored members yelled, shouted, cut, slashed and voted for McKinley and "Sound Money;" McKinley, the goldbug pirate, who would put these same colored men back into the slavery from which they were emancipated thirty-five years ago.

Not only will McKinley place you there, but any goldbug nominated and elected will force you into a bondage worse than that of any coolie slave of China, who works for 10 cents a day. He is already the slave of the goldbugs.

According to the treasury department statistics for the year ending June, 1895, the United States consumed in one year 2,068,755 tons of sugar.

We imported 1,787,755 tons, for which we paid $76,162,836. This sugar cost $42 89-100 per ton, or a fraction over 2 cents per pound.

The United States purchased 281,500 tons, a fraction over a seventh part of our consumption. Excepting from Germany, the sugar imported is all from silver countries. The Hawaiian Islands alone produce nearly as much as the United States. Here is where the vast Sugar King Claus Spreckles gets his work in. Aside from the vast amount produced by himself, he controls the balance. His work is all done with Chinese and Japanese contract labor, paid at the rate of $12 per month in Mexican and trade dollars (and board themselves), which cost him but 40 cents each in gold. His sugar is exported to the United States, duty free. He owns his own ships, he has his own refineries in the United States. * * *

I mean what I say. We have millions of acres of arid lands lying idle to-day, which can be made most productive and, if properly handled, would give employment to thousands of idle, starving people.

China, Japan, Siam, Mexico and many of the silver currency countries are sugar producers. * * *

We can produce our own sugar very easily. We have the soil, the climate and the water to irrigate with. The people will do the work.

We must squelch the goldbugs, who are making other nations more prosperous by robbing us of two hundred million dollars each year by taking it to them. Vote for the bond issue of one hundred million dollars to be used for storing the vast bodies of water which come from our snow-capped mountain states. Give employment to idle men and build reservoirs. The water caught by these reservoirs would soon reclaim 50,000,000 acres of desert land, now lying idle. This land redeemed, happy homes would be found for ten millions of people. This land redeemed could produce enough beet sugar to supply 50,000,000 people. * *

Again, this system of water storage would prevent the destruction of $5,000,000 worth of property in the lower Mississippi valley every year. The hot sun, warm wind and rains resolve the snows of our mountains into water very quickly every spring; the smaller streams are swollen, the larger ones become rivers and these rivers rush into the Mississippi and carry destruction in its course to the sea. If these waters were held back by a system of artificial lakes and reservoirs it could be used on these desert lands. The money expended by the government would soon be returned by a population of tax-paying people, who would occupy the [illegible].

As I have a personal knowledge of this entire western country I will map out what I think is the natural sugar beet belt between the Missouri river and the Pacific coast. The territory includes Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Utah, Arizona, Nevada and California. The country mentioned has an area of 848,949 square miles, an area four times greater than the German empire, which produces 1,350,000 metric tons of beet sugar.

This belt has more square miles than the republic of Mexico. There are millions of acres of arid land, parched by the hot sun, that is perfectly worthless as it is. With sufficient water which can be had from the mountain snows and springs, it can easily be made to produce from 10 to 25 tons of sugar beets to the acre. Not only beets but fruits and vegetables of the finest variety. In Utah the finest fruits and grapes and almonds are raised with but little work to tend the trees and vines. None imported are better.

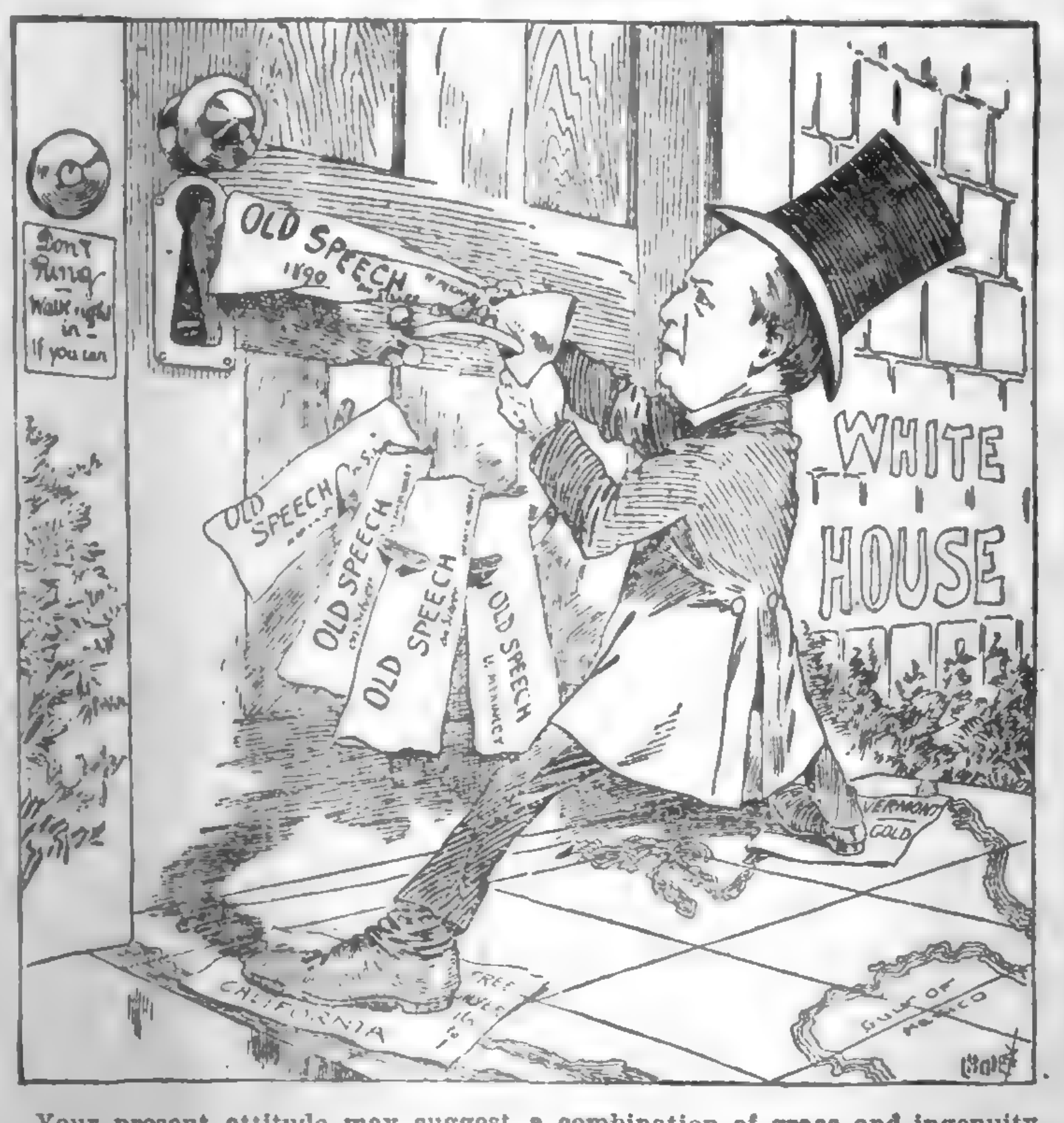
It would be impossible for me to give even a brief idea of the wonderful resources of this magnificent belt's possibilities. In detail it would make a book of one thousand pages. The great mineral wealth and the rich valleys with a proper supply of water would sustain a population greater than that of Mexico. The southern portion is adapted to sugar cane growing, and this, with the beet growth, would produce sufficient sugar to supply the United States. The sugar beet will grow anywhere in the United States. They will grow in the lower valleys of Montana, but as yet no one has tried the experiment of making beet sugar.

The world's production of sugar in 1894 was 6,801,000 metric tons of 2,204 6-10 pounds. Three million eight hundred and forty thousand tons were produced from the sugar beet and 2,960,000 from cane. This shows that beet sugar is taking precedence over cane sugar. * * *

Are we going to lose our independence now and allow the English goldbug bankers to dictate who shall govern our land? Emphatically no! Our votes should be cast for loyal men, who will not betray the trust placed in them.

JOSEPH K. CLARK,
Butte, Montana.

OH, NO WILLIAM!



Your present attitude may suggest a combination of grace and ingenuity, but it's not the combination to work that lock.—National Bimetallist.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

There is something very significant in the fact that Coxey got twenty days in jail up in Washington city for sleeping on the grass, while Miss Flagler only got three hours for killing a little negro boy. Both were sentenced by the same judge. Oh, yes, we have a country where all are equal before the law!!! It ought to make Americans blush.

* * *

A Seattle woman asked to be committed to the insane asylum, saying: "I've got sense enough to know that I haven't any." What a great pity it is that some of the voters in this country haven't got even that much; or, if they have they don't exercise it when they come to voting. The workingmen have been fighting trusts, corporations and combines for years, while they went right along and voted the same ticket that the men did who owned the combines and robbed the workingmen.

* * *

Our readers will perhaps remember that several months ago it was discovered that some rich corporations were robbing the city of Chicago of thousands of dollars worth of water by having tapped the city's water mains. If it had been a poor man that had stolen a piece of meat or a sack of flour he would have gone to jail with little ceremony; but how is it with the aforesaid rich corporation? Why, they have not even been arrested, and probably will not be. Only a few weeks ago they put a man and his wife in jail for kissing, in one of the eastern states, but they were poor and had no "pull" with the authorities.

* * *

"The sentiment in favor of the election of senators by a direct vote of the people has grown very rapidly in the last few months, and a proposition of that kind would probably receive a majority of the popular vote in every state as the case now stands.—Globe-Democrat.

All of which is due to the agitation of that question by the labor organizations and the people's party. All the people's party has got to do is to keep right on in the middle of the road and if the old parties don't do what the Omaha platform demands it will be but a short time before the people's party is large enough to do it itself.

* * *

"Figures gathered by the agricultural department show that the number of the horses in the United States have declined within two years from 16,206,802 to 15,124,057, while their value per head has fallen from $61 to $42. Since 1893 the loss on the value of horses in this country amounts to $492,000,000. As the most of this has been borne by farmers, perhaps they can get even by applying electricity to agricultural work."—Globe-Democrat.

And that is about as near as a plutocratic paper ever comes towards solving an economic question. A loss of $492,000,000 on horses, to the farmers of this country is not so small a thing as to make light of. It means a great deal to the men who are engaged in the most important business there is in this country. It means also, as prices for other things have fallen almost proportionately, that the men who hold the dollars, notes and bonds in this country have been enriched about to the extent of losses which the farmers have borne. But then, most of the farmers voted for it, and they ought not to complain.

* * *

The recent letter of Senator Wolcott advising the republicans in Colorado to stick to the party, silver or no silver, is exactly in line with our predictions all along. Senator Shoup has written a similar letter to the Idaho republicans, and Pettigrew was made to stand up and eat his own threats by the state convention in South Dakota. It all goes to indicate that so far as the bosses are concerned, no difference how much they threaten, when the time comes for them to act they usually curl up on the floor and act the part of the "yaller dog." Of course we can only predict what the rank and file will do. As a rule that element is more independent than the place hunters, although in the past it has been afflicted with the chronic weakness of following the bosses. But among the people is the legitimate place for the people's party to work, and from which it will draw its recruits. This thing of forming large and successful parties by miraculous combination is like investing most of your money in a lottery scheme—usually come out without a prize.

* * *

Now is an excellent opportunity for populists to push their demand for government ownership of railroads. The Pacific railroad companies owe the government over $100,000,000 principal and interest, which is more than the property is worth. The proposition now is to give the company nearly 100 years more in which to pay the debt. If it is paid at all the people will be taxed to do it on the rates fixed by the company. If it was some poor widow woman who owed a dollar or two delinquent taxes the government would take the last pig or chicken she had to collect. Let us insist on closing the mortgage on the Pacific roads and test the practicability of ownership.

* * *

The Grander Age recently contained an excellent article in behalf of the initiative and referendum. We take pleasure in quoting the following extracts:

Said Thos. Jefferson to the old Virginia legislature: "I can see no difference between a single born despot and 173 elected despots. The people are not self-governing unless they can vote upon every law to accept or to reject it as they see fit. The results of the representative scheme of law-enacting we are only too familiar with. The third house—the lobby—sits in every legislature today, in open defiance of the people and in collusion with those whom the people foolishly elect to pass the laws. Who don't know of the corruption, the crime, the profligacy that now exist! ! !"

Every postmaster-general, from James K. Polk's administration down to Benjamin Harrison's, has advocated the government operation of the telegraph; and though thousands have petitioned congress, and though for twenty years past eight out of every ten voters have favored this reform, yet the "corporation lobbies" at Washington have always succeeded in defeating it.

State to the people that though they favor a reform, it will avail them not at all. They are imbecile to enact. Party rules make plain the indictment against party.

Specify by figures how the thing stands.

Call their attention to these cold facts, viz: That of the thirteen million voters in the nation, seven millions are in favor of free coinage of silver, and only six millions oppose it; eight millions in favor of government ownership and operation of the railroads, and only five millions opposed; seven millions in favor of equal suffrage, and only six millions opposed; nine millions in favor of the abolition of national banks as banks of issue, and only four millions opposed. nine millions in favor of a progressive income tax, and only four millions opposed; ten millions in favor of postal savings banks, and only three millions opposed; eleven millions in favor of government ownership and operation of the telegraph, and only two millions opposed, twelve millions in favor of the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, and only one million opposed; twelve-and-a-half millions in favor of peace and arbitration methods for the settlement of international disputes, and only half-a-million opposed, etc.

Is the people's will to mean anything or not? is the vital question of today.

Bring on the Boodle.

The campaign funds this year will be very large and will be generously distributed among the people in about a half a dozen States.—Little Rock Gazette.

Stick to the party, boys, we are going to cut a big watermelon pretty soon.

The above editorial squib was probably published to keep the boys quiet. Some of them are getting restless, and the promise that a big campaign boodle is to be distributed bye and bye, will, it is hoped, make them a little more patient.

Ah, well; poor fellows; that is the only real pay they get for supporting the two old parties.

WATSON'S BLAST.

FREE SILVER HYPOCRISY AND POLITICAL SHAM FIGHTS.

The Free-Silverism of the Two Old Parties a Pitfall and Confidence Game to Catch the Real Supporters of Free Silver.

People's Party Paper: Time and again we have warned out readers that the tremendous noise the free-silver politicians of both the old parties are making is intended mainly to lull the fool people into a state of false security.

"Give us another chance: we are going to do right next time:" —that's the oily plea of the political scoundrels who went to Congress in 1892 pledged to free-silver, and who put the finishing touch to the John Sherman policy of Contraction by closing the mints to silver.

"Just try us once more," says the Atlanta Constitution, "we are going to be honest this time."

Are you indeed? You fooled us with that pretense in 1892; you fed us on the same deception in 1894: and you mean to delude us again.

You will do anything in God's world, except quit the pie-counters of the Democratic party. You howled for free-silver in 1892, and then supported the gold-bugs. You denounced the enemies to free-silver in 1894, and then put your neck to the yoke and helped to pull them into office.

And what you did then, you will do again.

So with the balance of these Democratic free-silverites. They threaten to bolt in order to compel the party to pay them a high price not to bolt.

And they never bolt. There's that blatant person, Tillman of South Carolina. He has been cursing the Democratic party for six years. Keeps the reformers of South Carolina waiting, hoping and believing that this time Tillman is going to bolt. The state of South Carolina is ripe for revolt; has been so for four years; but the reform element does not break away from the Democratic party simply because Ben Tillman does not give the word. He is always just on the edge, but he never leaps.

In 1889 and 1890, Tillman was the Moses of the South Carolina farmers; and was leading them out of the wilderness of Democratic mis-rule. He organized a country ring as against the city ring, got the offices for his own combination, selected the best one for himself,—and there you are! Moses landed in high style in the Canaan of milk and honey, but so far as I can see the children of Israel generally,—(the rag-tag and bob tail)—are pretty much in the same fix they were before Benjamin appeared.

The free-silverism of the two old parties means worse than nothing. It is a pit-fall, a snare, a confidence game. With one accord they howl wrathfully against the gold standard candidates, but with one accord they say, "If my party nominates the gold standard candidate, I'll support him."

What have we to expect from men who have no test of truth and right save the caucus dictation of political bosses?

Not only do we find all the Democratic free-silverites saying that they will support gold standard candidates if nominated, but we find free-silverites aiding the money power in putting gold-bugs into office. Last week we showed how the free silverites of Alabama had surrendered control of the campaign machinery to the gold-bug Democrats.

Does that look like they really care for free-silver? Doesn't it seem as though the free-silver issue is merely the platform to get in on: merely the sham-fight to keep the people fooled?

But there is another piece of evidence to the same effect. It is furnished by that shifter political trimmer, Charles F. Crisp.

This interesting man recently went around over Georgia, with a palmetto fan in his hand, pretending to debate with Hoke Smith in favor of free-silver. Said a good deal against Hoke, but mightly little in favor of free-silver. Caught a sore throat and a heart failure, and meandered back to Washington, on his free pass, to rest and to reflect.

While on his way back from this free silver tour, he took occasion to send into the district of General Catchings of Mississippi, the full force of his recommendation of said Catchings,—who is an ardent gold-bug. The free silverites of Mississippi are after Catchings' scalp, and a free-silver Democrat is making the fight on him; yet Mr. Crisp goes out of his way to express the hope that the free-silver Democrat will be defeated.

In another place will be found a full account of the letters which have been written upon this subject.

Mr. Crisp's attitude toward General Catchings simply proves what we have said all along,—that, at heart he cares nothing for free-silver.

If he really believed what he has been saying in his recent speeches, he could not honorably support a gold-bug against a free-silver Democrat, when the contest between them is for the Democratic nomination.

But while we have no confidence in Mr. Crisp politically, and regard him as a man devoid of political principles, we do not claim that he is the chief of the old party sinners on this silver question. They are all alike,—these old-party politicians. They care nothing for silver itself. It's merely "stock-in-trade" to them. They use it as they would use any other popular sentiment. They mount this wagon as they would mount any other that seemed likely to carry them into office.

After all our experience with these hypocrites, who can be so silly as to heed their pledges again?

Are we forever to go on reposing the same foolish confidence in men and newspapers that deceive us in each campaign?

Can the free-silver Democrats squal any louder now than they did in 1892 Didn't they swear that they'd quit the party if the Democrats didn't give the people open mints?

And when the Democrats gave us closed mints, and out-Shermaned John Sherman in the policy of contraction didn't the last one of these free-silver Democrats say "Oh, well, Cleveland knows more about it than I do"?

Didn't the Atlanta Constitution threaten to kick out, if they didn't coin the seigniorage?

Didn't it swear they would hurt somebody, if the Sherman Law were unconditionally repealed?

Didn't it pledge itself to tear the roof off, if Cleveland issued bonds?

Didn't it hold Turner and Voorhees and Black and Lawson up to public scorn and hatred, calling them "cuckoos," and pouring out the jugs and demi-johns of editorial wrath upon them?

And didn't the same Atlanta Constitution rack right up and support all these "cuckoos" for office again?

And didn't it give in its campaign allegiance to the Democratic patriots who had refused to coin the seigniorage, refused to coin any more silver and who had sanctioned the bond issuing, gold-payment policy of Grover Cleveland?

Yet, listen at its howls,—this same Atlanta Constitution. It raves for free-silver as if it had never helped to drive nails into the coffin thereof. It moans over the dead body of bimetallism as if it had never stuck a knife to its vitals.

Out upon such hypocrisy!

Every speech and every editorial of the old party leaders in favor of free silver simply means this: "Don't quit us, don't go to the Populists."

That's all. There isn't a Republican leader living who believes for one moment that the Republican party will ever take the back track on the policy of contraction. No intelligent Democrat believes that his party will ever re-enact a free-coinage law. The gist of the whole matter is that political necessity requires that they should raise a clamor for silver to keep the voters in heart.

A sham fight must be had to keep the plain people from starting a real battle for the policy of their fathers.

To reach any other conclusion than this, you have got to forget the record of the last four years—a record black as hell with confidence betrayed and trust violated, with vows falsified and treacheries perpetrated, with campaign villainies and legislative crimes.

T. E. W.

Railways in Politics.

A dispatch from Washington, D. C. says:

"It is asserted that the books of the Baltimore & Ohio show that the sum of $3,500,000 has been taken from the treasury of the company and spent for political purposes, and it is proposed to find out who got this money. To do this it is stated that it will be necessary to investigate the matter of the construction of the Philadelphia division of the road, the cost of which has never been made known to the general stockholders, but which has been variously estimated from $12,000,000 to $20,000,000, and it is predicted that when the report of the manner in which the Baltimore & Ohio obtained an entrance into Philadelphia is made known some very prominent politicians of that city will have reason to wish that those who are now directing the affairs of the Baltimore & Ohio had never reached that position."

This is interesting. The main argument against government ownership of railroads is the danger of the railroad power being used in politics. Yet here is one railroad under private ownership spending millions for political purposes—and there are others. Oh, no the railroads have no influence in politics under the present system.

Government Ownership.

Here is a little illustration of the effects of government ownership that is so near home that its practical working can be appreciated and the truthfulness of the statement cannot be denied. It is the annual report of the superintendent of the Dallas city water works, which is as follows:

Receipts — Collections from consumers $66,329 84
From fire hydrant rental and water 23,520 00
Total income..................$88,840 39
Expenditures—
Operating expenses $21,363 15
Interest on bonds 35,000 00
Sinking fund..... 13,220 00—$69,583 1
Net income..................$19,266 2
—Southern Mercury.

Cut This Out.

There are two classes—those who have dollars to sell for products and commodities, including labor, and those who have products and commodities including labor, to sell for dollars. We are unwilling to believe that any one no matter to which class he may belong, is so stupid as not to know that the gold standard more than doubles the wealth, or the opportunities for wealth, of the first class, and that it makes wealth, or even competency, impossible for the second class. There is here an irrepressible conflict. The gold standard takes half the products and labor from those who must buy dollars, and gives it to those who have dollars to sell. How? By making dollars dearer and products, and labor cheaper.—Iowa Plain Dealer.

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REPORTS FROM CERTAIN POINTS.

Average Movement of Merchandise Relatively Active, Collections Fair and Prospects Encouraging, But General Trade is Short of Expectations.

The reactionary tendency in prices, the shrinkage in railroad earnings, the falling off in bank clearings and the fact that the present constitutes the beginning of the between-seasons period, include the more conspicuous features of the general business situation. On the other hand, business failures have fallen off sharply.

The total number of business failures throughout the United States this week shows a marked falling off from the weekly average during the past four months, which is 216, as compared with 265 last week and 206 in the like week of 1895.

The most favorable report comes from Kansas City, where the average movement of merchandise continues relatively quite active; mercantile collections are fair, and the trade prospects were never better. Improvement is also noted on the Pacific coast, due to the weather, which has rendered crop outlook more favorable and stimulated purchases in staple lines. The boot and shoe industry is conspicuously strong in that section, having reacted sufficiently to furnish most factories with orders for some time ahead, thus stimulating quotations for hides, leather and shoes.

The iron and steel industries report a moderate increase in request for raw material, but nothing sufficient to strengthen prices. At the south the most encouraging report comes from Savannah, where excursions have resulted in an increased volume of business. Georgia, South Carolina and the general truck farmers complain that want of rain has injured the crops. Wholesale merchants at Galveston are not pushing business, and report the demand light.

General trade throughout the central west has not met anticipations. Decreases in prices of staples are for wheat flour, wheat, Indian corn, oats, lard, sugar, live hogs, petroleum and foundry pig iron.

Practically unchanged quotations are reported for pork, coffee, cotton and print cloths.

WANTED—Several trustworthy gentlemen or ladies to travel in Alabama for established, reliable house. Salary [illegible] and expenses. Steady position. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Third Floor, Omaha Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Hagaboom's Hard Lines.

Edward Hagaboom, president of the City Savings Bank & Trust company, of Hot Springs, which recently failed with liabilities of nearly $175,000, and whose whereabouts has been a mystery, returned to Hot Springs Saturday and as soon as his presence became known he was besiged by a clamorous crowd of creditors. Depositors in the bank who had lost all their savings in the defunct institution fairly swarmed around Hagaboom's residence, and several stormy interviews between depositors and the president took place. Excitement was very high, and the opinion was freely expressed that violence would be done Hagaboom, but this is hardly probable. Mr. Hogaboom has, since his absence from Hot Springs, been spending his time quietly in a village near Memphis. He says he does not know what condition his affairs are in, but will try to straighten them out.

Progress of Our New Ships.

Chief Constructor Hichborn's latest record of the condition of the ships under construction is very gratifying. The Massachusetts is 99 per cent, and the Oregon 98 per cent. completed, while both have been tried and are substantially ready for commission and for actual service. Close upon them comes our most powerful monitor, the Puritan, which is nineteen-twentieths completed. The Brooklyn, which recently made an excellent builder's trial, and which will probably have her official speed run in July, is four-fifths done. The three gunboats, Nashville, Wilmington and Helena, are nearly four-fifths completed, and the three torpedo boats building at Baltimore about two-fifths. There are other craft of various sorts and sizes building, but the foregoing are the most advanced.

Is There Another Durant?

A horrible tragedy, in many respects similar to the murder said to have been committed by Durant at San Francisco, has been unearthed in Salt Lake city. The victims were two women. Rev. Francis Hermann is accused of the murders. The place of the crimes was the Scandinavian church, 158 Second East street. The partially burned remains of one of the women were found in the furnace of the church. The body of the other is supposed to be concealed in the basin of the church. The preacher has disappeared.

Relief for Storm Victims.

The citizens' relief committee of Dallas, Tex., on Thursday raised nearly $1,300 for the cyclone sufferers at Sherman and other Northern Texas points. An effort will be made to raise $5,000 in cash in Dallas. Liberal donations of clothing and general supplies are being made.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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For Governor
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For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
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First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK.
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

THE State Campaign Committee has made its headquarters in Birmingham, with G. B. Deans, of Shelby, as chairman, and Frank Baltzell, of Montgomery, secretary. An active campaign is being formulated and will be vigorously prosecuted.

WHAT is our Senatorial committee doing, or is it doing anything?

AGAIN we rejoice at the progress the cause of honest elections is making. The committee on elections which has been investigating the contested election case from the ninth district of Alabama has reported in favor of unseating Mr. Underwood who is fraudulently holding the seat and seating Mr. T. H. Aldrich. This gives us four congressmen, W. F. Aldrich from the fourth district, A. T. Goodwyn from the fifth, M. W. Howard from the seventh and T. H. Aldrich from the ninth.

THE Democratic nominee for the governorship, Capt. Joseph F. Johnston, has declined to meet the people's nominee, Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, in joint debate. We hope, however, that joint discussions all over the State will yet be arranged between these two candidates. We know full well that this can only redound to the benefit of our cause and evidently Capt. Johnston knows it as well as we do and consequently declines.

FROM all we can gather, the registration in our county, which closed last Saturday, is considerably greater than it was two years ago. This means that our good citizens are determined to return all our candidates in August with the biggest majorities ever known in Chilton county.

SENATOR Butler speaking in the Senate yesterday predicted there would be a Populist president elected next November.

YESTERDAY a terrible cyclone struck St. Louis and over three hundred people are reported to have lost their lives.

THE news from all directions clearly show how heartily the people all over the State are supporting the ticket.

ORGANIZED Democracy is in the tightest place it has ever got into yet.

CONGRESS is expected to adjourn about June 8.

"IF it were conceivable that a free silver candidate could be nominated at Chicago, it would be inconceivable that he could carry a single Northern state. Strong as party ties are, honest principles and the law of self-protection are stronger. Sound money Democrats would refuse to vote for such a candidate, or to indorse by their votes such a platform, in numbers great enough to swamp the party."

So says the New York World. Such a confession should teach the silver Democrats that they alone cannot carry the country for free silver, but must unite with the Populists.—Silver Knight.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

PARTY machinery is destined this year to be very seriously fractured. There will be at least three strong Presidential tickets in the field. If Mr. McKinley should be nominated at St. Louis, there will certainly be a split at Chicago. The result of that split will be an extreme gold party and an extreme silver party. The Republican phalanx, on the other hand, will not split in the center. It will merely lose a part of its extreme right wing. That is to say, some Eastern business men who call themselves Republicans would rather support a candidate like Carlisle on a gold platform than support McKinley on a compromise plank. On the other hand many of the far Western Republicans, under the lead of Senator Teller and his friends, would rather support a Democratic ticket headed by a man like Governor Boies, of Iowa, on a free silver platform, than support Mr. McKinley or Mr. Allison—not to mention Mr. Reed—on such a platform as the Republicans are likely to adopt at St. Louis. As for the Populists, they are going to wait and see what happens in the Republican and Democratic conventions. It has been for some time very strongly hinted that the free silver forces of all parties may unite upon Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, as their candidate, and persuade him to accept the nomination. It would seem easier, however, to hold the Southern vote with a Western Democrat like Governor Boies as the pro-silver candidate. It is not impossible that the break-up of party machinery may give us four formidable tickets, but it is now practically certain that there will be at least three—From "The Progress of the World," in May Review of Reviews.

We Must Have a Library.

Clanton needs a library for its School. So does every community that has none. It is strange that our country with all its zeal and enormous annual expenditures for public education should not establish at least one library in every county, accessible to the masses of the people. Rome had no public schools but she had public libraries and from those centres of intellectual light there went forth many of her most distinguished sons, whose attainments in letters and science have found no superior, if equal, in modern times. Many of these men, Cicero among numbers, were born of poor and illiterate parents, and but for the presence of libraries their immortal words and deeds would have been lost to mankind.

A public library is a public educator and that of the highest order, and not for one session but for all time to come. There can scarcely be found any community of average population, it matters not how poor and illiterate, that has not in it some youthful genius who would gladly avail himself or herself of its advantages. The world has always presented this anomaly: Rich men's sons squandering time and money at institutions of learning, and poor men's sons thirsting for knowledge with no means of gratifying their aspirations and ambition. Native endowment and a lofty resolve to be something are not confined either to the rich or poor, and we hardly know which is more regretful for a boy who has opportunities to squander them, or for the boy who has no opportunities but capacity and aspirations to back them.

A well selected library centrally located could be a fountain whence this latter class could drink and assimilate the greatest English thought. People are now reading and thinking along every line of science as never before. The whole world seems to have entered upon another creative period. At the pace we are now traveling there is no predicting what will be accomplished within the next half-century. The standard of education everywhere is raised. You may now see in the catalogues of all reputable colleges that a pupil cannot enter the lowest class without having read and without being familiar with a prescribed number of our best English classics. Never was a better advance in education made. Our boys and girls must read—are reading wherever there is a good school—our best English authors. We cannot do this without a library. Shall Clanton lag behind, or meet the issue face to face and make at least a fair beginning?

Through courtesy of Hon. W. F. Aldrich, member of Congress from this District, our school has been furnished with eighteen volumes of the last Census Reports of the United States. These books while indeed a valuable contribution to our library, and one we appreciate very much, are not the books most needed for work in our school and for the youth of this community. We need Encyclopedia, dictionary of Biography, reference books in general and at least five hundred volumes of our best English classics annotated and adapted to our youth. Who will head the subscription with the biggest sum for a library for the University School? These books are to be kept here forever in trust for the people and especially the pupils of our Schol. I am asking nothing for myself, but for you and your children.

E. Y. MCMORRIES.

A STORY was sent out from Indianapolis, Ind., last week in which it was stated that an understanding had been arrived at whereby the Populists of every state in the union would support the candidate of the Chicago convention if nominated on a 16 to 1 platform. There is absolutely no truth in such a statement and Populists should not be deceived thereby. It was evidently started for the purpose of creating dissention in our ranks.

why?

Why wear wool?
To keep *out* cold? No.
To keep *in* heat.

If the body is supplied with plenty of fresh air—oxygen—and proper food, it will generate sufficient warmth to protect you on the coldest day—**Scott's Emulsion** of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is the best warmth-food. Thin people, people with poor blood who are easily shaken by a cold wind take Scott's Emulsion and it makes good blood, improves the appetite, increases flesh, furnishes bodily warmth, and prevents the ill results from colds, coughs, and exposures.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Clanton, Ala., May 23, 1896

Editor BANNER: I wish to say to Mr. "A" that I very much appreciate the honor done me by his suggesting my name for the State Senate and I desire further to say that I am neither a candidate nor an aspirant for the office. At the request of many honest and good men I became a candidate for tax collector. My friends and myself conducted an honest campaign. We did nothing that would reflect discredit upon us, or the People's Party. But alas! we find some people running around on the day of the primary election and even before, telling that I was a morman, an infidel, and that I had whipped a woman etc. While I am defeated I am not beaten. I carried six beats with a handsome majority. Now I say once for all that I never touched a woman in malice in my life, I know nothing of mormanism and I believe the Bible from the first to the last and know more of it, or about it, than all those little fellows put together. Try me.

I shall have an appointment at many places in the county soon and vindicate myself and show the hole where the rat went out. I have never done anything in my life that is disgraceful or that I am ashamed to own to.

In conclusion I will say that language fails me to express my gratefulness to my many friends for their earnest and honest efforts for me in my race for tax collector. I shall ever feel under many obligations to them.

May God bless them and help them to even remain honest and truthful in politics as well as all other things and that they may be crowned with success is the prayer of an humble servant,

J. A. LOGAN.

* * *

Jemison, Ala., May 26, '96.

Editor BANNER: As everything seems to be moving along nicely in our State politics, I will give you a little news up here. Everybody is solid for Goodwyn and the balance of the Populist ticket. Our people have never been more united than they are at present. We are all pulling in the same direction and working to accomplish the same ends and the first Monday in August we will roll up the largest majority for our ticket that any ticket has ever got up here. We had the right to be for whom we pleased before the primary, but since the nominations have been made we are all for the ticket from top to bottom. The disorganized party here was in hopes they could have gotton up some confusion and have our people divided, but all hopes have vanished since they see how solid our people are. Well, they are completely lost, they don't know what to do, they cannot fix up any other plan. A promioent Democrat was heard to say the other day that they (the Democrats) would have to put up with Jim Cooley and the rest of the Populist ticket. But the funniest thing of all is to hear a Democrat talking in favor of inddpendent candidates for office. Aint they a set of consistent fellows? A few years ago if you would name independent to them they would throw up their hands and cry out Republican! But now their old ship is sinking and they are willing to be called anything for the sake of getting office. I heard a man say four years ago there was no difference between an independent and a Republican and he would vote for a Republican in preference. The same man said, the other day, that he was in favor of running independent candidates this time. But wouldn't it be pleasant to hear them asked why, they would draw a long breath or two, and say, to fool the people. We have registered a little over 300 in beat 2 and if the opposition gets up a ticket we only give them about 25. With much hopes of success to the Populist in county and State, I am

A TRUE POPULIST.

South Calera Singing Society.

The singing societies of South Calera, Shiloh, Rock Spring and Shady Grove met in a mass singing at South Calera church Sunday afternoon, May 24, 1896, for the purpose of organizing a singing society which will meet at South Calera every second and fourth Sabbaths for practice in order to be prepared for our annual convention which will convene with Providence class, commencing on Saturday before the 4th Sunday in August, 1896. The following officers were elected: W. F. Armstrong, Pres.; Rev. J. L. Busby, Vice-pres. and J. E. Creel, Sectreas. The following leaders were elected to represent the above named societies with power to appoint five delegates for each class: Rev. J. L. Busby, South Calera; M. T. Busby, Shiloh; W. F. Armstrong, Rock Spring; D. F. Green, Shady Grove. We invite all classes friendly to the Christian Harmony music book to send a leader and five delegates to our annual convention, also to bring at least 75 cents to for printing of minutes.

After organizing, the first lesson was led by Rev. J. L. Busby, second lesson by D. F. Green, third lesson by J. E. Creel, fourth and last lesson led by Rev J. L. Busby.

— J. E. CREEL, Secretary.

Lily Lyrics.

All seemed to have a plasant time during the singing convention at Mulbery.

The singers of Chilton county are invited to attend the "Singers Rally" at Big Springs, Autauga county, the 5th Sunday and Saturday before in May.

The oat crop in this section is good.

Farmers are somewhat behind with their work, some not chopping cotton yet.

Rev. F. M. Woods has changed his appointment at Mulberry, from the 3d to the 4th Sunday and Saturday before.

The string band under the big oak, at Mulberry, entertained quite a number of young people on Saturday of the convention.

Mrs. Amanda Wright paid the last respect to her father, Mr. Jack Bazemore, of Coosa county, last week.

Mr. George Watson, of Louisiana, is here among friends and relatives this week.

CLINT.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Teachers' Institute will be held for white teachers at Clanton on the 19th and 20th days of June 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a. m. Devotional exercise.

9:30 a.m. Can a teacher properly estimate the progress of his pupils without examination? A. B. Harwood, Miss Rosa Thornton.

10 a.m. How should examinations be conducted? W. S. Garner, Miss Jennie Wilson.

10:30 a.m. Vocation of the Teacher. H. L. Hicks, L. B. Pounds

11:30 a.m. How can parents in the country secure good schools? J. E. Creel, Mrs. M. A. Bowdoin.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. What qualifications makes the most valuable teacher? N. B. Comer, Miss Mary Garner.

2:30 p.m. Can Philosophy be successfully taught without apparatuses? J. Alex Moore, R. O. Headley.

3:30 p.m. The evils of negative teaching. J. W. Mims, E. C. Jones

SATURDAY—8:30 a.m. The requitites for successful teaching. J. P. Gore, H. A. Askins.

9:30 a.m. Modes of inspirin pupils to cultivate habits of self reliance. G. L. Speer.

10:30 a.m. How can a teacher best cultivate the morals of his pupils? B. D. Wilson.

11:30 a.m. How many different lessons ought a pupil to recite during the school day? J. M. Massey, W. A. Logan.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. Can a a teacher be to exacting? if so, why and how? H. W. Strock.

2:30 p.m. Ought the dictionary to be used as a text bokk in the school-room? Wm. Askins, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3:30 p.m. Ought teachers to be uniform in methods of teaching? C. C. Slaton, E. Y. McMorries.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks, Ch'm'n program Committee.

The law requires teachers to attend these Institutes, and I earnestly insist that all the teachers be present at this one, as we will have the State Supt. John O. Turner, and Dr. Eldridge, Pres. of the Troy Normal college, who will deliver four lectures on education on Saturday. He will also lecture on Sabbath-school Sunday following.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

* * *

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 84, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

GREEN SEAL STOP THAT SLIPPING GREEN SEAL

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. GREEN SEAL
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

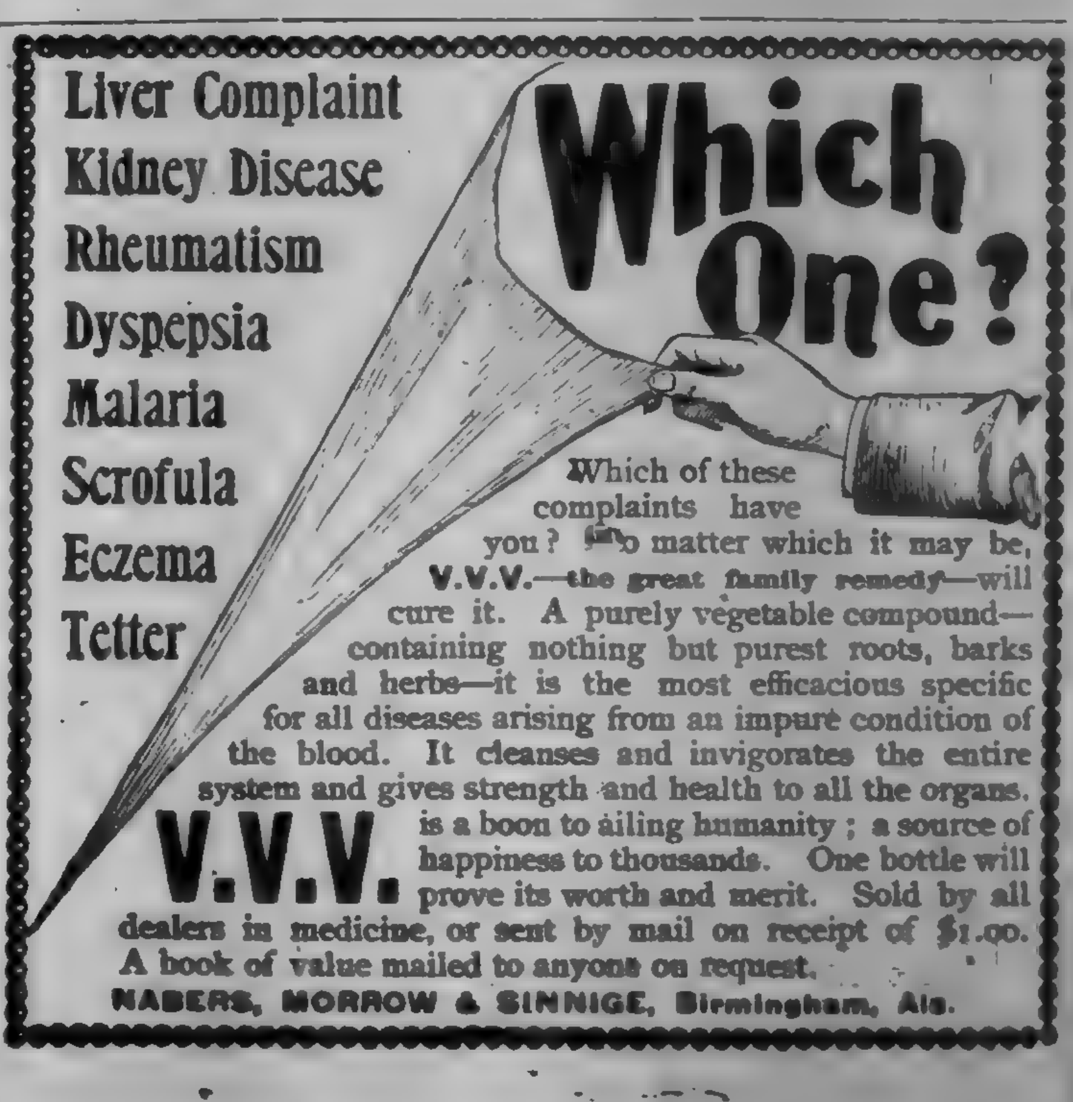
M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. LOWEST PRICES.

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.



Liver Complaint
Kidney Disease
Rheumatism
Dyspepsia
Malaria
Scrofula
Eczema
Tetter

Which One?

Which of these complaints have you? No matter which it may be, V.V.V.—the great family remedy—will cure it. A purely vegetable compound—containing nothing but purest roots, barks and herbs—it is the most efficacious specific for all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood. It cleanses and invigorates the entire system and gives strength and health to all the organs. V.V.V. is a boon to ailing humanity; a source of happiness to thousands. One bottle will prove its worth and merit. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Just received a nice line of Hamilton-Brown fine Spring Shoes.
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. O. A. Duke was shaking hands with his many friends in Clanton yesterday.

The pupils of Mrs. Rainey's music class enjoyed a delightful picnic at Mims' mill pond last Saturday.

Mr. H. O. Gullahorn, of Montgomery, was in Clanton Sunday.

The photographers have folded their tent and taken their departure to fresh fields and pastures new.

Dr. Matthews is building an addition to his residence. Mr. Taylor has the contract.

Postmaster John Garner and Capt. Middleton spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Montgomery attending Federal court in the case of the U. S. vs. R. A. Miller. Mr. Miller was acquitted.

Mr. W. T. Callen, Mr. Ben Teal and Mr. Tom Teal were in Montgomery a couple of days this week attending Federal court.

Sheriff Moore has been spending a few days with relatives at his old home at Plantersville.

Mr. Wm. Armstrong last Saturday brought in a cotton stalk 14 inches high with eight squares on it.

Mrs. A. C. Holt, who has been staying with her mother, Mrs. Evans, for several weeks returned home this morning.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

There arrived at the home of Mr. W. B. Bazemore, Saturday morning, a fine baby boy. He and his mother are doing well.

The contractors are making good progress with the new court house.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Ivane Parr and Miss Julia Ellison.

Colored: Nathan Rush and Hicksey Horvil.

Miss Nye Hunt, after a pleasant visit to Jemison, returned home yesterday evening.

Mr. Glaucus Moore came up from Spiguers Saturday and carried back with him the three prisoners sentenced at circuit court.

Mrs. Stanfield visited her daughter Mrs. Gillispie in Montgomery.

The young people of Clanton and Jemison will have a picnic at Mims mill pond to-morrow.

A reward of $150 is offered by W. I. Mims for the arrest and delivery to the sheriff of Coosa county of Jim Hawkins wanted for the killing of Bud Mims. Jim Hawkins is about twenty years old, about 5 feet 6 inches tall, dark complexion, slightly freckled, small sandy moustache, weighs about 140 lbs.

Mr. Frank Davis, of Lomax, is spending to-day in town.

The many friends of Mrs. Rainey are glad to know that she is able to be out again.

Squire VanDerveer made a flying trip to the Capital City last Saturday.

Mr. J. H. Chandler was called last week to the bedside of his brother, Mr. John Chandler, who is very sick in Newnan, Ga. We are glad to say that he is somewhat better.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00

Jemison.

The L. N. Railroad Company are putting down a new platform at the depot here.

Several of our young people are going to Montevallo to-morrow to attend the commencement exercises at Concord school.

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, of any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

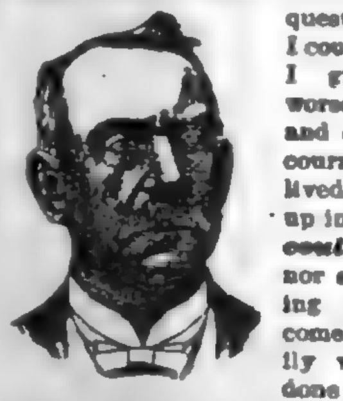
CARTHAGE, Mo., July 21, 189-.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY HAHN.

It Acts Like a Charm.

[illegible], Ala., April 2, 189-.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions: the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *Constantly grows worse.* There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and *Don't know what to take for it,* as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:



"*I had heart disease for 23 years,* my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 200lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Chilton County Musical Convention.

The Chilton county musical convention met at Mulberry church the 16th and 17th inst. It was a very interesting convention. The music was beautiful and inspiring. Among the teachers present were Profs. Durham, Veazey and White. We thank the people for their kindness to us while we were with them. We also tender our thanks to Miss Eila Ruddick, the organist for her splendid performance on the instrument during the session. Sunday at 3 o'clock the convention adjourned to meet with Rockymount class at Rockymount church, two miles east of Jemison, the fourth Sunday and Saturday before in July. Committees appointed for next convention are as follows: On musical education—J. C. Veazey, R. D. Durham, N. A. Logan; On church music—J. E. White, G. W. Patrick, R. L. Grant, J. B. Northcutt; On Sunday-school music—J. L. Moore, D. Davis and Miss Etta Moore.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Sec'y.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife J. K. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama. I will proceed to sell for cash on

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1896,

at the court house door in Clanton in said county, within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of sec. eleven and w½ of ne ¼ of sec. fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South-easterly, also all of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch thence Northwesterly along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.

Clanton, Ala., May 2, 1896.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18047.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
April 17, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 30th, 1896, viz: Louisa Manuel, Homestead Entry, No. 25,460, for the nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 26 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Cotton Han, J. T. Selman, Ben Selman, John Smith, all of Dixie, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

Greatest Discovery of 19th Century. Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE. WILL CURE You. First Inhalation Stops Sneezing, Snuffing, Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

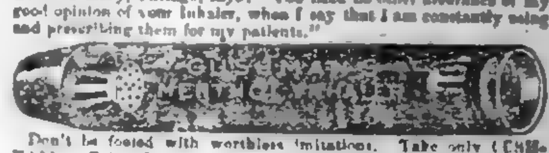
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."



Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

PORTABLE

SODA FOUNTAINS

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

Right in Sight
Sure Saving Shown

We'll send you our General Catalogue and Buyers Guide, if you send us 15 cents in stamps. That pays part postage or expressage, and keeps off idlers.

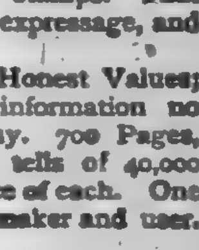
It's a Dictionary of Honest Values; Full of important information no matter where you buy. 700 Pages, 12,000 illustrations: tells of 40,000 articles and right price of each. One profit only between maker and user. Get it

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular



for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 13th day of June, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 21 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 24 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $11.92

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.70.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $39.39.

BEAT NO. 4.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $5.96.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼. sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $8.82

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.87.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.84.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.57.

BEAT NO. 7.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw qr of nw qr and s ½ of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $20.38.

BEAT NO. 8.

N½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $5.96.

Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.70.

W ½ of ne qr of se qr sec 23 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.36.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $6.80.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $3.66.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $5.48.

G W Willis w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 6 tp 23 r 15 tax and costs $6.16.

BEAT 2.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $42.54.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $11.89.

BEAT 3.

Julia Porter n ½ of se qr and se qr of se qr and se qr of sw qr sec 22 tp 22 r 12 tax and costs $5.67.

BEAT 4.

J M Gallaspie part of w ½ of ne qr sec 12 tp 21 r 14; and part of sw qr of se qr and se qr of sw qr sec 1 tp 21 r 14 tax and costs $6.57.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $53.57

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $4.84.

Otto Stoker n ½ of ne qr sec 5 tp 20 r 16; nw qr of nw qr sec 4 tp 20 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 2 tp 20 r 16; se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 3 tp 20 r 16; se qr and ne qr sec 7 tp 20 r 16, w ½ of ne qr sec 8 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of ne qr sec 10 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 32 tp 21 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr sec 33 tp 21 r 16; nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $22.84.

Sigh Thornton se qr of sw qr sec 18 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $3.14.

BEAT 7.

Ephraim Vassor ne qr of sec 28 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $7.51

Robert Maybear sw qr of sw qr sec 21 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $2.55

BEAT 8.

J H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $4.75.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 15th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same, fees and costs.

This 13th day of May, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

HAMILTON BROWN SHOE CO'S

ROSAMOND

THE BEST TAN SHOE MADE

ALL MOTHER AND DAUGHTER FATHER AND SON WEAR THEM

W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

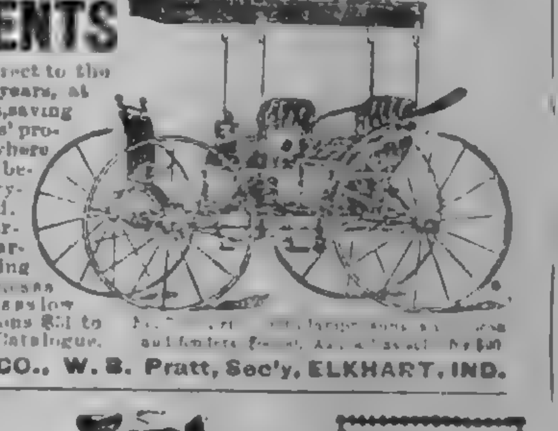
See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN. [illegible]ESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—GLIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY D[illegible].—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET [illegible] [illegible] OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN [illegible] [illegible]—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY [illegible] [illegible] SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—[illegible] BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES [illegible] MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS [illegible] [illegible] CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL [illegible] [illegible] IN DAY & BATH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—[illegible] INDIGESTION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN [illegible] HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—[illegible]NESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—[illegible] WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD [illegible] [illegible] OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—[illegible] [illegible]—PUFFINESS & DARK [illegible] UNDER THE EYES [illegible] [illegible] NOT SICK AND NOT WELL [illegible] PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]BLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE [illegible] LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 1[illegible] styles of Carriages 30 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $[illegible] Spring Wagons $[illegible] to $[illegible] Send for large Catalogue.



No. 16½—Surrey Harness. Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

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Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

P.P.P.
(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by S. W. FRAZERS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me."
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS.
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
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MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD=
POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR
BOOKLET.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Her Ancestors.

A little country boy who had to go to a lady's house on business was put into a room where there were some silhouettes—portraits cut out in black paper—on the mantel-piece. The lady, noticing that the boy was attracted by them, said:

"Little boy do you know that" (pointing to one) "was my father and this was his father?"

At which the child replied, with a look of astonishment:

"Lor, mum! was he a chimney sweep, too!"

He Loved Her Dressmaker.

"Here's a bill from my wife's dressmaker. I hate to pay dressmaking bills, don't you, Larkin?"

"No; I'm very fond of my wife's dressmaker. It's a positive pleasure to pay her bills."

"Good heavens, Larkin! that would not go in my family! Who is your wife's dressmaker?"

"My wife."—Detroit Free Press.

If a man tells you a story he thinks is funny, and you do not laugh at it, he will hate you.

Different Points of View.

Two girl friends met on the street and stopped to shake hands.

"So glad to meet you, Grace," said the tailor-made Alice. "Was just on my way to ask you, as my oldest friend, to be one of my bridesmaids."

"Bridesmaid! How lovely! I did not know you were engaged," replied the fin-de-siecle Grace.

"It's sudden, very sudden; but he's awfully in love, and is just too lovely to live. Will you act?"

"Act? Of course. I'll be charmed. But," moving forward and speaking in an undertone, "do come round the corner and tell me all about it. There comes that idiotic, irrepressible ass, Jim Berton. He's grinning as though he meant to stop, and I don't care to be seen talking to him."

"Jim Berton? He's the man I'm going to marry!"

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

When you want a short prayer in church, don't call on a long-faced man to make it.

From a Prominent Clergyman.

LAKELAND, FLA.

"I was afflicted with eczema, or some kindred skin disease, for more than twenty years, and in addition to prescriptions from a great many prominent physicians I had used everything I knew of, [illegible] advertised as cures for skin diseases, without the slightest benefit. Several months ago one box of TETTERINE was given me, and by its use I have been cured. Three months have passed, and no sign of its return. I shall ever remember the makers of this valuable remedy with gratitude."

REV. A. C. TURNER.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect [illegible] of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

People will the more readily believe in our love when it costs us something to show it.

More diseases are produced by using brown soap than by anything else. Why run such terrible risks when you know that Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is absolutely pure? Your grocer has it or will get it for you. In red wrappers only.

The man who expects to outrun a lie had better start with good shoes on his feet.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—LIZZIE FERREL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of this, weak, impure blood; for if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to everyone, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

SHERIFF KENNEDY ACQUITTED.

A Mexican Veteran's Death—Horrible Accident at Bessemer—Protestant Episcopal Church in Session at Selma—Struck by an Engine. Negroes Going to Africa.

Man Decapitated at Sheffield.

Will McDaniel, an employe of the Cole furnace at Sheffield, Ala., was decapitated Thursday morning by falling in front of a switch engine. His head and one arm were cut off by the engine.

Struck by an Engine.

Saturday afternoon as Mr. Eliza Cartwright, of Greenville, was trying to drive some chickens off the track in front of an approaching passenger train she was struck by the engine and received such injuries as to cause her death in a short time.

An Eye Knocked Out.

E. B. Atkinson, section boss on the Coalburg division of the Southern railroad, was struck by a freight train late Thursday afternoon and had an eye knocked out and was otherwise injured. He was carried to the Charity hospital, Birmingham, where his wounds were dressed by Dr. Copeland.

Protestant Episcopal Church.

The diocesan council of the Protestant Episcopal church is holding its annual session in Selma, Bishops Wilmer and Jackson presiding. Notice has been given of a resolution to permit women to participate and vote in church meetings. The council will hold the next annual session with St. Paul's church, Greensboro, on May 19.

Horrible Accident at Bessemer.

At Bessemer Thursday afternoon John Keller, an employe of the Bessemer pipe works, engaged in the rope making department, was accidentally tripped up and fell among the moving machinery. His head was caught between the cogs of an immense wheel and crushed to a pulp in sight of his fellow workers, who were powerless to rescue him, so quickly did the accident happen. The deceased was the only support of a widowed mother.

A Mexican Veteran's Death.

Gen. John R. Coffey died Thursday morning at his home, near Wannville, Jackson county. He was born in Bedford county, Tenn., about 86 years ago. He served as colonel in the Mexican war and afterwards brigadier-general of the Alabama militia. Mr. Coffey was one of the wealthiest and most influential men of North Alabama. He was stricken with paralysis several years ago and had been confined to his bed for a long time.

Handy for the Children.

John Latham, a 14-year-old lad, was accidentally shot by his brother Angus on Eighteenth street and Fifth avenue, Birmingham, near the Presbyterian church, about 8:30 o'clock Saturday evening. The boys were playing with a parlor rifle, which was accidentally discharged, the ball entering just below the left eye, near the nose. Physicians were called in and probed for the bullet, but did not succeed in locating it and are unable as yet to determine the nature of the wound. At a late hour the boy was reported "resting as well as could be expected."

Encouraging Them to Go.

The first direct news from the colony of negroes from about Selma, which sailed from Savannah for Liberia last March, was received Thursday. It is dated Monrovia, April 6, and states that the colonists are delighted with their new home. Another colony, numbering 400 persons, is being formed, and will leave this fall after the crops are gathered. Others will follow. The white people are encouraging them to go, believing that the thrifty northern farmers will come in and occupy the lands. The negroes are transported from Selma to Liberia for $33 a head, $17 being charged for children. They pay the transportation in monthly installments.

Boy's Skull Badly Crushed.

Hardly had the unfortunate general manager of the Dwight mills been removed to his home and made comfortable on Wednesday after the terrible accident of which he was the victim, when a lad employed at the cotton mill fell from the third story of the building and was fatally injured. The boy, it was said, was sliding down a set of bannisters when he lost his balance and fell headlong to the bottom floor of the building. Life was almost crushed out of the lad. The bleeding and mangled boy was removed to his home and he has been in a comatose condition since. His skull was found to be badly crushed, while he received other internal injuries, and his life has been despaired of.

Little Hope of His Recovery.

H. G. Nicholls, the young man who was hurt at the Dwight cotton factory Wednesday, is still in a precarious condition and there are but little hopes of his recovery at this writing (Thursday). He is conscious and says that he will soon recover.

While but a young man, he has had under his sole direction the construction of the half million dollar cotton mill at Alabama City. By his gentlemanly conduct and amiable manners he has won the warm friendship of many people in Gadsden, and his condition is greatly deplored and watched with great interest.

His friends have telegraphed to New York for an eminent surgeon of that place. It is thought if Mr. Nicholls lives until his arrival his life can be saved. His head is badly crushed and the difficult operation of trepanning will be performed.

Its First Train Unlucky.

The LaFayette railway, the new line now being constructed between Opelika and LaFayette, on Friday began the running of regular schedules between Opelika and Oak Bowery and on one of the first trips met with a serious accident. There is a side track three miles from Opelika and the train for LaFayette left the main line and ran into a flat car on the side track, badly damaging both. The engine left the track and landed about 40 feet from the main line. Several passengers were severely bruised. Mr. Eugene Lowe, the fireman, had to be carried off on a litter, and the engineer, Mr. R. B. Smith, was also seriously injured. The accident was caused by some miscreant throwing the switch. The company has no other engine and no means of getting on the one derailed.

Trial of Robert H. Kennedy.

The trial of Robert H. Kennedy for the killing of Percy Wood and shooting Mardis Wood has been on several days in Montgomery. The evidence shows the theory of the defense to be that the killing was done under temporary insanity, resulting from the destruction of the defendant's domestic peace through the abandoned conduct of his wife in connection with Mardis Wood.

LATER.—The preliminary trial of Sheriff Robert Kennedy, of Dallas county, for shooting the Wood brothers because of Mardis Wood's alleged intimacy with Kennedy's wife, came to a close at 1:50 p. m. Friday.

General Pettus was followed by Captain White for the state, and at the conclusion of the latter's speech Justice Screws discharged Kennedy without bail.

HAVOC OF STORM AND FLOOD.

One Man Drowned—A Woman Dies From Fright.

The rain, which has fallen almost steadily throughout Missouri since last Sunday, was still pouring down Thursday. At Elson, Mo., a tornado and rain storm Tuesday night caused great damage. The Congregational and Methodist churches were reduced to kindling wood, and the Christian church had the spire blown off. Three dwelling houses were totally destroyed. All the telephone and telegraph wires were down, and communication from the outside was entirely cut off. The track of the Lebanon branch of the Missouri Pacific was washed out so that there could be no trains or mail for three or four days. At Elson two women were injured mortally. A young lady was crazed by fright, and three other persons were seriously hurt.

It is estimated that the damage to property in Elson alone is $50,000, and at Chilhowee the same tornado blew down a half dozen dwellings, but fortunately nobody was seriously hurt.

At Versailles the rain fell in torrents, accompanied by high wind. Mr. James Anthony, a well-known citizen, was drowned while attempting to ford a small creek on horseback.

Mrs. J. D. Earhardt, living a few miles east of Versailles, died from fright in the storm.

In the western and southern portions of the state highway bridges are washed away by the floods. Nearly every stream is overflowed, the rain still falling, and the situation alarming. Along the Mississippi river from Burlington to Cairo preparations are being made for the annual rise. At St. Louis the river has reached the 25 foot mark, having risen 5 feet in twenty-four hours. The 30 foot danger line was expected to be reached by Friday.

CAPTURE OF DESPERADO DELK.

Thrilling Adventure—Daring Feat of Farmer McWilliams.

A dispatch from Senoia, Ga., tells of the capture of the desperado, Tom Delk, who is wanted for the murder of Sheriff Gwinn, of Pike county, Georgia. He was sitting out in the woods when T. H. McWilliams, a farmer of that neighborhood, came up and ordered him to throw his rifle down. Delk sprang behind a tree and then commanded McWilliams to throw down his pistol. This McWilliams did. Delk made him give up all his money and then began to deliberate.

McWilliams proposed that they lay in wait for a man who would soon be along with $100. While they were talking McWilliams jumped on Delk. They fought for fifteen minutes.

Delk tried to get his pistol to kill McWilliams. Finally, McWilliams snatched it and clubbed the desperado with it. Then McWilliams marched the prisoner half a mile to his own farm house and had the bell rung for help. When the farm hands came they chained Delk and started for Senoia.

Delk was chained securely to a wagon and started across the country for Atlanta, thirty miles away. They expected to reach there about 3 o'clock Thursday morning.

ANOTHER BAD DISASTER

A Building Falls, Burying a Number of People in the Ruins.

At 9:25 o'clock Thursday morning the Brown building at the corner of Main and Seneca streets which was undergoing extensive alterations and repairs, collapsed with an awful crash, burying a score of people in the ruins.

About 9:30 o'clock the walls of the section of the building on Seneca street collapsed. There was no warning of falling plaster or creaking timbers. The walls fell with a crash taking down the roof, and ceiling with them.

George Metz, 29 years of age, was taken out terribly crushed, and died at the hospital.

Two others were rescued from the debris, alive but severely injured. Three others were discovered on what remains of the second floor, but the rescuers had not been able to reach them at noon. The groans of still others were heard from under the mass of debris. The girl cashier of Steiners' barber shop had not been found.

They Quarreled About Pasturage.

A fatal quarrel occurred Wednesday afternoon two miles west of Sunset, Tex., between S. W. Boon and his son, Joe, on one side, and A. M. Ward and his son on the other, resulting in the instant death of A. M. Ward and the fatal wounding of his son by gunshots. J. W. Boon is also wounded by being shot three times in the head. The Wards are tenants of the farm of Boon, and the difficulty grew out of a disagreement about pasturing some stock.

The Laurada Landed.

News of the Laurada was received from Philadelphia by a member of one of the Cuban clubs in New York city Wednesday. According to the dispatch, a landing was effected without molestation by the Spaniards. All the men and the entire cargo were put ashore.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FIRST DAY.

Several resolutions were offered and referred or laid on the table subject to call. A resolution, heretofore introduced by Mr. Aldrich, republican, of Rhode Island, directing the finance committee to enquire whether American labor and industries are suffering from or are threatened with injurious competition through importations of Oriental products; and, if so, to investigate the causes which have made such competition possible, was taken up and agreed to with an amendment offered by Mr. Mills instructing the committee to report also the labor cost of products by the unit of quantity in both countries. The Delaware senatorial election case was taken up and debated until 5 o'clock, when a vote was taken and Mr. Dupont was declared not entitled to the seat by 31 to 30. The republicans voted solidly for his claim, and democrats and populists solidly against it. The senate then adjourned until tomorrow.... In the house the election contest of Hoge (republican) vs. Otey (democrat) from the Sixth Virginia district, was decided in favor of Otey. The house proceeded to the consideration of pension bills favorably acted on in committee of the whole heretofore, and 101 were passed. Among them were one giving the widow of the late Secretary Gresham a pension of $100 a month, and one allowing $75 a month to the widow of General Thomas Ewing, Jr. An evening session was held, but no quorum appeared and the house adjourned until Monday.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SECOND DAY.

A resolution by Mr. Morgan was laid before the senate and Mr. Morgan addressed the senate. The resolution was agreed to after a slight modification. The following is the text of it: "Resolved, That the committee on foreign relations is directed to enquire and report to the senate what are the rights of the United States under our treaty with Spain as to the trial of our citizens arrested in Cuba and now under condemnation and sentence to death by the Spanish military tribunals, for alleged offenses of a political or other character against the Spanish laws or government and to report on that subject by bill or otherwise." "Section 2. That the secretary of state is directed to send to the senate literal copies of the original text of a protocol or conference and declarations concerning judicial procedure, signed by Caleb Cushing, as minister of the United States and Senor Don Fernando Y Collantes, minister of the king of Spain, on January 12, 1977, as the same was executed and interchanged, both in the English and Spanish languages: and that he will inform the senate whether the established or agreed original text of said proposal is in the English or the Spanish language. "Section 3. That the president of the United States is requested, if it is not incompatible with the public service, to communicate to the senate copies of any correspondence that has taken place between the governments of Spain and the United States, respecting the said protocol and its bearing or effect upon the trial and condemnation of citizens of the United States, who were recently captured on or near the vessel called the competitor, which was seized under Spanish authority in Cuban waters or near to that island." ......The house bill relating to the supply of gas in the District of Columbia was taken up and considered until the hour when, according to previous notice, eulogies on the late Representative Crane, of Texas, were to begin. The usual resolutions were adopted, eulogies were spoken by Messrs. Mills and Chilton, of Texas, and Caffery, of Louisiana, and the senate, as a further mark of respect to the deceased, adjourned until Monday.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-THIRD DAY.

The resolution for the appointment of a select committee to investigate the last year's election in the state of Alabama and to report whether a republican form of government exists in that state, came up in the senate. Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, making a motion that the senate proceed in its consideration. There were only six votes in favor of the motion—two from populists senators, Allen and Peffer of Kansas, and four from republican senators, Chandler, Frye, Gallinger and Morrill. The vote against it numbered 41. House bill to regulate the price of gas in the District of Columbia, was discussed in the senate today for several hours, the question being whether the house bill (fixing the price at $1 per 1,000 feet) or the senate district committee amendment (making the reduction a graduated one from $1.50 down) should be agreed to. The committee amendment prevailed—31 to 14, and the bill as amended was passed. The senate, at 6 p. m., adjourned until tomorrow.... The house passed thirty-five pension bills reported from Friday night's session and, under unanimous consent, the following: Granting a site to the city of Biloxi, Miss., for a charity hospital. Incorporating the society of Collinal Dames. Authorizing the loan or donation of condemned cannon to Grand Army posts. To compel the attendance of witnesses before local land officers. Under suspension of rules bills were passed to expedite the delivery of imported merchandise by allowing the appraisement on the wharf delivery to an express company oro ther bonded carrier of packages valued at not over $500 and not over 100 pounds in weight, imported in American vessels. To allow the bottling of spirits in bonded warehouses. To provide for the registration by the patent office of trade marks on bottles, barrels and other receptacles used in interstate and foreign commerce. Adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FOURTH DAY.

The senate amended the District of Columbia appropriation bill by substituting the usual specific items for the several charitable institutions in lieu of the house provision, which appropriates a sum in bulk to be distributed under contract, and passed the bill as amended. Another senate amendment provides for a joint select committee of three from each house to investigate the charity and reformatory institutions of the District and report, among other things, whether any of the appropriations made for them have been used to aid or maintain any church or denomination.... The house passed the resolution reported by elections committee No. 1 confirming the title of W. C. Owens, democrat, to the seat he occupies as a representative from the Seventh district of Kentucky, which has been contested by George Denny, Jr., republican. It also passed a resolution from the same committee providing for a recount of the ballots cast for congressmen in the Sixteenth Illinois district at the November election, 1894, in the contest of Rinaker vs. Downing, for the seat for that district. The message of President Cleveland vetoing the bill to pension Caroline D. Mowatt was laid before the house and referred to the committee on invalid pensions. The remainder of the session was taken up in argument on the several bills to restrict immigration and the bill to relieve the lake cities, especially, of the burden of Canadian competition, and the house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FIFTH DAY.

A conference report on the river and harbor bill was received in the senate and went over until tomorrow. The fortifications bill was passed. The senate amendments increase appropriations made by the house about $5,000,000. The motion to reconsider the vote by which the senate on March 2 passed the bill to provide for the enlistment of additional men in the navy was carried and the bill went to the calendar. Three senate bills authorizing the construction by the Mobile and Ohio railroad company of bridges across the Warrior, Cahaba and Alabama rivers in Alabama were passed. At 6 p. m. the senate adjourned until tomorrow.... The McCall bill requiring an educational qualification of immigrants was passed by the house, together with the Carlisle bill, intended to protect the lake cities from Canadian competition. Mr. Stone's consular inspection (of immigrants) bill was defeated. President Cleveland's message vetoing the bill to pension Lydia A. Taft was read and referred. She obtained a divorce from Taft fourteen years ago. Taft died five years ago in a soldiers' home. The president sees no merit in her claim to a pension under this showing. At 4:50 the house adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SIXTH DAY.

The conference report on the river and harbor bill, having been sent back to the committee and the item for Brunswick, Ga., harbor reinstated, was agreed to as far as it went and a new conference ordered on the question of the location of a deep sea harbor on the Pacific coast. The conference report on the legislative bill was disagreed to and a new conference ordered. The conference report on the Indian bill went over until tomorrow and that on the sundry civil bill was agreed to. The remainder of the session was taken up in an effort by Mr. Butler, populist, of North Carolina, to get consideration of his bill prohibiting the issue of bonds without the consent of congress, and at 6:35 the senate adjourned until tomorrow.. The house passed over the president's veto the bill granting a pension of $50 a month to Francis E. Hoover, a private of Company I, Sixty-fourth Ohio Volunteers. All the populists and seven democrats voted with the republicans for the bill. Four republicans voted with the democrats against it. The house went into committee of the whole on a bill authorizing a non-partizan committee of twenty-one members to collect information and recommend legislation to meet the problems presented by labor, agriculture and capital. After an agreement to extend the time for discussing the bill until 4 p. m. tomorrow, it went over. A resolution was agreed to directing the printing of 10,000 copies of the immigration bill passed yesterday. At 5:10 the house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY.

The debate on the Butler bond prohibiting bill, and fillibustering measures against its consideration occupied the senate today, except when it gave way for the reception of privileged reports. The conference report on the river and harbor bill was received and agreed to.... A partial conference report on the river and harbor bill was agreed to in the house. The report on the sundry civil was rejected. A report was agreed to fixing the pension voted to Brigadier General Joseph R. West, formerly United States senator from Louisiana, at $75 a month.

MOST TRANSPARENT SCHEMES

Of Swindlers Find Simple Citizens Who Greedily Gobble the Bait.

A slick swindler, claiming to be W. H. Stewart, of Washington, D. C., fleeced some citizens of Morristown, Tenn., Wednesday, including a Southern railway agent, a prominent druggist and a wholesale grocer. He purported to be a government official representing the United States coin repository of Washington. He baited his victims by informing them that the government would shortly call in coins of certain dates and pay a premium on them, stating that all pennies would be redeemed. He possessed a paper, issued monthly, with the desired information as to dates, etc., which he sold for $1. Enough evidence has been secured to send him to the penitentiary. After sticking several citizens to the tune of a few dollars, he left for Newport, where he was arrested. He compromised by returning the money and paying the costs.

Danger Mark Touched.

A climax was reached in the local storm at St. Louis, Mo., at 6 o'clock Thursday night. The clouds that had dropped occasional showers all day centered over the city and a deluge of rain and hail fell. The hail stones were unusually large and considerable damage resulted. The river continued to rise rapidly. At 9 o'clock the water touched the 30 foot mark, a rise of 5 feet since morning, and it was advancing. The government weather service sent out warnings to property owners along the river front and hundreds of men were put to work removing the lumber and other endangered merchandise to places of safety. Every vessel in the harbor had steam up. It seems assured that the destructive flood of former years will be rivalled.

It Exploded Prematurely.

A premature explosion of dynamite, attended with fatal results, occurred at the mines of the Virginia Coal and Iron company, Middlesboro, Ky., Saturday afternoon, in which Joen K. Taggart, the general superintendent of the company, and an employe named Hardin were instantly killed. The superintendent and several workmen of the company were preparing a blast in the mines and had drilled a hole thirty feet deep, in which they placed a charge consisting of nine kegs of powder and a stick of dynamite. They were tamping the earth over the charge when it exploded prematurely. J. A. L. Minor, standing near the scene, was blown fifty yards in the air. George Glaecclack was also injured.

British Steamer Stranded.

The British steamer Glaneyron, perhaps Glenhafron, bound from Fernandina to Rotterdam via Newport News, Va., with phosphate, was stranded on the outer diamond Hatteras shoals at 9 p. m. Friday. The crew were taken off Saturday morning by the life savers and the vessel abandoned in bad condition. It will be a total loss.

He Knew.

Teacher—Now, suppose there were five boys going skating and they had only three pairs of skates; how many boys would have to look on?

Boy—I know; the two that got the worst of the fight.—Harper's Round Table.

Drug Clerk—"How will you have your soda—hot or cold?" Customer—"Guess I'll have it hot; haven't time to wait for it to get cold."—Roxbury Gazette.

For Himself.

"Seen Bill Brown when I was up to town," said the man with the gum boots, setting himself on the salt barrel. "Conductin' a street car."

"I thought Bill was goin' into business fer hisself," said the grocer.

"Wal, I allow he is to some extent but the company ain't got onto it yet."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Not Rare.

Landlady—Do you like your stake rare, Mr. Boarder?

Mr. B.—No rarer than it is, madam.—Detroit Free Press.

The great truth that needs to be taught to every child, impressed upon every youth, and established in every mind is, that the basis of all happiness is loyalty to truth and right.

Newly married people do not go into society much until they are tired of each other.

Gladstone's Pudding.

Shelley once blurted out that pudding was a prejudice, but according to a contemporary, which tells the following exciting story, Mr. Gladstone merely regards the habit of eating it too hot as a prejudice. "One day, not long ago, he was going for a drive into Chester after luncheon. His pudding was very hot, so he went away from the table, changed his clothes, got ready for the drive and came back and finished his pudding, thus saving the minutes during which his pudding cooled!"

What She Said.

"Liz," said Miss Killjordan's [illegible] brother, "do you say 'woods is' or 'woods are?'"

"'Woods are,' of course," [illegible] swered. "Why?"

"'Cause Mr. Woods are [illegible] parlor waitin' to see you."—[illegible]

Spratts—"Miss Elder is [illegible] than I thought." [illegible] ble!" Spratts—"Well, I [illegible] she had read Æsop's [illegible] said she read [illegible] came out."—[illegible]

"Your dau[illegible] many [illegible] nearly all [illegible] rods with [illegible] Chicago [illegible]

Should a [illegible] a man who gives him a [illegible]

The Blue and the Gray.

Both men and women are apt to feel a little blue, when the gray hairs begin to show. It's a very natural feeling. In the normal condition of things gray hairs belong to advanced age. They have no business whitening the head of man or woman, who has not begun to go down the slope of life. As a matter of fact, the hair turns gray regardless of age, or of life's seasons; sometimes it is whitened by sickness, but more often from lack of care. When the hair fades or turns gray there's no need to resort to hair dyes. The normal color of the hair is restored and retained by the use of

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Ayer's Curebook, "a story of cures told by the cured," 100 pages, free. [illegible] Ayer Co., [illegible]

START THE GIRL RIGHT.

When the girl comes to be a woman—look out. If she starts out in vigorous, womanly health then it is pretty safe to say she will be a healthy, attractive, beautiful woman.

The beginning of womanhood is the real crisis in a woman's life. Nearly always something is wrong then in the distinctly feminine organs. Maybe it isn't very serious—no matter—the time to stop disease is when it starts.

McELREE'S
WINE OF CARDUI

will bring girls safely through the crisis. Taken at the first indication of weakness, it never fails. It regulates the monthly periods with perfect precision. Its action is direct upon the feminine organs that above all others, ought to be strong and well.

Start the girl right. Don't expose her to the dangers and tortures of dragging weakness, bearing down pains, nervous prostration and the debilitating drains so common to women.

McElree's Wine of Cardui, is a home treatment. It does away entirely with abhorrent "local examinations."

Sold at $1.00 a Bottle by Dealers in Medicine.

Second Hand
TUERK WATER MOTOR
For Sale.

Large size, cost $400, in use four months.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

Apply at once to
Atlanta Newspaper Union,
ATLANTA, GA.

A quarter spent in HIRES Rootbeer does you dollars' worth of good.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 22. 1896.

RIPANS TABULES

A physician in a New York town, not far from Albany, writes September 24th, 1895: "I had a case recently that will be of interest to you. An old gentleman had suffered from flatulence, due to indigestion; had been so annoyed by it that he had consulted all the doctors in the vicinity without securing any benefit. Finally he came to my office. I prescribed several remedies which [illegible]. I then prescribed Ripans Tabules, which he reported gave him immediate relief, and he is now nearly cured. I think it would be an excellent thing for you to make a strong feature of 'flatulence' in your advertisements, as I find them excellent in almost every case of that sort."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail [illegible], New York.

"Blight"

costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

"Kainit"

will prevent that dreaded plant disease.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars [illegible] the results of latest experiments [illegible] farmer should have a copy [illegible] sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

Manufacturers of
Engines,
Boilers,
Mining
Machinery,
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—AND—
Pulleys.

MILL AND MINING SUPPLIES.
OLD MACHINERY REPAIRED.
Write for Prices. Address,
Hardie-Tynes Foundry and Machine Co.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

In writing please mention this paper.

"Contains More Flesh Forming Matter Than Beef."

That is what an eminent physician says of good cocoa. The Cocoa made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., is the best.

See that Imitations are not palmed off on you.

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1896. NO. 32.

BANKER AND FARMER

E. GERRY BROWN MAKES A SPLENDID ILLUSTRATION.

How a Rustic Old Hayseed Put a National Banker in a Hole—Farmers All Understand the Great Money Question, and Will Vote Accordingly.

"Mr. Banker," said a farmer, "will you answer me some questions?"

"Certainly I will," answered the banker. "We have a league in New York whose mission it is to reward or pay editors to print our ideas on 'sound money;' but go ahead with your questions."

"What is a national banknote, for which we sell our labor?" asked the farmer.

"A national bank-note is a promise of a national bank to pay the amount named on the face of the note," answered the banker.

"Pay what—gold?" asked the farmer.

"Oh, no; lawful money," answered the banker.

"That gives you an option of paying it in silver. Do you pay out silver?" asked the farmer.

"Mostly silver, silver certificates, notes of other banks, etc.," answered the banker.

"But, Mr. Banker, if you have the option and pay it in silver, why do you claim that, if the government has the option it should pay in gold?" asked the farmer.

"Because we are on a gold basis; and if government paid out silver, confidence would be affected, and gold would go to a premium," said the banker.

"Then, if we are on a gold basis," said the farmer, "why don't you pay your notes in gold?"

"Because," answered the banker, "the law gives me the privilege of paying lawful money and we educate the people who want gold to demand gold of the government for that lawful money, and that relieves the banks of the burden of providing the gold for the gold basis."

"Then, what we get for our labor is a paper promise of a bank?" asked the farmer.

"Oh, but it is good—good all over the country," said the banker.

"What makes it good," asked a laborer.

"It is secured by United States bonds," said the banker. "For every $900 we issue in our bank notes, we deposit a $1,000 bond in Washington. The law furnishes us with $900 in bank-notes for every thousand dollar bond there deposited."

"And the bond is the property of the bank and the government is responsible for its safe-keeping, and its return to you," asked the farmer.

"Yes," answered the banker.

"You buy a bond with $1,000, and then get $900, that is good currency as that which you gave for the bond?"

"Ye-yes," hesitated the banker.

"What is a bond?" asked the farmer.

"A bond—a United States bond?" asked the banker. "Why, every one knows what a United States bond is. It is a promise of all the people that the holder of the bond shall receive interest until the bond is matured, and the principal named in the bond at maturity."

"Then you draw interest on the bond?" asked the laborer.

"Yes," said the banker.

"And," continued the farmer, "you get back $900 out of the $1,000 you paid for the bond. Then isn't it true that you are drawing interest on the full bond, when, in reality, all that you have loaned the people is ten per cent of that bond?"

"That's not the way we state it," said the banker.

"No," interjected the editor, "you don't state it in that way, but it is an exact statement of the privilege you enjoy at the expense of the wealth-producers, the bread-winners, the widows and orphans included. Tell him also that you are exempt from paying interest on the bond or the notes."

"I haven't finished asking questions," said the farmer.

"Go on," said the banker, with a "tired" look at the editor.

"I want to ask how you get your bank-notes into circulation?" continued the farmer.

"We discount notes; that is, for instance, a retailer who buys goods and hasn't the money to pay for them gives his note, his promise to pay at a certain date. The manufacturer who sells him the goods indorses the note—writes his name on the back of it—and then he brings it to our bank. We deduct the interest—discount it, and take the discount in advance—and the balance we loan him, and enter it on the deposit-book of the one for whom we discount it. When he draws a check we can give him in payment our bank notes."

"Then," questioned the farmer, "you draw interest on the bond at Washington and interest on the notes of your bank; isn't it double interest for part of your money?"

"Well, we don't state it that way," slowly answered the banker.

"No," remarked the editor, "it is not stated that way; they are too busy educating the people on honest money."

"It appears to me," remarked the farmer, "that bank-notes are a promise to pay on which the bank draws interest. The retailer pays interest on what he owes, and the bank receives interest on what it owes."

"That's it," chuckled the editor. "The bank is living on the interest of what it owes, and growing rich at the expense of the people who vote for the gold-basis that gives the bank this special privilege. This enables the banks to educate you up to a gold basis at your expense. They have the 'special privilege' of furnishing you with 'sound money.' There's so much wind in it that can make it sound like a bass-drum."

"Special privilege," exclaimed the banker, "why, any five men can take advantage of the National Banking Act. It's no special privilege."

"Of course they can," replied the editor; "and I wonder that there are so many tramps doing nothing, when they could have such an easy job, if, in 'blocks of five,' they should associate themselves and organize a bank. All they need is $5,000 or $100,000 capital. Certainly every American citizen has the chance to run a bank. It is good business. For instance: The Chemical National Bank of New York, capital $300,000. Surplus, seven million. Par value of stock, $100; market value, forty-three hundred—forty-three times as much as its par. No note circulation. Deposits thirty million, and its profit is from the credit based on about one-quarter this sum. In addition to the seven million profit represented by the surplus, its dividends have been one hundred and fifty per cent per annum and in addition to that one hundred per cent is carried to surplus. 'Our business comes from confidence,' said the president in his testimony."

"Dear me," said the minister, "I have listened to all this about a national bank and the money power and the system doesn't appear to be just right. It is a debt based on a debt; and we are doing business on the basis of our debts. To have money we must keep in debt, and pay interest on the debt forever, that we may have the evidence of a debt with which to exchange wealth. It is interest on a dollar, and another interest on something not earned, which is based on that dollar and called national bank credit. Why, a dollar printed on every fifty cents' worth of silver, seems to me, is a better dollar than a promise to pay a dollar which has only twenty cents guaranty in its possession that we shall finally promise, if we get anything. More promises to pay than there is money to redeem the promises! Dear me! The president of our national bank has donated the chapel in which I try to lead men to fear God; but I fear that the money-changers have so burdened them with supporting themselves and the banking system, that they do not come to church so often as they might if they were emancipated from this bondage. Man's body is God's temple, and the money-changers must be driven out. I must have a sermon on this."

"You'll get fired if you do," whispered a rude voice in the rear of the room; but the minister did not hear it.

These figures are from the testimony of the president of the bank to a congressional committee, 1894.

E. GERRY BROWN.

Every Man's Portion.

Every man who labors is entitled to enjoy the fruits thereof, and if he does not, there is something wrong in our economic system. A man who labors, earns an abundance of good things, and, if he does not enjoy them, some other person does. Under proper conditions every laboring man should have:

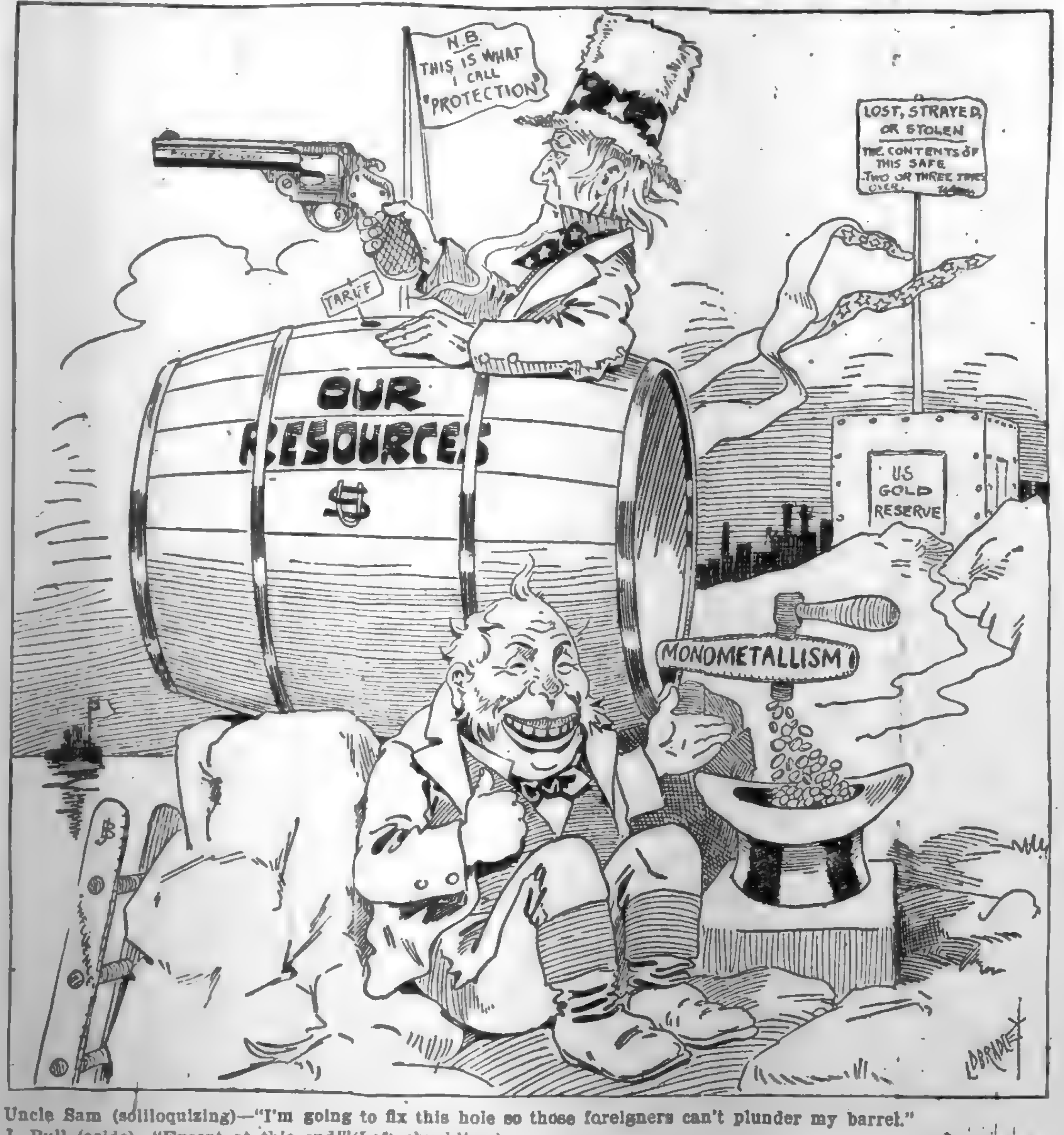
"Corn in the corn crib,
Chickens in the yard,
Meat in the smoke house,
And a tub full of lard.

"Milk in the dairy,
Butter by the load,
Coffee in the box
And sugar in the gourd.

"Cream in the pitcher,
Honey in the mug,
Cider in the demijohn,
And liquor in the jug."

The only road that leads to this condition of plenty is through a change in the conditions, and a change can only come by a change of national policy. Vote for a change!—Southern Mercury.

"SAVING AT THE BUNG AND WASTING AT THE SPIGOT."


N.B. THIS IS WHAT I CALL "PROTECTION"
LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN THE CONTENTS OF THIS SAFE TWO OR THREE TIMES OVER.
TARIFF
OUR RESOURCES
$
US GOLD RESERVE
MONOMETALLISM
BRADLEY

Uncle Sam (soliloquizing)—"I'm going to fix this hole so those foreigners can't plunder my barrel."
J. Bull (aside)—"Except at this end!" (Left chuckling.)

POWER OF WEALTH.

HOW IT IS CRUELLY ENSLAVING THE RACE.

But the Parent, Competition, Will Be Overthrown to Make Room for a Co-operative Commonweath—Plutocracy Is on Its Last Legs.

A feature of the New York World of Sunday, April 26, was a page devoted to a symposium by nine prominent economic agitators giving their views of the nation's ills, presenting at the head of the page pictures in group of the writers. Senator Stewart wrote about free silver and the goldbugs; Mrs. Mary E. Lease advocated populism; Dennis Kearney, of "sand-lot fame," played upon the old anti-Chinese string; Jacob S. Coxey talked good roads and non-interest-bearing bonds; Lucien Sanial, socialism; Samuel Gompers, trades unionism; Senator Peffer, more populism; "Coin" Harvey, more silver. The following broad survey of the industrial problem is from the pen of Eugene V. Debs:

In answer to your interrogatory as to what I consider to be "the greatest evil of the time, and what is the remedy for the complaints of the discontented masses," I have to say that I agree entirely with Senator Tillman in his terrific indictment of the money power in the Sunday World of March 1, and in declaring that power to be the monumental evil of this age, in which all others have their source and compared to which all others dwarf to insignificance. The widespread poverty, misery, wretchedness, squalor, degradation, vice and crime in all their multifarious forms, not omitting the venality, corruption and rascality among what a perverted civilization is pleased to call the "upper classes," are directly or indirectly traceable to this money power. This power, the outgrowth of aggregated and centralized wealth extorted from the producing masses by processes no less reprehensible than those employed by Captain Kidd, Jesse James and "Bill" Dalton on an incomparably small scale, makes congress and legislatures, dictates national and state legislation, appoints federal and state judges, nominates and elects the president of the United States and compels all its spineless vassals to do its bidding.

This money power has reduced the high office of the president to a marketable commodity, the supreme court to a nest of venality and the United States congress to a den of treason. Only a few days ago Prof. George D. Herron, the eminent Christian scholar, declared that Christ had no more reason to scourge the money-changers from the temple at Jerusalem that the American people have to clean out the United States senate. This money power, omnipotent and omnipresent, has even entered the church of Christ, touched the robed minister at the altar, blotched his soul and frozen his heart and sent him forth a traitor to his consecrated vows. This power grows more and more arrogant and despotic as it plunders, crushes and enslaves the people, while it builds its fortifications of the bones of its victims and its palaces out of its piracies, until purple and fine linen on the one side and rags and wretchedness upon the other side define social conditions as mountain ranges or rivers define the boundaries of nations—palaces on the hills, with music and dancing and the luxuries of all climes—huts in the valleys, dark and dismal, where the victim's of "man's inhumanity to man" crouch and shiver, and where the only music is the dolorous "song of the shirt" and the luxurious rags and crusts. This money power, this insatiate, remorseless, abnormal development of a barbarous civilization, has polluted every fountain and stream designed to bless the world.

Senator Tillman seems to believe that the money power can be dislodged, and that the vices, crimes and iniquities which it has spawned can be remedied by a change in our monetary system. In this I do not agree with him. His remedy is, in my opinion, totally inadequate. It is a vastly larger question and involves infinitely more than a change in our system of finance, radical and sweeping as they may be. It is a question of industrial revolution and social regeneration. The whole capitalistic system, which has its foundation in wage-slavery, must be destroyed root and branch. The competitive principle as applied to production and distribution must give way to the co-operative principle. The one fosters greed, avarice, cunning, cupidity, selfishness, brutality and the whole brood of vices that make men monsters and fill the world with agony and woe. The other engenders love, kindness, sympathy, mutual help; in a word, the brotherhood of man, with which earth is transformed into paradise, and the sons of God may again shout for joy.

The basic political reform is, in my opinion, embodied in direct legislation, proportional representation and the imperative mandate, and social industrial regeneration will come through the inauguration of the co-operative commonwealth.

The evolutionary processes are in operation, and the change will come as certain as the stars shine, either on peace lines or through the fiercest revolution that ever shocked the world.

The Vanderbilt Castle.

The work on George W. Vanderbilt's estate near Asheville, N. C., on which he has erected a mansion that breaks all records for residence in this country, is reported to be nearly finished. It will be known as Biltmore castle.

The estate consists of thirty thousand acres of land; which might be made into thirty-four pieces of land as large as Central Park, New York. Each member of Mr. Vanderbilt's family might, therefore, have all to himself a private playground several times as large as all the breathing spots set aside for a million and a half of New Yorkers.

The mansion stands on a spot once occupied by a mountain peak. Mr Vanderbilt had the peak cut off and carted away. In order to expedite the construction of his castle a plant was put up that turned out 60,000 bricks and 2,000 flowerpots a day, the latter to be used in a seventy-five-acre plot set aside for greenhouses and flower garden.

A railroad was built between Biltmore station and the castle for the transfer of materials, and this line will be torn up when the work is done.

There is a deer park of 3,000 acres and extensive trout ponds.

The entire enterprise, it is estimated, will cost Vanderbilt about $5,000,000.—Chicago Express.

Happy Rogues.

Willey—"I tell you it's better in the end to be honest. Did you ever know a rogue who wasn't unhappy?" Shalley—"No; but then one would hardly expect a rogue to be happy when he is known. It's the rogues who are not known who are happy."—Woonsocket (R. I.) Reporter.

"Cheap money" is the proper name for an honest money, but "sound money" is a misnomer for what the gold bugs want.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

CAR WHEEL WORKS MOVED.

Freak of Electricity—Death by Lightning—A Boy's Fatal Fall. New Trustee's Elected—Two Boys and a Pistol, the Usual Result. A Prosperous Industry.

Tennessee River Traffic.

The steamboat Luke Pryor, Jr., brought to the Decatur wharf last Tuesday 1,800 bushels of corn.

Supreme Court—Recess.

The supreme court of the state, which has been in session in Montgomery, took a recess on Thursday night until June 8th.

Car Wheel Works Moved.

The Decatur Car Wheel works have been removed from New Decatur to Birmingham. These works pay out several thousand dollars monthly.

Freak of Electricity.

Near Choccolocco last Wednesday lightning struck a fence post, ran down to a wire and then along the wire for over 2,000 yards, splitting the posts as it went.

Residence Burned.

A residence on Military avenue, Florence, belonging to Miss Wesson, was struck by lightning and burned up. Many trees were shattered and the growing crops were damaged by the wind and water.

Prosperous Industry.

The Elliot Car company, of Gadsden has orders on hand sufficient to keep their force employed the balance of the year. The company has recently received an order for 400 fruit cars for the Florida Coast Line railroad.

Heavy Electric Storm.

The heaviest storm of the year swept over the vicinity of Florence Tuesday afternoon, doing considerable damage and causing much terror. A high wind accompanied the storm, and the electrical display was grand and terrifying.

Inspector-General Wyly.

Hon. A. A. Wyly, of Montgomery, has been appointed inspector-general on Governor Oates' staff, vice Peyton B. Bibb, resigned. Colonel Bibb removed from the state some months ago to accept the government dockmastership at Port Royal.

New Trustees Elected.

Col. S. H. Dent, of Eufaula, and John F. Proctor, of Scottsboro, were on Tuesday elected members of the board of trustees of the State Normal college. Colonel Dent succeeds Judge Carmichael, resigned, and Mr. Proctor succeeds Judge Francisco Rice, deceased, of Huntsville.

A Boy's Fatal Fall.

News comes from Dorrah, in Pickens county, of a fatal accident to Young Wheat, a 14-year-old boy, son of Joe Wheat. The boy had gone to mill and while waiting his turn climbed a mulberry tree to secure some of its fruit. While passing from one limb to another his foot slipped and he fell to the ground, breaking his neck by the fall.

Two Negroes Have a Row.

At the Herculese Pipe works, Anniston, Wednesday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock John Little and Tom Morrison, two negroes, had a row over some shop work and Tom hit John on the arm and over the head with a piece of iron. The blow on the head knocked Little unconscious and he is still in a dangerous condition. His assailant skipped out, but will probably be arrested.

Cumberland Presbyterians.

The sixty-sixth annual session of the Cumberland Presbyterian assembly, held in Birmingham, adjourned at 12 o'clock Friday, after a most interesting session. Several important matters were passed over until the next assembly for the want of time. A resolution was adopted extending the time of future assemblies, if necessary.

The Negro Fought Vigorously.

Sheriff Knight and a Mr. Barron in attempting to arrest Mose Salter, an unruly negro, near Luverne Wednesday, met with something unlooked for. The negro fought vigorously and finally broke away and made his escape, but not until Barron had emptied the contents of his shotgun in his back. Signs left by the negro indicate that he is seriously wounded, but at this writing he has not been apprehended.

Tuskegee N. and I. Institute.

The fifteenth annual commencement of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial institute occurred Thursday. Governor Oates attended the inaugural exercises and was the guest of the school. He made an extended address Thursday afternoon to an audience of over 5,000 people, which completely filled the great pavilion, while many listened from the outside. Five students, and George W. Lovejoy, of Mobile, a representative of the alumni, spoke. The annual address was by John J. Daney, of North Carolina. Fifty-eight graduated today.

A Monster's Crime.

A tragic story was told at Florence by parties from Stout, in the north western part of the county. The report is that Sam Crawford, a white man, met a little girl in the road, and, after enticing her into the woods on the plea of hunting flowers, assaulted her. He immediately left, crossing the county to Gravelly Springs and going west from there. He is being followed by a posse, but is thought to be far in advance. The child is a daughter of Mr. Saddlefelt, a German farmer. Crawford, her assailant, is a hunchback and a worthless character.

Sequel of the Pistol Accident.

James Hamner, the young man who was accidentally shot by Scott Morrison in Birmingham on Friday, died about 8 o'clock Saturday morning at Drs. Wilson & Brown's infirmary.

Hamner made a statement prior to his death in which he said the shot was accidental.

Scott Morrison, who gave himself up immediately after the shooting and was placed in the city jail, was carried before Judge Feagin of the inferior court Saturday morning, but no charge was preferred against him and he was discharged.

There Will Be No Strike.

There will be no strike among the 10,000 coal miners in the Birmingham district July 1, the date of the expiration of the present wage contract with mine operators. Friday the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company signed a new contract to run for one year from July 1, with its 5,000 miners, whereby the men are to be paid 40 cents per ton for coal mining when pig iron is selling for $8.50 per ton or less, and an advance of 2½ cents per ton in wages for every rise of 50 cents per ton in the price of iron above $8.50. The mine operators in the district are guided by the Tennessee company's action, and will immediately make similar contracts with their miners. The new scale gives an advance of 2½ cents per ton above the present contract basis.

Several College Commencements.

Governor Oates has his hands full of state institutions' commencements, and will spend the larger part of the next two weeks attending trustee meetings and listening to commencement addresses. On Monday the trustees of the Colored Normal School and Industrial institute at Tuskegee met in Montgomery. On Wednesday the exercises of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind institute at Talladega will commence. On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of the following week the commencement exercises of the Agricultural and Mechanical college at Auburn will be held, and the following Monday the University commencement will open. The governor's presence on all of these occasions is required and the chief executive will have a busy but a very agreeable fortnight's work.

Under Strong Suspicion.

A negro by the name of Brisk Smith has been jailed at Rockford charged with attempting to poison Georgia Shelton, colored, who is cooking for Mrs. Thomas in Nixburg beat, eight miles east of Rockford. It seems that the negro boy and this girl had been lovers, but had had a falling out some way and she refused to let him visit her any more, and the boy had decided to kill her by putting Rough on Rats in the water bucket. The cook used some of the water in cooking breakfast and made coffee from it, and when Mrs. Thomas and family had eaten breakfast all who drank coffee became very sick and an investigation was begun, resulting in the finding of the poison in the water bucket. Fortunately it did not result seriously with any of them. The negro denies his guilt, but circumstantial evidence is very strong.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

The boiler in the new saw and planing mill of the Jordan Lumber company in Mobile exploded a few minutes after noon Saturday, demolishing the boiler house and injuring more or less seriously all the six employes of the mill and two women who were there with dinner for two of the men.

One of the women, Minerva Williams, died from the effects of her injuries shortly after being removed to her home, while the fireman, Henry Williams, who was working in the place of the regular fireman, is at the city hospital, scalded and injured fatally, and will die.

No cause for the explosion is assigned, but it is thought that when the fireman closed down the engine for dinner he had too much fire under the boiler. The greater part of the exploded boiler went into the river, about 100 feet distant.

Death by Lightning.

Thomas L. Hutchinson, of Anniston, a Western Union telegraph lineman, while putting in an instrument at Seddon, was struck and instantly killed by lightning Tuesday afternoon shortly after 1 o'clock. He had arranged two wires coming down over head and was working with a ground wire which he had in his hands, and when he leaned over, accidentally touched his temples with the wires hanging from over head and thus forming a circuit, the fatal bolt came. A blackened spot on Hutchinson's temple was the only mark of disfigurement. Two other men were in the room at the time, but neither was injured. The lightning came from a small cloud which had gathered almost unnoticed. In Anniston, Tuesday afternoon fire from lightning also did considerable damage. Two cottages in Rutledge, a suburb, one of which was struck, were destroyed by the flames. The Georgia Pacific passenger depot was also struck and set on fire, but the flames were extinguished before much damage was done. Several trees and telephone poles were also struck, but no one was injured.

Shot by an Assassin.

Near Mayo, LaFayette county, Florida, Friday night Mr. and Mrs. G. B Dixon were fired upon while sitting on their front porch. Mrs. Dixon was shot through both thighs and may die. Dixon was only slightly wounded. Daniel Dixon and James Sparrow, brother and brother-in-law of G. B Dixon, have been arrested charged with the shooting. The trouble grew out of a family feud.

THE CONDITIONS OF TRADE

As Observed and Reported by Dun's Weekly Review.

MARKETS WEAK, NOT STAGNANT.

Lowest Price on Indigo Blue Prints Yet Recorded—Shipment of Shoes Largest Recorded—Iron and Steel Markets Weak—Pig Metal Lower, Finished Products Higher.

Failures for the week have been 230 in the United States, against 219 last year, and 20 in Canada, against 34 last year.

Continued exports of gold are recognized as natural results of the borrowing and importing early in the year, but caused no serious apprehension. Markets for products are weak rather than stagnant. The business done is small, but largely governed by the belief in large crops and insufficient demand. Many cotton mills have stopped and many more have reduced hours or looms, and yet the market for goods is lifeless, a reduction in indigo blue prints of half a cent off, the lowest on record, being the chief feature. Wool sales, exclusive of a few speculative transactions based on extremely low prices, are less than 40 per cent of a week's fair consumption. Boot and shoe shipments, 6 per cent larger this year than the largest on record, indicate that in some branches makers are catching up with their orders and many are discharging cutters. Yet many others have orders for months ahead and sales still run large for the season and manufacturers quite generally insist upon a slight advance in prices, which buyers do not yet pay.

The iron and steel markets are weak, with lower prices, because the demand for finished products is entirely inadequate, though prices of these are higher. Pig iron has fallen off 5 per cent since April 1, but the average of finished products have been advanced 3 per cent. Lower quotations for Bessemer and gray forge and local coke at Chicago, with a stoppage of two-thirds of the furnaces in Virginia, some in Pennsylvania and others in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys, result from inability of manufacturers to sell at prices which their combinations demand, Bessemer billets being undersold by open hearth bars and nails by new concerns, which are rapidly putting in machines. Plates weaken and there is no improvement in sheets or rods, but beammakers have raised the price $2 per ton, making a slight advance in the average of all prices for the week. It is possible that rebuilding after the disaster at St. Louis may effect the iron and steel markets extensively.

A White Fiend at Large.

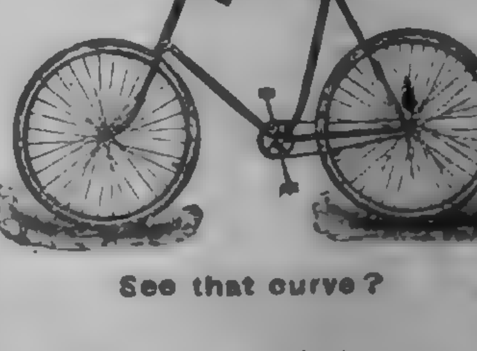
A dastardly assault was made about 11 o'clock Saturday morning upon Mrs. F. S. Grimes, a sister of Mrs. C. W. Hagerman, of Pensacola, Fla. Mrs. Grimes had driven Mr. Hagerman down town to his business and was returning home in the suburbs. When within a short distance of home a masked white man jumped into the buggy from behind, clapped his hands over the lady's mouth and attempted to drive the horses into the bushes near by. The lady succeeded in getting out of the buggy and was followed by the villain and dragged into the brush where a terrific struggle ensued, during which a passing farmer was attracted by the cries of the lady and rescued her. The villain escaped into the brush and searching parties are after him.

Relieved of Command.

Passengers by the Mascotte arriving Saturday at Key West report that General Arolas, in command of the military line, supposed to have Maceo hemmed in, has been relieved of his command and sent to Spain. Large quantities of ammunition have been discovered at a cafe in Havana near a boat landing opposite the postoffice.

LOOK BELOW.

READ BELOW.
SPEED BELOW.
STRENGTH EELOW.



See that curve?

Keating,

The wheel with no temper rufflers. None of the little breaks and bothers to ruffle a rider's mind.

Don't think all wheels are alike. Sample the KEATING fascination.

Art Catalogue 4c. in stamps.

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HOLYOKE, MASS.

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Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C. MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK.
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrior River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and tixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Senatorial Convention of the 15th district is called to meet at Clanton on June 16th, at 10 a. m. A full delegation from each county is requested to be present.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Ch'm'n Com.
JOHN W. PEYES, Sec'ty.

AND now for a rousing majority for the State ticket in August.

ON Monday two negroes were lynched in the city of Columbus, Ga. One was taken from the court room where he was about to be tried and the other taken out of the county jail. Both were hanged on one tree in the heart of the city and their bodies riddled with bullets. Wednesday morning Governor Atkinson offered a reward of $50 each for the first ten men arrested and convicted of complicity in the lynching.

THE beat registrars have sent in their lists and the total of registered voters in this county is 2328. In 1894 the total was 2332 so that this year we fall short four votes. Following is a summary of the registration:

Beat	1	129
"	2	301
"	3	190
"	4	481
"	5	420
"	6	179
"	7	192
"	8	277
"	9	159
Total		2328

THE monetary planks in the State platforms this year are very different from those of former years, for they are no longer timid and ambiguous, with the exception of one or two adopted very early in the season. The most oracularly meaningless of all was that which the Ohio Republicans adopted; and this fact more than anything else has endangered Mr. McKinley's nomination. It is asserted in behalf of Mr. McKinley that he was in no wise responsible for the phrasing of the Ohio platform; but it would have been far better if his own State had taken as clear a stand as the Republicans of Indiana and Illinois have assumed.—From "The Progress of the World," in June Review of Reviews.

THE State campaign committee has arranged dates and places for public speaking, commencing on Saturday next at Pratt City Jefferson county. On Tuesday next Hon. A. T. Goodwyn and others will speak in Birmingham.

"If Captain Goodwyn was sincere in his proposition for a joint debate," says the Montgomery Journal, "he would now write such a challenge as Captain Johnston would accept." The Tribune hereby challenges the Journal to prepare a challenge after its own heart, submit it to Captain Johnston for his signature and present it to Captain Goodwyn as a mutual friend of both or at least as a person anxious to serve pulic justice. That is what a man can dare do. Do it, if you dare! Correct, revise, amend, prefix, affix upon Goodwin's original challenge republished on this page to-day. The Tribune predicts upon the evidence, that the only kind of joint debate Captain Goodwyn will obtain from the Johnston men in this campaign will not involve Captain Joe Johnston's presence on the scene. He will not be there.; he cannot be there; he'd bust before he would be there. They will bring a fresh man to every encounter with Goodwyn, but the honest voters care nothing for such villians.—People's Tribune

When Sherman said that he would take the last shirt off the backs of the people of the United States, he knew whereof he spoke, for the damnable gold standard inaugurated by the goldbug treachery has left the average citizen with but one shirt; but, be it said to Sherman's credit, the gold standard system leaves each laborer idle half the time, which gives him a chance to lie abed while that solitary shirt is being washed.—Silver Knight.

THE Chicago labor unions put in nomination as the labor candidate for President of the United States Eugene V. Debs. Mr. Debs is reported to have declined the nomination, stating that politics and labor do not go well together and that he would not give up labor, and that he believed he was of more use in labor.

Autauga Executive Committee.

The Executive Committee of the People's Party of Autauga county will meet at Carter & Deramus' Mill, Saturday, June 20th, at 11 m. Populist candidates please attend.

G. W. DORUX, Chairman.
Verbena, Ala., May 23, 1896.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

Vine Hill.

Nice rains, crops growing fine but grassy, farm hands scarce, no politics, no body has time to think of politics. Season sickly here.

Mrs. Jas. Johnson who was quite sick, is now improving.

No picnics, no base ball here this season, all too busy.

Mr. Otto Shugle who was caught in the planer here the other day is improving slowly. His escape from death was narrow, all his clothing having been off. He received no wounds or broken bones but was severely bruised. Hope he will soon be out.

PAT.

* * *

Billingsly Bits.

The health of this community is very good. Crops are looking very good and grass looking better.

Quite a number of the young people of Pilgrim's Rest attended the singing convention at Big Springs last Sunday and report a nice time.

Prof. F. M. Foshee will take up his school at Pilgrim's Rest on the 22nd day of June.

We will have singing at Pilgrim's Rest on the 4th and 5th of July by Prof. May and others. The people are all invited to come out and bring their Fourth of July baskets. We give a special invitation to Prof. Veazy and all other leaders and organists that will come. We are expecting a nice time. This singing was given out at the close of Prof. May's school last fall.

Success to THE BANNER and its many readers. R. P. KENDRICK.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

We had a most delightful and much needed rain the past week. Some are laying by corn. Cotton and corn are pretty fair, oats not so good, sugar cane and sorghum are quite good, water melons and cantelopes are fine. A most destructive blight has attacked the apple trees and many are dead; peaches and plums are not good.

Our business men are wearing broad smiles in anticipation of increased business by the finishing of the M. T. & St. L. railroad.

The express agency has changed hands, R. T. Martin is now the agent here.

J. M. Baxley is doing a good business in in photography, his work is good and very reasonable.

Mrs. Goodwyn's most excellent summer boarding house is having its usual patronage.

Mrs. Dr. Brand and her daughter, Allie, and Rev. Mr. Caine and wife have been guests of Mrs. Glover.

Mrs. J. W. Sullivan and her niece, Miss Annie King, of Dayton, are visiting Mrs. Glover.

Mr. Crumpton Graham is now on a visit to Tampa, Ela.

Needham Graham, of near Selma, is visiting his parents here.

We are glad to say our Sabbath-school is improving.

SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

Rocky Mount.

The health of this community is very good at present. Farmers are getting along very nicely with their work; a good deal of grain is being harvested this year. Some have almost done reaping.

Our prayer meetings, Sabbath-school and singing society are still progressing nicely. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night, Sabbath-school every Sunday, singing every 2nd and 4th Sundays in the afternoon. The second Sunday in June will be observed by the Sabbath-school as children's day. Quarterly meeting 17th and 18th of July.

The 4th Sunday in July and Saturday before, the Chilton county musical convention will meet at this place.

What has become of our sweet little blue eyed school girl that used to write for the press? I hope she will see this in print and write again for the sake of

ONE OF THE BOYS

* * *

THE Republicans have arranged to fuse with the Populists in Dallas county, Texas.

wasting

Children should be happy and plump. A child of seven should not be thin and pale, with the aged look of twenty. No aches; no whines; no house-plant. Running, jumping, laughing. Children should grow in weight and strength; eat heartily and show plump cheeks.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites fills out the sunken cheeks and gives color to the lips. It furnishes material for the growth of bone, and food for the brain and nerves. It lays a strong foundation for future growth and development.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. [illegible]

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Jemison, Ala., May 29, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Who, who will fail to come to the rescue? Life is too short to lose a moment in the battle for justice. There is much waste of time just now in trying to pull down the name and character of officials. Does it look manly? Does it show a principle of brotherly love? Does this work parallel with the Golden rule? Is it admired by all good people? Echo answers no! Party strife makes a bad record which lasts for generations. Why not all come to understand that the present struggle is for all, and not for a few. It is for prosperity we ask. How long O Lord how long will it take the people to find out their duty and perform it. How does a family or community quarrel look to the better thinking people? All say it looks ugly. Now we have a national quarrel. Can any one tell who is in fault? It is the money sharks who want money and office and distinction. They want the earth and the masses will not agree to it. So they go, sink or swim, they are going to keep up the strife and see if they can get the earth with a wire fence around it. This is very much the way the matter looks to those in hearing and seeing distance, as shown by the sling and slang we see in the papers, regardless of truth and a true sense of propriety. In the deformer we see degeneracy. He takes a long backward step which after proves more disastrous to himself than his victim. Then why not lay this all aside, and come to the rescue as brothers of one great family. The motives of all are closely watched by all the members of the family. As we said life is too short to attempt experimenting on falacies and uncertainties. We deplore the present condition in our once prosperous country. The consequences are swinging in the balance. O father shine in light in the darkest places of earth and bring out the slanderer before he receives a mark similar to that of Cain. Let him have an opportunity to work in the great cause which claims his puriest best thought. Now right now, is the time to come to the rescue. Patriotism demands every effort without delay. The eyes of the country are upon you, and "Thou God seest us."

MRS. IRA CAMPBELL.

* * *

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

* * *

Jemison, May 31, 1896.

EDITOR BANNER:

I believe it is generally understood that Chilton has the right of naming the candidate to represent the 15th district in the next legislature. This being the case, allow me to place before the delegates and the voters of said district the name of Mr. L. B. Pounds, of Strasburg. In doing so I do not hesitate to say in behalf of Mr. Pounds that no better man can be found in the three counties. He is a good speaker and eminently qualified to make us a first class representative. His character is without stain or blemish. A man of integrity, truth and honor and in every way the highest type of a gentleman. To know him means to love and esteem him. A reformer to the core and will be to a finish, and so strong are his convictions in the people's cause that no man need have any fears of risking our interests in his hands.

We have a number of good men in Chilton who would make as good and faithful representatives. Such as Farley, Hogan and Wise and others, but I do not know that they have any desire for senatorial honors.

And now, gentlemen, the name of Mr. L. B. Pounds is before you. I commend him to you as worthy of your confidence and will say to one and all that if you desire to work and vote for a sober man, an earnest Christian man, a faithful man, a man who will never leave or forsake you; then I ask you to give him your hearty support.

UNO.

THE prohibition national convention, which was held at Pittsburg, Pa., last week, was a stormy affair. Joshua Levering, a wealthy goldbug of Baltimore, Md., was nominated for president and Hale Johnson, of Illinois, for vice-president. The platform adopted is a compromise between the "narrow-gauge" and "broad-gauge" factions and declares for the absolute prohibition of the liquor traffic, full legal tender money and free silver.

Singing at Big Springs.

The people of Big Springs community, Autauga county, met in all-day singing the 5th Sunday in May with some of Chilton's most talented leaders.

The house was called to order by Mr. Will Carter, at 10 a.m. Mr. T. A. King was made chairman, and E. B. Deason secretary.

Then after singing that noble song, "How sweet the name of Jesus sounds," led by Prof. J. C. Veazey, prayer was led by Bro. A. C. Poole.

Messrs, Clay Jones, Will Carter and Will Veazey, were appointed as committee on program for the day.

The singers were called together at 1 p.m. by the chairman, and the audience was entertained as in the forenoon.

Before adjournment for the day, the following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, That we tender our heartfelt thanks to the citizens of Big Springs for their hospitalities while we have, with them, enjoyed singing the praiseis of God.

We also thank Mr. T. A. King for the use of his organ and further extend our thanks to the many organists who have so earnestly played for the singing.

At 4 p.m. the singing was dismissed by Bro. A. C. Poole.

T. A. KING, Ch'n.
E. B. DEASON, Sec't'y.

Notice of Application to Pardon Jeff Norrell.

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will on or before July 1, 1896, make application to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Jeff Norrell for the offense of assault with intent to murder, of which offense the said Jeff Norrell was convicted in the circuit court of Chilton county at the Spring term 1893.

A. Norrell.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Teachers' Institute will be held for white teachers at Clanton on the 19th and 20th days of June 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a. m. Devotional exercise.

9:30 a.m. Can a teacher properly estimate the progress of his pupils without examination? A. B. Harwood, Miss Rosa Thornton.

10 a.m. How should examinations be conducted? W. S. Garner, Miss Jennie Wilson.

10:30 a.m. Vocation of the Teacher. H. L. Hicks, L. B. Pounds.

11:30 a.m. How can parents in the country secure good schools? J. E. Creel, Mrs. M. A. Bowdoin.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. What qualifications makes the most valuable teacher? N. B. Comer, Miss Mary Garner.

2:30 p.m. Can Philosophy be successfully taught without apparatuses? J. Alex Moore, R. O. Headley.

3:30 p.m. The evils of negative teaching. J. W. Mims, E. C. Jones

SATURDAY—8:30 a.m. The requisites for successful teaching. J. P. Gore, H. A. Askins.

9:30 a.m. Modes of inspirin pupils to cultivate habits of self reliance. G. L. Speer.

10:30 a.m. How can a teacher best cultivate the morals of his pupils? B. D. Wilson.

11:30 a.m. How many different lessons ought a pupil to recite during the school day? J. M. Mussey, W. A. Logan.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. Can a a teacher be to exacting? if so, why and now? H. W. Strock.

2:30 p.m. Ought the dictionary to be used as a text bokk in the school-room? Wm. Askins, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3:30 p.m. Ought teachers to be uniform in methods of teaching? C. C. Slaton, E. Y. McMorries.

Prof. R. E. B. Hicks, Ch'm'n program Committee.

The law requires teachers to attend these Institutes, and I earnestly insist that all the teachers be present at this one, as we will have the State Supt. John O. Turner, and Dr. Eldridge, Pres. of the Troy Normal college, who will deliver four lectures on education on Saturday. He will also lecture on Sabbath-school Sunday following.

J. W. MOORE, Co Supt

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best [illegible] Dr. Hathaway [illegible] All Chronic Diseases of men and women. [illegible]

FREE

[illegible]

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 85, St. Charles St., [illegible] New Orleans, La.

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose."

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

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DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

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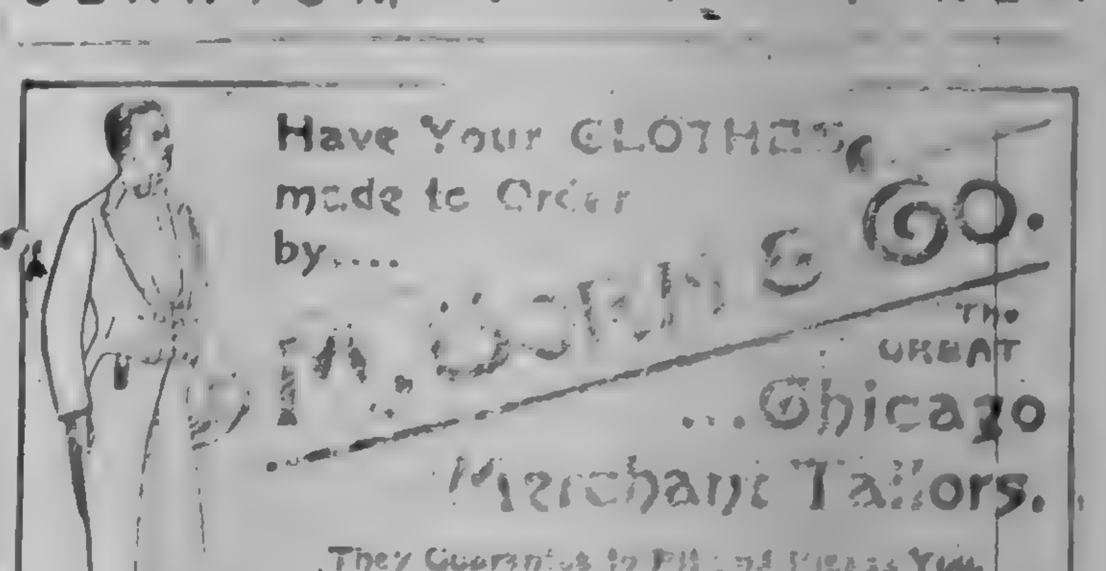
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker' Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, ALA.



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THE GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.
They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT... LOWEST PRICES.
W. L. SAMFEY, CLANTON, ALA.

Don't Groan

[illegible] the aches and pains of rheumatism any longer. Drive the disease from your system with V. V. V. the wonderful blood purifier and tonic. [illegible] V. V. V. [illegible] the highest [illegible] properties of roots, barks and herbs. It is so harmless that it may be given to a child, yet so efficacious that it cures diseases of many years standing.

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy is a sure specific for all forms of blood and skin diseases—scrofula, ulcers, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, [illegible] and dyspepsia. [illegible] Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Rev. S. M. Adams, of Randolph, will speak at Collins Chapel Saturday June 13, everybody is invited to be present.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Durkin, of Prattville, were glad to see them in town last Sunday.

Mr. Wetzel, the brick yard foreman, visited Anniston last Saturday.

The University School closed last Tuesday and the students will enjoy a three months' vacation.

Mr. Will Bandy and Miss Maud Allen, of Jemison, attended the commencement exercises of the University School last Tuesday.

Miss Celestier Dunlap, after a pleasant visit of two months, returned home last week, to the regret of many friends.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Miss Herring, who has been teaching a private school in the family of Mr. G. H. Greene, returned home yesterday morning.

The young(er) people of our town enjoyed a most delightful entertainment at the residence of Mr. J. H. Hunt's last Tuesday night. They all participated in games of the jolliest sort until 10:30 when they were escorted into the dining room where an elegant table of refreshments were served.

Mrs. Patrick Smith is on the sick list this week.

Mr. R. E. Jones was in Montgomery for several days last week.

Mr. Ben M. Jacobs, of the Birmingham weather bureau, has sent us his observations for May. The mean temperature was 77 degrees, maximum 94 and minimum 57. The total rainfall was 3.19 inches. There were 17 clear days, 9 cloudy and 5 partly cloudy. The prevailing wind was southerly.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by J. S. Johnson, Druggist.

QUIET times in town this week. Everyone busy fighting General Green.

The Baptist ladies of our town are preparing for an ice cream supper at the court house to-night.

A reward of $150 is offered by W. I. Mims for the arrest and delivery to the sheriff of Coosa county of Jim Hawkins wanted for the killing of Bud Mims. Jim Hawkins is about twenty years old, about 5 feet 6 inches tall, dark complexion, slightly freckled, small sandy moustache, weighs about 140 lbs.

Mr. W. J. Martin has been off on a business trip this week.

There have been no marriage license issued this week.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

This Person Made Money.

DEAR SIR: I take my pen in hand to tell you what I did in the Dishwasher business. This spring I saw a Dishwasher advertised and sent and got one. A. B. Dawson, Columbus, Ohio, said he would exchange my dishwasher for the Queen if I would put it in my kitchen and show my neighbors how it washed dirty dishes, vegetables, silverware and clothing in one minute without putting my hands in the water. They all saw it was the best machine and I sold three the same day. The whole neighborhood is worked up over the success of the Queen and I want any of your readers who have not made a success of the Dishwasher business to know what I have done. I can make easy $21 a week, $84 a month, for five years to come with the Queen, as everybody wants one. My sister got a sample Queen free and she is doing as good as I have. Mr. Dawson referred me to the Cardington Bank, the Mt. Gilead Bank and the Quaker City Bank, which shows he is responsible. Anyone who wants to make money should write to the address as above.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife I. E. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama. I will proceed to sell for cash on

MONDAY, JULY 6, 1896,

on the premises of said land in said county, within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of sec. eleven and w ½ of ne ¼ of sec. fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South-easterly, also all of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch, thence Northwesterly, along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.

Clanton, Ala., May 30, 1896.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, } Circuit Court
Chilton county. } spring term 1896

W. R. Houghton, W. A. Collier, Plaintiffs vs James H. Gibbons, Defendant—Attachment.

Whereas, W. R. Houghton and W. A. Colder, as plaintiffs in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 5th day of December, 1895, against the estate of said defendant, James H. Gibbons: which attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit: N ½ of se ¼, se ¼ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of sec 14, S ½ of fractional sec 13, all in T 22 R 12: and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 19, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 se 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional sec 18 T 22 R 13, and whereas, it appears that the said James H. Gibbons, Defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama. Now, therefore, the said James H. Gibbons, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 29th day of May 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk.

BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Dr. Miles' *Pain Pills* are guaranteed to *stop Headache* in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose."

Right in Sight
Sure Saving Shown

We'll send you our General Catalogue and Buyers Guide, if you send us 15 cents in stamps. That pays part postage or expressage, and keeps off idlers.

It's a Dictionary of Honest Values; Full of important information no matter where you buy. 700 Pages, 12,000 illustrations: tells of 40,000 articles and right price of each. One profit only between maker and user. Get it

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat," foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, snuffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. BROWNE.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

(Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it!)

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 13th day of June, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $11.92

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.70.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $39.39.

BEAT NO. 4.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $5.96.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼, sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $8.82

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.87.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw ¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.84.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.57.

BEAT NO. 7.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw qr of nw qr and s ½ of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13. tax and costs $20.38.

BEAT NO. 8.

N½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $5.96.

Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.70.

W ½ of ne qr of se qr sec 23 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.36.

R. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $6.80.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $3.66.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $5.48.

G W Willis w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 6 tp 23 r 15 tax and costs $6.16.

BEAT 2.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $12.54.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $11.89.

BEAT 3.

Julia Porter n ½ of se qr and se qr of se qr and se qr of nw qr sec 22 tp 22 r 12 tax and costs $5.67.

BEAT 4.

J M Gallaspie part of w ½ of ne qr sec 12 tp 49 r 14; and part of sw qr of se qr and se qr of sw qr sec 1 tp 21 r 14 tax and costs $6.57.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $53.57

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $4.84.

Otto Stoker n ½ of ne qr sec 5 tp 20 r 16; nw qr of nw qr sec 4 tp 20 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 2 tp 20 r 16; se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 3 tp 20 r 16; se qr and ne qr sec 7 tp 20 r 16, w ½ of ne qr sec 8 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of ne qr sec 10 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 32 tp 21 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr sec 33 tp 21 r 16; nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $22.84.

Sigh Thornton se qr of sw qr sec 18 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $3.14.

BEAT 7.

Ephraim Vassor ne qr of sec 28 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $7.51

Robert Maybear nw qr of nw qr sec 21 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $2.55

BEAT 8.

J H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $4.75.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 15th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same, fees and costs.

This 13th day of May, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

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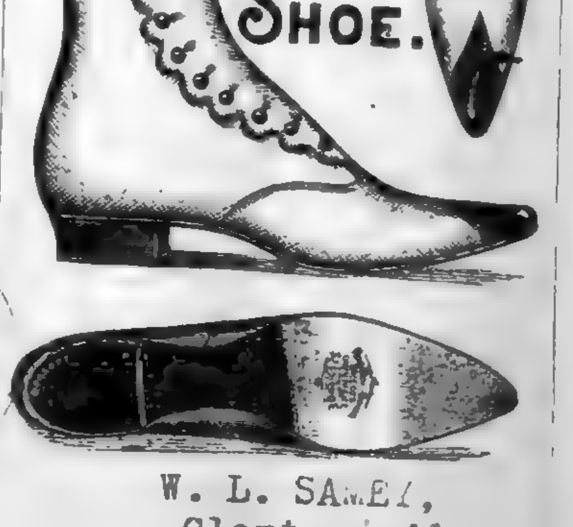

W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

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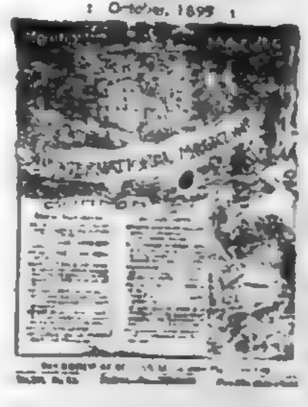
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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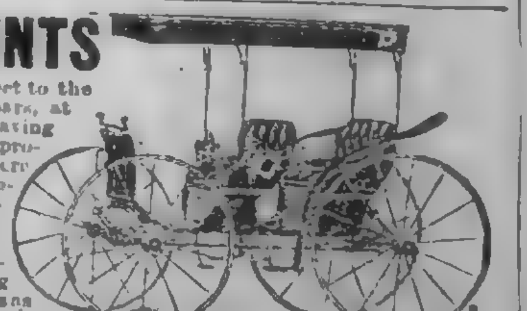

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ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel.

Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

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EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

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SCROFULA &c.
A WONDERFUL REMEDY.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Hops in Washington.

There will be a great decrease in the production of hops in Oregon and Washington this year. The hop industry in previous years has been one of the largest in these States, but overproduction has brought the price down to an unprofitable figure, and in the last year or two insect pests have caused great loss to the growers. A great many hop fields in various parts of the two States have been plowed up, and it is reported that this spring more will be turned under.

Chinese Quail in Maryland.

Frank T. Redwood is interested in the increase of wild fowl in this country, and has an idea that Chinese quail may be successfully introduced. A friend brought him six of these birds a year ago. They were liberated in Talbot County, and flew off in the woods as naturally as though in China. But that was the last ever seen of them. They have disappeared entirely, so far as Mr. Redwood or his friends have been able to discover. Mr. Redwood is still firm in his faith that this species of bird will flourish in America, and to this end has arranged to have twenty pair brought over from China and let loose in the woods of Maryland. —Baltimore American.

If a girl is pretty when she is young, it is a good sign that she will be ugly when she is old.

How an equal suffragist despises a woman who forgives a mean husband.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

BLACKSHEAR, GA:

MR. SHUPTRINE.

Dear Sir:—"The box of TETTERINE I purchased of you has, I believe, permanently cured me of a ringworm that has been a great annoyance to me for five years. I cheerfully recommend it to those troubled with ringworm. Send a box to Mrs. Allen Brown of this place." Respectfully,

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A. M. Priest, Druggist, Shelbyville, Ind., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure gives the best of satisfaction. Can get plenty of testimonials, as it cures every one who takes it." Druggists sell it, 75c.

Any prayer is too long that is made in church by the man whose yardstick is too short.

Is it *probable* that what a million women say after daily trial is a mistake? *They say they know* by test that Dobbins' Electric is most economical, purest and best. They have had 31 years to try it. *You give it one trial.*

There is a sense in which we must pray for everybody before we can pray for ourselves.

I can recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. TOWNSEND, Ft. Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

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CONSUMPTION

DEATH AND DESTRUCTION

Sweep Over East St. Louis in Storm and Flame.

DEVASTATION IN ST. LOUIS.

Seven Hundred People Swept Into Eternity—$3,000,000 of Property Destroyed—Track of the Storm. Cyclone in Michigan—Terrible Calamity at Victoria.

St. Louis was struck by a cyclone of frightful fury at a late hour Wednesday afternoon. Hundreds of people were killed and the property loss is beyond estimate.

At 5:30 p. m. the clouds that had covered the city since noon broke into a furious storm. Within ten minutes the wind reached a velocity of eighty miles an hour, sweeping with it dense waves of rain. The highest speed of wind previously recorded in St. Louis was seventy-two miles an hour in August, 1878.

From reports received from Missouri, Indiana and Illinois cities the destruction and extent of the appalling cyclone are shown.

The storm began its work of devastation and death near Moberly, in Randolph county, in the northeastern part of Missouri. It then passed southeast into Audrain county, where the school house at Rush Hill and its occupants were victims. The cyclone moved slightly north into Pike county, Mo., and then the ladies' seminary at Drake, in Green county, Ill., was stricken by the tornado, which then passed south and east, following the Illinois river until it joined the Mississippi, the greatest point of destruction being reached at St. Louis, East St. Louis and East Carondelet.

The direction of the windstorm from that cluster of stricken cities then appears to have been in a southeasterly line through Illinois, but no news of destruction has been received from Illinois towns east of the big river. The cyclone reached the Ohio river and struck Evansville in the southwestern corner of Indiana. Later news indicates that the great storm tore a path through the heart of Indiana in a southeasterly direction.

The latest reports compiled from the scene of destruction in three states point to the loss of over 700 human lives, and the probabilities are that later reports will swell the total death list to enormous proportions.

According to reports received the death roll is divided as follows: In St. Louis, 300; East St. Louis, 300; Drake, Ill., 80; Rush Hill, Mo., 10; Rennick, Mo., 5; Labbadie, Mo., 10.

Some of the terrible details of the storm are given in the dispatches, from which the following are culled:

Rennick, Randolph county, Mo., was blown away and several persons were killed.

Lebaddie, Mo., was also destroyed. Ten persons were killed at the latter place.

It is reported that eighty children were killed in a school house at Drake, Illinois.

The village of Rush Hill, Mo., twelve miles from Mexico, in Audrain county, was destroyed. The cyclone struck the town a few minutes before 5 o'clock and blew down the school house, crushing its inmates. The report was to the effect that fifty pupils had been killed and a number injured.

AT ST. LOUIS.

At 7:30 p. m. the rain, which had ceased for a time, began afresh, and fell in torrents. At 8 o'clock the eastern sky was aflame with the light of fires in East St. Louis. The metal roof of the Merchants' exchange was rolled up like a scroll and fell into the streets.

Lightning struck the Standard Oil works and flames were soon pouring from a dozen buildings. The fire department was utterly powerless to cope with the conflagration, and it is feared nearly the entire business and a great portion of the residence section will be destroyed by the flames, if not already so by the wind. Among the principal buildings already in ruins are the National hotel, the Standard Oil work, East St. Louis Wire Nail works, the Crescent elevator, Hezel elevator, all the freight depots and stores and residences on St. Clair avenue.

The Louisville and Nashville eastbound local passenger train had just reached East St. Louis when the storm struck that city. The train was overturned, but miraculously only a few passengers were injured. They were taken from the cars by railroad yard men.

The Chicago and Alton eastbound local passenger train, which left St. Louis at 5 o'clock, was on the east span of the bridge when the wind picked the cars up and turned them over on their sides. The iron spans and trusses held the cars from toppling into the river, 100 feet below. The passengers were thrown into a confused mass. The net work of wires made rescue difficult and dangerous, but it is thought all will be gotten out uninjured. The east span of the Eads bridge is so badly wrecked that it will take three days to allow trains to pass.

The middle span of the roadway above the railroad tracks on the Eads bridge was blown completely away. It is not known whether any persons lost their lives while crossing the bridge.

The plant of the flour mills and the works of the St. Louis Iron and Steel company were destroyed and the big Couple's block of buildings was partly destroyed.

The dead and injured are being taken from the ruins of the various buildings and manufactories.

In addition to the river disasters noted later reports add to the losses. All the wharf boats on both sides were swept away and sunk. The steamers Medill, City of Pittsburg, Belle of Calhoun; City of Providence were all driven on the Illinois shore and wrecked. Eleven of the vessels' crews tried to swim ashore, but were caught in the eddy of the Pittsburg dyke and drowned. The river front is a mass of wreckage. From the Eads bridge south for two miles every building is damaged that is not in ruins. The loss to shipping is estimated at $400,000.

The damage to property in St. Louis is estimated at $1,000,000, and the loss in East St. Louis is already $2,000,000, and the fire is still raging.

There were really two cyclones. One came from the northwest and the other from direct west. Both met on the Illinois shore of the Mississippi river and joined in a whirling cloud of death and destruction. The list of dead in St. Louis is beyond present computation.

ANOTHER STORM.

A terrible cyclone, by which probably over 100 lives were lost and fully 100 persons injured more or less seriously, swept over Oakland, Lapeer and Macomb counties, Mich., Monday evening. The towns struck, so far as meager telegraphic and telephone communication can ascertain, are Ortonville, Thomas, Metamora, Mount Clemens, Oakwood and St. Claire. The town of Ortonville reports a list of dead that aggregates seventeen. The towns of Thomas, Oakwood and Ortonville were almost wiped off the face of the earth. At Mount Clemens fully thirty people were injured, but only four seriously hurt. Thomas was practically and Metamora was partly destroyed. No complete list of names has yet been obtained, but forty-two bodies of the dead have been found in the storm's track.

A DIRE CALAMITY.

An electric car fell through Point Ellice bridge, Victoria, British Columbia, at 4 o'clock Tuesday evening. There were eighty persons aboard and sixty-one are known to have been drowned. The car was taking the passengers to view the sham battle at Macauley Point in celebration of the queen's birthday and fell 75 feet.

Throughout the sorrowful and sultry night and far into the morning thousands of anxious watchers surged about the approaches to Point Ellice bridge, the scene of the disaster. As body after body was brought to land and tenderly laid upon an improvised bier an eager crowd would crush about the remains, hoping, yet fearing, until a shriek or sob would announce that a dear one had been recognized and the name of another identified victim would be placed upon the bulletin board and flashed by wire to the sorrowing friends. When the sixty-first corpse had been brought to the surface the rescuers announced that they could find no more bodies under the wreckage. Still nearly thirty people are missing, whose fate may not be known for days. It is possible that many bodies have been carried out by the strong tide.

HAVOC OF WIND AND FLOOD.

In the Michigan storm of last Monday there were killed at Ortonville, 14; Oakwood, 8; North Oxford, 6; Thomas, 2; Thornville, 3; Metamora, 2; Fair Grove and Munger's Station, 1 each.

AT CAIRO.

Monday's storm struck Cairo, Ill., about 8:30 o'clock and several large buildings were unroofed. The ferry boat Katharine was capsized and of sixteen persons on board only three were saved.

AT M'GREGOR.

A fatal cloudburst devastated McGregor, Ia., and county Sunday night. For ten miles everything is in ruins. All the afternoon the clouds were gathering and about 1 o'clock the storm burst in its fury, soon deluging the valley. It swept everything before it. A small stream called Bloody Run passes through the town. Some of the unfortunate victims are supposed to have been carried out into the Mississippi river, into which the Bloody Run empties at North McGregor.

The bodies of seven people have been recovered; also those of six canvassmen attached to Kirkhart & Ryan's circus. The canvassmen had entered a box car preparatory to accompanying their show to Winona, and were caught in the car when the storm came. The most conservative estimates place the loss of life at North McGregor at twenty-seven.

After the water from Bloody Run began to rise on Sunday night the cries for help from the terrorized and helpless people living upon the lowlands were heartrending, but little could be done by those on the bluffs nearby, as all were compelled to flee for their lives to the high grounds.

On one box car as it floated by was seen two men, supposed to be tramps, who were calling in piteous tones to be rescued. They could be seen jumping from one car to another as they proceeded toward the Mississippi.

The houses of two families, one numbering six persons and the other five, floated by and the screams of the women, the wails of the children and the cries of men were heard above the din and roar, but all who heard and saw the awful sight were powerless to rescue them.

CAREFUL ESTIMATE OF KILLED.

The following was sent out from St. Louis on Thursday: It will be several days before definite information can be obtained as to the loss of life and injury of the unfortunate people who happened to be in the path of the cyclone which swept over portions of Missouri and Illinois Wednesday afternoon. In addition to the killed and injured in East St. Louis, the cyclone mowed down many in adjacent localities. Appended is a table showing a careful estimate of the killed and injured, based on the dispatches:

	Killed.	Injured.
St. Louis	175	250
East St. Louis	215	150
Near Centralia, Ill	42	125
Breckinridge, Ill	2	...
Near Mt. Vernon, Ill	5	30
Near Vandalia, Ill	13	15
Near Mexico, Mo	15	84

The number of killed will not be far from 400 and of the injured about 600.

Estimates of property losses range from $15,000,000 to $30,000,000.

THIEVES GATHER AT ST. LOUIS.

Four hundred of the Missouri National Guard, in addition to the same number of St. Louis police force, are patroling the storm-swept district. This is in accordance with an order issued by Mayor Walbridge Thursday evening, and is done to protect the exposed property, which has attracted the criminal element from all over the surrounding country. Both police and militia have received strict orders to arrest every suspicious character found.

Two companies of the Illinois National Guard have been ordered under arms and directed to proceed to East St. Louis at once. These soldiers will act under the direction of the mayor of the city and do police duty. Governor Altgeld came down from Springfield Thursday and consulted with the local authorities concerning the influx of thieves and suspicious characters. He decided to send the militia to help preserve order.

ECHOES OF THE GREAT STORM.

At 1 p. m. Friday the list of dead at St. Louis numbered 182. Of these 161 are identified and twenty-one unidentified. In East St. Louis at the same hour the police records show 138 identified and three unidentified dead, making a total of dead in both cities thus far of 323.

At New Baden, Ill., almost every building in the town was destroyed, there being nothing to be seen but wreckage at every turn. Ten persons were killed and a large number injured.

The little town of New Minden, a few miles from Nashville, Ill., was almost totally destroyed. Seven people were killed and forty or fifty injured. Scarcely a house was left standing.

Mayor Walbridge, Health Commissioner Starkoff and Chief of Police Harrigan, of St. Louis, completed a tour of the devastated streets at 4 o'clock Friday morning. In addition to gathering data on sufferers needing immediate relief, they made estimates of the losses. The mayor's tour of inspection has been thorough, and without hesitation he places the property losses in St. Louis at $20,000,000. This does not include damage to shipping nor collateral loss by suspension of business, but is placed upon the property wiped out by the storm. While these figures were startling they convey to the outside world probably the true character of the disaster in more convincing form. These losses in seven-tenths of the cases are irreparable, as they fall upon those unable to recoup themselves.

* * *

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY.

A motion by Mr. Sherman to take up the filled cheese bill was carried. Among the amendments offered was one by Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, to impose an additional tax of $1 per barrel on beer, ale and porter manufactured in the United States. On motion of Mr. Sherman the amendment was tabled. Yeas: republicans 24, democrats 11; total, 35. Nays: republicans 5, democrats 13, populists 4; total, 22. Mr. Gray, democrat, of Delaware, offered an amendment for an import duty of 10 cents a pound on tea. This also was tabled. Yeas: republicans 26, democrats 7, populists 4; total, 37. Nays: republicans 2, democrats 17; total, 19. At 2 o'clock the cheese bill gave place to the regular order—the bond bill. Mr. Allen continued his speech, but gave way after two and a half hours, and the bill to incorporate the National University was taken up and passed. Several pension bills were passed. Mr. Cockrell, democrat, of Missouri, stated that the speech of Secretary Carlisle before the working men of Chicago had been printed as a public document, and asked that Governor Altgeld's reply be also printed. Several senators pointed out the bad precedent the printing of the two speeches would set and expressed the hope that no such requests be made in the future. Mr. Cockrell's request was granted. Bill to authorize the re-orgrnization of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad company under its present charter; to refer the claim of the owners of the Brig Tally-Ho, sunk by the United States warship Pinta in 1894, to the court of claims were passed. At 5:50 p. m. the senate adjourned.... The house session opened with a sensational attempt by Mr. Howard, populist, of Alabama, to secure consideration of a resolution to impeach President Cleveland on eight counts, but he was promptly suppressed by an almost unanimous vote of the house. His charges were as follows: "I do impeach Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors, on the following grounds: 1. That he has sold, or directed the sale of bonds without the authority of law. 2. That he sold or aided in the sale of bonds at less than their market value. 3. That he directed the misappropriation of the proceeds of said bond sales. 4. That he directed the secretary of the treasury to disregard the law which makes the United States and treasury notes redeemable in coin. 5. That he has ignored and refused to have enforced the 'anti-trust' law. 6. That he has sent United States troops into the state of Illinois without authority of law and in violation of the constitution. 7. That he has corrupted politics through the interference of federal officeholders. 8. That he used the appointing power to influence legislation detrimental to the welfare of the people, therefore be it Resolved, by the house of representatives, That their committee on judiciary be directed to ascertain whether these charges are true, and if so, to report to the house such action by impeachment or otherwise, as shall be proper in the premises. And said committee shall have authority to send for persons and papers." On the question of consideration only two or three ayes were heard. The remainder of the session was devoted wholly to the consideration of conference reports. The final report of the river and harbor bill, carrying the compromise proposition relative to the rival Santa Monica and San Pedro harbors, California, was adopted without division. The bill now goes to the president. As finally passed, it carried $12,850,000 in direct appropriations and authorizes contracts to the extent of $59,649,000. The final report on the executive legislative and judicial bill was also adopted. The bill as it goes to the president carries $23,520,000, $370,000 less than the bill of last year. The sundry civil and Indian appropriation bills were sent back to conference. By a vote of 154 to 22 the house insisted on its provision in the latter bill relating to sectarian schools. Eleven republicans, ten democrats and one populist voted against insisting. At 5:30 the house adjourned until Monday.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-NINTH DAY.

The senate spent the day in considering the deficiency appropriation bill, which was passed, with amendments increasing the total appropriations made by the house $6,000,000. The bond bill, which was the regular order, was informally laid aside in order to get the deficiency bill through.... The house, after disposing of some District of Columbia matters, went into committee of the whole on the bill to repeal the free alcohol clause of the existing tariff law, the consideration of which occupied the house until 5 o'clock. Some routine business was then transacted and the house adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTIETH DAY.

The filled cheese bill being before the senate, Mr. Dubois, republican, of Idaho, offered an amendment providing for an additional tax of 75 cents a barrel on beer, ale and porter. Mr. Sherman moved to table the amendment. The motion was lost. Yeas 25, nays 30. The bill was laid aside and the bond bill discussion resumed. This motion gave way to the final conference report on the legislative appropriation bill, which was agreed to. A partial report on the sundry civil bill was agreed to and a further conference ordered. A bill to give Mrs. Spencer, the widow of General and Ex-Senator Spencer, of Alabama, a pension of $75 a month was passed. At 6:15 p. m. the Senate proceeded to executive business, and soon afterward adjourned until tomorrow.... With an amendment the house today, by a vote of 165 to 69, passed the bill to repeal section 61 of the Wilson tariff law of 1894, which provides for free alcohol in the arts and manufactures. Mr. Daniels, republican, of New York, reported the resolution adopted in committee in the contested election case of Truman H. Aldrich, republican, vs. Underwood, democrat, from the Ninth Alabama district, in favor of Aldrich. The house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIRST DAY.

A partial conference report on the naval bill was made in the senate and agreed to. A further conference was ordered. An executive session was held, after which the filled cheese bill came up. The amendment providing for 75 cents a barrel additional tax on fermented liquors was defeated by 37 to 34. Notices of other amendments were given and the bill went over and the prohibitory bond bill was resumed and was pending when, at 5:45, the senate adjourned.... A conference report on bill to relieve settlers on the Northern Pacific railroad indemnity lands was agreed to in the house. Consideration of the conference report on the general deficiency bill was resumed. The senate amendment appropriating a sum to pay French spoliation and war claims, was agreed to after a warm debate. A supplemental conference report on the sundry civil bill then came up and was pending when the house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND DAY.

The free alcohol bill was received in the senate from the house and referred to the finance committee. The conference report on the Indian bill was taken up and considered until 2 o'clock, when it gave way to the bond bill. A concurrent resolution was passed authorizing the secretary of war to furnish tents to the victims of the great disaster at St. Louis. The bond bill went over, representatives to the Tennessee centennial were appointed and the senate adjourned until tomorrow... In the house resolutions were passed authorizing the secretary of war to send tents and other relief to the homeless victims of the cyclone at East St. Louis, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo. Consideration of the conference report on the sundry civil bill was resumed. A further conference was ordered. An election contest from South Carolina was then taken up and was pending when, at 5:15, the house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-THIRD DAY

The senate passed the free alcohol bill and the bill extending the provisions of the internal revenue laws, as to brandy distilled from fruits, so as to include brandy distilled from pears, oranges, pineapples, apricots, berries and prunes. The conference report on the Indian bill was discussed, but went over until Monday. A private pension bill returned with the president's disapproval was referred to the committee on pension. The prohibitory bond bill was discussed and went over, an executive session was held and the senate adjourned until Monday....In the contested election case of Johnston, republican, vs. Stokes, democrat, from the Seventh South Carolina district, the minority resolutions declaring Johnston elected were defeated by 105 to 95 and the majority report declaring Johnston not elected was carried by 103 to 99; yet the matter went over without final action. A partial report on the naval appropriation bill was agreed to and further conference ordered on the matters still in dispute. The president's veto of the river and harbor bill was received and referred to the committee on rivers and harbors. An evening session was held for the consideration of private pension bills and the house adjourned until Monday.

Death of Kate Field.

The Chicago Times-Herald has received a cablegram announcing the death of Kate Field at Honolulu on May 19th, of pneumonia.

The latest previous advices received by the Times-Herald from Miss Field stated that she had made the perilous ascent to the crater of the active volcano, Mauna Loa, where no white woman had trodden before, and that she had been benefited in health by the trip. The letter was dated May 4.

Miss Field was born in St. Louis in 1854. Her father, Joseph Field, and her mother, who was Eliza Lapsley Riddle of Philadelphia, were able to give her rare educational advantages, and through them she inherited brilliancy and versatility, her mother being a charming actress. Kate was educated in Boston, Italy and England and traveled all over the world. She made several long visits to Europe, and during her stay abroad became correspondent for the New York Tribune, Philadelphia Press and Chicago Tribune, besides doing work for periodicals. In 1874 she appeared as an actress in Booth's theater, New York. Since leaving the stage she has devoted her talents and energies to lecturing and journalism. Last fall Miss Field was sent to the Hawaiian islands by the Times-Herald as special correspondent and was so engaged when removed by death.

Weyler to be Reinforced.

A Madrid correspondent says: The public is disappointed at Captain-General Weyler's little progress, and the government will get 50,000 men ready to embark at the end of September, when it also expects to send to Cuba several gunboats, two cruisers and eight trans-Atlantic steamers, each of them armed with sixteen heavy guns. The cabinet has received an assurance that the opposition will vote for an unlimited credit for the operations in Cuba.

Louisiana's New Senator.

Ex Gov. S. D. McEnery was on Thursday elected United States senator, to succeed Senator Blanchard. The last ballot resulted as follows; McEnery, 70; Denegre, 61. Senator Blanchard had in accordance with the party caucus, withdrawn in favor of the ex-governor.

RENEWED HIS YOUTH.

A TALE FROM OLD ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

It Sounds Like a Miracle of Old—An Aged Man Made Young by the Use of a Simple Remedy—He Tells How His Youth Was Returned.

From the Courier and Freeman, Potsdam, N. Y.

St. Lawrence County has a national reputation as the banner county of the Empire State. Men reared in old St. Lawrence have achieved notoriety as consuls, governors and renowned jurists, and have distinguished themselves and the land of their nativity in every walk of life. There is an indefinable something that lends strength to manhood there, and gives him the tone and sinew and the mental energy that brings success in life. The winds, first blowing from the majestic St. Lawrence River, and then from the pine and spruce-covered mountains of the Adirondacks, give a richness to the atmosphere. The outdoor life in this climate gives a man a strong and sturdy physique, and his free and independent mode of living gives him a rugged character.

John Henry Henderson was a man that enjoyed all these sturdy characteristics. He was always a strong man and had never had a fever or other serious illness. Brought up in a prosperous farming community he became one of its mentally and physically strong citizens and gained a livelihood at carpentry, as did Joseph in the Bible days. But at last a break came that threatened to forever wreck his health and happiness and end his days of usefulness and activity.

In conversation with a newspaper man, Mr. Henderson told his story as follows:

"I had spent two years in Minnesota and the same length of time in Oregon, but the summer of '94 found me back at my old St. Lawrence County home, in the town of Hopkinton, working industriously at carpentering. My home and shop were on a farm, and my income was derived from repairing and building for my farmer neighbors.

"It was on a hot July afternoon in the summer of '94 that one of my neighbors sent for me to come out to his hay field. He had broken the reach to his wagon and wanted it repaired at once so that he would not be delayed in his haying. To fix the wagon I had to have a long, heavy plank, and the nearest I could find was a mile and a half distant."

Many a man would shrink from shouldering a heavy plank on a hot afternoon and walking a mile and a half, but Mr. Henderson said: "I didn't think much about it; I had always been strong and so I carried the plank into the field and mended the wagon. Before the afternoon was over I found that I had done wrong, that I had hurt my back and had to lie down, while sharp pains darted through my back, head and neck.

"That was the beginning of my trouble. I found that I couldn't straighten up after that and I had to quit work. The pains troubled me almost constantly, and after sitting still a few moments I would have to get up and move around in hopes of finding relief. I became useless and life became a burden to me, and I couldn't even write so badly was I affected.

"When I tried to work my nose would bleed freely and I would be dizzy. Frequently I felt so badly that I had to lie down. Liniments were no good, and nothing gave relief until I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had suffered nearly five months when I read one of Dr. Williams' advertisements and bought some of the pills, which I commenced using, and after I had used two boxes I felt better in every way. Five boxes freed me from the burden I had borne and I was no longer troubled with my complaint."

To-day Mr. Henderson is a well man, strong, erect, broad-shouldered and with a ruddy complexion, notwithstanding his sixty-eight years of age. He worked steadily all the summer and fall and said that his health was much better than men of his age generally. "People remark that my health and appearance seem to be better than in years. My blood circulates better, my hands feel warm, and what is unusual in a person of my age, my nails are soft and grow like a young person's."

Pink Pills were truly a God-send to Mr. Henderson, and he thoroughly appreciates the fact and wants his friends to know how wonderfully they have benefited him. He now enjoys the vigor of youth, and hard work has no terrors for him. He says: "I can work all day planing and sawing without feeling any of that lameness that used to bother me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk, or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

If you accept a substitute, you must not fuss because its not as good as genuine HIRES Rootbeer.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. A. W. Burch, an attache of the Rome, N. Y., *Sentinel*, writes September 5th, 1895: "In conversation with one of our merchants a few days ago, I learned that his wife, who had been in very poor health, was regaining her health and strength, and that she attributed her recovery to Ripans Tabules. I requested an interview, which was granted, and the lady cheerfully gave me the inclosed testimonial: 'For a long time I have been interested in the advertisements of Ripans Tabules, which I have seen in the Rome *Sentinel* and the leading magazines. The advertisements seemed to be honest and I grew to believe them. I tried to obtain some of the Tabules, but found that none of the druggists in this city kept them. I was determined to give them a trial, and at last procured a box by sending to Utica. I had suffered from indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn and distress in my stomach after eating. I began by taking a Tabule after my breakfast and supper and experienced immediate relief, and in a few days the distressing symptoms had entirely disappeared. Now when I eat anything that usually disagrees with me I take one Tabule and avoid unpleasant consequences. I have also found in them a very agreeable relief for constipation. (Signed), MRS. C. H. RUDD, 420 Liberty St., Rome, N. Y.'"

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

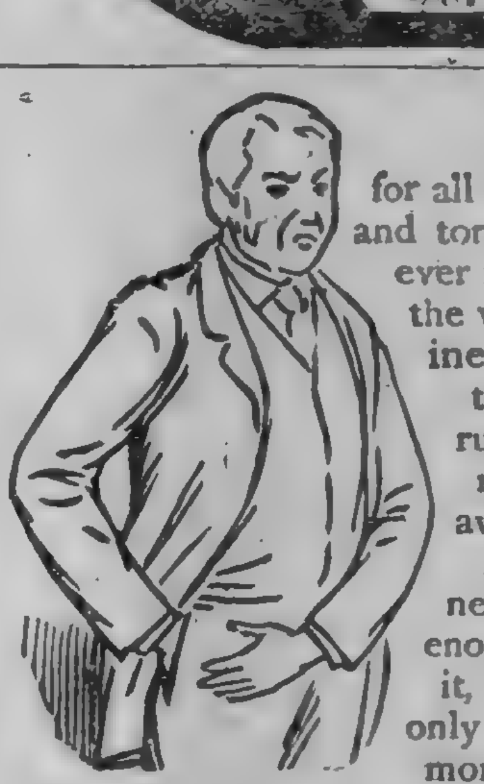
$3 A DAY SURE. Send me your address and we will show you how to make $3 a day, absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work, absolutely sure; write at once. D. T. MORGAN, Manager, Box LF, DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

Am. N.U. No. 23. 1896.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS. Lebanon Ohio.

CUT PRICES and other cuts by the only concern that ever voluntarily reduced prices or, in recent times, originated a new idea in this line, on account of which, and the good works of its goods, it has been awarded one-half the world's windmill business. It prepays freight to 20 branch houses, one at your door. Send now for catalogue for up-to-date ideas. Our imitators may not have in print our latest plans.

Write Now! This Appears Once Only.
CHICAGO



Who pays

for all the clothes, etc., that are worn out and torn to pieces in the wash? Whoever it is, he or she ought to insist that the washing shall be done with Pearline, and with Pearline only. Then that ruinous, expensive rub, rub, rub, over the wash-board, which makes all the trouble, will be done away with.

It isn't a little matter, either, this needless wear and tear. It's big enough to pay any man to look after it, and stop it. Pearline saves not only hard work, but hard-earned money.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 468 JAMES PYLE, New York.

DON'T YOU OFTEN come across expressions and references in the newspapers and books which you don't fully understand, and which you would like to look up if you had some compact book which would give the information in a few lines?—not be obliged to handle a twenty-pound encyclopedia costing $25 or $30. 50c. in stamps sent to BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City, will furnish you, postpaid, with just such a book, containing 520 pages, well illustrated, with complete handy Index. Do you know who Croesus was, and where he lived? Who built the Pyramids, and when? That sound travels 1125 feet per second? What is the longest river in the world? That Marco Polo invented the compass in 1260, and who Marco Polo was? What the Gordian Knot was? The book contains thousands of explanations of just such matters as you wonder about. *Buy it at the very low price of half a dollar and IMPROVE YOURSELF.* 50c. 50c.

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1896. NO. 33.

MUST BE OWNERSHIP.

HOW INTERSTATE COMMERCE LAW WORKS.

Under Government Control the Railroads Generally Do the Controlling—A Good One from the Chicago Ex-Broad.

We have what is called an "Inter State Commerce Commission" whose business it is, or is supposed to be, to see that railroad companies comply with the laws, do not form pools and other combinations, or otherwise band together to cheat shippers, especially small shippers.

It's a nice thing—on paper.

This Commission was provided for by Congress, with the consent of the principal railroad companies, if not at their suggestion, to pacify and conciliate the demand of the people for government ownership of railroads.

This law was to be "government control" of railroads, you understand.

This Inter-State Commerce Commission, so it was given out, was to be clothed with the authority to bring any railroad up standing for transgressing the laws regarding railroad traffic; that is, the commission was to act as a spy on the railroad business, file information and institute legal proceedings against railroad companies, and then the injured public could have the blessed privilege of going to law in the United States courts, presided over by ex-railroad attorneys acting as judges, most of which judges received their appointments from either Harrison or Cleveland, both ex-railroad attorneys.

It's a beautiful scheme, this "government control" through an "Inter-State Commerce Commission," beautiful, beautiful—for the railroad companies.

Let's see how it works.

There is a law prohibiting railroad companies from charging more for hauling a quantity of freight a short distance than for hauling the same quantity of freight a long distance.

The enforcement of this law devolves upon the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

When prosecutions for violations of this law were first made, it was found that to secure conviction it would be necessary that the books of the company showing shipments of freight be produced in court.

This the railroad companies refused to do, on the ground that they did not propose to furnish evidence tending to criminate themselves.

Now, there don't seem to be any difficulty in making an ordinary business man or merchant produce his books in court in the progress of an ordinary lawsuit. Not only that, but instances have been known where officers of the law have broken into a man's private desk and produced in court evidences tending to prove the guilt of the owner under charge of violating the law.

But to thus serve a great monopoly—whose influence makes laws, appoints judges, makes and unmakes presidents—would be little short of sacrilege!

So an accommodating ex-railroad attorney, serving as administrator of justice for the people (!), decided it was unconstitutional to thus compel delivery of the books and papers of a railroad company to be used in court against said company, and another ex-railroad attorney, serving as judge of the highest tribual of the land, sustains his decision, and since then the prosecutions of railroad companies for violations of law have been little more than a farce.

But these commissioners want to make a show of earning their salaries, and the railroad monopoly and the old parties supporting them want to make it appear just before election that "government control" is not altogether a failure, so an accommodating ex-railroad attorney, serving as judge in the supreme court, has handed down an opinion on the "long and short haul" clause of the law, that at first glance seems to be more in favor of small shippers, particularly farmers.

Commenting on this decision, Charles A. Pillsbury, manager of mills in Minneapolis that produce one-fifteenth of the flour made in the United States, is reported as saying:

"No matter what the decision of the courts may be, railroad companies have it in their power and it is to their interest to ignore the law relative to long and short haul. If they don't dodge it one way they will another.

"I can deliver a barrel of flour from my mills to Philadelphia or in France for fifty cents, and that is what I would have to pay to have it delivered at my residence only two miles away."

There is the whole policy of plutocracy in a nutshell.

The Pullmans and the Pillsburys, the railroad monopoly and every other monopoly, "have it in their power and it is to their interest" to run their business to suit themselves, and our laws are such that they can snap their fingers at their employes, or the government of the United States, or any other power on earth that may object.

And though they may not express it in words, their acts virtually and insolently ask the question, "What are you mudsill people going to do about it?"

In brief, we predict that this long-suffering and monopoly-ridden people will pay the extortionate demands and submit to the tyranny of plutocratic railroad combines but little longer before they will arise in their might and wipe from our statute books every vestige of law authorizing the existence of a railroad corporations, and in its stead will write in bold letters which cannot be erased—

"Government Ownership of Railroads!"

Supreme Court Justices may continue for a time to smirch their judicial ermine through unjust decisions; railroad corporations may brag and bluster and mock at the law of their own making; the old parties may hedge and dodge the issue before election, and prate about fanaticism and socialism after election; populist "leaders" may seek to exclude the demand from the "great popular platform" they are going to get up if—but it's bound to come, and that right speedily—

Government Ownership of Railroads.

No truer statement is contained in that grand document, put forth at Omaha four years ago—which all true populists swear by and all monopolists and platform trimmers swear at—than this:

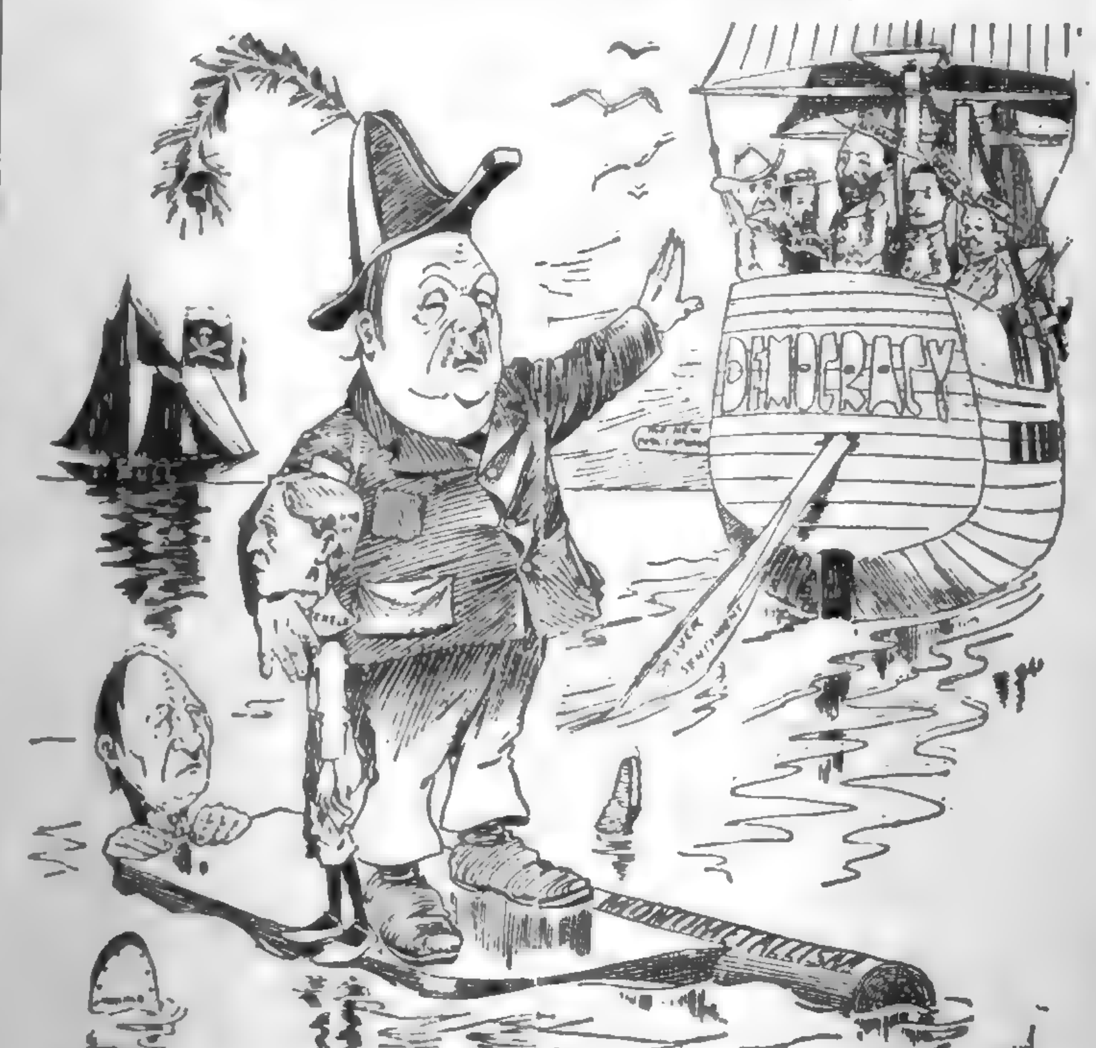
"We believe that the time has come when the railroad corporations will either own the people or the people must own the railroads."

When this question is settled there will be but one result:

Government Ownership of Railroads!

And that is what the people are going to do about it.

HE STILL CONTROLS THE RUDDER.



Captain Cleveland: "Hi! Come back here! (a pause) All right, then, go! For I will be obeyed."—National Bimetallist.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Snap Shots Taken at the Passing Procession.

The democrats in Tennessee have come as near adopting a populist platform as the gold element and a proper respect for the seventh commandment would permit them. They declare, in their state platfrom, for a rigid restriction of the federal power, for the largest measure of individual freedom; for local self-government; for free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 regardless of the action of any other nation; that both gold and silver shall be a legal tender from Dan to Beer Sheba; against the issue of interest bearing bonds; against payment in gold of government obligations; for the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on state banks; opposition to national banks and so down to 19thly.

* * *

That is to say they get on nineteen sides of the dear people in one platform and not a breath of suspicion of "ism" in it. In the populist platform proper there are about nine distinct demands or propostions, and we are accused of wanting the "earth and the fulness thereof." But this Tennessee platform outreaches us at a ratio of 19 to 1 regardless of all that has been said heretofore. And not a hint, not a horn tooted in favor of trimming it. And now the question arises: how would the populists look trotting along side of such an imposing structure with a little bobtailed platform that didn't have anything in it that wasn't in the democratic platform, and with an apology on their lips from bringing that out in the race for political pie?

* * *

And the Arkansas democrats are going to follow now in a few days. They will not be a whit behind their brethren in Tennessee in building their platform. They have got up their free silver steam, and will have their anti-bank and bond pitchforks on hand. If they will take a pointer from us we'll tell them how they can discount the Tennessee fellows and take all the wind out of the populist sails. Declare for the referendum. Of course they won't know what that means but most of them will likely be too drunk to ask any questions, and if they do they can be told that it is a new kind of ballot box that will withstand the X rays of populist investigation. Just do this boys and make the Tennessee democrats mad with envy. Of course it don't make the least bit of difference what you promise, you don't intend to perform it anyway.

* * *

Old Uncle Ben Colvin lives at St. Charles, Michigan. He is an old greenbacker, one of the anti-fusion and anti-compromising kind. He has held his town in line against both old parties for twenty years. Some one wrote and asked him to give the difference in the cost of a $100 bank bill for 20 years. Here is his reply:

"A national bank $100 for 20 years costs the people $230 to keep it afloat, while the government $100 costs the people nothing but the printing of it to keep it afloat for 20 years. Now to prove: The bond under the bank drawing 4½ per cent in twenty years would be $90 without compound. A banker never loans his money below 7 per cent. That would be $140 in 20 years without compound; adding that to the $90, there is a clean robbery of $230 drawn out of the people and handed over to the banker. That same $100 government bill is the redeemer of the national bank bill. Why not the government issue the money and save that to the people?

* * *

The union carpenters of Cripple Creek have given an example of what some people will call foolishness, but the more thoughtful will characterize as an aunusual example of the spirit of fairness to and consideration of their fellow men in distress, which should, but does not, find imitators in other callings. After the recent fire had destroyed the greater part of that city the Carpenters' union met in special session and resolved that the question for an advance of wages, which had been under consideration before misfortune had overtaken the city, should be indefinitely postponed; and that no advance on the old rate of wages would be asked pending the rebuilding of the burned district. Those having stocks of lumber, hardware and other building material on hand were not so thoughtful of their unfortunate neighbors who were burned out. The business men took advantage of the prevailing distress and extraordinary demand for building material and provisions and advanced the prices of everything exorbitantly. There was none of that "fellow feeling that makes us wondrous kind" to be found among the business men.

There are many examples of this kind occurring every day that prove a more sympathetic feeling among the alleged lower walks of life than there are among the pillars of the commercial world. It is true that the rich and powerful stand together better than do the working classes, but then it is for the purpose of more easily robbing the weak and unprotected. They are not producers and their whole time is given to the study of the science of fleecing their fellow man without running the risk of getting into the penitentiary. And this is called business. Collis P. Huntington secures an extension for the payment of the Pacific railroad debt and the right to fleece the people for another long term of years. It may have cost him several million dollars. What is that to him? The people pay the freight. The people are controlling the railroads, you know. The burning of towns and disasters of cyclones don't disturb Huntington and his class.

* * *

The Star and Kansan says:

"Up at Leavenworth last week there was a destitute woman with nine young children, who had to be provided for the by charitable people there. Her husband was in jail for defrauding the United States government. Ignorant of wrong he had used a cancelled two-cent stamp in mailing a letter; and for this crime he was sentenced to the federal penitentiary for two years! That is the same sentence the republican state treasurer of South Dakota received for stealing $350,000. Think of it. A poor man with a large family dependent upon his labor for support, and our wise and just and humane government gives him two years in prison for robbing it of two cents. Carnegie cheats the government out of hundreds of thousands by furnishing defective armor plate, and President Cleveland remits most of the fine imposed on him. But the poor man who defrauds Uncle Sam of two cents is left to rot in jail, while his family starves. A beautiful system, a noble civilization and a grand government, surely! Can't we improve upon such methods and punish the big thieves a little more and the small ones a little less. Can't we approximate a little more closely to justice and reason in our penalties? If we can't, it's about time to conclude that the experiment of human government is a failure. "By their fruits ye shall know them." A social system based on the ideas of interest, rent and profit for idlers, at the expense of the toilers, can't work out any better, though. It is the worst imaginable form of anarchy.

A Mistake.

Railroads in Russia are almost entirely under control of the government which is a great mistake, for it prevents private companies from exercising in that country the great American privilege of robbing the people. See?—Coming Nation.

If you want the rich to bear their share of the burdens of taxation, vote the People's party ticket; it is the only party that favors making them do it.

FROM TAUBENECK.

HIS REPLY TO THE JOLIET NEWS EDITOR.

The Position of the Populist Party Clearly and Patriotically Put—Fusion With Old Parties Would Be an Impossibility.

National Chairman Taubeneck has sent the following letter to Jas. H. Ferris, editor of the Joliet (Ill.) News. It speaks for itself:

Jas. H. Ferris, Joliet, Ill.

My Dear Sir:—Yours of the 20th inst., enclosing clipping from the "Chicago Record" containing press dispatch from Indianapolis, dated May 19, giving what is supposed to be the proceedings of a conference between the Indiana populists, bimetalists and silver democrats, received yesterday. In reply will state, that so far as headquarters and the national committee are concerned, there is not one word of truth in the report. It is a deliberate falsehood and fabrication from beginning to end. If Indiana populists have gone into a combination of this kind, they have not taken anyone in other states into their confidence. No populist, bimetalist or silver democrat, has ever mentioned a single word to me about a combination as stated in the dispatch. You must accept, with much allowance, anything that comes from Indianapolis. Twice before, and within the last year, have fake statements and dispatches, in which populists have figured, emanated from that city. I repeat, as I have a hundred times before, that no union of the reform forces can ever be perfected in either of the old parties. I have spent too much time and labor to get people to leave the old parties and I shall not advise them to go back regardless of what their respective parties may do. Populist editors and populists in general must realize that we cannot control the columns of the old party press. We have no way to prevent them from publishing fake statement. Anything that appears along those lines, especially now when there seems to be a break-up in the ranks of the old parties, must be accepted with much allowance. It matters not what the democratic party may do at Chicago, or what the bimetallists may do at St. Louis, or whether they meet us at all, the people's party will hold a national convention July 22, make a platform and nominate candidates for president and vice-president. Our convention will be controlled by populists, and whatever is done at that convention, will be the word of the representatives of the people's party elected by the members of that party throughout the United States.

This report from Indianapolis, in regard to the populists endorsing the nominees of the Chicago convention, is on a par with the statements made about a one plank platform, or a single silver plank platform. There isn't a populist in the United States, so far as I know who has ever advanced a one-plank platform, still less a single silver plank platform. I never did, and do not now, favor such a platform. It is no credit to a gentleman or a populist paper, to misrepresent the views of others. The talk of selling out, controlling state conventions and state delegates, is a down-right insult to every populist in the land. As though populists could be persuaded to do something against their convictions. It is humiliating to the people's party to have populist papers publish such nonsense. If I had no better opinion of the average populist than these papers express, I would certainly give up the contest as hopeless. I know the populists are honest, and at our national convention, they will do that which is best for the party and our country. Every populist in the United States has a right to express his opinion as to what the platform should contain. He also has a right to work and vote to select delegates who will represent his views in the national convention. Anything short of this means to throttle free thought and free speech. The delegates to the national convention will do that which is best for the party and our country as the conditions confront us in 1896. That is, they will do that which is best for the people's party, and not for either of the old parties. Whether the silver organizations througout the United States meet with us at St. Louis or not, will not in the slightest degree deter us from pursuing some course as though they had not called a convention for the same date and place as ours. Nor will the people's party ever surrender the principle that the government alone has the right to issue the money, whether is it gold, silver or paper, and that all money must be a full legal tender and not redeemable in coin. Let the populists throughout the United States elect good, honest, true, cool and deliberate men as delegates to the national convention, and we need not have the slightest fear as to the result. The people's party at its national convention will take care of itself regardless of what the democrats may do at Chicago. I have no time to enter into a controversy with any member of our party; no good can result from this. Dissention in our ranks is the last argument to win recruits. I am axious that our national convention should be a success in uniting all the elements opposed to present conditions. We need every voter who is dissatisfied with the old parties. I repeat again, that so far as the national committee is concerned, this report from Indianapolis is a deliberate falsehood, manufactured for the purpose of creating dissention in our ranks. And, if it does create any dissention, the populists will be responsible for it. We ought not to let these reports interfere with what is our duty towards our party and our country. Nothing would suit the republicans and democrats so well as dissention in our ranks; especially now when they know we will receive a large following from their ranks in the south and west.

Yours for our cause,
H. E. TAUBENECK.

M'KINLEY'S ON SILVER.

This Declaration Was Printed Last Spring and Denied.

Chicago, Ill.—The Times-Herald prints this conclusive statement as to Major McKinley's position on free coinage:

"A year ago in Thomasville, Ga., Major McKinley, when offered the delegates of the three Southern states if he would declare for free silver, said in the presence of the editor of this journal:

"'If the Republican platform declares for free coinage, I will not be a candidate. I would not run on a free-coinage platform.'"

The editor of the Times-Herald, it will be remembered, is H. H. Kohlsaat, one of Mr. McKinley's most intimate friends, and who, next to Mark Hanna, is generally understood to be most competent to speak for the Ohio statesman.

PLUTOCRATIC METHODS.

This one issued by an agent of London capitalists to New York capitalists in 1862:

The Hazzard Circular.

Slavery is likely to be abolished by the war power and chattel slavery destroyed. This, I and my European friends are in favor of, for slavery is but the owning of labor, and carries with it the care for laborers, while the European plan, led on by England, is for capital to control labor by controlling wages. This can be done by controlling the money. The great debt that capitalists will see to it is made out of the war, must be used as a measure to control the volume of money. To accomplish this bonds must be used as a banking basis. We are now waiting to get the Secretary of the Treasury to make this recommendation to Congress. It will not do to allow the greenback, as it is called, to circulate as money for any length of time, for we cannot control that.

—

This one afterwards issued by New York bankers to the National Banks:

The Bank Circular.

Dear Sir: It is advisable to do all in your power to sustain such prominent daily and weekly newspapers, especially the agricultural and religious press, as will oppose the issuing of greenback paper money, and that you also will hold patronage or favor from all applicants who are willing to oppose the government issue of money. Let the government issue the coin and the banks issue the paper money of the country, for then we can better protect each other. To repeal the law creating the National Bank notes or to restore to circulation the government issue of money will be to provide the people with money, and will therefore seriously affect your individual profit as bankers and lenders. See your Congressman at once and engage him to support our interests that we may control legislation.

—

This one issued March, 1893, by the Bankers' Association to all National Banks:

The Panic Bulletin.

Dear Sir: The interests of the National Bankers require immediate financial legislation by Congress. Silver, Silver Certificates and Treasury notes must be retired, and the National Bank notes upon a gold basis made the only money. This will require the authorization of from $500,000,000 to $1,000,000,000 of new bonds as a basis of circulation. You will at once retire one-third of your circulation and call in one-half of your loans. Be careful to make a money stringency felt among your patrons, especially among influential business men. Advocate an extra session of Congress for the repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman law and act with the other banks of your city in securing a large petition to Congress for its unconditional repeal. Use personal influence with Congressmen and particularly let your wishes be known to your Senators. The future life of National banks as fixed and safe investments depends upon immediate action as there is an increasing sentiment in favor of government legal tender notes and silver coinage.

Rich Thieves.

The rich thieves of the Union Stock Yards who stole water from the Chicago city water works, by connecting the water mains with pipes that run into the packing and fertilizing manufacturing establishments of that nest of millionaire anarchists, have not yet been made even to pay for the water that they stole, and no effort has been made to indict them for the crime they committed. Chicago is pretty steadily engaged in hanging friendless and obscure men who commit murder; in imprisoning little boys who, from their environments are led into little pilfering; in punishing men who sometimes steal to keep their children from starving, and men who steal a coat to keep them from freezing in winter; but a millionaire Stock Yards thief, perhaps a prominent member of the church and a star in the social circle is permitted to go unwhipped of justice. We have changed our mind in regard to a standing army. This country ought to have millions of men under arms, for as sure as the sun shines and the seasons come and go, there will need to be a soldier with fixed bayonet on every third yard of our territory if this monstrous perversion of justice goes on. Talk of anarchy; talk of punishing it; talk of its impracticability and its folly. It is the millionaire thieves who can steal and plunder and yet be safe from the clutches of the law, while the little thief is roaded to prison, who make anarchists and create the spirit of anarchy even in ordinarily loyal hearts. In the name of justice and our civilization we demand that the rich thief shall take his place in the dock beside the ragged violator of law who has stolen a loaf of bread or a pig's foot at the Stock Yards, to feed his starving children.—Farmers' Voice.

YOU ARE TO BLAME.

The Man Who Takes a Kick Deserves It.

There is no sense in workingmen finding fault with their surroundings as long as they are content to stand idly by and let monopolists work their own sweet pleasure. The man who is robbed is just as much to blame as the man who robs him if it is in his power to prevent the robbery. Instead of whining at their position workingmen should realize that it is their own fault if they are imposed upon. They constitute the great majority of the voters of the country, and at every election they bob up serenely and deposit their ballots to perpetuate the very state of affairs they declaimed against. If they are in favor of this kind of thing, and they generally vote as if they were, they should be manly enough to brace up and take their gruel like men and do less whining. When the masses really mean what they say they will tell the robber he has gone far enough and must go no farther, and they will vote in such a way as to show that they mean business. The man who is always running down the professional politician and then votes for him on election day is a pretty contemptible individual and worthy of no consideration at the hands of his fellows. To abolish robbery and poverty, and one always follows the other, it is necessary for labor to change its diet and take a good-sized dose of common sense, then it will talk less and do more. You cannot kill monopoly by supporting its ticket. You must get a hustle on and do a little voting for yourself, and until you are sensible enough to do so you will get what you deserve—the bone, with all the meat scraped of.—Industrial Banner.

Plenty of Money.

One of our Chicago dailies declares that there is plenty of idle money in the country, that is anxiously seeking investment, and that anybody who has good collateral can get all the money he wants. That sort of argument is wickedly misleading. Of course there is idle money in the country, and of course it can be borrowed on good security. Thousands of farmers could get money by mortgaging their farms, and when they had got it the farms would practically belong to the money loaners. The farmer does not want to borrow money. He wants simply to sell his products at living prices. That he cannot do. Why? Because business is paralyzed; and what paralyzed it? The legislation of Congress that established the single standard and the calling in of their loans by the banks a few years ago. Business is afraid to go ahead on borrowed capital. It is afraid that it will be crushed almost without notice by the people who loan it money. The farmer has products to sell. He has wheat in his bins, corn in his cribs and stock in his fields and yards. But he can get nothing for them; and he has no money. The public wants his products, but the people have little money with which to buy, and hence consumption is limited and prices are necessarily low. The banks and the Shylocks are masters of the situation. With less than one-half the per capita circulation that we need, they are able to hoard this money and drive the people to despair. Enlarge the circulating medium and they cannot hoard the money; they cannot build a wall between their vaults and the people by demanding usurious interest or unusual security. It is a crime to put all the industries of the country into the grip of the money owners, and that is what Congress has done. All the money in the world will do us no good as long as it is locked in bank vaults. What we want is to make money so plenty that the vaults will not hold it.—Farmers' Voice.

Workingmen.

Don't go into polictics. You will only be skinned. Only demagogues and agitators want you to go into politics. This is the advice of the men who have been getting the benefits of your votes all your lives. They have grown fat and domineering on your votes. They have sold your votes to corporations at so much a head. All bad laws in favor of the property class attest this fact. You are in politics now. You are in politics at every election. You can't keep out of politics. The men who want labor unions to avoid politics are in the pay or friendship of the people who now fatten off your votes. They want you to remain ignorant so they can the unions if they vote to discuss politics themselves and don't want you to see how you are being used. They fear it will injure the unions! They are the men who will try to break up the unions if they vote to discuss politics. Members of unions who think more of party prejudice than unionism are the bane of organized labor. Labor unions can control politics in their own interest, but they must discuss politics to learn how to do it. Why ask laws of old party hacks? Why not elect men who want these laws without being asked? Every enemy of the laboring men, every monopolist and employer, advises laboring men to remain ignorant and vote as they have in the past. Wake up, you sluggards.—Coming Nation.

Did it ever occur to you, honey, that you can't put down monopoly by voting for the parties that create it?

Relief for the Tornado Victims.

A St. Louis dispatch says: The general relief fund for the tornado sufferers foots up $191,000. There were many independent relief undertakings that would swell the amount to $220,000.

A meeting was held by the Emergency Building and Loan company Thursday evening and reports of solicitors showed that over $100,000 had been subscribed. The purpose of the projectors is to incorporate a loan society. They will loan money on destroyed property up to its former value, charging no interest for four months and taking second deeds of trust for security.

Improvement in East St. Louis is marked. Mayor Bader and the relief committee, of which he is chairman, are untiring in their work. The amount received in money from outside sources Thursday was $19,500 and half as much more in food and clothing. The city council's appropriation of $25,000 is now available.

Dislike Their German Officers.

A dispatch from Shanghai says that since the return of the viceroy, Lui Kun Yeh, to Nankin the German officers who were sent to China by Germany to drill the Chinese troops have been repeatedly insulted, the hope being entertained that they would resent the insults by resigning. This practice not having the desired result, the Chinese have resorted to violence, ending in the murder of a German officer named Krause by the Hunan body guard of the viceroy, and the German squadron has been ordered to proceed to Nankin forthwith. It is believed, the dispatch says, that all of the German officers in the Chinese service will resign.

Bad Indian—One Less.

General Wheaton was notified yesterday that Massia, the renegade Apache chief, had been slain in southern Arizona by Indian scouts. Massia killed three scouts before he was killed. He was one of Geronimo's braves and succeeded to that chief's authority among the renegades. Massia's specialty was attacking remote ranches, slaughtering white men and women and driving cattle over the Mexican border. He was captured with Geronimo in 1886 and started for Vernon Barracks, Fla., where, by order of the president, the band was to be confined. At St. Louis Massia escaped from the train and was never recaptured.

The Color Line in Chicago.

There is a lookout at the works of the Illinois Steel works, Ashland avenue and Thirty-second street, Chicago, and nearly 1,500 men are thrown out of employment thereby. The order closing the entire plant was issued by Superintendent Walker last evening. By 7 o'clock the fires had been drawn from under every furnace and the army of men had slowly filed out of the immense buildings and yards of the company. The men claim the color line was the cause of the lockout, although officers of the company do not admit it. They charge it entirely to a question of labor.

Mills Running Full Capacity.

Snodgrass & Field, lumbermen, Chattanooga, say business is entirely satisfactory in volume and has been ever since January 1, the only objection being low prices and rather small profits. They are running full capacity of 35,000 feet per day. They have logs to run them a month now on the ground, and are expecting an additional supply with the June tide, sufficient to complete the season. They have about 6,000,000 feet of lumber now on their yard.

Helps the Boiler Makers.

As a result of the recent award of sugar bounty under the contest that was being made over it, the Walsh & Weidner Boiler works, Chattanooga, Tenn., received several ordrs for new boilers from sugar manufacturers and refiners. No doubt this same cause contributed largely to the increased "music" to be heard at the other boiler establishments in that city.

LOOK BELOW.

READ BELOW.
SPEED BELOW.
STRENGTH BELOW.

See that curve?

Keating,

The wheel with no temper ruffiers. None of the little breaks and bothers to ruffle a rider's mind.

Don't think all wheels are alike. Sample the KEATING fascination.

Art Catalogue 4c. in stamps.

KEATING WHEEL CO.,
HOLYOKE, MASS.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY,
For Tax Assessor
A. C MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD,
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK.
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansior of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties.

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Senatorial Convention of the 15th district is called to meet at Clanton on June 16th, at 10 a.m. A full delegation from each county is requested to be present.

L. H. REYNOLDS, Ch'm'n Com.
JOHN W. PITTS, Sect'y.

THE Senatorial convention meets at Clanton next Tuesday.

Now, the proposition we wish to direct special attention to is, that in the election of our State officers there should not be that doubt about who are elected that does exist in regard to our present State officers. The elections should be so conducted as to remove all doubt upon matters of such importance And here we would suggest to the Governor, whose duty it is to see that the election laws as well as other laws are faithfully executed, that in some counties in Alabama, especially Lowndes, Dallas, Macon, Autauga, Perry and Hale, the probate judges, sheriffs and clerks of the circuit court, refused to appoint one inspector of election from the opposition party to the Democratic party as was shown by proof in the contested election cases in the House of Representatives, in the cases of Goodwyn vs. Gobb, W. F. Aldrich vs. Robbins and T. H. Aldrich vs. Underwood. Of this wilful violation of their duties under the law, it does seem that our Governor should take some notice. He should cause the matter to be investigated and instruct the Attorney General to file impeachment proceedings against the guilty parties. If the Governor has any doubt about an impeachment being sustained in a case of this kind, we will, if he requests it, undertake to furnish him the written opinion of so distinguished a lawyer as the late D. C. Troy, of Montgomery, who investigated the question with a view of resorting to this means to correct the evils of ballot box stuffing in the county of Montgomery and one or two others in the fall of 1894. Troy was of the opinion that the appointment of ignorant men like John Washington and "Old Peg" as the only representative of the opposition was such a violation of duty as would sustain an impeachment against the officers appointing them.—Birmingham Times.

THE State-Herald gets more venomous every day. The fact that a majority in congress voted to unseat Col. Elliot, fraudulently returned to congress from South Carolina, and seated in his place a negro who was honestly elected, is regarded by that paper as evidence in all cases and under any circumstances Congressman Goodwyn prefers the negro to the white man. The State-Herald neither believes this to be the case or expects anyone else to believe it, but hopes it may possibly injure Goodwyn. However, the State-Herald is doing itself and Johnston more injury than it is anyone else.

CANDIDATES before the recent primaries are respectfully reminded that some of them have forgotten to pay their pro rata for election tickets. Mr. Miller, chairman of the County Executive Committee, made himself responsible for the amount, and we are satisfied that the candidates only need this reminder to at once release him from the obligation. Some have paid and some have not paid, we will get the particulars together before next week's issue and can publish a list of those who have not paid so that there can be no mistake.

COL. Hodgson, for twenty-two years register in chancery at Mobile, has found it advisable to throw up that office and go West. The Mobile Register says he "made the mistake of investing certain of the funds in the hands of the court contrary to the instructions of the Chancellor." Ballot-box stuffers, when they are in office, make these little mistakes.

THE National Republican Convention meets at St. Louis next Tuesday. Telegrams this morning show that all the McKinley delegates from Alabama, with the exception of the ninth district, will have seats in the convention.

DELEGATES to the Senatorial convention to be held next Tuesday should obtain their credentials from the managers of the last primary in their respective beats.

ON Tuesday Truman H. Aldrich was sworn in as Congressman from the ninth Alabama district, and another Democratic politician returns home in disgrace.

HON. Sam Adams will speak at Collins Chapel next Saturday morning.

Headquarters U. C. Veterans.

New Orleans, La., June 1, '96.

Editor BANNER: Gen. J. B. Gordon, Commanding United Confederate Veterans, respectfully requests that you will aid the patriotic and benevolent objects of the United Confederate Veterans by publishing in your next issue, date Reunion is to take place at Richmond, Va., on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 30th, and July 1st, and 2nd, 1896. Also to urge Ex-Confederate soldiers and sailors everywhere to form themselves into local associations, and apply to these Headquarters for papers to organize in time to participate in the great Reunion, and thus unite with their comrades in carrying out the laudable and philanthropic objects of the organization.

Business of the greatest importance will demand careful consideration during the Sixth Annual Reunion—such as the best methods of securing impartial history, and to enlist each State in the compilation and preservation of the history of her citizen soldiery; benevolent care through State aid or otherwise of disabled, destitute, or aged veterans and the widows and orphans of our fallen brothers-in-arms; the care of the graves of our known and unknown dead buried at Gettysburg, Fort Warren, Camps Morton, Chase, Douglas, Oakland Cemetery at Chicago, Johnson's Island, Cairo and at all others points; to see that they are annually decorated, the headstones preserved and protected, and complete lists of names of our dead heroes with the location of their last resting places furnished to their friends and relatives through the medium of our camps, thus rescuing their names from oblivion and handling them down in history; to participate in laying the corner-stone of the Jefferson Davis monument at Richmond, Va.; the consideration of the different movements, plans and means to complete the monument to the memory of Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederate States of America, and to aid in building monuments to other great leaders, soldiers and sailors of the South; and as there is no relief or aid for our veterans and their families, outside of ourselves and our own resources, to perfect a plan for a mutual aid and benevolent association; to make such changes in the constitution and by-laws as experience may suggest, and other matters of general interest.

Total number of camps nows admitted 833, with applications in for nearly one hundred more. Following is list of camps by States:

Texas 213, Alabama 87, South Caaolina 71, Missouri 69, Mississippi 60, Georgia 54, Louisiana 51, Arkansas 50, Kentucky 37, Florida 30, Tennessee 29, Virginia 27, North Carolina 24, Indian Territory 9, Maryland 6, Oklahoma 5, New Mexico 3 Illinois 2, Montana 2, West Virginia 1, Indiana 1, California 1, District of Columbia 1.

Very respectfully,
GEO. MOORMAN,
Adj. Gen. & Chief of Staff.

Autauga Executive Committee.

The Executive Committee of the People's Party of Autauga county will meet at Carter & Deramus' Mill Saturday, June 20th, at 11 m. Populist candidates please attend.

G. W. COBURN, Chairman.
Verbena, Ala., May 23, 1896.

THE last address of the national silver party, issued by J. J. Mott, declares that "upon the action of the convention of the party to be held at St. Louis, July 22 and the action of the People's party convention to be held at the same time and place, depends the vital question as to whether we can have a just settlement of this money issue in our generation.

dry feet

means the prevention of scores of cases of colds, coughs, bronchitis, pneumonia, and consumption. Wet feet do not directly make the germs of consumption appear in the lungs; but they do cause coughs and colds and inflammation of the throat and lungs; weaken the whole system. In this condition the germs of consumption find just the soil in which to work.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is a most valuable remedy for restoring the system to health before these germs get the upper hand.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (*Ask your doctor.*) This is because it is always *palatable*—always *uniform*—always *contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.*

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Jemison, Ala., June 8, 1896.

Editor BANNER: The Democratic papers are publishing over the State a letter written by Mr. Oates in answer to Mr. Whiteheads criticisms of his and Jones' administration, but he admits the facts that they have got the State of Alabama $500,000 in debt and made a poor effort to sustain himself and Jones in the reckless manner in which they have spent the people's money, and he trys to justify himself by citing the Populist party to the administration of the Republicans in 1868 to 1874. Why, bless your life, Mr. Oates, we oppose such administration and all extravagance as much as any party on earth. The Populist party deserves just as much credit for getting Alabama from under this rule as Mr. Oates and the little remnant of party that he has left. But aint it strange they will try to saddle the Republican failure of 1868 on our party now? They are so near out of soap that they have to go back 20 years to get up anything. I wish every honest man in Alabama could read Mr. Oates' piece. Listen, Populites, how he closed. Here is what he said, speaking to Mr. Whitehead, "this shows what a jackass of a pecksniff a genuine Populist is and how little appreciation he has for the reputation of his state or the dignity of its Governor." I am sorry Alabama has got so low in morals as to elect a man Governor who thinks everybody that don't agree with him is a jackass. Yes, he calls all true Populists a jackass. He is trying to get himself up a boom to get silver votes in the next legislature to send him to the United States Senate, but after he has presented his name and the vote has been taken and he sees how far he has been beaten he will feel like a cut jackass himself

Fellow citizens, let us elect a man Governor who has better morals than to call white men such names. They are anxious to have our votes, but yet just think of their opinion of us. I think in August we will know them no more.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

* * *

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phœbe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

* * *

Maple Springs.

The people are badly behind with their work, but crops look very well.

There is a very large Sabbath-school going on at the Aldridge school house; they have 68 scholars.

Y. D. K.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The Circuit Sunday-school Convention will be held at Clanton, Ala., June 27 and 28, 1896.

JUNE 27.

9 a.m. Praise meeting.

9:30 Report of Secretaries.

10 Relationship of parents to the Sunday-school by L. H. Reynolds.

10:30 The ideal Superintendent by I. P. Allen.

11 Sunday-school work as it relates to Christ's Empire by Prof. C. C. Slaton.

2:30 p.m. Devotional service.

3 The ideal teacher by Prof. E. Y. McMorries.

3:30 Preparation of the lesson by Miss Ida Robinson.

4 The bible in Sunday-school by Miss Kate Roark.

4:30 Discussion on the object of Sunday-school work.

8 Lecture by Prof. E. R. Eldridge.

JUNE 28.

9:30 a.m. Mass meeting.

11 Lecture by Prof. E. R. Eldridgre who will also lecture at 4 p.m. and at night,

All the above subjects will be opened for discussion. Other Sunday-schools and Sunday-school workers are cordially invited.

P. M. GUTHRIE, P. C.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

A Mass Convention of the Republicans of Chilton county is hereby called to meet at Lomax, Saturday, June 27th, 1896, for the purpose of taking such action as the Republicans may see proper in the ensuing election in August.

All citizens of Chilton county, Alabama, without reference to past political affiliation, who favor a Republican form of Government and protection to American laborers and American industries, and are opposed to ring rule, unnecessary and illegal taxation, reckless extravagance in the expenditure of public monies, and believe that a public office is a public trust, and that public officers are servants of the people and should be governed in their official acts with a view to protecting the interests of the tax-payers, are requested to join with us in said Convention.

Hons. C. W. Buckley of Montgomery, B. M. Long of Jasper, Gen. J. W. Burk of Jacksonville, and Hon. Ben. DeLemos of Lowndes and other prominent speakers will be invited to address the Convention.

H. A. WILSON,
Ch'n Rep. Com. Chilton Co.

Notice of Application to Pardon Jeff Norrell.

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will on or before July 1, 1896, make application to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Jeff Norrell for the offense of assault with intent to murder, of which offense the said Jeff Norrell was convicted in the circuit court of Chilton county at the Spring term 1893.

A. Norrell.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Teachers' Institute will be held for white teachers at Clanton on the 19th and 20th days of June 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a. m. Devotional exercise.

9:30 a.m. Can a teacher properly estimate the progress of his pupils without examination? A. B. Harwood, Miss Rosa Thornton.

10 a.m. How should examinations be conducted? W. S. Garner, Miss Jennie Wilson.

10:30 a.m. Vocation of the Teacher. H. L. Hicks, L. B. Pounds.

11:30 a.m. How can parents in the country secure good schools? J. E. Creel, Mrs. M. A. Bowdoin.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. What qualifications makes the most valuable teacher? N. B. Comer, Miss Mary Garner.

2:30 p.m. Can Philosophy be successfully taught without apparatuses? J. Alex Moore, R. O. Headley.

3:30 p.m. The evils of negative teaching. J. W. Mims, E. C. Jones

SATURDAY—8:30 a.m. The requiites for successful teaching. J. P. Gore, H. A. Askins.

9:30 a.m. Modes of inspirin pupils to cultivate habits of self reliance. G. L. Speer.

10:30 a.m. How can a teacher best cultivate the morals of his pupils? B. D. Wilson.

11:30 a.m. How many different lessons ought a pupil to recite during the school day? J. M. Massey, W. A. Logan.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. Can a a teacher be to exacting? if so, why and now? H. W. Strock.

2:30 p.m. Ought the dictionary to be used as a text bokk in the school-room? Wm. Askins, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3:30 p.m. Ought teachers to be uniform in methods of teaching? C. C. Slaton, E. Y. McMorries.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks, Ch'm'n program Committee.

The law requires teachers to attend these Institutes, and I earnestly insist that all the teachers be present at this one, as we will have the State Supt. John O. Turner, and Dr. Eldridge, Pres. of the Troy Normal college, who will deliver four lectures on education on Saturday. He will also lecture on Sabbath-school Sunday following.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

THE L. & N. Railroad company are going to build a new depot building at Montgomery to cost $350,000. The plans are already prepared and work will soon be commenced.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 83, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. GREEN SEAL
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

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AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
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FURNITURE AND COFFINS
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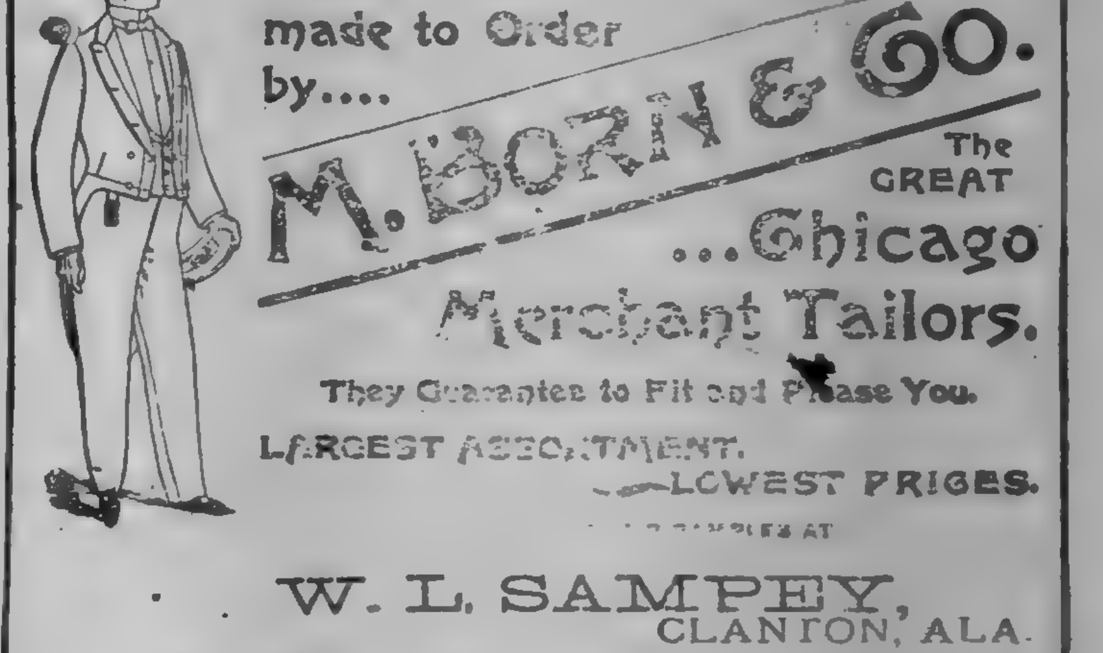
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.



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LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
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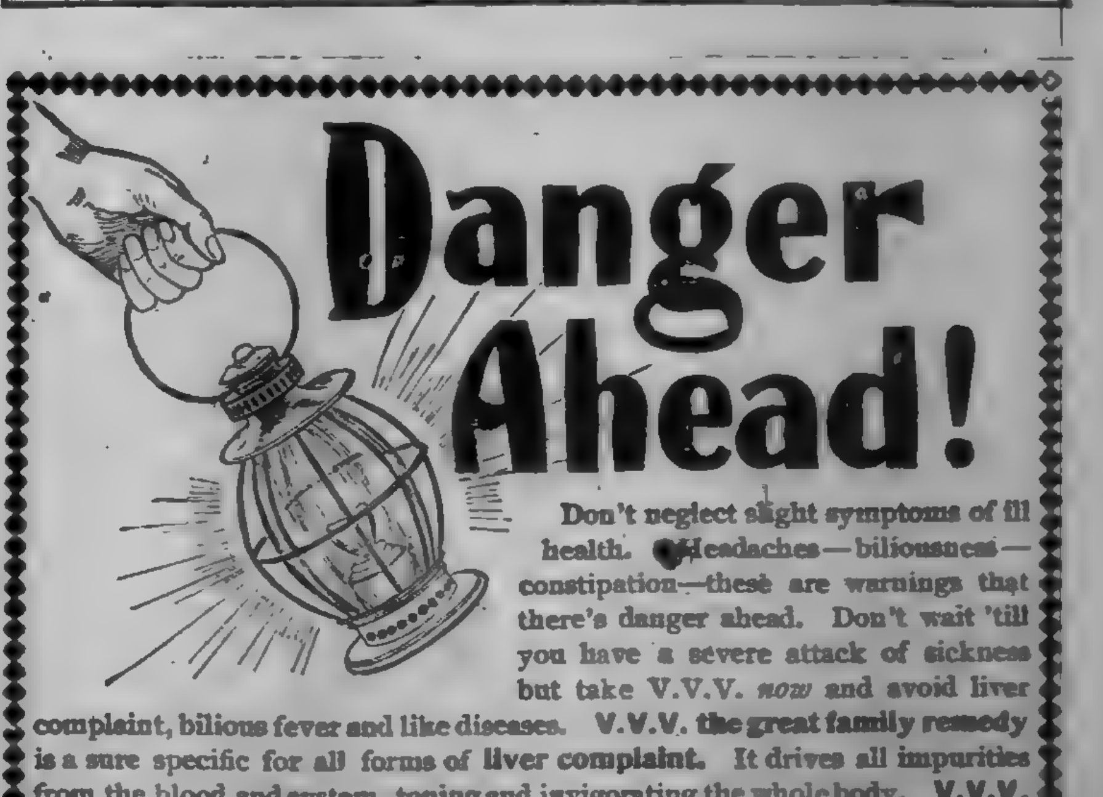


Danger Ahead!

Don't neglect slight symptoms of ill health. Headaches—biliousness—constipation—these are warnings that there's danger ahead. Don't wait 'till you have a severe attack of sickness but take V.V.V. *now* and avoid liver complaint, bilious fever and like diseases. V.V.V. the great family remedy is a sure specific for all forms of liver complaint. It drives all impurities from the blood and system, toning and invigorating the whole body. V.V.V. is composed solely of roots, barks and herbs, having powerful healing properties, yet so harmless that no one can receive any but good effect from their use. V.V.V. cures every form of blood and skin disease, including the worst cases of scrofula, kidney diseases, rheumatism, catarrh, malaria, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00.
A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Mr. G. W. Cobern, chairman of the People's Party Executive committee of Autauga county, gave us a pleasant call Tuesday, and said Populism is doing first-class in his county.

Judge Callen is back again at his old home and among his old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Gullahorn returned last week to Texas.

Last Thursday evening Miss Mamie Johnson arrived here after graduating with high honors at Shorter College, Rome, Ga. We are pleased to note the fact that Miss Mamie will spend the summer in Clanton and we are confident that she will add much to the social circle of our town.

The first cotton bloom this season was brought into our office last Saturday from the plantation of Mr. Anderson Baker, Sr., three miles east of Verbena.

Mr. Harry Blasingame was up a few days this week.

Our town is enlivened this week by the presence of the Misses Phillips, of Tuskegee, visiting Mrs. E. M. Pinckard.

Mrs. P. M. Guthrie visited Jemison last week.

Miss Mamie Johnson went to Birmingham last Tuesday night to attend the commencement exercises of Howard College, where her brother, Mr. Joe Johnson, will complete his education.

Mr. J. G. Burkhalter, of Coopers, also sent us a cotton bloom opened Saturday last.

CEMENT.—If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

The young people of Clanton, on Monday evening last, were given an entertainment at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Pinckard. The crowd began to gather at about 8:30 and at 9 o'clock the assemblage was complete. The boys and girls enjoyed the games, introduced by the Misses Phillips, very much, also the hospitality of their new host and hostess.

Mrs. Emma Northington and daughter, of Verbena, visited Prof McMorries' family here yesterday.

Mr. Sam Adams, of Tuscaloosa, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Dr. Stewart, of this place this week.

Our charming visitor, Miss Mary Duke, who has been with us for several weeks returned home, to the regret of her many friends here, yesterday evening.

Rev. S. E. Bassett, of Fort Valley, Ga., was in town to day.

There was preaching at the Congregational church last night.

Mr. Patrick Smith is removing from his old stand to his residence in north Clanton.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kindneys will find true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons

Mr. W. N. Culp and Miss Sallie Moore.

Colored. John Harris and Laura Hill.

A heavy rain storm accompanied by lightning and thunder passed over town Tuesday evening. A Negro boy who was working near the cemetery was struck senseless by the electric fluid but is slowly recoving.

100 Pictures of the Great St. Louis Cyclone in which 250 Lives were Lost, and $20,000,000 of property destroyed.

These views are all taken from actual photographs, and show more plainly than in any other way the terrible destruction left on the track of the storm. It is in book form, printed on fine paper, so as to be easily preserved, and should be in the homes of all. It is not likely America will ever again be visited by so disastrous a Tornado, hence actual photographs of the scenes will be a curiosity for years to come. Nothing like this book has ever been issued in so short a time. It contains pictures of all the principal scenes, taken the next day after the storm, before the work of rebuilding had commenced. This magnificent book will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of 30 cents in stamps or silver. Don't let this opportunity pass of securing the only complete and authentic photographs of the Greatest Storm ever known to have visited America. Address,

PUBLISHERS' SUPPLY CO,
17 & 19 Emile Building, St. Louis, Mo.

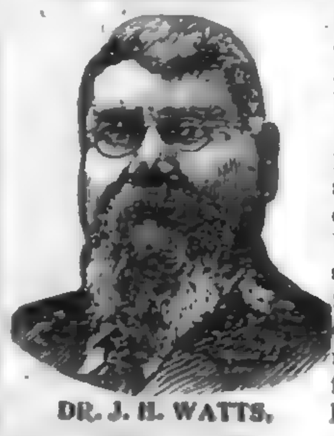
YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried



DR. J. H. WATTS.

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife L. E. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama. I will proceed to sell for cash on

MONDAY, JULY 6, 189[illegible],

on the premises of said land in said county within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of sec. eleven and w ½ of ne ¼ of sec. fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South easterly, also all of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch thence Northwesterly along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.

Clanton, Ala., May 30, 1896.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, } Circuit Court
Chilton county. } spring term 1896

W. R. Houghton, W. A Collier, Plaintiffs vs James H. Gibbons, Defendant— Attachment.

Whereas, W. R. Houghton and W. A Collier, as plaintiffs in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 5th day of December, 1895, against the estate of said defendant, James H. Gibbons, which attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit: S ½ of se ¼, se ¼ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of sec 14, S ½ of fractional sec 13, all in T 22 R 12; and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 19, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 se 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional sec 18 T 22 R 13, and whereas, it appears that the said James H. Gibbons, Defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama. Now, therefore, the said James H. Gibbons, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand this 29th day of May 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk.

BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Dr. Miles' *Pain Pills* are guaranteed to *stop Headache* in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose."

Over-Profit Paying Stop it

Get our Great Catalogue and Buyers Guide. We'll send it for 15 cents in stamps to pay part postage or expressage. The Book's free. 700 Pages, 12000 illustrations, 40000 descriptions, everything that's used in life; tells you what you ought to pay, whether you buy of us or not. One profit from maker to user. Get it.

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD
PRESCRIBES
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
— FOR —
COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or
Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

Dr. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He [illegible] "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathing, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your miseries when Cushman's Inhaler will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished [illegible] of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol [illegible] the Influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! [illegible]

I have had Catarrh for ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.
T. DOUGLAS MORTON.
Kingston, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healing aid to HEADACHE sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

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SODA FOUNTAINS

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Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

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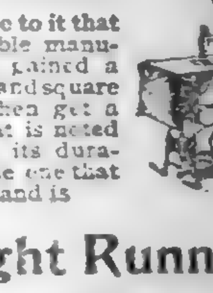
MADISON, INDIANA.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
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Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation.

Guaranteed to give satisfaction, when you need an ointment, be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 13th day of June, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT NO. 1.

Sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 29 tp 24 r 15, tax and cost $4.70.

Ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 24 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $11.92

BEAT NO. 2.

Nw ¼ of se ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Se ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

Ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 15 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.70.

E ½ of ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

E ½ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $4.82.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 12, tax and costs $4.70.

BEAT NO. 3.

Nw ¼ and N ½ of sw ¼ and s ½ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ and n ½ of se ¼ sec 27 and all of sec 35 tp 21 r 13. tax and costs $39.39.

BEAT NO. 4.

Se ¼ of ne ¼ sec 22 tp 22 r 14 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 3 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

Sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 8 tp 22, r 14, tax and costs $4.70.

N ½ of se ¼ sec 33 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $5.96.

N ½ of ne ¼ and N ½ of nw ¼, sec 12, tp 22 r 15, tax and costs $8.82

Se ¼ of ne ¼ and part of sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.87.

BEAT NO. 6.

W ½ of nw ¼ and sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 1 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.81.

Nw qr of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr and e ½ of ne qr and se qr sec 3 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $14.57.

BEAT NO. 7.

Sw qr of Nw qr sec 26 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Se qr of nw qr sec 31 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $4.70.

Nw qr of nw qr and s ½ of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; se qr and ne qr of sw qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13; s ½ of sw qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 23 tp 21 r 13. tax and costs $20.38.

BEAT NO. 8.

N ½ of ne qr sec 16 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $5.96.

Ne qr of sw qr sec 17 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.70.

W ½ of ne qr of se qr sec 23 tp 20 r 11, tax and costs $4.36.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $6.80.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $3.66.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $5.48.

G W Willis w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 6 tp 23 r 15 tax and costs $6.16.

BEAT 2.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $42.54.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $11.89.

BEAT 3.

Julia Porter n ½ of se qr and se qr of se qr and se qr of nw qr sec 22 tp 22 r 12 tax and costs $5.67.

BEAT 4.

J M Gallaspie part of w ½ of ne qr sec 12 tp 21 r 14; and part of sw qr of se qr and se qr of sw qr sec 1 tp 21 r 14 tax and costs $6.57.

BEAT 6.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $53.57

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $4.84.

Otto Stoker n ½ of ne qr sec 5 tp 20 r 16; nw qr of nw qr sec 4 tp 20 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of nw qr sec 2 tp 20 r 16; se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 3 tp 20 r 16; se qr and ne qr sec 7 tp 20 r 16, w ½ of ne qr sec 8 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of ne qr sec 10 tp 20 r 16; e ½ of se qr and se qr of ne qr sec 32 tp 21 r 16; w ½ of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr sec 33 tp 21 r 16; nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $22.84.

Sigh Thornton se qr of sw qr sec 18 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $3.14.

BEAT 7.

Ephraim Vassor ne qr of sec 28 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $7.51

Robert Maybear nw qr of sw qr sec 21 tp 21 r 11 tax and costs $2.35

BEAT 8.

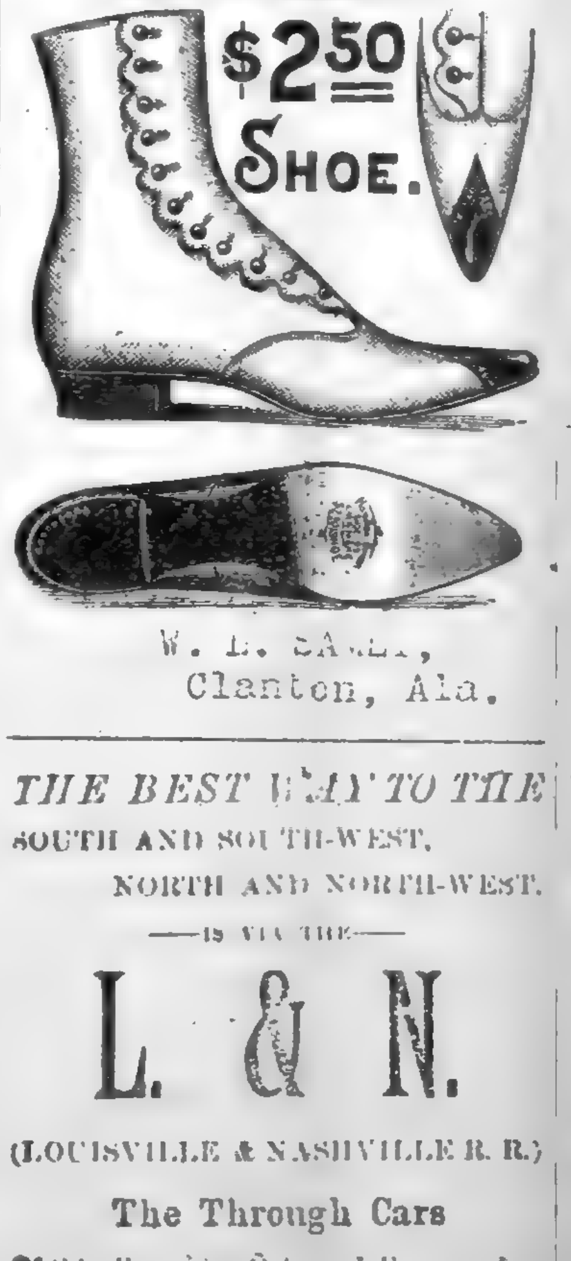
J H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $4.75.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday the 15th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same, fees and costs.

This 15th day of May, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

HAMILTON-BROWN
SHOE CO'S.
·OWN MAKE·
$2.50
SHOE.



W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain: Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 200 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

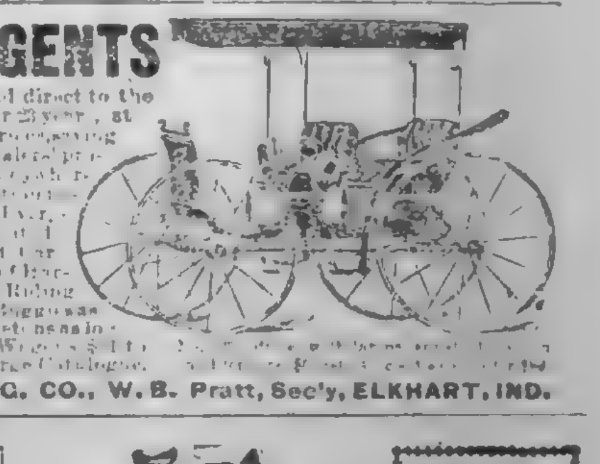
For the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has [illegible] since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—[illegible]—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—[illegible]—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL [illegible]—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—[illegible]—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—[illegible]—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—[illegible] PILES, [illegible] KIDNEY DISEASES, [illegible] NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. [illegible] Top Buggies as low as $[illegible]. Phaetons as low as $[illegible]. Spring Wagons $[illegible]. [illegible] Large Catalogue.



No. 16½—Surrey Harness. Price $11.50. As good as sells for $[illegible].

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

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For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

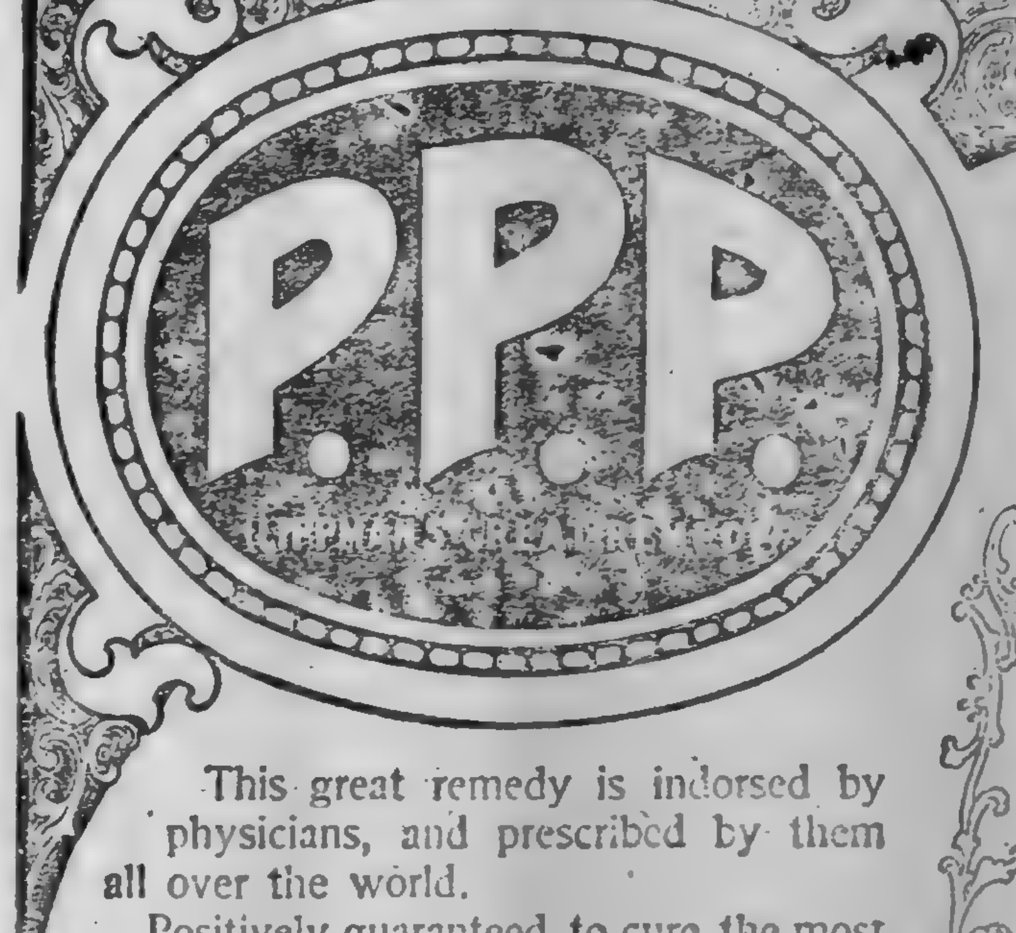
If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 19, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.



This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FRAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me,"
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS.
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD—
POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR
BOOKLET.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store,

"Moral courage," said the teacher, "is the courage that makes a boy do what he thinks is right, regardless of the jeers of his companions." "Then," said Willie, "if a feller has candy and eats it all hisself, and ain't afraid of the other fellers callin' him stingy, is that moral courage?"—Atlanta Constitution.

Proud pop (to old bachelor friend—I tell you, Dawson, there's no baby like my baby. Dawson—I'm glad you've waked up to that fact. I knew mighty well there never was a baby like the one you described.—Harper's Bazar.

Compliment to a Soldier.

During the siege of Paris Marshal Canrobert found himself for a moment in the presence of a party of ladies. They were very much agitated. "What is the matter, ladies?" the marshal asked.

"The matter?" said Madame Brohan, in whose house the people were assembled. "Why, we are on the eve of battle, and I suppose fear affects us."

"Fear?" echoed the marshal, looking about with a puzzled air.

Madame Brohan rang her bell.

"Marie," she said, when the maid appeared, "bring a dictionary for the marshal!"

A Two-Acre Fish.

There was once an English nobleman who told at a dinner of a tiger he shot. It measured twenty-four feet, he said, from snout to tail-tip. Everybody looked a bit astonished, but nobody insinuated disbelief the story—nobody but an old Scotchman, who told a story of a fish he once caught. He had been unable to pull it in alone, but with the aid of six friends, he managed to land it.

"It was a skate," he said, "and it covered two acres."

The nobleman looked at the Scot through his monocle, and left the table. Others followed. After a while the host returned.

"Sir," said he to the Scotchman, "you have insulted my lord, and you must apologize."

"I dinna insoolt him," said the Scot.

"Yes, you did, with your two-acre fish story. You must apologize."

"Well," said the braw and wary Scot, "tell him if he'll take ten feet off that tiger, I'll see what I can do with the fish."

Decided by Jury.

It is not uncommon for an English judge to try to raise a laugh—and strange to say, he usually succeeds—by affecting an infantile ignorance of all things but purely judicial matters. Sir Henry Hawkins not long ago asked in court, "What is hay?"

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says that in a recent libel suit a strange affectation of judicial ignorance was evinced by Lord Russell. Sir Edward Clarke read, from a book of the plaintiff's, a description of Chopin's "umber-shaded head."

"What shade?" asked Lord Russell.

"Umber," replied Sir Edward.

"Yes, but what is that?" persisted the chief justice.

At this point the feelings of the jury were too much for them. With a unanimity reminiscent of the "Pirates of Penzance," they chanted in expostulatory chorus: "Brown, my lord, brown," and the trial went on.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs. Made by the California Fig Syrup Company.

Do business for the Lord, and there will be no danger of bankruptcy.

Buy $1.00 worth Dobbins Floating-Borax Soap of your grocer, send wrappers to Dobbins Soap M'f'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. They will send you free of charge, postage paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary, 298 pages, bound in cloth, profusely illustrated. Offer good until August 1st only.

There are pleasures in sin, but they are only pleasures for a season.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. ABBOTT, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

Pure

Blood is essential to health. Now is the time to purify and enrich the blood, and thus give vigor and vitality, by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

There is lots of pleasure, satisfaction and health corked up in a bottle of HIRES Rootbeer. Make it at home.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N. U. No. 24. 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

INDUSTRIAL MOVEMENTS NOTED.

Gone to a New Field—A Waiting Warrant—Alabama Iron Going to England—Killed by a Freight Engine—The First Watermelons—A New Mill.

Will Be Put in Blast.

The big charcoal furnace at Jenifer, twelves miles south of Anniston, is being overhauled and repaired and will be in blast in a few weeks.

Better Than Cotton.

T. J. Hodges, of Ashville sold last week in Gadsden two and a half tons of home raised clover at $13 per ton. B. A. Nowlin, of Collinsville, also sold two car loads.

Postoffice Moved.

Mountainboro postoffice, Etowah county, has been moved to Carlisle Station, on the Tennessee and Coosa railway, and Logan J. Lisenby has been appointed postmaster.

Behind With Orders.

The Daniel Pratt Gin company closed down their shop a few days last week to repair the water wheel. They have recently begun to work their men eleven hours per day on account of being behind with orders.

Alabama Iron Goes to England.

The British steamer Huntcliffe cleared Wednesday at Mobile for Manchester, England, direct with a full load of cotton, etc., including 250 tons of Alabama iron, the first shipment of Alabama iron from Mobile to England direct.

Huntsville's Big Mill.

All arrangements are about completed and work is expected to begin in a few days on Huntsville's merchant flour mill. The mill will be up to the latest stage of the art, with a daily capacity of 100 barrels of meal and flour each.

Disastrous Hail Storm.

A dispatch from Rogers says: The cotton crop in this section is ruined. The plants are flat on the ground and in many instances are entirely stripped of their leaves. Corn is also damaged to a great extent. All owing to half an hour's severe hail storm.

Visited the Pest House.

There were two more cases of smallpox reported last week at Tuscumbia, and one death. The cases occurred in the family of a negro who it appears had clandestinely visited the pest house. It is thought now that the disease will be stamped out.

Cotton Seed Oil Company.

Articles of incorporation of the Birmingham Cotton Oil company have been filed in the probate office. Messrs. Robert N. King, of Dayton, O.; John W. Taylor, of Atlanta, Ga.; John O'Brien, of Montgomery, and W. N. Malone of Birmingham, are the incorporators, and the capital stock is $100,000.

Two Prisoners for the Mines.

Special Agent T. C. Nelson, of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad company arrived in Birmingham at Midnight Wednesday night from Covington county with two negro prisoners for the mines. One of them, Andrew Searcy, goes up for life for murder, and the other, Will Washington, is a short term man.

Going to Another Field.

Messrs. M. C. Williams and R. J. Saywell, until recently superintendents of the rolling mills and blacksmith and machine shops departments of the United States Car company, at Anniston, have gone to Rome, Ga., having leased the cotton tie factory at that place, which has been idle for quite a while. They will operate it to its full capacity and intend to get it going in about two weeks.

Industrial—Birmingham.

The car wheel works on Avenue E and Twelfth street, Birmingham, fired up Thursday. They will use 100 tons of iron a day—almost the output of a furnace. The works will make trucks as well as wheels. They will furnish railroads with the trucks ready for the bed of the car. Many skilled workmen are employed. This is one of the most important industries that has recently been started in Birmingham.

The Law's Troublesome Memory.

George Baty was arrested a few days ago on a bill found by the grand jury in 1890. In that year Baty and a man by the name of Tom Precise had a duel, on the streets of Scottsboro, in which a horse was killed by the former, though neither of the principals were hurt. Baty soon left the country and returned only a few days ago. He is quite broken up over the affair and says he did not know there was a warrant for him. He was unable to make bond and was lodged in jail.

Watermelons Have Come.

There are watermelons in Birmingham. A car load of them, the first of the season, arrived Thursday afternoon over the Louisville & Nashville railroad from Florida, and tonight will be seen at almost every stand in the city. The melons this season are a little ahead of those that arrived last season, and the crop will be every bit as heavy as it was last year. The Louisville & Nashville railroad on Thursday evening carried forty cars of bananas through Birmingham en route to Cincinnati and other points.

Slashed Across the Throat.

On Thursday night at New Castle Pink Scarver, colored, was carved to death. On examination of the body at the inquest held by Coroner R. E. Jones on Friday two gashes, one on each side of the throat, either of which would have caused his death, were found. Several other knife wounds on different parts of the body appeared. One Jim Johnson, colored, was arrested, charged with the crime, and conveyed to jail. It appears from the evidence before the coroner that another negro, who has not been arrested, is implicated.

Seem's He'd Been Drinking.

An unfortunate occurrence took place in Selma Friday night, which may result in the death of one citizen at the hands of another. It seems that Mr. Ed Molette had been drinking and went to the room of Mr. Llewelyn Bitts. All that is known is that a difficulty occurred and both men drew and emptied their pistols. The shooting attracted attention and persons who rushed into the room found the form of Mr. Molette lying on the floor with an ugly wound through the abdomen. It is thought the wound fatal.

The Engine Struck Her.

At Liberty Park station, on the Ensley Dummy line, a negro woman stepped from a dummy train Wednesday morning on the track of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company. Hardly had she done so when a freight train on that line came in sight. The engineer blew his whisle and reversed brakes, but the woman failed to leave the track and the engine struck her, hurling her from the track. When picked up it was found that both legs and her hips were crushed. She was taken to a house close by, and it was learned she died shortly afterward.

Can't Subsist On Glory.

A good deal of kicking is being indulged in by the First regiment of the Alabama state troops, in camp of instruction at Mobile, on account of the fact that the soldiers will be required to pay for what they eat during the encampment. It is, unfortunately, true that the state will not be able this year to defray all of the expenses of the encampment. Transportation and all of the other camp expenses other than providing for the rations of the troops will be paid by the state out of the $15,000 appropriated by the legislature for that purpose. If after the encampment any surplus of this $15,000 is left it will be prorated among the regiments and applied to the grub fund. Only one company in the First regiment, however is said to have threatened to bolt the encampment.

Colored Teachers' Association.

The Colored State Teachers' association met in Anniston Wednesday night in annual convention to be in session three days. Addresses of welcome were delivered by Hon. Francis M. Hight, mayor, and Judge William I. Johnston, chairman of the board of education. The response on behalf of the visiting teachers was made by Booker T. Washington, who for six years has been president of the association, and who founded and is at the head of the big negro school at Tuskegee, which has achieved a world-wide fame under his management. His speech, after thanking the city for the welcome extended, continued with good advice to the negroes and sound truths as to existing conditions, and it is said to have been the finest, most sensible and most practical discourse ever listened to by those who heard it, the audience including a great many white people.

Executive Clemency.

Will Smith, colored, was to have been hung Friday at Birmingham. On Thursday his attorney returned from Montgomery bearing the following order;

State of Alabama,
Montgomery County. }

The death sentence of Will Smith, to be executed by hanging on Friday, the 5th day of June, 1896, is hereby commuted to imprisonment at hard labor in the state penitentiary during his natural life.

Wm. C. Oates,
Governor.

Smith was convicted, with three other negroes, of the murder of Deputy Sheriff A. T. Wood, at Brookside last July. Since his conviction circumstances have come to the knowledge of Judge Greene and Solicitors Bradley and Furguson, who represented the state in the trial, that moved them to recommend the commutation of the death sentence. Sheriff Morrow, G. R. Easlel foreman, and F. F. Norton, a member of the jury of trial, also commended the commutation.

Limestone Circuit Court.

An extra term of circuit court commenced at Athens Tuesday, Judge Speake presiding. The object of this special term is the closing of the criminal docket. Three murder cases are embraced, chief among which is the case against Annie Mahone for the killing of T. Redus Westmoreland, both of Elkmont, Ala., on November 5, 1895. In this case the state will be assisted by Messrs. McClellan & Sanders of this place, while Judge William Richardson of Huntsville, and J. E. Fussell, of Columbia, Tenn., will represent the defendant.

It is set for Thursday next.

Perhaps more interest will be taken in this trial than in any ever held in this county since the Townsend-Binford case of ante-bellum days.

The next in importance, doubtless, is the case against Lorine Wynn, as the instigator, or particeps criminis, of the Upshaw-Smith murder, for which two young negroes are now under sentence of death.

The other the State vs. Sam Williams for the killing of Mr. Brooks and seriously wounding another of the Brooks boys at the same time and place, on December 25, 1893.

Distinguished Soldier Dies.

General Rafael de Quesada died in his apartments in the hotel Endicott, New York, Saturday. The immediate cause of his death was blood poison, following an operation on his throat. By his death Cuba loses one of her best and ablest friends. Quesada seems to have been somewhat a soldier of fortune. We first hear of him fighting under the Mexican flag against the French under Maximillian. Returning to Cuba he shared the dangers and toils of his countrymen in their ten years' struggle with their oppressors. Upon the success of the Spanish arms, he again sought distinction under a foreign flag, and, joining the National Guard, of Venezuela, became Crespo's chief of staff. He resigned this office and came to New York to devote himself once more to the cause of Cuban freedom. He was a native of that unhappy isle, having been born in the province of Puerto Principe in 1837.

Business Block Burned.

The Booth block, the largest business block in New Britain, Conn., was damaged by fire Saturday to the extent of $65,'00. The origin of the fire is not known, but the police are at work under the belief that it was incendiary.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOURTH DAY.

The conference report on the Indian appropriation bill, after two hours discussion of the provision imposing citizenship on the Indians of the five civilized tribes, went over. The joint resolution appropriating $6,000 for the completion of the historical frieze in the capitol rotunda, after some discussion, went over. The conference report on the fortification bill was agreed to. The private pension bill vetoed because of imperfect description of the beneficiary was reported with that defect corrected and passed. Three vetoes of pension bills were received, two of which were based on imperfection in description and the other on the fact that the beneficiary was a widow who had forfeited a pension by remarriage, the children of the deceased soldier having enjoyed a pension until the youngest arrived at the age of 16. The prohibitory bond bill was discussed and went over. The senate adjourned until tomorrow.....In the contested election case of Johnson vs. Stokes, from the Seventh South Carolina district the house decided that there had been no legal election, and that, therefore, a vacancy exists. The bill authorising the appointment of a labor commission of twenty members to investigate the relations of labor and capital and report to congress, was passed. A supplemental conference report on the sundry civil bill was made and agreed to. The house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIFTH DAY.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, addressed the senate on the Dingley tariff emergency bill. Discussion of the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill followed, until 1 p. m., when the bill to prohibit the issue of bonds without the consent of congress was taken up and, after debate, passed. The senate then adjourned.....The house adopted a rule making 11 o'clock the hour of meeting for the remainder of the session. The report of the committee on rivers and harbors, recommending the passage of the river and harbor appropriation bill, the objections of the president to the contrary notwithstanding, was presented by Mr. Hooker, republican, of New York, chairman, and read. Mr. Hooker called for the previous question on the motion to pass the bill, and the previous question was ordered by yeas 179 to nays 60. The bill was then passed without debate by 220 yeas to 60 nays. The rest of the session mainly was taken up with the argument on the contested election case of Mitchell vs. Walsh from the Eighth New York district and voting upon it. The report of the majority of elections committee No. 2 recommending the seating of Mitchell, republican, in place of Walsh, democrat, was agreed to—yeas 162, nays 39. By this action the democratic strength of the house was reduced to ninety-seven and that of the republicans increased to 249. Conference reports on the naval appropriation bill and the bill making appropriations for fortifications and coast defenses were presented and the former agreed to. The latter was the final report of the conferences and provided for the expenditure of $7,377,888 and authorized contracts to the amount of $4,195,076. The lack of a quorum prevented the adoption of the report and at 5:46 the house adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIXTH DAY.

A partial conference report on the naval appropriation bill was made to the senate and went over until 1 p. m. tomorrow, when a vote will be taken. The river and harbor bill was passed over the veto by 56 yeas to 5 nays. The senate then adjourned.....In the house, the general deficiency bill being under consideration a motion to strike certain names from the list of alleged victims of the Ford theater disaster, was carried and the bill went over. A contested election case took up the remainder of the session and the house adjourned until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SEVENTH DAY.

In the senate a partial conference report on the naval appropriation bill was agreed to and a further conference ordered. The conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to as to provision imposing citizenship on the Indians of the five civilized tribes, and destroying their tribal relations. A further conference was ordered on the senate amendment to continue contract schools to July 1, 1898. The filled cheese bill was passed after two hours' discussion, yeas 37, nays 17. It now goes to the president. A final conference report on the general deficiency bill was agreed to. A bill for the scientific investigation of the seal fisheries was passed, and the senate then adjourned.....In the house the contested election case of Murray, negro republican, vs. Elliot, democrat, from the Seventh South Carolina district, was decided in favor of Murray by 153 to 33, and Murray was sworn in amid the applause of the republicans. The final report of the conference on the general deficiency bill was presented and agreed to, and the following bills were also finally disposed of: To pension Mrs. Mary C. Gregg, widow of Major-General John Irwin Gregg, at $50 a month; to pension Mrs. William Loring Spencer, widow of Ex-Senator and Brigadier-General George E. Spencer, of Alabama, at $50 a month; authorizing the restoration of John N. Quackenbush to his rank and place as commander of the navy and his retirement by the president. As finally agreed upon, most of the claims inserted in the general deficiency bill were stricken out, including those of the Richmond Locomotive & Machine works, on account of the construction of the battleship Texas, $69,000. Adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHTH DAY.

In the senate Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, spoke on his resolution offered on Tuesday requesting the president to communicate to the senate the facts and proceedings relative to the men captured on the Competitor and held by the Spaniards in Cuba. His address occupied the time until the morning hour expired, when the resolution went to the calendar. The proposed constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States senators by the people of the states instead of the legislatures was taken up informally and discussed. It was advocated by Mitchell, republican, of Oregon, Perkins, republican, of California, and Palmer, democrat, of Illinois. Hawley, of Connecticut, and Chandler, of New Hampshire, republicans, opposed it. A joint resolution for final adjournment on Monday at 3 p. m. was offered and referred to the committee on appropriations. The senate then adjourned.....In the house the contest of Martin, populist, vs. Lockhart, democrat, from the Sixth North Carolina district, was decided in favor of Martin by 113 to to 5 (less than a quorum) and Martin was sworn in. In the case of Rinaker vs. Downing from the Sixteenth Illinois district, which had been sent back to the committee for a recount of ballots, Mr. Moody, republican, of Massachusetts, reported a resolution, from the committee, declaring Rinaker entitled to the seat by a plurality of 5. The face of the returns gave Downing a plurality of 40 and he had received the certificate of election. Mr. Moody was of the opinion that Downing was entitled to the seat, but the other republicans of the committee did not accept his view of the law. So Downing, democrat, was turned out and Rinaker, republican, turned in by the adoption of the resolution by yeas 189, to nays 51. Evans of Kentucky, Moody of Massachusetts and Sherman of New York, republicans, voted no, with the democrats. At 4:55 the house adjourned.

COLLISION JUST FOR FUN

Draws a Big Crowd, But Results Badly for One Spectator.

The presence of 25,000 people in Buckeye Park, south of Columbus, O., on a recent afternoon to see two monster locomotives deliberately put in terriffic collision, bore evidence to the natural love of destruction in the average human being. The collision was arranged by the Hocking Valley Railway company as a means of drawing people to their new park to pass the holiday. The machines were old-fashioned and worn out. Neither had been used for some time and both were early candidates for the scrap pile. A small expense put them in safe condition for the purpose.

A special track a mile long had been prepared and the locomotives, with four old freight cars attached to each and under full steam, was started, one from each end, at precisely 4:25 p. m. It is estimated that they were going at the rate of forty-five miles an hour when they met. The crash was heard for miles. The two monsters were of about equal weight, and when they struck they mounted up in the air fully 25 feet. The freight cars piled up in a wreck under them and the wreck of the engines fell back upon them, a hissing, smoking mass. Dummy brakemen and engineers had been placed on the trains to make it all the more realistic, and many women fainted, supposing they were real men and could not get off.

Chief Clerk Thomas Peck, of the general ticket agent's office, was the victim of the only accident. A bolt from the wrecked engine flew about 100 yards to where he was standing and striking him on the leg, broke it in two places.

Austin Corbin Dead.

Austin Corbin, the multi-millionaire of New York, died at 9:43 o'clock Thursday night from injuries received by the running away of the horses attached to his carriage. The accident occurred about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, while Mr. Corbin was driving from his estate to the game preserves, two miles from Newport, N. H., accompanied by his grandson, Edgell Corbin, and the latter's tutor, Dr. Kunger. The driver was John Stokes. When coming out of the entrance gate the horses shied and in the fright dashed across the road, colliding with a high stone wall. The carriage was overturned sufficiently to eject with great force all its occupants, with the result that one of Mr. Corbin's legs was broken in two places and the other wrenched, while his head was terribly bruised. The driver was injured internally and died at 6 o'clock. Edgell Corbin had one leg broken, besides other injuries, while the tutor escaped with a severe shaking up.

Spanish Generals Quarrel.

During a recent discussion of affairs in Cuba between General Martinez Campos, the predecessor of General Weyler as captain general of Cuba, and General Borrero, the argument became so animated that the discussion developed in a hot quarrel and a duel was arranged. The matter was conducted with the greatest secrecy, but in some manner the authorities received information of the intended duel between the generals a few minutes before they were to meet on the Primo rivers. The captain general of Madrid proceeded with haste to the spot, arriving just as the principals were being placed in position, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that he succeeded in stopping the affair before either of the combatants was wounded. Generals Campos and Borrero were finally disarmed and sent to their respective residences under arrest.

Assassins in Milwaukee.

A trolley car was ambushed Wednesday night at a point two miles south of Milwaukee, Wis., and fully twenty shots were fired into it. Mortorman John E. Breen received a bullet in the abdomen and will die. Conductor Schwartz was shot through the legs. The spot where the shooting was done is densely wooded, and the murderers escaped. They are supposed to be sympathizers with the strikers. At night cars were stoned on the south side, and several times shots were fired between officers and rioters. South of the city, in the suburb known as Silver City, attacks were made on several cars. Several arrests were made in that locality.

Builders Criminally Unscrupulous.

As a result of the coroner's inquest into the cause of death of four persons killed in the collapse of the Brown building, Buffalo, N. Y., last month, the brunt of blame has been laid on the owners of building as represented by their agents, Chas. R. Hastings and Edward P. Thayor. They are charged by the jury with culpable negligence and unscrupulous methods pursued unmindful of the advice and opinion of reliable men. The contractor, W. M. Luther, is also found to have contributed to the cause of disaster by his incompetence and gross negligence.

Chip From the Same Block.

Carroll Sagely, a young white man, who was carried to Jackson, Miss., from Lamar county, Ala., on requisition and charged with stealing $15 and a gold watch from a Jackson suburban merchant, waived examination Thursday morning and was returned to jail in default of $250 bond. Sagely is from Rube Burrow's neighborhood, and is related to that notorious outlaw. The watch was found on his person, and he is certain of a term in the penitentiary.

The Russian Plain Disaster.

The Eclair, a Paris newspaper, asserts that 3,874 persons perished and that 4,000 were injured in the crush on Khodjiskoje Plain, outside of Moscow, Russia, on Saturday morning last.

Pill Clothes.

The good pill has a good coat. The pill coat serves two purposes; it protects the pill, enabling it to retain all its remedial value, and it disguises the taste for the palate. Some pill coats are too heavy; they will not dissolve in the stomach, and the pills they cover pass through the system as harmless as a bread pellet. Other coats are too light, and permit the speedy deterioration of the pill. After 30 years exposure, Ayer's Sugar Coated Pills have been found as effective as if just fresh from the laboratory. It's a good pill with a good coat. Ask your druggist for

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

More pill particulars in Ayer's Curebook, 100 pages. Sent free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4% Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments on this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

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OLD MACHINERY REPAIRED.
Write for Prices. Address,
Hardie-Tynes Foundry and Machine Co.,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

In writing please mention this paper.

RIPANS TABULES

August 8, 1895. In an interview with Mr. Chas. E. Johnson, manager gents' furnishing goods department, "The Fair," Seventh and Franklin avenues, St. Louis, he said: "Several years ago I was troubled with an aggravated case of Dyspepsia, and of course the first thing I did was consult a physician. As I had always enjoyed the best of health I was worried a good deal over this, my first illness—that is, the first I could remember since the ailments common to childhood—and my only desire was to get well as speedily as I could. I took regularly all the medicines as my doctor prescribed them. I must say that in a short time I felt all right, thought I was cured, and stopped taking the medicine. But it wasn't long before I was feeling as badly as ever, and again I had recourse to the doctor. This kept up for some time, and the last time I made up my mind I would quit doctoring and try some of the remedies I saw advertised from day to day. Well, this was more than ever, and in the most cases I didn't even get temporary relief. So I didn't know what to do, and made up my mind that I would have to pass the remainder of my days in suffering. Well, to cut a long story short, I had read so much of Ripans Tabules that I concluded I would give them a good trial. It said, 'one would give relief,' and I thought it about time for some good wholesome relief might cure me. I purchased two boxes from a druggist for one dollar, and when I had finished them I was a better man than I had for years. I continued to use them, and to-day believe I am a well man. Once in a great while I do have a slight touch of the old malady, but a few of the Tabules fixes that all right. I generally keep a box in my house."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

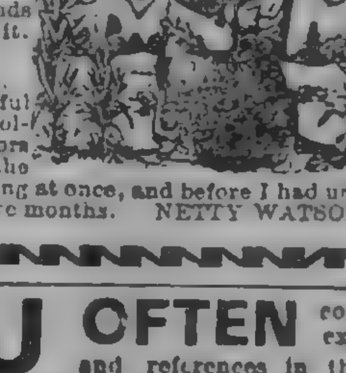
WOMEN SHOULD KNOW

That the Disorders commonly called "Female Diseases" are the Foundation of nearly all the Troubles from which they suffer.

Whites, Chlorosis, Falling of the Womb, Painful and Irregular Menses are caused by derangements of the organs of menstruation. Headache, Backache, Dizziness, Eruptions of the Skin and Fainting Spells are also symptoms of the same diseases. Being only symptoms, their temporary relief does not cure the disease.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI CURES FEMALE DISEASES

by acting directly upon the delicate organs affected. It can be taken in the privacy of home. Thousands of ladies use it. Druggists sell and commend it. One Dollar buys a large bottle.



TAKE AND BE HEALED
THE GREAT SPIRIT PLANTED IT

PIERCE CITY, Lawrence County, Mo.
I have been afflicted with Irregular and Painful Menstruation and very severe Cramping Spells following each monthly period. After the best doctors I could find had failed to benefit me, I tried the Wine of Cardui treatment. I commenced mending at once, and before I had used a full bottle I was better than I had been for twelve months. NETTY WATSON.

DON'T YOU OFTEN come across expressions and references in the newspapers and books which you don't fully understand, and which you would like to look up if you had some compact book which would give the information in a few lines?—not be obliged to handle a twenty-pound encyclopædia costing $25 or $30. **50c.** in stamps sent to BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City, will furnish you, postpaid, with just such a book, containing 520 pages, well illustrated, with complete handy Index. Do you know who Crœsus was, and where he lived? Who built the Pyramids, and when? That sound travels 1125 feet per second? What is the longest river in the world? That Marco Polo invented the compass in 1260, and who Marco Polo was? What the Gordian Knot was? The book contains thousands of explanations of just such matters as you wonder about. *Buy it at the very low price of half a dollar and IMPROVE YOURSELF.* **50c.** **50c.**

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This is a most Valuable Book for the Household, teaching as it does the easily distinguished Symptoms of different Diseases, the Causes, and Means of Preventing such Diseases, and the Simplest Remedies which will alleviate or cure.

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BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City.

Circuit Clk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1896. NO. 34.

Even the water is monopolized in Arizona.

When money and debt prosper, industry languishes.

The golden calf will be killed when the prodigal son gets home.

Ignorance and the taking advantage of ignorance is what destroys republics.

No country ever prospered under a dear dollar, or where the bankers controlled the currency.

Anything to hold the Democratic party together is now the main question with the politicians.

It is much easier to find fault with the Omaha platform than it is to prepare an argument against it.

This government is being run according to a very few men's liking, not saying anything about fools.

The money question is the paramount issue, and who shall issue it is the paramount part of the question.

A man who bolts either old party usually has sense enough to join the other one—unless he is a gold-bug bolter.

Promises and soup make a pretty thin diet, but there are lots of men who are getting ready to vote for it again next fall.

During the panic in 1893, no man ever rushed to the postoffice to have a money order cashed, for fear the government was going to suspend.

"We believe the time has come when the railroad corporations will either own the people or the people must own the railroads."—Preamble to Omaha platform.

Heart failure is said "to be the reason Speaker Crisp abandoned his silver campaign in the South. At heart he is a gold-bug, which may also have something to do with the case.

The corporations that are spending money for McKinley expect to get it back in case he is elected. They don't spend money for nothing. The people finally pay the campaign bills.

There seems to be little doubt now that the Democratic national convention will declare for free silver—but such a declaration coming from such a party will not mean free silver.

When any party abandons its principles there is no obligation upon the part of its members to remain in the party. Both old parties have abandoned the principles upon which they were founded.

The Associated Press report that Texas and Georgia Populists were preparing to fuse with the Republicans was simply a lie. Don't believe anything you see in old party papers about Populists is a good rule.

The greatest defect in our financial system is the control which the banks have over the money. Let the government issue all the money and control its volume. When it begins to hoard and prices go down increase the volume.

Congress is but a stage play of politics. Nothing is being done for the people. Vote out the lawyers and vote in workingmen and farmers, with a fair representation of all classes of business men, and something will be done.

The whole theory of "sound money" in a nutshell is, to make the rich man's dollar so good that it will require twice as much of the poor man's labor to get it. But the funny part of it is that so many poor men are such fools as to be caught in this trap.

Is is said that President Cleveland is "surprised" at the strength of the free silver craze, as revealed by the meeting of the Democratic party national committeee. It will be remembered that he was also surprised the first time he crossed the Alleghany mountains, to find how big a country he was president of.

The free silver men in the Democratic and Republican parties are picturing the horrors all brought on by the gold standard, yet they say if their party so decides they will vote to continue these horrors. If a party was guilty of nothing else but such an iron-bound rule as that it ought to be condemned forever. Think of it. A party that has by custom established a rule that you must vote the ticket if doing so ruins the business of the country and brings starvation to thousands of people! Bah!

Don't Perform Their Proper Functions

Ex-Governor William Larrabee, in his great work on "The Railroad Question," says:

"As long as the railroads are permitted to be managed as private property and are used by their managers for speculative purposes or other personal gain, or as long even as they are used with regard only for the interest of stockholders, they are not performing their proper functions; and they will not serve their real purpose until they become in fact what they are in theory, highways to be controlled by the government as thoroughly and effectually as the common road, turnpike and ferry, or the postoffice and the custom house."

MEMORIAL ADDRESS.

EXTRACTS FROM A SHORT SPEECH OF A. PUCKETT.

Delivered on Memorial Day to the Old Soldiers at Hardy, Arkansas—Battles Still to Be Fought—Evils That Grew Out of the War.

You old soldiers doubtless wonder what a young man knows about war, anyway—and I wish to admit in the beginning that he doesn't know much—and that little has been gained by reading. I have no reminiscences to relate of the war but what have been related before. The past is interesting only as it contributes to the present. Now is ever the time for all patriotic and pure thoughts. If the past records mistakes, the present and the future must correct them. We cannot go back. Forward is the command of duty and progress. If I had been old enough, I might have been a rebel, as my father was—but living now, I am an American citizen proud to live in a united country. Though an orphan of the rebellion, I feel no resentment against the Union soldier. The effect of my widowed mother's tears has been to create in my mind a horror of all war.

War makes widows and orphans on both sides—and these are all human beings. Religious and political views are of no moment in the presence of human suffering. There the heart speaks. The heat of the hardest battle ever fought on American soil never so hardened the heart of a good soldier on either side but that he would give up the last drop of water in his canteen to the dying soldier of the other side. Sword, shot and shell cannot sever the tie of brotherhood by which human hearts are bound to each other in times of suffering.

God never created men to butcher each other. Christ came to earth to preach "peace on earth, good will to men." The true honor of a nation is to be found only in deeds of justice and in the happiness of its people, all of which are inconsistent with war. Senator Plumb said of Grant that his greatest honor was that he, a soldier, opposed war. Sherman pronounced war a failure—and even the great warrior brigand Napoleon said, while in exile at St. Helena, that the more he studied the problem the more he became convinced of the inability of war to create any permanent good.

Owing to the weakness of man, war sometimes seems a necessity—but that is no justification for its crimes and desolation. War is a terrible thing, however you may consider it.

* * *

Slavery was wrong—but more money was spent in the war than would have been required to purchase and liberate every slave in America—and the lives lost were of more value than all the gold and silver that was ever mined since Judas betrayed Christ for thirty pieces of silver until America was mortgaged to Baron Rothschilds for gold.

But let us grant that the war could not be avoided, that it was settled right and that all bitter feelings are now dead.

There are still evils growing out of that war that affect us all to-day. There were men who did not respond to their country's call—men who hired substitutes—and one of them is now president of the United States.

I wish to read a prophecy of Abraham Lincoln. This letter was written to Uncle Danny Hanks, who was an early day partner of Lincoln in rail splitting in Rock creek township, Sangamon river bottoms, Macon county, Illinois, at the close of the war in 1864:

Uncle Danny Hanks lived until September, 1890, and gave out this letter for publication. This letter was only one of a number Uncle Danny received from him during the war. This letter read:

"I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me, and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of the war corporations have been enthroned, and an era of corruption in high places will follow and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the republic is destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of the war."

You know how much of Lincoln's prophecy has already come true. This is perhaps not a proper place for me to enter upon the discussion of a subject that is now agitating this country from center to circumference—the money question. Lincoln foresaw the struggle the country was approaching, and warned us.

The circular which I shall now read is said to have been sent out to American bankers during the war by an agent of the Bank of England, and is known as the Hazard circular:

"Slavery is likely to be abolished by the war power, and chattel slavery destroyed. This, I and my European friends are in favor of, for slavery is but the owning of labor, and carries with it the care of the laborer; while the European plan, led on by England, is capital's control of labor, by controlling wages. This can be done by controlling the money. The great debt that capitalists will see to it is made out of the war, must be used as a measure to control the volume of money. To accomplish this the bonds must be used as a banking basis. We are now waiting to get the Secretary of the Treasury to make this recommendation to Congress. It will not do to allow the 'greenback,' as it is called, to circulate as money, any length of time, for we cannot control them. But we can control the bonds, and through them the bank issue."

Whether this circular is genuine or not I do not know. But I do know, and you know, that an immense debt was made out of the war and that Wall street now controls the volume of money. You also know that this great debt was made after the war was over by issuing bonds and burning up the greenbacks—the money that fought the war.

Hon. Robert Toombs said:

"When Pendleton got up his agitation in Ohio in 1867 and 1868 by declaring that the bonds ought to be paid in greenbacks, because they were bought in greenbacks, the bondholders got frightened and said we must get rid of these greenbacks. They went to work and had their value destroyed—they demonetized them and got them out of the way by an adjudication of the supreme court. Then the increasing production of the mines in this country came in to swell their fears, and so they determined that as their bonds said they were payable in coin, gold and silver, or its equivalent at the present standard value, they must get rid of silver."

John G. Carlisle, once the able champion of the people and an honest Democrat, in a speech in congress in 1878, denounced the conspiracy which, he said, seemed to have been formed here and in Europe, to destroy by legislation and otherwise from three-sevenths to one-half the metallic money of the world as the most gigantic crime of this or any other age. Said he: "The consummation of such a scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilences and famines that ever occurred in the history of the world." Now, Carlisle is a gold-bug—but he has not yet succeeded in answering his own speeches.

But here I go drifting off onto the money question. It is mighty hard to make a speech even to a Sunday school class nowadays without bringing up the story of the golden calf.

I take it as a good sign that the people are waking up, thinking and preparing to throw off the yoke of an English financial system in America.

The agitation of the money question is to-day as bitterly sectional as the slavery question in 1860. It is Wall street against the rich Mississippi valley, the glorious wide West and the Sunny South—gold gamblers against a nation of seventy million useful people. The East threatens to secede. Well, turn about is fair play—the South will save the Union this time—but not with sword and gun. We will shell the plutocrats from the American fortress of Liberty—the ballot box.

There is work for the young men of to-day—yea, and fighting, but not with firearms, let us hope—as great as any work our forefathers have done.

There are problems as grave confronting us as confronted our forefathers.

This is a government of the people, and the people are responsible. Every one of you here present is responsible for his part of the government, and it is cowardice and treason that refuses to-day to uphold every principle of the Declaration of Independence.

Such people as we here assembled constitute the United States of America, and our actions help decide the destiny of a great nation.

It is the personal duty of each one of us to see that his part in this grand people's government is the part of an honest, intelligent, progressive manhood.

Washington and Jefferson and Lincoln were great—because they represented great principles.

The principles are greater than the men, because they live forever, and are eternally right.

Truth and justice are greater than statesmen, kings or countries.

And government for the people now on earth is the noblest study of mankind.

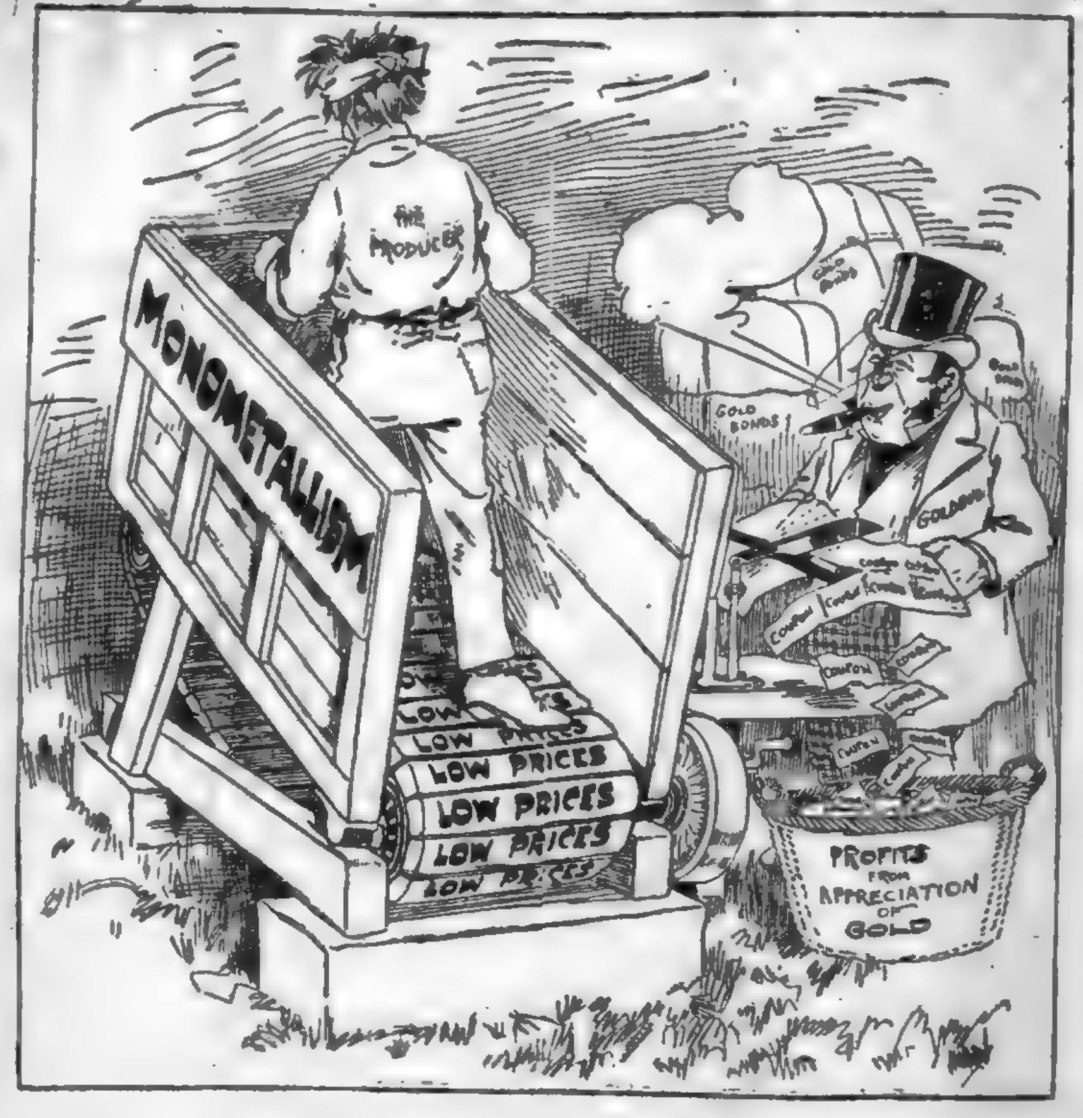
Let me close with a quotation from Abraham Lincoln's speech at the dedication of Gettysburg:

"In a larger sense we cannot dedicate—we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be dedicated to the great task remaining before us, that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain; that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people and for the people shall not perish from the earth."

O North! O South! O East! O West!
Away with jealousy, suspicion, hate!
Joint heritors are ye of one estate,
Forevermore to hold—
Ample and broad, so fill'd with bread and meat,
The recompense of honest toil,
That ye might welcome all the world to eat.

* * *

Let the dead past, and all its curse and scorn,
Be buried, with no resurrection morn!
Stand forth, O land, in unity and might,
Loving the true, and valorous for the right!
Down to the unreturning depths be hurl'd
All things by God abhorr'd,
And stand thou ever forth a blessing to the world—
To the glory of the Lord!



A LONG HILL TO CLIMB.

A KANSAN TALKS.

WANTS THE OMAHA PLATFORM IN ITS ENTIRETY.

A Delegate to the National Populist Convention Tells Why He Thinks We Should Adhere to the Omaha Platform.

The proposition that the People's Party attempt to make the coming national campaign upon the single issue of free coinage involves the very existence of our organization. Populism was born of the dire necessities of the great common people. It voices the protest of millions against a long series of oppressions and usurpations, that, if continued, will compass the disruption of the republic, the downfall of self-government, and the destruction of constitutional liberty.

Like all great reforms, it sprang from the so-called sub-stratum of our social fabric, those who from long suffering have developed a marvelous power to feel rather than to reason—to see rather than to grope blindly. The so-called higher classes—the rich and educated, with here and there a rare exception—are conservative. Favorites of fortune and the recipients of countless unearned blessings, they desire no change. They are above the terrible grasp of extreme necessity or the appalling sense of utter destitution that burns like a consuming fire into the very vitals of the suffering poor. They realize little, and many care less, of the burdens that gall and bow and crush our common people till the pathos of their heart cries becomes the fountain of a peaceful but far-reaching and utterly resistless tide of reform, or the bitterness of their indignant protests crystallizes into curses that form the battle cry of bloody revolution.

The Omaha platform was evolved from such conditions. Its preamble voices the dire extremity of millions who have suffered till they feel and know. Its demands embody the highest wisdom born of the terrible experiences of adversity and intuitively and unerringly grasp the solution of problems that have baffled the most profound philosophy. It is not a mistake. It is not an accident. It is the vox populi that will be written as the voice of God in American history. It must be heeded in its entirety and without one jot or tittle of diminution. To ignore it is to turn back for half a century the hand of political progress upon the dial of reform. To cast away all but one of its sacred principles, and that by no means the most important one, is a surrender that will be stigmatized as cowardice or treason by an indignant and outraged people. A victory at such a cost would be but a disastrous defeat—a degrading and despicable scramble for spoils. It would result in the utter disruption of our party and its absorption by the old parties, that would then, as now, be under the complete domination of the enemies of actual reform.

What has the Democratic party ever done that we should consent to be swallowed up by it, or any part of it, and become the mere tool of tricksters and spoilsmen who would sell the people's birthright for political pottage? Why should the silver kite, with its ponderous tail of old party prejudices temporarily concealed by a free-coinage attachment, expect the Populists to furnish string with which to fly it to victorious altitudes, merely for the sake of routing an enemy that is no more wicked and not as despicable as we would be after discarding all our principles but one, at the dictation of political leaders who have always denounced us as either fools or fanatics?

The single plank advocates tell us Napoleon always whipped his enemies in detail. True; but was he ever guilty of the supreme folly of surrendering every strong, strategic position to the foe on the eve of a great battle? Free coinage is important as an index that an obstruction has been thrown across the destructive current of contraction, but the people demand more than this. They demand justice, and justice requires not only that contraction cease, but that expansion begins. The disease that has prostrated the nation requires stronger and more active remedies than free coinage—certainly more immediae in its effects.

When a cord is drawn so tightly around a human throat that death is imminent, it is not enough that it be drawn no tighter; it must be loosened, and that quickly.

The nation is being strangled with a contraction cord in the hands of the thugs of Wall Street. It is also being held up by brigands that monopolize public utilities. Its life blood is being drained by the vampires of usury. Its domain is being wrested from its legitimate owners and turned over to aliens.

The confidence game worked on depositors by criminal or incompetent bankers whereby the people are robbed of millions annually still goes on. Does any one suppose that the coinage of a few silver dollars will remedy all these evils? Will the output of our mints run to their full capacity loosen the contraction cord that is strangling our people soon enough to avert financial death?

Is such coinage of more importance than the saving to the people of $500,000,000 annually through government ownership of telegraph, telephone, and er significance than the saving of an equal amount through government ownership of tlegraph, telephone, and express lines? Is it of greater significance than the demand that the people own and operate the trusts and not the trusts own and victimize the people? All these things have the people demanded. All these reforms do they expect from the hands of the young and vigorous party that stands to-day as firmly for free coinage as for any other tenet of its political faith. Those who bear the burdens have intuitively grasped the remedy. They have spoken in language as solemn and sublime as the Declaration of Independence, the Sermon on the Mount, or the Decalogue given amid the clouds and thunders of Sinai.

Let there be no trifling with things that are sacred. Let there be no barter and sale of principles for temporary victory. Woe to the leader, and woe to the convention selected to uphold this modern Magna Charta who shall dare barter its grand principles for a single plank platform, or worse still go over to the Democracy.

W. H. MELLEN.

Garnett, Kan.

How Control Work.

Texas has been experimenting with a rather expensive State appendage known as the Railway Commission for several years, and results are by no means satisfactory. The fact that this machine was rigged wrong in the beginning is now quite apparent. It was hoped that through the instrumentality of a commission the people would be relieved of much of the tax upon their industries, which was being consumed by the "infernal corporations." This hope has never been realized. We are paying more to-day for transportation than we did twenty years ago, when railroads were comparatively unknown in this country. As proof of the injustice and discrimination practiced upon us compare rates paid here in Texas on cotton shipments with those of less favored States. Georgia has less railroad mileage than Texas and raises considerably less cotton, yet the average freight rate paid on cotton in Georgia for 140 miles and over is 1.84 cents while Texas is forced to pay 2.95 for like service. Even little South Carolina, with her 2,500 miles of railway gets 1.11 cents better rate than Texas with her 10,000 miles.

The magnificent corn crop of Texas last year is lying in bins and barns—being eaten up by weevils and other vermin because of the confiscatory freight rates to the seaboard—and the monumental stupidity and inefficiency of the majority of the present State Commission. The fact is, the Commission "as it is" is a kind of political infirmary in which are ensconced two superannuated gentlemen—one being over eighty years of age and the other far past the years of mental activity—and one, live, energetic, efficient officer; but one man can not do the work of three; hence the failure. If Texas is ever to be benefited by her railroad commission, she must place on it men of practical railroad experience and skill in handling details; men in the prime of mental vigor; men who have the interest of the common people at heart; men who cannot be swerved from justice and right, though the heavens fall. Has Texas such men?—Southern Mercury.

The latter part of a wise man's life is taken up in curing the follies, prejudices, and false opinions he had contracted in the former.

AGRICULTURAL.

TOPICS OF INTEREST RELATIVE TO FARM AND GARDEN.

UTILIZING SKIM MILK.

A Swedish process for utilizing skim milk for cattle feed is described in a report to the State Department by United States Consul Boyesen at Gothenberg. He says the inventor claims that the process is worth millions of dollars, but as he failed to secure a patent for it, he has given the process to the public. In brief, it consists in causing chopped straw to absorb large quantities of skim milk, previously sterilized and curdled with renet, and then feeding the mixture to cattle.

TIMOTHY FOR LAWNS.

Timothy grass is reckoned rather coarse for lawns, but it makes a sod so much quicker than do the finer grasses that it should always be sown to hold the soil while the other grasses are coming in. By cutting frequently with the lawn mower the timothy will be kept from growing too rank. In a year or two under such treatment the timothy will have run out, and the lawn will be much better than as if it had not been sown at first. It is very hard to get lawn seed that is free from seeds of weeds, while it is not difficult to secure pure timothy seed.

A BANK FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CELLAR.

The accompanying illustration shows how a bank cellar can easily be constructed for the storing of fruits and vegetables. An excavation is made into the bank the size desired, the earth being thrown out at the sides, where it can be used for still further banking the walls. The latter are of rough stones laid up in lime, sand and cement, with roofs and gables of wood. A tile drain should be laid outside the base of the wall, extending around to the front, to discharge down the slope. This cellar has no window, but may have double doors, one containing sash in the upper panel. Such a building can be very cheaply constructed, and in many localities and under many conditions may be found the most practical method of securing a frostproof storage for fruit and vegetables.—New York Tribune.

GOATS.

Having had eight years' experience with this kind of stock, I propose to make your readers better acquainted with them. Their milk, all medical and scientific men agree, is the most healthful and nutritious of that of any of our domestic animals, and especially for delicate women and children. My opinion is that the lives of many feeble ones would be saved by a diet of goat's milk. Experience has created this opinion.

Goats will give from two to three quarts daily. It makes as much difference in feeding milking goats generously as in feeding cows. There are a thousand families in every city that could make no better investment than buying a goat. The flesh of a fat young goat is most delicious eating, far preferable to any wild game, and when properly cooked makes a dish fit for a king. It will be remembered that Rebecca, who knew the nearest way to a man's heart was by his stomach, did not make that recorded meal of boned turkey and oysters and fancy pastry, but of a "savory kid." And since I have had goats to kill and eat I have had a greater respect for Rebecca's good judgment.

The skins, when tanned, make beautiful rugs, coverings for chairs or lounges, lap robes or coats, and, as buffalo have disappeared, the best substitute I know of for their robes are goat skins.

My experience is that I can raise meat for the family cheaper from goats than any other animals kept on the farm. They are very prolific, usually raising two kids a year. I have one nanny that in five years has brought forth and raised ten kids. They are less liable to disease than other animals. Tuberculosis is never known among them. They will thrive in large herds and live to as great an age as a cow. They appear to crave coarse feed, weeds of all kinds, and do well in a brushy pasture, in fact they appear to me to be nature's scavengers in the vegetable kingdom. There is no green plant or weed that I know that they refuse; pieplant, tobacco, horseradish, milk weed, burdock, thistles, especially the Russian, seem to be choice delicacies. I believe a few goats among horses and cattle is conductive to the health of such animals. They are very intelligent and appreciate kind treatment.

Of the different breeds I have tried only the native and Angoras. The natives are more hardy and prolific, and far better milkers, and I have no doubt with care given to breeding for milk that has been given to dairy cows four or five quarts of milk daily could be assured. There are plenty of goats in Germany, Denmark and Switzerland that do better than that. The Angoras are more delicate, not so good mothers, and require more care, but their fleeces will shear three or four pounds, the price of which, in Boston, ranges from twenty-five to sixty cents a pound.—Farm, Stock and Home.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Graft over into desirable varieties all apple trees of both wild and cultivated sorts that are not now profitable.

There is no need of run down farms where those in charge grow clover liberally and rotate with good judgment.

Put the chicken coops on a southern slope where the youngsters can catch the benefits of the glorious sunshine.

Remember, to grow bone, muscle, feathers and flesh a varied diet is necessary, and the food must be of the best, whatever is used.

Be sure to have suitable gutters around the upper side of the coops that will prevent all possibility of water running in the coops during heavy sudden showers.

Train your young horses from the time they are colts. The best all-round gait a horse can have is that of the brisk walker. While the colt is running beside its mother this brisk walking gait can be begun.

Glass Resists Heat.

It is said that a new glass has been manufactured, that, while it allows the free passage of light, is a decided check to heat. In an experiment it was proven that a glass plate four-tenths of an inch thick allowed but four and one-tenths per cent. of radiant heat to pass through it. Ordinary window glass lets eighty-six per cent. of heat through. A very thin slab of this glass allowed less than one per cent. of heat from gas to pass through it, although it permitted the transmission of twelve per cent. of heat from sunlight. This would seem to be a discovery that would revolutionize building and many other of the arts. The glass contains iron in the form of ferrous chloride.

Solvents in the Eye.

The moisture of the eye is genuine solvent. Many persons have gone to bed troubled with a foreign substance in the eye and have waked in the morning to find it gone. In many cases of this kind the foreign matter has been dissolved by the moisture of the eye.

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Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

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Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office of Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C. MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

15th Senatorial District

For Senator,
G. B. DEANS.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Hon. M. W. Howard, M. C., Hon. D. B. Anderson and other distinguished speakers will address the voters of Chilton county on Friday, June 26, at Clanton.

15th SENATORIAL CONVENTION

The 15th Senatorial Convention met at Clanton last Tuesday and was called to order by L. H. Reynolds. Major J. H. Pitts was made temporary chairman and Frank Ghrichton temporay secretary. Major Pitts addressed the convention and on motion appointed a committee of three on credential and permanent organization. The committee appointed was Judge Campbell of Shelby, Lee Hayes of Chilton and Tyler Goodwyn of Elmore. The following were appointed Committee on order of business: H. R. Golson of Elmore, L. B. Pounds of Chilton, W. A. Tallant of Shelby.

The committee on credentials made the following report:

We your committee on credentials and permanent organization report as follows: We find Elmore entitled to thirteen delegates—seven present; Chilton seven delegates—five present; Shelby nine delegates—four present. We recommend that each county cast its full vote in this convention. We recommend that the temporary organization be made permanent.

The committee on order of business reported. Then nominations were opened for Senator from the 15th Senatorial district and Mr. H. R. Golson of Elmore nominated Hon. G. B. Deans of Shelby and on motion of Mr. Tyler Goodwyn the nomination was made by aclamation. Mr. Deans addressed the convention thanking them for the honor and pledging himself to do all in his power to further the interests of our State and district.

Next in order was the election of the Senatorial district committee. Mr. Lee Hayes moved that two committeemen be elected from each county but the motion was not carried.

A motion by Judge Campbell that one member be elected from each county was adopted and the following elected.

Chilton—J. J. L. Stewart; Elmore—C. K. McMorris; Shelby—John A. Campbell and on motion of Mr. Tallant, Mr. H. R. Golson was added as chairman of the committee to represent the district at-large.

Mr. Campbell moved the committee be allowed to fill all vacancies which may occur from any cause whatever, and the convention adjourned.

THE Republican national convention now in session at St. Louis, has adopted an out and out unmistakable gold and protective platform and from all appearances will nominate Mr. McKinley for president.

WE are pleased to welcome another new Populist paper, the Talladega Reformer, to our exchange list and hope its career will be long and prosperous.

HON. G. B. Deans, our nominee for Senator, is chairman of our State Executive committee and also chairman of the State campaign committee.

Birmingham, Ala., June 16, '96.
To Chairman County Ex. Committee

This Committee is very anxious to secure uniformity in the county organizations of the People's Party of Alabama, and respectfully urges each County Executive Committee to add to their committees a sufficient number, so that each beat will have three members, who can also act as the Beat Com-

We would also suggest that each county select, of its county committee, three or five of its most efficient members to constitute a central campaign committee.

This kind of organization is imperatively needed for good reasons and it is hoped that every county will adopt this suggestion at once.

Please report the names and addresses of all members of each committee to these headquarters.

G. B. DEANS, Chairman.
FRANK BALTZELL, Secretary.

Lily Lyrics.

Farmers were almost entirely rained out last week. Crop prospects are promising in this community.

Several of the Mulberrians attended a singing at Liberty last Sunday.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie delivered an interested sermon at Isabella on his last appointment.

Mr. R. L. Veazey has secured a school at Weogufka, Coosa county, Ala., and will begin teaching the first Monday in July.

Thank you Bro. Kendrick for your invitation to Pilgrim's Rest the 4th and 5th; don't know whether I can be with you or not, will if I can.

J. C. VEAZEY.

Nearly every Democratic paper in the State is teeming with appeals to prejudice against the negro, because they cannot control any of their votes. There have been times when they were not so violent in their denunciations of the "brother in black;" but that was when they were trying to inveigle him into the support of the Democratic ticket, and hoped to secure his aid to maintain the continued control of the Democratic party.

Nearly every one of these papers is denouncing Goodwyn because he said at Mt. Carmel, in a joint debate with Captain Johnston and others, that he would vote for an honest negro in preference to voting for a ballot box stuffer. A ballot stuffer steals votes. That makes him a thief. It is immaterial how well dressed he may be, it is of no importance that he may occupy a high social position. He is a lawless person and a thief.

But why do these Democratic papers rave so violently over what they call "voting for a negro," when it was right and proper so to vote? Did not Senator John T. Morgan vote to confirm the appointment of Fred Douglass, a negro, as Marshal of the Dictrict of Columbia?

Did not the head of the Democratic party, President Grover Cleveland, not only approve Fred Douglass, a negro, but invited him to accept of his hospitality at his reception when he was married? And did not Fred Douglass and his wife attend the reception, and receive the same social attention accorded other guests on that august occasion?

Did not Henry Clay Smith, a negro, formerly of Birmingham, receive the endorsement and recommendation of nearly every leading Democrat in Alabama, who showed more than was involved in rendering a verdict on the law and evidence in a case upon which they were called upon to decide as a juror—they sought to select, and secure the appointment of a negro from Alabama, when there were seventy thousand white hungry Democrats needing and wanting a good, fat office, and endorsed Smith for appointment to a consulate. President Cleveland appointed the negro, these white Alabama Democrats had selected to the position, of consul, to Santos, Brazil, a position held under his former administration by a white Democrat of Alabama. This office was accorded to Alabama, and these leading Democrats had the selection of the man to fill it. Their choice was shown for a negro over at least twenty thousand eligible white Democrats in the State. Does any body suspect that Senators Morgan and Pugh voted otherwise than for this negro; for they could have defeated him if they had opposed his confirmation. That was a clear case of the Democratic leaders in Alabama absolutely selecting and electing a negro to a fat office over at least twenty thousand eligible and capable Democrats.

A negro named Taylor, from Kansas, was selected and appointed Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia, by President Cleveland and confirmed by a Democrat Senate. This negro has a score of white ladies employed as clerks and copyists in his office. The negro is of notorious bad character and has been involved in several disreputable escapades; yet President Cleveland and the Democratic party have not only elected him over a million good, competent white Democrats, but keep him in one of the best offices in the government.

At the last State Convention of the Democrats of Alabama, that body passed a resolution endorsing President Cleveland's appointment of Southern men to Federal offices, including negros, which shows that the party not only does what the Democrats of Alabama wants, but that the Democratic party of Alabama and the convention which nominated Captain Jos. F. Johnston for Governor want.

Let these Democratic papers that have been throwing stones from glass houses lay the flattering unction to their souls that these facts on their black record show, and be easy and "if they can't be aisy, be as aisy as they can."

seedtime

The successful farmer has learned by experience that some grains require far different soil than others. He knows that a great deal depends on right planting at the right time. No use complaining in summer that a mistake was made in spring. *Decide before seed-time.* The best time to treat coughs and colds is before the seeds, or germs, of consumption have begun their destructive work.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, promptly cures lung and throat troubles. *Do not neglect your cold.*

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (*Ask your doctor.*) This is because it is always *palatable*—always *uniform*—always *contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.*

Insist on Scott's Emulsion, with trade-mark of man and fish.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Children's Day at Rocky Mount.

For encouragement and to the honor of Rocky Mount Sabbath-school, let us say the second Sunday in June, '96, will be pleasantly remembered by hundreds who witnessed the recitations, solos, sweet songs, sweet music, marching and the whole make-up of exercises which made us feel that we were making a Sabbath day's journey Heavenward. The comrades presented ten beautiful banners with mottos, thus, Home Guards, State Protectors, Church Defenders, Anti-saloon Cadets, Good conduct Band, Good Citizenship brigade, Loyal American League, Conquering Legion, and Student Recruits.

The accompanying speeches to each motto almost took our breath, while we felt that angels were hovering around with extatic admiration. We felt a willingness to go on home with the angels. The exercises of that sweet hour showed much ability on the part of superintendent, teachers and commander-in-chief, Rev. M. Green, with his badge designating his royal duties

On second Sabbath in June, '97, will be Children's Day at this place again. May Heavenly grace be with them till we meet again.

MRS. IRA CAMPBELL.

* * *

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, in the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

* * *

THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

A Theological Institute will be held with the Baptist church, at Clanton, Ala., beginning Sunday, July 5 and continue one week, conducted by Rev. G. S. Anderson, of Auburn, Ala.

SUNDAY, JULY 5—11 a.m. Sermon F. M. Woods.

8 p.m. L. H. Huff.

MONDAY, 6th—9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises — Cox.

10 The Importance of Institute Work F. M. Woods.

11 Lecture on Sermon building G. S. Anderson.

2:30 p.m. Lecture on Homiletics G. S. Anderson.

And so on for each day, other subjects in connection with the preachers work will be discussed.

The church and friends at Clanton will give free entertainment to all the ministers who attend. We cordially invite all our brethren to attend this meeting.

J. G. LOWERY, Pres. Inst.

* * *

Singing Convention.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene with Way Side church, Coosa county, 8 miles south of Rockford, on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in July and continue two days. We invite all of Chilton's best vocalists to attend this convention.

R. T. GRANT, Pres.

* * *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The Circuit Sunday-school Convention will be held at Clanton, Ala., June 27 and 28, 1896.

JUNE 27.

9 a.m. Praise meeting.

9:30 Report of Secretaries.

10 Relationship of parents to the Sunday-school by L. H. Reynolds.

10:30 The ideal Superintendent by J. P. Allen.

11 Sunday-school work as it relates to Christ's Empire by Prof. C. C. Slaton.

2:30 p.m. Devotional service.

3 The ideal teacher by Prof. E. Y. McMorries.

3:30 Preparation of the lesson by Miss Ida Robinson.

4 The bible in Sunday-school by Miss Kate Roark.

4:30 Discussion on the object of Sunday-school work.

8 Lecture by Prof. E. R. Eldridge.

JUNE 28.

9:30 a.m. Mass meeting.

11 Lecture by Prof. E. R. Eldridge who will also lecture at 4 p.m. and at night.

All the above subjects will be opened for discussion. Other Sunday-schools and Sunday-school workers are cordially invited.

P. M. GUTHRIE, P. C.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

A Mass Convention of the Republicans of Chilton county is hereby called to meet at Lomax, Saturday, June 27th, 1896, for the purpose of taking such action as the Republicans may see proper in the ensuing election in August.

All citizens of Chilton county, Alabama, without reference to past political affiliation, who favor a Republican form of Government and protection to American laborers and American industries, and are opposed to ring rule, unnecessary and illegal taxation, reckless extravagance in the expenditure of public monies, and believe that a public office is a public trust, and that public officers are servants of the people and should be governed in their official acts with a view to protecting the interests of the tax-payers, are requested to join with us in said Convention.

Hons. C. W. Buckley of Montgomery, B. M. Long of Jasper, Gen. J. W. Burk of Jacksonville, and Hon. Benj. DeLemos of Lowndes and other prominent speakers will be invited to address the Convention.

H. A. WILSON,
Ch'n Rep. Com. Chilton Co.

Notice of Application to Pardon Jeff Norrell.

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will on or before July 1, 1896, make application to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Jeff Norrell for the offense of assault with intent to murder, of which offense the said Jeff Norrell was convicted in the circuit court of Chilton county at the Spring term 1893.

A. Norrell.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Teachers' Institute will be held for white teachers at Clanton on the 19th and 20th days of June 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a. m. Devotional exercise.

9:30 a.m. Can a teacher properly estimate the progress of his pupils without examination? A. B. Harwood, Miss Rosa Thornton.

10 a.m. How should examinations be conducted? W. S. Garner, Miss Jennie Wilson.

10:30 a.m. Vocation of the Teacher. H. L. Hicks, L. B. Pounds.

11:30 a.m. How can parents in the country secure good schools? J. E. Creel, Mrs. M. A. Bowdoin.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. What qualifications makes the most valuable teacher? N. B. Comer, Miss Mary Garner.

2:30 p.m. Can Philosophy be successfully taught without apparatuses? J. Alex Moore, R. O. Headley.

3:30 p.m. The evils of negative teaching. J. W. Mims, E. C. Jones

SATURDAY—8:30 a.m. The requisites for successful teaching. J. P. Gore, H. A. Askins.

9:30 a.m. Modes of inspirin pupils to cultivate habits of self reliance. G. L. Speer.

10:30 a.m. How can a teacher best cultivate the morals of his pupils? B. D. Wilson.

11:30 a.m. How many different lessons ought a pupil to recite during the school day? J. M. Massey, W. A. Logan.

RECESS. 1:30 p.m. Can a a teacher be to exacting? if so, why and now? H. W. Strock.

2:30 p.m. Ought the dictionary to be used as a text bokk in the school-room? Wm. Askins, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3:30 p.m. Ought teachers to be uniform in methods of teaching? C. C. Slaton, E. Y. McMorries.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks, Ch'n program Committee.

The law requires teachers to attend these Institutes, and I earnestly insist that all the teachers be present at this one, as we will have the State Supt. John O. Turner, and Dr. Eldridge, Pres. of the Troy Normal college, who will deliver four lectures on education on Saturday. He will also lecture on Sabbath-school Sunday following.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

Autauga Executive Committee.

The Executive Committee of the People's Party of Autauga county will meet at Carter & Deramus' Mill Saturday, June 20th, at 11 m. Populist candidates please attend.

G. W. COBURN, Chairman.
Verbena, Ala., May 23, 1896.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

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THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

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For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
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CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....
M. BORN & CO.
The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.
They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
—LOWEST PRICES.
LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT
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CLANTON, ALA

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Impoverished blood means loss of strength. Probably seventy-five per cent. of the diseases with which mankind is afflicted are caused by impure blood. Very many diseases—such as tetter, eczema, scrofula, erysipelas, etc., could not exist if the blood were perfectly pure. V. V. V. makes pure blood. It is composed of natural vegetable remedial agents skillfully compounded in the exact proportions to secure right results.

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A purely vegetable compound and a wonderful specific, not only for all blood and skin diseases, but for rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, dyspepsia, malaria, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.
NABERS, MORROW & SINNICE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

There will be a dance at Coopers Ala. on the 4th of July. Everybody is cordially invited to attend and bring a basket

One of the cheapest trips this summer leaves Birmingham next Sunday morning at eight o'clock for Nashville, Tenn. Round trip is only $2.50. It returns Monday night leaving Nashville at 7 p.m. Those desiring to use this train to Blount Springs, Ala., can do so for 50 cents round trip, Cullman $1.50 round trib, Decatur $1.50 round trip: Athens, Ala., $2.50 round trip, Pulaski $2 50 round trip, Columbia $2 50 round trip and catch the excursion on its return.

Mr. Bob Durham, of Jemison, is on visit to friends in Clanton this week.

Mr. J. P. Aldridge is having his house repainted.

Mr. C. H Merritt is spending the holidays from school with parents in Clanton.

Mr. D. M. Foshee, of Birmingham, was down on a visit last Sunday.

The friends of W. H. Foshee are glad to see him out on the streets again.

Mr. J. A. Culp has been down on a visit to friends and relatives for several days this week.

Dr. A. J. Massey, of Birmingham, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Emmit Northington, of Prattville, visited his sister, Mrs. McMorries, here this week.

Judge Callen is on a visit to Talladega Springs.

Col. Knox has moved into the Bivings old house.

Mr. W. B. James has moved his family back to Montgomery.

Several of the young men of our town had a most delightful trip to Randolph last Thursday.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Just as we go to press a thunder storm is passing over Clanton.

A crowd of fishermen went to the river this week.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00

Prof. A. B. Harwood will commence his school at Pine-Oak school house in the Baker neighborhood, Monday, June 29th. The trustees of said school are requested to meet at the school house on Saturday, June 27th, at 10 a.m.

A. EILAND, Ch'n Trustees.
P. G. HARRIS, Secretary.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons: Mr. L. C. Hawes and Miss A. C. Connell; Mr. Caleb Smith and Miss Maggie Gilson.

The new court house is now up to the second story.

There will be a frolic at the residence of Mr. Gilson to-night.

Mrs. and Miss Cherry, of Columbiana, are staying at the hotel.

Miss Mullins, of Jumbo, is visiting Mr. John Vines' family.

State Supt. of Education J. O. Turner will make an address at the Teachers' Institute to morrow at 11.

Remember that Congressman Howard will speak at Clanton next Friday.

100 Pictures of the Great St. Louis Cyclone in which 250 Lives were Lost, and $20,000,000 of property destroyed.

These views are all taken from actual photographs, and show more plainly than in any other way the terrible destruction left on the track of the storm. It is in book form, printed on fine paper so as to be easily preserved, and should be in the homes of all. It is not likely America will ever again be visited by so disastrous a Tornado. Hence actual photographs of the scenes will be a curiosity for years to come. Nothing like this book has ever been issued in so short a time. It contains pictures of all the principal scenes, taken the next day after the storm, before the work of rebuilding had commenced. This magnificent book will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of 30 cents in stamps or silver. Don't let this opportunity pass of securing the only complete and authentic photographs of the Greatest Storm ever known to have visited America Address,

PUBLISHERS' SUPPLY CO,
67 & 69 Emilie Building, St. Louis, Mo.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.

DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife L. E. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama, I will proceed to sell for cash on

MONDAY, JULY 6, 1896,

on the premises of said land in said county, within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of se, eleven and w ½ of ne ¼ of sec. fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South-easterly, also all of sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the Nor h-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch thence North-westerly along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.
Clanton, Ala., May 30, 1896.

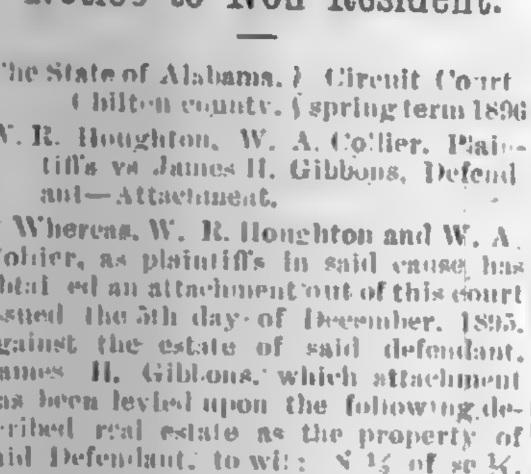
Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, } Circuit Court
Chilton county. } spring term 1896

W. R. Houghton, W. A. Collier, Plaintiffs vs James H. Gibbons, Defendant—Attachment.

Whereas, W. R. Houghton and W. A. Collier, as plaintiffs in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 5th day of December, 1895, against the estate of said defendant, James H. Gibbons, which attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit: S ½ of se ¼, se ¼ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of sec 14, S ½ of fractional sec 13, all in T 22 R 12; and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 19, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 se 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional sec 18 T 22 R 13; and whereas, it appears that the said James H. Gibbons, Defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama. Now, therefore, the said James H. Gibbons, wherever he may reside is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 29th day of May 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk.



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Colors—White, Drab and Black.

Made in All Sizes, Lengths and Shapes, Prices from 50c. to $6.00 per Pair.

If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

GLOBE CORSET CO.
WORCESTER, MASS.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS?

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 43 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
Greatest Discovery of 19th Century.

Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE.

WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

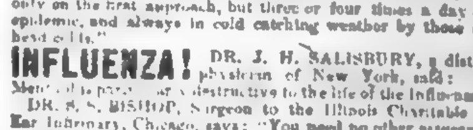
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is pare... or destructive to the life of the influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."



Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

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Complete, Ready For Use.

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No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

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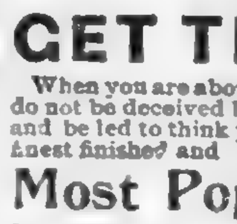
When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

CARTHAGE, Mo., July 28, 1895.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY RAHM.

It Acts Like a Charm.

SALEM, Ala., April 5, 1892.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions: the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 20th day of July, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $9.40.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.06.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $7.80.

BEAT 2.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $46.06.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $15.80.

BEAT 4.

J M Gallaspie part of w ½ of ne qr sec 12 tp 21 r 14; and part of sw qr of se qr and se qr of sw qr sec 1 tp 21 r 14 tax and costs $9.19.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $55.89

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $6.53.

Otto Stoker nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $4.24.

BEAT 8.

T H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $6.65-

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

Administrator's Sale

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama. I, Mary E Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises, on

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1896.

at 12 o'clock noon, for one-third cash and the remaining two thirds payable by November 1st, 1896, with interest from date of sale, with security, the following described real estate belonging to said estate, to-wit:

N ½ of section 21 except the e ½ of e ½ of ne1-4, ne 1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 of section 20, s ½ of sw1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

$10 REWARD

On Tuesday night June 9 a negro broke into the house of Mr. Ezra Wilson two miles south of Clanton, killing the dog in the house, and stealing a suit of clothes, umbrella, razor, dove colored hat with broad binding, and pair shoes. The description of the negro is as follows: dark color, age about 18, about 5 ft. 6 ins. tall slim face and small eyes. Wears No. 7 shoe. Was wearing black suit of clothes and dove colored hat with broad binding. Was last seen at Calera going north. Ten dollars will be paid to any person arresting him and sending information to Ezra Wilson, Clanton, Ala.

A POEM.

BY W. C. CARTER.

I sent some lines to the printer,
Dull lines from a frozen pen;
For my thoughts were chill as winter,
When the birds are flown from the glen

Perhaps I should say, "Pardon!
I do not wish to intrude;
But a poem, Sir, is a garden,
And rich and rare is its food."

And if you've lofty reaches
For the good and the beautiful fair,
You will buy my Hopeful Peaches,
They are but a nickel a pair.

And take them to poor Mary,
To the cot by the side of the lea,
For the moments pass full weary
To a maiden faint as she.

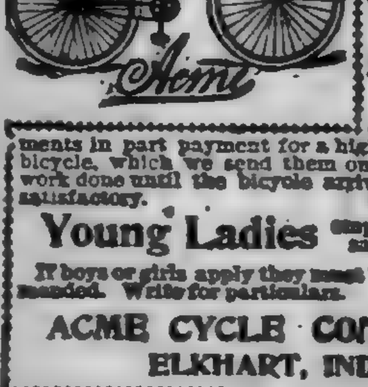
Just look at my poem a minute!
Here are eyelids heavy and red,
And a thousand prayers are in it,
And some of them offered for bread.

Here's a picture, Sir, of the morning,
For the night is passing away,
And the birds that sang in the gloaming
Exult in its beautiful May.

You'll buy this picture, stranger,
Suspend it on memory's wall;
'Tis the Light that sprung from the Manger,
And brightly shines for all.

And when the tides of sorrow,
Like wrathful billows roll,
You'll look on the bright to-morrow;
And strive for its blessed goal.

Powersville, Ga.



We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but every one that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
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LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
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—IS VIA THE—

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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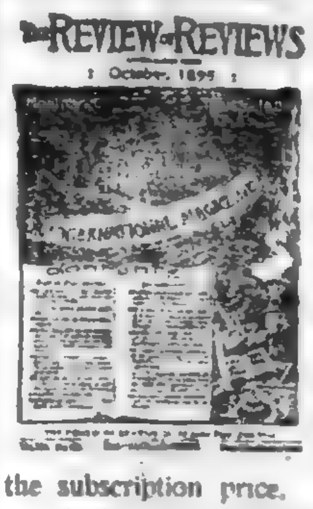
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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An Aged Jewess.

A Jewess named Caroline Levy, now in the Bethnal Green infirmary, proves in a curious way that she is 110 years old. She was born in 1786, and since 1846 has drawn a pension from Baroness Rothschild's aged widows' charity fund, which is strictly confined to widows over 60 years of age. Before granting pensions the trustees make careful investigations as to the age of the applicants, and on their books it is shown that Mrs. Levy proved to their satisfaction that she was 62 years old forty-eight years ago.

An Accurate Diagnosis.

Children are, after all, your true impressionists, with undimmed perspicacity in taking original views of things. Small and hungry Julia climbed to her seat at the tea table the other evening and exclaimed in most eager, delighted, caressing tones: "Oh, gelatine! We are going to have gelatine—I just like gelatine—but, mamma, what makes it so nervous?"

Teacher—Can any little boy tell me which is the longest day in the year? Billy—Some fellows say the day before Christmas is, and some say the day before the Fourth of July.—Harper's Round Table.

Shaving in All Ages.

The confessor of Francis II. of France refused him absolution until he had completely removed his beard.

An ancient German was, by tribal custom, not allowed to cut off his flowing beard until he had killed his first man in battle.

About the year 200 B. C. the Roman Emperor Scipio Africanus inaugurated the custom of shaving among the Roman nobles.

Henry I. of England wore a beard until a courageous preacher leveled his eloquence at him to such good purpose that he submitted to be shaved.

From the time of Julius Caesar until the advent of William the Conqueror the Britons wore mustaches, but the clergy, after the conversion of the islanders, were forced to shave by law.

One of the early Popes established the shaving of Roman Catholic priests to distinguish them from the patriots of Constantinople. The priests of the Greek church still wear beards.

Peter the Great of Russia laid a tax on beards, and delinquents were forced to have their faces shaved with a blunt razor or to have the hairs pulled out with pincers. So everybody shaved.

The first shaving was done by order of Alexander the Great, who forced the Greek warriors to cut off their beards, as he found them awkward impediments in the hand-to-hand contests at that time.—Mail and Express.

Stage Morality of Paris.

A Parisian combination of Anthony Comstock and Dr. Parkhurst, Senator Beranger, has been protesting against the cafe concerts and the plays on the French stage before the "Society for the Suppression of Objectionable Scenes in Public." Matters now are worse, according to him, than they were under the empire. The restoration was laughed at for trying to regulate the length of ballet dancers' skirts, but now there are no skirts to regulate. A man cannot take his wife even to the Theater Francaise, far less his children. Living pictures and objectionable costumes are seen at the opera. The cafe concerts and all places open for entertainment in the evening are instruments of vice.

Has Done Wonders.

CENTREVILLE, R. I., Sept. 17, 1891.
"On a recent journey to Alabama I have heard from a Jesuit Father of Mobile College some wonderful cures from eczema, etc., from the use of TETTERINE.
"I have several people of my congregation that are suffering from eczema, tetter, etc., for a number of years. Please send me two boxes by mail. I want to see what your TETTERINE will do for them. I enclose one dollar." Yours respectfully,
REV. C. P. GABOURY.
1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

A chronic grumbler can be set down as a person who loafs too much.

Buy $1.00 worth Dobbins Floating-Borax Soap of your grocer, send wrappers to Dobbins Soap Mf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. They will send you free of charge, postage paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary, 298 pages, bound in cloth, profusely illustrated. Offer good until August 1st only.

When faith goes to market it always takes a basket.

J. S. Parker, Fredonia, N. Y., says: "Shall not call on you for the $100 reward, for I believe Hall's Catarrh Cure will cure any case of catarrh. Was very bad." Write him for particulars Sold by Druggists, 75c.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1894.

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derful, exclaimed a druggist, how the people stick to Hood's Sarsaparilla. They all want

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CONSUMPTION

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

A HOMICIDE AT HARTSELLE.

Cyclone Victims Provided For—A Child Fearfully Scalded—A Father Kills His Son-in-Law—Work Commenced on a New Cotton Mill.

Executive Clemency.

Governor Oates has announced the pardon of George Staffrey, colored, of Jefferson county, charged with having stolen coal from the Louisville & Nashville railroad. He was sentenced for eighteen months and has served about nine.

Forger Brought Back.

Officer Culpepper returned Saturday from Louisville, Ky., with Harris, the man who is charged with having forged and cashed an order on a citizen of Birmingham. He is now in custody, and it is understood will waive examination at the preliminary hearing.

Blue Spring Cotton Mills.

The work of erecting the buildings for the Blue Spring cotton mills, just south of Oxford, has been begun and will be rushed forward to completion. A plant is making brick right on the grounds. It is intended to have the mill in operation by the time cotton is harvested.

Child Fearfully Scalded.

At Eastaboga, Friday morning the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Cawhorn pulled a large pot of hot coffe from the breakfast table. The pot overturned and the boiling coffee covered almost her entire person. She was fearfully scalded and it is feared that she is fatally injured.

A Splinter Causes Lock Jaw.

The sad news came Thursday afternoon that the little 6-year-old daughter of Mr. John Killin of Lee street Montgomery, was suffering from lock jaw at the residence of her uncle, Mr. William Killin, near Perry's mill. She had stuck a splinter in her foot while playing. Dr. Hill and her father left Montgomery on the first train in response to a telegram calling them to Perry's mill.

Bad Effect of Red Hat Lining.

J. W. Kennedy, of Sioux City, a few days ago bought a big straw hat and had his wife to line it with red calico. Afterward he was out in the rain. The water soaked through his hat and lining and ran down over his face and in his eyes. It was thought for a while that he would lose his eyes from the poison of the chemicals used in the coloring of the red calico, but they are improving now.

Cyclone Victims Provided For.

The destitute families, sufferers from last Tuesday's terrible cyclone in Marshall county, have been provided for by the public-spirited citizens. Everything possible has been done for their relief and they are in almost as good condition now, financially, as they were before the storm. All the injured are getting along nicely and it is thought none of them will die. It is miraculous how any of the inmates of the wrecked buildings escaped alive for the houses are now only piles of broken and splintered lumber. Wyeth City presents a pitiable spectacle where the cyclone occurred.

A Vindictive Father.

A special from Greenville tells of the murder, early Saturday morning, eight miles from that place, of George Hunter, a young farmer, by Dennis Atkinson, his father-in-law. There were parental objections to Hunter marrying Atkinson's daughter, but one night last week the couple eloped and went to Luverne, Crenshaw county, where they were married. They did not return to Hunter's home until Friday night. Atkinson appeared there shortly after daylight next morning and a quarrel arose between him and Hunter over the elopement, which ended in Atkinson shooting Hunter dead with a shotgun. Atkinson escaped. The young wife witnessed the tragedy.

The Jackson Murder Case.

Warrants were issued Monday morning for the arrest of J. W. Vest, S. A. Vest, Jasper Hardwick and Ben Segars, charging them jointly with the murder of Monroe Jackson near Hartselle on the 13th instant. At 11 o'clock the state announced ready, when Arthur B. Brown, attorney for defendants, moved for a severance and announced ready in the case against S. A. Vest. A large number of witnesses, both for the state and defense, have been summoned and answered when their names were called without exception. Seven witnesses were examined and their testimony taken down by Mrs. Thompson, stenographer. Court adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday.

Homicide at Hartselle.

On Saturday, about 5 o'clock p. m., Ben Segars and Monroe Jackson got into a quarrel in J. W. Vest's saloon, at Hartselle. He ordered them out, and they commenced to fight. Vest went out to part them, when he became involved in a difficulty with Jackson. Vest drew his pistol and Jackson a pocket knife. He cut Vest twice on the right arm and once just above the hip. The wounds are only flesh ones and are not serious. Vest shot Jackson three times. One ball entered the right side 3 inches below the right nipple, going clear through the body and coming out 4 inches below the left arm pit. The second ball entered just above the right hip and lodged in the bowels. He also shot Jackson in the back, 1½ inches to the right of the backbone, opposite the kidney. The ball went through the body and was cut out 1 inch to the right of the naval. Jackson died almost instantly. Vest's wounds were dressed and he was carried to his home in the country. Both men were farmers, and leave large families. Jackson leaves a wife and ten children, and Vest has a wife and six children. The difficulty was simply caused by the use of too much liquor.

Vice President Stevenson.

Vice President Adlai Stevenson arrived in Birmingham Monday at noon via the Southern railroad. He came in a private car and under the personal charge of J. S. B. Jackson, assistant superintendent of the road. He was met at the union depot in this city by a committee composed of members of the Phi Delta Theta society and leading citizens. A carriage was in waiting and the honored guest, accompanied by Capt. Joseph F. Johnston, Hon. John W. Tomlinson and Chancellor Cobbs, was driven to the Morris hotel, where he sat down with a distinguished company of Birmingham's leading citizens to a bountiful repast. At the conclusion of the luncheon a reception was held in the parlors of the Morris, when quite a number of citizens, ladies and gentlemen, had the pleasure of meeting and shaking hands with the vice president. Col. A. B. McEachin of the committee on reception at Tuskaloosa met the vice president in Birmingham and escorted him to the Druid City, accompanied by a special committee of citizens of the latter city. Tuskaloosa did herself proud in the grand ovation which she gave Vice President Stevenson on his arrival in the afternoon. Long before the arrival of the train with the vice president and his party a vast throng had gathered at the station of the Alabama Great Southern railroad, and when the train pulled into the station the crowd gave vent to its enthusiasm in prolonged cheers. A long procession of citizens in carriages, headed by the local military, escorted the vice president up Market street to a point near the court house, where the formal reception took place. Upon a platform elaborately decorated with the national colors appeared the vice president, Governor Oates and his staff, Congressman Bankhead and Stallings and Mayor Jemison. The governor and Mayor Jemison made eloquent speeches of welcome, which were happily responded to by Mr. Stevenson. Congressmen Bankhead and Stallings were also called upon for speeches.

ALABAMA POLYTECNIC INSTITUTE.

Annual Commencement—Governor Oates Attends.

The annual commencement exercises of the Alabama Polytecnic Institute, at Auburn were opened on Sunday last in Langdon Hall by the Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, the well known Baptist divine of Atlanta, Ga., who preached the baccalaureate sermon. Governor Oates arrived at 1:15 p. m., and was met at the depot by the battalion of cadets and escorted to the hall. On Wednesday the commencement address was delivered by H. T. C. Bush, of Anniston, after which the graduates received their diplomas at the hands of Dr. William Leroy Broun, the president. The roll of graduates shows, from Georgia six, Tennessee one, Florida one, Alabama twenty-six. Total, thirty-four. Five students in the electrical course received certificates of proficiency. The Degree of Master of Science was conferred on two postgraduates, H. H. Pevy, of Madison county, and H. H. Smith, of Lee. The degree of Electrical and Mechanical Engineer was awarded to three post-graduates. One received the degree of Pharmaceutical Chemist and one that of Mining Engineer.

J. Bull Makes a "Request."

Col. Volney Ashford was convicted by the Hawaiian military commission of treason. The evidence was that he had advance knowledge of the outbreak. His sentence was imprisonment for a year and a fine of $1,000. After a few weeks he was given suspension of fine and imprisonment on condition that he leave the country never to return.

Lately it was reported that the British government had demanded of the government at Honolulu permission for Colonel Ashford to return. Later news confirms the report. The Doles government, it is said, has received a request—that being the diplomatic form for a demand—from the British goverment that a pardon be granted to Colonel Ashford with permission to return to Honolulu, unconditionally.

It is stated by the Honolulu Star that the republic declines to accept the British foreign office's view of this case, refuses to grant the pardon to remove the ban, and adds that if Ashford is landed under British or other auspices or protection until there has been an extended and complete review of the case, the action will be at least protested.

High Education at Harvard.

Three thousand Harvard men, encouraged by the phenomenal event of a Harvard victory, fought 100 policemen in the streets of historic old Cambridge Wednesday night. It was the biggest riot that the university has ever seen. Many policemen and students received wounds.

Finally the police were victorious, and three students were dragged into the station house and heavy doors were slammed in the faces of the howling mob. For an hour 3,000 mad students surrounded the station, clamoring for the release of their comrades. The chief of police and prominent citizens admonished the students and urged them to disperse. The students paid little attention to the officers and refused to disperse until the three men who had been arrested had been released on bail. They then departed, cheering as they left the police station, the three "heroes" mounted high on the shoulders of the mob.

Cubans Use Dynamite.

Two bridges and the pipes on the aqueduct, upon which the city of Havana is dependent for water supply, were partially destroyed by dynamite Saturday night about 9 o'clock. There were two separate explosions. The windows in many houses in the city were shattered and some market structures badly damaged. The greatest consternation prevailed throughout the city until morning, as further explosions were expected.

Express Train Held Up.

The westbound express on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad was held up between Cotton Hill and Kanawha Falls, West Va., at 12:45 o'clock Friday morning by three men who, after a short fight with the train crew, made their escape without securing any booty. Jack Maynard, of Scary, W. Va., L. M. Martin and George F. Stringer, of Richmond, Va., were subsequently arrested near the scene of the attack and are in jail at Montgomery, W. Va.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Summary of the Week's Proceedings in Both Houses.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY NINTH DAY.

In the senate the vice-president announced his signature to several bills, including the general deficiency and filled cheese bills. Mr. Allison presented a partial conference report on the sundry civil bill, explaining the house conferees refused to agree to any increase of the limitation of cost of public buildings; to appropriations for such buildings at the capitals of the new states, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah and Montana; and to senate amendment appropriating $15,000 for a postoffice building at Fortress Monroe. The senate refused to recede from its amendments and a new conference was ordered. The final conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to. House bill to expedite the delivery of imported parcels not over $500 in value, was passed, after being amended. A conference report on the naval appropriations was presented and a further conference ordered. House bill to constitute a new division of the eastern judicial district of Texas, and for other purposes, was amended and passed. The senate adjourned until Monday noon.... In the house a senate bill to regulate fourth class mail matter was passed. The president's veto of the general deficiency bill was sustained by 170 to 39. A revised bill, omitting the French spoliation claims, the Chouteau claim, the Bowman act war claims and several individual claims, was then passed. A report on the sundry civil bill was presented and agreed to. A further conference was ordered on the items for public buildings and on the naval bill. A partial report on the postal bill was agreed to. A final agreement of the conferences on the Indian bill was received and rejected. A further conference thereon was ordered. A bill was passed extending the jurisdiction of the United States courts over crime committed in the Indian territory and providing for the leasing of mineral, farm and grazing lands. Speaker Reed announced the appointment of Messrs. Evans of Kentucky, Russell of Connecticut and McMillin of Tennessee as members on the part of the house of the joint congressional commission provided for in the bill to repeal the free alcohol clause of the Wilson tariff law, to investigate and report whether or not it be possible to frame regulations under which alcohol for use in arts and manufactures may be admitted free without danger to the customs revenues. At 7:25 o'clock on motion of Mr. Dingley of Maine the house took a recess until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTIETH DAY.

The senate passed the new general deficiency bill without amendment. A conference report on the postoffice bill was agreed to, and partial reports upon the Indian and District of Columbia bills, upon which further conference was ordered. A bill was passed to pay the Richmond Locomotive Machine Works $89,550 for damages and losses in the construction of the battleship Texas, and a bill appropriating $350,000 for a public building at Oakland, Cal. Adjourned.... The house sat eight hours today in continuation of Saturday's session. The following measures were passed: House bill directing the construction of a federal prison at Leavenworth, Kas., to cost not exceed ing $150,000. House bill making further appropriations ($58,000) in all to pay deficiencies for the current fiscal year. Senate joint resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to order a scientific investigation of the Alaskan fur seal fisheries. Senate bill re-enacting and amending the law of 1889 for the protection of the salmon fisheries of Alaska. Amending the law relating to the employment of sailors. Abolishing imprisonment for violation of contract and the system of allotments of seamen's wages, and improving the quality and value of the ration provided for them. House joint resolution clothing the purchasers of the Northern Pacific railroad in the foreclosure sale next month with the rights and privileges of the original corporation and imposing the same obligations. House bill establishing a new division of the eastern judicial district of Texas, and providing for semi-annual terms of court at Beaumont. Senate amendments were agreed to to the house bill to expedite the transportation of important packages valued at not exceeding $500 and not more than 100 pounds in weight. Conference reports were presented and agreed to on the following appropriation bills: Postoffice (final), Indian and District of Columbia. In order to maintain the presence of a quorum the house adopted resolutions offered by Mr. Dingley, republican, revoking all leaves of absence except those granted on account of illness, and directing the sergeant-at-arms to telegraph all other absent members that their presence here is necessary to the transaction of public business. A motion to take up the contested election case of Aldrich vs. Underwood, from the Ninth Alabama district, was pending when a recess was taken until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIRST DAY.

Final conference reports on the naval and Indian appropriation bills were presented in the senate and agreed to. The naval bill provides for three battleships and directs that no contracts be made for armorplate until the secretary of the navy shall have inquired into the cost of such plate and reported to congress. The question of contract schools in the Indian bill, was compromised on the basis of allowing their continuance during the fiscal year 1897 where there are no other schools to take their place. A supplementary deficiency bill appropriating $40,000 for compensation and mileage of new members was passed. Adjourned.... In the house the contested election case from the Ninth Alabama district was decided in favor of the contestant Aldrich, republican, by 116 to 107, and Aldrich was sworn in. The final reports on the naval and Indian bills were agreed to. They voted to insist on its disagreement to the public appropriations in the sundry civil bill, except as to that for the building at Savannah, Ga. The house disagreed to the senate amendment to the urgent deficiency bill providing for the payment of a month's salary to all employes of the government discharged since December 2 last. The bill to put in operation the recommendations of the international marine conference for preventing collisions at sea was passed. A resolution was agreed to authorizing the speaker of the house appoint a committee of five to investigate, during the recess of congress, the management of the Leavenworth soldiers' home, and appropriating $3,000 for the expenses. A recess was taken until tomorrow.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SECOND DAY.

The bill to define and regulate the power of United States courts in cases of contempt was passed by the senate. It divides contempt of court into two classes—direct and indirect. Direct contempt is where the offense is committed in presence of the court and may be punished summarily. Indirect contempt includes all other cases. The bill provides that the accused, in cases of indirect contempt, shall have reasonable opportunity to purge himself of such contempt, and shall have the privilege of trial by jury. The differences between the two houses on the District of Columbia bill were compromised by continuing the appropriation for sectarian charities, but declaring that no further appropriations shall be made for this purpose after June 30, 1897. The conferees on the sundry civil bill reported the recession of the house from its disagreement to the public building appropriations. The following bills were passed: Increasing the pay of letter carriers; to prevent the transportation of spirituous liquors under false names. The bill increasing the pension of Francis E. Hoover was passed over the president's veto. A concurrent resolution for final adjournment tomorrow at 4 o'clock was agreed to, and at 6:40 o'clock the senate took a recess until 9:30 this evening. At the evening session a motion was entered by Mr. Hale, of Maine, to reconsider the bill increasing the pay of letter carriers. Just before 11 o'clock the sundry civil bill and several minor bills were received from the house and signed by the vice-president. The senate then adjourned.... Under suspension of the rules the house passed the following: House bill to protect the timber on the public domain and forest reservations from the ravages of fire, caused by malicious or careless campers or others. Joint resolution extending the scope of the good roads investigation now being conducted by the agricultural department. Forbidding the landing upon the shores of the United States of a foreign submarine cable without the consent of congress. Setting aside the Pacific forest reserve on Mount Tacoma for a public park, to be known as Washington National park. Opening national cemeteries to the burial of army nurses. To protect public forest reservations. Appropriating $300,000 for the benefit of the Omaha exposition. Amending the shipping laws by providing still further for the comfort and well being of sailors. Forbidding the transportation of liquor under false brands or names. Concurring in the senate amendments to the sundry civil bill appropriating $900,000 for public buildings at Bois City, Ida., Cheyene, Wyo., Salt Lake City, Utah, and Helena, Mont. The concurrent resolution for adjournment tomorrow at 4 p. m was received from the senate and agreed to. At 7:30 a recess for two hours was taken. The house reassembled at 9:30, and no quorum appearing, took a further recess of one hour. At 10:30 the enrollment of several bills was reported and Speaker Reed signed them. At 10:50, when the sundry civil bill was signed, there being only about twenty members present, the house adjourned.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-THIRD DAY.

The vice president signed the District of Columbia appropriation bill and it was sent to the president. House bill to pension the widow of Gen Wm. H. Gibson, of Ohio, at $50 a month was passed. A brief executive session was held. At 1 o'clock, on motion, the vice president designated Senators Sherman and Smith to wait on the president and ascertain if he had any further communication to make to the senate. Senators Harris, Faulkner and McMillan were named as a committee to ascertain the extent of sectarian control of charities of the District of Columbia for which appropriations are made. At 1:20 a recess was taken until 3. At that hour the session was resumed and the senators appointed to wait on the president reported that he had no further business to communicate to congress. The usual resolutions of thanks to the president pro tem of the senate and the vice president were passed. The vice president responded briefly, and, at the conclusion of his remarks, declared the first session of the fifty-fourth congress adjourned without a day.... In the house the speaker, in pursuance of a resolution, appointed a committee of three to act in conjunction with a like committee from the senate, to wait upon the president, inform him that congress was ready to adjourn and ascertain if he had any further communication to make. A resolution of thanks to Speaker Reed was passed and emphasized by a standing vote. A senate bill for the relief of the administrator of Henry Van Vleck, involving an expenditure of $4,500 was passed. The house took a recess until 2 o'clock. On reconvening the president's signature to the two appropriation bills last passed was announced. Several private pension bills were passed, among them one granting Louis Keiser, a private soldier residing in Nebraska $72 per month, and one to pension Mrs. Sarah Parker, a widow of a captain in an Alabama volunteer company that took part in an Indian war. The committee returning from the White house informed the house that the president had nothing further to communicate. As the hands of the clock pointed to the hour of four, the speaker arose and, after thanking the house for courtesies extended to him, declared the house adjourned without a day.

ALL PAID THE FINES

Like Little Men, but Naughty Rhodes Wouldn't Promise to Behave.

The fines of £25,000 sterling each, which were imposed upon the Johannesburg reform committee leaders. Phillips, Farrar, Rhodes and Hammond, were paid last Thursday and Phillips, Farrar and Hammond signed a compact pledging themselves to abstain from interference in the Transvaal politics, after which their banishment was cancelled, Colonel Rhodes refused to sign the agreement to abstain from interference in politics and was banished for life. He started for Cape Town that night. Hammond, Phillips and Farrar left in the afternoon for Johannesburg.

Abduction or Elopement?

B. B. Kerr was arrested Friday night at Murfreesboro, Tenn., on the charge of abduction. Robert Atkins and Wm. Mercer, also of Murfreesboro, are under arrest on the same charge. The case is a sensational one.

The three men went to the house of F. G. Pearson, who was married two weeks ago in North Nashville, and enticed his wife away. They went to the court house and asked for a marriage license, but their actions being suspicious it was denied. Kerr and Mrs. Pearson then drove through to Murfreesboro in a buggy.

Two Men Foully Murdered.

At Tunis, ten miles from Caldwell, Tex., Jerry Massey and J. T. Chance, both white, were foully murdered Saturday night about 9 o'clock by unknown parties. Massey received twenty-two buckshot and Chance twelve. No clue to the murderers, and indignation runs high.

Serious Complications.

From the Star, Portsmouth, Va.

An experience that is seldom recorded by any newspaper is that of Mr. Gabriel Levy, of 621 Crawford Street, Portsmouth, Va., who, at one time, was a sufferer from a complication of almost incurable diseases, and by the use of a very simple remedy to-day is rendered fully capable of attending to his duties and is as strong as ever.

Following is what Mr. Levy says: "Yes, it is true that not long since I was a sufferer from seven different diseases, either one of which has proved fatal in many cases. I was laid up in bed for months, not able to do the slightest thing for myself, as many well known physicians who attended me can attest. To-day I am well and hearty, as you can see.

"I was in Columbus, Ga., when first attacked, and went to the city hospital for treatment, I felt some little improvement, but not enough to warrant me in doing manual labor. My limbs were so weak that I experienced great difficulty in getting about. I grew rapidly worse and at times would experience tingling sensations through my limbs, the nature of which I cannot describe. The pains were terrible, and relief I sought in every conceivable shape. I tried physicians, who were eminent in their profession, without avail, and finally began to lose hope, when Dr. Mitchell, of Columbus, Ga., advised me to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"Having taken so much medicine without receiving any benefit I was loath to take such a simple thing as pills. However, after being persuaded I resolved to give them a trial. Within a few days I began to feel a little better. As time went on I gradually improved, and to-day I am as healthy and strong as any one. I attribute my complete cure to the free use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

Mr. Levy also says that he believes if he had not used the pills he would never have been able to reach his home in Portsmouth, that they proved a blessing to him. He cheerfully recommends them to the public.

To confirm his statement beyond all doubt Mr. Levy made the following affidavit:

"I swear that the above statement of my case and the use of Dr. Williams' Pills to be true."

(Signed.) GABRIEL LEVY.

STATE OF VIRGINIA, } ss:
CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, }

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of January, 1896.

GEO. I. BROOKS, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

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OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS. Lebanon, Ohio.

Am. N,U .No. 25. 1896.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

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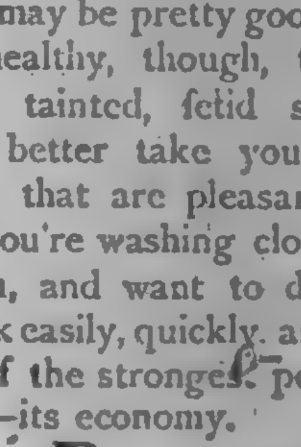

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if that is what you're doing the washing for, perhaps the old way of washing with soap—rubbing the clothes up and down over a board—may be pretty good. It can't be healthy, though, to breathe that tainted, fetid steam, and you'd better take your exercise in ways that are pleasanter.

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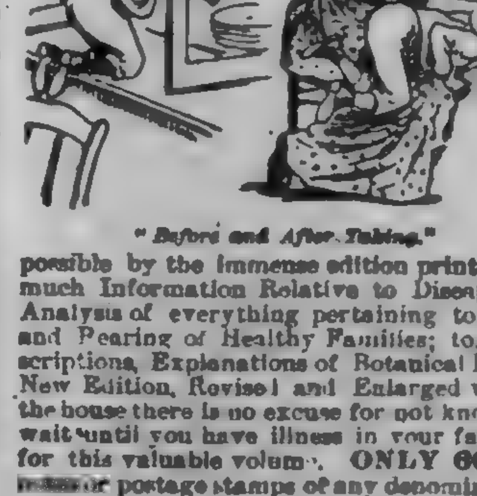

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1896. NO. 35.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Wm McKinley, of Ohio, and Garrett A. Hobart, of New Jersey,

ARE THE STANDARD BEARERS.

Leading Features of the Declaration of Principles Which the Republican Party, Through Its Delegates in Convention, Submits to the People.

TEMPORARY ORGANIZATION.

The republican national convention met in St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday. At 12:30 Senator Carter, chairman of the republican national committee, called the convention to order. By this time all the seats of the delegates and nearly half of the gallery space had been filled.

The chaplain, Rabbi Sale, opened with prayer, the whole assemblage standing as the chaplain invoked the divine benediction. At the close of the chaplain's prayer Chairman Carter said:

"This convention is assembled in compliance with the terms of the call issued by the national committee on the 14th of December, 1895, which call the secretary will now proceed to read."

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

The secretary did so in a voice which was inaudible at 10 feet distance and amid frequent cries of "louder."

Chairman Carter said: "Gentlemen of the convention, by direction of the national committee I present for your approval your temporary chairman, Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks of Illinois."

Mr. Sutherland, on behalf of the New York delegation, moved that the selection of the committee be approved, and this was carried without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Fairbanks came forward and addressed the convention.

Temporary secretaries and other officers were named and approved.

The rules of the last convention were adopted and the usual committees appointed.

At 1:40 p. m. the convention took a recess until 10 a. m. Wednesday.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

The committee on resolutions when the convention adjourned proceeded to organize by electing Mr. Foraker of Ohio as chairman. On motion the chair appointed a sub-committee consisting of Messrs Foraker of Ohio, chairman ex-officio; Lodge of Massachusetts, Merriam of Minnesota, Fessenden of Connecticut, Teller of Colorado, Warmouth of Louisiana and Patterson of Illinois. After some discussion Burleigh of Washington, and Lauterbach of New York, were added to the committee. The sub-committee consists of seven gold men, one sound money man and one silver man.

A motion to adjourn until 8 o'clock p. m. was carried, the understanding being that the sub-committee would meet at 3 and begin at that time the formulation of the platform.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The convention was called to order Wednesday morning at 10:43 and Rev. Dr. W. G. Williams offered prayer. Unanimous consent for the committee on rules to report at this time was asked and refused.

A motion that the report of the committee on permanent organization be received was agreed to and the report was read. It named Senator J. M. Thurston of Nebraska as chairman, made all the other temporary officers permanent and named a vice chairman for each state. The report was adopted. Senator Thurston was conducted to the chair and addressed the convention. At the conclusion of the chairman's address a recess was taken until 2 p. m. At the evening session the report of the committee on credentials was received and adopted. It seated the Higgins delegation from Delaware and the Texas delegates headed by Grant, and made the list of delegates and alternates prepared by the national committee the permanent roll of the convention.

The report of the committee on rules was received and adopted; and at 5:07 the convention adjourned until 10 a. m. Thursday morning.

THE PLATFORM.

At 10:30 Thursday morning the convention was called to order and Rev John Scott, colored, offered prayer.

The chairman of the committee on resolutions then reported the platform the declarations of which are, briefly stated as follows:

Allegiance to the policy of protection is renewed and emphasized.

Renewal and extension of reciprocity is demanded.

Such protection as will lead to the production on American soil of all the sugar which the American people use is favored.

Hemp, wool and the finished products of woolen mills are promised ample protection. Discriminating duties for the upbuilding of our merchant marine.

THE FINANCIAL PLANK.

The republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879. Since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver, except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved. All our silver and paper currency must be maintained at parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States, and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard—the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

Control of the Hawaiian islands by the United States.

The building of the Nicaraguan canal, its ownership and operation by the United States.

The purchase of the Danish islands for a naval station in the West Indies.

The Monroe doctrine is reaffirmed

AS TO CUBA.

The government of Spain, having lost control of Cuba and being unable to protect the property or lives of resident American citizens or to comply with its treaty obligations, we believe that the government of the United States should actively use its influence and good offices to restore peace and give independence to the island.

We favor the continued enlargement of the navy and a complete system of harbor and coast defenses.

Prescribing an educational qualification for immigrants.

The enforcement and extension of the civil service law.

The creation of a national board of arbitration.

Mr. Teller, of Colorado, made a minority report recommending, as a substitute for the financial clause, the following: "The republican party favors the use of both gold and silver as equal standard money and pledges its power to secure the free, unrestricted and independent coinage of gold and silver at our mints at the ratio of 16 parts of silver to one of gold." It was laid on the table by ayes 818½, nays 105½. A call of states was ordered on the financial plank and resulted in its adoption by 812½ yeas to 103½ nays. On the adoption of the platform as a whole there was but one no.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The candidates named for the presidency and the vote given to each appear in the announcement of the chairman at the conclusion of the ballot, which was as follows: Wm. McKinley, 61½; Thomas B. Reed, 84½; Senator Quay, 61½; Levi P. Morton, 58; Senator Allison, 35½, and Don Cameron 1.

On motion the nomination of McKinley was made unanimous. The convention then proceeded to the nomination of a candidate for vice president. Hon. Garrett A. Hobart of New Jersey, was nominated on the first ballot, which was as follows: Hobart, 533 1-2; Evans, 208 1-2; Bulkeley, 39; Lippett, 8; Walker 24; Reed, 3; Thurston, 2; Frederick Grant, 2; Depew, 3; Morton, 1; absent, 23.

Committees were appointed to notify the nominees, resolutions of thanks to the officers of the convention were adopted and the convention, at 7:55 p. m. adjourned without a day.

HON. GARRETT A. HOBART,

The Republican Nominee for the Vice-Presidency.

Garrett A. Hobart, nominated by the republican party for the vice-presidency of the United States, was born at Long Branch, N. J., in 1844. He graduated from Rutgers College before he was 20 years of age, and studied law with Socrates Tuttle, at Paterson, being admitted to the bar in 1866.

In 1872 he was elected a member of the New Jersey house and was reelected and chosen speaker. He declined an election in 1873, and in 1877 he was elected senator from Passaic county. He was re-ected to this position and served in the office from that time until the expiration of the year 1882, being chairman pro tem. of the body for the last two years of which he was a member.

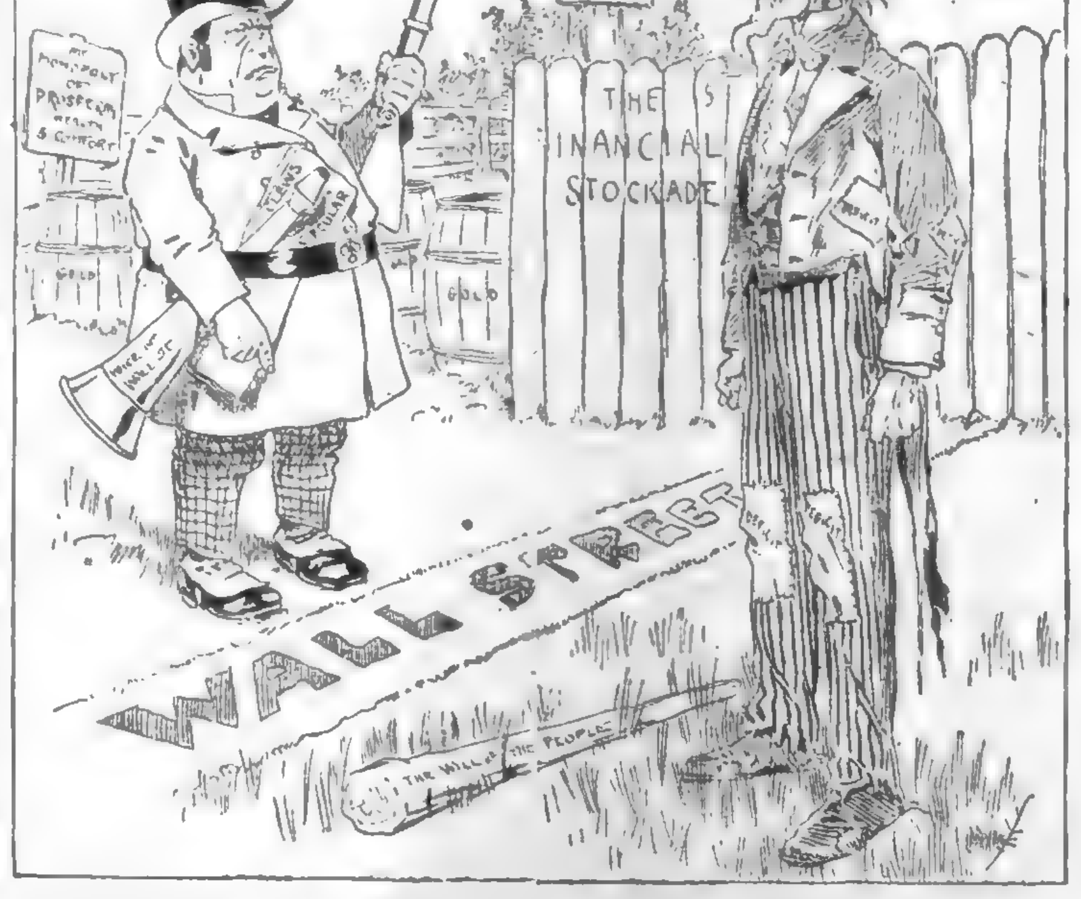
In 1884 he was nominated by the republican caucus of the legislature for United States senator, but was not elected, as the legislature was democratic, and John R. McPherson was chosen. In 1884, he became a member of the republican national committee.

In business life he has been active and energetic. He is the president of the Passaic Water company, the Acquackanonk Water company, the Paterson Railroad Company's Consolidated Lines, the Morris County railroad and the People's Gas company. He is a director in several national banks, including the First National Bank of Paterson, and the Paterson Savings institution. He is also on the directory boards of the New York, Susquehanna and Western railroad, the Lehigh and Hudson River railroad, the Barbour Flax Spinning company, the Pioneer Silk company, the Edison Electric Illuminating company, the American Cotton Oil company and some forty or more additional corporations. With many of these concerns he holds the position of legal adviser.

Mr. Hobart is a resident of Paterson where he has a beautiful home, which is the centre of the social amenities of the city.

A Chicago paper editorially announces that "fashion has decided against the bloomers."

THE DEAD LINE.



GOLDBUG—See that? Well, if youtry to cross it I'll plug you.

PRISONER—"Say, mister; it's getting pretty nigh time for you and me to see who's the bigger man.—National Bimetallist.

HURRAH FOR BRYAN.

BILLY TAKES PEN IN HAND FOR CARLISLE.

And Writes the "Judas of Kentucky" a Letter Composed Principally of Interrogations of a Staggering Nature—Let Silver Men Solidify.

Hon. John G. Carlisle, Secretary of the Treasury:—Dear Sir: You have changed your position upon the paramount public issue and are now defending a financial policy which you once denounced. The advocates of free and unlimited coinage at 16 to 1 admit your right to change your opinion, but contend that you owe it to the public to answer the arguments which you yourself made in 1878, before attempting to answer the arguments of others. You then used the following language: "If the execution of this measure (the Bland act) could be entrusted to a public officer whose opinions on the subject were in accord with those of the great majority of the American people, and whose sympathies were with the struggling masses who produce the wealth and pay the taxes of the country, rather than with the idle holders of idle capital, the provision alluded to (the senate amendment) would be of little consequence because he would coin the maximum instead of the minimum allowed by the amendment."

You then accused John Sherman, who was secretary of the treasury at the time, of being in sympathy with the capitalistic classes and hostile to the struggling masses. Do you now believe that your accusation was true? If your accusation against him was then true, how did you and he succeed in getting together? Whose sympathies underwent a change, yours or his? If you did him injustice at that time, when did you make the discovery, and have you ever apologized to him publicly or privately? Do you still believe that, on the money question, the interests of the "idle holders of idle capital" are antagonistic to the interests of "struggling masses?"

In the same speech, after complaining that the secretary of the treasury would not coin a dollar beyond the minimum and that, therefore, the people would not obtain all the relief needed, you said of the Bland bill:

"But it will certainly afford some relief. It will reverse the grinding process that has been going on for the last few years. Instead of constant and relentless contraction, instead of constant appreciation of money and depreciation of property, we will have expansion to the extent of at least $2,000,000 per month and under its influence the exchangeable value of commodities, including labor, will soon begin to rise, thus inviting investments, infusing life into the dead industries of the country and quickening the pulsations of trade in all its departments."

Why have you ceased to describe the "relentless contraction" of the currency as a "grinding process?" Why do you now avoid any mention of the "constant appreciation of money and depreciation of property?" When did you discover that the laboring men would suffer under a financial policy which would raise "the exchangeable value of commodities, including labor," "thus inviting investments, infusing life into dead industries of the country and quickening the pulsations of trade in all its departments?"

In the same speech you said: "The struggle now going on cannot cease, and ought not to cease, until all the industrial interests of the country are fully and finally emancipated from the heartless domination of syndicates, stock exchanges and other great combinations of money grabbers in this country and Europe." Have the "industrial interests" been "fully and finally emancipated?" Or have you found that they were never under the "heartless domination of syndicates, etc.?"

What do you now think of the "stock exchanges and other great combinations of money grabbers in this country and in Europe?" Do they improve on intimate acquaintance? Is it not true that the capitalistic classes prevailed upon the President to veto the Bland act which you supported? You and they are now together, did they come to you, or did you go to them?

It 1878 you denounced the conspiracy to destroy silver as a "gigantic crime." Did you ever withdraw that language before entering the cabinet? You then said that "the consummation of the scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilences and famines that ever occurred in the history of the world." Do you now think the free coinage of silver could do any more damage than that? Your record challenges you to joint debate, will you accept? Are you willing to take up your speech of 1878 and answer it, one proposition at a time? If you are, you will silence those who doubt your sincerity and question your motives. If you are not willing to face your own arguments and overcome them, you cannot complain if your opponents adopt the philosophy of Shakespeare and attribute your cowardice to a guilty conscience. Yours truly,

W. J. BRYAN.

POLITICALLY DEAD.

Kentucky's Silver Victor Lays John G. Carlisle on the Shelf.

A prominent, plutocratic now-you-see-it-now-you-don't silver democratic organ of St. Louis bewails the passing of John G. Carlisle in the late silver tidal wave in Kentucky. It assigns as the sole cause of this, "the first conspicuous defeat in his remarkable career," the fact that he refused to indorse Blackburn's candidacy for the United States senate after that gentleman had been named for the place by a caucus of democrats.

This cool assumption that the late fight in Kentucky was entirely void of the elements which generally characterize a political struggle for principle, and that its result contains no other lesson except one inculcating fealty to caucus demands, is a trait peculiar to men and organs that, pretending to favor certain ideas, yet hasten to belittle their triumph by ascribing the victory to some trivial or contemptible cause. This disguised organ of the gold bugs knows full well that the victory won by Carlisle in the Kentucky convention last summer, "notwithstanding the tremendous odds against him," was not an evidence of the will of the people of Kentucky, but a plain indication of the baneful power which the hope of public patronage may be depended on to exercise when wielded by unscrupulous men.

There may be something mournful in Carlisle's eternal exit from political life, just as there were pathetic features attendant upon the acts by which Benedict Arnold and Judas Iscariot forever closed the world's doors against themselves, but the men or the organs who attempt to make him an object of pathos on the ground that he made a mistake in withholding his indorsement from some other partisan at a certain critical period, not only write themselves down as hopeless ignoramuses or wilful deceivers, but as insulters of the people as well.

Mr. Carlisle was deservedly shunted into political oblivion because, after having been trusted and honored by the people of his state as men seldom are, he permitted the dross in his nature to get the upper hand and consented to stoop from his pinnacle of fame to the dirty work of corrupting a Kentucky convention in the interest of conscienceless gold bugs.

Carlisle has had his day, and though sentiment may be permitted a tear over his taking off, yet remorseless progress, firm-featured and dry-eyed views his wreck with the same passive indifference which it accords to any other rubbish that seeks to block its inexorable way.

The Way to Unite.

The St. Louis Evening Journal estimates there are 7,100,000 voters in this country who would vote for a reform ticket, made up as follows:

Voters favoring government ownership of railroads, telegraphs, telephones, etc.	2,500,000
Single taxes	600,000
Greenbackers	1,000,000
Free silverites	3,000,000

As neither of the old parties favor these reforms, or any of them, it does seem that these forces could be combined on a ticket, even if they should not agree on a platform. It is certain none of them will ever be attained by voting the democratic or republican ticket and as the populist platform embraces the most, if not all of these reforms, the logic of the situation points to a unification of all these elements in the not distant future.—People's Messenger.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

TO BUY ALABAMA LANDS.

Fell to His Death—Heavy Rainfall, Work on New Depot at Montgomery Commenced—A Turbulent Negro Killed—Farmers Despondent, Preparing for Mardi Gras.

Methodist District Conference.

This week the Methodist district conference will be held at Marion, and a large delegation has been provided for by the local church.

Hog Cholera—Crops.

Luna reports rain very badly needed Hog cholera is raging here, and a large number of hogs have died.

The prospects for good crops were never brighter, and a bountiful harvest is expected.

Tornado and Water Spout.

The section of country lying about three miles southeast of Dadeville was visited by a tornado, followed by a waterspout, late Saturday evening. Considerable damage to crops and outhouses resulted. No lives were lost.

Montgomery's New Depot.

One hundred hands went to work Monday morning preparing for a foundation for Montgomery's new union depot. From this on the work of building will be pushed as rapidly as is practicable. The structure will cost $850,000.

Fell to His Death.

William Ollinger, owner of Ollinger & Bruce's sectional dry dock, Mobile, fell from the top of the dock Saturday afternoon to the floor of the dock breaking his neck. He leaves a large family. Deceased came here from Milton, Fla., about 1890.

Debt of Howard College.

Senator John T. Miller, being called on by Drs. Gray and Hale, who have been appointed to solicit funds to discharge the debt of Howard college, made a handsome contribution and offered to be one of ten to give $1,000 each.

Carried Back to Answer.

Pierce Anderson, the negro who was located by Chief McDonald, of Birmingham, and arrested by Officer Johnson, and who was wanted at Laurens, S. C., for murder, was taken back Friday afternoon by Sheriff Geo. S. McCreary, of Laurens county, S. C.

Terrific Rainfall.

Last Thursday and Friday the rainfall in the vicinity of Marion was terrific, and the damage to the crops and to the lands will be incalculable. Friday for five hours together the rain came down in torrents, washing away bridges, overflowing all the ditches and making gullies everywhere.

Farmers Despondent.

A dispatch from Union says: Farmers are very despondent over the crop outlook. It has rained nearly every day this month. There has been very little work done. Corn has been blown down in many fields so badly that it cannot be plowed. Cotton is badly in the grass and has the rust. So a full crop of either is impossible.

Death by a Foolish Act.

The death of a negro at one of the furnaces in Bessemer Thursday is reported. He was employed in a switch crew, who had as their duty the looking after hot pots. He was standing on a side track as a locomotive came along, and in attempting to step on the foot railing misjudged the distance and fell in front of the engine, and the wheels, passing over his body, cut it in two.

Mr. Nicholl's Case Hopeless.

Information received Saturday as to the condition of Manager Nicholl, of the Dwight Cotton mills, near Gadsden, who was injured by the accidental falling of a scaffolding indicates that he will not recover. Mr. Nicholl is in Atlanta at a hospital and is attended by his father and has the services of the best surgeons of Atlanta. It is said, however, that his recovery is despaired of and his death is expected at almost any moment.

Slashed Across the Throat.

Sol Harris, colored, was looking on while Henry Keelen and another negro were playing pool in a Birmingham saloon Friday about midnight, and the two named got into a dispute, whereupon Keelen drew a knife and slashed Harris across the throat, making an ugly wound. Keelen escaped. A doctor put twelve stitches in the wound, and stated that a sixteenth of an inch of flesh only saved Harris' life.

Preparation for Mardi Gras.

Mr. Emile Lesser, president of the Carnival Society, has returned from his trip to New Orleans, where he went to look at designs and contract for material for the next Mardi Gras display in Birmingham. Mr. Lesser said that he had seen some very desirable costumes and paraphernalia and the outfits he purchased were dazzling and elegant. Samples are to be shipped to Birmingham for inspection by the committee. Mr. Lesser says the next Mardi Gras will be great one.

Family Reunion.

On Friday Hon. B. M. Long, of Cordova, had a family reunion barbecue, all of his children, their husbands, wives and children, his two sisters, Mrs. Belle May, of Carrollton, Ga., and Mrs. J. J. Shields, of Jasper, and a few outside friends swelling the list to sixty in number. Beef, mutton, pork and kid were barbecued in the highest style of the art and a feast of good things which "tickle the palate" was enjoyed by all present.

To Buy Alabama Lands.

A St. Louis special to the Montgomery Advertiser says: General Alger, of Michigan, and associates will go to Alabama shortly. They are about to purchase the Duncan plantation, near White Hall, Lowndes county, owned by parties in Montgomery. The timber is to be utilized for shipment to England and the lands to be cultivated by tenants. The land tract will be sold in forty-acre lots to purchasers on installments. The deal is made by Ben DeLemos, representing the emigration department of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

Thirty-two Indictments.

The two weeks of circuit court are just over at Bangor. The grand jury was in session during the whole of the time. They investigated forty cases and returned thirty-two indictments, of which it is supposed twelve are against whitecappers who whipped an old negro a few months ago. There were five murder cases on the docket, of which four were continued. In the other the State vs. Winca Chyle, colored, the defendant had killed his wife with a razor. By arrangement with the solicitors he pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for thirty-five years.

Turbulent Negro Killed.

Sunday night as an excursion from Anniston to Montgomery was returning a drunken negro named Mitch Johnson, who had been employed at the Shelby Iron works, was shot and almost instantly killed by some unknown party on the train near Verbena, Chilton county. A little negro boy had stolen Johnson's hat. He claimed that some white man was the thief and made many ugly threats, accompanied by waves of a pistol and flourishes of a knife. Finally he swore that he was going to shoot some d—d white man, and, drawing his pistol, started across into the next car, which was filled with whites, as if to put his threat into execution. Three unknown white men were standing near the door of the other car and one of them said: "Let's kill that — — —." The other two agreed and they went forward. Pretty soon a pistol shot was heard, but nobody seems to have seen the weapon or know who fired it. At the shot, however, the turbulent negro fell and died shortly afterwards. There came near being further shooting then. Pistols were flourished, ugly looking knives cleaved the air, and those who did not relish that sort of excitement wished heartily that they were anywhere else. No further bloodshed resulted, however, and the body was brought up to the Shelby furnace. The train remained there two hours waiting for a coroner to come and hold an inquest, but none came.

TERRIBLE MARINE DISASTER.

A Steamship Sinks—Of 350 Passengers Only Three Survive.

The British steamer Drummond Castle, which sailed from Table bay May 28 for London, England, with 350 passengers on board, has been sunk near Ushant, the most western of the islands off the coast of Brittany, France. The Castle Line Steamship company has issued the following bulletin, received from the light house keeper at Ushant: "The steamer Drummond Castle was wrecked at midnight on June 16. A survivor of the disaster named Merwerk is at Ushant and two others are at Ile de Molen. Six bodies have been recovered, including that of Officer Gill. About six bodies have been placed in a special house. The ship sank in ten minutes." The following dispatch was received this evening by the Castle Steamship company from the British consul at Brest: "The Drummond Castle stauck the rock west of Ile de Molene at midnight on the 16th and sank immediately. There was no time to take out the boats. Present information is that one person was saved at Ushant and two other survivors are at Ile de Molene. Their names are not given. A government tug is carrying on a search."

If you are interested in cotton gins and gin machinery write Smith Son's Gin & Machine Co., Avondale, Ala. See advertisement in another column.

OUR COUNTRY'S TRADE.

In Some Lines Improvement in Prices and Demand Appears.

SHOE TRADE MOST PROSPEROUS.

No Gain in Textiles—Large Sales of Bleached Shirtings at Lowest Prices Yet Reached—Iron and Steel Average Lower, With Demand Weak.

Failures for the week have been 276 in the United States, against 229 last year, and 28 in Canada, against 31 last year. There are continued signs that a gain in business has begun. Stocks have gone higher than they were before the artificial break ten days ago, and wheat and cotton are in better demand. There is more confidence in monetary circles, and the tendency towards shrinkage in great industries seems in some measure, at least, to be checked. While the outcome of the democratic convention is uncertain and the great crops are not yet wholly beyond danger, a sure and strong improvement could hardly be expected, but the tone in business circles has grown distinctly more hopeful.

The boot and shoe industry not only holds its place as the most prosperous of the great industries, but reports some gain both in orders and in prices.

Textile manufactures do not gain. The only change in cotton is a reduction in bleached shirtings in standards to the lowest price ever reached, though the change discloses no new weakness, but a belief that the time has come when sales can be affected by reduction, and large sales are now reported. Stocks of dealers are so low that replenishment would now make a great change in the condition of the industry.

The waiting in iron and steel brings a slightly lower average of prices, the lowest since April 1, and only 1.8 per cent above the lowest of the year, though the combinations made no change in quotations. Beams are quoted delivered instead of at mill, but numerous contracts are kept back; consumption of wire nails at current prices has so declined that American wire rods are offered at competing prices in England; scarcely anything is done in iron bars because steel bars are 1.1c. The billet pool is still undersold about $1 by middlemen, while many works are putting up steel plants of their own. Plates are weak, and also sheets, and orders for rails, though numerous, are not large. Southern No. 1 is offered $1 below Pennsylvania pig, and gray forge is 10c lower at Pittsburg. Since coke was advanced to $2 per ton the ovens at work have decreased 32 per cent and the weekly output is 60,463 tons or 36 per cent.

Gen. Bradley T. Johnson Safe.

Gen. Bradley T. Johnson has returned from Matanzas. He was one of the passengers on the railroad train which the insurgents recently dynamited near Bedavides and fired upon for ten minutes. The balls shattered the windows of the cars and went through the cars themselves. The passengers hastily vacated their seats and lay on the floor until all danger was past. General Johnson's seat in the car was shot through and two bullets passed through his coat. He says he will not travel any more on the railroads on this island, as it is too dangerous. He contended, however, that the marksmanship of the insurgents is bad.

Cuban News Via Havana.

Large bands of insurgents under the leaders, Diaz and Bormudez, on the 14th instant attacked a party of volunteers near Ygguas, in Pinar del Rio province, wounding a lieutenant and killing a sergeant. A column of government troops came to the assistance of the volunteers and the fight was continued, resulting in the loss by the Spaniards of one lieutenant and six privates of the regulars and one officer and three privates of the volunteers. The rebels lost thirteen killed. A band of 700 rebels attacked Paso, in the same province, but were repulsed.

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BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

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HOLYOKE, MASS.

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THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

15th Senatorial District

For Senator,
G. B. DEANS.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

FIVE good Democrats are put up for slaughter on the first Monday in August.

WE understand the Republicans at their meeting at Lomax on Saturday will endorse the Democratic nominations.

THE Democrats of Chilton county held a meeting at Clanton Tuesday and nominated Prof. Hicks for representative in the general assembly, C. J. Stewart for sheriff and W. L. Sampey for treasurer.

W. F. Claughton and E. Eddings were nominated for commissioners. The meeting was good enough to endorse the candidacy of A. C. Mims for assesor, T. J. Hubbard for collector and R. C. Riggins and J. Goodman Smitherman for commissioners.

WE called in at Populist headquarters the other day wishing to refresh our memory with a glance at some of our Populist newspapers, but to our surprise found there were very few on hand. We hope our brethren of the reform press will remedy this state of affairs at once and mail a copy every week.

ORGANIZED Democrats and Republicans together make a most horrible mixture and yet there are some among them who complain of two Republicans with out and out Populist proclivities being placed on the Populist ticket.

St. Louis, Mo., June 20.

The Republican party cannot secure a single elector in any State west of the Mississippi River if the silver Republicans and Populists combine on a national ticket, which I have no doubt they do.

The silver Democrats cannot carry more than half of the Southern States without the aid of the Populists and silver Republicans.

The moment the Chicago Convention declares for silver, 16 to 1, the Democrats will lose at least 20 per cent. of their strength, which is the sound money element, who will vote the Republican ticket or remain at home on election day.

With a loss of 20 per cent. the States of Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia will give their electors to the Republicans. The same loss in Texas, Alabama, Georgia and North Carolina will give these States to the Populists.

In all the old Rebublican States west of the Mississippi River, with the exception of Iowa and California, the Democratic party is the insignificant third party, while the People's party is the strong second party. The Democrats cannot secure a single elector from any of These States without co-operating with the Populists, nor can they elect their State ane Congressional tickets.

No President who favors the free coinage of silver 16 to 1 can be elected in 1896 without the assistance and undivided support of the People's party.

H. E. TAUBENECK,
Chairman People's Party, National Committee.

All State, County and Local Committees and members of the party everywhere, are urged to organize clubs to bring as many people to the convention as possible, especially from the states within a radius of two hundred miles of St. Louis. Tickets to the convention will be furnished to the editors of all reform papers attending the convention and they are requested to do all in their power to make this convention a grand success, by assisting to bring as many Populists to St. Louis as possible. All letters which refer to the details of the convention should be addressed to Hon. J. H. McDowell, room 525, Commercial Building, St. Louis, Mo.

The Peform Press Association will hold an important meeting in St. Louis on July 20th, just prior to the National Conventio, which promises to be largely attended.

Accessions to the Populist ranks from the free silver republicans are reported daily, in almost every state in the union.

It is a notable fact that little discussion has thus far been heard throughout the country regarding candidates for Presidential and vice-Presidential nominations, by the Populist National Convention. The people are evidently trusting to the logic of events to bring forth their standard bearers.

Birmingham, Ala., June 16, '96.
To Chairman County Ex. Committee

This Committee is very anxious to secure uniformity in the county organizations of the People's Party of Alabama, and respectfully urges each County Executive Committee to add to their committees a sufficient number, so that each beat will have three members, who can also act as the Beat Committee.

We would also suggest that each county select, of its county committee, three or five of its most efficient members to constitute a central campaign committee.

This kind of organization is imperatively needed for good reasons and it is hoped that every county will adopt this suggestion at once.

Please report the names and addresses of all members of each committee to these headquarters.

G. B. DEANS, Chairman.
FRANK BALTZELL, Secretary.

Chilton County Institute met at Clanton June 19, 1896. House called to order by J. W. Moore; Institute opened with prayer by L. B. Pounds. Maj. Harris gave an eloquent address on the political evils of the day and was followed by Rev. P. M. Guthrie. A committee was appointed to draft resolutions on the death of Bro. H. W. Strock. The following resolutions were then read and adopted:

WHEREAS in the Providence of Almighty God, death has visited and removed from our midst our brother and fellow-teacher, Hollis W. Strock and whereas in his death we have lost from our community a high-toned Christian gentleman, a good citizen and an earnest faithful teacher. Therefore be it resolved 1st That we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who is too wise to err in judgment and who is incapable of doing wrong. 2d That in the death of Bro. Strock the cause of education has lost an ardent supporter and the school-room an efficient teacher. 3d That a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the bereaved family and also that a copy be furnish our county paper with the request that they be published therein. Respt. Submitted,

J. G. LOWERY, G. L. SPEER, J. W. MOORE.

WHEREAS our 3d quarterly teachers' Institute has convened at the progressive town of Clanton under the auspices of the faculty of Clanton High School, and whereas we have felt highly benefitted in matters pertaining to our profession, and whereas we have been ably assisted by the presence and lectures of our worthy State Superintendent also by Maj. J. G. Harris of Montgomery, and whereas we have been so hospitably entertained and cared for the by the good citizens of this community; therefore be it resolved 1st that we return our thanks to Prof. E. Y. McMorries and his faculty for their courtesy and consideration shown us. 2d that we thank Maj. J. G. Harris and Hon. J. O. Turner for their presence and their able lectures and words of encouragement. 3d that we thank the good citizens of Clanton for their kind hospitality while in their town. 4th that a copy of these resolutions be sent the BANNER for publication.

C. C. SLATON, }
J. H. HARRIS, } Committee.
H. L. HICKS, }

After which the Institute closed with song and prayer by Hon. Jno. O. Turner.

J. W. MOORE, Ch'm'n.
A. B. HARWOOD, Sec't'y.

Mapesville Music.

The weather has been delightful with showers, some farmers are getting a little tangled in grass but we are glad to say not hopelessly. Gardens are more manageable and are fine.

Mr. Reeves Dudley of Calwert Texas is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Gorden is visiting her old home here.

Miss Maud Price and her brother are visiting friends in our community.

The young people enjoyed Miss Bessie Savage's Leap-year party immensely.

Mrs. Claude Paisley's friends are glad to have her home again after her pleasant visit to Selma.

Miss Owens and Miss Jones of Centreville have been visiting Mrs. A. S. Foshee.

We are sorry to say that Mr. George Foshee is quite sick.

The good people here were treated to an all-day singing by Mr. Goodman Smitherman and his class. Our church was crowded by a very respectful audience; many were here from the adjacent towns.

Mrs. Burke and Mrs. Bradford with their families have move in for the summer.

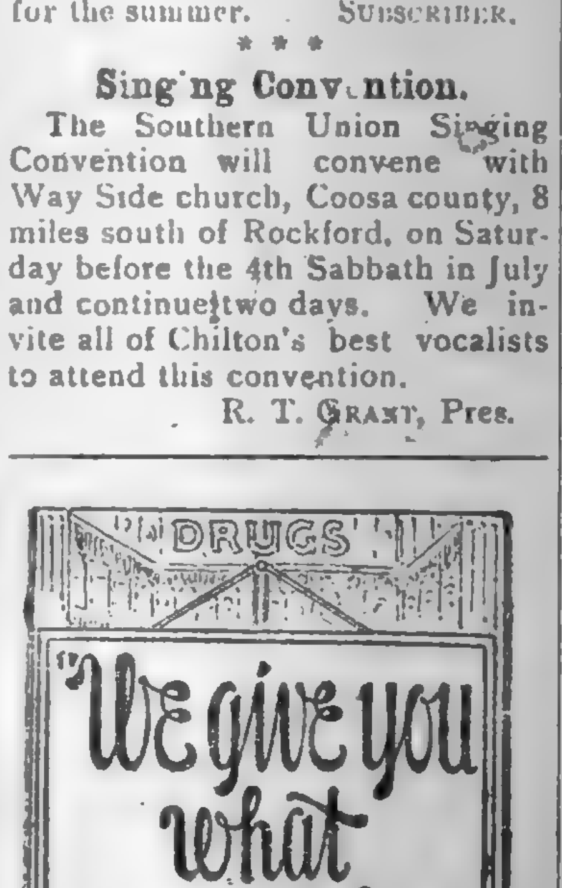
SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

Singing Convention.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene with Way Side church, Coosa county, 8 miles south of Rockford, on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in July and continue two days. We invite all of Chilton's best vocalists to attend this convention.

R. T. GRANT, Pres.


DRUGS
"We give you what you ask for"

A smart Broadway, New York, druggist has this sign hanging outside his store; it marks the new era of drug selling. Is it any wonder that he has to enlarge his quarters, that his clerks are busy, and that his store is one of the most popular along the leading thoroughfare?

You can afford to trade with a druggist who gives you SCOTT'S EMULSION when you ask for it.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Jemison, Ala., June 23, 1896.

Editor BANNER: As I together with Mr. Gentry and Mr. Tom Hand have just returned from Mobile, Ala.; I thought would give the people of Chilton a little history of what we saw on our trip. We landed at Dale, about 23 miles this side of Mobile, and were met at the depot by Jim Hand, his wife and sister. We went down and beheld the biggest mill we ever saw. Well, a sixty foot log and three feet thick is no more than a pole to our mills here. The whole thing was a show to us, so well arranged we could have stayed all the evening and looked at it. We drove to Baymi nette, there we found a nice little place. We were carried six miles out in the country, not a field to be found, not a hill to be seen, and if you had a lazy horse you would travel a half day before you could find a hickory. There is no undergrowth, but the prettiest grass from 4 to 12 inches high. It is a country of pine timber and it is the finest timber you have ever seen. For fifteen miles you can travel and nothing to be seen but pine trees, and to our surprise it is the best country for farming you ever saw. But the citizens there have not got any get up about them. Four or five acres is as much as you ever see in one place, but when once developed it will be among the garden spots of the world. Corn without any fertilizer will make from 20 to 35 bushels to the acre. Saturday morning we went over to see where Railroad Bill killed Mr. Stewart. It was in an old barn and several men had him hemmed in but they missed him and he shot Stewart and got away. At 12 o'clock we took the train for Mobile. Well, you cannot see that country for water. Water looks mighty plentiful to one that was raised in Dry Valley. We went across the bay and spent Saturday night. Fish! fish! fish! It was fish three times a day. We went down to Point Clear hotel and the place is beautiful. Every thing was grand. Sunday evening about night the boat landed us back to Mobile. We went out to Morrows park the prettiest place you ever saw, but to our surprise when we got within hearing the band was playing, and such yelling you never heard. You could see nothing that made it look like Sunday.

A little politics and I will close. It is a common saying that Goodwyn will be the next governor of Alabama. It is a common saying that we have had enough of the Democratic party and again they say that they hold the people of Alabama they could not elect Johnston. They say he is crying fair elections and they are going to let him have one fair election. Well, if he does get a fair election won't he be left out in the cold?

With many thanks to Mrs. Hand and Miss Mattie for it was through their kindness and hospitality that we are indebted largely for the pleasure of our trip I will close.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The Circuit Sunday-school Convention will be held at Clanton, Ala., June 27 and 28, 1896.

JUNE 27.

9 a.m. Praise meeting.

9:30 Report of Secretaries.

10 Relationship of parents to the Sunday-school by L. H. Reynolds.

10:30 The ideal Superintendent by J. P. Allen.

11 Sunday-school work as it relates to Christ's Empire by Prof. C. C. Slaton.

2:30 p.m. Devotional service.

3 The ideal teacher by Prof. E. Y. McMorries.

3:30 Preparation of the lesson by Miss Ida Robinson.

4 The bible in Sunday-school by Miss Kate Roark.

4:30 Discussion on the object of Sunday-school work.

8 Lecture by Prof. E. R. Eldridge.

JUNE 28.

9:30 a.m. Mass meeting.

11 Lecture by Prof. E. R. Eldridge who will also lecture at 4 p.m. and at night.

All the above subjects will be opened for discussion. Other Sunday-schools and Sunday-school workers are cordially invited.

P. M. GUTHRIE, P. C.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

A Mass Convention of the Republicans of Chilton county is hereby called to meet at Lomax, Saturday, June 27th, 1896, for the purpose of taking such action as the Republicans may see proper in the ensuing election in August.

All citizens of Chilton county, Alabama, without reference to past political affiliation, who favor a Republican form of Government and protection to American laborers and American industries, and are opposed to ring rule, unnecessary and illegal taxation, reckless extravagance in the expenditure of public monies, and believe that a public office is a public trust, and that public officers are servants of the people and should be governed in their official acts with a view to protecting the interests of the tax-payers, are requested to join with us in said Convention.

Hons. C. W. Buckley of Montgomery, B. M. Long of Jasper, Gen. J. W. Burk of Jacksonville, and Hon. Ben. DeLemos of Lowndes and other prominent speakers will be invited to address the Convention.

H. A. WILSON,
Ch'n Rep. Com. Chilton Co.

Notice of Application to Pardon Jeff Norrell.

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will on or before July 1, 1896, make application to the Governor of Alabama to pardon Jeff Norrell for the offense of assault with intent to murder, of which offense the said Jeff Norrell was convicted in the circuit court of Chilton county at the Spring term 1893.

A. Norrell.

Turn-Round Topics.

Rev. Mr. Crawford filled his regular appointment at Shady Grove, M. P. church, Saturday and Sunday.

We had plenty of rain last week and crops are looking well. Farmers are all about done laying by corn and some have commenced to lay by cotton.

Prof. J. C. Pattillo visited Mulberry last Saturday and Sunday.

Quite a number of our young people attended the all day singing at Coopers last Sunday.

The district meeting will commence Friday, July 3d, at Corinth and continue three days. Every body invited to attend, accompanied by a basket.

Masters Johnnie and Jimmie Mims of Swift Creek were down on a visit to relatives last Sunday.

All that can, are invited to come to Corinth next Saturday, afternoon for the purpose of scouring out the church and cleaning off the yard.

Mr. H. Kendrsck spent the latter part of last week with his son at Elmore.

Success to the BANNER,
GRANDPA TIM.

* * *

West Chiton Warbings.

The health of West Chilton is very good at present, but during the spring months the dysentery and flux raged to an alarming extent. West Chilton has been very wet all the year farmers have had a hard fight with the grass but crops are extra good. The oat crop was very good, but owing to so much rain it was a difficult matter to save them. On the afternoon of the 18th we had a waterspout or cloud burst; it rained for two hours without ceasing as hard as it could pour down, doing great damage to land and crops, washing up and blowing corn and cotton helter skelter in ever direction.

Miss Lula Rasbery ank Miss Anna Palmer of Maplesville attended church at Valley Creek church the second Sunday.

Mr. Lawson Walker of Dallas county will take a school at Valley Creek the first Monday in July.

Plantersville has another doctor now—Mr. Moore from Camden, Ala., a fine young man.

The milling crop will be very short this year owing to the extreme rains and the fruit crop is very near a miss in those diggins.

* * *

A hog cholera medicine will be found at W. I. Mullins' store that is guaranteed to cure after three or four doses.

S. I. BLACKMON,
Clanton, Ala.

Price 30 cents.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3 Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of [illegible] and financial references. [illegible]

FREE [illegible] References [illegible] for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private diseases peculiar to their sex, [illegible] female troubles, etc. Send two cent stamps to pay postage, for our leading specia[illegible]

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
No 85, St. Charles [illegible] Masonic Temple.

STOP THAT SLIPPING

[illegible] feel and power by using [illegible] Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Marchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. LOWEST PRICES.

[illegible] SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA

The great Family Remedy

No home should be without a bottle of V. V. V., the great specific for all diseases of the blood—a true boon to ailing man and woman. A health and strength restorative of the highest efficacy. V. V. V., a purely vegetable preparation of sterling worth, acts directly on the blood, purifying, renewing and giving new life to every part of the system. Diseases of many years standing quickly succumb to V. V. V.; the ills of the hour are at once rectified, while the system is completely fortified against sickness.

[illegible]

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in [illegible] second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Mrs O. A. Dake on her return home from Nashville and other points in Tennessee, stopped over with friends and relatives [illegible] Sunday.

Mr. [illegible] Smith, of [illegible], [illegible] on a visit to his [illegible] A. C. [illegible] of this place.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, [illegible]

[illegible]

Marriage licenses [illegible] the following persons:

Mr. John D. Broadhead and Miss Mary [illegible]

* * *

THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

A Theological Institute will be held with the Baptist church at [illegible], Ala., beginning Sunday, July 5 and continue one week, conducted by Rev. G. S. Anderson, of Auburn, Ala.

Sunday, July 5 — 11 a.m. Sermon I. M. Woods.

[illegible] p.m. L. H. Huff.

[illegible] 9:00 a.m. Devotional exercises — Cox.

10 The Importance of Institute Work — I. M. Woods

11 Lecture on Sermon [illegible] G. S. Anderson.

[illegible] p.m. Lecture on [illegible] G. S. Anderson.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] a tonic [illegible] fevers. [illegible] the system from [illegible] Headache, [illegible] Dizziness [illegible]

UNITY ASSOCIATION

Bozeman, Ala., June 22, [illegible] Editor Banner: Will you [illegible] in the Banner for the [illegible] of the Baptist brethren [illegible] the first [illegible]

Respectfully,

[illegible] Mason

---

100 Pictures of the Great St. Louis Cyclone in which 250 Lives were Lost, and $20,000,000 of property destroyed.

[illegible] show more plainly [illegible] other way the terrible [illegible] on the track of the storm [illegible] easily preserved [illegible] the homes of all. It is [illegible] disastrous a Tornado [illegible] photographs of [illegible] for years to come [illegible] pictures [illegible] taken the next [illegible] storm, before the work of [illegible] had commenced. This [illegible] will be sent by mail [illegible] receipt of 25 cents in stamps [illegible] complete and [illegible] photographs of the Greatest [illegible] ever known to have visited [illegible]. Address,

[illegible]

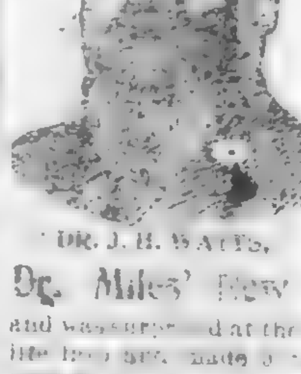
[illegible] Building, St. Louis, Mo.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.



DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into me and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied I [illegible] has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee [illegible] or sent, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Mortgage Sale.

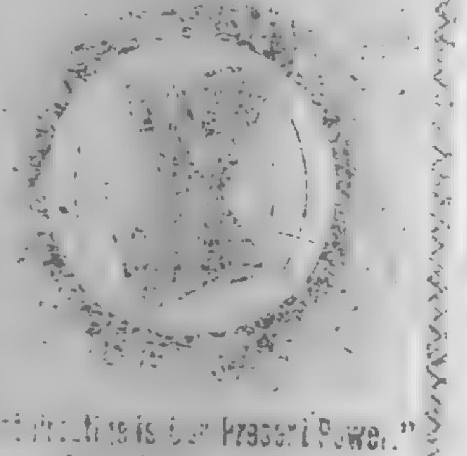
[illegible]

Clanton, Ala., May 20, 1896.

Notice to Non-Resident.

[illegible] vs James H. Gibbs [illegible] B. Hough [illegible] W. A. [illegible] in said cause [illegible]

[illegible]



"[illegible] is Our Present Power."

[illegible] Designs!

[illegible]

Colors—White, Drab and Black.

Made in All Sizes, [illegible] shapes.

[illegible]

GLOBE CORSET CO.

WORCESTER, MASS.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor

HAIR CUTTING

SHAVING

SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable [illegible] Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

[illegible] NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. [illegible] are two editions [illegible] well printed on good [illegible] "CHILDREN'S [illegible]" has 12 new cuts designed [illegible] especially for this work. [illegible] to children [illegible] delight. [illegible] agents [illegible] by mail or [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Cole City, Ala.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

[illegible]

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

[illegible]

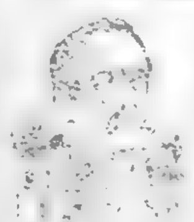
Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

[illegible]

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

[illegible]

The Greatest Authority in the World.



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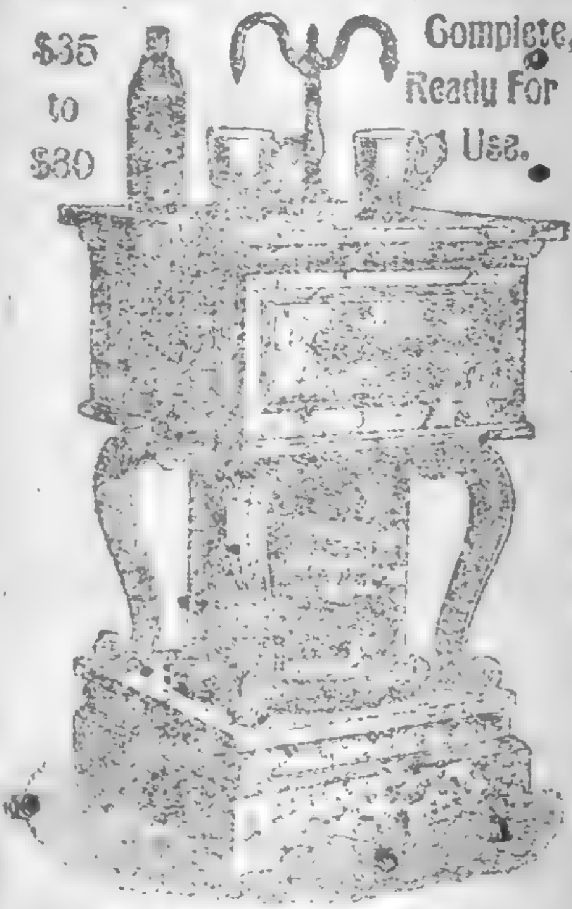
CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS



$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

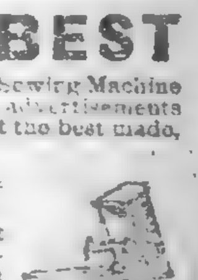
CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine [illegible] advertisements [illegible] you can get the best made,

Most Popular



[illegible]

Light Running

There is none in the world that [illegible] or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

[illegible] Automatic Tension, Double Feed, [illegible]

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

[illegible]

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMEY,

Clanton, Ala.

[illegible] Neuralgia Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 20th day of July, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $9.10.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.06.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $7.80.

BEAT 2

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 15; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $16.66.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 13 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 15 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $15.89.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Heolin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 1 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $55.80.

J M Hadin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $6.53.

Otto Steker nw qr of sec 31 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $4.24.

BEAT 8.

T H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 2[illegible] r 12 tax and costs $6.65.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

Administrator's Sale

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. [illegible], Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, [illegible], administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises on

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1896,

at 12 o'clock, noon, for one-third cash and the remainder [illegible] November 1st, 1896, with interest from date of sale, with security, the following described real estate, belonging to said estate, to-wit:

[illegible]

MARY E. [illegible],

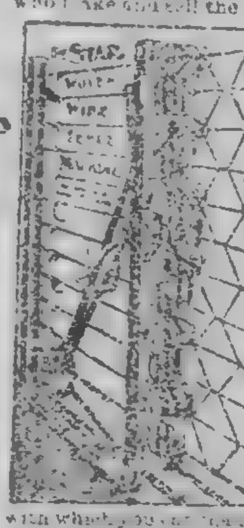
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

$10 REWARD

On Tuesday night June 9 a negro broke into the house of Mr. Ezra Wilson two miles south of Clanton, killing the dog in the house, and stealing one suit of clothes, umbrella, razor, dove colored hat with broad binding, and pair shoes. The description of the negro is as follows: dark color, age about 18, about 5 ft. 6 ins. tall slim face and small eyes. Wears No. 7 shoe. Was wearing black suit of clothes and dove colored hat with broad binding. Was last seen at Calera going north. Ten dollars will be paid to any person arresting him and sending information to Ezra Wilson, Clanton, Ala.

BACK ache and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to stop Headache in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose." No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose."

Fence the World in 20 Days.



[illegible]

Address, Kitselman Bros., Box [illegible], Ridgeville, Indiana.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY, ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct. 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it, pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel.

Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTHWEST

Before purchasing tickets to any point write [illegible] Agent of the Louisville and Nashville R. R. [illegible] or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co., both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 14 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than [illegible] cents per package, as we have too much [illegible] [illegible] "Black Draught" were both enjoined [illegible] you be sure to specify, and take no other, as [illegible]

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of [illegible], or on receipt of letter without photograph, [illegible] free.

[illegible]

[illegible] ST. LOUIS, MO.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

[illegible]

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y. ELKHART, IND.

Scientific American Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

[illegible]

Scientific American

[illegible] Year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Right in Sight Sure Saving Shown

We'll send you our General Catalogue and Buyers Guide, if you send [illegible] cents in stamps. That [illegible] postage or expressage, and [illegible]. It's a Dictionary of Honest Values; [illegible] important information no [illegible] 700 Pages, [illegible] Illustrations [illegible] of 40,000 articles and right price of each. One price only between maker and user. Get it.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

P. P. P.

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior TO ALL Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last-resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by B. W. FEARENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me." J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS,
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD—POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A WONDERFUL REMEDY.

SEND FOR BOOKLET.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store,

A Queer Deposit.

Julius Howe has a peculiar deposit on his farm in East Brookfield, Mass. It covers about an acre and lies at the bottom of a ravine in a bog. It is about one and one-half feet thick and is twelve inches below the surface. It has been analyzed and found to consist of the petrified shells or bodies of minute flies or beetles. Upon being burned it crumbles into a white powder, valuable for scouring metal.

"I wouldn't like to live in Germany," said Tommy. "They wouldn't be a bit of fun in putting a brick in a hat for a man to kick who had wooden shoes on."—Indianapolis Journal.

How Insects Multiply.

The power of reproduction in insects is one of the most wonderful parts of their economy. On beheading a slug a new head, with all its complex appurtenances, will grow again; so will the claws of a lobster. The end of a worm split produces two perfect heads, and if cut into three pieces the middle produces a perfect head and tail.

A man writes to this office referring to an "intelligent man." There are no intelligent men.

One Correct Answer.

An amusing litle story was told a good many years ago in connection with Gov. Mattox, of Vermont. At one time he was chairman of the committee appointed to examine candidates for admission to the bar of Caledonia County.

He reported that one of the candidates was, in his opinion, unqualified, having answered correctly but one of the questions put to him.

"Only one? Well, what was that?" asked the presiding Judge.

"I asked him what a freehold estate is," replied Mattox.

"Important question," said the Judge. "And what was his reply?"

"He made it without the least hesitation," said the Chairman, with a twinkle in his eye. "Of course that fact is in his favor."

"Well, what did he say?" asked the Judge, with some impatience.

"He said," returned the Chairman, "that he didn't know."

Electric Lights for Tigers.

A sportsman of Calcutta has employed the electric light with success in hunting tigers by night among the jungles of the Sunderbunds. It is usual to set a bait for the tiger—for instance, the body of a cow or other animal—and watch for him from a raised platform or machan close by. Instead of the blue light hitherto burned to illuminate the tiger in order to aim well, the gentleman in question has rigged up a sixteen-candle-power electric lamp, fed by a portable battery of thirty capo-farad cells, carried in his belt. The lamp, fitted with a reflector, is suspended from a tree over the bait. A switch beside the hunter enables him to start the light when the tiger is engaged in devouring his prey.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs. Made by the California Fig Syrup Company.

We are never saved by knowing our strength or lost by knowing our weakness.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., New York City, on receipt of 40 cents in postage stamps.

No man can live right for a day who does not realize that he is to live forever.

Buy $1.00 worth Dobbins Floating-Borax Soap of your grocer, send wrappers to Dobbins Soap M'f'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. They will send you free of charge, postage paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary, 300 pages, bound in cloth, profusely illustrated. Offer good until August 1st only.

A child's first question is the first round in the ladder of knowledge.

S. K. Coburn, Mgr., Clarie Scott, writes: "I find Hall's Catarrh Cure a valuable remedy." Druggists sell it, 75c.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 981 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflamation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lotz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

Econo-
my—just think—every bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla contains 100 doses. This is true only of
Hood's
Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Hood's Pills cure biliousness, headache.

Guarantee Position. Accept notes for tuition, or can deposit money in bank till position is secured. Car fare paid.
DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL Business Colleges
NASHVILLE, TENN., and TEXARKANA, TEXAS.
Indorsed by Bankers, Merchants, and others. Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, etc. Four weeks in Bookkeeping with us equals 12 elsewhere. No vacation. Enter any time. Board $10. To order our books for home study is next best thing to entering our schools. Write us at Nashville. (Mention this paper.)

COTTON GINNING.
DO YOU OPERATE A GIN?
IS IT SATISFACTORY AND READY FOR FALL GINNING?
If not, we are the parties you want to write to for repairs, new gins and presses. We manufacture everything necessary for a complete MODERN GINNERY, including pneumatic system for handling Cotton, Revolving Double Box Press, as well as Single Box Presses.
Information, catalogue and prices promptly furnished.
Smith Sons Gin & Machine Co.,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

DR. CURRY'S LETTER.

An Able Paper From the Pen of the Great Educator.

ALABAMA'S RATING VERY LOW.

Goodwyn and Johnston, as the Representatives of the Two Great Parties Are Addressed in Behalf of Education as the Best Means of Promoting the Public Welfare.

To the Hon. Joseph F. Johnston and Hon. Albert T. Goodwyn—

Dear Sirs: I address this open letter to you as the accredited represenatives of the two great parties seeking to control the government of the state. I need make no apology for my interest in Alabama or the cause which I seek to bring before you.

With the issues that divide the parties I have no concern in this letter. The subject of this communication is higher, far more important, more paramount than all the issues, federal and state, which divide parties, local or national. It involves vitally every county, neighborhood, family and citizen. It is not of temporary, but of permanent interest. It affects the people individually, socially, intellectually, and materially. All patriots should combine and labor incessantly until there be permanently established and liberally sustained the best system of free schools for the whole people, for such a system would soon become the "most effective and benignant of all the forces of civilization." Such a cause should enlist the best and most practical statesmanship, and should be lifted above and out of mere party politics, which is one of the most mischievous enemies of the public school system.

Mr. Jefferson is quoted by both parties on fiscal and currency and constitutional questions. Let us hear what he says on the education of the people. In 1786 he wrote to George Wythe: "I think by far the most important bill in our whole code is that for the diffusion of knowledge among the people. No surer foundation can be devised for a government instituted for the preservation of freedom and happiness." To Washington he wrote: "It is an axiom in my mind that our liberty can never be safe but in the hands of the people themselves, and that, too, of the people of a certain degree of instruction. This it is the business of the state to effect, and on a general plan."

The best test of a country's civilization is the condition of public instruction, said a French statesman. Tested by that standard, what is the rank of Alabama among civilized people? The total population of Alabama over 10 years of age by the last census is 1,069,545, and of these 107,355, or 19.2 per cent, of the white people are illiterate, and 331,160, or 69 per cent, of the negroes are illiterate. Of 540,216 children between 5 and 18 years of age 301,615, or 55.80 per cent are enrolled in schools, leaving only two states in this particular below her. In 1891-92 the percentage of school populption, (5 to 18 years) in attendance was 33.78 per cent with four states below. The average school term or session was seventy-three days. The diagram shows graphically the rank of each state and territory according to the rates of illiteracy in 1890:

Nebraska	3.1	N Hampshire	6.8
Wyoming	3.4	Pennsylvania	6.3
Iowa	3.6	California	7.7
Kansas	4.0	Missouri	9.1
Oregon	4.1	Rhode Island	9.8
South Dakota	4.2	Nevada	12.8
Washington	4.3	D Columbia	13.2
Idaho	5.1	Delaware	14.3
Colorado	5.2	West Virginia	14.4
Illinois	5.1	Maryland	15.7
Ohio	5.2	Texas	19.7
Connecticut	7.3	Kentucky	21.6
Oklahoma	5.4	Arizona	23.4
Maine	5.5	Arkansas	26.6
Montana	5.5	Tennessee	26.6
New York	5.5	Florida	27.9
Utah	5.6	Virginia	30.2
Michigan	5.9	N Carolina	35.7
Minnesota	6.0	Georgia	39.9
North Dakota	6.0	Mississippi	40.0
Massachusetts	6.2	Alabama	41.0
Indiana	6.3	New Mexico	44.5
New Jersey	6.5	S Carolina	45.0
Vermont	6.6	Louisiana	45.8
Wisconsin	6.7		

This beggarly array does not fill up the dark outlines of the picture. These short schools are in many cases inefficient and inadequate, and the graduates of high schools, even, are three years behind the German graduates in the amount of knowledge acquired and in mental development. This inferiority is largely attributable to the shorter terms of school years, to the want of professional teachers and to the small enrollment. In Prussia, under a compulsory law, 91 per cent are instructed in the public elementary, or people's schools, or only 9 per cent of the children subject to the law were unjustly withheld from school. It is lamentable that in many cases a teacher in primary schools need not know much more than he is required to teach, and that knowledge may be confined to the text book. This deficiency in teacher training is, with political and sectarian influence, the most vulnerable point in our school system. The lack of proper supervision and inspection of schools is traceable to this same pestiferous influence, and hence the officers charged with this duty remain too short a time in their places to be qualified for their work. Rotation in office, narrow partisanship, inefficiency, are the direct fruits of making school offices not places of trust, but spoils of political victory. Our system of public instruction has acquired such dimensions, ramifies so minutely into every family and neighborhood, concerns so greatly every interest of the state, that its administration should be vested in officers of the highest intelligence and patriotism, of administrative skill and ability, of thorough acquaintance with school and educational questions. The state superintendent should remain in office long enough to be thoroughly familiar with the duties of his exalted position, and should be an expert, capable of advising executive and legislature, and school officers and teachers, and in full and intelligent sympathy with the educational problems that are so imperative and numerous. Greatly blessed is a state and are the children who have at head of school affairs such men as Mann, Sears, Dickinson, Draper, White, Ruffner and our peerless Harris.

The statistics of defective schools and consequent illiteracy teach their own sad lessons. The calamities which, in the inevitable order of events, must result from having so large a portion of the people in ignorance, need not be elaborated, but they should fill every patriot with alarm and impel to the adoption of early and adequate remedies as an antidote for what is so menacing to free institutions and to general prosperity. While ignorance so abounds, how can we hope for purity in elections and safety from demagogism, immorality, lawlessness and crime? "Whatever children we suffer to grow up amongst us we must live with as men; and our children must be their contemporaries. They are to be our co-partners in the relations of life, our equals at the polls, our rulers in legislative halls, the awarders of justice in our courts. However intolerable at home, they cannot be banished to any foreign land; however worthless, they will not be sent to die in camps or to be slain in battle; however flagitious, but few of them will be sequestered from society by imprisonment, or doomed to expiate their offenses with their lives."

Perhaps the argument most likely to reach the general public is the close relation between public free schools and the increased productive power of labor and enterprise. The political economy which busies itself about capital and labor, and revenue reform and free coinage, and ignores such a factor as mental development, is supremest folly, for to increase the intelligence of the laborer is to increase largely his producing power. Education creates new wealth, develops new and untold treasures, increases the growth of intellect, gives directive power, and the power of self-help, of will and of combining things and agencies. The secretary of the board of education of Massachusetts, in his last report, makes some valuable statements and suggestions. No other state is giving as much education, and yet each inhabitant is receiving on an average nearly seven years of 200 days each, while the average given each citizen in the whole nation is only four and three-tenths of such years. While the citizens of Massachusetts get nearly twice the average amount of education, her wealth-producing power, as compared with other states, stands almost in the same ratio. This increased wealth-producing power means that the 2,500,000 people produce $250,000,000 more than they would produce if they were only average earners. And this is twenty-five times the annual expenditure for schools. The capacity to read and write tends to the creation and distribution of wealth and adds fully 25 per cent to the wages of the working classes. It renders an additional service in stimulating material wants and making them more numerous, complex and refined. We hear on every hand louder calls for skilled labor and high directive ability. It is a lack of common business sagacity to flinch from the cost of such a wealth-producing agency. This question is not how can we afford to do it, but can we afford not to do it.

All experience shows only one means of securing universal education. Private and parish schools educate only about 12 per cent of the children, and if they could educate all there would remain insuperable objections to them in the way of management, classification, efficiency and support. Our institutions and rights demand free schools for all the people, and they must be established and controlled by the state, and for their support combined municipal, county and state revenues are needed. Eighty-seven per cent of the children of the union are now in public schools. In 1890 the entire costs for school purposes were estimated at $143,110,218, toward the payment of which the local school tax contributed $97,000,000. While furnishing education is a legitimate tax on property, whether the taxpayer takes advantage of the public schools or not, the history of education in the United States shows that with state revenues should be combined local taxation. This insures immediate interest in the schools, better supervision, greater rivalry, and on the whole better results.

The schools in Alabama are handicapped by a clause in the constitution limiting local taxation to an extremely low figure. If, by general agreement among the friends of education, the removal of this restriction could be separated from party politics and local taxation could be brought to the support of schools, there would soon be an era of educational and material prosperity. What a commentary it would be on the capacity of our people for self-government, on their catholic patriotism, on the subordination of private wishes to the public good, if, under the advice and leadership of those selected as fittest persons for the executive chair, the whole subject of free and universal education should be elevated to the plane of organic law, and be as sacred and irremovable as any of the fundamental muniments of liberty.

Yours truly, J. L. M. Curry.

IMPORTANT BATTLE IN CUBA.

In Which the Spaniards, as Usual, Claim a Victory.

The Spanish forces under General Castellanos, comprising 2,114 men, 342 horses and five field guns, left Puerto Principe to attack the position of Gomez at Najasa. On the 9th, after exchanging shots with skirmishers sent forward by the Cuban commander, they went into camp at a cattle ranch, intending to attack the Cuban forces next day. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon General Castellanos was surprised by furious and persistent charges of Cuban cavalry. The fighting continued until the morning of the 11th when the arrival of a Spanish reinforcement of 2,500 men led by General Godoye enabled Castellanos to withdraw and march back to Puerto Principe. Accounts of the affair from Spanish and Cuban sources are conflicting. The Spanish report puts their loss in the thirty-six hours fighting at four killed and thirty-one wounded, and say the rebels had already inaugurated a retreat on Godoye's approach

Reports from Cuban sources say 350 wounded Spaniards were carried back to Puerto Principe, and one report puts their loss at 1,000, killed, wounded and missing. Certain it is that it was so great that, although so strongly reinforced, the Spanish general deemed it prudent to abandon his plan of attacking Gomez in his encampment at Najasa. The Cuban forces engaged numbered less than 3,000, and they admit a loss of eleven killed and forty-nine wounded.

Naval Militia Practice.

The United States cruiser Raleigh, which has been in this harbor for a week, sailed for Port Royal at 10:30 Thursday morning. The Raleigh came to Charleston to drill the Chicora Rifles and LaFayette artillery of the South Carolina naval reserves. The practices of the naval militia have been most interesting and successful.

In the Disputed Territory.

Venezuelan troops have crossed the Schomburgk line into the territory in dispute known as the British Guiana, advices from Georgetown report, and have prohibited the progress of a British expedition sent out, ostensibly, at least, to survey the ground. On being threatened with force, the British retired under protest.

DETAILED PROGRAMME.

The Alabama Chautauqua Assembly, Talladega, Ala., July 2 to 26, 1896.

THURSDAY, JULY 2—P. M.

3:30—Opening third session Alabama Chautauqua.

Prayer, Rev. W. C. Hearn, D. D.

Address of welcome, Judge John W. Bishop, Talladega.

Response, Rev. A. B. Jones, D. D., LL. D., Gadsden, Ala.

Grand concert by Grambs' orchestra, Birmingham.

Recitation by Helen E. Brown-Ford, Chicago.

4:30—Lecture, "Luck and Pluck," Rev. John J. Lafferty, Richmond, Va.

8:00—Music by the orchestra.

8:30—An hour with the great humorist, James S. Burdette, New York City.

FRIDAY, JULY 3—A. M.

9:00—Devotional meeting at Methodist church.

P. M.

4:00—Concert.

4:30—A magnificent entertainment, James S. Burdette.

8:00—Musical prelude.

8:30—Lecture, "Ghosts," J. J. Lafferty.

SATURDAY, JULY 4—A. M.

10:00—Orchestral concert.

11:00—Lecture, "The Old and the New," J. J. Lafferty.

P. M.

4:00—Music by the orchestra.

4:30—Lecture, "The New Woman," Mrs. Frances W. Parker, Chicago, Ill.

8:00—Last appearance of James S. Burdette. He will be assisted by orchestra, with full strength of Assembly soloists.

SUNDAY, JULY 5—A. M.

Sunday school and preaching in all the churches at usual hours.

P. M.

4:00—Concert of sacred music.

4:30—"Christ, the Great Teacher," Dr. Frances W. Parker, Chicago, Ill.

7:00—Chautauqua Sunday vesper service.

8:00—Service of song.

8:30—Sermon, Rev. J. J. Lafferty, D. D.

MONDAY, JULY 6—A. M.

9:00—Devotional meeting.

P. M.

4:00—Concert by Grambs' orchestra.

4:30—Lecture, "The Child and Nature," Col Francis W. Parker, Chicago.

8:00—Grand concert by the Tyrolean Troubadours, from Tyrol, Austria. They will appear in their native costume and will be assisted by Elmer P. Ransom, the great prestidigitateur, from New York City.

TUESDAY, JULY 7—A. M.

9:00—Devotional meeting.

P. M.

4:00—Concert by the orchestra.

4:30—Lecture, "The Child and Man," Francis W. Parker.

8:00—Grand Concert by the Tyrolean Troubadours, assisted by Elmer P. Ransom.

9:30—Informal reception at Isbell college.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8—A. M.

EDUCATIONAL DAY.

10:00—Concert.

11:00—Inter-collegiate debate. Subject, "Resolved, That the Right of Suffrage Should be Based on a Property and Educational Qualification." Affirmative—F. L. Tate, A. & M. college, Auburn; J. E. Wilkinson, Southern University, Greensboro. Negative—Fuller Mynatt, Howard college, East Lake, and Louis Marion Moseley, State University, Tuskaloosa.

P. M.

3:30—The last grand concert by the Tyrolean Troubadours, assisted by Mr. Ransom.

5:30—C. L. S. C., conducted by Miss Bessie M. Haley.

8:00—Music by the orchestra.

8:30—Lecture, "A Nation's Tragedy, or A Chapter of Unwritten History," Rev. R. B. Garrett, Chattanooga, Tenn.

THURSDAY, JULY 9—A. M.

9:00—Devotional meeting.

P. M.

4:00—Concert.

4:30—Lecture, "Boy Life in Dixie in War Times," R. B. Garrett.

5:30—C. L. S. C.

8:00—Music by the orchestra.

8:30—Lecture, "The Georgia Cracker," Hon. H. W. J. Ham, of Georgia.

FRIDAY, JULY 10—A. M.

9:00—Devotional meeting.

P. M.

4:00—Musical prelude.

4:30—Lecture, "Blue, Back and Birch," H. W. J. Ham

5:30—C L S C.

8:00—Concert.

8:30—Lecture, "Our Missing Rib," J. Wellington Vandiver.

9:30—Informal reception at Isbell college.

SATURDAY, JULY 11—A. M.

ANNISTON DAY.

10:00—Concert by the orchestra.

11:00—Lecture, "The Snollygoster in Politics," H W J Ham.

P. M.

4:00—Orchestral concert.

4:30—Lecture, "John," Col John M Caldwell, Anniston, Ala.

8:00—Music by the orchestra.

8:30—Impersonations and musical recitations, by Helen E. Brown Ford, Chicago, Ill.

SUNDAY, JULY 12—A. M.

Sunday school and preaching at usual hours in all the churches in town.

P. M.

4:00—Song service.

4:30—Temperance meeting.

7:00—Chautauqua vesper service.

8:00—Service of song.

8:30—Sermon, Rev A W McGaha, D D.

MONDAY, JULY 13—A. M.

LANIER DAY.

10:00—Sunday school normal instruction, John D Simpson.

P. M.

4:00—Concert.

4:30—Exercises in honor of Sidney Lanier.

5:30—C L S C.

8:00—Concert.

8:30—Lecture, "Where the Other Half Lives," (Illustrated with splendid stereoptican views), C Oliver Power, Columbus, O.

TUESDAY, JULY 14—A. M.

RECOGNITION DAY.

10:00—Lecture, "Sunday School Normal Class," Rev John D Simpson.

P. M.

4:00—Concert by the orchestra.

4:30—Recognition exercises. Speaker to be secured and programme arranged.

8:00—Concert.

8:30—Lecture, "Modern Inferno" (Illustrated), C Oliver Power.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15—A. M.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS' DAY.

9:30—Concert by the orchestra.

10:00—Sunday school normal class, John D Simpson.

11:00—Lecture, "The Last Days of the Confederacy," Gen John B Gordon, United States Senator from Georgia.

P. M.

4:00—Grand concert, recitations and solos, informal speeches.

8:00—Concert by the orchestra.

8:30—"Peaceful Valley." Characters impersonated: Hosea Howe, the student who waits; Jack Farquar who reforms; Jonathan Ford, a country landlord; Leonard Rand, a Wall street magnate; Charlie Rand, his son; Virgie Rand, his daughter; Ward Andrews, only one of many; Wilson, a summer waiter, Detective O'Neill, a model; Mrs Howe, Hosea's mother; Martha, his sister; Niobe Farquar, Jack's sister; Edwin L. Barker, Chicago.

THURSDAY, JULY 16—A. M.

10:00—Instructions in Sunday normal work, John D Simpson.

P. M.

4:00—Orchestral concert.

4:30—"David Copperfield." Characters impersonated: Mr. Peggotty, the old fisherman; Ham, his nephew; David Copperfield, "Mas'r Davy;" James Steerforth a "gentleman;" Uriah Heep, so humble; Wilkins Micawber, "in point of fact, Lawyer Wickfield, under a thumb; Agnes, his daughter; Little Emily, so easily led; Betsey Trotwood, David's aunt; Mrs. Micawber, a mother; Martha Endel, an outcast. Act 1—a. The old ark on the sands: b—At the Micawbers. Act 2—a. Office Wickfield & Heep; b—Little Emily flight. Act 3—a. A night in Canterbury; b—Mr Micawber aroused. Act 4—a. Mr Micawber explodes; b. turn; Edwin L Barker.

8:00—Music on platform.

8:30—Lecture, "Good Medicine," Robert J Burdette, Philadelphia.

FRIDAY, JULY 17—A. M.

10:00—Lecture in Sunday school normal methods, J D Simpson.

P. M.

4:00—Concert.

4:30—Miscellaneous evening of imitations, sketches, poems, stories, etc., Edwin L Barker.

8:00—Musical prelude.

8:30—Lecture, "Advice to Young Men," Robert J. Burdette.

9:30—Informal reception at Isbell college.

SATURDAY, JULY 18—A. M.

TEMPERANCE DAY.

10:00—Concert.

11:00—Humorous lecture by Charles Lane, Atlanta, Ga.

P. M.

4:00—Musical prelude.

4:30—Lecture, "A Twice Told Tale," Robert J Burdette.

8:00—Grand concert by the Arion quartette, of Chicago, Ill., assisted by J. Edmond V. Cook, who recites his own poems

SUNDAY, JULY 19—A. M.

Sunday school and preaching at usual hours in all the churches.

P. M.

4:00—Services of sacred song.

4:30—A meeting for children and young people. Address by Rev Charles Lane, Atlanta, Ga.

7:00—Chautauqua vesper Sunday service

8:00—Song service.

8:30—Sermon, Rev Hugh K Walker, D D, Baltimore, Md

MONDAY, JULY 20—A. M.

9:30—Concert by the orchestra.

11:00—Lecture, "The Fads and Foibles of the New Woman," Rev H K Walker.

P. M.

4:00—Concert by the orchestra.

4:30—Dramatized Reading of George Eliot's Adam Bede, Miss Mabelle Biggart, New York City. Music to carry on the theme.

5:30—C L S C.

8:30—Grand concert by the Arion-Cook combination.

TUESDAY, JULY 21—A. M.

BIBLE HISTORY WEEK.

10:00—Period, Patriarchal; Leading Characters; Abraham to Moses; Countries Chaldea, Canaan, Egypt. Time, 1900—1451 B C., Prof C L McCartha, Troy, Ala.

11:00—Lecture, "George Eliot," Miss Biggart.

P. M.

4:00—Concert.

4:30—Lecture, "The X Rays in Morals, or Shadow Photographs of Shady Things," H K Walker.

8:00—Lecture, "An Evening in Mexico," Edward Page Gaston, Chicago

9:30—Informal reception at Isbell college.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 22—A. M.

CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP DAY.

—Concert by the orchestra.

10:00—Bible history; Period, Tribal; Leading Characters, Joshua to Samuel; Country Palestine; Time, 1451—1095 B C, Prof C L McCartha.

11:00—Lecture, "His Majesty, the American Citizen," Edward Page Gaston.

P. M.

4:00—Orchestral concert.

4:30—Dramatized reading of Gen Lew Wallace's Ben Hur, Miss Biggart. Music to carry on the theme.

5:30—C L S C

8:00—Grand concert by the Arion quartette, assisted by Mr Cook,

THURSDAY, JULY 23—A. M.

10:00—Bible history; Period, national; Leading characters, David to Zedekiah, Countries, Juda, Israel; Time, 1095—588 B C, Prof C L McCartha

11:00—Lecture, "The Buried Cities of Arizona and Mexican Cliff and Cave Dwellers," Edward Page Gaston.

P. M.

4:00—Orchestral concert.

4:30—"Song and Legend Among Primitive Folk," Mrs Lidie Averett Rivers, Pulaski, Tenn.

8:00—Music by the orchestra.

8:30—Lecture, "The Crest of the Continent," Rev S R Belk, Rome, Ga.

FRIDAY, JULY 24—A. M.

10:00—Bible history; Period, exile; Leading characters, Hoshea to Zerubbabel; Countries, Assyria, Babylon, Persia; Time, 719—518 B C; Prof C L McCartha.

P. M.

4:00—Concert.

4:30—Lecture, "Muscle, Mind and Manhood, S R Belk

5:30—C L S C.

8:00—Orchestral concert.

8:30—"Woman in Music," Mrs Lidie Averett Rivers.

9:30—Informal reception at Isbell college.

SATURDAY, JULY 25—A. M.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

9:30—Concert

10:00—Bible history; Period, tributary; Leading characters, Cyrus to Titus; Countries, Greece, Rome; Time, 518—70 B C; Prof C L McCartha.

11:00—Lecture, "The Science of Good Cheer," Rev T DeWitt Talmage, D D, Washington, D C.

P. M.

4:00—Band concert.

4:30—"Music Among the Poets," Mrs Rivers.

5:30—C L S C.

8:00—A grand concert. The Arion quartette, J Edmond V Cook, Miss Biggart, Mrs Rivers, Grambs' orchestra, Helen E Brown-Ford, with full strength of assembly soloists. A great time may be expected.

SUNDAY, JULY 26—A. M.

10:00—Services of sacred song.

11:00—Sermon by Rev T DeWitt Talmage, D D, Washington, D C

P. M.

4:00—Concert of sacred music.

5:00—Lecture, "The Lost Tribes," Prof C L McCartha.

7:30—Chautauqua vesper service.

8:00—Preaching in all the city churches.

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Superintendent of instruction, Dr George R McNeill, president Isbell college, Talladega, Ala.

Uncle Sam's Treasury.

The treasury gold reserve at the close of business Wednesday stood at $193,200,194. The day's withdrawals were $53,900. All the gold due under the last bond issue has been paid into the treasury. It amounted to $111,355,612, of which $100,000,000 was principal, $11,166,246 premium and $189,365 interest. Of the total sum $65,642,667 was paid into the sub-treasury at New York, $14,078,791 at other sub-treasuries, and $31,634,152 in national bank depositories. Since January 6, the date when bids for the last bond issue were invited, there has been withdrawn from the treasury $77,333,339 in gold, as follows: For export, $34,643,798; not for export, $40,089,282; jewelers' bars, $2,607,239.

Lifted His Gun by the Muzzle.

Robert Long was seriously injured at Lake Wildwood, near Cleveland, Tenn., Thursday. In company with a party of friends Long was out in a boat fishing, and upon effecting a landing endeavored to lift out a loaded gun, muzzle foremost. The hammer struck a thwart and the gun exploded, a portion of the charge striking Long in the face and injuring him very badly. He was thought to be fatally hurt, but will recover.

Great Men Fun-Makers.

At the recent centennial celebration of the Hasty Pudding Club at Harvard, Lloyd McK. Garrison read an historical sketch which was received with great applause, especially his allusions to past members of the Hasty Pudding Club who are now before the public eye. "We have laughed," says Mr. Garrison, "at the stage pranks and drollery of Senator Lodge, Minister Lincoln, Prof. Lane, James C. Carter, and other great personages. We have seen the famous surgeon, Dr. McBurney, black with cork, dance a plantation clog, and Aqueduct Commissioner George Walton Green in tinsel and blue gauze. Thou may'st have been thrice Governor, William Russell, but once thou wast a breech-clouted peasant in the chorus."

British Development of India.

India is a wonderful example of the energy and enterprise of the British race, says Pearson's Weekly, an English publication. At the beginning of the last century, before the British became the ruling power, the country did not produce $5,000,000 a year of staples for exportation. During the first three-quarters of a century of our rule exports slowly rose to about $50,000,000 in 1834. Since that date the old inland duties and other restrictions on Indian trade have been abolished. Exports have multiplied six-fold. In 1880 India sold to foreign nations $830,000,000 worth of strictly Indian produce, which the Indian husbandman had raised, and for which he was paid, and in that year the total trade of India, including exports and imports, exceeded $610,000,000.

AYER'S ARGUMENT.

If there is any reason why you should use any sarsaparilla, there is every reason why you should use Ayer's. When you take sarsaparilla you take it to cure disease; you want to be cured as quickly as possible and as cheaply as possible. That is why you should use Ayer's: it cures quickly and cheaply—and it cures to stay. Many people write us: "I would sooner have one bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla than three of any other kind." A druggist writes that "one bottle of Ayer's will give more benefit than six of any other kind." If one bottle of Ayer's will do the work of three it must have the strength of three at the cost of one. There's the point in a nutshell. It pays every way to use

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WINE FOR WOMEN!

Woman's modesty and ignorance of danger often cause her to endure pains and suffer torture rather than consult a physician about important subjects.

Pains in the head, neck, back, hips, limbs and lower bowels at monthly intervals, indicate alarming derangements.

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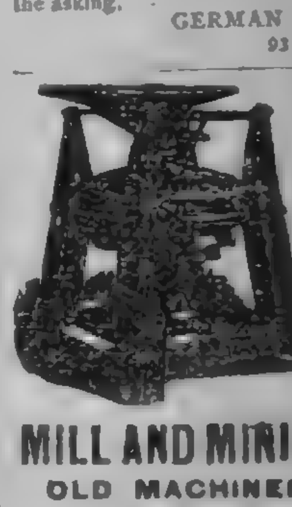

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Circuit Court

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1896. NO. 36

THE FIRST GUN.

HON. FRANK BURKITT OPENS CAMPAIGN IN ARKANSAS.

Finance, Transportation and Land the Three Great Distinctive Principles of the People's Party—History of Political Parties.

The following are extracts taken from the speech of Hon. Frank Burkitt, ex-candidate of the people's party for governor of Mississippi in 1895. The speech was delivered at Hardy, Ark., May 30, 1896.

Fellow Citizens: When four thousand men own more than half the property of a nation of seventy millions, when two men are the proprietors of 14,000,000 acres of land, when corporations and foreign syndicates have been given or permitted to grab land enough in this country if in a body to make four such states as Arkansas, when fifty-two per cent of our entire population are tenants; when of 2,277 heads of families in ward 1 in the city of New York only 19 own their homes unencumbered; when heartless millionaires like Pullman exercise the power to reduce arbitrarily the wages of their employes three times in one year, at the same time declaring the usual dividends; when federal judges at the bidding of corporations enjoin men from doing what they never contemplated, and imprison them for failure or refusal to commit the crime charged; when the same tools of plutocracy attempt to compel workingmen to submit to the exaction of railway magnates or be punished for refusing to work; when the President of the United States will at the behest of soulless corporations invade a sovereign state over the protest of a governor and in defiance of the constitution and law of the land; when a servile congress farms out the right to issue, expand and contract the currency of a great nation at will and pleasure of 3,756 national bankers; when an incompetent and corrupt secretary of the treasury dickers in secret with the old clients and partners of the president in the sale of bonds at a price that enables the purchasers to reap a profit of millions of dollars; when a supreme court solemnly declares that the rich and powerful may escape taxation, while the products of farm, mine and factory do not yield a sufficient profit to the producers to decently feed, clothe and educate their children; when soup houses are regarded as necessary institutions in our cities, when the highways of this, the greatest nation on earth, are thronged by 2,000,000 human beings, who, like the Son of Man, are houseless and homeless, with not where to lay their heads, I assume that you will agree with me that there is something wrong in this country.

To right the wrongs from which people suffer, after earnest, prayerful efforts to induce the democratic and republican party leaders to cease to foster monopoly and adopt as a policy "the greatest good to the greatest number," many good and true men, more patriotic than partisan, feeling that nothing would be done by either of the old parties to restore to the country much needed prosperity, resolved upon the organization of a new party which would embody in its declaration of principles the republicanism of Jefferson and Lincoln and the democracy of Jackson and Calhoun, and they christened it with the identical name which Jackson's party assumed in 1828—The People's Party.

We hear democratic speakers often boast that Thomas Jefferson was the founder of the democratic party. Permit me to say for the benefit of the young men of the country, that Thomas Jefferson died years before there ever was a party organized in America bearing the name of democrat. It is true that Jefferson laid down certain great and fundamental principles of government, which were afterwards adopted by the democratic party under the leadership of Andrew Jackson, but in truth and fact Jefferson's party was called the republican party, and it is a fact of history that Abraham Lincoln and his followers claimed—and with more reason and greater consistency than the modern democracy—to be the disciples of Jefferson. A resume of political parties in the earlier days of the republic discloses the interesting fact that the people's party of today was organized under precisely the same conditions, and for precisely the same purposes, that called the democratic party into existence, as I have already stated, years after the demise of the author of the first declaration of American independence. So if principles rather than name can properly fix political status, the middle-of-the-road populist is the truest democrat in the land, if Jefferson and Jackson were democrats, and judged by the same standard the honest populist is the purest republican in America today, if Lincoln was a republican.

In the earliest days of the republic there were Shylocks as now, and the grasping greed of the money devil was almost as arrogant and aggressive under the administration of Washington as of Grover Cleveland. Always taking advantage of the misfortune of mankind, the money leeches seek to fasten themselves upon a people impoverished by war, and hence the patriot fathers of the revolution became the victims of these scavengers of civilization, and suffered in part the same outrages which we now endure.

In 1796 congress under the influence of Alexander Hamilton passed the United States bank bill, which conferred upon the incorporators similar powers and privileges as those now enjoyed by the national bankers. The charter of the bank was for twenty years, just as the present national banks, but there was no clause in the bill as in the national bank charters, reserving to congress the power to change, alter, amend or repeal the charter of the U. S. bank at will and pleasure. In that day and time the courts held more tenaciously to the doctrine of "vested rights" than now, and statesmen as well as the people recognized the fact that the bank was a fixture until 1816. Jefferson was an uncompromising enemy to the bank and he declared "banks of issue are more dangerous to the liberties of the people than standing armies." He proclaimed the doctrine that the right to issue money must be taken from the bank and restored to the government (the people) to whom it belonged, and he proposed that when the government should stand in need of money it should issue its own bills of credit (treasury notes, greenbacks), bottomed on taxes. Although Mr. Jefferson recognized the fact that the act of 1796 conferred upon the U. S. bank the power to control the currency of the country until 1816, he knew it was necessary to educate the people to secure its overthrow and to this task he set himself, and in the year 1800 he organized his party, which he called the republican party. In that day nominating conventions were not the fashion. A man declared himself a candidate for the presidency as one of "the boys" would do now, who wished to be constable of his beat, and he wrote a letter to some friend avowing his principles, which served the purpose of the latter day convention platform. Mr. Jefferson's letter set forth conspicuously two planks: The first was opposition to the U. S. bank—uncompromising hostility to the idea of congress farming out the right to individuals or soulless corporations to control the currency of the country, and the second was opposition to federal interference in the local affairs of the states. On his declaration of principles Jefferson was elected president in 1800 and again in 1804 as a republican. Madison was elected his successor in 1808 on the same platform and again in 1812. But the war of 1812 having afflicted the country and produced much financial embarrassment, the money sharks took advantage of the situation to importune congress to re-charter the bank, which was done in 1816 and Madison in defiance of his pledges, approved the bill, which act rendered him almost as despicable in the eyes of the people as the present occupant of the White House.

Realizing that the country had been duped by the money-changers and betrayed by their representatives, the people were disgusted and ceased to agitate the financial question for a time. Monroe was elected twice, without opposition, but in the campaign of 1824 the bank question again became a leading issue. Four candidates for president entered the race. John Quincy Adams, the federalist and a U. S. bank advocate was one, Henry Clay, who represented that wing of the old party of Jefferson that had made friends with the bank was another, and Andrew Jackson, representing Jefferson's ideas on the question of banks of issue and state rights was another. Wm. H. Crawford, of Georgia, was I believe, the fourth candidate.

It will be observed that the republican or Jeffersonian party had divided on the money question just as the democratic party is now divided on the same question. There was no election by the people, and the choice of a president was relegated to the lower house of congress. In the contest the friends of Adams and Clay, under the influence of the bank combined, and Jackson, the real representative of the Jeffersonian policy was defeated. Adams, the federalist, became president, and Clay, whose position was analogous to the gold-bug democrat of the present day, was made secretary of state, and thus it was the "bargain intrigue and corruption" charge, which prevented "Harry of the West" from ever being president, originated.

Mark you, fellow citizens, no democratic party had up to that time sprung into existence. The party of Jefferson (who died July 4, 1826) was still called the republican party.

Adams served his term of office and old Nick Biddle, president of the bank, was the power behind the throne. Senators and congressmen were seduced and corrupted by the liberality of the bank in lending money and other methods so well known among financiers. An era of corruption never surpassed, perhaps, until the infamous national banking system under which we suffer, held high carnival, dictated the policy of the government and robbed the people unmercifully. But the end came, for in 1828 Jackson again took the field as a candidate for president, and allow me to say that he did not call himself a democrat nor his party the democratic party. He was elected as "The People's" candidate on a platform of principles practically the same as those promulgated at Omaha in the second declaration of independence, July 4, 1892. I hold in my hand a photographic copy of the ticket voted in Ohio in 1828. It is headed people's (not democratic) ticket. It has for its motto, "Gratitude, glory, patriotism," and its candidates, for president, Andrew Jackson; for vice president, John C. Calhoun. And I affirm, fellow citizens, here and now, that up to that time there was no organized party in this country known as the democratic party. In this campaign of 1828 the name of Locofoco democrats was given in derision to Jackson's followers, just as the name populist or populite has been given to the members of the people's party by our enemies. Afterwards the name democrat was accepted and adopted by the Jackson party, just as we have accepted the name populist, but "Old Hickory" was first elected as a people's party man under precisely the same conditions and for precisely the same purposes that inspired honest, patriotic members of both the old parties to assemble at Omaha, Feb., on independence day, 1892.

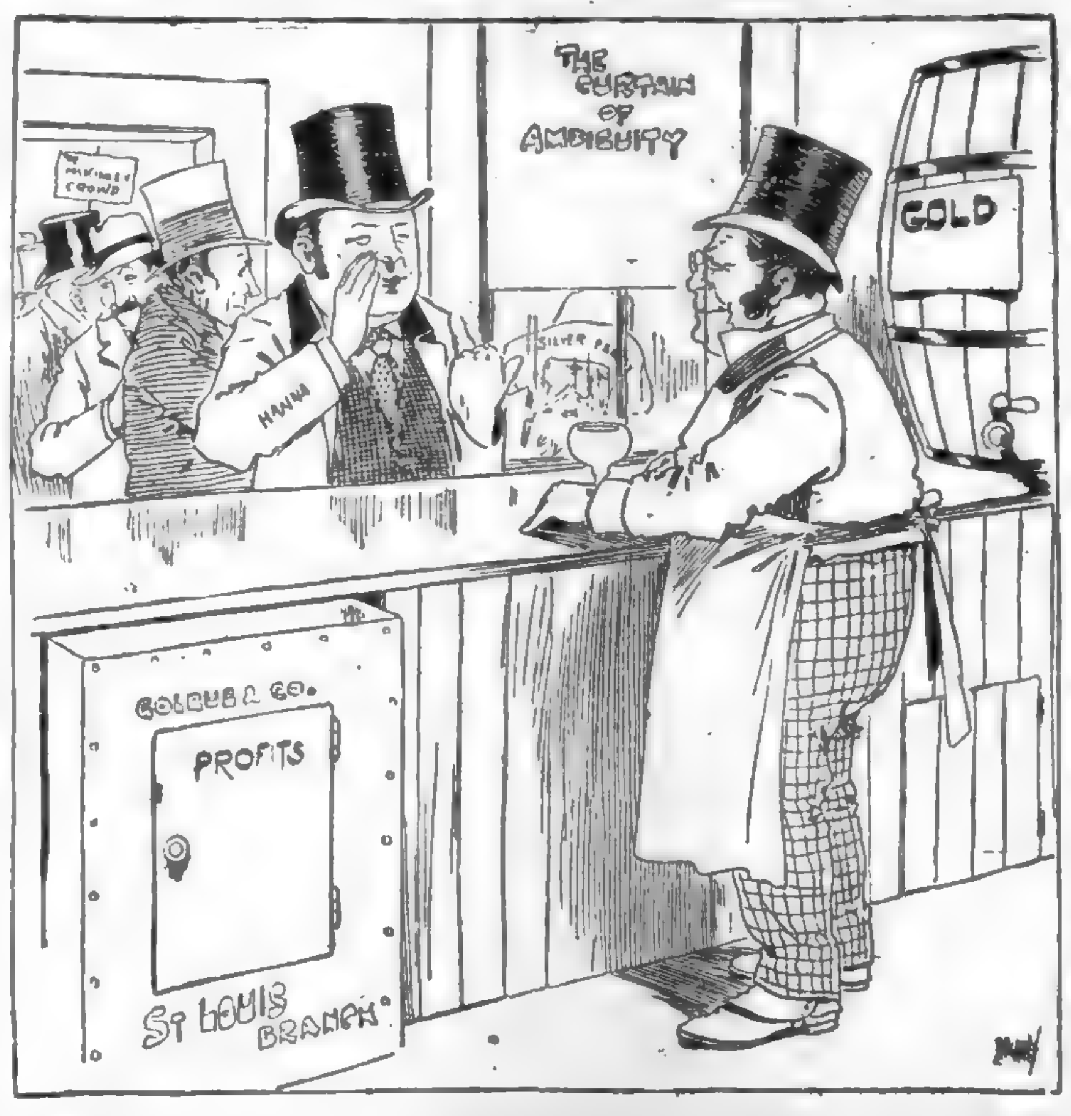
Our opponents of both the old parties, while virtually admitting the identity of our position with that of Jefferson and Jackson on the financial question, usually ignore the land plank and pour out their vials of wrath upon government ownership of the means of transportation and communication. That they have little or nothing to say in criticism of the populist on the land question I attribute in part to the fact that the doctrine we preach was first proclaimed by Jefferson and is therefore older than the democratic party, and because of its popularity with the masses, was championed by democratic press and orators whenever there was a chance to secure political advantage in their contention with the republican party from '68 to '84, and in part to the fear that the party's record on this subject vital to the homeless majority of our people, would not bear close inspection.

Answering the assertion, ridicule and abuse of the tools of plutocracy who denounce the transportation plank of our platform, populists maintain that the principle is as old as the government itself.

It may be found in the declaration of the founders of the republic, that public highways are and shall be the property of the people. Navigable streams could not be owned in whole or in part by individuals, corporations, or by states even, but should forever remain the property of the general government.

Railroads are nothing more nor less than public highways, and to permit private ownership is a dangerous innovation on the doctrine so clearly, as I conceive, laid down in the case of dirt roads and navigable streams.

THE ST. LOUIS INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT FRAUD.



Hanna: "Yes, we want gold straight; but, say, (whispers) just pull that curtain down and change the label on the barrel — hush—see?" — National Bimetallist.

GRANDPA'S HAT.

Harrison the Recipient of an Offer Barbarously Magnificent.

Benjamin H. Harrison was offered $10,000 by a certain New York paper to write for it a gossipy letter of not less than 100 words each day from the reporters' gallery in the republican national convention. There are thousands of honest, sober, industrious laboring men engaged in producing wealth in this country who would gladly bind themselves to their masters during the remainder of their natural lives if their masters would agree to secure them in the possession of a job which would average them $300 per year.

Put these two facts together and then consider some other things in connection with them.

Ten thousand dollars at the above rate would hire a man to grub, plow, hustle lumber, shovel coal, or do any other "unskilled" labor—which, by the way, is always cheaper than "skilled" labor, though it is the humble mudsill upon which the latter depends for its support—thirty-three years and four months, at the end of which time the unskilled laborer, if he had not died sooner, would be ready to fill a pauper's grave.

Ten thousand dollars will buy, and pay cash for, one of the finest 160-acre farms in the grandest agricultural state in the Union; it will buy and pay cash for two stores better than the average stores of the country; it will buy, and pay cash for, ten of the average blacksmith, wagonmaker or carpenter shops of the country. At 6 per cent interest $10,000 will produce an annual income, without the slightest exertion on the part of its owner, as great as two of our unskilled laboring men can earn in the production of wealth by a hard year's work and be just as fresh at the opening of its second year as it was at the beginning of its first.

But what is perhaps more suggestive, $10,000 would have hired one hundred better, brighter and brainier men than Ben Harrison, either of whom would have sent better "copy" to the paper employing him than Harrison could.

Then who or what is Benjamin Harrison, that he should be thus favored above other men?

Physically he is a little, short, pudgy fellow, a good deal after the style of "Punch" in Punch and Judy, gray-bearded and gray haired and over 60 years old.

Mentally he is cunning enough to "keep his plate right side up when it rains porridge" and to espouse the best paying side of any question in which he may be interested. It goes without the saying, since he has never produced a dollar's worth of wealth in his life and is a corporation lawyer ever ready to defend corporate interests, right or wrong, that he is a plutocrat of the plutocrats; that he is not a multi-millionaire comes, not because he is troubled with the least qualms of conscience about the morality of the business of appropriating to his own use the wealth created by the working bees in the industrial hive, but solely because his cunning falls short of the degree necessary to make the opportunity of its acquirement a perfectly safe one.

Strange as it may seem in a country where the majority is said to rule and where the humble producers outnumber the leeches in the proportion of a hundred to one, this cold-blooded parasite, who glories in the ability of capital to crush the life out of labor organizations, has been general in the army, governor, United States senator, and president of the United States by virtue of votes cast by men whom and whose calling he holds in utter contempt, and it is because of the hope that the notoriety he has thus gained may be made to redound to its private gain that a plutocratic paper made him the offer noted above.

Such men and such papers are fit representatives of a Christian (?) civilization which differs from the barbarism of the dark ages chiefly in the fact that it has transferred the right of man to possess himself of his neighbors' property from his physical to his mental ability to do so. However, the day is not far distant when theft, whether accomplished at the end of a gun-barrel or the end of a contract, will be recognized for what it really is. Then the history of such men as Harrison and such offers as the above will be objects of a great curiosity and wonderment as the strangest relics of an earlier barbarism now is.

A Mistake.

"Perhaps the populists would accomplish more if they would drop the gold bug for the present and devote their energies to the chinch bug."—New York Press.

There you are all wrong. The chinch bug works only in patches; and it does not touch the potatoes, or the cattle, or the pigs, or the chickens, or the horses; but the gold bug devours them all. And then everybody says, "Good!" if we kill the chinch bugs, but there would be a terrible uproar if we killed the gold bugs. And certain kinds of weather produce spores that fasten on the chinch bugs and destroy them by the millions; but there is nothing that seems to have any effect on the gold bugs—they are as salubrious as bed bugs and as procreative. If we put corrosive sublimate on a gold bug, the daily papers of the whole country would shriek as if we had run a lancet into their vital parts; and the army and navy and the courts would all be put into operation to defend him.

Chinch bugs, indeed! Why, they are quiet, pleasant and harmless little chaps compared with the gold bugs. If we could get clear of the gold bugs the chinch bugs would not bother us.—Representative.

Fallen! Fallen!

Populists are sometimes twitted with being a set of financial ne'er do wells, who, having miserably failed to get rich themselves, naturally grumble at the fellows who have been luckier.

Now the shoe is on the other foot. The Republican party, that tremendous machine controlled by the Money Power, will soon put a candidate in the field, Maj. McKinley, who failed in business a year or two ago, and came out of the catastrophe owing $100,000 more than he had cash to meet.

A number of wealthy manufacturers kindly made up a pony purse to put the major out of debt. These men, together with others of the same class, have been furnishing funds to help Mr. McKinley secure the nomination for the presidency—as Senator Wm. Chandler boldly charged some time ago.

Soon we shall have the humiliating spectacle of a bankrupt candidate who is to cure hard times, and whose nomination has practically been bought by a set of men who expect to be greatly benefited by the particular kind of legislation of which said candidate is the avowed champion.

To such a depth of degradation has the party of Lincoln fallen!—Nevada Director.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

DROWNED IN THE ALABAMA RIVER

Work to Begin on Girls' Industrial School at Montevallo—Collision on the L. & N.—A Life Crushed Out—Wreck on the Southern. Smallpox at Stevenson.

Steam Boiler Explodes.

The locomotive boiler of the log train at Mr. Ehrman's saw mill, near Clanton, exploded last Saturday evening, killing McCall, the engineer. The boiler had recently been overhauled and repaired. The explosion is said to have resulted from the engineer's allowing the water to run too low.

State Capital Affairs.

The governor has appointed A. B. Jones Notary Public and Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace, beat 13, Mobile county. The following tax collectors have made final settlement with the state; H. C. McCollum, Fayette county; A. J. Wood, Washington county; B. F. Chastain, Elmore county; R. J. Jones, Bibb county; M. V. Gibson, Pike county.

A Life Crushed Out.

Tom Reynolds, an intelligent young white man in the employ of the Smith-Dimmick Lumber company, was killed near Brewton, Ala., Thursday while endeavoring to break a jam of logs. He was standing on a large log when it turned with him, throwing him among the jammed timbers, which crushed his life out.

Smallpox at Stevenson.

Dr. Rorex, the county health officer of Jackson county, says there are six cases of smallpox at Stevenson, three of which are new cases developed within the last few days. He also reports another very suspicious case which he thinks will prove to be smallpox. Dr. Rorex has been authorized by Probate Judge Bridges to establish quarantine regulations at Stevenson and see that they are enforced.

Prattville—Progress—Crops.

The population of Prattville is at least 500 more than it was this time one year ago. The demand for property is increasing every week. Prattville will be in the near future one of the best manufacturing towns in the state.

The farmers of the surrounding country report splendid crop prospects so far. In fact, they say it has never been better. But as it is now raining a great deal it is not easy to say what the prospects will be in ten days.

Girl's Industrial School.

At last work will begin on the industrial school. The executive committee of the board of trustees has advertised for architects to meet them in Birmingham on July 8 to submit plans for the buildings, which they propose to erect at once. A full meeting of the board was asked for by the executive committee, but after consultation with the governor and a majority of the board it was decided such a meeting was not necessary, as they were fully authorized to go ahead with the work.

Collision on the L. & N.

Shortly before midnight Saturday night freight trains Nos. 71 and 72 on the Louisville and Nashville road, collided near Newcastle, eight miles north of Birmingham. Just before the trains met both engineers and firemen jumped and escaped with their lives.

John Marshall, of Birmingham, who was stealing a ride on the brake rods, was crushed to death. Both engines and six cars were demolished, causing a loss of $30,000. It is said that the collision was caused by an operator failing to deliver orders.

Negro Excursionist Killed.

An unknown negro was killed on an excursion train on the Kansas City, Memphis & Birmingham railroad Thursday, one and a half miles east of Carbon Hill, and about fifty-eight miles west of Birmingham. The train was passing through a bridge, when the negro, who was standing on the platform, put his head so far out that it was struck and his skull broken. Who the negro was cannot be learned, nor was there any one on the train who knew him. The remains were left at Carbon Hill and buried by the company.

Drowned in the Alabama River.

About 11 o'clock Monday morning Ernest Westcott, aged about 15 years, the youngest brother of Mr. Charles R. Westcott, was drowned in the Alabama river just above the ferry at Montgomery. The unfortunate young man was out in a boat with eight or ten companions, and the boat was turned over. All the occupants of the boat could swim except him, and they managed to escape. One of the boys in the boat made a noble, but unsuccessful, effort to save his companion. Up to a late hour the body had not been recovered.

Attempted Assassination.

George Washington, a negro, worked on the farm of James Malone, a prominent citizen of Duck Springs. A few days ago he fell out with a white man on the place and asked Mr. Malone to discharge the white man or he would quit. This Mr. Malone refused to do, and the negro became very angry. Tuesday night while the Malone family was at supper Washington came up, and resting his shotgun on the fence, fired at Mr. Malone. Some of the shot entered the palm of Mr. Malone's left hand and the arm of a Mr. Blanchard. Washington escaped.

Thrown From a Bicycle.

Mr. John Ellis, who with his brother, conducts the Birmingham and state agency for the Tennent-Stribbling Shoe Company, with an office in the Hood building, met with a serious accident at a late hour Sunday night out on the Fifth avenue road, Birmingham, on his wheel. He was near Thirty-eighth street and ran over a piece of banana peeling. His wheel ran from under him and he fell on the side on his head, striking against some hard substances. He was picked up by some wheelmen who happened to be passing and Warner-Smiley's ambulance was called. The injured man was carried to the Davis' Infirmary on the Southside, where his injuries were attended to. There is a severe cut on the side of his head and one of his ears is badly bruised.

The Adkinsons Bound Over.

The preliminary trial of T. D. Adkinson and his son, Lucien, charged with the murder of George Hunter, was set down for a hearing at Greenville Wednesday before Hon. Zell Gaston, sitting as committing magistrate. Considerable interest was aroused in the case, a large number of witnesses had been summoned and there was a large crowd present to witness the trial. Some surprise was, therefore, manifested when the defendants waived their preliminary examination and were bound over to await the action of the grand jury. This disposes of the case until the fall term of the circuit court.

Big Time in Athens.

Three lodges of Masons celebrated Wednesday in Athens. Besides, the corner stone of the new chapel was laid. A splendid barbecue and picnic was held on the college ground. A thousand people were present and the day was a red letter one in Athens. Dr. Anson West, of Decatur, made a great speech on the occasion. Some think it the finest speech of the kind ever delivered in the county. Doctor Parker, president of the college, took a collection and secured nearly $2,000 for the college improvement.

Just before dinner the corner stone was laid with imposing ceremony by Dr. West.

Proposed Warrior River Canal.

The Birmingham News prints the following:

That the government has not forgotten about the preliminary survey of the proposed Warrior river canal is evidenced in the following letter:

United States Engineer Office,
Cor. St. Joseph and St. Francis Sts.,
Mobile, Ala., June 19, 1896.

To the Honorable Mayor, Birmingham, Ala.:

Sir—I would respectfully request to be furnished with the height above sea level of the cities of Birmingham and Bessemer, Ala.

This information is desired in connection with preliminary examination authorized by the honorable secretary of war to be made between the Warrior river and Five-mile creek.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
William T. Rossell,
Major of Engineers.

The desired information was given.

Wreck on the Southern.

There was a very dangerous wreck on the Southern railroad near Heflin, twenty miles east of Anniston, Sunday morning. Lee Hopkins, a negro brakeman, and a tramp, whose name is unknown, were killed and three other unknown tramps dangerously injured. A freight car which was standing on a siding at the top of a hill got loose in some way and dashed out on the main line at the rate of fifty miles an hour. A freight train was coming west just beyond the siding and a terrible collision resulted. The engineer and fireman, by some miracle, escaped unhurt, and those who were killed and injured were on the fifth car. The road was blocked for several hours and passenger trains yesterday morning between this city and Atlanta had to go and come by Rome.

Death by Dynamite.

At Branco, Ga., Tuesday evening, while some men at work on the Chattanooga Southern railroad were blasting rock, Frank McWhorter was fatally injured by the premature explosion of a stick of dynamite. He was thrown some distance into the air and his body horribly mangled, his left hand and left leg being torn entirely off. Death soon came to his relief.

OUR COUNTRY'S COMMERCE.

The Waiting Condition Still Prevails in Most Lines.

TEXTILE MANUFACTURIES CLOSE.

Woolen Mills Act Without Concert But Fourteen Have Closed—Combinations Control the Iron Market And Lower Prices Are Expected to Follow.

The monetary outlook is not yet clear to some. The strength shown in recent conventions by advocates of silver coinage, and the expectation that all the elements favoring that policy may yet be concentrated, incline them to a waiting attitude. Their uncertainty retards improvement, notwithstanding the more widely prevalent feeling that the monetary action of the St. Louis convention will be sustained by the people. But many mills have waited as long as they can with safety, and signatures have been given by enough cotton mills of Fall River to insure a temporary stoppage, it is stated, the nature of which is now under discussion in conference with the Providence manufacturers. Meanwhile the Pacific of Lawrence and the Naumkeag of Salem have closed for a time, and practically all the southern cotton mills will be represented at a meeting on Monday with the same object. Woolen mills are acting without concert, but fourteen are mentioned in dispatches as having closed this week. There is no similar movement in other industries, though the period of summer closing is at hand in many of them, and important controversies as to wages of iron puddlers and other hands make it likely that the annual stoppage in that industry may last longer than usual.

The great combination which, the Iron Age wisely reasons, tends to cause disastrously low prices hereafter still controls the markets both for material and finished products of iron and steel, though it is reported that lower prices will soon be made for coke, owing to better utilization of by-products, and for nails owing to the heavy decrease in consumption. The billet pool reports no large sale, but middlemen or outsiders continue to undersell it. The new demand for finished products is very light, and while quotations average a shade lower, most of them are cut to secure business. Bessemer pig is a shade lower at $12.25 at Pittsburg. The textile manufacturers, as has been said, are generally devising curtailment of production, and the only change in prices is downward.

EXPLOSION OF BLASTING POWDER

Man and Boy Killed—Woman Perhaps Fatally Hurt.

A terrific explosion of blasting powder occurred at Petros, Tenn., a railway station for the state convict mines at Brushy mountain Thursday afternoon. It demolished the general store and hotel kept by Sam Joyner.

Several kegs of powder which were stored in the building were evidently ignited by Willie Joyner, a little son of the proprietor, who was burned to death.

A stranger named Maiden was killed and a number of persons in the building seriously injured.

Mrs. Eliza Schubert, manager of the hotel, was perhaps fatally hurt.

Disastrous Cloudburst.

A disastrous cloudburst passed over the vicinity of Marietta, O., Wednesday afternoon, doing untold damage. Railroad traffic in the Muskingum valley is entirely suspended by washouts. The Ohio River road cannot be operated east of Parkersburg. The main oil line of the Buckeye Pipe Line company had a section washed away back of St. Mary's on Moss Run, about eight miles from Marietta. The Muskingum river is out of its banks and full of debris. A frame building which had been a grocery store, surrounded by boxes of merchandise, floated away. No lives are reported lost, though the exact extent of the damage cannot yet be told.

YOU DON'T
SEE YOUR WHEEL

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

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THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
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SPECIAL NOTICE.

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50 CENTS. For only Fifty cents we will send you THE BANNER every week until the close of the campaign, December 1, 1896.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
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Birmingham, Ala., June 16, '96.
To Chairman County Ex. Committee

This Committee is very anxious to secure uniformity in the county organizations of the People's Party of Alabama, and respectfully urges each County Executive Committee to add to their committees a sufficient number, so that each beat will have three members, who can also act as the Beat Com. We would also suggest that each county select, of its county committee, three or five of its most efficient members to constitute a central campaign committee.

This kind of organization is imperatively needed for good reasons and it is hoped that every county will adopt this suggestion at once.

Please report the names and addresses of all members of each committee to these headquarters.

G. B. DEANS, Chairman.
FRANK BALTZELL, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1896,

for the election of Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, Senator for the Fifteenth Senatorial District, and the following officers for Chilton county: Representative in the General Assembly, Sheriff, Tax Assessor, Tax Collector, County Superintendent of Education, Treasurer, one Commissioner for each of the four Districts of the county, two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Beat in the county.

P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County.
This June 29th, 1896.

Beat 1 (Mineral Springs) Inspectors T J Dorminy, W H Conway, Oliver Mullins; returning officer W P Cleckler

Beat 2—box 1—(Providence) Inspectors I B Martin, W R Houlditch S A Curry; returning officer John A Lowery. Box 2—Jemison—Inspectors B M Gentry, Ira Campbell, J P Allen; ret'ng offic'r Geo W Shaw sr.

Beat 3—box 1—(Benson) Inspectors Robert Williams, Calvin Jones, T J Lenoir; ret'g of'er H W Varden Box 2—(Macedonia) Inspectors Z J Jones, Y O Freeman, A J Ware; returning officer William Nix

Beat 4 (Clanton) Inspectors Wiley Littlejohn, John Grant, W M Wilson; returning officer A C Oates

Beat 5—box 1—(Coopers) Inspectors J W G Kicker, H A J Harris, P C Dennis; ret'ng officer Art Foshee; Box 2—(Verbena) Inspectors S S Scott, J J L Stewart, F A Gulledge; returning officer Ed O'Neil

Beat 6 (Kincheon) Inspectors Madison Popwell, J R Vinson, Tom Dickerson, ret'ng officer Charlie Foshee

Beat 7—box 1—(Maplesville) Inspectors G W Fox, J D McGee, T U Crumpton; ret'ng of'er W Y Nix; Box 2—(Shoults) Inspectors W A Green, J D Holsombach, J H Shoults; returning officer J N Gentry.

Beat 8 (Dixie) Inspectors W A Weaver, D C Gandy, T D Parnell; returning officer Wiley Letcher.

Beat 9 (Strasburg) Inspectors D N Riggins, W A Mims, J M Woolley; returning officer James Mims.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

This is to certify that the above-named Inspectors and Returning Officers, for the above-named voting places in said State and county, for an election to be held on the first Monday in August, 1896, have been duly appointed as required by law.

This the 30th day of June, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge
J. P. VANDERVEER, Circuit Clerk
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

I, P. M. Moore, Sheriff of said county, do hereby appoint the Returning officers above-named, Special Deputy Sheriffs at their respective voting places, to attend upon said election.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.
This 30th day of June, 1896.

Vine Hill.

Rain has ceased for a few days; crops looking well but grassy. Health of community good; weather warm.

Mr. Will Smedley's horse got into a rail road trestle and broke one of his legs the other day.

Mr. John Ousley lost his dwelling house, kitchen and smoke house, together with their contents, by fire. It is believed to have been set on fire, as none of the family were at home. It was burned about mid-night Saturday

There will be a picnic here on the Fourth. All are invited to come and make the day enjoyable.

PAT

THERE are nineteen straight out Populists in the Louisiana legislature

THE State Herald's free copies are making votes for Goodwyn every day.

thin?

Thinness is often a sign of poor health. A loss of weight generally shows something is wrong. If due to a cough, cold, any lung trouble, or if there is an inherited tendency to weak lungs, take care!

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is a fat-food and more. It causes such changes in the system that the gain is permanent and improvement continues even after you cease taking it. Sound flesh; rich blood; strong nerves; good digestion; aren't these worth a thought?

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Insist on Scott's Emulsion with trade-mark of man and fish.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Stanton, Ala., June 27, 1896.
To the People of Chilton county.

My friends have been wanting to know why my name was on the call for the mass meeting on the 23 inst. I will tell you. The position was presented to me at Stanton as I was leaving the place. I did not understand the call, so I told Mr. J. Griffin to investigate the thing and if it was alright to sign my name to it. He did so.

I suppose he thought it alright.

I do not indorse the move at all, am a reformer strictly.

Respectfully,
J. E. McCULLOUGH.

* * *

To the People's Party, and especially my friends:

I wish to call your attention to a democratic trick that has been played in our ranks. We made a friendly call to all to vote with us in our primaries that would support the nominees of our party. Now I find from good authority that the democrats accepted the call just simply to defeat myself and others and not intending to support the nominees of the People's Party, their object being to create discord in our party. I wish to say that Mac Hicks is one of the grand workers in this discord for he urged all his friends to vote that he could see and all those he could not see he sent them word to vote with the People's Party as I said to defeat myself and others. We now find him a candidate in opposition to the very man, no doubt, that he voted for in the primary.

After seeing a man work such tricks, can any man in the People's Party vote for him. I say no; if he regards the principles of his party he can not vote for him. Friends, I am not doing this or making this statement through malice or anything of the kind, but it is because I want harmony in our ranks. Now let me beg you all to turn out on the first Monday in August and snow under what happened here on the 23rd, ult., so deep that it will never be resurrected. I find some of our people say I was one of the getters up of this so called mass meeting. I wish to contradict that statement, and say that I knew nothing of it whatever until Saturday before the meeting on Tuesday.

Now, Mr. Editor, if this will suit your paper better than the waste-basket, I hope to see it in your next issue.

LEE HAYES.

* * *

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

* * *

Editor BANNER: Being a backwoods Pop I rise to ask some information regarding the great moral(?) wave that has struck Chilton county to wit. If the signers of the call to the "White Voters of Chilton county." were honestly in favor of nominating "good and capable" men for the offices to be filled in this county next August had no dull axe to grind, or ring to serve, why did they not participate in the late primaries of the White Reformers of this county? Do they feel above the average reform white voter of Chilton county or are they afraid of the honestly expressed will of the White Reformers of Chilton? They, by enlisting in the reform army, would have had full and equal rights with any other voter as to running himself, or suggesting another for office, subject to the approval of the white voters of the reform party of Chilton Co. as expressed in a primary, not mass meeting or convention, and every intelligent voter of the county knows the reformers comprise about three fourths of the white voters of the county. Again I would like to ask how many of the signers of that call, and participants at that meeting were active participants four years ago in the primaries in this county and afterwards took an active part in purging the ticket and committee that grew out of that primary, and requiring all voters to endorse a certain able and patriotic administration or else be denominated negro conglomerates &c &c. If they did participate in that primary and failed to stand by its results then, can they be trusted now if they don't get what they want? Again I would like to ask why this action was so suddenly taken by these reformers (?) so soon after the meeting behind closed doors of the Organized Democratic State Executive Committee and what connection this call for a mass meeting has with the meeting of the Organized Democratic State Executive Committee. To this old Pop it looks very much like the Organized Democratic "cat in the meal tub." Watch where they land at. They don't want office oh not they thank the Lord they are not like that other fellow &c. Why were they not more explicit and state who those "bad and incapable extravagant men" are that have held and are now wanting office so bad, call them by name. Are they not all of the Populite variety? Don't all speak at once, but some one will please enlighten us on the subject, cover the whole ground and oblige.

BEAT 5.

* * *

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jones are staying with the bereaved ones, the children of Mr. and Mrs. Eligia Weldon this week, both of whom died recently. The deceased were living in Autauga county.

There has been a great deal of sickness in our community this spring but not so much now.

Masters Pauley Jones and David Kendrick have just recovered from a slight attack of slow fever.

Corn in this county is fine; too much rain for cotton, causing it to shed; melon crop sorry; sugar and sorghum cane fine; ground peas doing well; Irish potatoes being dug and are better than expected; fruit-crop of every kind sorry; gardens, where they have been worked and cared for, are doing tolerably well.

Mr. Tom Allen, of Denver, Colorada, and his brother Mr. Joe Allen of the state of Idaho, are visiting their sister Mrs. W. D. Goss, of this place.

School opened Monday under the able management of Prof. J. C. Patillo.

Don't forget the District meeting the 3rd 4th and 5th of July.

All are cordially invited to attend.

Let us hear from the Hustler and others.

Best wishes to all.

GRANDPA TIM.

* * *

UNITY ASSOCIATION.

Bozeman, Ala., June 22, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Will you please publish in the BANNER for the benefit of the Baptist brethren in the Unity Association and others interested that our district meeting for the 2nd district will be held with Corinth church, commencing on Friday before the first Sunday in July.

Respectfully,
E. L. MANNING.

* * *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

A Theological Institute will be held with the Baptist church, at Clanton, Ala., beginning Sunday, July 5 and continue one week, conducted by Rev. G. S. Anderson, of Auburn, Ala.

SUNDAY, JULY 5—11 a.m. Sermon F. M. Woods.

8 p.m. L. H. Huff.

MONDAY, 6th—9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises — Cox.

10 The Importance of Institute Work F. M. Woods.

11 Lecture on Sermon Building G. S. Anderson.

2:30 p.m. Lecture on Homiletics G. S. Anderson.

And so on for each day, other subjects in connection with the preachers work will be discussed.

The church and friends at Clanton will give free entertainment to all the ministers who attend. We cordially invite all our brethren to attend this meeting.

J. G. LOWERY, Pres. Inst.

* * *

Notice of Application for Pardon

Application will be made to the Governor of Alabama for a pardon for Will Brown, convicted at the Spring Term 1896, of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, of the offense of grand larceny.

O. R. BELL.

June 27 1896.

Singing Convention.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene with Way Side church, Coosa county, 8 miles south of Rockford, on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in July and continue two days. We invite all of Chilton's best vocalists to attend this convention.

R. T. GRANT, Pres.

A hog cholera medicine will be found at W. I. Mullins' store that is guaranteed to cure after three or four doses.

S. I. BLACKMON.
Clanton, Ala.

Price 30 cents.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3 Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

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Old No 85, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

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THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

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Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

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Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT

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General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.

DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.

AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker's Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

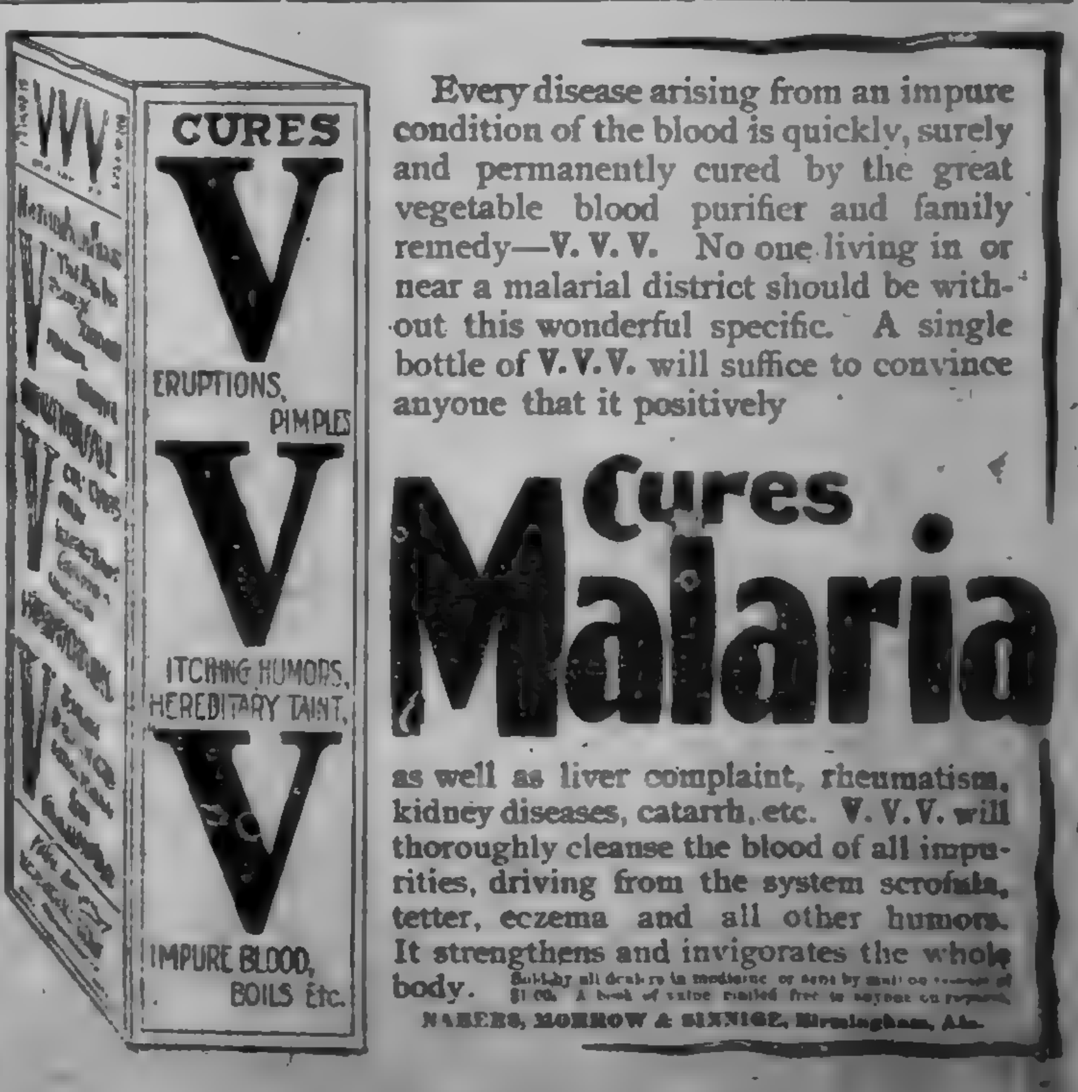
The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. LOWEST PRICES.

[illegible] THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.



Every disease arising from an impure condition of the blood is quickly, surely and permanently cured by the great vegetable blood purifier and family remedy—V. V. V. No one living in or near a malarial district should be without this wonderful specific. A single bottle of V. V. V. will suffice to convince anyone that it positively

Cures Malaria

as well as liver complaint, rheumatism, kidney diseases, catarrh, etc. V. V. V. will thoroughly cleanse the blood of all impurities, driving from the system scrofula, tetter, eczema and all other humors. It strengthens and invigorates the whole body. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

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Birmingham, Ala., June 26, '96.
To Chairman County Ex. Committee:

This Committee is very anxious to secure uniformity in the county organizations of the People's Party of Alabama, and respectfully suggests each County Executive Committee to add to their committees a sufficient number, so that each beat will have three members, who can also act as the Beat Committee.

We would also suggest that each county select, of its county committee, three or five of its most efficient members to constitute a central campaign committee.

This kind of organization is imperatively needed for good reasons and it is hoped that every county will adopt this suggestion at once.

Please report the names and addresses of all members of each committee to these headquarters.

G. B. DEANS, Chairman.
FRANK BALTZELL, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1896,

for the election of Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, Senator for the Fifteenth Senatorial District, and the following officers for Chilton county: Representative in the General Assembly, Sheriff, Tax Assessor, Tax Collector, County Superintendent of Education, Treasurer, one Commissioner for each of the four Districts of the county, two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Beat in the county.

P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County.
This June 29th, 1896.

Beat 1 (Mineral Springs) Inspectors T J Dorminy, W H Conway, Oliver Mullins; returning officer W P Cleckler

Beat 2—box 1—(Providence) Inspectors I B Martin, W R Houlditch S A Curry; returning officer John A Lowery. Box 2—Jemison—Inspectors B M Gentry, Ira Campbell, J P Allen; ret'ng offic'r Geo W Shaw sr.

Beat 3—box 1—(Benson) Inspectors Robert Williams, Calvin Jones, T J Lenoir; ret'g of'er H W Varden Box 2—(Macedonia) Inspectors Z J Jones, Y O Freeman, A J Ware; returning officer William Nix

Beat 4 (Clanton) Inspectors Wiley Littlejohn, John Grant, W M Wilson; returning officer A C Oates

Beat 5—box 1—(Coopers) Inspectors J W G Kicker, H A J Harris, P C Dennis; ret'ng officer Art Foshee; Box 2—(Verbena) Inspectors S S Scott, J J L Stewart, F A Gulledge; returning officer Ed O'Neil

Beat 6 (Kincheon) Inspectors Madison Popwell, J R Vinson, Tom Dickerson, ret'ng officer Charlie Foshee

Beat 7—box 1—(Maplesville) Inspectors G W Fox, J D McGee, T C Crumpton; ret'ng of'er W Y Nix; Box 2—(Shoults) Inspectors W A Green, J D Holsombach, J H Shoults; returning officer J N Gentry.

Beat 8 (Dixie) Inspectors W A Weaver, D C Gandy, T D Parnell; returning officer Wiley Letcher.

Beat 9 (Strasburg) Inspectors D N Riggins, W A Mims, J M Woolley; returning officer James Mims.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

This is to certify that the above named Inspectors and Returning Officers, for the above-named voting places in said State and county, for an election to be held on the first Monday in August, 1896, have been duly appointed as required by law.

This the 30th day of June, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge
J. P. VANDERVEER, Circuit Clerk
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

I, P. M. Moore, Sheriff of said county, do hereby appoint the Returning officers above-named, Special Deputy Sheriffs at their respective voting places, to attend upon said election.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.
This 30th day of June, 1896.

Vine Hill.

Rain has ceased for a few days; crops looking well but grassy. Health of community good; weather warm.

Mr. Will Smedley's horse got into a rail road trestle and broke one of his legs the other day.

Mr. John Ousley lost his dwelling house, kitchen and smoke house, together with their contents, by fire. It is believed to have been set on fire, as none of the family were at home. It was burned about mid-night Saturday.

There will be a picnic here on the Fourth. All are invited to come and make the day enjoyable.

PAT

THERE are nineteen straight out Populists in the Louisiana legislature.

THE State Herald's free copies are making votes for Goodwyn every day.

thin?

Thinness is often a sign of poor health. A loss of weight generally shows something is wrong. If due to a cough, and any lung trouble, or if there is an inherited tendency to weak lungs, take care!

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is a fat-food and more. It causes such changes in the system that the gain is permanent and improvement continues even after you cease taking it. Sound flesh; rich blood; strong nerves; good digestion; aren't these worth a thought?

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites. Insist on Scott's Emulsion with trade-mark of man and fish. Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Stanton, Ala., June 27, 1896.
To the People of Chilton county.

My friends have been wanting to know why my name was on the call for the mass meeting on the 23 inst. I will tell you. The position was presented to me at Stanton as I was leaving the place. I did not understand the call, so I told Mr. J. Griffin to investigate the thing and if it was alright to sign my name to it. He did so. I suppose he thought it alright. I do not indorse the move at all, am a reformer strictly.

Respectfully,
J. E. McCULLOUGH.

* * *

To the People's Party, and especially my friends:

I wish to call your attention to a democratic trick that has been played in our ranks. We made a friendly call to all to vote with us in our primaries that would support the nominees of our party. Now I find from good authority that the democrats accepted the call just simply to defeat myself and others and not intending to support the nominees of the People's Party, their object being to create discord in our party. I wish to say that Mac Hicks is one of the grand workers in this discord for he urged all his friends to vote that he could see and all those he could not see he sent them word to vote with the People's Party as I said to defeat myself and others. We now find him a candidate in opposition to the very man, no doubt, that he voted for in the primary.

After seeing a man work such tricks, can any man in the People's Party vote for him. I say no; if he regards the principles of his party he can not vote for him. Friends, I am not doing this or making this statement through malice or anything of the kind, but it is because I want harmony in our ranks. Now let me beg you all to turn out on the first Monday in August and snow under what happened here on the 23rd, ult., so deep that it will never be resurrected. I find some of our people say I was one of the getters up of this so called mass meeting. I wish to contradict that statement, and say that I knew nothing of it whatever until Saturday before the meeting on Tuesday.

Now, Mr. Editor, if this will suit your paper better than the waste basket, I hope to see it in your next issue.

LEE HAYES.

* * *

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

* * *

Editor BANNER: Being a backwoods Pop I rise to ask some information regarding the great moral(?) wave that has struck Chilton county to wit. If the signers of the call to the "White Voters of Chilton county" were honestly in favor of nominating "good and capable" men for the offices to be filled in this county next August had no dull axe to grind, or ring to serve, why did they not participate in the late primaries of the White Reformers of this county? Do they feel above the average reform white voter of Chilton county or are they afraid of the honestly expressed will of the White Reformers of Chilton? They, by enlisting in the reform army, would have had full and equal rights with any other voter as to naming himself or suggesting another for office, subject to the approval of the white voters of the reform party of Chilton Co. as expressed in a primary, not mass meeting or convention, and every intelligent voter of the county knows the reformers comprise more than three fourths of the white voters of the county. Again I would like to ask how many of the signers of that call, and participants at that meeting were active partisans from years ago in the primaries in this county and afterwards took an active part in purging the ballot and conventions that grew out of that primary, and requiring all voters to endorse a certain able and patriotic administration or else be denominated negro conglomerates &c &c. If they did participate in that primary and failed to stand by its results then, can they be trusted now if they don't get what they want? Again I would like to ask why this action was so suddenly taken by these reformers (?) so soon after the meeting behind closed doors of the Organized Democratic State Executive Committee and what connection this call for a mass meeting has with the meeting of the Organized Democratic State Executive Committee. To this old Pop it looks very much like the Organized Democratic "cat in the meal tub." Watch where they land at. They don't want office, oh no! they thank the Lord they are not like that other fellow &c. Why were they not more explicit and state who those "bad and incapable extravagant men" are that have held and are now wanting office so bad, call them by name. Are they not all of the Populite variety? Don't all speak at once, but some one will please enlighten us on the subject, cover the whole ground and oblige.

BEAT 5.

* * *

Turn-Round Topics.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jones are staying with the bereaved ones, the children of Mr. and Mrs. Eligia Weldon this week, both of whom died recently. The deceased were living in Autauga county.

There has been a great deal of sickness in our community this spring but not so much now.

Masters Pauley Jones and David Kendrick have just recovered from a slight attack of slow fever.

Corn in this county is fine; too much rain for cotton, causing it to shed; melon crop sorry; sugar and sorghum cane fine; ground peas doing well; Irish potatoes being dug and are better than expected; fruit crop of every kind sorry; gardens, where they have been worked and cared for, are doing tolerably well.

Mr. Tom Allen, of Denver, Colorada, and his brother Mr. Joe Allen of the state of Idaho, are visiting their sister Mrs. W. D. Goss, of this place.

School opened Monday under the able management of Prof. J. C. Patillo.

Don't forget the District meeting the 3rd 4th and 5th of July. All are cordially invited to attend.

Let us hear from the Hustler and others.

Best wishes to all.

GRANDPA TIM.

* * *

UNITY ASSOCIATION.

Bozeman, Ala., June 22, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Will you please publish in the BANNER for the benefit of the Baptist brethren in the Unity Association and others interested that our district meeting for the 2nd district will be held with Corinth church, commencing on Friday before the first Sunday in July.

Respectfully,
E. L. MANNING.

* * *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

A Theological Institute will be held with the Baptist church, at Clanton, Ala., beginning Sunday, July 5 and continue one week, conducted by Rev. G. S. Anderson, of Auburn, Ala.

SUNDAY, JULY 5—11 a.m. Sermon F. M. Woods.

8 p.m. L. H. Huff.

MONDAY, 6th—9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises — Cox.

10 The Importance of Institute Work F. M. Woods.

11 Lecture on Sermon Building G. S. Anderson.

2:30 p.m. Lecture on Homiletics G. S. Anderson.

And so on for each day, other subjects in connection with the preachers work will be discussed.

The church and friends at Clanton will give free entertainment to all the ministers who attend. We cordially invite all our ministers to attend this meeting.

J. G. LOWERY, Pres. Inst.

* * *

Notice of Application for Pardon

Application will be made to the Governor of Alabama for a pardon for Wil Brown, convicted at the Spring Term 1896, of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, of the offense of grand larceny.

O. E. BELL.

June 27 1896.

Singing Convention.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene with Bay Side church, Coosa county, 4 miles south of Rockford, on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in July and continue two days. We invite all of Chilton's best vocalists to attend this convention.

R. T. GOSSETT, Pres.

A [illegible] medicine will be found at W. I. Mullins' store that is guaranteed to cure after three or four doses. [illegible]
Clanton, Ala.
Price 25 cents.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO. [illegible]

FREE [illegible]

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
[illegible] St. Charles St., [illegible]
New Orleans, La.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
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DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

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-DEALER IN-
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....
M. BORN & CO.
The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.
They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT
—LOWEST PRICES.
[illegible]
W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

Every disease arising from an impure condition of the blood is quickly, surely and permanently cured by the great vegetable blood purifier and family remedy—V. V. V. No one living in or near a malarial district should be without this wonderful specific. A single bottle of V. V. V. will suffice to convince anyone that it positively

Cures Malaria

as well as liver complaint, rheumatism, kidney diseases, catarrh, etc. V. V. V. will thoroughly cleanse the blood of all impurities, driving from the system scrofula, tetter, eczema and all other humors. It strengthens and invigorates the whole body. [illegible]

[illegible] Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

The Sunday-school Convention that was held at the Methodist church last Saturday Sunday was an interesting occasion. The program was carried out. Some excellent papers were read. On Sunday Dr. Eldridge gave three lectures on interesting subjects, which were beneficial as well as entertaining.

A large crowd of young ladies from Jemison attended the convention at the Methodist church Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. L. H. Reynolds, came down from Jemison to attend the S. S. Convention.

Miss Georgiana Cromwell, of Columbiana, is visiting Mr. J. H. Vines family of this place.

Miss Blanche Foshee is visiting relatives in Birmingham this week.

Miss Pattie Robinson has returned from a pleasant visit to friends and relatives in Birmingham.

Mr. L. H. Stewart was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Judge Callen is at home again after a visit to Talladega Springs.

CEMENT. If you have any thing broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. Worns & Knor, Cement M'f'rs. 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. J. Mims and Miss B. Z. Billingsley.

The many friends of Mr. Kinion Wells will be glad to know the report of [illegible] published in the Montgomery Advertiser) is false. We are pleased to say the gentleman, while in poor health, is still in the enjoyment of life.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and $100

The workmen employed in building the new court house will celebrate the Fourth by having a barbecue at the brick yard.

There was a deplorable accident at Ehrman's mill last Saturday morning occasioned by the bursting of the boiler of the dinkey engine. It appears the regular engineer, who was sick, requested Mr. McCarrol to drive for him on Saturday and it is assumed that the unfortunate man must have let the water get too low. There was a terrible explosion and Mr McCarrol was so severely scalded that he died on Sunday morning at five o'clock. He was a widower and leaves five children to mourn his untimely end. Mr Cooper and a little boy named Rhodes were also injured but are rapidly recovering. Mr. Ehrman had only just had the dinkey repaired at a cost of $800.

A deputy sheriff from Tuskegee arrived here Monday and carried back with him John Maxwell on a charge of embezzlement.

Beginning next Monday Dr. G. W. Shackelford, dentist, from Atlanta, Ga., will be in Clanton for a few days, prepared to do all kinds of dentist work.

The Masons held their annual installation of offices last Saturday night in the Baptist church. There was a large audience present to witness the ceremony and incidentally to enjoy the excellent music by the choir. Past Master W. McCullum from Bibb county installed the following officers: Worshipful Master, W. H. Sartor, Senior Warden W. H. Wright, Junior Warden: C. J. Stewart; secretary: W. D. Sartor; Treasurer, W. A. Middleton: Senior Deacon, John Stanfield; Junior Deacon, E. A. Knight, Tyler, Solomon Parker. On Monday night Past Master McCullum addressed the Masons in the Masonic Hall.

W. L. Sampey's store was burglarized last Saturday night and a few articles stolen

A few organized Democrats held a meeting in the court house, Tuesday and elected delegates to the Democratic Senatorial convention.

DOCTOR

GEO. W. SHACKELFORD,

DENTIST,

WILL BE IN CLANTON, MONDAY, JULY 6, FOR TEN DAYS.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

Gold, Amalgam, and other Fillings at Reasonable Charges.

GOLD AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY

All work first-class and fully warranted.

GEO. W. SHACKELFORD, D.D.S.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was

Rheumatism of the Heart.

DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure,

and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nervine and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. WATTS.

Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed to the undersigned by N. B. Culp and his wife I. E. Culp recorded in mortgage book number 33, page 451 in office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama. I will proceed to sell for cash on

MONDAY, JULY 6, 1896.

on the premises of said land in said county, within the hours of legal sale, the following described property, to-wit: The se ¼ of se ¼ of sec. eleven and w ½ of ne ¼ of sec fourteen and all of ne ¼ of ne ¼ west of a certain Spring Branch running South-easterly, also all of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 except ten acres in the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, said ten acres is thus described, beginning at the North-east corner of said se 1-4 of ne 1-4, thence South along section line five chains to a pine knot stake thence West to the run of said Spring Branch thence North-westerly along said Branch to the South boundary line of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 thence East along said line to the place of beginning all in township twenty-one, range thirteen containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

J. S. JOHNSON, Sr.

Clanton, Ala., May 30, 1896.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama, } Circuit Court
Chilton county. } spring term 1896

W. R. Houghton, W. A. Collier, Plaintiffs vs James H. Gibbons, Defendant—Attachment.

Whereas, W. R. Houghton and W. A. Collier, as plaintiffs in said cause has obtained an attachment out of this court issued the 5th day of December, 1895, against the estate of said defendant, James H. Gibbons, which attachment has been levied upon the following described real estate as the property of said Defendant, to wit: N ½ of se ¼, se ¼ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of sec 14 S ½ of fractional sec 13, all in T 22 R 12 and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 19, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 se 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 fractional sec 18 T 22 R 13; and whereas, it appears that the said James H. Gibbons, Defendant, as aforesaid, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama. Now, therefore, the said James H. Gibbons, wherever he may reside, is hereby notified of the levy and pendency of said attachment.

Witness my hand, this 29th day of May 1896. J. P. VANDERVEER, Clerk.

100 Pictures of the Great St. Louis Cyclone in which 250 Lives were Lost, and $20,000,000 of property destroyed.

These views are all taken from actual photographs, and show more plainly than in any other way the terrible destruction left on the track of the storm. It is in book form, printed on fine paper so as to be easily preserved, and should be in the homes of all. It is not likely America will ever again be visited by so disastrous a Tornado, hence actual photographs of the scenes will be a curiosity for years to come. Nothing like this book has ever been issued in so short a time. It contains pictures of all the principal scenes, taken the next day after the storm, before the work of rebuilding had commenced. This magnificent book will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of 30 cents in stamps or silver. Don't let this opportunity pass of securing the only complete and authentic photographs of the Greatest Storm ever known to have visited America. Address,

PUBLISHERS' SUPPLY CO.,
67 & 69 Empire Building, St. Louis, Mo.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
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SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS?

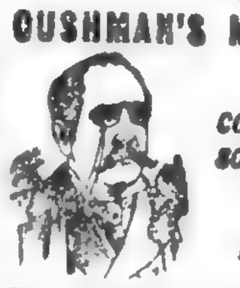
Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD
PRESCRIBES
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER


DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

— FOR —

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH. SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or

Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when CUSHMAN'S INHALER will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Besley Thorn, in communication in the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '92.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON,
Kingston, N. Y.

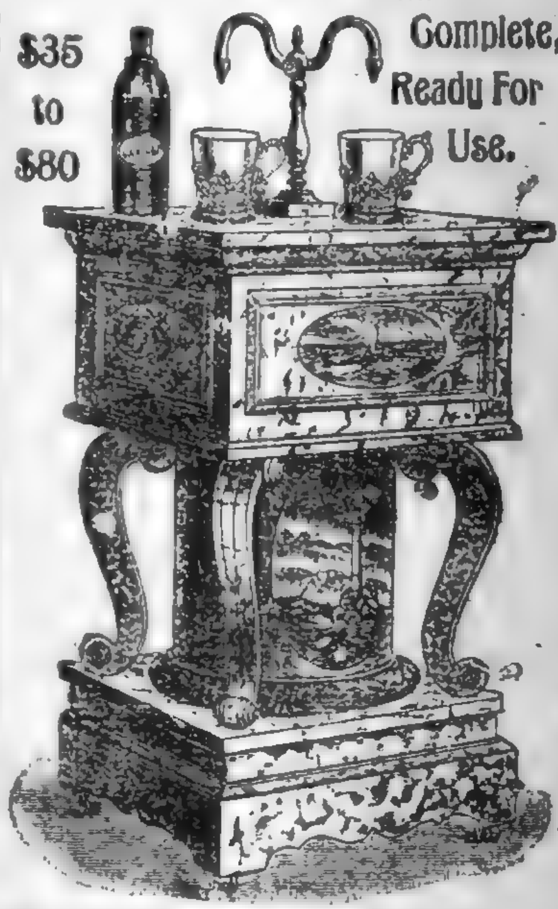
I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

A most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.



30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

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for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

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It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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FOR SALE BY

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Clanton, Ala.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 20th day of July, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $9.40.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.06.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $7.80.

BEAT 2.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 34 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $46.06.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $15.80.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $55.89

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $6.53.

Otto Stoker nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $4.24.

BEAT 8.

T H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $6.65.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

Administrator's Sale

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises, on

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1896.

at 12 o'clock noon, for one-third cash and the remaining two-thirds payable by November 1st, 1896, with interest from date of sale, with security, the following described real estate, belonging to said estate, to wit:

N ½ of section 21 except the e ½ of e ½ of ne1-4, ne 1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 of section 20, s ½ of sw1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13.

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

$10 REWARD

On Tuesday night June 9 a negro broke into the house of Mr. Ezra Wilson two miles south of Clanton, killing the dog in the house, and stealing a suit of clothes, umbrella, razor, dove colored hat with broad binding, and pair shoes. The description of the negro is as follows: dark color, age about 18, about 5 ft. 6 ins. tall slim face and small eyes. Wears No. 7 shoe. Was wearing black suit of clothes and dove colored hat with broad binding. Was last seen at Calera going north. Ten dollars will be paid to any person arresting him and sending information to Ezra Wilson, Clanton, Ala.

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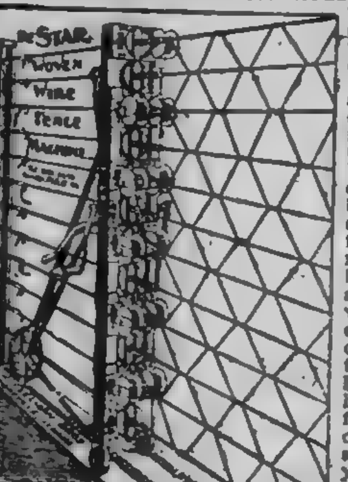
In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the Best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer and with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 400,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 76,800 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One cent isn't much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our Large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 1004, Ridgeville, Indiana.



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ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

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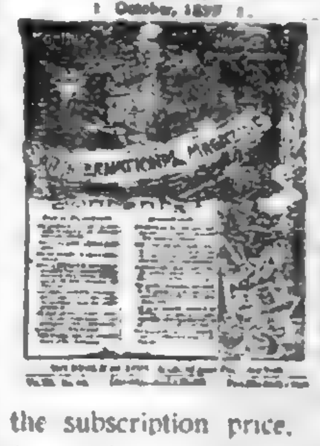
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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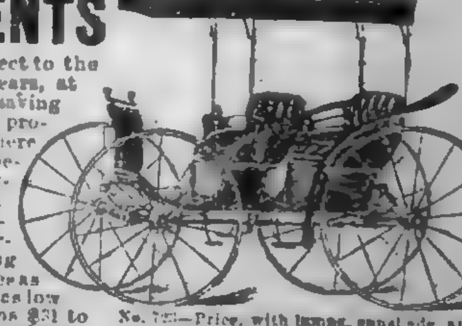

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For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

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"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by B. W. FEAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.

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True happiness is of a retired nature, and an enemy to pomp and noise; it arises, in the first place, from the enjoyment of one's self, and in the next, from the friendship and conversation of a few select companions. False happiness loves to be in a crowd, and to draw the eyes of the world upon her. She does not receive any satisfaction from the applause which she gives herself, but from the admiration which she raises in others.

Wisway—"What is meant by a passing regard?" Jusby—"The regard in which you're held by people who bow to you but don't stop to speak."—Roxbury Gazette.

The dispatches tell of a Pennsylvania man who committed suicide to oblige his wife. There is such a thing as being too much of a good fellow. No one can afford to do that oftener than once in a lifetime.

Men who see into their neighbors are very apt to be contemptuous; but men who see through them find something lying behind every human soul, which it is not for them to sit in judgment on or attempt to sneer out of the order of God's manifold universe.

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This institution has made wonderful success of doing exactly the work assigned to it by the state, viz: Training teachers for the public schools. The catalogue is one of the very best that comes to this office. The outline of the work under the head of "Departments" is almost equal to a Manual of Methods on the subjects covered. Every teacher should have one.

A strong feature of the college, not shown by the catalogue, is the aid and encouragement rendered struggling young teachers who enter. Indeed it is said that all really worthy young people who enter manage sooner or later to complete the course.—Florence Times.

One hundred dollars will defray a year's expenses, including board. Fall term opens September 15, 1896. Send for a Trained Teacher or a catalogue. James K. Powers, Pres.

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Buy $1.00 worth Dobbins Floating-Borax Soap of your grocer, send wrappers to Dobbins Soap Mf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. They will send you free of charge, postage paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary, 298 pages, bound in cloth, profusely illustrated. Offer good until August 1st only.

There is not so much failure to be charged to "poor luck" as to bad management.

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Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

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THE NEED OF THE HOUR

Is Better Educational Facilities in Alabama.

FAVORS COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

An Able Paper from the Pen of Prof. Edward L. Patton, in Which he Urges Statesmen to Step Forth and Help to Accomplish What we Need so Badly.

Professor Edward L. Patton, of Eutaw, is furnishing the Eutaw Whig and Observer with a series of able articles on "Alabama Educationally Considered," which we will publish in behalf of the cause of better education in the state. The following is the first of the series:

That our state is behind in educational matters is a fact that all must concede.

When we look at the census of 1890 we find that Alabama nearly heads the list for illiteracy. The per cent. that cannot write is 50.9, a fraction over half of our population. Those that cannot read is 43.5, making an average of illiteracy of 47.2. This is a bad state of affairs, and our intelligent citizens should rise in their might against this large per cent. of illiteracy. Some may say that a large portion of our population are negroes, but the per cent. refers to our white people as well. There are about 400,000 of our white population that are illiterate. It is no use to deny these facts, but to remedy it must be the object in view, with our citizens, with our statesmen, with all who have the best interest of our state at heart. While the remedy cannot be applied to our adult population, we can use it for the youth of our state. There are so many, yes, such a large portion of this illiterate population who do not favor schools. They are careless and indifferent in regard to their children obtaining even the merest show of going to school.

A trip through some sections of the state would simply astonish people to know that such dense ignorance prevails. In many places parents do not even wish their children to attend school, not even when favorable opportunities are given. They are so indifferent to the necessity of educating their children that they will not permit them to attend. Not fifty miles from Montgomery there are fathers who keep their small children at work earning a few dollars while they loaf and spend time in talking politics. These men are illiterate and their children are growing up in illiteracy. Not thirty miles from Birmingham a teacher was dismissed for using too much chalk, as the trustees and the people said. It was from ignorance and illiteracy that this was done; of the three trustees only one could write his name. Go to the United States court, that convenes in Montgomery, Birmingham or Huntsville, and see how much ignorance and illiteracy there is among the timber depredators and those charged with other offenses. You will be appalled to find out that people with so much uncouth illiteracy, that some of them live so near the Capital City. Go out just a few miles from one of our most noted seats of learning and great will be your astonishment that ignorance so gross exists. I do not write to condemn one thing our superintendent of education is doing, for he works faithfully, but the causes of which I speak are beyond his control, nor can he remedy the defects, but it must be done by our people as a whole. By the votes, by the legislators. I do not say we have not advanced some in educational matters, but not one-tenth of what remains to be done. Other states are far ahead of us, yet a large majority have not natural advantages that our great state has. In view of the many facts that I know of Alabama's illiteracy, and how so many feel in regard to educating their children, how utterly indifferent a large number of our people are, I am forced to the conclusion that we should have a compulsory educational law. After being in different parts of the state and knowing whereof I speak, I do not believe we will rise very fast from our present state of illiteracy unless we adopt a compulsory educational system. Some may object for the reason that we have not the funds to maintain such a law. But with the plan I shall suggest, I think we could have a six month's school in all school localities. There are two things necessary:

1. We must pray the federal government to donate all public lands in the state for common school purposes.

2. Some of our school laws, they must be either changed by amendment, or by the adoption of a new constitution by having a constitutional convention. Some may object to the plan proposed, but suggest a better one. Surely no broad-minded, liberal person who has the interest of the youth of our state at heart will object to a feasible plan for their good. Statesmanship will not lower itself, not to acquiesce, but will aid, while the hands of partisanship will work against the uplifting and upbuilding of human nature. No true man, but that will do all he can to take our state from its present low state of illiteracy and place it upon a higher plane of general education.

I have failed to obtain the exact number of acres of public lands in the state, but it is estimated at 800,000 acres. This land, at $2 per acre, would be worth $1,600,000. The timber alone on most of this land is worth $2 per acre. Now, some laws must either be amended, or changed by a new constitution. The laws where fees are now made by officeholders, must be changed so that the fee system shall continue, but the officeholder shall receive a salary, while the difference obtained in fees shall go to an educational fund. The following statement may not be exactly correct, but I do not think I miss it very much, any way, it will serve as a guide. Any one thoroughly informed may make the correct deductions. I base my figures upon averages, and estimate that way. In the state we have the following officers:

BY FEES.

	Av. salary.	Total
66 Probate Judges....	$4,000	$264,000
66 County Clerks......	1,500	99,000
66 County Solicitors...	*2,500	143,000
66 County Sheriffs.....	4,000	264,000
13 Circuit Judges......	*2,500	32,500
13 Circuit Solicitors...	*2,500	32,500
10 City Judges........	5,000	50,000
4 Chancellors........	2,500	10,000
3 Supreme Judges...	3,600	10,800
		$905,800

* Receive salary

BY THE SALARY SYSTEM.

	Each	
66 Probate Judges....	$3,000	$198,000
66 County Clerks......	1,000	66,000
66 County Solicitors...	1,500	99,000
66 County Sheriff......	2,000	132,000
13 Circuit Judges......	2,000	26,000
13 Solicitors........	2,000	26,000
10 City Judges........	2,000	20,000
4 Chancellors.........	2,200	8,800
3 Supreme Judges...	3,500	10,500
		$586,300

State expenses by present system..................	$905,800
By salary system..............	586,300
Amount saved for educational funds..............	$319,500
From public lands..............	1,600,000
Taxes by the action of the Hundley amendment......	400,000
State appropriations.........	350,000
Total..............................	$2,669,500

There is still another field to save money for the state. It is the office of magistrate. It is well known that that office affords practice for iniquity and large burdens are each year placed upon the state by the many of these officers. The state is frequently defrauded of her just dues by the avariciousness of many magistrates. I am satisfied that this is another office that should be placed upon a salary basis and a better qualification either for election or appointment should exist. I firmly believe that $500,000 annually could be saved the state if this office was better regulated. This, with the amount we already had,

	$2,669,500
	500,000
	$3,169,500

making over three million dollars for a school fund, or rather the basis for three million dollars for this fund, as all of it would not be in actual cash but it would furnish a capital of that amount to work upon. This would give us ample funds for a compulsory educational law, and no state in the union needs it more than Alabama. I have stated the figures as a basis to work upon, it may be less, possibly more, but at any rate let all who are interested in the educational progress of our state study the question thoroughly and see if we have not a feasible plan to work upon. Let our thinking men, our legislators, our statesmen, our editors, and all who are interested in the cause of education go to work in this matter and lift our state from its present low scale of illiteracy.

We have a grand total of $3,169,500 as capital. Following the plan suggested to obtain a cash basis for our school system, we have the following table:

Interest from $1,600,000 at 4 per cent..........................	$64,000
Amount saved by officials placed upon salary list estimated (low estimate, perhaps more).....................	319,500
Taxes from Hundley amendment....................	400,000
Magistrates' office made to pay into educational fund.	500,000
State appropriations.........	350,000
Poll tax list.................	200,000
	$1,833,500

Here are nearly two million dollars. A fund that would give our state ample facilities to improve our common school educational system. Let us have this matter thoroughly discussed, and if we have any statesmen in Alabama worthy the name, let them step forth and help to accomplish what we need so badly.

EDWARD L. PATTON.

New England Cotton Mills.

It is estimated by gentlemen interested in the short time movement that 5,000,000 cotton spindles in New England will be idle during July and August. The estimate is based upon an actual stoppage of four weeks. Mr. Curry, treasurer of the Fiskdale mills, in attendance at the meeting of the Arkwright club to consider the question of curtailing New England cotton production, said: "Although no decision has as yet been reached, it is my opinion that the New England cotton mills will today decide on a partial shut down, say from one to two months, to exhaust surplus stocks, the surplus being so greatly in excess of the demand."

Killed by Concussion.

A terrific storm of wind, lightning and rain passed over Kender, ten miles north of New Orleans, Tuesday morning about 8 o'clock. R. W. Cartehay, telegraph operator, was standing in the front doorway at his boarding house, watching the storm, when a bolt of lightning struck the casement of the door and knocked Cartehay back into the hall, where he fell dead. He was not struck, but was killed by the terrible concussion of the lightning, which struck within a foot or two of him. The unfortunate man is a stranger and, except a sister living in Montana, whose address is unknown, he has never spoken of his relatives.

Supposed Counterfeiters Caught.

For several days spurious coin has been turning up in various parts of Nashville; at the same time advices were received from Birmingham to be on the lookout for shovers of the queer. At 10 o'clock Thursday night J. B. Chodrick was arrested. Several spurious dollars were found on his person and his room on High street was searched and thirty-five bad dollars were found together with $25 in small good coin, evidently taken in as change. Some implements for counterfeiting were captured. G. S. Scott was later arrested. Both men claim to be from Birmingham and say they ran a boarding house and got the queer coin in pay for board.

A Gushing Oil Well.

The gushing well that was struck Tuesday on the Beatty farm, near Burrville, Tenn., as reported in the Chattanooga Times, is owned by Mr. Dana, of Pennsylvania, and a syndicate. Oil was struck at 285 feet. The well is in the river bottom on the east fork of the Olney river. Oil men pronounce the oil of excellent quality, probably superior to that at Bob's Bar. There are two other wells in the vicinity, one drilled by the Wile-Block company and the other by A. J. Appleby, which are expected to "come in" in a day or two. Four other wells are under way.

Cuban Expedition Nipped.

Key West, Fla., was thrown into a fever of excitement Friday evening by the arrival of the steamer City of Richmond, with all passengers and a prize crew from the revenue cutter Winona on board. At 10 p. m. the steamer Three Friends was coming up the harbor with an officer from the cutter on board. No particulars were obtained, as no one was allowed on board. The failure of the expedition is due to the prompt action of the customs officials.

Found Dead on the Track.

The remains of a negro were found on the railway track Tuesday morning between Merristown, Tenn., and Alpha, and it is thought that he was killed and his body placed there to hide a crime. Two strange negroes have been arrested on suspicion. Nothing was found whereby the body could be identified, for it was literally cut to pieces and scattered over a considerable distance.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

BLOODY BATTLE IN KENTUCKY.

Sail Boat Capsizes; Several Persons Drowned—A Double Assassination in Arkansas—Arrested for Robbing a Postoffice—Cotton Mills Curtail Production.

Near Montpelier, Vt., two men were killed and three injured in a rear end collision on the Central Vermont railroad.

A serious conflict has taken place between Servian officials and Montenegrins at Kursamlija. Several persons were killed and wounded on both sides.

A young man named Hutchens, near Ore Bank, Tenn., accidentally shot himself in the abdomen with a shot gun. It is not known yet whether he can recover or not.

Fire Friday afternoon destroyed the twenty lumber mills of Carson & Weidler in North Portland, Ore. The loss is estimated at $300,000, with a moderate insurance.

A two-story building at Knoxville, Tenn., collapsed and fell to the ground. The cause is said to have been the digging of a trench for a water main near the building.

A dispatch from Beyrout, Syria, says that during the recent fighting between the Turks and the insurgent Druses in the Hauran districts, the former lost 500 men killed.

James Romey, aged 44, shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide at New London, Conn., Sunday. Unfaithfulness on the part of the wife was given as the cause.

A gasoline explosion at Plainfield, N. J., Sunday caused the death of Miss Alice Morcum, aged 15. Mrs. Gertrude Peterson was probably fatally burned by the same explosion.

The British, led by Captain Laing, have routed the Matabeles at Belingwe, killing the famous chief, Solomon, and three of his sons, together with 250 of their followers. Umtali station is now safe.

The big pottery of Richard C. Ramy & Son, located in Kensington, Pa., was destroyed by fire Tuesday. The loss on stock and building will amount to $75,000, partially insured. Nearly 100 hands are thrown out of employment.

Last Monday night while Duke Graham and Tony Dice were in a boat on Silver Springs Run, near Ocala, Fla., spearing fish, they were fired on from ambush. Graham was killed and Dice wounded. Henry Howell has been arrested on suspicion.

Charles J. Rolfe of Cambridge and Miss Josephine Jefferson, daughter of Charles B. Jefferson, oldest son of the actor, Joseph Jefferson, were married at Buzzard's Bay, Mass., at the home of the bride at noon Monday. Mrs. Cleveland was present.

Judge Cowing in the New York court of general sessions Monday morning sentenced William Turner and William Robert Dunlop to nine years each in the state's prison on their plea of guilty of stealing $60,000 worth of jewelry from I. Townsend Burden.

Archibald Brady, cashier of the Charlotte (N. C.) Loan and Savings bank, has a shortage on his books of about $4,500. It has been made good by Mr. Brady's relatives. He has been removed as cashier and the solvency of the bank is not affected in the least.

Judge Newman of the federal court for the northern district of Georgia, sitting in Atlanta, removed Judge Bigby as receiver of the Eagle and Phenix mills at Columbus, Ga. This action was taken on the ground that the receiver was a large stockholder in the property and had been president.

Advices from San Bernardina ranch, Arizona, say that Lieuts. Averill and Rice, with two companies of cavalry and sixty scouts, including White Mountain, Yuma and Papago Indians, have been joined by Mexican troops and are now going south through Sonora.

Postoffice Inspector Whiteside has received a telegram from Inspector Gillespie, of Columbia, S. C., stating that he had caused the arrest Monday evening of Alex Richardson, son of the postmaster at Nelson, S. C., for robbing the mails, and that it was a splendid catch.

Every mine in the camp at Leadville, Col., was closed down Tuesday night; six large properties and several smaller ones having shut down during the day. The action was the result of the meeting of operators Monday, whereat the increase of wages demanded by the miners was refused.

A special from Clarksville, Tenn., says that Oscar Baker and a young man named Shultz had a fight over a game of baseball Wednesday near Cadiz, Ky. During the fight Baker brained Shultz with a baseball bat and it is reported that Shultz is dead. Baker is said to have fled the country.

"Bob" Gray, the genial Chattanooga hardware drummer, was very painfully injured in a runaway accident Thursday. While driving from Jamestown to Rugby Road the team of mules became unmanageable and ran away. Mr. Gray jumped from the vehicle and broke his right ankle. He was taken to Chattanooga.

The directors of the Naumkeag mills, Salem, Mass., have decided to further curtail production by shutting down No. 3 mill. No. 5 has been closed since the 1st of the month. This shut down will take effect Monday next and will reduce the total production about one-half. The company's older mills will run four days a week.

P. B. Evans, of Utica, O., Thursday night shot and killed James Arrington, one of a party which came to ring bells on account of the marriage of Evans' daughter. Arrington had a wife and two children. The party had been ordered off the premises, but said they would go when the bride and groom appeared. This angered Evans.

On Clover Fork, in Harlan county, Ky., six miles above Harlan court house, one of the bloodiest battles of late years took place with John Pace, Irvin Cornett and Harrison Cornett on one side, and George Dean, William Stewart and Save Eldridge on the other. Dean and Eldridge were killed. The slayers have all been arrested. The fight is the result of an old feud.

Captain Turner, with a British patrol, made an attack Wednesday upon a native kraal at the Beatrice mine. The Mashonas resisted the attack and poured a heavy fire into the patrol, compelling Captain Turner to abandon his wagons and retreat. He was successful in saving his ammunition. The men comprising the patrol declare that trained white soldiers are assisting the Mashonas.

Steamboat Inspectors Johnson and Nicholson have made public their decision as to the responsibility for the collision at Newport News several weeks ago between the Wyanoke of the Old Dominion line and United States cruiser Columbia, by which the former was sunk. They revoke the license of the captain of the Wyanoke, W. H. Jenny, "for unskillfulness and endangering life."

A fire started in the millinery store of Annie Denton, Point Pleasant, W. Va., Thursday evening and spread to Horf's opera house, Harper Bros.' furniture store, Rayburn's insurance office, Dr. Petty's dwelling and office, R. S. Bickles' dwelling, Filsen Bros.' hardware store, Davis' meat market and Steinbach's barber shop, all of which were totally consumed. Loss, $109,000; insurance small.

Samuel Cochran, an old and highly respected citizen of Washington county, Tennessee, Wednesday evening was riding a young horse along the public road when the animal became frightened and threw him off. His foot hung in the stirrup of his saddle. In this condition he was dragged by the running horse about 200 yards. The horse was stopped and Mr. Cochran's foot disengaged, but he only lived a few minutes.

A double assassination occurred near Noble Sawbaka, Ark., Monday night. John Jones and James Allman, a neighbor, were sitting on the front porch of Jones' house, when a rifle ball fired from ambush, struck Jones in the neck, severing the jugular vein and killing him almost instantly. Twenty shots were fired into the house and Allman probably fatally wounded. There is great excitement, but no clue to the assassins.

Miss Lydia Bowshe, aged 64, was struck by the limited train, southbound, on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton road at Lima, O., Thursday morning. She was walking on the track and her head was crushed into a shapeless mass. The fireman on the train which killed her was her nephew. Robert Watt, an umbrella mender from New York, went to sleep on the track and had his skull fractured by a local freight, near the same place.

By the capsizing of a sail boat at Clearwater lake, near Annadale, Minn., Thursday morning, Mr. John U. Putnam, bookkeeper for J. Q. Adams of the cotton exchange, Indianapolis, his sister, Misss Anna T. Putnam, employed in the Minneapolis kindergarten; Miss Bessie Newhall of Minneapolis and Mr. Sherman of St. Paul were drowned. The party was out for a sail, and had proceeded not more than 100 yards from shore when a gale struck them.

Receiver John K. Cowen, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, announced Thursday that the company would default on the semi-annual interest of 3 per cent on the $3,000,000 preferred stock of that corporation, due on July 1. The trustees of John Hopkins university own $1,1000,000 of these securities, the major portion of the remainder being held by Baltimore financial institutions. The holders claim that the interest on the stock is a first lien on the gross receipts of the company, and will ask the courts to compel the receivers to pay it.

CHASING A FILIBUSTERER.

The McLane Overhauls the Commodore, but Releases Her.

When the steamer Commodore left Port Tampa Thursday afternoon she was followed by the revenue cutter McLane, the latter having orders to stop the suspected filibuster. When Captain Morton of the Commodore saw the McLane in pursuit he crowded on steam and a lively race began. As the Commodore gained the McLane sent four solid shot after the filibuster and the latter came to. The McLane's commander searched the Commodore, but nothing contraband was found. The Commodore was allowed to go and the McLane started back to port. Six miles down the bay, however, the Commodore came to and was approached by three schooners. Nearly 100 men and scores of boxes of arms and ammunition were transferred from the schooners to the Commodore. The McLane's commander saw the transfer by means of his glasses and again pursued the Commodore. The McLane gained at first and fired on the Commodore repeatedly, but the shots fell short. The powerful engines of the Commodore soon told, however, and she began to forge ahead. When the boats passed St. Petersburg the Commodore was leading the McLane six miles. As the McLane has no coast pilot she will have to lay to during the night, and this will enable the Commodore to make good her escape.

Filibustering Expedition.

Another alleged filibustering expedition succeeded in starting to Cuba from Key West Tuesday night. A large amount of merchandise, practically heavy cases, were put aboard the steamship City of Key West, while the Cuban band gave a concert which was largely attended. The concert was given to attract the crowd and thus enable the members of the expedition to put the cases on board the steamer without attracting much attention. The City of Key West put to sea before day with a party of Cubans and thirty-six men on board in addition to the cases supposed to contain arms and ammunition. It is supposed here that the City of Key West will meet the steamer Three Friends outside the three mile limit and transfer to her the passengers and cargo. The expediton is in charge of a young American who is an experienced filibusterer.

Badly Hurt in a Runaway.

At Summertown, Lawrence county, Tennessee, a horse ran away today with a buggy containing B. T. Bobert and his wife, an aged couple. They were thrown out and fearfully injured, though it is hoped not fatally.

IT SOUNDS LIKE A MIRACLE.

ONE OF THE BRAVE BOYS IN GRAY RELATES A REMARKABLE STORY.

Mr. C. L. Farris, While a Member of the 38th Mississippi Infantry, Contracts Disease and Suffers for Years—He Finally Recovers, and Tells the Story of His Cure.

From Commercial-Appeal, Memphis, Tenn.

What in many respects is a remarkable cure has been effected in Hinds County, Miss., near the thriving little town of Utica.

Mr. C. L. Farris lives at Duke, a postoffice seven miles from Utica, and at the present time he is an object of considerable curiosity throughout the community, for it was he who was cured of a chronic case of rheumatism of over thirty years' standing.

A Commercial-Appeal reporter having been detailed to see Mr. Farris, drove out to his store at Duke. Mr. Farris, who is postmaster, was busy working up the mail, but as soon as he had finished he acceded very cheerfully to an interview.

Mr. Farris is 62 years of age, but one would never suspect that he carries so many years upon his shoulders, for he is as erect, his step is as springy and his eye as bright as if he were only half that age. He is a perfect picture of hearty old manhood.

"To begin with," said he, "I suppose you want to know how I was cured of rheumatism? Well, it was remarkable. I had almost given up all hope of every being cured. Why, sometimes I couldn't walk for weeks at a time. I suffered constantly and was never entirely free from it.

"I had tried two specialists in New Orleans, one in Vicksburg, one in Atlanta and two in New York and never gained anything more from them than temporary relief, sometimes not that.

"One day I was reading a newspaper—I forget now which one—and my attention was attracted by an article on Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It stated that they were good for rheumatism and I determined to get some of them and see if there was any virtue in them. I went to Vicksburg two days later and purchased six boxes, and after taking the pills according to directions, the severe attack of rheumatism I was then suffering from vanished, and I have never felt a twinge of it since, and that has been over a year ago.

"Write you a letter for publication? Why certainly, with pleasure. It will be nothing more than common humanity to sufferers from rheumatism to let them know how they can be cured."

Mr. Farris went to his desk and after writing a few minutes handed the reporter the following:

DUKE, HINDS CO., MISS., Jan. 2, '96.

"This is to certify that I contracted rheumatism during the war, in 1862, while a member of the Thirty-eighth Mississippi Infantry, C. S. A., and up to a year ago I was a constant sufferer from it, sometimes being unable to walk. The first attack confined me to my bed for three months.

"About eighteen months ago I saw an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which stated that they were a sure cure for rheumatism. I decided to get some of them and so the next time I went to Vicksburg I bought six boxes. I began taking them according to directions and by the time I had taken the six boxes the rheumatism went away and I have never felt a particle of it since.

"I know that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are responsible for the cure. It has been over a year since I took the pills and I firmly believe I am permanently cured.

"I take pleasure in recommending them to all who suffer from rheumatism, and feel confident that if taken according to directions, they will cure any case of the kind. I have taken probably a barrel of medicine and have tried every specialist of note in New Orleans, Vicksburg, Atlanta and New York and have been kept poor scratching around to get money to pay them with, and I never got any relief until I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. C. L. FARRIS."

Messrs. Terrell Bros., druggists, of Utica, corroborate in every detail the statement and letter of Mr. Farris, and added that since his wonderful cure their sale for Pink Pills had been something phenomenal and a number of people had used them not only for rheumatism, but for extreme nervousness, and a number of other disorders, and all had derived great benefit from them.

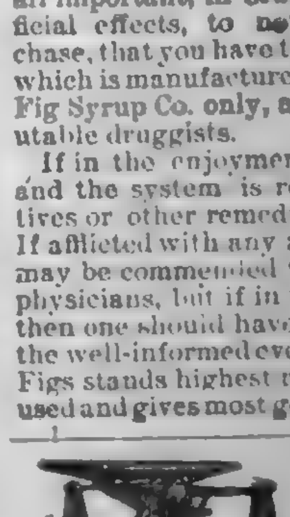
Dr. G. W. Ellis and Messrs. S. E. Dudley & Son, the other druggists of Utica, gave substantially the same testimony as the Messrs. Terrell, and all spoke very highly of Mr. Farris and his standing in the community. Every one of them said that Mr. Farris's statement would sooner be accepted by the people of Utica and the surrounding country than any one else they knew of.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk, or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



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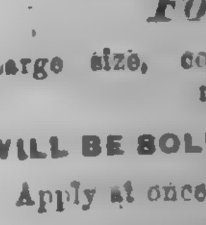

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OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 27. 1896.

Washing windows

is another one of the things that Pearline (use without soap) does best. With that, the glass is never cloudy—is always clear and bright. Washing it is less trouble, of course—but that is the case with everything that is washed with Pearline.

And about the sashes and the frames; remember that Pearline, when it takes the dirt off, leaves the paint on. Haven't you noticed that certain imitations are not so particular about this? 497

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1896. NO. 37

MR. PEFFER SPEAKS.

CHARGES THAT BONDS WERE ILLEGALLY USED.

Stands for a Paper Money That Needs No Redeemer And That Will Be Good as Long as the Republic Lasts.

Senator Peffer addressed the senate May 28 on the Butler bond bill, and the following appeared in his remarks:

The discussion that has followed the introduction of the bill has taken a very wide range. Silver in all its phases has been discussed ably. Gold monometallism has been treated with considerable ability. Both sides of almost every economic question have been considered. But the only argument which has been presented in opposition to the passage of the bill was that of the senator from New York, Mr. Hill, which was that it is a popular measure.

It appears that the time has come in our history when in the American senate the merits of a measure are to be determined by the politics of the senator who proposes it. I ask if that is democracy, if that is republicanism, that because a senator who is the equal of all his colleagues introduces a bill touching upon a particular line of [illegible] politics it must be discarded, it must be hounded and beaten and abused and ridiculed without touching the merits of the subject involved?

"I assert, Mr. president, that in all of our eventful history no president before the year 1894 ever undertook to sell a government note or a government bond without express authority of congress before that time enacted.

* * *

"This bill has been treated by senators as if were the first of the kind ever proposed. But that is error. We—and when I use the word 'we' I do not use it editorially, but I mean those of us who are charged with the paternity of bills of this kind—have not been derelict in our duty. The senator from North Carolina, Mr. Butler, coming here nearly two years after the bond-trading business began, very properly seized the first opportunity to press the subject on the attention of the senate, and it is greatly to his credit that he has been able to accomplish so much this soon. I allude to the matter only for the purpose of calling attention to the fact that early, even before the first sale was made, immediately, the next day after the proposition to sell was made, I offered a resolution reciting the facts and asserting as the sense of the senate that the whole proceeding was in violation of law. The next day I addressed the senate on the subject. A few days later the senator from Nebraska, Mr. Allen, delivered a forcible argument to show that such issue of bonds is illegal, and we have not lost an opportunity from that time until the present to denounce the whole proceeding as a grievous usurpation of power.

* * *

"Not only have the bonds been illegally issued, but there was no necessity for their issue, because there was an abundance of funds in the treasury at the time of the sale of the bonds to pay every debt that was due from the United States, whether we paid it in gold or in silver. There was an abundance of coin in the treasury with which to redeem all the greenbacks which had been offered at that time, so that, absolutely and positively no necessity for the issuance of bonds existed, except only to accommodate the speculators in New York and London.

"In proof of that—it is not a mere idle assertion—I took occasion in a speech, delivered by me January 15 last, to collect the figures from the treasury. It appears that, beginning in 1879 with $128,000,000, we go on down to 1894, when there was $154,000,000. In 1889 there was $229,000,000; in 1890, $249,000,000, the largest amount in any one year. Then we come down to the last of January, 1895, with $51,000,000. On the last of January, 1894, when the first of the last three issues was made, there was $65,000,000 of gold coin lying in the treasury.

"It may seem almost revolutionary, and I have no doubt that if my good friend the senator from Connecticut, Mr. Hawley, were here he would regard it as revolutionary, as infamous, and anarchistic, but I yet insist with all candor, with all earnestness, and with a patriotic devotion which I do not believe any senator will doubt, that there was no other demand upon the treasury at the time when the bond issues were made, except alone, from the speculators in Wall street, New York, and their confreres in the city of London, on the other side of the Atlantic. I have asserted again and again that the United States government has been forced into partnership with these men, that we are in fact the silent partner. We are expected only to tax the people and raise the money that these men want.

The only need that the government has for money is to pay its debts. We promised to pay our debts in coin, and I have shown by the figures that we had an abundance of coin to do it.

* * *

"The only trouble—and the president of the United States is right about it—comes from the demand for gold, and it is not because the people of the United States demand gold—I mean the great body of the people of the country. They are not asking for gold. They care nothing about gold coin. Probably ninety-nine out of every hundred would be unable to distinguish at first sight between a quarter eagle and a half eagle in gold coin. The demand for gold comes from one class exclusively, and that is the speculative class—the money changers, the bankers, and, it is an ugly term to use, the gold gamblers. I can not think of a better word to use, because it is gambling, the same as gambling on a stock exchange or a race course.

* * *

"The object of the pending bill is to stop that kind of work, to tie the hands of the president, if he cannot use them in accordance with the law which he has held up his hand and sworn before God faithfully to execute. We—perhaps I had better speak for myself—I denounced it upon this floor as a usurpation of authority for which, if it had been perpetrated in the better and earlier days of the republic, the guilty one would have been impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors. I heard a democrat senator say on this floor, 'why do you not impeach him?' This is not the place to impeach him. At the time the bonds were issued the president was democratic, the senate was democratic, the house of representatives was democratic by a large majority, and there is the place to begin impeachment proceedings.

"But it is said, and that comes chiefly from this side of the chamber, from old veteran Republicans, that this bill is opening up the avenue to repudiation, that it means repudiation. I appeal to senators, especially to Republicans, a class of men with whom many of the best years of my life were spent, and not until the last six or eight years did I feel it to be my duty to separate from them on account of the tendency of that great organization toward the policy we are now pursuing. They charge me, and they charge the rest of us in this chamber who are Populists, with attempted repudiation. No, Mr. President, the legislature that sent me to this body was composed almost wholly of men who had been Republicans within two years. There were ninety-five Populists in the house of representatives. Every one of them voted for me. Out of the ninety-five populists eighty-three had been active, earnest Republicans up to and after the year 1888. They and I all voted for Benjamin Harrison. Out of those eighty-three old Republicans forty-one had spent from two and one-half to three of the best years of their lives in the Union army, in our great struggle to suppress the most tremendous rebellion known in human history. All of my ambition is to serve this great country. There is nothing that I venerate more highly, more intensely than I do the flag of our country. The great body of the Populist party in the Northern and Western states were Republicans only a few years ago, and there are more old Union soldiers in our party to-day in proportion to the aggregate membership than there is in the great organization of Republicans.

"I resent that imputation indignantly. It is unworthy of the senator from Connecticut (Mr. Hawley) and the other senators who have uttered the sentiment upon this floor. I have said, and I do now say, that you men who are insisting upon this policy will drive the people to repudiation in the end. I would stop repudiation; I would stop all dishonor; I would stop all revolution, by taking from the hands of the usurpers the power they are improperly exercising. That is the object of the bill. I have said upon the public platform, in the presence of the people, as I say here in the senate, that this proceeding is not only without authority of law, but it is one of the most dangerous proceedings, the most dangerous exercise of power that has ever befallen the American people.

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"Populists want no reserve fund to redeem their money—no redemption fund for the benefit of stock brokers and banking syndicates. We believe government paper is a safer money than metal of any kind. We want government paper, not bank notes; we want money that is as good as the nation's credit—money that needs no redeemer; money as good in the hands of the poor as in the tills of the rich; money worth its face in the products of labor; money that will not slink away when trouble comes; money that speculators cannot corner; money that will pay debts and taxes; money based on the people's property and the public credit, money that the government will receive at par; money that will be good as long as the republic endures."

They Are.

The Hartford Courant says: "Connecticut capitalists have one hundred million dollars loaned in the west, and don't propose to have it paid back in 53c dollars," and then it threatens, for said capitalists, that it won't lend any more. Is the Courant aware that according to the republican platform of 1880 "the dollars" these same capitalists loaned were only "35c dollars?" Is it not also aware that the purchasing power of the dollar these capitalists have been getting in interest on this hundred million is more than double the dollar they loaned? They demand a dollar with 200 cents in it in pay for the 35c dollar they loaned, and then console themselves with the idea that they are "honest," and that these wicked farmers out west are trying to cheat them.—Daily Citizen, Naugatuck, Conn.

The National Game.

The game of baseball was fifty years old last week, the first match game having been played at Hoboken, N. J., on June 19, 1846, between the Knickerbocker and New York clubs Previous to that time townball had been the great game, but some of the devotees got their heads together and evolved a series of rules which changed the sport so materially that they decided to call it baseball. The first team was organized on Sept. 23, 1845, but it was not until the following June that a match game was played.

SURRENDER TO ENGLAND.

The Republican national platform endeavors to tire the reader with a lot of rot about tariff and reciprocity, and then shows the dominating influence behind the once great party of Abraham Lincoln when it says in substance: "The Republican party is unreservedly in favor of English money and against American money. It caused the establishment of the English system by the act of 1873, and since then every American dollar has been as hard to get as an English dollar. We are unalterably opposed to every effort to turn the silver in American mines into money; we prefer to borrow of England. We are therefore opposed to free coinage except by the consent of England. All our money must be as good as gold, notwithstanding the fact that that form of money has given to the world such monstrocities among nations as Turkey, Persia, Arabia, Egypt and Greece, whose people have long since been enslaved, and notwithstanding the fact that Italy, Austria, Germany, Russia, England, France and the United States are marching toward the same sad destiny. In short, we want a currency system that will make paupers by the millions and millionaires by the score."

TREASON OF 1896.

Article I. Section 3 of the United States Constitution says: "Congress shall have the power to coin money and regulate the value thereof." Notice that it says, "regulate the value." Now the republican platform says that the constitution is all wrong and that congress cannot and shall not "regulate the value" of money. Nowadays it must be done by international agreement only. Shades of Washington. Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln behold the fruits of Yorktown and New Orleans. Behold the deadly treason to a constitution baptized by the blood of countless heroes and sustained by the blood of martyrs; behold the realization of William Pitt's prophecy in the English parliament 108 years ago that "America would be more profitable as a financial dependency than as a political dependency." Are the American people going to support such a treasonable platform? The man who can see it in any other than a treasonable light must be an idiot. If the spirit of '76 is sufficiently strong there will be another Yorktown in November.

COST OF A CAMPAIGN.

TO CONDUCT A PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN NOWADAYS.

Where the Money Comes From—Who Pays It and What They Pay It For—Why So Much Money Is Used.

Topeka Co-Operator: Although most of us have an idea that millions of dollars will be spent in electing the next president of the United States, few can say definitely where the money is to come from, who will collect it and how it will be spent. The record of these transactions is not kept for obvious reasons, but it can be dispensed with. Methods do not vary.

When the national committees of the two old parties assemble after the conventions make the nominations, the first thing to be done is to estimate the expense of managing the campaign. These expenses run into a fortune.

Therefore they will make a list of the very rich men whose interests are most affected by the result. To these men the chairman sends personal letters asking for subscription.

The Twentieth Century says William C. Whitney is expected to contribute $50,000 to his party fund, or his backers do it for him. But the most expedient method is to have the trust magnates from a pool and make the raise by themselves in one great amount. The Pennsylvania manufacturers, led by Tom Dolan, will organize a committee and agree to raise a million among themselves for the Republican fund. John Wanamaker raised $400,000 all by himself in 1892.

As a rule the tariff barons are expected to hand over two millions, because they are great beneficiaries when the Republicans are in office. The different trusts are then dealt with separately. For instance, the sugar trust will pay half a million to the national committee, receiving in return a pledge not to be interfered with should the party attain power. A concern like the sugar trust pays money to both the old parties and then does not bother its head about the result of the campaign.

But sometimes two trusts find their interests opposed. Thus the beef trust cannot contemplate without a shiver some legislation which the sugar trust wants. Thereupon the two bid against each other, for the support of the party most likely to win. That is why the Republicans have so much money just now. There is a general impression that the next president will be a Republican, and all the corruptionists are hastening to secure the friendship of that party.

Here we have the real explanation of the growth of civil service reform. In former years the parties found their chief revenues in struggles for office. The only rewards of victory were the emoluments of office and the opportunities of robbing the treasury. But with the growth of trusts, the creations of vast monopolies and the necessity of securing the franchises, the politicians began to find that the rank and file of the offices were poor gain. What the politicians found important was the possession of the executive and legislative branches of the government. Therefore the clerkships and inspectorships and the police and postoffice positions have been allowed to pass under civil service regulation. They do not yield the rich rewards to be gained by betraying the people to the capital.

Many people do not understand this and are ill-informed enough to imagine that politicians want the offices. What politicians want is power. Some of our most influential politicians care very little whether they are in office or not.

When the vast campaign fund has been collected it is distributed among the doubtful states. A good organizer forms a campaign club. He inveigles a lot of young counter skippers and ill-informed wage earners who are given uniforms and torches or gewgaws of the kind and are sent parading and attending mass meetings in order to catch voters as addle-headed as themselves. The politicians pay for the noisy work, such as printing, music, hall hiring and so on, but their chief expenditure is in the bribing of voters.

It is getting to be difficult, however, to bribe voters owing to the great improvement of late years in our election laws. Consequently most of the money goes to individuals who control voters, to saloon keepers, to stump orators and to the general run of shady characters so numerous during a presidential year. The papers are heavy subsidies. This money is never paid out openly as a bribe. It takes the form of payment for advertisements, of purchasing stock, of purchases of whole campaign editions and of the bills contracted in collecting "campaign material." The wonder is that many newspapers have any influence at all upon voters, but for some unfathomable reason they do.

In round numbers the political parties spend about twenty million dollars, directly or indirectly, in electing the president. That is little more than a dollar and a half for each voter in the land. When the campaign is over we poor, idiotic citizens of the United States wonder why the country seems to belong to the plutocrats. The country belongs to the plutocrats because they have bought it and paid for it.

Strikers Replaced by Machinery.

Promoters of strikes argue to their comrades that unsuccessful efforts are nevertheless ultimately beneficial; but study of the subject has led me to take the opposite view, viz.: that all strikes of skilled workmen are, in the end, harmful to the participants. No one single cause has done more, in my opinion, to hasten the introduction of entirely automatic machinery in operations where a certain degree of skilled labor was considered indispensable than strikes on the part of such skilled employes. Numerous instances might be recalled where large manufacturers have, on account of strikes, cheerfully expended immense sums of money in perfecting automatic machinery, not primarily to effect economy in wages, but as an assurance against future danger from such causes. A notable instance of this nature occurred a few years ago at one of the largest iron and steel works in the world. In a certain department specially skilled men were able to make wages which now seem incredible. They were, however, paid a percentage upon the tonnage and, owing to enormous output, the profits of these operatives exceeded in some years that of many successful manufacturers having large capital at stake. These men considered themselves indispensable and struck, not for higher wages or shorter hours, but at the dictation of outsiders. When work was resumed they found their occupations gone forever. Automatic machinery had supplanted the former skilled labor.—Popular Science Monthly.

Homes and Patriotism.

Before the French revolution 12,000 men owned all the land of France. Now she numbers 3,222,000 free holders. In England 180,000 persons own all the land, and the proportion of paupers is 23 per England to one in France. If our people desire to save themselves from the fate of English pauperism they will have to begin the work of salvation by adopting the New Zealand graduated land tax laws, which will speedily emancipate them from extortionate land rents, and give every industrious prudent man a chance to secure a holding somewhat larger than a cemetery lot—a home the great incentive to patriotism.—The Call.

A Village Rising Bell.

For more than twenty years Bowmansville, Pa., has had what is known as a village bell. It is swung between two high upright poles and was paid for by public subscription. Every day the bell is rung three times—at 5:30 o'clock a. m., 11 o'clock a. m., and 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The leading object of its ringing is to announce to farmers and other working people the time of day. The first bell in the morning at Bowmansville is the signal for the people to arise and in the summer most of the residents are out that early. The 11 o'clock bell announces that it is time to leave the fields and prepare for dinner. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon they prepare for supper.—Correspondence Philadelphia Record.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

NAVIGATION ON THE COOSA RIVER.

Slight Advance for Iron and Steel Workers—Boiler Explodes with Fatal Results—Laborers Returning from Guatemala—Huntsville's New Flour Mill Progressing.

DeKalb Is Dry.

Crops in DeKalb county are suffering very badly for rain and the berry crop is ruined.

Lumber Fire at Brewton.

The dry kiln of the Harold Mill company, at Brewton, together with a considerable quantity of lumber was destroyed by fire Tuesday. The loss will be about $50,000; no insurance.

Cherokee County Items.

The residence of E. Hooke, of Mento, and contents were destroyed on Tuesday by fire. A fine mare belonging to Charles Canin, while plowing got her hind leg tangled up in a barbed wire fence and almost severed it from the body.

Tuscaloosa News.

The residence of G. A. Reveire was partially destroyed by fire, caused by a defective flew.

Sam Little, colored, aged 10 years, was drowned in the Warrior river yesday by his playmates. They ducked him until he was strangled to death.

Two Residences Burned.

Opelika was visited by a destructive fire Friday night. The residence occupied by Dr. A. B. Bennett and Patrolman John Graves were consumed. The buildings were among the most attractive in the city, and the loss will aggregate about $3,5oo, with insurance for two-thirds their value.

Dog—Wagon Spoke—Dead Negro.

On Thursday James Jackson, colored, killed another negro, Ed Blanch, by hitting him on the head with a wagon spoke at Tom Peacher's store in one of Montgomery's suburbs, Boguehoma, all about a dog. Jackson was caught and jailed. He is reputed to be a hard case. His brother is serving a life sentence in the coal mines for killing a negro woman in Montgomery some years ago.

Hit by a Posse.

John Holman was shot at and, it is said, hit by a posse under Bailiff Teel in the south end of Tallapoosa county Friday. They failed to get him. He had his gun and fired back, it is said. Trouble has been brewing for some time, and news of a more serious nature may be looked for. Houses have been burned and other violations of the laws committed, and much ill-feeling is engendered.

Coming Back to Alabam'.

A large number of laborers from Gualan, Guatemala, where they have been working on a railroad, arrived at Mobile Wednesday night on the steamship Nicaragua. They deny that the railroad laborers down there have been ill-treated, but state that the country is very unhealthy and that large numbers of laborers are coming back home because the contractors have been forced to reduce expenses on account of a recent revolution among the people down there.

Unfortunate Rencountre.

A dispatch from Huntsville says news has been received there that Burt Hubert was perhaps fatally stabbed last Sunday by his brother-in-law, Tobe Connally. Mrs. George Hubert had loaned Connally her horse and buggy, which angered Burt, as he wanted them himself. An altercation resulted next day, during which Hubert started at Connally with a fence rail, and the latter stabbed him near the heart. The parties live near Moore's mill in the southeast corner of Madison.

Barnes Bound Over.

Rufus E. Barnes, the young white man who shot and killed the negro Crawford at Hall's commissary, Montgomery, Saturday night, was released on bail in the sum of $1,000 after a full and complete investigation before Justice Stokes. The magistrate, after hearing the evidence, ruled that he could not under the testimony discharge the defendant, yet he felt that the charge would not be of sufficient gravity to confine him in jail, so bail was fixed at $1,000. Barnes is a son of Detective Barnes, formerly of the Louisville and Nashville road, with headquarters in Birmingham. Mr. Barnes was present at his son's trial.

Public Spirited Negroes.

Whitfield & Williams, two enterprising and public-spirited negroes, of Scottsboro, who are in the saw mill lumber business there, have very generously offered Professor Council a car load of lumber toward the erection or rebuilding of Palmer hall at the State Normal and Industrial colored school near Huntsville. The losses from the burning of the building of Palmer hall have been adjusted and were placed at $5,338.81, which is on the building alone and does not include the worth of the many valuable books of the library. The trustees will now proceed to the work of erecting the new building.

Reports as to Crops.

Reports from Lawrence county leave no doubt that the crops are highly promising.

In Calhoun cotton is reported finer in the valley than for years and if seasons continue with no disaster the yield will exceed any crop raised in the last ten years.

In Pickens there has been too much rain during the past week. Cotton is growing luxuriantly, but it is said that it is going to weed. The corn that was planted early is not doing well.

In Bibb the crops about Centreville are not very promising just now, as there has been too much rain recently.

Huntsville's New Flour Mill.

Work is progressing rapidly on the flour mill building and it will not be a great while before the wheels will be in motion and Huntsville home-made flour of the finest quality will be pouring out at the rate of 100 barrels per day. This new enterprise will insure the best market price for Madison and adjoining counties' wheat and give a strong impetus to the increase of wheat growing in the Tennessee valley, of which Huntsville is the trade center. It will increase Huntsville's trade in all mercantile lines, for when the farmer sells his wheat he will just do his trading there, while he is at the door of all his wants in home and farm supplies.

A Game of Craps—A Knife.

A fight occurred in a grove near the new Baptist church, Gadsden, between two white men over a game of craps. One, named J. W. Buckalew, called Tom Coussey a vile name, when Coussey drew a 3-inch blade knife and cut Buckalew twice. One wound was between the seventh and eighth ribs and one between the fifth and sixth ribs. The latter one penetrated the lung. He is dangerously wounded and cannot possibly live. He has a wife and two children. Coussey is only 19 years old and has a young wife and an aged mother. He is a tough customer and seems to be unconcerned about his case. He fled, but was captured in Dwight City.

Sleeping on the Track.

Charles Denson, colored, was struck by a freight train, about one mile east of Paint Rock, Saturday afternoon, and fatally wounded. He had spent the night before in the calaboose for being drunk and disorderly, and when released Saturday morning he again loaded himself with whisky and started for his home, which is about two miles up the railroad. When struck by the train he was sitting on the end of the ties asleep, and on account of some elder bushes being near the engineer could not see him until within a few car lengths of him. The railroad company is furnishing the injured man all necessary medical attention, but little hope is entertained for his recovery.

Coosa River Navigation.

The Southern railway opened its new bridge over Coosa river Thursday and it worked without a hitch. It is expected that the government will commence work in a few days with a view of the completion of lock 4, just above the Riverside draw bridge, and with the advent of the new year steamboats may be looked for at Riverside on the Coosa, one of the nicest streams for navigation in the south, with high banks and beautiful scenery. A great transportation route for coal, iron and timber. At the present time thousands of logs in rafts are run to Riverside monthly, where they are converted into lumber to be shipped to various states by rail.

Typographical Union.

The regular monthly meeting of Birmingham Typographical Union No. 104 was held Wednesday afternoon in Erswell hall.

Among other business transacted the dues of the union were increased from 1 per cent on each dollar earned by its members to 2 per cent. This increase was brought about for the purpose of establishing a sick benefit fund for the members. The election for delegate to the International Typographical Union, which meets in Colorado Springs in October, was ordered held on the 29th instant. Considerable interest is being taken in this election. Colorado Springs is the location of the Childs-Drexel home for union printers, one of the best institutions of the kind in the United States.

Celebration at Guilford.

Ten thousand people attended the annual celebration at the historic Guilford battle ground, N. C., Saturday. The address was delivered by United States Senator Marion Butler.

OUR COUNTRY'S COMMERCE.

With the Big Cotton Crop in View Mills Close.

MARKETS ARE FLUCTUATING.

Notwithstanding an Increase of 60 Per Cent in Exports of Wheat for Five Weeks, as Compared to Last Year, No Corresponding Advance in Price Appears.

Current movements have been at largely of a temporary character or else purely speculative on the day-by-day plan that they are not highly instructive. Thus an extensive shut-down of cotton mills is solely in the hope that half production in July and August may clear a largely overstocked market. Stock fluctuations were still more ephemeral, including two sharp declines, and partial rallies within a week, both laboriously ascribed to various political causes, but mainly due to keen operators who saw a chance for a quick turn. Extended views of the half year's operations in the old branches of manufacture go far to explain numerous stoppages. In woolens they are without concert, mills waiting for orders; the sales of wool have not been a third of last year's for the same week. Prices are depressed, but still depend on foreign possibilities. In cotton goods the close of many mills, both north and south, for half of July and August is in effect a recognition of the fact that heavy stocks of goods, manufactured from cotton costing between 7½ and 8½c, could be expected to show profits if the mills go on manufacturing until a new and probably heavy crop of cotton is ready. The reduction of prices has brought out a large demand in many cases, but not enough to meet the output of the mills. A further decline in print cloths to 2½c is significant, when such production is assured.

The output of iron has largely decreased and there is a quite general stoppage of works for repairs, but the annual controversies about wages have in most cases been settled and it is believed will be settled in all without strikes.

Wheat declined 1½c and recovered 1c, but the receipts continued remarkably large. Atlantic exports show an increase and for five weeks, flour included, have been 9,847,678 bushels against 5,855,427 last year. The stocks in sight are better than a year ago and the winter wheat yields less, spring wheat seems only with fair weather to yield more than last year.

Corn promises remarkably well and also oats.

Cotton generally needs rain in parts of Texas, but the best of reports come most from other sections, and a large increase in acreage is generally reported. The closing of many mills causes another decline of a sixteenth in the price and proves that past consumption has to a considerable extent been real.

Failures for the past week have been 257 in the United States, against 197 last pear, and 22 in Canada, against 24 last year.

Cheyennes Getting Troublesome.

A special from Helena, Mont., says: The Cheyenne Indians have donned their war paint and are holding powwows, preparatory to a general uprising. Several troops of the Tenth cavalry have been ordered from Fort Custer to the Cheyenne agency at Lame Deer, Custer county, Mont. The Cheyennes have been unusually violent and ill-tempered this spring, and the depredations upon the cattle and stock of the white settlers have been more extensive than they have been for a number of years, and evidently committed in a spirit of pure maliciousness.

Other Mills Shut Down.

Owing to the present unsatisfactory condition of business, the Everett mills, Lawrence, Mass., will shut down Friday, July 10, and remain closed until Tuesday, September 8, unless there should be sufficient improvement in the business situation to warrant an earlier start. About 1,300 hands are employed.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs.

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1896. NO. 37

MR. PEFFER SPEAKS.

CHARGES THAT BONDS WERE ILLEGALLY USED.

Stands for a Paper Money That Needs No Redeemer And That Will Be Good as Long as the Republic Lasts.

Senator Peffer addressed the senate May 28 on the Butler bond bill, and the following appeared in his remarks:

"The discussion that has followed the introduction of the bill has taken a very wide range. Silver in all its phases has been discussed ably. Gold monometallism has been treated with considerable ability. Both sides of almost every economic question have been considered. But the only argument which has been presented in opposition to the passage of the bill was that of the senator from New York, Mr Hill, which was that it is a populist measure.

"It appears that the time has come in our history when in the American senate the merits of a measure are to be determined by the politics of the senator who proposes it. I ask if that is democracy, if that is republicanism, that because a senator who is the equal of all his colleagues introduces a bill trenching upon a particular line of party politics it must be discarded, it must be hounded and beaten and abused and ridiculed without touching the merits of the subject involved?

"I assert, Mr. president, that in all of our eventful history no president before the year 1894 ever undertook to sell a government note or a government bond without express authority of congress before that time [illegible].

* * *

"This bill has been treated by senators as if were the first of the kind ever proposed. But that is error. We—and when I use the word 'we' I do but use it editorially, but I mean those of us who are charged with the paternity of bills of this kind—have not been derelict in our duty. The senator from North Carolina, Mr. Butler, coming here nearly two years after the bond-trading business began, very properly seized the first opportunity to press the subject on the attention of the senate, and it is greatly to his credit that he has been able to accomplish so much this soon. I allude to the matter only for the purpose of calling attention to the fact that early, even before the first sale was made, immediately, the next day after the proposition to sell was made, I offered a resolution reciting the facts and asserting as the sense of the senate that the whole proceeding was in violation of law. The next day I addressed the senate on the subject. A few days later the senator from Nebraska, Mr. Allen, delivered a forcible argument to show that such issue of bonds is illegal, and we have not lost an opportunity from that time until the present to denounce the whole proceeding as a grievous usurpation of power.

* * *

"Not only have the bonds been illegally issued, but there was no necessity for their issue, because there was an abundance of funds in the treasury at the time of the sale of the bonds to pay every debt that was due from the United States, whether we paid it in gold or in silver. There was an abundance of coin in the treasury with which to redeem all the greenbacks which had been offered at that time, so that absolutely and positively no necessity for the issuance of bonds existed, except only to accommodate the speculators in New York and London.

"In proof of that—it is not a mere idle assertion—I took occasion in a speech, delivered by me January 15 last, to collect the figures from the treasury. It appears that, beginning in 1879 with $128,000,000, we go on down to 1894, when there was $154,000,000. In 1889 there was $229,000,000; in 1890, $249,000,000, the largest amount in any one year. Then we come down to the last of January, 1895, with $51,000,000. On the last of January, 1894, when the first of the last three issues was made, there was $65,000,000 of gold coin lying in the treasury.

"It may seem almost revolutionary, and I have no doubt that if my good friend the senator from Connecticut, Mr Hawley, were here he would regard it as revolutionary, as infamous, and anarchistic, but I yet insist with all candor, with all earnestness, and with a patriotic devotion which I do not believe any senator will doubt, that there was no other demand upon the treasury at the time when the bond issues were made, except alone, from the speculators in Wall street, New York, and their confreres in the city of London, on the other side of the Atlantic. I have asserted again and again that the United States government has been forced into partnership with these men, that we are, in fact, the silent partner. We are expected only to tax the people and raise the money that these men want.

"The only need that the government has for money is to pay its debts. We promised to pay our debts in coin, and I have shown by the figures that we had an abundance of coin to do it.

* * *

"The only trouble—and the president of the United States is right about it—comes from the demand for gold, and it is not because the people of the United States demand gold—I mean the great body of the people of the country. They are not asking for gold. They care nothing about gold coin. Probably ninety-nine out of every hundred would be unable to distinguish at first sight between a quarter eagle and a half eagle in gold coin. The demand for gold comes from one class exclusively, and that is the speculative class—the money changers, the bankers, and, it is an ugly term to use, the gold gamblers. I can not think of a better word to use, because it is gambling, the same as gambling on a stock exchange or a race course.

* * *

"The object of the pending bill is to stop that kind of work, to tie the hands of the president, if he cannot use them in accordance with the law which he has held up his hand and sworn before God faithfully to execute. We—perhaps I had better speak for myself—I denounced it upon this floor as a usurpation of authority for which, if it had been perpetrated in the better and earlier days of the republic, the guilty one would have been impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors. I heard a democrat senator say on this floor, 'why do you not impeach him?' This is not the place to impeach him. At the time the bonds were issued the president was democratic, the senate was democratic, the house of representatives was democratic by a large majority, and there is the place to begin impeachment proceedings.

"But it is said, and that comes chiefly from this side of the chamber, from old veteran Republicans, that this bill is opening up the avenue to repudiation, that it means repudiation. I appeal to senators, especially to Republicans, a class of men with whom many of the best years of my life were spent, and not until the last six or eight years did I feel it to be my duty to separate from them on account of the tendency of that great organization toward the policy we are now pursuing. They charge me, and they charge the rest of us in this chamber who are Populists, with attempted repudiation. No, Mr. President, the legislature that sent me to this body was composed almost wholly of men who had been Republicans within two years. There were ninety-five Populists in the house of representatives. Every one of them voted for me. Out of the ninety-five populists eighty-three had been active, earnest Republicans up to and after the year 1888. They and I all voted for Benjamin Harrison. Out of those eighty-three old Republicans forty-one had spent from two and one-half to three of the best years of their lives in the Union army, in our great struggle to suppress the most tremendous rebellion known in human history. All of my ambition is to serve this great country. There is nothing that I venerate more highly, more intensely than I do the flag of our country. The great body of the Populist party in the Northern and Western states were Republicans only a few years ago, and there are more old Union soldiers in our party to-day in proportion to the aggregate membership than there is in the great organization of Republicans.

"I resent that imputation indignantly. It is unworthy of the senator from Connecticut (Mr. Hawley) and the other senators who have uttered the sentiment upon this floor. I have said, and I do now say, that you men who are insisting upon this policy will drive the people to repudiation in the end. I would stop repudiation; I would stop all dishonor; I would stop all revolution, by taking from the hands of the usupers the power they are improperly exercising. That is the object of the bill. I have said upon the public platform, in the presence of the people, as I say here in the senate, that this proceeding is not only without authority of law, but it is one of the most dangerous proceedings, the most dangerous exercise of power that has ever befallen the American people.

* * * * * *

"Populists want no reserve fund to redeem their money—no redemption fund for the benefit of stock brokers and banking syndicates. We believe government paper is a safer money than metal of any kind. We want government paper, not bank notes; we want money that is as good as the nation's credit—money that needs no redeemer; money as good in the hands of the poor as in the tills of the rich; money worth its face in the products of labor; money that will not slink away when trouble comes; money that speculators cannot corner; money that will pay debts and taxes; money based on the people's property and the public credit, money that the government will receive at par; money that will be good as long as the republic endures."

They Are.

The Hartford Courant says: "Connecticut capitalists have one hundred million dollars loaned in the west, and don't propose to have it paid back in 53c dollars," and then it threatens, for said capitalists, that it won't lend any more. Is the Courant aware that according to the republican platform of 1880 "the dollars", these same capitalists loaned were only "35c dollars?" Is it not also aware that the purchasing power of the dollar these capitalists have been getting in interest on this hundred million is more than double the dollar they loaned? They demand a dollar with 200 cents in it in pay for the 35c dollar they loaned, and then console themselves with the idea that they are "honest," and that these wicked farmers out west are trying to cheat them.—Daily Citizen, Naugatuck, Conn.

The National Game.

The game of baseball was fifty years old last week, the first match game having been played at Hoboken, N. J., on June 19, 1846, between the Knickerbocker and New York clubs Previous to that time townball had been the great game, but some of the devotees got their heads together and evolved a series of rules which changed the sport so materially that they decided to call it baseball. The first team was organized on Sept. 23, 1845, but it was not until the following June that a match game was played.

SURRENDER TO ENGLAND.

The Republican national platform endeavors to tire the reader with a lot of rot about tariff and reciprocity, and then shows the dominating influence behind the once great party of Abraham Lincoln when it says in substance: "The Republican party is unreservedly in favor of English money and against American money. It caused the establishment of the English system by the act of 1873, and since then every American dollar has been as hard to get as an English dollar. We are unalterably opposed to every effort to turn the silver in American mines into money; we prefer to borrow of England. We are therefore opposed to free coinage except by the consent of England. All our money must be as good as gold, notwithstanding the fact that that form of money has given to the world such monstrocities among nations as Turkey, Persia, Arabia, Egypt and Greece, whose people have long since been enslaved, and notwithstanding the fact that Italy, Austria, Germany, Russia, England, France and the United States are marching toward the same sad destiny. In short, we want a currency system that will make paupers by the millions and millionaires by the score."

TREASON OF 1896.

Article I. Section 3 of the United States Constitution says: "Congress shall have the power to coin money and regulate the value thereof." Notice that it says, "regulate the value." Now the republican platform says that the constitution is all wrong and that congress cannot and shall not "regulate the value" of money. Nowadays it must be done by international agreement only. Shades of Washington. Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln behold the fruits of Yorktown and New Orleans. Behold the deadly treason to a constitution baptized by the blood of countless heroes and sustained by the blood of martyrs; behold the realization of William Pitt's prophecy in the English parliament 108 years ago that "America would be more profitable as a financial dependency than as a political dependency." Are the American people going to support such a treasonable platform? The man who can see it in any other than a treasonable light must be an idiot. If the spirit of '76 is sufficiently strong there will be another Yorktown in November.

COST OF A CAMPAIGN.

TO CONDUCT A PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN NOWADAYS.

Where the Money Comes From—Who Pays It and What They Pay It For—Why So Much Money Is Used.

Topeka Co-Operator: Although most of us have an idea that millions of dollars will be spent in electing the next president of the United States, few can say definitely where the money is to come from, who will collect it and how it will be spent. The record of these transactions is not kept for obvious reasons, but it can be dispensed with. Methods do not vary.

When the national committees of the two old parties assemble after the conventions make the nominations, the first thing to be done is to estimate the expense of managing the campaign. These expenses run into a fortune.

Therefore they will make a list of the very rich men whose interests are most affected by the result. To these men the chairman sends personal letters asking for subscription.

The Twentieth Century says William C. Whitney is expected to contribute $50,000 to his party fund, or his backers do it for him. But the most expedient method is to have the trust magnates from a pool and make the raise by themselves in one great amount. The Pennsylvania manufacturers, led by Tom Dolan, will organize a committee and agree to raise a million among themselves for the Republican fund. John Wanamaker raised $400,000 all by himself in 1892.

As a rule the tariff barons are expected to hand over two millions, because they are great beneficiaries when the Republicans are in office. The different trusts are then dealt with separately. For instance, the sugar trust will pay half a million to the national committee, receiving in return a pledge not to be interfered with should the party attain power. A concern like the sugar trust pays money to both the old parties and then does not bother its head about the result of the campaign.

But sometimes two trusts find their interests opposed. Thus the beef trust cannot contemplate without a shiver some legislation which the sugar trust wants. Thereupon the two bid against each other, for the support of the party most likely to win. That is why the Republicans have so much money just now. There is a general impression that the next president will be a Republican, and all the corruptionists are hastening to secure the friendship of that party.

Here we have the real explanation of the growth of civil service reform. In former years the parties found their chief revenues in struggles for office. The only rewards of victory were the emoluments of office and the opportunities of robbing the treasury. But with the growth of trusts, the creations of vast monopolies and the necessity of securing the franchises, the politicians began to find that the rank and file of the offices were poor gain. What the politicians found important was the possession of the executive and legislative branches of the government. Therefore the clerkships and inspectorships and the police and postoffice positions have been allowed to pass under civil service regulation. They do not yield the rich rewards to be gained by betraying the people to the capital.

Many people do not understand this and are ill-informed enough to imagine that politicians want the offices. What politicians want is power. Some of our most influential politicians care very little whether they are in office or not.

When the vast campaign fund has been collected it is distribnted among the doubtful states. A good organizer forms a campaign club. He inveigles a lot of young counter skippers and ill-informed wage earners who are given uniforms and torches or gewgaws of the kind and are sent parading and attending mass meetings in order to catch voters as addle-headed as themselves. The politicians pay for the noisy work, such as printing, music, hall hiring and so on, but their chief expenditure is in the bribing of voters. It is getting to be difficult, however, to bribe voters owing to the great improvement of late years in our election laws. Consequently most of the money goes to individuals who control voters, to saloon keepers, to stump orators and to the general run of shady characters so numerous during a presidential year. The papers are heavy subsidies. This money is never paid out openly as a bribe. It takes the form of payment for advertisements, of purchasing stock, of purchases of whole campaign editions and of the bills contracted in collecting "campaign material." The wonder is that many newspapers have any influence at all upon voters, but for some unfathomable reason they do.

In round numbers the political parties spend about twenty million dollars, directly or indirectly, in electing the president. That is little more than a dollar and a half for each voter in the land. When the campaign is over we poor, idiotic citizens of the United States wonder why the country seems to belong to the plutocrats. The country belongs to the plutocrats because they have bought it and paid for it.

Strikers Replaced by Machinery.

Promoters of strikes argue to their comrades that unsuccessful efforts are nevertheless ultimately beneficial; but study of the subject has led me to take the opposite view, viz.: that all strikes of skilled workmen are, in the end, harmful to the participants. No one single cause has done more, in my opinion, to hasten the introduction of entirely automatic machinery in operations where a certain degree of skilled labor was considered indispensable than strikes on the part of such skilled employes. Numerous instances might be recalled where large manufacturers have, on account of strikes, cheerfully expended immense sums of money in perfecting automatic machinery, not primarily to effect economy in wages, but as an assurance against future danger from such causes. A notable instance of this nature occurred a few years ago at one of the largest iron and steel works in the world. In a certain department specially skilled men were able to make wages which now seem incredible. They were, however, paid a percentage upon the tonnage and, owing to enormous output, the profits of these operatives exceeded in some years that of many successful manufacturers having large capital at stake. These men considered themselves indispensable and struck, not for higher wages or shorter hours, but at the dictation of outsiders. When work was resumed they found their occupations gone forever. Automatic machinery had supplanted the former skilled labor.—Popular Science Monthly.

Homes and Patriotism.

Before the French revolution 12,000 men owned all the land of France. Now she numbers 3,222,000 free holders. In England 180,000 persons own all the land, and the proportion of paupers is 23 in England to one in France. If our people desire to save themselves from the fate of English pauperism they will have to begin the work of salvation by adopting the New Zealand graduated land tax laws, which will speedily emancipate them from extortionate land rents, and give every industrious prudent man a chance to secure a holding somewhat larger than a cemetery lot—a home the great incentive to patriotism.—The Call.

A Village Rising Bell.

For more than twenty years Bowmansville, Pa., has had what is known as a village bell. It is swung between two high upright poles and was paid for by public subscription. Every day the bell is rung three times—at 5:30 o'clock a. m., 11 o'clock a. m., and 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The leading object of its ringing is to announce to farmers and other working people the time of day. The first bell in the morning at Bowmansville is the signal for the people to arise and in the summer most of the residents are out that early. The 11 o'clock bell announces that it is time to leave the fields and prepare for dinner. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon they prepare for supper.—Correspondence Philadelphia Record.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

NAVIGATION ON THE COOSA RIVER.

Slight Advance for Iron and Steel Workers—Boiler Explodes with Fatal Results—Laborers Returning from Guatemala—Huntsville's New Flour Mill Progressing.

DeKalb Is Dry.

Crops in DeKalb county are suffering very badly for rain and the berry crop is ruined.

Lumber Fire at Brewton.

The dry kiln of the Harold Mill company, at Brewton, together with a considerable quantity of lumber was destroyed by fire Tuesday. The loss will be about $50,000; no insurance.

Cherokee County Items.

The residence of E. Hooke, of Mento, and contents were destroyed on Tuesday by fire. A fine mare belonging to Charles Canin, while plowing got her hind leg tangled up in a barbed wire fence and almost severed it from the body.

Tuscaloosa News.

The residence of G. A. Reveire was partially destroyed by fire, caused by a defective flew.

Sam Little, colored, aged 10 years, was drowned in the Warrior river yesday by his playmates. They ducked him until he was strangled to death.

Two Residences Burned.

Opelika was visited by a destructive fire Friday night. The residence occupied by Dr. A. B. Bennett and Patrolman John Graves were consumed. The buildings were among the most attractive in the city, and the loss will aggregate about $3,5oo, with insurance for two-thirds their value.

Dog—Wagon Spoke—Dead Negro.

On Thursday James Jackson, colored, killed another negro, Ed Blanch, by hitting him on the head with a wagon spoke at Tom Peacher's store in one of Montgomery's suburbs, Boguehoma, all about a dog. Jackson was caught and jailed. He is reputed to be a hard case. His brother is serving a life sentence in the coal mines for killing a negro woman in Montgomery some years ago.

Hit by a Posse.

John Holman was shot at and, it is said, hit by a posse under Bailiff Teel in the south end of Tallapoosa county Friday. They failed to get him. He had his gun and fired back, it is said. Trouble has been brewing for some time, and news of a more serious nature may be looked for. Houses have been burned and other violations of the laws committed, and much ill-feeling is engendered.

Coming Back to Alabam'.

A large number of laborers from Gualan, Guatemala, where they have been working on a railroad, arrived at Mobile Wednesday night on the steamship Nicaragua. They deny that the railroad laborers down there have been ill-treated, but state that the country is very unhealthy and that large numbers of laborers are coming back home because the contractors have been forced to reduce expenses on account of a recent revolution among the people down there.

Unfortunate Rencountre.

A dispatch from Huntsville says news has been received there that Burt Hubert was perhaps fatally stabbed last Sunday by his brother-in-law, Tobe Connally. Mrs. George Hubert had loaned Connally her horse and buggy, which angered Burt, as he wanted them himself. An altercation resulted next day, during which Hubert started at Connally with a fence rail, and the latter stabbed him near the heart. The parties live near Moore's mill in the southeast corner of Madison.

Barnes Bound Over.

Rufus E. Barnes, the young white man who shot and killed the negro Crawford at Hall's commissary, Montgomery, Saturday night, was released on bail in the sum of $1,000 after a full and complete investigation before Justice Stokes. The magistrate, after hearing the evidence, ruled that he could not under the testimony discharge the defendant, yet he felt that the charge would not be of sufficient gravity to confine him in jail, so bail was fixed at $1,000. Barnes is a son of Detective Barnes, formerly of the Louisville and Nashville road, with headquarters in Birmingham. Mr. Barnes was present at his son's trial.

Public Spirited Negroes.

Whitfield & Williams, two enterprising and public-spirited negroes, of Scottsboro, who are in the saw mill lumber business there, have very generously offered Professor Council a car load of lumber toward the erection or rebuilding of Palmer hall at the State Normal and Industrial colored school near Huntsville. The losses from the burning of the building of Palmer hall have been adjusted and were placed at $5,338.81, which is on the building alone and does not include the worth of the many valuable books of the library. The trustees will now proceed to the work of erecting the new building.

Reports as to Crops.

Reports from Lawrence county leave no doubt that the crops are highly promising.

In Calhoun cotton is reported finer in the valley than for years and if seasons continue with no disaster the yield will exceed any crop raised in the last ten years.

In Pickens there has been too much rain during the past week. Cotton is growing luxuriantly, but it is said that it is going to weed. The corn that was planted early is not doing well.

In Bibb the crops about Centreville are not very promising just now, as there has been too much rain recently.

Huntsville's New Flour Mill.

Work is progressing rapidly on the flour mill building and it will not be a great while before the wheels will be in motion and Huntsville home-made flour of the finest quality will be pouring out at the rate of 100 barrels per day. This new enterprise will insure the best market price for Madison and adjoining counties' wheat and give a strong impetus to the increase of wheat growing in the Tennessee valley, of which Huntsville is the trade center. It will increase Huntsville's trade in all mercantile lines, for when the farmer sells his wheat he will just do his trading there, while he is at the door of all his wants in home and farm supplies.

A Game of Craps—A Knife.

A fight occurred in a grove near the new Baptist church, Gadsden, between two white men over a game of craps. One, named J. W. Buckalew, called Tom Coussey a vile name, when Coussey drew a 3-inch blade knife and cut Buckalew twice. One wound was between the seventh and eighth ribs and one between the fifth and sixth ribs. The latter one penetrated the lung. He is dangerously wounded and cannot possibly live. He has a wife and two children. Coussey is only 19 years old and has a young wife and an aged mother. He is a tough customer and seems to be unconcerned about his case. He fled, but was captured in Dwight City.

Sleeping on the Track.

Charles Denson, colored, was struck by a freight train, about one mile east of Paint Rock, Saturday afternoon, and fatally wounded. He had spent the night before in the calaboose for being drunk and disorderly, and when released Saturday morning he again loaded himself with whisky and started for his home, which is about two miles up the railroad. When struck by the train he was sitting on the end of the ties asleep, and on account of some elder bushes being near the engineer could not see him until within a few car lengths of him. The railroad company is furnishing the injured man all necessary medical attention, but little hope is entertained for his recovery.

Coosa River Navigation.

The Southern railway opened its new bridge over Coosa river Thursday and it worked without a hitch. It is expected, that the government will commence work in a few days with a view of the completion of lock 4, just above the Riverside draw bridge, and with the advent of the new year steamboats may be looked for at Riverside on the Coosa, one of the nicest streams for navigation in the south, with high banks and beautiful scenery. A great transportation route for coal, iron and timber. At the present time thousands of logs in rafts are run to Riverside monthly, where they are converted into lumber to be shipped to various states by rail.

Typographical Union.

The regular monthly meeting of Birmingham Typographical Union No. 104 was held Wednesday afternoon in Erswell hall.

Among other business transacted the dues of the union were increased from 1 per cent on each dollar earned by its members to 2 per cent. This increase was brought about for the purpose of establishing a sick benefit fund for the members. The election for delegate to the International Typographical Union, which meets in Colorado Springs in October, was ordered held on the 29th instant. Considerable interest is being taken in this election. Colorado Springs is the location of the Childs-Drexel home for union printers, one of the best institutions of the kind in the United States.

Celebration at Guilford.

Ten thousand people attended the annual celebration at the historic Guilford battle ground, N. C., Saturday. The address was delivered by United States Senator Marion Butler.

OUR COUNTRY'S COMMERCE.

With the Big Cotton Crop in View Mills Close.

MARKETS ARE FLUCTUATING.

Notwithstanding an Increase of 60 Per Cent in Exports of Wheat for Five Weeks, as Compared to Last Year, No Corresponding Advance in Price Appears.

Current movements have been as largely of a temporary character or else purely speculative on the day-by-day plan that they are not highly instructive. Thus an extensive shut-down of cotton mills is solely in the hope that half production in July and August may clear a largely overstocked market. Stock fluctuations were still more ephemeral, including two sharp declines, and partial rallies within a week, both laboriously ascribed to various political causes, but mainly due to keen operators who saw a chance for a quick turn. Extended views of the half year's operations in the old branches of manufacture go far to explain numerous stoppages. In woolens they are without concert, mills waiting for orders; the sales of wool have not been a third of last year's for the same week. Prices are depressed, but still depend on foreign possibilities. In cotton goods the close of many mills, both north and south, for half of July and August is in effect a recognition of the fact that heavy stocks of goods, manufactured from cotton costing between 7¼ and 8½c, could be expected to show profits if the mills go on manufacturing until a new and probably heavy crop of cotton is ready. The reduction of prices has brought out a large demand in many cases, but not enough to meet the output of the mills. A further decline in print cloths to 2⅛c is significant, when such production is assured.

The output of iron has largely decreased and there is a quite general stoppage of works for repairs, but the annual controversies about wages have in most cases been settled and it is believed will be settled in all without strikes.

Wheat declined 1⅛c and recovered 1c, but the receipts continued remarkably large. Atlantic exports show an increase and for five weeks, flour included, have been 9,847,678 bushels against 5,835,427 last year. The stocks in sight are better than a year ago and the winter wheat yields less, spring wheat seems only with fair weather to yield more than last year.

Corn promises remarkably well and also oats.

Cotton generally needs rain in parts of Texas, but the best of reports come most from other sections, and a large increase in acreage is generally reported. The closing of many mills causes another decline of a sixteenth in the price and proves that past consumption has to a considerable extent been real.

Failures for the past week have been 257 in the United States, against 197 last pear, and 32 in Canada, against 24 last year.

Cheyennes Getting Troublesome.

A special from Helena, Mont., says; The Cheyenne Indians have donned their war paint and are holding powwows, preparatory to a general uprising. Several troops of the Tenth cavalry have been ordered from Fort Custer to the Cheyenne agency at Lame Deer, Custer county, Mont. The Cheyennes have been unusually violent and ill-tempered this spring, and the depredations upon the cattle and stock of the white settlers have been more extensive than they have been for a number of years, and evidently committed in a spirit of pure maliciousness.

Other Mills Shut Down.

Owing to the present unsatisfactory condition of business, the Everett mills, Lawrence, Mass., will shut down Friday, July 10, and remain closed until Tuesday, September 8, unless there should be sufficient improvement in the business situation to warrant an earlier start. About 1,200 hands are employed.

YOU DON'T
SEE YOUR WHEEL

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain;
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C. MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON.

15th Senatorial District

For Senator.
G. B. DEANS.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor.'t

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

THE Democratic National convention is now in session at Chicago. The silver Democrats appear to hold control and may possibly produce a straight unequivocal platform. Whom they will nominate for the presidency it is impossible at this moment to say, although more unlikely things may happen than the nomination of the Republican Senator Teller.

VOTE the straight Populist ticket

MR. W. C. Fitts, who at present is filling the position of Attorney-general although never elected to that office, and who is anxious to retain his grip, made a speech at Clanton on Wednesday which to speak mildly can only be described as inaccurate in every particular. He evidently recognized the fact that his audience was composed largely of Populists and to the best of his small ability he occupied the time in vilifying Populists generally and in repeatedly making the assertion that no matter what Chilton county may do at the coming election the remainder of the State would elect the Democratic ticket. This is the sort of nonsense Democratic speakers are talking all over the State, in the vain hope of securing some votes to help reduce the overwhelming majority which the Populist ticket will undoubtedly secure. Facts speak for themselves, and this morning's State-Herald contains no less than 54 Democratic speeches with appointments all over the State whose main argument is the Democrats are going to be elected so you may as well help to elect them. They know full well this cry is false but hope it may have some effect.

HON. Sam Adams and Hon. A. P. Longshore, two of the best known Populists in the State, and especially loved by the people of Chilton county, will make public addresses on the political issues of the day, at Clanton next Monday morning commencing at 10 o'clock. This will be one of the most interesting occasions of the present campaign as time has been offered to the opposition and we understand Mr. Tipton Mullins has undertaken to reply on their behalf. All our county candidates are expected to be present and we anticipate seeing the largest crowd that has been out during this campaign.

IN our county politics we are glad to find that the introduction of the Democratic ticket has already had the effect of solidifying the ranks of the Populist party. Some few of our good friends who were not altogether pleased at the result of our primary, at once perceived the cloven foot in the so-called "citizens ticket" and are now working as hard as they can for the Populist ticket. The prospects are improving rapidly every day for a larger majority for our State and county ticket than Chilton has ever yet returned.

DEMOCRATS of the fifteenth senatorial district held a convention at Wetumpka last Thursday and nominated Mr. Frank Baldwin of Verbena as their standard bearer. Mr. Baldwin has not the remotest prospect of success.

PEOPLE'S PARTY CALL.

The Executive Committee of the People's Party of Chilton County is called to meet at Clanton on Monday, July 13, at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of arranging for the present campaign.

All candidates of the party in the county are requested to attend this meeting, as it is thought necessary to have a conference of the committee and candidates before the details of the campaign have been decided upon.

H. I. HONEYCUTT, Ch'n.
Clanton, Ala., July 6th., 1896.

Maplesville Music.

Crops have suffered, particularly corn, from drouth the past few weeks. Apple trees are nearly all dead with leaf blight, the fruit is scarce and poor.

Melons are fine and plentiful.

Hon. W. C. Fitts will speak here the 9th of July.

Dr. Todd and wife of Plantersville have been guests of T. U. Crumpton. Rev. A. R. Hardy, special agent Greensboro Baptist church, Hon. Gaston A. Robbins ex-congressman of Selma and W. S. Cary of Montevalla have been guests of T. U. Crumpton. Miss Bessie Savage, Miss Mary Harold of Selma have been visiting Mrs. Burk. Miss Annie Dunklin of Lowndes county is now a guest of Mrs. Paisley. Little Calhoun Foshee was bitten on the shoulder by a stray dog on the street on the 6th Mr. Hill Foshee pursued the dog and shot it. Much uneasiness was felt and Dr. Parnell of Clanton was called in very soon and he is now believed to be out of danger.

Hog cholera is raging fearfully some farmers have lost all.

Mr. W. Callen, of Clanton, has been visiting friends here.

Rev. Mr. Kendrick preached a most excellent sermon here the 5th we are fortunate to have him preach monthly to us. Miss Mary McGee has been visiting her aunt here, Mrs. Mary DuBose.

SUBSCRIBER.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1896,

for the election of Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, Senator for the Fifteenth Senatorial District, and the following officers for Chilton county: Representative in the General Assembly, Sheriff, Tax Assessor, Tax Collector, County Superintendent of Education, Treasurer, one Commissioner for each of the four Districts of the county, two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Beat in the county.

P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County.
This June 29th, 1896.

Beat 1 (Mineral Springs) Inspectors T J Dorminy, W H Conway, Oliver Mullins; returning officer W P Cleckler

Beat 2—box 1—(Providence) Inspectors I B Martin, W R Houlditch S A Curry; returning officer John A Lowery. Box 2—Jemison—Inspectors B M Gentry, Ira Campbell, J P Allen; ret'ng offic'r Geo W Shaw sr.

Beat 3—box 1—(Benson) Inspectors Robert Williams, Calvin Jones, T J Lenoir; ret'g of'cr H W Varden Box 2—(Macedonia) Inspectors Z J Jones, Y O Freeman, A J Ware; returning officer William Nix

Beat 4 (Clanton) Inspectors Wiley Littlejohn, John Grant, W M Wilson; returning officer A C Oates

Beat 5—box 1—(Coopers) Inspectors J W G Kicker, H A J Harris, P C Dennis; ret'ng officer Art Foshee; Box 2—(Verbena) Inspectors S S Scott, J J L Stewart, F A Gulledge; returning officer Ed O'Neil

Beat 6 (Kincheon) Inspectors Madison Popwell, J R Vinson, Tom Dickerson, ret'ng officer Charlie Foshee

Beat 7—box 1—(Maplesville) Inspectors G W Fox, J D McGee, T U Crumpton; ret'ng of'cr W Y Nix; Box 2—(Shoults) Inspectors W A Green, J D Holsombach, J H Shoults; returning officer J N Gentry.

Beat 8 (Dixie) Inspectors W A Weaver, D C Gandy, T D Parnell; returning officer Wiley Letcher.

Beat 9 (Strasburg) Inspectors D N Riggins, W A Mims, J M Woolley; returning officer James Mims.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

This is to certify that the above named Inspectors and Returning Officers, for the above-named voting places in said State and county, for an election to be held on the first Monday in August, 1896, have been duly appointed as required by law.

This the 30th day of June, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge
J. P. VANDERVEER, Circuit Clerk
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

I, P. M. Moore, Sheriff of said county, do hereby appoint the Returning officers above-named, Special Deputy Sheriffs at their respective voting places, to attend upon said election.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.
This 30th day of June, 1896.

West Chilton Warblings.

Mrs. Virginia Palmer is teaching at Macedonia.

Died last Monday night little child of Mr. and Mrs. John Atchison, the sorrowing parents have our sympathy. We would cheer them with the comforting fact that their darling will come forth in the resurrection. "Oh the grand and glorious meeting when they all come back again."

Rev. W. A. Wood of Lily addressed the people at Pleasant Grove last Sunday. The "Holiness" people and other Christians held a union service at the school house near S. D. Posey's last Sunday, the speakers present were: Revs. Freeze, Posey, Scott, Gentry, Waldrup and Mrs. Harper.

Rev. D. Z. Merchant preached at Pleasant Grove last Saturday.

RUSTIC.

storms

The Weather Bureau employs a skilled force of men, supplied with the most delicate scientific instruments, to foretell the weather. Perhaps you know when a storm is brewing without any word from the papers. Your bones ache and your muscles are sore. Your chronic muscular rheumatism gives sure warning of the approaching storm. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, would be a most valuable remedy for you. The oil, with its Iodine and bromine, exerts a peculiar influence over the disease, and the hypophosphites render valuable aid.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Jemison, Ala., July 4, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Please publish this letter in your paper. It explains itself. It was sent to Mr. Hicks at Plantersville a few days ago.

To Mr. Hicks, Plantersville, Ala.

Dear Sir: As you are nominated by the Democrats of this county for representative and the People's Party has nominated me for the same office, and as there are important questions before the people, I think they ought to hear you and myself express ourselves on these questions, especially as to what kind of man we will cast our vote for for United States Senator. I am sure there will be an effort to repeal the obnoxious election law, and instead enact one that will be fair to all parties. As I think the people might like to hear us on these questions and many others, I will meet you in joint debate in different parts of the county on fair terms and I assure you that nothing unpleasant will be engaged in on my part, but that I will discuss the issues between your party and mine. Please let me hear from you and if you accept please state what terms will suit you.

Respt. your friend.
L. H. REYNOLDS.

* * *

Jemison, Ala., June 30, '96.

Editor BANNER: Now that the primaries are over and everything settled down let us work in union and harmony; let us turn out on the first Monday in August and as we have a first-class State and county ticket let us strive and make every honorable effort to poll up the largest majority for our ticket that has ever been polled since the organization of our party. This we are confident we will do, and those little fellows who call us jackasses, clodhoppers, Mormons, and all the unbecoming names that they can think of, let us ship them to their homes and learn them that we are men. Yes, fellow citizens, let us hold up our party and right and justice will prevail. Yours truly,

J. L. THOMAS.

* * *

Donaldsonville, Ga., July 1, '96.

Editor BANNER: As I have never seen any news from this section of the political field, I thought I would give you a few sketches. The political field is ripe for harvest and I hope every true Populist will turn out and support every man from constable up to the president, and then let us all turn out in November and roll up the largest majority ever yet polled for the Populist party and win a great victory.

Gentlemen and Brother Populists the time has come that something has to be done and done right away for if we don't we had just as well give up and go under bondage, for the old parties have got us right to the place now, and if we don't do something right now they will put the yoke of bondage on us, they are trying to fool us again. The free silver Democrats are howling free silver! They think they will get the Populists to vote with them, and they will get some of the weak-kneed ones, but I can't see to save my life how they can have any faith in them. What did they promise us in 1892? They howled free silver and preached free silver doctrine. That was done so they could ride in office on the Populist ticket, and now they have started up the same old game, but that old game wont work so well this time.

There is not but one party friendly to silver and that is the Populist party. The free silver Democrats don't say anything about the ratio—whether it is 10 to 1, 20 to 1 or 16 to 1.

May the Lord help the people to turn their backs on such a party. Common sense ought to teach the people better than to put any confidence in any such party as that. With best wishes to the BANNER and its readers I am yours truly,

J. R. B.

* * *

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00

* * *

Verbena, Ala., June 28, 1896.

Editor BANNER: As all the different county caucuses and conventions have been held, would it not be well for all Populists to ask the questions where am I at? Am I lending all the ability with which God has blessed me to the success of those principles so dear to the heart of every reformer? Is there among us those who for some real or fancied wrong have decided to give to our ticket only a different or careless support or perhaps to even sulk in their tents and let all go by default? I hear there are some such, and to those I would appeal to not let the failure of self or friend drive you from your allegiance so long as the principles of the party remain unchanged. You have perhaps been disappointed in your aspirations, betrayed by pretended friends, maligned by enemies, and your patience sorely tried, but remember that such is politics and when you submitted your name you could not but expect that the tongue of slander and falsehood would reach you and your best motives, if possible, misconstrued and used as a means for your destruction, but despite all this, behind you stand the oppressed victims of vicious legislation throughout the land, dependent upon you and others like you for relief, and no matter what may be your private grievances let me beg all such to immolate those grievances upon your country's altar and give to our ticket—State and county—your hearty support.

We have in this county what I would term a conglomerated ticket, masquerading under the name of the "Citizens' ticket" gotton up for the purpose of taking in all elements opposed to the Populist ticket, Democrats, Republicans and disgruntled Populists, therefore I would suggest that it be called the Demo-Republico-Popuo-get-there-oh party.

One question suggests itself right here, what is the purpose of this movement, nothing more nor less than to demoralize and divide our forces, else why endorse some of our men and antaganize others? What is the difference between them, they all stand pledged to the same principles and line of conduct and the only hope is to profit by the personal unpopularity of some one; then beware of the leaven of the Pharisees.

The prospects of the reformers were never so bright as now, then let us have no laggards but every man to his post prepared to do his whole duty.

In conclusion, let me say that of the many candidates for assessor I have seen no word of thanks to the friends that stood by them, neither the successful nor defeated aspirants, and being the hindmost log in the race I hate to be the first to say anything. However, let me say to those who honestly opposed me it was your privilege, I have no cause to complain to those who threw mud at me that they were engaged in a dirty work and I can only hope that the recoil may not fall on the unoffending head of anyone, and last, though by no means least, to the faithful few who so manfully stood by me through evil as well as good report, I can think of no words appropriate to express to you the thanks I would like to, and can only promise you your trust shall not be betrayed, but like the Scotch warrior;

Lochiel unfettered by fetters or chains,
While the kindling of life in his bosom remains;
Will victor exult or in death be laid low
With his back to the field and his feet to the foe.

Respectfully,
J. J. L. STEWART.

* * *

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

Musical Convention.

The Chilton County Musical convention will meet with the Rockymount class at Rockymount church the 4th Sunday and Saturday before in July. All interested are expected to attend on Saturday by 9 o'clock.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Sec.

* * *

Notice of Application for Pardon

Application will be made to the Governor of Alabama for a pardon for Will Brown, convicted at the Spring Term 1896, of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, of the offense of grand larceny.

O. R. BELL.

June 27 1896.

Singing Convention.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene with Way Side church, Coosa county, 8 miles south of Rockford, on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in July, and continue two days. We invite all of Chilton's best vocalists to attend this convention.

R. T. GRANT, Pres.

There will be a public barbecue at Harmony church near Huckebl in Autauga county. The ladies will sell ice-cream for the benefit of the church.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two stamps to pay postage, to the leading specialist Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
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New Orleans, La.

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THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

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The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT.

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W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.

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Chain Shot

You've got to use heavy ammunition when you fight such a malignant enemy as SCROFULA. There is nothing that will rout this disease like V. V. V.—the wonderful blood purifier and family remedy. It drives out all impurities and taints—whether hereditary or not—making the blood pure and healthy and the whole body strong and vigorous. V. V. V. is a specific for all blood and skin diseases, as well as rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

HABERS, MORROW & SIMNICE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Hon. S. M. Adams and Hon. A. P. Longshore will address the people of Chilton county at Clanton next Monday, July 13. Everybody is invited to attend this speaking as time will be divided with the opposition, and a large crowd is desired.

H. I. HONEYCUTT, Chm. P. P.

Mr J. A. Culp, of Birmingham, is spending awhile with relatives in Clanton this week.

Mr Tom Gullahorn, of Oxmoor, is down on a visit to relatives.

Mr G. C. Hanks is visiting his family who are spending the summer here.

Mr W. C. Satterwhite, who has been on a visit to his family here, returned to his home in Virginia last Monday night.

Sheriff Moore made a business trip to Birmingham Tuesday last.

Miss Annie Lee Ashley, of Birmingham, enlivened our town last Saturday and Sunday by her presence. She was the guest of Miss Willie Phillips.

Mr. Glaucus Moore, of Sengners, is spending a few days with relatives here.

Mrs L. C. Day, of Jemison, is visiting her mother here this week.

Miss Nellie Merritt is spending awhile at Talladega Springs.

Mrs. R. Ehrman came down from Birmingham and spent a few days with Mr. Ehrman at the mill

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worns's and Kemp's cements, 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 842 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr E. C. Baker and Miss Alice Miller; Mr. Henry McCoy and Miss Lucy Sneed; Mr. Phil Forman and Miss Erezula Smith; Mr. R. A. Downing and Miss M. L. Parker.

Colored: Wylie Young and May Shepherd.

Mr. H. A. Wilson, of Lomax, was in town this morning.

Work on the new court house has been considerably delayed this week waiting for pressed brick.

We are indebted to Miss Delaney Dike for the finest tomatoe we have seen in a long time—it measures 5½ inches across and weighs [illegible]

Mr. Will Callen spent a few days in the western part of the county.

A new firm has taken possession of Brock's store—J. W. Lipscomb & Co

There were services at the Congregational church last Sunday, Rev. J. L. Busby filling his usual appointment.

Mr. A. C. Smith and family visited Coosa a few days last week.

A theological institute is in session this week at the Baptist church.

On Thursday night last a young couple came quietly into town and sought the kind offices of Judge Honeycutt who quickly united them in marriage, after which they returned whence they came. The young couple were Mr. Carey Baker and Miss Alice Miller, to whom we offer our congratulations.

In our report last week of the accident at Ehrman's mill we find we were mis-informed of the name of the unfortunate engineer who was Mr. James McArrell, not McCarroll as stated.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 1819.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., } July 2, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 13th, 1896, viz: John F. Rawlinson Homestead entry, No. 24,224, for the sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 22 tp 20 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Isom Abbott, of Billingsley, Ala., Arthur E. [illegible], of Billingsley, Ala., William Anderson, of Billingsley, Ala., Benjamin Abbott of Stanton, Ala.

B. PURCELL, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of se ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1 2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 23 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Fieri Facias issued out of Circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Charlie Smith et als. out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Charlie Smith et als I have levied on the following property to-wit:

One seven roomed dwelling house known as the J. O Smith house located one and three-fourth miles south of Jemison in said county, about one hundred yards from and facing the L. & N. R.R. from the western side of said R.R. and in the nw corner of sec 36 t 23 r 13 in said county, said dwelling house having a 42 foot veranda in front a 10 foot hall running between the four front 16 foot rooms, a 16 foot veranda on the rear of said dwelling running north and south, also a 20 foot veranda in front of the three rear rooms running east and west, said veranda having a well in same, said four front rooms being covered by what is known as a "hip-roof."

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Charlie Smith et als in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 29th day of June, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

100 Pictures of the Great St. Louis Cyclone in which 250 Lives were Lost, and $20,000,000 of property destroyed.

These views are all taken from actual photographs, and show more plainly than in any other way the terrible destruction left on the track of the storm. It is in book form, printed on fine paper so as to be easily preserved, and should be in the homes of all. It is not likely America will ever again be visited by so disastrous a Tornado, hence actual photographs of the scenes will be a curiosity for years to come. Nothing like this book has ever been issued in so short a time. It contains pictures of all the principal scenes, taken the next day after the storm, before the work of rebuilding had commenced. This magnificent book will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of 30 cents in stamps or silver. Don't let this opportunity pass of securing the only complete and authentic photographs of the Greatest Storm ever known to have visited America. Address,

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HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining Counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
Greatest Discovery of 19th Century. Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE, WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

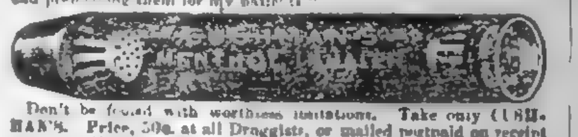
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."



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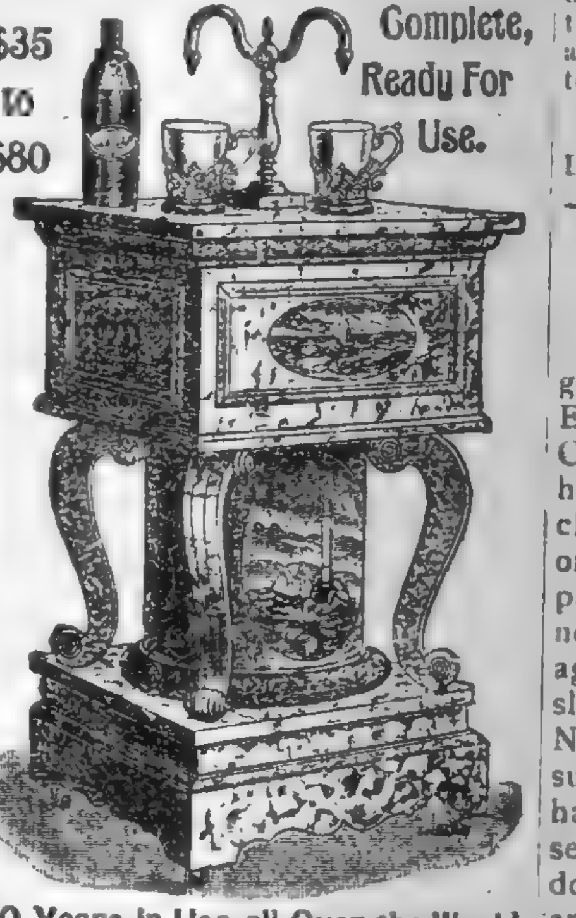

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

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MADISON, INDIANA.

Softens the Hands.
Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.
CARTHAGE, Mo., July 28, 1895.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY RAHM.

It Acts Like a Charm.
SALEM, Ala., April 6, 1895.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of Itch and other eruptions: the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

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When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

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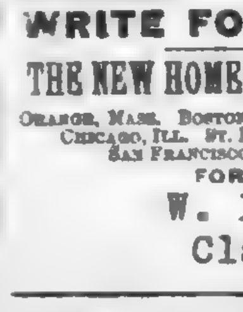
for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running
There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 20th day of July, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $9.40.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.06.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $7.80.

BEAT 2.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $46.06.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $15.80.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Hanlin e ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $55.89

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $6.53.

Otto Stoker nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $4.24.

BEAT 8.

T H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $6.65.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

Administrator's Sale

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, Mary E Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises, on

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1896.

at 12 o'clock noon, for one-third cash and the remaining two-thirds payable by November 1st, 1896, with interest from date of sale, with security, the following described real estate, belonging to said estate, to-wit:

N½ of section 21 except the e½ of e½ of ne1-4, ne 1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 of section 20, s½ of sw1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13.

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

$10 REWARD

On Tuesday night June 9 a negro broke into the house of Mr. Ezra Wilson two miles south of Clanton, killing the dog in the house, and stealing a suit of clothes, umbrella, razor, dove colored hat with broad binding, and pair shoes. The description of the negro is as follows: dark color, age about 18, about 5 ft. 6 ins. tall slim face and small eyes. Wears No. 7 shoe. Was wearing black suit of clothes and dove colored hat with broad binding. Was last seen at Calera going north. Ten dollars will be paid to any person arresting him and sending information to Ezra Wilson, Clanton, Ala

STOP THAT SLIPPING
and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.
The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

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CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.
DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.
CONOVER PIANOS
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS
WERE GIVEN
HIGHEST AWARDS
At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.
CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
The Through Cars
Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.
Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

TEETH POSITIVELY EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN
To introduce my work and to meet the people at Clanton and Country around, I will for the next Ten Days work for the following prices:

Gold Fillings	$1.00 to $3.00.
Amalgam or Cement Filling	50 cts to $1.00.
Best Sets Teeth on Rubber Base	$10.00.
Partial Sets	$5 00 to $8.00.
(S. S. White's teeth of Philadelphia alone used.)	
Teeth Extracted	25 cts.
Teeth Extracted Without Pain	50 cts.

I respectfully call the attention of the Public, especially Nervous and Delicate persons, to our local Anæsthetic.

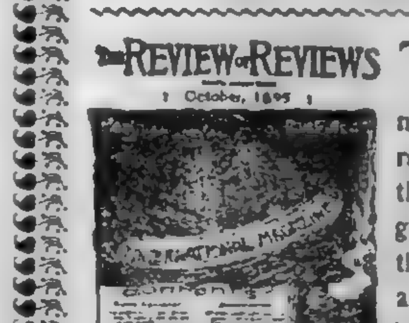
ALVATUNDER for the Painless extracting of Teeth, recognized to be the best. No Cocaine. No danger of Cocaine poisoning. No Swelled jaws, No sloughing of the Gums; No bad effects after its use.

All work best known to the Dental Profession fully warranted first-class in every respect.

Bridge and Crown work Neatly done at reasonable prices. Call at once and take advantage of Low Prices.

DR. GEO. W. SHACKELFORD, D. D. S.
Duke House.

"ALL THE MAGAZINES IN ONE."
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."

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WE HAVE NO AGENTS but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 1484—Surrey Harness. Price $15.50. As good as sells for $22.

No. 728—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $66.50. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

P.P.P.
(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior TO ALL Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH
EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort advised P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man." W. F. TIMMINS, of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex. Indorsed by B. W. FRAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position." A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.
"Sworn to and subscribed before me," J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me." CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY— TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD= POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A WONDERFUL REMEDY.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
LIPPMAN BRO'S. PROPRIETORS.
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK-SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

A street car conductor in New York was knocked down the other day by Col. Robert Fitzsimmons and, just to show his magnanimity, the latter refused to charge anything for the advertisement.

A Washington dispatch says that a prominent resident of that place has been "discovered to be violently insane and it is now thought that he has been mentally unbalanced for several years." Of course such a thing would not easily be noticed in Washington.

Grey Hair Frozen Black.

Dr. George W. Griffiths reports the case of a man 65 years of age, who had had gray hair for eight years; for three years his hair had been perfectly white. He was exposed one night to severe cold, and his eyebrows and whiskers got wet and were frozen stiff; it was found next day that his hair had turned black.—Popular Science.

One Notable Exception.

The tramp who found $30,000 which had been hidden by California train robbers is a living [illegible] against the adage, "A rolling stone gathers no moss."

The Country Is in a Perilous State of [illegible]

[illegible] the present moment in a state of [illegible]. The public debt, [illegible] few years has been [illegible] milliards, is now [illegible] milliards. Cabinets [illegible] and the people [illegible] now that the [illegible]. But no [illegible] have been [illegible].

[illegible] proposed more than [illegible] of miles and [illegible] millions of lira. [illegible] and incurred [illegible] millions of lira. [illegible] and ten millions [illegible] preparing [illegible] the [illegible] campaign. [illegible] been guilty of the [illegible] how to sustain [illegible] or how to limit [illegible] to the resources of the [illegible]. The fault is, however, not [illegible] to the charge of [illegible] it is above all [illegible]. Every [illegible] should reduce the [illegible] the country has [illegible] of making deductions [illegible] very defective [illegible] affirmed that [illegible] should be [illegible] while the third [illegible] the poor, [illegible] under resources [illegible]. In Italy, more [illegible] phenomenon [illegible] thrice as [illegible] is the origin [illegible] misery and [illegible] discontent [illegible] vent in sedition.

The Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

[illegible] willing to sacrifice [illegible] political honor.

[illegible] Dobbins Floating-Borax Soap of [illegible] Dobbins Soap Mf'g [illegible] free [illegible] paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary [illegible] bound [illegible] profusely illustrated [illegible] only.

[illegible] moment of a man's life should [illegible] out of debt and out of love at [illegible]

Are You Satisfied With What You Know, Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have $50 or $60 you can [illegible] for a five-volume encyclopædia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopædia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopædia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts collected in this book.

E. A. Rood, Toledo, Ohio, says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured my wife of catarrh fifteen years ago and she has had no return of it. It's a sure cure." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. Allie Douglass, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 20, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

You

Will realize the greatest amount of good in the shortest time and at the least expense by taking

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate

Guarantee Position. Accept notes for tuition, or can deposit money in bank till position is secured. Car fare paid.

DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL Business Colleges

NASHVILLE, TENN., and TEXARKANA, TEXAS.

Indorsed by Bankers, Merchants, and others. Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, etc. Four weeks in Bookkeeping with us equals 12 elsewhere. No vacation. Enter any time. Board $10. To order our books for home study is next best thing to entering our schools. Write us at Nashville. (Mention this paper.)

$100 SALARY Per month. We procure a situation for you. It costs you nothing to investigate. Do you want work at good pay? If so write us for particulars. COUCH & LUGENBEEL, Senoia, Ga.

AGENTS WANTED to sell the only Self-working Skirt Supporter for shirt waists and any belts. No safety pins. Agents' outfit, two styles, 10c. S.J. & W.O. Simmons, Boston, Mass.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

The President Denies Executive Clemency for Johnson and Searcy.

CITY OF RICHMOND RELEASED.

Statement of Uncle Sam's Treasury Matters—Excess of Government Expenditures for Fiscal Year Ending June 30 Much Lower Than Previous Year.

Value of Foreign Silver Coins.

Mr. Preston, the director of the mint, has adjusted the values at which foreign coins are to be received by United States customs offices during the next quarter. The values are increased on a basis of $0.6705 per ounce of silver, as against $0.6820 on April 1, 1896.

Better Than Last Year.

The indications now are that the excess of government expenditures over receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30 will be about $25,500,000 as compared with a deficit of about $42,000,000 for the fiscal year 1895. The receipts for the present month will exceed the expenditures by about $1,400,000.

⁂

Executive Clemency Denied.

The president has denied the application for pardon in the cases of W. S. Johnson, sentenced in Georgia to eighteen months imprisonment and $1,000 fine and costs for scheming to defraud and conspiracy and Thomas M. Searcy sentenced in Alabama to one year and one day imprisonment and fine for fraudulent use of the mails.

⁂

Filibustering Steamer Released.

Mr. Chamberlain, commissioner of navigation of the treasury department, received a telegram Thursday from Key West announcing the release of the filibustering steamer City of Richmond. The dispatch states that the vessel and cargo of arms were released, no violation of law having been found against her.

⁂

Unwilling to Pardon Them.

President Cleveland denied pardons in several pension cases Monday among which was that of Stephen O. W. Brandon, of Bernosea. In the Brandon case he said:

"Denied. I am unwilling to pardon those who, in violation of our pension laws, overcharge applicants for pensions for the services they render in substantiating their claims."

⁂

Adding the New Stars.

For the first time Saturday the flag of the United States was floated with forty-five stars on its blue field, indicating the admission of Utah to the sisterhood of states. General orders issued by the war and navy departments have prepared the way for the change, and for several months past the flagmakers have been busy in placing a new star on the flags in stock. From economical considerations the old army flags will not be retired at once, but will be replaced only as they are worn out in service by the new ensigns. In the case of the naval flags the change was more easily made, for all of these flags are made at the New York and Mare island navy yards, while those on hand on shipboard may be readily altered by the expert sailmakers.

⁂

Educational Progress.

The total enrollment in educational institutions of all kinds in the United States for the school year of 1893-94 was nearly 16,000,000, according to the report for the year just promulgated by Commissioner of Education Harris. Of these all but 506,000 were in the regular schools, an increase of about a half million for the year. The percentage of total population enrolled in the schools was 20.53. School property gained in value during the year over $36,000,000 and 1,103 more school houses were in operation. In the past twenty years the south has increased 54 per cent in population, but its school attendance has increased 130 per cent more than twice as fast as the population. In the twenty years from 1874 to 1894 the value of school property in the south increased from $16,000,000 to $51,000,000—an addition of $40,000,000, or $2,000,000 a year.

⁂

Improving the Senate Chamber.

Beginning this week the historic old United States senate chamber is to be subjected to a complete and thorough overhauling, against the reassembling of the senate next December. When the improvements are all finished even Senator Morrill, who has occupied a seat in the venerable chamber almost thirty years, will scarcely know the place when he enters it, so radical will the change be. The galleries are to be entirely removed and replaced by new ones of fresh design and modern appointments. The old pale-blue wooden benches will be superseded by rising tiers of opera chairs richly upholstered and luxuriously comfortable. As a consequence such a thing as a crush in the senate galleries will be unknown hereafter, since their capacity will be a matter of exact computation, and when that limit is reached it cannot be exceeded. Besides the reconstruction of the galleries a new and improved system of ventilation will be introduced, including a special refrigerating apparatus, designed to keep the air cool and comfortable at all times. Electric bells also, like those in the house of representatives, will be rigged up in the senate chamber for convenience in summoning page boys, and some improvements will be made in the steam heating service. The sundry civil appropriation for the coming fiscal year, beginning on Wednesday, contains an item of $55,000 for the above improvements of the senate wing of the capitol, and plans have been perfected for beginning the work at once.

⁂

Uncle Sam's Treasury Matters.

The gold reserve at the close of business Wednesday was $101,408,759. Withdrawals during the day amounted to $217,000.

The treasury department authorized the treasurer at New York to reduce the premium on gold bars from ⅛ to 1-10 of 1 per cent.

The debt statement issued Wednesday shows a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the treasury, during June of $1,820,653. The interest bearing debt increased $1,875,300. The non-interest bearing debt increased $164,429 and cash in the treasury increased $238,866. The balances of the several classes of debt at the close of business June 30 were: Interest bearing debt, $847,363,890; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,636,890; debt bearing no interest, $373,728,570. Total, $1,222,729,350.

The certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury outstanding at the end of the month were $547,110,971, a decrease of $4,536,000. The total cash in the treasury was $853,305,635. The gold reserve was $100,000,000. Net cash balance, $167,432,990.

In the month there was a decrease in gold coin and bars of $7,296,779, the total at the close being $144,920,362. Of silver there was an increase of $1,192,876. Of the surplus there was in national bank depositories $16,637,884 against $16,162,972 at the end of the preceding month.

The comparative statement of receipts and expenditures of the United States issued by the treasury department Wednesday for the fiscal year ended June 30 shows the total receipts to have been $326,[illegible] and the expenditures $352,[illegible]. The receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1895, were $313,390,075, and the expenditures for the same period were $356,195,298. This gives a gain of $12,[illegible] in revenue for the year just ended and a decrease of $3,[illegible] in expenditures. For the year ended June 30 the customs receipts were $160,[illegible] against $152,[illegible] for the year ended June 30, 1895. During the year just ended the receipts from internal revenue were $146,[illegible], an increase of $3,[illegible] over the fiscal year ended June 30, 1895.

The expenditures on account of pensions for the year just ended amount to $139,[illegible], being a decrease of $1,[illegible] over the year ended June 30, 1895.

The receipts for June, 1896, amounted to $27,794,[illegible], against $25,[illegible] for the corresponding month last year. The expenditures for June, 1896, were $25,444,[illegible], against $21,[illegible] for June, 1895.

RIOTING IN OHIO.

One Man Killed—The Militia Under Arms—Police Charge the Mob.

The Brown Hoisting company, of Cleveland, O., is employing non-union labor. On Thursday evening one of their men, leaving the works on a bicycle, was attacked by a part of the mob. He shot one of his assailants dead. He was rescued by the police, who, with the aid of four companies of militia, that were hurried to the scene, finally carried him, safely to the police station. At hour of quitting the men left the works escorted by 150 policemen. The crowd followed, yelling "Scab." The officers marched steadily forward to Case, up Windsor to Wilson avenue. At the Fourth precinct station, near Euclid, a halt was made and the workmen sent into the station. Then the policemen formed again across the street.

At this time the following party was a dense black crowd, reaching far down Wilson avenue. Suddenly the word "charge" was heard and the police sprang forward like the shot of a gun. In a moment they were upon the vanguard of the crowd. The latter were dumbfounded. There was a waver and all turned and fled. But they were too late to escape punishment. The batons of the police were falling like hail upon the heads of the men. The crowd was panic stricken. Two cars blocked the way north of Wilson avenue and the men, women and children were packed together in a tight mass, yelling and shrieking. One part broke away and ran down the Cleveland and Pittsburg tracks close at hand. Another went south on Wilson avenue. Men were lying unconscious on the streets or crawling around in a vain attempt to reach their feet. The police, dividing into squads, charged after the crowd, determined to inflict punishment severe and unrelenting. This lasted for several minutes, and then returning squads of policemen began to gather up unconscious men and others who were staggering around as a result of severe blows.

GOLD FIELDS OF ALASKA.

Some Trying to Get Away—Prospectors Still Pouring In.

William Hutchinson returned to Tacoma, Wash., Tuesday from Cook's Inlet, Alaska, where he spent two months. He came down on the Norma which left Kodiak June 10 with thirty-two passengers, all she could carry, though ninety wanted to come. Hutchinson says there are 1,750 people on Six Mile creek and about as many on Resurrection creek. About 750 of them are making from $2 to $15 per day at placer mining, but the remainder, he says, are absolutely helpless and unable to find enough to keep them alive. As a rule, the gold consists of such light flakes that a breeze blows it away. Many of the prospectors would like to go to the Yukon country. That, however, is 200 miles away, and it is currently reported that the Copper river Indians who live there, are on the warpath. Hutchinson thinks there will not be enough steamers to accommodate the people who want to leave Cook's Inlet this summer. Prospectors are still pouring in there, the steamer Dora landing 125 from Sitka on June 6

Another Successful Job.

Negotiations were closed Friday by which the government becomes owner of the site of the famous "battle above the clouds," on Lookout mountain, and the property will soon be converted into an adjunct of the Chickamauga-Chattanooga national military park. The deal was effected through national commissioners with the Cravens heirs. The distinguishing feature of this battle was a fierce charge, in which General Joe Hooker assaulted the lines of General Walthall, of Mississippi. General Walthall was in command of this outpost on the left Confederate besieging lines, and had headquarters in the Cravens house. The tract purchased is ninety-two acres of valuable residence property, situated half way up the side of the mountain, and very accessible by rail.

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM.

Second Paper by Prof. Edward L. Patton, of Eutaw.

EDUCATIONAL NEEDS OF ALABAMA

People Need Arousing; School Laws Need Mending; the Cause Needs Lifting Above Politics; More Professional Teachers Needed, Longer Terms, Prompt Payment.

If there is a state in the union that needs more educational facilities it is Alabama. We need so many that it is hard to know just exactly where to begin. But I will mention a few of the most urgent. First and foremost, we need for our people to be more thoroughly aroused upon the question of educating our youth. More interest from the people in general. In some parts of the state the people are interested; in others they are lethargic. We certainly need more [illegible] to lift our state from its present scale of illiteracy. Second, we need more money. This is a vital question and one that seems hard to master with our finances and revenues in their present condition. It has been shown in my first article how this can be done and it is to be hoped that we have men who are able to cope with the situation and extend our school system. Third, we need better laws, as many that we have now are a drag and a burden to the public schools of the state. The school laws need a thorough revision. That part of our constitution that prevents a tax being made for school purposes should be amended. We certainly need a better system of payment. You may say a better financial system for the schools than we now have. Teachers need their money, and they need it regularly and promptly, yet by the system of payment now in vogue they are compelled to wait three months, sometimes six, and in case of poll tax money a year. I have waited nearly a year for poll tax money for a school taught nearly a year previous. The taxes are assumed to be collected the year preceding; we will say that poll taxes collected in October, 1895, and [illegible] should be ready to be paid by October, 1895, yet such is not the case, and the teacher must wait frequently until July, 1896, before being able to obtain payment from such taxes for services rendered. I know what I am talking about, because I have had the experience, and I know others who have. This should not be. Why is it that the state holds this money, while the teacher is deprived of it? Frequently to great disadvantage. The teacher gets no interest for the money thus used and the financial system should be so that the teachers can get their money promptly and regularly. The state of Tennessee issues her school warrants at the end of every month and they are good when presented. Other states do the same. Why can't Alabama?

We need more professional teachers. It is very creditable for a young man to earn money to educate himself, or to obtain the money to study another profession. It is very noble for a young woman to support herself, or help the family, but should the teacher, who has studied teaching as a profession, be so discounted? Should the child, so delicate a construction, a model for citizenship, a model for eternity, be placed in incompetent hands? It is frequently the case. There are many who only teach a short time who do good work, but teaching with another object in view is not to the best interest of a thorough educational system. Then again it keeps many who are thoroughly competent from entering as a profession. Some of the reasons for this is that where so many engage to teach for some of the causes mentioned, it lowers the standard of teaching, it lowers the standard of an education. It causes poor pay. Because a teacher who has spent both time and money to study professionally cannot teach for the salary that a teacher who has not done so can. The people soon want a cheap teacher and are not willing to pay any other kind. In view of these facts, I am led to believe that we need a law that will not grant a license under two years for a second grade, and four years for a first grade teacher. The persons proposing to teach must obligate themselves to such a license. If ever there was a curse upon the state, it is politics in the school. Yet no one can deny that such has been the case in Alabama. Many schools have been rent in twain by prejudicial politics. Communities have been divided and split up until in many places it is almost impossible for a good school to exist, because of the animosity existing between people differing on political issues. Let me repeat that politics has been a baneful curse to our schools. We certainly need every issue segregated from any political influence. We certainly need less three months' schools! Why? One reason is that so many people are content to have their children attend school for that period that the parents have gotten indifferent about their children attending school for a longer time. They depend on some little three months' school to educate their children and will not make any effort for a longer term of school. I have said that a three months' school is almost a curse to any community. I do not want to be misunderstood just here, so will state my reasons.

1. No teacher can thoroughly understand his pupils in less time than that, then just as he is beginning to understand the pupil, and the pupil the teacher's methods and his ways, school closes. The consequence is the majority of pupils forget what they have learned, and when the next three months comes, a large portion of the work must be done over. What business man can make a living only keeping his business going three months in the year? What farmer can produce a crop only tending his farm three months in the year? The same way in all business. Now, then, what kind of education can be built up only three months in the year?

2. The people seem to think that the state must educate their children, and in many cases patrons depend upon a poor, little three months' school, and will not make any efforts to keep a school longer.

3. Teachers who follow teaching as a profession cannot afford to teach only three months in the year, because they cannot make a living for themselves.

4. It causes so many teachers to change from place to place, all of which is detrimental to good school work. This last does not refer to the professional teacher, but to many others who follow teaching only for a short time. Many are worthy and do good work, but a large per cent are unfit for teaching, but they teach cheaply and in some places people seem to want that kind of teachers. We need many of these defects remedied; this can only be done by changes in our our school laws. These defects are glaring. Further attention will be given to other educational needs for Alabama. But let us sum up these already given so that they may appear plainly to our view:

1. Our people need arousing in educational interest.
2. We need money.
3. Our public school laws need a thorough revision.
4. We need less politics in school districts.
5. We need more professional teachers.
6. We need less three months schools and more longer terms.
7. We need a compulsory education law.
8. We need a law that will permit taxation for educational purposes.

ROBBING THEIR EMPLOYERS.

Syndicate of Thieves Made Up of Conductors and Station Agents.

Officials of the Chicago and Alton railroad have just discovered that a gang of employes, among whom are passenger train conductors and station agents working with Pullman conductors, have robbed the railway company of $25,000.

Sufficient investigation into the workings has been had to show a conspiracy and three [illegible] conductors and [illegible] station agents have lost their positions.

The company is making [illegible] plans for the criminal prosecution of the offenders. The scheme of [illegible] was for the conductor of the train which leaves Springfield for Chicago [illegible] to take up tickets, punch and [illegible]. The meeting point of this train with the St. Louis train, which leaves Chicago about [illegible] in the morning, is about half way between Chicago and Springfield. The [illegible] tickets would be returned to Springfield by the conductor of the [illegible] train which arrived at Springfield [illegible] in time for them to be sold [illegible] night train for Chicago. The [illegible] were good [illegible] the reason the stamp of the [illegible] line was good.

THE CUBAN [illegible]

Insurgent Forces Active—[illegible] Engagements—[illegible]

News from Cuba [illegible] the insurgent leader [illegible] an engagement with General [illegible] when the Spanish had [illegible] wounded.

The command [illegible] against Maceo the province of Pinar del Rio has [illegible] in several [illegible] engagements in which Maceo [illegible] routed the bands of guerrillas and captured some pieces of arms. The Spaniards now claim that they cannot find Maceo.

A rebel band, commanded by Manuel Marsal, burned the hamlet of [illegible] and five farmers [illegible] the town of San Antonio [illegible] in Havana province. A party of 200 rebels arrived at the Matanzas cemetery and threatened the keeper. They took several horses.

Matanzas advices report that three officers died Wednesday of yellow fever in Colon. The civil hospital and Red Cross society's quarters have been taken to accommodate the sick soldiers. The mail steamer Alfonzo XII carried to Spain Wednesday as "[illegible]" Silverio Cantero and Julian Figuerora Ferrer.

Iron and Steel Workers.

The new scale of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers went into effect Wednesday. The scale is a slight advance over that previously paid. The mill operators who have not as yet signed the new scale are shutting down for repairs. So far the best of feeling exists among the employers and men and the common opinion is that the scale of wages will be signed at the proper time when the mills are ready to again begin operations.

The new scale of 40 cents per ton for coal mining also went into effect Wednesday. The miners are elated over the advance. Work is reported fair, some of the miners working full time. Saturday next has been set apart for a grand jollification at Blue Creek, Blocton, Bessemer and other places over the advance.

Walker County Coal Association.

S. L. Finley, of Memphis, Tenn., has been appointed commissioner of the Walker County Coal Association. He will succeed Mr. T. F. Steele, who has been appointed division freight agent of the Alabama Great Southern railroad, with headquarters at Birmingham, a position Mr. Steele resigned last fall to accept the office he will now vacate to return to his former occupation.

The Walker County Association met in Memphis, Tenn., Tuesday with the representatives of the coal companies of Tennessee to consider the resignation of Mr. Steele. The general state of business was also discussed, and it was ascertained that for the period of the year the coal business in Alabama is not unusually dull—in fact, it is as good as could be expected.

Boiler Exploded—Usual Result.

A terrible accident happened at an early hour Thursday morning on the Louisville and Nashville railroad seventy-two and a half miles north of Birmingham and one and a half miles south of Hartselle. The boiler of an engine exploded, killing three men, injuring another and wrecking eighteen cars. The killed are: James Jones, engineer; Dan Akins, colored, fireman; L. Jenkins, colored, front brakeman. Injured, A. C. Sandford, flagman.

The engine was No. 230, and was pulling southbound freight train No. 15. The noise of the explosion was heard for miles and miles around as the immense iron horse went to atoms. What caused the explosion will never be ascertained. Those who could possibly tell are now in the great beyond. It is conjectured that an insufficiency of water had something to do with it.

Rush of Natural Gas.

On Wednesday a tremendous rush of natural gas, estimated at 1,000,000 cubic feet per day, caused suspension of work on a well which the Burt Oil company of Harriman, Tenn., were drilling on the Eldridge farm, in Overton county, Tenn. This single well would supply the city of Chattanooga, with its 50,000 people, with illuminating gas. The entire area of central and northern Tennessee country is leased to oil prospectors and the excitement runs high.

There is an excellent opportunity for some ambitious girl to outshine the numerous American duchesses, countesses and marquises now sojourning in foreign parts. King Alexander, of Servia, is very anxious to take to wife some rich and handsome damsel from the United States, and as an inducement he proposes to elevate his prospective bride to the ranks of royalty in order that she may be on social equality with his kingly self. Then he will espouse her with splendid ceremonial and give a portion of the [illegible]

Wm. E. Curtis writes from New York to the Chicago Record: "It is a curious fact that many New Yorkers [illegible] who keep their noses up the [illegible] and couldn't go to the World's [illegible] 1893 because they had to [illegible] [illegible] the Allegheny mountains [illegible] inhabitants of Iowa, Minnesota [illegible]

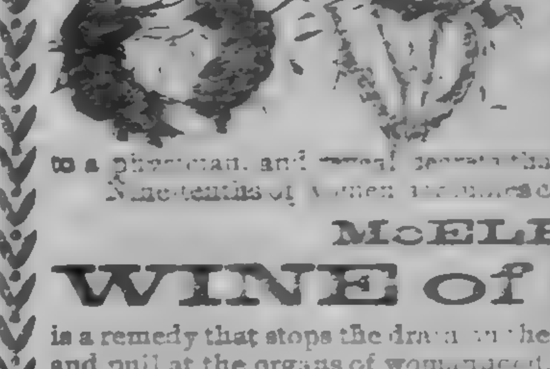
Sweetness and Light.

[illegible]

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

[illegible]

GOOD LOOKS & PAIN



When you see a [illegible] woman, you [illegible] health. It is the [illegible] face and form that comes natural when weakness and pain are absent. Sickness and pain drive attractiveness away.

It is difficult to make women believe their tortures can be cured at home. The popular belief is that they must suffer on and on—or go to a physician, and reveal secrets that he ought not to know. Nine-tenths of women [illegible] can be cured without physician's aid.

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1896. NO. 38.

W. J. BRYAN NOMINATED.

The National Democratic Convention Performs Its Work.

SEWALL FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Banner It Unfurls is for Free and Unlimited Coinage of Both Silver and Gold, Tariff for Revenue Only and the Abolition of National Bank Notes.

The national democratic convention assembled in Chicago last Tuesday.

At 1 p. m. the convention was called to order by Mr. Harrity, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the democratic national committee.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Ernest M. Sires, rector of Grace Episcopal church, Chicago.

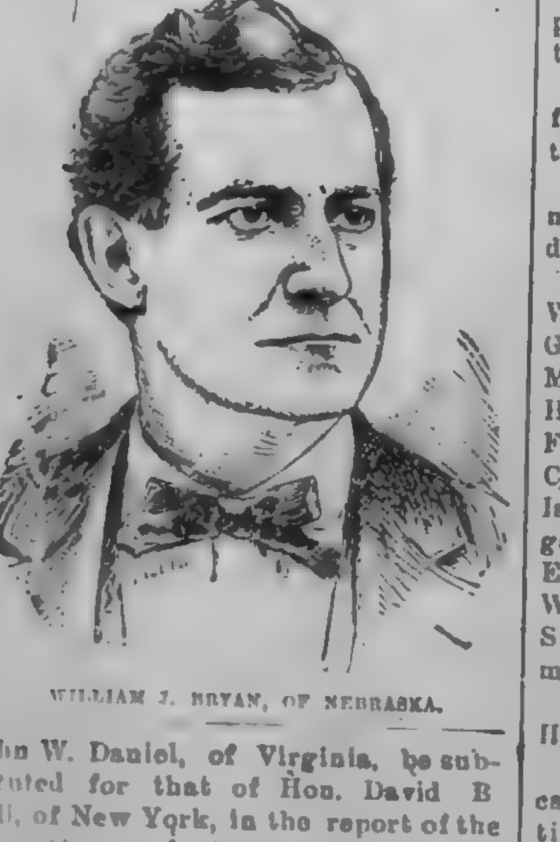
Chairman Harrity, by direction of the national committee, reported the following as the temporary organization of the convention:

Temporary Chairman, David B. Hill, of New York.

Temporary Secretary, Simon [illegible] Sheerin, of Indiana.

Sergeant-At-Arms, John I. Martin, of Missouri.

Henry D. Clayton, of Alabama, offered a minority report, signed by twenty-three members of the committee, recommending that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted for that of Hon. David B. Hill, of New York, in the report of the committee, and that the Hon. John W. Daniel be chosen temporary chair[illegible]



WILLIAM J. BRYAN, OF NEBRASKA.

Upon the conclusion of the debate on the reports a roll call of the states was ordered on the question of the adoption of the minority report.

The vote, as announced by the chair was, ayes 556, nays 349. So the minority report was adopted and the Hon. John W. Daniel was escorted to the chair, and addressed the convention, closing with the announcement that the national democratic convention was now in session and would proceed to the business of organization.

After the adoption of resolutions of thanks to Chairman Harrity, the roll was called to give each state and territory an opportunity to name its selections for the several committees. When the appointment of the committees was completed the members of them withdrew for organization. The convention then adjourned until 10 o'clock Wednesday.

SECOND DAY.

The convention was called to order at 11 o'clock by the temporary chairman.

Prayer, by Rev. Thomas E. Greene, rector of Grace Episcopal church, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

The first business in order being the reports of committees, and no reports being ready the time was given to music and speeches until 1 p. m. At that hour the chair announced a partial report of the committee on credentials. The report gave each territory and the District of Columbia six votes and seated the contesting delegatoin (all silver) from Nebraska. The committee asked further time as to the Michigan contest. The report was adopted by a viva voce vote.

The convention took a recess until 5 o'clock.

The temporary chairman was in his seat at 5:15, but it was 5:50 when the committee on credentials presented its complete report, upon which all other business was waiting. By this report the contesting (silver) delegates from the Fourth and Ninth Michigan districts were seated. A minority report was presented favoring the delegation as named on the temporary roll. A warm debate ensued at the conclusion of which the minority report was rejected by yeas 358, nays 558. The majority report was then adopted.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The report of the committee on permanent organization was then presented by Mr Finlay of Ohio, naming Senator White of California as permanent president of the convention and Thomas J. Cogan of Ohio as permanent secretary.

The report was adopted and Senator White was conducted to the chair. At the conclusion of the president's address, he had presented to him, by Mr. Clark of Montana, in behalf of the delegates of that state a silver gavel, from the mines of Montana.

The convention then adjourned until 10 o'clock Thursday morning.

THIRD DAY.

President White called the convention to order at 10:55 and Rev. Thomas E. Greene of Cedar Rapids, Ia., offered prayer.

Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, was called to the chair, and Senator Jones of Arkansas, chairman of the committee on resolutions read the platform as finally adopted by the committee.

A minority report and two amendments by Mr. Hill, of New York, were read by one of the secretaries.

MINORITY REPORT.

The minority report declares that some of the declarations in the report of the majority are ill-considered and ambiguously phrased, while others are extreme and revolutionary of the well-recognized principles of the party.

The minority offers, as a substitute for the financial report of the majority, a declaration of which the first paragraph is as follows:

"'We declare our belief that the experiment on the part of the United States alone of free silver coinage and changing the existing standard of value independently of the action of other great nations would not only imperil our finances, but would retard or entirely prevent the establishment of international bimetallism, to which the efforts of the government should be steadily directed. It would place this country at once upon a silver basis, impair contracts, disturb business, diminish the purchasing power of the wages of labor and inflict irreparable evils upon our nation's commerce and industry.

The minority further declares in favor of the maintenance of the existing gold standard as essential to the preservation of the national credit until international co-operation for the coining of silver can be secured. It favors also "the gradual retirement and cancellation of all United States notes and treasury notes under such legislative provisions as will prevent undue contraction."

The minority report recommends the following amendment to the report of the majority:

"We commend the honesty, economy, courrge and fidelity of the present democratic national administration.

"Signed, David B. Hill, New York; William F. Vilas, Wisconsin; George Gray, Delaware; John Prentiss Poe, Maryland; Irving W. Drew, New Hampshire; C. O. Holman, Maine; P. J. Farrell, Vermont; Lynde Harrison, Connecticut; David N. Baker, Rhode Island; Thomas L. C. Weadock, Michigan: James O'Brien, Minnesota; John E. Russell, Massachusetts; Robert E. Wright, Pennsylvania; William R. Steel, South Dakota; Allen McDermott, New Jersey."

The amendments offered by Senator Hill, of New York, are as follows:

First amendment: "But it should be carefully provided be law, at the same time, that any change in the monetary standard should not apply to existing contracts."

Second amendment: "Our advocacy of the independent free coinage of silver being based on the belief that such coinage will effect and maintain a parity between gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, we declare as a pledge of our sincerity that if such free coinage shall fail to affect such parity within a year from its enactment into law, such coinage shall thereupon be suspended."

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, offered an omendment denouncing the administration of President Cleveland, and addressed the convention in favor of the majority report. Senator Jones, of Arkansas, followed on the same line. Senators Hill and Vilas and Ex-Governor William E. Russell, of Massachusetts advocated the minority report and Bryan, of Nebraska, closed the debate for the majority.

ADOPTION OF THE PLATFORM.

At 3:15 the convention proceeded to vote on the minority report. It was rejected by yeas 303, nays 626.

The amendment endorsing the administration was lost. Yeas 357, nays 564.

Mr. Hill's two financial amendments were lost by a viva voce vote.

The platform as reported by the majority of the committee on resolutions was then adopted by yeas 628, nays 301, absent 1.

The conventian took a recess until 9 p. m.

NOMINATIONS.

Upon reassembling the convention was called to order by President White, who immeniately transferred the gavel to Mr. Richardson. The chair announced that the nominating and seconding speeches would be limited to thirty minutes, and that the roll of states would now be called for nomination.

Mr. Vest, of Missouri, nominated the Hon. Richard Parks Bland. Seconded by Mr. David Overmeyer, of Kansas, and Hon. J. R. Williams, of Illinois.

Mr. H. T. Lewis, of Georgia, put Mr. W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, in nomination. Seconded by T. F. Klutz, of North Caralina, G. F. Williams, of Massachusetts and T. J. Kernan of Louisiana.

Governor Claude Matthews, of Indiana, was put in nomination by Senator Turpie, of that state. Seconded by Hon. Oscar Trippett, of California.

Hon. Fred White, of Iowa, presented the name of Ex-Governor Boies of that state. Seconded by A. D. Smith, of Minnesota.

Hon. John S. Rhea, of Kentucky, placed Senator Joseph C. Blackburn, of Kentucky in nomination. Seconded by W. W. Foote of California.

Mr. Patrick of Ohio, nominated John R. McLean of Cincinnati.

The roll call being completed at 12:35 a. m., the convention adjourned until 10 a. m.

SYNOPSIS OF PLATFORM.

Allegiance to the essential principles of justice and liberty—freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law, and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations—is reaffirmed.

The party renews its obligations and reaffirms its devotion to the principles of civil and religious liberty.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace.

We denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution; and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts, or which is receivable for dues to the United States shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

Taxation should be limited by the needs of the government, honestly and economically administered. We denounce as disturbing to business the republican threat to restore the McKinley law. Until the money question is settled we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the supreme court on the income tax.

We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market.

We are in favor of arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle.

We demand the enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission and such restrictions and guarantees in the control of the railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

We denounce the profligate waste of money and the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses.

We denounce arbitrary interference by federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the constitution of the United States and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression, by which federal judges, in contempt of the laws of the states and rights of citizens, become at once legislators, judges and executioners.

Recognizing the just claims of deserving union soldiers, we heartily indorse the rule of the present commissioner of pensions that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll.

We favor the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma into the union as states, and we favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resources to entitle them to statehood.

Public lands should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

The Monroe doctrine must be maintained.

We extend our sympathy to the Cubans.

No man should be eligible for a third term to the presidential office.

The federal government should care for and improve the great interior water ways of the country.

Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declaration of principles and purposes to the considerate judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

FOURTH DAY.

President White called the convention to order at 10:55 and prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Greene.

Mr. Harrity, of Pennsylvania, put in nomination Robert Pattison, of that state.

Mr. Miller, of Oregon, in behalf of his state, nominated ex-Governor Sylvester Pennoyer.

BRYAN WINS.

Nominations being closed the secretary called the roll of states for balloting.

While the fifth ballot was progressing the names of Bland, McLean, Boies and Matthews were withdrawn.

Senator Turpie then moved to make the nomination of Bryan unanimous. There was objection on the part of the states not voting. The chair, however, decided the vote on Bryan's nomination unanimous, a majority voting for it.

The convention then took a recess until 8 p. m.

The convention reassembled a few minutes before 9 o'clock and, without transacting any business, adjourned to Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

FIFTH DAY.

At 11 a. m. the convention was called to order by the president. The name of candidates for vice-president being the first thing in order, George F. Williams of Massachusetts, John R. McLean of Ohio, James H. Lewis of Washington, George W. Fithian of Illinois, Sylvester Pennoyer of Oregon, Arthur Sewall of Maine, John W. Daniel of Virginia, Walter Clark of North Carolina, and Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania were put in nomination.

SEWALL NOMINATED.

On the fourth ballot the vote was Bland 255, McLean 210, Sewall 97, Sibley 50, scattering 53.

Mr. Bland's name and that of McLean were then withdrawn. On the fifth ballot the McLean following went to Sewall. The nomination of Sewall was, on motion, made unanimous.

The usual resolutions of thanks were adopted and the convention adjourned without a day.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NASHVILLE

An Entire Square in Ashes—Colored Fireman Fatally Injured.

A destructive fire visited Nashville at 12:30 Saturday, originating on the fourth floor of Rosenheim's retail dry goods store. It spread so rapidly that the interior of the establishment was gutted before the entire department was in operation. It quickly communicated to adjacent buildings, and, favored by the wind, the entire square, bounded by College, Deadrick, Church and Cedar streets, was soon in flames, and the efforts of the department were bent to confining the fire within the square. In this they were successful, but not until many handsome structures, including the Duncan and Commercial hotels on opposite sides of the streets, had been scorched and blistered and plate glass windows shattered. Not less than thirty-five business houses were destroyed, entailing a loss which conservative insurance adjusters say will approximate $300,000.

There were several casualties and numerous hair breadth escapes incident to the heroic fight of the firemen. Capt. W. M. Demoss, a brave colored fireman, and W. M. Silver, a member of his company, were cut off by a falling wall and borne down under a pile of debris. A shudder went through the crowd. They were thought to have perished. A few moments later they issued from the smoking ruins, Silver with no further injuries than a few bruises and cuts, Demoss is thought to be fatally hurt. Capt. Reuben Richard, colored, was seriously cut by fragment of plate glass. Several firemen fainted from over exertion and heat.

LATE TELEGRAPH NEWS.

M. Bookman Craig, a young gentleman who moved from Columbia, S. C., to Jacksonville, Fla., about a year ago, returned Thursday from his native city, bringing with him his bride, having been secretly married last Christmas and kept the affair from family and friends until he was ready to bring his bride to their new home.

A negro named Johnson broke into the section-house at Boca Ratones, the other day, and almost stole it bare. He was apprehended, and received a jail sentence of ninety days.

Fire broke out at 11 o'clock Wednesday night in the rear of Cohen & Peyren's paint shop, on Main street, San Luis Obispo, Cal. The water supply was inadequate. The Central hotel, adjoining the paint shop, was burned to the ground. The Hutchins block, occupied by Puig Bros. for a liquor store, a large frame building abutting the Hutchins block, the Bell photograph gallery, the Henderson block and the Brooks block were also burned. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

The latest estimate of damage in and near Pensacola, Fla., by the great storm on the Gulf, including shipping, city losses and losses of timber, fruit and farm products in the county, is from $600,000 to $800,000. The fruit and farm products in the county are a total loss and it is estimated that 30 per cent of the best timber in the county is down.

CRUSHED, MANGLED AND DEAD.

Twenty-five Killed and Eleven Injured in a Collision.

On Saturday evening an excursion train going out of Logan, Ia., was run into by a fast freight just at the outskirts of the city and ditched, killing twenty-five people and injuring eleven.

The train consisted of fifteen coaches, loaded down with members of the Union Pacific Pioneer association of Omaha and their families and friends. The excursion left Omaha early in the day, picking up recruits at Council Bluff, Missouri valley points and Woodbine, Ia. Its destination was Logan, Ia., which was reached about 10 a. m., and the day had been pleasantly spent. About 7 o'clock the journey homeward was commenced. The train had hardly passed the limits of the city and was rounding a curve when "down brakes" was whistled and then came a crash. The excursion train had been run into by a fast freight known as No. 38 and all the coaches were ditched. The engineers and firemen of both engines jumped and both crews escaped without injury. The conductor of the freight train says he was running on orders and that the excursion was not. The engineer and fireman of the excursion train disappeared after the collision, and this lends color to the story as told by the freight conductor.

His Last Hold-up.

Wednesday night as W. E. Lemerisce, postmaster of Forest Park, Ill., was sitting in his parlor in company with his son, his two daughters and two women visitors, the front door opened and a big negro carrying a big revolver walked in. He ordered young Lemerisce to stand, and, when he did so, told one of the girls to search the boy's pockets and hand over the money she found. While this was going on Mr. Lemerisce quietly stepped into the next room and, getting his own revolver, blew out the negro's brains. It is thought the negro intended to rob the postoffice.

The Gold Reserve.

Gold withdrawals Saturday amounted to $124,300, leaving the reserve at the close of business at $99,023,996.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

DEPUTIES SENT TO ISHKOODA.

Remembering the Poor—Ambush and Slaughter—Alabama's Iron Market—Mehaffey's Fatal Fall, Industrial Progress—Remarkable Confession—Fine Crops.

Every Little Helps.

Jacksonville has a hose factory that employs fifteen hands.

Government Work at Riverton.

The work by the government forces on the lock of the Riverton canal is progressing admirably. During the month of June 2,800 cubic yards of masonry was laid.

Fayette Industrial Progress.

Fayette is gradually building up manufacturing industries. There is now in successful operation a tanyard, spoke and handle factory, grist mill, saw mill, planing mill, cotton gin, blacksmith shop, machine shop and trunk factory.

Into an Open Well.

Tom Sides, who had been missing since Monday, was found dead under the water in an old well near the Anniston Pipe and Foundry plant Thursday. It is supposed that Sides was walking near the well and in the darkness fell in. He leaves a wife and four children.

Alabama Iron Market.

The iron market is still very dull. No. 1 founday is selling at less than $6.50, which is the basis of the miners contract in the Birmingham district. There are few calls for quotations, and orders are not coming in. Iron is stagnant with no upward turn in sight. The yards are still full of the product and demand is far behind the supply.

Fine Crops—Superfine Hogs.

Fayette county crops are fine. Corn is earing well and cotton has a good weed, and in some parts of the county is the best ever grown in Fayette. Bud Cannon has imported from Ohio a pair of the finest hogs ever seen in West Alabama. They are the O. I. C. stock, about one year old and weigh over 400 pounds each.

She Remembered the Poor.

Mrs. Mitchell, who died recently near Birmingham left a will in which she made several gifts, and among them was $100 for the Charity hospital of this city. The total amount of property left did not come up to the amount of the gifts and they had to be prorated. The Charity hospital will receive $87, which amount the ladies of the Hillman hospital will receive on application.

Ambush and Slaughter.

Fannie Browning shot and fatally wounded James Partlow of Sheffield in Florence Friday. The shooting was done at the Browning woman's house. Partlow was entering the house when the woman, who was concealed under the steps, shot him. He ran several hundred yards after being shot three times. The woman claims the shooting was a mistake and that she took Partlow for another man. Partlow was taken to Sheffield today and will die. The woman is under arrest.

Unfortunate Accident.

News reached Huntsville Wednesday night of a very sad and unfortunate accident to the little 5-year-old son of John M. Hampton, near Meridianville Tuesday afternoon, cutting off his right leg by a mowing machine. Mr Hampton was mowing tall weeds near his house and his little son followed him, without his knowledge, and was concealed by the high weeds. A messenger for medicine reported the little fellow doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

Mehaffey's Fatal Fall.

Mr. W. H. Mehaffey, a carpenter employed at the car wheel works on Seventh street, Birmingham, died Saturday morning at the Hillman infirmary from the effect of a fall from a scaffold Friday afternoon. He, with some others, were erecting an overhead trolley when he fell, striking on his head and back. Drs. Copeland and Berry attended the injured man, but pronounced the wounds fatal. All that was possible to alleviate his sufferings was done, but to no effect and death relieved him of his sufferings. He lived at 2416 Avenue C and leaves a wife and daughter.

Florence Water Works.

The water works deal, by which the city of Florence is to purchase from the bondholders the water works plant for $125,000, is settled, so far as the city is concerned. The city council and the owners of the water works have reached an agreement which is satisfactory to both, and the papers for the formal transfer are being prepared. The deal now hinges upon the action of the legislature, which will have to authorize the issue of bonds by the city to purchase the plant. The matter will be presented to the legislature at its next session, and it is thought the issue will be authorized.

Coal Market Encouraging.

The mines are putting out a fair amount of coal for the usually dull season. The coal market is in comparatively good shape. There is demand for the supply. The turn at the mines this week was about the same as last. Orders are coming in for domestic and steam coal for delivery during the last of the month and later on. There is quite a tendency to improve. By the end of the month coal will be much more active and the miners, who are getting an advance of 2½ cents a ton by the new contract, will begin to enjoy the advance.

Two Gentlemen of Leisure.

William Sullivan and Edward McGhee, two young white men, were arrested by Officer Culpepper, of Birmingham, Thursday morning on the charge of burglary and grand larceny. After Detective Wiggins and Officer Culpepper had their men locked up safe they gave in and informed the officers where the goods they had stolen could be found. Acting on the information given them, Messrs. Culpepper and Wiggins went to Gate City and found a lot of clothing under a pile of old powder cans. These they brought to the city. Alderman Meade identified some of the goods, as did Rev. O. P. Fitzsimmons and Dr. Dabney.

Industrial Progress.

The Jefferson County Cotton Seed Oil mill, now being erected at East Birmingham by F. G. Kinney & Co., is nearing completion. Five car loads of machinery were received last week, and by next Saturday all of the machinery is expected to arrive, when things will be put in shipshape to begin crushing about August 20. The mill will handle about sixty-three tons of seed per day, and the product will be about 2,500 gallons of oil, twenty-five tons of hulls and three bales linters. From forty to sixty hands will be required to operate the mill. This is strictly a Birmingham enterprise, built by individual capital, and the only industry of the kind in the city.

Struck by a Train.

John Reed, colored, working with a section gang on the Alabama Great Southern road, was struck by a train near Irondale at 6 o'clock this morning and was seriously, though not necessarily fatally hurt. Freight train No. 51 struck the man. It seems that Reed was in a gang working in the middle of the track near Irondale when the train came along. The men were slow in getting out of the way, and Reed was struck. He was brought to the city and carried to the Hillman hospital, where Dr. Copeland attended him. His right foot was so badly injured that a partial amputation was necessary. His left leg was broken and a severe bruse was made on his left elbow.

Remarkable Confession.

A dispatch from Tuscaloosa says: News has just reached here that Commissioner Cline has confessed that the last grand jury drawn by the populites in this county was picked to indict democratic officials. At a joint debate Colonel Clements made this publicly known, and when Hon. F. S. Moody alluded to it later Steve Auxford, populist tax assessor, arose and denied that Mr. Cline said such a thing. Mr. Cline being in the audience, Mr. Moody asked him the direct question as to whether or not he had said what Colonel Clements had imputed to him. Mr. Cline promptly replied that Colonel Clements had stated the truth. Mr. Moody courteously thanked the commissioner and recommended his honesty and truthfulness.

Deputies Sent to Ishkooda.

The miners at Ishkooda are still holding out in their demands for more pay, and, as a precautionary measure against trouble and to protect men who may desire to work, deputy sheriffs have been sent there. About 500 miners are engaged in the strike. The mines are operated by J. W. Worthington & Co., who, it is said, have refused to accede to the demand for an advance in wages on the ground that there is very little demand at present for iron ore and the ore producers are not in a condition to increase wages under present conditions of the market. It was reported in Birmingham Friday that new men went to work Friday morning, but received threatening anonymous letters and quit. The deputies were sent out on the petition for guards in case an effort is made to prevent the new men from working. No violence whatever has thus far been reported.

Youth's Awful Death.

Jose M. Frazer, son of Rev. Guy Frazer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was jumping off a moving freight train at Coshocton, O., Wednesday evening, when he fell under the wheels and was torn to pieces, death resulting instantly. He had been visiting his aunt, Mrs. Frazer, at Frazerburg.

A little more honest politics is needed now worse than the so-called "honest money."

The senate very emphatically vetoed the president's veto in the matter of the river and harbor bill.

No currency system will benefit the people materially so long as the banks control the volume of money.

Labor is the true measure of value and Coxey's non-interest, good roads plan would fix a stable value on a day's labor.

Butler's bond bill stirred up all the latent vituperation in the stomachs of the gold bugs, and they belched forth rot as never before.

It is true that a gold dollar goes farther than any other dollar—it goes to Europe, but it never comes back until bonds are issued to buy it back.

The Fourth of July is coming but it is mockery to celebrate the same until the freedom from England, which our forefathers fought for, is restored.

The man who heads the democratic national ticket this year will have the honor of leading the greatest funeral procession the world ever witnessed.

Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge had the distinction of making the only gold bug speech in the Kentucky convention—and he hasn't paid that $30,000 to Madeline Pollard yet.

The best evidence that neither old party will bring prosperity to the people is that both have had a good chance under the most favorable conditions, and both have signally failed.

Speaker Reed declares he will not play second fiddle to tin-cup McKinley. All right; "Czar," we glory in your spunk. Just wait until 1900 and we'll lay you out with a populist.

It has been well said that the "preachers are, as a rule, the political idiots of the age"—but the college professors play them a close second-fiddle as the gibbering idiots of finance.

Wall street is growing bolder. It comes out flatly opposed to a government by vote of the people. May it be overtaken by hell on earth, and be forever plunged in fire and brimstone beyond.

If Henry Clews and the men whom he speaks for don't want to submit to be ruled by the "votes of an ignorant suffrage," let them go to Europe. The American people can get along without such anarchists as Clews.

It is now almost certain that the democratic party will declare for free silver in its national convention and nominate a free silver democrat—all by consent of Wall street. Where, then, will the silver party be?

When Wall street attempts to force a silver congress to violate its pledges to the people, then the earth will tremble in revolution. If Wall street will not submit to the voice of the people it will have to go. The people are in earnest.

It is constitutional for the people to pay the rich sugar trust a tax or bounty to increase its profits, but it is unconstitutional for the rich to pay an income tax into the treasury to help pay the running expenses of the government. So says the United States supreme court. Rats!

The eastern liars are defaming the west, by saying that it threatens to secede. Bosh! The only secession movement in this country is confined to the foreign spies and the traitors of Wall street. Henry Clews' cold-blooded anarchist letter from New York reveals the plot.

Banks of issue cannot be depended upon to preserve a uniform volume of currency. Without a uniform volume of currency prices will fluctuate, panics occur, and periods of depression and distress prevail. What we need is the abolition of all banks of issue, and restore the circulating medium to the government—the people.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL
KEATING
BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?
(KEATING)—19 lbs
KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY. - - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON

15th Senatorial District

For Senator,
G. B. DEANS.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count,

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Hon. S. M. Adams and other distinguished speakers will address the people of Chilton county at Kincheon on Thursday, July 23. All invited. Bring your baskets.

Hon. J. A. Logan, Hon. L. B. Pounds and others, will address the people of Chilton county at the following times and places:
Pilgrim's Rest, Friday, July 24 10 a.m
Stanton, Saturday, July 25, 10 a.m
Sardis, Saturday, July 25, 3 p.m

Everybody is invited to attend these meetings.

H. I. HONEYCUTT, Ch'm'n.

Clanton, July 13—(Special)—A joint debate was held here to-day between the Rev. S. M. Adams and Colonel Hibbard of Monroe county. The tirade of Adams was directed solely against Judge Caffey of Lowndes, whom he abused roundly.

WE reprint the above from the State-Herald of the 14th inst. as a sample of the "news" in that paper in order that the people of Chilton may decide for themselves the reliability of the State-herald's political "news." At the same time we respectfully refer the State-Herald to Col. Hibbard and get the opinion of that gentleman as to whether there is one word of truth contained in the last sentence. A newspaper correspondent should not indulge his prejudices at the expense of his veracity, but recently the State-Herald has published several "news" items from Chilton which if investigated would demonstrate their utter unreliability and in fact were so absurd we did not consider it worth while to notice them. Again we refer the State Herald to Col. Hibbard or any other reputable Democrat who was present at the joint debate on the 13th. and we will guarantee that not one of them will substantiate the report of the State-Herald's correspondent.

PUBLIC office is a public trust, and it is the duty of men who aspire to office to at least make themselves acquainted with the people they wish to represent. No intelligent, self-respecting voter can afford to vote for any man for any office—even if that office is only beat constable—unless he is acquainted with the candidate's general character and also his views on public questions. These remarks are suggested by the peculiar state of things existing among the Democrats of Chilton county. A few weeks ago they quietly nominated certain men for some of the county offices and from that time to this no one has heard a word from any of them. As to whether they are gold standard Democrats or silver Democrats, free trade Democrats or protection Democrats no one knows—possibly they do not know themselves and so keep quiet. Anyhow we repeat no intelligent, self-respecting voter can afford to throw his vote away on men he knows nothing about.

THE joint debate last Monday at Clanton between Hon. S.M.Adams and Col. Hibbard, of Monroe, who represented the Democrats, was unusually interesting. The courthouse was packed and the outside galleries crowded. It was the largest gathering we have had here in a long time. Mr. Adams led off with a speech of one hour with his customary eloquence, and maintained Populist principles with a vim and vigor that carried his audience with him. Col. Hibbard followed with a conservative speech, his main argument being that there is no difference in principle between Populists and Democrats, but only a difference of ways and means. This being generally admitted—we have always maintained that Populism was unadulterated Democracy, but not the "organized" Alabama variety—we shall yet hope to see the gallant Colonel advocating the Populist cause and voting the Populist ticket. He is much too good a gentleman to be engaged in the hopeless attempt to foist Captain Johnston upon the people of Alabama. Mr. Adams concluded in a forcible manner, and there is no doubt but that the joint debate added a considerable number of votes to the already large majority our ticket will poll two weeks from next Monday.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska, who is generally considered a very good Populist, was nominated for president by the national democratic convention on a straight 16 to 1 silver platform. The platform, which will be found on page 4, is unquestionably Populist, and we await with great interest the proceedings of our national convention which meets in St. Louis next Wednesday. It maybe the national convention of the People's Party will endorse the nomination and thus insure the election of a silver man, instead of nominating another silver man and jeopardizing the cause of silver for an indefinite period.

No matter what course national politics may take, there is one paramount issue in Alabama, and that is honest elections. There is only one way to obtain that, and that is to vote for Goodwyn and the entire Populist ticket.

HON. A. T. GOODWYN
OUR CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

ABOVE we present our readers with a portrait of Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, the next governor of Alabama. No man in the State has a cleaner record than that borne by the distinguished gentleman who so well represented this district in the last State senate and who is yet so worthily representing the fifth Congressional district. The organized Democrats have in vain attempted to find some flaw in his record, but can find none. Misrepresentation has been largely indulged in and a recent issue of the leading Johnston daily contained a disgusting and scurrilous cartoon which no respectable paper would have published. Such means simply recoil on those who use them and we have full confidence that on the 3d day of August the people of Alabama will return such an overwhelming majority for Capt. Goodwyn as to render useless any attempt to overcome it by fraudulent returns from the black belt. To this end we know the good people of Chilton will largely contribute and we entreat every man to do his duty and help roll up the biggest majority ever returned from this county. We have hitherto given big majorities but this time let us surpass all previous efforts and give a bigger majority than ever before. Let every man come out and vote the straight ticket.

IN another column we publish a card from the Populist nominees in our county who were endorsed by the Democratic and Republican meetings, respectfully declining to accept the endorsement. This is just as it should be, and we are glad they have taken this action. It simply means that our nominees are all straight Populists and cannot be seduced from their allegiance At the same time, while they feel unable to support any but candidates of our own party, they will duly appreciate and be grateful to such of our Democratic and Republican friends who, desiring to see the best men in office, will cast their votes for them. The endorsement was practically an acknowledgment by our opponents that the ranks of organized Democracy did not contain men capable of filling our county offices or of course they would have put out a full ticket.

50cents

In some conditions the gain from the use of **Scott's Emulsion** of Cod-liver Oil is rapid. For this reason we put up a 50c. size, which is enough for an ordinary cough or cold, or useful as a trial for babies and children.

In other conditions gain must be slow, sometimes almost imperceptible, health can't be built up in a day. For this Scott's Emulsion must be taken as nourishment, food rather than medicine, food prepared for tired and weak digestions.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

DECLINED WITH THANKS.

Clanton, Ala., July 13, 1896

To our Democratic and Republican Friends:

We thank you kindly for the honor conferred upon us by your endorsing our nominations for the several offices for which we are the respective nominees of the People's Party in Chilton county, but we would most respectfully decline to accept the same as in any way binding upon us to support the Democratic ticket of the county or State, or any part of the same, or that our endorsement by you should in any wise operate against our own ticket either in the county or State as we understand has been suggested. We are Populites strictly from principle and do not propose to aid directly or indirectly in the support of any candidate other than the nominees of our own party.

Respectfully,
ALEX G. DAKE,
J. G. SMITHERMAN,
R. C. RIGGINS,
T. J. HUBBARD,
A. C. MIMS,
J. W. MOORE.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., July 15, 1896.

To the people of Chilton County:

Having considered the peculiar political conditions of these days, I have decided that my personal interests can be best administered without my holding public office or being a candidate for office. I have served nearly four years as county treasurer and have discharged the duties of the office to the best of my ability. I hope to carry with me upon my return to the position of a private citizen, the respect and good will of my fellow-citizens, whether we agree politically or not.

Thanking my friends for their kind expressions since my name has been before the public, and with no malice toward any one, I am ready to surrender this public trust with clean hands and a clear conscience.

Respectfully,
W. L. SAMPEY.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

We are compelled to carry over several communications and must ask correspondents to kindly excuse.

* * *

To the voters of the People's Party of Chilton County:

Whereas the report has gone out that our candidates if elected would not be able to make their bonds. I take this method of assuring you that if elected I apprehend no difficulty in executing my bond and I do not believe that any of the other candidates will fail to execute theirs.

ALEX G. DAKE.

* * *

Editor BANNER: A word to the people of Chilton. Let us all stand in line, though some may have to stand on thorns, and on the third day of August march up to the polls in straight line, preserving the best of order, and poll a good majority for our county officers and two-third majority for our State ticket. Success to the BANNER and the reform cause.

CONFEDERATE VETERAN.

* * *

Lomax.

There will be a Sunday-school picnic at this place next Saturday. Mr. L. H. Reynolds will give the people a lecture, everybody invited. There will be dinner on the ground.

TOBE HILL.

Weogufka 1st District Association.

The district meeting will be held at Weogufka church, Coosa county on Friday before the fourth Sunday in July.

E. C. MITCHELL,
Moderator.
A. D. DUKE, Clerk.

Our prospects grow brighter every day and Populists have every reason to be proud of their grand organization and the glorious principles for which they are fighting.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1896,

for the election of Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, Senator for the Fifteenth Senatorial District, and the following officers for Chilton county: Representative in the General Assembly, Sheriff, Tax Assessor, Tax Collector, County Superintendent of Education, Treasurer, one Commissioner for each of the four Districts of the county, two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Beat in the county.

P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County.
This June 29th, 1896.

Beat 1 (Mineral Springs) Inspectors T J Dorminy, W H Conway, Oliver Mullins; returning officer W P Cleckler

Beat 2—box 1—(Providence) Inspectors I B Martin, W R Houlditch S A Curry; returning officer John A Lowery. Box 2—Jemison—Inspectors B M Gentry, Ira Campbell, J P Allen; ret'ng offic'r Geo W Shaw sr.

Beat 3—box 1—(Benson) Inspectors Robert Williams, Calvin Jones, T J Lenoir; ret'g of'cr H W Varden Box 2—(Macedonia) Inspectors Z J Jones, Y O Freeman, A J Ware; returning officer William Nix

Beat 4 (Clanton) Inspectors Wiley Littlejohn, John Grant, W M Wilson; returning officer A C Oates

Beat 5—box 1—(Coopers) Inspectors J W G Kicker, H A J Harris, P C Dennis; ret'ng officer Art Foshee; Box 2—(Verbena) Inspectors S S Scott, J J L Stewart, F A Gulledge; returning officer Ed O'Neil

Beat 6 (Kincheon) Inspectors Madison Popwell, J R Vinson, Tom Dickerson, ret'ng officer Charlie Foshee

Beat 7—box 1—(Maplesville) Inspectors G W Fox, J D McGee, T U Crumpton; ret'ng of'cr W Y Nix; Box 2—(Shoults) Inspectors W A Green, J D Holsombach, J H Shoults; returning officer J N Gentry.

Beat 8 (Dixie) Inspectors W A Weaver, D C Gandy, T D Parnell; returning officer Wiley Letcher.

Beat 9 (Strasburg) Inspectors D N Riggins, W A Mims, J M Woolley; returning officer James Mims.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

This is to certify that the above named Inspectors and Returning Officers, for the above-named voting places in said State and county, for an election to be held on the first Monday in August, 1896, have been duly appointed as required by law.

This the 30th day of June, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge
J. P. VANDERVEER, Circuit Clerk
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

I, P. M. Moore, Sheriff of said county, do hereby appoint the Returning officers above-named, Special Deputy Sheriffs at their respective voting places, to attend upon said election.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.
This 30th day of June, 1896.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

Musical Convention.

The Chilton County Musical convention will meet with the Rockymount class at Rockymount church the 4th Sunday and Saturday before in July. All interested are expected to attend on Saturday by 9 o'clock.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Sec.

* * *

Notice of Application for Pardon

Application will be made to the Governor of Alabama for a pardon for Will Brown, convicted at the Spring Term 1896, of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, of the offense of grand larceny.

O. R. BELL.
June 27 1896.

* * *

Singing Convention.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene with Way Side church, Coosa county, 8 miles south of Rockford, on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in July and continue two days. We invite all of Chilton's best vocalists to attend this convention.

R. T. GRANT, Pres.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS. : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. —LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

CATARRH

is a more common and a more serious disease than most people imagine. Its cure depends upon constitutional treatment, not upon local remedies. V.V.V. cures catarrh because it purifies the blood, cleanses the secretory organs and brings the entire system to a condition of health and vigor. Composed entirely of health-giving vegetable remedial agents,

V.V.V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a wonderful specific for all blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—as well as rheumatism, malaria, liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, debility, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Mr. J. M. Stanfield has removed his family to Lomax.

Mr. W H. Foshee is at present filling a position in Birmingham.

Dr. Urquhart, P. E. of this district, was in Clanton last Friday.

The theological institute at the Baptist church was brought to a close last Friday.

Mr. W. V. Bell, of Ada, Ala., spent Sunday with his father's family at this place.

Mr. I. B Middleton and Will Hayes of Lowndes county, visited friends and relatives in Clanton this week.

Miss Blanche Foshee has returned home after a pleasant visit to Birmingham.

Miss Gennie McMorries returned home last Saturday after spending a while with relatives in Montgomery county.

Mr. Wats Epperson, of Montgomery, is on a visit to his mother here

Mr. Durword Foshee is down on a week's rest from his work in Birmingham.

Mr. Virgil Chandler and charming daughter, Miss Betti Sue, of [illegible], Ga., are out on a visit to their relatives of this place

Died Friday night, 10th inst, Mrs. Nutty Jones widow of Hugh Jones deceasd, at the residence of Mr Andrew Jones near Lily P. O She was buried at the Jones graveyard at Lily on Saturday. A large number of friends attended the funeral.

Mr. L. T. Gullahorn is down among friends and relatives this week

Dr. Massey, the Birmingham dentist, was in town Saturday and Monday.

Dr. Lamar is visiting his daughter Mrs Tom Phillips; of this place.

Mr. Tom Gullahorn returned to his work at Oxmoor, after a visit to relatives here.

Dr Shackelford the dentist who is located at the Duke House will remain for a few days longer, and if your teeth need attenion now is your time to secure his service.

CEMENT: If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick, Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. R. Hammell and Mrs. S. E Neely; Mr. J. P. Jones and Miss Ida Vernon.

Colored. Clyde Oden and Brassie Sales.

The many friends of Mrs. Gilbey Logan will be sorry to learn she died this morning about 5 o'clock.

A sail and fatal accident occurred on Tuesday at Mr. Grant's place 2 miles north east of Clanton. Mr. John and Mr. Will Grant had gone down to the fish pond to kill a crane. John fired at the crane about 35 yards away and killed it, the bullet striking the bird in the neck. The ball must then have glanced off, and some 80 yards further on passed between the rails of a fence and unfortunate struck poor Mr. Will, who was behind the fence, hitting him also in the neck. He was at once carried home and Dr. Matthews called in, but we are sorry to say the injury proved fatal and Will passed away on Wednesday evening. John and Will were inseparable, and their paternal regard was such as is rarely seen. We deeply sympathize with the afflicted relatives.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by H S. Johnson, Druggist.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 1830.

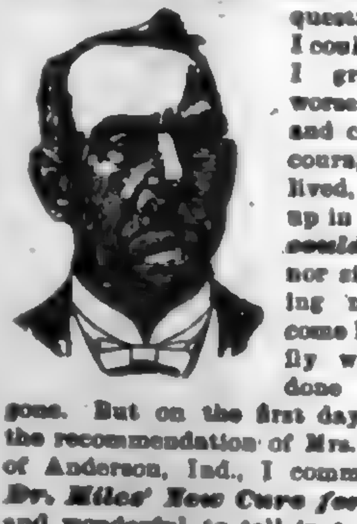
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
July 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following [illegible] has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at [illegible], Ala. on August 15th 1896, viz: [illegible] Rawlinson Homestead No. 21,221 for the sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 [illegible] tp 20 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Isom Abbott, of Billingsley, Ala. Arthur E. Hicks, of Billingsley, Ala. William Anderson, of Billingsley, Ala. Benjamin [illegible], of Stanton, Ala.

H. PURSELL, Register.

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but ***Constantly grows worse.*** There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and ***Don't know what to take for it,*** as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:



"*I had heart disease for 23 years,* my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 58 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 200lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Fieri Facias issued out of Circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Charlie Smith et als. out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Charlie Smith et als I have levied on the following property to-wit:

One seven roomed dwelling house known as the J. O Smith house located one and three-fourth miles south of Jemison in said county, about one hundred yards from and facing the L. & N. R.R. from the western side of said R.R. and in the nw corner of sec 36 t 23 r 13 in said county, said dwelling house having a 42 foot veranda in front a 10 foot hall running between the four front 16 foot rooms, a 16 foot veranda on the rear of said dwelling running north and south, also a 20 foot veranda in front of the three rear rooms running east and west, said veranda having a well in same, said four front rooms being covered by what is known as a "hip-roof."

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Charlie Smith et als in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 29th day of June, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

100 Pictures of the Great St. Louis Cyclone in which 250 Lives were Lost, and $20,000,000 of property destroyed.

These views are all taken from actual photographs, and show more plainly than in any other way the terrible destruction left on the track of the storm. It is in book form, printed on fine paper so as to be easily preserved, and should be in the homes of all. It is not likely America will ever again be visited by so disastrous a Tornado, hence actual photographs of the scenes will be a curiosity for years to come. Nothing like this book has ever been issued in so short a time. It contains pictures of all the principal scenes, taken the next day after the storm, before the work of rebuilding had commenced. This magnificent book will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of 30 cents in stamps or silver. Don't let this opportunity pass of securing the only complete and authentic photographs of the Greatest Storm ever known to have visited America. Address,

PUBLISHERS' SUPPLY CO.,
67 & 69 Empire Building, St. Louis, Mo.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS?

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER," A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat" foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, sniffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. BROWNE.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

* * *

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

* * *

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

TAX SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

By virtue of a decree of sale granted by the Probate court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will as Tax Collector, of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door of said county, on the 20th day of July, 1896, the following lands for taxes due thereon for the year 1895, besides costs and charges to-wit:

BEAT 1.

R Fox nw qr of sec 22 tp 24 r 14 tax and costs $9.40.

G W Persons sw qr of ne qr sec 1 tp 22 r 15 tax and costs $5.06.

L Seligman w ½ of sw qr and se qr of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 29 tp 24 r 15 tax and costs $7.80.

BEAT 2.

J O Smith w ½ of se qr sec 36 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of ne qr and e ½ of ne qr sec 31 tp 23 r 14; sw qr of sw qr sec 29 tp 23 r 14; all of sec 35 tp 23 r 13, and ne qr and sw qr of sec 36 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $46.06.

T D Fight and N Porter s ½ of sw qr and sw qr of se qr sec 6 tp 23 r 13; nw qr of nw qr sec 7 tp 23 r 13; se qr of sw qr and s ½ of se qr sec 18 tp 23 r 13; nw qr and ne qr and e ½ of nw qr of nw qr sec 16 tp 23 r 13 tax and costs $15.80.

BEAT 5.

J. M. Hanlin s ½ of ne qr and e ½ of nw qr and e ½ of sw qr and se qr sec 4 tp 26 r 15 tax and costs $55.89

J M Hanlin (agent) 12 town lots in Coopers tax and costs $6.58.

Otto Stoker nw qr of sec 34 tp 21 r 16 tax and costs $4.24.

BEAT 8.

T H Rollen ne qr of sw qr sec 6 tp 20 r 12 tax and costs $6.65.

B. M. GENTRY, Tax Collector.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

Administrator's Sale

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, Mary E Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises, on

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1896,

at 12 o'clock noon, for one-third cash and the remaining two-thirds payable by November 1st, 1896, with interest from date of sale, with security, the following described real estate, belonging to said estate, to-wit:

N½ of section 21 except the e½ of e½ of ne1-4, nb 1-4 and sw1-4 of se1 4 of section 20, s½ of sw1 4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS
WERE GIVEN
HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade-name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

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BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P. and before I had finished two bottles my pains subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPREES, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
of Johnston & Co.
Savannah, Ga.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*) is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures.** For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, **Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.**

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

"What is all that row in the dining-room?" asked the dime museum manager, with some irritation. "It do be the glass eater, sor," said the Zulu chieftain. "He says th' cook give him a cracked toombler, an' he cut his toong on it."—New York Press.

Winterbloom—Don't you think $200 is rather high for a tailor-made gown? Von Blumer tells me his wife paid only $150. Mrs. Winterbloom—True, my dear, but she got hers before I got mine.—Harlem Life.

An enterprising correspondent wires that "a hunter in Bracken County, Kentucky, cut down a tree to get a 'possum, and when the tree fell found that it contained four 'possums, two coons, five squirrels and a hundred pounds of honey." We presume that a closer examination will also disclose a copy of "Gulliver's Travels" somewhere in that outfit.

The window shade manufacturers have formed a trust. It ought to be pretty easy for that combination to keep the public in the dark concerning its movements.

Though Baron Maurice de Hirsch was of distinguished ancestry and the inheritor of great wealth, his memory will be revered for what he was and what he did. The world cannot but admire the genius of a man who had his phenomenal grasp of great affairs who could seize opportunities before they were conceived by the ordinary mind, and who could go unerringly to the accomplishment of stupendous undertakings in which millions were involved. But it was not this rare power that insures the lasting fame of Baron Hirsch. The true nobility of the man appeared in his intense sympathy for the poor, the unfortunate and the oppressed, which found eloquent expression in the gift of millions for their relief. He was a munificent giver but without ostentation and without thought less worthy than that of ameliorating the condition of his afflicted race. His philanthropy was on the same magnificent scale as his operations in the business world and the ability that guided the one was only outshone by the unselfish charity that prompted the other. The death of his son may have been the chastening affliction that stirred the heart of the father to deeds of mercy and humanity; but the man who could be so moved possessed all the innate virtues so admired in the career of the dead baron. The man who would give forty millions to one good cause and make two continents the beneficiaries of his bounty, deserved all the prosperity that came to him, and left a lesson that the rich men of the world should take to themselves. There could be no greater worldly happiness than he enjoyed in the consciousness of duty done and the blessings his charity invoked.

When [illegible] and passion rule, reason stands [illegible] but [illegible] a time will come [illegible]

Buy $1.00 worth Dobbins Floating-Borax Soap of your grocer, send wrappers to Dobbins Soap Mf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa. They will send you free of charge, postage paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary, 298 pages, bound in cloth, profusely illustrated. Offer good until August 1st only.

Passion and prejudice, like the storm, pass away, but often leave ruin and desolation in their path.

Conductor E. D. Loomis, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

I could not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—Mrs. E. C. Moulton, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, 1894

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Naturally, have a good appetite, keep your blood pure and your nerves strong by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

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PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM.

Third Paper by Prof. Edward L. Paston, of Eutaw.

RECAPITULATION OF ITS NEEDS.

Reasons for Compulsory Education. There Should be a Fixed Curriculum—Teachers Over-worked and Under-paid—Higher Standard of Teachers—Teachers' Institutes.

In order that the thread of the context of my second paper may be understood in the continuance of this one it is necessary to recapitulate the needs as has been before stated.

1. Our people need arousing in educational interest.
2. We need more money.
3. Our public school laws need a thorough revision.
4. We need less politics in school districts.
5. We need more professional teachers.
6. We need less three months schools, more longer terms.
7. We need a compulsory educational law.
8. We need a law that will permit taxation for educational purposes.
9. We need a common school curriculum, with the following studies: Reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, geography, history, physiology, grammar, including language lessons, elementary algebra and elementary science.
10. We need a better financial system of payment for our teachers.
11. We need better pay for our teachers.
12. We need better protection for our teachers.
13. We need for our teachers to obligate themselves to teach two years for a second grade certificate and four years for a first grade.
14. We need a regular grade established for all of our common schools.
15. Our laws should be obligatory upon teachers to attend institutes and our state association, unless a reason exist that could conscientiously and honestly be rendered for non-attendance.

Most of the sections previously given have already been explained, but I wish to enlarge just a little upon the seventh, why we need a compulsory law. It is an actual fact that we have people in our state who have not common sense enough to send their children to school. They do not realize that God gave them children to care for, protect, love and educate. They seem to think that their children were given them to support and work for them while they, the parents, remain in idleness. There are many parents in different avocations of life who compel their children to support or help support them at an age entirely too early. I have known of farmers that compelled their boys from 13 years up to work, when their place should have been in school. While the father did no work at all, or very little anyway. I have known of parents compelling their little girls and boys from 6 years of age up to work in a mill to support them while their lazy, able-bodied fathers loafed. We certainly need a compulsory educational law. For if parents won't realize that their children are not given them to earn a support for parents there should be a law that would compel them to know what their duty is toward their children. Os course I do not mean that a child, when of the proper age, should not be taught to work, or should be raised in idleness, but it should not be done at the expense of its education—of its God-given rights.

Now for the ninth section. We need a curriculum: there is a great need for a regular commen school course to be established. In many places you will find one or perhaps two pupils who wish and may be prepared to study either algebra, latin, Greek or geometry. It is frequently the case that a teacher has to devote a part of his or her time to the teaching of one, two and sometimes three of these studies. It is just so much time taken from other pupils who need and should have the teacher's attention. But by the laws of the state the teacher must use the time to teach whatever is desired. In many instances the teacher is perfectly capable, in others not. Sometimes inexperienced, or unqualified teachers will essay to teach these branches and bring discredit to the profession, does himself or herself no good and results in injury to the pupil and dissatisfaction to the parents. Then again in this time and day when men and women make a specialty of studies mentioned how can the teacher of the public school be up in all of them. There are many small country places that want a college president and all the faculty combined in one man. Yet they are dissatisfied because the teacher fails to fulfill the position and teach all branches desired. The state laws permit such. Requirements of the people desire it. One evil resulting is too many teachers are smattering in their attainments and not thorough enough in the branches necessary for a common school education. Another evil is the teacher, in many instances, if entirely capable to teach a few studies well, cannot give satisfaction to patrons or do full justice to pupils with so much to do. The consequence is the frequent changing of teachers is frequently to the discredit of the capable teacher's ability. It is also hurtful to the pupils. I firmly believe this is one cause of so many teachers changing place every year. Still another evil exists from not having a curriculum. Many will essay to teach who know nothing about algebra, latin, geometry or Greek, still to obtain the position they will attempt it.

10th section. We need a better system of payment for our teachers. This has been referred to before, but just a little more. Our teachers should be paid monthly and not be compelled to wait three months and in many instances longer. Many states pay teachers of the common schools monthly. Why not Alabama?

11th section. One of our great needs is better pay for our teachers. Why do people want to send their children to ill paid teachers, paid so little that they can hardly live. They have no money to spend in improvement. Want to pay teachers some pitiful sum that is not as much as a day laborer earns. Yet so many people want to employ cheap teachers, then expect good work.

12th section. We need better protection for our teachers. [illegible]

money due. I know this to be true for I have money due me for a school taught four years ago, though I held a waive note I found nothing to waive. I know others who have met the same treatment.

13th section. We need for our teachers to obligate themselves to teach two years for a fourth grade certificate and four years for a first grade.

This should be done for many reasons. One is that it will give us a better standard of teachers. Another it will cause teachers to better prepare themselves for teaching. It will be beneficial in many ways.

14th section. A regular grade of study should be established.

15th section. Our laws should be obligatory upon teachers to attendance of institutes and the state association. We have about 4,000 white teachers in the state, yet the attendance is only 100 to 150 teachers. We certainly should have a large attendance with that number of teachers. I shall deal more at length upon some sections given in another article.

At the recent Teacher's association held in Talladega, the enrollment was about 200, one of the largest ever had. Yet, notwithstanding this, that is hardly one-half of 1 per cent of all the white teachers in the state. We most assuredly should have a larger attendance. There should be some basis upon which more teachers should attend this association. Some of the causes for non-attendance may be found in the list of needs for Alabama Articles five and eleven for instance.

THROUGH SPANISH CHANNELS.

News of Spanish Triumphs Over Cuban Patriots Comes.

Four Spanish warships, in conjunction with the land forces under command of Colonel Seamora on June 29, attacked the rebels who held possession of Taco and Naguareje bays, near Baracoa. After sharp fighting the rebels were dislodged from their positions. The rebels lost seven men killed, and the Spanish captured four boats belonging to them, and destroyed their camps, plantations, etc. The Spanish losses are not stated.

General Ochoa upon receiving the information that a filibustering expedition would attempt to land on the coast near Jaruco, in the province of Havana, left his camp with 170 men for the purpose of preventing the filibusters from getting ashore. During his march he was harassed by rebel bands, which tried to intercept him and prevent his reaching the coast. With these parties General Ochoa had a number of engagements, in which the fighting was of the fiercest character. The rebels made a strong defense of their positions and the firing was mostly done at close range. While storming one of the rebel's positions General Ochoa was wounded, though not seriously. The rebels, who were commanded by the leaders, Montero and Valenica, lost thirty-six killed and three wounded, and nine of them were taken prisoners. Among the killed were a number of foreigners. In addition to these rebel losses, the Spaniards, when they reached the coast, captured seven prisoners from the expedition they had gone to intercept. The troops also captured thirty-one rifles, a great many machetes and 6,000 cartridges. The Spanish loss was eight wounded.

Averages of Food Crops.

The July returns to the statistician of the department of agriculture make the following averages of condition: Corn, 92.4 per cent; winter wheat, 75.6; spring wheat, 93.3; combined spring and winter wheat, 83.4; oats, 96.3; winter rye, 83.8; spring rye, 98.6; barley, 88.1; tobacco, 91.5; potatoes, 99; rice, 82.9; apples, 64.6; peaches, 51.8.

Average of potatoes, compared with 1895, is 93.7, and of tobacco, 93.8.

The report on the acreage of corn, which is preliminary, shows 98.7 per cent, as compared with that of 1895, a decrease of 1.3 points.

This makes in round figures 81,000,000, against 82,000,000 acres planted last year.

The averages for the principal corn states are: Ohio, 106; Michigan, 106; Indiana, 103; Illinois, 103; Iowa, 97; Missouri, 99; Kansas, 105; Nebraska, 103; Texas, 83; Tennessee, 94; Kentucky, 96.

The average condition of corn is 92.4, against 99.3 in July last year. The average of condition in the principal states is as follows: Ohio, 106; Michigan, 100; Indiana, 111; Illinois, 98; Iowa, 94; Missouri, 81; Kansas, 102; Nebraska, 103; Texas, 37; Tennessee 90; Kentucky, 97.

The condition of winter wheat is 75.6 against 77.9 in June and 65.8 last July.

The percentages by states are: New York, 70; Pennsylvania, 70; Kentucky, 64; Ohio, 50; Michigan, 73; Indiana, 66; Illinois, 60; Missouri, 75; Kansas 75; California, 100; Oregon, 95; Washington, 100.

The condition of spring wheat is 93.3, against 99.9 in June and 102.2 in July, 1895.

State averages are: Minnesota, 88; Wisconsin, 97; Iowa, 96; Kansas, 90; Nebraska, 90; South Dakota, 99; North Dakota, 96; Washington, 9[illegible]; Oregon, 93.

ARTHUR SEWALL.

Democratic Nominee for the Vice Presidency—Brief Sketch.

Arthur Sewall was born at Bath, Me., November 25, 1835. He has been a life-long democrat and has been chairman of the Maine Democratic State committee for many years. His residence is the Sewall estate in Bath, which has been in the possession of the Sewall family since 1760, when his great grandfather took title only three removes from a grant by King George. Mr. Sewall married in 1856. His wife was Emma D. Crooker, of Bath. There are two children, Harold M. and William D. Harold M. was appointed during Mr. Cleveland's first administration United States consul general at Samoa, but has since gone over to the republican party. Mr. Sewall has been engaged most of his life in ship building and ship owning. In the early days he built wooden [illegible]

CHICAGO PLATFORM.

Full Text of the Platform Agreed Upon by the Democratic Convention.

Jeffersonian Principles Reaffirmed.

We, the Democrats of the United States, in National Convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded, and which the Democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own—freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations.

Centralization of Power Resisted.

During all these years the Democratic party has resisted the tendency of selfish interests to the centralization of Governmental power, and steadfastly maintained the integrity of the dual system of government established by the founders of this Republic of Republics. Under its guidance and teachings the great principle of local self-government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the States and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the general government to the exercise of the powers granted by the Constitution of the United States.

Civil and Religious Liberty.

The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the rights of civil and religious liberty. The Democratic party has always been the exponent of political liberty and religious freedom and it renews its obligations and reaffirms its devotion to those fundamental principles of the constitution.

Silver Once the Unit of Value.

Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the Federal Constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by Congress under the Constitution made the silver dollar the unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio measured by the silver-dollar unit.

"The Crime of '73."

We declare that the act of 1873, demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people, has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debt, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lender class at home and abroad; prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

Monometallism Denounced.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other Nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American, but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit of love and liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the War of the Revolution.

Free Coinage at 16 to 1.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other Nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

Object to "Gold" Bonds.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the Government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

Bond Issue Denounced.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficing with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the Federal Treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

Opposed to National Banks.

Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We, therefore, denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution; and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts or which is receivable for dues to the United States shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

Tariff for Revenue Only.

We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate between class or section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the Government honestly and economically administered.

McKinley Law Denounced.

We denounce as disturbing to business the Republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has been twice condemned by the people in National elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder to trusts and monopolies, enriched the few at the expense of the many, restricted trade and deprived the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets.

Income Tax Law Repeal.

Until the money question is settled we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to make up the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the Supreme Court on the income tax. But for this decision by the Supreme Court there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by a Democratic Congress, in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly one hundred years, that court having sustained constitutional objections to its enactment, which have been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on that bench.

Its Re-Enactment Demanded.

We declare that it is the duty of Congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision, or which may come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the burdens of taxation may be equally and impartially laid to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expenses of the Government.

For Restricted Immigration.

We hold that the most efficient way to protect American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production, and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufacture.

Arbitration.

We are in favor of the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle.

Federal Railroad Ownership.

The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the Federal Government of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and such restrictions and guarantees in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

For Economy in Office.

[illegible]

[illegible]

tion of the Constitution of the United States and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression by which Federal judges in contempt of the laws of the States and rights of citizens become at once legislators, judges and executioners; and we approve the bill passed at the last session of the United States Senate and now pending in the House relative to contempts in Federal courts and providing for trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

Against Pacific Funding Bill.

No discrimination should be indulged by the Government of the United States in favor of any of its debtors. We approve of the refusal of the Fifty-third Congress to pass the Pacific Railroad Funding bill, and denounce the effort of the present Republican Congress to enact a similar measure.

For Liberal Pensions.

Recognizing the just claims of deserving Union soldiers, we heartily indorse the rule of Commissioner Murphy that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll, and the fact of enlistment and services should be deemed conclusive evidence against disease or disability before enlistment.

Territories Should Be Admitted.

We favor the admission of the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona into the Union as States, and we favor the early admission of all the Territories having the necessary population and resources to entitle them to Statehood, and while they remain Territories we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any Territory, together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bona fide residents of the Territory or district in which their duties are to be performed. The Democratic party believes in home rule, and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens. We recommend that the Territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in Congress, and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extened to said Territory.

The Monroe Doctrine.

The Monroe doctrine as originally declared and as interpreted by succeeding presidents is a permanent part of the foreign policy of the United States, and must at all times be maintained.

Sympathy for Cuba.

We extend our sympathy to the people of Cuba in their heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

Against Life Tenure in Office.

We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointments based upon merit, fixed terms of office and such an administration of the Civil Service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness.

For River Improvement.

The Federal Government should care for and improve the Mississippi River and other great waterways of the Republic, so as to secure for the interior States easy and cheap transportation to tide water. When any waterway of the Republic is of sufficient importance to demand aid of the Government such aid should be extended upon a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

Against a Third Term.

We declare it to be the unwritten law of this Republic, established by custom and usage of one hundred years, and sanctioned by the examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our Government, that no man should be eligible for a third term of the Presidential office.

Appeal to the People.

Confidence in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declaration of principles and purposes to the considerate judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

THE STORM AT PENSACOLA.

Wind Moving at the Velocity of 100 Miles an Hour.

A severe wind storm from the gulf passed between Pensacola and Mobile Tuesday.

The wind at Pensacola at 11:30 a. m. reached seventy-two miles an hour, then lulled and shifted to the northwest, and raised to 100 miles an hour. Nearly every business house in Pensacola was unroofed and the contents damaged. The Merchants' hotel on Palafox street and the Methodist church were unroofed. Some small houses were blown down and trees uprooted everywhere, so that the streets are impassable and last night were in darkness.

In the harbor vessels dragged their anchors, and were driven hither and thither against wharves and other crafts. The steamers kept away by using their steam. The Swedish bark Svea, the Norwegian bark Johan Ludwig and the Italian brig Deadoni are ashore hard and fast. The yacht Annie M. lies one mile from shore in 18 feet of water. The tug Nellie Keyser is sunk near her wharf.

The damage in the city is about $200,000, but no life was lost. The Louisville & Nashville road east to Jacksonville is washed up in places. The nearest telegraph office reached by train is Flomaton.

One to Ten.

Deputy United States Marshal Peter Kroger arrived at Jacksonville, Fla., Saturday morning from Ocala with George N. Thompson, a young white man from Gainesville. Thompson was arrested in Gainesville on a charge of altering, raising and passing a bill issued by the United States as currency. He raised a $1 bill to make it appear to be $10. After being arrested he was taken before United States Commissioner David S. Williams at Ocala, and there pleaded guilty. In default of bail in the sum of $1,000 he was committed to the Duval county jail to await the action of the grand jury next December. Thompson acknowledges that he did wrong, and says he believes that he ought to be punished for his violation of the law. He will no doubt ask permission to come before the court at the present term and plead guilty and be sentenced.

Effects of the Storm.

A severe storm of wind and rain visited De Funiak Springs, Fla., and vicinity last Tuesday about 4 o'clock, continuing until 10 o'clock at night. The crops and fruits are injured very much. Telegraph wires were blown down. There were no mails for two days from the west. The farmers from the country report crops and fruits cut short in consequence of the storm. The fruit men of town are busy gathering up the fallen fruit and offering them at reduced prices. It is thought this is one of the most disastrous storms of many years. [illegible]

A MINISTER'S WIFE.

The Frank Statement of the Pastor of Bethel Church.

From the Advertiser, Elmira, N. Y.

Dr. Williams.—*Dear Sir:*—My wife has been a sufferer from rheumatism for more than three years, suffering at times with terrible pains in her limbs, and other times with a severe "crick" in her back which causes great agony. She spent much for physicians and medicine, but secured only temporary relief; finally she concluded to try Pink Pills. She has taken eight boxes and I can say from the first one she has improved until now she is almost entirely free from pain, and has grown much stronger and feels confident that, by the blessing of God, they will effect a permanent cure. We take great pleasure in recommending them to our friends.

(Signed.) Rev. J. H. Buckner,
Pastor Bethel A. M. E. Church, Elmira, New York.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, TROY, ALA.

This college is supported by state and Peabody fund appropriations for the training of teachers and is not a mere "Preparatory School" for some other, but is of college grade in every way, as a teachers' training school should be, and grants college degrees and diplomas, and its graduates receive state certificates for two, four and six years, or for life, from the state superintendent of education of Alabama, and these are the strongest testimonials of professional worth to a teacher. Indeed, the graduates of this college are in great demand as teachers and the college authorities take great pleasure in answering requests for trained teachers sent in by school authorities from all over Alabama and adjoining states.

It will be seen from the Normal Exponent that students desiring the usual college course may get it here at very low expense, too. Board is but $8 to $10 per month and tuition and incidentals low.

Persons desiring information as to this college or wishing to secure a good teacher should write to Dr. E. R. Eldridge, president, at Troy, Ala., for the Normal Exponent explaining every thing.

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Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

Centreville, R. I., March 6, 1892.

"I enclose two dollars to get some of your Tetterine. It has done wonders on three persons to whom I had given a little of my small supply. They were radically cured of eczema." Yours respectfully,
Rev. C. P. Gaboury.

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J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

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OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent free. Dr. B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga.

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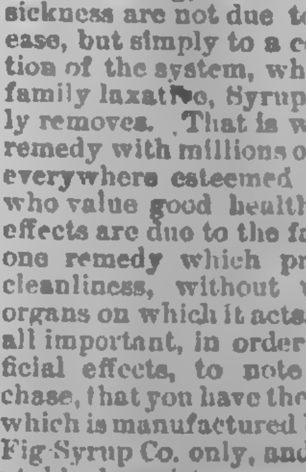
With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



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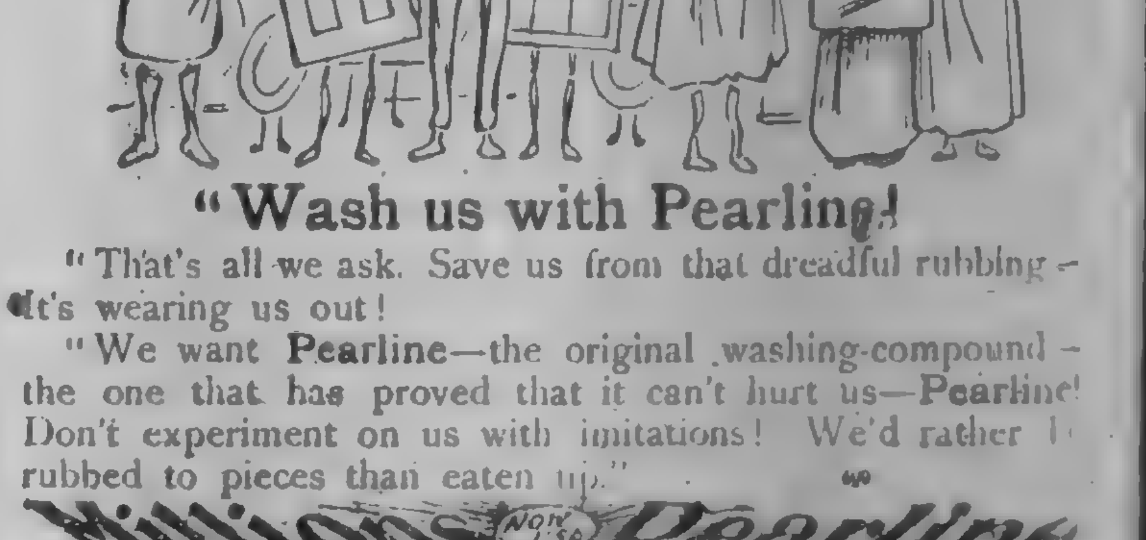

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POOR MAN'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA

[illegible]

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VOL.

The produce [illegible] to society.

Over-confide[illegible] ales is what a[illegible]

The Republi[illegible] the gate open [illegible]

Until intere[illegible] will rule, and n[illegible]

The People's [illegible] that opposes m[illegible]

Commerce [illegible] when farmers [illegible]

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The Republica[illegible] President Cleve[illegible] too good a Rep[illegible]

About ten ne[illegible] being started p[illegible] is how Populism [illegible]

Gold is the m[illegible] ardly money th[illegible] of any governm[illegible]

The only me[illegible] tioned the cred[illegible] are either forei[illegible]

Even the proh[illegible] silver question—[illegible] that tariff is th[illegible]

The same kin[illegible] have paid the d[illegible] is the honest do[illegible]

Populists sho[illegible] that are fightin[illegible] let the other fe[illegible] selves.

"Andrew Jacks[illegible] the Democratic [illegible] on a ticket that [illegible] Ticket."

How do you k[illegible] see it? By the [illegible] And yet some [illegible] ment can't make [illegible]

Debs is a tru[illegible] labor. He doesn[illegible] fers to fight in [illegible] lifting of his fel[illegible]

Dun's report h[illegible] It recently said: [illegible] or not at all." [illegible] perate—for the p[illegible]

The way for th[illegible] selves is to vote [illegible] monopoly and [illegible] when they vote [illegible] monopolists [illegible]

Two men were [illegible] Centre, Kansas [illegible] mule, and the ot[illegible] wife. The mul[illegible] property is divid[illegible]

The Republica[illegible] confidence in the [illegible] tration is what [illegible] the present Rep[illegible] play no lack of [illegible] ley of President [illegible]

The man who [illegible] of wealth per da[illegible] day—and the ma[illegible] ing should have [illegible] object of all th[illegible] problems from [illegible]

The gold stand[illegible] buy more produ[illegible] the producers [illegible] what they grow [illegible]

[illegible]

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 23, 196. NO. 39.

[illegible] producer is the only useful man [illegible]

[illegible] confidence in the two old par [illegible] has this country.

[illegible] Republican congress will leave [illegible] for another bond steal.

[illegible] be abolished money [illegible] will be a slave.

[illegible] party is the only party [illegible] monopoly of all kinds.

[illegible] cannot prosper except [illegible] and laborers prosper.

[illegible] of the people of Amer- [illegible] greenback good money

[illegible] people must learn to [illegible] would remain to be free.

[illegible] to have cheap transpor- [illegible] through government owner- [illegible]

[illegible] he earn his own bread [illegible] else is compelled to earn [illegible]

[illegible] naires will never confess [illegible] tem by which they were [illegible] is wrong.

The platforms of both old parties [illegible] by "international agreement" [illegible] money power.

[illegible] publican congress don't want [illegible] Cleveland impeached. He is [illegible] a Republican.

[illegible] ten new Populist papers are [illegible] started per week nowadays; that [illegible] Populism is dying.

[illegible] the most dishonest and cow- [illegible] oney that ever bore the stamp [illegible] vernment on earth.

[illegible] ly men who have ever ques- [illegible] the credit of this government [illegible] foreigners or tories.

Even the prohibitionists split on the [illegible] question and yet we are assured [illegible] tariff is the issue this year.

[illegible] one kind of dollar that would [illegible] paid the debt when it was made [illegible] dollar of final settlement.

[illegible] should support the papers [illegible] fighting in their cause, and [illegible] other fellows hustle for them- [illegible]

[illegible] Jackson did not belong to [illegible] ocratic party. He was elected [illegible] ticket that was headed "People's [illegible]

[illegible] you know money when you [illegible] by the government stamp. [illegible] some fools say the govern- [illegible] make money.

[illegible] a true and tried friend of [illegible] He doesn't want office, but pre- [illegible] in the ranks for the up- [illegible] of his fellow man.

[illegible] report has caught on at last. [illegible] said: "Good times next fall [illegible]." Must be getting des- [illegible] for the prosperity whoopers.

[illegible] for the people to help them- [illegible] to vote against every form of [illegible] poly and they are not doing it [illegible] they vote the same ticket the [illegible] do

[illegible] men were recently fined at Clay [illegible] Kansas [illegible] $50 for beating a [illegible] the other $3 for beating his [illegible] The mule was property, and [illegible] divine, you know.

[illegible] Republicans tell us that lack of [illegible] in the Democratic adminis- [illegible] is what causes hard times. Yet [illegible] Republican congress di- [illegible] lack of confidence in the pol- [illegible] President Cleveland.

[illegible] man who produces $3 worth [illegible] per day should have $3 per [illegible] the man who produces noth- [illegible] should have nothing. That is the [illegible] all the agitation of economic [illegible] from the beginning to the [illegible]

[illegible] gold standard advocates want to [illegible] produce for their dollar, and [illegible] producers want more dollars for [illegible] they produce. Both are directly [illegible] but their interests are oppo- [illegible] the producer is the only one [illegible] is worthy.

[illegible] borrower is servant to the lend- [illegible] Scripture; and Cleveland [illegible] have made us the slaves [illegible] bondholders to the extent of [illegible]. How do you like it? The [illegible] party gave us these two [illegible]

The Republican congress, in voting [illegible] $100 a month clerk hire [illegible] time when congress was [illegible] session, has given the country [illegible] lesson of what we may ex- [illegible] the Republicans gain full con- [illegible] all departments of government

Steamboat Grounded.

The steamboat Virginia, of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, which arrived at Richmond, Va., Saturday on her first trip, and left for Baltimore with about sixty passengers, ran aground a short distance below Dutch Gap. The passengers were taken off and carried back to Richmond. It was thought by some that her bottom was injured, though an officer of the boat denied this. The arrival of the Virginia inaugurated a new all-water line between Richmond and Baltimore.

TWO FINANCIAL PLANKS.

Republican Platform, 1896—We are for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 provided that England will consent to let us have it.

Populist Platform, (Omaha), 1892—We are for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and we do not ask for the advice or consent of any other nation on earth.

The difference—England's consent alone.

THEIR OWN MEDICINE

THE TALK ABOUT FIFTY-CENT DOLLARS.

An Unexpected Effect of Gold Worship—Laborers Demand Gold—The Contractors Are Unable to Obtain It—Some Suggestions.

The "educational campaign" of the gold bugs appears to be entirely too convincing in quarters where extreme ignorance prevails.

But the people of intelligence don't believe what they hear about "fifty-cent" dollars, and go right ahead accepting whatever kind of dollars bear the stamp of Uncle Sam.

The following press dispatch from Hazleton, Pa., shows the danger of lying to the ignorant foreign element of our population:

"The monthly pay days of many of the contractors of this region were in the past week, and much trouble was expected in paying off the foreign element. They refused to take either paper or silver money.

For the past week or two, Anthony Reitz, a well educated Austrian, who speaks several languages, has been among the foreigners and put it into their heads that

The Silver Dollar

was not worth more than 50 cents, and when any foreigner expressed a doubt regarding his statement he read extracts from American newspapers to substantiate his argument.

"Jacob Hogan, a contractor, who is building the reservoir at Buck mountain, employes 300 men, who had listened to Reitz's arguments. The men held a meeting and decided they would all be gold men, not only politically, but commercially, and that their labor should be traded on a sound money basis only. Reitz, who is an under boss, communicated this fact to Contractor Hogan, Thursday. The men

Were to be Paid

their month's wages on Saturday.

"It did not strike Hogan at that time that there would be any difficulty in paying the men in gold. He called at his bank and demanded $1,900 in gold. He was struck dumb when the teller told him he could not get that sum in the entire county. Out of the $11,000,000 on deposit in the several banks of the county, it is estimated that scarcely $1,000 in gold is circulating.

"The laborers, however, have refused beyond the $5 limit, to take silver, and the contractor and his gold standard advocating under boss are very much embarrassed in consequence."

There are some good hints in this for the people. It shows the absurdity of depending upon gold alone as a circulating medium.

It suggests a way for working men to give the gold-bugs a dose of their own medicine.

If the people would simply demand gold for all checks and drafts on the banks they would soon have orators in the field talking out of the other side of their mouths.

But the people are more honest than the bankers. A wholesale boycott of bank notes and silver would make the bankers beg for mercy. They don't want their argument taken literally.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Flashes of Thought Prompted by Passing Events.

The annual drain of gold upon this country from British investments is said to be not less than $150,000,000 or $200,000,000. This is about five times as much gold as we produce. Every dollar of interest and dividends on these foreign investments is payable in this country, and therefore payable in any lawful money of the United States. But little gold is in circulation. The business is carried on with silver and paper money. What is left in profits consists of that kind of money. How then does the foreigner turn his profits into gold to take to Europe?

* * *

Away back in 1879 this government resumed specie payment. That is to say it piled up $100,000,000 in gold, for which it sold bonds, and said, this "reserve fund" is for the purpose of making the greenbacks as good as gold. Anybody who wanted gold for greenbacks or treasury notes could get it. But nobody wanted it, for the greenbacks answered the same purpose as gold and were much more convenient. It looked like a sort of superstition to keep that gold piled up there to make the treasury notes or greenbacks good, when back of the $100,000,000 in gold was $70,000,000,000 worth of other property, and nobody wanted the greenbacks redeemed other than such redemption as that of every man receiving them as money, which was the case.

* * *

When the resumption law was passed there was no thought or intention of establishing a national brokerage for the purpose of aiding foreigners to deplete this country of gold and then selling it back again for interest-bearing bonds. Every paper obligation of the United States having the form of currency, except perhaps the gold certificates, can legally be discharged in either gold or silver. But a decision of John Sherman, sustained by every succeeding secretary of the treasury, without warrant of law, gave to the creditors of the United States, what is denied to the creditors of states, counties, corporations and individuals, the right to demand gold in payment of the obligations they held.

* * *

Thus the treasury gold reserve became the reservoir from which foreign nations could draw their supply of gold, and four times has Mr. Cleveland resorted to the expedient of selling interest-bearing bonds for gold to replenish this reserve. Had the secretary of the treasury exercised his right under the law to have paid off even one-half the demands made on him in silver, it would have put an immediate and effective check upon the raid on the gold reserve. As it was, the very men who conspired to raid the treasury and force the sale of bonds, were the ones who profited thereby by obtaining them at a lower figure than the market value.

* * *

And this is the process by which it is expected to force the government "out of the banking business," and turn the whole paper money business over to the banks. Now the question presents itself that this is either a conspiracy or a bare faced fraud. If the government, the people, with their seventy billions of wealth can't sustain their paper at par without placing itself at the mercy of foreign Jews and Shylocks, how are the banks going to do it without government aid? The banks would do just what they do now, they would not pay a dollar of gold in redemption of their obligations. They are now demanding of the government a thing they would not think of doing themselves, and if the people would assume the same attitude toward the banks that the banks have toward the government, they would force every bank to suspend within the period of six months.

* * *

One of the most contemptible frauds in this country is delegating to the banks both the power and credit of the government to issue their own notes and collect interest thereon. I have before me a bank note which says, "The First National Bank of —— will pay the bearer five dollars." Now what does that mean? It means that that bank is owing somebody (the bearer) five dollars; yet the bank is collecting interest on that note—on what it actually owes. Anybody that can see through a ladder can see at once that this is a fraud on the face of it. If there is any credit attached to that note it is because the government—the people—are back of it. The whole scheme in a nutshell consists in us—the people—loaning the banks our credit at one per cent and borrowing it back at ten per cent, or whatever the banks want to charge.

* * *

I don't know that the bankers ought to be seriously blamed for doing this as long as they can find a set of ninnies willing to wear patched clothes and pay the freight, yet it is a serious thing to bequeath such a burden to our children without a protest. The banker, however, is to be blamed. He is not satisfied with the laws he has for fleecing the people, but wants additional ones, and the assurance that the present ones will be made permanent. Of course there will be an end to all this, as there is to all else that is wrong and unjust. The money power have the people enslaved now with debt, and seek to make that slavery permanent by imposing conditions that will make it impossible to pay the debt. To accomplish this end they are corrupting our legislators, our courts and executive officers. Not content with this they have now begun to tamper with the ballot, and accuse the people of being too ignorant to vote. How it will end God only knows, but that right will prevail we have absolute confidence, if wrong has to be shot to death as was chattel slavery.

W. S. Morgan.

In a Hole.

The Real Republic discusses farming, farmers, products and prices as follows: "From the report of the secretary of agriculture for last year, we find that in 1880 we raised 498,549,878 bushels of wheat, price 95 cents, value $474,201,850. In 1894 we raised 460,267,416 bushels of wheat, price 49 cents, value $225,902,025. In other words, we raised practically, as much wheat as in 1880 but got $248,399,825 less money for it. The same rule holds in cotton and all other staple crops. How the farmers of this country are to pay their mortgages, taxes and other debts, live comfortably and prosper and at the same time the more they raise the less money they get for it, the goldbug farmer at the head of the agricultural department fails to tell us. If the farmer is to continually get less money for the more he produces, the way we figure he is bound to find himself in the hole. He is there now."

The Money Power.

The London, England, Clarion asks: "Could England annihilate the unspeakable Turk? Yes, if it were not for the unspeakable English bondholders. The Christian English are deterred from rescuing the Christian Armenians by Christian bondholders. The deliverance of the oppressed Armenians from bondage would involve the destruction of several hundred millions of Turkish bonds held by English bankers. And that is the reason why England does not annihilate the unspeakable Turk."

A STORY OF PILLAGE.

BONDHOLDERS HAVE PULLED UNCLE SAM'S LEG.

The Debt Reduced in Dollars and Cents but Increased in the Value of the Commodities It Represents—Some Plain Figures.

In the course of the late war and just afterwards, it was discerned by those who held the national debt, as it had been discerned by some of them from the beginning, that it was a good thing for the possessors. A great interest had been created by the war—the interest of the bond.

It were vain to conjecture how many sincere patriots found themselves possessors of the interest-bearing obligations of the nation. For all such there is no animadversion, but rather praise. It were equally vain to conjecture how many held those obligations simply for the profit and advantage that were in them and with no concern about the welfare of the government or of the people of the United States; but the latter class, whether many or few, increased and the former class decreased until the fund-holding interest was consolidated in the hands of a party having its branches in New York and London.

The party of the bond become skillful and adroit. It began immediately to fortify itself. It took advantage of the inexperience of the American people and of the inexperience of their legislators. It profited by the mistakes and misplaced confidence of both. They who held the bonds were wise by ages of training in the old world and the new. They understood the situation perfectly, and adopted as their method a policy embracing two intentions: First, to perpetuate the bond and make it everlasting by the postponement and prevention of payment; second, to increase the value of the currency in which all payments were to be made, that is, to increase the value of the units of such payments as the payments should become due, so that whatever might be the efforts of the people to discharge the debt it should increase in value as rapidly as they could reduce it! And honest people, abused to the soul by the politicians and Shylock, knew not it was so.

For thirty years this game has been persistently, skillfully and successfully carried out. It has beeen a play worthy of the greatest gamblers that ever lived! We do not call to mind any other such stake among the nations as that placed upon the issue; and the bondplayers have won on every deal. They have succeeded on both counts of their policy. They have turned over the debt into new forms of bond, and these again into newer, under the name of refunding, persuading the people that the process was wise and needful and cajoling them with the belief that the rate of interest was each time reduced for the benefit of the nation. It was done "in the interest of the people!" We, the holders of the bond, labor only for the interest of the people!

It is true that each act of refunding and transforming the national debt has lowered the nominal rate of interest; but at the same time it has lengthened the period of payment. At the beginning the date of payment was at the option of the government. Then it was at five years from the making of the bond; then it was at ten years; then at twenty years; then at thirty years. Now, the period of possible payment has been extended until the second decade of the next century cannot witness the end of the game. If the treasury should have today, or in the year 1900, a surplus of six billions of gold the government could not call and cancel its bonds. They were not made to be called and canceled, but to be refunded and perpetuated.

Besides, the reduction of interest has been a reduction only in name. In no case has the reduction been made until the value of the dollar of the payment has so enlarged as more than to balance the reduction. The same thing is true of the payment of principle as well as the payment of coupon. For thirty years the American people have been pouring into that horrid maelstrom the volume of their great resources. They have paid on their debt, or at least they have paid, in this long period, such a prodigious sum that arithmetic can hardly express it. (At the close of the year 1895 the interest account had reached the total of more than two billion six hundred and thirty-five millions of dollars!) The imagination cannot embrace it. And yet it is the truth of the living God that at the close of 1895 the national debt of the United States, in its bonded and unbonded forms, will purchase as its equivalent in value, as much of the average of twenty-five of the leading commodities of the American market, including real estate and labor, as the same debt would purchase at its maximum on the 1st of March, 1866. The people have paid and paid for thirty years, and at the end have paid just this—nothing!

The verification of this astounding truth is as plain and irrefragable as any other arithmetical result. On the 1st of March, 1866, the national debt was in exact figures, $2,827,868,959.46; at the close of the year 1895 it was, premium included, $1,237,500,000.00.

Debt will buy of wheat, now..........2,133,620,639 bu.
Debt would buy of wheat, 1866..........1,486,842,105 bu.

Excess value of debt now..........646,788,581 bu.
Debt will buy of flour, now..........353,671,428 bbls.
Debt would buy of flour, 1866..........262,790,697. bbls.

Excess value of debt now..........90,780,731 bbls.
Debt will buy of cotton, now..........14,558,823,529 lbs.
Debt would buy of cotton, 1866..........5,885,416,666 lbs.

Excess value of debt now..........8,673,406,863 lbs.
Debt will buy of mess pork, now..........150,915,853. bbls.
Debt would buy of mess pork, 1866..........99,676,313 bbls.

Excess value of debt now..........51,339,510 bbls.
Debt will buy of wool, now..........5,755,813,953 lbs.
Debt would buy of wool, 1866..........5,330,188,679 lbs.

Excess value of debt now..........425,625,274 lbs.
Debt will buy of bar iron, now..........46,318,314,606 lbs.
Debt would buy of bar iron, 1866..........41,851,851,851 lbs.

Excesss value of debt now..........4,496,462,755 lbs.

Let all men know it. Let the world know it. Let the common man ponder this appalling statement of an undeniable truth. Let our national authorities know it. Let the leaders of every political party have it shouted in their ears. Let every administration that has been in power from the first of Grant to the last of Cleveland be told in trumpet voice that the publications put forth from month to month as statements from the treasury about the reduction of the national debt by the payment of three millions or seven millions have been essentially and utterly false. True it is that the debt has beeen nominallly reduced according to the publications; but it has never been so reduced until by the contrivance of those who possess it the purchasing power of the currency in which the debt was to be paid has augmented fully as much as the equivalent of the payment!

All the multiplied millions the people have paid have been simply contributed to the bondholding class, whose claim after a lifetime is worth as much as it was at the beginning! The resources of a great people have been poured like a roaring river into a sinkhole that has swallowed all; and the golden streams of the contribution have issued silently through a thousand unseen spouts into the private reservoirs of the holders of the debt.—Austin Argus.

THE BOND INVESTIGATION.

The Committee Being Treated with Contempt.

In order that our readers may realize the amazing insolence of these plutocratic thieves, who are fresh from the looting of the U. S. Treasury, we copy the following from the record of the investigation:

Here is an extract from the New York Times' report of the colloquy between Senator Vest and Mr. Belmont:

"Q. Will you state what profit was made by August Belmont & Co., in the sale or handling of these bonds? A. I will not.

"Q. Will you state what profit the syndicate or combination which handled them made? A. I will not.

"Q. Will you state to whom the bonds were sold and for what price? A. I will not.

"'I may tell you,' said Senator Vest, assuming a toga which he had temporarily dropped while he was asking the question. 'That we shall report these refusals to answer to the full committee.'

"Mr. Belmont did not seem at all alarmed at this prospect. Mr. Vest tried one more question.

"Q Were any persons interested in the contract except those whose names appeared on the face of it? A. I decline to answer."

* * *

Of course the great J. Pierrepont Morgan was equally defiant. He told the committee just as much as he chose to tell them and no more.

He gave them no information they had not already got from the newspapers. He insolently refused to state what profits he made, and who shared the booty, or who got the bonds.

Unless the committee takes some action to compel these lordly rascals to answer legal questions they had as well adjourn and quit the business. If they tolerate the treatment they are getting they will deserve, and receive, the contempt of the country.—People's Party Paper.

Tax the Last Shirt Off.

John Sherman, the public thief under pay for services in plundering this country, from British money grabbers, made a speech in the senate on May 29, 1894, in which he said:

"I am willing to take that bill as it came to us from the house, and if it is not sufficient to supply the necessary revenues, let us add a tax on tea, a tax on coffee, or a tax on anything; for, as I said on a former occasion, I would vote for a tax on anything; I would take the last shirt off the backs of the people of the United States rather than to violate the public faith of the government."(See Congressional Record, p. 5959, May 29, 1896.)

If conditions continue to grow worse, it will not be long till the people will not have even a "shirt" to meet the demands of the tax vampires. Then will come the era of the bastinado, bull-whip and cat-o-nine tails—in which the laboring people will be driven to their tasks as in the days of chattel slavery. Vote for the old parties and you will hasten that day!—Southern Mercury.

COMMERCIAL CONDITIONS.

Failures Increasing—The Future Still Uncertain.

RAILWAY STOCKS DECLINED.

Mills Stop Work to Prevent a Disastrous Decline in Prices of Their Products—Woolen Manufacturies Waiting—Pig Iron Accumulating. Bar Iron Falling.

Failures for the week have been 269 in the United States, against 256 last year, and 35 in Canada, against 39 last year. Disapproval of the action at the Chicago convention has had some influence in the markets the past week, but a far more important factor has been the feeling that the future is still uncertain. This acute attack of doubt, coming at a time when business is for other reasons seriously depressed, has made the week unusually gloomy in speculative circles. The average price of active railroad stocks has declined from $47.22 to $44.76 per share and the average of trust stocks from $47.30 to $44.48 per share. Cotton has fallen about ⅛ cent in spot prices, because the men who were sure there would be a cotton famine in July and have been holding large quantities of cotton in expectation of higher prices have changed their minds. The closing of about three-quarters of the southern mills in producing capacity and about half of the northern mills for part of the time until the new crop comes forward will help to prevent a disastrous decline in prices of goods, but if accounts of conditions are not misleading and the general rains in Texas have helped the crop as much as many believe the yield is likely to be more than 9,000,000 bales. The decrease in consumption here is not as yet effective in helping the prices of cotton goods, which are still selling at about the lowest quotations ever made.

The woolen manufacturer is waiting, and as new orders are exceedingly slow the sales of wool at the three chief markets were for the week only 2,155,100 pounds, transactions at Boston being reported the lowest ever known at that market.

The output of pig iron July 1 was 180,532 tons weekly, against 182,220 June 1 and 171,194 tons a year ago. The decrease since the maximum was reached November 1, 217,306 tons weekly, has been material, and yet stocks are rapidly accumulating, those held by producers, not including the great steel companies, amounting to 815,872 tons' an increase of 29,929 tons for the month of June, or about 7,000 per week, which indicates a consumption of less than 173,000 tons. Considering the fact that the accumulation by the great steel companies must have been large, the consumption is undoubtedly smaller than it was a year ago. The demand for finished products of iron and steel is extremely narrow, although one considerable building contract is reported, 50,000 tons for the San Francisco Call building, being followed by smaller contracts. But in bars the combinations have found themselves unable to maintain prices, and there are renewed reports that the great decrease in sales of nails will force a reduction of prices August 1.

Bessemer pig has not changed in nominal quotations at Pittsburg, although one sale of 10,000 tons to an Indianapolis concern is reported at prices netting only $11 to the valley furnace. Gray forge has been sold at a price equivalent to $9.75 at Pittsburg. The average of iron and steel prices is the lowest since a year ago.

The manufacture of boots and shoes is weakening under the effort to secure an advance in price, although most of the works have orders for some time ahead. But the demand is very light and nearly all the shops would have to close if dependent upon new orders.

Overcome by Heat.

While addressing the court at Milledgeville, Ga., on Friday on behalf of Ewalt, accused of murder, Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge was overcome by the heat and fainted, and court took a recess to allow him to recuperate.

BOARDERS TAKEN IN

And Fed Free on Account of Peculiar Methods of Business.

H. D. Twitty, bookkeeper for Francis E. McCall, a naval stores factor in Savannah, Ga., and H. M. Reeves, chief clerk to the assistant freight agent of the Savannah, Florida and Western railway, were arrested Thursday, charged with making fraudulent receipts for naval stores with intent to defraud the railroad.

Three warrants were sworn out against each of them, the aggregate of naval stores being 1,700 barrels of rosin for which false receipts were given, according to the warrants.

It is alleged that there was collusion between Reeves and Twitty and that the former made out fraudulent receipts for rosin which did not exist, while the latter, who holds a power of attorney from Mr. McCall, hypothecated the receipts at different banks, drawing large sums of money on them. The receipt from the railroad is prima facie evidence to the bank that so much rosin is stored with it to the credit of the party to whom the receipt is issued. Under these circumstances it is a very easy matter to get the banks to advance money on such collateral.

The several banks of the city have advanced from $25,000 to $30,000 on such fraudulent receipts of rosin which have been issued from the railroad. One bank advanced about $10,000, another about $2,500, while the amount advanced by the Southern bank, with which Mr. McCall did business, cannot be ascertained.

Both Twitty and Reeves are in jail.

WILLIAM E. RUSSELL DEAD.

The Patriot Statesman is Cut Off in the Morning of His Prime.

Ex-Governor William E. Russell, of Massachusetts, was found dead in his tent near St. Adelaide De Pabos, Quebec, Thursday morning. Heart disease is supposed to have caused his death.

William E. Russell was the most conspicuous democratic leader in New England, and was one of the ablest democrats in the country. He was born in Cambridge, Mass., 39 years ago. His father was Judge Charles T. Russell, a distinguished citizen of that city. He was four times nominated for governor of his native state by the democrats and twice elected. Each time when he was defeated it was by small pluralities.

Governor Russell was a graduate of Harvard college and a lawyer by profession. He was regarded as one of the brightest orators in New England and was prominently mentioned as a democratic candidate for the presidency during the recent campaign. Only last week he attended the democratic national convention at Chicago and made a great speech at the sound money meeting at the Auditorium hotel before the convention assembled and afterward spoke ably against the adoption of the majority report of the committee on platform, closing the debate for the gold standard men. He was one of the sound money leaders at the convention, and on every side his ability was recognized. His speech at the sound money conference at the Auditorium hotel prior to the convention was remarkable for its ability and eloquence. Mr. Russell was an ideal leader among the young democrats of the country, and his death will be a source of keen regret. He was in Canada for recreation at the time of his sudden demise.

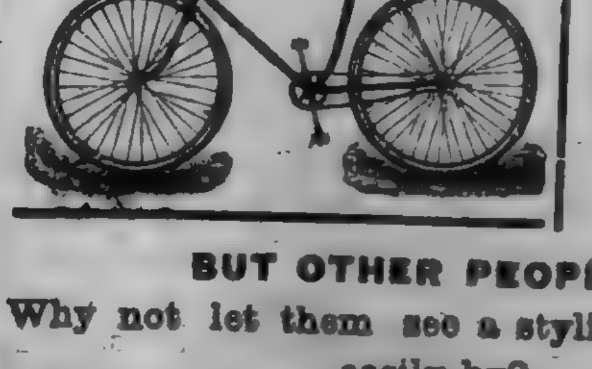
Big Rain in the Mountains.

A cloudburst in the mountains this afternoon north of old Fort Bliss, above El Paso, Texas, swept several hundred feet of the Santa Fe track into the Rio Grande. The Rio Grande has been entirely dry for the past two months. By this rain it was filled with a raging torrent fed by rushing streams descending from a hundred arroyos and canons. A number of animals and several persons had narrow escapes from drowning.

Lumber Mill Burned.

The lumber mill plant of the James Lumber Company, at Wadley, Ga., was burned Friday night. It was one of the largest country plants of its kind in the state. The loss amounted to $20,000; no insurance.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,



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BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

People's Party State Ticket.

For Governor
A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C. MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON

15th Senatorial District

For Senator,
G. B. DEANS.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Hon. S. M. Adams and other distinguished speakers will address the people of Chilton county at Kincheon on Thursday, July 23 All invited. Bring your baskets.

Hon. J. A. Logan, Hon. L. B. Pounds and others, will address the people of Chilton county at the following times and places:

Pilgrim's Rest, Friday, July 24 10 a.m
Stanton, Saturday, July 25, 10 a.m
Sardis, Saturday, July 25, 3 p.m

Everybody is invited to attend these meetings.

H. I. HONEYCUTT, Ch'm'n.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The national convention of the People's Party now in session at St. Louis is attracting more attention than the conventions of the two old parties which preceded it. This is caused by the uncertainty which prevails as to what course the Populist convention will pursue. Will it endorse Bryan or will it put out a straight middle-of-the-road ticket? If it should endorse Bryan it amounts to his election in November, and the total defeat of the Republican party. But whether Bryan's election really means the victory of the people so far as the free coinage of silver is concerned is not so clear. There is a great divergence of opinion among the leaders of the party, and as to the bulk of the delegates no man can tell which way they will vote.

Up to the time of our going to press, all reports tend to show that the delegates will not be controlled either way by the prominent men of our party. Every true Populist is capable of forming his own opinion, and will not bow his head at the bidding of even his own chosen leaders.

The only reliable news we have at this time is that Chairman Taubeneck called the National Executive Committee to order; Senator Marion Butler was nominated for temporary chairman and was elected to that position.

There appears to be a strong element in favor of the Populist Party nominating Wm. J. Bryan and some Southern man for Vice-president in place of Arthur Sewall the Democratic nominee. In this connection the names of Capt. A. T. Goodwyn of Alabama and Judge J. K. Hines and Tom Watson of Georgia have been prominently mentioned.

THE National Silver party is also in session and has appointed a committee to confer with the Populist convention. The silver party seem to be in favor of endorsing Bryan and Sewall.

GREAT exertions are being made by the Democrats in the effort to elect Capt. Johnston governor of Alabama. Every leading Democrat in the State is engaged in making public speeches, and finding they were not making the progress they wished speakers from other States are being imported. Among them is Governor Atkinson of Georgia who has promised to speak at Opelika, Lafeyette and Montgomery. We learn that posters have been circulated throughout Chilton county stating that Governor Atkinson would speak at Clanton July 31, but we are sorry Chilton will not have the pleasure of seeing the distinguished gentleman who says positively he will only speak at the places above mentioned.

IN our correspondence column will be found a card from Mr. R. E. R. Hicks, Democratic candidate for the legislature, replying to a letter from Mr. Lee Hayes published in the BANNER of July 2. But we must point out to Mr. Hicks that in his reply he has ignored the most serious accusation in Mr. Hayes' letter, viz.: that he (Mr. Hicks) had voted in the People's Party primaries and was now a Democratic candidate. Everyone acknowledges that voluntarily voting in a primary morally binds the voter to abide the result of that primary, and so far as we know Mr. Hicks enjoys the unique position of being the only man in Chilton who is not abiding the result of the People's Party primary.

ON the official ballot all names have to be arranged alphabetically and the voter must make a cross-mark (X) before the name of each candidate he wishes to vote for. The first names on the ballot will be arranged thus:

Vote for One

FOR GOVERNOR.

X ALBERT T. GOODWYN.

JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON.

and you should make a cross mark against the name of Capt. Goodwyn just as we show it above. Then go on down the ballot and make a cross mark before the name of each of our candidates and we will have the best governed State and County possible.

ONE week from next Monday and the people of Alabama will redeem the State from the hands of ballot-box thieves.

STAMPEDE TO POPULISM.

People's Party News Bureau, Head quarters National Executive Committee, St. Louis, Mo., July 23.

It can safely be asserted that the result of the democratic national convention is a surprise to the country. The leaven that the Populists have injected into the democracy seems to have leavened the greater portion of the lump and the party has revolutionized itself completely. The platform and the nominee are almost Populistic enough to suit the most extreme "middle of the road" advocates. The conversion of the democratic party at this time is as truly miraculous as the conversion of Paul and it is very much in evidence that Providence and the Populists should be given the praise.

There is a perfect stampede of the free silver republicans to the People's Party in Washington and the Populists clubs have received more accessions during the two last weeks than for two years previous.

The free silver sentiment is growing very rapidly in New York, Pennsylvania and other eastern states, and it is not improbable that the so-called "craze" will sweep every state in the union.

The Populists of California are swelling their ranks daily with deserters from both the old party ranks. The prospects for a Populist victory in that state is very flattering.

Notwithstanding the action of the democratic national convention, the Populists of Mississippi and the entire south are maintaining a bold front and declare they will not return to either of their old parties.

Gen. Coxey, who has been campaigning in the west and witnessed the rise of the free silver tide, announces in his newspaper, "Sound Money," that the tide is irresistible and while opposed to combinations that will tend to weaken the People's Party, yet recognizing that free coinage is a step in the right direction, he desires to see all the opponents of the gold stadard get together if they can do so on satisfactory terms to the Populists.

Hon. J. C. Sibley of Pennsylvania, the much talked of Presidential candidate, is petitioned by the Populists, democrats and independent voters of his district, to accept a congressional nomination.

J. Hugh McDowell, of Tennessee, Sergeant-at-arms of the Populist National Convention, and one of the strongest men in the party in the United States, was recently nominated for congress in his district. He has an excellent prospect of election and when elected will be heard from.

The latest notable convert to Populism is Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, who bolted the republican national convention with Teller. He made a formal announcement of his conversion before the Populist state convention at Huron, July 14, and was warmly welcomed.

Many of the goldbug democrats are advocating the nomination of Henri Watterson, late editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, for president in opposition to Bryan on the theory that he can carry several southern states.

A. R.

The State Alliance.

Pinckard, Ala., July 18, 1896.

The State Alliance will hold its next session in Ozark, Dale county, on the 8th and 9th days of September. We hope every county in the State will have a representative present, and as many visiting brethren of the order as possible as matters of unusual moment will come before us.

J. O. PINCKARD,
Pres. Ala. State Alliance.

WE would suggest that all our readers carefully impress upon their minds the names of all our candidates as shown in our State, Senatorial and county tickets in the first column on this page. There will be a good many other names on the official ballot and you will not be so apt to get confused if you make yourself thoroughly acquainted with all the names on our ticket.

mothers!

Your clear skin? Mother's. Your voice? Mother's. Your slight figure? Mother's. Inherited weak lungs? Then protect yourself. Live out doors; get the fresh air; and keep well nourished.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is the best known preventive to serious lung trouble. It supplies just the kind of needed fat; prevents useless waste of tissue; makes rich blood; and fortifies the body against attack. You should take it at once if you feel weak, have no appetite, or are losing flesh.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

To the people of Chilton County:

I take this method to correct the false report now circulating against me in Chilton county. I understand that in many of the so-called speeches made in this county, I am accused of being a gold-bug. I deny it most emphatically. I am for the free coinage of silver, 16 to 1.

I am not a candidate for the legislature by my own solicitation, but in answer to a call made by the people of Chilton county. As regards the statement by Lee Hayes in one of his famous letters to the BANNER, I have to say that his statement about my being one of the grand workers of discord among the people is not true. I have not taken any stand in politics for years. I understand from the reading of his letter that he accuses me of working his defeat. He was defeated by the will of the people. I am sorry that I cannot see all the people in Chilton county at the same time I feel that it is unnecessary because I was born and reared in their midst and my record, both private and public, is a written page before them. In conclusion I will say that if elected I will serve the people to the best of my ability, and if not elected I will still have confidence in the wisdom of the people of Chilton county.

R. E. R. HICKS.

* * *

Burwell.

Crops in this section are fine. All day dinners and singing on the ground are not so numerous in this section as usual.

J. G. Jones and wife returned from the Capital City where he went to have his eyes operated on we are glad to say they are much better.

J. S. Jones takes the cake on tomatoes, we saw one he raised, its weight was 1½ lbs.

Success to the BANNER.

REX.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

Though there were no alarming symptoms with Calhoun Foshee's mad-dog bite, his friends have sent him to New York to a specialist in charge of Dr. Parnell.

Little Blossom Crumpton has been so sick as to be carried to Selma for treatment. Mrs. Patterson is convalescing from a very serious attack. Mr. Price, her brother, has visited her, and Mrs. Price, his mother, returned home with him.

Mr. Harvey Crumpton of Evergreen, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Strawbridge of Selma is visiting Miss Annie Burk. Miss Mollie Gardner is teaching school here.

Maplesville is yet sustaining her reputation for liberality. On the 9th we had a feast of eatables and a feast of good speech-making by Attorney general W. C. Fitts of Tuscaloosa, and Rev. Sam Adams of Bibb county.

SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Assoc'n.

At Clanton July 11th, a stockholders meeting of the Farmers Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama, was called to order in the court house. Reports were read and data given by the agents in the field, which showed the Association to be in fine condition. During the fiscal year just closed, no loss has been sustained, and the outlook for the Association is very encouraging. During the summer months the work will be pushed by the Association's active agents, and it is expected that flattering reports will greet the next stockholders meeting.

On motion the Association proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows: J. A. Logan, Pres.; W. J. Martin, Sec-Treas.; with the following corps of directors: Beat 2 B. M. Gentry, beat 3 Seaborn Jones, beat 4 A. D. Massey, beat 5 H. B. Olliver, beat 6 E. H. Smith, beat 9 J. W. Moore; beats 1, 7 and 8 were not represented.

It was agreed to hold a stockholders' meeting quarterly, on the second Tuesday in Oct., Jan., April, and July.

By a unanimous vote the thanks of the Association were tendered to the officers retiring for the able and efficient manner in which they and each of them have discharged the duties of their respective offices.

W. J. MARTIN, Sec-Treas.

* * *

Editor BANNER: The people of Evergreen met the 2nd Sabbath for the purpose of singing and praising God. The following officers were elected: Prof. King, Chairman; Gailler, Pyron and Thompson arranging committee; R. T. Grant Secretary. Rev. B. F. Bedings preached a very interesting sermon. Recess for sixty minutes was given during which time the good ladies of Evergreen prepared a table which was very nice. After dinner singing was resumed and continued for some time then the meeting was dismissed and all invited to attend a music school at Coopers the next morning to be taught by Prof. J. C. Veazey who holds a first-grade certificate.

R. T. GRANT,
Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1896,

for the election of Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, Senator for the Fifteenth Senatorial District, and the following officers for Chilton county: Representative in the General Assembly, Sheriff, Tax Assessor, Tax Collector, County Superintendent of Education, Treasurer, one Commissioner for each of the four Districts of the county, two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Beat in the county.

P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County.

This June 29th, 1896.

Beat 1 (Mineral Springs) Inspectors T J Dorminy, W H Conway, Oliver Mullins; returning officer W P Cleckler

Beat 2—box 1—(Providence) Inspectors I B Martin, W R Houlditch S A Curry; returning officer John A Lowery. Box 2—Jemison—Inspectors B M Gentry, Ira Campbell, J P Allen; ret'ng offic'r Geo W Shaw sr.

Beat 3—box 1—(Benson) Inspectors Robert Williams, Calvin Jones, T J Lenoir; ret'g of'cr H W Yarden Box 2—(Macedonia) Inspectors Z J Jones, Y O Freeman, A J Ware; returning officer William Nix

Beat 4 (Clanton) Inspectors Wiley Littlejohn, John Grant, W M Wilson; returning officer A C Oates

Beat 5—box 1—(Coopers) Inspectors J W G Kicker, H A J Harris, P C Dennis; ret'ng officer Art Foshee; Box 2—(Verbena) Inspectors S S Scott, J J L Stewart, F A Gulledge; returning officer Ed O'Neil

Beat 6 (Kincheon) Inspectors Madison Popwell, J R Vinson, Tom Dickerson, ret'ng officer Charlie Foshee

Beat 7—box 1—(Maplesville) Inspectors G W Fox, J D McGee, T U Crumpton; ret'ng of'cr W Y Nix; Box 2—(Shoults) Inspectors W A Green, J D Holsombach, J H Shoults; returning officer J N Gentry.

Beat 8 (Dixie) Inspectors W A Weaver, D C Gandy, T D Parnell; returning officer Wiley Letcher.

Beat 9 (Strasburg) Inspectors D N Riggins, W A Mims, J M Woolley; returning officer James Mims.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

This is to certify that the above named Inspectors and Returning Officers, for the above-named voting places in said State and county, for an election to be held on the first Monday in August, 1896, have been duly appointed as required by law.

This the 30th day of June, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge
J. P. VANDERVEER, Circuit Clerk
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

I, P. M. Moore, Sheriff of said county, do hereby appoint the Returning officers above-named, Special Deputy Sheriffs at their respective voting places, to attend upon said election.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

This 30th day of June, 1896.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

Musical Convention.

The Chilton County Musical convention will meet with the Rockymount class at Rockymount church the 4th Sunday and Saturday before in July. All interested are expected to attend on Saturday by 9 o'clock.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Sec.

* * *

Bryan of Nebraska and Sewall of Maine! Bryan cannot carry Nebraska without help from the Pops, and Sewall can't carry Maine without aid from the Reps. Verily, verily, the Democratic situation has become exceedingly mixed.—People's Party Paper.

* * *

Singing Convention.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will convene with Way Side church, Coosa county, 8 miles south of Rockford, on Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in July and continue two days. We invite all of Chilton's best vocalists to attend this convention.

R. T. GRANT, Pres.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

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DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.

DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.

AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

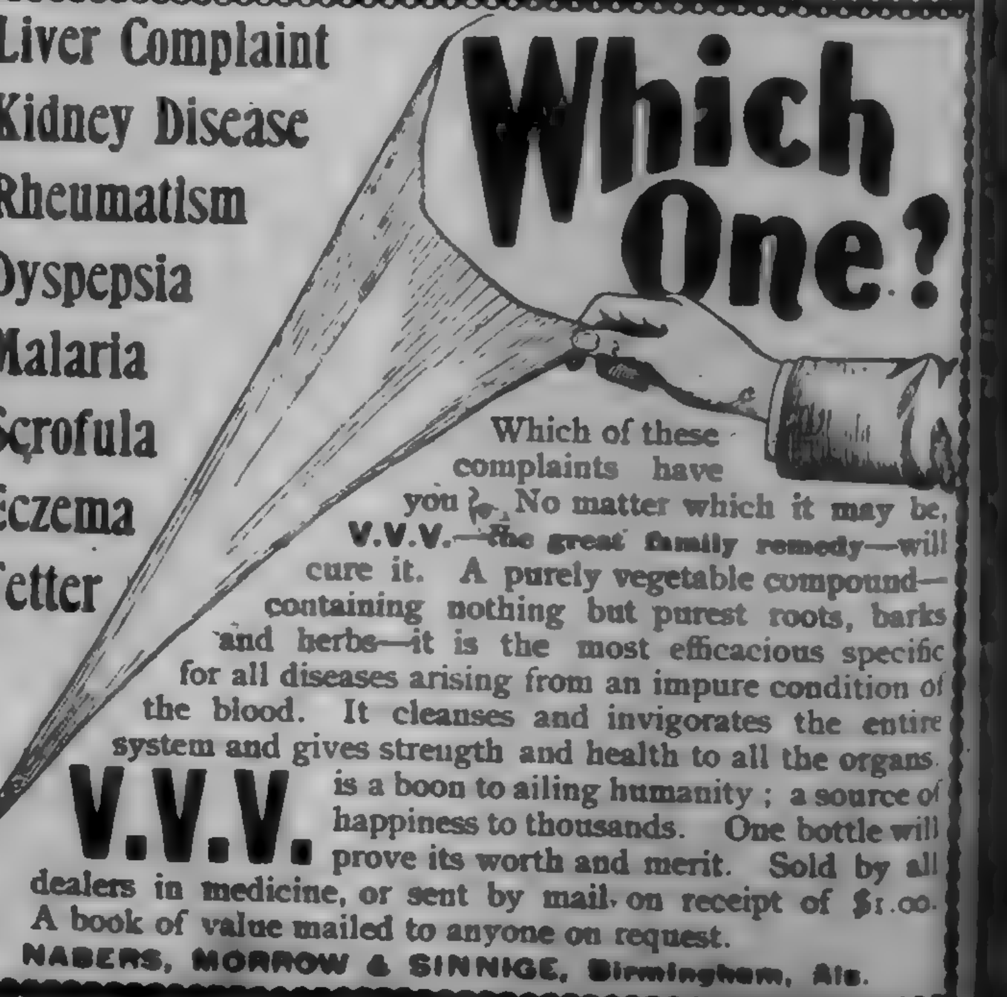
They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT.

LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.



Liver Complaint
Kidney Disease
Rheumatism
Dyspepsia
Malaria
Scrofula
Eczema
Tetter

Which One?

Which of these complaints have you? No matter which it may be, V.V.V.—the great family remedy—will cure it. A purely vegetable compound—containing nothing but purest roots, barks and herbs—it is the most efficacious specific for all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood. It cleanses and invigorates the entire system and gives strength and health to all the organs. V.V.V. is a boon to ailing humanity; a source of happiness to thousands. One bottle will prove its worth and merit. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

Mr. P. M. McKee made a business trip to Birmingham Sunday.

Miss Bettie Mullins visited friends at Jemison Sunday.

Mr. John Stanfield spent Saturday in the Magic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Evans went to Montgomery Monday.

Mr. J. A. Miller returned this week from Coosa where he says the Populists are still ahead.

Mr. Lucien Day, of Jemison, was in town Monday.

Tax collector Gentry held a tax sale last Monday—but there was very few buyers.

Miss Velma Webster, of Lapine, Ala., after a delightful visit to Miss Glennie McMorries, returned home, to the regret of her many friends here, last Tuesday morning.

Miss Belle Northington, of Prattville, is a pleasant visitor to her sister, Mrs. McMorries, of this place.

The Methodist church is being painted in the interior.

Mr. Will Haynes, after a pleasant visit to friends here returned to his home last Monday morning.

Mr. W. I. Martin attended a reunion at Six Mile Accademy last week and reports having had a splendid time.

Mrs. Cherry after spending some time at the hotel, returned to her home last Friday.

Mr. W. H. Foshee spent Sunday in Clanton with his family.

Mr. Ehrman spent Sunday in Birmingham.

The tennis club has prepared a new court in the grounds of the Masonic hall.

Mr. Fox Maul, of Elmore, was in town yesterday.

Miss Nellie Merritt has returned from a visit of several weeks to Talladega Springs.

Mr. W. L. Sampey went to Montgomery this morning.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie left this morning for Prattville to attend the district conference.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips is on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Dunkin, of Prattville.

Miss French Evans left this morning for Piedmont, Ala., where she will be gone for several weeks visiting the Misses Johnson.

Mr. Bascom McMorries has accepted a position at the Clanton drug store.

The beautiful moonlight nights we are having induce us to make the most of them and this is what a party of young people thought who thoroughly enjoyed a hay-ride Monday night.

Tuesday night Mrs. W. H. Foshee had a very unpleasant experience. Some time after retiring Mrs. Foshee awoke and found a man in the room. She alarmed the house and Mr. Durword Foshee made a search but found no one about, although the shutters, which he closed before going to bed, were found open.

Jim Abrams was arrested on Wednesday at Maplesville charged with assault and was brought to Clanton and jailed.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement. M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. P. Nix and Mrs. Anna J. Ward.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18139.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., July 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 15th, 1896, viz: John F. Rawlinson Homestead entry, No. 24,224, for the sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 22 tp 20 north of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Isom Abbott, of Billingsley, Ala., Arthur E. Hicks, of Billingsley, Ala., William Anderson, of Billingsley, Ala., Benjamin Abbott, of Stanton, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *Constantly grows worse.* There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and *Don't know what to take for it,* as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I ***couldn't lie down*** nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart*** and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. ***I believe I am fully cured,*** and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Fieri Facias issued out of Circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Charlie Smith et als. out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Charlie Smith et als I have levied on the following property to-wit:

One seven roomed dwelling house known as the J. O. Smith house located one and three-fourth miles south of Jemison in said county, about one hundred yards from and facing the L. & N. R.R. from the western side of said R.R. and in the nw corner of sec 36 t 23 r 13 in said county, said dwelling house having a 42 foot veranda in front a 10 foot hall running between the four front 16 foot rooms, a 16 foot veranda on the rear of said dwelling running north and south, also a 20 foot veranda in front of the three rear rooms running east and west, said veranda having a well in same, said four front rooms being covered by what is known as a "hip-roof."

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Charlie Smith et als in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 29th day of June, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

100 Pictures of the Great St. Louis Cyclone in which 250 Lives were Lost, and $20,000,000 of property destroyed.

These views are all taken from actual photographs, and show more plainly than in any other way the terrible destruction left on the track of the storm. It is in book form, printed on fine paper so as to be easily preserved, and should be in the homes of all. It is not likely America will ever again be visited by so disastrous a Tornado, hence actual photographs of the scenes will be a curiosity for years to come. Nothing like this book has ever been issued in so short a time. It contains pictures of all the principal scenes, taken the next day after the storm, before the work of rebuilding had commenced. This magnificent book will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of 30 cents in stamps or silver. Don't let this opportunity pass of securing the only complete and authentic photographs of the Greatest Storm ever known to have visited America. Address,

PUBLISHERS' SUPPLY CO.,
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ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS?

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

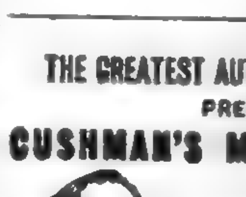
Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD PRESCRIBES CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

—FOR—



DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURES IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when CUSHMAN'S INHALER will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Besley Thorn, in communication in the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '95.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON.

KINGSTON, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation. Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market. If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. CUSHMAN DRUG CO. VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county. }

In Chancery at Clanton Alabama. Seventh District. Northeastern chancery division. July 20, 1896.

W. H. Coker & Co., Complainant, vs. M. G. M. Burke, et al., Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of W. M. Adams that the Defendants in the cross bill. W. H. Coker & Co. are non-residents of the State of Alabama, and to the best of affiant's knowledge, information and belief, said defendants are over the age of twenty-one years, and that their post office and residence are Rome Floyd county, in the state of Georgia.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Banner a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring them the said W. H. Coker & Co. to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 21 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against them in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Notice to Non-resident.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county. }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama. Seventh district. North-eastern Chancery division.

Rudolph Ehrman, Complainant, vs. W. H. Merritt et al Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Rudolph Ehrman that the Defendant. M. J. Bond is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that he resides at Clarksburg in the State of Mississippi, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant the Defendant is over the age of twenty one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said M. J. Bond, to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Right in Sight Sure Saving Shown

We'll send you our General Catalogue and Buyers Guide, if you send us 15 cents in stamps. That pays part postage or expressage, and keeps off idlers.

It's a Dictionary of Honest Values; Full of important information no matter where you buy. 700 Pages, 12,000 illustrations: tells of 40,000 articles and right price of each. One profit only between maker and user. Get it

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For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel.

Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST, —IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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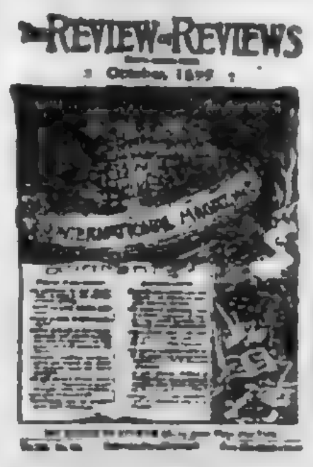
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

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A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

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The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

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For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

In New York.—"Hello, Jones! How did you get here?" "Walked." "Walked! from Buffalo! What on earth did you do that for?" "Oh, we brought the baby. He's teething."—Truth.

"Ethel, did you really steal that etching from a borrowed book?" "Yes, I just had to—the curve of the chin and throat were so perfect."—Chicago Record.

England has just submitted a powerful argument in favor of international arbitration. It takes the form of a budget appropriating $70,000,000 for new men-of-war.

"Really, Jane, dear," said Mr. Bobbeter to his wife, as they sat down in the theater, "your hat is entirely too high. Take it off and put it in your lap." "Well, I like that!" snapped Mrs. Bobbeter. "If I put that hat in my lap, how am I going to see over it?"—Harper's Bazar.

"I thought her father was so enraged over the elopement that he would never forgive them, and now he has given them a brand new bicycle apiece." "Of different makes, mind you. They will be fighting like cats and dogs before a week."—Indianapolis Journal.

Her sister—I never thought you and Harry would fight. He's a very indulgent husband. Young wife—That's just the trouble. It makes me so mad when he gives into me without fighting.—Philadelphia North American.

The Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle

If the president had the appointment of all the civil officers, and used this power to make friends, he would be a second Washington to some who now call him hard names.

Convincing Evidence.

Hattiesburg, Miss., Oct. 22, 1895.

L. E. Hall Hog Cholera Cure Co., New Orleans, La.:

Gentlemen—In reply to your inquiry relative to my experience with your Cholera Cure and Preventive would state that it has proven to be all that is claimed for it. It has never failed to cure, and I have never known a hog to take the disease after I have administered the mixture. I would not be without it for any reasonable consideration. Yours truly,

G. Burkett.

Mr. Burkett is one of the largest hog growers in Perry county, Miss.

Warranted and for sale by all druggists at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle; if not, send to above address.

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There is no charge for tuition; board $9.50 to $15.00 per month.

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"Put me down as a warm friend of Tetterine. I have a child three years old who has been afflicted from its birth with the worst case of eczema I ever saw, it being one mass of sores from its feet to its crown. It has been treated by nine of the most eminent physicians in this and adjoining States without the slightest benefit. Several months ago we commenced the use of Tetterine on the child, and to-day, thank God and the manufacturers of Tetterine, the child is cured. My wife and I will ever feel grateful to you for sending us this blessing."

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With our fathers patriotism was love of country; with us it seems to be largely ambition to share in the spoils of office.

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Some fragments of the Iliad have been recently discovered by Grenfell of Dublin while exploring in Egypt.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Piso's Cure is a wonderful cough medicine.—Mrs. W. Pickert, Van Siclen and Blake Avenues, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1894.

Albert Burch, West Toledo, Ohio, says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure saved my life." Write him for particulars. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

St. Vitus' Dance. One bottle Dr. Fenner's Specific cures. Circular, Fredonia, N. Y.

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Results prove Hood's Sarsaparilla the best blood purifier, appetizer and nerve tonic. In fact

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EVENTS IN ALABAMA

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

ROLLING MILL MEN STRIKE.

Help for Howard College—A Boy Accidentally Kills Himself—Increasing Postal Revenues—Down to Shame and Death—Traffic on the Tennessee River Active.

A Comfortable Balance.

Morgan county has recently paid her court house bonded indebtedness in full, and has cash treasury balance of several hundred dollars.

For Howard College.

Dr. P. T. Hale returned to Birmingham Saturday night from points in South Alabama, having visited Troy, Union Springs and Ozark. During his absence he raised for Howard college about $1,300, of which amount about half was cash.

Help For Howard College.

The Baptist people of Columbia gave a very entertaining concert at the court house Tuesday night, the proceeds of which went to the debt fund of Howard College, and for this help the institution is indebted to the untiring efforts of Mrs. L. G. Clark.

Tennessee River.

The Tennessee river at Decatur has fallen about four feet since Tuesday, but is still far above low water mark. Reports from Chattanooga indicate another rise. Boating on the Tennessee is active. The Pryor came into Decatur Friday with 500 bushels of corn, lumber and a lot of miscellaneous freight.

Wants Swan Lake Drained.

Mr. R. P. McEntire, an enterprising property owner, is making a praiseworthy effort to induce the counties of Limestone and Morgan and the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company to join in defraying the expense of draining Swan lake, lying just north of Decatur, so as to reduce the water of the lake about five feet.

Fire at Woodlawn.

Friday night about 8 o'clock the general store of Mitchell & Walker at Woodlawn was found to be on fire, and despite the best efforts of those near by the house almost the entire contents were destroyed. The loss is covered by insurance. The origin of the blaze is a mystery; but it was supposed to have occurred through a spark from a cigar, pipe or cigarette.

Shot Her Husband.

Emma Morris, colored, aged 25 years, is in the Jefferson county jail. The charge is that she murdered her husband in the Blue Creek mining region last Saturday by shooting him with a pistol. Emma was brought to the county jail Monday morning by Constable Dock Parsons on a commitment from the justice court of T. M. Parsons. She brought with her in a basket a heavy billet of oak wood, with which she says her husband attacked her. She says she then shot her husband in defense of her own life.

Tells All About It.

One of the negroes arrested last week by Officers Ellard and Bodeker, of Birmingham, with a lot of pistols, razors and knives, has made a statement in which he says that the goods were stolen in a little town between Stone Mountain and Atlanta in Georgia. Postal cards have been sent to the place. Another negro named Jim Morris has been arrested on suspicion of having had some connection with the robbery. The negro who made the statement says that the other two did the robbery while he slept alongside the railroad track.

Down to Shame and Death.

Thursday at noon in Anniston at the house of ill fame of Ida Waters, Nora Tanner, the keeper of a similar resort, and Warren P. Rouse, a young man well known about town, had a fierce fight as the result of a row between them the day before, for which Rouse was arraigned in police court Thursday morning, with the woman as a witness against him. In the fight Madame Tanner had her arm broken in two places and was fearfully beaten over the head. Rouse was shot by the woman in the left side to the hollow and through the leg, from which wounds he died six hours later. The Tanner woman may die. Rouse was the husband of an estimable woman and the father of a child.

Looking at the Pistol.

Mr. W. R. Goudlock, who has been acting as deputy sheriff at Ishkooda recently, returned to Birmingham Thursday morning. He had occasion to go into Furman's tailor shop, and while there laid his pistol on the counter. A negro picked up the pistol and while examining it broke it and took out some of the cartridges. In handing it to Mr. Goudlock he also gave him the cartridges. It seems that while the negro was looking at the pistol he cocked it, of which fact neither of them was aware. Mr. Goudlock in putting the cartridges back discharged his pistol, the ball passing through one of the negroe's hands, making an ugly wound. The negro was badly frightened for awhile. The wound was dressed by a physician.

Religious Revival.

The good people of North Birmingham have certainly provided a great religious feast for their friends. The location of the tent was fortunate. It is in a beautiful grove, with abundance of shade and spring water. During the past week three services a day have been held. Large crowds attend during the day, and from 1,200 to 1,500 at night. Additional seats for 500 more were placed yesterday. At the close of the morning service yesterday 145 persons had professed faith in Christ. Among these are some of our best citizens. Rev. R. C. George of Gadsden is assisting Dr. Wells. Mr. Stapleton of Chattanooga has charge of a choir of fifty voices.

Industrial—Talladega.

The iron furnace at Talladega, which was for several years owned and operated by the Talladega Iron and Steel company, but which has been idle for quite a while, has been sold by Capt. W. F. Armstrong, of Selma, who was its most recent owner, to the Alabama Iron and Railroad company. The transfer was made to G. A. Mattison, superintendent of the Birmingham and Atlantic Railway company, as a representative of the new company. It is said that it is the intention of the Alabama Iron and Railroad company to put the furnace in blast as soon as some badly needed repairs can be made. The furnace, which is a large one, is one of the best in the state, and was most profitably operated for a number of years. It is a comparatively new plant, and has attached to it several mines and branch railroads.

Policemen on Wheels.

Saturday evening as Officer Dishercon, of Birmingham, was going along Twentieth street on his wheel, he heard a great commotion near the Chinese laundry between Fourth and Fifth avenues. Upon making a hasty investigation he ascertained that a negro named Henry Williams had stolen a bundle of laundry. The officer made after the negro towards Fifth avenue and caught him before he had gotten a block. This morning Judge Feagin in the inferior criminal court held the negro to bail to go before the next term of the grand jury. The officers on their wheels took up a negro named Jim Wright in Buzzard Roost who was wanted to serve out a sentence for the city. Wright was fined in a case and also bound over to the criminal court. Before working out his city fine he was turned over to the county, which dealt with him. He will now serve out the city sentence.

Increasing Postal Revenues.

In pursuance of orders issued by the postmaster general the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad on Thursday ordered all of its agents to discontinue sending what is known as "R. R. B." mail. The other roads will probably issue similar orders within the next few days.

This matter was taken up some time ago by the postmaster general, and the result was an order commanding all roads to stamp its mail with the required postage and send it by United States mail.

The "R. R. B." mail is a big thing with all railroads, and the compelling of roads to provide all mail with proper postage will net the government a large amount of revenue.

Assistant Baggage Master Sam Moore of the union passenger station, Birmingham, states that from 5,000 to 10,000 letters are handled in that office daily, the larger per cent of the pieces being heavy letters. Thus it will be seen what amount of revenue will accrue from different points in the United States.

His Little Pistol Did It.

About 1 o'clock p. m., Saturday Allen Trumbower, a lad of 14 years, went into the country to purchase eggs for his parents, who live at Thomas, his father being weigher for the company. About 2:45 a negro man named Wallace Burt was riding along the Jasper road, about a mile from Thomas and five miles from Birmingham, when he saw the lad lying on his left side on the ground, and approaching found it to be Allen Trumbower, whom he knew well. He summoned the nearest neighbors and sent word to Marshal Phillips of Pratt City to come out there, also to Dr. J. W. Hirst of Thomas, both of whom arrived in a short time. When turned over the boy was still alive, and his own pistol was found under his body. He was conveyed to the home of his parents at Thomas, where he died and where the coroner saw and examined the body soon after its arrival there, and under the circumstances, there being no witnesses to the shooting, and thinking the same was done accidentally by the boy himself, did not call a jury of inquest.

Suicide or Murder.

The headless bodies of a man and woman were found on the Southern railroad track ten miles from Lawrenceburg, Ky., Saturday morning. The man's head was severed from the mouth up and the woman's diagonally across the head. Tickets were found on the man which show that they had been traveling on the Queen and Crescent route. They had evidently laid down with their heads on the rail, whether with suicidal intent or not will never be known. The bodies have been identified as those of Joseph Hopper and wife, of London, Ky. The coroner returned a verdict of suicide. The couple were about twenty-five years old. They were well dressed, apparently country people. No money was found on either person, but each had tickets showing they had been riding on the Cincinnati Southern. Hopper had a letter from Laurel river United Baptist church showing him in good standing and fellowship, signed by W. H. Brewner, moderator.

Disastrous Conflagration.

The car barns of the Chicago City Railway Company on Cottage Grove avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth streets, Chicago, were destroyed by fire Saturday night. One hundred open cars, 180 closed cars and about 50 grip cars were burned, besides 50 horses, a large amount of feed and other supplies. It is estimated that the loss will reach nearly $350,000. The insurance is about $31,000.

The fire broke out at 7:30 o'clock in the bay of the barns, and but for the prompt work of the firemen many adjacent buildings would have been burned. A fire engine was demolished by a falling wall and Engineer Sullivan badly hurt. Transportation on Cottage Grove avenue was blocked for several hours.

The Stranded Steamer.

There appears little hope of saving the Pacific mail steamer Columbia. A dispatch from Pescadero says: The Columbia is rolling heavily on the rocks, thumping herself to pieces. The sea is calm, but the swell is rising, and there is about 18 feet of water in the hold, and the captain and officers of the steamer have apparently given her up and are preparing to leave when it is no longer safe to remain on board. The surf breaks close to the steamer, and if the sea gets rough she will last only a few hours. The underwriters have rated her a total loss. She was a new vessel on her first trip. Only a small portion of her cargo has been salvaged, and lighters are still at work removing the ship's fixtures and fittings.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

Negotiations for International Arbitration Progressing Smoothly.

MONTHLY COINAGE DOUBLED.

Heavy Gold Shipments During the Past Week—Improving the Rappahannock—List of Firms Denied the Use of the Mails for Violating the Postal Laws.

Calls for Reports.

Comptroller Eckles on Saturday issued a call for the report of the condition of national banks at the close of business Tuesday, July 14.

⁂

Bank Failure.

The comptroller of the currency has received notice of the suspension of the First National bank of Minot, N. D. The capital stock of the bank is $50,000.

⁂

Treasury Statement.

Saturday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $261,618,393; gold reserve, $93,138,699. The treasury Saturday lost $258,800 in gold coin and $5,200 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve $93,531,845.

⁂

Improving the Rappahannock.

Major Charles Allen reports that a depth of 8 feet has now been secured in the Rappahannock river in Virginia as far as Fredericksburg and 9 feet over all the lower bars in the river. He says a constant dredging will be needed to maintain the depth in the upper river on account of sand deposit by high freshets. During the year, by dredging, the channel in York river was deepened to 22 feet.

⁂

Denied the Use of the Mails.

Postmaster General Wilson has denied the privileges of the mails to O. Rothschilds' Sons Company and Lee & Co., 747 Broadway, and Harris & Co. and Clark & Co., 101 Fourth avenue, New York; L. J. Sexton, West Sumter, Mich.; the Louisiana Debenture Company, Leonard Robin, president; John Behrend, vice-president, and W. P. Wall, secretary and treasurer, of New Orleans, La., and F. M. Smith, of Marion, Ala., for conducting lotteries and other violations of the postal laws.

⁂

Gold Keeps Going.

Heavy gold engagements for export in New York today causes the treasury officials to fear that more will follow before the week is ended. The treasury gold reserve at noon had been reduced to $90,767,636. In the absence of both the president and Secretary Carlise from Washington, no expression of opinion can be obtained from them, but the treasury officials who possess their confidence, do not hesitate to say that there will be no change in the attitude of the administration towards the gold reserve and that if necessary to maintain it another bond issue will be resorted to when the reserve reaches the point where further action is rendered imperative.

⁂

Monthly Coinage Doubled.

Owing to the fact that the amount of silver dollars in the treasury available for redemption of treasury notes has become reduced to $10,0659,582, and will be further reduced by redemption during the current month, the coinage of silver dollars by the mints will be increased from $1,500,000 to $3,000,000 per month from the 1st of August, and will probably be continued at that rate in order that the treasury may have sufficient stock to redeem treasury notes presented in exchange for silver dollars.

On the 1st of March, 1893, the treasury held 29,390,461 standard silver dollars for the redemption of treasury notes issued under the act of July, 1890. Today the number of silver dollars held by the treasury for the redemption of treasury notes is 10,659,582. Since the 1st of March, 1893, the coinage of silver dollars has aggregated 11,983,056. Of this sum, however, $2,311,677 was profit, or seigniorage, which leaves $9,671,379 for the redemption of treasury notes. The amount of treasury notes redeemed in silver dollars and cancelled from November 1, 1893, to July 14, 1896, was $28,402,258.

⁂

International Arbitration.

The correspondence which has passed between the governments of the United States and Britain respecting the establishment of a general system of arbitration for the settlement of any disputes which might arise between the two countries, and also for the settlement by arbitration of the dispute over the Venezuelan boundary, has been made public in the shape of an even dozen letters which have been exchanged this year between Secretary Olney, Lord Salisbury, Sir Julian Pauncefote and Ambassador Bayard. The correspondence is of great interest as marking a sensible advance toward the adoption by the two English speaking nations of the principle of arbitration as the means of settling disputes between themselves; but the persons who have looked forward with hope and expectation to the speedy conclusion of treaties embodying the arbitration principle for the settlement of either or both of the two great open issues between the two nations are doomed to disappointment, for at the date of the exchange of the last note from Secretary Olney to the British ambassador here, dated within a month past, he points out the most vital point in the case, not only of the Venezuelan question specifically, but of the general arbitration proposition as well, were still the subject of discussion without much expectation of an early adjustment.

Notable features of the correspondence are the fact that where United States Minister Bayard, by instructions from Secretary Olney, proposed negotiations at Washington respecting the Venezuelan boundary dispute, Lord Salisbury broadened it into a general arbitration scheme, following a lead set by the late Secretary Gresham in the spring of 1895; that Secretary Olney later insisted upon dissociating the two subjects, evidently fearing an entangling alliance otherwise; that as to general arbitration, the issues, which still prevent an agreement, are the indisposition of the British government to include territorial disputes save with the addition of provisions that, in the estimation of Secretary Olney, will render the attempt at arbitration nugatory because there are no means of making the findings of the arbitrators binding upon the parties or of removing them from the possibility of infinite appeals. As to the Venezuelan matter, specifically, the great difficulty that cannot be overcome is the refusal of the British government to submit to the action of arbitration the territory upon which British subjects have actually settled. "Immitation arbitration" is what Secretary Olney designates Lord Salisbury's project, while the British premier criticises Secretary Olney's plan as calculated to result in evils worse than war in the institution of innumerable suits to recover claimed territory.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN

Battlefield—The Lines of Battle—Imposing Monuments.

Gen. A. P. Stewart, Gen. H. V. Boynton, Mr. J. P. Smartt and Engineer Betts, of the National park, have completed the general location of the Union and Confederate lines of battle on the Lookout mountain battlefield. Both lines will extend through the open ground on each side of the Cravens house, and will be in plain view from the city, so that none of the monuments to be erected on them will be concealed by the woods. To avoid this, General Walthall's lines were established a short distance east of the Cravens house, and the lines of General Hooker's forces about 200 yards west of it.

The government purchase of the Lookout battlefield embraces all the fighting ground on the mountain, aggregating 100 acres, including the Cravens and McMillan properties and several smaller holdings. As soon as the deed can be prepared the government will take possession. The purchase extends from a point on the west side of the mountain, 1,500 feet south of the north front of the palisades, to a point half way between the two inclines. Both New York and Pennsylvania are ready to erect very fine monuments near the Cravens house as soon as the government acquires possession.

New York and New Jersey are just closing contracts for imposing monuments on Orchard Knob. That of New York will be 40 feet high, and that of New Jersey 37. The New York monument will be the most costly one yet erected in the park.

An inspection of the Indiana monuments erected since the dedication has just been completed, with the astonishing result that upon six of the monuments the state commission has put historical tablets which do not belong to the site where the monuments stand, but in four cases to sites more than a mile distant. In six cases the state commission has failed to observe corrections in their tablets made by the national commission, but have chosen to cast the plates with their errors retained.

ANARCHY AT CLEVELAND.

The Reign of Terror Continues—More Troops to the Rescue.

The strike situation at the Brown hoisting works, Cleveland, O., assumed so dangerous a phase Thursday afternoon that three more companies of troops were hurried to the scene just before quitting time, and are now encamped in the works. Early in the afternoon crowds began to assemble and stood about sullenly, defiant of police orders to move on. There was so much evidence of a prearranged plan, every street leading to the works having its own division of the mob, that the authorities in hot haste sent for more troops. When the sixty-three men who had been at work were placed in vans to be driven home from the works it was found necessary to charge the mob twice before a passage could be made for the wagons. The drivers had refused to leave the stables with the vehicles, and the policemen did the driving. During the melee jeers and threats were hurled at the scabs, police and military, and some stones were thrown. The severest fighting was on Hamilton street, and in the charges about forty strikers were pricked by the bayonets. After a passage had been forced, the military had all it could do to keep the mob from chasing the wagons. There is a sullen spirit abroad, which is more dangerous than anything which the police have yet met. One man suffering from a bayonet wound was locked up by the police. The state board of arbitration began its work on the case Thursday.

Rolling Mill Men Strike.

About 300 men at the United States Car company's big plant at Anniston, Ala., are out as a result of a strike by the puddlers, heaters and rollers of the rolling mill department. The trouble has been brewing since the first of the month. A new scale was agreed to, but the company, while promising to pay it, declined to sign it for any definite length of time. This is one of the grievances of the men, and another is that 2 per cent of their wages is held back in the office as an insurance fund. All attempts to settle the matter have so far failed and the company officials announce that Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers are henceforth barred from the mill. The force will doubtless be reorganized right away, but in the meantime the company has telegraphed cancellations of orders of about 1,000 tons of bar iron, which were wanted for immediate delivery.

How Ex-Governor Russell Died.

It appears that the people who accompanied Ex-Governor Russell were his brother and Francis Peabody, from Boston. Their camp was near the Little Pabos river, where they had been fishing all day Wednesday, when the ex-governor seemed in the very best of health. The tent in which they slept was divided into two compartments, and, as the ex-governor slept alone, the others never knew that he was dead until late this morning, when they thought it was time to wake him. At a late hour Thursday night the coroner's jury returned to St. Adelaide de Pabos from the camp. The doctors and coroner's jury decided that heart disease was the cause of death.

Profited by Having Pocket Picked.

A lady was riding the other day in an omnibus along Oxford street, London, when a person in clerical attire followed her into the vehicle and sat by her side. Shortly afterward he got out of the 'bus and the lady, feeling for her purse, found it had been stolen. The behavior of the "clergyman" led to the suspicion that he was the thief. On reaching home the lady found in her pocket a large diamond ring. The purse contained but a few shillings, and the lady sold the ring left by the pickpocket for $200.

CANNON OF THE CUBANS.

They Are Often Made of Logs Bound with Rawhide.

The expedients to which the Cuban patriots are driven to procure weapons with which to carry on their warfare against Spanish oppression show them to be a most ingenious people. Almost everything has been pressed into service which would suffice for a cannon. Cannon in Cuba have been cast from crude bronze; have been extemporized from captured sugar mill steam pipes, and quite serviceable ones have even been made from wooden logs, wound with strips of green rawhide.

How Old are You?

You need not answer the question, madam, for in your case age is not counted by years. It will always be true that "a woman is as old as she looks." Nothing sets the seal of age so deeply upon woman's beauty as gray hair. It is natural, therefore, that every woman is anxious to preserve her hair in all its original abundance and beauty; or, that being denied the crowning gift of beautiful hair, she longs to possess it. Nothing is easier than to attain to this gift or to preserve it, if already possessed. Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray or faded hair to its original color. It does this by simply aiding nature, by supplying the nutrition necessary to health and growth. There is no better preparation for the hair than

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Inborn modesty seals their lips. They prefer pain to humiliation. Custom has made them believe the only hope of relief lies in the exposure of examination and "local treatment."

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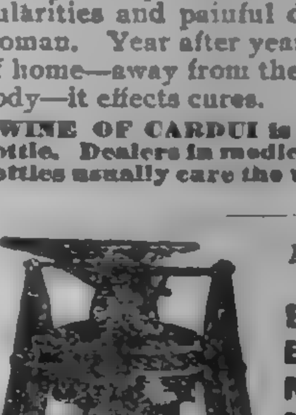

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1896. NO. [illegible]

THE MEANING OF IT.

[illegible]

... folly to wait for those ... from an appreciating dollar ... operate with us in restoring ... It is true that, in the long ... immoral is often the inexpedient ... that gold monometallism, if ... will end in the inability of ... pay either interest or principal ... the creditor classes of Great ... will never advocate bimetallism ... they have succeeded in con... the property of their debtors ... owners of property, their in... be in restoring bimetallism ... raising prices; but not be... we wait upon Great Britain ... wait until the property of our ... rial classes has been confiscated ... foreign money lenders; until our producing classes have been bankrupted and reduced to poverty, misery and despair, and until the foreign bondholder, who now lays tribute upon us, has given place to a foreign landlord, ready to lay tribute upon us in his new role.

If the two old parties had a decent respect for the eternal fitness of things they would go out of business entirely.

A SHORT POLITICAL REVIEW.

Political Matters Considered with Reference to Republican Prospects.

[illegible]

... ment. Banking upon the ignorance or forgetfulness of the people it has nominated as its standard bearer the man whose tariff policy had been in full force two years when the Homestead murder occurred and which the ... repudiated ... in the ... manner ...

The signs are rapidly accumulating ... the republicans ... without their host ... while the disturbed and divided condition of the opposition may result in a republican victory, a large majority will vote against the return of their party to power and it will never again be able to crystalize its distinct views into ...

Tariff Bankrupted McKinley.

We found the following going the rounds:

Another gentleman who ought to know, because he was hand in glove with the New York delegation tells a good story about the platform and the ticket. He said:

Here's another fact showing the pull the New York people had. The money plank in the platform was brought to the New York delegation for ratification. That plank was in the handwriting of H. H. Kohlsaat, editor of the Chicago Times-Herald, McKinley's warmest and strongest friend in the west. Kohlsaat went down in his pocket and paid $50,000 in cash to help McKinley out of his financial troubles several years ago. He is a politician as well as an editor, and was acting under instructions at St. Louis. Kohlsaat can have what he wants if McKinley gets there. His chances for the cabinet are bright, because he is an able man, and, never having held office, has no enemies. Chicago would be glad to see him honored, regardless of party."

McKinley's tariff helped to swamp McKinley, and then the millionaires paid his debts and put him on his feet. If he is elected they will own him—even to the clothes on his back.

The Citizen says that five thousand workingmen paraded the streets of Cleveland, Ohio, a few hours after Hanna returned from St. Louis, and they cheered—but not for McKinley—they cheered for Eugene V. Debs.

All money is only an order on society for its face value in the products of labor.

The people have had enough of experimenting with the two old parties.

AN ACTUAL CONVERSATION ON A CHICAGO STREET CAR.
With apologies to Times-Herald.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!
[illegible] MENTHOL INHALER

CATARRH, HEADACHE ... WILL CURE [illegible]

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS
Complete, Ready For Use.

...dares for a Continuance of the Present Infamous Financial Policy, Cowardice and Treason.

The longest platform ever written ... attention.

Commences with tariff ... the ... gold standard ... the old soldiers ... the ... the years ... nothing ...

Eulogizes the American flag and recommends a strong navy, but we must ask England's consent to ... the ... that lies in our own beautiful mountains.

Deplores the Armenian massacres and asserts its faith in the Monroe doctrine, but surrenders unconditionally to the financiers of Europe.

Talks about a free ballot—but nary free silver.

Denounces sectionalism—but lets the eastern bankers write the plank in its platform upon which hangs the destiny of the whole nation.

Condemns the present administration ... adopts a platform which declares for a continuance of the monetary policy that caused the ship of state to be ... stuck in the mud.

About twenty planks for show—and one for a ...

Here it is:

"The Republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payment in 1879; since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement, with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such an agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be supported. All our silver and paper currency now in circulation must be maintained at a parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States, and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth."

This is what drove the western men out of the party.

This is what Wall street was willing to pay twenty million dollars to secure.

Nobody cared what the tariff plank might be.

The whole cowardly surrender of the Republican party is embodied in this one plank—and on that the party will go down to destruction before the hosts of an aroused and intelligent patriotic people.

No great party ever before in the history of the United States came out thus boldly to defy the wishes and best interests of the American people.

The money power has spoken plainly through its treasonable tool, the Republican party.

But the American people will not surrender their blood-bought liberties to the metal god of misery, crime and oppression.

The doom of despotism is sealed—and that in its most defiant hour.

The rich spend money lavishly and the poor producer pays the freight.

[illegible]

Does Gold Circulate?

[illegible] ... That the free coinage of silver will drive gold out of circulation ... emphatically denied. It is impossible to drive any ... of money out of circulation ... is not in circulation. As gold does not circulate in this country as currency it cannot be driven out of circulation. The money grabbers and bankers control the gold, and when they order it paid out by the banks throughout the country, which is occasionally done for political effect, it circulates. When the bank bosses of New York order the banks to cease gold circulation it does not circulate. Practically there is not a dollar of gold in circulation at this time. Therefore, the assertion that the free coinage of silver will drive gold out of circulation is not worth considering, from the very potent fact that gold does not circulate.—Southern Mercury.

The Real Meaning.

One or two slight changes in the republican financial plank make it read as follows:

"We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to curtail the power of foreign money lords by improving the currency of our country.

"We are, therefore, opposed to this nation, with its 70,000,000 of 'free' people, managing its own financial affairs without a permit from 'the leading commercial nations of the world,' under an 'international agreement.'

"We unhesitatingly declare that our silver and paper currency must be maintained on an equality with gold, and the only way to do this is to destroy both, to the end that European shylocks may understand that we favor anything that will maintain their opportunities and our national honor.

"And, finally, whenever our masters will permit (by 'international agreement') we shall be ready to change our views 'to maintain inviolably the obligation of the United States.'"—Coming Nation.

A Modern Political Boom.

"You must have a good deal to worry you just now," said the presidential candidate's friend. "I suppose you are bothered a good deal by interviews for opinions?"

"Oh, no; my press agent attends to that."

"But the expense of the campaign is something pretty heavy?"

"My financial backer attends to the expenses."

"But you have lots of little details to think about—like getting the brass band to play 'Hail to the Chief' at just the proper point in the proceedings, and having the American flag hung where you can point to it at an effective juncture."

"No; the stage manager and property man attend to those things."

"Well—excuse me—but, would you mind telling me where you come in?"

"I—oh, I just do the running for office."—Washington Star.

There is some difference between the tin soldier McKinley and the other Napoleon famed in history. It will be more noticeable after election.

Now is the time to hold your populist picnics and camp meetings.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA

[illegible]

... crushed his shoulder ...

A Pistol ...

Shote Garrett ... of Decatur, while playing ... in a crowd of ... inflicting a ... wound ... may recover. Garrett has not been arrested.

Leg Crushed by a Car.

Freight Conductor R. S. Beasley, of Huntsville, Ala., had his lower left leg badly crushed at Decatur Saturday by the derailment of a car. Mr. Beasley is running on the Memphis and Charleston, and was ... at time of the accident. He received prompt medical attention and was sent immediately to his home.

A Farmer Fatally Shot.

In an altercation Thursday on the Tennessee river near [illegible]sboro, William Burgess, a farmer, was fatally shot, living [illegible] hours, by Granville Smith, son of [illegible] Eugene R. Smith. Burgess was troublesome and overbearing among his neighbors, and had accused Smith of stealing roasting ears, when trouble ensued.

Killed by a Train.

William Dobbs, a half-witted boy, of Woodlawn, was struck by a passenger train on the Southern Railway Saturday morning a little east of Coalburg, and about nine miles west of Birmingham, and was killed. He was walking on the track. The engineer gave a warning whistle, but it was not regarded and he could not stop the engine before it struck the boy.

Two Hundred and Fifteen.

The tent meeting at North Birmingham, at which there were 215 conversions, closed Sunday night, and Mr. George left today for Renfro, Ala., where he will be engaged in a meeting for several days. After finishing at Renfroe Mr. George will return to Birmingham and in all probability start a meeting for Trinity church, on Avenue F. and Thirteenth street.

Mystery of Walter Parsons.

About one year ago Water, the 8-year-old son of a Tuscaloosa county farmer named Parsons, disappeared from his home and though a most diligent search, in which the whole neighborhood joined, was instituted, the little fellow could not be found. Friday a man was hunting in the swamps about five miles from the Parsons' farm, when he discovered lying in a lonely spot the skeleton of a child, which, by the tattered garments that clung about it, was later identified as the remains of little Walter Parsons. The skeleton received Christian burial in the presence of a large assemblage of sympathizing friends.

Pistols at a Picnic.

Near Letohatchie, Lowndes county, Saturday during the progress of a negro church picnic a quarrel occurred between Dave Gunter and Burnett Means, over whose turn it was to ride on a "flying jennie," when both men

[illegible]

... Wilson stabbed ... with a knife, inflicting several more or less painful wounds, from which ... soon recovered. The ... against Wilson was assessed at ... damages by the jury.

An Unfortunate Blow.

In Chicago Harry Rudolph, aged 11, struck two blows with his puny fist Wednesday evening, and his opponent, Grover Hanson, aged 9, fell dead at his feet. The lads were having a boyish quarrel and young Hanson started to run. Rudolph followed, and, catching the lad near the curb, struck him in the face and abdomen. Little Hanson covered his face with his hands, fell backward and expired. Young Rudolph was locked up by the police. The physician who examined young Hanson gave it as his opinion that the lad died from cerebral congestion, resulting from a shock effecting the heart's action.

700 Tons of Grain Burned.

The British steamer Manger, Captain Forest in command, arrived at Norfolk, Va., last Monday from St. Vincent, Cape Verde Island, for a cargo, and which has been loading grain at the Norfolk and Western elevator since her arrival, was early Wednesday morning discovered to be on fire. A harbor tug went to her assistance and succeeded in extinguishing the flames. About 700 tons of grain were burned.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY

[illegible]

... nominally ... to make sales ... are weakening ... other than eastern ... business in ...

... the week have been 281 ... United States, against 302 last year ... in Canada against 27 last year.

High Water in Pennsylvania.

The water reached a stage of twenty-five feet at Pittsburg, but did not go as high as was expected. Considerable damage was done in McKeesport, where the Dewees company's mill had thirty-eight furnaces "killed" by the water, causing a loss of $25,000. Work was suspended at the water works and the National tube works.

A number of coal barges broke loose and sank, the loss by that means being about $25,000. In all the towns along the Monongahela more or less damage was done. The houses in the low parts of Homestead, Port Perry, Braddock, Dravosburg and adjacent towns were inundated. There was considerable injury everywhere to furniture.

Jail Failed to Hold Him.

A letter has been received by the police department of Birmingham from Madison, Ga., stating that Jim Morris, colored, had escaped from the jail there and was probably on his way toward Alabama again. A few weeks ago Morris and two other negroes named John Jones and Will Williams were arrested at Birmingham with a lot of stolen pistols, knives and razors in their possession. A good case of burglary was made out against the trio. Morris is suspected of making toward Birmingham again, as he has several friends there.

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SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN
RIDING,

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
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(KEATING)—

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FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
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A. T. GOODWYN
For Secretary of State
J. A. GRIMMETT
For Attorney General
W. H. SMITH
For State Treasurer
J. A. BINGHAM
For State Auditor
W. S. FORMAN
For Superintendent of Education
W. M. WOOD
For Commissioner of Agriculture
J. H. HARRIS

County Ticket

For Sheriff
JAMES T. COOLEY.
For Tax Assessor
A. C. MIMS.
For Tax Collector
T. J. HUBBARD.
For Representative
L. H. REYNOLDS
For Treasurer
ALEX G. DAKE.
For Superintendent of Education
J. W. MOORE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
First District—RUFUS C. RIGGINS.
Second District—ALEX GLASSCOCK
Third District—J. G. SMITHERMAN.
Fourth District—MOSES ROBINSON

15th Senatorial District

For Senator,
G. B. DEANS.

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and tixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

LET every man come out Monday and cast his vote for the entire Populist ticket.

IT is necessary for Chilton to return a larger majority than usual in order to reduce ficticious majorties from the black belt.

General Weaver, our candidate for President four years ago, was in Birmingham this week conferring with the Populist leaders.

THE National Convention is over and the result of its deliberations apparently has somewhat complicated matters—that is when looked at from a Democratic standpoint. From the point of view of the Populist, however, there need be no complication, but on the contrary everything can be made to work smoothly, harmoniously and triumphantly. The Democratic National convention nominated William J. Bryan, a gentleman of national reputation, as their candidate for the presidency, in a great measure, on a Populist platform, and also nominated Mr. Arthur Sewall, an obscure man, as vice president. The Populist convention, more patriotic than partisan, recognizing the necessity of united action in order to at once succeed in enacting a part of our platform into law have also nominated Mr. Bryan, and Populists will exert themselves to the utmost to insure his election. But the Populist convention refused to accept the vice-presidential nominee of the Democrats and instead nominated Thomas E. Watson, another gentleman of national reputation, as our candidate for vice-president. We have, therefore, a Populist-Democrat head with two tails against a united Republican party. This anomalous condition is not conducive to success. Our Democratic friends have loudly proclaimed that now is the opportunity for Populists to prove their devotion to the cause of free silver by accepting their candidates and working and voting for them. But there's the rub It is not the Populist who has so recently become converted. It is not the Populist who has to prove his sincerity. It is the Democrat. 'Tis but a short time since many of our Democratic friends were calling the Populist a silver crank and were predicting all manner of misfortunes if ever we came into power. Now that they have conceded our views were and are correct and have adopted them it is too much for them to ask us to prove our sincerity by conceding all they demand at the expense of our own party. They can best prove their own sincerity by the withdrawal of Mr. Sewall and by supporting and electing our nominee—Thomas E. Watson. Mr. Sewall cannot by any possibility be electe' if Populists support Mr. Watson—and that we are going to do—and would do more good to the cause of free silver by voluntarily declining the Democratic nomination than he will by endeavoring to get elected.

The election on Monday will greatly influence the course Populists will take in the national election in November. Reliable information from all over the State points to the certainty of Capt. Goodwyn and the co-operation ticket receiving honestly a large majority of the votes cast. But the same old dishonest methods seem likely to be practiced in a great many "organized" counties, judging from the refusal of Democrats to appoint representatives of the opposition as election managers, etc. We hope however that the white men of Alabama will give such an overwhelming majority for our ticket as to effectually put a quietus upon any attempt at fraud.

IF you don't know the name of every Populist candidate on the State ticket, cut out the sample ticket which we print in another column, put it in your pocket, and when you go to vote next Monday, take it out of your pocket and then make a cross-mark on the ballot against the same names we have marked on the ticket. Then you will have done your duty.

THE indications are that Mr. Bryan will secure a very large support among the workingmen of the East. Nothing could be more erroneous than the assumption that he stands no chance of an election. The effect of Mr. Bryan's nomination and of his manifest popularity soon began to make itself felt upon the stock market. The raids upon the Treasury's gold reserve began again, and on July 10 the fund fell below the one hundred million mark, and continued slowly but steadily to decline for some days thereafter. It is within the range of possibilities that the administration may be compelled to resort to another bond issue before election day arrives.—From "The Progress of the World," in August Review of Reviews.

TOM WATSON ACCEPTS.

A reporter of the Associated Press called upon Hon Thomas E. Watson at his home in Thompson, Ga., and elicited the following expression of his views in regard to the national ticket.

"I will accept the nomination as I wired my friends in St. Louis to that effect. I did it in the interest of harmony and to prevent the disruption of the Populist party which seemed iminent. Under the circumstances I did what I believed to be best for all interests. The movement for fusion was immensely greater than I had any idea of two weeks ago. I was originally for a straight Populist ticket. But the demand for fusion, or the adoption of the entire Democratic ticket, would have killed the Populist party. As it is the integrity of the party is preserved. Under the circumstances I fully indorse the policy pursued by the convention. There is no reason why I should refuse to receive the support of a man who agrees with me in three essential principles because he does not agree with me in four. I would rather accept his aid and thank him for it. If Mr. Bryan accepts the Populists nomination I believe our ticket will be elected."

"Upon what do you base your belief." "The combination ticket will carry the solid South and West with 233 votes, when 224 are necessary to a choice. Besides, there are Eastern and Northern States that are debatable ground. I should not be surprised to see as great a landslide in favor of free silver as we saw in 1890, and that several States which are now considered reliably Republican, will go for our ticket and free silver. The only doubt about the supremacy of the Populist Party in the West is the Democratic Party, and with the votes of this party we would carry the West. The only doubt about the supremacy of the Democratic Party in the South is the Populist Party. A union of the strength of the two will carry both sections solidly.

"I fully indorse the Populist platform just adopted at St. Louis. The Populists will indorse the Democratic platform as far as it goes. I consider that the Democratic Party is returning to Jeffersonian principles, and I am ready to devote whatever influence or talent I may possess to a restoration of the government to its early principles.

"I am ready to offer my services to the Executive Committee composed of Democrats and Populists to further the interests of the ticket. Mr. Bryan and I were friends in the Fifty-second Congress, and I believe voted together on every measure that came before the House. I have no prejudice against any section of the Union. I was born on the 5th of September, 1856, and therefore did not participate in the civil war. I am a Southern man in sentiment and feeling but I have no sectional bitterness. From the very foundation of the government I think the East and North have been represented in congress by shrewd business men who have paid very strict attention to getting passed such laws as would benefit their section. I do think that national banking laws, our tariff laws, our funding system have to a very great extent built up the North and East at the expense of the South and West. While I would not do any injury to these sections, I would like to see the fair thing done; those laws that discriminate against the South and West should be removed from the statute books. Our system at present is in favor of wealth as against the citizen, for the dollars as against the man. I see no reason why the law cannot give ample protection to property without doing injustice to the laborer and producer, and I should be happy to see a policy that would give mutual protection to each successfully. The South and West practically, produce all the wealth of this country; the East and North practically produce none of it. It is the literal fact, that the producing sections accumulate little or nothing while the non-producing sections accumulate fabulous profits"

fail

Stand close to a high fence, and try to leap over. You fail. Walk back a few steps, get a good start. The fence is easily cleared. Neglect your cough, never mind your loss in weight, and when consumption faces you, your strength may not be sufficient to carry you over the danger-line. If you could only go back a few weeks and make a good start, you might win.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is for you *even if you are only a little thin.*

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (*Ask your doctor.*) This is because it is always *palatable*—always *uniform*—always *contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.* Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Editor BANNER: What wrought up such a change in the mind of Prof. R. E. R. Hicks? A very short time ago he and I had a very hot controversy in which he declared most emphatically that he was opposed to free coinage of silver, that he did not favor one class being taxed to pay the expense of coining the silver of another class and that it was equally just to manufacture cotton free as it was silver. In my reply I assured him that no class was burdened with the expense of coining the silver of another class, but that the government took one-tenth of the pure silver of the bullion owner, and replaced it with a baser or cheaper metal, hence no one was hurt by free coinage of silver. I notice in his card in the BANNER that he accuses some one of calling him a gold-bug in their so called speeches. I have used his name a few times but if I called him a gold-bug I did not intend it for I have accepted Col. Howard's definition of those fellows who believe in sound money and have neither gold or silver. He calls them doodle bugs. I have been one of Prof. Hicks' warmest friends, but he has proven anything but a friend to me. If the Professor has changed his mind on the money question he ought to have cried out before before becoming a candidate.

J. A. LOGAN.

* * *

Program of the Weogufka 2d district.

To be held with Cane Creek church to begin on Friday, 11 a.m., before the 4th Sabbath in August, 1896.

1. What is the duty of Baptists to preach their practical or distinctive doctrines? Rev. Robert Long.
2. What is the duty of the church to its pastor, and the pastor to the church? Rev. J. Bice.
3. What relation are we as Baptists to other religious denominations? Rev. B. H. Vickery.
4. What is the most needful duty that deacons should perform towards the church and aid to the pastor? Rev. J. E. Champion.
5. What is the duty of parents to their children in regard to the home and Sabbath training? Rev. Joseph Thomas.
6. What is home missions and our duty to it? Rev. W. J. Bone; Foreign missions and our duty to it? Rev. L. B. Pounds.

Mission sermon to be preached on Sunday at 11 a.m. by Rev. J. M. Tod.

* * *

THE WAY TO VOTE.

The law requires the names of all candidates to be arranged alphabetically, consequently the ticket you have to mark next Monday will be much the same as we give it below and every man should make a cross-mark (X) in front of each name just as we have marked them.

FOR GOVERNOR:
X ALBERT T. GOODWYN
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
X JAMES A. GRIMMETT
JAS. KIRKMAN JACKSON

FOR STATE TREASURER:
X JOHN A. BINGHAM
GEORGE W. ELLIS

FOR STATE AUDITOR:
X WILLIAM S. FORMAN
WALTER S. WHITE

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
WILLIAM C. FITTS
X WILLIAM H. SMITH JR.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT EDUCATION:
JOHN O. TURNER
X WILLIAM M. WOOD

FOR COMMISSIONER AGRICULTURE:
I. F. CULVER
X JOSEPH H. HARRIS

FOR SENATOR 15TH DISTRICT:
F. B BALDWIN
X GILBERT B. DEANS

FOR REPRESENTATIVEE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:
RICHARD E. R. HICKS
X LEWIS H. REYNOLDS

FOR SHERIFF:
X JAMES T. COOLEY
CORNELIUS J. STEWART

FOR TAX ASSESSOR:
X ABRAM C. MIMS

FOR TAX COLLECTOR
X THOMAS J. HUBBARD

FOR TREASURER:
X ALEX G. DAKE

FOR SUPERINTENDENT EDUCATION:
X J. WILLIAM MOORE

FOR COMMISSIONER FIRST DISTRICT:
X RUFUS C. RIGGINS

FOR COMMISSIONER 2ND DISTRICT:
EZEKIEL EDDINGS
X ALEX GLASSCOCK

FOR COMMISSIONER THIRD DISTRICT:
X J. G. SMITHERMAN

FOR COMMISSIONER 4TH DISTRICT:
WILBUR F. CLAUGHTON
X MOSES ROBINSON

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1896,

for the election of Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, Senator for the Fifteenth Senatorial District, and the following officers for Chilton county: Representative in the General Assembly, Sheriff, Tax Assessor, Tax Collector, County Superintendent of Education, Treasurer, one Commissioner for each of the four Districts of the county, two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Beat in the county.

P. M. MOORE,
Sheriff Chilton County.
This June 29th, 1896.

The strike situation at the Brown I

I, P. M. Moore, Sheriff of said county, do hereby appoint the Returning officers above-named, Special Deputy Sheriffs at their respective voting places, to attend upon said election.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.
This 30th day of June, 1896.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

* * *

The State Alliance.

Pinckard, Ala., July 18, 1896.

The State Alliance will hold its next session in Ozark, Dale county, on the 8th and 9th days of September. We hope every county in the State will have a representative present, and as many visiting brethren of the order as possible as matters of unusual moment will come before us.

J. O. PINCKARD,
Pres. Ala. State Alliance.

Vine Hill.

Weather hot—needing rain Fodder pulling in order; cotton rusty; health of neighborhood good. Baptist district meeting just closed, was well attended and enjoyed by all. Sabbath-school organized on Sunday morning at Bethel church, N. L. Merony was appointed Superintendent, afterwards a Hebrew evangelist gave an able talk which was both entertaining and instructive, he treated the large crowd to another talk in the evening.

PAT.

* * *

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, in the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN
DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT.
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. —LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.

Don't Groan over the aches and pains of rheumatism any longer. Drive the disease from your system with V. V. V., the wonderful blood purifier, and cure for rheumatism. V. V. V. is purely vegetable, containing nothing but the highest curative properties of roots, barks and herbs. It is so harmless that it may be given to a child, yet so efficacious that it cures diseases of many years standing.

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a sure specific for all forms of blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, malaria and dyspepsia. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed free to anyone on request. HABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

Mr. Forest Potts is down on the sick list this week. The hand holt broke loose and he fell from a running freight train a few nights ago and bruised himself considerably. We are glad to say he is improving.

Miss Lila Williamson, of Verbena, is among our visitors here this week.

Mr. John Anderson was in town Tuesday.

Judge Callen is spending a few days on Mulberry.

Miss Stansberry, of Birmingham, visited Miss Bettie Mullins last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Joe Johnson, Jr., and wife, of Birmingham, are spending the summer in Clanton.

Mr. W. F. Callen is about to build an addition to his residence.

Mr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., is erecting a new barn in the place of the one burned some time ago.

Mr. W. H. Foshee is having some repairs done at his place.

Mr. [illegible] D. Cook, of Mountain Creek, was in town yesterday.

Mr. John Smith, of Coosa, is visiting relatives here.

Misses S. L. and Lotta Bell, of [illegible], are visiting their grandfather's family of this place.

The Congregationalists will hold their annual conference at Clanton this week beginning to-day and last until Sunday.

The young people of our town will enjoy a delightful sociable at the residence of Mr. J. P. Palmer to-night.

The extreme heat of the last few days is causing a good deal of suffering.

Mrs. Ned Duke is again among friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Allen and charming daughter, Miss Maud, of Jemison, are visiting the family of Mr. John Garner this week.

Miss Ida Marshall, of East Lake, Ala., is visiting friends in Clanton this week.

Miss Ola McKee left left last Wednesday morning for a visit to friends and relatives at Ramer, Ala.

Mrs. Matthews has returned from a short stay at Talladega Springs.

Dr. Geo. W. Shackelford will visit Clanton on Monday next, Sept. 3rd, to remain only three days. All those who want Dental work can get good service by calling on him at Duke House.

Clanton has lost its accomplished music teacher, Mrs. Rainey, who removed to Birmingham last week much to the regret of her large circle of friends here, but who all hope that she will meet with much prosperity in her new home.

Several of the workmen on the new court house were compelled to quit work yesterday afternoon on account of the intense heat.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Daniel Walker Jones and Miss Lizzie Stevens; Mr. Thomas L. Wyatt and Miss Minerva Headley; Mr. J. P. Rainwater and Miss Mattie Wells; Mr. W. F. Teal and Miss Annie Lee Baker; Mr. John E. Jones and Miss Mahala Ellison; Mr. Thomas H. Williams and Miss Eliza McCullough.

Colored. Ed Garth and Sophie Temple.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00

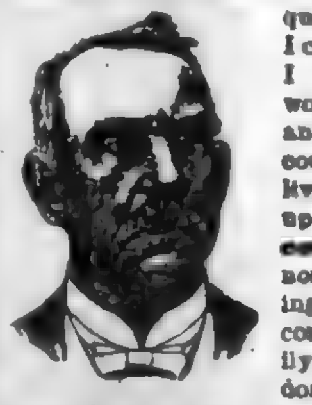
Final Proof Notice.

Notice No 18139.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
July 2, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 15th, 1896, viz: John F. Rawlinson Homestead entry, No. 24,224, for the sw 1 4 of sw 1 4 of section 22 tp 20 north of r 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Isom Abbott, of Billingsley, Ala., Arthur E. Hicks, of Billingsley, Ala., William Anderson, of Billingsley, Ala., Benjamin Abbott, of Stanton, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.



HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but Constantly grows worse. There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and Don't know what to take for it, as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I couldn't lie down nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I have not lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. I believe I am fully cured, and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Notice to Delinquent Taxpayers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To J. M. Hanlin:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to-wit:

BEAT 5.

S ½ of ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and e ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ sec 4 tp 20 r 15 tax and costs $3.57.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday, August 31, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same together with fees and costs.

This 30th day of July, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Fieri Facias issued out of Circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Charlie Smith et als. out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Charlie Smith et als I have levied on the following property to-wit:

One seven roomed dwelling house known as the J. O. Smith house located one and three-fourth miles south of Jemison in said county, about one hundred yards from and facing the L. & N. R R. from the western side of said R.R. and in the nw corner of sec 36 t 23 r 13 in said county, said dwelling house having a 42 foot veranda in front a 10 foot hall running between the four front 16 foot rooms, a 16 foot veranda on the rear of said dwelling running north and south, also a 20 foot veranda in front of the three rear rooms running east and west, said veranda having a well in same, said four front rooms being covered by what is known as a "hip-roof."

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Charlie Smith et als in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 29th day of June, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS?

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

Greatest Discovery of 19th Century. Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE, WILL CURE You. First inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

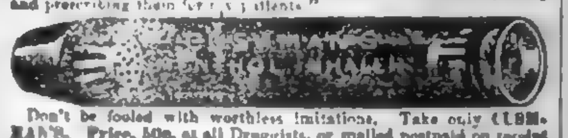
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only at the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

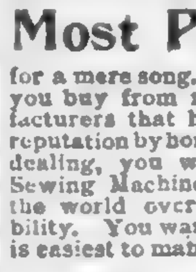
DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them [illegible]."



Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS
$35 to $80
Complete, Ready For Use.
30 Years in Use all Over the World
No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.
CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.



GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

CARTHAGE, MO., July 23, 1893.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY RAHN.

It Acts Like a Charm.

SALEM, Ala., April 6, 1892.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions: the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 21 r 12. w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12. s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12. n 1-2 of s e ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12. se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12. 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12. nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13. n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13. s 1-2 of sw 1 4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13. se 1-4 of nw qr and se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12. sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12. e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12. nw qr of ne qr sec 28 t 22 r 12. n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12. s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13. nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13. s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13. n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13. se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13. as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county }

In Chancery at Clanton Alabama. Seventh District. Northeastern chancery division. July 20, 1896.

W. H. Coker & Co., Complainant, vs. J. G. M. Burke, et al., Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of W. M. Adams that the Defendants in the cross bill, W. H. Coker & Co. are non-residents of the State of Alabama, and to the best of affiant's knowledge, information and belief, said defendants are over the age of twenty-one years, and that their post office and residence are Rome Floyd county, in the state of Georgia.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring them the said W. H. Coker & Co. to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against them in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Notice to Non-resident.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county. }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama. Seventh district. North-eastern Chancery division.

Rudolph Ehrman, Complainant, vs. W. H. Merritt et al Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Rudolph Ehrman that the Defendant, M. J. Bond is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that that he resides at Clarksburg in the State of Mississippi, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant the Defendant is over the age of twenty one years

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said M. J. Bond, to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

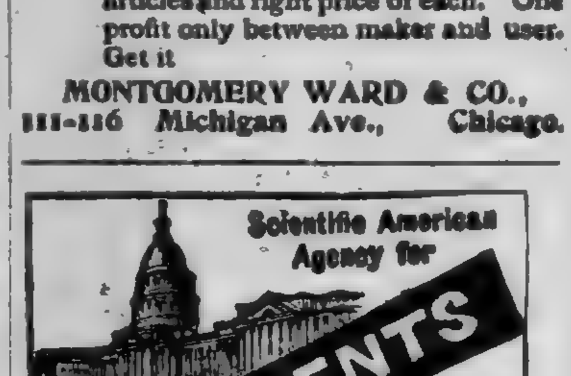
W. E. STEWART, Register.

Right in Sight
Sure Saving Shown

We'll send you our General Catalogue and Buyers Guide, if you send us 15 cents in stamps. That pays part postage or expressage, and keeps off idlers.

It's a Dictionary of Honest Values; Full of important information no matter where you buy. 700 Pages, 12,000 illustrations: tells of 40,000 articles and right price of each. One profit only between maker and user. Get it

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
111-116 Michigan Ave., Chicago.



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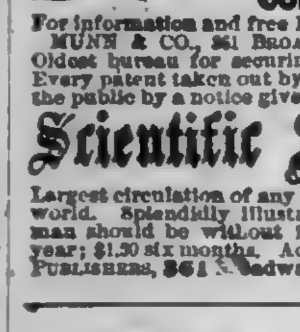
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.



We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS
WERE GIVEN
HIGHEST AWARDS
At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

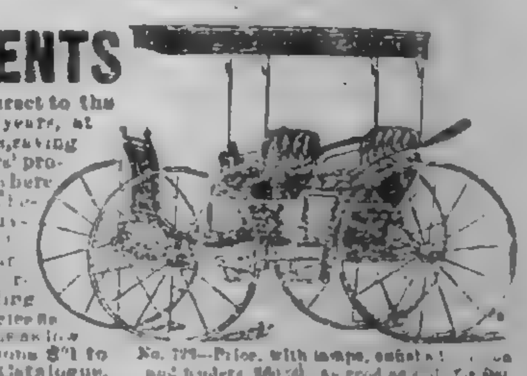
THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, not, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—[illegible] FULLING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—[illegible] EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID [illegible].—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING [illegible] MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND [illegible].—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASE.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—FERMENTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FEEBLENESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHEA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND [illegible] CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.



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but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before [illegible] [illegible] Carriages, [illegible] Harness, [illegible] styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 3½—Surrey Harness. Price $15.50. As good as sells for $[illegible]

No. 1??—Price, with lamps, sunshade [illegible] and fenders, $60.50, as good as sells for $90

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

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and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. GREEN SEAL
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

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If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

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FIRST-CLASS WORK
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P.P.P.
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LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

A Cannon Used as a Spile.

In some towns along the coast and in inland towns, too, one may still see planted at street corners cannon; relics of the revolutionary war, or of the war 1812, or, perhaps, the Mexican war. In navy yards one sometimes sees condemned cannon put to use as spiles, to make vessel's lines fast to. There is such a gun, planted at Governor's Island ferry landing, at the foot of Whitehall street in New York. The building out of an adjoining wharf seaward to which boats now tie up, has left this gun no further use as a spile, but it remains a picturesque object and one quite appropriate to the landing of a ferry or military post.

Cleansing.

A soap for cleaning silk is made by beating one pound cocoanut oil in 96 degrees F., adding half pound caustic soda, mixing thoroughly. Then heat half pound white Venetian turpentine, add to the soap and again mix thoroughly. The mixture is covered and left four hours, then heated again, and one pound of ox gall is added to it and well stirred. Next pulverize some perfectly dry, good curd soap, and add it to the gall soap in sufficient quantity to make it solid. One or two pounds of curd soap will be needed. When cold the mass should be pressed into cakes.

The War of the Future.

"How many seamstresses have we in the army?" asked the generaless.

"Now, what do you want to know that for?" asked the aid-de-camp, who had been a hired girl and still retained her lack of respect for authority.

"Why, I read somewhere that Napoleon often won his battles by hemming the enemy in."—Indianapolis Journal.

It is perhaps as well that men don't grow wings before they get to heaven; their wives would use them to trim their hats.

Personal.

ANY ONE who has been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, will receive information of much value and interest by writing to Pink Pills, P. O. Box 1592, Phila., Pa.

Signor Crispi is too old and infirm to resume his practice at the bar, and is now reduced to the necessity of asking his successors in office for a pension.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know, Or would you gladly [illegible] of knowledge? You [illegible] can spare for [illegible] you can afford [illegible] Book of General Information [illegible] to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will [illegible] Every person [illegible] should take [illegible] facts [illegible]

SIGNED.

SAVANNAH, GA.

"I was greatly annoyed last year with a severe attack of eczema, and after using several other remedies with no benefit I used TETTERINE with perfect success, two boxes having made a complete cure. I would not take one thousand dollars for the benefit I've derived from its use, and take pleasure in recommending it to others." SALOMON COHN, Pres't Savannah Carriage Co.

1 box by mail [illegible] J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Rudyard Kipling's greatest ambition is said to be to serve as a war correspondent. The next big war will take him into the field.

Buy $1.00 worth Dobbins Floating Borax Soap of your grocer, send wrappers to Dobbins Soap Mf'g Co., Philadelphia, Pa., [illegible] free of charge, postage paid, a Worcester Pocket Dictionary, 298 pages, [illegible] profusely illustrated. Offer [illegible]

Li Hung Chang received 7,000 letters while visiting in Berlin, which, it is said, will never be opened.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

W. H. Griffin, Jackson, Michigan, writes: "Suffered with Catarrh for fifteen years. Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

I cannot speak too highly of Piso's cure for Consumption.—Mrs. FRANK COBBS, 215 W. 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

More

Medicinal value, more skill, care, expense, more wonderful cures and more curative power in

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Than in any other. Be sure to get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure biliousness, indigestion.

A HORSE OWNER ought to think enough of his animal to wish to be able to care for it properly in health and sickness. It is money out of his pocket if he does not. To accomplish this result we offer our One Hundred Page Illustrated Horse Book for 25 cents. It teaches you to pick out a good Horse; know imperfections and so guard against fraud; detect disease and effect a cure when same is possible; tell the age by the teeth; what to call the different parts of the animal; how to shoe a Horse properly, etc., etc.

All this and other valuable information can be obtained by reading our One Hundred Page Illustrated Horse Book, which we will forward, post-paid, on receipt of price in stamps. Assuredly the Horse is too good a friend to man to be neglected for want of knowledge which can be procured for only twenty-five cents. BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

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$39.50 will buy a Golden Gate Bicycle; M. & W. Tires. Write, J. E. POORMAN, Jr., 622 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 31. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS.

POPULIST CONVENTION

Nominates W. J Bryan, the Democratic Nominee, for President.

THE USUAL ORDER REVERSED

By the Adoption of a Rule Providing That the Nomination for Vice President Precede That for President—Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, Nominated.

The populist convention met in St. Louis, Mo., last Wednesday and was called to order at 12:37 by Chairman Taubeneck.

Prayer was offered by Rev. W. L. Smith, of the Third Baptist church of St. Louis.

Ex-Governor Stone, of Missouri, was then introduced and made an address of welcome, which was responded to by Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota.

Senator Butler was introduced as temporary chairman, having been chosen by the national committee without a dissenting vote. He addressed the convention, after which the states were called for members of the committee on credentials. At the conclusion of the call a recess until 8 p. m. was taken.

The committee on credentials met immediately after the recess was taken and organized by electing F. M. Wardall, of California, chairman.

At 8:45 Chairman Butler appeared on the stage. The band played, "Put Me Off at Buffalo," and then Senator Butler called the convention to order. He announced that the committee on credentials would not be able to report that night, and that as owing to an accident there was no light, he would declare the convention in recess until 10 a. m. Thursday.

SECOND DAY.

At 10:10 Thursday morning the convention was called to order by the temporary chairman. Rev. Mr. Smith again offered prayer.

The chairman called the committee on credentials, but it was not ready to report and its time was extended. The roll of the states was called for naming members of the several committees.

The members of the committee on organization were requested to retire for consultation.

At 11:35 the committee on platform retired to meet at the Lindell hotel.

A motion that the delegates to the silver convention, now in session in the city, be admitted to this convention was ruled out of order.

At 12:45 the convention took a recess until 3 o'clock.

The convention was called to order and the credentials committee made a partial report, by the majority, recommending that the delegations be recognized in all the uncontested cases; that in the case of the First and Second Illinois congressional districts both contestants and contestees be seated with the right to cast half votes, and that in the case of Colorado the delegates known as the Patterson delegates be seated and cast the full vote of the state.

Minority reports, the chairman said, would be submitted in these cases.

That part of the report for the admission of the delegates whose seats were uncontested was agreed to.

The Illinois contest was taken up and the majority report agreed to by [illegible] to 642. Debate was limited to 15 minutes. This result was announced by the chair amid a scene of great confusion. It was stated by the chair in reply to a question that the Illinois delegations had voted on their own case, though no one had heard Illinois called. It was incidentally disclosed during the roll call that the vote of Louisiana had been increased by the committee on credentials from fifteen to thirty-two without any report being made in regard thereto.

The roll call also gave public information for the first time of votes assigned each state under the elastic rules of the convention.

Other contests were disposed of and Mr. Cox, of Virginia, chairman on permanent organization, was recognized by the chair. Mr. Cox stated the recommendation of the committee to be that Senator Allen, of Nebraska, be elected permanent chairman. A minority report naming James E. Champion, of Maine, was presented.

The majority report was adopted by 758 to 574.

On motion the election of Senator Allen was made unanimous.

Senator Allen was conducted to the chair and addressed the convention in a speech of one hour.

Senator Butler moved that a committee of 25 be appointed to confer tonight or tomorrow with a conference committee of the silver convention. Agreed to.

The committee on rules presented its report, and the convention, without acting on it, at 10:8 p. m. adjourned until Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

THIRD DAY.

Before resuming the business Friday morning the convention was entertained by the presentation of a gavel containing forty-eight kinds of wood, representing the states and territories, and by the appearance on the stage of two fantastics supposed to represent Uncle Sam and Miss Columbia. The latter treated the audience to a song.

The states were called for naming members of the committee of twenty-five to confer with representatives of the silver convention, and then the report of the committee on rules was taken up, and the minority report was read. It recommended that the nomination of a vice president precede that of president.

Mr. E. G. Brown, of Massachusetts advocated the minority report in a short conciliating speech and asked for a poll of the states on the question of proceeding to the nomination of a vice president. The chair ruled that Mr. Brown's motion was out of order until the previous motion to take up the reports by sections was disposed of. A warm debate ensued which was finally cut off by a demand for the previous question. Nevertheless Mr. Garry Brown, of Massachusetts, and Ex-Governor Gibbs, of Texas, were permitted to address the convention, after the chair had declared the previous question carried, both of them favoring the minority report and the nomination of a southern populist for vice president.

The question was put on the adoption of the majority report as far as it did not conflict with that of the minority, and it was carried.

Mr. Washburne, of Massachusetts, was called to the chair to relieve Senator Allen.

It was decided by an almost unanimous vote to leave the selection of chairman of the national committee to the committee itself, instead of confiding it to the presidential nominee.

The minority report as to the order of nomination was adopted by 785 for, to 615 against it.

The report, as amended was then adopted.

At 3:05 p. m. General Weaver, of Iowa, chairman of committee on resolutions, presented and read the platform as agreed to in committee.

Mr. Coxey, of Ohio, presented the views of the minority of the committee on platform, favoring non-interest bearing bonds; good roads; extension of suffrage to women, and the ownership and control by the government of every industry necessary to the welfare of the community.

Mr. Kearby, of Texas, on the part of the minority, stated an objection to the platform to be that it was too elaborate and too much like the one adopted at Chicago. He presented a subplatform, which was read.

A minority report of one member of the committee on rules was presented by Mr. F. Vallette, of Rhode Island. It was read, the opening paragraph being a paraphrase of the declaration of independence.

While the paper was being read the convention grew restless and shafts of sarcasm were fired at its author from every quarter. Mr. Vallette retorted with such violent anger that he was removed from the stage by force.

All amendments were laid on the table and the platform was adopted as it came from the committee.

A motion to call the states for nominations for vice-president was carried, but was reconsidered after the call had begun and at 4:33 a recess until 6 p. m. was taken.

When the convention reassembled and order was restored Delegate Pollock, of Mississippi, a member of the silver convention, was introduced by the chairman and proceeded to read the platform adopted by that body. When he reached the conclusion to the effect that Mr. Bryan had been nominated for the presidency there was an outburst of applause, drowning the further announcement of the nomination of Sewall for vice-president.

The call of states for nomination for vice-president was resumed, Mr. Bowman, of Alabama, appearing as the spokesman of that delegation to nominate for vice-president Representative Skinner, the populist congressman from North Carolina.

Representative Howard, of Alabama, placed in nomination Hon. Thomas E. Watson, the late populist congressman from Georgia.

Mr. Sovereign, master workman of the Knights of Labor, seconded the nomination of Mr. Watson on behalf of the state of Arkansas.

Mr. Lafe Pence, of New York, nominated Arthur Sewall, of Maine.

Mr. Weller, of Iowa, nominated Frack Burkitt, of Mississippi.

Captain Burnam, of Tennessee, named A. L. Mims, of that state.

L. C. Bateman, of Maine, put in nomination Mr. Mann Page, of Virginia, president of the National Farmers' Alliance.

WATSON FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

The call of the states, the nomination and seconding speeches closed just before midnight. At this point General Weaver, with an obvious knowledge of the grave import of the telegrams which had passed between Senator Jones and Mr. Bryan, ascended the platform and in earnest tones stated that the gravity of the situation was such as to require that each delegation should have an opportunity to consult. This suggestion was received with loud cries of "no." Then General Weaver made another proposition that one vote should be taken and then an adjournment taken until tomorrow. This was also howled down and the chairman took a hand. He said the leaders of the party had been driven away from the platform and he asked if there was enough patriotism and decency in the gentlemen on the floor and in the galleries to accord a respectful hearing to any one.

The audience, shamed into silence, quieted down, but the hour of midnight being now passed, all further attempt at remonstrance was abandoned and the convention rushed on.

The voting for vice president began at 12:10 a. m. The roll was completed at 12:25. Then Mr. Burkitt, of Mississippi took the stand to withdraw his name and to ask his friends to change their votes to other candidates. Mr. Mimms, of Tennessee, next took the stand and asked his friends to cast their votes for Watson, adding: "I release them from all obligation to me."

Then changing of votes began and delegates almost tumbled over one another to change their votes to Watson, who soon had enough to insure a nomination, though the whole proceeding were so irregularly conducted that the clerks could not make a record. Finally Texas changed 103 to Watson and that settled it.

A motion was made to suspend the rules and make Mr. Watson the unanimous choice of the contion. As soon as this had been done the lights went out.

At 1:16 o'clock the electric lights gave out a feeble glimmer again, which slowly increased until faces were dimly visible. The chair announced that Mr. Watson had been declared the unanimous nominee for vice president. Then again the electric lights became once more fairly brilliant and the candles were blown out.

General Weaver again tried to get the convention to adjourn, but was cried down. The chair announced that the next order of business was the selection of a national committee. The convention refused to accept that and the chair retorted: "That's your order of business, anyhow." He put the motion to adjourn and declared it carried, and at 12:50 a. m. the convention adjourned until tomorrow at 9 a. m.

[illegible]NATED.

The [illegible] the convention on the fourth day was the selection of national committeemen. Committeemen on notification were then called for and named.

The call of the states for nominations for president was then begun.

Mr. Gaither, of Alabama, gave way to James B. Weaver, who nominated Mr. Bryan. A motion to make the nomination unanimous was made but failed, and the call of the states proceeded. Bryan's nomination was seconded by delegates from thirteen or fourteen states.

Henry W. Call, of New York, speaking for Maine delegates, nominated S. F. Norton, of Chicago.

Mr. Livingston, chairman of the Missouri delegation, named Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, who declined. Then, speaking for himself, he nominated J. S. Coxey, of Ohio.

Texas seconded the nomination of Norton.

The proceedings were here interrupted long enough to hear and adopt a motion giving the national committee plenary power.

The vote was then taken for president. Bryan received 1,042, Norton 321, Donnelly 3, Debs 8, Coxey 1.

The convention then adjourned without a day.

THE POPULIST PLATFORM.

It Favors Free Coinage, an Income Tax and Government Railroads.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 25.—The Populist platform, as reported by the majority of the Committee on Resolutions and adopted by the convention, is as follows:

The People's party, assembled in National Convention, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles declared by the founders of the Republic, and also to the fundamental principles of just government as enunciated in the platform of the party in 1892. We recognize that, through the connivance of the present and preceding Administrations, the country has reached a crisis in its National life, as predicted in our declaration four years ago, and that prompt and patriotic action is the supreme duty of the hour.

We realize that while we have political independence, our financial and industrial independence is yet to be attained by restoring to our country the Constitutional control and exercise of the functions necessary to a people's Government, which functions have been basely surrendered by our public servants to corporate monopolies. The influence of European money changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people. Executive power and patronage have been used to corrupt our Legislatures and defeat the will of the people, and plutocracy has thereby been enthroned upon the ruins of Democracy. To restore the Government intended by the fathers, and for the welfare and prosperity of this and future generations, we demand the establishment of an economic and financial system which shall make us masters of our own affairs and independent of European control, by the adoption of the following:

Declaration of Principles.

1. We demand a National money, safe and sound, issued by the general Government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private; a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people and through the lawful disbursements of the Government.

2. We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of sixteen to one, without waiting for the consent of foreign Nations.

3. We demand the volume of circulating medium be steadily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of the business and population and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.

4. We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of the public interest-bearing debt made by the present Administration as unnecessary and without authority of law, and demand that no more bonds be issued except by specific act of Congress.

5. We demand such legislation as will prevent the demonetization of the lawful money of the United States by private contract.

6. We demand that the Government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of lawful money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceding Administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of Government obligations.

7. We demand a graduated income tax, to the end that aggregated wealth shall bear its just proportion of taxation, and we regard the recent decision of the Supreme Court relative to the Income Tax law as a misinterpretation of the Constitution and an invasion of the rightful powers of Congress over the subject of taxation.

8. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the Government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

Transportation.

1. Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the Government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people and on a non-partisan basis, to the end that all may be accorded the same treatment in transportation, and that the tyranny and political power now exercised by the great railroad corporations which result in the impairment, if not the destruction, of the political rights and personal liberties of the citizen, may be destroyed. Such ownership is to be accomplished gradually in a manner consistent with sound public policy.

2. The interest of the United States in the public highways built with public moneys, and the proceeds of extensive grants of land to the Pacific railroads, should never be alienated, mortgaged, or sold, but guarded and protected for the general welfare as provided by the laws organizing such railroads. The foreclosure of existing liens of the United States on these roads should at once follow default in the payment thereof of the debtor companies; and at the foreclosure sales of said roads the Government shall purchase the same if it becomes necessary to protect its interests therein, or if they can be purchased at a reasonable price; and the Government shall operate said railroads as public highways for the benefit of the whole people, and not in the interest of the few, under suitable provisions for protection of life and property, giving to all transportation interests equal privileges and equal rates for fares and freights.

3. We denounce the present infamous schemes for refunding these debts, and demand that the laws now applicable thereto be executed and administered according to their interest and spirit.

4. The telegraph, like the post office system, being a necessity for the transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the Government in the interest of the people.

Land.

1. True policy demands that the National and State legislation shall be such as will ultimately enable every prudent and industrious citizen to secure a home, and therefore the land should not be monopolized for speculative purposes. All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs should by lawful means be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only, and private land monopoly, as well as alien ownership should be prohibited.

2. We condemn the land grant frauds by which the Pacific railroad companies have, through the connivance of the Interior Department, robbed multitudes of actual bona fide settlers of their homes and miners of their claims, and we demand legislation by Congress which will enforce the exception of mineral land from such grants after as well as before the patent.

3. We demand that bona fide settlers on all public lands be granted free homes, as provided in the National Homestead law, and that no exception be made in the case of Indian reservations when opened for settlement, and that all lands not now patented come under this demand.

Direct Legislation.

We favor a system of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum, under proper constitutional safeguards.

General Propositions.

1. We demand the election of President, Vice-President and United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

2. We tender to the patriotic people of Cuba our deepest sympathy in their heroic struggle for political freedom and independence, and we believe the time has come when the United States, the great Republic of the world, should recognize that Cuba is and of right ought to be a free and independent State.

3. We favor home rule in the Territories and the District of Columbia and the early admission of the Territories as States.

4. All public salaries should be made to correspond to the price of labor and its products.

5. In times of great industrial depression idle labor should be employed on public works as far as practicable.

6. The arbitrary course of the courts in assuming to imprison citizens for indirect contempt and ruling them by injunction should be prevented by proper legislation.

7. We favor just pensions for our disabled Union soldiers.

8. Believing that the elective franchise and an untrammelled ballot are essential to government of, for, and by the people, the People's party condemn the wholesale system of disfranchisement adopted in some of the States as unrepublican and undemocratic, and we declare it to be the duty of the several State Legislatures to take such action as will secure a full, free and fair ballot and an honest count.

9. While the foregoing propositions constitute the platform upon which our party stands, and for the vindication of which its organization will be maintained, we recognize that the great and pressing issue of the pending campaign upon which the present election will turn is the financial question, and upon this great and specific issue between the parties we cordially invite the aid and co-operation of all organizations and citizens agreeing with us upon this vital question.

THE FLOODS OF WATERS.

Rising Rivers Rush Down Carrying Destruction Through the Valley.

The following dispatches showing damage all over West Virginia, eastern Kentucky, southern Ohio and Indiana from floods, were received Friday night:

At Glouster, O., the greatest flood ever known is pouring down Sunday creek, flooding coal mine No. 6, one of the largest in Ohio.

A dispatch from Sistersville, W. Va., says that the damage in the oil fields will amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars. The riggings have been washed away, the tanks and derricks overturned.

A dispatch from Caldwell, O., states that the towns of Ava, Belleville, Dudley, South Olive, Harrietsville, Carlisle and other towns along the Muskingum river are completely submerged.

The Ohio river road is washed out between Waverly and Moundsville, also near Sistersville and Woodland. The loss in Tygartsville alone is $50,000.

At Marietta, O., where the Muskingum empties into the Ohio, the merchants are moving from Front street. All the railroads entering the city are washed out, none able to get trains into the city.

Below Wheeling, the many streams tributary to the Ohio are on a rampage that has not been approached but once since the famous flood of 1875. Reports from Marshall, Wetsell and Tyler counties tell of inestimable damage to growing crops and the breaking of timber booms, freeing millions of logs, which are now passing down to the Ohio.

On the Ohio side of the river below Wheeling the Belaire, Zanesville and Cincinnati road has six trestles washed. The greatest losses have been along the west fork of Reedy. This creek is one of the main tributaries of the Kanawha. Some of the farmers along it are almost ruined and their fences swept away. Many homes have been washed away.

At Muncie, Ind., the White river is the highest known in years. The suspension bridge went down, precipitating twelve boys into the river. Walter Darlington, 15 years old, was drowned. Two others are missing. It is feared the five remaining bridges will be swept away before morning.

DISASTROUS CLOUDBURST.

Ten Lives Lost—Mills, Houses, Crops and Bridges Swept Away.

Ten lives lost and untold loss to property is the result, in brief, of a terrific cloudburst at 4 o'clock last Tuesday morning at the head of Benton creek, four miles west of Frankfort, Ky.

The dead whose bodies have been recovered are:

James Bradley, a farmer, with his two children.

Mrs. Bryant, a widow, with two children.

An unknown white man.

Thomas Massie, colored.

The missing are:

Mrs. Bradley and two children.

Benson creek comes out of the western portion of the county, crosses the various turnpikes, six or eight miles from town, then crosses the railroad four miles from town and comes down alongside the railroad until it empties into the river in the middle of the town.

Mrs. Bryant kept the toll gate near one of these turnpike bridges and the little toll house was right on the creek and just across from James Bradley's and not far from her father's, 'Squire Moore. The Conway mill, just above, was the first to go. Its timbers must have swept away the Bryant and Bradley houses. Those houses themselves must have hit the railroad bridge two miles below. The bridge was swept away with terrible force. Everything about it, iron and all, except the main abutment, is gone.

A half dozen or more county bridges have been washed away. The most valuable was the one recently constructed over Benson creek and cost $20,000.

Trains ran to the bridge from both directions, but the waters are so violent that it was impossible to transfer passengers by boat or otherwise.

Many people living in Benson valley left their houses and waded through the mad waters, only escaping a few minutes before the bridges washed away.

The destruction to property in many parts of Franklin county is complete. Damage is estimated at $100,000 at the lowest figure.

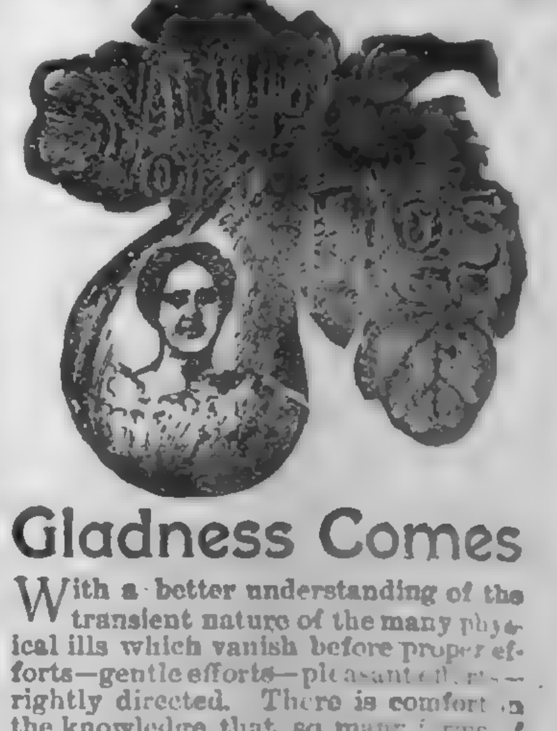
A tramp who was refused lodging by James Hewlett saved the lives of his family. He stopped in the barn afterward, and came to the door and awoke the family just in time for them to get out safely.

Boston has just discovered that it has streets to the number of 550 with duplicated names.

It appears from a recent Treasury report that the total number of immigrants arriving in the United States during the twenty-five years ending June 30, 1895, was 10,340,000. The total increase in population during that period was 31,200,000, so that one-third of that increase was due to foreign immigration. These figures are not quite accurate, however. There is a backward as well as a forward flow of population. Thus during the last fiscal year there were 280,000 immigrants, but 216,000 persons "other than cabin passengers" went from the United States to Europe during the same period. Some of them were foreigners who came here intending to stay but changed their minds. Others were persons of foreign birth going back to their old homes to pay a visit and intending to return. When they do so they will be put down as new immigrants. A great deal of this double counting has been done. But after all deductions are made the per cent. of increase due to immigration is enormous. Of the ten and a third millions who came between 1871 and 1895 six and a third millions, or 61¼ per cent., were males and four millions were females. The latter were divided very unequally among the different races. Of the Irish immigrants 49½ per cent. were women. The sexes were so evenly balanced that about every Irishman can have an Irish wife if he prefers one. Next come the Teutons, with a little over forty-one women out of every hundred immigrants. At the foot of the list, as far as European countries which have sent many people here are concerned, come the Italians. A little less than 22 per cent. of them were women. The proportion is growing, however. The per cent. of females in 1891 was a little over 20, but in 1895 it rose to 27 1-5. Of the total immigration of ten and a third millions the Teutons from Germany, Austria, and the Netherlands composed a little over three millions. A million and a third came from Ireland, and 1,600,000 from Great Britain. The Danes, Norwegians, and Swedes together footed up 1,150,000, and the Slavs, Magyars, and Czechs 986,000. The Latin races contributed only 677,000, of these 655,000 being Italians. Of the immigration 29.7 per cent. was Teutonic, the total number of males arriving being 1,800,000 to 672,000 Irishmen. These figures show what an enormous political influence the Germans could exercise if they took a keener interest in politics than they do. There is a marked difference in the quality of the immigration from different countries. The immigrants are classified under four heads—"professional," "skilled labor," which takes in mechanics of all kinds; "miscellaneous," which includes farmers, laborers, servants, etc.; and "without occupation," most of those coming under this head being married women or persons not of age. During the last fiscal year there came from England 16,817 males over 15. Of these 6,966 were skilled labor. Of the 16,417 Germans who came 4,262 were skilled labor. Hungary stands at the foot of the list, for out of 9,328 persons only 350 had trades, while 7,303 were laborers. Out of 24,547 Italian males over 15, 3,428 had trades and 13,155 were laborers. The Russian Jews make a better showing, for out of 14,586 persons 2,416 were skilled labor.

Streets with Gold Pavements.

Prescott, the capital of Arizona, boasts that it is the nearest approach to the New Jerusalem, as described in the Bible, as its streets are being paved with gold. The granite used for pavements contains $4 in gold and 20 cents in silver to every ton, so that in time, when less expensive methods of reducing ores are used, it may pay the city to tear up and crush its street pavements.



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THE BANNER.

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1896. NO. 41.

THE BIG CONVENTION.

REFLECTIONS INSPIRED BY THE PROCEEDINGS AT ST. LOUIS.

Will the Party Be the Victim of Treachery as Suggested by the St. Louis Republic and Other Organs.

The chaotic condition of American [illegible] plainly shown by the bolting [illegible] ted republicans, democrats [illegible] tionists from their respect[illegible] this year, was again em[illegible] illustrated by the proceed[illegible] the national people's party [illegible] at St. Louis. But since po[illegible] is only possible when [illegible] of party "leaders" fails of [illegible] the unquestioning re[illegible] the people, and since it is in[illegible] true that the oppressive [illegible] conditions at present [illegible] are the result of implicit obe[illegible] the past commands of those [illegible] placed in control of po[illegible], the disturbance of our [illegible] may be hailed as a [illegible] that the spirit of inde[illegible] still exists in the breasts of [illegible] for whose benefit alone govern[illegible] can claim the right to exist and [illegible] that spirit is now fully aroused to the necessity of important and radical [illegible] in the policy of our govern[illegible] was the spirit and the sense [illegible] that prompted influ[illegible] and prohibitionists [illegible] from their respective par[illegible] inspired the dominant faction [illegible] to mark out a course for [illegible] radically different from [illegible] it approved four years ago [illegible] administration of its own [illegible] the new policy as [illegible] of "cranks," "socialists," [illegible] and it was this same [illegible] ble and indomitable deter[illegible] to compel those in control of [illegible] affairs to inaugurate [illegible] which the people have come [illegible] necessary for their relief. [illegible] at times seemed to bid fair to [illegible] the people's party convention into [illegible] heartless horde of senseless [illegible] who were prompted solely by [illegible] belief that the supreme duty of the [illegible] was abundantly complied with if [illegible] would make all the noise he

[illegible] is not a lack of respect for age [illegible] the convention to howl the [illegible] Senator Stewart from the [illegible] not a want of appreciation of services rendered by General [illegible] at the same critical mo[illegible] mouth to be stopped [illegible] yells of the people's [illegible] the intuitive [illegible] they were both en[illegible] the convention into [illegible] had decided not to [illegible] This scene occurred on the [illegible] of nominating Thomas E. [illegible] for vice president.

[illegible] order of nominating the [illegible] president first had been [illegible] the adoption of the minor[illegible] of the committee on rules. [illegible] for this way of pro[illegible] that if the usual [illegible] and Bryan nomi[illegible] convention would be [illegible] indorsement of [illegible] ticket by the [illegible] of Sewall for vice presi[illegible] delegates had recognized in [illegible] and gener[illegible] W. J. Bryan whom the [illegible] unexpectedly and in a [illegible] ful delirium inspired [illegible] honored with [illegible] standard-bearer of [illegible] person in every way [illegible] confidence, and had de[illegible] willingness to [illegible] in seating him [illegible] chair. But while [illegible] representatives of the [illegible] that is rapidly coming to the [illegible] American politics were thus [illegible] to display a degree of patriotism [illegible] unknown in partisan politics, [illegible] could not and would not be guilty [illegible] the self stultification involved in [illegible] proposition to nominate the rail[illegible] magnate and national banker [illegible] the democrats had selected as [illegible] for vice president. And [illegible] this contest between Wat[illegible] Sewall was on, and at the hour [illegible] when the delegates were [illegible] with the efforts of a con[illegible] session that Senator Stewart, who was not a delegate to the conven[illegible] to speak in behalf of [illegible] fellow-millionaire on the demo[illegible] ticket and was driven from the [illegible] by the cries of "time! time!" General Weaver followed and met [illegible] like fate because of the wide[illegible] inspired by his recent [illegible] he stood ready to sacrifice [illegible] for free coinage of silver. [illegible] followed as it speedily [illegible] the unanimous selection of [illegible] as the choice of the convention [illegible] president amid a display of [illegible] enthusiasm, in which the dele[illegible] every state joined, coupled [illegible] the fact that a simple doubt in [illegible] minds of the delegates as to [illegible] ether Mr. Bryan would accept their [illegible] nomination for president, prevented [illegible] nomination from being made unan[illegible] tells of a latent determination [illegible] the representatives of the people's [illegible] to place principle and patriotism [illegible] party and office-getting, of which [illegible] who are considering the advisa[illegible] of taking Watson from the ticket [illegible] substituting Mr. Sewall in his [illegible] would do well to take heed. It [illegible] hinted that the motion investing the [illegible] committee with plenary pow[illegible] with the avowed object of enabling [illegible] substitute the name of Norton for [illegible] of Bryan in case the latter declines [illegible] accept the nomination, was really [illegible] ed for the purpose of enabling [illegible] committee to take down Watson [illegible] substitute Sewall.

While this insinuation against the honor and loyalty of the new national committee gains no credence in any respectable quarter, it will do no harm to remind the wily democratic leaders that if they should accomplish this purpose through "proxy" tricks or any other devious method their action will be taken as a plain warning to the people's party that the unscrupulous element of democracy is in control of the democratic party and that they will conclude if present conditions must continue it were better that they be perpetuated under McKinley, who, whatever else may be said of him, stands in the open as a defender of the gold standard, rather than under Bryan, who, such action would indicate, was simply to be used as a tool to accomplish designs which would not bear investigation. That the Bryan leaders in the people's party convention were afraid to trust his nomination to the delegates conditioned upon his acceptation of the honor is proven by their haste to adjourn the convention after their desires had been accomplished without waiting to hear from Mr. Bryan. The same spirit which would not accept the advice of Senator Stewart or General Weaver in the vice presidential contest would have asserted itself and rolled W. J. Bryan from the list of possible presidential candidates had the convention believed that the honor which it sought to confer would have been contemptuously returned to it as a thing of no account. As it was, and in spite of every effort quietly made by the Bryan men to convince the middle-of-the-road men that Mr. Bryan would accept the nomination and thank the convention for the honor, the shadow of doubt upon this point remained so thick in the minds of 340 delegates who voted against him that it was deemed inexpedient to move to make his nomination unanimous.

Whether it was the fear on the part of Mr. Bryan that the acceptance of the people's party nomination might alienate from his support that class of millionaire monopolists of whom Mr. Sewall is a type or whether it was from a strained sense of duty on his part toward his democratic running mate, or whether it was a misconception on the part of his advocates in the convention as to what his real position was in the premises, the fact is indisputable that the close of the convention with almost one-fourth of the votes of the delegates recorded against his nomination leaves matters in a very unsatisfactory condition.

The platform adopted by the convention, since it provides for government money, without the intervention of banks, free coinage, government ownership of railroads and telegraphs, the abolition not only of corporate but private monopoly of land, and the initiative and referendum, is even more radical than the Omaha platform, and plainly bespeaks a determination to take no step backwards. It is not reasonable to suppose that a party whose invincible determination to move forward on the lines of the Omaha platform was plainly shown by the hearty and unanimous adoption of such a platform will consent for a moment to be balked in its career by the wishes of a few selfish office-seekers who fear that the substitution of the honorably and widely known name of Thomas E. Watson for that of the obscure millionaire Sewall may endanger their chances to obtain a place at the public crib.

The willingness of the people's party to accept Mr. Bryan as its candidate and the exponent of its principles is based wholly upon the fact that he is everywhere recognized as an independent, progressive, large-minded young man far in advance of the fossils of democracy who nominated him solely with the desire to profit from the association with the "new blood" and new ideas which his candidacy alone would make possible to them, while the hope of obtaining office under Mr. Bryan doubtless prompted some of the "leaders" in the people's party convention to support him, that contemptibly selfish motive did not inspire the tenth part of the thousand votes he received in the convention.

The people's party recognizes, as does every other body of intelligent men, that the power of the "pie brigade" is very great, and the men from Texas, Maine, Arkansas, California, Ohio, Illinois, and many other states who took part in the proceedings of the meeting held after the adjournment of the convention were determined that the influence of the office-seekers in their own as well as in the democratic party should for once, however, reluctantly be cast upon the side of principle, or else be rendered absolutely nugatory. Either Mr. Bryan will accept the people's party nomination and with Watson on the ticket with him and accomplish a sweeping victory over the gold standard as represented by Mr. McKinley, or he will refuse the assistance tendered by the people's party and with his monopolistic running mate go down in overwhelming defeat.

With two electoral tickets in the field, one for Bryan and Sewall, the other for Bryan and Watson, or Norton and Watson, such a division in the rank and file of the voting army would occur as would necessarily defeat the electoral tickets opposed to McKinley in three-fourths of the states of the union. The votes for the Bryan and Watson electors could not be counted with the votes cast for the Bryan and Sewall electors in order to elect Bryan.

The Republic, in an editorial in its issue of the 27th inst., chucklingly says:

"Senator Allen played a shrewd piece of politics when he refused to read the telegram from Mr. Bryan announcing a refusal to accept the populist nomination with any other except Sewall as a running mate.

"He secured the nomination of Bryan, prevented a bolt and placed the authority to make further arrangements in the hands of the national committee.

"Thus, while Watson is the nominee of the populist party for vice president, the votes of the party can be secured for Bryan with or without his acceptance, as the populist national committee may determine."

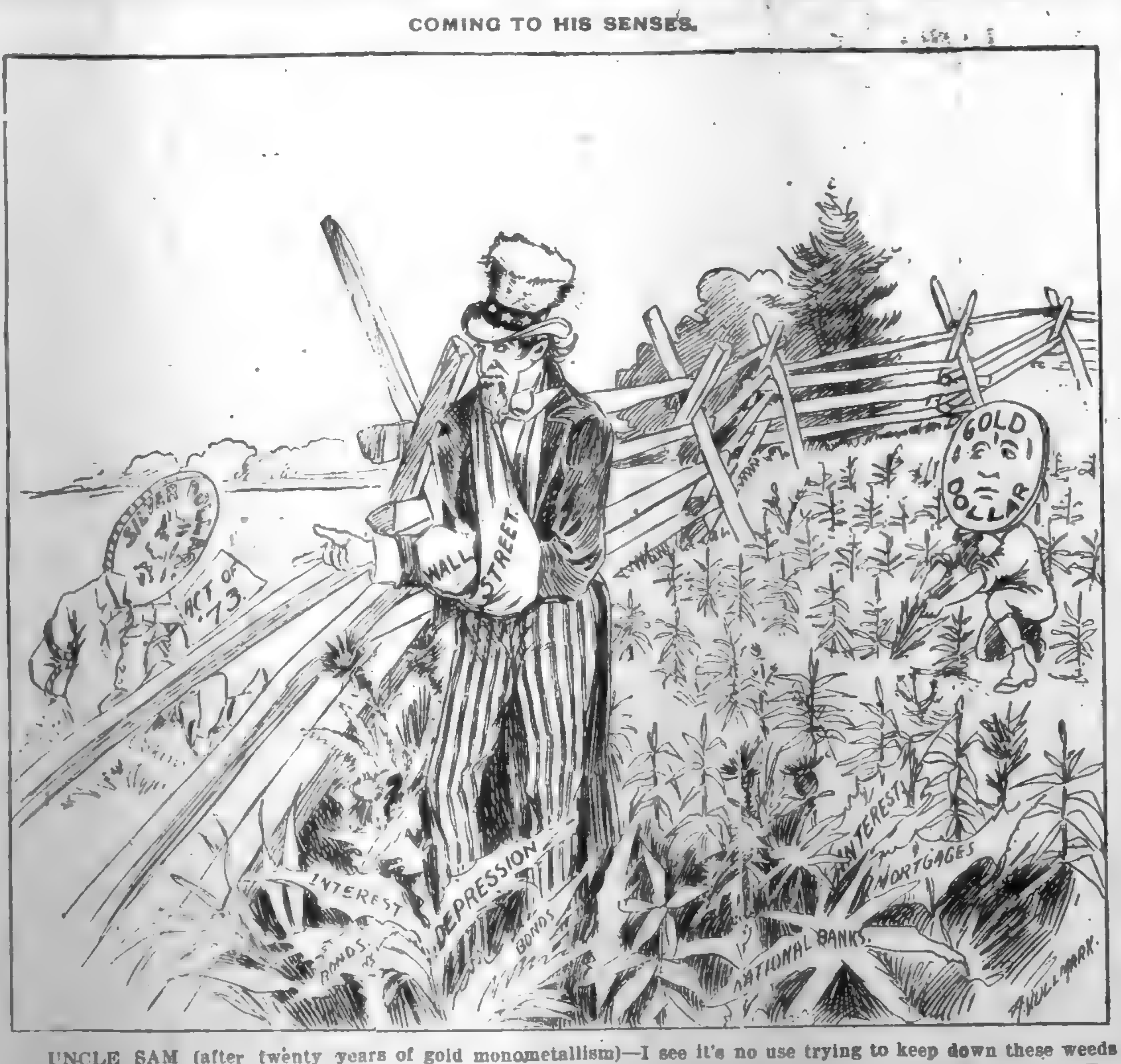
Here is a plain admission that Senator Allen received a telegram from Bryan declining to be the nominee of the populists except with Sewall. The intimation is plain (and it is true) that Bryan would not have been the nominee of the convention had such a telegram been read, but the assumption that the national committee will treacherously do that which the national convention of the party would not consider a moment is assumption pure and simple and is strictly on a par with the impudence which characterizes as "a shrewd piece of politics" a contemptible action which is only properly named when it is called "dishonest politics." The Globe-Democrat, another organ to whom real reform and real reformers are as poison, also suggests that the democrats will accomplish their purpose through the treachery of our national committee, which is to be relied upon to take down Watson and put up Sewall in his stead. These old party organs, who know absolutely nothing about reform or reformers, and who "measure everybody in their own half-bushel" and judge others by themselves, of course believe that the members of our national committee have each their price and all that is necessary is to meet it. In this they are mistaken. But suppose the impossible should happen, does anybody believe that the members of the people's party would permit themselves to be made merchandise of and delivered in the direction suggested?

T. D. HINCKLEY.

One good sign that the Democratic party is getting nearer to the common people, is that its present national chairman bears the good old-fashioned name of Jones.

Government legal tender paper money won't go to Europe. It will stay at home and attend to its own business.

COMING TO HIS SENSES.



UNCLE SAM (after twenty years of gold monometallism)—I see it's no use trying to keep down these weeds with one farm hand (Gold). Guess I have to untie that knot of '73 and put that other fellow (Silver) to work. Together they can keep the weeds out and then prosperity can grow.

WHO OWNS IT?

Does This Country Belong to Americans or to Foreigners.

Southern Mercury: It is high time for the American people to wake up to the fact that this country is going into the hands of foreign money lenders, and they will soon control it, if they do not already own a majority of the railroads, factories, breweries, furnaces, etc. Only contemplate for a moment the vast interests now held by foreigners:

Sixty per cent of the stocks and bonds of the vast Pennsylvania railroad system is said to be owned in Europe.

Nearly all the Illinois Central railroad, extending from Chicago to New Orleans, with great city properties and branches and laterals, is owned in Holland.

Great ownership in the immense properties of the New York Central railroad company, and all its vast railroad connections, is held in Europe.

A controlling interest in the Great Northern railroad, running from Lake Superior to the Pacific ocean, is owned in England.

A controlling interest in the Northern Pacific railroad, lying south of and as extensive as the last named railroad, is owned in Germany.

Large, if not controlling interests in every other important railroad in the United States, are owned by European investors.

The immense Carnegie iron works at Homestead, in Pennsylvania, are owned principally in Scotland.

The controlling interest in the famed Pillsbury flouring mills at Minneapolis, the largest in the world, is owned in England.

The great iron mines of the Lake Superior region, said to produce 10,000,000 tons of iron ore a year, are largely held by English investors.

A controlling interest in the Grant Smelters in Denver and Omaha, the largest in the world, is owned by Englishmen.

Foreigners own immense interests in the breweries of the country, largely, if not controlling.

The largest bankers of New York are foreigners, or representatives of foreign banking houses. These are the great gold shippers.

A large percentage of our fire and marine insurance is in foreign insurance companies.

Five-sixths of all the freightage of our foreign commerce is carried in foreign vessels.

Foreigners own millions of acres of our farming lands.

They own many millions of dollars in value of our city properties.

Their mortgage loans overspread the face of the country.

Foreigners own millions of acres of millions of United States bonds, and state bonds, and they own untold millions of city bonds, and other municipal obligations in the United States, and vast amounts of other properties not here specially stated.

So great has become the aggregate of all these ownerships in the United States properties by foreigners living in foreign countries that the aggregate cannot be less than $7,000,000,000 or $8,000,000,000, with an average of earnings of not less than 5 per cent per annum.

It is well to be alive to the dangers ahead, and not to suppose that because a majority of the people are in favor of the free coinage of silver that we will have a walk-over. The power of money will be exerted as it never was before, and a campaign of bribery and corruption is before us such as this country has never seen. We must be in the fight from the start. Nothing is so dangerous as feeling too sure of victory. We can be sure of nothing until it is accomplished, therefore, until the polls close on election day we should not cease to labor for the triumph of our principles.

Keep the Reform flag floating.

POPULIST NATIONAL PLATFORM.

FOR PRESIDENT.

W. J. BRYAN, OF NEBRASKA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

THOMAS WATSON OF GEORGIA.

The people's party, assembled in national convention, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles declared by the founders of the republic and also to the fundamental principles of just government, as enunciated in the platform of the party in 1892, but recognizes that through the action of the present and preceding administrations the country has reached a crisis in its national life, as predicted in our platform four years ago, and at present prompt and patriotic action is the supreme duty of the hour. To realize that while we have political independence our financial and industrial independence is yet to be attained by restoring to the peoples' government the constitutional control and exercise of the functions necessary to that end, which functions have been basely surrendered by our public servants to corporate monopolies. The influence of European money-changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people. Executive power and patronage have been used to corrupt our legislatures and defeat the will of the people, and plutocracy has thereby been enthroned upon the ruins of democracy. To restore the government of the fathers and for the welfare and prosperity of this and future generations, we demand the establishment of our economic and financial systems, which shall make us masters of our own affairs and independent of European control, by the adoption of the following declaration of principles:

1. We demand a national currency, safe and sound, and issued by the general government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and without the use of banking corporations; an honest, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people, and through the lawful disbursements of the government.

2. We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 by the United States without waiting for the consent of foreign nations.

3. We demand that the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of the business and population of this country, and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production and thereby establish prosperity and happiness for the people.

4. We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of the public interest bearing debt made by the present administration as unnecessary and without authority of law, and we demand a law absolutely prohibiting the sale of bonds and increase of the public debt, except in accordance with an act or acts of congress authorizing the same.

5. We demand such legislation as will prevent the demonetization of the lawful money of the United States by private contract.

6. We demand that the government in payment of its obligations shall use its option as to the kind of lawful money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

7. We demand a graduated income tax to the end that aggregated wealth shall bear its just proportion of taxation, and we denounce the recent decision of the supreme court in regard to the income-tax as a misinterpretation of the constitution and an invasion of the rightful powers of congress over the subject of taxation.

8. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

A true policy demands that the national and state legislation shall be such as will ultimately enable every prudent and industrious man to own a home, and therefore the land should not be monopolized for speculative purposes. All agricultural and grazing lands now held by railroad corporations in excess of their actual need should by lawful means be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only, and private land monopoly should be prevented by appropriate state and national legislation.

The Pacific railroad companies have, through the connivance of the interior department, robbed multitudes of actual and bona fide settlers of their homes and miners of their claims, and we demand legislation by congress which will enforce the exception of mineral land from such grants after, as well as before, patent.

We hold that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, and in order that the consent of the governed may be clearly ascertained we favor direct legislation under proper constitutional safeguards so that a given percentage of the citizens shall have a right of initiating, framing and preparing laws and of compelling the submission thereof, and of all important laws, whether proposed by national, state or local legislatures, to a direct vote of the people for their approval or rejection.

Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people; to the end that all men may be accorded the same treatment in transportation, and that the tyranny and political power now exercised by the great corporations, which result in the impairment, if not the destruction, of the political right and personal liberty of the citizen, may be destroyed. Such ownership is to be accomplished gradually, in a manner consistent with sound public policy.

The interest of the United States in the public highways built with public moneys and the proceeds of extensive grants of land, known as the Pacific railroads, should never be alienated, mortgaged or sold, but guarded and protected for the general welfare, as provided by the laws organizing said Pacific railroads. The foreclosure of the subsisting liens of the United States on these roads should at once follow default in the payment thereof by the debtor companies, and that after the foreclosures of said roads the government shall purchase the same if it becomes necessary to protect its interests therein, or if the same can be purchased at a reasonable price; and the government shall operate said railroads as public highways for the benefit of the whole people, and not in the interest of the few, under suitable provisions for protection of life and property, giving to all transportation interests equal privileges and equal rates for fares and freights.

We denounce the present infamous schemes for refunding these debts, and demand that the laws now applicable thereto be executed and administered according to their true intent and spirit.

The telegraph, like the postoffice system, being a necessity for the transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the government in the interest of the people.

We demand that bona fide settlers on all public lands be granted free homes, as provided in the national homestead law, and that no exception be made in the case of Indian reservations when opened for settlement, and that all lands not now patented come under this demand.

We favor a system of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum, under proper constitutional safeguards.

We demand the election of president, vice-president and United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

We tender to the patriotic people of Cuba our deepest sympathy in their heroic struggle for political freedom and independence, and we believe the time has come when the United States, the great republic of the world, should recognize that Cuba is, and of right ought to be, a free and independent state.

We favor home rule in the territories and the District of Columbia, and the early admission of the territories as states.

All public salaries should be made to correspond to the price of labor and its products.

In times of great industrial depression, idle labor should be employed on public work as far as practicable.

The arbitrary course of the courts in assuming to imprison citizens for indirect contempt and ruling by injunction should be prevented by proper legislation.

We favor just pensions for our disabled soldiers.

Believing that the elective franchise and untrammeled ballot are essential to a government of, for and by the people, the people's party condemns the wholesale system of disfranchisement adopted in some of the states as unrepublican and undemocratic, and we declare it to be the duty of the several state legislatures to take such action as will secure a full, free and fair ballot and an honest count.

While the foregoing propositions constitute the platform upon which our party stands, and for the vindication of which its organization will be maintained, we recognize that the great and pressing issue of the pending campaign upon which the present presidential election will turn is the financial question, and upon this great and specific issue between the parties we cordially invite the aid and co-operation of all organizations and citizens agreeing with us upon this vital question.

Autocratic Power of the Speaker.

No one thing shows the tendency of the country toward centralized despotism more forcibly than the almost autocratic power exercised by the speaker of the house of representatives.

Such is the power exercised by the speaker over the house and its members, that no law can be passed if he should be hostile to the measure. The people may elect representatives, and instruct them to advocate and pass certain measures, but if the speaker is not friendly to the measure the game is blocked. Certainly this is a despotic power such as no one man ought to exercise in this government, and is contrary to the letter and the spirit of the constitution.

If this is a government of the people it certainly should not be a government of one man power. If one man can block legislation, and refuse to have a bill introduced, it is unnecessary to elect a congress, for without the czar's consent no law can possibly be passed.

This despotic power of the speaker will soon become an issue in politics. It cannot exist without opposition, and very decided opposition at that. It does not belong to a government of a people. It is no representative government, and should be abolished. The speaker should be only authorized to carry out the wishes and will of the body over which he is selected to preside.—Southern Mercury.

If you intend to do anything this year for reform, now is the time to begin work.

The people mean business.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

Two American Prisoners Released From Cuban Prisons.

CHANGES IN POSTAL METHODS.

Miss Brown's Murderer Confesses Yellow Fever Still Prevalent in Cuban Ports—The United States Calls Upon the Governm Colombia for an Apology

Union Pacific Director.

The president has appointed John Sheridan, of Virginia, a government director of the Union Pacific Railway company, vice Fitzhugh Lee, now consul general at Havana.

⁂

Uncle Sam's Treasury.

The treasury gold reserve at the close of business Friday stood at $110,070,597. The day's withdrawals were $223,100.

The treasury deficit for July will be in round figures $12,800,000. The receipts for July have been $29,400,000 and the expenditures $42,200,000.

Yellow Fever at Cuban Ports.

Reports received by Surgeon General Wyman of the marine hospital service show that for the week ended July 23 there were sixty new cases of yellow fever in the city of Havana and twenty-four deaths. At Sagua la Grande for the week ended July 18 sixty-five new cases of yellow fever were reported, with eight deaths.

⁂

Americans Released from Prison.

The department of state is advised by Consul General Lee at Havana, under date of July 23, that Mr. George Calver, an American citizen, arrested in Manzanillo, district of Santiago de Cuba, in the month of April of this year, and Manuel Romagosa, also an American citizen, residing in the same province, have been officially notified of their unconditional release from prison.

⁂

Receipts and Expenditures.

The official treasury statement issued Saturday shows that the receipts of the government for July were $29,069,697 and the expenditures were $42,085,468, a deficit for the month of $13,015,871. The receipts for July were almost exactly what they were in July, 1895, while the expenditures were $3,500,000 greater. The customs receipts for July were $12,157,330, or $2,000,000 less than for July, 1894, while the receipts from internal revenue were $14,302,532, or nearly $2,000,000 greater than those for July, 1895. In expenditures the principal items that show an increase over July, 1895, are: Civil and miscellaneous, $2,300,000; navy, $1,400,000, and pensions, $400,000.

⁂

Quick Time Across the Continent.

Word was received at the navy department Friday that the special train carrying 100 men of the crew of the Charleston from Mare Island, California, to Norfolk, had arrived at the latter point, making the trip by the Southern route in four days and twenty-three hours, breaking all previous records for similar trans-continental journeys. Until recently enlisted men were exchanged between the Pacific and Atlantic coasts by way of Panama, consuming an average of thirty-five days, during which the men's services were lost to the navy, although their pay and subsistence went on. The advantage of the new transit system would be very great in time of sudden hostilities.

⁂

The Whitford Incident.

The United States has again been impelled to call on the government of Colombia to apologize for the schooner Whitford incident. A cablegram has been sent to the minister of the United States at Bogota, a copy of which he was instructed to lay before the Colombian government, demanded that that government reply immediately to the two notes recently addressed to it in regard to making amends for the outrage committed on the American vessel Whitford in March last. Minister McKinney is directed to say to the Colombian government that it must lose no more time in making an immediate disavowal and apology for the outrage perpetrated by its officials on an American merchantman.

⁂

July Treasury Statement.

The treasury statement of the public debt issues August 1 shows that the public debt less cash in the treasury at the close of the month to have been $966,154,512, an increase for the month of $10,850,352. The debt is classified as follows: Interest bearing debt, $847,364,250; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,633,640; debt bearing no interest, $373,315,094; total, $1,222,312,984, which does not include $555,212,973 in certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury. The treasury cash is classified as follows: Gold, $150,012,224; silver, $514,610,146; paper, $169,978,190; bonds, disbursing officer's balances, etc., $17,263,184, against which there are demand liabilities amounting to $595,705,374, leaving a cash balance in the treasury of $256,138,472.

The Rev. Dr. Pattison, of Chicago, is a preacher of the "progressive type." In giving the Presbyterian Ministerial Union some points on church matters, he declared his faith in the virtues of advertising. It would pay, he said, to insert church advertisements in the amusement columns of the papers. He also advocated popular music in the churches as a means of drawing the unsaved to God.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly S. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
THOMAS E. WATSON
of Georgia.

[illegible]

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the [illegible] to 1 [illegible] the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in Congress be and are hereby requested to use their best efforts to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrior River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties.

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

Who is going to bring in the first bale?

ONLY about 1500 votes were cast in Chilton county instead of 2500 as there ought to have been.

THE State Convention of the People's Party of Georgia meets today in Atlanta. The convention will no doubt indorse the nomination of Bryan and Watson.

OF course all the Populist county candidates were elected and will now proceed to make their bonds. G. B. Deans was elected senator for this district. Five other Populists have been elected to the senate and the Democrats claim to have elected 75 members of the house.

JOHN BREIDENTHAL, state chairman of the People's Party of Kansas, has uttered a strong denunciation of the plan to put up Populist electors instructed for Bryan and Sewall. He maintains that the party in Kansas must be true to Watson and the action of the national convention in all things. The Kansas Democratic leader says that his party will put no State ticket in the field this year and will make no demands upon the Populist State convention.

THE election is over and from all reports the usual result has been attained by the Democrats. Official figures cannot be obtained before Saturday, but from the unofficial returns published by Democratic papers it is evident that Captain Johnston is to be declared governor of Alabama by a majority of somewhere about 40,000.

Captain Goodwyn is reported to have made the following remarks:

"The Democrats have made cooperation in Alabama impossible. The Populists will vote for Bryan and Watson if the reports of the election as given out stand. Of course it will hurt Mr. Bryan and will do the cause of silver no good to divide Bryan's strength by having two electoral tickets, and we will not be to blame for that. With us civil liberty and honest elections come first. We must have these before all else. It will be the fault of the Democrats that the Bryan strength will divide in this State. We cannot affiliate with a party that destroys our civil liberty."

When questioned as to whether or not he would make a contest or what he would do Mr. Goodwyn said: "The home back [illegible] are [illegible] and when they come they will show up things differently from first reports. I am satisfied of [illegible] but the most [illegible] [illegible] have been perpetrated [illegible]"

[illegible]

Capt. R. F. Goodwyn made a brilliant and effective campaign, visiting nearly every county and speaking to the largest audiences ever assembled by a speaker in this State. He has been elected by from [illegible] to [illegible] majority in the white counties and received about [illegible] votes in the black belt, but these [illegible] votes are counted for Johnston, giving him a majority of about [illegible].

In our own county there was a large falling off in the total vote cast, only about 1500 voters going to the polls as against 1747 in 1894 and [illegible] in 1892. Here are the figures by beats as near as we have been able to get them.

	GOODWYN	JOHNSTON
Beat 1	34	[illegible]
" 2	160	57
" 3	61	46
" 4	156	176
" 5	193	62
" 6	80	36
" 7	102	56
" 8	[illegible]	66
" 9	129	12
Total	1063	506

Goodwyn's majority 557. In 1894 Kolb's majority over Oates was 729, and in 1892 Kolb's majority over Jones was 1062.

"Thomas Watson will not withdraw from the Vice-Presidency," said Lawrence J. McParlin, National Secretary of the People's Party. "The solidarity of the Southern forces and feeling would not tolerate such an act. It would be his political death, and he is not the kind of a man that withdraws. We have no fear on that point.

"I do think that about Sept 15 Mr. Sewall, the Democratic nominee for Vice-President, will withdraw, and from that time on you will scarcely know a Democrat from a Populist or a Populist from a Democrat. We have been working for the past twenty years to educate the Democratic and Republican parties to the fundamental principles of Populism, and I am pleased with the results.

"I am of the opinion, however, that arrangements and concessions will be made and agreements arrived at during the next few weeks between the National Executive Committees of the Democratic and People's party that will result in harmonious and united action."

NEXT in order is the Congressional convention.

About two years ago there appeared in Chicago a little book entitled "Coin's Financial School." Its author was a certain Mr. Harvey, at that time unknown to fame. Mr. Harvey's fame, however, is now secure enough. As a man of letters he may not be enshrined in the American pantheon, and as a monetary scientist and publicist his reputation may prove only ephemeral. But as a disturber of old parties, a path-finder where political issues were mixed and mazy, an agitator with a genius for exposition so great as to sway public opinion from the Alleghanies to the Pacific and from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico, Mr. Harvey has made it certain and inevitable that his name must be forever connected with one of the most remarkable chapters in the political history of his country. Never since 1860—perhaps it might be true to say that not even then, or at any previous time in our political life—has there been a great party gathering comparable, for intensity of feeling, for concentration of purpose, for superiority to mere personal aims or to mere traditional party prejudice, and for genuine fervor in behalf of specific proposed touching public policy, with the recent Democratic convention at Chicago. What had happened to make this convention so totally different in all its characteristics from the Democratic convention held four years before in the same city [illegible]

[illegible] it does not follow for a moment that we consider enthusiasm to be a safe guide in the field of monetary science.—From "The Progress of the World," in August Review of Reviews.

Cotton has suffered from the excessive heat and lack of moisture; it is opening prematurely and there is a general complaint of rust and shedding, especially in those counties where most of the cotton is usually made; in the northern counties the crop is yet in excellent condition, but the general consensus of opinion shows that the yield has been cut short very decidedly from what it promised two weeks ago, but the present outlook is still for a fairly good yield, provided more seasonable weather prevails from now on. The only report of boll worms is from the extreme west-central counties, where they have done but little damage as yet.

thin baby

Poor baby! Your pity goes out to it and rightly. To be thin, for a baby, is to be deprived of its natural ease; to suffer and not be able to feel it; to wear a sad pinched face; to live on the edge of sickness; to grow imperfectly; and to lose the power of resisting disease. When a baby is thin it needs more fat than it gets from its food; it is starved, fat-starved. Scott's Emulsion is the easiest fat it can have; the fat it needs. Half of

Scott's Emulsion.

is taken by babies. Mothers like it because it brings the dimples back.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (*Ask your doctor.*) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Insist on Scott's Emulsion with trade-mark of man and fish.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

We have received a communication from Strasburg signed "A Taxpayer" and if the writer will send us his name we will publish the letter. We must adhere to this rule and correspondents will please govern themselves accordingly. Correspondents must sign their names to their communications, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence to us of their honest intentions.

Burwell.

T. P. Connell returned home after spending several days with friends and relatives here.

J. S. Jones of Coopers gave us a pleasant visit last Sabbath.

Crops are needing rain very much at present.

We are informed by the president of the loafers club that they have disbandoned. "If in love don't be too fond" was the warning voice of an experienced man a few days ago, but, say, suppose a fellow hasn't any holding back sense.

REX.

Maplesville News.

The weather the past week has been hot and dry, good for fodder pulling but not for late crops of peas, potatoes, cane, gardens, etc. [illegible]

[illegible]

Normal Convention.

The Chilton county normal convention met with the [illegible] class on the 25th and 26th ult. It was a very interesting convention. The meetings were good and very well rendered. The convention was presided over by Prof. [illegible], of South Calera. Officers elected for the following year are pres., R. W. Glass; vice-pres., J. P. Gentry, secretary, J. B. Northcutt; treasurer C. M. Northcutt. On Sunday at 4 o'clock the convention adjourned to meet with the Oak Grove class at Oak Grove church, 2 miles north of Jemison, in May '97.

J. B. NORTHCUTT, Sec.

Third District Unity Association.

To convene with Maple Springs church on Friday before the 3rd Sunday in August, 1896.

FRIDAY—11 a.m. Sermon F. M. Woods, alternate J. M. Smoke. 1st subject Rev. J. L. Long, family religion. 2nd subject qualifications and duties of deacons, Rev. Hardy Jones

SATURDAY—9 a.m. Devotional exercises 30 minutes, conducted by E. C. Vernon.

11 a.m. Sermon by Rev. J. W. Cabaniss.

2 p.m. Mission, State, home and foreign, Rev. J. G. Lowrey.

SUNDAY—9 a.m. Sunday-school mass-meeting conducted by W. I. Mullins.

11 Missionary sermon by Rev. I. W. Dunaway.

COMMITTEE.

The 50th Anniversary Number of the Scientific American, New York, just out, is a really handsome and valuable publication of 72 pages. It reviews the progress of the past 50 years in the various sciences and industrial arts; and the various articles by the best scientific writers of the day are racily written and richly illustrated. The editors have accomplished the difficult task of presenting a compendium of information that shall be at once historical, technical and popular. The interest never flags for a moment, and the story of the half century's growth is in itself a veritable compendium of valuable scientific information for future reference. Price 10 cents per copy.

The People's party convention in Tennessee placed a full electoral ticket in the field, but gave the State executive committee plenty powers to treat with the Democrats to arrange a joint electoral ticket on which Populists should be given representation in proportion to the last vote. The platform is mainly an indorsement of the one adopted by the national convention.

Program of S. S. Convention

of the Mulberry Association to be held with Pleasant Grove church, beginning on Friday before the 5th Sunday in August, 1896.

FRIDAY—Preaching at 11 o'clock by Sutton Smitherman.

Welcome address by Z. J. Jones.

Should teachers in order to be successful make a pointed application of their lessons? Discussed by J. E. Jones, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Gentry and others.

Can any one who is not a Christian teach the Scriptures correctly? Discussed by J. Bice, David Jackson, A. Glasscock and others.

SATURDAY—Song service at 9 30 conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan.

10 o'clock Sunday-school experience meeting, opened by W. B. Dawson, continued by D. B. Smitherman, A. J. Lee, W. A. Mimms and others.

What effect has the teaching of the Bible on civilization? Discussed by J. C. Hicks, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Allen and others.

Can we obtain a knowledge of the Bible independent of the Sunday-school, as well as in it? Discussed by R. M. Honeycutt, W. A. Wood, W. G. Riggins and others.

[illegible]

Program of S S Convention

[illegible]

[illegible] J. G. [illegible]

Program of the Wetumpka Association.

To be held with Cane Creek church to begin on Friday, [illegible] before the 4th Sabbath in August 1896.

1. What is the duty of Baptists to preach their practical or distinctive doctrines? Rev. Robert Long.

2. What is the duty of the church to its pastor, and the pastor to the church? Rev. J. Bice.

3. What relation are we as Baptists to other religious denominations? Rev. B. H. Vickery.

4. What is the most needful duty that deacons should perform towards the church and aid to the pastor? Rev. J. R. Champion.

5. What is the duty of parents to their children in regard to the home and Sabbath training? Rev. Joseph Thomas.

6. What is home missions and our duty to it? Rev. W. J. Bone; Foreign missions and our duty to it? Rev. L. B. Pounds.

Mission sermon to be preached on Sunday at 11 a.m. by Rev. J. M. Tod.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

The State Alliance.

Pinckard, Ala., July 18, 1896.

The State Alliance will hold its next session in Ozark, Dale county, on the 8th and 9th days of September. We hope every county in the State will have a representative present, and as many visiting brethren of the order as possible as matters of unusual moment will come before us.

J. O. PINCKARD,
Pres. Ala. State Alliance.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $100 per bottle

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	[illegible]
New York World (3 papers every week)	[illegible]
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	[illegible]
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	[illegible]
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	[illegible]
Silver Knight National Watchman	[illegible]

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial Appeal	[illegible]
Birmingham State Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor

DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES
TOILET ARTICLES PAINTS

[illegible]

CLANTON ALABAMA

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

[illegible]

CLANTON. ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT.

LOWEST PRICES.

SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.

Danger Ahead!

Don't neglect slight symptoms of ill health. Headaches—biliousness—constipation—these are warnings that there's danger ahead. Don't wait 'till you have a severe attack of sickness but take V.V.V. *now* and avoid liver complaint, bilious fever and like diseases. V.V.V. the great family remedy is a sure specific for all forms of liver complaint. It drives all impurities from the blood and system, toning and invigorating the whole body. V.V.V. is composed solely of roots, barks and herbs, having powerful healing properties, yet so harmless that no one can receive any but good effect from their use. V.V.V. cures every form of blood and skin disease, including the worst cases of scrofula, kidney diseases, rheumatism, catarrh, malaria, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00.
A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

Mr. Thornton Dudley is up on a visit to parents this week.

Mr. J. H. Hunt and family have returned from Calera.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Dunkin, of Prattville, visited parents here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ned Duke are visited Mrs. Duke's mother here this week.

Mrs. Blasingame was up on a to her mother, Mrs. Hannon, Sunday.

Married by Alex G. Dake, J. P., on the evening of July 29, 1896, at the residence of the bride's parents Mr. Alfred Baker, Miss Anna Lee Baker and Mr. W. F. Teal, both of Chilton county, Ala.

Mr. William Adams was in Montgomery for several days last week.

Miss Bettie Chandler, after a pleasant visit to relatives here returned to her home last Tuesday morning to the regret of many friends she has won while among us.

The young yeople of our town assembled at Capt. Middleton's last Monday evening in a social entertainment.

The "Kids" of Clanton had a most delightful time at Mr. John Garner's Monday evening. It was one long to be remembered by all who attended

Dr. Geo. W. Shackelford will visit Clanton on Thursday next, August 13th, to remain only three days. By calling on him you can get first class Dental work at reasonable prsces.

Mr. Charles Merritt has returned from a trip to Lowndes county

Rev. T. B. Harnie and family, of Gate City, are visiting friends and relatives in our town this week.

Rev. L. B. Pounds and Miss Lutie Riggins were married this morning in the probate office by Judge Honeycutt. After the ceremony Bro. Pounds and his charming bride left for their home at Strasburg. We wish the happy couple all happiness and hope their future lives may be as full of sunshine as their wedding morn.

The new court house is now being roofed.

Judge Callen is on the sick list.

Election day passed off very quietly.

About 145 registered voters in beat 4 failed to vote.

Commissioner Alex Glasscock was in town this morning.

The annual conferenc of the Clanton District of Congregational churches was held here last week. All the churches in the district was represented and the delegates made good reports.

Rev. J. J. Stallings, of Troy, attended the Congregational conference here last week

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Charlie W. Langston and Miss Katie Coter: Mr. Andrew Hall and Miss Salila Belle Tidwell: Mr. L. B. Ponnds and Miss Lutie Riggins.

Colored. Lawson Collins and Tarverta Latham.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife While I was pastor at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No 18139.

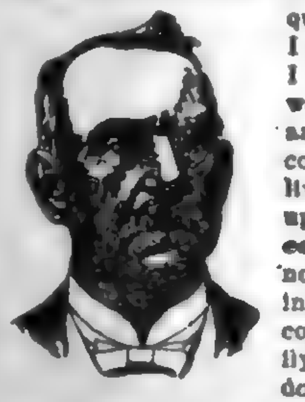
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
July 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on August 13th, 1896, viz: John F. Rawlinson Homestead entry, No. 24,224, for the sw 1 4 of sw 1 4 of section 22 tp 20 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Isom Abbott, of Billingsley, Ala., Arthur E. Hicks, of Billingsley, Ala., William Anderson, of Billingsley, Ala., Benjamin Abbott, of Stanton, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *Constantly grows worse.* There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and *Don't know what to take for it,* as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:



"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To J. M Hanlin:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to-wit:

BEAT 5.

S ½ of ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and e ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ sec 4 tp 20 r 15 tax and costs $53.57.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday, August 31, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same together with fees and costs.

This 30th day of July, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Fieri Facias issued out of Circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Charlie Smith et als. out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Charlie Smith et als I have levied on the following property to-wit:

One seven roomed dwelling house known as the J. O Smith house located one and three-fourth miles south of Jemison in said county, about one hundred yards from and facing the L. & N. R.R. from the western side of said R.R. and in the nw corner of sec 36 t 23 r 13 in said county, said dwelling house having a 42 foot veranda in front a 10 foot hall running between the four front 16 foot rooms, a 16 foot veranda on the rear of said dwelling running north and south, also a 20 foot veranda in front of the three rear rooms running east and west, said veranda having a well in same, said four front rooms being covered by what is known as a "hip-roof."

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Charlie Smith et als in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896.

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 29th day of June, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Clanton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat," foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, snuffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. BROWNE.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.
CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80 Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes I. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of se ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 23 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county, }

In Chancery at Clanton Alabama, Seventh District, Northeastern chancery division, July 20, 1896.

W. H. Coker & Co., Complainant, vs. J. G. M. Burke, et al., Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of W. M Adams that the Defendants in the cross bill, W. H. Coker & Co., are non-residents of the State of Alabama, and to the best of affiant's knowledge, information and belief, said defendants are over the age of twenty-one years, and that their post office and residence are Rome Floyd county, in the state of Georgia.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Banner a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring them the said W. H. Coker & Co. to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against them in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Notice to Non-resident.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county, }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh district, North-eastern Chancery division.

Rudolph Ehrman, Complainant, vs. W. H. Merritt et al Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Rudolph Ehrman that the Defendant, M. J. Bond is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that that he resides at Clarksburg in the State of Mississippi, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant the Defendant is over the age of twenty one years

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said M. J. Bond, to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

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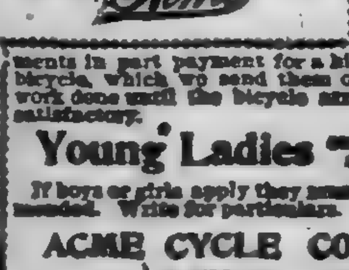

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ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

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C. H. CHEATHAM.

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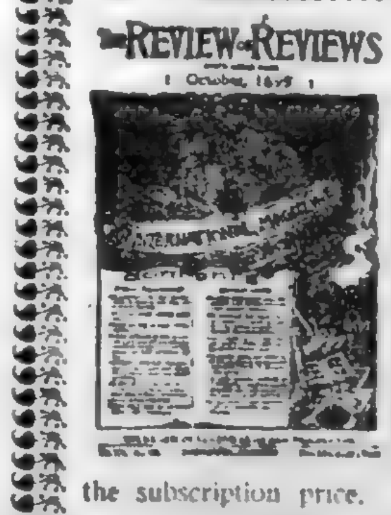
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

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Handsome Persian Women.

Many of the Persian women of the upper class are exceedingly beautiful, the frequent mixture of Circassian and Georgian blood having greatly improved the original heavy features of the native Persian race. They are lively and clever, and are often of great assistance to their husbands in directing and managing business affairs. In fact, in no country do women have more influence than in Persia, where they are quite content to pull the strings from behind the throne.

A Kerosene Oil Drunk.

Kerosene oil would hardly be deemed a desirable beverage by an epicure, but it is used in large quantities as a stimulant by Russian immigrants in this country. The habit is one that they acquire in their native land, and, strange as it may seem, they adhere to this form of intoxication even when other liquors are within reach of their purse. An "oil drunk" produces intense drowsiness, and the tippler of this odd drink goes to sleep as soon as he has become saturated with the liquid.

Professor Was Absent-Minded.

Prof. Dusel, of Bonn, noticed one day his wife placing a large bouquet on his desk.

"What does all that mean?" he asked.

"Why, this is the anniversary of your marriage," replied Mrs. Dusel.

"Is that so? Well, let me know when yours comes round and I'll reciprocate."

Attorney—What was there about the deceased that led you to believe he was of unsound mind? Witness—Well, for one thing, he abhorred bicycles.—Philadelphia North American.

Personal.

ANY ONE who has been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, will receive information of much value and interest by writing to Pink Pills, P. O. Box 1592, Phila., Pa.

At the recent fencing tournament in Paris the fourth prize for amateurs was won by Sarah Bernhardt's son, Maurice.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

The American Duchess of Marlborough is second only to royalty as a "drawing card" at bazaars and the like in England.

People do not discover until too late that washing powders not only eat up their clothes, but ruin their skin and cause rheumatism. Try Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap. Excellent for the laundry and delightful for the bath.

Sims Reeves, the veteran English tenor, who is now in his 75th year, has recently become the happy father of a baby boy.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Rev. H. P. Carson, Scotland, Dak., says: "Two bottles of Hall's Catarrh Cure completely cured my little girl." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—M. P. DIETER, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1894.

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CONSUMPTION

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

ASSASSINS OF COL. HUNTER HUNG.

Contract for Montgomery's New Freight Depot Let—Grasshoppers Destroying Crops—Heat Prostrations—Victims of a Storm—Death on the Track.

Religious Revival.

The series of meeting at the Baptist church, at Pratt City, closed Thursday night, with twenty-eight accessions to the church.

Overcome by the Heat.

Two cases of prostration from heat occurred at Selma Thursday. Live stock is suffering greatly. Planters are gloomy over the damage done to the cotton crop.

The Assassin Hung.

The two negroes who attempted to assassinate Col. C. D. Hunter, of Dallas county, two weeks ago, were lynched near the scene of their crime Friday night. The bodies were found swinging from a bridge and pierced with many bullets.

Huntsville Industrial School.

At the regular meeting of the board of trustees of the Huntsville Graded and Industrial school, July 28, Rev. W. L. Douglas was elected unanimously principal and superintendent of the school. Rev. Douglas formerly was a resident of Huntsville, Ala., but at present resides in Chattanooga, Tenn. The citizens of Huntsville feel proud of the selection.

Death From Heart Disease.

Nathan Williams, a negro about 38 years of age, dropped dead Friday morning about 10 o'clock from heart disease on Fourth avenue near Thirteenth street, Birmingham. He had not been very well of late, complaining of heart trouble. Coroner R. E. Jones made a preliminary investigation, but did not deem an inquest necessary. Williams came from Tennessee.

Important Contract Let.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad has let the contract for the building of their new freight depot at Montgomery to Dodson & Co., of Atlanta. The contract price is $33 000. The contract for building the underpass under the tracks through Commerce street to the river was let to Cook & Laurie, of Montgomery. Their bid was for the square foot and the contract will amount to a little more than $13,000.

"And No One Ministered Unto Him."

W. D. Cosby, a white man of good address, who had been in Selma several days without funds, went into Lockhart's livery stable in that city Friday afternoon and asked for a place to lie down. He was told to lie on a cot in the office. Later he went up stairs and laid down on the hay. About dark he was found cold in death. Papers on his person identify him and show that he is prominently connected in Lynchburg, Va. It is thought death was caused from a congestive chill.

The Tramp Who Was Killed.

It transpires that the tramp, Fred Arnsworth, who was killed in the wreck on the L. & N. Saturday was a son of a wealthy man at Fort Worth, Tex. The Warner-Smiley Company received a message from Fort Worth ordering them to embalm the body, and prepare it for shipment and send it to Texas. The Live Stock National Bank, of Fort Worth, telegraphed that they would be responsible for all expenses and the remains were shipped Saturday night shortly after midnight.

Laid Up for Repairs.

The R. T. Coles, Captain J. McDermott, Engineer Ben Samuel, broke her crank shaft and rammed her cylinder head, completely disabling the vessel, ten miles above Decatur, near Bluff City, about noon Thursday. The William Towle went to her assistance and towed her to this city for repairs. She was light on passengers and freight and on her regular trip from Chattanooga. The Tennessee is about 8 feet on the water gauge, the weather ranging from 95 and upwards and the soil getting very dry.

Grasshoppers Destroying Crops.

The striped and green grasshoppers have invaded the farms of Messrs. James Popper and M. Brown, three miles southwest of Decatur, having already destroyed a thirty acre field of clover and a strip of eight acres in a fifteen acre field of cotton. The insects made their appearance in the same locality three years ago and destroyed about fourteen acres of grain. The farmers are alarmed at the amount of damage the insects have wrought in only about a week's time and have set to work to invent means of destroying them.

Slept on the Track.

Saturday afternoon a crowd of negro laborers, who came from Georgia, left for Jasper to lay in a supply of whisky. They all got drunk and started back for Cordova. They reached Cane Creek trestle a short distance from Cordova and three of them refused to come further, and laid down and went to sleep. The passenger train that is due at Cordova at midnight ran over them and two, Wick Stewart and Tom Turner, were instantly killed, being literally ground into fragments and one other was badly wounded and was taken to Jasper for medical treatment.

Fire at Pratt City.

A fire broke out in A. Fayette's houses on Young street, Pratt City, at 9:20 o'clock Friday morning and four three room houses belonging to A. Fayette and one belonging to Mr. Evans were completely destroyed. The furniture in all of them was saved, but in a badly damaged condition. For a while it seemed that two whole blocks would go, but by the heroic efforts of the firemen, assisted by the public, the fire was confined to narrow limits. The heat was terrific and two persons were overcome by it. The money loss has not been ascertained. There was some insurance. It is stated that the gross loss will not exceed $2,000.

Confession of an Assassin.

The negro who shot Col. J. W. Hunter, of Selma, two weeks ago as he sat in the hall of his plantation home in the western part of the county surrounded by his wife and daughter, has been captured at Nanafalia, Marengo county. His name is Israel Mobley. He has made a full confession, implicating another negro on Colonel Hunter's place known as "Little Billie," and he, too, has been arrested. Israel says that he lay around the place for several nights before he got a chance to shoot. There are two indictments against Israel for stealing cotton, on which Colonel Hunter's name appeared as prosecutor. The negro stated that he had made up his mind to kill Colonel Hunter.

Victims of a Storm.

Information has been received of a terrible accident which happened at Columbus City, a small place in Marshall county across the Tennessee river, Saturday evening. A storm of no mean proportions came up and the signs were that a heavy rain was about to fall. Misses Dovie Proctor and Bishop, daughters of prominent citizens, accompanied by Maynard while out walking were caught in the storm. To escape the fury of the elements the trio entered an old building for shelter. The storm increased in velocity and the rain came down in torrents. The building in which the young people had gone for shelter could not withstand the winds and collapsed. The three were caught beneath the debris. Miss Proctor and Maynard Covans were instantly killed. Miss Bishop was so seriously injured that her life is in danger. Miss Proctor is the daughter of one of the best known families in the county. Everything possible is being done for the injured young lady. There is sadness in the little city.

THE STORM SWEPT REGION.

Destructive Winds and Disastrous Floods Bring Desolation and Death.

OHIO.—The most destructive storm in the history of Sunday Creek Valley occurred at Gloucester, a mining town twelve miles north of Athens, O., Tuesday night. Buildings toppled over, trees were torn from their roots and the town next morning was a scene of desolation. Five persons are reported killed and several others seriously injured. Nearly every building was damaged, and many completely demolished. Sunday Creek is washing away everything before it.

Later reports say the number of dead will reach fifteen.

INDIANA.—The rain and electric storm which struck Lafayette Tuesday night was the most disastrous ever recorded in the county. In six hours the rainfall measured 3.30 inches. The sewers were inadequate to carry off the water, and hundreds of cellars are filled. Several streets leading to the bluffs are completely torn out. The camp of workmen on the Soldiers' Home extension of the street railway was washed away, carrying tools, scrapers and dump carts into the river.

All railroads leading into the city were blockaded all day. The Lake Erie and Western railway bridge over Wild Cat creek was carried away, with about half a mile of track in another place. During the storm a number of buildings were struck by lightning, among them them the large store house of the artificial ice company, which was totally destroyed by fire. The Wabash river is out of its banks and rising at the rate of four inches an hour. The loss in this county is estimated at $75.000.

RECKLESS AND FATAL SPORT.

A Chute Boat Runs Down a Row Boat, Drowns Three Persons.

Three people were killed or drowned and a fourth seriously injured in an accident at Lake Ottosee, an outing resort three miles from Knoxville, Tenn., at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon. The dead are: Charles Perrin, aged 18. Walter Wright, aged 21. Miss Carrie P. Hibbs, aged 17. The injured is Mrs. Forester, a widow lady of Alabama, who was chaperoning the party.

The party were on the lake in a light row boat and came in the course of the chute boats.

A chute boat loaded with ten people dashed down the incline at a terrific rate of speed and hit the water with much force. It rebounded into the air and on the second bound it struck the row boat with its occupants. The crash upset the row boat and sent the passengers into the water and down to their death, with the exception of Mrs. Forester, who came to the surface and caught on to the upturned boat, where she clung until assistance arrived. Expert divers were soon put to work and the bodies recovered. An examination showed that the young people had been terribly bruised, perhaps by the chute boat when it struck them. The unfortunate ones were all members of the Broad Street Methodist Episcopal church, south, which was having its annual picnic at the lake when the accident occurred.

GERMAN GUNBOAT LOST

In a Typhoon, with Seventy-five Officers and Men.

A dispatch to Lloyds from Chefoo, on the north coast of the Shan Tung promontory, states that the German gunboat Iltis has been totally lost. The survivors of the crew have landed on the southeast promontory.

Another dispatch states that the Iltis was lost in a typhoon July 23 at a point ten miles north of the southeast promontory, which is a low reef-girted island lying about thirty miles southeast of the Shan Tung promontory. Only ten of those belonging to the warship were saved. All others, including the officers, perished.

The officials at the imperial admiralty at Berlin confirm the report of the loss of the Iltis. Dispatches received at the admiralty show seventy-five officers and men lost their lives in the disaster.

A severe storm, like a cloudburst, occurred west of Steubenville, O., Thursday afternoon about 4 o'clock, and within a period of thirty minutes a mighty torrent of water had spread desolation along both Parmar's and Fisher's Runs, in the lower part of the city. Two hundred people are homeless as a result of the flood. The damage will aggregate $200,000. The water came down the creeks 20 feet high, sweeping before it barns, houses, bridges, trees and outbuildings.

COMMERCIAL SITUATION

Reviewed by R. G. Dun & Co. for the Week Ending July 31st.

BUSINESS CONDITIONS IMPROVED

Yet Business Lags—Further Reduction in Print Cloths—No Gain in Woolens—Slight Advance in Boots and Shoes, Leather Stiff, Hides Off, and Iron Heavy.

Business conditions have clearly improved, though business has not. It is a torpid season and better prospects have little effect as yet. Gold exports have been stopped and foreign advices are more promising as respects an early and large demand for American products. The operations of foreigners in the stock market have reflected little beyond the troubles of speculators at the London settlements and varying degrees of ignorance about American affairs. The prospect for large crops of cotton and corn is still excellent and neither movement of wheat nor markets give countenance to low estimates.

Several weeks of extremely slack demand for cotton goods have brought a further reduction in print cloths to 2.44 cents, instead of the advance expected in consequence of the stoppage of 4,000,000 spindles, but prints are selling more freely, while brown and bleached goods are dull, except for export kinds.

The woolen mills do not gain, light weights opening 5 to 7½ per cent lower in price than last year, and sales of wool now reported are less than a quarter of a full week's consumption.

The boot and shoe industry has secured slight further advances from the lowest point in brogans and calf boots and shoes, but new orders are scanty, the more because the permanence of the advance is questioned. Leather is stubbornly held without change in prices, and in some grades is really scarce, although manufacturers are buying only for actual needs, but hides have turned downward sharply at Chicago, declining 5 per cent for the week's heavy accumulations.

The iron industry is helped but little by the settlement which gives puddlers of the Ohio region 50 cents advance in wages, because the demand is so slight that few mills can run and the association price is 1.2 cents, while steel bars are now being sold at less than 1.05 cents. A ray of encouragement comes to rail mills, two considerable sales having been made for 20,000 tons to a New England road and 10,000 by the new Premier Steel company of Indianapolis. But otherwise sales are small. Trade in wire nails has been so light that even the trifling allotment of 65,000 kegs for July is supposed to have exceeded sales and the association is in session in Boston to consider the matter. The billet pool has been constantly undersold by middlemen, and the open hearth steel men held a session at which reduction of prices was discussed. Many contracts for structural works are held back, and there is very little done in that line, and orders for plates and pipe are scarce. It is not strange that pig is weak, Bessemer being $11 50 at Pittsburg and southern somewhat lower at the east.

The volume of domestic trade, judging from exchanges, has been small even for midsummer.

It is not surprising that failures have been considerable in magnitude, and in twenty-three days of July defaulted liabilities were $10,069,481 against $8,392,727 in twenty-five days last year.

Failures for the week have been 281 in the United States, against 261 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 28 last year.

Death in the Discharge of Duty

The dead body of Sheriff Davi Douglass and the corpse of an unknown highwayman were last Monday night found lying a few feet apart in a wood two miles from Nevada, Cal. There were five empty chambers in the pistol of the sheriff, who had been shot through the heart and in the right eye and hand. The bullets of the sheriff had gone through the robber's heart abdomen and hip. The unknown man had a rifle, but it had not been used. It is supposed that Douglass was shot by a confederate of the highwayman.

A number of bold highway robberies recently reported in this neighborhood have all seemed to be the work of one man, who stopped coaches and private conveyances on the roads near Nevada City. The sheriff and his deputies had been untiring in their efforts to capture the highwayman. Finally Sheriff Douglass, believing that a large squad of deputies served to put the highwayman on his guard, determined to attempt the chase single-handed. He started out Sunday, accompanied only by his dog. The dog returned and searching parties tracked the sheriff to the spot where the officer and prisoner lay dead side by side.

PROSTRATIONS FROM HEAT.

Men and Horses Fall Dead and Dogs Go Mad.

There were seven prostrations from extreme heat Wednesday in Chicago. Reports by telegraph from the principal cities and towns of the West and South show unusually hot weather.

St. Louis reports thirty-four prostrations, many will probably die and thirty-six horses fell dead in the streets. Scores of dogs were driven mad. The temperature was 98, and the suffering was increased by humidity in the atmosphere. Two deaths are reported.

Louisville thermometer showed 98, breaking the hot weather record of fifteen years. Two deaths are reported.

At Quincy, Ill., it is 100 in the shad and many prostrations have occurred. None are serious, however.

Centralia reports 102, and Carlyle 104, with two deaths.

There were twenty-three heat victims in the vicinity of Clarksville, Tenn. The mercury stood at 100 degrees. A farm hand fell dead near Kennedy, and Gurnett Roach, a wealthy young Southern Kentucky planter, was overcome in his tobacco field and is in a critical condition.

Sixteen workmen on the water main were prostrated and three workmen on the electric street railway and two streets grading hands were also overcome. It is the hottest day in ten years.

Three men died at Louisville, Ky., from the effects of sunstroke, while about twenty others were prostrated, some seriously. Many of them may not recover.

So far four persons have been overcome by the heat in Columbia, S. C., and one death has been reported. The thermometer has reached 100 in the shade.

DARING AND FATAL ATTEMPT

Of United States Convicts at Leavenworth to Escape.

A gang of forty convicts from the United States penitentiary were being worked on the prison farm on the Fort Leavenworth (Ks.) reservation Tuesday afternoon when they became mutinous and made a break for liberty. The guards started shooting as soon as the prisoners ran and nearly all of the convicts dropped on the ground to keep from being killed.

George Yeast, the leader of the outbreak, refused to surrender and tried to get in some brush. Six loads of buckshot were emptied into him and he received death wounds. Yeast is an Indian Territory desperado. S. F. Dove refused to stop running until he was shot in the hip and abdomen and knocked down with the butt end of a pistol. His wounds may prove fatal. Sam Mills gained the Missouri river bank and was about to jump in when he was shot in the left leg and badly wounded.

The prisoners shot were long term territory horse thieves with bad records. When the prisoners who were shot were brought to the jail yard 200 convicts attempted a second mutiny and the guards, to protect themselves, were about to fire into them. Warden French arrived just in time and got the men into their cells.

FOOLISH AND FATAL RISK.

Five Men on an Engine Test a Bridge and Three are Killed.

About midnight Tuesday a locomotive went through the Vandalia (Ill.) railroad bridge over Walnut fork, killing three men. The run was being made to see if the track was safe after the heavy rain of Tuesday evening. Five men were aboard the engine when it went down. Engineer Frank Bowman, of Terre Haute, escaped with a few bruises, but Supervisor J. H. Brothers was severely injured. The killed are: Fireman Hibber, of Logansport; Brakeman Charles McKenzie, of Terre Haute; Conductor N. B. Fowler, of Terre Haute. Fowler's body is yet in the creek under the engine.

Homicide in a Church.

While Col. James F. Lilly was instructing a class in the Sunday school at the Baptist church in Metcalfe, Ga., last Sunday, John T. Rushin a prominent man of that vicinity, entered the church, and, after regarding Colonel Lilly a few minutes, seemed to go wild. Throwing his hat on the floor he drew a pistol and shot Colonel Lilly three times. Colonel Lilly ran out and fell outside. Rushin followed, and keeping back with his pistol those who would have interfered, deliberately took out a razor and almost severed his victim's head from his body. He then drank the contents of a four ounce bottle of laudanum, which was immediately ejected from his stomach, and ran from the crowd to his house, half a mile away, where he barricaded himself and was holding the crowd at bay when the latest report was sent. He is undoubtedly crazy.

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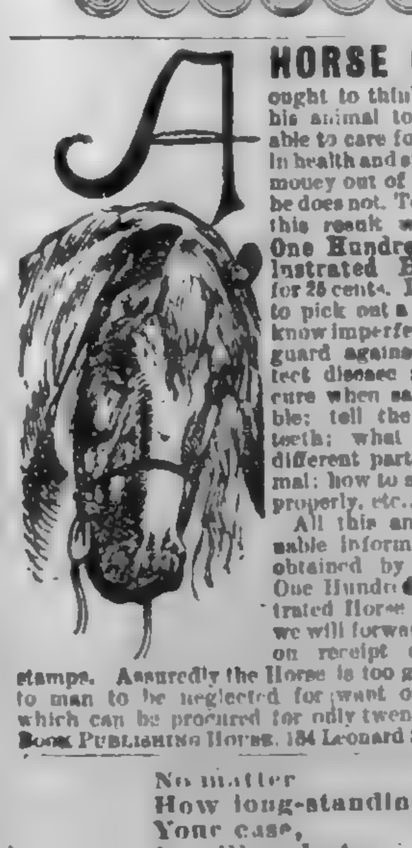

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1896. NO. 42.

RIDPATH ON SILVER.

ONE QUESTION NOW BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

The Claim That Gold Money Is Found [illegible] Honest Money Is False—The Great [illegible] Will Not Support the Wall [illegible]

[illegible] Ridpath, the great historian, [illegible] a life-long republican, [illegible] McKinley on a [illegible] platform. In a letter to the chairman of the democratic state committee of Indiana Mr. Ridpath says:

[illegible] great question before [illegible] people and that is [illegible] will be compelled by the [illegible] gold conspiracy, having [illegible] stations in London and New [illegible] their business, and in [illegible] to pay their debts: with a [illegible] dollar worth two for one, [illegible] substituted for the dollar [illegible] and the contract, or whether [illegible] people [illegible] reclaim their [illegible] business and pay [illegible] according to the terms of [illegible] and according to justice. [illegible] by the emissaries of the [illegible] that they who advo[illegible] [illegible] oration of our coinage and [illegible] exact condition which it [illegible] the act of 1873 are [illegible] they wish to coin 50 cents [illegible] into a dollar and compel [illegible] that in lieu of an [illegible]. Than this there never [illegible] sophism and falsehood. [illegible] people desire and what they [illegible] do is to coin a hundred cents [illegible] that is, a dollar's worth, [illegible] grains of silver, into a [illegible] that act to break the [illegible] gold and reduce the exaggerated purchasing power of that metal [illegible] normal standard.

[illegible] dare say that 371¼ [illegible] silver are not a dollar's [illegible] him be challenged with the [illegible] whether that amount of uncoined silver will not purchase as much [illegible] of twenty-five of the [illegible] of the American market [illegible] and labor, as the [illegible] would purchase twenty-five [illegible]. Let him answer that truly, [illegible] afterward hold his peace. [illegible] of fact the uncoined silver American dollar will buy more [illegible] of our great staples than [illegible] would buy in 1875.

What then? The limited supply of [illegible] in the world has been cornered by [illegible] who own it. They are few, very [illegible] and the people are millions. The [illegible] of the cornered gold has advanced and more until it has become [illegible] two for one. All the while [illegible] gold has concealed the fallacy [illegible]. The gold eagle still pro[illegible] $10, although it has advanced in purchasing power until it is $20. Under this obscure and [illegible] process all productive industries been crushed to the earth. [illegible] labor in the field and shops been virtually ruined.

[illegible] gold coin is the [illegible] money, the honest money of the [illegible] real [illegible] silver money, on our old statute [illegible] dishonest and [illegible] most false, as it is the [illegible] ever put forth [illegible] to defraud the [illegible]

Washington Atmosphere.

[illegible] around Washington [illegible] to be unwholesome for reformers. Old Parson Brownlow used to say [illegible] as soon as he set foot in Washington he felt like stealing something. [illegible] only Populist paper that betrayed [illegible] in 1892 was located in Washington. It got to rubbing up against [illegible] practical side of the democratic [illegible] fund and ended by selling [illegible]. The Populists quick[illegible] support as soon as they [illegible] onto its curves and the paper, [illegible] with its editor, soon disappeared [illegible] sight. The same fate will overtake another paper as soon as Populists find out that it is a free silver [illegible] posing in Populist plumage. [illegible] can't serve two masters at [illegible]. Those that are not for us are [illegible]. If the Bimetallic league [illegible] establish them and [illegible] in the open. They will not [illegible] to use Populist nests to [illegible] cuckoo eggs in. As to individual Populists, it is noted that if they [illegible] so long at Washington the plutocratic microbes and bacilli get into [illegible] systems and the result is political consumption. They may go there [illegible], but they soon get to [illegible] with the enemy's heifers" [illegible] turn out hungry expectants of [illegible] and pelf. Reform plants won't [illegible] in the climate of the capital. That [illegible] is fatal to any wholesome development. You might as well expect [illegible] to survive in a sewer as reform [illegible]ciples to flourish in the fetid atmosphere of the national capital. Of [illegible] parties in the world the Populist [illegible] last one to receive its instructions or its inspirations from the sickly [illegible] unhealthy environments of the [illegible] city on the Potomac, where [illegible] is no such thing as citizenship, [illegible] men do not vote and, where [illegible]rnment is carried on by a commission.—Nonconformist.

True Wealth.

[illegible] Land Mechanic: "Wealth," according to Webster, "is a comparative [illegible]ance of things which are objects [illegible] human desire." True wealth lies [illegible] gold and silver, for those metals [illegible] be but as lumps of dirt if we [illegible] not land, houses, clothes, food, [illegible]ture, etc., to buy with them. During Robinson Crusoe's twenty-eight [illegible] of lonely isolation, his money was absolutely valueless to him, but the other personal effects taken from the wreck were beyond price. The world could get along without money, but it could not exist a week without food, shelter and clothing. Just try to produce these without labor and see what progress you make. Hence if true wealth is the product of labor, then labor surely is the very foundation of wealth, for labor creates wealth. The consummation of human prosperity, comfort and happiness then lies first in the ability to labor, for thus the material comforts are provided which are the essence of human development. Money hardly figures in this class for it is merely a means used to facilitate the interchange of the various products of labor. The world could get along without it, but we have learned to think we can not, and so have raised up a class of money vendors who by limiting the kind of money we should use, and cornering the supply, reverse the natural order of things and place our circulating medium at the top, true wealth in the middle and labor, the producer of all wealth, is crushed down to the bottom of the pyramid of human prosperity and greatness. No nation ever throve by such a disposition of labor. It will always result in distress, and, sooner or later, industrial revolution.

"MONEY TALKS."

The Fallacy of Gold Bug Ideas of Value Tersely Exposed.

"Every standard measure must have the dimension or quality it is designed to measure. Other qualities are unimportant or of secondary consequence. The yard must have length, the bushel measure must have capacity, and the measure of value must have value. By this is not meant value in use, as the value of air and water, but value in exchange, which is the only known value to political economy. All talk about any other kind of value in this connection is only a shallow attempt to evade an inevitable conclusion. It is just as easy and as rational to imagine a yard stick without length, or a gallon measure without capacity, or a pound weight that weighs nothing, as a dollar without value. This property of value inheres in money as stubbornly as the other properties inhere in other standards."—D. W. McClung in "Money Talks."

Mr. McClung sees the fallacy of his position, else why does he say, "By this is not meant value in use?" Is this not an indirect way of saying that money must have two values, one in its capacity to accomplish the purpose for which it was designed and the other in the value of the material of which it is made? Certainly the "yard must have length, the bushel capacity and the measure of value must have value," but the value of the yard stick and bushel and measure of value, is in their capacity to do the things for which they are created and not in the value of the material of which they may be constructed.

All that about it being "just as easy and as rational to imagine a yard stick without length, or a gallon measure without capacity, or a pound weight that weighs nothing as a dollar without value" is strictly true, because a dollar without value would be exactly the same kind of a thing as a pound weight that weighs nothing. What McClung really wants is a dollar with two values, one as an exchange medium, the other as a commodity, and to hold this position on the "measure of value" is as silly as it would be to hold that a gallon measure or a pound weight could not be properly constructed except out of material as valuable as that which they were intended to measure or weigh.

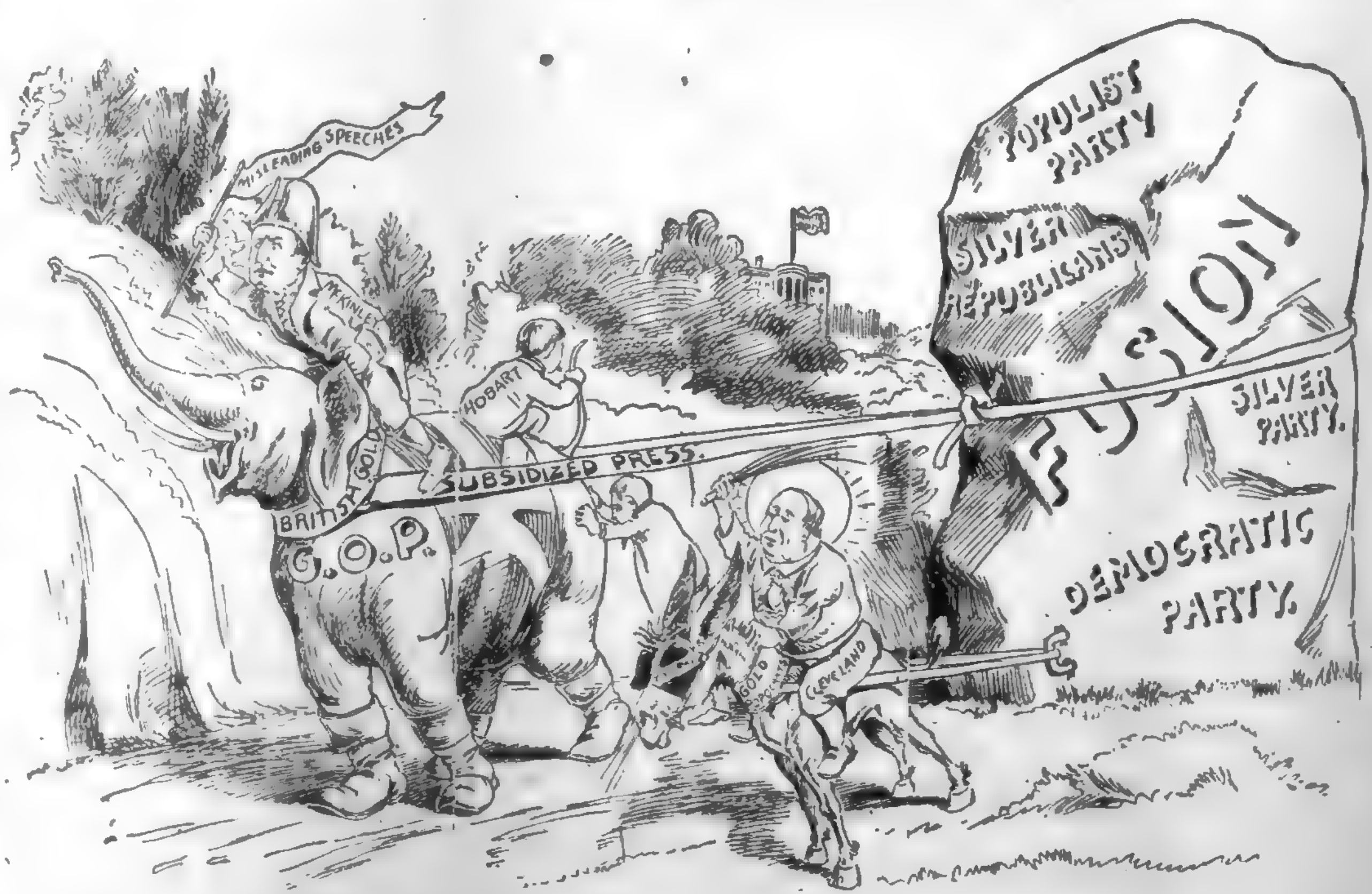
If a dollar, whether of gold, silver or paper be employed to effect twenty exchanges of a dollar's worth of value each, it is only a dollar at the end, and yet it has actually measured the value of twenty dollars' worth of goods. This is the kind of value, and the only kind of value which Populists believe money should possess. The intrinsic value theorists argue, however, that it must have an additional value in the material of which it is made, and to maintain their position they are obliged to make some very queer argument.

Take this one sentence from the above very plausible "Talk" and analyze it and see how little real logic it contains. "By this is not meant value in use, as the value of air and water, but value in exchange, which is the only known value to political economy." Now, read it again and leave out "as the value of air and water." and you have, "By this is not meant value in use, but value in exchange," etc., then try to think of some other use than that of "exchange," which would likely give "value" to the "measure of value," and see what a job you will have to contend with. A "bushel" may have various uses besides that of measuring things, it may be inverted and used for a seat, or it may be used as a receptacle for eggs or to throw at the cow if she doesn't behave herself, but if the "measure of value," commonly called "money," has any other "use" besides that of "exchange" it ought to be hunted up, properly labeled, and put in the national museum. And yet it is of this very kind of "value" which money does not possess, never did and never was designed to possess that McClung says "all talk about any other kind of value in this connection is only a shallow attempt to evade an inevitable conclusion."

"Intrinsic money" is a "measure of value" so long as it is edowed with the legal tender quality confered by the government stamp. Deprived of that it is not money, but a commodity, and is no more "a measure of value" than so much iron or copper. McClung should recollect that:

God makes bees and bees make honey,
God makes man and man makes money.

CAN'T BUDGE IT.



All the lies and slanders of the Boltocratic—(the new name for gold Democrats and gold Republicans) press cannot separate the Fusion Rock. A close inspection of the picture illustrates the condition of the Republican party to-day: John Bull is disguised as the G. O. P. elephant. The traditional Democratic donkey of the gold bug Democracy is assisting John Bull in the vain effort to pull down the fusion rock. The picture is a realization of Populist prophesies, that the campaign of 1896 would see Grover Cleveland and John Sherman under the same political banner, and that all patriotic Republicans, Democrats and Populists would join in crushing the plutocrats at the polls.

THE SILVER JOKE.

TOM WATSON RISES TO MAKE AN EXPLANATION.

The Free Silver Forces Being Led by the Men Who Helped to Demonetize It—From People's Party Paper Before the Convention.

And in the state of Indiana, also, the democratic free-silverites won a great and glorious "victory."

As a proper sign, symbol, and illustration of the real meaning of said "victory," Senator Dan Voorhees was put at the head of the delegation to the national democratic convention.

Dan, you know, is the man who led the fight against silver in the U. S. senate, in the good year 1893. Under Dan's leadership John Sherman and the balance of the boys closed up the mints and cut off our increase of silver money.

The democrats of Indiana now select the said Dan to lead the men who are to "demand" the reopening of the mints. This shows that the democrats of Indiana have caught on to the Georgia joke.

In Georgia, the great free silver "victory" enthrones Chas. F. Crisp, whom Mr. Bland accuses of killing the silver bill of 1892.

* * *

In Indiana the free silver victory exalts Dan Voorhees, who was Cleveland's tool and mouthpiece in the repeal of the Sherman law, under which our silver-note currency was being increased at the rate of four million dollars per month.

Free silver "victories," which crown and anoint the leaders who struck away from the statute book every law that was friendly to silver, inspire us Pops with immense confidence in democratic sincerity.

* * *

Ohio democracy also went for free silver. And yet John Sherman was not named as a delegate. This is what he gets by having played second fiddle to Dan Voorhees.

Had he come forward like a man and led the Cleveland Cuckoos to the repeal of the only silver law that was on the books, he would not have been snubbed in this hour of the democratic free silver "victory." He stood in the background, Sherman did, and let Dan Voorhees reap the honor of the senatorial murder of silver and now he must grin and endure it, when he sees the said Dan bearing off the palms of the democratic free silver "victory."

* * *

A merrier old farce and miscellaneous humbug than the democratic party has never yet excited the attention of political students.

And yet, Mr. J. P. Austin, and perhaps others of our party, are ready to melt away into rapturous fusion, absorption, assimilation, etc., etc., if the dear old democratic party will only open its lips once more, and promise us free silver!

When Mr. Austin steps into the populist state convention on August 6th and meets the boys from all over the state, he will be profoundly impressed with the fact that Atlanta wire-pullers are not the truest judges of populist sentiment in this state.

PAPER MONEY.

A Correspondent Submits a Few Propositions.

By J. G. Malcolm, M.D., Hutchinson, Kan.

The following propositions concerning money are submitted for the purpose of eliciting criticism:

1. The common idea that money must have intrinsic value has not yet been proved. Money is a medium of exchange and it is not consumed. It simply represents value, as a deed to a piece of land represents the land. It is the land that has the value. So a paper dollar may be considered as a deed to its share of the wealth of the country with all the other dollars in the country. It is this share of the wealth that has value.

2. Value is an ideal thing and is not one of the component parts of anything. It, therefore, cannot be measured, any more than love or hate or ambition. When we say that the dollar is worth so many grains of gold it does not fix its value, for grains of gold have no fixed value, any more than pounds of butter. No commodity can have a fixed or unchangeable value.

3. The dollar is a unit of value, but not a measure of value. All values are spoken of in dollars or in fractions of dollars or multiples of dollars. In this way we can compare the value of things.

4. The value of the dollar depends upon the amount of wealth in the country and the number of dollars in the country. No dollar can have any value where there is nothing to buy with it, nor can it have where the number of dollars are unlimited.

5. The price of all commodities, gold included, is regulated by the law of supply and demand, and must vary with these factions.

6. When we make the dollar so many grains of gold the value of the dollar must rise and fall with the rise and fall of the value of gold.

7. To increase the demand for gold must raise its price. During the last two years our government has bought $262,000,000 worth of gold. This has greatly increased the demand for it, and this has raised its price, and this is manifest in the low price of everything else.

8. The high price of the dollar is always expressed in the low price of everything else. One dollar is always worth 100 cents, but when the value of the dollar is based upon any commodity, neither the dollar nor the cents have any fixed value, because the value of the commodity changes with the law of supply and demand.

9. If value could be measured a unit of value which changes its value, as gold does, could not be a good measure of value, any more than a unit of length can be a good measure of length if it continually changes its length.

10. Any kind of money would be good if the unit value could have a fixed and unchangeable value, and no kind of money can be good that does not fulfill this condition. If the dollar did not change its value the average price of things would always be the same. By this is meant that if the average price of all the things should be taken the sum of these prices would always be the same. The gold standard does not secure this result, and therefore it is not good money.

11. The average price of things could be made unchangeable on the following plan: Demonetize all commodities and issue a new national paper money. Make it the only legal tender money. Establish national banks, just as we now have national postoffices. Accept all money now in circulation at par in these banks. This would give us about as much money in circulation as we have now, and prices would remain about the same. But, since the average prices of things now are lower than they were a few years ago, we should seek to restore prices to some extent, at least. This could be done by making a present of say $5 or $10 to every man, woman and child in the country. This would increase the supply of money; this would make it cheaper, and this would raise the price of commodities. But, if at any time prices should rise too much we could take money collected in taxes out of circulation in sufficient quantity to restore former prices. In this way the price, or purchasing power, of the dollar could be kept constantly the same.

12. Paper money should not be made a promise to pay in gold or silver, but might read as follows: We, the people of the United States of America, agree to accept this token as one dollar in payment of all debts and in exchange of all commodities.

13. People wishing to trade with foreign nations could buy gold, or other commodities, and trade as they do now.

14. No gold reserve would be needed at Washington, as the paper money would not require to be redeemed.

15. All deposits in national banks would be safe so long as the nation was solvent, because bankers would be mere agents of the government.

Never Saw Them.

Student of Human Nature—You come in contact with all kinds of people, I suppose? "L" Chopper—Yes, sir; all except one kind. Student of Human Nature (interested)—Indeed! Who are they? "L" Chopper—Them as has passes on the cable road.—New York World.

TO INVADE THE EAST.

Senator Jones Talks of the Campaign.

Senator Jones of Arkansas, the new chairman of the democratic national committee, in an interview confidently predicts the election of Bryan. He declared that the silver sentiment which prevailed at Chicago was but a sample of that existing over the country. The financial issue will, he says, be forced to the front and the republicans will be kept on the defensive. There will be little or no talk on the tariff except to insist that the country does not want a return to McKinleyism. "We purpose to get close to the people, and we shall do this by circulating literature and by talks on the stump."

The senator does not object in the least to placing of an independent gold democratic ticket in the field.

"It would not carry any state," he said, "and the only votes it would get would be of those democrats who would otherwise vote for McKinley."

"There were several reasons for the selection of New York as a place of notifying Mr. Bryan of his nomination," continued the senator, "and they all bear upon the campaign. We want to show the country that this silver movement is not sectional. For this reason we took an eastern man for the second place on our ticket, and we are going to begin our campaign in New York. We want to show New York that we are not a lot of long-haired fanatics, as we have been pictured, and, more than that, we want to have the searchlight put upon us and our candidates and our actions right at the beginning."

"But you intend to invade New England?"

"Most assuredly we do. The ground there is lying fallow and needs but to be cultivated. We shall go into Maine and put up a good, stiff fight there, and victory is by no means impossible. We will give the republicans all they want in the way of a struggle."

The senator expressed the belief that the democrats would carry West Virginia and probably two or more of the states of Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Wyoming, and Oregon.

Bryan Opposed to International Marriages

Editor Bryan was strongly opposed to the marriage of rich American women to titled foreigners, and on Nov. 3, 1895, said in the Omaha World-Herald that the rearing of rich American girls in such a manner as to make them desire titled husbands was a reflection on the parents, who cultivated a love for aristocracy rather than a pride in American democracy." Mr. Bryan continued:

"Our forefathers decided that titles were dangerous to liberty and it is to be regretted that the patriotism of Revolutionary days has given place to a disgraceful scramble among the daughters of some of our multi-millionaires, for lords and dukes and counts. When an Englishman or Frenchman or other foreigner, with nothing to commend him but a title inherited from a remote ancestor, (and possibly only retained because it could not be pawned), reaches majority, he embarks for the United States and enters into negotiations for some marriageable heiress or heiress-apparent. Instead of teaching their daughters to regard with favor the suits of worthy sons of this country too many ambitious parents lead their daughters into the market place, and seek to barter a fortune for a crown. Love may leap across the ocean and join in holy wedlock "two hearts that beat as one," but social ambition and hereditary avarice can never weld two hearts into home-building material. When Cupid becomes a boodler and courtship is carried on by brokers, marriage is a mockery. It is significant that poor American girls, however accomplished, have no charms for impecunious noblemen. It is also a source of congratulation that American sons do not seek foreign alliances. It is a shame that some American daughters do."

The question is not one of saving a party, but of saving the people, but if the People's party goes down the cause of the people goes with it.

It is said that Cleveland wants a third term. He ought to have it—on some St. Helena.

FROM WORLD-HERALD

BRYAN SENDS THUNDERBOLTS INTO ENEMY'S CAMP.

The Chicago Convention Was Representative of the Whole American People, Democrats, Populists and Republicans—The Sleeping Lion.

Omaha World Herald, July 12: The Chicago convention has passed into history.

In numbers, in purpose, in spirit and in its proceedings it is worthy to be called a remarkable gathering.

It has been called heterogeneous. It was no more so than our country. It was truly representative not of one principle only, but also of the antagonism to that principle. Silver coinage triumphed, but only after a fair and open fight with the gold standard.

The west and south, assisted by the great middle states, controlled the convention, and were represented by the ablest free coinage advocates in the land. But their domination was resisted by as distinguished a lot of eastern representatives as ever united in line of battle. New York sent men some of whom enjoy international reputations. Massachusetts was there with a delegation which represented the wealth and intellect of the great Bay state. Vermont and New Hampshire, Maine and Connecticut, Rhode Island and Pennsylvania were on the floor with creditable delegations. All these were present to do battle against silver, and they reflected the sentiment of those who sent them, just as the silver men voiced the demands of four-fifths of the states and territories of the country.

The convention was representative because each delegate in it, with few exceptions, stood for the sentiments and expressed the demands of his stat and section. In this respect it was in most striking contrast with the republican convention—a gathering controlled by bosses who moved their men here and there at will and forced them to stifle their convictions and repudiate their recorded opinions.

The republican convention was a body of men who gathered greedily to carry out the decree of their masters in order that they might share in the spoils of political plunder if their masters won success.

The democratic convention was a great tumultuous body of earnest men, who fought for their convictions and either triumphed in glory or fell struggling, unconquered to the last.

The one was a cut and dried affair, commonplace and conventional.

The other was extraordinary in new leaders, new expedients and new spirit, although pledging itself to the restoration of an old principle.

The one was a market place, where principles were bartered and sold and nominations put up at auction.

The other was a battlefield where occurred the conflict of great ideas and where men met to fight for their convictions.

Republicanism was inert, suppressed and lethargic in its last convention; while democracy was electric and responsive to the public demands.

St. Louis was a graveyard.
Chicago was a cradle.
The old republicans died.
The new democracy was born.

The Sleeping Lion of the East.

Omaha World-Herald, July 14.—The political autocrats and goldbug aristocrats of the east may well hesitate to put a third ticket in the field to divide the goldbug vote in eastern states.

Confident as they feel that New York and New England will give republican majorities, they hesitate to do anything that might imperil those majorities.

They have no scruples, but they do have fears.

They fear the sleeping lion.

Heretofore the lion has been docile, recognizing his keepers, obeying their commands and taking from them such food as they supplied. He has been lulled to sleep in political campaigns and put forth his great strength only under their guidance.

This sleeping lion is the labor vote of those great populous states and the time is at hand which may witness the arousing of the lion. He may turn against his keepers, and if he does their arrogance and their insolence will not avail them.

The great cause of the people, ably advocated in New York and New England, will produce results which may well cause goldbug bolters to falter.

He Raised Prunes.

The man who owned a fruit ranch in California was stopping for several days at the boarding house and the landlady was excruciatingly polite to him.

"Hugh!" sniffed the lady boarder with banged hair, "I guess she must be making love to him."

"Naw, she ain't," retorted the man boarder, with the red whiskers.

"Why not? Just look at her. He can't express a wish that she doesn't fairly break her neck to gratify."

"That's no sign of a duck's nest," insisted the red whiskers.

"I'd like to know what you call a sign, then?" and the lady boarder swished herself around in a pet.

"You wouldn't know if I told you," grinned the red whiskers. "There's a bond of sympathy you ain't on to. He raises prunes for the eastern market."—New York Recorder.

Napoleon's Would-Be Assassin.

A tablet in memory of Felice Orsini, who tried to blow up Napoleon III. with a bomb, has been placed on the house near Piacenza, in which he lay concealed from the police just before he made his way to France.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES.

Failure of the American National Bank Reported to the Comptroller.

REPORT OF MONEY COINED IN JULY

The Warship Maine, While Coaling at Key West, Touches Bottom, Sustaining Slight Damages—Reports of Maximum Temperatures Shows Unusual Warm Weather.

New Orleans Bank Failure.

The comptroller of the currency is informed of the failure of the American National bank of New Orleans. It had a capital of $164,000, and according to the last report to the comptroller owed its depositors $350,000 and had borrowed $160,000.

⁂

Money Coined in July.

The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the coinage at the United States mints during July to have been as follows: Gold, $2,918,200; silver, $1,092,000, of which $30,000 was in half dollars; minor coins, $21,000. Total, coinage, $4,031,200.

⁂

Accident to a War Ship.

The Maine, while coaling at Key West, touched bottom and slightly bent several of her plates. When docked at Norfolk today the plates were examined and the injuries found to be slight. No attempt will be made to straighten the plates at present, but as soon as the vessel is cleaned she will join the North Atlantic squadron.

⁂

Paying the Sugar Bounty.

The work of entering the sugar bounty warrants on the books of the treasurer's office was completed Saturday, and they were all sent to the internal revenue bureau. It was stated in that bureau that all, or nearly all the warrants would be mailed that evening. About ninety-five were sent out in the morning, up to which time about $3,000,000 had been paid out on account of the bounty.

⁂

Maximum Temperature.

Reports of maximum temperatures received by the weather bureau show that the present warm wave is very general, and probably is the most severe during the present summer. The officials say it is very unusual for the temperature to reach such a high point in so many parts of the country at one time. The heat is due to an area of high barometer which has been prevailing over the southern portion of the country and low barometer in the northern part, which results in great waves of the heat coming toward the north.

In Washington city the heat during the past few days has been intense, and Wednesday the thermometer reached its maximum point, registering 96 degrees, according to the official readings, though instruments in business houses and other places were 100 and above. Notwithstanding the intense heat there were no prostrations.

The predictions of the weather bureau are that the warm weather will continue from the middle and south Atlantic coast westward to the Mississippi river, though some relief may be expected from thunder storms in some sections.

Among the temperatures reported to the weather bureau Wednesday were: Little Rock, 103 (the highest in the country); Albany, 94; Philadelphia, 94; Charlotte, N. C., 94; Jacksonville, 92; Pensacola, 96; Montgomery, Ala., 96; Vicksburg, Miss., 93; New York, 90; Memphis, 100; Indianapolis, 94; Oswego, 96; Cleveland, 92; Chicago, 96; St. Louis, Kansas City, Dodge City, Ia., and Phoenix, Ariz., 98.

RACE WAR IN ARKANSAS.

Italians, Swedes and Hungarians Attack Negro Laborers.

The race war in Polk county, Arkansas, has broken out in earnest, and as the result of the first battle three negroes are dead, others wounded and many more have been run out of the county by the whites. Several negroes have passed through Texarkana, Ark., who were forced to leave the country, and they bring news of a pretty bad condition of affairs. The trouble is between white and black laborers employed on the grading work of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad, near Horatio, Ark. The white laborers are determined that negroes shall not work on the road and are being backed up by the citizens of the county, who have armed themselves for the purpose of running the negroes out. Thursday night a lot of whites, composed of Italian, Swede and Hungarian laborers, together with a number of natives, made a raid on a camp occupied by negro laborers, and three of the latter were killed outright, several others were wounded and a number fled in terror. Several of the leaders of the raid have been arrested.

Two Negroes Shot.

Charley Allen and Edward Alexander, two colored men, aged each about 23, were shot and killed near Robbins, Tenn., Saturday about 4 o'clock. The men were killed close to the caboose of freight train No. 31, that had sidetracked to let another train pass. Conductor Woody and the entire crew of train No. 31, are under arrest charged with the killing. It is said, however, that the man who did the shooting made his escape. Both the dead men were drunk and had a supply of whisky with them when killed. 'Squire Lew Allen took charge of a revolver that Alexander had in his pocket. Both men were shot through the heart. No one has yet been found to say that he saw the shooting, and the cause of the tragedy is a mystery.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly L. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

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NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 3d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

THE resolutions of the State convention of the People's Party in Louisiana bitterly arraign both the democrat and republican parties. The action of the national convention in nominating Bryan and Watson was endorsed, however.

THE platform adopted by the State convention of the People's Party of Oklahoma declares for the immediate admission of the territory to statehood, and demands that pensions of privates and officers be equal.

WHEN the Democratic national convention at Chicago adopted the Populist platform and nominated the gentleman who would have been the Populist nominee the very least they should have done would have been to leave the Populist national convention to nominate the vice-president.

YESTERDAY in New York city William J. Bryan and Arthur Sewall were formally notified they were respectively the candidates of the Democratic party for the high offices of president and vice-president. Bryan met with a most enthusiastic reception and discussed the Chicago platform at considerable length.

Chilton County Official Count.

	Beat 1 Min'l Springs	Beat 2 Providence	Beat 2 Jemison	Beat 3 Benson	Beat 3 Macedonia	Beat 4 Clanton	Beat 4 Coopers	Beat 5 Verbena	Beat 6 Kincheon	Beat 7 Maplesville	Beat 7 Shoults	Beat 8 Dixie	Beat 9 Strasburg	Total
Goodwyn	85	27	130	..	52	156	94	104	80	67	30	51	129	1005
Johnston	15	29	12	..	6	176	18	87	38	31	6	92	12	522
Grimmett	78	25	129	..	42	148	96	97	75	65	30	54	111	950
Jackson	16	28	13	..	4	163	13	88	26	27	5	68	13	464
Bingham	72	24	125	..	40	147	93	99	72	65	27	50	110	921
Ellis	15	27	13	..	3	164	14	88	28	30	5	73	14	474
Forman	74	25	128	..	34	146	91	91	70	66	29	45	102	901
White	13	27	12	..	6	161	15	84	29	35	8	73	14	475
Fitts	16	21	22	..	4	154	18	86	26	29	8	71	12	467
Smith	72	27	118	..	36	148	87	92	71	65	28	48	109	901
Turner	13	23	14	..	7	149	15	95	27	29	8	68	11	459
Wood	76	27	124	..	37	155	91	85	74	65	26	54	113	927
Culver	8	22	15	..	2	146	15	81	25	25	7	67	10	423
Harris	74	27	123	..	37	160	90	90	75	67	26	52	109	950
Baldwin	7	24	12	..	3	138	10	53	18	26	9	58	8	366
Deans	77	24	125	..	33	144	95	93	73	62	20	54	98	978
Hicks	11	27	10	..	7	157	19	43	26	27	7	66	11	411
Reynolds	83	26	133	..	47	147	90	95	72	68	28	66	113	968
Cooley	84	27	131	..	48	147	98	90	77	73	29	68	114	986
Stewart	15	25	12	..	6	172	17	43	31	19	7	76	20	483
Mims	94	30	128	..	56	190	98	99	100	83	33	94	115	1120
Hubbard	93	28	32	..	52	179	94	95	87	82	31	90	119	1084
Dake	92	28	128	..	53	184	86	96	86	80	31	82	112	1058
Moore	88	30	133	..	52	195	94	99	98	84	31	88	112	1104
Riggins	91	27	131	..	52	194	90	92	87	83	33	81	126	1087
Eddings	5	23	8	..	10	122	16	13	12	22	5	40	7	283
Glasscock	84	27	133	..	44	151	84	85	80	68	28	72	113	969
Smitherman	86	27	131	..	53	172	82	89	85	89	34	90	108	1046
Claughton	10	20	9	..	14	158	24	92	21	25	5	50	9	437
Robinson	78	24	128	..	36	125	81	81	75	62	28	65	107	890

THE above table shows the votes at every box in the county. Benson box was thrown out on account of the returns not being properly signed.

FROM all we can gather it appears to be generally conceded all over the State that Capt. Johnston honestly received a majority of the votes in the white counties. This result was mainly due to two causes—the honest vote of Hon. A. T. Goodwyn in congress to seat the negro Murray over Col. Elliot and the adoption of the Populist platform by the Democratic party. We would have preferred to have seen Capt. Goodwyn in the gubernatorial seat but bow to the inevitable and acknowledgment we have never made so far as Mr. Oates is concerned.

CONGRESSIONAL candidates are busy in Clanton this morning. Mr. H. A. Wilson, a Republican nominee, is stirring around, and Capt. Plowman of Talladega, accompanied by Mr. Thornton of the same place, is hard at work building a boom for the Democratic nomination. When is the Populist congressional convention to be held, and whom shall we nominate?

THINGS are getting pretty warm down Cuba way. Key West, Fla., had a solid shot fired from the U.S. cruiser Montgomery on Monday. Fortunately no one was hurt but such careless mistakes are highly reprehensible.

THE first bale of cotton was brought into town yesterday morning by Mr. Jim Edwards and put up to auction, Mr. Chesnutt acting as auctioneer. Mr. W. H. Merritt started at 7¢ and from that point it went up to 7.67½ at which price it was knocked down to Mr. W. I. Mullins. It was classed strict middling and weighed 570 pounds. This is the earliest bale on record that has ever been brought into Clanton—the record being August 22, 1891 when Mr. Mullins bought it at 7.10

"We are not going to put up any candidate against Bryan. We are going to vote for Bryan whether Sewall is withdrawn or not. I'm going to manage this campaign so that William J. Bryan gets every vote we've got.

"Here's what we're going to do in our State Convention: We're going to put out a full electorial ticket for Bryan and Watson. We can't vote for Sewall. Then we'll empower our committee to take off a part of our electors and put on a part of yours whenever the Democratic committee retires Mr. Sewall.

"The Democratic managers may have made up their minds to put Tom Watson down and keep him down, but I thank God the people of the South have entered into no such contract. Let it be known henceforth that the South and West will never again sit at the footstool of the North."

WANTED!

We want honest, pushing, active salesmen to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience necessary, or capital required. Applicants must however furnish their own horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500 honesty bond is required. Addres,
The Singer M'f'g. Co.,
Montgomery, Ala.

People's Party News Bureau, Headquarters National Ex. Com., St. Louis, Mo. August 13.

The banks, factories and railroads are evidently unified in a conspiracy to prevent better conditions for the people and to intimidate voters into supporting McKinley. They are trying to bring about a scare or a panic which shall defeat Bryan and are declaring all the facts of hard times to be due to a feeling of insecurity in the business world—meaning the world of monopoly and monopolists—on account of the campaign of reform now on. The big Tudor Iron works in East St. Louis have shut down and give as an excuse, fear of free coinage of silver being successful in the election, and a number of smaller factories have followed their example with the same purpose of creating a scare in the minds of the people. The money stringency in the banks becomes tighter every day and it is now practically impossible to secure loans on any kind of security in any part of the country. Correspondence to the bureau shows that these conditions exist in every section of the United States without difference. It remains to be seen whether the moneyed lords and monopolistic interests have the people by the throat so tightly that they can never again accomplish reform for themselves and the benefit of their children. The struggle seems to be the final one in deciding whether liberty is to live on the shores of the western whemisphere and the republic of our fathers is to be perpetuated.

Heavey rains in July damaged the crop, especially on the bottoms in Virginia, North and South Carolina, Florida and some portions of Georgia. Over a large area in Georgia the crop is in fine condition and promises a full yield. The drought which extended over Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas for several weeks produced more or less damage, and in many counties complaints are made of rapid shedding and premature ripening and blooming at the top. Some counties in Mississippi and Arkansas report the crop as irreparably damaged from drought and excessive heat. Some counties in Texas report crops in good condition, fruiting well and promising an average yield. But over the drought stricten district, where rain has fallen, it has come too late to be of any benefit. The continued drought and hard winds have done some damage." There is some complaint of too much dry weather in Tennessee, otherwise the crop is doing fairly well.

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Scott's Emulsion has benefited millions of people. Ask your druggist if he can refer you to a single case that has been helped by the unknown emulsion he sells, and if so, we will send you a book giving thousands of cases. You want the standard; not something that nobody knows anything about.

All druggists sell Scott's Emulsion.
Two sizes—50 cents and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Stanton, Ala., Aug. 10, '96.

Editor BANNER: The greatest thing of importance we have is concerning our crops. It has been 27 days since we have had any rain. The time is not so long, but it has been the most severe drought ever known in this country. Of course corn is a right, but our cotton crop, I learn from the best farmers, has lost about one-half of its forms and bolls and is dropping its leaves like fall.

Mr. D. J. Watersworth of Stanton said he expected to make 40 bales, but it will push him if he gets 10.

Mr. John Haley of West Chilton says there will be about half a cotton crop over his way. Mr. John Parnell of Dixie reports half crop and everywhere I hear from is about the same.

I would advise that all farmers throughout the county and State give correct statements of the losses in crods. It may do the poor farmers some good. Sign your names to your letter so that if the public wants a reference they can get it.

I learn Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi have had a great loss in their cotton crop this year, so I think if farmers will not rush their cotton on the market too early we may yet get a fair price for it.

I hope farmers will send in statements about crops and others news and don't let us lose interest in our paper because the election is over.

G. W. PATRICK.

A Unique Reference Book.

To say that it contains information of nearly universal interest, and that is, practically, obtainable by most readers nowhere else, is but the simple truth concerning Alden's Living Topics Cyclopedia. The second volume contains the lastest facts concerning the nations, Brazil, British Empire, Bulgaria, Cape Colony, Chile, Chinese Empire, and others, and concerning three states, California, Colorado and Connecticut; also concerning six large cities, Brooklyn, Buffalo, Charleston, Chicago, Concinnati and Cleveland. The information is generally from one to five years later than can be found in any of the leading cyclopedias, and commonly a year later than the 1896 almanacs and annuals. We name only leading titles; besides there are hundreds of others, all of them "living" topics. One wonders how busy seekers after knowledge have got along without such an up-to-date cyclopedia. The whole work complete to date costs only $1.00, if ordered at once. Specimen pages may be had free by addressing the publisher, John B. Alden, 10 and 12 Vandewater St., New York.

Third District Unity Association.

To conveoe with Maple Springs churcn on Friday before the 3rd Sunday in August, 1896.

FRIDAY—11 a.m. Sermon F. M. Woods, alternate J. M. Smoke. 1st subject Rev. J. L. Long, family religion. 2nd subject qualifications and duties of deacons, Rev. Hardy Jones

SATURDAY—9 a.m. Devotional exercises 30 minutes, conducted by E. C. Vernon.

11 a.m. Sermon by Rev. J. W. Cabaniss.

2 p.m. Mission, State, home and foreign, Rev. J. G. Lowrey.

SUNDAY—9 a.m. Sunday-school mass-meeting conducted by W. I. Mullins.

11 Missionary sermon by Rev. J. W. Dunaway. COMMITTEE.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18226.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz.: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18227.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: Louis B. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼, section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John Ed Beardin, J. W. Worthy, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Program of S. S. Convention

of the Mulberry Association to be held with Pleasant Grove church, beginning on Friday before the 5th Sunday in August, 1896.

FRIDAY—Preaching at 11 o'clock by Sutton Smitherman.

Welcome address by Z. J. Jones.

Should teachers in order to be successful make a pointed application of their lessons? Discussed by J. E. Joner, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Gentry and others.

Can any one who is not a Christian teach the Scriptures correctly? Discussed by J. Bice, David Jackson, A. Glasscock and others.

SATURDAY—Song service at 9:30 conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan.

10 o'clock Sunday-school experience meeting, opened by W. R. Dawson, continued by D. B. Smitherman, A. J. Lee, W. A. Mimms and others.

What effect has the teaching of the Bible on civilization? Discussed by J. C. Hicks, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Allen and others.

Can we obtain a knowledge of the Bible independent of the Sunday-school, as well as in it? Discussed by R. M. Honeycutt, W. A. Wood, W. G. Riggins and others.

What is the intention of the Sunday-school—salvation of souls or to give a knowledge of the Bible? Discussek by G. W. Freeman, Wm. Reynolds, A. L. Eoshee and others.

SUNDAY—9 o'clock Song service conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan.

What is the greatest enemy to Christianity, and what are the means used by the enemy, and how can we overcome them? Discussed by H. L. Hicks and S. M. Adams.

At 11 o'clock preaching.

All Christian Sunday-school workers are invited to attend.

COMMITTEE.

Program of S. S. Conventiou

of Unity Association, to convene with Mulberry church, Chilton county, August 28-30.

FRIDAY—10 a.m. Devotional exercises W. J. Fleming.

11 Sermon J. M. McCord.

2 p.m. The importance of Sunday-school work J. G. Harris.

SATURDAY—9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises, 30 minutes, R. J. Long.

10 The duty of parents to foster the Sunday-school, F. M. Woods.

11 The best plan for conducting the Sunday-school, T. L. Long.

2 p.m. The best preparation for teaching, J. M. McCord.

3 The Sunday school as related to missions, W. J. Ruddick.

SUNDAY—9:30 a.m. Sunday-school mass meeting, T. L. Jones and J. G. Harris.

11 Missionary Sermon W. D. Gay.

All of the churches in our Association are earnestly requested to send delegates to this convention, with letter giving full statistics of their Sunday-school A cordial invitation is extended to all who can attend.

J. G. LOWREY, Ch'n.

Program of the Weogufka 2d district.

To be held with Cane Creek church to begin on Friday, 11 a.m., before the 4th Sabbath in August, 1896.

1. What is the duty of Baptists to preach their practical or distinctive doctrines? Rev. Robert Long.
2. What is the duty of the church to its pastor, and the pastor to the church? Rev. J. Bice.
3. What relation are we as Baptists to other religious denominations? Rev. B. H. Vickery.
4. What is the most needful duty that deacons should perform towards the church and aid to the pastor? Rev. J. E. Champion.
5. What is the duty of parents to their children in regard to the home and Sabbath training? Rev. Joseph Thomas.
6. What is home missions and our duty to it? Rev. W. J. Bone; Foreign missions and our duty to it? Rev. L. B. Pounds.

Mission sermon to be preached on Sunday at 11 a.m. by Rev. J. M. Tod.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

The State Alliance.

Pinckard, Ala., July 18, 1896.

The State Alliance will hold its next session in Ozark, Dale county, on the 8th and 9th days of September. We hope every county in the State will have a representative present, and as many visiting brethren of the order as possible as matters of unusual moment will come before us.

J. O. PINCKARD,
Pres. Ala. State Alliance.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and $100.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution $1.50
New York World (3 papers every week) $1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham) $1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine) $1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson) $1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman $1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal $1.25
Birmingham State-Herald $1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
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General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

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The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

Blood and Brawn

Impoverished blood means loss of strength. Probably seventy-five per cent. of the diseases with which mankind is afflicted are caused by impure blood. Very many diseases—such as tetter, eczema, scrofula, erysipelas, etc., could not exist if the blood were perfectly pure. V. V. V. makes pure blood. It is composed of natural vegetable remedial agents skillfully compounded in the exact proportions to secure right results.

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

thoroughly cleanses the blood, tones up the whole system and brings back health, strength and happiness.

A purely vegetable compound and a wonderful specific, not only for all blood and skin diseases, but for rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, dyspepsia, malaria, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

Mr. and Mrs. Ned Duke returned to their home at Ashland last Friday morning.

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr. John L. Wells.

[illegible]

[illegible] Miss Mary Ella [illegible].

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. Thos. McKinnie, and Miss Ella Cardwell at the home of the bride's parents at Iron [illegible], Ala., Thursday, August 13, 1896, 5:30 p.m.

Notice of dissolution of Partnership

Notice is hereby given that the partnership hitherto existing between A. C. Smith and J. C. Dennis is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. C. SMITH,
J. C. DENNIS.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, [illegible] Drug Store.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,[illegible].

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
July 2, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala. on August 15th 1896, viz: John F. Rawlinson Homestead entry, No. 24224, for the sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of section 22 tp 20 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Tom Abbott, of Billingsley, Ala., Arthur E Hicks, of Billingsley, Ala., William Anderson, of Billingsley, Ala., Benjamin Abbott, of Stanton, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,228.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
August, 10, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Tom McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine is a Benefactor to Thousands."

A WEEKLY paper, Wisconsin, published [illegible] as follows:

[illegible]

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

[illegible]

Notice to Delinquent Taxpayers.

[illegible]

This 30th day of July, 1896.
R. M. [illegible], Probate Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Fieri Facias issued out of Circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Charlie Smith et als. out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said Charlie Smith et als I have levied on the following property to-wit:

One seven roomed dwelling house known as the J. O. Smith house located one and three-fourth miles south of Jemison in said county, about one hundred yards from and facing the L. & N. R.R. from the western side of said R.R. and in the nw corner of sec 36 t 23 r 13 in said county, said dwelling house having a 42 foot veranda in front a 10 foot hall running between the four front 16 foot rooms, a 16 foot veranda on the rear of said dwelling running north and south, also a 20 foot veranda in front of the three rear rooms running east and west, said veranda having a well in same, said four front rooms being covered by what is known as a "hip-roof."

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named Charlie Smith et als in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton this 29th, day of June, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, August 17, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS!

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for the work. It is composed of articles that appeal especially to children and is read with great delight. [illegible]

Notice to Non-resident.

[illegible]

W. E. STEWART, Register.

→ PORTABLE ←
SODA FOUNTAINS
$35 to $80
Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World
No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.
CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

GET THE BEST
When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and
Most Popular
for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running
There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the
NEW HOME
It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.
WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Hattersy, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Hattersy, I have levied on the following property to-wit:

[illegible]

The above sale is continued until Monday the 17th day of [illegible]

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton county.

[illegible]

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD
PRESCRIBES
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
— FOR —
COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE
Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON
DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathing, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per season."
A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!
Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when Cushman's Inhaler will relieve you instantly.
It is a Constant Companion! $2.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the voice.
INFLUENZA! DR. J. W. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."
SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Bailey Thorn, in communication to the London Lancet says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."
MORRVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '92.
I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.
T. DOUGLAS MORTON.
KINGSTON, N. Y.
I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.
The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Cushman's Menthol Balm
Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.
Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation. Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.
If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.
CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.
Young Ladies employed on the same terms.
If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.
ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind,
DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.
CONOVER PIANOS
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS
were given
HIGHEST AWARDS
At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.
CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

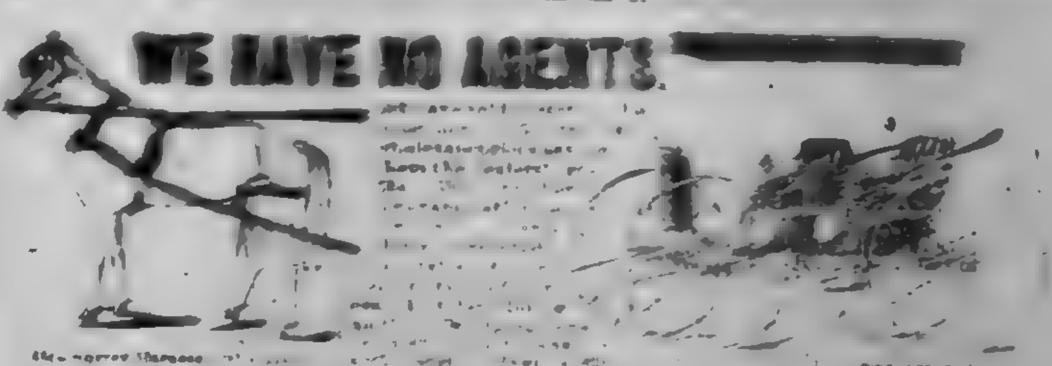
THE BEST LINE TO THE
NORTH AND SOUTH-WEST
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
— VIA THE —
L & N.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
The Through Cars
Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.
Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. [illegible], G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a [illegible]

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRA[illegible]

Write us a letter covering these three points:
First.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."
Second.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.
Third.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin [illegible]

[illegible]



WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

[illegible]

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

STOP THAT SLIPPING
and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.
The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.
If you want the [illegible] and scientific treatment by the leading [illegible] and specialists of this [illegible] DR. HATHAWAY & CO. [illegible] Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of Men and Women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases, [illegible]
FREE [illegible] Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, [illegible] nervous diseases, female troubles, [illegible] the leading specialists and Physicians in this country.
DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 8½ St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
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JOB PRINTING AT THE BANNER OFFICE
FIRST-CLASS WORK
LOWEST PRICES

P.P.P.
P.P.P.
P.P.P.
Lippman's Great Remedy
Brings Help To All!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.
I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.
I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. M. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.
We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.
A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.
I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., Sole Proprietors, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store,

Conferers of favors are sometimes often responsible for the lack of gratitude which they so sorely lament. They forget that the chief value of what they bestow lies not in the thing itself so much as in the spirit of kindness and good-will which prompted it, and that it is that which draws forth gratitude in return. Gratitude, like affection, cannot be demanded or enforced; it withers under compulsion, but blossoms forth under the warm sunshine of a kindly nature. If that does not accompany the gifts or the favor, let not the donor fancy that he is entitled to gratitude, or feel defrauded if he receive it not.

Personal.

ANY ONE who has been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, will receive information of much value and interest by writing to Pink Pills, P. O. Box 1592, Phila., Pa.

One side of a story should never be weighed until the other side is in the scale.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

Cures

Talk in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla as for no other medicine. It has the greatest record of cures of any medicine in the world. In fact,

Hood's

Is the One True Blood Purifier $1. **Sarsaparilla**

Hood's Pills cure sick headache, indigestion

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS

Howard College,

EAST LAKE, ALA.

The Fall term of this old and honored institution begins

September 22, 1896.

The school will be conducted upon strict, business principles.

Mountain spring water supplies the campus, and the location is one of healthfulness and moral security. Saloons and such demoralizing agencies are excluded from East Lake by an act of the Legislature.

The society of the place is cultured and religious. The students of Howard College are free from the temptations to immorality which prevail in larger towns; also from the distractions of a commercial community and the the unwholesome social excitements of such places. It is six miles from Birmingham, and students will be allowed to go to that city once a week only; also to visit the manufacturing plants from time to time with an officer of the college, and that from 8 to 12 o'clock a. m. on Saturdays.

Furnished room, fuel, board, tuition, medical fee, and laundry for room, $94.00 per term, or $188 per year. For catalogue and other information, address

A. D. SMITH, East Lake, Ala.

Alabama Conference Female College

Will begin its forty-second scholastic year, Sept. 23. Fine system of water works. Splendid Faculty and regular Courses of Lectures. Able Music and Art Teachers from best European and American Conservatories. Teachers associate with the pupils and make the school a pleasant and safe home of refined culture. Charges moderate.

For catalogue address

JOHN MASSEY, Pres., Tuskegee, Ala.

UNION FEMALE COLLEGE

Eufaula, Alabama.

Charming location; delightful climate; wonderful health record. This is a chartered college of the highest grade. Literary faculty unsurpassed in the south. Art, Elocution, Physical Culture, etc., under the finest instructors. CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC (Piano, Voice, Organ, Violin, Harp, etc.) unquestionably THE BEST. School select. Fare excellent. Terms very reasonable. Session opens September 17th. Please write for catalogue.

T. J. SIMMONS, A. M. Pres't.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute,

A. & M. COLLEGE,

AUBURN, ALABAMA.

The next session begins Wednesday, September 16. The college offers five different courses of education. It has sixteen professors and ten well equipped laboratories in the following departments: 1, Mechanic Arts; 2, Chemistry; 3, Botany; 4, Biology; 5, Drawing; 6, Physics; 7, Electrical Engineering; 8, Mechanical Engineering; 9, Pharmacy; 10, Physiology and Veterinary Science. There is no charge for tuition; board $9 to $15.00 per month. For catalogue address Wm. LeRoy Broun, President.

TUSCALOOSA FEMALE COLLEGE,

Tuscaloosa, Ala.

REV. JOHN D. SIMPSON, A. B., President.

Fall session opens September 16, 1896.

Largest enrollment of any female college in the state. Full faculty. Electric lights; hot and cold baths. Terms reasonable. Write for catalogue.

VERNER MILITARY INSTITUTE

TUSKALOOSA, ALA.

Send for catalogue giving advantages and terms. Especially equipped for training and caring for boys. Prepares for West Point, Annapolis, any university or college or for business.

W. H. VERNER, Principal.

LaGRANGE FEMALE COLLEGE,

LaGRANGE, GA.

Opens September 16, 1896. Brick buildings, electric lights, waterworks, baths, gymnasium, conservatory advantages in music. Elegant pipe organ. Art and Voice Culture specialties. Elocution fine. Bookkeeping and harmony free. Sight singing daily. Dressmaking, typewriting, stenography. Economical uniform. Health unsurpassed. Best social surroundings. Pupils board with faculty in College Home.

RUFUS W. SMITH, President.

GREENSBORO SCHOOL AGENCY,

I am prepared to recommend first-class teachers for schools of all grades, male and female. Send in your vacancies, with a description of the man or woman you want, to

GEORGE F. ELLIS,

Manager Greensboro School Agency,
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SCHOOL BOOKS.

THE PEOPLE CAN BUY

From us at WHOLESALE PRICES, and second-hand books will be cheaper still. Write for our catalogue and price list, free.

W. H. OWINGS,

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$100 SALARY Per month. We procure a situation for you. It costs you nothing to investigate. Do you want work at good pay? If so write us for particulars. COUCH & LUGERBEEL, SENOIA, GA.

AGENTS A RED-HOT CAMPAIGN SELLER Cane and Seat combined. Sample and particulars for 30c. stamps. MATCHLESS SUPPLY CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N.U. No. 33. 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

MUSGROVE'S MURDER A MYSTERY.

Whipping in Jackson County—Etowah Crops Burning Up—A Conductor's Collar Bone Broken, Burglary at Bridgeport—A Murderer Bound Over.

Sheep Industry in Jackson.

L. R. DeVaulx, of Little Rock, Ark., has bought a large tract of land in Jackson county, and will go into the sheep trade.

With His Little Pistol.

George Phillips playfully pointed a pistol at Mont Irwin, at Summerfield, on Tuesday. As usual the pistol was loaded, and Mont may die of his wounds.

One Boy Kills Another.

A boy named Raley, 15 years of age, had a difficulty near Liberty a few days ago with Lester Hollis, aged 12, and the fight resulted in Hollis killing Ravey.

Bound Over to Court.

Oscar Stone was tried before Walter J. Byrne, J. P., at Maysville, for the murder of Governor Jolly, and bound over to court. He was taken to Huntsville jail.

Burglary at Bridgeport.

The big plate glass window at Baxter's store in the Peyton block, Bridgeport, was broken and $25 worth of jewelry stolen. Marshal Barnett, at Cowan, Tenn., recovered some of the jewelry.

Dry Spell in Marengo.

The first bale of cotton was received at Demopolis on Friday, August 1, and was sold on the Saturday following at auction, Col. N. G. Winn being the purchaser and 6 cents the price. The honor of having raised it belongs to Messrs. DeScar Brothers, of Old Spring Hill.

Drouth in Lauderdale.

Three weeks' drouth and excessively hot weather have reduced the cotton crop in Lauderdale county fully 30 per cent. Before the hot spell came the crop promised to be the largest in many years. Should it continue two weeks longer, conservative men say there will not be half a crop in this section.

The Musgrove Murder.

The grand jury of DeKalb county has returned a true bill against O. R. Brown, a mountaineer moonshiner, for the murder of old man Musgrove on Lookout mountain on Monday, August 3. The accused was arrested by Sheriff's Deputies Richard Little, Thomas Freeman and Charles Stuart and taken to Fort Payne. Other arrests will follow.

Fire at Pike Road.

A fire destroyed three large country stores at Pike Road, in Montgomery county, Thursday night, entailing a loss of about $15,000. The fire originated in William Johnson's store, and was communicated to those of A. Blackburn and E. S. Armistead, consuming all three. Incendiaries are believed to have started the fire. All of the property was partially insured.

Etowah Crops Burning Up.

At Gadsden reports are coming in from all over the county that the crops are burning up, and if the weather continues as hot and dry as it has been for the past two or three weeks there will be a very small crop to harvest in his section this fall. The cotton crop is already cut 40 per cent, nearly all the bolls are turning yellow and drying up. Corn has been cut short about 30 per cent and is suffering very much.

Lightning's Deadly Stroke.

During a heavy rain last Tuesday evening, Mrs. Jack Grooms was killed by lightning at her home eight miles west of Rockford. She was sitting near the fire place in the house when the fatal bolt struck a tree near and is supposed to have glanced off into the house. She was alone with her two little children, Mr. Grooms being away from home, and it was several hours after the storm when her death became known to sympathizing neighbors.

His Collar Bone Broken.

Conductor L. A. Robinson had his collar bone broken and sustained other injuries by jumping from his southbound freight train on the Louisville & Nashville railroad Friday. The train is reported to have been running at a high rate of speed and when near Nashville one car left the track and dragged along thus for about two miles and necessitating the conductor and brakeman to jump off. Robinson lives in Decatur, where his injuries received medical attention.

His Most Faithful Friend.

One of the most pathetic scenes that it is possible to witness was noticed at Valley Head on Wednesday last in connection with the murder of old man Musgrove. It is stated his sole companion was a little dog, who seemed to know his master's every wish. When the dead body was found the little dog was standing beside it, barking and growling at the hogs that were attempting to devour the corpse. When the body was carried to a neighbor's house the dog accompanied it, and when it was placed in the coffin and the lid placed on it, the faithful little animal jumped on the coffin whining piteously. It is said the dog would permit those present to caress it, except a man whose name is not given, and who was subsequently charged with complicity in the murder.

One of the Whipping Party.

Will Campbell was brought to South Pittsburg, Tenn., Saturday morning with both legs badly crushed, and will require the amputation of one leg above the knee and the other about the ankle. He is one of the negroes implicated in the whipping and robbing of the colored orator, Christian, near Bridgeport last Monday night. He was trying to get away, and was stealing a ride on a freight train. When about two miles north of Bridgeport he was knocked off by a stock gap and both legs were run over by the train. Campbell has confessed to being one of the whipping party. He was accompanied from Bridgeport by Deputy Sheriff Green and Marshal Burnett. His legs have not been taken off yet. He will probably die.

Whipping in Jackson County.

Marshal Burnett and Sheriff Green, of Bridgeport, have secured the arrest of Joe Kelso, at South Pittsburg, Tennessee, as being one of the parties implicated in the whipping and robbing of R. W. Christian between that place and Bridgeport last Monday night. Kelso refused to go to Alabama without a requisition. He will be placed in jail at Jasper, Tenn., to await the arrival of the proper papers to convey him to Alabama. Considerable interest is being manifested over the whipping of the negro, and the Alabama authorities are using every means to secure the arrest of the guilty parties. It would be no trouble to make up a hundred or two dollars here to help in the prosecution, if required. It will be sifted to the bottom and the guilty parties brought to justice.

Mysterious Tragedy in Birmingham.

About 10 o'clock Friday night several pistol shots startled the boarders and others about the building at the corner of Second avenue and Twenty-first street, Birmingham, known as the Palais Royal. Officer Newman heard the shots and ran to the building and up stairs to the room from which the sounds emanated. On entering he found P. B. Green holding R. H. Fowler, with one arm around his neck and scuffling with him. The men were separated and it was at once seen that Green had been shot and was dangerously wounded. Captain Weir had followed Officer Newman and to the two officers the wounded man stated that he went to the Palais Royal at the invitation of Fowler to spend the night. After undressing, he continued, he called to Fowler and asked him to bring him a drink of water. Fowler did so, and after handing it to him pulled a 38-calibre pistol and fired three times at Green, one ball passing through the breast, another through the thigh and another through one of his fingers. Fowler was taken to the city prison and put in a cell. It is said that Green made a dying statement in the presence of Dr. Gibson, who was called to attend him, and others, in which he alleged his belief that Fowler had been hired to kill him.

Mystery of Musgrove's Murder.

The mystery surrounding the murder of old man Musgrove may possibly be cleared up. The coroner, acting under orders from the attorney-general, has exhumed the body and found that the deceased was shot twice in the back and once in the side. There are several theories advanced for the cause of the murder. Musgrove was an ex-confederate soldier, who was born in DeKalb county in 1821, and was consequently about 75 years old at the time of his death last week. He kept batchelor's hall, in a rude hut, his only companion being a little dog. He owned cattle, and it was while hunting some of them that had strayed away that he came across four men working at a still. It was thought, probably without reason, that years ago he gave information to the revenue officers that caused them to discover a pot still. These four men were suspicious of him and tried to kill him then, firing two shots at him, but he managed, old as he was, to get away. It is supposed that these four men, who Musgrove recognized and named to several of his friends, committed the murder. His body was lying in such a position as to lead to the belief that he had been killed in the road, where his tracks suddenly ceased, and then carried to where he was found by Ed Hartline and his wife on their way to Little River church. There is very great excitement over the matter, and every iota of evidence possible is being collected.

Fate of a Murderer.

No more pitiable spectacle can well be imagined than that of Capt. E. B. Turpin, the slayer of William Carter, at Gallatin, Tenn., whose trial was a nine days' wonder at the time. He used to be a bright, quick, vivacious man, full of life and energy, and always ready to take part in any sport, particularly if it related to horses, and he then had the best half mile track in the south. Now he is paralyzed and cannot turn in his bed, and groans, curses and prays alternately. He imagines that his victim is sitting on the bed with him, and he begs those near him to take him away. Occasionally he holds long conversations with his victim, and from the trend of his remarks it leads one to recall the saying of old, "Vengeance is mine. I will repay."

Action of Canada Banks.

The Standard bank of Toronto, Can., has given notice that after Saturday American one dollar bills or silver certificates will be discounted at the rate of 10 per cent. The other city banks will adopt the same rule.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

FATAL FIGHT OVER ELECTIONS

Two Trains Collide With Fatal Results—Forest Fires Raging in Arkansas—A Theatre Burned—Thos. B. Reed Renominated for Congress—Death on the Track.

Henry Redmond, a laborer, while blasting on Cherry street, Nashville, Wednesday, had his jaw blown off.

Thomas B. Reed was nominated for congress Wednesday by the republicans of the First congressional district of Maine on a rising vote and by acclamation.

Edwin Hammond, a young farmer, fell asleep on the railroad track near Jellico, Tenn., and was killed by a passing train about day light Tuesday morning.

A freight train on the Keokuk & Des Moines branch of the Rock Island & Pacific railroad was wrecked Thursday at 7 o'clock, resulting in the death of three men.

Fulgencio Sanchez Orribuilla and Pedro Ofarrill were shot at Matanzas, Cuba, Wednesday, they having been convicted of the crimes of incendiarism and rebellion.

The peach shipments on roads running from the fruit belt in Georgia are over. The Central of Georgia railway handled 303 cars; of these 146 came from Fort Valley.

The South Georgia railway is being pushed right ahead. The line when completed from Quitman to Adel on to Georgia Southern and Florida will be thirty-one miles long.

In Philadelphia, Pa., there were three deaths and thirty-eight prostrations from the heat Saturday. The thermometer touched 96, the high water mark for 1896.

News has been received of the capture of Waverly Pike in DeLand, Fla. Pike is the desperado who killed Joseph Isom and precipitated the Brooks county war in Georgia several years ago.

A meeting of stockholders in the Eagle & Phoenix mills at Columbus, Ga., has been held and a movement inaugurated to reorganize the mills and put the concern on its feet again.

There is a great stir among the Georgia farmers over the letter of Commissioner of Agriculture Nesbitt, relative to the increased price of cotton ties. He suggests the use of wire or some other material.

In Baltimore, Md., three fatal cases of sunstroke and a large number of prostrations were reported Saturday. The highest point reached by the mercury was 94, and at 8 p. m., it registered 88 degrees.

In an election fight at Hall Crossroads, Knox county, Tenn., Wednesday afternoon, Mack Hall, a white man, was killed by Crippen, colored. The difficulty arose over a dispute about the tax assessment.

There have been recently serious uprisings in the province of Volencia in Spain caused by excessive taxation. Stores of arms have been discovered in two places, and several arrests have been made in Madrid.

At High Springs, Fla., Thursday afternoon the boiler in the Barrs Lumber company's mill exploded, fatally injuring J. C. Barrs and Nelson Bell, the latter colored. J. C. Easterling and two negroes were also injured, but not fatally.

Attachments were levied Saturday on the funds of the Woonsocket Rubber Company, in the hands of the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, the Industrial Trust Company and the Merchants National bank of Providence, R. I.

A freight train ran off the track near Marengo, Ia., Friday morning on the Des Moines road, and a number of cars were badly wrecked besides some other damage. Four tramps, who were stealing rides, were killed. There was no other loss of life.

An explosion from some unknown cause in the packing plant of Swift & Co., Kansas City, Mo., Thursday night, resulted in the death of one man and the injury of six others, four probably fatally, and in a fire which followed $100,000 worth of property was destroyed.

Shortly after 1 o'clock Saturday morning, when the southbound Florida Central & Peninsular train was about a mile below Ocala, Henry Greenway, the porter, discovered two men in the Pullman robbing the sleeping passengers. Greenway closed with the robbers, who drew pistols and shot him dead. The robbers then jumped from the train. A man who gave his name as Brown was arrested Saturday evening on suspicion of being one of the robbers. Brown is a stranger in this section.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

Prof. R. S. Tarr, of Cornell university, Gloucester, Mass., who started with Lieutenant Perry on an arctic geological expedition in the steamer Hope, has written to his family that the steamer is hung up in the floe ice off the Greeland coast. Mr. Tarr's letter does not speak as if the vessel was in any immediate danger.

At Niagara Falls the Park theater was destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock Friday morning, causing a loss of $50,000, covered by insurance. Thursday night a boxing exhibition was given in the theater and it is supposed the fire is due to carelessness on the part of some one in the dressing room. Adjoining property was damaged to the amount of $5,000.

By passengers arriving in New Orleans by the Illinois Central railroad Friday night it was learned that early Friday morning at New Montgomery, Miss., a small station six miles north of Brookhaven, a negro man raped a negro girl, aged 15, and then killed her with a club. The man's name is not known. The sheriff has gone in pursuit with bloodhounds.

Two failures were announced on the New York cotton exchange Wednesday morning, S. R. Post and S. Michelbacher. The former was posted before the opening of the exchange, but his liabilities are supposed to be under $30,000. The case of Michelbacher was called for a meeting and settlement of all outstanding accounts, and is believed to be about evened up.

Word has reached Winnipeg, Minn. of the death in the mountains of Mr. Abbott, a prominent railway man of Milwaukee, eldest son of W. H. Abbott. Mr. Abbott, while accompanying a party of mountain tourists in charge of Professor Ray, slipped over a cliff some thousand feet high, and his body is hanging on a jagged rock below, where it cannot be reached by members of the party.

Owing to the unsettled condition of finances and the uncertainty regarding the future of the American money standard, European capitalists, who hold options on four idle copper mines south of Houghton, Mich., will drop the deal when the options expire next month. Consolidation would have interested nearly $1,000,000 capital and would have given steady employment to six hundred men.

The British column, under the command of Colonel Plumer, had an engagement on Wednesday with the impis or regiments of Chief Sekombo and Umlugulus and three other impis of rebellious Matabeles. The rebels were completely routed. Major Shaw and four non-commissioned officers of the Britist force were killed and fifteen men wounded. It is estimated that 200 of the Matabeles were killed.

Two trains collided Monday near Dean Lake, Mo., on a trestle 60 feet high. No. 1 was behind time, No. 3 having the right of way. Both engines went down and the engineer of No. 3 was killed. Both firemen and the other engineer jumped before the collision and escaped. The smoking car of train No. 1 was telescoped by the express car. One passenger was injured fatally, two severely and three slightly. The express messenger was badly injured.

Nevada Bank Failure.

Sheriff Scroghem closed Conkling Brothers, banking house in Nevada, Mo., the Bank of Bronaugh, Bank of Sheldon and the Bank of Richards, all the property of Conkling Brothers Wednesday morning under an injunction of the Vernon county circuit court. Such action was based on a report of State Bank Examiner Gordon Jones, that the business was conducted in an unsafe and unbusinesslike manner. I. W. Conkling, of the firm, says the closed banks will be able to pay every dollar of their indebtedness. J. M. George and C. M. Shartet were appointed to take charge of the firm's business as receivers.

Concession to Uitlanders.

The volksraad has passed a bill allowing the children of foreign residents of the Transvaal, who attend the public schools, to learn the language of their parents. This is a step in the right direction of redressing one of the grievances of the Uitlanders, who energetically protested against their children having no school facilities for learning their own language, the only language that is recognized in the school being Dutch.

Cranky Thief Gets Shot.

W. L. Chamberlain, a crank, came into the bank of the Southern Savings & Trust company, of Jacksonville, Fla., at noon Friday and presented a paper to Teller Hubbard, who was alone in the bank. The paper was a demand for silence and the immediate delivery of $5,000, with a threat to throw acid in Hubbard's face if he did not comply. Hubbard covered the crank with a revolver and the two men grappled. Seizing his opportunity, Hubbard fired, hitting his opponent in the abdomen. Chamberlain will probably die.

Shot at a Race Track.

Hugh Penny, the once famous jockey, was shot at the race track at Dubuque, Ia., Saturday night by Harry Sayre, of Middleport, O., who had refused him the mount on His Brother in the fifth race. Penny struck Sayre, who drew a revolver, and, pursuing him about a tent near the stable, shot him twice in the back. Penny fell and Sayre fired a third shot, which missed him. Other jockeys and stable boys drew revolvers and started for Sayre, but the police jumped in an hurried him to jail. Penny's wounds are serious.

Assignment in Philadelphia.

An assignment for the benefit of creditors was made Wednesday by Boyd, Harley & Co., carpet dealers, 1222 Market street, Philadelphia. The attorney of the firm stated that the liabilities are about $250,000, and the assets are about $350,000. A portion of the latter, however, he says, is in bills, which may prove uncollectable. There is a considerable amount of stock on hand.

Laurada Takes Men and Things.

It is reported that after leaving the mouth of Christiana Creek, Del., Thursday, the Laurada was met by the tug Martha, from which it is said she took twenty-eight men and a large number of cases, many of which it is believed contained dynamite. The Laurada had eight large surf boats in addition to her usual complement of sea boats.

New Advertisements.

We call the attention of our readers to the following new advertisements in this week's issue, viz:

SCHOOLS.

Howard College, East Lake, Ala.
Martin College for Young Ladies, Pulaski, Tenn.
Tuskaloosa Female College, Tuskaloosa, Ala.
LaGrange Female College, LaGrange, Ga.
Verner Military Institute, Tuskaloosa, Ala.
Alabama Conference Female College, Tuskegee, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED.

Matchless Supply Co., Kalamazoo, Mich. A campaign specialty.
H. C. Hudgins & Co., Atlanta, Ga., books.

CANE MILLS.

Southern Agricultural Works, Louisville, Ky.

SCHOOL AGENCY.

Greensboro School Agency, Greensboro, Ala.

HAY PRESSES.

John E. Chisolm, Florence, S. C.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

W. H. Owings, Birmingham, Ala.

JACKS AND JENNETTS.

Piedmont Stock Farm, Green Bush, Ga.

If in need of anything in their respective lines write them.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, TROY, ALA.

This college is supported by state and Peabody fund appropriations for the training of teachers and is not a mere "Preparatory School" for some other, but is of college grade in every way, as a teachers' training school should be, and grants college degrees and diplomas, and its graduates receive state certificates for two, four and six years, or for life, from the state superintendent of education of Alabama, and these are the strongest testimonials of professional worth to a teacher. Indeed, the graduates of this college are in great demand as teachers and the college authorities take great pleasure in answering requests for trained teachers sent in by school authorities from all over Alabama and adjoining states.

It will be seen from the Normal Exponent that students desiring the usual college course may get it here at very low expense, too. Board is but $8 to $10 per month and tuition and incidentals low.

Persons desiring information as to this college or wishing to secure a good teacher should write to Dr. E. R. Eldridge, president, at Troy, Ala., for the Normal Exponent explaining everything.

Cheap Hay Presses.

Every farmer in the country should have one of those $35 hay-presses manufactured by John E. Chisolm, of Florence, S. C. Whether you raise hay for market or merely for your own use it will pay you to have one of these presses on your farm. For simplicity, speed and price these presses cannot be excelled. Write Mr. Chisolm, at once, for circulars containing description and testimonials. See advertisement in another column.

Kentucky Cane Mills.

If you have any considerable amount of sorghum or sugar cane to grind this season, we would suggest that you purchase one of the above mills. They are the best cane mills to be had. Southern Agricultural Works of Louisville, Ky., are the manufacturers. Read their advertisement in another column and then send for their catalogue. Mention this paper when you write.

A Fifty-two Years' Case.

"TETTERINE is the only remedy I ever sold that would make a permanent cure of tetter. I sold it to a person who had tetter on his hand for fifty-two years, and two boxes cured him."

B. H. TANNER.
McDonald's Mill, Ga.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Everyone occasionally feels that it is his duty to say something to keep his neighbor from being too proud.

Don't you want to save money, clothes, time, labor, fuel, and health? All these can be saved if you will try Dobbins' Electric Soap. We say "try," knowing if you try it once, you will always use it. Have your grocer order.

Had the prodigal's money held out he would never have known the taste of his father's fatted calf.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

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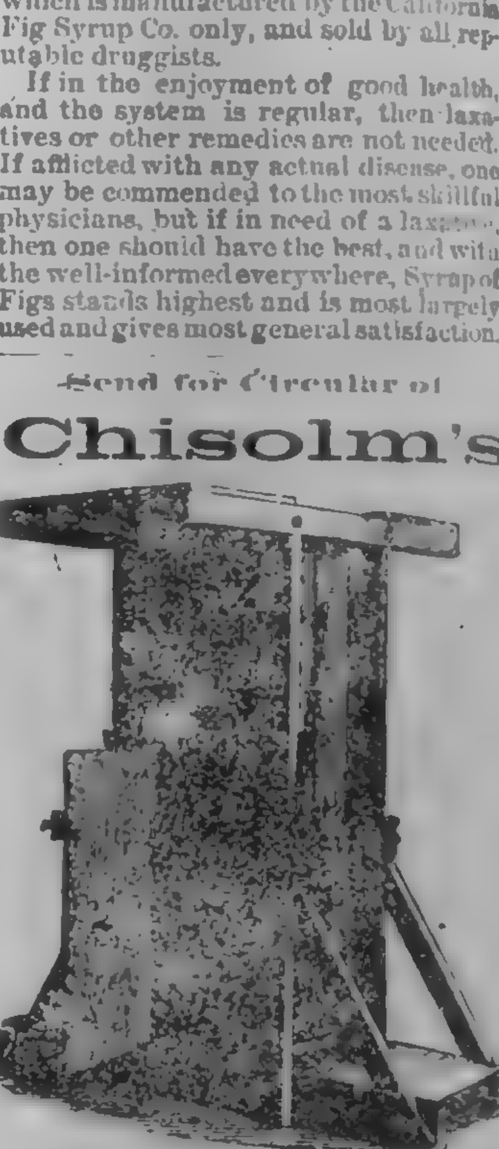

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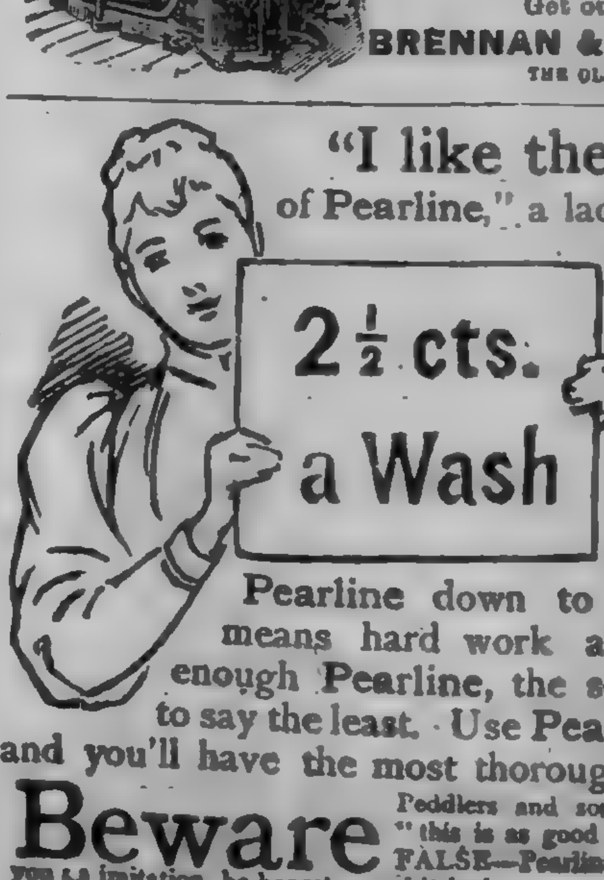

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1896. NO. 43.

REDEMPTION MONEY.

AND BUSINESS MONEY APPEAR TO BE DIFFERENT THINGS.

An Abstruse(?) Subject Under the Calcium Light of Logic and Reason, Made so Plain that the Dullest Mind May Grasp It.

"Redemption money," or "standard money," as it is sometimes designated, must be made of gold or silver. Just at present the great financiers of the [illegible] commercial nations of the earth (see republican platform) are of the opinion that the beneficent functions of redemption money can only be properly performed by money made of gold. It may develop later on why [illegible], but for the purpose of this [illegible] the idea which has ruled the world for centuries, that gold and silver, or either of them, may be redemption money, is adopted.

Redemption money necessarily implies the existence of a money somewhere that needs to be redeemed, and it naturally follows that redemption money is better money than that which it redeems, otherwise it could not perform the functions of a redeemer. If redemption money does not hold the same relation to all other money which is in need of redemption that the Savior or Redeemer of man does to all mankind, that is, if it was not created by God, it was created by man. The question then follows, if man created money, why did he create two kinds, one as a redeemer, the other to be redeemed? And if a man cancel a debt with money which must be redeemed, is it not plain that he still owes the debt? And that he will continue to owe it until the identical money in which he paid the debt is redeemed? Certainly this is all plain enough, if the redemption theory of money is correct, for it follows as a matter of course that a promise to pay cannot be cancelled by giving other promises to pay. This absurdity though ridiculous in the extreme is a necessary sequence of "redemption money," and is no more absurd and silly than the theory which gives it life.

As a matter of fact, "redemption money" is a fiction, a myth, which never has existed and never will. There is a theory that the one hundred million dollar gold reserve fund held in much the same degree of esteem by our national officials as the white elephant of India is by the bare legged barbarians of that country, is for the purpose of redeeming the three hundred and forty-six millions of greenbacks still in circulation and doing all that money of any kind can do in the way of furthering exchange. This theory is, or rather was before the sacred gold fund had become seriously encroached upon, that at one time less than half of it remained on hand without in the least affecting the purchasing power of the greenbacks that the greenbacks would not be good money but for this gold fund held sacred to its redemption. Now indulgent reader, if you will try to figure out how to redeem three silver dollars and forty-six cents with one dollar you will, perhaps, realize what a humbug that gold redemption fund is.

But it must be remembered that the gold reserve fund is a humbug only in the same way and for the same reason that redemption money is. In the old wild-cat days of bank paper money the folly of the redemption theory of money was brought so close to the people that its stupidity became plainly apparent. The banker with, say, twenty thousand dollars in specie, gold and silver, for redemption money, would issue his notes or promises to pay to the extent of fifty thousand dollars and loan it to his neighbors to do business upon. Things would go along swimmingly so long as nobody doubted his ability to pay specie on demand, but as certain as [illegible] doubt was inspired that certain it was [illegible] his banking business came to a [illegible] and thirty thousand dollars of his promises to pay were never fulfilled. But for all this experience with redemption money acquired at a fearful cost [illegible] the people never [illegible] a moment completely lost [illegible] its soundness.

When the war of the rebellion came [illegible] gold and silver money slunk out of sight the people, through their representatives, very tenderly and carefully [illegible] up their redemption theory and [illegible] it away in a safe place until [illegible] and gentler times again made their appearance. If the policy of the $60,000,000 of treasury notes issued [illegible] the government at the breaking out of the rebellion had been persisted in the redemption theory would have been put to sleep forever along with that other preposterous travesty upon humanity—the right of property in man. But, as has been suggested, the people's representatives carefully put it away. At the request of certain patriotic (?) [illegible]ers, and enacted that all money henceforth issued should be as good as gold and silver money, except for the purpose of paying tariff, taxes and interest on the public debt. This, of course, saved the life of the redemption theory.

But the people had dallied so long and so delightfully with the sinful kind of money which had to have a redeemer that, after the war closed, they would no longer tolerate the presence of the redemption theory in their midst, and to save it at all it had to be removed to Washington city. The government would find the feat of redeeming three dollars and forty-six cents of its promises to pay with one dollar redemption money fully as hard of accomplishment as the wild-cat banker did to redeem two dollars with one were it ever called upon to perform it. But the fact that it is so far away from the people and that the people have far more "confidence" in their government than they ever had in the wild-cat banker goes a long way toward making its promises to pay a far more effective money than the wild-cat notes ever were, though the latter might have had dollar for dollar, twice as much redemption money back of them as the former.

The greenback, however, is not our only national currency dependent upon redemption money for its value. The currency issued by national banks reads: "The Blank National Bank of Blankville will pay the bearer on demand five dollars," or, as the case may be. These due bills circulate as money because they are backed by government bonds payable in redemption money, and the aggregate of these due bills and greenbacks in circulation is close to $600,000,000, or fully as much as the highest estimate of the total gold in the country. Since all this paper currency is redeemable on demand in gold under the present treasury ruling, and since the government is pushed the tightest to keep $100,000,000 on hand, is it not plain that the only reason why the government is not bankrupt consists in the fact that its promises to pay are not all presented at once, nor even in very large quantities?

But why all this folly about "redemption money?" The government by its emission of hundreds of millions of dollars in paper money through national banks and by its own treasury acknowledges the necessity for that much more money than it can possibly create out of gold and silver at the present rate at which those metals can be coined, even if free coinage of silver be restored at 16 to 1. The only object of money is to provide the people with a medium of exchange, and the government exercises the right to say how much gold or silver shall constitute a given amount of money. Since it exercised this right to entirely deprive silver of the power it once had to act as "redemption money" it can certainly finish the folly that plainly inheres in the redemption theory by declining to use gold, or rather, by declining longer to hypocritically pretend to a readiness to use it for redemption money. It is worse than folly, it is criminal for the government to pretend that the value of its paper money running into the hundreds of millions, depends entirely upon its ability to maintain intact a certain other small fund of money created of gold when it itself issues, or causes to be issued, the paper money and fixes the degree of fineness and the amount of gold in a dollar. It seems plain that all this juggling with money is inspired by the fact that it is a legal tender for the products of labor, and the more exalted and sacred it may be made to appear the greater will be its power over labor.

The redemption theory is a fraudulent one and common honesty demands that it be discarded.

AS OTHERS SEE US.

A Well Merited Rebuke from Our "Cheap Dollars" Neighbors.

The people of the United States are on a gold basis; in other words, they are holding up something like $1,000,000,000 of currency on $92,000,000 of treasury gold reserve, a magnificent accomplishment which reminds one of a Japanese juggler sustaining a series of ladders by his teeth lying flat on the ground. It is magnificent, but it is not finance. Mr. Carlisle, who knows so little of finance as to imagine, because the treasury issues notes, that it is in the banking business, is filled with awe as he contemplates the financial system of his country. We do not wonder, for it inspires the same sentiment in the minds of ordinary men. And, being on a gold basis, the United States must have a prosperous government? That does not apparently follow. The government, in point of fact, is in straits, for the revenue does not keep pace with the outgo. Not since last January have the treasury receipts reached the average monthly requisite of thirty million dollars, the amount which must come in if all the bills of the nation are to be met. In August the receipts ran up to $29,286,000, but the average has been below $27,000,000 for the other months. It looks like another bond issue and if that is made the treasury will be easier. A loan is only a palliative, however; what is needed is permanently to increase the revenue. The throwing off of the sugar duties was the beginning of the foolishness; those duties were not felt by anyone and they kept the treasury in easy circumstances. It is beginning to be noted by the American people that their finances are in control of charlatans who know no more about the fundamental principles of financial administration than so many school boys. Any European finance minister, who should make such blunders as have been committed in Washington, would be retired to private life for "keeps." Fancy an English chancellor of the exchequer in such a mess as is Carlisle. A commission in lunacy would be summoned to sit on his case. And no European finance minister has such a rich country abounding in potential sources of revenue to operate in. An ordinary financial duffer ought to shine as finance minister in the great republic which is rich beyond compute.—Mexican Herald.

NEARING A CRISIS.

AMERICA RAPIDLY APPROACHING THE DANGER LINE.

When the Present Process of Concentration Is Consummated Our False Financial System Will Have Finished Its Mission

The following, which appears in the New Charter of San Jose, Cal., very clearly shows how the present debt-making credit system is forcing the people out of their possessions and making a few people masters of the people and owners of the world. Why can't the people see and understand? Why do they stand indifferently by while the robbery goes on? Why will they be whipped into line year after year to vote their loved ones out of food, clothes and shelter, and into serfdom, bondage, pauperism and prostitution? Will nothing but the crack of doom awake them? Read the following:

Sixty-five billions is the assessed value of all the wealth in the United States, including lands, say the census reports.

Forty-two billions is the indebtedness of the country, say careful statisticians.

The average annual increase of wealth is 3 per cent, which on sixty-five billions is an increase of one billion nine hundred and fifty millions.

The average interest of six and a half per cent on forty-two billions amounts to two billions seven hundred and thirty millions—a deficit or annual increase of debt to the amount of seven hundred and eighty millions.

This deficit must be made up by the sacrifice of the lands of the producers to bond-holders. There is no other way for it to be made up. This accounts for the vast number of farms and homes going daily into the hands of the mortgage holders by foreclosure.

When this process of concentrating the ownership of the land into a few hands is consummated our false money system will have finished its mission and served its purpose. Then it will not matter how much money or how little we have or what it is made of, for the owners of the land will then be absolute masters of the products of labor.

The landlord will then take in rent what the bond and mortgage holder now takes in interest.

Being masters of the whole people the owners of the land will only employ enough to supply all their own wants and the rest of the people must die or emigrate.

When Rome fell one thousand persons owned all the land of the Empire, says history.

Reckoning from the foregoing statistics, the year 1912 will find the American republic in the control of perhaps less than a thousand men. Really, is it not dominated now by less than that number?

Revolution did you say? Oh, no; no danger. So long as the masses ignorantly lick the hand that smites them under the hypnotic influence of patriotism and partyism no revolution can occur.

So long as one workingman stands ready to shoot another workingman at the behest of corporative robbers, or dispute over a religious idea or the jingoism of a Monroe doctrine, or bruise each other's heads and reputations for the sake of party, just so long may those who are being benefited by the present systems of land, money, bond and transportation robbery compose their souls in peace, for they are safe.

But should an electric shock of intelligence suddenly awaken in man that slumbering instinct of the rights with which nature or nature's God endowed him, then look out for squalls.

A falsely called civilization has rendered impotent the natural instincts of men to assert their natural rights; but the signs of the times portend an awakening. What is it to be?

Government Ownership of Railroads.

Dr. Glover, of Macon, who has recently returned from a trip to Europe, Africa and Asia, wrote a private letter to the Flovilla Enterprise, from which that paper makes the following extracts:

"I traveled seventeen thousand miles and found no place where the American silver dollar or paper dollar was below par. I traveled over railroads that are owned and operated by the government. On the government railroads we feel more safe than on our roads, from the fact that they are all double-track and every precaution is taken to prevent accidents to passengers. The fare on the roads owned and operated by the government is about half what it is on the roads in this country.

"I am very glad to find on my return to America that so many who have been opposed to the true principles of government are beginning to see the light and have the manhood to say so.

"What I have seen of the financial systems of the old countries and conditions surrounding their people I am more firmly convinced of the justness of the demands of the People's party than ever. I hope the good cause may go on till Shylock is dethroned and all rejoice in a government for the people, by the people and in the interest of mankind, and the great idol (gold) will not have a worshiper in this fair land."

There were none to do honor to President Cleveland at the Chicago convention. However, Cleveland has been let in on the ground floor with Wall street, and has made enough money out of various shady deals to enable him to live henceforth comparatively independent of

NOTES AND COMMENT.

What the People Are Thinking, Saying and Doing.

One of the most amusing features of the present political situation is that of the democratic party posing as a reform party. Everybody knows that the times were hard enough before it came into power under the present Cleveland administration. The first thing it did after it got "a chance" was to dish us out a first-class panic. This was done very promptly and with an energy that showed that Grover meant to give us an object lesson which we could not forget.

* * *

Now at that time we had a silver law upon our statute books that provided for the coinage of two or three million dollars of silver each year, and more if necessary. The next thing the democratic party did, after launching the panic was to repeal this law and close the mints against silver altogether. All this time the leaders were announcing that they were doing just the right thing and that prosperity was just up the road a little ways, and that we would soon overtake her. But the people soon discovered that they never followed a colder trail.

* * *

Then the party took up the much-talked-of tariff measure. It was the harp of a thousand strings that had for years lulled the people into a political torpor that permitted them to commit the crime of ratifying the very parties and systems that had been industriously engaged in robbing them. Congress talked, and talked, and talked. Argument pro and con was piled up mountain high. Speeches were printed that were never made, and speeches were made that were never printed. They put fiddle strings and guts on the free list, and even as mean a man as Cleveland wouldn't sign the bill after it was passed.

* * *

After this Herculean task the members evidently thought they would perform their particular duty by keeping their seats warmed and drawing their salaries. Occasionally so many would be in attendance at the horse races or houses of ill-fame that the sergeant-at-arms would have to go out and run enough of them in to constitute a quorum for the transaction of what little business it was necessary for them to do in order to draw their salaries. Every measure that came up for the free coinage of silver was defeated, a majority of the democratic votes in congress being polled against it.

* * *

And now this "organized appetite for spoils" and plunder asks the American people to trust it to reform the financial affairs of the country. This bundle of blunders wants another chance. This army of office seekers has made a death bed repentence and promises now to undo the things which its own hands did in violation of every pledge made to the people by which they got into power before. What assurance have we got that these pledges will be held more sacred than the ones they made before? They are made by the same old place hunting leaders, and evidently for the same purpose—to secure the spoils. Will the people ever again trust this party of broken promises?

* * *

Many persons who talk glibly of fiat money don't know what it means. Any money that is lawful is fiat money. The fiat of the law, that is to say the decree of the law, makes gold money, and it is fiat money. It is not on account of any inherent qualities in the gold that makes a stipulated amount of it worth 100 cents, but the fiat of law that creates a demand for it as money, thus giving to it an artificial value. The law creates the demand and the demand makes the value. In proportion as you cut off the demand, you decrease the value; therefore if gold was demonetized by the principal nations of the world as silver has been, its value would be correspondingly low.

* * *

Men aver that you cannot legislate value in anything. But the facts are against them. It is legislation that makes gold worth what it is. For 50 years England has had a law requiring the Bank of England to pay a stipulated amount for every ounce of gold presented at its counter. If the United States would pass a law that it would use nothing but yellow horses for army and military purposes, it would be a discrimination against horses of other colors and would without doubt enhance the value of yellow horses. And this would be the result of legislation. Silver was never demonetized because it failed to remain at a 16 to 1 parity with gold—but it failed to remain on a parity because it was demonetized; and now the fiat of the law steps in and sustains the value of all coin that has the government stamp.

* * *

Money is but an order on society for its face value. This is true of all kinds of money, gold, silver and paper. The value of money consists in what it will buy, and not in itself at all. We can neither eat money nor wear it. When we receive it we have not got value received, nor won't have until we part with the money for something which will contribute to the sustenance of life or comfort. Therefore in its very essence money is only a convenient medium of exchange, and whatever a people agree to use as a medium of exchange, an order on the whole community, is absolutely good. The questions to be considered are divisibility, durability and convenience. It is folly to use a dear material on which to stamp the medium of exchange, when a cheap one can be had.

* * *

But upon what will such money be based? It is based upon the pledges of the people and every dollar of their property with which to redeem it. It would be receivable for taxes and all dues to the United States. Money of specific redemption, that is, money that is only redeemable in one or two specific things, such as gold and silver, is a fraud which the banks have fattened on for years. Money is made to circulate and the only redemption it needs is that which it gets in performing its functions—passing from one person to another. One man redeems it with his wheat, another with sugar or coffee, another with clothes, another with boots and shoes, and thus it is always circulating, performing the work it was intended to, and never hoarded or withdrawn from circulation.

* * *

Even Rothschilds' religion was respected in the republican convention and a Jew rabbi selected to deliver the opening prayer. The following is the closing paragraph to the prayer and the "golden fringe" phrase is as significant as rhetorical: "Prosper thou the work of this council convened in the cause of the people, and when its message goes forth over the land may its golden fringe bring forth to them the glad assurance that prosperity will brighten our homes, and the immediate jewel of our soul, the good name of our people and the credit of our government shall remain untarnished forever. May Thy grace, O, God, come upon us, and do thou establish the work of our hands. Amen."

The nomination of McKinley after such a prayer as that was approaching wonderfully near the "culminating atrocity." The republican party should have credit, however, for one thing this year, and that is frankness. It says in substance: "We are mean as h—ll and don't care who knows it."

* * * *

John P. Townsend, millionaire, writing to the Maritime Exchange of New York, a labor skinning organization, regarding the effects of a free coinage law, says:

"The instant withdrawal of some $600,000,000 of gold from circulation which would follow an approaching change to a silver basis would give rise to an immediate stringency in the money market, loans of every description would be called in, bringing about untold disaster to every enterprise and calling distress to every borrower small and great. Rates of interest would be affected, the lender of money would withdraw his capital for the time being, and the borrower would find it impossible to obtain accommodation. Industrial establishments would be forced to close, and hundreds of thousands of workingmen would be thrown out of employment."

It will be remembered that after Jackson vetoed the United States bank bill the bankers plunged the country into a ruinous panic, and there is no doubt but that they will do so again if their demands are not acceded to.

This, however, is one of the very best reasons why the powers of the bank should be curtailed. There is no question but that the banks have the power which they boast, of precipitating a "stringency," or panic at their will. It is time, however, that the people should meet this issue and settle it once and forever. There are only two things to do to accomplish it: take from the present banks the privilege of issuing their own notes, and establish government postal savings banks in every county. With government banks panics would be impossible for there would be no loss of confidence, and therefore no run upon the banks. There would be no sudden calling in of loans, and no threats of Wall street power over congress.

* * *

Apropos to this is the latest bank circular issued by the Monetary Trust, 50 Broadway, New York. It is dated June 22, 1896. The following is an extract taken from it:

"We stated months ago that the heat of the canvass would develop a stampede of sagacious political leaders toward gold. We stated months ago that the outcome at St. Louis would be exactly as it has been. We stated some weeks ago that the triumph of McKinley would be the downfall of silver. We now inform you that the joint vote of gold republicans and gold democrats will amount to a larger popular vote than was ever cast for any policy by the American people; that the joint gold men among democrats and republicans will hold an overwhelming majority in congress and control the senate of the United States. The pretended fear of free trade papers that the republican party would combine with the silver men in some compromise is extremest farce. Far sooner will democrats and republicans combine upon protection to the gold basis. If Chicago declares for free silver it will put all serious honest democrats out of the party. The fact is the silver craze is simply the gathering together of men who have not property, who do not represent serious occupation, who are the shallow, the idle, the adventurous, the insane element of superficial circles. To doubt the outcome of such a campaign is to doubt the country. Always has it turned out to be profitable to rely upon the judgment of the whole people of the United States, whether in peace or war."

The St. Louis Evening Journal, commenting on this, says:

"Could anything be plainer? Can't you see that they don't purpose to have the voter who is not a property owner mixing up in the affairs of this government?

"Isn't it plain enough now that the object of the Wall street horde is to come out openly and fight its cause, or, rather, to array capital against the mass of common people and make them fight the matter out for them?

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

TWO MEN CUT IN A SALOON.

Prospective Line of Steamers from Mobile to the Tropics—Foul Crime Near Mobile—A Young Man Died from Heat—Burglars Operating in Selma—Terrorism in Bibb County.

Complicity in the Musgrove Murder.

Gus Brown, brother of O. R. Brown, is in jail, charged with complicity in the murder of old man Musgrove.

Young Man Died from Heat.

Alex. M. Winn, Jr., a prominent young farmer near Huntsville, died Friday night from overheat in the field. He had been unwell, and exposed himself too soon.

Drowned in Mobile Bay.

Arthur Walker, aged 19; Miss Viola French, aged 20, and Miss Margaret Curry, aged 22, were drowned Sunday, while bathing at the mouth of Dog river, Mobile bay.

Ellis Long Pardoned.

Ellis Long, formerly of Wheelerville, who was sent to the coal mines seven years ago to serve an eighteen-year sentence for arson, has been pardoned, and is now in Mobile.

Severe Thunder Storm.

Edwardsville and vicinity was visited by a very severe thunder storm on Wednesday evening last, and trees and corn were blown down over an area of about four square miles.

Professor Liner Elected Principal.

At a meeting of the board of contract of the Southwest Alabama agricultural school, Prof. J. A. Liner was elected principal for five years and Prof. C. B. Glenn, of Auburn, made first assistant.

Burglars Operating Extensively.

Burglars have been operating extensively in the outskirts of Selma of late. Thursday morning the residence of Col. Quarles, solicitor of the circuit court, was entered, and that gentleman's pants, $5 in money and a watch and chain stolen.

Prospective Line of Steamers.

A. C. Bruner, of Spanish Honduras, is in Mobile for the purpose of purchasing a vessel to put at once into the carrying trade between Mobile and the tropics. If the venture is successful a regular line of steamers will be put on to trade with Central American ports.

Using River Water.

Capital City Water company, which supplies the people of Montgomery with pure artesian water, however at a good stiff cost, has been forced, on account of the long continued drouth which has prevailed, to supplement their supply with water pumped from the river. The Alabama river water is not regarded as wholesome, and some kicking will probably result.

Two Men Cut in a Saloon.

In a difficulty in Echols' saloon in Gadsden, Saturday evening at 8:30, Bill and Jim Griffin received several knife wounds at the hands of Will Coleman. The affray was the outcome of a wrestling match between Bill Griffin and Coleman earlier in the evening. The wounds are painful, but not serious. The Griffin boys were drinking. Coleman has disappeared.

Terrible and Destructive Cyclone.

A terrible and most destructive cyclone swept over Augustine, Perry county, on Thursday last, leveling everything in its path.

Twelve negroes and three white people were killed by houses falling in on them, and ten other persons more or less injured.

Twenty-four head of horses and mules were crushed to death by falling barns.

The cyclone was followed by the heaviest rain that has fallen in that section in fifteen years. Creeks and branches were converted into raging torrents, sweeping away cotton, corn and other crops, causing heavy losses to planters.

Terrific Storm in Lauderdale.

A terrific storm passed over Florence about 5 o'clock Sunday evening. Great damage was done, but no fatalities have been reported. The greatest damage was at the corner of Court and Tombigbee streets. There two frame houses were blown down, and awnings, chimneys and trees wrecked. Trees were uprooted all over town, and on Court street large plate glasses were broken by the fury of the wind.

The storm came from the north, the storm cloud being met by another black cloud from the southwest. It is thought that considerable damage has been done in the county. The storm lasted less than twenty minutes, and was accompanied with rain and hail.

Terrorism in Bibb.

The stable of N. L. Wilson, of Blocton, was burned, with its contents, including a pair of horses, Wednesday night about 12 o'clock. A local report of the affair says:

"There is no doubt that the fire was ignited by Thrasher. He had it in for Wilson. The latter is a brother-in-law of the late Deputy Sheriff Griffin Bass. Wilson also was hated by Thrasher because he on one or more occasions hauled Sheriff Latham and posse in his buggies while they were hunting for Thrasher or members of his family. Sheriff Latham was in Blocton at the time, but was unable to raise a posse. The people are afraid of the desperado, who seems to have two desperate men with him, and a large number of acquaintances as his friends and spotters.

Hell Has No Fouler Fiend.

Rev. Gardiner C. Tucker, rector of St. John's church (Episcopal), Mobile, and his family have been spending the summer at Battles Wharf, a resort on the eastern shore of Mobile bay, Alabama. At 3 o'clock Friday morning Mr. and Mrs. Tucker were aroused by a tapping at the back door of their home, and then a childish voice was heard crying out, "Please, mama, let me in." Astonished and alarmed, the parents opened the door to find their 6-year-old daughter lying on the steps. She was taken in, and soon told her awful story. In substance she said that a man had taken her from the house and into the woods, where he had injured her. She was out of the house about an hour. The man, she said, brought her back to the house, putting her down at the gate. She had dragged herself to the rear gallery and knocked at the door. She said that the man was short and thick set, of light complexion, and was a white man or a mulatto negro.

Mr. Tucker immediately aroused his neighbors, and searching parties were organized. By the light of torches, lanterns and lamps the country adjacent to Battles Wharf was thoroughly scoured.

By daybreak the whole community was on foot, but no definite clue could be obtained except that about 12 o'clock the children in the Catholic orphans' summer home, a half-mile away, had been alarmed by an intruder who came in at the window, and when the children asked what he wanted, replied: "The sisters." Then he returned. He was seen to be a negro. The man who entered Tucker's went in at the window, picked up the child from a bed, on which lay also a 12-year-old daughter of Mr. Tucker. The little victim did not awake until she was out of the house. Reporters have gone to the scene, but as yet nothing has been heard from them.

NOTIFICATION OF THE NOMINEES.

Two-score of Thousands Gather to Witness the Ceremony.

The ceremony of formal notification of W. J. Bryan and Arthur Sewall of their nomination for the presidency and vice-presidency of the United States, came off according to programme at Madison Square Garden, New York, Wednesday evening.

At 7 o'clock the doors were thrown open, and, despite the efforts of the police to restrain them, the crowds on every side made desperate rushes for the entrances. In the struggles many women fainted and had to be carried away. The police finally began to use their clubs in an effort to restore order.

A wild scene of turmoil ensued at the main entrance. Men, women and policemen were jumbled together in an indiscriminate mob. Men tore each other and their own clothes in their frantic efforts to gain admission, and matters looked serious for some moments. Shriek after shriek came from the women in the struggling mass, and two or three of them fainted. Then the police rallied and with a vigorous use of their clubs soon formed a line, and thereafter there was a semblance of order.

Governor Stone, of Missouri, made the notification speech, Senator White, of California, having been unexpectedly detained at home. Mr. Bryan read his acceptance speech from manuscript, announcing in his introductory remarks that he would at an early day give to the press a formal letter of acceptance. The reading of his address occupied one hour and forty minutes. He pronounced the peroration without reference to his manuscript.

At the conclusion of Mr. Bryan's address, Governor Stone formally notified Mr. Sewall of his nomination. It was some time before order could be restored sufficiently for Mr. Sewall to be heard. His response is said to have been dignified and brief, following the same line of argument laid down by Mr. Bryan.

After Mr. Sewall's address, Mr. Bryan, accompanied by his wife, went to the Bartholdi hotel, where he spoke again from the balcony.

Besides the crowd at Madison Square Garden there were a number of overflow meetings, the attendance at which is estimated at 15,000, who were addressed from eight separate stands, by more than a dozen speakers. These meetings were held under the direction of the Bryan and Sewall club of single taxers and the Bimetallic League.

Wild West Show.

The Demopolis Driving and Bicycle Association have succeeded in arranging with Buffalo Bill's Trained Band of Indians to play a game of Indian ball and dance the celebrated Ghost Dance at their park in Demopolis on Thursday, August 27. It is needless to say that this will be a most novel and exciting entertainment. The Indians will be decked out in all their wild barbaric splendor and will give a wild west show that will thrill the nerves of every spectator. After the ball the squaws will dance the Ghost Dance with their weird songs and gesticulations, which is intensely interesting.

In order to place the performance within the reach of every one the management have decided to place the entire show at the price of one admission, that is to say 50 cents for adults, 25 cents for children and 25 cents for all colored people. The fare on all roads will be 1⅓ for the round trip. Put aside your spare change and go to see this wonderful Wild West Show.

Wages Cut Ten Per Cent.

The Snead & Co. iron works, of Louisville, Ky., employing 300 men, has given notice of a 10 per cent reduction in wages, owing to the depressed condition of business resulting from the situation of the money question. The announcement is made that wages will no doubt be restored should the gold standard triumph.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of rsolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

POPULIST national headquarters will be in Washington with a branch office in Chicago.

ALL the newly elected county officers, with the exception of two, have filed their bonds; the two are nearly ready and will file theirs before the end of the week.

IN Chilton county the conceneus of opinion is that the cotton crop is just about one-half this season. Picking has generally commenced and ginning is about to begin. We hope our planters will go slow and not begin to rush their cotton to market. The market indications are good for a rise in price.

THE weekly crop report issued by the weather bureau at Washington on Tuesday last contains the following:

Alabama—Cotton failing fast under continued hot and generally dry weather; rust, shedding and premature opening general; picking progressing rapidly, but top crop almost a failure and bottom crop injured; partial showers in southern counties benefited late corn, cane and sorghum, but conditions unfavorable for all crops.

THE Republican state executive committee has been called to meet in Montgomery September 5.

WE have just returned from a short trip to southern Florida and our observations on the route are that crops are in bad condition. Cotton especially looks very poor and in spite of the early condition of the crop it was a noticeable fact that scarcely a bale is to be seen at any depot. This is conclusive evidence that throughout this section of the country planters are not rushing cotton to market. The orange groves still show the results of the big freeze but the trees are gradually recovering. We were informed that generally they will not bear much this season, but if no untoward event happens in the meantime next year they will be in good condition again. Politically we found Floridians are mostly Bryan and Watson men and will do their best to elect them. We found Tampa a most progressive and delightful city, and the heat not nearly so great as in Clanton or Birmingham.

THE following gentlemen were elected Justice's of the Peace for their respective beats:

1 J N Glasscock, W H Conway
2 D B Watts, B M Gentry
3 S E Waldrup, D C Hubbard
4 W D Z Foshee, J C Dennis
5 W H Strock, J J McDowell
6 E B Deason, R W Scott
7 J D McGhee
8 G F Martin, J E McCullough
9 Chas Childress, B N Martin.

Mr. H. Wingate of Verbena received the largest number of votes for coroner.

DEMOCRATS will hold beat meetings next Saturday morning at 10:30 to elect delegates to the county congressional convention to be held at Clanton Tuesday 25th inst. The Fourth district convention is to be held at Selma on Friday the 28th inst. There are several candidates in the field, but we are inclined to think Plowman of Talladega will secure the nomination.

Every Populist realizes that in this coalition of the silver forces Mr. Bryan stands for organized Democracy and Mr. Watson for organized Populism. They say that they have not demanded the disbandment of the Democratic party as a preliminary to co-operation, and that no such demand should be made of them.

They say that if the Democratic managers are candid and honest they should not weaken the cause of free silver by demanding the death of the only party which was its champion in 1893, when Democrats and Republicans were closing the mints.

In short, the Populists have caught on to the situation, swiftly and fully. They see that two plans are offered them by which they can help Mr. Bryan and free silver. The Chicago Democratic plan requires that the People's party have no national ticket in the field, and that every Populist stultify himself by voting for Mr. Sewall, of Maine. The St. Louis Populist plan gives every Populist vote to Mr. Bryan, but at the same time keeps a Populist on the national ticket, and thereby preserves the party from annihilation.

How can any true Populist hesitate between these two alternatives? So forceful is the logic of the St. Louis policy, that as fast as the rank and file of our party can make itself heard and felt, the Democratic fusion plan (whose secret motto is "Death to Populism") is shoved aside. * * * Another feature of the campaign which becomes every day more pronounced is that Mr. Watson, and not Mr. Sewall, is the choice of the southern Democrats.—Tom Watson in People's Party Paper.

In May and June certain cotton experts estimated that the cotton crop this year would approximate 10,000,000 bales, and sales of futures were made upon that basis. In our dispatches of yesterday a cotton expert of Denison, Tex., expressed the opinion that the crop will be under 7,000,000 bales. This estimate may be a little out of the way, but it is conceded that the crop will be much short of early estimates. Suppose the shortage should be 1,225,000 bales, at even 6 cents a pound, or $30 a bale, that would mean a loss of nearly $40,000,000 to the south. And the extremely hot weather is the chief factor in the deterioration of the condition of the growing cotton. It cannot be estimated with any degree of accuracy what the losses on other crops injured by the hot weather amount to, but it is safe to say they are somewhere in the millions.—Savannah Morning News.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., August 20.

After putting up a straight Bryan and Watson ticket of electors the Populists of Louisiana authorized the state executive committee to make such changes as action of the national executive committee might make necessary.

The platform of the People's party of Texas contains several ideas new to declared Populism, including a demand that all notes and other securities shall be rendered for taxation, and when secured upon real estate then the real estate shall be exempt from taxation to the amount of said security. The platform also demands an eight hour work day for artisans and mechanics and an amendment to the vagrant laws that will prevent the prosecution as criminals of laborers while in enforced idleness, and condemns the placing of raw materials on the free list.

The platform of Pennsylvania Populists favors fusion with the free silver democrats, but threatens repudiation of the state democracy unless the seventeen gold men on the electoral ticket are taken down.

The People's party of West Virginia nominated for governor Isaac Cox Ralphsnider of Fairmont, the free silver democrat who seems certain of nomination by his own party. The nomination of Ralphsnider was opposed by Judge J. A. Steally.

J. Edd Leslie, state chairman of the People's party of Pennsylvania, says: "The national leaders have a scheme to 'dump' both Sewall and Watson. Joseph Sibley, who refused the vice-presidential nomination at Chicago, will be agreed upon as a second place compromise. He has made up his mind to accept and Watson is willing to quit if Sewall can be brought to see his duty." No information from any other source comes as yet to confirm the statements of Chairman Leslie.

The democracy of Kentucky seems to be in sore need of Populist assistance to insure the success of the Bryan ticket in that state. Gold democrats are leaving the party by hundreds. In one county of the state 644 former democrats have signed a statement pledging themselves to vote the republican ticket. Logan Carlisle, son of Secretary Carlisle, is out in a statement repudiating the democratic party.

Populists of the Thirteenth Illinois district have nominated for congress Frank Palmar, of Clinton, who was previously nominated by the democrats.

Noah Allen, the old chairman of the Kansas Farmers' Alliance, has been nominated for congress by the Populists of the Tenth Texas district, in which Galveston is located.

Senator Squire, of Washington, who has been one of the foremost republican leaders in the senate, has publicly announced his intention of voting for Bryan.

Senator W. A. Peffer, of Kansas, authorizes the statement that he is a candidate for re election.

The People's party state executive committee of California has by address endorsed the nomination of Bryan, but announces that it will have none of Sewall. A committee has been appointed to confer with the democrats to arrange an electoral ticket upon a basis of the proportionate vote, the Populist electors to vote for Watson.

The state convention of Kansas endorsed the nomination of both Bryan and Watson.

A full ticket of Bryan and Watson electors has been put out by the Populists of Arkansas.

Jerry Simpson has been re-nominated for congress by both Populists and democrats of the Seventh Kansas district.

Eugene V. Debs declares that Indiana will go for Bryan by at least 25,000.

Georgia Populists have put a full state ticket in the field, headed by Seaborn Wright for governor. The convention authorized the state central committee at any time that Arthur Sewall should be withdrawn from the democratic ticket to withdraw six Populist electors and place six democrats in their stead.

trees

live sometimes when girdled nearly around. Nature ever labors to repair damage, and after a time, the wounded surfaces are nicely healed. Some persons live and fully recover, even after consumption has made cavities in the lungs. In this struggle we can greatly aid nature by giving **Scott's Emulsion** of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. The oil supplies needed fat, and the hypophosphites tone up the nerves. The decline in weight ceases. A positive gain begins, and once again there is promise of life and health. *It is never too late to try.*

Scott's Emulsion *has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.*

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Maplesville Music.

Hot and dry yet, all are suffering from intense heat. We have had but a light shower on the 9th,

Visitors to our very healthy locality are like the brook "come and go forever."

We do not claim a boom, but are improving steady.

T. U. Crumpton is having both his dwelling and store improved. Misses Mary and Susie McGee and Mrs. Berry are now his visitors.

Miss Ethel DuBose has been entertaining Misses Wright and Stewart of Selma.

Mr. Needham Graham entertained his friends with a most enjoyable lawn party; some friends complained of a chilly reception when the delicious ice cream was served.

SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

Burwell.

Married at the residence of the bride's father on 13th inst., Miss Callie Robinson and Mr. E. A. Norris, Rev. I. Bice officiating; the bride is both beautiful and accomplished. To possess a treasure so pure is worth the striving for and the groom has reason to be proud over the victory he has won; we wish them a long and happy life. It takes a rich man to draw a check, a pretty girl to draw attention, a free lunch to draw a crowd.

There is some sickness at this place at present.

J. G. Jones returned to Montgomery last Monday to have his eyes treated again.

John Mims and wife paid us a flying visit a few days ago.

REX.

* * *

Musical Convention.

Mudtown musical convention will hold its next annual session at South Calera church, August 22 and 23 instead of Providence church as their new house at Providence is not completed. All interested will please note the change and attend by 9 o'clock on Saturday.

J. E. CREEL.
Sec-Treas.

* * *

Kincheon.

There will be a Sunday-school celebration August 23 at the Shelby Jones' school house. Invitation to all. Dinner expected to be brought out.

SUPT.

State Executive Committee.

The state executive committee is hereby called to meet in the city of Birmingham at the Opera House hotel on Thursday, September 3rd. Business of importance will come before the committee and a full attendance is desired.

G. B. DEANS, chairman.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Collins' Chapel September 11, 12, 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a.m. Devotional exercises.

9:30 a.m. Welcome address, J. D. Collins.

10 a.m. What is teaching? W. S. Garner, Miss M. V. Palmer.

11 a.m. Child study, G. L. Speer Miss Sophie Mullins. Recess.

2 p.m. How should Arithmetic be taught? Wm. Askins, Miss Jennie Wilson.

2:30 p.m. The requisites for successful teaching, J. E. Creel.

3 p.m. Public education, C. C. Slaton.

SATURDAY—9 a.m. Nature's own text-book, Alex Moore, Miss Ida Robinson.

10 a.m. Modes of preventing whispering, W. R. Headley.

11 a.m. Educational address. C. C. Slaton. Recess.

2 p.m. Public school law, E. Y. McMorries.

2:30 p.m. The work of the primary teacher, A. B. Harwood, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3 p.m. How to teach reading, R. E. R. Hicks.

Collins' Chapel is located two and a half miles from Strasburg. There will be conveyance for teachers from Strasburg and return. This being the last Institute in this scholastic year, all the teachers are expected to attend.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

Program of S. S. Convention

of the Mulberry Association to be held with Pleasant Grove church, beginning on Friday before the 5th Sunday in August, 1896.

FRIDAY—Preaching at 11 o'clock by Sutton Smitherman.

Welcome address by Z. J. Jones.

Should teachers in order to be successful make a pointed application of their lessons? Discussed by J. E. Jones, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Gentry and others.

Can any one who is not a Christian teach the Scriptures correctly? Discussed by J. Bice, David Jackson, A. Glasscock and others.

SATURDAY—Song service at 9.30 conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan.

10 o'clock Sunday-school experience meeting, opened by W. R. Dawson, continued by D. B. Smitherman, A. J. Lee, W. A. Mimms and others.

What effect has the teaching of the Bible on civilization? Discussed by J. C. Hicks, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Allen and others.

Can we obtain a knowledge of the Bible independent of the Sunday-school, as well as in it? Discussed by R. M. Honeycutt, W. A. Wood, W. G. Riggins and others.

What is the intention of the Sunday-school—salvation of souls or to give a knowledge of the Bible? Discussed by G. W. Freeman, Wm. Reynolds, A. L. Foshee and others.

SUNDAY—9 o'clock Song service conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan.

What is the greatest enemy to Christianity, and what are the means used by the enemy, and how can we overcome them? Discussed by H. L. Hicks and S. M. Adams,

At 11 o'clock preaching.

All Christian Sunday-school workers are invited to attend.

COMMITTEE.

Program of S. S. Convention

of Unity Association, to convene with Mulberry church, Chilton county, August 28-30.

FRIDAY—10 a.m. Devotional exercises W. J. Fleming.

11 Sermon J. M. McCord.

2 p.m. The importance of Sunday-school work J. G. Harris.

SATURDAY—9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises, 30 minutes, R. J. Long.

10 The duty of parents to foster the Sunday-school, F. M. Woods.

11 The best plan for conducting the Sunday-school, T. L. Long.

2 p.m. The best preparation for teaching, J. M. McCord.

3 The Sunday-school as related to missions, W. J. Ruddick.

SUNDAY—9:30 a.m. Sunday-school mass meeting, T. L. Jones and J. G. Harris.

11 Missionary Sermon W. D. Gay.

All of the churches in our Association are earnestly requested to send delegates to this convention, with letter giving full statistics of their Sunday-school. A cordial invitation is extended to all who can attend.

J. G. LOWREY, Ch'n.

Program of the Weogufka 2d district.

To be held with Cane Creek church to begin on Friday, 11 a.m. before the 4th Sabbath in August, 1896.

1. What is the duty of Baptists to preach their practical or distinctive doctrines? Rev. Robert Long.
2. What is the duty of the church to its pastor, and the pastor to the church? Rev. J. Bice.
3. What relation are we as Baptists to other religious denominations? Rev. B. H. Vickery.
4. What is the most needful duty that deacons should perform towards the church and aid to the pastor? Rev. J. E. Champion.
5. What is the duty of parents to their children in regard to the home and Sabbath training? Rev. Joseph Thomas.
6. What is home missions and our duty to it? Rev. W. J. Bone; Foreign missions and our duty to it? Rev. L. E. Pounds.

Mission sermon to be preached on Sunday at 11 a.m. by Rev. J. M. Tod.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

The State Alliance.

Pinckard, Ala., July 18, 1896.

The State Alliance will hold its next session in Ozark, Dale county, on the 8th and 9th days of September. We hope every county in the State will have a representative present, and as many visiting brethren of the order as possible as matters of unusual moment will come before us.

J. O. PINCKARD,
Pres. Ala. State Alliance.

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GREEN SEAL The Phoenix Oil Co. CLEVELAND, O. GREEN SEAL

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Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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CLANTON ALA.

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LARGEST ASSORTMENT. —LOWEST PRICES.

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The great Family Remedy

No home should be without a bottle of V. V. V., the great specific for all diseases of the blood—a true boon to ailing man and woman. A health and strength restorative of the highest efficacy. V. V. V., a purely vegetable preparation of sterling worth, acts directly on the blood, purifying, renewing and giving new life to every part of the system. Diseases of many years standing quickly succumb to V. V. V.; the ills of the hour are at once rectified, while the system is completely fortified against sickness.

A positive and permanent cure for Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, Malaria, Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Rheumatism in all its forms and blood poison of any nature. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A treatise will be mailed free to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

WANTED!

We want honest, pushing, active salesmen to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience necessary, no capital required. Applicants must however furnish their own horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500 honesty bond is required. Address,

The Singer M'f'g. Co.,
Montgomery, Ala.

Cotton is quoted this morning in Clanton at 7¼ cents. About 9 bales have been brought into town to date.

C. Knox went to Birmingham yesterday.

Mr. Joe Johnson went to Montgomery Monday.

Dr. J. P. Hayes, of Maplesville, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Sidney Blasingame is visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. Sid Johnson, of Birmingham, was in town this week.

Squire Adams went to Montgomery yesterday evening.

Mrs. J. W. Johnson visited friends in Sylacauga this week.

Miss Helen Ehrman left last Sunday to visit relatives in Selma.

Miss Hattie Belle Aldridge, of Birmingham, is visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. John McMath, of Montevallo, is visiting Squire VanDerveer's family.

There will be services in the Episcopal church Monday evening, Aug. 24, at 8 p.m.

Miss Willie Phillips after a pleasant visit to relatives at Jasper, Ala., returned home Saturday.

Miss French Evans after visiting Piedmont and Randolph, Ala., returned home to the delight of her many friends last Friday evening.

The young people again enjoyed another entertainment at Mrs. Hunt's last Monday evening. All report having had a delightful time.

Miss Tampa Cherry after a delightful stay here returned to her home this morning leaving a tender hearted and gallant young gent feeling lonely over her departure.

Died on Tuesday at the home of his parents at Benson, Tom, second son of Sheriff-elect Cooley. His death was caused by pneumonia, accelerated by overheating himself. He was a young man, about eighteen years old, of great promise, and his demise is greatly regretted by a large circle of friends who mourn with the bereaved parents.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kemp's cements, 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KEMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Colored. John Davis and Tilda Goodwin; John Nix and Tulu Williams.

Notice of dissolution of Partnership

Notice is hereby given that the partnership hitherto existing between A. C. Smith and J. C. Dennis is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. C. SMITH,
J. C. DENNIS,

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,228.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August, 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Tom McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does

HEART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient becomes alarmed and a nervous panic takes place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Wineinger, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes; "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpitation, pain in my left side, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects, I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded.

Notice to Delinquent Taxpayers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

To J. M. Hanlin:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to-wit:

B-AT 5.

S ½ of ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and e ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ sec 1 tp 20 r 15 tax and costs $53.57.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday, August 31, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same together with fees and costs.

This 30th day of July, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18226.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz.: L. B Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Bearden, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18227.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: Louis B. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼, section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John Ed Beardin, J. W. Worthy, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

LOOK HERE! HOW IS THIS?

Five thousand men and women, boys and girls, wanted to sell "TOUCHING INCIDENTS AND REMARKABLE ANSWERS TO PRAYER." A wonderful book just from the press. No book sells so fast, everybody wants one. A great harvest for agents. Good pay from the beginning. There are two editions beautifully bound, well printed on good book paper. The "CHILDREN'S EDITION" has 42 new cuts designed and made especially for this work. It is composed of articles that apply especially to children and is read with great delight.

Price, by mail or through agents 35 cents. The large edition contains 320 pages, bound in silk with red edges, stamped in silver gilt on side and back. Price by mail or through agents $1.00.

Don't delay but if you know a good thing when you see it, apply at once for agency to

T. B. HAYNIE,
Gate City, Ala.

Notice to Non-resident.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county. }

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh district, North-eastern Chancery division.

Rudolph Ehrman, Complainant, vs. W. H. Merritt et al Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Rudolph Ehrman that the Defendant, M. J. Bond is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that that he resides at Clarksburg in the State of Mississippi, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant the Defendant is over the age of twenty one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said M. J. Bond, to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS
$35 to $80
Complete, Ready For Use.
30 Years in Use all Over the World
No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.
CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

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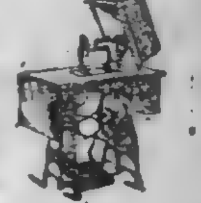
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.



GET THE BEST
When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and
Most Popular
for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is
Light Running
There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the
NEW HOME
It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.
WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of sw qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton county. }

In Chancery at Clanton Alabama. Seventh District, Northeastern chancery division. July 20, 1896.

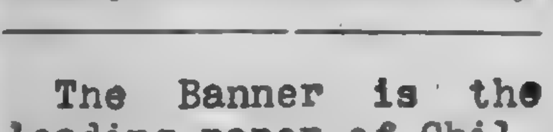
W. H. Coker & Co., Complainant, vs. J. G. M. Burke, et al., Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of W. M Adams that the Defendants in the cross bill, W. H. Coker & Co., are non-residents of the State of Alabama, and to the best of affiant's knowledge, information and belief, said defendants are over the age of twenty-one years, and that their post office and residence are Rome Floyd county, in the state of Georgia.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Banner a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring them the said W. H. Coker & Co. to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against them in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.



A BOON TO HUMANITY!
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
Greatest Discovery of 19th Century. Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.
CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE, WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.
It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.
J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the nature, breathing, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."
DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."
INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."
DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."
Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address
Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Softens the Hands.
Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.
Cured His Mother.
CARTHAGE, MO., July 28, 1895.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY BAHM.
It Acts Like a Charm.
SALEM, Ala., April 6, 1892.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions; the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm."
D. W. FLOYD M. D.
If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.
Young Ladies employed on the same terms.
If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.
ACME CYCLE COMPANY, ELKHART, IND.

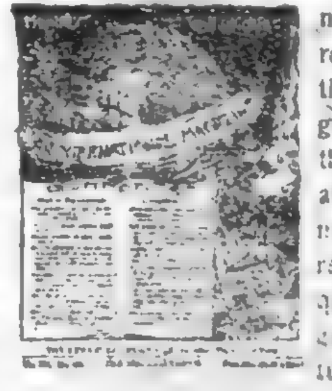
FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct. 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.
DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.
CONOVER PIANOS
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS
WERE GIVEN
HIGHEST AWARDS
At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.
CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
The Through Cars
Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST,
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,
Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial



"ALL THE MAGAZINES IN ONE."
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Edited by ALBERT SHAW.
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.
Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.
The Literary World says: "We are deeply impressed from month to month with the value of the 'REVIEW OF REVIEWS,' which is a sort of Eiffel Tower for the survey of the whole field of periodical literature. And yet it has a mind and voice of its own, and speaks out with decision and sense on all public topics of the hour. It is a singular combination of the monthly magazine and the daily newspaper. It is daily in its freshness; it is monthly in its method. It is the world under a field glass."
FIVE MONTHS FOR $1.00.
ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION $2.50.
THREE RECENT SAMPLES 25 cents.
Agents find it the Most Profitable Magazine.
Sold on all News Stands. Single Copy, 25 cents.
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
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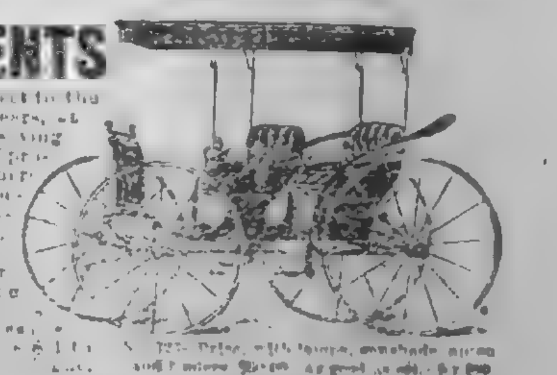
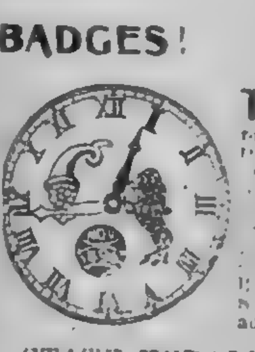


WE HAVE NO AGENTS
ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.



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STATE HERALD BADGE DEP'T.
Birmingham, Ala.

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If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.
FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.
DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
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JOB PRINTING AT THE BANNER OFFICE
FIRST-CLASS WORK
LOWEST PRICES

P. P. P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!
Superior To All Sarsaparillas.
Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (Lippman's Great Remedy), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.
For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.
Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.
P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.
Read The Truth And Be Convinced.
A Wonderful Cure.
I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P. and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.
Testimony from the Mayor.
I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.
From Two Well-known Physicians.
We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.
Hot Springs Surpassed.
A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.
Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.
I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.
The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (Lippman's Great Remedy,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.
P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.
The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.
P. P. P. (Lippman's Great Remedy), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.
LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

GOOD NEWS.

Successful Treatment of Consumption by a Birmingham (Ala.) Physician.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Dr. R. M. Russell, of the Medico-Surgical Institute, of this city, has demonstrated, beyond a doubt, that the dread disease of consumption can be cured by the use of his Electro Medical Apparatus, in connection with the X-Rays. This Electro Medical Apparatus manufactures the same kind of electricity that makes the X-Ray, and this is used to conduct medicines into diseased tissues of the body. It was originated by Dr. Russell and has been in use in his Institution for about five years.

By the aid of the X-Ray machine, equipped with one of the improved tubes of Dr. Russell's own invention, together with the Fluoroscope, he is enabled to locate, exactly, any defective organ of the body and then by the application of proper remedies, by means of Electro-Medication, he is enabled to successfully deal with the worst cases of consumption, having recently effected remarkable cures on more than twenty different persons. By the same means the doctor successfully treats all ovarian as well as pulmonary troubles. In the treatment of ovarian troubles and all chronic diseases of women, the doctor has been quite successful. He spent a large portion of last year in Europe, introducing his method of treatment in the hospitals at the great centers. Dr. Russell has persistently refused to let the announcement of his discovery go out to the public until now, for the reason that he wished to thoroughly demonstrate the fact that consumption could be cured. He is an untiring student and worker, and ranks high among the eminent scientists of the world.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE,

Florence, Ala.—Its Low Rates—Its Excellent Training—The Demand for Its Graduates.

One hundred dollars will defray a year's expense, including board. Of this, not more than $15 will be required in any one month.

Its teachers are specialists. No institution in Alabama has a stronger faculty. The academic work of the several departments is of the highest order. In addition, careful attention is paid throughout to the Theory and Practice of teaching. Before graduating every student has a year's experience in teaching, under careful critics.

As a natural consequence, its graduates are in strong demand. There is no surer way to a good position in Alabama than to satisfactorily take the course. Furthermore, President Powers keeps track of all graduates and in many ways assists them to position and advancement.

Graduates of high schools and colleges and teachers of experience may take the professional course and graduate in one year.

These points should commend themselves to parents and young teachers. President James K. Powers will be glad to send catalogue and give further information on request.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Some persons win a certain social recognition by claiming to be tired of strawberries while they are yet high priced.

First

last and always advertised as a true blood purifier, the most wonderful cures on record are made and the greatest sales are won by

Hood's

Be sure to get Hood's, only Hood's **Sarsaparilla**

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

TAKE AND BE HEALED
THE GREAT SPIRIT PLANTED IT

WOMAN'S RELIEF

for monthly pains in the sides, hips, back, neck, shoulders, head and limbs.

These pains are symptoms of dangerous derangements peculiar to women.

McElree's Wine of Cardui corrects these derangements, cures Whites and falling of the Womb, relieves Suppressed Menstruation and flooding, quiets the nerves and brings happiness to afflicted women.

For Sale by Medicine Dealers at ONE DOLLAR A BOTTLE.

1884 BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE BIRMINGHAM, ALA. SHORTHAND BOOKKEEPING &c. WE PAY YOUR R. R. FARE. SHORTHAND BY MAIL. LESSON FREE

TELLS YOUR FORTUNE, with picture of your future husband or wife. Send 10c., date of birth. ASTROLOGER, Box 1773, Boston, Mass.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 34. 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

HEAVY BANK ROBBERY IN IDAHO.

A Girl Poisons Father, Mother, Brother and Two Others—Great Mortality from Heat—A Steel Mill Closes Down—Passenger Train Wrecked, Two Deaths Resulting.

The cool wave reached Boston Thursday. At noon the thermometer was 76, against 87 at the same hour the day before.

State conventions of the national democratic party have been called as follows: Iowa, August 26; Maine, August 20; Illinois, August 25.

Passenger train No. 44 on the Lake Shore was wrecked by a washout near Elkhart, Ind., Thursday morning, and the engineer and fireman were killed.

On Wednesday night sixteen prisoners broke out of jail at Bowling Green, Ky. Four of them returned Friday of their own accord, and the others are still at large.

Michigan Buggy company's plant, at Kalamazoo, was damaged to the extent of $65,000 by fire Thursday night; insurance, $40,000; about a third of the plant burned.

The dead from heat in New York city Thursday numbers 64, and the prostrations 123. Horses died faster than the health department could move the carcasses from the streets.

At Paterson, N. J., William H. Moses, editor of the Morning Call, was stricken at his desk Wednesday night by the heat, and died shortly after. He was 32 years of age, and leaves a widow.

At Hartford, Conn., five more deaths attributable to the extreme heat were reported Thursday morning, making twenty-four in all during four days. The thermometer registered 96 degrees.

Deputy Sheriff William Nance, of Rockwood, Tenn., levied on 130 mules belonging to Ward & Courtney, contractors, for debts accruing from work on the Tennessee Central. There is a prospect of settlement.

A dispatch from Bangkok to the London Globe says that large bands of brigands have attacked the missions at Petrim and plundered the houses. Several persons who resisted the brigands were wounded.

At Providence, R. I., the maximum temperature reached at 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon was 96.5. One degree warmer than the previous day. Eleven deaths were reported, making a total of twenty-five in three days.

At Baltimore the thermometer reached 92 degrees between 2 and 3 p. m. Thursday, and sank to 71 during a thunder-storm at 8 o'clock p. m. There were nine heat fatalities reported, making a total of ninety-eight during the present heated term.

There were eight deaths from heat in Jersey City Thursday, five in Hoboken, five in Newark four in Elizabeth and seven in Paterson, among them William H. Morse, editor of a morning paper. There were twenty-one deaths in Brooklyn.

Later returns from Montpelier, Ida., place the amount taken from the Bank of Montpelier by the three robbers Thursday at $10,000. The outlaws struck out for the Jackson Hole country, with the sheriff and a posse of thirty men in pursuit.

The American Steel Foundry Company's plant at Granite City, Mo., closed down Thursday on account of lack of orders. About 400 workmen are thrown out of employment. The foundry is not expected to be in operation again until after November 1.

J. M. Montgomery's store at Point Rock, Roane county, Tenn., was burned Sunday night. Thought to be incendiary. Loss about $120. J. H. Byrd's barn was burned at the same place on Sunday during a storm. It is supposed to have been set on fire by lightning.

For several hours Thursday at Nashville the temperature was 96 degrees. About 3 p. m. a strong wind, with rain, in the vicinity of the city, lowered the temperature greatly. This is the nineteenth day consecutively the temperature has been 90 degrees and over. No heat prostrations are reported.

At Philadelphia, August 13th, the thermometer registered its highest at 94 degrees at 1:30 o'clock. In the evening a light breeze sprang up, followed about midnight by a light shower, which cooled the air a little. By midnight the list of dead had increased to eleven. There were over thirty prostrations.

The employes of the Adams Express Company in New York city and Jersey City went out on a strike at 1 o'clock Saturday morning. The men complain that they were made to work too many hours in the day, and that old employes were discharged for no other purpose than to reduce wages. Between 500 and 600 men are affected.

The New York Times was purchased Thursday for a new company, in which Adolph S. Ochs, of Chattanooga, has the controlling interest. Mr. Ochs is to be the publisher and general manager, with absolute control. The sale was merely a formal proceeding, the outcome of a reorganization of the New York Times company.

"Jase" Shoat, the negro who assaulted S. H. Adkins near Harriman, Tenn., last Tuesday, was captured Wednesday night. He was arraigned for trial Thursday, but waived examination and was bound over to circuit court in the sum of $1,500, in default of which he was sent to jail. Very little change in Adkins' condition, who is seriously injured.

The J. C. Morris company, limited, woodenware, paper, rope, etc., 324 to 330 Tchoupitoulas street, New Orleans, burned Friday night. A heavy stock was on hand. The entire establishment is a total loss. The wholesale grocery store of Henry Lochte & Co. was also considerably damaged by fire and water. The loss will probably exceed $75,000, partially insured.

A reward of $50 has been offered by the colored people for the capture of John Swanson, the brakeman on the Cincinnati Southern railway who murdered Charles Allen and Alex Alexander, colored, at Robbins, Tenn., last week. The entire community has requested the attorney-general and Governor Turney to take immediate steps to secure the fugitive's arrest.

The Manhansett hotel, at Shelter Island, one of the largest and most fashionable hotels on the Long Island coast, took fire early Thursday. There were no means at hand of combating the flames, and engines had to be brought from a distance. The whole south side of the hotel was burned, entailing a loss of $100,000. Most of the baggage of the guests was saved.

Miss Celia Rose, aged 23, has been arrested, charged with poisoning her father and mother, David Rose and wife, and her brother, Walter. They live on a farm twelve miles from Mansfield, O. Her motive was revenge for objections to the attentions of a neighboring young man. She mixed poison with cottage cheese, and gave it to them June 24. She at last confessed the crime and was arrested.

William Meeks last week found in Elk river, near Fayetteville, Tenn., a handsome pearl, which he sold to Mr. Brossard, a local jeweler, for $56. He also found several small pearls during the week, and made all together $75. Mr. Brossard pays out from $300 to $500 a year for pearls found in the county, and quite a number are sold to other parties. Total sales variously estimated up to $5,000 a year. Reasonable estimate, $1,000.

In the English house of commons Thursday the secretary of state for home affairs, Sir Matthew White Ridley, announced that upon the medical report it had been decided to release on license Daly, Delaney, Gallaher and Whitehead, the four Irishmen imprisoned for conspiracy against the government in connection with the dynamite explosion of some years back. All of the released men were arrested during the dynamite scares of 1883 and 1884.

At Washington, between 2 and 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon the mercury at the weather bureau registered 95, but by 6 o'clock it had dropped 16 degrees, and rain fell for two hours. At 10 o'clock p. m. the temperature was 70, and at midnight another heavy rain fell. In the afternoon W. D. Hughes, a well known character, and formerly editor of a paper in the District, was found dead in his room, the indications all pointing to his having been a victim of the intense heat.

The temperature in New York city at 2:30 p. m. Thursday was 93. The total number of deaths from heat was thirty-six, which is a marked falling off from the record of the previous two days. The total number of heat prostrations was 144, or less than one-third of the number for the previous day. Reports received from Brooklyn up to noon place the number of deaths in that city from heat Thursday at eleven and the prostrations at fifteen. In Jersey City Thursday morning there was one death from heat, and five prostrations.

On the charge of her husband's murder, Mrs. Sallie Jones was arrested Friday, in Chattanooga, Tenn., and committed to prison without bond. The woman's paramour, Robert McRay, was also incarcerated with her as an accessory. The husband, Thad Jones, was a railroad man. He came home two weeks since rather unexpectedly and discovered clandestine relations existing between the man and his wife. Jones suddenly took sick, and when he died Friday his physicians announced that his symptoms strongly suggested poisoning.

Failures in New York.

Henry A. Casperfeld, dealer in diamonds and jewelry at 144 Bowery, 859 Broadway, New York, and in Saratoga, N. Y., assigned Thursday to Morris J. Hirsch without preference. He has been in business for sixteen years, and succeeded Casperfeld & Cleveland in 1890. He claimed a capital of $200,000.

S. F. Meyers & Co., wholesale jewelers and dealers in bicycles at 48 Maiden Lane, are financially embarrassed, and Louis Clark, Jr., was appointed receiver Thursday with a bond of $200,000. The liabilities of the firm are $517,000 and the nominal assets $819,000. They have been in business sixteen years, and trade with 6,000 firms throughout the United States and South American countries. They are controlling stockholders in the Olympic Cycle Manufacturing company.

Wire Used for Cotton Ties.

The board of directors of the Charleston cotton exchange met Thursday and adopted the following resolution in regard to the bale of cotton bound with wire which was sent there to be tested a few days ago:

Resolved, That the bale received was tested and stood the strain of compressing; that so far as the exporting of cotton bound with wire is concerned this exchange cannot pass an official opinion in the absence of a majority of the exporters from the city, but as far as we can see at present we think the cotton baled in this way will be received by the exporters, provided the cotton is uncompressed and is wired as the sample bale sent us for inspection.

About Pneumatic Tires.

It has long been a question as to whether a double-tube or single-tube tire enables a rider to make the best time, in a race, and thousands of dollars have been paid by tire makers and promoters to prove their claims.

Tire makers have maintained racing teams at great expense, and some of them are beginning to think that this large expense is rank extravagance. These same advertisers have, however, done much to make the sport of bicycle riding attractive, and have done more than all other influences put together to show the possibilities of the bicycle. The kickers are those makers whose tires have failed.

The bicycle stands today as practically the only attractive form of outdoor sport, and is proved to be one of the most healthy and useful forms of recreation, furnishing an incentive for outdoor exercise, something that Americans particularly were much in need of until the bicycle came into general use. This is the opinion of those tire makers whose tires have not failed—the double-tubers—and who are willing to go on with the expense, since it is so much to their advantage.

It is now conceded by all who pretend to a knowledge of the bicycle, and of tires, that the double-tube tire is the most practical, and, at the same time, the fastest form of tire in the world.

In the so-called single-tube tire, wherein the whole fabric of the tire is cemented and vulcanized together, the walls of the tire are made of several layers of fabric, and the tires thus made are stiff and unyielding, as compared with the double-tube tire, in which the inner lining is free to move independently of the outer wearing cover.

All the important speed records of the world are now held by the double tube tires, and during the present year it is interesting to note that nearly all of the fastest riders of the United States are mounted on this form of tire.

As the racing man loses no opportunity to select such apparatus as will conduce to the fast item of speed, realizing that his reputation, salary and consequent glory depend upon his success as a racing man and a winner, he has gradually abandoned the single-tube form of tire and taken to the double-tube. As a result of this the records have been repeatedly lowered in the last year, and new records are now being made almost daily. It is apparent that the days of the single-tube are numbered, and that in a short time no racing man will feel properly equipped unless mounted on a double-tube tire.

An important point in favor of double tube tires is that they are greatly more durable. The single tube tire is all right for a very short time, but its average life, owing to the peculiarities of its construction, is but a few months. When the single-tube is once punctured it seems impossible to repair it so that it will remain air-tight. The plugs, whether vulcanized in or not, soon work loose, beside disfiguring the tire and making hard lumps, which on a smooth road can be felt at each revolution of the wheel.

The United States are about two years late in trying the single-tube tire. It was thoroughly tested out in use, in England and on the Continent, two years ago, and has been completely abandoned there because of lack of durability, impossibility of repairs, and the constant accompaniment of slow leaks which cannot be located.

It is a very difficult matter to make a tire air-tight. The holding of the air depends upon the integrity of the inner lining. In tires from which this inner lining cannot be removed, it is impossible to make them air-tight for any length of time. It is important for a new rider to know that many leaks are from causes that cannot be located on the outer surface of the tire, hence the importance of having the tube which contains the air removable for inspection and repair.

Private Bankers Suspended.

North & Taylor, private bankers, who did business at 959 West Madison street, Chicago, suspended Tuesday. The bank's depositors are working men and the total amount of their savings is placed at $100,000. The firm had a capital of $50,000. Charles A. North and Louis D. Taylor, the partners, have been in business for several years. They were compelled to discontinue business because of the extraordinary condition of the money market and inability to realize on securities. Depositors are promised full payment. The Equitable Trust Company was appointed receiver.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,

Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

Membership of the Legislature.

The following is a corrected list of members of the next general assembly of Alabama:

SENATE—DISTRICTS.

First, Lauderdale and Limestone, Ben M. Sowell, dem.

Second, Lawrence and Morgan, David W. Day, rep.

Third, Winston, Blount and Cullman, W. G. Brown, dem.

Fourth, Madison, Oscar R. Hundley, dem.

Fifth, Jackson and Marshall, Hall, pop.

Sixth, St. Clair and Etowah, J. S. E. Robinson, pop.

Seventh, Calhoun and Cleburne, John W. Abercrombie, dem.

Eighth, Talladega and Clay, H. L. McElderry, dem.

Ninth, Randolph and Chambers, T. I. Thomason, dem.

Tenth, Tallapoosa and Coosa, R. S. Nolen, pop.

Eleventh, Tuskaloosa, Frank S. Moody, dem.

Twelfth, Lamar, Fayette and Walker, J. L. Hollis, pop.

Thirteenth, Jefferson, R. M. Cunningham, dem.

Fourteenth, Pickens and Sumter, John A. Rogers, dem.

Fifteenth, Chilton, Shelby and Elmore, G. B. Dean, pop.

Sixteenth, Autauga and Lowndes, Willis Brewer, dem.

Seventeenth, Butler, Conecuh and Covington, A. W. Deans, pop.

Eighteenth, Perry and Bibb, W. F. Hogue, dem.

Nineteenth, Clark, Choctaw and Washington, Isaac Grant, dem.

Twentieth, Marengo, Mims Walker, dem.

Twenty-first, Monroe, Escambia and Baldwin, C. S. Lee, dem.

Twenty-second, Wilcox, John Q. Kilpatrick, dem.

Twenty-third, Henry, Dale and Geneva, G. W. Brooks, pop.

Twenty-fourth, Barbour, Hiram Hawkins, dem.

Twenty-fifth, Pike, Coffee and Crenshaw, G. N. Buchanan, pop.

Twenty-sixth, Macon and Bullock, vacancy.

Twenty-seventh, Lee and Russell, W. J. Boykin, dem.

Twenty-eighth, Montgomery, A. D. Sayre, dem.

Twenty-ninth, DeKalb and Cherokee, D. C. Case, pop.

Thirtieth, Dallas, F. L. Pettus, dem.

Thirty-first, Colbert, Marion and Franklin, W. H. Matthews, dem.

Thirty-second, Greene and Hale, William M. Browder, dem.

Thirty-third, Mobile, Thomas H. Smith, dem.

The senate will be composed of 23 democrats, 9 populites and 1 republican.

THE HOUSE.

Autauga, Thomas B. Love, dem.

Baldwin, C. W. Joseph, dem.

Barbour, Eugene Graves and A. H. Merrill, dems.

Bibb, W. W. Lavender, dem.

Blount, J. T. Stewart, dem.

Bullock, James T. Flewellen and George Harris, dems.

Butler, F. B. Lloyd, dem.

Calhoun, D. H. Brothers and Thomas W. Coleman, dems.

Chambers, J. T. Heflin and G. W. Newman, dems.

Cherokee, A. Shamblin, pop.

Chilton, Mr. Reynolds, pop.

Choctaw, A. J. Hearin, pop.

Clarke, Thomas A. Long and James A. Henderson, dems.

Clay, D. M. Carmichael, pop.

Cleburne, W. J. Campbell, pop.

Coffee, J. L. Lewis, pop.

Colbert, Wilson R. Brown, dem.

Conecuh, Frank Simmons, rep.

Coosa, J. B. Porter, rep.

Covington, J. T. Bradshaw, dem.

Crenshaw, A. R. Elland, pop.

Cullman, W. T. L. Cofer, dem.

Dale, J. C. Killebrew, pop.

Dallas, J. Craig Smith, John T. Burns and P. H. Pitts, dems.

DeKalb, J. N. Franklin, rep.

Elmore, W. A. Huddleston, pop.

Etowah, W. B. Beeson, pop.

Escambia, Mr. Henley, pop.

Fayette, M. W. McCullum, dem.

Franklin, I. T. Gast, pop.

Greene, A. J. Glover, dem.

Geneva, ——— ———, pop.

Hale, C. E. Waller and A. M. Tunstall, dems.

Henry, S. B. Wood and T. F. Epsy, pops.

Jackson, P. B. Timberlake, and Virgil Bouldin, dems.

Jefferson, J. J. Altman, I. A. Brown, Daniel A. Greene, John Harkins, L. Y. Lipscomb and D. J. Ovens, dems.

Lamar, Walter NeSmith, dem.

Lauderdale, J. J. Mitchell and ——— Killing, dems.

Lawrence, J. J. Abercombie, pop.

Lee, R. B. Barnes and Elisha Baker, dems.

Limestone, W. McClellan, dem.

Lowndes, C. P. Rogers and Joe D. Pool, dems.

Macon, J. R. Wood, dem.

Madison, J. P. Hampton and B. P. Hunt, dems.

Marengo, D. J. Meador and David M. Prowell, dems.

Marion, W. C. Davis, dem.

Mobile, Leslie B. Sheldon, F. M Robinson and J. J. DeChamps, dems.

Monroe, B. L. Hibbard, dem.

Montgomery, W. W. Hill, A. .

Wiley, A. T. Dreyspring and W. I Waller, dems.

Morgan, O. Kyle and L. P. Troup, dems.

Perry, W. A. Barron and W. C. Peer, dems.

Pickens, M. L. Stansell, dem.

Pike, W. B. Darby and A. C. Townsend, pops.

Randolph, S B Gaston, pop.

Russell, John W Knowles and W C McGuire, dems.

St Clair, John Yarbrough, pop.

Shelby, A P Longshore, pop.

Sumter, C P Mills and M B Cameron, dems.

Talladega, Cecil Browne, dem., and J C Wilson, pop.

Tallapoosa, J A Smith, dem, ———, pop.

Tuskaloosa, W W Bandon and N N Clements, dems.

Walker, W B Appling, dem.

Washington, B P Turner, dem.

Wilcox, John T Dale and Samuel Jenkins, dems.

Winston, G R Dave, rep.

New Advertisements.

We call the attention of our readers to the following new advertisements in this week's issue, viz:

COLLEGES.

Isbell Female College, Talladega, Ala.

Wesleyan Female Institute, Staunton, Va.

Southern Shorthand and Business University, Atlanta, Ga.

State Normal College, Florence, Ala.

Birmingham Business College, Birmingham, Ala.

MEDICINES.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

It is said that a good railway locomotive will travel 1,000,000 miles before it is worn out.

In these days when we are almost afraid to eat or drink or breathe by reason of the ubiquitous microbe and its supposed habit of going to and fro in the earth seeking whom it may devour, it is a real comfort to read this in a paper presented by a Chicago physician to the State Board of Health Auxiliary Sanitary Association: "Stress should be laid upon the fact that there are numberless microbes that are harmless, and very many that are useful and even necessary to mankind. Indeed, the public should be warned against microphobia (if I may use the term). The study of the microbe, its habits and tendencies, should be left to scientists. It is enough work for the public to know that the dangerous microbes thrive best and multiply fastest in dirt, just plain dirt and filth, and that the best and most convenient weapon to use in the conflict against them is soap and water in abundance, frequently applied and well rubbed in.

Personal.

ANY ONE who has been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, will receive information of much value and interest by writing to Pink Pills, P. O. Box 1592, Phila., Pa.

Every girl of sixteen has contempt for the patience old women have for their husbands.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

When a woman is engaged [illegible] she thinks that life has just begun

Dobbins' Floating-Borax is [illegible] and don't turn yellow with age [illegible] imitation of anything, but better [illegible] floating soap made. Be sure all [illegible] each wrapper and cake. Red [illegible]

Death is so swift that it [illegible] body and yet so slow that [illegible] it.

A Druggist's Experience.

"I have never known [illegible] directed. [illegible] has permanently cured several [illegible] of tetter [illegible] knowledge. One case of fifteen [illegible] ing, that had resisted the [illegible] skillful physician for several [illegible] manently cured by the use of [illegible] than one box." E. A [illegible]

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps [illegible] J. T. SHUPTRINE, [illegible]

Life is an [illegible] that very [illegible] to be had just as we get ready [illegible]

Piso's Cure cured me of a Th[illegible] trouble of three years' standin[illegible] Huntington, Ind., Nov. 12, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing S[illegible] teething softens the gums, [illegible] tion, allays pain, cures wind colic [illegible]

If afflicted with sore eyes use [illegible] Thompson's Eye [illegible]ater. Druggists [illegible] a bottl[illegible].

St. Vitus' Dance. One [illegible] Dr. Fenner's Specific cures. Circular, Fredonia, N. Y.

Our I's and Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn., who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier that has been introduced to the general public." This, from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has "Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

Any doubt about it? Send for the "Curebook." It kills doubts and cures doubters. Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS

$150 FOR $50.

THE GREATEST OFFER EVER MADE BY AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.

The Southern Shorthand and Business University,

In "The Grand," ATLANTA, GA.,

Will immediately issue 100 Re-Organization Scholarships, including the $50 Business, $50 Shorthand and $50 Academic Courses.

All Three Combined for the Price of One—$50.

Good in Day or Night Sessions.

In touch with the business and professional men of the entire South. Several thousand graduates in positions. Superb equipment. New typewriters.

Only 100 hundred Scholarships will be offered at $50, and they will be sold at once. After September 1, regular catalogue rates. Send for catalogue, free. Address

A. C. BRISCOE, Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

Howard College,

EAST LAKE, ALA.

The Fall term of this old and honored institution begins

September 22, 1896.

The school will be conducted upon strict, business principles.

Mountain spring water supplies the campus, and the location is one of healthfulness and moral security. Saloons and such demoralizing agencies are excluded from East Lake by an act of the Legislature.

The society of the place is cultured and religious. The students of Howard College are free from the temptations to immorality which prevail in larger towns; also from the distractions of a commercial community and the unwholesome social excitements of such places. It is six miles from Birmingham, and students will be allowed to go to that city once a week only; also to visit the manufacturing plants from time to time with an officer of the college, and that from 8 to 12 o'clock a. m. on Saturdays.

Furnished room, fuel, board, tuition, medical fee, and laundry for room, $44.00 per term, or $188 per year. For catalogue and other information, address

A. D. SMITH, East Lake, Ala.

UNION FEMALE COLLEGE

Eufaula, Alabama.

Charming location; delightful climate; wonderful health record. This is a chartered college of the highest grade. Literary faculty unsurpassed in the south. Art, Elocution, Physical Culture, etc., under the finest instructors. CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC (Piano, Voice, Organ, Violin, Harp, etc.) unquestionably THE BEST. School select. Fare excellent. Terms very reasonable. Session opens September 17th. Please write for catalogue.

T. J. SIMMONS, A. M. Pres't.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute,

A. & M. COLLEGE,

AUBURN, ALABAMA.

The next session begins Wednesday, September 16. The college offers five different courses of education. It has sixteen professors and ten well equipped laboratories in the following departments: 1, Mechanic Arts; 2, Chemistry; 3, Botany; 4, Biology; 5, Drawing; 6, Physics; 7, Electrical Engineering; 8, Mechanical Engineering; 9, Pharmacy; 10, Physiology and Veterinary Science. There is no charge for tuition; board $8.50 to $15.00 per month. For catalogue address Wm. LeRoy Broun, President.

Established 1848. Chartered 1849.

WESLEYAN FEMALE INSTITUTE,

STAUNTON, - - VIRGINIA.

Located in the "Washington City of the Valley," where hundreds of Southern girls have been educated. Recently placed upon a new and sound financial basis. Nine different schools in Literary Department. Conservatory course of Music. Art in all its branches. Elocution, Physical Culture, and a thorough business training.

Special Features.

Healthful location (1,500 above tide); high standard of scholarship; refined social life; positive Christian influences, and reasonable terms.

For catalogue and particulars, apply to

REV. HENRY P. HAMILL, Pres't.

VERNER MILITARY INSTITUTE

TUSKALOOSA, ALA.

Send for catalogue giving advantages and terms. Especially equipped for training and caring for boys. Prepares for West Point, Annapolis, any university or college or for business.

W. H. VERNER, Principal.

LaGRANGE FEMALE COLLEGE,

LaGRANGE, GA.

Opens September 16, 1896. Brick buildings, electric lights, waterworks, baths, gymnasium. Conservatory advantages in Music. Elegant pipe organ. Art and Voice Culture specialties. [illegible] bookkeeping and [illegible] typewriting, stenography. Economical matters [illegible] social surroundings. Pupils board with faculty in College Home.

RUFUS W. SMITH, President.

TUSCALOOSA FEMALE COLLEGE,

Tuscaloosa, Ala.

REV. JOHN D. SIMPSON, A. B., President.

Fall session opens September 16, 1896.

Largest enrollment of any female college in the state. Full faculty. Electric lights; hot and cold baths. Terms reasonable. Write for catalogue.

ISBELL FEMALE COLLEGE,

1849——TALLADEGA, ALA.——1896

Leading school for girls in North Alabama. New building, gas, steam, hot and cold water baths; every modern convenience. Corps of experienced teachers. Music, Art and Elocution, specialties. Normal department. Enrollment double last year. The Bible a text book. Rates reasonable. Term opens September 17. A postal will bring you a catalog. Address

GEO. R. McNEILL, President.

$100 SALARY Per month. We procure a situation for you. It costs you nothing to investigate. Do you want work at good pay? If so write us for particulars.

COUCH & LUGENBEEL, Senoia, Ga.

MARTIN COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES

PULASKI, AND SCHOOL OF MUSIC TENN.

The only Endowed Female College in the State. Permanent Endowment $30,000.00. An ideal Home School for Girls and Young Ladies. The present President and his wife, with many years experience in Texas, Mississippi, Alabama, North Carolina and Virginia, have never lost a boarding pupil by death. The best place in the South to send your daughter.

School of Music Unsurpassed. F. J. ZIESBERG, for many years at Martha Washington College, Director.

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THE BANNER.

Clark

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY AUGUST 27, 1896 NO. 44.

Burglary doesn't pay very well in London. Last year 582 burglaries were reported with proceeds of $17,740, only about $30 each.

The only passenger saved from the luckless Drummond Castle, which went down off the Basque coast, was the one who occupied room No. 13.

There are, approximately, 13,500,000 voters in the United States and 8,500,000 of these, a preponderating majority, are farmers, farm laborers, or stock raisers.

An English army officer is trying to persuade his Nation that London ought to be fortified. Great Britain is not so strong on the sea as the rest of Europe combined.

The effort to reach the clouds is not confirmed to the aeronauts, notes the New Orleans Picayune. A new skyscraper is projected for New York, on the site of the old International Hotel on Park Row. The building is to be twenty-eight stories high.

The poor chap who can't afford a long holiday may be able to console himself with the aid of the writer in the London Medical Press, who says that holidays of more than ten days to a fortnight are not good for people in health who have work to do.

The Chicago Times-Herald says that "amongst the momentous end-of-the-century questions that were settled in Chicago during a recent week were: A man may own fifteen dogs, may kiss his own wife, and may take his own baby riding on his own bicycle."

The anti-this, that and other league craze has spread to France, and the latest to be formed is a society for the elimination of foreign words from the French language. An exception will surely be made in favor of a few English words and phrases, for dear to the Frenchman's heart is his success in acquiring "rosbif," "le fif o'cloque" and a few others.

The "debt tables" of Europe issued by the Economiste Europeen make interesting and eloquent comment upon the condition of affairs abroad. The combined debt of Europe, according to the journal, in 1895 was $24,393,200,000. This is an increase in ten years of $4,101,200,000. Among the countries whose public obligations have largely increased in that period are Russia first, with $1,508,200,000, and Germany with $1,148,600,000. Then follow France, with an increase of $455,600,000; Italy, with $382,800,000, and Austria-Hungary, $247,100,000. In the same period the public debt has decreased in England by $118,800,000; Spain, $78,800,000, and Denmark, $4,600,000. Of the twenty-one European countries, those with the largest debts were: France, $5,[illegible]7,800,000; England, $3,286,000,000; Russia, $3,153,400,000; Germany, $[illegible],050,400,000; Austria-Hungary, $2,804,200,000, and Italy, $2,[illegible]8,200,000. At the rate of increase of the debts of Russia and Germany in the last decade, not many years will go by before they will head the list. The increased expenses and appropriations for the army in each of these countries are mainly responsible for the additions to the public debt.

America leads the world in the bicycle industry. Within the last few months foreign orders have been received to the amount of something over $1,000,000. The popularity of the American bicycle in foreign countries can be very easily explained, says the Atlanta Constitution. Every year thousands of Americans [illegible] Europe. Experience has shown [illegible] pleasure can be derived [illegible] these European trips through [illegible] the bicycle than without it. [illegible] European life as it really [illegible] bicycle has many advantages [illegible] window. Every American [illegible] who takes a bicycle [illegible] to take his machine with him when he goes abroad [illegible] the foreigner has become [illegible] with the American bicycle. This acquaintance has [illegible] the superior advantages of our [illegible] of European [illegible] and consequently [illegible]

[illegible]

OH! SUCH PATRIOTISM

POLITICIANS' PLAYTHING AND DEMAGOGUES' TOOL.

The Treatment Accorded to the Private Soldier and the "Patriotic" Money Furnisher (?) During Our Late War Compared.

"Oh, liberty, what crimes are committed in thy name!" exclaimed Madame Roland as she ascended the steps of the French guillotine. "Oh, patriotism, what a prolific source of misery thou art!" the world's masses may well exclaim.

Webster defines "patriotism" as "love of country; the passion which aims to serve one's country."

According to the common interpretation of this definition there seems to be but one way in which one's "love of country" may display itself to gain for him the title of "patriot." The ditch digger, the engine stoker, the farmer, mechanic or artisan of any kind is never spoken of as a "patriot" while engaged in humbly "serving his country" by his daily toil, but let danger threaten the stability of his government, its laws, its flag, and his "patriotism" will at once be judged by the zeal he displays in rushing to their defense.

The watchwords of patriotism in England are "God save the queen," in Germany "Long live the emperor," and in this land of the free where the people are supposed to rule, "Hail Columbia, happy land." There was a time, about a third of a century ago, when it seemed possible that this country might support two breeds of patriots, one directly opposed to the other. Had the Southern confederacy succeeded in its designs Jeff Davis and Robert E. Lee would have beeen specially honored as the leading "patriots" of that section and an imaginary line like that which divides us from Mexico and Canada would have marked the bounds where treason to the south might lose itself in patriotism to the north or vice versa.

It is the establishment or maintenance of these imaginary lines, supposed to divide one "country" from another, but which really separates the victims of one gang of politicians from those of another. That "patriotism" is supposed to do its perfect work. The history of the world shows that untold billions of wealth and millions of lives have been sacrificed upon the altar of "patriotism" and this proves that the sentiment for which it is supposed to stand is diametrically opposed to that which Jesus embodied in the doctrine of "the Fatherhood of God and brotherhood of man."

There are patriots and patriots. It was considered very patriotic on the part of our farmers, mechanics, clerks and laboring men generally when Sumter was fired upon to drop everything and spring to the defense of their "country" for the poor wages of thirteen dollars per month. It will be remembered that the only "dollar" recognized at that time by our national government was composed of gold or silver and that therefore the promise of thirteen dollars per month meant thirteen silver or gold dollars. As the war progressed, however, silver and gold disappeared into the bank vaults and the government could not comply with its promise to the soldiers, but to meet the demands of the war it had to issue paper dollars and declare them to be a full legal tender for certain purposes, among these purposes, of course, being that of paying the soldier, who had been promised silver or gold.

While the war was on there was another class of men in the country who while not recognized as patriots at the time, certainly were nevertheless, the most patriotic of patriots, or else the country is now being egregiously deceived. That class was the bankers who it is now said "furnished the money" with which the government carried on its gigantic war operations. One peculiarity which attaches to these "patriots-after-the-war" is that the further we get away from the dark days of the rebellion the brighter and fairer appears the service they rendered until now, thirty-one years after the war the service rendered by the common soldier who left home and loved ones to serve in the ranks of the army and if need be die in the field or moan his life away in a hospital tent, is thrown completely in the shade by the splendor of the act of those who "furnished the money" to carry on the war. There is nothing too good for that class [illegible] and while the money they "furnished" was frequently depreciated to less than half value yet that same money [illegible] to be returned in gold, and if "patriots" can ever find a better money than gold it will, of course, give it to the men who so generously assumed the awful responsibility of "backing the government" at that time.

Oh, yes, there are patriots and patriots.

Let us briefly consider the "money furnishing" kind.

On the first of December, 18[illegible] [illegible]

the government wouldn't have been sufficient to pay one year's war expenses. On the 25th of February, 1862, Abraham Lincoln signed the legal tender act, and the money created by that act paid the annual national expenditures as follows:

1862	$570,841,700
1863	895,796,630
1864	1,298,144,656
1865	1,897,674,224
Total	$4,662,457,210

Everybody old enough to remember that period in our history can recall the flood of abuse with which the "patriotic capitalists" received this issue of "Lincoln's shinplaster." These "shinplasters" did contain a weak spot, not one that the common patriots could take advantage of, but one which proved a wonderfully rich harvest to the "money furnishing" kind. They were made a legal tender for all debts, public and private, except interest on the public debt and duties on imports," and when an importer brought goods to this country subject to import duties he was obliged to patronize one of the coin money brokers and buy enough coin from him to pay the government its import duties. It was not until the war had been going on more than two years, or in May, 1863, that the government offered a bond for sale, and then it wasn't done for the purpose of procuring money to continue the war, but for the purpose of putting the "best banking system on earth" on its feet. At this time the "exception clause" in the greenback had got in its perfect work, and because, and only because it was prevented by law from doing all that coin money would do, it depreciated one-half. Please remember, though, it was a legal tender for all debts, public and private, and when one of our "patriotic money furnishers" wanted to nearly treble his money in one day all he had to do was to take $50,000 in coin, buy $100,000 of the greenbacks, invest them in government bonds, deposit the bonds with the secretary of the treasury, receive from him $90,000 in national bank money, and $4,000 in coin interest on his bonds in advance, and invest this coin in greenbacks and here is the way his account stood:

Money invested	$50,000
Bonds received	100,000
Bank notes received	90,000
Greenbacks received for coin interest	8,000
Total	$198,000
Patriotic money furnishers	50,000
Profit on one day's deal	$148,000

Is anybody so silly as to believe that the money of these national banks, secured by government bonds, was better than the greenback?

"If the government had failed, its money wouldn't have been worth anything."

Exactly, and if you will quote the value of Confederate bonds at present it will be easy to tell you the value of the national bank money which the "patriotic money furnishers" provided (?) our government with had it failed.

"But the national banking system had to be adopted in order to make a market for our bonds, which had to be sold to prevent the further depreciation of the greenbacks by absorbing the overplus in circulation."

In the first place, what caused the greenbacks to depreciate? The exception clause and nothing else. That clause did not better the greenback one mill in the estimation of the people, but it did make a market for the "patriotic money furnisher's" coin, who put it in place? The "patriotic money furnisher," of course. In the next place, the national bank money was not any better than the greenback, and if the banker issued the 90 per cent to which he was entitled, the circulation was reduced only 10 per cent. But viewed even from the most charitable standpoint, the money furnisher did not advance a cent until he was placed where he could almost treble the value of his money in the event of government success. So it seems that his patriotism was of the kind that had to have a good big premium to compensate it for the awful "risk it ran."

Oh, yes, there are patriots and patriots.

Look at another kind a few moments.

We will say that company H Forty-seventh Illinois infantry was composed of 100 men, who enlisted for "three years or during the war." Uncle Sam promised them as a compensation for the risk they ran (?) $13, [illegible] per month. Of the original 100 who enlisted, but 28 returned at the end of the three years. The others had taken the "risk" in vain, and their bones were left to bleach and whiten, and to "God's good time" to fertilize some sunny Southern field. [illegible]

UNCLE SAM

[illegible]

seen that there are two radically different kinds of "patriots," even in this country where all men are supposed to be equal before the law.

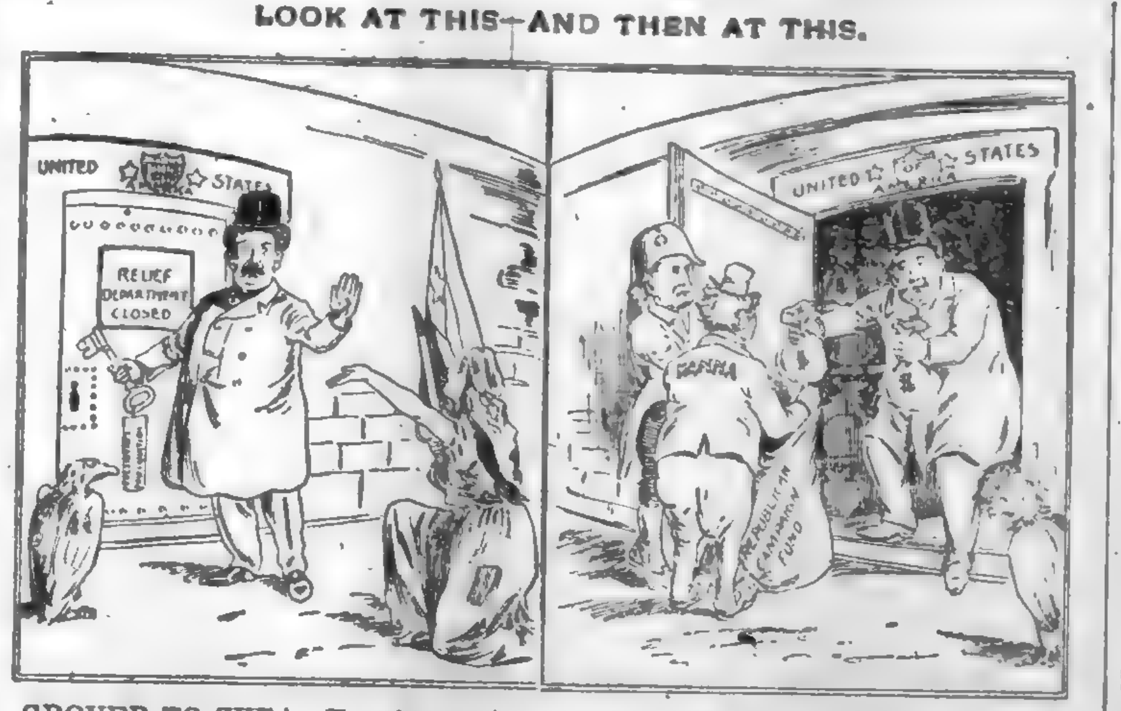
The commonest understanding is able to grasp the fact that there was not gold and silver enough coined in the whole world, to say nothing about the United States alone, to pay the nearly five billions war expenses, and that, therefore, the claim that the bonds represent "coin" furnished by certain patriotic money lenders is based on sheerest impudence. It is a matter of indisputable record that the war expenses were paid by the greenbacks; that the only bonds sold during the war were for the purpose of establishing national banks; that every bond sold by the government was paid for with greenbacks; that at least three-fourths of the entire amount sold were disposed of after the war terminated, and that the patriotic (?) gentlemen who bought them paid for them with greenbacks worth less than 50 cents on the dollar. Can you give any good reason why Uncle Sam is obliged in honor to pay them in coin, especially considering the case of Private Smith?

"Thurston on Silver."

Senator Thurston, in his speech at Madison, Wis., said: "I happened to hear W. J. Bryan four years ago in his congressional campaign in the first district of my state. I pledge you, my countrymen, and it is a solemn fact, that from the beginning of that campaign to the end W. J. Bryan advocated no other issue, made no other argument than that upon the tariff." If this is a matter of sufficient importance to be worthy of mention in this campaign the truth at least should be stated. At the commencement of the campaign of 1892 Mr. Bryan delivered two speeches in Falls City, Neb., one in the afternoon on free coinage, to which I was requested to reply, and one in the evening on the tariff, to which Judge Lansing replied. Judge Lansing and I were furnished with complete stenographic reports of the speeches and we spoke in the afternoon and evening of the same day that Bryan and Field had their first joint discussion in Lincoln. The policy to be pursued in these speeches was this: The tariff was to be the main issue and the argument in favor of free coinage was to be met with the statement that since the Sherman law was providing a sufficient increase in the volume of money and consuming the product of our silver mines it was best to let the matter rest till other nations were willing to make some arrangement to provide for the coinage of the silver product of the rest of the world. So when Mr. Bryan sought to discuss the silver question we gave but a brief reply and that to the above effect and then waded into the tariff, our "stronghold," and, by the way, got licked on our own issue. That Mr. Bryan's interest in free coinage abated in the least during the campaign is not true; in every speech which came to my notice during the campaign I made it my particular business to keep track of his arguments on the money question, and I wrote more articles on the money question for the State Journal, the leading republican paper of the state, than any other contributor, and perhaps more than any five. As I said before, we sought to force the issue on the tariff and he, happening to have heard somewhere that there were two sides to the question, took the side we left and proceeded to wipe the ground with us, leaving us sadder if not wiser.

Now, John, my dear boy, is it not true that after carefully examining the silver question you wrote some very interesting letters, one in particular to Mr. Burrows, written at my request and in reply to an invitation extended to you by the Nebraska Bimetallic league, who on my motion sent you the invitation to address them? This letter, together with two others written by you, is now being printed and is attaining wide circulation. If any of your friends want to know all about the silver question let them write to W. B. Crombie, Lincoln, Neb., for "Thurston on Silver." I notice that in these letters you failed to say anything about the foreigners owning 90 per cent of our silver mines and about there being so much silver lying on the dumps in British Columbia. As you are so near Canada you might just step over the line and ask them why they persist in importing silver when they have silver of their own to throw at the birds, for I see by a letter from Toronto to The Chicago Record July 30 that the Canadian jewelers are importing silver bullion for manufacturing purposes.

You speak about Mr. Bryan being in the employ of the mine-owners and at the same time being in the pay of the [illegible]



GROVER TO CUBA—You do not deserve liberty.

GROVER TO HANNA—Here, take this and use it in the interest of "Sound Money."

"ANARCHY," THEY SAY

ELECTION OF BRYAN WILL RESULT "IN RIOT AND RUIN."

Charles Dudley Warner Is in Line with Other Plutocrats in His Diagnosis of Existing Social and Political Conditions.

"I regard the silver agitation as a step toward anarchy. I have no doubt its success would lead to revolution and riot. Such is the logical result of the present political and social conditions, if the counsel of the conservative and intelligent citizens of the country does not prevail. I do not mean that there is any revolutionary intent in the silver doctrine, but I believe the election of Mr. Bryan on the Chicago platform would result in a financial panic. What I fear is that the result of the discovery that the adoption of the silver standard will not better existing social and political conditions with the masses of workmen out of employment would mean a revolution and rioting in our great cities. In any event the silver movement is the forerunner of disorganization. It is aimed at the destruction of property values. When I say that silver is a step toward anarchy I mean to make the point that the success of the movement would certainly bring about conditions that would lead to disorganization, riot and ruin. On the other hand I believe that sound money will be sustained by the conservative, intelligent voters. I look to the Germans, the Jews and the power of the Catholic church for support of the gold standard."—Evansville Courier.

Mr. Warner, on his way to Yellowstone Park, a delightful haven of rest for those financially able to indulge in its luxuries, to rest and recuperate, seems impressed with the idea that "existing social and political conditions with the masses" are not what they should be, and expresses the fear that "the result of the discovery that the adoption of the silver standard will not better them—would mean a revolution and rioting in our great cities."

Although expressing himself thus, Mr. Warner lets fall no hint or suggestion of a plan which would change to a satisfactory state the existing social and political conditions of the masses, but, on the contrary, expresses the belief that "sound money (the kind we now have under the social and political conditions that might be bettered) will be sustained by the conservative, intelligent voters." "I look," says Mr. Warner, "to the Germans, the Jews and the power of the Catholic church for support of the gold standard."

Wouldn't Mr. Warner be better employed in trying to devise some means of staying the "revolution" which he plainly implies is to come unless present social and political conditions are changed for the better than in attempting to array one part of our citizens against the other because of a difference in religious creeds or nationality? To the casual reader the implied sneer at the lack of intelligence on the part of our native and Protestant voters, in the insinuation that the "intelligent voters" are confined to the Germans, the Jews and the Catholic church is plain enough, but to the analytical reader it is easily apparent that the insult in what he says is in reality directed at those whose intelligence he hypocritically pretends to commend. Here is a fair analysis of what he says:

Present social and political conditions are wrong because they are such as will, unless the counsel of the conservative and intelligent citizens prevails, result in revolution and ruin. [illegible]

same organs that the English, Italians and Protestants do. They have wise patriots and demagogues, truthful men and liars, strong men and weak men in their ranks, just as all other creeds and nationalities have in theirs, and it is because this is true that Mr. Warner writes himself down an ass or demagogue when he assumes, as he evidently does, that a little superficial flattery, deftly applied, is all that is necessary to array them in a solid mass on the side of the gold standard.

But let us look at Mr. Warner's argument closely, and divine, if possible, what he means. He has no doubt that the success of the silver agitation "would lead to revolution and riot." Who would instigate the riot and who would revolt in the event of the success of the silver agitation? Would the silver agitators revolt against the very conditions which they were the means of bringing about? Certainly not. Mr. Warner tries to explain his position, which is palpably that of the "rule or ruin" class, by saying that about his "fear" that when the workingmen find that the political and social conditions have not been bettered by free silver they will at once engage in rioting and revolution in our great cities. But the sentence in which he expresses this "fear" is followed immediately by the declaration that: "In any event the silver movement is the forerunner of disorganization. It is aimed at the destruction of property values."

In any event, heh? the silver movement is the forerunner of disorganization. If this is the case doesn't Mr. Warner cut a very poor figure in standing around with his hands in his pockets talking about his "fear" of something which is bound to happen in any event? Wouldn't he be better and more intelligently employed if he were putting his affairs in shape to meet what must come in any event? The "in any event" includes the election of Mr. McKinley, does it not? Certainly it does, and if Mr. Warner is right concerning existing conditions and the effect of silver agitation, he is right in including even the election of Mr. McKinley among the events which will not prevent "disorganization." Every posted man knows that the silver question is up for settlement, and that the Republican senators from the western states without whose help the McKinley forces even if successful beyond their most sanguine expectations in the present campaign, have laid down the ultimatum to their party, demanding silver legislation as the price of their assistance on tariff legislation. So it seems that the "destruction of property values" is bound to come in any event.

But as the only "property values" threatened by the "silver movement" are those artificially conferred upon manufacturers and gold and gold bonds by class legislation, the people may rest serenely assured that their destruction since they are enjoyed at the expense of all other real "property values," will prove of lasting benefit to legitimate values.

Mr. Warner is a gold bug of gold bugs and what he lacks in ability to prove the gold standard a remedy for wrong existing conditions he makes up in recklessness of assertion and impudent attempts to cajole and flatter, hoping by this means to create a discord among the people which will result in benefit to the power at whose throne he worships. He is laboring under a misconception as to the degree of real intelligence existing in this country.

[illegible]

TRUTH NOT THEIRS.

GOLD STANDARDITE PREVARICATIONS RUNNING WILD.

Not Being Able to Convince Voters a Concerted Effort Is Being Made to Mix Up the Populistic 16 to 1 Proposition.

Advocates of the single gold standard do not discuss the free-coinage-of-silver proposition fairly. They start out with the present low price of silver bullion as the proper and natural relative value of that metal as compared with gold and argue from this that silver money is not sound or stable, and that it would be dishonest to have free and unlimited coinage. They do not attempt to explain the various acts of unfriendly legislation by which silver has been discredited and made to take a position in the money system of the country it never occupied prior to 1873. Congress then sent it into the world branded with the mark of Cain, and has allowed no opportunity to pass since without giving it a kick. Let the gold barons tell the people why it has been necessary to [illegible] the people's money on every occasion, if it could not hold its own in an even race with gold. The American-British gold party by prating about the 50-cent dollar cannot fool the people. They know that the bullion in a silver dollar is worth only 53 cents, and they also know that labor and farm products have kept even pace with its decline. They have all the light on the subject that they need. What they demand to know is what has brought about this condition. They have a very strong idea that the gold barons of Wall and Lombard streets are now, and have been all the time, at the bottom of the trouble. That the legislation against silver was conceived in iniquity for the sole purpose of playing into the hands of these same money sharks. The fact that the republican party has been in power almost continuously since 1860 and is responsible for the laws passed during that time, and the further fact that the platform of that party recently adopted at St. Louis was dictated by these same gold barons and is wholly in their interest has led the independent, thinking portion of the American people to believe that that grand old party has sold itself, body and soul, to the money power. And the people want to hear from it on these questions. They will not be led from the issue by any cry of anarchism, socialism or repudiation. If republicans are so capable of making good laws and love the dear people so well these same people will be pleased to have them explain why the country is in its present condition, and what measure of relief they propose. They want these questions fairly met and discussed. No dodge or straddle will do. No doubt Maj. McKinley would much rather the gold plank had been left out of his platform. It is there, however, and he must accept it and stand upon it. If the single gold standard is such a good thing why doesn't McKinley say so, and not talk so much about the tariff—an issue the people don't care to hear about now? Does any one believe that if the little Napoleon felt clear and strong on the money question he would not put it to the front in every speech he makes? When he does aproach it he deals in such general platitudes that no one can tell just what his views are. It is not fair to the voters to have a candidate for president with no convictions on the main issue before them. It looks like an attempt to fool them. Public sentiment has made the issue, and republicans will be compelled to meet and discuss it fairly.

Honesty and Dollars

Here is a sentence from one of Mr. McKinley's speeches: "The republican party stands for honest money and the chance to earn it by honest toil." If this is true everybody ought to vote the republican ticket. But let us see. What is honest money? Money is that which can be used at any time to purchase what is wanted or to pay a debt. Honest money is money whose intrinsic value or its equivalent coincides with that expressed on its face.

Gold and silver or their representative in circulation are, and have been, [illegible]

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly, K. of L. of Alabama.

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect, as far as practicable the farmers, and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties.

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

ALL our newly elected county officers have made bond and are diligently studying the routine of the offices they are to fill. We say all, and with one exception it is correct. Mr. A. G. Dake who was elected to the office of County Treasurer unfortunately was under the impression he had until Monday, the 24th inst. in which to file his bond, and consequently on Saturday last had failed to do so. On the other hand the commissioners had decided that Saturday, the 22d inst. was the last day on which they were entitled to receive bonds and upon this idea have published a notice to the effect that the office being vacant they will hold a special term for the purpose of filling that vacancy. Under all the circumstances, and Mr. Dake being in a position of filing his bond, we think the court of commissioners can do no less than appoint Mr. Dake, who was unquestionably elected by the people. There appears to be a slight misconstruction of the law upon the date and it may be the commissioners are correct and it may be Mr. Dake is correct, anyway it appears to us that Mr. Dake being in a position to make bond the commissioners can do no less than ratify the vote of the people and appoint him.

THE Democrats of Chilton county on Tuesday held their county convention for the purpose of electing delegates to the district convention to be held in Selma next Friday. We are not particularly concerned in this election but there is a most peculiar feature attached to it. The delegates elected were Messrs John Garner of Clanton, Harrison of Jemison, Downs of Coopers, Watersworth of Stanton and Crumpton of Maplesville, each and all postmasters or connected with their respective post offices under Cleveland's administration. No one denies that Chilton county, either Populist or Democratic, is without the shadow of a doubt unquestionably for free silver, and this action of a Democratic free silver convention in electing Cleveland's appointees would seem to us open to the construction that the so-called free silver Democrats are not so much in favor of Bryan and Sewall as exponents of the cause of free silver as that they desire the election of some man to congress whose views and aims are exactly the contrary. We have implicit faith in the people of Chilton county—whether Populist or free silver Democrat—and do not doubt but that their votes will be cast for men whom they are sure of being in favor of free silver. But to say the very least our free silver Democrats of Chilton must hesitate and think twice before they vote for any man nominated for congress under such conditions.

POPULISTS of Chilton county are asking when our congressional convention is going to be called. The policy of being last in the field has not been such a brilliant success as to make us wish to see it indefinitely continued. The Republicans held their convention last March, one wing nominating our present representative, Hon. W. F. Aldrich and the other nominating Mr. H A. Wilson of Lomax. The free silver Democrats will to-morrow name their man, and it remains to be seen whether or not the Democratic gold element will put out a candidate. All this, however, is no reason why Populists of the Fourth district should not nominate our candidate and get down to work to elect him. In Chilton county Mr. Wilson is generally credited to be working not so much for his own election as for the election of the Democratic nominee, and we may as well make up our minds that we have a hard battle to fight. Let us have the convention.

THE Chilton Democratic delegation to the Fourth district congressional convention is instructed for Gaston A. Robbins, the late silent member of congress, and T. S. Plowman, of Talladega, for second choice. Robbins is supposed to be in favor of free silver, while Plowman is in favor of the gold standard. Verily our Democratic friends are badly mixed. A free silver convention elects a delegation composed of goldbugs, then instructs them to vote for a free silver candidate first and a gold bug second. Where are they at?

HON. Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, has resigned his portfolio, and President Cleveland has offered the position to ex-Governor David R. Francis of Missouri. Mr. Smith's resignation is caused by his adoption of the Democratic candidates Bryan and Sewall and his support of the Chicago platform. The new secretary is a gold standard man.

Such was the origin and such were the causes of the People's party. God bless it, and speed it on its mission. If William J. Bryan is elected President the People's party will have done it. His hope is in the solid vote of the South and the West. Let it be remembered that these Populists of the West, to whom he must look to carry even his own State, were once republicans, and but for the People's party they would now be a guarantee of succes to McKinley. Populism in the South made possible the Populism in the West, and vice versa. If Bryan wins it will be due to the fact that our leavening the Democratic party in the South pulled the Republicans out of their party in the West. If his campaign succeeds he will owe it to the Southern Populists who had eyes clear enough to see the vast importance of union between West and South, and who had courage enough to endure all the sacrifices the triumph of their faith demanded.

THOMAS E. WATSON.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., August 27.

Any fear that may have been entertained that Watson's name would be removed from the Populist National ticket should be dispelled, since the meeting of the Executive Committee last week, when it was positively decided that Mr. Watson would remain in the field.

Astonishment has been expressed in many sections of the country at the fusion scheme between the Populist and republicans in Texas. Either Texas republicans are unlike the republicans in other states, or the Populists are different from the ordinary sort. At any rate, no one need fear that Texas Populists are not able to hold their own in any kind of combination.

Georgia Populists are very sanguine of success. They claim they will poll a larger vote this year than ever before and that large accessions are being received from the republicans and prohibitionists.

The democrats of South Dakota have endorsed the Populist State ticket, which practically insures its success.

All reports agree that there never has been such a demand for campaign literature before as this year, and that nine-tenths of all matter sent out by the various committees deals with the finance question.

Eugene V. Debs, the great labor agitator, is a staunch friend of Tom Watson. He thinks the democrats should substitute the Georgian for Sewall, on their National ticket.

The speech delivered by Bourke Cochran at Madison Square, New York, last week, in reply to Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance, is characterized by the New York Journal as a piece of "billingsgate and bombast." When the Cochrans and other attorneys for Wall street begin to weep crocodile tears for the laborer it is evident they have an ax to grind.

Mr. Bryan denies emphatically that he has at any time been in the employ of the silver mine owners or the Bimetallic League.

A. L. Maxwell, the ex chairman of the People's Party State Committee of Illinois, has been given a place on the democratic state ticket, as candidate for Auditor of State, in fulfillment of a fusion compact between the two parties. Four Populists have been given places on the electoral ticket and H. E. Taubeneck, ex-chairman of the National committee, has been made chairman of the Illinois State committee of the People's party.

A majority of the republican state committee of Montana have declared their intention to support Bryan.

The name of Lafe Pence, the brilliant ex-congressman from Colorado is being mention in connection with the Populist nomination for the governorship in that state.

The state executive committee of the People's party of California, met recently and endorsed the action of the national convention. They also issued a statement concerning the work of the convention, calculated to correct erroneous impressions regarding the proceedings.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad has issued an order against the sale of silver literature on their trains. Silverites might reciprocate by refusing to ride over their line.

The democrats of Texas have rejected the proposition of the People's party looking toward fusion, in which the intention was that the democrats should have eight and the People's party seven electors.

Nearly all the democratic county conventions in Colorado have endorsed Senator Teller and Congressman Shafroth, republicans, and Congressman Bell, Populist, for re-election.

The suspicion exists in many localities that the "National Democratic Party," (the name assumed by the gold democrats) will endeavor through the aid of the supreme court to exclude the Chicago nominees from the official ballot in states where the Australian system is operative. In the event of their success Bryan's only hope of election will be through the Populist ticket.

ask your doctor. The doctors approve of Scott's Emulsion. For whom? For men and women who are weak, when they should be strong; for babies and children who are thin, when they should be fat; for all who get no nourishment from their food. Poor blood is starved blood. Consumption and Scrofula never come without this starvation. And nothing is better for starved blood than cod-liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil with the fish-fat taste taken out.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

To the People of Chilton County:

In retiring from the office of Sheriff, I desire thus publicly to return my sincere thanks for the uniform kindly and considerate treatment I have received at your hands during my term of office.

Very respectfully,
P. M. MOORE.

* * *

Vine Hill

Hot and dry; highest point of temprature 101 degrees; cotton crop about one half, if dry weather continues will all be gathered by the first of September.

Heap of sickness just now; measles and whooping cough in the neighborhood. Ginning cotton has commenced.

Messrs. Vincent and Merony went seining the other day, they had more fun than fish. Times are dull but there seems to be no loafers, every body is busy.

PAT.

* * *

Verbena News.

Messrs. Will and Frank Caffey have been visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Hudson and her beautiful daughter, Miss Bessie, of Selma, are staying with friends in Verbena.

Mrs. C. J. Houseman and charming daughter, Miss Pauline, of Montgomery, are at the Clifton house.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith, of Montgomery, are visiting relatives here.

Miss Mary Brightman, of Hayneville is the charming guest of friends in our city.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Lanier of Montgomery, are on a visit to relatives in Verbena.

Miss Sadie May Bentley of the capital city is stopping with friends in our city.

Mr. Frank Smith of Montgomery has been visiting friends here.

Miss Vesta Anderson is staying with her mother, Mrs. C. S. Anderson, at the Clifton house.

Messrs. Wyatt and Jesse Franks of Birmingham have been spending some time here.

A large number of visitors are spending the summer in our delightful summer resort.

Cotton continues to shed badly and the prospective yield is being lowered steadily; rust is very general; correspondents seem to agree that one-half to two-thirds of the cotton is already open, and some say that bolls the size of hickory nuts are popping open. Most of the crop is forced so prematurely that rains will now be of little benefit, though gentle showers might save some of the top crop, which now promises a failure. Picking progresses rapidly, and it now looks as if the bulk of the crop will certainly be gathered during September.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by J. S. Johnson, Druggist.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Collins' Chapel September 11, 12, 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a.m. Devotional exercises.

9:30 a.m. Welcome address, J. D. Collins.

10 a.m. What is teaching? W. S. Garner, Miss M. V. Palmer.

11 a.m. Child study, G. L. Speer Miss Sophie Mullins. Recess.

2 p.m. How should Arithmetic be taught? Wm. Askins, Miss Jennie Wilson.

2:30 p.m. The requisites for successful teaching, J. E. Creel.

3 p.m. Public education, C. C. Slaton.

SATURDAY—9 a.m. Nature's own text-book, Alex Moore, Miss Ida Robinson.

10 a.m. Modes of preventing whispering, W. R. Headley.

11 a.m. Educational address. C. C. Slaton. Recess.

2 p.m. Public school law, E. Y. McMorries.

2:30 p.m. The work of the primary teacher, A. B. Harwood, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3 p.m. How to teach reading, R. E. R. Hicks.

Collins' Chapel is located two and a half miles from Strasburg. There will be conveyance for teachers from Strasburg and return. This being the last Institute in this scholastic year, all the teachers are expected to attend.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a special Term of the Court of County Commissioners of Chilton county will be held at the court house in Clanton on Monday, the 7th day of September, 1896, for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the office of County Treasurer for Chilton county.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

Clanton, Ala., Aug. 26, 1896.

State Executive Committee.

The state executive committee is hereby called to meet in the city of Birmingham at the Opera House hotel on Thursday, September 3rd. Business of importance will come before the committee and a full attendance is desired.

G. B. DEANS, chairman.

Program of S.S. Convention

of the Mulberry Association to be held with Pleasant Grove church, beginning on Friday before the 5th Sunday in August, 1896.

FRIDAY—Preaching at 11 o'clock by Sutton Smitherman.

Welcome address by Z. J. Jones.

Should teachers in order to be successful make pointed application of their lessons? Discussed by J. E. Joner, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Gentry and others.

Can any one who is not a Christian teach the Scriptures correctly? Discussed by J. Bice, David Jackson, A. Glasscock and others.

SATURDAY—Song service at 9:30 conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan.

10 o'clock Sunday-school experience meeting, opened by W. R. Dawson, continued by D. B. Smitherman, A. J. Lee, W. A. Mimms and others.

What effect has the teaching of the Bible on civilization? Discussed by J. C. Hicks, L. B. Pounds, J. P. Allen and others.

Can we obtain a knowledge of the Bible independent of the Sunday-school, as well as in it? Discussed by R. M. Honeycutt, W. A. Wood, W. G. Riggins and others.

What is the intention of the Sunday-school—salvation of souls or to give a knowledge of the Bible? Discussed by G. W. Freeman, Wm. Reynolds, A. L. Eoshee and others.

SUNDAY—9 o'clock Song service conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan.

What is the greatest enemy to Christianity, and what are the means used by the enemy, and how can we overcome them? Discussed by H. L. Hicks and S. M. Adams.

At 11 o'clock preaching.

All Christian Sunday-school workers are invited to attend.

COMMITTEE.

Program of S.S. Convention

of Unity Association, to convene with Mulberry church, Chilton county, August 28-30.

FRIDAY—10 a.m. Devotional exercises W. J. Fleming.

11 Sermon J. M. McCord.

2 p.m. The importance of Sunday-school work J. G. Harris.

SATURDAY—9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises, 30 minutes, R. J. Long.

10 The duty of parents to foster the Sunday-school, F. M. Woods.

11 The best plan for conducting the Sunday-school, T. L. Long.

2 p.m. The best preparation for teaching, J. M. McCord.

3 The Sunday school as related to missions, W. J. Ruddick.

SUNDAY—9:30 a.m. Sunday-school mass meeting, T. L. Jones and J. G. Harris.

11 Missionary Sermon W. D. Gay.

All of the churches in our Association are earnestly requested to send delegates to this convention, with letter giving full statistics of their Sunday-school. A cordial invitation is extended to all who can attend.

J. G. LOWREY, Ch'n.

IN Washington last Tuesday the Populist and Democratic campaign managers jointly ordered one million documents for distribution to further educate the people in the silver question.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. S. Johnson Jr.

The State Alliance.

Pinckard, Ala., July 18, 1896.

The State Alliance will hold its next session in Ozark, Dale county, on the 8th and 9th days of September. We hope every county in the State will have a representative present, and as many visiting brethren of the order as possible as matters of unusual moment will come before us.

J. O. PINCKARD,
Pres. Ala. State Alliance.

STOP THAT SLIPPING

and save fuel and power by using Green Seal Belt Dressing. Guaranteed to keep any belt from slipping the moment it is applied. Write us and we will send you a package subject to your approval.

The Phoenix Oil Co.
CLEVELAND, O.
Agents Wanted.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	[illegible]
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight-National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. —LOWEST PRICES.

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

CURES V ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES V ITCHING HUMORS, HEREDITARY TAINT, V IMPURE BLOOD, BOILS Etc.

Every disease arising from an impure condition of the blood is quickly, surely and permanently cured by the great vegetable blood purifier and family remedy—V. V. V. No one living in or near a malarial district should be without this wonderful specific. A single bottle of V. V. V. will suffice to convince anyone that it positively

Cures Malaria

as well as liver complaint, rheumatism, kidney diseases, catarrh, etc. V. V. V. will thoroughly cleanse the blood of all impurities, driving from the system scrofula, tetter, eczema and all other humors. It strengthens and invigorates the whole body. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 7 cents.
Bales received to-date:

Scurry	19
Mullins	12
Wilson	4
	35

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

WANTED!

We want honest, pushing, active persons to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience necessary, no capital required. Applicants must however furnish their own horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500 honesty bond is required. Address,

The Singer M'f'g. Co.,
Montgomery, Ala.

Mrs. Ehrman and her charming daughters, after a week's stay in the cool, fresh air of Chilton, returned to their home in Birmingham last Saturday.

The accomodation now stops at Verbena and we are pleased to see some of the citizens occasionally trading in Clanton.

Messrs. Durword Fosbee and Will Van Deveer left Tuesday last for a visit to Montevallo.

Mrs. J. W. Johnson is visiting Birmingham this week.

Dr. V. H. Caine has returned from a visit to parents in Dallas county.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie has gone this week to assist in a protracted meeting at Deatsville.

Judge Callen spent a few day at Talladega Springs this week.

Mrs. H. L. Johnson and two daughters, of Piedmont, Ala., spent last Tuesday night with Mrs. Evans' family.

Mr. Louis Dejarnette, of Montgomery, was in Clanton yesterday.

Mr. Harry Blasingame visiting relatives in our town this week.

The new court house is being plastered.

The service announced for last Monday night at the Episcopal church was rained out.

Mr. Joe A. Miller has been paying a visit to his old home in Coosa and on his return has brought back with him his mother who will spend a short time at his home.

A protracted meeting will be commenced at the Congregational church the first Sunday in September, the pastor, Rev. J. L. Busby, being assisted by visiting ministers.

Mrs. John Aldridge, of Birmingham, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Robinson, of this place.

Miss Willie Robinson, to the delight of her many little friends here, returned home last night after a pleasant visit to Birmingham.

There are seven bicycle in our town now and good prospects for more soon.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Kamp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KAMP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate judge to the following persons:

Mr. Tom Hale and Miss Minnie Stewart.

Colored. Ned Houston and Ela Golson.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,228.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
August, 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,720, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, Tom McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights?

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Simonton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

To J. M. Hardin:

Take notice that the Tax Collector has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and therein is reported as assessed to you the following Real Estate, to-wit:

BEAT 5.

S ½ of ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼ and e ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ sec 4 tp 20 r 15 tax and costs $53.57.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing on Monday, August 31, 1896, then and there to show cause if any you have why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed upon the same together with fees and costs.

This 30th day of July, 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Probate Judge.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18226.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Bearden, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18227.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: Louis B. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼, section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John Ed Beardin, J. W. Worthy, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE:
For the Announcements of
Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,
Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

Notice to Non-resident.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton county.

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh district, North-eastern Chancery division.

Rudolph Ehrman, Complainant, vs. W. H. Merritt et al Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Rudolph Ehrman that the Defendant, M. J. Bond is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and that that he resides at Clarksburg in the State of Mississippi, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant the Defendant is over the age of twenty one years

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said M. J. Bond, to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

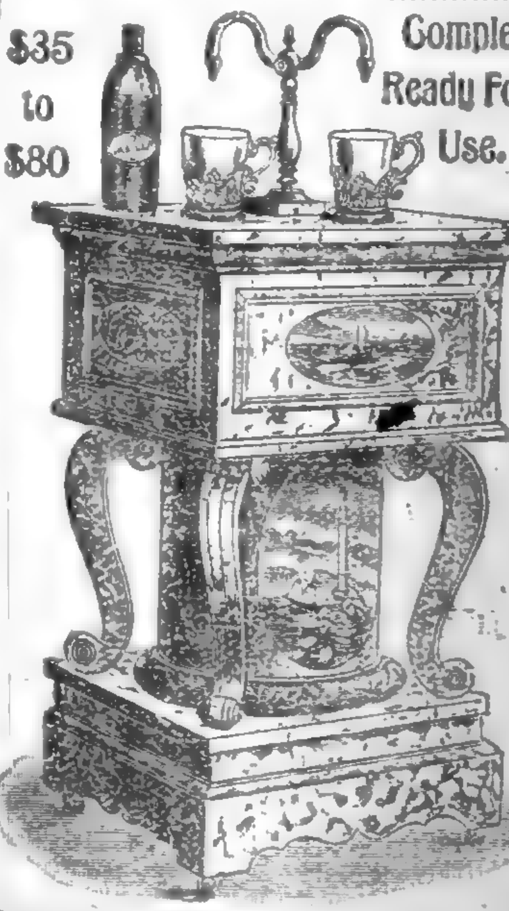
Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.



30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

"Past Prestige Is Our Present Power."
Faultless Shapes!
Superb Styles!
Beautiful Designs!
Steels that are Warranted Not to Break in Wear!
Colors—White, Drab and Black.
Made in All Sizes, Lengths and Shapes. Prices from 50c. to $6.00 per Pair.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.
GLOBE CORSET Co.
WORCESTER, MASS.

Scientific American Agency for

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

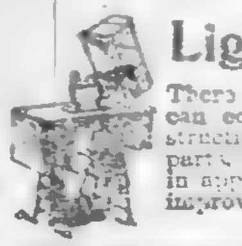
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it; New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of de qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.
P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama,
Chilton county

In Chancery at Clanton Alabama, Seventh District. Northeastern chancery division. July 20, 1896.

W. H. Coker & Co., Complainant, vs. J. G. M. Burke, et al., Defendants.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of W. M. Adams that the Defendants in the cross bill, W. H. Coker & Co., are non-residents of the State of Alabama, and to the best of affiant's knowledge, information and belief, said defendants are over the age of twenty-one years, and that their post office and residence are Rome Floyd county, in the state of Georgia.

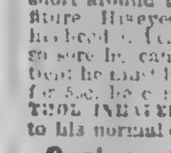
It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Banner a newspaper published in Clanton once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring them the said W. H. Coker & Co. to answer or demur to the same, within thirty days after the 24 day of August, 1896, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against them in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Alabama, this 20 day of July, 1896.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

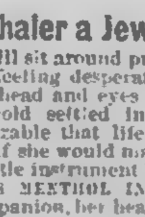
1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat" foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hand made cough cure, these and over the other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold



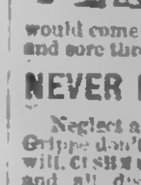
A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!



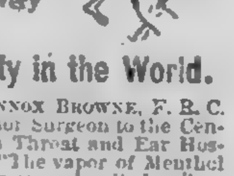
He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, snuffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head a dead weight, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Pshaw! he can't be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!



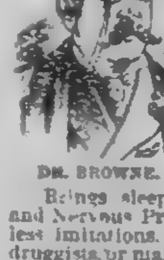
A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH



Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathing passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.



DR. BROWNE.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. E., Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

(Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?)

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 16, 189 .
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart Ind.,
DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only my-self but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

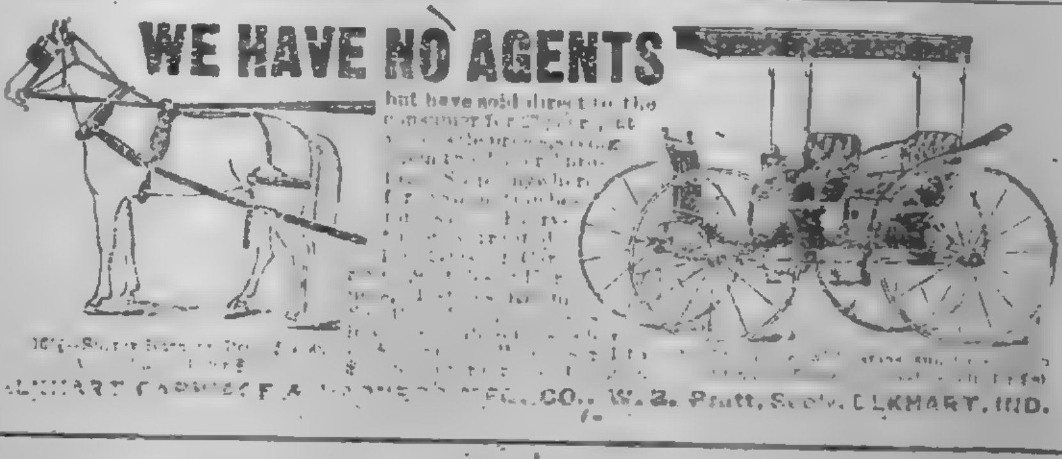
SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 13 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 23 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason J. H. Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined ... deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; ... look out that some dealer, not knowing you are posted, don't sell you a cheap package at a profit of ... 400 per cent., instead of ... Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, which you be sure to specify, and take no other, ... like it.

[illegible]

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS MO

WE HAVE NO AGENTS



but have sold direct to the consumer ... [illegible]

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

CAMPAIGN SILVER BADGES!

THESE Badges are ... [illegible]

STATE HERALD BADGE DEP'T
Birmingham, Ala.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment of the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. ... [illegible]

FREE

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DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
No 85, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

JOB PRINTING AT THE BANNER OFFICE
FIRST-CLASS WORK
LOWEST PRICES

LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

One redeeming feature in connection with the latest developments affecting South African affairs appears in the fact that a great majority of the English people are ashamed and disgusted because of the developments brought to light through the shrewd investigation by President Kruger. While they are yet smarting under the indignities heaped upon them by the Sultan, and the scathing criticism which the weak policy of Salisbury in this connection elicited from the entire civilized world, they find their official representative convicted of one of the grossest and most despicable conspiracies that a stronger power could conceive against a weaker.

An enterprising Kansan who has acquired a facility for selling liquor, and whose business in Tonganoxie was greatly hampered by numerous jail sentences for violating the law, has transferred his saloon equipment to a farm wagon and is following a zigzag course among the thirsty workers in the fields. An accurate knowledge of the location of county boundary lines has enabled him thus far to elude the watchful sheriffs, and his experiment is being noted with increasing interest by a host of expectant imitators.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, TROY, ALA.

This college is supported by state and Peabody fund appropriations for the training of teachers and is not a mere "Preparatory School" for some other, but is of college grade in every way, as a teachers' training school should be, and grants college degrees and diplomas, and its graduates receive state certificates for two, four and six years, or for life, from the state superintendent of education of Alabama, and these are the strongest testimonials of professional worth to a teacher. Indeed, the graduates of this college are in great demand as teachers, and the college authorities take great pleasure in answering requests for trained teachers sent in by school authorities from all over Alabama and adjoining states.

It will be seen from the Normal Exponent that students desiring the usual college course may get it here at very low expense, too. Board is but $9 to $10 per month and tuition and incidentals low.

Persons desiring information as to this college or wishing to secure a good teacher should write to Dr. E. R. Eldridge, president, at Troy, Ala., for the Normal Exponent explaining everything.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
{ SEAL. } A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Physician's Testimony.

"I know it to be a radical cure for tetter, salt rheum, eczema and all kindred diseases of the skin and scalp. I never prescribe any thing else in all skin troubles."
M. L. FIELDER, M. D.,
Eclectic P. O., Elmore Co., Ala.
1 box by mail, for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

A man without enemies may not be much of a man, but he has a soft time of it.

"Penny wise and pound foolish" are those who think it economy to use cheap soda and resin soaps, instead of the good old Dobbins' Electric Soap; for sale by all grocers since 1865. Try it once. Be sure, buy genuine.

There are occasions in all our lives when we would rather have the conversation founded on somebody else.

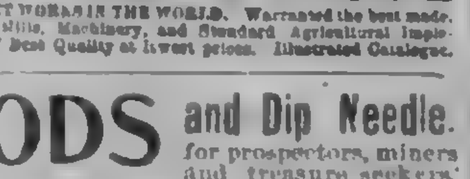
FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Piso's Cure.—RALPH ERIEG, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

Feed
Your nerves upon rich, red blood and you will not be nervous. Blood is made rich and pure by
Hood's
Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Hood's Pills are always reliable. 25 cents.

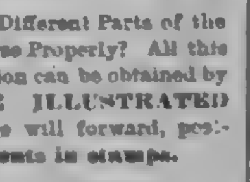
THE FARQUHAR
PATENT VARIABLE FRICTION FEED.



Medal and Highest Award at the World's Columbian Exposition.
SAW MILL & ENGINE
BEST SET WORKS IN THE WORLD. Warranted the best made. Shingle Mills, Machinery, and Standard Agricultural Implements of Best Quality at lowest prices. Illustrated Catalogue.

RODS and Dip Needle.
for prospectors, miners and treasure seekers. Circ. 2c. P. & M. Agency. Box D, Palmyra, Pa.

Here It Is!



Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.
BOOK PUB. HOUSE,
134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

ENGINES
FOR GINNING.
Most economical and durable. Cheapest and best in the market for cash. VARIABLE FRICTION FEED SAW MILLS AND STANDARD IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY. Send for catalogue.
A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd.,
Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

FATAL ACCIDENT NEAR SELMA.

Rolling Mills to Resume Work—Results of Primaries and Conventions for Congressmen—Homicide at Carbon Hill—Two Murderers Break Jail—Valuable Relic Found.

Cuba's Delegation for Rogers.

Cuba, Sumter county, sends her delegation to the county convention for Rogers for congress.

Clarke Gives Taylor a Majority.

Clarke county gives Taylor 4⅓, Bray 2⅓ and Austell 1⅓ delegates in the congressional convention.

Mobile Favors Sheldon.

Sheldon has got everything in sight in the city of Mobile and his majority is assured, even if the county is adverse.

Marengo Instructs for Taylor.

The county congressional convention held at Linden Saturday sent eleven delegates instructed for Hon. George W. Taylor.

Walker Unanimous for Bankhead.

The Walker county democratic convention instructed delegates for Bankhead by a unanimous vote. There was no opposition in any beat.

Marion Instructs for Bankhead.

The Marion county convention sent four delegates instructed for Bankhead to the congressional convention. The party is solid for Bryan.

Rolling Mills to Resume Work.

The Birmingham and the Alabama rolling mill companies will resume operations September 1. Large forces are now at work making repairs.

Stallings Has No Opposition.

Democratic congressional primaries were held in the Second district Saturday. The vote all over the district was light, Hon. J. F. Stallings having no opposition.

Etowah Instructs for Winston.

The Etowah county convention met Saturday and selected delegates to the congressional convention. Solicitor J. J. Winston was unanimously indorsed and the delegates instructed to vote for him for congress.

Fatal Fall From a Tree.

Aaron Morgan, colored, fell from a tree near Gadsden Friday, and died a few hours afterwards as a result of his injuries. He fell a distance of thirty-five feet. He received internal injuries and fractured his skull.

Murderers at Large.

George and Will Howell, two negroes sent to Decatur for safe keeping from Limestone county, and under sentence of death for the murder of a white man named Smith, broke jail some time Friday night and are at large.

Bankhead Re-Nominated.

A dispatch from Tuskaloosa says: Bankhead has safely carried Tuskaloosa, Fayette, Marion, Lamar, Walker and Greene counties for congress in the primary election today, (Saturday) and his nomination is conceded.

Tusseling Over a Loaded Gun.

A man named Doster shot and killed Ford Dukes in Montgomery Saturday afternoon. Both are white. The men were tusseling over a loaded gun when the piece was accidentally discharged. Both are said to have been drinking.

Four Hundred Dollars Reward.

The governor has offered $400 reward for the apprehension and conviction of the person who committed the outrage on the little daughter of Rev. Gardener C. Tucker, in Baldwin county, a few days ago. The crime was a most atrocious one, and every one hopes the brute may be brought to justice.

Bibb County Convention.

The democratic convention of Bibb, held at Centreville Saturday, appointed delegates to the congressional convention and instructed them to vote as a unit for Hon. Oscar W. Underwood. The convention instructed Bibb's representative to vote for Bankhead for United States senator, and for Pugh as second choice.

A Valuable Relic.

W. H. Rice, while at work near Bee Tree bar, near Florence, discovered a mother-of-pearl gorget of Indian workmanship 6 inches in diameter, bearing the four foxes' heads, the badge or crest of the Cherokee tribe, who played the noted game and secured the territory at Ball Play. It has been sent to an officer of United States engineers at Governor's Island, N. Y.

Fatal Accident Near Selma.

J. B. Peak, a prominent planter of Dallas county, while working with his cotton gin across the river, in sight of Selma, Friday morning, got his right hand caught between the saws and was instantly drawn between the sharp teeth. His fingers were cut off and the flesh was literally torn from the bones of the arm. The right side of his body was terribly lacerated. He was carried to his home in Selma, where he died three hours later. He leaves a young wife.

With His Little Rifle.

A. J. Rains, captain of the E. T. Coles, a Tennessee river steamboat, narrowly escaped death by gunshot at Decatur Saturday. The little son of Pilot Newsom, while handling a loaded rifle on the upper deck of the boat, accidentally discharged it. The ball passed through the floor of the deck and plowed a furrow through the scalp of Mr. Rains just above the temple, making quite a painful, but not serious, flesh wound.

Assault With Intent to Murder.

Charles Hicks, the negro charged with shooting Laura Hicks, his wife, Saturday night, near Twenty-sixth street, Birmingham, was arrested Sunday afternoon by officers Bodeker, Hillard and Disheroon. A charge of assault with intent to murder was placed against him, and an order left to allow no bail until the result of the wounds inflicted is known. The woman is in a dangerous condition, being shot in the abdomen. The shooting is said to have been the result of jealousy.

Fowler Admitted to Bail.

R. H. Fowler, who ten days or so ago shot and seriously wounded P. B. Greene, in Birmingham, has been released from the county jail, where he was held to await the result of Greene's injuries. Greene has recovered sufficiently to be on the streets, and Fowler was, therefore, allowed to make bond to appear to answer a charge of assault with intent to murder. The bond was fixed at $500. It now seems to be certain that Greene will eventually recover from his wound.

Homicide at Carbon Hill.

Saturday was pay day at the mines around Carbon Hill, and considerable whisky drinking was indulged in by the miners. John Linihan, a miner from McDonald's mines, while intoxicated, was creating a disturbance, when Albert Oakley, the town marshal, commanded him to keep quiet. Linihan told him he had done nothing disorderly. This led to a dispute, which ended in Linihan pulling a pistol and firing two shots at Oakley. The first shot struck the marshal in the heart, killing him instantly, and the second took effect in the hip of James Roden, a bystander, producing a serious wound. Linihan's friends contend that Oakley made a motion to pull his pistol, which caused Linihan to shoot. After the shooting Linihan gave himself up to some friends. Sheriff Guttery, of Walker county, was notified of the affair and went over to Carbon Hill Sunday morning and got the prisoner.

Contest in the Eighth District.

County conventions were held Saturday in the seven counties composing the Eighth Alabama Congressional district for the purpose of choosing delegates to the free silver democratic nominating congressional convention, which meets in Decatur on September 1 next. Six county conventions—those of Lauderdale, Lawrence, Jackson, Limestone, Madison and Morgan—have, without contest, sent instructed delegations to the district convention, the first three for General Joseph Wheeler, present member of congress from this district, and the latter three counties sent similar delegations instructed for Judge William Richardson, General Wheeler's opponent in the congressional race. Colbert, the seventh county in the district, held separate Wheeler and Richardson conventions Saturday, the former being composed of forty-nine and the latter fifty-five delegates, resulting in sending contesting delegations from that county. As it now stands the Decatur convention will be organized with an initial representation for General Wheeler of twenty-four and for Judge Richardson twenty-eight delegates, which will give the Richardson men control of the organization, and, together with the added strength of Colbert county, will undoubtedly secure Judge Richardson the nomination, which his friends here believe is now assured.

An Old Firm Falls.

The T. T. Haydock Carriage company, of Cincinnati, assigned Saturday to the Union Savings and Trust company. The assets are $200,000, including five shops and stock. The liabilities are $150,000. The officers of the company are: President, Mrs. T. S. Haydock; vice-president and general manager, E. P. Peeplo; secretary, C. C. Wyck. Mr. Haydock died in 1885 and his estate was represented by his widow. The firm has been in business over forty years. The failure is due to recent failures of other carriage companies.

Shot His Wife's Father.

A shotgun duel between W. A. Haynes and his son-in-law, Daniel Lee, at Arlington, a Louisville and Nashville station south of Nashville, Tenn., is reported. Lee and his wife fell out and separated. Thursday Lee returned to Haynes', where she was staying, and was ordered away. He armed himself and went back, when the men quarreled and Lee shot Haynes. The latter got his gun, and several shots were exchanged. Haynes lies in a dying condition, and Lee has been jailed without bond.

Extensive Phosphate Deposits.

A. J. Welch, chief clerk of the railway mail service, has returned from a trip through Middle Tennessee on official business. Mr. Welch says that at Mt. Pleasant, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, very extensive deposits of phosphate were but recently discovered. Several car loads of phosphate are now being turned out daily, and a large number of men are employed.

A Missouri Hurricane.

A terrific hurricane struck West Plains, Mo., Saturday evening at 5:45, lasting until 6:30, which was accompanied by a heavy rain, followed by hail. At the base-ball park the grand stand was blown down and completely demolished. A number of people were injured, but none seriously.

OF INTEREST TO BICYCLE RIDERS.

There can be no question that one of the most important parts of a bicycle is the tire. It has to bear the brunt of the work, is constantly coming in contact with destroying elements, and generally receives the least care from the rider. The importance of the work it has to do was early recognized by makers of bicycles, however, and they have given much attention to this important adjunct of the wheel.

There are today, perhaps, thirty different styles of bicycle tires on the market, all of which vary in detail. As to their various merits, theories are of little value, actual experience is the only way to determine this question. Unless an article gives satisfaction, demand for it soon ceases. After a test of over six years, during which time double-tube and single-tube tires have been marketed, at least three-fourths of all the riders in this country today demand and ride double-tube tires.

The leading firm in the United States, and in fact in the entire world, in the manufacture of double-tube tires, is Morgan & Wright, Chicago. Their history is interesting. The first pneumatic tire—the rags-and-glue kind—was giving trouble, and Morgan & Wright stepped in to fill a great public want. They furnished a tire that could be easily taken from the rim to be repaired. That was the principal requirement in those days, besides the usual requirements of speed, durability and comfort.

That was several years ago. Single tube tires had been pushed in Europe and were failing, and the same effort was being started in this country. The Morgan & Wright double-tube tire quickly proved its superiority, with the result stated above. The quick-repair, inner tube, which is this year a standard feature of all of this firm's tires, has made the position of double-tube tires practically invincible, by making it quick and easy for the riders to secure, at the roadside, a permanent repair—a thing admittedly impossible in the majority of single-tube accidents.

BEAT THE COTTON TIE TRUST.

The Georgia Commissioner Urges the Use of Wire Tires.

Commissioner Nesbitt has received a letter from D. P. Duncan, manager of the Farmers' Alliance exchange of South Carolina, recommending the use of the cotton wire tie and asking that as many farmers of the state as possible be urged to adopt the tie in order to break down the cotton tie trust recently formed by the manufacturers.

The new tie is made of large size wire. One end of the wire is made into a loop. Through this loop the other end is passed. The wire is then bent down, twisted under the loop and tied in a simple yet effective manner.

Mr. George W. Truitt, of Lagrange, wrote to Commissioner Nesbitt that the new tie was a success in every particular. Mr. Truitt says the tie is perfect and a practical test shows the loop is not needed. He says that after making a thorough test the spiral twist in the wire is best. The wire is said to be large enough not to cut its way into the bagging, as was at first claimed would be the result if they were adopted.

COLONEL NESBITT'S LETTER.

Commissioner Nesbitt has addressed the following letter to the farmers of the south in regard to the wire cotton ties:

"Atlanta, Ga., August 24.—To the farmers of Georgia: This department has been investigating the question of substituting wire ties for the flat ties heretofore used in baling cotton, and I believe now that a satisfactory solution of the question has been reached. I now urge upon the farmers of this and the other cotton growing states to meet together in their respective counties and devise plans for securing wire ties. If necessary delay packing your cotton for a short time in order that you may get the wire ties.

"The following letters explain the matter. The ties used by Mr. George W. Truitt are made by the Continental Wire company, Laclede building, St. Louis, Mo. They weigh eighteen pounds to the bundle and are offered at 50 cents a bundle (thirty ties) on the cars at St. Louis in car load lots or 60 cents in smaller quantities.

"The ties recommended by the Farmers' Alliance exchange of South Carolina can be purchased from Washburn & Moore Manufacturing company, 241 Pearl street, New York. They weigh thirty-seven and a half pounds to the bundle and will cost 90 cents a bundle down in Atlanta. Any further information desired will be cheerfully furnished upon application to this department.
R. T. Nesbitt,
"Commissioner."

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SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN
RIDING,

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?
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KEATING WHEEL CO.
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GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

TWO NEGRO DUELISTS DEAD.

Suicided on the Eve of Her Wedding. Destructive Prairie Fires Raging. Ship Ashore—Two Girls Burned to Death—Plant System Establishes a Hospital Department.

The O'Hara Walthall (Mass.) Dial company has notified its employes that after August 29 the dial works will be closed indefinitely pending the advent of better times.

Dennis Williams, a prominent cotton man of Norman, Okla., was shot Tuesday night from ambush. He was on his way to the county seat to have warrants issued for a gang of horse thieves.

The democrats of the First congressional district of Mississippi have renomited Congressman John M. Allen. In the Second district W. V. Sullivan, a leading young lawyer of Oxford, was chosen to succeed Congressman Kyle.

Saturday morning a large barn full of feed and containing four horses and five mules belonging to H. D. Kampmann's ranch, near San Antonio, Tex., burned, together with his valuable driving horse, Bessie. Loss, $5,000.

At Legate, in Stewart county, Tenn., Oscar Prewitt and J. T. Travis quarreled over a crop of tobacco and Travis was shot by Prewitt six times, killing him instantly. Prewitt escaped and a heavy reward is offered for his apprehension.

Fire of incendiary origin destroyed the exposition building, a large frame structure at the driving park, Buffalo, N. Y. Loss, $200,000. All the horses were removed safely, but the owners will lose most of their sulkies, harness, etc.

The Missionary Baptist Church Association of southern and western Kentucky on Thursday passed resolutions condemnatory of Dr. Whitsett at Louisville, declaring that he was guilty of heresy in stating and believing that for years immersion was a lost art in England.

The Chattanooga police arrested a man Friday night who gave his name as Charles M. Brinkley, of Pike county, Ga., on suspicion of being the man who made the murderous assault on Captain Russell, of the local police, Tuesday night. Brinkley has been committed to await an investigation.

One member of the family of George Blase, a market gardener of St. Louis, Mo., has died of glanders, his wife is dying and another child, a boy two years old, is beginning to show symptoms of the dreadful disease. The disease was transmitted to the Blase family from a horse used in marketing the garden product.

The Argentine bank, a pioneer institution of Argentine, Kan., was closed Wednesday by Myron A. Waterman, deputy state examiner of Kansas. The bank, he says, has some bad loans and could not make sufficient collection to tide it over. The liabilities are placed at about $198,000, of which $122,500 is due depositors.

Little Walter, the two-year-old son of C. E. Steine, a soldier at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta, Ga., while playing with matches at noon Friday, set his clothing a-fire and was so badly burned that he died in about four hours. Both his parents were away from home when the sad event took place.

Walker B. Adams, who was shot at Bedford station, N. Y., Thursday by burglars, died Friday morning. The two burglars shot refuse to talk and have not been identified. Two women, who are undoubtedly related to them, have called to see them, but the women refuse to talk, and speak of the men by their first names only.

The American ship Governor Goodwin, Captain Oakes, from New York April 29 for Chee-Foo, is ashore on Prince's island and is a total wreck. The crew were all saved. The Governor Goodwin was a wooden ship of 1,495 tons. She was built in Boston, Mass., in 1877, and was owned by Foster & Prack, of Boston.

Jesse Rudicil, a motorman on the Austin (Texas) Rapid Transit, had five bullets fired into him Friday morning by Will Cooper, a grocery clerk, and one bullet through the spine will kill him. He was shot without warning, Cooper entering the car and firing into Rudicil's back. Cooper says Rudicil has been too intimate with his wife.

Leopold Weil & Co., diamond and jewelry dealers, New York, are in financial difficulty. The trouble is attributed to the banks shutting down on discounts. The liabilities are $130,000. It is said the assets are sufficient to pay all the debts, but cannot be realized on at present. On January 1 last the firm placed its assets at $350,000.

John Felbach and his two daughters, Tillie and Hattie, aged 10 and 15 years, were burned to death Wednesday night in the destruction of the family residence in Watertown, S. D. The mother and one daughter were saved and one of the dead girls lived two hours after being removed from the building. The origin of the fire is still unknown.

Hon. Hilary A. Herbert, United States secretary of the navy, arrived in London Wednesday. He called at the United States embassy next morning and afterwards attended the funeral of Sir John Milais at St. Paul's church.

Fire destroyed the Van Wert county infirmary in Ohio Wednesday. Thirty inmates barely escaped. Two were badly burned.

The store of N. Friedman, dealer in dry goods and notions, Nashville, Tenn., was totally destroyed by fire Saturday night. The damage will amount to about $5,000. The store of Charles Sickler, grocer, next door, was damaged $2,000 by smoke and water.

News reached Louisa, Ky., of the killing of J. B. Hensley by John Lett, at Zelda. The former is said to have gone into the store where Lett is a clerk and raised a disturbance. Lett was assaulted by Hensley and used a knife in defense disembowling Henseley. The latter died in a few minutes. Both the men were married.

A NEW DISCOVERER OF AMERICA

Did His Work About the Year Columbus Was Born.

To sum up briefly. The shortest route from the old world to the new is from Cape Verde to Brazil. Winds and currents tend to carry a ship across. There is, therefore, an inherent probability that a Portuguese vessel should have been driven on to the Brazilian coast. This actually happened to Cabral in 1500. It might have happened at any time after ships began to round Cape Verde. That cape was first rounded in 1445. In 1448 a remarkable map was made by Bianco, showing the most recent Portuguese discoveries. On it a long stretch of coastline is shown southwest from Cape Verde, with an inscription saying that it is authentic, and 1,500 miles to the west. The only land in such a position is South America. The discovery must have been made between 1445 and 1448.

It is recorded that an unknown island was found far to the west in 1447. On the first map dealing with the Atlantic Ocean after Bianco's map, a large island is found in the position indicated by Bianco. The Portuguese had good reason for not troubling much about such an island, until the papal bull of 1493, with its line of demarcation, when their conduct leading to the Tordesillas treaty of 1494, by which the line was shifted so far that they secured Brazil, seems to have been based on knowledge of the existence of land in the position of that country. Moreover, there is evidence to show that they publicly claimed the possession of such knowledge. If the views here set forth are tenable, the interesting and important result is obtained that America was discovered by the Portuguese in or about the very year in which Columbus is believed to have been born. Without removing one iota from the real merit of Columbus, it would add the crowning laurel to the already great glory of that marvelous man, Prince Henry the Navigator, who, it is pardonable to remember, was half an Englishman.—Geographical Journal.

A POOR MAN'S GOOD LUCK.

A Disheartened Prospector Finds a Bowlder Worth a Million Dollars.

A romantic good luck story comes from Spokane, Wash.: Martin Neilly was returning home disheartened from an unsuccessful prospecting tour in the Salmon River district and sat down on the bank of the Columbia River to eat his dinner. As he did so he noticed a huge bowlder half buried in the sand in a dry portion of the river not far from where he sat. When he was through with his repast he shouldered his pick and sauntered over toward the huge bowlder. He struck his pick into it several times and dislodged a piece of the decomposed rock. Great was his surprise when upon picking up the fragment he saw traces of gold and copper. Chipping a few more pieces he carried them to the nearest town and had them examined by assayers, who found that they would average $50 worth of gold and copper to the ton. Neilly has established a claim and is now holding off for a syndicate offer. The bowlder is estimated to weigh 20,000 tons, and its value is considered to be a million dollars.

NEILLY'S BOWLDER.

In speaking of the discovery Neilly says: "It was some time before I fully realized what a fortune I had discovered, but when it dawned upon me that at last I was a rich man I am afraid I made such demonstrations as would justify anyone who might have seen me in believing that I had lost my senses. For several years I have been 'grubstaked' in prospecting these mountains without success, and many is the time I have gone hungry for the want of the price to get something to eat, and can you blame me for going nearly crazy when I realized that I was no longer poor?"

Kindness draws out the better part of our nature, disarming resistance, dissipating angry passion, and melting the hardest heart.

A geared Aermotor on a barn is a POWER for good and a powerful good thing.

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IF SILVER WINS and if farm produce, labor and labor products double in price, then metals must also double in price, as they are 95% labor. If labor doubles in cost and the product of the mine doubles in cost, Aermotors, Pumps, Spiral Pipe, Fittings, Cylinders, Tanks and Substructures, being the product of the mine and labor, must also double in cost and price; therefore, your $1 now will buy as much as 2 of the same dollars if silver wins, or if people think it will win IT IS 2 TO 1 in favor of buying now. The advance may come in a month or in a week. Aermotor prices will not advance unless compelled by an advance in labor and material. Our prices on brass Cylinders are 40% below anything ever quoted, and our other goods are as low as they can be produced, even with our splendid facilities. A general rush to cover future needs, while $1 buys so much, may quickly exhaust our immense stock and compel the advance. Great saving can be assured and advance avoided IF YOU BUY NOW

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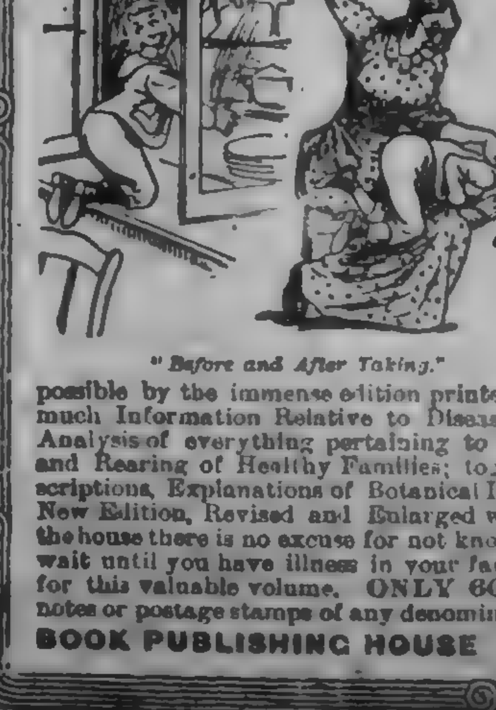

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This is a most Valuable Book for the Household, teaching as it does the easily-distinguished Symptoms of different Diseases, the Causes, and Means of Preventing such Diseases, and the Simplest Remedies which will alleviate or cure.
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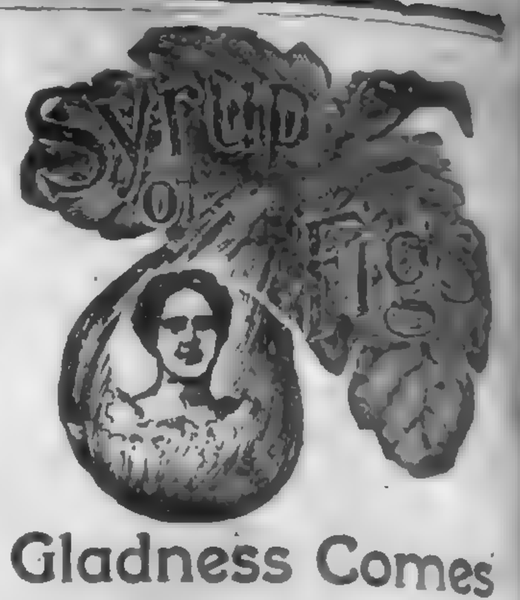

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With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS

Howard College,
EAST LAKE, ALA.
The Fall term of this old and honored institution begins
September 22, 1896.
The school will be conducted upon strict business principles.
Mountain spring water supplies the campus and the location is one of [illegible] moral security. Saloons [illegible] are excluded from East Lake by an act of the Legislature.
The society of the place is cultured and religious. The students of Howard College are free from the temptations to immorality which prevail in larger towns; also [illegible] distractions of a commercial community [illegible] the the unwholesome social excitement [illegible] such places. It is six miles from Birmingham, and students will be allowed to go to that city once a week only; also to visit the manufacturing plants from time to time with an officer of the college, and that from 9 to 12 o'clock a. m. on Saturdays!
Furnished room, fuel, board, tuition, [illegible] fee, and laundry for room, $4.00 per term or $188 per year. For catalogue and other information, address
A. D. SMITH, East Lake, Ala.

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Eufaula, Alabama.
Charming location; delightful climate, wonderful health record. This is a chartered college of the [illegible] south. [illegible] Physical Culture, [illegible] CONSERVATORY of Music, Voice, Organ, Violin, Harp, [illegible] School select. [illegible] Terms very reasonable. Session opens September 15th. Please write for catalogue.
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Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1896. NO. 45.

This country used us 80,000 acres of timber a day in one way and another.

The South has paid enough for imported mules in the last thirty years to buy every farm in every Southern State.

The recent agitation in Germany against dueling has had one good result. Professor Wagner, rector of the Berlin University, has given orders that every effort shall be made to put down the custom of dueling among the students.

Europe, the United States and Canada [illegible] over 2,000,000,000 pounds of coffee annually. As the plant is not cultivated in any of these countries the profits accruing to the coffee growers on the small islands and in other parts of the globe must be something enormous.

The Mexican railway mail service costs the Government $70,591 per year for employes, consisting of twenty-five traveling agents, who inspect the service on the railways, and ninety-one messengers, who are in charge of the mails on the cars on the different lines of railways. The companies carry the mails without charge.

The report of the Commissioner of Education shows a total enrollment of [illegible] pupils in the various institutions of the land. During the year 1891 the value of school property in the United States increased over $26,000,000. During the last twenty years the value of school property in the South has increased from $16,000,000 to $56,000,000.

Some years ago Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, who was then visiting England, met the Prince of Wales [illegible], and mentioned the fact that he had just been playing a game of golf at the Eltham Club, whereupon the Prince asked him where Eltham was. This amused Prince Edward, because one of the titles of the Prince of Wales is Earl of Eltham.

The twenty-inch gun at Fort Hamilton, New York Harbor, which was the wonder of the world in 1875, is to give place to a more modern piece of ordnance. The piece fired a half-ton ball a distance of two and a half miles with a charge of 125 pounds of powder, but when the feat was successfully accomplished the officers in charge are said to have counted their [illegible] and breathed sighs of satisfaction.

A representative of one of the Governments shook the hand of the Czarina of Russia instead of kissing it, and we are told, remarks Judge, that for a day the event was the sole topic of conversation in the home and in society at Moscow. It must not be inferred that the society in Moscow was less than usually intelligent, but that topics were scarce; [illegible] really such events in such circles [illegible] lead eventually to a change of the geography of Europe.

According to the last report of the Illinois Railroad Commissioners there were 10,172 miles of railroad track in the State June 30, 1895; or about seventeen per cent. of the total mileage of the country. During the year ending June 30 last 12 passengers, 175 employes and 443 other persons were killed and 155 passengers, 1433 employes and 400 other persons were injured. The total number of passengers carried was 60,000,000, which indicates the high standard of safety on the roads of the State.

Now here is a queer lawsuit, exclaims the New York Herald. It is dragging along in Chicago. A man and his wife went wheeling through the country and when dinner time came they went into a fashionable restaurant—a very swell restaurant—and gave a large order for edibles, for they were hungry. The proprietor [illegible] informed them that nobody in bicycle clothes could eat in his establishment. This was a terible shock to their nerves, but after a while the shock changed to anger and now they have sued for damages.

The Japanese authorities have a peculiar way of discouraging accidents on their railroads. They don't permit railroad companies to be mulcted in heavy damages or force them to adopt safeguards against running over people. Instead they fine the relatives of the killed for permitting the tresspass on the railroad. A [illegible] man near Kamakura recently lost two children, who were run down by a train. The railroad company was not censured and he received no money recompense, but was fined $10. There are a good many railroad corporations in this country that would like to see the Japanse method introduced here.

A SHORT CATECHISM.

AN EASY METHOD OF CONVERTING MISLED VOTERS.

Once They Understand That This Is a Battle for Universal Supremacy Between Uncle Sam and John Bull They'll Vote for Free Silver.

Question—What issue outweighs all others in this year's campaign?

Answer—The question of the restoration of the principle of bimetallism in our monetary system.

Q.—Why is so much earnestness felt on the subject?

A.—Because the vote next November will probably determine the question finally one way or the other.

Q.—Is not the tariff equally an issue in the campaign?

A.—No, there is no appreciable opposition to a protective tariff, and all other issues are lost in the great one of gold or bimetallism.

Q.—Explain the position of the gold advocates?

A.—They insist that 23.22 grains of gold shall constitute the measure of the dollar, no matter to what point gold may advance.

Q.—Why are they so wedded to the gold standard?

A.—Because it is the English standard, and England is looked upon as the most enlightened nation of the world.

Q.—Is there any reason why we should have the same standard as European countries?

A.—None whatever. The monetary system of a country is purely a matter of its own internal concern.

Q.—What influence has precipitated the issue at this time?

A.—The speculative money influence.

Q.—What do you mean by speculative money influence?

A.—Capital legitimately employed has little to make or lose by the question of the standards. A piece of property is worth just as much whether expressed in English pounds or in French francs or in American dollars. So invested capital represents the same intrinsic value whether it be measured by gold dollars or silver dollars. Only large investors in money have any very real interest in maintaining forever the gold standard.

Q.—But would not a change of standard be an injustice to them?

A.—The issue had better not have been raised at this time, but as it has been raised some injustice must be experienced on one side or the other.

Q.—Who raised the issue?

A.—The advocates of the gold standard.

Q.—What are their chief arguments?

A.—Denouncing the advocates of bimetallism as populists, anarchists, fanatics and cranks.

Q.—Are these denunciations justified?

A.—No; many able political economists and statesmen advocate bimetallism.

Q.—Does free silver carry with it the destruction of the national banking system, the restriction of the powers of the government to preserve the peace in times of riot and insurrection, and other so-called populistic measures?

A.—By no means. The remonetization of silver is a legitimate question of statesmanship with a solid basis of scientific truth underlying it.

Q.—Just what do the bimetallists contend for?

A.—For the free coinage both of gold and silver.

Q.—What do you mean by free coinage?

A.—The privilege on the part of any holder of the precious metals of taking them to the mint and having them coined into money without limitation.

Q.—Then the term "free" simply means unrestricted as to amount?

A.—Exactly. If every coin contains the full weight of pure metal and passes at what it is worth, there can be no object in limiting the coinage. The more money we have the better.

Q.—But how about the expense of running the mints?

A.—At present gold is coined at the expense of the government. In some countries the cost of coining is charged to the person getting his metal converted into coin. That would be a matter for congress to settle. There can be no objection to a charge for coinage. There may be advantages in it.

Q.—Then free silver simply means putting silver on an equality with gold in throwing open the mints to its coinage?

A.—It does.

Q.—What do you mean by 16 to 1?

A.—The present silver dollar has 16 times the weight of the gold dollar. The expression 16 to 1 means the continuance of the coinage of the silver dollar at the present weight, or at 16 times the weight of the gold dollar.

Q.—But the present silver dollar has but half the bullion value of the gold dollar, has it not?

A.—True, but its depreciation results very largely from its demonetization. Restore its functions as real money and it will certainly advance.

Q.—Will it return to a parity with gold at the 16 to 1 ratio?

A.—Many good thinkers believe it will. In any case the disparity would be but very small compared with what it is to-day.

Q.—What advantages are claimed for free coinage?

A.—It would break the existing corner in gold and cause the dollar to return to its old value.

Q.—What would be the effect of that?

A.—Prices for all products of labor would advance, business would revive, debts would be more easily paid, labor would be in greater demand, and strikes and riots would cease. Prosperity would be restored to the country.

Q.—Then the support of free silver does not mean anarchy and repudiation?

A.—Far from it; the intelligent and conscientious free-silver advocates have solely in view the prosperity of the nation.

THE SLINGS AND ARROWS OF OUTRAGED FARMERS.

LABOR'S WAGES AND MONOMETALLISM.

The advocates of the present gold standard are fond of asserting that wages are higher in gold standard countries than they are in bimetallic countries. They quote the daily wages paid in Brazil, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Holland, Great Britain, Argentina, Norway and Sweden, Spain, Turkey, Portugal, Canada, Switzerland, Venezuela, United States, Chili and Australasia, all gold standard countries, as against Austria, China, Russia, Central America, Persia, Peru, Uruguay, Mexico, Colombia, Japan, India and Ecuador—all silver standard countries. It will be noticed that not one of the countries named are on a bimetallic system, except it be the United States (the figures are for the year 1890, when this country was on a partial bimetallic basis) which they nevertheless put in the gold standard column. Today all the countries named have either a single silver standard or a single gold standard. Not one of them has a financial system like the United States had up to 1873, and, in a measure, from that time to 1893, when the Sherman law was repealed by a forced panic and under which wages advanced so much. A single silver standard is almost as bad as a single gold standard. The one virtue of silver monometallism over gold is that it keeps the forces of production at work. There is practically no unemployed in the silver countries. A third of the forces of production in the gold countries are idle at the present time.

And again it is organized labor that keeps wages up in every country. Labor is thoroughly organized in nearly all of the gold standard countries. In the silver countries it is not. All of the gold countries named have heretofore been bimetallic countries. The silver countries have always been monometallic. Wages thrive under the bimetallic system. Wages go down under the monometallic system—be it gold or silver. This country is now on a gold monometallic system and has been since 1893. Wages have gone down 30 per cent. since then. The daily pay of workmen in the United States in 1892 was $12,000,000; today it is about $8,000,000. We want to get back to the bimetallic system, not merely as it partly existed prior to 1893, but as it wholly existed prior to 1873. Then wages will go up.

TO OPPRESS LABOR.

Aldrich's Committee Misrepresents the Facts.

New York Journal: What are these statistics in which such constant appeals are made, and for which men are asked to distrust their common sense and common observation? Fortunately, this question may be briefly answered, because all these labor sympathizers refer to the same set of statistics—the only set in the world that would answer their purpose. It is the report made by Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island to the senate finance committee in 1893.

Those who know nothing about the wages accepted the committee's summary, but others looked to see in what industries this astonishing rise in wages had taken place. They found that upon "books and newspapers" wages had fallen since 1873; in the "building trades" they had fallen; in "city public works" they had fallen; in "cotton goods" they had fallen, but that in "dry goods," where the greatest fall was expected, wages were reported to have risen over 40 per cent!

Turning to the employers' reports in another volume to learn where the wages of clerks had been rising at such a phenomenal rate, it was found that but a single dry goods store, up in New Hampshire, had made a return. Less than twenty clerks were employed by it, and yet the Aldrich committee assumed that all clerks throughout the country had had a similar advance in wages. As clerks are more numerous than cotton operative, for example, a rise of 40-odd per cent in the wages of a score of clerks was made to offset a fall of about one-sixth in the wages of over a thousand cotton operatives and leave a handsome balance to be applied to other industries as needed. Other methods likewise extraordinary were used by the committee, such as the separation of the foremen from the hands, and the making a rise in a foreman's wages offset a fall in the wages of a score of men under him. By these means the desired results were secured.

What the employers' returns really showed was something very different, according to an independent investigator, who went over the returns a few months ago. The summary for all the persons employed in all the industries covered was as follows:

Date	Persons Empolyed.	Aggregate wages (daily.)	Average daily wages currency.	Average daily wages (gold.)
January, 1860	5,651	$6,566	$1.18	$1.18
January, 1873	6,153	12,566	2.04	1.81
January, 1891	7,765	13,125	1.69	1.69

In other words, between 1860 and 1873, under bimetallism, gold wages rose 53 per cent in thirteen years; between 1873 and 1891, under the incomplete monometallism, gold wages in the most favored establishments fell 7 per cent.

Since 1893, under complete monometallism, the decline in wages has been at a much more rapid rate. In Massachusetts the labor report for 1894 showed that in two years the nominal rate of wages in the factories of the state had fallen 7 per cent and that even this lower rate was received by fewer hands, working fewer days. Wage-earners who do not know the statistics know the facts from hard experience, and those who depend upon statistics to persuade the wage-earners to take the side of money lenders and tighten their grip upon the industry of the country have a difficult task before them.

"Fool Logic."

St. Louis Republic: In the same column a republican organ tells the workingman that if he votes for Bryan he will vote 47 per cent of his wages into the pockets of mine owners, and that he will vote to depreciate not only the silver dollar, but all the currency to 53 cents on the dollar. How in the name of Hanna can free silver coinage put 47 per cent of each dollar coined into the pocket of the silver miner and at the same time reduce the value of the silver dollar and all the currency dependent upon it to the value of 53 cents? Any schoolboy can figure out that if the value of the silver dollar depreciates to 53 cents, or anything less than its face value the miner can not make 47 cents by its free coinage at the mints. Or, to put it the other way, if the miner makes 47 cents, the value of the silver dollar will have to be raised to the value of the present gold dollar, in which case there will be no depreciation of the currency. The gold-standard advocate can take his choice of alternatives, but not both. This is a fair sample of the kind of logic with which Hanna's agents are flooding the country. It proceeds on the assumption that the workingmen are fools.

Demonetizing Silver.

I will take it on myself to answer Mr. Edward Helliwell, who inquires about what is meant when it is asserted that silver has been "demonetized." His letter, published in the Record Aug. 6, refers to two objections often stated, as he says, which he gives as follows: 1. "We were not using any silver in 1873, and therefore silver could not have been demonetized." 2. "We are using more silver money than ever before in our history."

It is a technical word. One might say the silver coin now has no independent purchasing power, whereas once with us all the silver coin of the United States did have such independent purchasing power, and from 1853 to 1873 the silver dollar possessed it, while the fractional silver coin did not. The independent purchasing power of the fractional silver coin was taken away in 1853 and that of the silver dollar in changes that occurred from 1873 to 1878. That is "demonetizing." The taking away of the independent purchasing power of any of the precious metal coinage by law is the "demonetizing" of such coin. While we did not actually use the silver or gold coin as a part of the volume of the circulating medium in 1873 the law permitted the gold coin and the silver dollar to be carried on independent purchasing power, and after that this privilege was taken from the silver dollar. While the silver coin now has the same purchasing power as gold coin it is so because they are in the volume of the circulating medium as the solvent representation of the gold coin. The silver coin changes purchasing power with the change of the gold coin, and not with the change of silver bullion. It may then be true that in 1873 we were not using the silver coin in our volume of the circulating medium, and yet the silver dollar was privileged to be coined and used on its own purchasing power, but after 1878 it could only be used as the solvent or insolvent representation of gold coin. The silver dollar was restored in everything but its independent purchasing power in 1878. The silver dollar therefore remained "demonetized."

Nor does it make any difference about the volume of silver coin, for be the issue few or many, the question involving the "demonetizing" of precious metal coinage is whether or not it is issued on independent or dependent purchasing power. Purchasing power alone is "standard of prices," and any money to perform the office of a "standard of prices" must have sufficient independence of purchasing power to fill this office. Solvent representative money never has any purchasing power of its own, and therefore can only be subordinate money and is "demonetized."—Ebenezer Wakeley in Chicago Record.

Just Like Cleveland.

Those Republican papers that have been roasting Cleveland for his goldite financial policy can now with the same consistency roast McKinley, but it is a noticeable fact that they do nothing of the kind. If there is any difference between the policy announced by McKinley and that pursued by Cleveland, people would like to know what that difference is.—Wood River News-Miner, Hailey, Idaho.

Puts Its Foot In It Every Day.

Chicago Tribune, today: This silver agitation is all in the interests of the silver miners. They want to make fifty cents' worth of silver worth a dollar.

Chicago Tribune, yesterday: The value of silver cannot be increased by unlimited coinage.

Query—If the value of silver cannot be increased by free coinage, how is free silver going to benefit the silver miners?

Except in the Ottoman empire, Persia, Arabia, Siam, China and the interior of African countries, slavery is now extinct.

OBADIAH POORDEVIL

GOES TO CHURCH BUT THEY DON'T ASK HIM TO PRAY.

However, the Spirit Moves Him and He Pours Out His Soul "In Meetin'"—One of W. S. Morgan's Newest Characters.

Obadiah Poordevil was on hand at church again last Sunday, but neither Deacon Skinflint nor Twentypercent invited him to lead in prayer. But Obadiah, having once begun, now felt it his duty to keep it up. Taking advantage of a temporary lull in the exercises he said, "Let us pray." Of course there was no way to shut him off, so they all knelt and Obadiah made the following prayer:

"O, Lord, I know old Skinflint and Twentypercent don't want me to pray any more, but I can't help it. They told me last month that you would put words in my mouth, and O, Lord, when you do it I can't hold 'em. O, Lord, I want to know what I was made for? Why did you make me the same shape as old Deacon Skinflint, and he don't work and I do? O, Lord, did you intend for us all to work, or not? If you didn't, why did you give us all hands? If you didn't intend us all to work, why didn't you make them that you didn't intend to work without any mouths and with hair on so they wouldn't eat up and wear out what us workers produced? If you intended for us all to work, why do you let them dodge it?

O, Lord, it may be because I am ignorant, but I can't understand. You made the earth for the people but I can't git any of it while old Twentypercent has got enough for a dozen families. Did you intend for him to gobble up more than his share? If you didn't why don't you snatch him bald-headed?

O, Lord, it seems the world is turned upside down, anyway.

And, now, O, Lord, if I have to keep on slaving for old Twentypercent I want you to send me down a wagon load of grace, for I can't hardly stand it. I want you to help me to understand everything on this earth, and if it's right help me to bear my share of the burdens and as much of old Twentypercent's share as he makes me bear.

Now, O, Lord, you know what there is to do here that I can't do. I haint askin' you to do anything I can do, but just give me a whole lot of grace to help me put in my best licks. If you put words in my mouth that hurts old Skinflint's and Twentypercent's feelin's, I can't help it. If you want me to wipe up the ground with them all you've got to do is just to say the word, like you did to Joshua about all of them different kind of "ites" that were up at Jericho and Gilgal and other towns, where I think old Twentypercent's ancestors came from.

O, Lord, this is enough for today; I'll hit 'em again some other time. Amen.

W. S. MORGAN.

How Mark Is Viewed at Home.

Cleveland Citizen (official organ Cleveland Central Labor Union)—At a regular meeting of the Cleveland (O.) Central Labor union, the committee on legislation made the following report:

"To the Republican Trades Unionists of the United States: Realizing that in a few short months the union workingmen of this country will be again asked to cast their ballots for president, we, the delegates of the organized laboring people of Cleveland, appeal to republican wage workers, who have been repeatedly told by their party newspapers and politicians that they must imitate capital and organize if they would enjoy the benefits of a higher tariff, to demand that the Hon. Marcus A. Hanna, the principal manager of William McKinley (who, it is stated, will be a member of the latter's cabinet in case he is elected), explain his attitude relative to labor organizations:

"1. Ask the Hon. M. A. Hanna if he did not aid in destroying the Seamen's unions of the lower lake regions and then contribute to a fund to send A. B. Rumsey, his scab procurer, on a pleasure trip around the world.

"2. Ask Major McKinley's 'bosom friend,' the Hon. M. A. Hanna, if he has not taken a prominent part in wrecking the Mine Workers' unions of Pennsylvania.

"3. Ask this tremendous political general, who fleeces his workingmen with one hand and spends money lavishly with the other to purchase a presidency, the Hon. Mark A. Hanna, if he did not destroy the union of his street railway employes and positively refuse to allow them to organize.

"4. Ask the great President Maker Hanna if he did not say to the striking employes of the Globe shipyard that $1.30 per day was sufficient for them (when competitors were paying more), but if they would vote for McKinley he would favor paying $1.05 a day.

"5. Ask the unselfish Hanna if he is not at this moment erecting a mansion for his son and employing scab labor and disregarding the wage rate and eight-hour day of the building trades.

"6. Finally, ask Mr. Hanna, before his candidate is given the nomination for the highest honor in the land, if destroying workingmen's unions and paying pauper wages for long hours of toil is his interpretation of protection to American labor and prosperity and patriotism."

On motion the resolution was adopted and the secretary instructed to forward it to the chairman of the National Republican committee.

Hot Shot for the Bond Brokers.

Monthly Journal (official organ of the International Association of Machinists)—Great and startling changes are taking place; history is being made. Party politics are all shaken up; party lines are strained. Fealty to party and advocacy of partisanship are giving place to honesty of purpose and devotion to principle. The veil is rent; workingmen see clearer than they ever did before what forces have been at work, what tactics are employed to keep them in subjugation and to prevent their emancipation. On the one side is producing labor; on the other side the money power, strongly intrenched in official power by years of scheming and corruption, pulling and straining for supremacy. Never before has the outlook been so cheering. Government is to be founded on intelligence and equality and not upon the wishes of the plutocrats and their unholy desires, that are sucking and sapping the life blood of our people. The governmental partnership that is in existence with the powers that be and the favored classes, is about to be broken; the people have come to the realization of the fact that all must have equal recognition before the law; that all must share in the prosperity, that thought, brawn and muscles have created, and that all are entitled to equal liberty and opportunity.

A Friend to the People.

The noblest position a public man can now assume is a friend to the common people.

Thos. Jefferson dictated the inscription to be placed on his tomb before he died.

He said he wanted it stated on his monument that he was the author of the declaration of independence and founder of the University of Virginia.

A grander inscription for the monument of a dead statesman would be, "He was the friend of the common people."

This inscription would be a good one, and worthy to mark the last resting place of any man the world has called good and great.

A man, to be a friend to the common people, must possess rare traits of character and nobleness of mind. No grander conception can be made of a truly great man than that he was the friend of the common people.

The world has produced many great, wise and good men, but there is niche yet for the man who possesses the transcendent nobleness of character to be indeed and in truth the friend of the common people.

BEHOLD THE LEADERS OF THE BOLTOCRATIC SIDESHOW.

[Preparing to Aid McKinley's Election—In Their Minds.]

Are they not the same men who Accomplished the complete destruction of silver as money in 1893? Since then Wages have gone down nearly one-half. Three million able bodied men have since been thrown out of employment. The prisons of the country have become overcrowded. The insane asylums cannot accommodate the victims The poor houses are turning victims into the highways to die by the roadway. Voters of this country do you want this state of affairs continued? If you do just vote along with the Cleveland-Carlisle-Whitney-Brice sideshow for McKinley and Hobart. If you want to see the wheels of industry set in motion again just vote for Bryan and Watson.

One redeeming feature in connection with the latest developments affecting South African affairs appears in the fact that a great majority of the English people are ashamed and disgusted because of the developments brought to light through the shrewd investigation by President Kruger. While they are yet smarting under the indignities heaped upon them by the Sultan, and the scathing criticism which the weak policy of Salisbury in this connection elicited from the entire civilized world, they find their official representative convicted of one of the grossest and most despicable conspiracies that a stronger power could conceive against a weaker.

An enterprising Kansan who has acquired a facility for selling liquor, and whose business in Tonganoxie was greatly hampered by numerous jail sentences for violating the law, has transferred his saloon equipment to a farm wagon and is following a zigzag course among the thirsty workers in the fields. An accurate knowledge of the location of county boundary lines has enabled him thus far to elude the watchful sheriffs, and his experiment is being noted with increasing interest by a host of expectant imitators.

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TROY, ALA.

This college is supported by state and Peabody fund appropriations for the training of teachers and is not a mere "Preparatory School" for some other, but is of college grade in every way, as a teachers' training school should be, and grants college degrees and diplomas, and its graduates receive state certificates for two, four and six years, or for life, from the state superintendent of education of Alabama, and these are the strongest testimonials of professional worth to a teacher. Indeed, the graduates of this college are in great demand as teachers and the college authorities take great pleasure in answering requests for trained teachers sent in by school authorities from all over Alabama and adjoining states.

It will be seen from the Normal Exponent that students desiring the usual college course may get it here at very low expense, too. Board is but $8 to $10 per month and tuition and incidentals low.

Persons desiring information as to this college or wishing to secure a good teacher should write to Dr. E. R. Eldridge, president, at Troy Ala., for the Normal Exponent explaining everything.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

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A man without enemies may not be much of a man, but he has a soft time of it

"Penny wise and pound foolish" are those who think it economy to use cheap soap and rosin soap, instead of the good old Dobbins' Electric Soap; for sale by all grocers since 1869. Try it once. Be sure, buy genuine.

There are occasions in all our lives when we would rather have the conversation founded on somebody else.

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After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Piso's Cure.—RALPH ERIEG, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

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CONSUMPTION

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

FATAL ACCIDENT NEAR SELMA

Rolling Mills to Resume Work—Results of Primaries and Conventions for Congressmen—Homicide at Carbon Hill—Two Murderers Break Jail—Valuable Relic Found.

Cuba's Delegation for Rogers.

Cuba, Sumter county, sends her delegation to the county convention for Rogers for congress.

Clarke Gives Taylor a Majority.

Clarke county gives Taylor 4½, Bray 2½ and Austell 1½ delegates in the congressional convention.

Mobile Favors Sheldon.

Sheldon has got everything in sight in the city of Mobile and his majority is assured, even if the county is adverse.

Marengo Instructs for Taylor.

The county congressional convention held at Linden Saturday sent eleven delegates instructed for Hon. George W. Taylor.

Walker Unanimous for Bankhead.

The Walker county democratic convention instructed delegates for Bankhead by a unanimous vote. There was no opposition in any beat.

Marion Instructs for Bankhead.

The Marion county convention sent four delegates instructed for Bankhead to the congressional convention. The party is solid for Bryan.

Rolling Mills to Resume Work.

The Birmingham and the Alabama rolling mill companies will resume operations September 1. Large forces are now at work making repairs.

Stallings Has No Opposition.

Democratic congressional primaries were held in the Second district Saturday. The vote all over the district was light, Hon. J. F. Stallings having no opposition.

Etowah Instructs for Winston.

The Etowah county convention met Saturday and selected delegates to the congressional convention. Solicitor J. J. Winston was unanimously indorsed and the delegates instructed to vote for him for congress.

Fatal Fall From a Tree.

Aaron Morgan, colored, fell from a tree near Gadsden Friday, and died a few hours afterwards as a result of his injuries. He fell a distance of thirty-five feet. He received internal injuries and fractured his skull.

Murderers at Large.

George and Will Howell, two negroes sent to Decatur for safe keeping from Limestone county, and under sentence of death for the murder of a white man named Smith, broke jail some time Friday night and are at large.

Bankhead Re-Nominated.

A dispatch from Tuskaloosa says: Bankhead has safely carried Tuskaloosa, Fayette, Marion, Lamar, Walker and Greene counties for congress in the primary election today, (Saturday) and his nomination is conceded.

Tusseling Over a Loaded Gun.

A man named Doster shot and killed Ford Dukes in Montgomery Saturday afternoon. Both are white. The men were tusseling over a loaded gun when the piece was accidentally discharged. Both are said to have been drinking.

Four Hundred Dollars Reward.

The governor has offered $400 reward for the apprehension and conviction of the person who committed the outrage on the little daughter of Rev. Gardener C. Tucker, in Baldwin county, a few days ago. The crime was a most atrocious one, and every one hopes the brute may be brought to justice.

Bibb County Convention.

The democratic convention of Bibb, held at Centreville Saturday, appointed delegates to the congressional convention and instructed them to vote as a unit for Hon. Oscar W. Underwood. The convention instructed Bibb's representative to vote for Bankhead for United States senator, and for Pugh as second choice.

A Valuable Relic.

W. H. Rice, while at work near Bee Tree bar, near Florence, discovered a mother-of-pearl gorget of Indian warship 6 inches in diameter, bearing the four foxes' heads, the badge or crest of the Cherokee tribe, who played the noted game and secured the territory at Ball Play. It has been sent to an officer of United States engineers at Governor's Island, N. Y.

Fatal Accident Near Selma.

J. B. Peak, a prominent planter of Dallas county, while working with his cotton gin across the river, in sight of Selma, Friday morning, got his right hand caught between the saws and was instantly drawn between the sharp teeth. His fingers were cut off and the flesh was literally torn from the bones of the arm. The right side of his body was terribly lacerated. He was carried to his home in Selma, where he died three hours later. He leaves a young wife.

With His Little Rifle.

A. J. Rains, captain of the E. T. Coles, a Tennessee river steamboat, narrowly escaped death by gunshot at Decatur Saturday. The little son of Pilot Newsom, while handling a loaded rifle on the upper deck of the boat, accidentally discharged it. The ball passed through the floor of the deck and plowed a furrow through the scalp of Mr. Rains just above the temple, making quite a painful, but not serious, flesh wound.

Assault With Intent to Murder.

Charles Hicks, the negro charged with shooting Laura Hicks, his wife, Saturday night, near Twenty-sixth street, Birmingham, was arrested Sunday afternoon by officers Bodeker, Hilard and Disheroon. A charge of assault with intent to murder was placed against him, and an order left to allow no bail until the result of the wounds inflicted is known. The woman is in a dangerous condition, being shot in the abdomen. The shooting is said to have been the result of jealousy.

Fowler Admitted to Bail.

R. H. Fowler, who ten days or so ago shot and seriously wounded P. B. Greene, in Birmingham, has been released from the county jail, where he was held to await the result of Greene's injuries. Greene has recovered sufficiently to be on the streets, and Fowler was, therefore, allowed to make bond to appear to answer a charge of assault with intent to murder. The bond was fixed at $500. It now seems to be certain that Greene will eventually recover from his wound.

Homicide at Carbon Hill.

Saturday was pay day at the mines around Carbon Hill, and considerable whisky drinking was indulged in by the miners. John Linihan, a miner from McDonald's mines, while intoxicated, was creating a disturbance, when Albert Oakley, the town marshal, commanded him to keep quiet. Linihan told him he had done nothing disorderly. This led to a dispute, which ended in Linihan pulling a pistol and firing two shots at Oakley. The first shot struck the marshal in the heart, killing him instantly, and the second took effect in the hip of James Roden, a bystander, producing a serious wound. Linihan's friends contend that Oakley made a motion to pull his pistol, which caused Linihan to shoot. After the shooting Linihan gave himself up to some friends. Sheriff Guttery, of Walker county, was notified of the affair and went over to Carbon Hill Sunday morning and got the prisoner.

Contest in the Eighth District.

County conventions were held Saturday in the seven counties composing the Eighth Alabama Congressional district for the purpose of choosing delegates to the free silver democratic nominating congressional convention, which meets in Decatur on September 1 next. Six county conventions—those of Lauderdale, Lawrence, Jackson, Limestone, Madison and Morgan—have, without contest, sent instructed delegations to the district convention, the first three for General Joseph Wheeler, present member of congress from this district, and the latter three counties sent similar delegations instructed for Judge William Richardson, General Wheeler's opponent in the congressional race. Colbert, the seventh county in the district, held separate Wheeler and Richardson conventions Saturday, the former being composed of forty-nine and the latter fifty-five delegates, resulting in sending contesting delegations from that county. As it now stands the Decatur convention will be organized with an initial representation for General Wheeler of twenty-four and for Judge Richardson twenty-eight delegates, which will give the Richardson men control of the organization, and, together with the added strength of Colbert county, will undoubtedly secure Judge Richardson the nomination, which his friends here believe is now assured.

An Old Firm Falls.

The T. T. Haydock Carriage company, of Cincinnati, assigned Saturday to the Union Savings and Trust company. The assets are $200,000 including five shops and stock. The liabilities are $150,000. The officers of the company are: President, Mrs. T. S. Haydock; vice-president and general manager, E. P. Peeplo; secretary, C. C. Wyck. Mr. Haydock died in 1885 and his estate was represented by his widow. The firm has been in business over forty years. The failure is due to recent failures of other carriage companies.

Shot His Wife's Father.

A shotgun duel between W. A. Haynes and his son-in-law, Daniel Lee, at Arlington, a Louisville and Nashville station south of Nashville, Tenn., is reported. Lee and his wife fell out and separated. Thursday Lee returned to Haynes', where she was staying, and was ordered away. He armed himself and went back, when the men quarreled and Lee shot Haynes. The latter got his gun, and several shots were exchanged. Haynes lies in a dying condition, and Lee has been jailed without bond.

Extensive Phosphate Deposits.

A. J. Welch, chief clerk of the railway mail service, has returned from a trip through Middle Tennessee on official business. Mr. Welch says that at Mt. Pleasant, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, very extensive deposits of phosphate were but recently discovered. Several car loads of phosphate are now being turned out daily, and a large number of men are employed.

A Missouri Hurricane.

A terrific hurricane struck West Plains, Mo., Saturday evening at 5:45, lasting until 6:30, which was accompanied by a heavy rain, followed by hail. At the base-ball park the grand stand was blown down and completely demolished. A number of people were injured, but none seriously.

OF INTEREST TO BICYCLE RIDERS.

There can be no question that one of the most important parts of a bicycle is the tire. It has to bear the brunt of the work, is constantly coming in contact with destroying elements, and generally receives the least care from the rider. The importance of the work it has to do was early recognized by makers of bicyles, however, and they have given much attention to this important adjunct of the wheel.

There are today, perhaps, thirty different styles of bicycle tires on the market, all of which vary in detail. As to their various merits, theories are of little value, actual experience is the only way to determine this question. Unless an article gives satisfaction, demand for it soon ceases. After a test of over six years, during which time double-tube and single-tube tires have been marketed, at least three-fourths of all the riders in this country today demand and ride double-tube tires.

The leading firm in the United States, and in fact in the entire world, in the manufacture of double-tube tires, is Morgan & Wright, Chicago. Their history is interesting. The first pneumatic tire—the rags-and glue kind—was giving trouble, and Morgan & Wright stepped in to fill a great public want. They furnished a tire that could be easily taken from the rim to be repaired. That was the principal requirement in those days, besides the usual requirements of speed, durability and comfort.

That was several years ago. Single tube tires had been pushed in Europe, and were failing, and the same effort was being started in this country. The Morgan & Wright double-tube tire quickly proved its superiority, with the result stated above. The quick-repair, inner tube, which is this year a standard feature of all of this firm's tires, has made the position of double-tube tires practically invincible, by making it quick and easy for the riders to secure, at the roadside, a permanent repair—a thing admittedly impossible in the majority of single-tube accidents.

BEAT THE COTTON TIE TRUST.

The Georgia Commissioner Urges the Use of Wire Ties.

Commissioner Nesbitt has received a letter from D. P. Duncan, manager of the Farmers' Alliance exchange of South Carolina, recommending the use of the cotton wire tie and asking that as many farmers of the state as possible be urged to adopt the tie in order to break down the cotton tie trust recently formed by the manufacturers.

The new tie is made of large size wire. One end of the wire is made into a loop. Through this loop the other end is passed. The wire is then bent down, twisted under the loop and tied in a simple yet effective manner.

Mr. George W. Truitt, of Lagrange, wrote to Commissioner Nesbitt that the new tie was a success in every particular. Mr. Truitt says the tie is perfect and a practical test shows the loop is not needed. He says that after making a thorough test the spiral twist in the wire is best. The wire is said to be large enough not to cut its way into the bagging, as was at first claimed would be the result if they were adopted.

COLONEL NESBITT'S LETTER.

Commissioner Nesbitt has addressed the following letter to the farmers of the south in regard to the wire cotton ties:

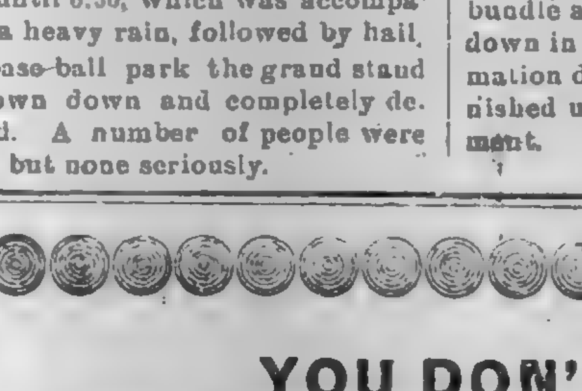
"Atlanta, Ga., August 21.—To the farmers of Georgia: This department has been investigating the question of substituting wire ties for the flat ties heretofore used in baling cotton, and I believe now that a satisfactory solution of the question has been reached. I now urge upon the farmers of this and the other cotton growing states to meet together in their respective counties and devise plans for securing wire ties. If necessary delay packing your cotton for a short time in order that you may get the wire ties.

"The following letters explain the matter. The ties used by Mr. George W. Truitt are made by the Continental Wire company, Laclede building, St. Louis, Mo. They weigh eighteen pounds to the bundle and are offered at 50 cents a bundle (thirty ties) on the cars at St. Louis in car load lots or 60 cents in smaller quantities.

"The ties recommended by the Farmers' Alliance exchange of South Carolina can be purchased from Washburn & Moore Manufacturing company, 241 Pearl street, New York. They weigh thirty-seven and a half pounds to the bundle and will cost 90 cents a bundle down in Atlanta. Any further information desired will be cheerfully furnished upon application to this department.

R. T. Nesbitt,
"Commissioner."

YOU DON'T
SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN
RIDING;



KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Compiled and Condensed for the Convenience of Our Readers.

TWO NEGRO DUELISTS DEAD.

Suicided on the Eve of Her Wedding. Destructive Prairie Fires Raging. Ship Ashore—Two Girls Burned to Death—Plant System Establishes a Hospital Department.

The O'Hara Walthall (Mass.) Dial company has notified its employes that after August 29 the dial works will be closed indefinitely pending the advent of better times.

Dennis Williams, a prominent cotton man of Norman, Okla., was shot Tuesday night from ambush. He was on his way to the county seat to have warrants issued for a gang of horse thieves.

The democrats of the First congressional district of Mississippi have renomited Congressman John M. Allen. In the Second district W. V. Sullivan, a leading young lawyer of Oxford, was chosen to succeed Congressman Kyle.

Saturday morning a large barn full of feed and containing four horses and five mules belonging to H. D. Kampmann's ranch, near San Antonio, Tex., burned, together with his valuable driving horse, Bessie. Loss, $5,000.

At Legate, in Stewart county, Tenn., Oscar Prewitt and J. T. Travis quarreled over a crop of tobacco and Travis was shot by Prewitt six times, killing him instantly. Prewitt escaped and a heavy reward is offered for his apprehension.

Fire of incendiary origin destroyed the exposition building, a large frame structure at the driving park, Buffalo, N. Y. Loss, $100,000. All the horses were removed safely, but the owners will lose most of their sulkies, harness, etc.

The Missionary Baptist Church Association of southern and western Kentucky on Thursday passed resolutions condemnatory of Dr. Whitsett at Louisville, declaring that he was guilty of heresy in stating and believing that for years immersion was a lost art in England.

The Chattanooga police arrested a man Friday night who gave his name as Charles M. Brinkley, of Pike county, Ga., on suspicion of being the man who made the murderous assault on Captain Russell, of the local police, Tuesday night. Brinkley has been committed to await an investigation.

One member of the family of George Blase, a market gardener of St. Louis, Mo., has died of glanders, his wife is dying and another child, a boy two years old, is beginning to show symptoms of the dreadful disease. The disease was transmitted to the Blase family from a horse used in marketing the garden product.

The Argentine bank, a pioneer institution of Argentine, Kan., was closed Wednesday by Myron A. Waterman, deputy state examiner of Kansas. The bank, he says, has some bad loans and could not make sufficient collection to tide it over. The liabilities are placed at about $198,000, of which $122,500 is due depositors.

Little Walter, the two-year-old son of C. L. Steine, a soldier at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta, Ga., while playing with matches at noon Friday, set his clothing a-fire and was so badly burned that he died in about four hours. Both his parents were away from home when the sad event took place.

Walker B. Adams, who was shot at Bedford station, N. Y., Thursday by burglars, died Friday morning. The two burglars shot refuse to talk and have not been identified. Two women, who are undoubtedly related to them, have called to see them, but the women refuse to talk, and speak of the men by their first names only.

The American ship Governor Goodwin, Captain Oakes, from New York April 29 for Chee-Foo, is ashore on Prince's island and is a total wreck. The crew were all saved. The Governor Goodwin was a wooden ship of 1,495 tons. She was built in Boston, Mass., in 1877, and was owned by Foster & Prack, of Boston.

Jesse Rudicil, a motorman on the Austin (Texas) Rapid Transit, had five bullets fired into him Friday morning by Will Cooper, a grocery clerk, and one bullet through the spine will kill him. He was shot without warning, Cooper entering the car and firing into Rudicil's back. Cooper says Rudicil has been too intimate with his wife.

Leopold Weil & Co., diamond and jewelry dealers, New York, are in financial difficulty. The trouble is attributed to the banks shutting down on discounts. The liabilities are $130,000. It is said the assets are sufficient to pay all the debts, but cannot be realized on at present. On January 1 last the firm placed its assets at $350,000.

John Felbach and his two daughters, Tillie and Hattie, aged 10 and 15 years, were burned to death Wednesday night in the destruction of the family residence in Watertown, S. D. The mother and one daughter were saved and one of the dead girls lived two hours after being removed from the building. The origin of the fire is still unknown.

Hon. Hilary A. Herbert, United States secretary of the navy, arrived in London Wednesday. He called at the United States embassy next morning and afterwards attended the funeral of Sir John Milais at St. Paul's church.

Fire destroyed the Van Wert county infirmary in Ohio Wednesday. Thirty inmates barely escaped. Two were badly burned.

The store of N. Friedman, dealer in dry goods and notions, Nashville, Tenn., was totally destroyed by fire Saturday night. The damage will amount to about $5,000. The store of Charles Sickler, grocer, next door, was damaged $2,000 by smoke and water.

News reached Louisa, Ky., of the killing of J. R. Hensley by John Lett, at Zelda. The prisoner is said to have gone into the store where Lett is a clerk and raised a disturbance. Lett was assaulted by Hensley and used a knife in defense, disemboweling Hensley. The latter died in a few minutes. Both the men were married.

A NEW DISCOVERER OF AMERICA

Did His Work About the Year Columbus Was Born.

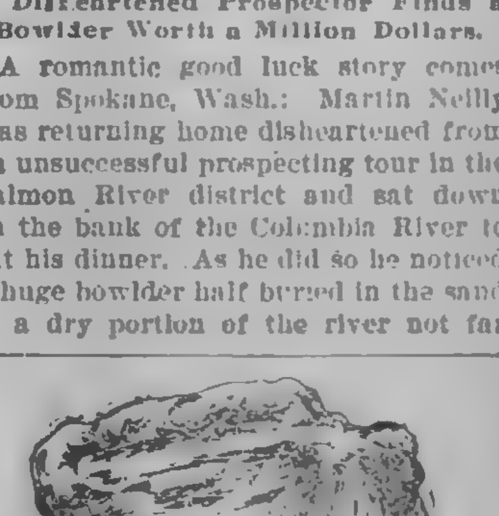
To sum up briefly. The shortest route from the old world to the new is from Cape Verde to Brazil. Winds and currents tend to carry a ship across. There is, therefore, an inherent probability that a Portuguese vessel should have been driven on to the Brazilian coast. This actually happened to Cabral in 1500. It might have happened at any time after ships began to round Cape Verde. That cape was first rounded in 1445. In 1448 a remarkable map was made by Bianco, showing the most recent Portuguese discoveries. On it a long stretch of coastline is shown southwest from Cape Verde, with an inscription saying that it is authentic, and 1,500 miles to the west. The only land in such a position is South America. The discovery must have been made between 1445 and 1448.

It is recorded that an unknown island was found far to the west in 1447. On the first map dealing with the Atlantic Ocean after Bianco's map, a large island is found in the position indicated by Bianco. The Portuguese had good reason for not troubling much about such an island, until the papal bull of 1493, with its line of demarcation, when their conduct leading to the Tordesillas treaty of 1494, by which the line was shifted so far that they secured Brazil, seems to have been based on knowledge of the existence of land in the position of that country. Moreover, there is evidence to show that they publicly claimed the possession of such knowledge. If the views here set forth are tenable, the interesting and important result is obtained that America was discovered by the Portuguese in or about the very year in which Columbus is believed to have been born. Without removing one iota from the real merit of Columbus, it would add the crowning laurel to the already great glory of that marvelous man, Prince Henry the Navigator, who, it is pardonable to remember, was half an Englishman.—Geographical Journal.

A POOR MAN'S GOOD LUCK.

A Disheartened Prospector Finds a Bowlder Worth a Million Dollars.

A romantic good luck story comes from Spokane, Wash.: Martin Neilly was returning home disheartened from an unsuccessful prospecting tour in the Salmon River district and sat down on the bank of the Columbia River to eat his dinner. As he did so he noticed a huge bowlder half buried in the sand in a dry portion of the river not far from where he sat. When he was through with his repast he shouldered his pick and sauntered over toward the huge bowlder. He struck his pick into it several times and dislodged a piece of the decomposed rock. Great was his surprise when upon picking up the fragment he saw traces of gold and copper. Chipping a few more pieces he carried them to the nearest town and had them examined by assayers, who found that they would average $59 worth of gold and copper to the ton. Neilly has established a claim and is now holding off for a syndicate offer. The bowlder is estimated to weigh 20,000 tons, and its value is considered to be a million dollars.



NEILLY'S BOWLDER.

In speaking of the discovery Neilly says: "It was some time before I fully realized what a fortune I had discovered, but when it dawned upon me that at last I was a rich man I am afraid I made such demonstrations as would justify anyone who might have seen me in believing that I had lost my senses. For several years I have been 'grubstaked' in prospecting these mountains without success, and many is the time I have gone hungry for the want of the price to get something to eat, and can you blame me for going nearly crazy when I realized that I was no longer poor?"

Kindness draws out the better part of our nature, disarming resistance, dissipating angry passion, and melting the hardest heart.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

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EAST LAKE, ALA.

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The school will be conducted upon strict business principles.

[illegible] and the location is one of health, [illegible] moral security. Saloons and [illegible] agencies are excluded from East Lake by an act of the Legislature.

The society of the place is cultured and religious. The students of Howard College are free from the temptations to [illegible] which prevail in large towns, also from the distractions of a commercial community and the the unwholesome social excitements of such places. It is six miles from Birmingham, and students will be allowed to go to that city once a week only; also to visit the manufacturing plants from time to time with an officer of the college, and that from 1 to 12 o'clock a. m. on Saturdays.

Furnished room, fuel, board, tuition, medical fee, and laundry for room, $[illegible] per term, or $[illegible] per year. For catalogue and [illegible] formation, address

A. D. SMITH, East Lake, Ala.

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Charming location; delightful climate; wonderful [illegible] Literary faculty [illegible] Organ, Violin, Harp, [illegible] Terms very reasonable. Session opens [illegible] 15th. Please write for catalogue.

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Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1896. NO. 45.

This country used us 30,000 acres of timber a day in one way and another.

The South has paid enough for imported [illegible] in the last thirty years to buy every farm in every Southern State.

The recent agitation in Germany against dueling has had one good result. Professor Wagner, rector of the Berlin University, has given orders that every effort shall be made to put down the custom of dueling among the students.

[illegible] the United States and Canada [illegible] over 2,000,000,000 pounds [illegible] annually. As the plant is not cultivated in any of these countries the profits accruing to the coffee growers on the small islands and in other parts of the globe must be something enormous.

[illegible] Mexican railway mail service [illegible] Government $70,591 per year [illegible], consisting of twenty-five [illegible] agents, who inspect the service [illegible] the railways, and ninety-one [illegible], who are in charge of the [illegible] the cars on the different lines [illegible]. The companies carry the [illegible] without charge.

[illegible] report of the Commissioner of [illegible] shows a total enrollment of [illegible] pupils in the various institutions of the land. During the year [illegible] value of school property in the United States increased over $26,000,000. During the last twenty years the value of school property in the South has increased from $16,000,000 to $56,000,000.

Some years ago Prince Edward of Saxe Weimar, who was then visiting England, met the Prince of Wales [illegible], and mentioned the fact that he had just been playing a game of [illegible] at the Eltham Club, whereupon the Prince asked him where Eltham was. This amused Prince Edward, [illegible] one of the titles of the Prince of Wales is Earl of Eltham.

The twenty-inch gun at Fort Hamilton, New York Harbor, which was [illegible] of the world in 1875, is to give place to a more modern piece of ordnance. The piece fired a half-ton ball a distance of two and a half [illegible] with a charge of 125 pounds of [illegible], but when the feat was successfully accomplished the officers in charge are said to have counted their [illegible] and breathed sighs of satisfaction.

A representative of one of the Government [illegible] shook the hand of the [illegible] of Russia instead of kissing [illegible], and we are told, remarks Judge, [illegible] a day the event was the sole [illegible] of conversation in the home and [illegible] society at Moscow. It must be inferred that the society in [illegible] was less than usually interesting, but that topics were scarce; [illegible] really such events in such circles [illegible] lead eventually to a change of geography of Europe.

According to the last report of the [illegible] Railroad Commissioners there were 10,472 miles of railroad track in [illegible] June 30, 1895, or about [illegible] teen per cent. of the total mileage of the country. During the year [illegible] June 30 last 12 passengers, 175 employes and 143 other persons were killed and 155 passengers, 1433 employes and 400 other persons were injured. The total number of passengers carried was 60,000,000, which indicates the high standard of safety on the roads of the State.

[illegible] here is a queer lawsuit, [illegible] the New York Herald. It is [illegible] along in Chicago. A man [illegible] his wife went wheeling through [illegible] country and when dinner time [illegible] they went into a fashionable restaurant—a very swell restaurant—and [illegible] a large order for edibles, for [illegible] were hungry. The proprietor [illegible] informed them that nobody in [illegible] clothes could eat in his establishment. This was a terible shock to [illegible] nerves, but after a while the [illegible] changed to anger and now they [illegible] for damages.

[illegible] Japanese authorities have a peculiar way of discouraging accidents [illegible] railroads. They don't permit [illegible] road companies to be mulcted [illegible] damages or force them to [illegible] safeguards against running [illegible] people. Instead they fine the [illegible] of the killed for permitting [illegible] to trespass on the railroad. A poor man near Kamakura recently lost two children, who were run down by a train. The railroad company was not censured and he received no money recompense, but was fined $10. There are a good many railroad corporations in this country that would like to see the Japanese method introduced here.

A SHORT CATECHISM.

AN EASY METHOD OF CONVERTING MISLED VOTERS.

Once They Understand That This Is a Battle for Universal Supremacy Between Uncle Sam and John Bull They'll Vote for Free Silver.

Question—What issue outweighs all others in this year's campaign?

Answer—The question of the restoration of the principle of bimetallism in our monetary system.

Q.—Why is so much earnestness felt on the subject?

A.—Because the vote next November will probably determine the question finally one way or the other.

Q.—Is not the tariff equally an issue in the campaign?

A.—No, there is no appreciable opposition to a protective tariff, and all other issues are lost in the great one of gold or bimetallism.

Q.—Explain the position of the gold advocates?

A.—They insist that 23.22 grains of gold shall constitute the measure of the dollar, no matter to what point gold may advance.

Q.—Why are they so wedded to the gold standard?

A.—Because it is the English standard, and England is looked upon as the most enlightened nation of the world.

Q.—Is there any reason why we should have the same standard as European countries?

A.—None whatever. The monetary system of a country is purely a matter of its own internal concern.

Q.—What influence has precipitated the issue at this time?

A.—The speculative money influence.

Q.—What do you mean by speculative money influence?

A.—Capital legitimately employed has little to make or lose by the question of the standards. A piece of property is worth just as much whether expressed in English pounds or in French francs or in American dollars. So invested capital represents the same intrinsic value whether it be measured by gold dollars or silver dollars. Only large investors in money have any very real interest in maintaining forever the gold standard.

Q.—But would not a change of standard be an injustice to them?

A.—The issue had better not have been raised at this time; but as it has been raised some injustice must be experienced on one side or the other.

Q.—Who raised the issue?

A.—The advocates of the gold standard.

Q.—What are their chief arguments?

A.—Denouncing the advocates of bimetallism as populists, anarchists, fanatics and cranks.

Q.—Are these denunciations justified?

A.—No; many able political economists and statesmen advocate bimetallism.

Q.—Does free silver carry with it the destruction of the national banking system, the restriction of the powers of the government to preserve the peace in times of riot and insurrection, and other so-called populistic measures?

A.—By no means. The remonetization of silver is a legitimate question of statesmanship with a solid basis of scientific truth underlying it.

Q.—Just what do the bimetallists contend for?

A.—For the free coinage both of gold and silver.

Q.—What do you mean by free coinage?

A.—The privilege on the part of any holder of the precious metals of taking them to the mint and having them coined into money without limitation.

Q.—Then the term "free" simply means unrestricted as to amount?

A.—Exactly. If every coin contains the full weight of pure metal and passes at what it is worth, there can be no object in limiting the coinage. The more money we have the better.

Q.—But how about the expense of running the mints?

A.—At present gold is coined at the expense of the government. In some countries the cost of coining is charged to the person getting his metal converted into coin. That would be a matter for congress to settle. There can be no objection to a charge for coinage. There may be advantages in it.

Q.—Then free silver simply means putting silver on an equality with gold in throwing open the mints to its coinage?

A.—It does.

Q.—What do you mean by 16 to 1?

A.—The present silver dollar has 16 times the weight of the gold dollar. The expression 16 to 1 means the continuance of the coinage of the silver dollar at the present weight, or at 16 times the weight of the gold dollar.

Q.—But the present silver dollar has but half the bullion value of the gold dollar, has it not?

A.—True, but its depreciation results very largely from its demonetization. Restore its functions as real money and it will certainly advance.

Q.—Will it return to a parity with gold at the 16 to 1 ratio?

A.—Many good thinkers believe it will. In any case the disparity would be but very small compared with what it is to-day.

Q.—What advantages are claimed for free coinage?

A.—It would break the existing corner in gold and cause the dollar to return to its old value.

Q.—What would be the effect of that?

A.—Prices for all products of labor would advance, business would revive, debts would be more easily paid, labor would be in greater demand, and strikes and riots would cease. Prosperity would be restored to the country.

Q.—Then the support of free silver does not mean anarchy and repudiation?

A.—Far from it; the intelligent and conscientious free-silver advocates have solely in view the prosperity of the nation.

THE SLINGS AND ARROWS OF OUTRAGED FARMERS.

LABOR'S WAGES AND MONOMETALLISM.

The advocates of the present gold standard are fond of asserting that wages are higher in gold standard countries than they are in bimetallic countries. They quote the daily wages paid in Brazil, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Holland, Great Britain, Argentina, Norway and Sweden, Spain, Turkey, Portugal, Canada, Switzerland, Venezuela, United States, Chili and Australasia, all gold standard countries, as against Austria, China, Russia, Central America, Persia, Peru, Uruguay, Mexico, Colombia, Japan, India and Ecuador—all silver standard countries. It will be noticed that not one of the countries named are on a bimetallic system, except it be the United States (the figures are for the year 1890, when this country was on a partial bimetallic basis) which they nevertheless put in the gold standard column. Today all the countries named have either a single silver standard or a single gold standard. Not one of them has a financial system like the United States had up to 1873, and, in a measure, from that time to 1893, when the Sherman law was repealed by a forced panic and under which wages advanced so much. A single silver standard is almost as bad as a single gold standard. The one virtue of silver monometallism over gold is that it keeps the forces of production at work. There is practically no unemployed in the silver countries. A third of the forces of production in the gold countries are idle at the present time.

And again it is organized labor that keeps wages up in every country. Labor is thoroughly organized in nearly all of the gold standard countries. In the silver countries it is not. All of the gold countries named have heretofore been bimetallic countries. The silver countries have always been monometallic. Wages thrive under the bimetallic system. Wages go down under the monometallic system—be it gold or silver. This country is now on a gold monometallic system and has been since 1893. Wages have gone down 30 per cent. since then. The daily pay of workmen in the United States in 1892 was $12,000,000; today it is about $8,000,000. We want to get back to the bimetallic system, not merely as it partly existed prior to 1893, but as it wholly existed prior to 1873. Then wages will go up.

TO OPPRESS LABOR.

Aldrich's Committee Misrepresents the Facts.

New York Journal: What are these statistics in which such constant appeals are made, and for which men are asked to distrust their common sense and common observation? Fortunately, this question may be briefly answered, because all these labor sympathizers refer to the same set of statistics—the only set in the world that would answer their purpose. It is the report made by Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island to the senate finance committee in 1893.

Those who know nothing about the wages accepted the committee's summary, but others looked to see in what industries this astonishing rise in wages had taken place. They found that upon "books and newspapers" wages had fallen since 1873; in the "building trades" they had fallen; in "city public works" they had fallen; in "cotton goods" they had fallen, but that in "dry goods," where the greatest fall was expected, wages were reported to have risen over 40 per cent!

Turning to the employers' reports in another volume to learn where the wages of clerks had been rising at such a phenomenal rate, it was found that but a single dry goods store, up in New Hampshire, had made a return. Less than twenty clerks were employed by it, and yet the Aldrich committee assumed that all clerks throughout the country had had a similar advance in wages. As clerks are more numerous than cotton operative, for example, a rise of 40-odd per cent in the wages of a score of clerks was made to offset a fall of about one-sixth in the wages of over a thousand cotton operatives and leave a handsome balance to be applied to other industries as needed. Other methods likewise extraordinary were used by the committee, such as the separation of the foremen from the hands, and the making a rise in a foreman's wages offset a fall in the wages of a score of men under him. By these means the desired results were secured.

What the employers' returns really showed was something very different, according to an independent investigator, who went over the returns a few months ago. The summary for all the persons employed in all the industries covered was as follows:

Date	Persons Empolyed.	Aggregate wages (daily.)	Average daily wages currency.	Average daily wages (gold.)
January, 1860	5,651	$6,566	$1.18	$1.18
January, 1873	6,153	12,566	2.04	1.81
January, 1891	7,765	13,125	1.69	1.69

In other words, between 1860 and 1873, under bimetallism, gold wages rose 53 per cent in thirteen years; between 1873 and 1891, under the incomplete monometallism, gold wages in the most favored establishments fell 7 per cent.

Since 1893, under complete monometallism, the decline in wages has been at a much more rapid rate. In Massachusetts the labor report for 1894 showed that in two years the nominal rate of wages in the factories of the state had fallen 7 per cent and that even this lower rate was received by fewer hands, working fewer days. Wage-earners who do not know the statistics know the facts from hard experience, and those who depend upon statistics to persuade the wage-earners to take the side of money lenders and tighten their grip upon the industry of the country have a difficult task before them.

"Fool Logic."

St. Louis Republic: In the same column a republican organ tells the workingman that if he votes for Bryan he will vote 47 per cent of his wages into the pockets of mine owners, and that he will vote to depreciate not only the silver dollar, but all the currency to 53 cents on the dollar. How in the name of Hanna can free silver coinage put 47 per cent of each dollar coined into the pocket of the silver miner and at the same time reduce the value of the silver dollar and all the currency dependent upon it to the value of 53 cents? Any schoolboy can figure out that if the value of the silver dollar depreciates to 53 cents, or anything less than its face value the miner can not make 47 cents by its free coinage at the mints. Or, to put it the other way, if the miner makes 47 cents, the value of the silver dollar will have to be raised to the value of the present gold dollar, in which case there will be no depreciation of the currency. The gold-standard advocate can take his choice of alternatives, but not both. This is a fair sample of the kind of logic with which Hanna's agents are flooding the country. It proceeds on the assumption that the workingmen are fools.

Demonetizing Silver.

I will take it on myself to answer Mr. Edward Helliwell, who inquires about what is meant when it is asserted that silver has been "demonetized." His letter, published in the Record Aug. 6, refers to two objections often stated, as he says, which he gives as follows: 1. "We were not using any silver in 1873, and therefore silver could not have been demonetized." 2. "We are using more silver money than ever before in our history."

It is a technical word. One might say the silver coin now has no independent purchasing power, whereas once with us all the silver coin of the United States did have such independent purchasing power, and from 1853 to 1873 the silver dollar possessed it, while the fractional silver coin did not. The independent purchasing power of the fractional silver coin was taken away in 1853 and that of the silver dollar in changes that occurred from 1873 to 1878. That is "demonetizing." The taking away of the independent purchasing power of any of the precious metal coinage by law is the "demonetizing" of such coin. While we did not actually use the silver or gold coin as a part of the volume of the circulating medium in 1873 the law permitted the gold coin and the silver dollar to be carried on independent purchasing power, and after that this privilege was taken from the silver dollar. While the silver coin now has the same purchasing power as gold coin it is so because they are in the volume of the circulating medium as the solvent representation of the gold coin. The silver coin changes purchasing power with the change of the gold coin, and not with the change of silver bullion. It may then be true that in 1873 we were not using the silver coin in our volume of the circulating medium, and yet the silver dollar was privileged to be coined and used on its own purchasing power, but after 1878 it could only be used as the solvent or insolvent representation of gold coin. The silver dollar was restored in everything but its independent purchasing power in 1878. The silver dollar therefore remained "demonetized."

Nor does it make any difference about the volume of silver coin, for be the issue few or many, the question involving the "demonetizing" of precious metal coinage is whether or not it is issued on independent or dependent purchasing power. Purchasing power alone is "standard of prices," and any money to perform the office of a "standard of prices" must have sufficient independence of purchasing power to fill this office. Solvent representative money never has any purchasing power of its own, and therefore can only be subordinate money and is "demonetized."—Ebenezer Wakeley in Chicago Record.

Just Like Cleveland.

Those Republican papers that have been roasting Cleveland for his go-dite financial policy can now with the same consistency roast McKinley, but it is a noticeable fact that they do nothing of the kind. If there is any difference between the policy announced by McKinley and that pursued by Cleveland, people would like to know what that difference is.—Wood River News-Miner, Hailey, Idaho.

Puts Its Foot In It Every Day.

Chicago Tribune, today: This silver agitation is all in the interests of the silver miners. They want to make fifty cents' worth of silver worth a dollar.

Chicago Tribune, yesterday: The value of silver cannot be increased by unlimited coinage.

Query—If the value of silver cannot be increased by free coinage, how is free silver going to benefit the silver miners?

Except in the Ottoman empire, Persia, Arabia, Siam, China and the interior of African countries, slavery is now extinct.

OBADIAH POORDEVIL

GOES TO CHURCH BUT THEY DON'T ASK HIM TO PRAY.

However, the Spirit Moves Him and He Pours Out His Soul "In Meetin'"—One of W. S. Morgan's Newest Characters.

Obadiah Poordevil was on hand at church again last Sunday, but neither Deacon Skinflint nor Twentypercent invited him to lead in prayer. But Obadiah, having once begun, now felt it his duty to keep it up. Taking advantage of a temporary lull in the exercises he said, "Let us pray." Of course there was no way to shut him off, so they all knelt and Obadiah made the following prayer:

"O, Lord, I know old Skinflint and Twentypercent don't want me to pray any more, but I can't help it. They told me last month that you would put words in my mouth, and O, Lord, when you do it I can't hold 'em. O, Lord, I want to know what I was made for? Why did you make me the same shape as old Deacon Skinflint, and he don't work and I do? O, Lord, did you intend for us all to work, or not? If you didn't, why did you give us all hands? If you didn't intend us all to work, why didn't you make them that you didn't intend to work without any mouths and with hair on so they wouldn't eat up and wear out what us workers produced? If you intended for us all to work, why do you let them dodge it?

O, Lord, it may be because I am ignorant, but I can't understand. You made the earth for the people but I can't git any of it while old Twentypercent has got enough for a dozen families. Did you intend for him to gobble up more than his share? If you didn't why don't you snatch him bald-headed?

O, Lord, it seems the world is turned upside down, anyway.

And, now, O, Lord, if I have to keep on slaving for old Twentypercent I want you to send me down a wagon load of grace, for I can't hardly stand it. I want you to help me to understand everything on this earth, and if it's right help me to bear my share of the burdens and as much of old Twentypercent's share as he makes me bear.

Now, O, Lord, you know what there is to do here that I can't do. I haint askin' you to do anything I can do, but just give me a whole lot of grace to help me put in my best licks. If you put words in my mouth that hurts old Skinflint's and Twentypercent's feelin's, I can't help it. If you want me to wipe up the ground with them all you've got to do is just to say the word, like you did to Joshua about all of them different kind of "ites" that were up at Jericho and Gilgal and other towns, where I think old Twentypercent's ancestors came from.

O, Lord, this is enough for today; I'll hit 'em again some other time. Amen.

W. S. MORGAN.

How Mark Is Viewed at Home.

Cleveland Citizen (official organ Cleveland Central Labor Union)—At a regular meeting of the Cleveland (O.) Central Labor union, the committee on legislation made the following report:

"To the Republican Trades Unionists of the United States: Realizing that in a few short months the union workingmen of this country will be again asked to cast their ballots for president, we, the delegates of the organized laboring people of Cleveland, appeal to republican wage workers, who have been repeatedly told by their party newspapers and politicians that they must imitate capital and organize if they would enjoy the benefits of a higher tariff, to demand that the Hon. Marcus A. Hanna, the principal manager of William McKinley (who, it is stated, will be a member of the latter's cabinet in case he is elected), explain his attitude relative to labor organizations:

"1. Ask the Hon. M. A. Hanna if he did not aid in destroying the Seamen's unions of the lower lake regions and then contribute to a fund to send A. B. Rumsey, his scab procurer, on a pleasure trip around the world.

"2. Ask Major McKinley's 'bosom friend,' the Hon. M. A. Hanna, if he has not taken a prominent part in wrecking the Mine Workers' unions of Pennsylvania.

"3. Ask this tremendous political general, who fleeces his workingmen with one hand and spends money lavishly with the other to purchase a presidency, the Hon. Mark A. Hanna, if he did not destroy the union of his street railway employes and positively refuse to allow them to organize.

"4. Ask the great President Maker Hanna if he did not say to the striking employes of the Globe shipyard that $1.30 per day was sufficient for them (when competitors were paying more), but if they would vote for McKinley he would favor paying $1.05 a day.

"5. Ask the unselfish Hanna if he is not at this moment erecting a mansion for his son and employing scab-labor and disregarding the wage rate and eight-hour day of the building trades.

"6. Finally, ask Mr. Hanna, before his candidate is given the nomination for the highest honor in the land, if destroying workingmen's unions and paying pauper wages for long hours of toil is his interpretation of protection to American labor and prosperity and patriotism."

On motion the resolution was adopted and the secretary instructed to forward it to the chairman of the National Republican committee.

Hot Shot for the Bond Brokers.

Monthly Journal (official organ of the International Association of Machinists)—Great and startling changes are taking place; history is being made. Party politics are all shaken up; party lines are strained. Fealty to party and advocacy of partisanship are giving place to honesty of purpose and devotion to principle. The veil is rent; workingmen see clearer than they ever did before what forces have been at work, what tactics are employed to keep them in subjugation and to prevent their emancipation. On the one side is producing labor; on the other side the money power, strongly intrenched in official power by years of scheming and corruption, pulling and straining for supremacy. Never before has the outlook been so cheering. Government is to be founded on intelligence and equality and not upon the wishes of the plutocrats and their unholy desires, that are sucking and sapping the life blood of our people. The governmental partnership that is in existence with the powers that be and the favored classes, is about to be broken; the people have come to the realization of the fact that all must have equal recognition before the law; that all must share in the prosperity that thought, brawn and muscles have created, and that all are entitled to equal liberty and opportunity.

A Friend to the People.

The noblest position a public man can now assume is a friend to the common people.

Thos. Jefferson dictated the inscription to be placed on his tomb before he died.

He said he wanted it stated on his monument that he was the author of the declaration of independence and founder of the University of Virginia.

A grander inscription for the monument of a dead statesman would be, "He was the friend of the common people."

This inscription would be a good one, and worthy to mark the last resting place of any man the world has called good and great.

A man, to be a friend to the common people, must possess rare traits of character and nobleness of mind. No grander conception can be made of a truly great man than that he was the friend of the common people.

The world has produced many great, wise and good men, but there is niche yet for the man who possesses the transcendent nobleness of character to be indeed and in truth the friend of the common people.

BEHOLD THE LEADERS OF THE BOLTOCRATIC SIDESHOW.

[Preparing to Aid McKinley's Election—In Their Minds.]

Are they not the same men who Accomplished the complete destruction of silver as money in 1893? Since then Wages have gone down nearly one-half. Three million able bodied men have since been thrown out of employment. The prisons of the country have become overcrowded. The insane asylums cannot accommodate the victims. The poor houses are turning victims into the highways to die by the roadway. Voters of this country do you want this state of affairs continued? If you do just vote along with the Cleveland-Carlisle-Whitney-Brice sideshow for McKinley and Hobart. If you want to see the wheels of industry set in motion again just vote for Bryan and Watson.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect as far as practicable the farmers and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

DON'T be in too great a hurry,

HOLD back your cotton; prices are bound to go up!

THE state executive committee meets to-day and we have no doubt will decide to put out a straight Bryan and Watson ticket.

J. C Manning is reported to have gone over to the Republican party and will work for the election of McKinley.

WE have looked in vain for the People's Tribune to come straight out for either the Populist or Democratic ticket. Have the Tribune and Capt. Kolb no choice, or what is the matter?

IT is being said that our present representative, congressman W. F. Aldrich, does not intend to offer himself for re-election. Why do we not hold our convention and find out whom we are expected to support.

AND now they are charging Wm J. Bryan with having voted for Weaver. Well, we think all the more of him for doing so and hope that Weaver will reciprocate.

WE wish to inform our new county officers that we can furnish them with all the stationery needed for their official duties and that there is no necessity to make the people of Chilton county pay higher prices and heavy express charges from St. Louis or elsewhere when they can get all that is required in Clanton. Save the people's money and keep it in circulation at home.

THE Democratic convention of the fourth congressional district met at Selma last Friday and after casting 870 ballots adjourned Saturday night to meet at Shelby Springs on Friday, Sept. 11. Our Democratic friends seem to have a hard job on hand to find a candidate, but from all we can learn the choice lays between Craig Smith of Dallas and Plowden of Talladega, or possibly Kelly of Calhoun. "Silver" Democrats dont care whether its a gold bug or silver bug.

THE Montgomery weekly crop bulletin of Sept. 1 says: No improvment is shown in cotton, which continues to shed badly and has now reached such a stage that rains will be of no material benefit; about two-thirds of the crop is open; picking is progressing very rapidly, but there is a scarcity of labor in some sections; the yield is far below an average one and there are many complaints of poor quality of lint. The last of September will see but little if any cotton left in the fields."

THE gold Democrats at their national convention at Indianapolis nominated John M. Palmer of Illinois for President and Simon B. Tuckner of Kentucky vice president

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THE patrons of the public schools in this township will meet with the trustees at Clanton on Monday the 14th inst. to locate schools, etc.

OUR Congressman, Hon. W. F. Aldrich, has at his home at Aldrich, Shelby county, a limited number of the following "Farmers' Bulletins," which he desires to send to all who take an interest in the subjects treated. Any of our readers can obtain some or all of the list by application to him, until the supply is exhausted.

No. 14 Fertilizers for cotton; No. 18 Forage plants for the South; No. 19 Important insecticides; No. 20 Washed soils, how to prevent and reclaim; No. 22 Feeding farm animals; No. 24 Hog cholera and swine plague; No. 25 Peanuts, culture and uses; No. 26 Sweet potatoes, culture and uses; No. 28 Weeds and how to kill them; No. 31 Alfalfa or Lucern; No. 35 Potato culture; No. 37 Kaffir corn characteristics. culture and uses; No. 38 Spraying for fruit diseases.

Mulberry Baptist Association

The Sabbath school convention of this association was held with Pleasant Grove church last Friday to Sunday, Rev. Sutton Smitherman presiding. The various subjects on the program were ably discussed, and the song services conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan were greatly enjoyed. A vote of thanks was tendered to Prof. Logan for so faithfully and skillfully conducting the music which has added so much to the interest of this convention. It was voted to hold the next session with Macedonia church on the fifth Sunday in November.

The following resolution was adopted: Whereas the Clanton BANNER has published the programs of this convention free of charge for several years, therefore

Resolved, that we tender the BANNER most heartily our thanks for kindly and liberally giving notice of the different sessions of this conention.

A vote of thanks was tendered the community for their hospitality and kindness, Rev. S. M. Adams preached the closing sermon and the convention adjourned.

Mapleville Music.

The record has at last been broken of the "longest dry spell ever known." The last rain came too late to benefit cotton and corn, but peas, potatoes, cane and turnips were greatly benefitted.

Our summer boarding-houses are overflowing with health-seekers, and our very salubrious climate has justly earned its reputation as a health resort.

Mr. Herbert Woolley, of Birmingham, and wife, are visiting his parents here.

Mrs. Savage, of Anniston, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. D. C. Savage, at this place.

On the 29th ult. Rev. — Marx, an ex-Catholic priest, was the guest of Mr. T. U. Crumpton, and preached a most interesting sermon to a large and respectful audience.

Mr. James DuBose sr., and wife, of Selma, are staying with his mother, Mrs. Mary DuBose, here.

Mrs. T. R. Giles, of Selma, with two children, has been visiting old friends and relatives here.

SUBSCRIBER.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 1.

Hon. Thos. E. Watson, candidate of the People's party for Vice President, has resigned the editorship of the People's Paper, at Atlanta, Ga., in order that he may devote his whole time to the campaign. J. L. Sibley, secretary of the state committee, succeeds Mr. Watson as editor of the paper.

The Populists and democrats in the Fifth Nebraska district have nominated R. D. Southerland for congress.

The Populists of Colorado will hold their state nominating convention at Pueblo, on Sept. 9th.

Governor Boies has gone on the stump for Bryan in Iowa.

John P. St. John, former prohibitionist governor of Kansas, has taken the stump for free silver. He recently held several joint debates in Illinois with William E. Mason, the leading republican candidate for the United States senate.

It has been established by actual reproduction of letters in the newspapers that the delegates to the recent "sound money" democratic convention were furnished with free transportation by the railroads.

By fusion in California the People's party secures five of the nine electors.

The People's party of the 6th Minnesota district has endorsed the candidacy for re-election to congress of the brave Congressman Towne, who was one of the first delegates to walk out of the republican national convention upon the adoption of the gold standard platrorm.

W. D. Vandiver, the democratic candidate for congress in the Fourteenth Missouri district has declined the eminently fair proposition of A. H. Livingston, the People's party nominee, to leave the question as to which candidate should remain in the race to a vote of the state committees of the two parties in joint session. The patriotic course of Mr. Livingston has resulted in greatly strengthening his candidacy to the relative weakening of the chances for Vandiver.

Ex-congressman Amos J. Cummings, of New York, says that not only will Senator Hill come out for Bryan but that Tammany will support him most loyally and that free silver will carry the state, a consummation made the more probable since the split in the republican forces made by the walking out of the state convention of ex-Senator Miller, who refused to be placed absolutely under the thumb of dictator Tom Platt.

Fusion in Michigan has been accomplished. The name of the ticket will be the "Democratic People's Union Ticket".

Tom Watson has reconsidered his intention of making a tour of the western states and all his dates have been canceled by the national committee. He believes that if he confines his stumping to Georgia the People's party can carry the state at the October election, and if this is done the influence on the national election will be of incalculable value.

Marion Williams, member of the Populist campaign committee of Texas, has issued an address advising the Texas Populists to fuse with the republicans.

The Populists and democrats of Marshall county, Kans. have fused, division of offices being about even.

The democrats of Oregon have entirely surrendered and the joint electoral ticket will cast its entire vote for Bryan and Watson.

Among the prominent workers on the stump for the People's party who will speak in Missouri this campaign are J. N. and Cora Deihl Harvey, of Oklahoma. Mrs. Harvey, at the age of 20, was elected register of deeds of Logan county, Ok., by the largest majority cast for a successful candidate.

The silver clubs of Poke county, Mo., held a reunion at Bolivar, Aug. 29, which was addressed by Hon. P. T. Allen, of Springfield, and M. V. Carroll, Lamar. The goldbug crowd have had control of that counny for a long time but will be ousted at the coming election. A. R.

changes

There are medicines which change the action of organs and tissues. When a part does not properly perform its work, they restore it to health. Such remedies are called "alteratives."

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is one of these remedies. This is largely because of certain drugs which naturally exist in the oil, as iodine and bromine. If you are neither hard sick nor real well; if you feel below your usual standard, these alteratives will change your condition and bring back your health and strength.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Lily Lyrics.

Farmers are busy picking cotton; the cotton crap in this section is turning out very sorry; if the weather continues favorable we will get through picking the little crop much earlier than usual.

The "Converted Jew" delivered two very able and interesting sermons at Mulberry last Tuesday and Wednesday nights.

Mr. Charlie Hutto, of Jasper, was here on a visit to his sisters, Mrs. Wright and Mrs. Veazey, last week.

Mr. T. W. Wright and wife, Mr. J. S. Wright and wife, and Mrs. Veazey are visiting relatives in Coosa county.

We have had considerable sickness in our community this summer; the "pill vendors" have been quite busy. No serious sickness now, except M. Middlebrooks and he is much better.

Miss Lena Parnell, of Dixie, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Bessie McCary, of Montevallo, has been spending some time with relatives here.

Mr. S. K. Rasberry's new dwelling is nearing completion.

Mr. W. Headley and Miss Sadie King are the applicants for the school here another year.

Mr. Dave and Miss Sallie Cooley who have been visiting relatives in Georgia, returned home Thursday and were heart-broken when they found that their brother Tom had died while they were away. They have the sincere condolence of the writer.

The Sunday-school convention was well attended and was a grand success and an enjoyable occasion.

Mr. Robert Fleming was at home last Sunday.

CLINT.

State Executive Committee.

The state executive committee is hereby called to meet in the city of Birmingham at the Opera House hotel on Thursday, September 3rd. Business of importance will come before the committee and a full attendance is desired.

G. B. DEANS, chairman.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

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Clanton, Ala., Aug. 28, 1896.

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FRIDAY—9 a.m. Devotional exercises.

9:30 a.m. Welcome address, J. D. Collins.

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11 a.m. Child study, G. L. Spcer Miss Sophie Mullins. Recess.

2 p.m. How should Arithmetic be taught? Wm. Askins, Miss Jennie Wilson.

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POST OFFICE.

CLANTON.

Mail, South,	[daily]	closes	4:25 p.m.
Mail, South,	[daily]	arrives	6:30 a.m.
Mail, North,	[daily]	closes	9:00 a.m.
Mail, North,	[daily]	arrives	4:40 p.m.

Mail for Jumbo every Tuesday and Friday, closes 7:00 a. m.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

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Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT

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W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.

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AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

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—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT.

LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.

V V V

Chain Shot

You've got to use heavy ammunition when you fight such a malignant enemy as SCROFULA. There is nothing that will rout this disease like V. V. V.—the wonderful blood purifier and family remedy. It drives out all impurities and taints—whether hereditary or not—making the blood pure and healthy and the whole body strong and vigorous. V. V. V. is a specific for all blood and skin diseases, as well as rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

HABERS, MORROW & SINNICE, Birmingham, Ala.

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FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly S. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain;
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER.
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Subscribers who receive this number of The Banner marked with two cross marks (XX) [illegible] understand that [illegible] their subscription [illegible] paid.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
of Georgia.

PLATFORM.

The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect as far as practicable the farmers and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

Don't be in too great a hurry,

Hold back your cotton; prices are bound to go up!

The state executive committee meets to-day and we have no doubt will decide to put out a straight Bryan and Watson ticket.

J. C Manning is reported to have gone over to the Republican party and will work for the election of McKinley.

We have looked in vain for the People's Tribune to come straight out for either the Populist or Democratic ticket. Have the Tribune and Capt. Kolb no choice, or what is the matter?

It is being said that our present representative, congressman W. F. Aldrich, does not intend to offer himself for re-election. Why do we not hold our convention and find out whom we are expected to support.

And now they are charging Wm J. Bryan with having voted for Weaver. Well, we think all the more of him for doing so and hope that Weaver will reciprocate.

We wish to inform our new county officers that we can furnish them with all the stationery needed for their official duties and that there is no necessity to make the people of Chilton county pay higher prices and heavy express charges from St. Louis or elsewhere when they can get all that is required in Clanton. Save the people's money and keep it in circulation at home.

The Democratic convention of the fourth congressional district met at Selma last Friday and after casting 870 ballots adjourned Saturday night to meet at Shelby Springs on Friday, Sept. 11. Our Democratic friends seem to have a hard job on hand to find a candidate, but from all we can learn the choice lays between Craig Smith of Dallas and Plowden of Talladega, or possibly Kelly of Calhoun. "Sewer" Democrats dont care who gets a gold bug or silver bug.

The Montgomery [illegible] in the fields.

The gold Democrats at their national convention at Indianapolis nominated John M. Palmer of Illinois for President and Simon B. Buckner of Kentucky vice president.

The patrons of the public schools in this township will meet with the trustees at Clanton on Monday the 14th inst. to locate schools, etc.

Our Congressman, Hon. W. F. Aldrich, has at his home at Aldrich, Shelby county, a limited number of the following "Farmers' Bulletins," which he desires to send to all who take an interest in the subjects treated. Any of our readers can obtain some or all of the list by application to him, until the supply is exhausted.

No. 14 Fertilizers for cotton; No. 18 Forage plants for the South; No. 19 Important insecticides; No. 20 Washed soils, how to prevent and reclaim; No. 22 Feeding farm animals; No. 24 Hog cholera and swine plague; No. 25 Peanuts, culture and uses; No. 26 Sweet potatoes, culture and uses; No. 28 Weeds and how to kill them; No. 31 Alfalfa or Lucern; No. 35 Potato culture; No. 37 Kaffir corn characteristics, culture and uses; No. 38 Spraying for fruit diseases.

Mulberry Baptist Association

The Sabbath school convention of this association was held with Pleasant Grove church last Friday to Sunday, Rev. Sutton Smitherman presiding. The various subjects on the program were ably discussed, and the song services conducted by Prof. N. A. Logan were greatly enjoyed. A vote of thanks was tendered to Prof. Logan for so faithfully and skillfully conducting the music which has added so much to the interest of this convention. It was voted to hold the next session with Macedonia church on the fifth Sunday in November.

The following resolution was adopted: Whereas the Clanton Banner has published the programs of this convention free of charge for several years, therefore

Resolved, that we tender the Banner most heartily our thanks for kindly and liberally giving notice of the different sessions of this conention.

A vote of thanks was tendered the community for their hospitality and kindness, Rev. S. M. Adams preached the closing sermon and the convention adjourned.

Mapleville Music.

The record has at last been broken of the "longest dry spell ever known." The last rain came too late to benefit cotton and corn, but peas, potatoes, cane and turnips were greatly benefitted.

Our summer boarding-houses are overflowing with health-seekers, and our very salubrious climate has justly earned its reputation as a health resort.

Mr. Herbert Woolley, of Birmingham, and wife, are visiting his parents here.

Mrs. Savage, of Anniston, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. D. C. Savage, at this place.

On the 29th ult. Rev. — Marx, an ex-Catholic priest, was the guest of Mr. T. U. Crumpton, and preached a most interesting sermon to a large and respectful audience.

Mr. James DuBose sr., and wife, of Selma, are staying with his mother, Mrs. Mary DuBose, here.

Mrs. T. R. Giles, of Selma, with two children, has been visiting old friends and relatives here.

SUBSCRIBER.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 1.

Hon. Thos. E. Watson, candidate of the People's party for Vice President, has resigned the editorship of the People's Paper, at Atlanta, Ga., in order that he may devote his whole time to the campaign. J. L. Sibley, secretary of the state committee, succeeds Mr. Watson as editor of the paper.

The Populists and democrats in the Fifth Nebraska district have nominated R. D. Southerland for congress.

The Populists of Colorado will hold their state nominating convention at Pueblo, on Sept. 9th.

Governor Boies has gone on the stump for Bryan in Iowa.

John P. St. John, former prohibitionist governor of Kansas, has taken the stump for free silver. He recently held several joint debates in Illinois with William E. Mason, the leading republican candidate for the United States senate.

It has been established by actual reconstruction of letters in the newspapers that the delegates to the recent "sound money" democratic convention were furnished with free transportation to the convention.

[illegible]

The [illegible] of the [illegible] Missouri district [illegible] Congressman Towne, who was one of the first delegates to walk out of the republican national convention upon the adoption of the gold standard position.

W. D. Vandiver, the democratic candidate for congress in the Fourteenth Missouri district has declined the eminently fair proposition of A. H. Livingston, the People's party nominee, to leave the question as to which candidate should remain in the race to a vote of the state committees of the two parties in joint session. The patriotic course of Mr. Livingston has resulted in greatly strengthening his candidacy to the relative weakening of the chances for Vandiver.

Ex-congressman Amos J. Cummings, of New York, says that not only will Senator Hill come out for Bryan but that Tammany will support him most loyally and that free silver will carry the state, a consummation made the more probable since the split in the republican forces made by the walking out of the state convention of ex-Senator Miller, who refused to be placed absolutely under the thumb of dictator Tom Platt.

Fusion in Michigan has been accomplished. The name of the ticket will be the "Democratic People's Union Ticket".

Tom Watson has reconsidered his intention of making a tour of the western states and all his dates have been canceled by the national committee. He believes that if he confines his stumping to Georgia the People's party can carry the state at the October election, and if this is done the influence on the national election will be of incalculable value.

Marion Williams, member of the Populist campaign committee of Texas, has issued an address advising the Texas Populists to fuse with the republicans.

The Populists and democrats of Marshall county, Kans. have fused, division of offices being about even.

The democrats of Oregon have entirely surrendered and the joint electoral ticket will cast its entire vote for Bryan and Watson.

Among the prominent workers on the stump for the People's party who will speak in Missouri this campaign are J. N. and Cora Deihl Harvey, of Oklahoma. Mrs. Harvey, at the age of 20, was elected register of deeds of Logan county, Ok., by the largest majority cast for a successful candidate.

The silver clubs of Poke county, Mo., held a reunion at Bolivar, Aug. 29, which was addressed by Hon. P. T. Allen, of Springfield, and M. V. Carroll, Lamar. The goldbug crowd have had control of that counny for a long time but will be ousted at the coming election. A. R.

changes

There are medicines which change the action of organs and tissues. When a part does not properly perform its work, they restore it to health. Such remedies are called "alteratives."

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is one of these remedies. This is largely because of certain drugs which naturally exist in the oil, as iodine and bromine. If you are neither hard sick nor real well; if you feel below your usual standard, these alteratives will change your condition and bring back your health and strength.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

Lily Lyrics.

Farmers are busy picking cotton; the cotton crap in this section is turning out very sorry; if the weather continues favorable we will get through picking the little crop much earlier than usual.

The "Converted Jew" delivered two very able and interesting sermons at Mulberry last Tuesday and Wednesday nights.

Mr. Charlie Hutto, of Jasper, was here on a visit to his sisters, Mrs. Wright and Mrs Veazey, last week.

Mr. T. W. Wright and wife, Mr. J. S. Wright and wife, and Mrs. Veazey are visiting relatives in Coosa county.

We have had considerable sickness in our community this summer, the "pill vendors" have been quite busy. No serious sickness now, except M. Middlebrooks and he is much better.

Miss Lena Farnell, of Lane, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Bessie McCary, of Monte[illegible], has been spending some time with relatives here.

Mr. S. K. Rasberry's [illegible] is drawing competition.

Mr. W. Headley and Miss Sadie King are the applicants for the school here another year.

Mr. Dave and Miss Sallie Cooley who have been visiting relatives in Georgia, returned home Thursday and were heart-broken when they found that their brother Tom had died while they were away. They have the sincere condolence of the writer.

The Sunday-school convention was well attended and was a grand success and an enjoyable occasion.

Mr. Robert Fleming was at home last Sunday.

CLINT.

State Executive Committee.

The state executive committee is hereby called to meet in the city of Birmingham at the Opera House hotel on Thursday, September 3rd. Business of importance will come before the committee and a full attendance is desired.

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AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. —LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

V V V

Chain Shot

You've got to use heavy ammunition when you fight such a malignant enemy as SCROFULA. There is nothing that will rout this disease like V. V. V.—the wonderful blood purifier and family remedy. It drives out all impurities and taints—whether hereditary or not—making the blood pure and healthy and the whole body strong and vigorous. V. V. V. is a specific for all blood and skin diseases, as well as rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

HABERS, MORROW & SINNICE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Bales to-day 7½ cents.

Bales received to-date:

Samey	56
Mims	52
Wilson	9
	117

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

WANTED!

We want honest, pushing, active salesmen to sell the Improved Singer Sewing Machines and collect on accounts in the different counties in Alabama. No experience necessary, no capital required. Applicants must however furnish their own horse and harness; we supply a wagon and machines. A $500 honesty bond is required. Address,

The Singer M'f'g. Co.,
Montgomery, Ala.

Mr. H. L. Honeycutt left Monday night on a trip to Texas for a few weeks.

Mr. J. H. Middleton is enjoying a vacation in South Alabama.

[illegible] Agent Green will leave to-night for Cullman where he will spend a few days.

Col. and Mrs. Collier are paying their old friends a visit here.

The infant child of Mr. Ed Boyd died at Montgomery, Sunday, and was buried in the cemetery on Tuesday.

The new court-house is rapidly approaching completion, plastering is finished, painting is going on, and the outside graunds being cleared off.

Mr. Middleton is staying with her afflicted daughter at Springfield [illegible]. It is but a very short time since Miss Gamma left here a happy bride amidst the congrtulations of everyone and now she is left to mourn her husband, Mr. Geo. W. [illegible], died this morning.

Judge Callen is spending a few days at Hartselle, north Alabama.

No marriage licenses have been issued this week.

Mr. Durword Foshee has returned to business in Birmingham.

[illegible] Knox attended the meeting of the Republican state committee at Birmingham yesterday.

On Wednesday evening the horse which Mr. W. Martin was driving became scared and jumping about five feet into the railroad cutting ran up into the trestle. Fortunately no one was hurt.

Mr. J. M. Stanfield has removed back to Clanton.

CEMENT. If you have anything broken send for Worn's and Knapp's cements. 15 cents a stick. Will mend anything. The best cement in the market. WORNS & KNAPP, Cement M'f'rs, 822 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

On Tuesday last the prisoners in the jail, evidently thinking the advent of a new jailor was an opportunity not to be missed, attempted to break jail. They had broken the staples from the doors and were almost in possession of a clear [illegible] when they were discovered and their plans frustrated.

Merritt & Bond have closed down their mill at Lomax for an indefinite period.

Rev. P. B. Tichnor, after an enjoyable vacation with his family here has returned to his charge in North Carolina.

Two Lives Saved

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,228.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
August, 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz: John K. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,730, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, Tom McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.

MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 19 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health......

P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18226.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz.: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Bearden, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18227.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: Louis B. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼, section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John Ed Beardin, J. W. Worthy, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

LANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme Bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it, pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel.

Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

PORTABLE

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years In Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

"Past Prestige is Our Present Power."

Faultless Shapes!
Superb Styles!
Beautiful Designs!

Steels that are Warranted Not to Break in Wear!

Colors—White, Drab and Black.

Made in All Sizes, Lengths and Shapes. Prices from 50c. to $6.00 per Pair.

If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

GLOBE CORSET CO.

WORCESTER, MASS.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS,
TRADE MARKS,
DESIGN PATENTS,
COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

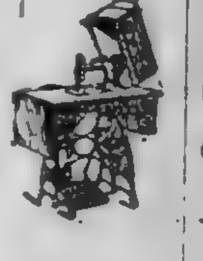
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

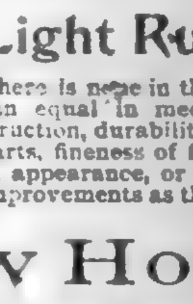
GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is





Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMEY,
lanton, Ala.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12. w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12. s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12. n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12. se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12. 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12. e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12. nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13. n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13. s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13. se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12. sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12. e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12. s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13. nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13. s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13. n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13. se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

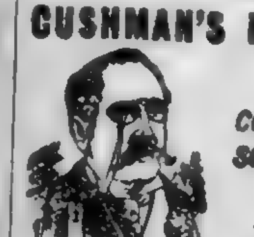
THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD PRESCRIBES

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

— FOR —

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or

Any Head or Throat Trouble.



DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when CUSHMAN'S INHALER will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $2.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Besley Thorn, in communication in the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '92.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON,
KINGSTON, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried.

H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chi[illegible], Ill.

CAMPAIGN
SILVER
BADGES!

THESE Badges are patented, thus enabling us to protect dealers from competition. The designs are catchy and each will fit portray the present financial situation. They will be treasured for years as souvenirs of the greatest political rev[illegible] since the birth of our republic. Big profits for agents. Samples 25c. each. For terms address

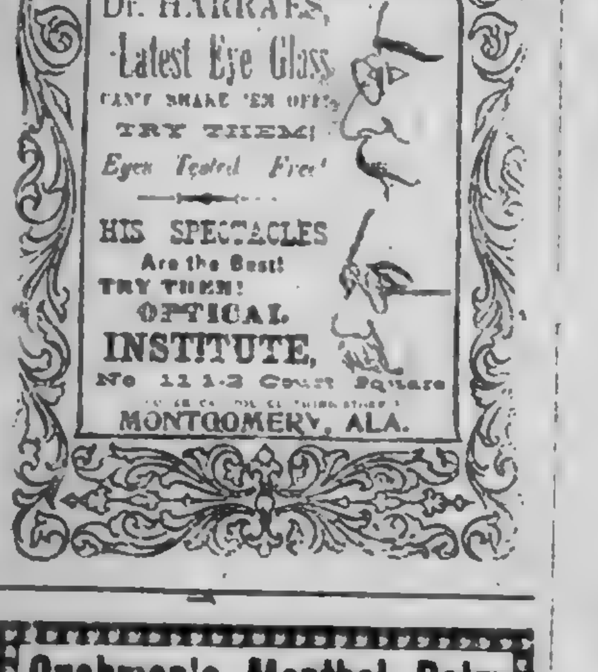
STATE HERALD BADGE DEP'T
Birmingham, Al.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women. Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3, Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 83, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.



Dr. HARRAES,
Latest Eye Glass
CAN'T SHAKE 'EM OFF!
TRY THEM!
Eyes Tested Free!
HIS SPECTACLES
Are the Best!
TRY THEM!
OPTICAL
INSTITUTE,
No 111-2 Court Square
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation.

Guaranteed to give satisfaction, when you need an ointment, be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. [illegible] styles of Vehicles, [illegible] styles of Harness, [illegible] styles Riding Saddles. [illegible]

[illegible] Harness. Price $16.00. As good as sells for $25. No. [illegible] Price [illegible] with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST —IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897:

		1896
Pletcher's Mill	October	1
Kincheon	"	2
Albert Headley's Store	"	3
Benson	"	5
Maplesville	"	6
Shoultz	"	7
Valley Creek Church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 a.m.	"	10
Clantonford 1 p.m. to 4 p.m.	"	10
Macedonia Church	"	12
Providence Church Beat 2	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Strasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's Mill	"	21
Gore's School-House	"	22
Calloway's Mill	"	23
Maple Springs Church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' Gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30

A. C. MIMS,
Tax Assessor Chilton County.

JOB PRINTING AT THE BANNER OFFICE
FIRST-CLASS WORK
LOWEST PRICES

P.P.P.
P.P.P.
P.P.P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take **P. P. P.** It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. **P. P. P.**, (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by **P. P. P.**

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

White Girls' Industrial School of Alabama.

A business education furnished young women free of cost, except living expenses. This school will open at Montevallo, Ala., on the 12th of October. A faculty representing the best talent in the south is now being selected. Professions taught which will make girls independent. We make teachers, artists, musicians, stenographers, typewriters, telegraphers, bookkeepers, dressmakers and milliners. Other industrial branches will be added. A complete literary course furnished also. Total expenses for the entire session, $80. This includes tuition in all its branches, board, lights and fuel, laundry and medical bills and all ordinary text books used in the school. No incidentals, except a small fee for use of pianos to pupils taking instrumental music. Only $15 required to enter; balance monthly. Each county in the state is entitled to its quota of scholars between the ages of [illegible] and 21 at the above named rates. They must be in good health and have fair primary education. Pupils in the different counties desiring the benefits of this school should make immediate application. Prospectus furnished on application.

H. C. REYNOLDS,
Acting President.

There are so many women school-teachers in town that you can find hairpins on the streets.

There is something pleasant in being innocently accused.

The more a woman knows about literature and art, the less she knows about housekeeping.

New Advertisements.

Among the new advertisements in this issue we would call the special attention of our readers to the following, viz:

TEACHERS' BUREAU.

Texas Teachers' Bureau, Palestine, Texas.

CAMPAIGN BADGE.

Silver Badge Co., Jasper, Fla.

CANCERS CURED.

Dr. Hess, Grand Rapids, Mich.

AGENTS WANTED.

Mineralized Rubber Co., New York, N. Y. Rubber goods.

NEWSPAPERS.

Weekly Commercial Appeal, Memphis, Tenn.

Madagascar was so named by the early explorers, from the Malagasy, or Malays, who inhabited it.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

He is indeed a master who can teach others how to learn.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

For the Political Campaign

Take the Weekly Commercial Appeal, Memphis, Tenn. Price for three months during the campaign is only 10 cents. For a club of 50 three months subscriptions a nice watch will be sent. Sample copies free.

There are farms where more head work would bring better results than more hard work.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap has not one atom of adulteration in it. It is 100 per cent. pure. Try it once. Be sure you get the genuine. Your grocer has it, or will get it for you. Wrappers printed in red.

See that the roosters have firm flesh. The flabby ones are no good for breeding.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Good

Blood is what gives strong nerves, vigor, vitality. Good blood and good health come by taking

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Be sure to get Hood's and only HOOD'S.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic.

ENGINES
FOR GINNING.

Most economical and durable. Cheapest and best in the market for cash. VARIABLE FRICTION FEED SAW MILLS AND STANDARD IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY. Send for catalogue.

A. B. FARQUHAR C[illegible], Ld.,
Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

FROM...
a slight chafe
TO...
the worst old 20-years' case of Eczema.
CURES THEM ALL—
TETTERINE.
1 box by mail for 50c. in cash or stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE,
Savannah, Ga.
It Cures all Skin Diseases.

DO YOU WANT TO COME TO TEXAS?

We have this day received calls for 21 teachers, salaries ranging from $40 per month to $1,200 per year. Convince yourself of our worth by sending a 2 cent stamp for full particulars.

Supt. P. V. PENNYBACKER, Mgr.
Texas Teachers' Bureau, Palestine, Tex.

CANCERS CURED—by the absorption process. No knife. No caustic. No blood. No pain. Not a failure in fifteen years. Write DR. HESS, Grand Rapids, Mich., for particulars and references from those already cured. (Enclose ten cents.) (For cancer of the heart, if not broken out, treatment can be sent.)

AGENTS WANTED to sell Mackintoshes, Rubber, etc. Exclusive ground. Free sample. Factory, P. O. 1371, New York.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N.U. No. 36. 1896.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

A PROMINENT JOURNALIST DEAD.

New State Health Officer Elected, Furniture Factory Burned—A Miner Found Dead—Judge Smitherman Dead; Sketch of His Life, Selma's New Chief.

J. Ashcroft, Sole Proprietor.

J. Ashcroft is now sole proprietor of the Opelika Post, having purchased A. E. Barrett's stock.

The Proposed Canal.

A survey of the proposed canal between Birmingham and the Warrior river will be commenced this week.

A Large Vessel in Port.

The steamer Miami, 2,300 tons, the largest vessel that ever entered the port of Mobile, is now loading grain for Mexico.

An Alarming Percentage.

It is reported that the cotton and corn crop in and around Conger has been knocked off fully 50 per cent by dry weather.

The Coosa Low.

Navigation has not closed entirely on the Coosa river, but there is very little water and only light draught boats can run.

The Barber Memorial.

The Barber Memorial building for colored girls, in Oxanna, is nearing completion. It will be ready for occupancy this week.

Eufaula Oil Mills.

The cotton seed oil mills at Eufaula will resume operations some time this week, having succeeded in accumulating quite a large quantity of seed.

Charged With Burglary.

Evans Caver, charged with burglarizing the postoffice at Bell's Mills, Cleburne county, was bound over under a bond of $500 to the United States court.

Selma's New Chief.

Percy Dawson succeeds Mr. Lumkin as chief of police of Selma. Mr. Lumkin assumes the duties of sheriff, to which office he was recently elected.

His Chief Clerk.

Major Culver, Commissioner-elect of Agriculture, has appointed Hon. Don F. Sessions, of Bullock, chief clerk in his office, and R. M. Culver, his son, assistant clerk.

Camp Meeting.

The East Brewton camp meeting will be held in September, beginning on the 10th and lasting several days. A number of distinguished ecclesiastics will be present.

Health Officer of the State.

The Board of Censors of Alabama have elected Dr. W. H. Saunders, an eminent physician of Mobile, as health officer of the state, to succeed the late Dr. Jerome Cochran.

Looking for Homes.

A number of immigrants are now in the section of Luna looking for homes. A letter received at that place from Ohio states that a large number of people are intending to come south very soon.

Crap Shooting Den.

The biggest crap shooting den in Alabama is in Montgomery, and is known as the "Iron Cage." It is said to be provided with trap doors and underground passages, and the police are half afraid to enter it.

Shelby's Cotton Crop.

The cotton crop is damaged from 35 to 40 per cent in Shelby county. Peas, potatoes, sorghum and ribbon cane are promising. The corn crop is fair, though not so good as last year, the late planting being much injured by the drouth. Cotton picking is progressing finely. A great deal of it is open.

Furniture Factory Burned.

The two-story brick building used for offices and a storeroom for furniture of the West Huntsville Furniture factory, was destroyed by fire Saturday night, the origin of which is unknown. The storeroom was filled with furniture, which was also destroyed. The loss is supposed to be fully insured, and the burned building will be replaced at once.

A Miner Found Dead.

Pat Gallagher, white, aged 6?, was found dead Sunday afternoon in a room over John Brown's saloon at Pratt City. Death is supposed to have resulted from morphine, whether taken accidentally or intentionally cannot be stated. The body was found by a police officer at Pratt City, Mr. Brown and another person. It was about 2:30 o'clock and death had taken hold of the unfortunate man some little time before. Gallagher was quite well known in the community. He leaves a wife.

Judge Thomas J Smitherman.

Judge Smitherman who died at his home in Centreville last week, was a prominent figure in the affairs of Bibb county and the state of Alabama for more than a quarter of a century. He was a brave Confederate soldier in the war between the states. He represented Bibb county in the legislature several terms. He was at one time register in chancery and was also county solicitor for several years. He was probate judge of Bibb county for a period of four years, and filled the office with credit to himself and satisfaction to the people. He was prominent in the religious affairs of his church and superintendent of the Sunday school. He was a man of the strictest integrity of character, and was respected and beloved by all who knew him. He leaves a wife, four sons and one daughter to mourn his loss.

Arthur H. Keller.

Capt. Arthur H. Keller, editor of the North Alabamian, died at Tuscumbia last Saturday morning of acute dysentery.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE

Capt. Arthur H. Keller was a gallant Confederate soldier, a leading political spirit in the state which he represented as delegate at large in the National democratic conventions which nominated Tilden, Hancock, Cleveland and Bryan. He served as United States marshal for the Northern district of Alabama under President Cleveland's first administration.

Captain Keller was a man of strong convictions, of fine personal appearance, and in the city in which he lived was a leading figure in all public enterprises. He was the father of Helen Keller, the wonderful deaf mute, who is the intellectual marvel of the age; was a brother to Dr. J. M. Keller, of Hot Springs, Ark.; Dr. Dave Keller, of Lexington, Ky., and a brother-in-law of Fred Adams, Esq., of Memphis. During his illness he was constantly attended by Drs Keller and Thornton, of Memphis, and Palmer of this place, who exhausted every remedy known to the medical profession to save his life. He leaves a wife, three sons and two daughters. Captain Keller was 60 years of age. He was buried at Oakwood cemetery, in Tuscumbia, on Sunday.

HAWAII'S FUTURE.

Royalists Predict That Dole Will Retire and Kaiulani Reign.

E. C. McFarlane, a prominent royalist, left for San Francisco on the 20th. It is rumored he is on his way to England to confer with Princess Kaiulani, who is heir to the Hawaiian throne. The rumor is contradicted by royalist papers, which claim that his errand has no political significance. In the same issue the editor says:

"The natural outcome of the present situation is that President Dole will retire and that Princess Kaiulani will be asked to head a new regime of which Dole's present cabinet will be the leaders."

The royalists claim that they have received information to the effect that Kaiulani will be restored, while supporters of the republic are under the impression that President Cleveland has empowered Minister Willis to negotiate for an annexation treaty, or, failing in that, to offer the present government the protection of the United States. Either annexation or a protectorate is acceptable to the white people here, and judging from appearances any attempt to restore the monarchy will be met with resentment.

SERIOUS FIGHTING IN CRETE.

Turks Defeated with Great Loss of Killed and Wounded.

The most serious fighting which has been recorded in Crete up to the present time occurred Friday, when the Christians in the mountains organized a strong expedition against a number of Moslem villages in the Heraklion district. A thousand well armed Turks left Heraklion to defend their property. In the pitched battle which followed the Turks were defeated losing eighty killed and forty-seven wounded. The losses of the Christians were smaller. The Cretans captured an enormous booty, hundreds of rifles and thousand of sheep and cattle falling into their possession.

The news of the reverses terribly excited the Moslem population of Heraklion. The Mohommedans gathered in front of the palace of the governor and clamored furiously for arms. The governor refused to accede to these requests, but he was powerless to restore order. He therefore telegraphed the authorities at Canea warning them of the gravity of the situation.

THE REVOLUTION IN CUBA.

The Insurgents Attack a Convoy of Spanish Troops.

A report has been received of an attack by insurgents upon a convoy of Spanish troops near Vinales. The Spaniards made a stout resistance holding off the rebels until the arrival of assistance when the attacking forces were repulsed. Further Spanish reinforcements arrived and the insurgents were compelled to abandon the attack and disperse. The Spanish lost six killed and eighteen wounded including one lieutenant. Four of the rebels were killed and many wounded.

The official Gazette prints the decree of Captain-General Weyler for the enforcing of the circulation of paper money on a par with gold except in payment of customs dues. The refusal on the part of any person to so accept paper is punishable with military penalties.

CHAOS IN MADAGASCAR.

Faharalos Plundering Villages and Massacreing the Inhabitants.

A telegram from Marseilles says Mail news which has reached here from Madagascar says that the Faharalos were plundering and burning buildings and murdering the inhabitants in all directions, while the French were executing all the rebels captured. Chaos, it was said, prevailed everywhere.

YOU DON'T
SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN
RIDING,

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?
(KEATING)—
KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

Shot His Wife and Himself.

Church & Sons, bankers, Lowell, Mich., closed their doors last Monday and posted a notice announcing that owing to inability to realize on assets they were temporarily unable to meet their obligations. The deposits are estimated at $8,000 to $12,000, including about $2,200 belonging to the village treasury.

Tuesday morning Charles A. Church, a member of the above firm, shot and fatally injured his wife, Jennie, and then turned the revolver on himself and fired a bullet into his head with fatal results. Deputy Sheriff Cowans, of Grand Rapids, was approaching Church's house to serve a writ on that gentleman, which was sworn out by the National City bank of Grand Rapids. Church saw him coming. He locked the doors of the house and then seized a revolver and shot his wife and then himself.

ITALY AND BRAZIL.

Signor Martin Sent to Rio Janeiro on a Special Mission.

At Rome an official note has been issued announcing that owing to the gravity of the situation the government has decided to send Signor Martin, formerly Italian minister to Brazil, on a special mission to Rio Janeiro, on board the Italian warship Piemonte, armed with precise instructions to demand and obtain all measures which the dignity of Italy and the security of her subjects demand. After settling the claims arising from the recent disturbances, which must first be satisfied, he will arrange the former claims, which were recently rejected by the Brazilian congress.

Extensive Clan of Counterfeiters.

The federal authorities at Waco, Tex., have discovered a counterfeiting system of large proportions and have captured a complete outfit for the manufacture of bogus silver dollars in imitation of the United States coins of that denomination. The first clew was furnished by Edward D. Ennis who attended a revival meeting, and after professing conversion, rose in the congregation and stated that he was a counterfeiter. The arrest of Ennis was followed by the arrest of John Mitchell and H. S. Shanner. When these prisoners were arraigned Ennis repeated his confession and gave details which led to the finding of the camp near Hill county, at which place the metal, molds, rollers and crucibles were scattered around like common pots and pans. Ennis told Commissioner Fink that seven factories for the manufacture of the spurious coin existed in the United States. The syndicate was called the Royal Manufacturing company. It is stated by Ennis that agencies of the counterfeiting corporation exist in Canada and Mexico. He also says operations are going on in New York and Chicago. A consignment of 2,000 Mexican dollars was received in Waco a few months ago, it is said, and was used in the manufacture of the spurious coins. Another consignment of 10,000 Mexican dollars arrived here a few weeks ago, but was forwarded by Ennis to some other point.

Admiral Rawson's Report.

A dispatch received from Admiral Rawson, dated Zanzibar, 2:45 Thursday, says: "I issued an ultimatum at 7 o'clock this morning calling upon the usurper to haul down his flag and surrender to me and directing his followers to pile their arms and leave the palace before 9 o'clock, or otherwise it would be bombarded. Instead of complying, he commenced increasing his fortifications and his corvette trained her guns on my squadron. I opened fire at 9 on the palace and on the corvette, which promptly replied. I ceased firing at 9:40, when the corvette was sunk, all the guns were silenced and the usurper yielded to the German consul. The enemy's loss was heavy. Only a petty officer of the gunboat Thrush was wounded."

Outlaw Bill Doolin Dead.

Bill Doolin, the last of the noted outlaws of the south, was killed in a battle with deputy marshals under command of Heck Thomas near Ingalls, fifty miles northeast of Guthrie, Okla., last Monday night. One marshal was also badly wounded. Doolin's body was carried to Guthrie in a covered wagon, where he was officially identified and then turned over to his wife for burial. The battle took place close to Doolin's old home, the marshals waylaying him as he was leaving from a visit to his wife's baby.

Lawlessness in Michigan.

Two local companies of the Fifth Regiment State militia were notified Friday night by the governor to go to Ontanagon, on call of the sheriff there. The lawless element was reported to be in control of the burned town. An appeal was made for prompt action for the safety of the suffering residents or the stricken village and the governor issued the order accordingly.

CUBANS GET WAR SUPPLIES.

How Arms and Ammunition Were Sent from Our Shores.

General Roloff, Colonel Nunez and fourteen others landed on the south beach at Key West, Fla., Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock. It is rumored that they were landed from the steamer Dauntless. General Roloff states that he has landed three of the largest expeditions in Cuba during the last twelve days that ever landed on that island. Besides the men, they landed successfully four thousand stands of arms, two million rounds of cartridges, four cannons, three thousand pounds of dynamite and plenty of medicine. Roloff states that he expects to land four or five more expeditions, but as none of those lately landed was organized in the United States, he will pursue the same course in relation to the organization of the others. He says that he does not want to violate any laws of the United States. He refuses to give the landing places.

LAURADA AND DAUNTLESS LAND.

The tug Dauntless and the steamer Laurada have landed the largest amount of arms and ammunition in Cuba for the insurgents that has been landed at any one time, and the two steamers are now on their way back to American shores.

This information is by a gentleman who is in a position to know, and he added that the supposed fitting out of the Commodore in Charleston and the tug Three Friends in Key West for expeditions recently was only a blind to attract the attention of the revenue cutters Boutwell to watch the Three Friends and the Colfax to watch the Commodore.

The Commodore and the Three Friends were also used to keep the Spanish gunboats on the watch for them at the northern end of the island, while the two expeditions taken out by the Laurada and Dauntless were landed on the southern and western ends of the island.

The combined expeditions amounted to 140 tons of arms and ammunition, and among the ammunition was 53,000 pounds of stick dynamite, which is sufficient to blow up the entire island.

The expedition on the Laurada consisted of eighteen men under the command of General Roloff, and it was landed at Santiago de Cuba. The expedition on the Dauntless consisted of forty men and was turned over to General Maceo in Pinar del Rio.

ILLINOIS NATIONAL DEMOCRATS

Adopt a Platform and Make Nominations for State Officers.

The Illinois state convention of the national democratic party was held in Chicago last Tuesday. A full ticket for state officers was nominated, headed by General John C. Black for governor and delegates to the national convention to be held at Indianapolis September 2d were appointed.

The platform reported by the committee on resolutions and adopted declares that the democratic party is primarily and solemnly pledged to liberty regulated by law; to equal justice to all men of whatsoever condition or persuasion, religious or political; to economy; to peace and honest friendship with all nations and entangling alliances with none; to the payment of debts in honest money and to the maintenance of the public faith, and is opposed to class legislation and indorses "every act, executive, legislative and judicial, of the present democratic national administration."

The second section declares that the gold dollar is now and for more than sixty years has been the American standard of value fixed by democratic statesmen who were opposed to a debased and fluctuating currency, and it is the measure upon which private and public faith has rested and now rests, and declares unreservedly in favor of maintaining that standard.

Section 3 favors the use of silver as currency and the coinage and circulation of such quantities thereof as can be kept at a parity with gold coin, but opposes "the free and unlimited coinage of silver by the United States government as a measure certain to impair contracts, disturb business, diminish the purchasing power of the wages of labor, inflict irreparable injury upon commerce and industry and fasten an ineffaceable stigma upon the financial honor of the American people."

Whole Family Dead.

At noon Friday the family of Charles W. Green, traveling passenger agent of the Big Four railway, consisting of Mrs. Greene and three children, a boy, aged 13, a girl aged 9 and a little girl of 6, were found dead in their home, No. 519 West Thirty-fourth street, Kansas City, Mo. All the little ones were in their beds, and the mother lay in the doorway with a revolver by her side. The murder or suicide is supposed to have occurred Wednesday morning about 2 o'clock, as at that hour the neighbors heard pistol shots near the Greene home, but no investigation was made until the non-appearance of the Greene family led to an inquiry. Mr. Greene left the city a week ago last Tuesday.

Zanzibar's Sultan Dead.

The sultan of Zanzibar, Hamin Bin Thwain Bin Said, is dead. He was about 40 years of age, and a nephew of the late sultans Ala Khalifa and Burghash.

Seyyid Kalid has occupied the palace, taking possession of that building immediately after the death of Hamin Said became known. He proclaimed himself sultan and barricaded himself in the palace with 700 armed Askaris. Sailors from the British warships Philomel, the Rush and Sparrow have been landed to protect property ashore, and all the ladies have been lodged in the British consulate, which is guarded by the sailors. Trouble is feared.

REFORMS FOR CRETE.

The Sultan Adopts the Proposals of the Powers With Slight Change.

A special from Athens says: Reliable information has been received here from Constantinople to the effect that the Sultan has adopted the proposals of the powers for the future government of Crete, with the addition that concentration of civil and military powers shall be in the hands of a governor general. It is believed that the conditions will be acceptable to the Cretans.

Only One Way to Get Volunteers.

There had been a lack of men joining the ranks, and the colonel was visiting a recruiting station, inspecting the workings of his recruiting sergeants. Suddenly a terrible noise of shouting and shuffling of feet came through the open window. Now it came from the stairway, intermingled with sundry loud bumps and knocks, and the door burst open, showing a red-faced, perspiring little sergeant pushing, hauling and tugging at a big country lad. The latter was doing his best to escape the firm grip of the soldier. "Halt!" cried the colonel. "How is this?" he said to the sergeant. "Is this the way you secure recruits—by force, sir?" The red-faced sergeant looked up and down, then at the colonel, and blurted out: "Sure, sir, the only way to get them volunteers is by force, sir."

The Cincinnati Times-Star says that the reported discovery at Dickinson, N. D., of a human skull below a vein of coal "proves the presence of man on the earth at a geological epoch more remote than that of the carboniferous age." Not in several thousand years! It merely proves where Joe Mulhatton is spending his summer vacation.

Pleasant Attraction for Guests.

A man to hang by the neck thirteen days and nights was the attraction at a Montmartre cafe recently. The [illegible]tors, however, stopped the performance at the end of the fourth day, the man being in a critical condition. His name is Durand.

There are three things women should not do: Spit in public, yawn in public, or blow their nose in public.

Pistols and Pestles.

The duelling pistol now occupies its proper place, in the museum of the collector of relics of barbarism. The pistol ought to have beside it the pestle that turned out pills like bullets, to be shot like bullets at the target of the liver. But the pestle is still in evidence, and will be, probably, until everybody has tested the virtue of Ayer's sugar coated pills. They treat the liver as a friend, not as an enemy. Instead of driving it, they coax it. They are compounded on the theory that the liver does its work thoroughly and faithfully under obstructing conditions, and if the obstructions are removed, the liver will do its daily duty. When your liver wants help, get "the pill that will."

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

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LaGRANGE FEMALE COLLEGE,
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RUFUS W. SMITH, President.

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(PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACT.—NOT INTOXICATING.)

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ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

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For Imitations of Walter Baker & Co.'s Premium No. 1 Chocolate. Always ask for, and see that you get, the article made by

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Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1896. NO. 46.

THEY WORSHIP GOLD

THEIR THROAT IS AN OPEN SEPULCHER.

With Their Tongues They Have Used Deceit: the Poison of Asps Is Under Their Lips. Romans 3, 13—True as Gospel, This.

[illegible] I have a few things against thee, [illegible] hast there them that hold the doctrine of Balaam, who taught Balak to cast a stumbling block before [illegible] of Israel.—Rev. 11, 14.

[illegible] we are asked why we de[illegible] of our time and space to the [illegible] ministry; and there are [illegible] who deny that the church has [illegible] part in the political strug[illegible] some clergymen protest that [illegible] entirely non-partisan, and in[illegible] the church be kept out of the [illegible] and political controversy, [illegible] all temporal matters alone; and that it is sacrilegious to speak of these things from the Christian standpoint. [illegible] assume that we are very wicked, because we uncover their nakedness and expose their hypocrisy. [illegible] this same class of pharisees who [illegible] pass by on the other side that [illegible] after; and the sooner we smoke [illegible], the sooner will the church re[illegible] teachings of Christ.

[illegible] an exhibit of what these religious [illegible] are doing—not all, but "these [illegible]onists"—we have been saving some of their political sermons, that they uttered about the time McKinley was nominated. But space will not allow us to note them in this issue. What [illegible], this time, is the high church [illegible] in "rotten politics."

We have before us the Chicago Ad[illegible] of June 25, it is the organ of Con[illegible]tionalism of the west, and its [illegible] light, since O. M. Lunry was [illegible] from the head of Wheaton col[illegible] the usurers and bank power, for [illegible] money reform ideas. We quote from the editorial part of this paper because [illegible] has stood as a beacon light for that [illegible] church, recognized authority for [illegible] or forty years. It seems to [illegible] into gold theory, and is perfect[illegible] to scream for McKinley. A large part of the first page is given up to the grand climax of victories in [illegible] nomination of the always success[illegible] statesman from Ohio. We quote:

One of the best features of the St. [illegible] convention was the political un[illegible]ng of the bosses. It was a people's [illegible]ention and men who have long [illegible] with power were thrown aside as [illegible] struck by a locomotive. (What a [illegible])

This discomfiture of the bosses is [illegible] be credited to the great personal popularity of the successful candidate. The people wanted Major McKinley [illegible] they wanted him so badly that [illegible] would permit no interference with [illegible] wishes." (What else?)

[illegible] of the page is given up to [illegible] and it closes with the fol[illegible]: "As he stands before the peo[illegible] to-day William McKinley person[illegible] represents as much merit as [illegible]able expectation could demand." [illegible]ther along a page is given to the [illegible]vention, that is full of glowing trib[illegible] to corporation rule, and the gold [illegible] with sneers at Teller and the [illegible]. Of Teller's farewell it says:

He was so embarrassed at this [illegible] moment that he constantly [illegible]ed, reached again and again and [illegible] for the glass of water, wiped his [illegible] rocked on his feet, exclaimed, [illegible] President,' and exhibited all the [illegible] signs of distress which go with [illegible] attempt at a debating school." The seceders have issued a pronun[illegible]ento to the country. It is too [illegible] and too abstract to be a stirring [illegible] document."

[illegible] a lengthy eulogy of Thurston we [illegible] He stood at the very top in the [illegible]tion. His eloquence is weighted [illegible] great earnestness and with a de[illegible] religious tone. There was [illegible]ng tremendously impressive in [illegible]clamation: 'My countrymen, let [illegible] your hearts be troubled. God [illegible]

[illegible]n't ask us to keep mum while the [illegible] is helping to roll the burdens [illegible] people, and hisses at the poor [illegible] oppressed. Here is another sec[illegible] May God have mercy on the [illegible] sepulchre that wrote it:

And while the audience was ap[illegible]ing the votes the hero of the hour [illegible] receiving the congratulations of [illegible]ends. The cannon began firing [illegible] Louis and in Canton at the same [illegible]nt. The news flashed over the [illegible] to European capitals, and before [illegible]airman announced the result of [illegible]lot to the convention word came [illegible]m Paris that an extra was on [illegible]eets proclaiming the news to its readers."—Reform Press.

THEY WON'T COMPETE.

[illegible] Gigantic Thieves Agree to Divide the World.

[illegible] Standard Oil company has [illegible] another triumph. Arrange[illegible] have been completed whereby [illegible]ade of the world has been di[illegible]tween Rockefeller's trust and [illegible]ussian producers. The latter [illegible] the oil trade of Europe, and [illegible] in turn controlled by the [illegible]ds. The entire Russian oil [illegible] is owned by the Rothschilds [illegible] the business is conducted [illegible] in the guise of com[illegible], and individual dealers. Standard has been invading the [illegible]ld's territory but by the agree[illegible] has been made there will be [illegible]petition in the future. Each [illegible] has its own field to operate in [illegible] the whole world will pay tribute to [illegible]

[illegible] little information about this gi[illegible] organization, which has plun[illegible] the people of millions of dollars during the past twenty-five years, has been printed. The newspapers of the country have kept a mysterious silence, and it has been only recently that any public prints have shown bravery enough to publish the facts about Rockefeller, Payne, Whitney, Archbald, Flagler, Rogers and the half dozen other men who own the Standard Oil company.

The New York Journal is not published in the interests of the plutocracy, but is fighting for the people and the rights of the people. The Journal has the following to say about the oil trust:

"What do the American people think about it? Built up by the most nefarious discriminations by the railroads, and the most suspicious relations with state legislatures, city councils, and even the courts and our congress at Washington, this gigantic monopoly has become the object of envy and imitation among the justly hated trusts now formed or forming in almost every industry.

"Although built up and still, apparently, somewhat favored by secret railroad rates, present methods of throttling competition are even more startling. To quote but one out of many illustrations at hand, we know of a merchant in a certain Michigan city who began to buy oil where he could buy it cheaper than he could of the Standard. Soon an agent of the latter told the merchant that, unless he bought all his oil of the Standard the trust would sell it far below cost in his town and make up any loss, while ruining him, by charging a cent a gallon more than before in the surrounding towns. The merchant had to surrender and become the slave of this monopoly, as has been the case with thousands of merchants similarly situated throughout the land.

"In the spring of 1895 the trust suddenly forced up the price of oil over 100 per cent and then as quickly and arbitrarily lowered it again, though not to its former level. Can we wonder that the trust declared $35,000,000 dividends on its nominal capital of $98,000,000 last year?

"It is sought to hood-wink the public by claiming that the trust is to be credited with the decline in the price of oil since the formation of the trust. A greater popular fallacy does not exist. Repeated investigations by such men as President Andrews of Brown university, Prof. J. W. Jenks of Cornell university and others, show that the average charge for refining oil—that is, the difference between the cost of crude and refined oil—was 5.57 2-3 cents in 1881 to 1883 inclusive and 5.55 cents in 1891 to 1893, inclusive—the figures at hand.

"Before the formation of the trust the charge for refining, which alone until lately was in the province of the trust, had been steadily falling from the average of 13.87 cents per gallon in 1871 to 1873, inclusive, to 5.57 2-3 cents in 1881 to 1883.

"This is absolute proof that the fall in the price of oil since 1882 has been due to a fall at the wells, and not due to the reduced charges of the Standard. Yet how can we expect the public to realize this when the wealth of the company is used to debauch many sources of information, even our colleges and our churches, though fortunately a few such fearless investigators as President Andrews are left."

Same Old Story.

We heard a traveling man remark the other day, "I have been a Republican all my life and if anybody had told me six months ago I would change my politics I would have told him he was crazy. But I have been thinking of late. I don't want any more hard times gold standard in mine and shall vote for the nominee of the Populist convention. Lots of us are thinking and 95 per cent of the traveling men are of the same opinion. No McKinleyism for me." They are coming every day.—New Era, Wahoo, Neb.

Minnesota in Line.

The bolt of silver Republicans in Minnesota still continues. The latest of prominence is Sheriff Butchart, of Duluth, who has refused a renomination on the straight Republican ticket and will come up for re-election as an independent silver candidate. In speaking of the outlook in that section of the country, he says: "The silver ticket will win out in St. Louis county from President down to the lowest office. Town can not fail to get 10,000 plurality in this district, and more if he wants them."—Alert, Jamestown, N. Dak.

The Gold Standard Brigands.

A gang of illiterate foreigners of Hazelton, Pa., who had been listening to goldbug twaddle about fifty-cent dollars, refused silver in payment of their wages last week and demanded gold, which their employer couldn't furnish them. It would go hard with the single standard people if workingmen throughout the country should demand gold instead of silver in payment of their wages.—Register Call, Central City, Colo.

The Way to Tell.

Arling Tonplayce—How are the fish biting up your way, Kohlspring? Kohlspring—Look at me, sir, and ask such a question as that! Do I look sober?—Buffalo Times.

The plutocratic papers are frothing at the mouth because Bryan, in his Chicago speeches, used some ideas and words which had been used before. It don't make any difference where he got them, he seems to have used them to a better purpose than they were ever used before. Judging from the noise the plutocratic papers are making, they must have hit the mark. The truth is the plutocratic liars are madly jealous of Bryan's growing popularity.

WALL STREET ANARCHY.

The Reserve Power on Which Wall Street Is Reposing.

Along the latter part of May last, Henry Clews, the banker, in his Financial Review, said that Wall street believed there were "greater potencies than party platforms"; that the certainty of free coinage "would evoke in Wall street the kind of conditions that no congress has ever yet dared to disregard"; that the free coinage movement would be overthrown in the very hour of its success by the "reserved power on which Wall street is reposing."

According to a New York dispatch, dated July 29, the Journal of Commerce, as reliable a financial journal as can be found has unearthed one of the secrets of Wall street's boasted "reserved power."

Not the decline of the treasury's gold reserve, not the spread of the silver craze, not the increasing tightness of the money market is responsible for all the disturbing effects seen in business and financial circles.

A monster conspiracy, a combine of speculating millionaires, leading stock-dealers, men controlling large corporations, all having influential bank connections, has been discovered. "Their united wealth and control of capital," says the Journal of Commerce, "amounts to hundreds of millions."

The Journal of Commerce goes on to give details as follows, and for its brave outspoken course is savagely denounced by the crew of schemers whose designs have been temporarily baffled by exposure:

"It is no secret that among the assailants were citizens accustomed to blend politics with large speculative operations. Men who stand high in party councils, who distinguished themselves at the late national conventions and who have figured conspicuously before the country as valiant opponents of the free coinage heresy are credibly reputed to have been in the ranks of these millionaire raiders, both political parties having been equally represented. Herein lies one of the most interesting phases of the extraordinary feat of buccaneering speculation.

"The facts reveal a depth of financial venality which we had scarcely been prepared to expect, even in the moral slums of Wall street. We have heard of members of congress and of high politicians speculating on the fate of sugar bills and on the mysteries of tariff legislation and on the secrets of administrative departments; but it is at least something new that men who are leaders in protecting our money system should employ themselves in creating panics and endangering the ability of the treasury to maintain gold payments.

"How near these high politicians, with their millionaire associates, came to succeeding in their attempts to create a serious crisis may be inferred from the fact that, in order to restore the confidence they have destroyed, the banks have demed it necessary to contribute twenty millions to the treasury gold reserve, while the foreign bankers have intervened to stop gold exports by issuing, if needs be, $75,000,000 of bills of exchange. These grave precautions are due almost exclusively to the attempt of this millionaire combination to supply themselves with stocks at panic prices."

Voter, keep your eye on Wall street as long as the campaign lasts.

We are fighting the money power of the world—as well as that of Wall street.—Nevada Director.

A Remedy for Hay Fever.

The capriciousness of hay fever and the occasional relief obtained from an entirely empirical method of treatment warrant the publication of any means which has proved successful in the hope that it may be of use to some other person afflicted with this annoying and disabling disease. Feber, of Homburg, reports his own case, which has been so severe as to necessitate his using a closed carriage all through the summer. His relief was brought about from accidentally noticing that in the winter a coryza was usually accompanied with hot ears, which regained their normal temperature when the discharge from the nose was established. He determined to try a reversed order of effect on the hay fever in the summer, and began accordingly to rub his ears until they became red and hot. It is now the third year that he has been able to lead an endurable existence during hay fever season. "As soon as the least sensation of fullness in the nose appears there is recognized a certain amount of pallor in the ears. A thorough rubbing of the ears, at times even to contusion, has always succeeded in freeing the nasal mucous membrane from its congestion. The rubbing, however, must be thorough, and repeated as often as the least symptoms of congestion return to the nose. Since using this means I have been able to take long sandy walks, sit and even sleep in my garden without distress. Several patients have had relief from this treatment, always in proportion to the thoroughness of the rubbing, and I hope by this means some other physician may be able to give his patients the same great relief.

Life of a Locomotive.

Some careful experiments which have been made in England prove that the life of a locomotive is about 500,000 "train miles." In other words, that a locomotive of the latest approved pattern will run 500,000 miles before wearing out so as to be useless. In making this run of 500,000 miles the fire-box will have to be renewed three times, the wheel tires five or six times, and the crank axles from three to five times.

IT WANTS WATSON.

A DEMOCRATIC PAPER COMES OUT FOR HIM.

Bryan and Watson Both Sprang from the Hearts of the People, the Old Commercial Says—A Voice from the City of Atlanta.

The Atlanta Commercial comes out in a ringing editorial in favor of Bryan and Watson. The Commercial is a democratic paper, but it is also a fair and patriotic paper, and, with the courage which is characteristic of him, Editor Blackburn does not hesitate to speak what is in his heart. He has the honor of taking the lead while his less courageous brethren hesitated. We copy the Commercial article entire:

"The next campaign will be conducted on the basis of patriotism against money—soul against gold.

"It will be Bryan and Watson against McKinley and Hobart.

"Mr. Sewall will decline. He will be obliged to decline in answer to the demand of the people. He cannot be regarded as a true friend to the silver movement if he fails to decline.

"In the Chicago convention the heart of the people was dominant when the democrats nominated Bryan. The convention was drunk with enthusiasm or something else when it presented Sewall for second place.

"At St. Louis the heart of the people dominated the entire convention in its selection of a presidential ticket.

"Bryan and Watson both sprang from the hearts of the people, and together they will electrify the nation with their oratorical fervor, and we hazard nothing when we say that Nebraska will have no advantage over Georgia in forensic display.

"Mr. Sewall must decline. The success of silver demands it. The impoverishment of the people cry out aloud for it. Watson is in sympathy with every demand made at Chicago; Sewall is not. Let us play honest with the people. The idea of nominating a national bank president on a platform that repudiates the national banking system is inconsistent with every requirement of common honesty.

"Watson is in accord with every principle of the Chicago platform. He says so, and he means what he says, for he is a patriot, who breathes with the respiration of the toiling masses.

"In Nebraska there are more populists than democrats—less of either than republicans. The same condition exists in Kansas and other western states without populistic aid. Every sane man knows that, without fusion, democracy and silver are doomed to everlasting defeat in Tennessee and North Carolina.

"Why not combine? Why not make our wish good by bringing the populists back into the democratic party? This can only be done on the basis of fairness. It will not do for the democrats to eat apple dumpling while we give crow pie to the populists. The Commercial does not favor such courtesy. It believes in that whole-souled southern and western hospitality which recognizes that there is nothing too good for the invited guest.

"We wouldn't give Tom Watson for the whole state of Maine—for there is no more chance of electing a democratic candidate in Maine than there is for the democracy of the union taking wings and flying in a solid body to heaven.

"Give us Bryan and Watson. That makes the issue square and will save the people from financial enslavement."—Atlanta Commercial.

THE REAL ANARCHISTS.

The Men Who Rob the Poor and Oppress the Weak.

Are the American people anarchists, as charged by the advocates of the English gold standard? Anarchy is the offspring of oppression and wrong. Tyrannical, despotic and cruel governments produce anarchists, and the worse the government the more numerous anarchists. For more than one hundred years the United States was the sanitarium of the poor and oppressed, who knew their former governments only to know the wrongs which it inflicted upon them. Such were called anarchists at home. They came by hundreds of thousands to these shores and in a few short months the great mass of them became liberty-loving honest men. Here and there a poor wretch had been bereft of reason by the cruelty of the government under which he was born and reared, but the local authorities took care of such. There was no anarchy in the land. Prosperity, patriotism and love of country went hand in hand. The goldites now declare that the great mass of the American people are anarchists. If so, who made them anarchists? Does anybody believe that there would be any anarchists in the land if the people enjoyed the prosperity which they did previous to the crime of 1873. If there are anarchists in the land, they have wrongs, deep wrongs, to complain of. The anarchists of wealth, who destroyed one-half of the people's money and induced the government to hoard two-thirds of the other half, thereby depriving the people of labor and of food, are guilty of all the anarchy in this country.

The people of the United States are a proud, patriotic people, are lovers of law and order, and will maintain it at any cost, but they must be allowed to live. When the corrupt agents of the old world seized upon the government of the United States and robbed the people of money, doubled the burden of all obligation, created a 200-dollar, produced falling prices, stagnation, hard times, they created in the producers discontent and a determination to right the wrongs which the enemies of civilization had inflicted upon them. If the goldites call the people of the United States anarchists because they are laboring to restore the laws of the better days of the republic and to reinstate the government of the fathers which has been usurped by a band of conspirators, the people will reply: "We are conspirators and malefactors and enemies of the republic which patriotism compels us to uphold and preserve. We will not allow you to change the government of the fathers into a government of an English banking syndicate without raising our hands to defend our most sacred rights."

If there are anarchists in America the gold combination made them. We deny that there are anarchists. We say that anarchists are those who disregard law and justice, who trample upon the rights of their neighbors. Who violate the law? Those who defended their country and are laboring honestly to uphold it, or these who have conspired to rob the people of money, pauperize and enslave them? If in 1776 there was cause for rebellion against King George for oppressing the colonies, in 1896 there are many causes for resisting the money changers, gold gamblers and robbers of London and New York, and for liberating the people from their extortion, misrule, robbery, plunder and devastation. The rule of the gold kings has become intolerable. The American people will no longer endure it. They will not violate the law as the goldites have. They will not smuggle legislation through congress. They will not raid the treasury, but they will by their ballots put honest men in office to rescue their government from the hands of those who have subverted it and literally made the Treasury of the United States a den of thieves.—Silver Knight.

Significant Talk in England.

We believe that the London Financial News is regarded as an authority on both sides of the Atlantic, and yet it is saying strange things just now about the free silver movement in this country:

"There is a plain moral in the remark that if the United States would venture to cut herself adrift from Europe and take outright to silver she would have all America and Asia at her back and the command of the markets of both countries. The barrier of gold would be more fatal than any barrier of a custom house. The bond of silver would be stronger than any bond of free trade. There can be no doubt about it that if the United States were to adopt a silver basis to-morrow British trade would be ruined before the year was out. Every American would be protected, not only at home, but in every other market. Of course the United States would suffer to a certain extent through having to pay her obligations abroad in gold, but the loss of exchange under this head would be a mere drop in the bucket as compared to the profit to be reaped from the markets of South America and Asia, to say nothing of Europe. The marvel is that the United States have not long ago seized the opportunity. It has been a piece of luck that it has never occurred to the Americans to scoop us out of the world's markets by going on a silver basis, and it might serve us right if, irritated by the contemptible apathy of our government toward the silver problem, the Americans retaliated by freezing out gold. It could be easily done."

We have heard this prophecy before. It has been made by more than one prominent European writer on finance. Moreton Frewen has insisted for a long time that the United States was blind to its own interests in hesitating to adopt free silver coinage and then enter into a commercial union with Asia and South America. He has always insisted that under such an arrangement the silver countries of the world, while they might sell to England, would do all their buying here. Prof. Ahrent, the great German authority, has also argued that the United States, if followed by Germany, Belgium and Italy—as he thinks it would be, sooner or later—could through the medium of free silver coinage almost destroy England's foreign trade. He has been extensively quoted by the gold men, but chiefly as to the difficulty, in his opinion, of our acting alone. He has invariably said that a concert of action among the nations named above would give them control of commerce in every quarter of the globe. And now comes the London Financial News with the positive statement that free silver coinage by the United States, acting independently, will multiply its trade beyond conception and isolate Great Britain so far as concerns the silver using countries.

It is nedless to say, of course, that the Post does not intend to surrender its convictions at the instance of a British newspaper. The Post, however, believes in a fair and impartial discussion of public questions, and we therefore reproduce this rather unexpected utterance as a contribution to the controversy—a contribution, by the way, from a source hitherto regarded as of high authority.—Washington Post.

Victory Is Near.

Every indication now points to a victory for silver in November. In that event money for investment will be more plentiful than it has been for a quarter of a century, and we hope to see a portion of it diverted to the Decatur, where the natural advantages for the establishment of manufacturing industries are better than in any other town or city in the South. Every effort should be put forth by our business men and commercial bodies to advertise our advantages and bring here that capital which is only needed to make of the Decaturs the great industrial centre between Louisville and New Orleans.—Advocate, New Decatur, Ala.

POLITICALLY SPEAKING.

What is Going on in the World of Politics.

MR. W. J. BRYAN IN CHICAGO

His Southeastern Trip Mapped Out, Headquarters of National Democrats to be in Chicago, With a Branch in New York—Oklahoma Dems Fuse with Pops—Other News

W. J. Bryan arrived in Chicago at 9:35 Friday morning. He was met by Governor Stone and escorted to the hotel. Unable to meet Mr. Bryan at the train owing to the arrival at the same hour of Mrs. Jones at another depot. A consultation was held with Chairman Jones, Governor Stone, Hon. Thomas Gahan, of Illinois, and National Committeeman Shankin, of Indiana, and other leading democrats.

William J. Bryan spent the day in conferences lasting from the hour of arrival until nearly 6 o'clock in the evening. There were present at these conferences Senator Jones, of Arkansas, Hon. E. C. Wall, of Wisconsin, Hon. B. J. Campau, of Michigan, Hon. Dan McConville, of Ohio, National Silver Chairman Stevens, National Silver Organizer George J. Keener, Governor Stone, of Missouri, and Secretary C. A. Walsh.

At the close of the day it was stated that beyond arranging an itinerary for Mr. Bryan's southern and eastern trips nothing had been done except to discuss the situation in a general way. The conferences were held in a room on the fourth floor of the Auditorium annex, from which Mr. Bryan descended to the parlor floor and held an informal reception.

During the afternoon some time was spent conferring with Chairman Jones regarding Mr. Bryan's letter of acceptance of his nomination by the silver party, to be read at the Lincoln ratification meeting Tuesday.

The programme arranged for the southeastern tour is as follows: St. Louis, September 12, Salem, Ill., (Mr. Bryan's old home), Sunday, September, 13; Henderson, Ky., morning of 15th, evening at Louisville; Lexington, Ky., 15th; Asheville, N. C., 16th; Richmond, Va., 18th; Washington, 19th; Baltimore, 20th; and New York city, September 28 and 29, from which city he will make a tour through New Jersey, Delaware and the New England states.

DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS.

Chicago Will Be the Place With a Branch in New York.

Chairman W. D. Bynum of the national committee of the "sound money" democratic party announced this morning that the headquarters will be located in Chicago, with a branch in New York. This decision was reached at a conference of leaders in the movement held in the quarters of the national committee in the Grand hotel Saturday. There had been strong talk of locating the headquarters here and the Indianapolis papers at Indianapolis announced it as a settled fact that the selection of Mr. Bynum meant that the headquarters of the "sound money" democrats would remain where it has been from the first. No reason for the change has been announced, but it is probably due to the fact that an Illinois man is at the head of the ticket. It is conceded by the active men in the movement that the main fight is to be made in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan and Wisconsin. Chicago was decided to be the best location from which to direct the campaign. Literature will be circulated and speakers put in the field. Both candidates will be called upon to make some speeches, but no oratorical tour will be attempted.

Bryan's Itinerary.

The following is announced as the program for Bryan's tour through Kentucky and Tennessee: Leaving St. Louis Monday morning, September 14, Mr. Bryan will arrive at Henderson, Ky., at 2:43 p. m., and speak at 3:45 p. m. He will leave Henderson on a special train, stopping at Owensboro for a ten-minute talk, at Hawesville, five minutes, at Cloverport, five minutes, and at Irvington, five minutes. There will be no other stops between Henderson and Louisville. The special train will arrive at Louisville at 8 p. m., and Mr. Bryan will speak at once, the place to be selected by the local committee, probably the Caldwell square, Brook and Breckinridge streets, and later at Phœnix Hill. Next morning he will leave for Lexington, speaking en route at LaGrange, Eminence, Frankfort and Midway, thence going over to Versailles and dining with Senator Blackburn, making brief addresses there, and arriving in Lexington in time to speak at 2 p. m. At 5 p. m. he will go to Maysville by special train, thence back to Lexington to take the Southern night train for Harriman, Tenn., and Asheville, N. C.

North Carolina Populists.

The populists of North Carolina will demand, as a prerequisite to fusion with the democrats, that the latter shall help them elect four congressmen, says a recent special from Raleigh. The populists put it this way: "While we deplore any division of the silver forces, we are determined to lose no congressional representative we now have." When the republicans heard that this would be the demand they said: "It all means that the populists are really friendly to fusion with us. They can't afford to fuse with democrats. They don't believe the democratic party is any more sincere than we are on the free silver question. This is their feeling all over the state."

Silver Party in Utah.

At a mass meeting at Ogden, Utah, largely attended from the principal points of the state, the silver party was organized under the name of the "Independent Republican Party" of the state. The meeting refused to join in the proposition to nominate McKinley electors, and appointed a general committee for the purpose of issuing a regular call for a state convention.

The Convention Postponed.

The convention of democratic clubs at St. Louis, called for September 30, has been postponed until October 2 and 3. Officials at democratic headquarters, from advices received, estimate the number of clubs that will be in attendance between 5 000 and 10,000. Mr. Bryan and Mr. Sewall have notified headquarters that they will be present at the convention.

NO BATTLE ABBEY.

The Rouss Movement Takes the Form of the "Confederate Institute."

The movement inaugurated by Chas. B. Rouss to perpetuate the history of the Southern Confederacy was promoted by the action of the board of trustees, whose first session was brought to a close Thursday night on Lookout mountain, near Chattanooga. The idea of a battle abbey has been abandoned as impracticable, and the structure to be erected will be called the "Confederate Memorial Institute." Col. Robert C. Wood of New Orleans, will continue to act as general manager. The Fourth National Bank of Nashville will be designated as treasurer and depository of funds. General Jackson of Tennessee, Col. Robert White of West Virginia, General Briggs of Kentucky, and General Ross of Texas, were constituted an executive committee. The plan for raising the necessary funds provides for the appointment of agents in each county to make a thorough canvass in every state in the south. Fifteen states, the District of Columbia, Oklahoma and Indian Territory are represented on the board. The charter holds good for fifty years. It is estimated that the institute will involve an outlay of at least $50,000 before its completion. Its chief mission will be educational in character by collecting together the correct facts at issue in the history of the late war. The location of the memorial hall will not be considered until after the money has been raised.

MURDERED AND ROBBED.

Fate of Joseph McCoy While En Route to Athens, Ala.

Joseph McCoy, of Prescott, Ariz., disappeared while passing through St. Louis August 28 for Athens, Ala. Saturday his brother-in-law, D. N. Gilbert, sheriff of Prescott, visited St. Louis in search of the missing man. Late in the afternoon McCoy's badly mutilated body was found in Richland creek, just south of Belleville, Ill. He had been murdered and robbed. His bloody hat and cane were found at a place where there were evidences of a violent struggle.

Pearl Bryan's Murderers.

A negro prisoner named Walker was searched by a turnkey in the Covington, Ky., jail Sunday night and a 38 calibre revolver was found in his pocket. Walker occupied a cell adjoining the ones in which Jackson and Walling, the Pearl Bryan murderers, are confined. The jailer suspected a plot to break jail and ordered the cells searched. In Walling's cell half a dozen saws were found. Both Walling and Jackson protest their innocence, but the jail officials think the plot was to have been carried out at 6 o'clock Sunday morning, when only two men would be on guard. A search of Jackson's cell disclosed two fine steel saws hidden between the sole and lining of an extra pair of tan shoes, which belonged to the prisoner.

Oklahoma Democrats Fuse.

The democratic territorial convention to nominate a candidate for delegate to congress was in session till 1:30 Saturday morning, when an indorsement of J. Y. Callahan, populist nominee, was made. The fight was a bitter one, and much feeling was shown. The report of the committee upon resolutions was quite long. It advocated the principles of the Chicago platform, single statehood, free homes, opposed army officers acting as Indian agents and advocated separate schools and fusion.

The North Carolina Drouth.

The state crop bulletin of North Carolina says: The drouth is unbroken over many parts of central and eastern districts, and that but little improvement is now possible in crop conditions. Cotton picking is rapid and under favorable conditions the quality of cotton is high. The crop will be nearly all open by October 1 in the eastern districts. Many fields already look as if struck by frost. The peanut crop is cut short by the August drouth. Rice is only ordinary. Tobacco continues poor in quality. Most of that crop has been housed.

An Engineer Killed.

In a head-end collision on a curve known as "Dead Man's Dump," three miles north of Jackson, Miss., on the Illinois Central railroad, at 5 o'clock Saturday morning, Engineer "Clef" Quinn, of McComb City, was instantly killed. Engineer Hoskins, of the north-bound train, escaped without injury, as did the two firemen. The engines and several flat cars were completely wrecked. Quinn leaves a wife and five small children.

A Nervy Engineer.

An attempt was made Saturday to hold up the Overland express eight miles west of Sacramento, Cal. The engineer killed one of the robbers and then pulled out and the train reached this city.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

THE PLATFORM.

"The People's Party of the State of Alabama, in convention assembled, recognizing the supremacy of political liberty over all the questions that can come before the people of the State for solution at the general State election, to take place on the 3rd day of August, 1896, reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of Populism as follows:

"First—We demand a free ballot and a fair count.

"Second—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of international agreement.

"Third—We demand that miners and others like corporate labor be paid in lawful money of the United States semi-monthly.

"Fourth—We favor a tariff for revenue, so adjusted as to protect as far as practicable the farmers and the labour in our shops, mines, factories and mills, and their products against foreign pauper labor."

Judge Zell Gaston's amendment to the 2d section was as follows:

"We demand the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, and the abolition of national banks, the expansion of the currency to meet the needs of the people and the demands of commerce, free from the control of corporate influences, and we condemn the issue of interest bearing bonds in time of peace."

Next came a lot of resolutions, which passed unanimously:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that our representatives in congress be and are hereby requested to use their best endeavors to secure appropriations by the Federal Government to open the Warrier River to navigation from the coal fields to the Gulf of Mexico."

"Resolved, That our county appointing boards are hereby requested to give to the political opposition a competent inspector at every polling place in their respective counties,

"And we further request the inspector so appointed to give a competent clerk and fixer at each polling place to said political opposition."

IT has been decided that Bryan and Watson are to be officially notified of their nomination by the People's Party. The notification will be by letter.

Bryan was notified of his nomination by the national Silver party on Tuesday at Lincoln, Neb. By the time he receives the Populist notification he will be getting used to it.

Two States have just held elections—Vermont and Arkansas. Vermont went Republican by an increased majority, and Arkansas retaliated by largely increasing its Democratic majority.

TOM WATSON is now in Texas and spoke to an enthusiastic crowd at Dallas on Monday. After keeping some other appointments he will return and take an active part in the Georgia campaign and when that is over will go West again.

BEGIN to study the names of the electors. There will be four different tickets, which means there will be forty-four names of electors on the official ballot, and you should make yourself thoroughly acquainted with the names of the men you intend to vote for.

The trial of Sheriff Kennedey of Dallas for killing Percy Wood took place in Montgomery this week. The jury returned a peculiar verdict which practically releases Kennedey. The verdict was "We find the defendant guilty as charged, but insane at the time he committed the crime." Kennedey will be taken to the asylum at Tuscaloosa and the examining board will declare him sane and he will be at once released.

THE Democrats of the Fourth District will meet tomorrow at Shelby Springs in adjourned session and will make another attempt to untangle the nominating muddle they got into at Selma. The chances seem to be in favor of Plowman or Kelly.

Jesse R. Grant, a son of Gen. Grant, has renounced the Republican party and joined the Populist. He says: "The platform of the People's Party has no objectionable principles, and seem to offer a political home which any American can proudly enter."

FROM now until the close of the campaign we will send you THE BANNER for Ten cents.

CALL FOR MASS MEETING.

A mass meeting of the People's Party of Chilton county is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Saturday, September 19, 1896 for the purpose of electing delegates to the Fourth District Congressional convention and for the transaction of any business that may properly come before the meeting.

As the time is short it is requested that each Beat sends up good representative men to attend the meeting.

H. I. HONEYCUTT,
Chairman P. P.

THE State executive committee met last Thursday at Birmingham and put out the following electoral ticket:

Electors at large—Joseph H. Harris of Chambers and S. A. Hobson of Tuscaloosa.

Alternates—S. M. Adams of Bibb and Frank Baltzell of Montgomery.

The following district electors and alternates were chosen:

First district—A. B. Gaston of Mobile; alternate, J. M. Young of Choctaw.

Second district—W. S. Reese of Montgomery; alternate, J. S Knight of Crenshaw.

Third district—John G. Searcy of Barbour; alternate, J. O. Pinkard of Dale.

Fourth district—Thomas L. Harvey of Calhoun; alternate, Thomas D. Parsons of Talladega.

Fifth district—Edmund B. Langsley of Tallapoosa; alternate, H. R. Robbins of Coosa.

Sixth district—H. B. Gaines of Walker; alternate, Jack Savage of Fayette.

Seventh district—W. M. Coleman of Marshall; alternate, Thos. W. Powell.

Eigth district—T. B. Bickley of Colbert; alternate, A. C. Nixon of Morgan.

Ninth district—Nelson Fuller of Bibb; alternate, Julius Davidson of Blount.

The electoral college of 1896 will be composed of 447 members. Of that number it will require a clear majority of 224 to elect a president and vice president, and should no one of the candidates receive such a majority, there will be no election by the college. The vote of the electoral college will be taken in each state on the second Monday in January next. The result of the ballot in each state will be sent to the vice president of the United States and opened by him in the presence of the senate and house of representatives in joint session.

If it is found that no candidate has received a majority of the electoral college votes then the house, sitting independently, will proceed to ballot for vice president. If the house fails to elect a president by the 4th of next March, the vice president, chosen by the senate before that time, then becomes president.

The electoral college vote is taken in each state separately, but on the same day, and it has only one chance to elect the president and vice president. The ballot of each state electoral college is taken and sent, sealed, to the vice president at Washington. The state electors may meet at such place as may be prescribed by each state legislature, the general government having no jurisdiction over the electors except that it can require the vote for president and vice president to be taken on the same day in each state.

The electoral college system was engrafted into the constitution of the United States when that instrument was written, and it remains the law to-day, only one or two slight changes having been made in the system.—Atlanta Constitution.

CALL FOR CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The district convention of the People's Party of the Fourth congressional district is hereby called to meet at Calera on the 22nd day of September at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress from said District, and for the consideration of other matters that may properly come before the convention. The representation in said convention will be as follows:

Cleburn County.	6	Delegates
Calhoun "	13	"
Talladega "	13	"
Shelby "	11	"
Chilton "	6	"
Dallas "	4	"

G. B. DEANS,
Chairman 4th District.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 9.

Senator Allen, of Nebraska, Chairman of the committee appointed by the National Populist convention to notify Mr. Bryan of his nomination announces that he will call the committee together for that purpose at an early date.

A call has been issued by the "middle-of-the-road" Populist of Illinois for a state convention, to be held at Chicago on Sept. 15, for the nomination of a state ticket.

The Populists of Denver, Colorado, in convention recently, endorsed Senator Teller and Congressman Bell and favored a fusion state ticket.

Hon. W. H. Robb, editor of the Daily American, of Creston, Iowa, has been nominated for congress by the Populists of the Eigth district, against W. P. Hephurn, the silver-tongued railroad attorney. Mr. Robb is a magnificent man, a splendid campaigner, and his prospects for success are very bright.

The Populists of the Third Virginia district have postponed their nominating convention until after the democratic convention is held. In the Fourth district the Populists have nominated Col. J. Thomas Good for congress.

It is positively asserted that a considerable portion of the $20,000,000 that Mark Hanna secured from Wall street has been used to pay dividends on metropolitan goldbug newspapers.

Hundreds of prominent republicans in Nebraska are espousing the cause of free silver, and the friends of Mr. Bryan claim that he will carry the state by not less than 15,000 majority.

A favorite trick of the goldbug press is to keep repeating the stale story that the free silver sentiment is dying out. There is little danger of anyone being deceived by it.

The Populists and democrats of Idaho got together recently on a state ticket. It is asserted that the reason Senator Dubois and the free silver republicans were not recognized was because they refused to go into the combination except as regular republicans.

The Populists and democrats are uniting in nearly every county in Oklahoma for the overthrow of the gold standard crowd and they will udoubtedly succeed.

The recent growth of free silver sentiment in the rural districts of New York, make it not only possible, but probable, that Bryan will carry that stater

The few Populist papers that refused to support Bryan immediately after the National Convention have generallp fallen into line and are now supporting the regular nominees. Any other course would be suicidal,

Quite a large number of factories in various sections of the country are closing their doors and throwing their workmen out of employment. This is a part of she political play adopted by the gold power to intimidate the voters and farce them to support the republican nominees.

Gen. Weaver is qoted as saying that Iowa will give a majority of 35,000 for Bryan.

Twenty Years....

For more than twenty years we have been telling how Scott's Emulsion overcomes the excessive waste of the system, puts on flesh, nourishes and builds up the body, making it the remedy for all wasting diseases of adults and children, but it isn't possible for us to tell the story in a mere stickful of newspaper type.

We have had prepared for us by a physician a little book, telling in easy words how and why Scott's Emulsion benefits, and a postal card request will be enough to have it sent to you free. To-day would be a good time to send for it.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

The old story is going the rounds dry weather and short crops. Economy is in great demand.

A good family is afflicted. Mr. J. Cleckler, near Jumbo post office has been suffering with dropsy two years now he has three carbuncles, what he is suffering God only knows. Their eldest son, the only one large enough for help, has an abcess which has disabled him from work about one year, no hopes of speedy recovery.

To the readers of the BANNER who will contribute a nickel, a quarter, a dollar, or more to these honest, industrious citizens of our county—money to procure the medicine which is much needed just now, or rather to hold his doctor's treatment. Rewards will be held in reserve in the by and by for those who assist their fellow mortals. We will pass this way but the one time, then let us be up and doing as we would be done by. Please go and see the afflicted family in question, you will never sleep good till you aid them. Mrs. Cleckler and young daughter are wearing their lives away in hard out door work.

MRS. IRA CAMPBELL.

* * *

Lily Lyrics.

Farmers are busy picking cotton. The crop in this section is about half gathered.

Mr. Frank Bazemore, of Coosa county is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Robt. L. Veazey, who has been teaching at Weogufka, returned home last Wednesday and will enter Prof. Wilson's school at Stanton Monday.

Miss Lena Parnell, of Dixie, who has been spending some time here with relatives, returned home last Sunday, much to the regret of her friends.

Potatoes, cane, peas, &c, will be almost a complete failure in this section on account of dry weather.

Misses Dovie and Mamie Smitherman, of Saginaw, are visiting relatives here.

Prof. Slaton was out here a few days ago in the interest of the Jemison High School. We hope for the Professor much success in his new field of labor, for we think he is the right man in the right place.

Miss Geneva Jones, who is teaching near Plantersville, paid home folks a visit last Saturday and Sunday.

CLINT.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

National Association of People's Party Clubs.

Washington, D.C., Sep. 2, 1896.

Political club organization has proven one of the most effective adjuncts to campaign work that has ever been devised. The present campaign has brought into existence more clubs than any other known in the history of the country. The People's Party must not lag behind the procession. There should be a People's Party club in every township in America and, where the party is strong, in every school district. There should be one in each village, and in each city clubs shoulds be organized by wards. These clubs can be not only an important help in the present campaign, but they can also be a permanent good to the party.

Here is the plan: Let each state committee recommend, through the public press and through the regular party organization, the starting of Populist clubs in every precinct in the state. No organizers are necessary for this, although state organizers and county organizers may be appointed. But in the main the people should organize for themselves. These clubs are to be open, are to hold weekly meetings during the campaign and after that as often as they see fit. They are to report the names of their officers (chairman, secretary and Treasurer) at once to the national committee, together with a nominal charter fee of, say, One Dollar. The national committee will in turn forward a charter and enroll the club as a member of the National Association of People's Party Clubs. These clubs are to have public discussions, are to distribute literature which will be sent to them from national and state headquarters, are to attend rallies in a body, are to do quiet work, to make converts in the neighborhoods in which they are organized; and are practicable to lend enthusiasm, energy and effectiveness to the campaign. No initiation fee shall be charged, and no dues other than voluntarily contributed. No dues shall be paid either to state or national committees other than voluntarily contributions, except the charter fee, which is to be turned at once into the national campaign fund.

MARION BUTLER, Ch'n.
J. A. EDGERTON, Secretary.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897:

		1896
Pletcher's mill	October	1
Kincheon	"	9
Albert Headley's store	"	3
Benson	"	5
Maplesville	"	6
Shoultz	"	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 2 pm	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church, Beat 2	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Strasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore's school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor

Tax Collector's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1896:

		1896
Shoultz	October	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 4 pm	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Srasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30
Kincheon	November	2
Maplesville	"	3
Benson	"	4

T. J. HULLARD, TaxCollector.

Program Teachers' Institute.

A Teachers' Institute will be held at Collins' Chapel September 11, 12, 1896.

FRIDAY—9 a.m. Devotional exercises.

9:30 a.m. Welcome address, J. D. Collins.

10 a.m. What is teaching? W. S. Garner, Miss M. V. Palmer.

11 a.m. Child study, G. L. Speer Miss Sophia Mullins. Recess.

2 p.m. How should Arithmetic be taught? Wm. Askins, Miss Jennie Wilson,

2:30 p.m. The requisites for successful teaching, J. E. Creel.

3 p.m. Public education, C. C. Slaton.

SATURDAY—9 a.m. Nature's own text book, Alex Moore, Miss Ida Robinson.

10 a.m. Modes of preventing whispering, W. R. Headley.

11 a.m. Educational address. C. C. Slaton, Recess.

2 p.m. Public school law, E. Y. McMorries.

2:30 p.m. The work of the primary teacher, A. B Harwood, Mrs. V. Z. Palmer.

3 p.m. How to teach reading, R. E. R. Hicks.

Collins' Chapel is located two and a half miles from Strasburg. There will be conveyance for teachers from Strasburg and return. This being the last Institute in this scholastic year, all the teachers are expected to attend.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

Notice to Non-resident Heirs, etc., on Application to Sell Land.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA } Probate
CHILTON COUNTY. } Court.

To Willie Morgan, wife of Andrew Morgan.

Whereas A. C. Smith, administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts thereof, upon the ground that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 28th day of September 1896 has been appointed for the hearing of said application.

You are, therefore, hereby notified to appear before said court on said 28th day of September 1896 to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this the 2d day of Sept., 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT, Judge of Probate

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution $1.50
New York World (3 papers every week) . . $1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham) . . $1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine) . $1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson) $1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman . . $1.50

For $1,25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal $1.25
Birmingham State-Herald $1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
—LOWEST PRICES.

LOOK AT THEIR SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

CATARRH

is a more common and a more serious disease than most people imagine. Its cure depends upon constitutional treatment, not upon local remedies. V.V.V. cures catarrh because it purifies the blood, cleanses the secretory organs and brings the entire system to a condition of health and vigor. Composed entirely of health-giving vegetable remedial agents,

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a wonderful specific for all blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—as well as rheumatism, malaria, liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, debility, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 7.80 cents.

Bales received to-date:

[illegible]	148
[illegible]	110
[illegible]	26
	284

[illegible] CHEAP. Call and see [illegible] at the BANNER office.

Mr. [illegible] McBell, of Grady, visited his [illegible] family Saturday and [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] Parkhead, of Montgomery, visited relatives at this place Saturday and Sunday, on his [illegible].

M[illegible] Roe and friend, of Mo[illegible], after a pleasant visit to Mr. [illegible] Gardner's family, returned [illegible] this morning much to the [illegible] many friends here.

Mr. [illegible] McMorries, who [illegible] a position in the drug store at this place, has accepted a position in Birmingham. We wish for Bascom success in [illegible] undertakings.

Mr. [illegible] J. Davis was in Birmingham Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. [illegible] Curry was in Jemison [illegible] of his profession this week.

Those desiring Good Family Groceries and Confectionaries can obtain the same by calling on J. A. [illegible], who has recently opened up with a [illegible] of Goods in the old [illegible] by Patrick Smith.

A [illegible] number of our citizens [illegible] camp meeting about [illegible] miles west of town. A great interest was manifested in the meeting and we hope that much good [illegible] from it.

Mrs. [illegible] Ree, returned home [illegible] of her many friends [illegible] last Tuesday morning, [illegible] visit to relatives [illegible].

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Collier, of [illegible], are visiting in Clanton.

Mr. Tom Thornton has been [illegible] a few days in Coosa and [illegible].

Mr. J. M. Potts has gone on a [illegible] Georgia and the Carolinas.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons: Mr. James Thacker and Miss Nola Baker; Mr. H. M. Hathcock and Miss Mary Logan; Mr. L. D. Popwell and Miss M. P. Stonecypher.

On Saturday night a crowd of negroes were shooting craps in the swamp when a dispute occurred and Will Mumpfield was fatally shot by Matthew Clark who made his escape and has not been captured.

The Ideal Panacea

[illegible] Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family [illegible] five years, in the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or [illegible]." [illegible] Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, [illegible]: "I have been a Minister of the [illegible] Episcopal Church for [illegible] more, and have never [illegible] anything so beneficial, or that [illegible] relief as Dr. [illegible] Discovery." Try this [illegible] Remedy now. Trial [illegible] at J. S. Johnson, Jr. [illegible]

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18225.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August 10, 1896.

[illegible] hereby given that the [illegible] settler has filed notice [illegible] to make final [illegible] of his claim, and [illegible] will be made before [illegible] Circuit Court, at [illegible] on September 19th, [illegible] Beardin, Homestead [illegible] No. 24,7[illegible], for the [illegible] tp 21 north of r 11 [illegible].

[illegible] following witnesses [illegible] continuous residence [illegible] cultivation of, said land [illegible] Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey [illegible], Tom McCormick, all [illegible], Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Administrator's Sale.

[illegible] virtue of an order and [illegible] R. M. Honeycutt, [illegible] Probate Court of Chilton [illegible] I, Mary E. Gibbons, [illegible] estate of D. H. [illegible] deceased, will sell at public [illegible] highest bidder on the

[illegible] MONDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1896,

[illegible] for cash, the following [illegible] real estate, belonging to [illegible] tp 21 except the e1-2 of [illegible] sw1-4, ne1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 of [illegible] 30, e1-2 of sw1-4 and sw1-4 of se[illegible] 1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13.

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. [illegible], deceased.

Will Not Perform Miracles But It Will Cure.

DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE cures nervous prostration. Not miraculously, but scientifically, by first removing the germs of disease, and then supplying healthy nerve food, increasing the appetite, helping digestion and strengthening the entire system. Desperate cases require prolonged treatment as shown by that of Mrs. M. B. Reed, of Delta, Iowa, who writes: "As the result of a lightning stroke, the physicians said I had a light stroke of paralysis, my limbs would all draw up. I would have throbbings in my chest that seemed unendurable. For three months I could not sleep and for three weeks did not close my eyes. I prayed for sleep, and felt that if relief did not come I would be dead or insane. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and the second night slept two hours and from that time on my health improved; slowly at first, but steadily and surely. I took in all 40 bottles, and I cannot express how grateful I am, for I am now perfectly well, and have taken no medicine for over four months." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by druggists on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Book on heart and nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18226.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Bearden, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18227.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., August 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: Louis B. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼, section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Ed Beardin, J. W. Worthy, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING

SHAVING

SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Clanton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

United States Marshal's Sale of Valuable Real estate.

Under and by virtue of power conferred upon me by a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the United States District Court, for the Middle District of Alabama, commanding me, that of goods and chattels, land and tenements of B. H. McCrary and B. F. Rasberry, to be made the sum of $300.00 with interest from the 28th day of May, 1896, together with all costs. I have this day levied upon the following described real estate as the property of B. H. McCrary, to-wit:

W½ of sw¼ sec 15 tp 22 r 12; sw¼ of se1-4 of sw1-4 sec 16 tp 22 r 12; ne1-4 of sw1-4 of sec 16 t 22 r 12; s½ of sw1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13; sw1-4 of se 1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13.

Also the following described real estate as the property of the defendant B. F. Rasberry, to-wit:

[illegible] of se1-4 and ne1-4 of se1-4 sec 18 t 22 r [illegible] sw1-4 of ne1-4 sec 19 t 22 r 13; [illegible] of se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, w½ of sw1-4 and [illegible] of sw1-4 of nw1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13; se1-4 of nw1-4 and w½ of ne1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13, lying and being in the County of Chilton and State of Alabama, together with appurtenances and improvements thereunto belonging and will proceed to sell the same at the Court House door in Clanton to the highest and best bidder for cash on the first Monday in October, being the 5th day, 1896.

This the 4th September, 1896.

W. H. TISDALE, United States Marshal
By J. A. DUDLEY, Deputy.

FROM No. 2.

Campaign Edition.

THE ARENA.

Uncle Sam's Crown of Thorns.

"I will not aid to press down upon the bleeding brow of labor this crown of thorns."
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

All voters should read the Campaign Edition of The Arena, which began with the June issue and runs to November (6 months), price,

ONE DOLLAR.

Send your subscription to Business Office of this paper.

WANTED men and women at once. $25.00 a week easily made taking orders for the Campaign Edition of the Arena.
Secure your territory at once, address
ARENA PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Boston, Mass.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America.
Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

✻ PORTABLE ✻

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

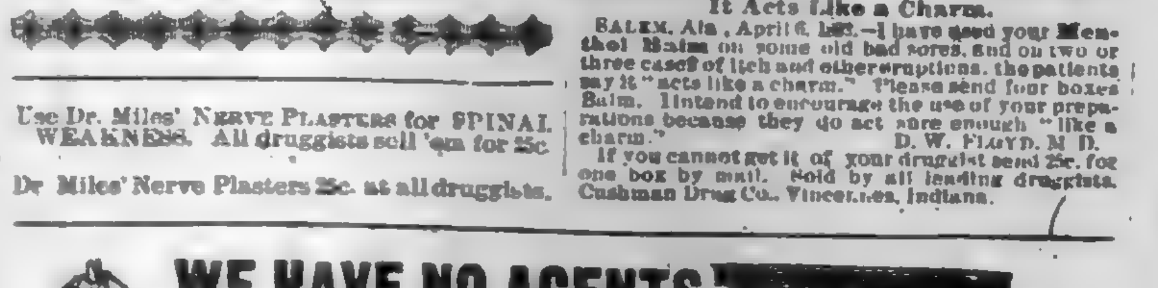
CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS



but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 3014—Surrey Harness. Price $16.50. As good as sells for $30.

No. [illegible]—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry. I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12 s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry.

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

Greatest Discovery of 19th Century.

Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE, WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing, Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

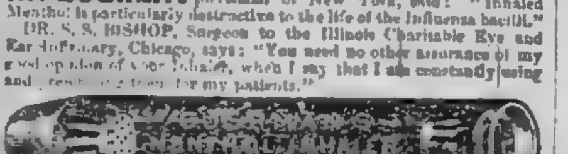
It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to head colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."
DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and recommending them for my patients."



Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address
Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

CAMPAIGN SILVER BADGES!

THESE Badges are patented, thus enabling us to protect dealers from competition. The designs are catchy and each vividly portrays the present financial situation. They will be treasured in after years as souvenirs of the greatest political war during the [illegible] of our country. Big profits for agents. Immediate sale. For terms address

STATE HERALD BADGE DEP'T
Birmingham, Ala.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

CARTHAGE, Mo., July 24, 1893.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY BARN.

It Acts Like a Charm.

SALEM, Ala., April 6, 1893.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions, the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm."
D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co.; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 13 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is, Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of [illegible] a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, [illegible] will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

[illegible] the ailments, caused by [illegible] positions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and [illegible] Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840. [illegible] HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—[illegible]—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEP[illegible]—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—[illegible] STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOW[illegible] YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—[illegible] SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—[illegible] THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID [illegible] & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING [illegible] NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND [illegible] CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES. [illegible] NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCH[illegible] AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR AP[illegible] OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING [illegible] DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA [illegible]—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF [illegible]—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO [illegible] APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—[illegible] FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC [illegible] PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—[illegible] OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—[illegible] DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION [illegible] RISING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—[illegible] FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER[illegible] & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & [illegible] BY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE K[illegible] FOOD TAKEN [illegible]

[illegible] SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

MEDICAL TREATMENT.

If you want the best expert and scientific treatment by the leading physicians and specialists of this country, consult only DR. HATHAWAY & CO. 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All Chronic Diseases of men and women, Private Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. Cases treated by mail all over the world by sending for Symptom Blank No. 1 for men No. 2 for women, No. 3 Skin Diseases, No. 4 for Catarrh. Best of professional and financial references, a legal guarantee given if necessary.

FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
Old No. 85, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple,
New Orleans, La.

We Employ Young Men

to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.
DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy our wheel.
Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER

JOB PRINTING AT THE BANNER OFFICE

FIRST-CLASS WORK

LOWEST PRICES

P.P.P.
P.P.P.
P.P.P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P. and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, **Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.**

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

For many years there has been a growing recognition among business men that newspaper advertising on a large scale possesses a value hitherto seldom appreciated. An increasing number rapidly enlarge their outlay in this direction, as well applied tests prove how useful it can be made in that particular business. It is repeatedly found that public favor gained in this way withstands even the lower prices of competitors who do not advertise. Frequently after a few years of newspaper advertising the annual expenditure for this purpose exceeds the total capital of the advertiser at the start of the advertising.

It seems that several hundred years of higher education in this country have not been sufficient to eradicate the sophomore's theory that to beat a freshman, pour soft soap down his neck and decorate his face with green paint is intensely humorous.

The latest Venezuela entanglement has been peaceably settled by the release of the British surveyor, Harrison, the result being due to the intercession of Secretary Olney, through the American Minister at Caracas. This serves to emphasize the fact that the influence of the United States is paramount in Venezuelan affairs.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, TROY, ALA.

This college is supported by state and Peabody fund appropriations for the training of teachers and is not a mere "Preparatory School" for some other, but is of college grade in every way, as a teachers' training school should be, and grants college degrees and diplomas, and its graduates receive state certificates for two, four and six years, or for life, from the state superintendent of education of Alabama, and these are the strongest testimonials of professional worth to a teacher. Indeed, the graduates of this college are in great demand as teachers and the college authorities take great pleasure in answering requests for trained teachers sent in by school authorities from all over Alabama and adjoining states.

It will be seen from the Normal Exponent that students desiring the usual college course may get it here at very low expense, too. Board is but $8 to $10 per month and tuition and incidentals low.

Persons desiring information as to this college or wishing to secure a good teacher should write to Dr. E. R. Eldridge, president, at Troy, Ala., for the Normal Exponent explaining every thing.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know,

Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have $50 or $60 you can spare for a 10-volume encyclopedia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopedia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopedia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts collated in it.

Are You Afflicted!

If so, read the advertisement of Dr. Dozier's Southern Medical Dispensary Birmingham, Ala. in this paper. This institution is one that stands high in the esteem of its patrons. Read what the press of Birmingham and elsewhere say of Dr. Dozier and his institution.

A Final Cure.

"I used it for tetter which had been running for five years. Nothing could give relief until I used your medicine, and one box made a final cure."
MRS. S. E. HART,
Cross Trails, Ala.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

The law is without depth to those who, without heed, do plunge into it.—Shakespeare.

All who use Dobbins' Electric Soap praise it as the best, cheapest and most economical family soap made, but if you will try it once it will tell a still stronger tale of its merits itself. Please try it. Your grocer will supply you.

By Jove the stranger and the poor are sent and what to these we give to Jove is lent.—Homer.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of the lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—LOUISA LINDAMAN, Bethany Mo., Jan. 8, 1894.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Health

is impossible without pure, healthy blood. Purified and vitalized blood results from taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills for the liver and bowels. 25c.

THE FARQUHAR PATENT VARIABLE FRICTION FEED.

Medal and Highest award at the World's Columbian Exposition.

SAW MILL & ENGINE

BEST SET WORKS IN THE WORLD. Warranted the best made. Shingle Mills, Machinery, and Standard Agricultural Implements of Best Quality at lowest prices. Illustrated Catalogue.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. N. U. No. 37. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

WHITE GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL OF ALABAMA.

A business education furnished young women free of cost, except living expenses. This school will open at Montevallo, Ala., on the 12th of October. A faculty representing the best talent in the south is now being selected. Professions taught which will make girls independent. We make teachers, artists, musicians, stenographers, typewriters, telegraphers, bookkeepers, dressmakers and milliners. Other industrial branches will be added. A complete literary course furnished also. Total expenses for the entire session, $80. This includes tuition in all its branches, board, lights and fuel, laundry and medical bills and all ordinary text books used in the school. No incidentals, except a small fee for use of pianos to pupils taking instrumental music. Only $15 required to enter; balance monthly. Each county in the state is entitled to its quota of scholars between the ages 14 and 21 at the above named rates. They must be in good health and have fair primary education. Pupils in the different counties desiring the benefits of this school should make immediate application. Prospectus furnished on application.

H. C. REYNOLDS,
Acting President.

AN OPEN LETTER

From Dr. Eldridge to Alabama School Teachers and Others.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE,
Troy, Ala., Sept. 8, 1896.

The State Normal college, at Troy, grateful for the increasing confidence and support of the state and the Peabody board, desires to show their gratitude by extending the benefits of teacher training to counties remote from the college, in order to equalize, as far as possible, the advantages of the college for the training of teachers for our public schools. They therefore propose the following plan to-wit:

A. To issue to each representative the authority to nominate one or more teachers, from his county; preference being given to superiority of certificate, or license, in selecting between rival candidates, the county superintendent of education attesting such superiority of qualification and endorsing one such nomination to the state superintendent of education, who may, if his judgment so approve, issue a full tuition and incidental scholarship for two years, valid so long as the holder may continue in attendance within the two years, under the laws, rules and regulations governing the college. Forfeitures and expirations of such scholarships under college law, rules, etc., to be entered upon the college books, and due notice given the state superintendent of education, who may cause the place to be given to teachers already in attendance from the given counties, who shall always be given preference over all others, or filled again, in the manner before mentioned; Provided, That no appointment to such scholarships shall be made from any county adjoining Pike county, wherein is located the State Normal college, nor from any county adjoining such counties, or in which is located any state educational institution.

B. To issue to each senator the authority to nominate one or more candidates for a one half tuition, incidental and board scholarship, all of which shall be valued at twelve dollars per month, that when presented with the balance of $12 ($6) per month in a cash payment for one term in advance, shall entitle the holder to be enrolled term by term, during the limit of his scholarship; Provided, That such senatorial one half scholarships shall be governed by all the conditions of appointment and tenure by the provisions of representative scholarships, before mentioned, under A.

C. Nominees for beneficies should at once file their certificate of nomination by the representative or senator with the county superintendent of education, and the successful applicants, on receiving their appointment by the state superintendent, should report at the college on the day and date specified in the certificate of appointment from the state superintendent, equipped as per directions following this, viz:

A. Persons accorded representative scholarships will receive tuition and incidentals, free, under college regulations. They should bring such books as they may have on the course they expected to study, but are not advised to buy any new books until they find out just what they need.

C. Senatorial scholarships entitle to one-half tuition, incidentals and board at table and all necessary heavy furniture. Students need to furnish their own bedding, fuel, lights and toilet arrangements.

Send for applications at once and apply to your representative or senator.

Issued by authority of the State Normal College, the state superintendent, Hon. John O Turner, Montgomery, Ala., approving.

Attest: E. R. ELDRIDGE, Pres.,
Troy, Ala.

Destructive Hail Storm.

Last night a very destructive wind and hail storm visited the northern part of this county, says a Saturday's dispatch from Perry, O. T. Hail as big as hens' eggs fell and did great damage. A number of farm houses were blown down and it is reported that one residence was blown away at McKiney and several persons hurt. Lightning struck the residence of Joseph Kibbe and it was torn to pieces, but the family escaped injury by being in the storm cave.

Caught at Nashville.

John Wedlock, a negro wanted for murdering Adolph Potter, another negro, in cold blood, at Birmingham, Ala., July 12, and who has been at large ever since, was captured in Nashville, Tenn., Saturday by the city detectives. He confesses to the killing of Potter, but says it was in self-defense.

Impaled on a Fence.

Marcy Wright, the little six-year-old son of Mr. N. M. Wright, of Cedartown, Ga., fell from a tree Saturday afternoon, impaling himself on the fence. His skull was broken and pieces of paling and a portion of the skull were taken from the right side of his head. The little fellow is not expected to live.

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS CHAIR.

Father Shoots His Son for a Burglar. Congressman Howard Renominated—An Inexperienced Burglar. The Florence Normal—Taylor for Congress in First District.

Choccolocco Trestle Burned.

A burnt trestle near Choccolocco hustled things on the Southern railroad slightly Tuesday. But little time was lost, as the trains were sent around by Rome, Ga., and made their time. The trestle has been rebuilt.

Its Sixtieth Session.

The sixtieth annual session of the Wills Creek United Primitive Baptist association will be held with Rocky Mount church, two miles south of Collinsville, commencing on Friday before the first Sunday in October.

Found Dead in His Chair.

Mr. Tom Cole, an old citizen and at one time sheriff of Perry county, died very suddenly Tuesday at Vienia, seven miles south of Marion. When found he was sitting in his chair at an open window and had evidently been dead only a short time. His death was probably caused from heart disease.

Taylor Nominated.

George Washington Taylor, of Marengo, was nominated for congressman from the First district Wednesday on the second ballot. Mr. Taylor is a gold man, but will support the Chicago platform and nominees. The convention adopted resolutions indorsing Bryan and Sewall and the platform.

The Florence Normal.

The faculty of the State Normal college at Florence is recognized throughout the state as one of the ablest in the south. It contains graduates of the University of Alabama, the University of Virginia, Johns Hopkins University, the Courtland New York Normal, the Albany Normal college and the Bridgewater Normal in Massachusetts. It also contains two of its own graduates, thus recognizing the value of its own work. All are specialists. No wonder its graduates are held in such high esteem.—Florence Times.

The Ozark Convention.

The Third district convention met at Ozark at noon Tuesday, and nominated Hon. Henry D. Clayton, of Eufaula. Mr. Clayton had no opposition, as Congressman Harrison, who he has been named to succeed, has gone off with the national democrats and will very likely be nominated by them to congress in the same district. Mr. Clayton is United States district attorney for the middle district of Alabama, a member of the national democratic executive committee and a nephew of United States Senator James L. Pugh.

An Inexperienced Burglar.

When the agent of the Southern railroad at Lincoln went to his office Tuesday morning he found that some inexperienced burglar had made an extended call during the night. A glimpse at the surroundings showed that the blacksmith shop of I. J. Reeves had parted company with many of its tools, and these tools had been forced to do work on the fire proof safe of the Southern railway. Powder had not been neglected. The agent received instructions to lock the room, and let everything remain as he found it. Some five or six weeks since the same office was entered at night and deprived of $10 in cash. The company is doubtless tired of such work, and will put forth proper efforts to capture the guilty party.

Howard Re-Nominated.

The Seventh district populite convention met in Birmingham Thursday. The meeting was held in the Hood building on the third floor in the hall occupied by the American Protective association organization. Congressman Howard was re-nominated on the first ballot the vote being as follows:

Cullman voted five for Howard.

Cherokee county voted nine for Howard.

DeKalb voted seven for Howard.
Etowah voted eight for McHan.
Franklin voted six for Howard.
Marshall voted nine for McHan.

St. Clair voted eight for Howard.

On motion the nomination was made unanimous.

Upon the suggestion of the state committee, as presented by Dr. G. B. Crowe, the convention then selected its elector and alternate, viz: Mr. O. D. Street, of Marshall, and Mr. T. W Howell, of Cullman.

At the State Capital.

The new Commissioner of Agriculture, Maj. I. F. Culver, of Bullock, took charge of the affairs of the office at Montgomery Tuesday. Captain Sessions, of Bullock, is the new chief clerk in the office and a son of Major Culver is the assistant clerk. Messrs Smith and Key, clerks under Mr. Lane's administration, have been exceedingly capable and agreeable in the discharge of their duties and their retirement from the public service is greatly regretted. The newly elected county officers took charge in all of the counties of the state September 1. For ten days past the secretary of state has been busily employed issuing commissions to the various officials-elect. Drs. Saunders, of Mobile, who has been selected by the state board of health to succeed the late Dr. Jerome Cochran as health officer of Alabama, has retained as his chief clerk Mr. Walter R. Brassell, an exceedingly capable and efficient official, who has presided over the position for the past ten years.

Shot For a Burglar.

A very sad accident occurred at the home of Engineer James Lacey, of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, in Tuscumbia Tuesday morning. At that time his 13-year-old son, who was sleeping in an adjoining room, had occasion to go out into the yard, and on his return to the house he rapped at his father's door, which was locked, for admittance. His father was awakened by the knocking, and reaching for his revolver, inquired who was there, and what was wanted. Receiving no reply, he fired one shot through the door, which struck his son just below the cheek bone, the ball passing downward and lodging in his neck. A physician was hastily summoned, but on account of the swelling in the little fellow's face, was unable to extract the ball. Several burglaries have been committed recently in the city, and Lacey concluded that one of them was attempting to enter his house, and without awaiting further developments fired through the door with the above result. The wound is not considered fatal.

TENNESSEE'S YOUNG BAPTISTS.

The State Convention in Session at Chattanooga.

The state convention of young Baptists of Tennessee was called to order Friday at the First Baptist church in the city of Chattanooga by Dr. George A. Lofton, of Nashville. After a scriptural lesson had been read by Dr. E. E. Falk, Dr Lofton made the introductory address. He paid a glowing tribute to the enterprise and progressiveness of the young Baptists of Chattanooga. He gave a history of the movement to organize a state union, and spoke of the benefits that would accrue from such an organization.

At the conclusion of Dr. Lofton's address the question of organizing a state union and the adoption of a constitution was considered, and it was finally decided to organize at once. Dr. M. D. Jeffreys, of Knoxville, was elected chairman of the convention, and Emmet H. Rolston, of Knoxville, was elected president of the union for the ensuing year, and E. H. Rolston, of Chattanooga, was made secretary.

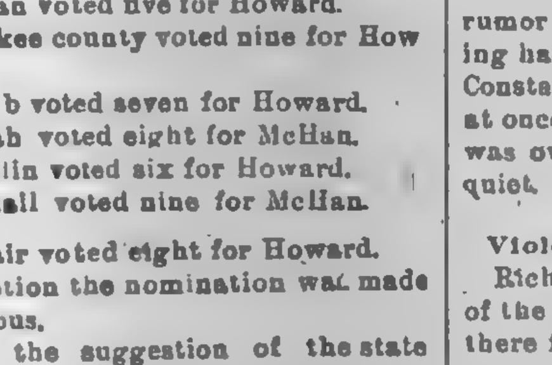
At Saturday's session the organization was completed by electing the following officers: Vice-Presidents—For East Tennessee, Rev. B. B. Garrett, of Chattanooga; for Middle Tennessee, J. O. Bush, of Nashville; for West Tennessee, W. T. McCullough, of Memphis. Stacy Lord, of Chattanooga, was elected treasurer. The following executive board, with headquarters at Chattanooga, was chosen: R. F. Motley, of Cleveland; C. C. Pierce, of Chattanooga; F. B. Stapp, of Chattanooga; W. A. Moffit, of Hill City, and Phil McGuire, of St. Elmo. The place for the next meeting was left to the selection of the executive board, and after discussing matters relative to the success of the newly formed organization, adjournment was had, the date of the next meeting to be announced later.

Panic in Constantinople.

In Constantinople, Saturday, a complete panic was caused by the falling of an Armenian from a window to the street below. The people who saw the man fall believed that he had been thrown out of the window, and a rumor spread like wild fire that rioting had been renewed. The shops in Constantinople and Galata were closed at once and kept closed until the scare was over and the people had become quiet.

Violent Rain Storm at Richmond.

Richmond, Va., was visited by one of the most violent rain storms known there for years Saturday night. Chococs creek, which divides the eastern and western shores of the city, rose suddenly out of its banks, flooding two of the streets and doing $50,000 worth of damage to merchandise in cellars along its line.



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BIG STRIKE IMMINENT,

The World's Shipping Interest to be Paralyzed.

A GIGANTIC SCHEME UNFOLDED.

Plan Already Prepared to Unite All Classes of Laborers Employed in Docks in a New Federation for a Mammoth Strike This Fall the World Over.

Press dispatches from London give notice of an impending strike of gigantic proportions. It is reported among the delegates to the trades union congress which opened at Edinburgh on Monday that all the plans for a gigantic strike of the dock laborers of the world at large have been perfected in everything but the minute details and that the most important labor movement ever conceived may be commenced this autumn.

The trades union men who do the work of the ports of the United Kingdom have been working on this scheme for a long time past and it is looked upon as likely to be the signal for a new era not only in the history of trades unionism, but in the history of all labor organizations or secret societies.

Since the year 1889 every strike for better wages or shorter hours at any port of the United Kingdom has practically come to nothing because when the men went out at any particular port the trade of that place has been transferred for the time being to some other British or continental port and the strikers have been compelled to surrender. The present plan is designed to prevent any such fiasco by uniting all classes of laborers employed in or about the docks, ships, wharves and warehouses in the United Kingdom, the United States, Canada, Germany, France, Holland, Belgium and Australia, as well as other countries in one great new federation. Its members are to wear a specific badge and the cardinal principle of membership will be to stand firmly united and to implicitly obey instructions of the governing council in spite of anything and everybody. Throughout the world the members of this federation will be pledged to uphold strikes of any section of the federation by striking in sympathy and remaining out until notified to return to work.

The scheme is so gigantic in scope and may have such far-reaching consequences that it is attracting attention on all sides and is seriously considered by the law makers of Great Britain, who see in it a great damage, which may have to be met by radical measures.

The strike is to be principally against the piece work system.

Tom Mann, one of the leaders of the movement, was interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press. He said:

"The organization which is controlling this new movement is called the International Federation of Ship, Dock and River Workers, an organization that directly appeals to over one million men. When we have completed the organization of these men, and so far we are sure of a fourth of the number mentioned, and the number is growing every hour, it will be the biggest event that has happened in the labor movement. In the United Kingdom the men are responding as freely as we could wish. We have already made great steps at organization in the United States, Belgium and Holland, and the work is going on in a number of other countries. In the United States our propositions have met with a cordial reception by Mr. Gompers, who has thoroughly distributed our literature in the proper quarters. The replies already received from the United States are very encouraging and so soon as we have made further progress here, we shall complete the work in the United States and Canada by sending delegates there and all the little details of completing the organization of the new federation will be finished and the result will be that a strike will at once be inaugurated here, the dock laborers and other members of the federation in America will quit work at the same hour and our continental brethren will also lay down their tasks.

"We do not wish for a strike, nor do our members desire it, if our demands can be granted by quiet discussion with the employers. In any case if we wait until we have 750 000 men enrolled, there will be no need for a strike, as the employers will yield in the face of a threat of a general paralysis of the shipping business of the world.

"Yes, it is true that it has been proposed that the general strike should commence on September 29 next, but I hope this will not be the case. Of course there will be two factions in the new federation, those who are smarting under prolonged injustice and who are therefore eager for a strike, and those whose affairs are in a better condition and who therefore are somewhat lukewarm and undesirous of precipitating the great strike.

Tennessee's Legislature.

The Tennessee legislature met Monday in response to call of Governor Turney to make provisions for sufficient revenue to tide the state over until January. Treasurer Craig declares there will be a deficit of $300 000. Comptroller Harris says that after all expenses are paid there will be a surplus of $72 000. The situation is rather grave. A message from the governor was read. After arranging for appointment of committees of investigation, both houses adjourned, the national holiday preventing the introduction of bills.

Sunday Lynching.

At 1:30 o'clock Sunday morning Charles Singmars and Dorman Musgrove, who murdered Sheriff Rogers in June, were hanged to the railroad bridge, less than a quarter of a mile out of the town of Glencoe, Minn. One of the men was hanged from the north of the bridge and the other from the south side. The deed was done by 100 citizens of McLeod county, who thus expressed their disapproval of Saturday's verdict that Musgrove be confined to the state prison for life instead of being sent to the gallows.

"Uncle Billy" Hubbell of Bath, N. Y.

From the Advocate, Bath, N. Y.

Residents of Bath, N. Y., have taken a great fancy of late to Lake Salubria, which lies just outside the village, and during the past two years a score of new cottages have gone up on its shores. Choice locations are becoming scarce and the early settlers are careful now to keep what dooryard they have left. Your correspondent visited the Lake recently and dropped in to see "Uncle Billy" Hubbell in his comfortable cottage under the pines. Mr. Hubbell established himself at the Lake before the boom commenced, and has one of the prettiest locations there.

Mr. Hubbell said that this was the first spring in twenty years in which he had been free from his old enemy, sciatic rheumatism. He thought he had contracted this disease while running as express messenger on the Erie and other railroads between 1849 and 1859, although he did not feel its acute symptoms until some fifteen years later. Mr. Hubbell is now the second oldest expressman in the United States and recalls many interesting reminiscences of these early days. In 1876 he went to the Western frontier, and has suffered from sciatic rheumatism ever since. Speaking of the many efforts he had made to get relief from this painful ailment, he said that while in New Mexico he visited the Las Vegas and Hamas springs, and later he tried those at Manitou, Col., and Little Rock, Ark. Coming east he tried the White Sulphur Spring, Ohio, St. Catherines, Can., and Clifton and Avon, in New York, but without being able to get the slightest relief. As he advanced in age, his trouble became more painful. "Why," he exclaimed, pointing to the farm house of William Burleson, about six hundred feet distant, "I would yell so when those twinges caught me that they could hear me down there."

William H. Hallock, owner of Hallock's bank, in Bath, is a nephew of Mr. Hubbell, and last winter he insisted that "Uncle Billy" should try Pink Pills for Pale People for his rheumatism. Mr. Hubbell is free to say that he had no faith in the pills whatever, and only tried them because of the insistence of Mr. Hallock. He had already tried "more than a million remedies" before he came to Pink Pills and as none had rendered him the slightest benefit, he was pretty well discouraged. However, to please Mr. Hallock, he got a box of Pink Pills. Since then (some three or four months), Mr. Hubbell has not felt a single trace of rheumatism, and is now on his fourth box of the pills. He cannot explain how this marvelous relief was effected, but feels sure it was the pills which did it, and is now as enthusiastic in their endorsement as was his nephew, Mr. Hallock. Mr. Hubbell now comes into Bath almost every day, and says he could ride a bicycle if he only had some one to help him on and off.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of May, 1896.

W. P. FISH, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now given to the public as an unfailing blood builder and nerve restorer, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves. The pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y.

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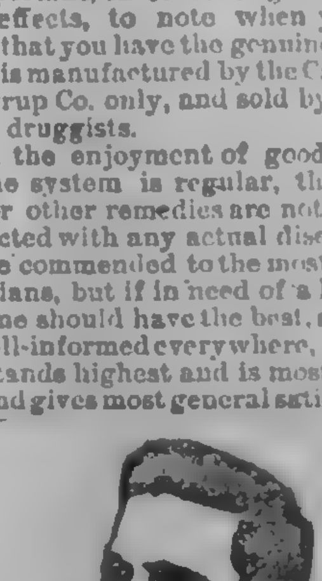
If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



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(Atlanta Constitution.)
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(The Southern Odd Fellow.)
We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be a brother Odd Fellow that can be relied on to carry out every promise he makes to those needing his services.

(Age Herald.)
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(People's Weekly Tribune.)
As a specialist Dr. Dozier is [illegible] living [illegible] a high [illegible] honest [illegible] for all h[illegible]

(Daily News, Birmingham.)
Dr. Dozier is a [illegible] skill and [illegible] literary [illegible] all who [illegible] ters pertaining to his profession.

(Alabama Christian Advocate.)
His (Dr. Dozier's) professional standing is unimpeachable and his character as a gentleman and citizen is [illegible]

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Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1896. NO. 47.

The clans are gathering

The liars seem to be out in force.

No political boss should be tolerated.

The gold reserve is not reserving again.

The banks are boycotting free silver [illegible]

The great panic can be traced to [illegible]

The voice of the candidate is heard [illegible]

The battle between the masses and the classes.

The banks must go out of the government business.

Direct legislation would put the people in the saddle.

The question now is, does Wall street own this country?

The people are arraying themselves against plutocracy.

A system of government banks would do away with panics.

The man who votes for a gold standard votes for cheap products.

If the income tax is unconstitutional, let us amend the constitution.

Free silver means more money and more money is what the people need.

The man who is willing to sacrifice [illegible] is not safe to trust as a [illegible]

There is something out of "kilter" with the farmer who wants a gold standard.

The plutes ought to know that sneering at Bryan only makes him dearer to the people.

Our gold is now going abroad to some foreign dumping ground, but we don't see any foreigners objecting to it.

The people seem to have taken the bits in their teeth and are going to do a little voting on their own account.

There is no such thing as a general overproduction of the things that contribute to the life and comfort of the human family.

There is some consolation to Populists in the fact that the boltercrat wing of the Democratic party deny that [illegible] are Democrats.

The money power has been so busy making our money "good in Yurrop" that they seem to forget we have a government and a people here at home.

The government alone has the power to issue money, and it is the duty of the government to see that the people have a sufficient quantity to transact business.

The only value in money consists in what it will exchange for that will contribute something toward sustaining life and contributing to the comfort of the human family. Money can't do this of itself.

Foraker says he "would rather risk the judgment of John Sherman than Mary Ellen Lease." Some one ought to inform Foraker that this is a year in which the people seem to be risking their own judgment.

It is evident now that Col. Breckinridge of Kentucky does not intend to appeal the "judgment rendered against him in favor of Miss Madeline Pollard. He is opposed to cheap dollars. The [illegible] old rascal is in his proper place with the gold democrats.

The goldbugs tell us that the free coinage of silver will flood this country with cheap money and in the next breath they say it will cause contraction by driving gold out. It reminds one of Petroleum V. Nasby's declaration that he was troubled with the [illegible] and costiveness.

The free coinage of silver will give the "silver baron" 100 cents for 50 cents' worth of product where is the truth to the claim that free coinage will result in 50-cent dollars? If free coinage will not increase the value of silver where is the support of the claim that it will enrich the silver barons? Both of these are goldbug arguments.

Notwithstanding all the argument of the goldbugs the silver dollar, with 51 cents' worth of material, is worth as much as the gold dollar and is not redeemable in gold either. What is the cause of this? Simply that the law declares it a legal tender and the people stand ready to redeem it with any of the products of their labor. It would be the same with a government paper dollar.

It is well to observe that it is not the money in existence that fixes prices, but the money in actual circulation. When money is increasing in volume prices are constantly rising, as during the war; but when money is decreasing in volume, as since 1868, prices are continually falling. When prices are going up enterprise is stimulated to its maximum and labor and its products command good prices. When prices are stable, as they would be with a uniform volume of currency and a flexible system to supply the demand, there would be no such thing as panics and hard times.

HOW THEY LOVE THE FARMERS.

The anti-Bryan Press of the East is just now caricaturing the farmers of the West in a most disgraceful manner. The honest toiler is held up to ridicule and pictured as a wild eyed lunatic, incapable of reasoning on the questions of the day. The above sketches are taken from recent issues of gold standard papers whose publishers are no doubt being well paid for the nefarious work they are doing. The farmers of the West and South will keep these pictures in mind on election day.

THE CASE IN COURT.

TO BE DECIDED BY RIGHT, REASON AND FACT.

An Interesting Interview With the Famous Historian and Scholar, John Clark Ridpath — The Populist-Democratic Congressional Candidate.

This eminent historian has been named as Fusion candidate for congress in the Fifth district of Indiana.

He is neither a politician nor a capitalist, but he is a man of high ability, a close student and a friend of the common people. In a recent interview he used the following language, which should be pondered well by every lover of our country and its free institutions:

"According to my way of thinking our government has been steadily drifting away from the people and getting into the power of special interests. The circle of government has narrowed and narrowed, till it appears to me the height of absurdity to call it any longer a government 'of the people, for the people and by the people.' I want to see this process completely reversed. I want to see the government restored to the people. I believe precisely what Webster and Theodore Parker and Lincoln said, viz.: 'That our republic is, or ought to be, a government of the people, for the people and by them.'

"How can there be any harm in such a doctrine? In the name of common sense has it come to pass that patriotic citizens of the United States of America cannot advocate the right of the people to govern themselves? Has it come to that that we have, sure enough, a lot of self-constituted masters who shall tell us what is good for us and how we shall obtain it? Are we Americans a lot of younglings who are unable to lead ourselves, but must be led rather as with a string and fed on porridge as with a spoon?

"Among the methods as it seems to me by which the government is to be recovered by the people is, first of all, as the matter now stands, the restoration of our currency. We want our currency system put back precisely where it was under the statute and constitution for the first eighty-one years of our existence as a nation. Our statutory bimetallic system of currency was taken from us in 1873 by a process which I do not care to characterize in fitting terms. Now we propose to have it back again. The restoration of our silver money to the place it held before is the people's cause, and the people in this contest are going to triumph. They are going to triumph in the open light of day under the clear gleam of light and truth.

"The silver dollar was of old the unit of money and account in the United States. That dollar to this hour has never been altered by the fraction of a grain in the quantity of pure metal composing it. Every other coin, whether gold or silver, has been altered time and again, but the silver unit never. The silver dollar was the dollar of the law and the contract. It is to this day the dollar of the law and the contract. To the silver unit all the rest, both gold and silver, have been conformed from our first statute of 1792 to that ill-starred date when the conspiracy against our old constitutional order first declared itself. The gold eagle of the original statute, and of all subsequent statutes, was not made to be $10, but to be of the value of $10. The half-eagle was not made to be $5, but to be of the value of $5. The quarter-eagle was of the value of $2.50 and the double eagle was of the value of $20. Even the gold dollar of 1849, marvelous to relate, was not $1, but was made to be of the value of $1. The subsidiary coins were all fractions of the dollar and the silver dollar was of silver only.

"Not a single dictionary or encyclopedia in the English language before the year 1878 ever defined dollar in any terms other than of silver. In that year the administrators of the estate of Noah Webster, deceased, cut the plates of our standard lexicon and inserted a new definition that had become necessary in order to throw a penumbra of rationality around the international gold conspiracy.

"The way to obviate the further disastrous effects of this international gold conspiracy is to stop it. We want the system of bimetallism restored in this country. Bimetallism means the option of the debtor to pay in either of two statutory coins, according to his own convenience and according to the contract. This option freely granted, the commercial parity of the two money metals will be speedily reached, nor can such parity ever be seriously disturbed again as long as the unimpeded option of the debtor to pay in one metal or the other shall be conceded by law and the terms of the contract. The present commercial disparity of the two metals has been produced by the pernicious legislation which began twenty-three years ago and which has not yet satisfied itself with the monstrous results that have flamed therefrom.

"What do we propose to accomplish by free coinage? We propose to do just this thing, viz.: To break the corner on gold and reduce the exaggerated purchasing power of that metal to its normal standard. Be assured there will be no further talk of a 50-cent dollar when the commercial parity of the two money metals shall be reached. Every well-informed person must know that the present disparity of the two uncoined metals is but the index of the extent to which gold has been bulled in the markets of the world. It is not an index to the extent to which raw silver has declined in its purchasing power in the markets of the world, for raw silver has not declined in its purchasing power as compared with the average of other commodities in any civilized market place of the whole globe. No man shall say the contrary and speak the truth. This great question is hot upon us. It can be kept back no longer. It is a tremendous economic question that ought to be decided in the court of right, reason and of fact. My judgment is that the American people, in spite of all opposition, are going to reclaim the right of transacting their business, and in particular of paying their debts according to a standard unit worth 100 cents to the dollar, neither more nor less, and that they will not accept the intolerable program which declares in fact, if not in words, that they shall henceforth transact their business and in particular discharge their debts with a cornered gold dollar worth almost two for one."

It Was an Old Trick.

It is possibly a fact that Mr. Bryan did not have as cordial a reception at New York as he expected.

It is also undoubtedly true that many of his auditors left before his speech was finished.

The reasons are too plain to need explanation.

It was simply an old familiar trick that has been played from time immemorial. It is the trick of filling a hall with a speaker's opponents, giving him a chilly reception, and then deliberately walking out before the speech is over.

While Bryan's friends were crowded out, his enemies were given seats. Is it any wonder that the result was a "chilly reception" and a "tired audience"?

But the speech was a masterly production, all the same, and has been read with profit by millions of people. The audience at Madison Square was merely the peg upon which the speech was hung.—Joliet News.

Like Benedict Arnold.

Milwaukee News: The bolting goldbug democrats claim that they are trying to elect McKinley as a means of saving the democratic party. Benedict Arnold claimed that he went over to the British as a means of saving the country from the disastrous effects of a war that was certain to prove a failure.

The threat of the money power to precipitate a panic is evidence that the time has come when it should be snatched bald headed.

TELLS HOW IT'S DONE.

THE FREE COINAGE OF SILVER WILL BENEFIT LABOR.

Will Give Employment to the Idle on Full Time And at Good Wages—Cheap Money Means Dear Labor — We'll Sweep the Country.

If prices of commodities are cheap they cannot be produced with dear labor. Cheap commodities mean cheap labor. But it is said that labor in some of the manufacturing and railroad industries of the country are as high today as ever. This is not true. But suppose it were true; it would not answer the question. The trades unions have been remarkably successful in resisting reduction of wages, but they have utterly failed in keeping the people employed. There are at least three millions of willing hands which are now idle in the United States. Those who have employment are either working on short hours or short days in the week, so that the aggregate paid in the manufacturing and railroad industries to labor is certainly less than one-half the amount that would be paid to labor if prices were firm, so that enterprise could prosper. If falling prices continue it is only a question of time when wages of labor must come down to correspond with other things. This is not all. One-half at least of the labor in the United States is expended on farms, which has paid the farmers nothing in the last twenty-three years. Their farms are not worth fifty cents on the dollar what they were when silver was demonetized and they are still declining. Farm products have so declined that they are on an average below the cost of production.

The people have borrowed money to pay taxes and other necessary expenses until the farms are mortgaged and tenant farmers are increasing in a geometrical ratio, and it is only a question of a short time if prices continue to fall when independent farmers must disappear, and the peasant system of Europe must be established here. We assert without fear of contradiction that labor is not receiving one-half as much in the United States to-day as it would under free coinage. We admit that an individual who has a job that will last him for life of which he cannot be deprived by his employer or by the bankruptcy of the concern for which he works, can buy more with his dollar than he could if silver was remonetized and prices should regain their normal condition. But if he is a humane man, and contributes his money to the suffering people about him, he will find that what he receives will do him and his family less good than it would if the country was prosperous and the great mass of labor was employed. We know that the goldites appeal to laboring men who have a job and tell them they can buy more with their money than they could if prices were restored and the community generally were allowed to prosper, but they do not call attention to the millions out of employment and the growing army of tramps or the bankrupt farmers, who are being driven from their homes. In short, they fail to call attention to the fact that civilization is decaying on account of the increasing purchasing power of money. They do not suggest to the laborers that the fate which has befallen others will certainly overtake them, that want of employment will drive them into the ranks of the tramps or the unemployed. They do not appeal to labor in good faith. They attempt to appeal to the prejudices of the laboring men for the benefit of one hundred and fifty thousand millions of obligations which they hold against labor. In other words, they appeal to the laboring men to vote to increase the value of money, decrease the value of property and labor, and enslave mankind. Contraction which produces falling prices if continued will bring the same result it always has. Serfdom and slavery is the inevitable fate of the American people if they do not join the forces of reform and rebel against goldocracy.—Silver-Knight.

OUR CIVILIZATION

SOME DAILY HAPPENINGS AFFORD A TEXT FROM WHICH TO PREACH.

If Christ Should Return to Earth Would He Defend the "Natural Law of Supply and Demand" as Just and Proper—

Logansport, Ind., special: Arnold Kister brought a load of garden produce to town, and, being unable to sell it at a price which would pay for the cost of raising it, hauled it to a grove and dumped it out, where people gladly availed themselves of the opportunity.

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Dallas, Tex., special: Mrs. James Billington was placed in jail here yesterday charged with theft and burglary. She was arrested 10 miles from the city by a party of farmers, who found her robbing the farmhouse of John Cook. In a camper's wagon near by she had deposited a crate of young Berkshire pigs, several packages and other articles of provisions. In the wagon was her husband in the last stages of consumption, with their two little children. Mrs. Cook declared that she and her children were starving, her husband dying, and she had stolen because of their starving condition. Keen sympathy has been aroused over the pitiable state of the family, and citizens of Dallas have taken steps to try to save the woman from the penitentiary.

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Matter like that contained in the above two paragraphs is so common as to excite no comment as the world goes. And yet, short as they are, mild as they are—and they are as milk and water is to vinegar and vitriol in comparison with illustrations that might be made of daily occurrences—they contain sufficient to effectively impeach our so-called Christian civilization.

There is not a town of any size in all this mighty country which does not contain dozens of families who would not gladly avail themselves of the opportunity to obtain free of charge the products of the farm, and that, too, not because they wish to obtain something for nothing, but because they are really unable to get the things they urgently need in any other way. And this means that there is not a town of any size in this mighty country which might not, under a very slight alteration of circumstances, produce its Mrs. James Billington stealing to keep life in the bodies of her helpless children and slowly dying husband.

It is doubtful if more than two-thirds of the garden products of this country will find its way to market this year, not because its producers are a lazy, shiftless lot, who would rather sit around town and whittle the dry goods boxes and talk politics, than to take the trouble to gather it and bring it to town, nor yet because there are not people enough to consume it all if they could get it, but simply because the infernal conditions existing in these closing days of the nineteenth century are such as compel hundreds of thousands of human beings to suffer from hunger while a God-given abundance of the very same things they need is left to rot in the fields as though they were a curse instead of a blessing.

Talk about "the law of supply and demand!" Say that this "great natural law" is the regulator of human production and consumption! Bah, it's a fraud as complete as any ever generated in hell, a swindling pretense as cunning as any that ever robbed helpless humanity and heaped high the hoards of insatiable greed, a lying, incompetent god, the stupid worship of which is responsible for the condition of the thousands of farmer Kisters and Mrs. Billingtons, whom its heartlessness seems to array as natural enemies! Supply and demand! Our farmers, under God's good providence, have created a grand "supply," the citizens of our towns, under the long drawn-out rule of oppression which has steadily decreased their ability to meet their needs, have such a "demand" as they never had before; then why does this beneficent law not produce the effect which is said to be "natural" to it and at once relieve the distress of the Mrs. Billingtons and reward the industry of the farmer Kisters? Simply because the theory that "demand and supply regulate each other" is a game which the world's sharpers have thus far successfully used in arraying one class of wealth producers against another to the end that the labor of both has been made to redound to the benefit of the few cunning wealth getters.

Think of it, oh, ye astute statesmen who flatter yourselves that it is because of the scant supply of the kind of ability you profess that enables you to draw from five to fifty thousand dollars per year from the world's storehouse, so laboriously supplied by toiling millions, whose annual wage is less than three hundred dollars! Think of it, oh, ye complacent merchant princes, mighty railway magnates and Napoleons of finance, who have no wish that unlimited wealth can gratify unsupplied; and oh, ye silver-tongued orators, skillful editors and God-inspired preachers, think of the starving Billingtons and of that load of life-sustaining produce dumped in a grove by farmer Kister and realize in its full force the infernal lie you voice and pen and preach when you talk about "the law of supply and demand governing the production of man!"

Out upon you, ye glib-tongued talkers, smooth-flowing writers and mellifluous utterers of honeyed phrases, who for pretense make long prayers and devour widows' houses! Who serve the devil in the white robe of Christ, provided only that the stipend be such as thou considerest meet for thy ability! dost realize that all is vanity! and that thou art as a whited sepulchre filled with dead men's bones and all manner of uncleanliness. Go to, ye scribes and pharisees, hypocrites! If Christ should return to earth would he preach the justice of the law of supply and demand, and in the presence of the little starving Billingtons and sadly discouraged Kisters, proclaim that thou proclaimest?

The question is an insult to the grandest life ever lived, to the truest, tenderest heart that ever throbbed!

Should Christ return to earth and teach the same doctrine he taught in ancient Galilee, associating with the poor and spurning riches, gathering about him the penniless beggars, the blind and crippled paupers, scorning the silken-clad preachers of our many-hued millionaire built cathedrals, how long would it be before thou who standest in high places preaching the righteousness of the law of supply and demand, would be rolling thine eyes in the direction of the ruling power and obsequiously asking, "What manner of man is this which goeth about speaking blasphemies?" How long would it be before the cross and crown of thorns would again be called into requisition? and what part would thou, oh, high priest of the nineteenth century, play in the awful drama?

BANKS HOARDING GOLD.

Eastern Bankers Call Their Western Brethren to Time.

Philadelphia American: When Hannibal was encamped before the gates of Rome, the piece of ground occupied by his camp was put up for sale, and brought its usual price. In this way the Romans indicated their unshaken confidence in their final victory over the Carthagenians, even when they could not put an army into the field to face them. This kind of confidence seems to be very much wanting to the friends of the gold standard. They are not satisfied that they are going to win this year, and that the silver people will carry out their policy, so they are beginning to gather up and hoard the yellow metal, in the belief that it will go to a premium after November. The banks of Kansas City have actually suspended gold payments for this reason, and thus take their share in hoarding gold for future profit in selling it.

The bankers of our eastern cities have wit enough to see that this policy is pusillanimous and desperate. Besides censuring their brethren in Kansas City, they have taken steps to replenish the gold reserve of the National Treasury by paying in gold and taking greenbacks in exchange. There is nothing very heroic in this procedure. These greenbacks are demand notes which can be converted into gold at the counter of the New York Sub-Treasury at any time. They are payable, indeed, in silver as well as gold, but as the treasury pays silver only to those who ask it, they are gold certificates practically, and will be redeemed as such at any date before the next 4th of March.

On the other hand, this step is eminently politic. It will not do for the gold reserve to fall much below the limit of $100,000,000 fixed, without rhyme or reason, as that needed for the redemption of the greenbacks. If it fell to half that sum, and nothing happened, a sacred superstition of the monometallists would be shaken, if not shattered. Nor will it do for Mr. Carlisle to make another bond issue before next November. This the organs of the monometallists frankly admit, would be ruinous to their cause. They thus concede that those issues of bonds to borrow gold were most distasteful not only to the silver people, but to voters whose support they count upon. Yet, as soon as the election is over, we shall see Mr. Carlisle putting himself once more into the hands of the New York money lenders to increase the national debt for the sake of monometallism.

Very naturally our creditors abroad and their agents in New York are interested, and are going to do their share. It is said that the foreign bankers are going to furnish sterling exchange to the amount of $50,000,000 to $75,000,000, in order to check the export of gold and obviate the need for a bond issue before November. This is to be done, we are told, by the issue of sixty-day bills, in the confidence that the tide of gold will set toward us before two months have expired. That the bankers are willing to take such a risk is proof how great is the interest of the foreign money-lenders in the maintenance of the gold standard.

Honest Money for Pensioners.

In order to get the vote of the Grand Army veteran for the gold standard, a great hullabaloo is being made about "honest money for pensioners."

When these pensioners were baring their breasts to the leaden bullets of the Confederates, they were paid in greenbacks, worth their face value in national credit, but depreciated by these hoarders of gold to 40 cents on the dollar. These same gold men bought government bonds for 40-cent greenbacks, and then demanded payment at 100-cents gold. Now they come and talk to the old soldiers about "honest dollars for pensions," forgetting that these pensioners offered their lives for their country when gold owners conspired to put their pay at 40 cents on every dollar.

It is a wonder that the old soldiers don't offer to mob a scoundrel talking "honest dollar" to them in times of peace when their lives are not in danger.—X.

During the "greenback craze" the plutes told us that gold and silver was God's money. Then they went and demonetized half of it.

ANOTHER BANK FAILURE.

The Mutual National of New Orleans Closes Its Doors.

WILL PAY DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR.

The Clearing House Refused to Advance on Its Last Tender of Collaterals, and the Crash Came. The Situation Relieved by the Action of the Treasury Department.

The Mutual National bank, of New Orleans, La., closed its doors Thursday morning. The effect of this bank's suspension has been discounted, as it was well known to be in a bad way. Shortly after the American National bank failed a run was made on the Mutual, and the collapse of the bank at that time appeared inevitable. Luckily the run was started on Saturday, shortly before noon, and Saturday being a legal half holiday in New Orleans, providence was on the side of the sorely pressed institution. By Monday morning it had a chance to recuperate. The clearing house held a meeting and the other banks of the city fearing a panic came to the rescue and advanced money enough to meet all demands on that Monday. Large sums of money came from various sources and the United States subtreasury was paying out the sugar bounty as fast as possible. Before noon on that day the run ceased and all was serene. The president states that a steady drain has been maintained by depositors checking out their money.

The unexpected failure of the Union National Wednesday aroused the suspicions of depositors and another rush was made on the Mutual. The clearing house had on the first occasion advanced the Mutual $100,000, a little more than $77,000 of which had been repaid. Wednesday night the Mutual tendered the clearing house another lot of collaterals and asked for further assistance to the extent of $25,000. This the clearing house refused, and the suspension of the Mutual followed.

The president says: "The bank owes depositors $92,993.72, which we have ample assets to pay dollar for dollar."

President Baldwin, of the clearing house, says: "The officers of the bank foresaw what was coming, and as is customary in such cases, called upon other banks to come once more to their assistance. A bank in distress is expected to hypothecate securties of such a kind as will justify the other banks in lending the assistance. The security offered by the Mutual was not considered the proper quality of paper to justify the clearing house in making the loan and the assistance was refused."

GOVERNMENT AID

The treasury department came to the assistance of New Orleans banks by transferring for them, New York to New Orleans, Thursday, $900,000. The three bank failures within the past ten days have left the solvent banks short of funds and they have found it necessary to draw on their reserve deposits in New York banks.

Late Thursday evening Comptroller Eckels received a telegram from Bank Examiner Johnson, of New Orleans stating that the clearing house committee had decided to issue clearing house certificates. Mr. Johnson expressed the belief that there would be no further trouble with the banks.

ELEVEN SHOTS FIRED

And a Wronged Husband Is Killed By the Traducer.

Thursday night about 11 o'clock in Summerville, a suburb of Augusta, Ga., William Shinaul was shot and killed by Batly Buck, a boy 17 years of age. Mrs. Shinaul and Buck were suspected of improper relations, and were caught in an equivocal position by the husband. Eleven shots were exchanged. Buck is badly injured, but walked to the house of a friend half mile distant in his night clothes. He is liable to die at any moment.

CUBA AN ASH HEAP

And Insurgent Success Is Assured, Says Charles Roltaire.

Charles Roltaire, who has been serving in the insurgent army, has reached here from Cuba, says a dispatch from Jacksonville, Fla. He gives a thrilling account of raids made by insurgents on Manzanillo, Cienfuegos, Batabano and Bejucal. He says Cuba is now an ash heap, and that insurgent success is assured.

Another New Orleans Bank.

The Bank of Commerce, of New Orleans, La., closed its doors Friday, making the third bank to succumb in that city within a week. The Bank of Commerce was organized in 1887 with a capital stock of $100,000. William F. Nichols, nephew of Chief Justice Nichols, of the supreme court, is its president. There was a great crowd about the bank building shortly after the doors were closed. It is stated the doors were closed as a matter of precaution, there having been a run on the bank Thursday. Depositors, it is understood, will lose only little.

No Fusion in Mississippi.

The populist state executive committee, in session at Jackson, Miss., demanded one-third representation on the electoral ticket. The democratic committee, also in session, respectfully declined the same, having faith in their ability to give Bryan and Sewall the nine votes of the state by 40,000 majority. In the state election last fall the democrats polled over 50,000 votes and the populists about 17,000.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office of Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain.
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

Electors at large—Joseph H. Harris of Chambers and S. A. Hobson of Tuscaloosa.

Alternates—S. M. Adams of Bibb and Frank Baltzell of Montgomery.

The following district electors and alternates were chosen:

First district—A. B. Gaston of Mobile; alternate, J. M. Young of Choctaw.

Second district—W. S. Reese of Montgomery; alternate, J. S. Knight of Crenshaw.

Third district—John G. Searcy of Barbour; alternate, J. O. Pinkard of Dale.

Fourth district—Thomas L Harvey of Calhoun; alternate, Thomas D Parsons of Talladega.

Fifth district—Edmund B. Langsley of Tallapoosa; alternate, H. R. Robbins of Coosa.

Sixth district—H. B. Gaines of Walker; alternate, Jack Savage of Fayette.

Seventh district—W. M. Coleman of Marshall; alternate, Thos. W. Powell.

Eigth district—T. B. Bickley of Colbert; alternate, A. C. Nixon of Morgan.

Ninth district—Nelson Fuller of Bibb; alternate, Julius Davidson of Blount.

THE cotton market continues pretty steady at about the same figure, but we believe prices are bound to go higher.

CAPT. Goodwyn has been nominated by the Populists of the fifth district and we have no doubt will be re-elected. At present the only candidate opposed to him is the Democratic nominee, Willis Brewer. The Republicans held a convention at Wetumpka yesterday and made no nomination but appointed a committee of nine to select a candidate.

WE hope to see a good attendance at the mass meeting to be held at Clanton on Saturday when delegates to the district congressional convention will be elected. In this convention we think it advisable to say that in electing delegates the point should be made that they must attend the convention to which they are elected. It has become rather a common practrice of electing delegates who stay at home instead of fulfilling their duties. Let us elect a strong delegation and every man pledged to attend the convention next Tuesday at Calera.

THE Democrats of this district, who tried two weeks ago to agree upon their candidate for congress, made another attempt last Friday, and after casting ballot upon ballot, to the number of 1828, at 10:30 Saturday night managed to declare T. S. Plowman, of Talladega, their nominee. Mr. Plowman is president of the first national bank of Talladega, and is personally in favor of the gold standard, but as he wants to go to congress he accepts the nomination of silver (?) Democrats and promises to champion the cause of silver. We do not suppose there is any probability of Mr. Plowman representing this district, at all events in the next congress, or else it would be interesting to note how he would reconcile his gold-bug views to his silver instructions.

AT the special term of commissioners' court last week Mr. Alex G. Dake was appointed treasurer of Chilton county. Mr. Dake has made bond and taken over the books, etc., from Mr. Sampey. Mr. Dake has made his office in the store of Wilson & Bro., where he can be found at any time during business hours.

MAINE has gone Republican by an increased majorisy. Apparently Mr. Sewall's nomination has not favorably impressed the people of that State—and honestly we do not believe it has been cordially received in any State.

ON the fourth page of this issue we publish the full text of Mr. Bryan's letter of acceptance of the Democratic nomination. We hope soon to give our readers his letter of acceptance of the Populist nomination.

WE have received a circular from the headquarters of the People's Party at Washington addressed "To every American Patriot." As our readers well know a political campaign cannot be conducted without some expense and at the present time funds are urgently needed by the national committee. The circular concludes as follows and we commend it to the earnest consideration of our readers:

"This is your fight. It is our fight. Hold up our hands and we will do our duty in the terrible struggle. Don't wait for somebody else to move. What is everybody's business is nobody's business. Make this YOUR business. At once see several of your neighbors; try to get each one to contribute at least one dollar; if some cannot do this, then get each one to give as much as he can."

PAUL Vandervoort, president of the Industrial Legion has made the following statement:

"It was pledged at the St. Louis convention that if Bryan was nominated by the Populist convention Sewall would be withdrawn It was also represented that Senator Jones had Sewall's withdrawal in his possession. Weaver stated this to be true, and pledges were made to the Georgia and North Carolina delegates.

"The result was that Bryan polled more than 500 votes that he could not otherwise have received.

"In addition to that, it was understood that the Democratic organization had thoroughly reformed, and that it would give an honest ballot and a fair count in the South.

"The pretended Populists, or the office-seekers of Kansas, Nebraska and the mountain States, went home and sold Watson out in return for the indorsement of State and other nominees.

"In the South the Democrats have refused to give a single elector to the Populists of any State. In Texas, with 168,000 votes, in Georgia, with 97,000; in Alabama, with 85,000, and in Kentucky, with 20,000, they are ignored.

"We will not withdraw Watson. The infamous sell-out of the electors in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and other States will be resented.

"State conventions have been called in Illinois and Colorado to elect Watson electors.

"Kansas will be compelled to do this, and I believe as soon as the people find out that the whole ticket in Nebraska is slated for Sewall by the leaders, who simply want 'pie' there will be a revolt here."

CALL FOR MASS MEETING.

A mass meeting of the People's Party of Chilton county is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Saturday, September 19, 1896 for the purpose of electing delegates to the Fourth District Congressional convention and for the transaction of any business that may properly come before the meeting.

As the time is short it is requested that each Beat sends up good representative men to attend the meeting.

H. I. HONEYCUTT,
Chairman P. P.

CALL FOR CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The district convention of the People's Party of the Fourth congressional district is hereby called to meet at Calera on the 22nd day of September at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress from said District, and for the consideration of other matters that may properly come before the convention. The representation in said convention will be as follows:

Cleburn County,	6	Delegates.
Calhoun "	13	"
Talladega "	13	"
Shelby "	11	"
Chilton "	6	"
Dallas "	4	"

G. B. DEANS,
Chairman 4th District.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 15.

A conference committee of Populists and democrats in California have arranged for congressional fusion in all districts of the state. By the arrangement the following Populists are to have clear field: Clunie. Barlow and Cutler in the Fifth, Sixth and Seventh districts, respectively.

J. R. Thomas, People's party candidate for congress in the Seventh Missouri district, has proposed to his democratic opponent that the question of which candidate shall be withdrawn from the race shall be determined at a joint meeting of the democratic and People's party state committees.

The platform of the People's party of New York demands the initiative and referendum, a graduated inheritance tax by state law and a graduated income tax by national statute.

The silver republicans of Idaho, led by Senator Dubois, who bolted the national convention, having been shut out of representation on the fusion ticket selected by democrats and Populists, have nominated a straight state ticket.

M. W. Howard, author of "If Christ Came to Congress," has been renominated for congress by the People's party of the Seventh Alabama district.

Tom Watson will return to Georgia from his western tour September 25 and will speak in his own state every day until the November election.

The People's party national committee has decided that it will not recognize fusion in any state where there may not be an equitable proportionate division of presidential electors.

A letter written to Mr. Bryan by Sewall during the session of the People's party national convention has been made public by the democratic national committee: In the letter Mr. Sewall says: "My advices are that you have been nominated as candidate for president and Mr. Watson for vice-president. * * * Now I desire to say to you with the utmost frankness and good feeling that you must not allow any personal consideration for me to influence you in your action."

Fusion in Nebraska has been finally accomplished. The People's party secures four of the eight electors, all pledged to Bryan and Watson, and the entire state ticket with the exception of attorney general.

A full electoral ticket has been nominated by the People's party of Alabama.

G. B. Deans, of Shelby county, has been elected chairman of the campaign committee of the People's party of Alabama.

Chairman Butler and Secretary Edgerton, of the national executive committee, have made a strong appeal for one dollar campaign contributions, which should be sent at once to M. C. Rankin, Treasurer of the committee, Terre Haute, Indiana.

The New York World, a gold standard paper, makes the statement that the agents of Mark Hanna are at work in all the mills and factories in the country, trying to coerce the workers to support McKinley, and that gold standard arguments are attached to the pay envelopes given to employes.

A. H.

The State Alliance.

The following officers were elected last week at the annual session of the State Alliance held at Ozark.

J. O. Pinckard president, Dale county.

A. C. Whitehead vice-president, Butler county.

Jno. W. Jackson secretary-treasurer, Tallapoosa county.

J. H. Harris lecturer, Chambers county.

J. P. Oliver delegate to national Alliance.

Executive committee. R. A. Lee, chairman; W. S. Forman, J. M. Morayne.

J. W. JACKSON, Sec.

Are You Thin?

Look about you! See for yourself! Who suffer most from sleeplessness, nervousness, nervous dyspepsia, neuralgia, despondency, general weakness? Who are on the edge of nervous prostration all the time? Those who are thin. Opium, chloral, bromides, headache powders, only make matters worse. Iron and bitters are only stimulants. To be cured, and cured for good, you need a fat-making food. You want new blood, rich blood; and a strong nerve-tonic.

SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is all this. It feeds the tissues, makes rich blood, and strengthens the nerves.

Book about it free for the asking.

For sale by all druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

All kinds of furniture at lowest prices at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

Lily Lyrics.

Still dry and dusty.

Miss Minnie Rasberry is visiting relatives at Stanton.

The infant of Mr. W. M. Wright died last Tuesday, being eight days old.

Messrs. Jeff Blankenchif and E. Cauley, of Coosa county, were here last week home seeking.

Several of our people attended the camp meeting at the Shelby Jones' place last week.

CLINT.

* * *

Five pounds of fine coffee for $1 at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $100 per bottle

* * *

Billingsley Bits.

Picnics are things of the past now—the long summer days are passing away.

We are sorry to say that Mrs. Lula Parnell is lying very low.

The protracted meeting is going on at Big Springs church.

Miss Jennie Letcher returned home yesterday after spending several weeks with her sister. Miss Geneva Jones, Miss Mamie Letcher and Rich Letcher spent Saturday and Sunday in our town.

Mr. Frank Foshee's school closes to-morrow; we are sorry to know he is going to leave us.

Mr. J. F. Apperson spent last Sunday in West Chilton.

SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

Strasburg.

Navy blue and oil colored calicoes at 5 and 6 cents at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

Mr. T. G. Williams one day last week on his farm near Strasburg came across and killed a rattlesnake which measured 3ft 6in and had ten rattles and a button.

A full line of general merchandise is carried, and we solicit your patronage, Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Teachers' Institute.

The Chilton county teachers' institute assembled at Collins' Chapel on Friday, Sept. 11th, 1896, Supt. J. W. Moore in the chair. Mr. J. D. Collins extended a cordial welcome to the teachers. After this address the teachers were all at home.

The regular program was taken up, the teachers who were present took great interest in the proceedings. Miss Ida Robinson read a very valuable paper on "Nature's Own Text Book." All who heard the paper commend the writer.

Prof. C. C. Slaton of Jemison, delivered the annual address to the teachers', a strong, earnest and faithful plea for education, long to be remembered by all who heard it.

The following resolutions were adopted, the first by a unanimous vote of both teachers and citizens.

RESOLVED by the teachers of Chilton county in Institute assembled, that our representative elect, L. H. Reynolds, be urged to advocate and use his influence for the proposed amendment to the constitution of the State, whereby a county may be authorized by law to lay a special tax for the benefit of common schools We further ask his aid for the promotion of any others measure tending to advocate the cause of education in Alabama.

WHEREAS the fourth and last county Institute has convened in regular session at Collins' Chapel, and

WHEREAS the teachers and visitors have been entertained in an exceptional manner by the citizens of this progressive community, therefore be it

RESOLVED 1 That the thanks of the teachers are due and are hereby tendered to the citizens and especially the good ladies for their kind hospitality.

2nd. That a copy of these resolutions be published in the BANNER together with the proceedings of this Instiaute.

J. ALEX MOORE, Sec.
Montevallo, Ala., Sep. 14, 1896.

Tax Assessor's Notice.
FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897:

	1896
Pletcher's mill	October 1
Kincheon	" 9
Albert Headley's store	" 3
Benson	" 5
Maplesville	" 6
Shoultz	" 7
Valley Creek church	" 8
Dixie	" 9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	" 10
Clantonford 1 pm to 2 pm	" 10
Macedonia church	" 12
Providence church, Beat 2.	" 13
Elijah Busby's	" 14
Jemison	" 15
Mineral Springs	" 16
Strasburg	" 17
Clanton	" 19
Cane Creek	" 20
Maddox's mill	" 21
Gore's school-house	" 22
Calloway's mill	" 23
Maple Springs church	" 24
Davis & Rollins' gin	" 26
Coopers	" 27
Burwells	" 28
Mountain Creek	" 29
Verbena	" 30

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor

Tax Collector's Notice.
FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1896:

	1896
Shoultz	October 7
Valley Creek church	" 8
Dixie	" 9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	" 10
Clantonford 1 pm to 4 pm	" 10
Macedonia church	" 12
Providence church	" 13
Elijah Busby's	" 14
Jemison	" 15
Mineral Springs	" 16
Srasburg	" 17
Clanton	" 19
Cane Creek	" 20
Maddox's mill	" 21
Gore school-house	" 22
Calloway's mill	" 23
Maple Springs church	" 24
Davis & Rollins' gin	" 26
Coopers	" 27
Burwells	" 28
Mountain Creek	" 29
Verbena	" 30
Kincheon	November 2
Maplesville	" 3
Benson	" 4

T. J. HUBBARD, TaxCollector.

The Montgomery weekly crop bulletin, under date September 15, makes the following report:

Cotton continues to open very rapidly and picking is being pushed, with many half grown bolls that will never mature. It is generally agreed that most of the crop will be gathered in the southern and middle counties by October 1, and it will be all out of the fields in the northerly counties by Oct. 15. There is still a general agreement on a very poor yield, falling far short of an average.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery: it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18321.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. }
Sept. 14, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on October 24th, 1896, viz.: Alex Logan, Homestead entry, No. 23,181, for the sw¼ of section 12 tp 23 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: James Wagoner, John Williams, Lewis Littleton, Marion Wagoner, all of Jumbo, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Notice to Non-resident Heirs, etc., on Application to Sell Land.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA } Probate
CHILTON COUNTY. } Court

To Willie Morgan, wife of Andrew Morgan.

Whereas A. C. Smith, administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts thereof, upon the ground that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 28th day of September 1896 has been appointed for the hearing of said application.

You are, therefore, hereby, notified to appear before said court on said 28th day of September 1896 to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this the 3d day of Sept., 1896.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Judge of Probate

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBEING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

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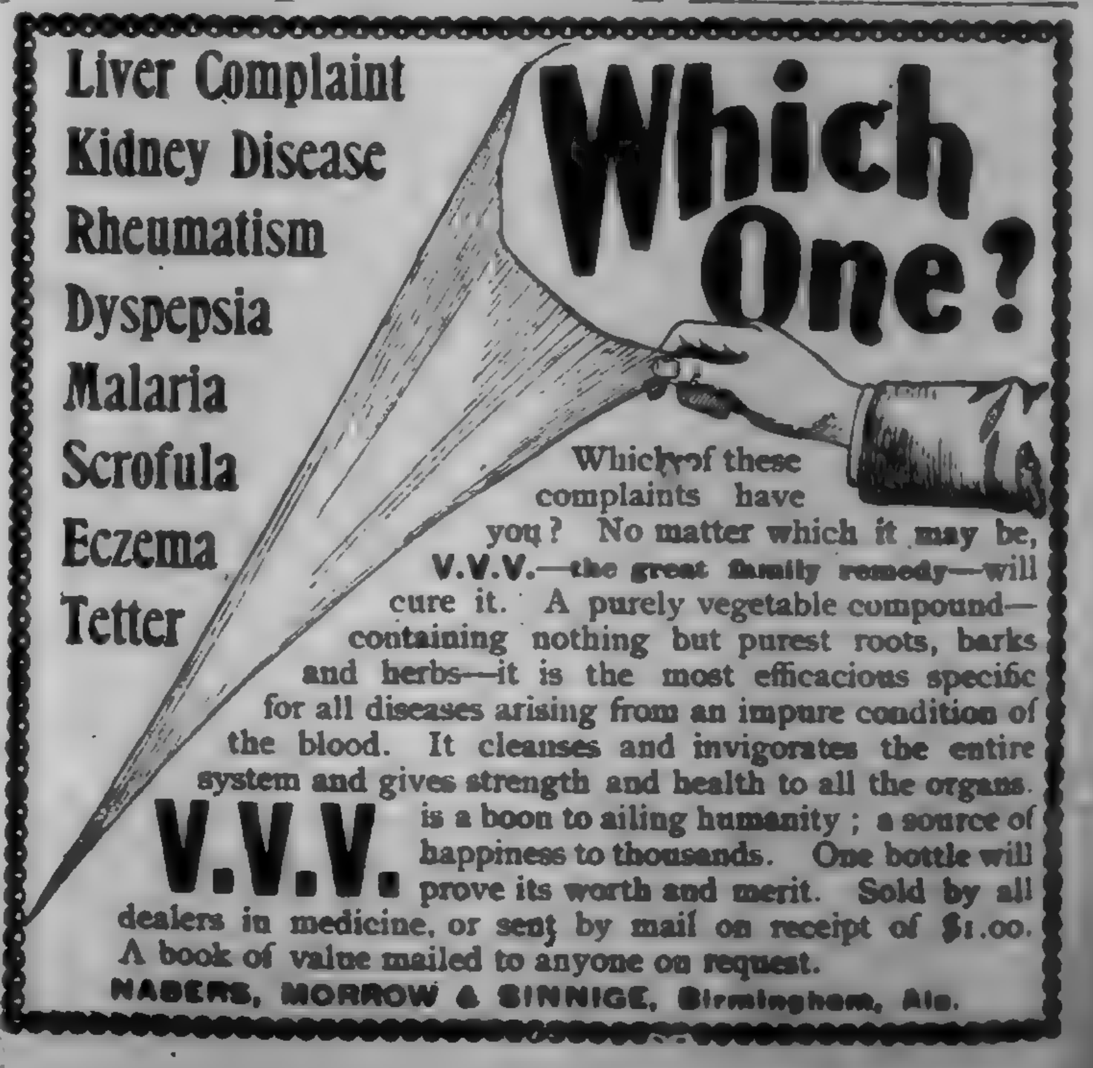
The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. LOWEST PRICES.

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.



Liver Complaint
Kidney Disease
Rheumatism
Dyspepsia
Malaria
Scrofula
Eczema
Tetter

Which One?

Which of these complaints have you? No matter which it may be, V.V.V.—the great family remedy—will cure it. A purely vegetable compound—containing nothing but purest roots, barks and herbs—it is the most efficacious specific for all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood. It cleanses and invigorates the entire system and gives strength and health to all the organs. V.V.V. is a boon to ailing humanity; a source of happiness to thousands. One bottle will prove its worth and merit. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 7.55 cents.

Bales received to-date

Sampey	287
[illegible]	217
Wilson	43
	547

This Week: [illegible] doz suits over [illegible] pair shoes, 10 bolts cotton [illegible] doz suits underwear, 4 [illegible] domestic at cost at G. H. Green's store, Clanton.

[illegible]NAWARE CHEAP. Call [illegible] at the BANNER office.

[illegible] weather, or some[illegible] seems to have a pugna[illegible] effect upon some of the boys [illegible] Saturday evening there were [illegible] three scrimmages in town.

[illegible] is at home again.

Mr. W. H. Merritt has rented [illegible] residence and will move [illegible] early next week.

[illegible] about the $25 gold [illegible] to be given away at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

[illegible] of Montgomery, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. O. K. Bell, of this place.

Mr. W. L. Sampey, about October [illegible], will move into the house at present occupied by Mr. Merritt.

Mr. Evans Pinckard will set up [illegible] goods in the premises [illegible] by Mr. Sampey.

[illegible] of the workmen employed on the new court house will [illegible] their labors on Saturday [illegible]

Just received a lot of men's and [illegible] hats of the latest styles at [illegible] the times at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

Mrs. Maumee Lanier, of Boice, Texas, and Miss Annie Maull, of [illegible], were the charming guests of Mrs. Dr. Stewart for a few days this week.

Mr. Bascom McMorries is [illegible] many friends in town this week.

The cheapest line of shoes in the county at Mooney & Woolley's, [illegible]

Marriage licenses have been [illegible] this week by the Probate [illegible] to the following persons: [illegible] J. H. Bradford and Mrs. [illegible] Hall; [illegible] George Lowe and Eliza [illegible]

Miss Nellie Merritt visited [illegible] city last week.

Dr. Joseph S. Johnson, Sr., accompanied by Miss Roberta Johnson and Dr. E. A. Matthews have gone to Washington to consult an eminent specialist in regard to the doctor's health.

Mr. H. A. Wilson, Republican nominee for congress, was in town Monday.

Married last Thursday at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr Lorenzo D. Popwell and Miss M. P. Stonecypher, Parson Dykes performing the ceremony. There was a good crowd of friends present and all unite with the BANNER in wishing the young couple a long and happy life.

Chancery court is in session to-day, Chancellor J. R. Dowdell presiding. There are several cases on the docket but none of any public interest. Messrs. Collier and [illegible] of Birmingham, Gunter and Rushton of Montgomery and Bow[illegible] of Talladega are the visiting attorneys.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,228.

[illegible] Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
August, 10, 1896. }

[illegible] is hereby given that the [illegible] named settler has filed notice of [illegible] intention to make final [illegible] in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before [illegible] of the Circuit Court, at C[illegible], Ala., on September 19th, 18[illegible] John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ [illegible] section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 e[illegible]

He names the following witnesses [illegible] continuous residence [illegible] cultivation of, said land, [illegible] B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dol[illegible] [illegible], Tom McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Administrator's Sale.

[illegible] by virtue of an order and [illegible] of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, [illegible] of the Probate Court of Chilton [illegible] I, Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. [illegible] deceased, will sell at public [illegible] to the highest bidder on the [illegible]

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1896,

[illegible] noon, for cash, the following described real estate, belonging to [illegible] to wit:

[illegible] section 21 except the e1-2 of [illegible] ne1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 of [illegible] 21 e1-2 of sw1-4 and sw1-4 of se [illegible] and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13.

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. [illegible], deceased.

Ministers Should Use
Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration. -Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 10 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE
WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18226.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
August 10, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz.: L. B. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Bearden, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18227.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
August 10, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on September 19th, 1896, viz.: Louis B. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼, section 10 tp 21 north of range 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John Ed Beardin, J. W. Worthy, Dolbey Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,
DENTIST,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

United States Marshal's Sale of Valuable Real estate.

Under and by virtue of power conferred upon me by a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the United States District Court, for the Middle District of Alabama, commanding me, that of goods and chattels, land and tenements of B. H. McCrary and B. F. Rasberry, to be made the sum of $300.00 with interest from the 28th day of May, 1896, together with all costs. I have this day levied upon the following described real estate as the property of B. H. McCrary, to-wit:

W½ of sw¼ sec 15 tp 22 r 12; sw¼ of se¼ of sw¼ sec 16 tp 22 r 12; ne1-4 of sw1-4 of sec 16 t 22 r 12; s½ of sw1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13; sw1-4 of se 1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13.

Also the following described real estate as the property of the defendant B. F. Rasberry, to-wit:

s½ of se¼ and ne1-4 of se1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13; nw1-4 of ne1-4 sec 19 t 22 r 13; s½ of se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, w½ of sw1-4 and s½ of sw1-4 of nw1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13; se1-4 of nw1-4 and w½ of ne1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13, lying and being in the County of Chilton and State of Alabama, together with appurtenances and improvements thereunto belonging and will proceed to sell the same at the Court House door in Clanton to the highest and best bidder for cash on the first Monday in October, being the 5th day, 1896.

This the 8th September, 1896.

W. H. TISDALE, United States Marshal
By J. A. DUDLEY, Deputy.

FROM No. 2.

Campaign Edition.
THE ARENA.

Uncle Sam's Crown of Thorns.

"I will not aid to press down upon the bleeding brow of labor this crown of thorns."
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

All voters should read the Campaign Edition of The Arena, which began with the June issue and runs to November (6 months), price,

ONE DOLLAR.

Send your subscription to Business Office of this paper.

WANTED men and women at once. $25.00 a week easily made taking orders for the Campaign Edition of the Arena. Secure your territory at once, address
ARENA PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Boston, Mass.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

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SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12. w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12. s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12. n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12. se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12. 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12. e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13. n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13. s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13. se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12. sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12. e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13. se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff

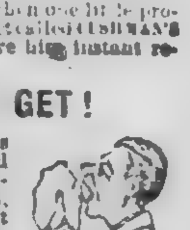
1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat" foot bath starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold.

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, snuffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.



Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.

DR. BROWNE.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

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has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

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When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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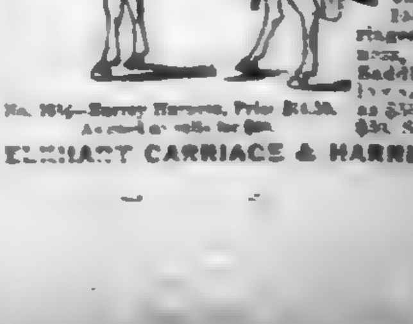
Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.



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but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 1[illegible] styles of Carriages, [illegible] styles of Harness, [illegible] styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $[illegible]. Phaetons as low as $[illegible]. Spring Wagons $[illegible] to $[illegible]. Send for large Catalogue.

No. [illegible]—Surrey Harness, Price $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

No. [illegible]—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

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At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

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LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

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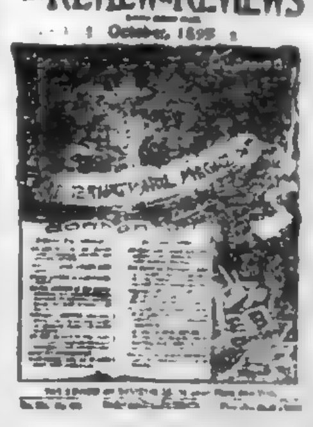

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THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.

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FREE 64-page Medical Reference Book for men and women who are afflicted with any form of private disease peculiar to their sex, contagious diseases, female troubles, etc. Send two 2-cent stamps to pay postage, to the leading Specialists and Physicians in this country.

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Old No. 85, St. Charles St., Masonic Temple, New O[illegible]

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

We Employ Young Men

to distribute advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

JOB PRINTING AT THE BANNER OFFICE

FIRST-CLASS WORK

LOWEST PRICES

P.P.P.
P.P.P.
P.P.P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take **P. P. P.** It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. **P. P. P.**, (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by **P. P. P.**

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures.** For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, **Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.**

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Toleration is the highest virtue which civilization teaches. Not many of us are civilized. It is so easy and seems so proper when an extra wave of goodness sweeps over us to condemn some bad habit or seeming social evil. But we always condemn the other fellow's vice, not our own. The man who chews tobacco throws up his arms in holy horror when he sees his neighbor take a glass of beer. What a world this would be if only twenty of us had the power each to enact his favorite law restraining some fancied evil. How we would yank out the mote from his neighbor's eye.

Public opinion is gradually waking up to the value and utility of our forests and the necessity for their care and preservation. The mercantile value of the trees is not the only or the chief consideration, yet the destruction by incendiarism and carelessness amounts yearly to many millions of dollars in most of the Atlantic States. A writer in Scribner's Magazine declares that the yearly product of the forests of the United States is worth more than a billion of dollars, "or twice the value of the entire output of all the mines put together—gold, silver, coal, iron, copper, zinc and the rest."

Many an act of duty or self-sacrifice, at first sight supposed to be impossible, has, by continued contemplation, become so attuned to the disposition that it has been performed with ease and even with pleasure.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

The substitution of porcelain filling for gold or amalgam is the dream of the dental scientist.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know,

Or would you gladly improve your store of knowledge? You may not have $50 or $60 you can spare for a 10-volume encyclopedia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopedia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopedia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts [illegible]

Never Once Failed.

"TETTERINE cured me of a very annoying case of itching piles in a few days. I have sold a good many boxes for the common [illegible] and it has never failed to cure. It is all that is claimed for it." T. L. BIRDSONG, Tallahatta Springs, Ala.

It cures all itches.
1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Big teeth and square jaws are always found with low foreheads and small craniums.

Dobbins' Floating Borax Soap costs more to make than any other floating soap made, but consumers have to pay no more for it. It is guaranteed to be 100 per cent. pure and the only floating soap made of Borax. Wrappers in red ink.

Facial neuralgia is sometimes due to a dead tooth and may be cured by a dentist.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—REV. D. BUCHMUELLER, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

"You are a 'dead shot' on giving past and future." —R. H. Stephens, Quincy, Ills. Thousands testify the same way. Send date of birth and 10 cents for sketch of your life. A. C. THOMSON, Astrologer, Kansas City, Mo.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c a bottle.

St. Vitus' Dance. One bottle Dr. Fenner's Specific cures. Circular, Fredonia, N. Y.

Take

The best when you need medicine. For blood, appetite, nerves, stomach, liver, nothing equals

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

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Most economical and durable. Cheapest and best in the market for cash. VARIABLE FRICTION FEED SAW MILLS AND STANDARD IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY. Send for catalogue.
A. B. FARQUHAR Co., Ltd.,
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Dr. Salmon's Medicines are guaranteed to cure and fatten them or money refunded. If your dealer cannot supply you send 25 cents for large sample package and Farmer's hand book of Information. Veterinary Medicine Co., Nashville, Tenn.

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And best agency position on earth. Send address and stamp to N. Y. IMPORTING Co., P. O. Box 1356, Dep't. A, New York.

$100 BICYCLE FOR $37.50

Write for Catalogue.
J. E. POORMAN, Jr.,
622 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED YOUNG MEN AND LADIES TO LEARN Telegraphy for positions on railroads [illegible] Dallas, Texas.

M[illegible] Paper with 500 ads and Photos many rich, free. J. W. [illegible], Toledo, O.

Am N U No 38, 1896

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

MR. BRYAN'S LETTER

Of Acceptance to the Notification Committee.

LEAN CUT, TERSE DOCUMENT

He Stands Squarely Upon Every Plank of the Chicago Platform and Discusses It Pointedly and Briefly—The Party's Position Very Clearly Put.

Lincoln, Nebraska, September 9—Mr. Bryan made public his letter of acceptance of the Democratic nomination today. Its full text is as follows:

Hon. Stephen M. White and other members of the Notification Committee of the Democratic Party.:

Gentlemen:—I accept the nomination tendered by you on behalf of the Democratic party, and in so doing desire to assure you that I fully appreciate the high honor which such a nomination confers and the grave responsibilities which accompany an election to the Presidency of the United States. So deeply am I impressed with the magnitude of the power vested by the constitution in the Chief Executive of the Nation and with the enormous influence which he can wield for the benefit or injury of the people that I wish to enter the office, if elected, free from any personal desire, except the desire to prove worthy of the confidence of my country.

Human judgment is fallible enough when unbiased by selfish consideration and in order that I may not be tempted to use the patronage of an office to advance any personal ambition, I hereby announce, with all the emphasis which words can express, my fixed determination not, under any circumstances to be a candidate for re-election in case the campaign results in my election. I have carefully considered the platform adopted by the Democratic National Convention and unqualifiedly endorse every plank thereon.

OUR INSTITUTIONS.

Our institutions rest upon the position that all men being created equal are entitled to equal consideration at the hands of the government. Because all men are created equal follows that no citizen has a right to injure another citizen. The main purpose of government being to protect all citizens in the enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, this purpose must lead the government, first, to avoid acts of affirmative injustice, and, second, to restrain each citizen from trespassing upon the rights of any other citizen. A Democratic form of government is conducive to highest civilization because it opens before each individual the greatest opportunities for development and stimulates to the highest endeavor by insuring to each the full enjoyment of all the rewards of toil, except such contribution as is necessary to support the government which protects him. Democracy is indifferent to pedigree—it deals with the individual rather than with his ancestors. Democracy ignores differences in wealth; neither riches nor poverty can be invoked in behalf of or against any citizen. Democracy knows no creed—recognizing the right of each individual to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, it welcomes all to a common brotherhood and guarantees equal treatment to all, no matter in what character or through what forms they commune with their Creator.

Having discussed portions of the platform at the time of its adoption, and again when its letter of notification was formally delivered, it will not be necessary at this time to touch upon all the subjects embraced in its declarations. Honest differences of opinion have ever existed and ever will exist as to the most effective means of securing domestic tranquility, but no citizen fails to recognize at all times and under all circumstances the absolute necessity for the prompt and vigorous enforcement of law and the preservation of the public peace. In a government like ours law is but the crystallization of the will of the people; without it the citizen is neither secure in the enjoyment of life and liberty, nor protected in the pursuit of happiness. Without obedience to law, government is impossible. The Democratic party is pledged to defend the constitution and enforce the laws of the United States and it is also pledged to protect and defend the dual scheme of government instituted by the founders of the Republic. The name United States was happily chosen. It combines the idea of national strength with the idea of local self-government and suggests "an indissoluble union of indestructible States."

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Our wise forefathers fearing the tendency toward centralization, as well as the dangers of disintegration, guarded against both, and national safety as well as domestic security is to be found in the careful observance of the limitations which they impose. It will be noticed that while the United States guarantees to every State a reform of government and is empowered to protect each State against invasion, it is not authorized to interfere in the domestic affairs of any State, except upon application of the Legislature of the State, or upon the application of the executive when the Legislature cannot be convened. This provision rests upon the sound theory that the people of the State, acting through their legally chosen representatives are, because of their more intimate acquaintance with local conditions, better qualified than the President to judge of the necessity for federal interfer- those who receive or disburse public money.

BONDS.

An increase in the bonded debt of the United States at this time is entirely without excuse. The issue of interest-bearing bonds within the last few years has been defended on the ground that they were necessary to secure gold with which to redeem United States notes and treasury notes; but this necessity has been imaginary rather than real. Instead of exercising the legal right vested in the United States to redeem its bonds in either gold or silver, the executive branch of the government has followed a precedent established by a former administration and surrendered the option to the holder of the obligations.

This administrative policy leaves the government at the mercy of those who find pecuniary profit in bond issues. The fact that the dealers in money and securities have been able to deplete or protect the treasury according to their changing whims shows how dangerous it is to permit them to exercise a controlling influence over the treasury department. The government of the United States when administered in the interest of all the people is able to establish and maintain its own financial policy, not only without the aid of any syndicates, but in spite of any opposition which the syndicates may exert. To assert that the government is dependent upon the assistance or good will of a portion of the people other than a constitutional majority, is to assert that we have a government in form, but without vital force.

NATIONAL BANK CURRENCY.

The position taken by the platform against the issue of paper money by national banks is supported by the highest Democratic authority, as well as demanded by the interests of the people. The present attempt of the national banks to force the retirement of United States notes and treasury notes in order to secure a basis for a larger issue of their own notes illustrates the danger which arises from permitting them to issue their paper as a circulating medium. The national bank note being redeemable in lawful money has never been better than the United States note, which stands behind it and yet the banks persistently demand that these United States notes which draw no interest shall give place to interest-bearing bonds in order that the banks may collect the interest which the people now save. To empower national banks to issue circulating notes is to grant a valuable privilege to a favored class, surrender to private corporations the control over the volume of paper money, and build up a class which will claim a vested interest in the national financial policy.

The United States notes, commonly known as greenbacks, being redeemable in either gold or silver at the option of the government, and not at the option of the holder, are safer and cheaper for the people than the national bank notes based upon interest-bearing bonds.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

A dignified but firm maintenance of the foreign policy first set forth by President Monroe and reiterated by the Presidents who have succeeded him, instead of arousing hostility abroad, is the best guarantee of amicable relations with other nations. It is better for all concerned that the United States should resist any extension of European authority in the western hemisphere rather than invite the continual irritation which would necessarily result from any attempt to increase the influence of monarchial institutions over that portion of America which has been dedicated to republican government.

PENSIONS.

No nation can afford to be unjust to its defenders. The care of those who have suffered in the military and naval service of the country is a sacred duty. A nation which, like the United States, relies upon volunteer service rather than upon a large standing army, adds to its own security when it makes generous provision for those who have risked their lives in its defense and for those who are dependent upon them.

THE PRODUCERS OF WEALTH.

Labor creates capital. Until wealth is produced by application of brain and muscle to the resources of this country, there is nothing to divide among the non-producing classes of society. Since the products of wealth create the nation's prosperity in time of peace and defend the nation's flag in time of peril their interests ought at all times to be considered by those who stand in official positions. The Democratic party has ever found its voting strength among those who are proud to be known as the common people, and it pledges itself to propose and enact such legislation as is necessary to protect the masses in the free exercise of every political right and in the enjoyment of their just share of the rewards of their labor.

ARBITRATION.

I desire to give special emphasis to the plank which recommends such legislation as is necessary to secure the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes. Arbitration is not a new idea—it is simply an extension of the court of justice. The laboring men of the country have expressed a desire for arbitration, and the railroads cannot reasonably object to the decisions rendered by an impartial tribunal. Society has an interest even greater than the interest of employes and has a right to protect itself by courts of arbitration against the growing inconvenience and embarrassments occasioned by disputes by those who own the great arteries of commerce on the one hand and the laborers who operate them upon the other.

IMMIGRATION.

While the Democratic party welcomes to the country those who come with love for our institutions and with determination and ability to contribute to the prosperity of our nation, it is opposed to the dumping of criminal classes upon our shores and to the importation of either pauper or contract labor to compete with American labor

INJUNCTIONS.

The recent abuses which have grown out of injunction proceedings have been so emphatically condemned by public opinion that the Senate bill providing for trial by jury in certan contempt cases will meet with general approval.

TRUSTS.

The Democratic party is opposed to trusts. It would be recreant to its duty to the people of the country if it recognized either the moral or the legal right of these great aggregations of wealth to stifle competition, bankrupt rivals and then prey upon society. Corporations are the creatures of law and they must not be permitted to pass from under the control of the power which created them; they are permitted to exist upon the theory that they advance the public weal, and they must not be allowed to use their powers for public injury.

RAILROADS.

The right of the United States Government to regulate interstate commerce cannot be questioned, and the necessity for the vigorous exercise of that right is becoming more and more imperative. The interests of the whole people require such an enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission as will enable it to prevent discrimination between persons and places, and protect patrons from unreasonable charges.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

The government cannot not afford to discriminate between its debtors, and must, therefore, prosecute its legal claims against the Pacific railroads. Such a policy is necessary for the protection of the rights of the patrons as well as for the interests of the government.

CUBA.

The people of the United States, happy in the enjoyment of the blessings of free government, feel a generous sympathy toward all who are endeavoring to secure like blessings for themselves. This sympathy while respecting all treaty obligations is especially active and earnest when excited by the struggling of neighboring peoples, who, like the Cubans, are near enough to observe the workings of a government which derives all its authority from the consent of the governed.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

That the American people are not in favor of life tenure in the civil service is evident from the fact that they, as a rule, make frequent changes in their official representative when those representatives are chosen by ballot. A permanent office-holding class is not in harmony with our institutions. A fixed term in appointive offices, except where the Federal constitution now provides otherwise, would open the public service to a larger number of citizens without impairing its efficiency.

THE TERRITORIES.

The territorial form of government is temporary in its nature and should give way as soon as the territory is sufficiently advanced to take its place among the States. New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona are entitled to Statehood and their early admission is demanded by their material and political interests. The demand of the platform that officials appointed to administer the government of the territories, the District of Columbia and Alaska should be bona fide residents of the territories or districts is entirely in keeping with the Democratic theory of home rule. I am also heartily in sympathy with the declaration that all public lands should be reserved for the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

WATERWAYS.

The policy of improving the great waterways of the country is justified by the national character of these waterways and the enormous tonnage borne upon them. Experience has demonstrated that continuing appropriations are in the end more economical than single appropriations separated by long intervals.

THE TARIFF.

It is not necessary to discuss the tariff question at this time. Whatever may be the individual views of citizens as to the relative merits of protection and tariff reform, all must recognize that until the money question is fully and finally settled, the American people will not consent to the consideration of any other important question. Taxation presents a problem which in some form is continually present, and a postponement of definite action upon it involves no sacrifice of personal opinion or political principles; but the crisis presented by financial conditions cannot be postponed. Tremendous results will follow the action taken by the United States on the money question and delay is impossible. The people of this nation, sitting as a high court, must render judgment in the cause which greed is prosecuting against humanity. The decision will either give hope and inspiration to those who toil or "shut the doors of mercy on mankind."

In the presence of this overshadowing issue, differences of opinion upon minor questions must be laid aside in ence. Those who framed our constitution wisely determined to make an application of the principles of local self-government as circumstances would permit and we cannot dispute the correctness of the position taken by them without expressing a distrust of the people themselves.

ECONOMY.

Since governments exist for the protection of the rights of the people and not for their spoliation, no expenditure of public money can be justified unless that expenditure is necessary for the honest economical administration of the government. In determining what appropriations are necessary the interests of those who pay the taxes should be consulted rather than the wishes of order that there may be united action among those who are determined that progress toward a universal gold standard shall be stayed and the gold and silver standard of the constitution restored.

W. J. BRYAN.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

A Cartridge Substituted for a Dummy in Working a Hotchkiss Gun.

Charles B. Miller, a popular young member of the Lafayette artillery, naval reserves, was fatally shot by a comrade in the company's hall, at Charleston, S. C., about 9 o'clock Monday night. The company had assembled for a supper and while waiting for some guests the workings of the Hotchkiss cannon were being executed. A cartridge was accidentally substituted for a dummy, and Miller, who was standing near the gun, was pierced by a 44-calibre ball. Miller died in a few minutes.

WHITE GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL OF ALABAMA.

A business education furnished young women free of cost, except living expenses. This school will open at Montevallo, Ala., on the 12th of October. A faculty representing the best talent in the south is now being selected. Professions taught which will make girls independent. We make teachers, artists, musicians, stenographers, typewriters, telegraphers, bookkeepers dressmakers and milliners. Other industrial branches will be added. A complete literary course furnished also. Total expenses for the entire session, $80. This includes tuition in all its branches, board, lights and fuel, laundry and medical bills and all ordinary text books used in the school. No incidentals, except a small fee for use of pianos to pupils taking instrumental music. Only $15 required to enter; balance monthly. Each county in the state is entitled to its quota of scholars between the ages 14 and 21 at the above named rates. They must be in good health and have fair primary education. Pupils in the different counties desiring the benefits of this school should make immediate application. Prospectus furnished on application.

H. C. REYNOLDS,
Acting President

EVENTS IN ALABAMA.

Carefully Collated and Condensed for Our Readers.

AMBUSHED IN LAUDERDALE

T. S. Plowman Nominated by the Democrats for Congress in the Fourth District; Bullock Nominated in the Seventh—Suicide in Birmingham.

Balloted 1818 Times.

The democratic convention of the Fourth Congressional district, in session for several days at Shelby Springs, nominated T. S. Plowman, of Talladega, on the 1818th ballot, at 10 o'clock Saturday night.

Bullock Nominated.

On the one hundred and fortieth ballot Hon. W. I. Bullock, of Franklin county, was nominated for congress by the Seventh district democratic convention at Gadsden Thursday morning. The contest was very close, Mr. Bullock winning by a majority of only one-eighth of a vote. Messrs. W. T. L. Cofer, of Cullman; P. H. Newman, of Winston, and L. L. Cochran, of DeKalb, were the only candidates who were placed in nomination, and Bullock came in as a dark horse. Hon. N. G. Canning, of Etowah, was made chairman of the district executive committee.

Ambushed in Lauderdale.

Ed Beheler, an ex-moonshiner, who has been acting as a spy for the revenue officers, was fatally shot this morning at Hines, in the northern part of the county, says a special from Florence of Wednesday. Beheler was shot from ambush as he rode along the road. He had incurred the enmity of the illicit distillers by aiding the officers, and his life has been often threatened. Frequent raids by the officers recently increased the feeling against the officers, and especially against Beheler, whom they regard as a traitor. For two years Beheler has been accompanying the revenue men on their raids, pointing out the haunts of moonshiners. He has often been a target for the moonshiner's rifle.

Suicide in Birmingham.

J. H. Edmunds, general agent in Alabama for the Union Casualty company, of St. Louis, Mo., was found dead in his room at 1810 Fifth avenue, Birmingham, Ala., at 6:45 p. m. Tuesday, and a gash from ear to ear made by a razor clutched in his right hand told the tale of suicide. Evidently from all surroundings, he had used much deliberation, and was bent upon making a clean job of it. He was dressed only in underclothing, which looked as if he had put it on for the occasion. Mr. Edmunds was reared in Memphis, Tenn., but came to Birmingham three years ago from St. Louis where his parents now reside, as the general agent for the Fidelity and Casualty company, with which company he remained until about one year ago, when he went with the Union Casualty company, of St. Louis. His business is said to have fallen off lately and this seemed to have given him more than a little trouble. It is supposed to have been the real cause of his suicide.

Alabama Steel.

Another test of steel making under the Hawkins process has been made at North Birmingham. The result is reported as altogether satisfactory. It will be remembered that this process of making soft steel was first tested at Hammond, Ind., several months ago.

The Messrs. Enslen, of Birmingham, became interested in the matter and induced Mr. Hawkins to come to Birmingham, saying they would organize a company and put up a fifty-ton plant. Mr. Hawkins accepted the proposition, the company was formed, the furnace built and the first attempt at steel making under the new process was made last Saturday. On account of a deficiency in the furnace the result of the first run was not satisfactory. The second run was better, and another run was made. Among those present was a representative of the Birmingham Rolling mills, who make a favorable report.

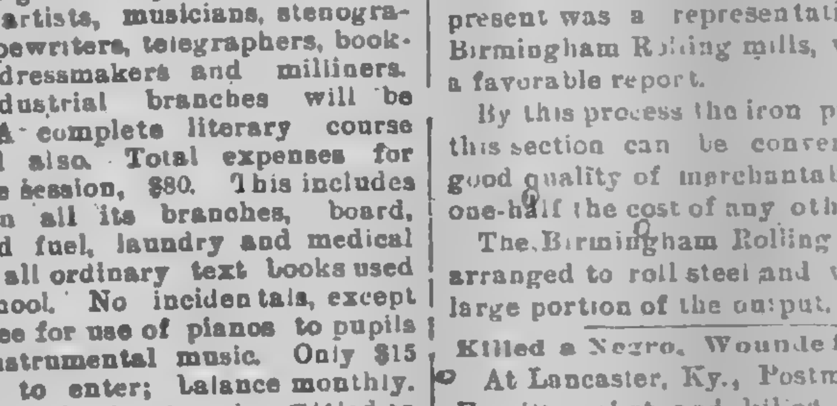
By this process the iron produced in this section can be converted into a good quality of merchantable steel at one-half the cost of any other process.

The Birmingham Rolling mills have arranged to roll steel and will take a large portion of the output.

Killed a Negro, Wounded a Judge.

At Lancaster, Ky., Postmaster J. O. Hamilton shot and killed Jim Knox, colored, and accidently wounded Judge R. A. Burnside in the court house Wednesday morning. Knox had quarreled with the postmaster about a loan and had a pistol in each hand. He snapped one and Hamilton began firing, killing Knox and wounding the judge, who was in the same line of fire.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,



KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?
(KEATING)—
KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

The Blue and the Gray.

Both men and women are apt to feel a little blue, when the gray hairs begin to show. It's a very natural feeling. In the normal condition of things gray hairs belong to advanced age. They have no business whitening the head of man or woman, who has not begun to go down the slope of life. As a matter of fact, the hair turns gray regardless of age, or of life's seasons; sometimes it is whitened by sickness, but more often from lack of care. When the hair fades or turns gray there's no need to resort to hair dyes. The normal color of the hair is restored and retained by the use of

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Ayer's Curebook, "a story of cures told by the cured." 100 pages, free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

A WOMAN HESITATES

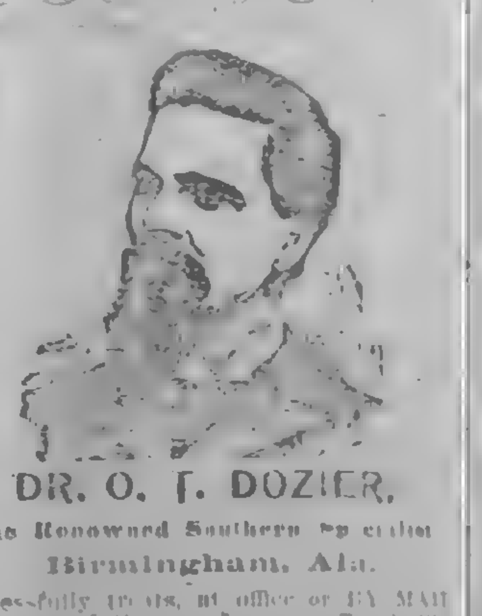
It isn't to be wondered at that there are so many sick and half-sick women. Most of them suppose their peculiar troubles can only be cured by the physician. That means local treatment and examinations. No wonder they hesitate. Any hesitation gives disease a stronger foothold.

The truth is that local treatment and examinations are nearly always unnecessary. They should not be submitted to 'till everything else fails.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

cures painful menstruation, irregularities, life-sapping drains, falling of the womb and flooding. It cures all the pains and troubles by making the feminine organs perfectly strong and healthy. [illegible] ficial to girls just [illegible] and to women [illegible] the period [illegible] "change of life." No need to [illegible] now. Cure can be had right at home.

SOLD AT $1.00 A BOTTLE BY DRUGGISTS.



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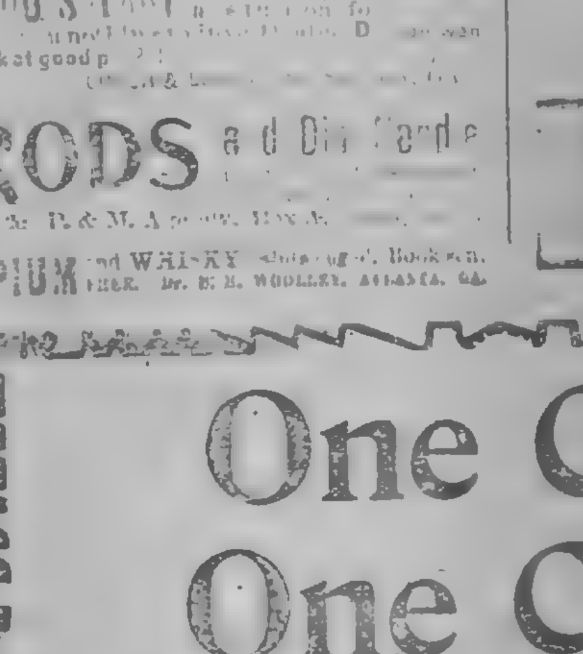
EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR

By J. Hamilton Ayers, A. M., M. D.



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598 PAGES, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

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(The low price only being made possible by the immense edition printed). Not only does this Book contain so much Information Relative to Diseases, but very properly gives a Complete Analysis of everything pertaining to Courtship, Marriage and the Production and Rearing of Healthy Families; together with Valuable Recipes and Prescriptions, Explanations of Botanical Practice, Correct use of Ordinary Herbs. New Edition, Revised and Enlarged with Complete Index. With this Book in the house there is no excuse for not knowing what to do in an emergency. Don't wait until you have illness in your family before you order, but send at once for this valuable volume. ONLY 60 CENTS POST-PAID. Send postal notes or postage stamps of any denomination not larger than 5 cents.

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Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1896. NO. 48.

Up and at them

Extortion is worse than repudiation.

... to principle—it is bound to ...

... has been produced by ...

... is a grand time to do effective ... work.

... not only a question of free sil... ... free men.

... was a better time to ... reform literature.

... sight of principle by run... ... the office-seekers and pie-...

... is recording a great ... against some of our states-...

... pie-eater for future refer... ... ought to be referred to the ...

... National Democratic party ... appropriately be called the ...

... so high that it has re... ... money question coming ...

... Cleveland's comptroller of the ... Mr. Eckles, supports the ... cratic ticket.

... don't somebody say something ... Grover. He is no longer men... ... even as a "spittoon."

... populist should support a politi... ... for office, no difference if a ... and conventions nominated him.

... the United States is an independ... nation why should it want to con... other nations as to its financial ...

The question as to what silver is ... is of much less moment than the ... of a larger volume of money in ...

... direct legislation in opera... ... and the people were allowed ... on it, they would soon settle ... silver question.

... patriotism that hired substitutes ... speculated off the necessities of ... Sam is not the kind of patriot... ... saved the nation.

... price of corn is lower now than ... been before for thirty-five years. ... we have the gold standard. ... the use to kick?

And now comes the report that a cel... rated New York chemist has discov... ed the process of making gold out of ... The goldbugs had better buy ... or kill the doctor.

Free coinage would give us a hun... dred-cent dollar, but we are willing to ... that the cents would not be as ... as they are at present, and it is the very thing we desire.

When the people once understand ... the banks have it in their power to precipitate panics and give the ... try "object lessons" in the way ... times, they will soon curtail ... power of the banks.

The plutocrats seem to think Bryan ... young for presidential timber ... need not lose any sleep about ... is old enough to be onto their ... and snatch them bald-headed if ... undertake to precipitate any pan... by a raid on the treasury.

Good money is money that will stay ... home and attend to its business, and ... go off to "Yurrup." The most pros... ... times this country ever knew ... the good old greenback days ... there wasn't a dollar of gold or ... in circulation among the people.

People who accumulate their for... tunes in money must do like those who ... them in property—take the ... chances of depreciation in value. It is ... risk which all have to take, and no greater consideration should be given ... money, notes and bonds, than to ... property.

The United States is the only govern... ... silly enough to undertake to fur... ... gold speculators gold for export. ... is no law to compel the secretary ... treasury to pay gold for treasury ... and if he would put out even ... per cent of silver on all such de... ... there would be no more raiding ... treasury for gold.

It is the ability to buy that makes ... demand for most things. When ... cannot obtain employment at re... ... wages they cannot get the ... money with which to buy, hence the ... demand for all commodities is less... ... and the prices fall. With plenty ... money in circulation labor is em... ... commodities are in demand, ... prices higher.

... the price of farm products is low ... we have hard times the farmer is ... that the cause of it is overproduc... ... if it happens to be a bad crop ... he is told that it is because he has ... to sell. So the farmer seems ... in pretty much the same condi... ... which the preacher ascribed to ... weather. He said it "couldn't rain ... it frosted, and couldn't frost un... it rained." If the farmer has some... ... to sell that causes hard times, ... if he hasn't got anything that's ... cause.

Don't get discouraged and above all don't give up the ship.

It is not so much of a silver craze as it is a gold craze.

Money redeemable "in coin" means bonds to buy the coin.

McKinley has accepted — almost everybody thought he would.

The truest patriotism is anchored in the homes of the common people.

Jefferson's antagonism to banks of issue lasted to the end of his life.

There is one Bill that the people will likely pass this year—Bill McKinley.

The time has come for the farmer to go into politics and go into it in earnest.

There may be lots of fun in brass band politics, but it don't pay anybody but the politicians.

The "sound money" democrats are doing all they can to elect McKinley, and as many of their own congressmen as possible.

The importance of the silver question is not nearly so important as that the people should win this fight against the usurers and corporations.

This is one of the times when the lines are fairly drawn. A "wayfaring man though a fool" can tell on which side the money power and the corporations are arrayed. Where are you, with the money power and the corporations, or with the people?

It isn't the tariff any more—free silver now is the cry. Don't be blinded by the dust kicked up by this question so that you can't see anything else. Don't allow it to accomplish the same purpose that the tariff question did. Drive the whole money question to the front.

It is not a question as to whether our debts shall be paid in so much silver or gold of a certain value, but that we shall pay them according to contract in coin dollars of equal weight and fineness as when the contract was made. There is no repudiation about that—it is in the bond.

If we would have 50-cent dollars under the free coinage of silver, then the price of silver would not be enhanced, for they are worth that now. And if the value of silver is not enhanced, how are the silver baron mine owners going to be made enormously rich, as charged by the goldbugs?

If a debt is made payable specifically in so many bushels of wheat, it requires that many bushels regardless of its value as compared with other commodities. Just so with a debt made payable in dollars of coin—that number of dollars will pay it whether of much or little value. Give Shylock his pound of flesh.

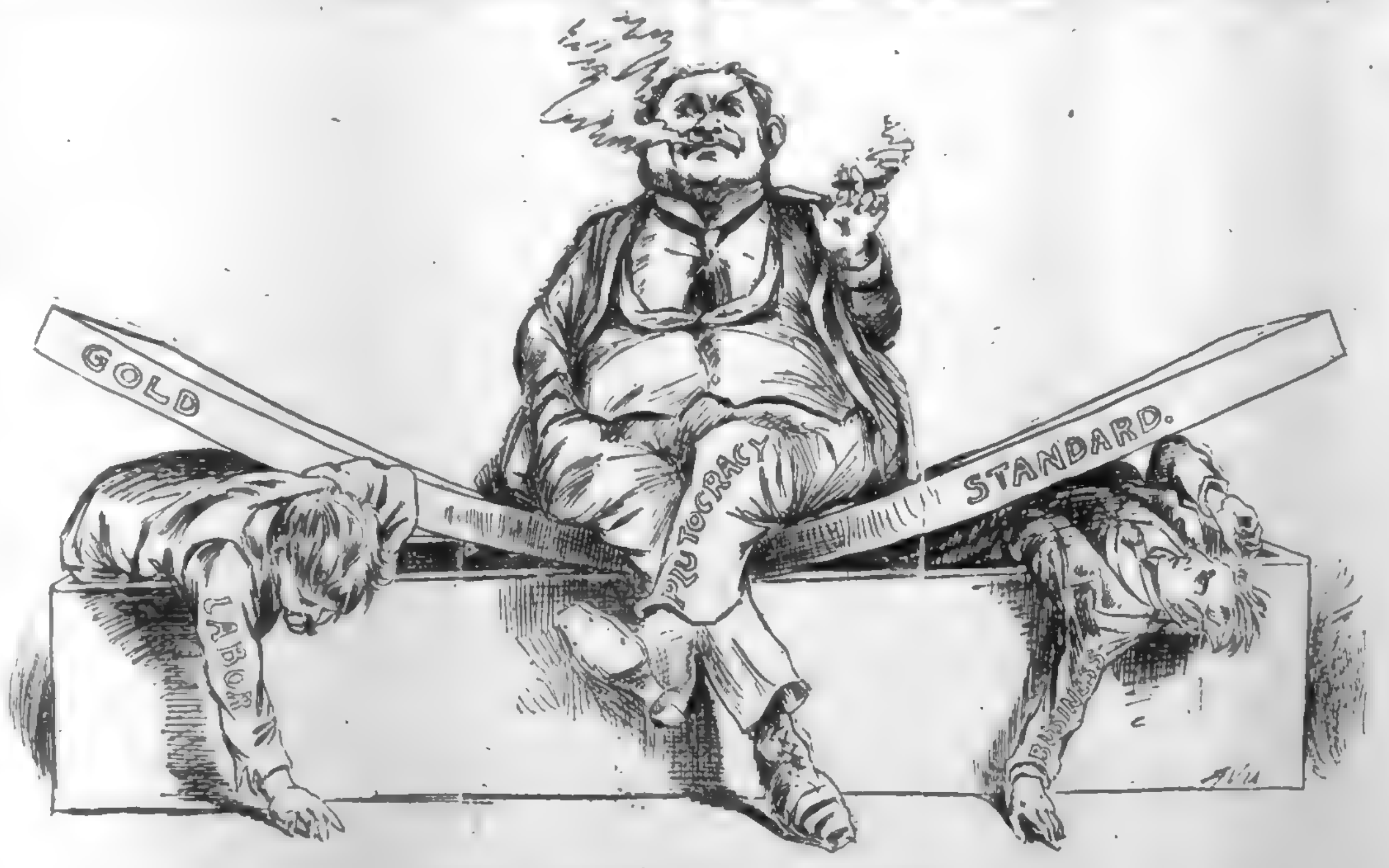
All this talk about repudiation is a sham. There is not a debt in existence, in the United States, unless specially named in the contract to be paid in gold, but what can be paid in 412½ grains standard silver dollars, and free coinage does not propose to take from that dollar a single grain of silver. Give Shylock his pound of flesh as designated in the bond.

If the people who hold life insurance policies would be swindled by having to take cheaper dollars the life insurance companies would certainly be the gainers thereby. If this is the case, why do they oppose the free coinage of silver because they say it will make cheap dollars? It looks like there was a "bug under the chip" somewhere. If the people would lose, somebody would certainly gain.

The most important phase of the money question is not how much silver the government shall stamp as money and whether it will do it free or not, but who shall control the currency of the country. Free silver will help us because it will give us more money, but all the silver that goes to the mints, or will go there in case of free coinage, would not be enough to more than supply the demand caused by increasing population and business, and should be supplemented by a government paper money.

Experience has shown that it is almost impossible to control railroads and fix rates through a board of commissioners. In hundreds of ways the companies thwart the efforts of the commissioners, frequently as a last resort appealing to the Supreme Court and having the action of the commissioners pronounced unconstitutional. The only way to control the railroads is to own them, or enough of them to compel the others to adopt reasonable rates by the competition thus afforded. Wherever the experiment of government ownership has been tried it has been a success.

With an increasing volume of money prices are constantly increasing, enterprise is stimulated, the wheels of industry are kept moving, and the wealth of the country is developed. With a decreasing volume of money, prices of commodities fall, the value of money increases and causes it to be hoarded, industry languishes, business is prostrated and bankruptcy ensues. The volume of money should be increased to keep pace with the increasing population and business of the country. As experience has shown that the banks won't do this, the government should do it.



The Crushing Effect of the Present Monetary System.

WILL COME TO US YET

THE GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF RAILROADS.

Shall the United States Attempt It—An Able Article from a Writer in the Philadelphia American—Sums Up the Situation.

Since the adjournment of the populist convention, and the adoption by that convention of a plank favoring the government ownership of railroads, there has appeared in the monopolistic press much unreasonable comment on this score. We have seen those who believe that the government should own and operate our railroad systems in the interest of the whole people, called demagogues and robbers. We have even seen those who advocate this socialistic step, believing that in no other way can unjust discrimination between persons and places in the matter of transportation rates be prevented, held up to scorn as anarchists.

Those who so loudly, but withal so ignorantly, deprecate the government ownership of railroads, would do well to fix their attention for a few minutes on the report of the committee of government ownership, control and regulation of railways, made to the national convention of railroad commissioners, held at the office of the interstate commerce commission at Washington on May 19 and 20 last. On this committee, which was appointed by authority of the convention held the year previously, served Hon. A. K. Teisberg, of Minnesota, Isaac B. Brown, of Pennsylvania, S. O. Wilson, of North Carolina, J. C. Allen, of Nebraska, and Olin Merrill, of Vermont. Two reports were submitted to the convention, a minority report by Mr. Wilson of North Carolina taking decided grounds in favor of government ownership, and the report of the majority, which was somewhat tentative, the members of the majority recognizing the evils of overcapitalization and arbitrary discriminations in the matter of rates, recognizing government ownership not only as a feasible, but perhaps the only possible remedy, and yet hesitating to advocate such ownership.

But the fact that the majority of the committee were evidently prejudiced against government ownership gives their report even more weight than it would otherwise carry. Listen, in part, what they had to say:

"That the government has the right to acquire the railroads of this country by purchase, at a fair valuation, no one will dispute.

"It is only a question of expediency and policy. In a republican form of government such as ours, it is not expedient nor good policy to invade or appropriate fields of industry for the simple gain there might be in it.

"Our government has assumed control over the waterways of the country for the benefit of all the people; large sums of public money are annually expended to maintain the usefulness of such waterways, in the interest of commerce, but the government does not build vessels to enter into competition with its citizens in the carrying trade. If railroads could be used in the same manner as are the waterways, there could be no question, perhaps, that the government would have exercised the same control over them as it has over waterways; but from the nature of railroad business this is not practicable. Hence, if the government should assume the ownership of the railroads, it would necessarily also have to own and operate the equipment; in other words, do the whole railroad business.

"While it may be true that some of our people desire government ownership of railroads for the money they believe there is in it, doubtless other and better reasons influence the majority who are in favor of this scheme.

"One of these better reasons is aptly expressed in the last annual report of one of the members of this committee —Mr. Brown of Pennsylvania—as follows:—'Our people have little to complain of from the common carriers, except on the question of discriminations on this subject, if they would be true to the interests of those they serve. Government ownership of railroads is a most questionable scheme, in a republic at least, and yet if discriminations are to continue, if favoritism of such a character as to enrich some and ruin others is to be practiced, the transition period of railways to government control is not so remote as some imagine.'

"In the opinion of this committee, the sentiment in favor of government ownership of railroads is due, not only to the practices of discriminations between persons and places, but also to the over-capitalization of railroads, and the delay under our present system of adjudicating controversies between the railroads and their patrons.

"Among the objections to government ownership of railroads are the cost of them to the government, and the consequent increase of the public debt, and also that it would create a vast field of political patronage, and consequent corruption.

"As to the first objection, the cost of the railroads, we believe this government is amply able to assume that burden. This government could borrow money cheaper than private individuals or corporations; but very little money would, perhaps, be needed; the present owners would doubtless be glad to exchange their stocks and bonds for those of the United States, whereby they would be assured of a fixed income. We fail to see in what respect the public would be saddled with any additional burden; the people of this country are expected to and are willing now to pay rates that will give a fair income on the cost of the railroads, and that is all they would have to do under government ownership.

"As to the question of political patronage and corruption, we believe that the matter could be guarded by proper civil service rules and safeguards whereby this evil could be obviated; in fact, it is generally believed that under even the present system, the railroads take quite a hand in politics and political patronage.

"We believe under government ownership labor troubles on the railroads would be less frequent, if not cease entirely, to the great advantage of the employees, the railroads and the public."

Lofty Argument.

A perusal of the calm and dispassionate gold bug papers reveals the fact that they have described the silver men at various times as follows:

Bunco steerers.
Anarchists.
Fools.
Communists.
Rogues.
Socialists.
Cranks.
Populists.
Dervishes.
Repudiationists.
Thieves.
Fagins.
Jacobins.
Pirates.
Demagogues.
Adventurers.
Loafers.
Humbugs.
Hobos.
Frauds.

There are only a few epithets left and these will soon be gone. It may be that the Eastern press regards this sort of thing as argument, but we feel some curiosity to know whom it expects to convert by it. After calling a man all the choice names in an exuberant vocabulary, how can you say to him, "Now let us sit down and reason together?"

If the Eastern press has any legitimate arguments to address to the reasoning faculties of the people, it had better bring them out of the mental locker. Abuse is only a cover for deficiency of minds. Epithets only serve to reveal a lack of argument. Here is a great economic issue to be debated before the people, an issue not necessarily involving passion, which ought to be susceptible of calm and impersonal argumentation; yet the "sound money" people of the East are bringing to its elucidation the serenity of the fish wife and the eloquence of Dennis Kearney."—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

"And to this string of epithets may be added:

Idiots.
Fanatics.
Soreheads.

Which, like tender morsels, have delighted more than one Southern gold bug editor in the virulent abuse of the "silver cranks." To be villified by the Eastern press, which has little sympathy for the South, and is limited to dollars and cents, is not strange, but the Southern "silver cranks," "idiots," and "fanatics," have expected better at the hands of publishers and editors of newspapers claiming recognition from the people upon whom they rely, somewhat, for support, but while we disapprove abuse, we would not, if we could, raise a finger to suggest a change in the tone of any Southern newspaper whose editor can villify his friends and neighbors because they do not conform to his views and opinions on political and other questions. Let the abuse proceed and become aggravated, since it gives strength to the "silver craze" and assures the success of "the idiots" and "the fanatics."

CAN'T DENY IT.

Constitution Says that the Government Alone May Issue Money.

Minneapolis Argus: In compliance with the request of a number of our readers we publish in serial form extracts from the constitution of the United States and undisputed authorities on this question, to be followed as space permits, by the coinage laws.

The following is a true copy of the constitution of the United States giving congress the power to coin money:

Article 1, section 8, says: "The congress shall have power

"To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises; to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

"To borrow money on the credit of the United States.

"To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes;

"To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

"TO COIN MONEY, REGULATE THE VALUE THEREOF, AND OF FOREIGN COIN, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

"To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States.

"To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States or any department or office thereof."

In addition to the constitution we quote authorities no one will attempt to gainsay, as follows:

Tiffany on Constitutional Law, chapter 12, section 400, page 221, says: "There is legally no such a thing as gold or silver money or paper money. Money is the sovereign authority impressed on that which is capable of taking and retaining the impression. That upon which the stamp is placed is called coin. The coin may be metal, parchment, or paper; the value is in the stamp and not in the metal or material."

Judge Martin says in his work, "The Money of Nations Historically and Legally Considered": "Money is made by law and law only. That law often demonetizes that which has been made money regardless of the material out of which it is coined."

Sir James Stewart says: "It is a scale of equal parts invented to measure the respective value of things vendable."

Attorney General Acherman says: "It is not a substance, but the impress of authority, a printed legal decree."

Kellogg says: "It is a legal existence, made a national representative of property."

Postal Savings Banks.

Nothing but the selfishness of the banking interests of this country has prevented the adoption of the postal savings bank system in connection with the postoffice department.

The Canadian government has maintained postal savings banks ever since 1866. A year or so ago Canada's 5,000,000 of people had $25,000,000 of deposits in those banks.

Six years ago the deposits of the people in England's postal savings banks amounted to more than $325,000,000. We have no later figures at hand.

The people's party is the only organization which has indorsed this plan in national convention. Postmaster General Wanamaker urged its adoption during his stay in the cabinet, but the banking influence was too strong for him.

Nevertheless, the financial welfare of the plain, common people, the working men and working women, demands that they be given an absolutely safe place of deposit for their surplus earnings.—Nevada Director.

FOR FREE COINAGE.

HOW IT WILL BENEFIT THE WORKING MAN.

Labor Not Receiving One Half as Much in the United States Today as It Would Under Free Coinage—Single Standard Means Serfdom.

If prices of commodities are cheap they cannot be produced with dear labor. But it is said that wages in some of the manufacturing and railroad industries of the country are as high to-day as ever. This is not true. But suppose it were true; it would not answer the question. The trades unions have been remarkably successful in resisting reduction of wages, but they have utterly failed in keeping the people employed. There are at least three millions of willing hands which are now idle in the United States. Those who have employment are either working on short hours or short days in the week, so that the aggregate paid in the manufacturing and railroad industries to labor is certainly less than one-half the amount that would be paid to labor if prices were firm, so that enterprise could prosper. If falling prices continue it is only a question of time when wages of labor must come down to correspond with other things.

This is not all. One-half at least of the labor in the United States is expended on farms, which has paid the farmers nothing in the last twenty-three years. Their farms are not worth 50 cents on the dollar what they were when silver was demonetized, and they are still declining. Farm products have so declined that they are on an average below the cost of production.

The people have borrowed money to pay taxes and other necessary expenses until the farms are mortgaged and tenant farmers are increasing in a geometrical ratio, and it is only a question of a short time if prices continue to fall when independent farmers must disappear, and the peasant system of Europe must be established here. We assert without fear of contradiction that labor is not receiving one half as much in the United States to-day as it would under free coinage. We admit that an individual who has a job that will last him for life, of which he cannot be deprived by his employer or by the bankruptcy of the concern for which he works, can buy more with his dollar than he could if silver was remonetized and prices should regain their normal condition. But if he is a humane man, and contributes his money to the suffering people about him, he will find that what he receives will do him and his family less good than it would if the country was prosperous and the great mass of labor was employed. We know that the goldites appeal to laboring men who have a job and tell them they can buy more with their money than they could if prices were restored and the community generally were allowed to prosper, but they do not call attention to the millions out of employment and the growing army of tramps or the bankrupt farmers, who are being driven from their homes. In short, they fail to call attention to the fact that civilization is decaying on account of the increasing purchasing power of money. They do not suggest to the laborers that the fate which has befallen others will certainly overtake them, that want of employment will drive them into the ranks of the tramps or the unemployed. They do not appeal to labor in good faith. They attempt to appeal to the prejudices of the laboring men for the benefit of one hundred and fifty thousand millions of obligations which they hold against labor. In other words, they appeal to the laboring men to vote to increase the value of money, decrease the value of property and labor, and enslave mankind. Contraction which produces falling prices if continued will bring the same result it always has. Serfdom and slavery is the inevitable fate of the American people if they do not join the forces of reform and rebel against goldocracy.—Silver Knight.

Referendum in England.

Did you ever think that England has a sort of a referendum? When the government fails to command a majority of the house of commons the prime minister and cabinet resign, parliament is dissolved, and the question or questions at issue are referred to the people in the new elections. As a consequence, England is making more progress toward government by the people, and justice toward the masses than we are. They already have government telegraph, government savings banks, etc., and we, too would have them without further delay if we had any way to get the expression of the voters on these questions. Why can't we have a way?

We have had many "boodle" congresses, "boodle" legislatures and "boodle" city councils that should have been dissolved. But no; we elect a man for a certain term; and all the legal powers in the country can't get him out until his term expires.

Here is where the imperative mandate comes in. It gives the people the power to recall any public officer at any time in the following way: Any constituent may, at any time, draw up a document demanding the removal of said officer. When this document is signed by a majority of voters in the territory which elected such officer his office shall be declared vacant. It can be filled again by appointment or by a new election. Shall we have it?—Dr. C. F. Taylor, in The Medical World.

Giving the people relief by piling on more taxes is like piecing a dog's tail to make it shorter.

CAUSED BY LIGHTNING.

Eight Thousand Bales of Cotton Burned in Massachusetts.

A cyclone from the west struck New Bedford, Mass., early Saturday morning, dealing out destruction on every hand and perhaps death in one instance.

There was an immense number of minor accidents, trees uprooted, etc., but soon after daylight a particularly severe burst caused damage of more serious import. About 6:30 o'clock a huge bolt of lightning descended from a cloud of inky blackness upon the big cotton shed of the Bennett Mills, and imperilled nearly 8,000 bales of cotton of high grade and long staple. It took the firemen three hours to get the mad blaze subdued and in all about 2,500 bales, valued at upwards of $100,000, were injured. Much of this damage will be offset by proceeds of the sale of the damage in the cotton, but it will still be a heavy loss. It is generally insured. The cotton house was destroyed and involved a loss of perhaps $6,000.

In the midst of the mill fire and cyclone burst there was a terrific wind and a torrent of rain. The crowd near the mill fire ran for shelter and about twenty of them found it in a new building at the corner of Coggeshall and North Front streets. No sooner were they entered than the wind took up the building, raised the roof high, and the whole structure fell with a crash. By a miracle all but one of the crowd in the building escaped. It was Zoel Levigney, a French Canadian, who had run in for shelter. He was pinned down by heavy timbers, his spine was injured several ribs were broken and he was internally injured. His recovery is doubtful.

RYAN AND GOBER.

A Lively Scrap on the Streets of Atlanta Between Them.

Judge George F. Gober, one of the most prominent Judges in Georgia, was assaulted in Atlanta Monday afternoon by Stephen A. Ryan, formerly the leading dry goods merchant of Atlanta.

Ryan used a riding whip, in the handle of which was a small piece of iron. Judge Gober was in the act of boarding a train for his home in Marietta. He says that he was struck from behind. Ryan says that he touched the Judge on the shoulder first, attracted his attention and struck him when he turned around. Judge Gober defended himself with an umbrella, and the two men fought for a minute in the street where the Judge was standing as the train was passing.

Ryan inflicted three severe blows on the Judge's face and head, and the Judge's umbrella raised a lump on his assailant's forehead.

Five years ago Judge Gober sent Ryan to jail for contempt of court in failing to turn over to a receiver $100,000 which the court thought he had withheld from his assets. Ryan remained in jail for thirteen months. Mr. Ryan says that the attack today was not made because of the Judge's official action, but because he was informed that the Judge had referred to him as a d—d scoundrel in a recent conversation.

:0:

WON THE LEGAL FIGHT.

After Six years of Litigation Knoxville, Tenn., Beat the Railroad.

After six years of litigation the city of Knoxville won a suit brought against the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for $225,000 by the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap & Louisville railroad. The amount was voted to the said road in bonds upon completion of the line. The city claimed that the road had not met its contracts, and refused to issue the bonds. The railroad brought suit in the Chancery Court and won.

An appeal was made to the Supreme Court, which decided in favor of the railroad company, as it had the stock ready to issue, and the Clerk and Master was directed to ascertain this fact. He reported in favor of the railroad. Since that time the Chancery Court of Appeals has been established. The case was argued before this court about a year ago. While the suit was pending the railroad offered to compromise for the principal, deducting about $50,000 and interest. The city refused the proposition and won the case by an opinion rendered by Judge J. M. Barton, of Chattanooga. It will now go to the Supreme Court for confirmation or reversal.

:0:

AFTER EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Mrs. Floretta W. Walker, daughter of Ex-Governor Wells, of Virginia, has begun divorce proceedings in a court at Palmyra, N. Y., against Jas. T. Walker, alleging cruel and inhuman treatment, and asking for a limited divorce. The couple were married at Washington, D. C., in 1878, and are the parents of nine children. Mrs. Walker was at the time of her marriage prominent in Washington society. Mr. Walker was a wealthy inventor at the time, but has met reverses. They occupy a large mansion near this village on what is known as the "Walker tract."

:0:

IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.

Oliver W. Winthrop, of San Francisco, who was convicted of abducting and robbing James Campbell, the Hawaiian millionaire, was sentenced to imprisonment for life Monday morning.

:0:

FINLEY ASSUMES CHARGE.

W. W. Finley, the new second vice-president of the Southern railway, assumed charge of the traffic and transportation department of the company in Atlanta, Ga., Tuesday.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

4th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
FOR CONGRESS
W. F. ALDRICH

Electors at large—Joseph H. Harris of Chambers, and S. A. Hobson of Tuscaloosa.

First district—A. B. Gaston of Mobile.

Second district—Lawrence S. Knight of Crenshaw.

Third district—John G. Searcy of Barbour.

Fourth district—Thomas L Harvey of Calhoun.

Fifth district—Edmund B. Langsley of Tallapoosa.

Sixth district—H. P. Gaines of Walker.

Seventh district—W. M. Coleman of Marshall.

Eigth district—T. B. Bickley of Colbert.

Ninth district—Nelson Fuller of Bibb.

HEADQUARTERS of the Fourth Congressional District campaign committee is at Calera.

IF the Montgomery Journal was to let up on the Advertiser for a few minutes it would probably find time to revise its list of members of the legislature and get it correct.

REPUBLICANS in the fifth congressional district have decided to support Capt. Goodwyn for congress. This leaves the race between Capt. Goodwyn and the Democratic nominee, Willis Brewer, and in spite of probable Democratic frauds means a comparatively easy victory for Goodwyn.

THE Prohibitionists have called a meeting to be held in Montgomery October 1, for the purpose of nominating an electoral ticket on the Prohibition national platform. If this is done it probably means no less than five electoral tickets—Populists, Silver Democrats, Gold Democrats, Republican and Prohibitionists. The Lord help the voters.

CHILTON county is to be congratulated upon now possessing one of the most elegant and finest court houses in the State. This morning the architect has approved the work and the county officials will move into their new quarters next week. The bill is paid and we have no bonded indebtedness to meet in the future. The wisdom of the course pursued by the county commissioners in raising the necessary funds by a special tax instead of issuing bonds is apparent and is now appreciated by those who opposed the plan.

IT affords us much pleasure to again place the name of Hon. W. F. Aldrich before our readers as the Populist nominee for congress from this district. In the last session of congress Mr. Aldrich made a decidedly favorable impression which we have no doubt will be considerably enhanced on his re election. There is no man in this district more acceptable to Populists, and in fact a large majority of the white voters, than Mr. Aldrich, and we confidently predict his election by a largely increased majority. Vote for Aldrich is now the cry until the November election.

Minutes of the Fourth Congressional Convention.

CALERA, Ala., Sept. 22, 1896

The Convention was called to order by Chairman G. B. Deans, who named Jno. W. Pitts, of Shelby, as temporary chairman, and Frank Crichton, of Chilton, and M. D. Ivey, of Talladega, as temporary secretaries.

Major Pitts, on taking the chair, briefly addressed the convention.

On motion of J. A. Edwards, of Talladega, the chair appointed a committee of five on credentials and permanent organization.

On motion of Judge Campbell, of Shelby, the chair appointed a committee of five on order of business.

Committee on credentials and permanent organization reported, recommending the temporary organization be made the permanent organization. The report was unanimously adopted.

Committee on order of business made their report which was unanimously adopted.

On motion of M. D. Ivey the chair appointed a committee of five on platform and resolutions.

The committee made the following report:

We, the Populists of the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama, in convention assembled, declare and resolve as follows:

Resolved 1st, That we endorse the recent platform of principles adopted by the People's Party convention at St. Louis.

2nd, That the elective franchise is the priceless heritage of American citizenship. Upon its exercise and honestly counting it as cast by the people, depends the safety and perpetuity of our republican form of government. Destroy the ballot and you destroy the form of government under which we live, and any subversion of the will of the people as expressed at the ballot box is revolution pure and simple. Knowing that this has been unblushingly and daringly done in Alabama, we demand a free ballot and an honest count; and we demand the re-establishment of a republican and constitutional government in this State.

3rd, We favor a justly laid protective tariff that will build up and develope American industries, American commerce and American homes, that will protect the farmer and wage earner whether he be on the farm, in the workshop or in commercial pursuits and will produce sufficient revenue for the needs of the government economically administered. We condemn the introduction of pauper labor from foreign countries and of prison labor of our own country in competition with free American labor.

4th, We demand in doing for other nations what they do unto us, making mutual concessions for mutual benefits.

5th, We demand financial reform and the abolition of national banks as banks of issue. We believe the general government should issue sufficient, full, legal tender money for the needs of the people, upon a per capita basis, increasing with the increase of population. We demand bimetalism and condemn the single gold standard as impracticable. We condemn the sale of bonds in times of peace to maintain a system of finance the ultimate result of which is a contraction of the currency, lower wages, lower pricos for commodities, greater debts and greater taxation.

Resolved, That this convention heartily endorses the course of our Congressman, W. F. Aldrich, in congress, and especially commend him for his efforts in behalf of the Industrial School for Girls, located at Montevallo, Ala., and urge that he continue his efforts in that behalf.

Resolved, That we, the Populists of the 4th Congressional District, in convention assembled this 22nd day of Sept., 1896, heartily endorse the action of our State Executive Committee in placing a Populist electoral ticket in the field, and pledge our loyal support of same.

The report was received and unanimously adopted.

The next order of business was the nomination of a candidate for congress.

T. L. Harvey, of Calhoun, addressed the convention, and placed in nomination the name of Hon. W. F. Aldrich, of Shelby. M. D. Ivey seconded the nomination. No other nominations were made, and by a rising vote Mr. Aldrich was unanimously declared the nominee.

On motion the chair appointed a committee of five to notify Mr. Aldrich of his nomination and to escort him to the hall.

Mr. Aldrich was introduced to the convention amidst great applause and made an address of some length reviewing the political situation and accepting the nomination with pleasure.

J. A. Bingham of Talladega made a motion that a committee of one from each county be selected to form the executive committee. The following were declared to be chosen:

I. E. Watson, Calhoun, chairman; John C. Hollingsworth, Talladega; H. I. Honeycutt, Chilton; John W. Pratt, Shelby; W. J. Gilmer, Dallas; W. D. Gray, Cleburne.

A motion was made and carried that the candidate for congress and the elector for this district select a campaign committee and also headquarters and then on motion the convention adjourned *sine die*.

The campaign committee is as follows: G. B. Deans, Chairman; Geo. R. Mason, Dallas; Jno. W. Pitts, Shelby; L. H. Reynolds, Chilton; J. A. Bingham, and J. A. Edwards, Talladega; K. S. Woodruff, Calhoun.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 23.

J. R. Sovereign, master workmen of the Knights of Labor, has established a campaign labor bureau in Chicago in the interest of free silver. One hundred speakers will be placed in doubtful territory.

In the Fifth Indiana district all the friends of free silver have united in the support for congress of Dr. John C. Ridpath, the eminent historian.

September 14 William J. Bryan was formerly notified by letter of his nomination by the People's party, by Senator W. V. Allen and the notification committee. The same day a letter of notification was forwarded to Thos. E. Watson by Chairman Marion Butler, acting for the vice-presidential notification committee.

Gen. John C. Black, nominated for governor by the goldbug democrats of Illinois, has declined to make the race and is expected to announce himself for Bryan.

In the Twenty-second Illinois congressional district the People's party has agreed to support the democratic legislative tickets in return for the support by the democrats of John J. Hall, the Populist candidate for congress.

A complete Bryan and Watson ticket has been nominated by the People's party of Kentucky.

Grover Cleveland, by letter, has declared for Palmer and Buckner.

The coal companies of Indiana are printing goldbug arguments on the pay envelopes of employes.

The republican state convention of Texas gave a committee plenary powers to effect fusion with the People's party and the sentiment of the convention was in favor of giving the Populists the entire state ticket and six electors for Watson.

Bryan has formally accepted the nomination of the National Bi-metallic party.

Senator Teller will stump for Bryan in Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, and Dubois will speak in California, Oregon and Washington.

The People's party of the Fourth congressional district of Missouri has made C. F. Cochran, the democratic candidate, its nominee.

Senator Jones, chairman of the national democratic committee, has announced that Vice President Stevenson will take the stump for Bryan.

The Maine election resulted in an increase of the republican plurality to 50,000. Bath, the home city of Sewall, the vice presidential nominee, gave a republican majority, as did also Sewall's ward.

The People's party of the Third Alabama district have nominated E. C. Jackson for congress.

The republican state convention of Nevada declared for free silver.

T. V. Powderly, ex-master workman of the Knights of Labor, who has announced himself for the gold standard was jeered off the stage at a recent mass meeting of workman at Cooper's union, New York City.

A. R.

Your Cough,

like a dog's bark, is a sign that there is something foreign around which shouldn't be there. You can quiet the noise, but the danger may be there just the same. SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil is not a cough specific; it does not merely allay the symptoms but it does give such strength to the body that it is able to throw off the disease.

You know the old proverb of "the ounce of prevention?" Don't neglect your cough. A book which will tell you more on the subject sent free on request.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. Put up in 50 cts. and $1.00 sizes.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

All kinds of furniture at lowest prices at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

Pilgrim's Rest.

The health of this community is good at present.

Cotton gathering will soon be over and the bulk of it be sold.

The district meeting of the 4th district will convene at Pilgrim's Rest, Friday before the 4th Sunday in September.

Prof. F. M. Foshee's school closed on the 12th, inst., and the majority of the patrons are well pleased and will recommend him anywhere as a teacher.

M. P. CHANDLER.

* * *

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

* * *

Lily Lyrics.

We had a light shower of rain last Monday night which cooled the air very much.

Mr. Geo. Mims' arm was caught in the gin last week and was cut in several places, though not seriously hurt, as he is ginning this week.

Sheriff Cooley moved to Clanton last Wednesday.

Mr. J. S. Wright has rented his place and will move in soon.

Miss Fannie Rasberry has returned from a visit to Maplesville.

Miss Ollie Mae Garner is spending some time with her aunt, Mrs. Goodwin, of Maplesville.

There will be song service at Mulberry next Sunday at 8:30 o'clock.

Prof. B. D. Wilson, of Stanton, was here last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. W. J. Fleming's new dwelling is near completion.

CLINT.

* * *

Strasburg.

Navy blue and oil colored calicoes at 5 and 6 cents at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

A full line of general merchandise is carried, and we solicit your patronage, Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

The Silver Question.

A falling market means prostration, panic, paralysis; the downward trend of prices is the path to industrial perdition; the upward slope of rising values is the plain road back to energy and life, the way out of Darkest America into the light of prosperity. This giant evil, falling prices, is caused by contraction of the currency, or by increase of business and changing conditions of production unbalanced by a due expansion of the currency. The salvation of rising prices can be secured by increasing the volume of the currency. Gold has caused or permitted a falling market, and carried the nation far on the road to — Hades.

For thirty years we have had falling prices with consequent oppression of debtor, depression of business, and industrial disaster. The train of events has been running to destruction. Free silver will reverse the lever, inaugurate a rising market, afford a just relief from overweighted debt, and stimulate commerce, manufactures and agriculture to new activity. The first silver dollar coined will buy as much as a dollar does now. Silver will rise to $1.29 an ounce; no one will sell it for less than that sum minus the expense of sending it to the mint, because he can have it coined into that at the mint. This increase in value to be gained by minting silver will bring large amounts of the white metal into circulation. The consequent growth of the currency volume will raise prices 10, 15, perhaps ultimately, 20 per cent, relieving debtors and developing business with an energy unknown in this country since the period of the war. This is the heart of the silver philosophy.—Prof. Frank Parsons of Boston University, in October Arena.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

Miss Gertrude Woolley has treated her friends to a most enjoyable entertainment.

Miss Susie McGee has been visiting Mrs. Martin of this place.

We are glad to say Mr. Adams' sick family are all convalescing.

Mr. Brown of Randolph is visiting friends here.

Mr. Walter Bowline, who has been visiting relatives here, has recently recovered from a severe attack of fever.

Mrs. N. A. Goodwin has been entertaining Misses May and Carline Goodwin, of Selma, and Miss Ollie Garner, of Lily.

SUBSCRIBER.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897:

	1896
Fletcher's mill	October 1
Kincheon	" 9
Albert Headley's store	" 3
Benson	" 5
Maplesville	" 6
Shoultz	" 7
Valley Creek church	" 8
Dixie	" 9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	" 10
Clantonford 1 pm to 2 pm	" 10
Macedonia church	" 12
Providence church, Beat 2	" 13
Elijah Busby's	" 14
Jemison	" 15
Mineral Springs	" 16
Strasburg	" 17
Clanton	" 19
Cane Creek	" 20
Maddox's mill	" 21
Gore's school-house	" 22
Calloway's mill	" 23
Maple Springs church	" 24
Davis & Rollins' gin	" 26
Coopers	" 27
Burwells	" 28
Mountain Creek	" 29
Verbena	" 30

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor

Tax Collector's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1896:

	1896
Shoultz	October 7
Valley Creek church	" 8
Dixie	" 9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	" 10
Clantonford 1 pm to 4 pm.	" 10
Macedonia church	" 12
Providence church	" 13
Elijah Busby's	" 14
Jemison	" 15
Mineral Springs	" 16
Srasburg	" 17
Clanton	" 19
Cane Creek	" 20
Maddox's mill	" 21
Gore school-house	" 22
Calloway's mill	" 23
Maple Springs church	" 24
Davis & Rollins' gin	" 26
Coopers	" 27
Burwells	" 28
Mountain Creek	" 29
Verbena	" 30
Kincheon	November 2
Maplesville	" 3
Benson	" 4

T. J. HUBBARD, TaxCollector.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and $1.00

The fusion arranged by the Populist state committee of Iowa has been endorsed by the state convention of the party.

The democrats and the People's party of Pennsylvania have fused on the electoral ticket, the Populists securing four electors.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18321.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. }
Sept. 14, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on October 24th, 1896, viz.: Alex Logan, Homestead entry, No. 23,181, for the sw¼ of section 12 tp 23 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: James Wagoner, John Williams, Lewis Littleton, Marion Wagoner, all of Jumbo, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Notice to Non-resident Heirs, etc., on Application to Sell Land.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA } Probate
CHILTON COUNTY. } Court

To Willie Morgan, wife of Andrew Morgan.

Whereas A. C. Smith, administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts thereof, upon the ground that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 28th day of September 1896 has been appointed for the hearing of said application,

You are, therefore, hereby notified to appear before said court on said 28th day of September 1896 to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this the 2d day of Sept., 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT, Judge of Probate

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
—LOWEST PRICES.

[illegible] AT

W. L. SAMPEY,
CLANTON, ALA.

Don't Groan

over the aches and pains of rheumatism any longer. Drive the disease from your system with V. V. V., the wonderful blood purifier, and cure for rheumatism. V. V. V. is purely vegetable, containing nothing but the highest curative properties of roots, barks and herbs. It is so harmless that it may be given to a child, yet so efficacious that it cures diseases of many years standing.

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a sure specific for all forms of blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, malaria and dyspepsia. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00.

A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

[illegible], MORROW & [illegible], Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 7.25 cents.

Bales received to-date:

S[illegible]	446
M[illegible]	280
W[illegible]son	80
	806

CHINAWARE CHEAP. Call and see it at the BANNER office.

Miss Roberta Johnson returned home last Monday night, leaving her [illegible] in Birmingham.

Inquire about the $25 gold watch to be given away at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

The University school opened the [illegible] with a large number of students. There are several boarding pupils this session.

Squire Adams has been on a visit to his mother at Florence, Ala. He returned last Tuesday morning.

Mr. Chas. Duke, of Anniston, Ala., visited his father here this week.

[illegible] Moore moved yesterday into his new residence three-quarters of a mile south of town.

Mr. Henry Honeycutt is home again after a most pleasant trip to [illegible].

Mrs. Middleton returned home Tuesday from Springfield, Tenn., where she has been attending her bereaved daughter

Mrs. F. W Denty is visiting relatives in Birmingham.

Mr W. M Martin living near [illegible] church was unfortunately [illegible] out last week.

Mr W. H. Foshee having completed his business engagement in Birmingham is at home again.

The cheapest line of shoes in the county at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

Dr. Matthews has returned from his trip to Washington

Sheriff Cooley moved his family yesterday into the official residence at Clanton.

Yesterday morning about half past ten an alarm of fire was raised at McKee's gin and every man in town promptly proceeded there with buckets. Thanks to the large number of volunteers and a plentiful supply of water the fire was very quickly extinguished. It appears to have originated by a match having been carelessly dropped among some cotton igniting in the blower. Fortunately but little damage was done, Mr. McKee estimated it at less than five dollars.

A double wedding took place at the residence of Mr. Perry McGee at Stanton on Wednesday morning when Mr. Wm. T. Callen of Clanton and Miss Mary Phil McGee of Stanton were happily united and Mr. Wm. G Parker of Columbiana and Mrs. Emma A McGehee were made one, Dr. Teague of Columbiana performing the dual ceremony. We extend congratulations to the happy couples.

Mr. and Mrs. Callen arrived home Wednesday night and all Clanton cordially welcomes them.

Five pounds of fine coffee for $1 at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg

At the solemn hour of midnight last Sunday a youthful couple whose two hearts beat as one came riding into town accompanied by several friends, and disturbing the peaceful slumbers of the Probate Judge's household besought the services of Mr. Henry Honeycutt, who, ever anxious to oblige, at once came down to the office, issued the license to Mr. Marion W. Glasscock and Miss Viola Avery and then made them man and wife.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. H. Bradford and Mrs Mollie Hall; Mr. Marion W. Glasscock and Miss Viola Avery; Mr. Wm. G. Parker and Mrs. Emma A. McGehee; Mr. Wm. T. Callen and Miss Mary Phil McGee; Mr. W. F. Martin and Miss Alice Fox

The court house is now completed and all lovers of the decorative art should especially notice the fine work done by Mr. W. W. Moore in the painting and decorating line. This is probably the best piece of painting anywhere in Chilton county. Anyone desiring to secure the services of Mr. Moore can find him here the rest of this week and afterwards by addressing him at Anniston, Ala.

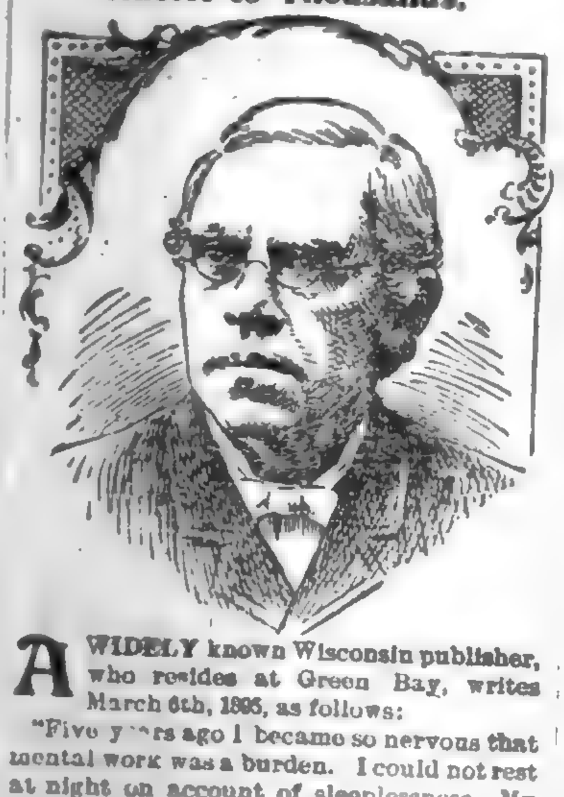
The annual meeting of the Mulberry Baptist Association is being held this week at New Salem church near Strasburg.

At the meeting last Saturday the following were elected delegates to the congressional convention at Calera: H. I. Honeycutt, Frank Crichton, L. H. Reynolds, W. H. Conway, Ben. H. Wells and J. A. Logan.

Just received a lot of men's and boys' hats of the latest styles at prices to suit the times at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."



A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 6th, 1896, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nerve troubles should try it. It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to thousands." A. C. LEHMAN.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Editor and proprietor of DER LANDSMAN.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18353.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 23,179, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Lewis R Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18352.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se ¼ of section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John E Beardin, John W. Worthy, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

[illegible]RITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE:

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

United States Marshal's Sale of Valuable Real estate.

Under and by virtue of power conferred upon me by a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the United States District Court, for the Middle District of Alabama, commanding me, that of goods and chattels, land and tenements of B. H. McCrary and B. F. Rasberry, to be made the sum of $300.00 with interest from the 28th day of May, 1896, together with all costs. I have this day levied upon the following described real estate as the property of B. H. McCrary, to-wit:

W½ of sw¼ sec 15 tp 22 r 12; sw¼ of se1-4 of sw1-4 sec 16 tp 22 r 12; ne1-4 of sw1-4 of sec 16 t 22 r 12; s½ of sw1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13; sw1-4 of se 1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13.

Also the following described real estate as the property of the defendant B. F. Rasberry, to-wit:

S½ of se1-4 and ne1-4 of se1 4 sec 18 t 22 r 13; sw1-4 of ne1-4 sec 19 t 22 r 13; s½ of se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, w½ of sw1-4 and e½ of sw1 4 of nw1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13; se1-4 of nw1-4 and w½ of ne1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13, lying and being in the County of Chilton and State of Alabama together with appurtenances and improvements thereunto belonging and will proceed to sell the same at the Court House door in Clanton to the highest and best bidder for cash on the first Monday in October, being the 5th day, 1896.

This the 4th September, 1896.

W. H. TISDALE, United States Marshal
by J. A. DUDLEY, Deputy.

FROM No. 2.

Campaign Edition.

THE ARENA.

Uncle Sam's Crown of Thorns.

"I will not aid to press down upon the bleeding brow of labor this crown of thorns."
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

All voters should read the Campaign Edition of The Arena, which began with the June issue and runs to November (6 months), price,

ONE DOLLAR.

Send your subscription to Business Office of this paper.

WANTED men and women at once. $25.00 a week easily made taking orders for the Campaign Edition of the Arena.
Secure your territory at once, address
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SODA FOUNTAINS

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Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years In Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness. 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 3[illegible]—Surrey Harness. Price $16.50. As good as sells for $25.

No. 1[illegible]—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12 s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1 4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,354.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Thomas McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1896,

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real estate, belonging to said estate, to wit:

N1-2 of section 21 except the e1 2 of e1-2 of ne1-4, ne1-4 and sw1 4 of se1-4 of section 20, s1-2 of sw1-4 and sw1-4 of se 1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13,

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

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GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

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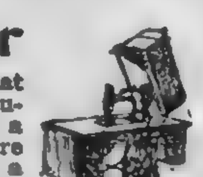
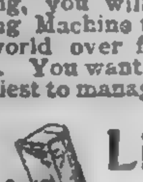


for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

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W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

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CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—IS VIA THE—

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

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Of this line pass Calera, daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

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Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Sim- ons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is that Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

[illegible] dispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and [illegible] Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840. [illegible]—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILI- [illegible]—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.— [illegible]—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.— [illegible] STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOW- [illegible]—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.— [illegible] SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH [illegible]—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.— [illegible]—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.— [illegible]—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.— [illegible] CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES. [illegible]—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.— [illegible] AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR [illegible] OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY [illegible] OF PREGNANT WOMEN.— [illegible]—YELLOW JAUNDICE.— [illegible]—BAD COLDS.— [illegible] APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN [illegible] FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP [illegible]—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.— [illegible] OF HEAT.—GENERAL [illegible]—NERVOUS [illegible] UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING [illegible]—GNAWING [illegible]—THAT [illegible] SO COMMON WITH [illegible] MOTHERS AND FATHERS & [illegible] THE ACTION OF [illegible]

[illegible] MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS [illegible]

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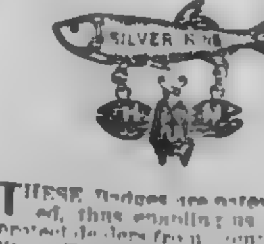

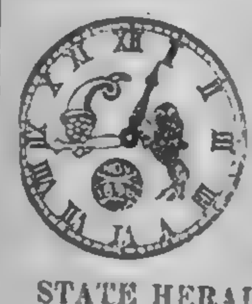

THESE Badges are patented, thus enabling us to protect dealers from competition. [illegible] Big profits for agents. Samples [illegible]. For [illegible] address

STATE HERALD BADGE DEP'T
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to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheels. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

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LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

THE STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, TROY, ALA.

This college is supported by state and Peabody fund appropriations for the training of teachers and is not a mere "Preparatory School" for some other, but is of college grade in every way, as a teachers' training school should be, and grants college degrees and diplomas, and its graduates receive state certificates for two, four and six years, or for life, from the state superintendent of education of Alabama, and these are the strongest testimonials of professional worth to a teacher. Indeed, the graduates of this college are in great demand as teachers and the college authorities take great pleasure in answering requests for trained teachers sent in by school authorities from all over Alabama and adjoining states.

It will be seen from the Normal Exponent that students desiring the usual college course may get it here at very low expense, too. Board is but $8 to $10 per month and tuition and incidentals low.

Persons desiring information as to this college or wishing to secure a good teacher should write to Dr. E. R. Eldridge, president, at Troy Ala., for the Normal Exponent explaining every thing.

The crown of the Czar of Russia is very old, but it is a comparatively modern bauble compared to the tiara of Saitapharnes, which was worn about the time of Aristotle, four centuries before Christ. It is in perfect preservation, and has recently been acquired by the French government for the Louvre. The tiara was evidently made to be worn on a cap, its dimensions being too small to permit of its covering the entire head. The tiara was found in an ancient tomb in the Crimea. It bore in Greek the following inscription: "The Senate and people of Olbiopolis to the great and unconquered King Saitapharnes."

Magnets as Harbor Defenses.

A well-known scientific expert has conceived the idea of magnetizing large bodies of iron, such as worn-out cannon, by means of a powerful electric current and using them to protect seaports from belligerent battleships. A wire leading from the shore to the cannon would communicate that current when it was needed, and as soon as an enemy's ironclad attempted to cross the harbor bar the current would be turned on. As the ship steamed over the invisible magnets the two nearest cannon would rise and cling to the vessel with such force as to stop her entirely.

Who will invent an instrument that can estimate the depth of water under a ship without taking soundings? The disaster to the Drummond Castle has awakened interest in the problem, which Sir William Siemens once tackled and for which he devised an instrument called a bathometer. It was exceedingly delicate, and made very sensitive to the earth's attraction, showing a varying record as a ship passed from deep to shallow water, and vice versa. But it was never perfected. One of the difficulties Sir William Siemens encountered was the disturbing effect of continental attraction. Now, however, in this age of the impossible made possible, it would seem that our inventors could have no nobler incentive than to prevent such a catastrophe as happened to the Drummond Castle.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials free. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WRENS, GA.

J. T. SHUPTRINE.

Sir:—"Having obtained a box of your TETTERINE of Hunter & Wright, of Louisville, Ga., which I used on a case of itching piles of five years' standing. I spent $50 for different kinds of remedies and the skill of doctors, all for no good, until I got the TETTERINE. I am now well. Accept thanks." Yours,

W. R. KING.

By mail for 50c. in stamps.

A man capable of conquering habitual indolence cannot be a feeble character.—Maria Edgeworth.

If Dobbins' Electric Soap is what so many insist that it is, you can *not afford* to go without it. Your grocer has it, or can get it, and you can *decide for yourself* very soon. Don't let another Monday pass without trying it.

When any one has offended me, I try to raise my soul so high that the offence cannot reach it.—Descartes.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—MRS. M. G. BLUNT, Sprague, Wash., March 8, '94.

"You are a 'dead shot' on giving past and future."—R. H. Stephens, Gaines, Mo. Thousands testify the same way. Send date of birth and 10 cents for sketch of your life. L. C. THOMSON, Astrologer, Kansas City, Mo.

Great

Sales naturally result from the great merit which makes thousands of wonderful cures by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

FLORIDA LANDS—$100 will buy land enough for a farm. Lake Grove City, [illegible] One mile from [illegible] miles from Gulf of Mexico. [illegible] natural [illegible] with [illegible] necessary for [illegible] New, [illegible] farm in this, the coming section of the South Gulf Coast. Address with stamp D. W. Aritbe, Grove City, Florida.

Why Let Your Chickens, Hogs Cattle and Horses Die?

Dr. Salmon's Medicines are guaranteed to cure and fatten them or money refunded. If your dealer cannot supply you send 25 cents for large sample package and Farmer's hand-book of information. Veterinary Medicine Co., Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED YOUNG MEN AND LADIES TO LEARN Telegraphy for positions on railroads. DALLAS TEL. GRAPH COLLEGE, Dallas, Texas.

MARRIAGE Paper with 300 ads and Photos many rich, free. J. W. Gunnels, Toledo, O.

Am. N.U. No. 39 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

OUR OWN STATE.

The Latest News of Interest From Our Neighbor Towns.

CONDITION OF CROPS.

Report of the State Weather Service.—Cotton Opening Rapidly and Picking Being Pushed.—Furnace Blows in at Bessemer After a Year's Idleness.

The following is issued from the State Weather Service at Montgomery:

The weather over this section during the week ending September 14 was a continuation of the hot and droughty conditions of the previous five weeks; the day temperatures were very high, which have about exhausted the moisture from near the surface of the ground, leaving nearly all, except very lowlands as dry as a bone.

Very light and scattered showers occurred during the week, and the drought remains practically unbroken in the greater part of the State.

Creeks are drying out and water for stock is being hauled in many localities.

Cotton continues to open very rapidly and picking is being pushed, with many half grown bolls that will never mature. In reply to direct inquiry, our correspondents generally agree that most of the crop will be gathered in the southern and the middle counties by October 1, and that it will be quite, if not all, out of the fields in more northerly counties by October 15. There is still a general agreement on a very poor yield, falling far short of an average.

Corn gathering continues with no improvement in yield, which is poor and there is some complaints of weevils damaging corn in the field. Cane will also be a short crop, except in the southern tier of counties which received rains a short while ago, where the yield will be fair. Sweet potatoes and all minor crops are poor to fair, and will all be gathered from three to four weeks in advance of the average season. Turnips are dying after they come up, and no fall planting can be accomplished until we have a general rain.

STRIKE AT AMERICA.

The strike of the miners at America is still on. Dissatisfaction with the doctor is said to be one of the causes, though it is said that the agitation for "no commissaries and a pay day every fortnight" will be added.

FURNACE BLOWN IN.

The Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railway Company has blown in its No. 2 furnace at Bessemer, after nearly a year's idleness, during which time the furnace has been thoroughly repaired and overhauled. The Tennessee Company now has four large furnaces in blast at Bessemer, producing 700 tons of pig iron daily.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Samuel Pledger was arrested last Wednesday morning by Deputy Sheriff Cole and Jones, and brought to the county jail of Jefferson county, where he was incarcerated to await trial on the charge of the murder of Samuel McDaniel, whom he is said to have killed on the Cahaba river some months ago. It appears that the arrest was made as the result of an investigation by the grand jury.

AT THE POINT OF DEATH.

Maj. Bolling Hall is reported to be at the point of death at his country home at Robinson Springs, in Elmore county. He has for many years been prominent in the business, political and social affairs of the State. Major Hall is the only surviving member of the delegation from Alabama to the Democratic National Convention of 1856, which nominated Buchanan.

ARSENIC BY MISTAKE.

Mrs. David Levy, wife of a prominent merchant of Selma, Ala., took arsenic by mistake Wednesday evening and had a narrow escape from death. She was taking two prescriptions of arsenic of four drops and the other a desert spoonful. She took a spoonful of the former, and noticing an odd feeling soon thereafter, discovered her mistake. A doctor was telephoned for, and by vigorous work and the use of a stomach pump saved her life.

THEY BEAT A CONDUCTOR.

William Lowry, white, and Neal Fennelly and John Cocoa, black, of whom the oldest is but 23, while the youngest, Lowry, is but 19, were attempting to beat their way east over the Georgia Pacific division of the Southern at a late hour Wednesday afternoon. The conductor found them when near Weems Station, Ala., and ordered them off the train, whereupon they jumped upon him and beat him severely, injuring him, it is thought, fatally. His calls for assistance soon brought others of the train crew and the men were put off.

DEMOLISHING TOLL GATES.

The free turnpike mob destroyed five toll gates Saturday night and three last night, says Monday's dispatch from Springfield, Ky. These two raids only leave five gates standing in Washington county, the raiders having destroyed forty-three in all. Saturday night the mob rode up to the Tick creek pike gate while it was guarded by twelve men. The leader of the mob was ordered to take his men away or go to jail. The mob then leveled shotguns at the guards and forced them to surrender. The mob forced the guards to cut the gate down, and drove them back into town. Two of the raiders, Joes Settles and Charles Milner, were in court today on the charge of destroying toll gates, but nothing could be proven against them and they were discharged.

SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

The Wyman will case, in the Boston courts for some time, has been settled out of court, and there will be no contest over the bequests of about $1,000,000 to public charities.

THE NEWS POLITICAL.

Interesting Dispatches About Politics and Politicians.

BRYAN AT BALTIMORE.

A Big Demonstration in the Monumental City.—Opening of the Palmer-Buckner Campaign at Lexington.—McKinley Receives 10,000 Callers in One Day.—Fusion in Kentucky.

William J. Bryan presented his views on the financial and other questions of the campaign to the people of Maryland, in Baltimore, Saturday night. The welcome he received was a demonstration of such magnitude as Baltimore never before witnessed, says the Associated Press dispatches from that city. How many thousands heard and saw the "boy orator" cannot be estimated with any degree of accuracy, but there was no mistaking the feeling of harmony that existed between speaker and listener nor the partisan zeal which gave excessive evidence of unbounded loyalty to the cause of silver . . .

Notwithstanding Mr. Bryan arrived in the city in a downpour of rain, he was greeted by a big crowd at the station, and when he reached the little stand erected in the center of the tion and when he reached the little plaza fronting the Mount Royal avenue entrance to Music Hall, he looked into the faces of at least 20,000 persons, who stood in the rain cheering his appearance.

For forty minutes Mr Bryan was attentively listened to by the great crowd and frequently cheered. Then he went into Music Hall and addressed another audience numbering more than 5,000 which had meantime been entertained by Representative McMillan, of Tennessee.

The two speeches were made necessary by the fact that it early became apparent that there was no hall in Baltimore large enough to accommodate all of those who were anxious to hear the Chicago nominee, and it was therefore arranged to have an outdoor to precede the indoor exercises.

The outdoor meeting was a free-for-all affair. Everybody without regard to race, distinction or previous condition, was entitled to see and hear Mr. Bryan, provided he or she started early enough. The climatic conditions were unfavorable enough to have caused an abandonment of the open air exercises, but the few who gathered about the stand at 6 o'clock grew apace until at 8 o'clock their numbers had increased to thousands, who were wild shouting "Bryan."

The prediction that 50,000 persons would be grouped around the stand was not fulfilled, but the crowd was large enough to fill the large plaza around the intersection of Mount Royal avenue and Cathedral street, and surprisingly large, considering the bad weather. Thousands had come from a distance, however, to see and hear Mr. Bryan, and they were willing to take a drenching rather than lose the opportunity of satisfying their curiosity.

Mr. Bryan left Washington at 6:40 on the Pennsylvania road, being accompanied to this city by a committee of citizens, prominent among whom were Senators Gorman and Gibson, Chairman of the State Committee Talbott, Congressman Rusk, A. L. Knott, and others. Among those who came from Washington, were James L. Norris, Assistant Treasurer of the National Committee; Gen. Duncan S. Walker, Representative McMillan, of Tennessee, and Josephus Daniels, of North Carolina.

COLONEL HOOKER GOES EAST.

Hon. Charles E. Hooker, of Mississippi has been invited to make Democratic speeches in the East under the auspices of the National Democratic Committee, and will doubtless do so after the Congressional primaries in his District, September 26. Until then Colonel Hooker will have his hands full. He is by long odds the oldest man in the race, but his friends recognize the fact that with he Sate administration backing one of his opponents, Major Henry, the Colonel has no walk-over. He is making an active, vigorous and aggressive canvass of the district, and the chances are he will succeed Mr. Spencer in Congress, though the Henry men are equally confident of his defeat.

WAS HE MURDERED.

A special dispatch from Hong Kong says it is reported there upon the strength of advices from Manila that General Blanco, a Spanish Governor of the Phillipine Islands, has disappeared, and it is supposed that he has been murdered.

FATAL FIGHT

Between Police and Italians in Philadelphia.

A pitched battle occurred Sunday morning in the section of Philadelphia known as "Little Italy," between a squad of policemen and the inmates of a speak easy, who were resisting arrest. Although the encounter lasted but fifteen minutes, one man was shot and instantly killed and five others were more or less seriously wounded.

The proprietor of the speak easy was finally arrested, together with seven of the combatants, and at a hearing before Magistrate Germon the participants were held without bail on a charge of murder. The victims Michael Pizza, shot in the head and left lung, instantly killed; Policeman Elbert, struck on the head with a brick; Policeman Thayer, hand crushed with a brick; Joseph Miller, a spectator, shot in the hand; Policeman Mitchell, struck on the head with a brick.

Robert Donahue, a citizen who took part in the fray, struck on the head with a brick and stabbed in the breast.

The scene of the affray was a dingy three-story brick house, No. 612 Baker street, which is in the heart of the Italian district.

About midnight Special Officers Hamm and Baker, together with Policemen Sibert, Mitchell, Thayer, Wagner, Phillips and Roney, all attired in citizens' clothes, arrived at the Baker street house with a warrant for the arrest of Michael Wolfa, charging him with selling liquor without a license and on Sunday.

The raiders, with a concerted rush, forced the front door from its hinges. Inside were a dozen men armed with hatchets, knives, coupling pins, revolvers and all sorts of weapons.

Just when the firing began, or how, nobody seems to know, but there were about twenty or twenty-five shots exchanged in all. Those of the policemen who were in a side alley were themselves hemmed in at either outlet by crowds of threatening foreigners.

A portion of the inmates had by this time reached the roof and they began to shoot at th officers in the alley. Bricks were torn from the chimneys and hurled at them. Bullets and bricks flew in all directions, and finally when the combatants were subdued, Michael Pizza was found dead on the roof. He lay on his back with the blood gushing from two bullet holes. It is not known whether he was shot by policemen or by his comrades in mistake.

ANOTHER DEVELOPMENT

In the Union Bank Scandal at New Orleans.—An Outsider Jailed.

Louis Gallot, a clerk in a cotton house in this city, says a New Orleans, La., dispatch of Saturday, was aiding and abetting Louis Colombe, the dead bookkeeper of the suspended Union National Bank, in the theft of $203,479.02 and of abstracting this money from the Union National Bank. Colombe is charged with having credited Gallot falsely and of having failed to charge Gallot with money which he drew from the bank. Gallot was taken before a United States Commissioner, who fixed his bond at $20,000. This he was unable to give and will go to the parish prison. As heretofore, much mystery is observed in the case, and no information can be had. Gallot lavished the money he got out of the Union National on a woman named Mrs. Bouscaren, who was formerly Miss Long, of Louisville, Ky., with whom he was infatuated, and who in turn was infatuated with a desire to shine in society. Many stories are afloat, but the consensus agrees that Gallot spent money like water in a vain effort to enable the object of his adulation to gratify her social aspirations. The woman in the case is now said to be living in splendor in Washington, D. C.

KILLED, THEN BURNED.

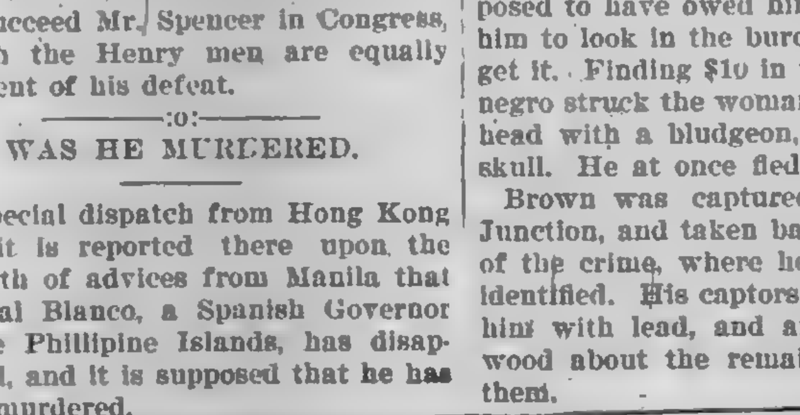
The Fate of a Young Mississippi Negro.

At Slayden's Crossing, a hamlet between Lamar, Miss., and Grand Junction, Tenn., in the former State, Walter Brown, a young negro, was shot to death and then burned. His alleged crime was a murderous assault upon Mrs. Slayden, postmistress, aged 73 years, late Friday night.

Brown applied to Mrs. Slayden for a small sum of money, which she is supposed to have owed him, and she told him to look in the bureau drawer and get it. Finding $10 in the drawer, the negro struck the woman a blow on the head with a bludgeon, fracturing her skull. He at once fled.

Brown was captured near Grand Junction, and taken back to the scene of the crime, where he was promptly identified. His captors at once riddled him with lead, and afterwards piled wood about the remains and burned them.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,



BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

RIOTING AT LEADVILLE.

Fierce Battle in and Around Colorado Mines.

SEVERAL MEN KILLED.

Fighting With Fire and Dynamite.—Driven to Desperation, Locked-out Miners Create a Reign of Terror.—Local Military Forces Placed on Guard.

The lock-out of the miners at Leadville, Col., resulted in rioting the early part of the week. The story is told by the press dispatches from that city in the following language:

Leadville is a battle ground today and the Coronade Mine is the scene of a desperate engagement between strikers and the twenty men who were working in and living at the mine. The bloody hand of lawlessness and anarchy by the use of dynamite bombs burned the Coronade shaft house and made a forced attack on the miners, but the attacking parties were driven from their ground with three of their members mortally wounded and two seriously injured.

The most atrocious crime committed during this lawless attack was the shooting and mortally wounding of Jerry O'Keefe, who was doing his duty as a fireman in trying to extinguish the blaze that, despite the efforts of the fire department, consumed four dwelling houses as well as the Coronade shaft house and out-buildings.

But the bloody work of the strikers was not confined alone to the Coronade Mine. A lawless mob gathered around the Emmett a little after the attack on the Coronade, but the men at the Emmett were ready for the attack, and when the crowd appared they fired such a volley of bullets into them that they found it unsafe to go further in their nefarious work. Not one of their number was killed, but Jerry Mahoney, a miner, living near the Resurrection, who happened to be coming along the road at the time, walking between the strikers and the men on the inside and with the first volley, was shot probably fatally.

At the El Paso also the men were attacked by strikers, but they left that shaft house and sought cover under bushes close by. Here they were awaiting the attack of the strikers, but the latter did not come near the property, contenting themselves with firing about a hundred shots into the shaft house.

Armed men also prowled around the Ram Mine at about the same time and fired several shots into the shaft house, but did not come close enough to throw dynamite bombs and fire the buildings. A great quantity of giant powder was burned outside the fence of the Emmett Mine, but no harm was done by it. This powder was brought to blow up the Emmett shaft house, but the resistance made to the attack by the men on the inside foiled the strikers' plans, and fearing being caught with the powder in their possession, they burned it.

The men who were killed at the Coronade are:

Berry Wier.
James Benson, union striker.
Jerry O'Keefe, a fireman, mortally wounded.
Will Higgins.

No one is able to identify either Benson or Wier, their names being known by letters in their pockets.

William Higgins, who was mortally wounded in the affair, has four bullet wounds in his right arm and one, which is pronounced dangerous, in his abdomen. This, Dr. Jeanotte says, will prevent his recovery. Higgins is not more than 20 years of age.

John Mahoney is not dead, but the doctors say he cannot live and will probably die tonight. Mahoney is not a striker, although he is a union miner. He was working a lease with two others, and they were with him when he was shot, but none of the men knew they had walked into a death trap until Mahoney was pierced by a ball and fell from his horse.

O'Keefe and Mahoney are single men, and it is believed that Benson and Weir are also single.

Under orders of the Governor several companies of State militia are on the way to Leadville from Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, to strengthen the local military force of three companies.

The miners were organized recently by the Western Federation of Miners, and almost every mine worker was in the union when their demands were made. The miners ask $3 a day for all classes of workmen, including surface and under-ground men. The employers declared at the beginning of the trouble that they were willing to continue paying the wages which had prevailed in Leadville to that time. Under that scale surface workers were paid only $2.50, and practically the only change the union proposes is the advance of the wages of this class of men to $3.

The mine owners have refused to listen to any proposition from the employes. They insist that the Governor, the courts and the newspapers are with the miners, and it would be impossible for them to manage their own property if they made any concessions. The courts say they are powerless unless the Sheriff brings offenders within their jurisdiction. The mine owners explain that the Sheriff holds the key to the situation, and is in league with the strikers.

SNOW IN MICHIGAN.

Terrific storms are reported to have raged on Lake Superior Saturday night, accompanied by snow and hail. The gale was from the northwest, and as there was little warning of its approach, considerable anxiety was felt for the safety of much shipping caught out on the lake. A heavy snow fell at Wetmore, Mich. Republic, Mich., reports snow and a heavy fall in temperature.

THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.

Official returns from last Monday's election in Arkansas have been received from all the counties in the State except Scott and Logan, showing the majority for Col. Daniel W. Jones and the remainder of the Democratic State ticket is but 38,640. The increase for the Republican ticket over 1894 is in the neighborhood of 20,000.

A Lawyer's Testimony,

From the Herald, Potsdam, N. Y.

George Boardman Stacey, of Nicholville, St. Lawrence County, New York, has for many years ranked as one of the brightest lawyers in Northern New York and for the past twenty years has been the acknowledged leader of politics in the east end of this great county. Mr. Stacey was admitted to the bar in 1865, and up to October, 1895, continued to practice his profession. All this time, however, the strain of active political work had been undermining his once iron constitution; and during this month of October he suffered a stroke of paralysis which left him practically helpless. For weeks he was in a terrible condition, the efforts of the doctors proving of no avail. All at once he began to recover, however, and was soon seen about town again, frequenting his former haunts and shaking hands with his old friends and acquaintances. His rapid recovery was the talk of the town, and a reporter hearing of the wonderful cure decided to visit Mr. Stacey and ascertain if possible its cause.

Mr. Stacey was inclined to be communicative, and the following is his story of his illness and cure:

"I was presiding over a political meeting and had just arisen to give a friend who was to address the meeting a rousing sendoff, when to my astonishment I discovered I could not talk. My tongue seemed paralyzed. I managed to say a few words, however, and took my seat where by shear will power I managed to sit until the meeting was finished. On arising to go home, however, I found I could not walk and seemed to have lost control of my limbs. I was assisted home, but on feeling better in the morning I went down to my office. Here I suffered another shock which left me flat on my back. I finally recovered sufficiently to get up, but was left a complete physical wreck. I could not half talk or guide myself at all. I could not write or even hold a pen, and was unable to transact any business. I was like a drunken man and went staggering about.

"The doctors did all they could for me but still I failed to improve. I had always been greatly opposed to patent medicines in any form, but on the recommendation of my druggist, Ira H. Smith, I finally decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a trial and see if they would do me any good. To my great surprise I began to notice an improvement before I had taken half a box, and by the time I had taken three boxes I felt like a new man. As nothing else seemed to help me I lay my recovery to the Pink Pills for Pale People. On going to Newark, New Jersey, in April, I gave up taking the pills, and have not since returned to using them, although I am confident they are a splendid thing, and I will probably use them again."

Mr. Stacey's remarkable case is but one of a thousand others which have been cured by these magic pills where all else had failed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Here It Is!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

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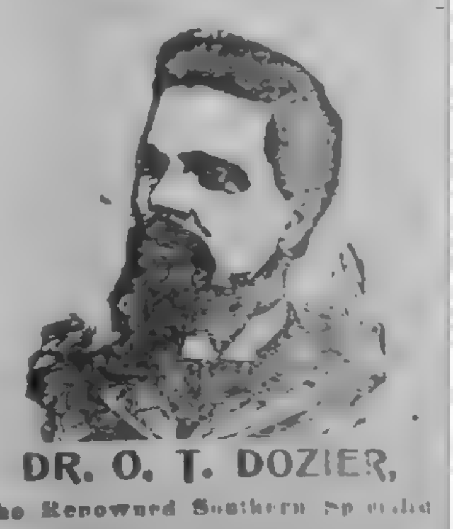

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(The Southern Odd Fellow

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THE BANNER.

Circuit Clerk

"Let the people rule"

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1896. NO. 49.

Educate and organize.

This seems to be an age of steal.

[illegible] place to kick is at the ballot [illegible]

[illegible] political promises don't make [illegible]

[illegible] legislation is a rapid transit [illegible] government.

If [illegible] was worth but 15 cents a [illegible] would it be fit for money?

[illegible] coinage of silver is only one [illegible] the direction of currency re-[illegible]

[illegible] yellow-hammer democrats are [illegible] much noise over their na-[illegible]

[illegible] Indorses the yellow-hammer [illegible] nominated at Indianapolis. Of [illegible] So does Carlisle.

[illegible] gold basis will give us good times [illegible] we have them now, under [illegible] gold standard"?

[illegible] gold should be discovered in un-[illegible] quantities what would become [illegible] existing gold standard?

[illegible] which the banks made to [illegible] a panic has resulted in [illegible] drawing out their money.

[illegible] silver is the strategic point [illegible] which the battle for the con-[illegible] the currency is being fought.

[illegible] issue is money against men, and [illegible] amount of tariff oratory can divert [illegible] of the people from the real [illegible]

[illegible] be "ignorant, vicious and [illegible]-headed," as the gold-bugs [illegible] but merely calling us so does [illegible]

Populists believe in a money redeemable in corn, wheat, cotton, hogs, and all other products of labor, as well as gold and silver.

The query now with sound money [illegible] is, which ticket they will [illegible] for McKinley or the other yellow-hammer ticket.

[illegible] money means redemption [illegible] redemption money means coin [illegible] them with, and coin to redeem [illegible] means bonds with which to pur-[illegible]

After the national organ of the [illegible] of Labor turned loose a [illegible] on Powderly, the republican [illegible] committee hastened to dis-[illegible] him.

[illegible] question is not so much as to what kind of a dollar the workingman [illegible] paid in, as it is whether he will [illegible] opportunity to earn any kind [illegible] or not.

[illegible] the banks can pay their depositors [illegible] dollars in the event of free [illegible] of silver, why should they lose [illegible] over the privilege of doing it? [illegible] are not built that way.

[illegible] by the hired writers of the [illegible] will learn that calling our platform a "preposterous farrago of sinister nonsense" doesn't disprove the [illegible] of any principle therein con-[illegible]

[illegible] would be cruel to say anything [illegible] the little band of faithful worshipers of the golden calf who re-[illegible] nominated Palmer and Buckner. They went off alone to be dig-[illegible] and quiet.

A correspondent asks a Texas editor [illegible] an article on the political [illegible] of John Sherman. The editor [illegible] that this would be too much [illegible] compiling a biography of the devil [illegible] a pleasant midsummer task.

[illegible] now the learned essayists of the [illegible] comparing us with the savages [illegible] barbarian ages. They are de-[illegible] to continue groping in the [illegible] ages of the world—and naturally [illegible] their beloved idols for compari-[illegible]

[illegible] Roosevelt, the fellow with an [illegible] who "reformed" the police [illegible] New York, calls the silver [illegible] shiftless, vicious, hopelessly ig-[illegible] thick-headed." Now isn't [illegible] eloquent, logical, and just too [illegible] anything?

[illegible] pawnbrokers thrive best when the [illegible] are "broke" and have to borrow [illegible] That is why the money-loan-[illegible] want money to be scarce. When [illegible] people are out of debt, the money-[illegible] are compelled to economize on [illegible] turtle soup and champagne.

Cold-blooded intellect may be possessed by a burglar or a highwayman. [illegible] that nearly all the old fossil [illegible] professors of the eastern gold-[illegible] indication that they know [illegible] or sympathize with the [illegible] of the people. They are sim-[illegible] mathematical and grammatical [illegible] operated by dropping a [illegible] in the slot.

[illegible] you silly enough to think that [illegible] will fall and men be thrown out [illegible] employment when prices of all [illegible] products are going up? If [illegible] coinage of silver "doubles the [illegible] of what you buy," as the gold-[illegible] say, what greater stimulus to [illegible] can be conceived of than doubling prices of products? Guess you'd stand a pretty good show of getting a job.

HIS CRIMES ARE TOO MUCH IN EVIDENCE.

UNCLE SAM—"Not Another Step—By the Eternal!

M'KINLEY'S LETTER.

EVIDENTLY IN AN UNCOMFORTABLE POSITION MENTALLY.

His Quotation from Cleveland's Message Is Undiplomatic—A Part of His Letter Might Have Been Written by Altgeld or Debs.

McKinley's long-looked-for letter of acceptance is a disappointment to the people. It is a labored affair, and plainly bears the marks of strained mental effort. The Major evidently could have accepted some other style of platform with much better grace and with far less sacrifice of mental ease. It is impossible to account for some portions of his letter, in a manner consistent with his acknowledged ability and honesty, upon any other theory than that his mental stress was so severe as to cause him to lose sight of the just and worthy course which otherwise he would certainly have adopted.

When he says: "Free silver would not mean that the silver dollars were to be freely had without cost or labor," and "It would not make labor easier"—"It would not make farming less laborious"—he is thoughtlessly guilty of the insulting assumption that the scale of intelligence among our laborers and farmers is so low that many of them need to be disabused of the idea that silver is to be freely given them under free coinage.

Under different mental conditions Mr. McKinley would not have lost sight of the notorious and indisputable fact that it was the organized farmers and laborers of this country who have forced this question beyond the control of partisan demagogues into worldwide prominence, and if he had not lost sight of this fact he would certainly have understood that the force capable of bringing about such results could not have emanated from a class of citizens whose understanding was of the puerile order in which his assumption places it. It is charitable to believe that Mr. McKinley was not properly at himself when he made this insinuation, and it might be let go at that if this mistake of his, in the mere contemplation of the policy forced upon him by his party, did not compel graver doubts as to what might happen in the event of his being placed in position to make that policy the rule of the land. The laborers and farmers comprise at least three-fourths of our population, and if Mr. McKinley really believes that this large class of voters are influenced to such an extent by the childish belief which his argument implies as to make it incumbent upon him to set them right in that particular, then it follows perfectly naturally that if chosen to the presidency he would not stultify himself nor lower the dignity of his administration by considering even for a moment any suggestion which might come up from them. And this, in turn, means plainly that the same old crowd, whose idea of wit is embodied in scurrilous jests at the expense of the "hayseed" farmer and "mudsill" laborer, and whose only conception of wisdom is that it can alone be found in all its purity beneath the silk hats of men whose "business ability" renders them able to live without soiling their delicate hands, will control his administration.

In his argument for the maintenance of the existing gold standard he says: "It is the recognized and sole standard of the great commercial nations of the world with which we trade more largely than any other. Eighty-four per cent of our foreign trade for the fiscal year 1895 was with gold-standard countries, and our trade with other countries was settled on a gold basis."

In this he seems to imply that our "foreign trade" is a good thing and ought to be catered to to the extent of making our standard of payment acceptable to those with whom we deal. How he can make this argument consistent with the other in which he declares that protection is of "supreme importance" is for a gold-standard protectionist to explain. To an outsider it would seem that if protective tariffs are of "supreme" importance because of their tendency to discourage free trade, the free coinage of silver, since it opposes the standard of payment adopted by all of the "great commercial nations of the world with which we trade," ought, at least, to be of some importance in bringing about the desired object.

He declares that "protection has lost none of its virtue and importance. The first duty of the republican party, if restored to power in the country, will be the enactment of a tariff law which will raise all the money necessary to conduct the government, economically and honestly administered, and so adjusted as to give preference to home manufacturers and adequate protection to home labor and the home market."

"Economically and honestly administered" somehow sounds democratic, and was perhaps injected to catch the ear of the gold democrats, who were shortly to be assembled in national convention at Indianapolis. But did Mr. McKinley really mean to say "all the money"? If so, then the internal revenue tax on whisky, tobacco, etc., will have to be repealed. If he did not mean "all," then why did he say it? Was it because of the "mental strain" already suggested as accounting for some of his peculiar assumptions?

Mr. McKinley deliberately says all that about "the first duty of the republican party" in face of the fact that even if his party is fully and wholly as successful as its most sanguine member believes it possible to be in this campaign it will nevertheless be utterly impotent to enact a tariff law different from that now on the statute books because the silver senators from the west have flatly laid down the ultimatum "No silver, no tariff," and the time of none of them expires under two years.

In view of the help which he desires from the goldbug democrats, was it not a little undiplomatic, not to say cruel, to resurrect and quote Mr. Cleveland's message written for the express purpose of influencing the extra session of congress to repeal the Sherman silver law? A part of Cleveland's message quoted by McKinley is as follows: "With plenteous crops, with abundant promise of remunerative production and manufacture, with unusual invitation to safe investment, and with satisfactory assurances to business enterprises, suddenly financial distrust and fear have sprung up on every side."

Now, since Mr. Cleveland's object in writing thus was to prompt congress to destroy the last vestige of silver as money and thus bring about the gold standard in all its purity, which the republican party says "must be maintained," and since Mr. Cleveland, by the help of John Sherman, Tom Reed, and the republican party generally, accomplished his purpose, it does seem a little unkind in McKinley to quote that very message to show how terribly the "threat of democratic free trade" was already beginning to affect the country. But he does quote it, and with that very object in view, and then further on in his letter he himself declares: "It is not an increase in the volume of money which is the need of the time, but an increase in the volume of business. Not an increase of coin, but an increase of confidence."

Thus it will be seen that these two great statesmen, Cleveland and McKinley, agree upon what is lacking. It was a want of "confidence" shown by "financial distrust and fear" which kept the people from enjoying the rich harvests of investments, etc., in Cleveland's time, and it is only a lack of the same ingredient in McKinley's estimation that still holds us plunged in the depths of despair. One more quotation from this surprising letter:

"We avoid no issue. We meet the sudden, dangerous, and revolutionary assault upon law and order, and upon those to whom is confided by the constitution and laws the authority to uphold and maintain them, which our opponents have made, with the same courage that we have faced every emergency since our organization as a party more than forty years ago. Government by law must first be assured; everything else can wait. The spirit of lawlessness must be extinguished by the fires of an unselfish and lofty patriotism.

"Every attack upon the public faith and every suggestion of the repudiation of debts, public or private, must be rebuked by all men who believe that honesty is the best policy, or who love their country and would preserve unsullied its national honor."

These are consecutive paragraphs taken from near the close of the letter. The only comment they call for is that the first might have been, with a few immaterial changes, uttered by John P. Altgeld or Eugene V. Debs in opposition to "government by injunction" or the lawless invasion of a sovereign state by the federal military, while the last could easily have come from Bourke Cockran, Tom Reed, or John Sherman. Altogether the letter is weak and may well prove discouraging to republicans.

THE TWO PLATFORMS.

For the benefit of those who imagine that the democratic and populist national platforms have nothing in common, except free silver coinage, we publish the following, showing the various points of similarity to be found in the two documents:

The democratic national platform adopted at Chicago and the populist platform adopted at St. Louis both declare for free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1.

The Chicago platform denounces the issuance of notes by national banks; the St. Louis platform calls for a national currency "without the use of banking corporations."

The Chicago platform (taking the official copy) demands that paper currency which is made a full legal tender, or is made receivable for government dues, shall be issued by the government, and be made redeemable in coin. The St. Louis platform, like the Omaha platform, is silent on the question of coin redemption, but calls for a safe and sound national currency, a full legal tender for all debts public and private.

The Chicago platform virtually declares for a re-enactment of the income tax law; the St. Louis platform demands a graduated income tax.

The Chicago platform demands a stricter federal control of railroads, and an enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission. The St. Louis platform calls for government ownership and operation of the railroads, "to be accomplished gradually, in a manner consistent with sound public policy."

The Chicago platform declares that all public lands should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens. The St. Louis platform demands that bona fide settlers on all public lands be granted free homes—and declares against land monopoly for speculative purposes.

Both platforms denounce judiciary abuse of power, government by injunction, and arbitrary imprisonment for indirect contempt.

Both platforms declare against the demonetization of lawful money by private contract.

Both platforms declare against issuing government bonds in time of peace.

Both platforms demand that the government shall not surrender to the holders of obligations the option as to what kind of money payment thereof shall be made.—Nevada Director.

The Location of Hell.

Hon. Francis A. Walker, in his address at the annual meeting of the bimetallic league held in London, July 13, 1896, said:

"Were the city of London to give its consent, bimetallism might at once be established on a broad and enduring basis. Of all the vast expanse of the globe, one square mile alone blocks the way to the adoption of a world's money as wide as the world's trade. The veto of this city rests upon a monetary policy which has approved itself by long and beneficent operation; a monetary policy, the economic validity and practical efficiency of which have been admitted with absolute unanimity by the most distinguished commission which since the great inquests on the bank charter, fifty and sixty years ago, has been assembled in this country—a monetary policy which the nations of the earth never needed so greatly as today."

Behold the nations of the globe bowing in humble submission to the decree of a den of thieves one mile square. How long, oh, Lord, how long will great nations cling to their nursing bottles?

The republican party is the party that wants to ask England.

THE GOLD STANDARD.

SOME ARGUMENTS USED TO UPHOLD IT EXPOSED.

Free Coinage of Silver Would Benefit Others Than Mine Owners, and Instead of Contracting the Money Volume, Will Expand It.

Some of the stock arguments against free coinage of silver are that:

"Such a course would benefit nobody but the millionaire silver mine owner."

And:

"Under free coinage the gold money of the country, amounting to about $600,000,000, would be supplanted by 'cheap silver money' and thus the currency would be contracted to that extent."

Let it be assumed that Senator Stewart is one of the "millionaire mine owners." Under existing conditions the output of his mine is sent to the market just as that much lead, iron, copper or other commodity would be under free coinage; his output would be elevated from the position of a commodity to that of a measure of the value of all commodities. Now instead of being a competitor with other commodity sellers Mr. Stewart becomes a competitor with other commodity buyers.

Suppose the product of one of his mines is sufficient in one year to coin one hundred thousand silver dollars and he carries the output to the mint and receives for it that amount of money. Is he the only man benefited by the transaction? If so, how is he benefited? What good are the hundred thousand dollars to him?

Under the economic conditions which exist the world over and which specifically apply to money, the hundred thousand dollars which the mint director would hand to Mr. Stewart would be, just as that many gold dollars would, utterly valueless intrinsically and could afford him no pleasure or enjoyment until after they had left his hands. Metal may be intrinsically valuable but money cannot be. Money is a creature of law. Metal is a product of nature. Law may transfer but it cannot create value and the thing that happened when Mr. Stewart had his bullion coined was the transfer of the value of the silver as metal for its value as money. Now having his hundred thousand dollars instead of his former silver ore what will he do with them? Until he meets somebody in possession of a "demand" for dollars his money will do him no earthly good but will remain in his hands simply as so much dead matter. The minute that he comes across such a person that minute he finds one whose wants he can supply and who can reciprocally benefit him by employing his money to advantage.

Is it not plain then that instead of free coinage benefiting no one but the millionaire mine owner, it not only benefits others but it can not benefit the mine owner until it does benefit others. The common mistake of those who argue differently is in the fact that they consider money an end instead of a means to an end. It is not money that people want, it is what money, under the law, will buy that everybody wants. If Mr. Stewart didn't know this he would not have his bullion coined into money, because as money it would be without value, otherwise, while as bullion it would be of value in the arts and sciences. Mr. Stewart's hundred thousand dollars would be worthless to him until he put them into circulation, and then they would benefit others as much as that amount of gold dollars, or diamond dollars, if there was such a thing would, and the chance of others getting dollars in exchange for their products would be increased to the extent to which they increased the amount of money in circulation.

Now consider the other point, that about free coinage contracting the currency through the displacement of gold by silver money.

Let it be granted that the metal in the gold money will be so much more valuable than the money in the silver metal that gold money will not circulate alongside of the silver money, the question is what will become of it? Over what route will it "disappear?" These are plain, practical questions and they deserve a plain, practical answer.

Suppose John Smith is a banker in one of our interior towns, or sea-coast towns for that matter, who happens to have among his assets gold money to the value of $10,000. Mr. Smith, being a banker, knows what money is and how to employ it to get other money. He likewise knows the difference between money and commodities and is well posted, as a rule, in the value of commodities, especially such as he comes in contact with in his line of business—bonds, mortgages, etc.

Now suppose free coinage is adopted and the value of his gold money increased thereby from its $10,000 money value to $15,000 bullion value, what will he do about it? If he is like most bankers, which of course he is, he will not particularly and earnestly object to this increase of his capital stock. He may publicly grit his teeth in well-feigned anger and talk glibly about the horrors that is to follow upon this adoption of "cheap money" and the contraction of the currency that will certainly follow in the taking of gold money out of the channels of trade. He may do all this and much more, publicly—bankers are such cute fellows, you know—but secretly he will certainly do something indicating a radically different belief from that which he chooses to express in public. Bankers, more than any other class of business men, have a holy horror of "dead capital," and that is exactly what Mr. Smith's $15,000 worth of gold bullion would be. More than that he would know at once that the "premium" on his gold would never be higher than it was when the silver policy of the government was first adopted, but, on the contrary, must steadily and rapidly fall as the people realized that it was not needed in their business. What would follow? As naturally as day follows night and harvest follows seed-time it follows that Mr. Smith, even while publicly gritting his teeth and bewailing "cheap money," would secretly be looking for the best market in which to dispose of his "dead capital." And when he had disposed of it, at the premium supposed above, instead of having 10,000 gold dollars or $15,000 worth of gold bullion he would have $15,000 in live capital to use in his business, and his currency, instead of being contracted, would be expanded to the extent of $5,000.

But perhaps some reader may not understand how this "valuable" gold money could ever become "dead capital" and would like to have that point further explained. "Dead capital" is the term usually applied to property which pays no income. Mr. Smith's $10,000 in gold would pay no income because he couldn't afford to lend it to Tom, Dick and Harry at the usual banking rate of interest and Tom, Dick and Harry could not afford to pay any higher rate of interest for the gold money than for silver money because they could not use it in their business so as to recoup themselves for the excess. One of Mr. Smith's $10 gold pieces wouldn't buy an ounce more of sugar, coffee, or tea or a yard more of calico, muslin or denims, or pay a cent more of debt than ten silver dollars would. Hence it follows that Mr. Smith's $10,000 in gold would be "dead" from sheer excess of "fat," as it were. "Their blood would be too rich" to mingle with that of proletariat silver, and however aristocratic and exclusive the banker himself may be you can rest assured that the "dollar" he is after is the one that is not too aristocratic to circulate among the plebian producers. For this reason Mr. Smith would convert his dead bullion into live money as speedily as possible.

If the $600,000,000 worth of gold said to be in circulation in this country could be disposed of on the same terms, instead of its disappearance contracting our volume of money it would be increased to $900,000,000.

ABOUT "PROTECTION."

McKinley Pleads for It—Sherman Says It Can't Be Accomplished.

"I am glad especially to meet the farmers of Knox county, for the farmers of the United States form the most conservative forces of our citizenship and in our civilization (applause), a force that always has stood for good government, for country, for liberty and for honesty. (Great applause.) Whatever the farmer is suffering today is because his competitors have increased in numbers, and because his best customers are out of work. (Applause and cries of 'You are right.') I do not know that we can decrease the number of your competitors, but with a true protective policy we can set your best customers to work. (Tremendous cheering.)"—McKinley's Speech to the Knox County (O.) Farmers.

New York, Aug. 25.—Senator Sherman said recently:

"The only way in which a republican administration can control the evils of the past is by increasing the revenues by a new tariff law, and this, I fear, is not practicable."

Senator Sherman was asked by telegraph if he made this statement, and to explain more fully his meaning. He sent the following dispatch to the Advertiser in reply:

"Mansfield, O., Aug. 25.—I am, I believe, quoted correctly. I regard deficiency of revenue and consequent impairment of resumption fund the chief cause of present stringency. What I said had no reference to the election this fall, when I have no doubt of McKinley's election, but only to the refusal, as shown last session, of silver senators to allow any tariff bill to pass unless free coinage was provided.

"JOHN SHERMAN."

Since McKinley and Sherman agree upon the necessity of maintaining the reserve fund, as well as "the existing gold standard," and that it (the reserve fund) can only be maintained through a new tariff law, and since everybody knows that Sherman's "fear" that a new law "is not practicable" is so well founded that it is as certain to materialize as that congress meets again, it would be interesting to know the opinion of these eminent statesmen as to about how much our public debt will be increased during the next four years in the event of McKinley's election, in the purchase of gold to maintain the "reserve." And it would, no doubt, be especially interesting to the Knox county farmers and to farmers everywhere to know Mr. McKinley's opinion, in the present interesting situation of things, as to how long they will have to wait for that "true protective policy" which is to set their "best customers to work."

Western men know more about the east than eastern men know about the west. The western man is cosmopolitan, the eastern man provincial. Most of the western men came originally from the east, they have developed a new empire and grown themselves intellectually—while the man planted in an eastern pot has been dwarfed and deprived of sunshine and rain—yet the east is shocked at the "ignorance" of the west.

SOUTHERN PROGRESS.

The New Industries Reported in the South in a Week.

The Chattanooga Tradesman's Southern correspondents report increased confidence in commercial and industrial circles and a healthy increase in trade. At all the important Southern cities, business is more active and collections are considerably better.

The iron and steel market shows decided improvement. Inquiries are more frequent and consumers are buying more freely than for several months. Prices are stiffer and a more confident tone characterizes the market. Many of the sales being made are small, but some large buyers are feeling the market and the prospects are very encouraging to sellers. Southern iron is up 50 cents on most grades, and Southern No. 2 is quoted at 65 cents. Sellers are refusing to take orders for delivery after January 1, at present prices, and some companies are even withdrawing, temporarily, from the market. The starting up of iron mills and furnaces is conspicuous, but makers seem, in some instances, to be anticipating the demand.

Alabama iron continues in active demand. The Sloss Iron & Steel Company, of Birmingham, will put its No. 2 furnace in blast at an early date and the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railway Company will blow in another furnace at Bessemer.

Lumber manufacturers and dealers report a better feeling and operators believe that the worst is over. The movement in lumber is fairly good, but the tendency to await the result of the election before venturing on anything in the way of enlarged enterprise continues to prevail. Southern mill men are pushing sales with less vigor than they would if prices were better. The question of prices still causes more complaint than the demand. Increased activity characterizes the export trade and vessels are being chartered ahead, that operators may be sure of tonnage when it is needed.

The textile industry is fairly active. Some new concerns are reported and most of the idle plants have been put in operation.

In the coal mining districts of the South increased activity is noted. New mines are being opened and a large number of coke ovens are being built at different points. An important feature of the week to Alabama coal operators was the organization at Mobile of the Mobile & Tuskaloosa Coal & Transportation Company, capital $50,000, to establish a barge line to carry coal from Tuskaloosa to Mobile and New Orleans.

Among the new industries for the week The Tradesman reports electric power plants at De Land, Fla., and New Orleans, La.; a 100-barrel flouring mill at Charleston, W. Va.; a large ice and cold storage plant at Madisonville, Ky.; extensive machinery works at Greensboro, N. C.; the Cassator Mining & Reducing Company, capital $200,000 chartered at Siloam Springs, Ark., and a $35,000 lumber mill to be erected at Ogemaw, Ark.

The new buildings include a $15,000 business house at Knoxville, Tenn.; a $30,000 church at Owensboro, Ky.; a $25,000 college at Jennings, La., and a jail at Atlanta, Ga., to be erected at a cost of $175,000.

:o:

TREMENDOUS CLOUDBURST

Deluges a Texas Town.—Considerable Damage Done.

A tremendous cloudburst struck the city of San Marcos, at 10 o'clock Saturday morning, and washed away a large portion of the town.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas and International & Great Northern railways tracks were washed away for three-fourths of a mile, and the joint depot badly wrecked. The damage to these two roads will reach $20,000.

The cloudburst struck the lower portion of the city and swept everything before it. All the bridges over the San Marcos river, which runs through the town, were washed away and a large number of residences are in ruins. Several people are missing and it is thought at least five have been drowned, but such was the force of the deluge that none of the bodies have yet been recovered and no definite information is obtainable.

:o:

RELIEVED FROM DUTY.

Tax Receiver of Newark, N. J., Suspended, Pending an Investigation.

Tax Receiver Julius B. Finger was suspended by Mayor Seymour this morning, says a Newark, N. J., dispatch of Tuesday. Finger had neglected to turn over the receipts daily as required by ordinance to the Comptroller. When asked for yesterday's returns this morning, he tendered a check for $1,800. There was no money to Finger's order in the bank, and the Mayor at once relieved the official from duty and appointed Ex-Receiver A. J. Clark, temporarily, to fill the position. A special meeting of the common council has been called for to-night to take action in the case. Finger is under bonds for $50,000. Rumors are rife that there may be large irregularities in the tax department.

:o:

THE TROOPS ARE HUNGRY.

The military commander of Erzingain has wired the war office of Turkey, urgently requesting the minister of war to send money with which to provide the troops with rations. Unless the necessary supplies of food are immediately provided, the commander says, he will not undertake to answer for the conduct of the troops in his district. It is reported that disturbances have taken place at Kemanat, in the district of Erzingjan.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday
Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., a Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRIGHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain;
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Subscribers who receive their number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will please understand that [illegible] their last paper. We can send them [illegible]

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the heat we should be having [illegible] the next four weeks [illegible] heard that any of [illegible] yet made any appointments in Chilton. Possibly each one of the four considers he is [illegible] majority in Chilton but [illegible] information we have is it is [illegible] ground and not a walk [illegible]

THE Prohibitionists met in Montgomery to-day and put out a full electoral ticket. This makes five tickets in the field and sixty names of electors on the official ballot. There is one consolation, there cannot be any more tickets as the election law requires thirty days notice to be given.

SEVERAL subscribers have requested us to publish our opinion on the probable outlook for cotton the balance of this season. Mark Twain's advice was "never prophecy unless you know." We don't know, and it is pretty hard to calculate the possible vagaries of the cotton market manipulators. But to the best of our knowledge and belief the case stands about thus: At the beginning of this season stocks were pretty low, and the present crop is undoubtedly considerably short, but being unusually early the market is crowded, which causes mill owners and cotton men generally to discredit, to some extent, the actual shortness of the crop. When it is discovered that the bulk of the crop is on the market we believe that those who are now holding their cotton back will reap the benefit of advanced prices. We have obtained the following expressions of opinion from the leading cotton buyers in Clanton:

Mr. W. L. Sampey believes the present figure is about as good as it is likely to be and it is useless to expect any advance.

Mr. W. I. Mullins is of the opinion that in about six weeks we may reasonably expect a slight advance in the price.

Mr. P. D. Wilson thinks prices will not go up until after the election but then we may look for somewhat better figures.

[illegible] is the fashionable [illegible] this year. There have been all sorts of bolts and bolters. Democrats and Republicans have bolted world without end until they cannot themselves tell where they are at. The People's Party is the only party that up to the present has escaped, but now, alas! the contagion has entered its ranks, and [illegible] all the people in Alabama it is the original bolter from the Democratic party—the genial Reuben, the gallant Captain R. F. Kolb, the twice elected governor of Alabama—who has led the bolt from the Populist fold and returned to the bosom of the Democratic party. Capt. Kolb and his paper, the People's Tribune, have thrown over Bryan and Watson and espoused the cause of Bryan and Sewall and once started they have gone the whole hog, thrown over the Populist nominee for congress in the ninth district, Dr. G. B. Crowe and taken up the Democratic nominee, O. W. Underwood. But the People's Party still survives.

Senator Teller and innumerable other lifelong Republicans who believe in the free coinage of silver left the Republican party because they could not support the gold bug nominee, Wm. McKinley [illegible] [illegible] free [illegible] for McKinley [illegible] There are some free silver [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the names [illegible] the Democratic [illegible]

[illegible] W. [illegible] First District—E. L. [illegible] of Mobile. Second District—[illegible] Third District—T. M. [illegible] Fourth District—W. B. [illegible] Fifth District—[illegible] Burgess of Talladega. Sixth District—T. M. Manning of Tuscaloosa. Seventh District—[illegible] Eighth District—E. B. Almon of Colbert. Ninth District—C. B. Powell of Jefferson.

Literary Notes.

"The Three Strategic Chiefs of the Presidential Campaign," i.e., the chairman of the National committees of the three leading parties are the subjects of character sketches in the October Review of Reviews. Murat Halstead writes about Mr. Hanna; Willis J. Abbot describes Senator Jones, of Arkansas, the hope of the "Popocrats", and Marion Butler, the energetic and able young leader of the Populist forces, is portrayed by Carl Snyder. These sketches are terse and vigorous, the writer in each case being in full touch with his subject.

The Advantage of Free Silver.

The great advantage of free silver lies in the fact that it will introduce an era of expanding currency and rising prices in place of the falling market that has so long depressed us. Althoug the immediate effect of free silver may be to lessen the volume of the currency by driving our gold way, yet very soon the influx of silver will more than make good the loss of the gold and the volume will rapidly expand. The consequence will be that prices will rise, commerce and manufactures will be encouraged, labor will be in demand, many who are unemployed will get work, competition for employment will become less severe, wages will rise, and, in the end, workingmen will be benefited as well as merchants and manufacturers.

Debtors who have been wronged by the shrinkage of prices will secure at least a partial justice and be able to pay off their notes and mortgages with something like a fair equivalent for what they got when they borrowed.—Prof. Frank Parsons of Boston University, in October Arena.

Girls Industrial School.

Montevallo, Ala., Sept. 26, 1896.

Editor BANNER: The Girls' Industrial School of Alabama opens its first session at Montevallo on October 12th. Under the act creating this school your county is entitled to its quota of scholarships. The expenses to those holding these scholarships will be only $80 for the entire session. This covers board, laundry, medical attention, the use of text books and tuition in all branches, except an incidental fee for the use of pianos and type writers. Parties can obtain these scholarships by writing direct to me. Those wishing to take advantage of this liberal offer on the part of the state should write or wire me at once and I will hold the places for them, otherwise, I will be compelled to give it to those applying from other counties.

H. C. REYNOLDS, Pres.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 30.

The American Bankers' Association in session at St. Louis last week proved to be nothing more or less than a republican "Sound Money" club. The venerable president of the Association, in closing his address used these words: "From the folly of free Silverites, from dishonesty and repudiation, from anarchy and ruin, O, Lord, deliver us."

Hon. Thos. Watson, of Georgia, the Populist candidate for vice-president, was met at St. Louis, last week, enroute home from his Western speaking tour, by several members of the National Executive committee and a conference was held at the Southern hotel, for the purpose of devising a way whereby Mr. Watson could secure the full proportion of electoral votes, to which he is entitled.

Mr. H. K. Thurber, the great New York grocer, has felt a touch of hard times and is a recent convert from a gold standard to free silver. He is in a public letter warmly supporting Bryan.

The McCormick Harvester Company appears to be taking quite a hand in trying to coerce voters into supporting McKinley and the gold standard. It might be well for Populists especially to remember the [illegible] concerns in the future.

The gallant Tom Watson, People's party candidate for vice president, met with a hearty reception on his recent western trip, notwithstanding the evident attempt of a few Populists to prevent it. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

A [illegible] scandal seems to be brewing in the Indiana State Capitol, where it is alleged, the republicans are offering to put up large sums of money to prevent a fusion between the Populists and democrats in that state. There are several other states, possibly, in the same category.

The democrats in Oregon have agreed to support the entire Populist electoral and state ticket.

T. V. Powderly, for many years Master Workman of the Knights of Labor and a champion of the free coinage of silver, is now in the employ of the goldbugs. Comment is unnecessary. The honest voters of the country can draw their own conclusions.

Gen. J. S. Coxey's nomination for Congress in the Eighteenth Ohio district is being protested by many of the Populist of that district and he has taken legal steps to have his name placed on the ticket.

The fusion deal between the Populists and republicans in Alabama has been declared off. The proposed allegiance was an unnatural one at best.

Mr. Bryan met with perfect ovations on his southern and eastern campaign. The people everywhere seem to be for him and unless his opponents resort to wholesale coercion and bribery, Mr. Bryan's election is assured.

All authentic reports from Indiana agree that the state will be very close and that the Populists have it within their power to defeat or elect Mr. McKinley. The democrats in that state are offering reasonable concessions to the Populists, which will probably be accepted.

Fusion on electors between the Populists and democrats has been accomplished in Kentucky. The Populists receive two of the electors.

Capt. Goodwyn has been renominated for congress by the Populists of the Fifth Alabama district and his election is practically assured.

A. R.

Growing Children

One-third of all the children die before they are five years old. Most of them die of some wasting disease. They grow very slowly; keep thin in flesh; are fretful; food does not do them much good. You can't say they have any disease, yet they never prosper. A slight cold, or some stomach and bowel trouble takes them away easily.

SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is just the remedy for growing children. It makes hard flesh; sound flesh; not soft, flabby fat. It makes strong bones, healthy nerves. It changes poor children to children rich in prosperity.

Book about it free for the asking.

☞ No substitute for Scott's Emulsion will do for the children what we know Scott's Emulsion will do. Get the genuine.

For sale by all druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

All kinds of furniture at lowest prices at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 29, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Can we not bring to bear upon the minds of those merchants of Clanton who are selling poison cider, some logical, convincing arguments that they are destroying the peace and quietude of our beautiful little town, injuring our schools, tearing down churches, creating crime and bringing tears from some good mothers' eyes? These ciders are poison and will lead to the destruction of life, even among the youth of our country. The young man who drinks too much cider wants to fight at once. Of course he carries a pistol with him concealed and is ready to draw it and shoot when the cider begins to act freely upon the brain. We hope for the sake of everything that is sacred and dear to us that there will be no more cider, especially intoxicating cider, shipped to Clanton. Think [illegible] mothers and fathers, and let us put our shoulders to the wheel and endeavor to stop it.

CITIZEN.

* * *

Did You Ever

[illegible]

* * *

Strasburg.

[illegible] tees at [illegible] and 6 cents at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

A [illegible] line of general merchandise is carried, and we solicit your patronage. Mooney & Woolley, Strasburg.

* * *

Rockym unt Ripples.

The health of this community is very good at present. The prayer-meetings and singings are progressing nicely. Prayer-meeting every Wednesday and Saturday nights. Singing every 2nd and 4th Sunday evenings. Crops are short in this locality owing to the incessant dry weather. Cotton is done and harvested and on the market. The farmers of this community are for Bryan and free silver. Our annual camp meeting will embrace the 3rd Sunday commencing Friday night before.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

* * *

Lily Lyrics.

Rev. F. M. Woods filled his appointment at Mulberry last Sunday. The writer had the pleasure of conducting a singing at Mulberry last Sunday, with Miss Ella Ruddick for organist. Mr. and Mrs. Deshazo are on the sick list this week. Miss Ollie Garner has returned from Maplesville.

Mr. Crit Jones is again at home.

Quite a number of the Mulberrians will attend the association.

Miss Mamie Smitherman, who has been spending some time here has returned to her home at Saginaw.

UNO.

* * *

OBITUARY.

The hand of death has spread a shadow of gloom and sadness over the village of Lomax. On Saturday Sept. 12, the announcement of the death of Mr. W. P. Jones came like a thunder-clap from a cloudless sky. He had been in bad health for sometime, but no one except himself perhaps, realized that the end was so near or might come so suddenly. He was a noble, upright man and universally beloved. He was born in Dallas county, Aug 2, 1822, and leaves 4 sons and 2 daughters to mourn his loss. It consoles the writer to repeat his last words: "I am going home, children follow me." He laid down the cares and sufferings of earth to enter into eternal joy and rest.

"Beyond the light of setting suns,
Beyond the clouded sky,
Beyond where starlight fades in night
He has a home on high.

M. J. M.

The Colorado republican state convention declared for Bryan and Sewall and free silver.

The state executive commitee of the People's party of Texas has issued two manifestos, one recognizing Bryan and Watson as the national ticket of the party and the other denying the charges that fusion with the republicans has been effected. C. M. Cureton has been elected secretary of the committee for two years.

In North Carolina the People's party and the republicans have effected fusion on the state ticket and in all congressional districts, the Populists receiving five out of nine electors.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1896,

for the election of Electors for President and vice-President of the United States, and for the election of a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

This 1st day of October, 1896.

J. T. COGLEY, Sheriff.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897 1896

Fletcher's mill	October	1
Kincheon		[illegible]
Albert Headley's store		[illegible]
Benson		[illegible]
Maplesville		[illegible]
Stoutz		7
Valley Creek cotton		[illegible]
Dixie		[illegible]
Stanton 8 a m [illegible]		[illegible]
Clanton [illegible] 1 p m to 2 p m		[illegible]
Macedonia church		12
Providence church [illegible]		[illegible]
Lojan Bassetts		14
Jemison		[illegible]
Mineral Springs		[illegible]
Strasburg		17
Clanton		[illegible]
Cane Creek		20
Maddox's mill		[illegible]
[illegible] school-house		22
Calloway's mill		[illegible]
Maple Springs church		[illegible]
Davis & Rollins' gin		[illegible]
Coopers		[illegible]
Burwells		[illegible]
Mountain Creek		[illegible]
Verbena		[illegible]

[illegible], Tax Assessor.

Tax Collector's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I [illegible]

[illegible]		[illegible]
Stanton 8 a m [illegible]		[illegible]
Clanton [illegible]		[illegible]
[illegible] church		[illegible]
Providence church		[illegible]
Lojan Bassetts		[illegible]
Jemison		[illegible]
Mineral Springs		[illegible]
Strasburg		[illegible]
Clanton		[illegible]
Cane Creek		[illegible]
Maddox's mill		[illegible]
[illegible] school-house		22
Calloway's mill		23
Maple Springs church		24
Davis & Rollins' gin		26
Coopers		27
Burwells		28
Mountain Creek		29
Verbena		30
Kincheon	November	2
Maplesville		3
Benson		4

T. J. [illegible], Tax Collector.

Lomax.

The lumber mill will start up again soon and we shall all be busy.

Many are the expressions of admiration evoked by the neat appearance of the section houses. LOM.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18321.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
Sept. 14, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on October 24th, 1896, viz.: Alex Logan, Homestead entry No. 23,181, for the sw¼ of section 12 tp 23 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: James Wagoner, John Williams, Lewis Littleton, Marion Wagoner, all of Jumbo, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Notice to Non-resident Heirs, etc., on Application to Sell Land.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA } Probate
CHILTON COUNTY. } Court

To Willie Morgan, wife of Andrew Morgan.

Whereas A. C. Smith, administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, has filed his application in said court for a sale of the lands described therein, belonging to the estate of said decedent, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property of said estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts thereof, upon the ground that said land cannot be equitably divided, and the 28th day of September 1896 has been appointed for the hearing of said application,

You are, therefore, hereby notified to appear before said court on said 28th day of September 1896 to contest said application if you think proper.

Witness this the 2d day of Sept., 1896

R. M. HONEYCUTT, Judge of Probate

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	[illegible]
New York World (3 papers every week)	[illegible]
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	[illegible]
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	[illegible]
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	[illegible]
Silver Knight National Watchman	[illegible]

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial Appeal	[illegible]
Birmingham State Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON ALABAMA

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT ...Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They Guarantee to Fit and Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT.
—LOWEST PRICES.

[illegible] SAMPLES AT

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.

Danger Ahead!

Don't neglect slight symptoms of ill health. Headaches—biliousness—constipation—these are warnings that there's danger ahead. Don't wait 'till you have a severe attack of sickness but take V.V.V. *now* and avoid liver complaint, bilious fever and like diseases. V.V.V. the great family remedy is a sure specific for all forms of liver complaint. It drives all impurities from the blood and system, toning and invigorating the whole body. V.V.V. is composed solely of roots, barks and herbs, having powerful healing properties, yet so harmless that no one can receive any but good effect from their use. V.V.V. cures every form of blood and skin disease, including the worst cases of scrofula, kidney diseases, rheumatism, catarrh, malaria, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00.
A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in [illegible], second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day [illegible] cents.

Bales received to date	
Sampey	619
Mo[illegible]	367
Wi[illegible]	107
	1093

C[illegible] CHEAP. Call and [illegible] the BANNER office.

Mr. A. C. S[illegible] has a half dollar [illegible] and says he will give [illegible] a 50 cent piece [illegible] that date.

Mr. [illegible], of Montgomery, [illegible] Monday.

[illegible] FOR SALE. I have [illegible] at a low price, on [illegible] one and a half [illegible] north of Clanton. Will exchange [illegible] cotton. See [illegible] at [illegible].

F. R. WOODWARD.

Miss Mattie Sue Chandler is enjoying a delightful visit to friends in Birmingham the last week.

We are glad to say that we will have Mr. Bascom McMorries with us. [illegible] He has accepted a position with Mr. W. F. Culp.

Mr. J. A. Culp went to Montgomery yesterday.

Miss [illegible] and Mr. William [illegible] went to Birmingham last Monday, where Mr. William will enter Howard College.

[illegible] Stanfield went to Birmingham [illegible].

[illegible] Ray, assistant depot agent, went yesterday to Birmingham.

[illegible] the $2, gold [illegible] given away at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

Mrs. A. O. Davis, of Bibb, Texas, is paying a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Smith.

[illegible] J. E. White, of Energy, [illegible] W. Jones, of Lily, were [illegible] welcome visitors Saturday.

[illegible] Rosa Thornton will open [illegible] school next Monday, [illegible] at the Stanfield school.

[illegible] town is going ahead. Mr. [illegible] Chesnutt has commenced [illegible] a new store house he is [illegible] next to Mr. Wright's.

Miss Myrtle Moore, of Montgomery county, is visiting the family of Capt. Middleton.

[illegible] Cotter is in town to day.

[illegible] Stewart went on a business trip to Birmingham yesterday.

The Baptists of Clanton have called Rev. F. M. Woods, of Jemison, who will serve them the next associational year. Services will be held every third Sunday as here[illegible].

Rev. J. G. Lowrey has accepted a call from the Baptist church, Wanor, Ala., and will shortly remove his family there.

[illegible] A. J. Gullahorn, of Texas, [illegible] a visit to relatives this week.

Miss Mattie Palmer left last week for Anniston, Ala., to attend school.

The cheapest line of shoes in [illegible] at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

[illegible] pounds of fine coffee for $1 [illegible] Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons: Mr. Isaac Powell and Miss Laura Ann Savilla Robinson; Mr. P. E. West and Miss Viola I. Logan.

[illegible] received a lot of men's and [illegible] hats of the latest styles at [illegible] to suit the times at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

There will be public speaking at [illegible] Springs, Saturday, Oct. [illegible]. Full attendance expected.

There will be public speaking at [illegible] loma, beat 3, Saturday, Oct [illegible] m., after which there will [illegible] important business to attend. Every body expected to [illegible].

There will be singing at Harmony [illegible]-house, Sunday, Oct. 11, [illegible] a.m. and preaching by [illegible] John Hewett, at 11. Everyone [illegible] and bring class choir.

J. B. MARLAR.

Condensed Testimony.

[illegible] B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years [illegible] caused by La Grippe, by [illegible] King's New Discovery. B. F. [illegible], Baldwinsville, Mass., says [illegible] has used and recommended [illegible] never knew it to fail and [illegible] rather have it than any doctor, [illegible] always cures. Mrs. [illegible] 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, [illegible] always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S. [illegible] Drug Store.

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does

HEART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient becomes alarmed and a nervous panic takes place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Winelager, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes: "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpitation, pain in my left side, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects. I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded.

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Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

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there go to

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WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18353.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18352.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼ of section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John E. Beardin, John W. Worthy, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Clanton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

United States Marshal's Sale of Valuable Real estate.

Under and by virtue of power conferred upon me by a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the United States District Court, for the Middle District of Alabama, commanding me, that of goods and chattels, land and tenements of B. H. McCrary and B. F. Rasberry, to be made the sum of $360.00 with interest from the 28th day of May, 1896, together with all costs. I have this day levied upon the following described real estate as the property of B. H. McCrary, to-wit:

W½ of sw¼ sec 15 tp 22 r 12; sw¼ of se1-4 of sw1-4 sec 16 tp 22 r 12; ne1-4 of sw1-4 of sec 16 t 22 r 12; s½ of sw1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13; sw1-4 of se 1-4 sec 9 t 22 r 13.

Also the following described real estate as the property of the defendant B. F. Rasberry, to-wit:

S½ of se1-4 and ne1-4 of se1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13; sw1-4 of se1-4 sec 19 t 22 r 13; [illegible] of se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, w½ [illegible] sw1-4 and s½ of sw1-4 of nw1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13; se1-4 of nw1-4 and w½ of ne1-4 of sw1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 13, lying and being in the County of Chilton and State of Alabama, together with appurtenances and improvements thereunto belonging and will proceed to sell the same at the Court House door in Clanton to the highest and best bidder for cash on the first Monday in October, being the 5th day, 1896.

This the 4th September, 1896.

W. H. TISDALE, United States Marshal
By J. A. DUDLEY, Deputy.

FROM No. 2.

Campaign Edition.

THE ARENA.

Uncle Sam's Crown of Thorns.

"I will not aid to press down upon the bleeding brow of labor this crown of thorns."

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

All voters should read the Campaign Edition of The Arena, which began with the June issue and runs to November (6 months), price,

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Send your subscription to Business Office of this paper.

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$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

No. 3[illegible]—Surrey Harness, Price $1[illegible] As good as sells for $[illegible]

but have sold direct to the consumer for 22 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 1[illegible] styles of Carriages, [illegible] styles of Harness, [illegible] styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $3[illegible]. Phaetons as low as $[illegible] Spring Wagons $31 to $[illegible]. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 7[illegible]—Price with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $[illegible].00. As good as sells for $[illegible]

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12 w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12 s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry.

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896.

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18351.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Thomas McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1896.

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real estate, belonging to said estate, to wit:

N1-2 of section 21 except the e1 2 of e1-2 of ne1-4, ne1-4 and sw1-4 of se1-4 of section 20, s1-2 of sw1 4 and sw1-4 of se 1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13.

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

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GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

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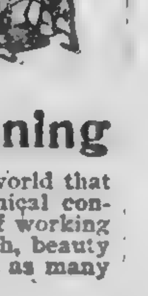

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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

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WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

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LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans,

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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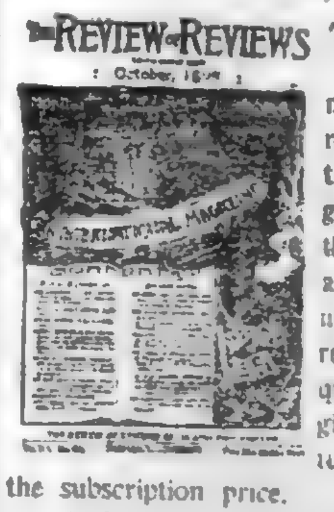
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.



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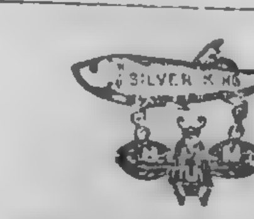

THESE Badges are a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] profits for agents. [illegible] For terms address

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[illegible]

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

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FIRST-CLASS WORK

LOWEST PRICES

P.P.P.
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Lippman's Great Remedy
Brings Help To All!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influenee.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age**. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, **Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.**

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

There has been an awkward pause in the revelation of newly discovered heirs to large estates, but it is broken by a report from Texas that amply compensates for the intermission. Thomas B. Watts, a youth of 20, is the beneficiary. He is at present in the hay business at Arcadia, and he has been informed that "property worth $18,000,000 in the heart of New York City" has been waiting for him for six years. If this fortune proves as fickle as others of the kind Mr. Watts can soon be congratulated on a marked addition to his stock of experience, even if he is forced to sacrifice some of his stock of hay to acquire it.

People who are in the habit of picturing all thieves and robbers as low-browed villians of vulgar manners will receive a rude shock when they learn of the conduct of a young man who despoiled Mrs. C. J. Newstrom, of Chicago, of her pocket-book. This young man approached his victim with the utmost politeness, said "Please throw up your hands," and when she did so and her pocket-book fell to the sidewalk, he removed his hat with a polite apology before stooping to secure it. The age of chivalry is upon us.

A New York multimillionaire writes a column article to prove that any man with a capital of $47 to start with can speedily pile up a million dollars. Will somebody kindly loan us $46.00?

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

Any man can make at least one woman happy for life. All he has to do is to remain a bachelor.—Atchison Globe.

Among the Noted.

Among the most noted and successful specialists in this country are Dr. Dozier & Co. They have extended their business from year to year and the patronage given to them in the several surrounding States is most gratifying. Dr. Dozier is a high-toned, polished, Christian gentleman and has many warm personal friends in Anniston who knew him years ago when practicing in Rome, Ga.—Anniston (Ala.) Hot Blast.

$100 Reward. $100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know,
Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have 50 or $60 you can afford for a 10-volume encyclopedia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopedia will be sent [illegible] stamps by the Book [illegible] St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopedia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts [illegible].

Tell a Friend Good News.

Providence, R. I.

"Please forward six boxes of Tetterine, C. O. D. I think it strange that it is not sold here in New England, as it is the best cure for eczema, ringworm and all eruptions of the skin I ever saw. I got a box from a Cincinnati drummer, and gave part of it to a young lady who had tried almost everything to remove pimples and an eruption from her face. Two applications of Tetterine completely cured her. I know also a gentleman whose body had been covered with eczema. Two boxes of Tetterine cured him completely, and now his skin is as smooth as a baby's."

P. O. Hanlon,
With Silver Springs Bleaching Co.

1 box for 50c. [illegible]
J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

It is a very certain indication of an approaching rain-storm when some one steals your umbrella.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap being 100 per cent. pure, is, therefore, absolutely all soap, and has nothing in it to turn yellow. Dobbins' Soap Mfg Co., Phila., guarantee its purity. Every one knows the value of borax. Try it once, please.

A man with seven marriageable daughters says that his house is a regular court house.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

After six years' suffering, I was cured by Piso's Cure.—Mary Thomson, 29 1-2 Ohio Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March 19, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

"You are a 'dead shot' on giving past and future. R. H. Stephens, Gaines, Mo. Thousands testify the same way. Send date of birth and 10 cents for sketch of your life. L. C. [illegible], Astrologer, Kansas City, Mo.

Fall Medicine

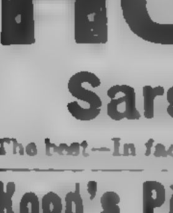
Is fully as important and beneficial as spring medicine, for at this season there is great danger to health in the varying temperature, cold storms, malarial germs and prevalence of fevers and other diseases. Danger may be avoided by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills assist Digestion and cure Constipation. 25 cents.

GEARHART'S FAMILY KNITTER.



Knits a stocking heel and toe in ten minutes. Knits everything required in the household from homespun or factory, wool or cotton yarns. Most practical knitter on the market. A child can operate it. **Strong, Durable, Simple, Rapid.** Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents wanted. For particulars and sample work, address

PRICE $8.00

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LET US do your printing 100 Cards or Envelopes, 40 cts. Address Free Press, Sandoval, Ill

$8 PAID Per 100 for Distributing Samples of Washing Fluid, 4c stamps. A. W. Scott, Cohoes, N. Y

MARRIAGE Paper with 500 ads and Photos, many rich, free. J. W. Gunnels, Toledo, O.

Am. N. U. No. 40.. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

AMONG POLITICIANS.

The Most Interesting Political News of the Week.

THE FUSION RECORD.

Twenty States Fixed and Arrangements in Other States.—John Boyd Thacher, of New York, Declines to Continue the Race For Governor of That State.

Secretary Edgerton, of the People's party, has given out the official record of the fusion up to date and the prospects of fusion by the Populites in several State where such action has been proposed by Democrats, Populites and free silver Republicans.

In Alabama and Arkansas there has been no fusion.

In California the fusion is arranged so that the Democrats get five and the Populists four electors and a Congressman.

In Colorado the Populists are to get one of the four electors and a Congressman.

In Connecticut, one Populist elector and one Congressman.

In Delaware the Populists will have no ticket.

In Florida no arrangements have yet been made with the Democrats and none will be made with the Republicans.

In Georgia there will be no fusion.

In Idaho the present arrangement is one Populist, one Democrat and one free silver Republican elector.

In Illinois the fusion is settled, the Populists getting four out of the twenty-four electors and one State officer.

The negotiations in Indiana are not settled.

In Iowa the Populists get three electors and three Congressmen and the Democrats one elector.

In Kansas the Populists get all the State officers and Congressmen.

In Kentucky the Populists have agreed on taking two electors and the Democrats eleven. The Populists are claiming two Congressmen, but the Democrats have not conceded to the latter arrangements.

In Maine, no fusion.

In Michigan the fusion is recognized as the Union silver party, the Democrats, free silver Republicans and Populists, the latter getting four out of the fourteen electors.

In Minnesota the Populists are to have four of the nine electors.

No fusion in Mississippi.

The arrangement in Missouri is not yet completed, the Populists proposing a concession of Congressmen. The Missouri State ticket to be separate.

In Montana the Populists get one elector.

In Nebraska fusion is complete—three Democratic and four Populist electors and one elector and one Congressman to the free silver Republicans.

Nevada and New Hampshire, no fusion.

New Jersey, one Populist and nine Democratic electors and one Populist Congressman.

In New York the Populists are strong, but no negotiations for fusion were deemed necessary up to the Thacher letter. If Thacher remains the Democratic nominee for Governor, the Populists will put a separate ticket in the field or fuse with the silver Democrats, should they bolt.

In South Carolina the fusion is arranged. Five Democratic and five Populite electors and one silver Republican elector.

In Ohio the Populites get five out of the twenty-three electors, and in Oregon they get four.

In Pennsylvania the Populites get four and the Democrats twenty-eight electors, the Populists indorsing Joe Sibley, who by their strength will be returned to Congress.

No fusion in Rhode Island and South Carolina.

South Dakota give Populites two and Democrats two electors.

In Tennessee, where two tickets are in the field, there are no prospects for fusion.

In Texas, although rumor has reached Senator Butler, of a fusion between the Populites and the Republicans, no official reports of such fusion have been received. Should such an alliance be officially reported, it will be promptly repudiated by the Populist party.

In Utah the Populites secure one of three electors.

In Virginia the fusion has not been completed, but is very probable.

In Washington there is a joint ticket—one Democrat, one Republican and two Populist electors.

In West Virginia the fusion is still incomplete. The Populists claim and the Democrats have promised two of the six electors.

In Wisconsin the fusion is complete and satisfactory, the Democrats conceding to the Populists three of the nine electors.

In Wyoming the fusion is also complete, Populists taking one of the three electors.

With these arrangements already perfected, Chairman Butler and Secretary Edgerton base their claims on the election of William Jennings Bryan by the biggest popular majority ever given to a Presidential candidate.

DECLINES TO RUN.

John Boyd Thacher, of New York, Is Out of the Race For Governor.

John Boyd Thacher has declined to accept the Democratic nomination for Governor of New York. Mr. Thacher was nominated at Buffalo by the Democratic convention on September 17. The platform adopted by that convention in so far as it unequivocally endorsed the Chicago platform, cannot be subscribed to by Mr. Thacher any more than he could have given his approval to the Chicago platform itself in many of its essential features. The result of this is his declination to stand as a candidate. He had been led to believe that the Democratic State platform would be entirely acceptable to him, and would not do violence to the stand taken by him at Saratoga on June 24, in favor of an international bimetallism currency. Therefore he had agreed to stand as a Democratic candidate for Governor for the sole purpose, as he says, of striving to keep the party in that State together for the future as well as for the present. His idea was that the fight in the State should be confined to State issues. The silver wing of the party declines to accept his analysis of the political situation, and has demanded that an out and out silver man be placed on the ticket for Governor, and that the fight shall be made upon the National issues, and more particularly upon the Democratic proposition of free coinage at the 16 to 1 ratio.

Mr. Thacher thinks that his declination will result in Wilber F. Porter, of Watertown, his companion on the present ticket as candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, being named by the State Committee at its meeting on Monday night as the candidate for Governor.

:o:

IN BURNING OIL.

Ill-Fated Seamen on the British Steamship Cyrus Enwrapt.

Three of the crew and a stowaway of the iron steamship Cyrus (British), Captain Simmons, from Philadelphia for Norfolk, met a horrible death Monday night while the steamer was lying off the quarantine station at Marcus Hook in the Delaware river. The killed are: Alfred T. Becks, first mate; Hans Jaggers, fireman; Fred Hilner, a sailor; an unknown man, a stowaway.

The men, in lowering a barrel of oil into the hold of the vessel, accidentally burst it, and, to save the oil, procured another barrel. One of the men struck a match and ignited the fluid. The hold of the vessel was soon filled with the flame and smoke. The four men were suffocated before they could be rescued by the Captain and remainder of the crew.

The Cyrus has a registered tonnage of 2,175 tons and was in ballast going to Norfolk, Va. Her Captain and crew are mostly Englishmen. She cleared from Philadelphia today.

:o:

A POLITICAL RIOT.

Twenty Men Injured, Some Fatally, Maybe.—Politics the Cause.

A free silver meeting at Orestes, Ind., Friday afternoon broke up in a riot, in which twenty people were more or less injured—three, it is feared, fatally. A parade was one of the features, and the line of march was past the Republican Workers' Club house. Fifteen or twenty members were seated on the porch when the parade passed. Some of the marchers made allusions to McKinley pictures in the windows. This brought a retort from those on the porch, and a company of mounted men, followed by a mob of men on foot, left the ranks and attacked the little party. A perfect shower of boulders and bricks fell on the porch, hitting the men and crashing through the weather boarding and windows. The fusilade was kept up for some time, and when the riot was finally quelled and the 300 or 400 men dispersed it was found that about twenty men had been injured, and three—John McKinney, D. K. Miller and Carl Lightfoot—were in a dangerous condition. It is feared that their injuries will prove fatal. The club house is a wreck. A number of arrests were made.

:o:

NEARLY FIFTY THOUSAND

Is the Loss of a Savannah, Ga., Firm by Fire.

A. B. Hull & Co.'s wholesale grocery was burned Wednesday morning. The stock was valued at $35,000, upon which there was an insurance of $31,000, distributed among ten companies. It was totally destroyed. Nothing but the walls of the building are left. The building cost $10,000, and is fully insured.

Fireman Frank McStay is dead, the result of a fall through an open grating forty feet, and Charles McNally, a former employe of the firm, is under arrest, charged with firing the building.

This is the third time during the year that Hull & Co. have been burned out. Each fire has had the appearance of incendiarism, but the firm has been unable to secure sufficient evidence to warrant any arrest.

:o:

DR. RYDER CONVICTED.

Dr. W. L. Ryder, who assassinated Miss Sallie Emma Owen in Talbotton, Ga., on the night of April 5, was convicted Saturday of the crime and sentenced to be hanged January 15, 1897.

Dr. Ryder was madly in love with Miss Owen, who did not reciprocate his affection. Enraged by disappointment and madly jealous of her other suitors, he armed himself with a shotgun, crept up to the parlor where she was conversing with a friend and discharged one barrel of his gun, the load tearing off the side of her face, death resulting instantly. The murderer then shot at her visitor, inflicting a slight wound.

:o:

A MURDERER CAUGHT.

Johnnie Johnson, who murdered four of the Cotton family, it is reported, has been captured and is safely in jail at Greensburg, La.

HORRIBLE ASSASSINATION

A Georgian, Prominent in Military Circles, the Victim.

Capt. George H. Berry, of the Effingham Hussars, a company of the First Regiment, Georgia Cavalry, was assassinated Saturday while on his way from Savannah to his home in Effingham county, about thirty miles west of Savannah. His body was found lying in the road. His head had been blown nearly off by a load of buckshot. The body was found by a party of men which had stopped Berry's horse and buggy several miles from where the tragedy occurred. The Coroner, Chief of Police and county officers were notified and went out and took charge of the body. Officers are on the track of the assassins, and it is believed they will be arrested in a short time. The motive for the killing is supposed to have been robbery. The murdered man's pistol was taken and what money he had on his person. Berry is a small farmer and seldom carried any large amount of money, so that the robbers must have been mistaken in their victim.

:o:

WITH A WINCHESTER.

Farmer Brentley, of Dallas County, Shoots Farmer Wheeler.

A fatal shooting affray took place between J. C. Wheeler and A. J. Brentley, two planters, twelve miles south of Selma, Ala., Thursday night. They were traveling along the road, together with other planters, each in their own wagons, and stopped by the side of the road to rest. Wheeler, who was in liquor, was eating, and Brentley's dog came to where he was. Drawing his pistol, he shot the dog. Brentley said: "You might as well shoot me as to shoot my dog," whereupon Wheeler opened fire on him. Brentley rushed to his wagon, grabbed up a Winchester and shot Wheeler through the heart. He fell dead without a groan. Brentley surrendered.

:o:

TERRIFIC STORM.

English and Bristol Channels Get a Blow. Vessels Delayed.

A terrific northeast gale prevailed throughout Thursday night in the English Channel, the Bristol Channel, off Cornwall and elsewhere along the coasts, doing a great deal of damage.

Several sailing vessels were driven ashore in the Bristol Channel and off Cornwall and the steamer Teutonic, from Liverpool, September 24, for New York, was delayed at Queenstown four hours, after which the storm abated somewhat, and she proceeded on her voyage. The barks Adger and Baron Hoberg were wrecked off Folkstone during the night, the crews of both vessels being saved.

:o:

STRIKE WILL CONTINUE.

The situation at Leadville, Col., is practically unchanged. There was some firing last night and early this morning, says a late dispatch from there, but it was merely the firing of the guards demanding the halting of strangers. It is now understood that the conference of the miners' committee of five resulted in a decision to continue the strike. The vote is said to have been three for continue and two for an effort looking to a compromise.

:o:

VICTORIA CONGRATULATED.

The Mayors of London and other English cities wired messages to the Queen at Balmoral Wednesday morning, congratulating Her Majesty upon having occupied the throne longer than any other British Sovereign. Church bells throughout London and in other cities were rung this morning in honor of the event, and the National anthem will be played in the theaters this evening, but in accordance with the desire of the Queen the occasion will not be celebrated officially until 1897, when Her Majesty will have completed the sixtieth year of her reign.

:o:

A KNOXVILLE FAILURE.

A Big Clothing and Furnishing House Goes Up.

McTeer Bros., one of the leading retail clothing and furnishing goods houses in Knoxville, have assigned. Charles T. Cates, Jr., was named as assignee. The liabilities are $38,000; assets not given. Preferred claims of $9,000 of the indebtedness of $20,000 falls on Knoxville and $18,000 on Eastern merchants.

DANGEROUS COUNTERFEIT.

A dangerous counterfeit made its appearance at Toledo, O., Wednesday. It is a $2 Windom silver certificate raised to $10. Toledo has evidently been worked thoroughly, as no less than six of the raised notes made their appearance at the various banks. Judging from the persons who endeavored to deposit the notes the bill-raisers are disposing of them in small stores, bakeries, etc. The raised work is excellently done.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

OUR OWN STATE.

The Latest News of Interest From Our Neighbor Towns.

BIG FAMILY REUNION.

Alabama Iron is Greatly in Demand and Readily Sold.—Girls Industrial School at Montevallo Will Open on the 12th.—Demands Retrenchment. —Other Items.

Mr. F. B. Johnson, of Pike county, had a reunion of his children, grandchildren and great grandchildren at his home on last Wednesday. Mr. Johnson had the pleasure of having fifty-two of his descendants present, and had it not been for sickness twenty more would have swelled the number. Uncle Felder, as he is known, is one of the best preserved men of his age, being 73 years old. It is rather peculiar that had none of them been kept away Uncle Felder would have had seventy-three on his 73d birthday. It is needless to say that a bountiful feast was spread, and that all who had the pleasure of attending will always remember the occasion as one of the most pleasant they ever attended. Uncle Felder has been a member of the Baptist church for over half a century, and has been a deacon for nearly a quarter of a century. Springfield Church, of which he is a member, is to be congratulated on having such a member.

CAPTAIN FREEMAN DEAD.

Captain Hiram S. Freeman, Ex-Mayor of Decatur and a director of the First National Bank, died in that city Tuesday. He was a native of Saratoga, N. Y. He owned large property, and was noted for his generosity. He was a benefactor to the poor.

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

The ginhouse of W. W. Berry, in Lexington precinct, Dallas county, was burned Friday night, together with forty bales of cotton and several tons of seed. The fire was caused by the accidental overturning of a lamp in the packing room. Loss, $4,000; no insurance.

ARRESTED IN TEXAS.

Bob and Ira Holloway, two men wanted for whitecapping a homestead settler in Lawrence county, Alabama, have been arrested in Texas, near Dallas. The whitecapping was some three years ago, and the Government has been anxious to get the men charged with the offense. While no reward was offered for the capture of the men, the fees in the case were by no means small, and worth the while for the officers to make the capture at some little expense.

THE CHRISTIAN ASSAULT.

In the case against George Austell, on trial at Scottsboro, charged with robbing R. W. Christian, the jury, after being out all night, returned a verdict of guilty and fixing the penalty at fifteen years in the penitentiary. Thomas Clipper, the second man to be tried on the same charge, when arraigned in court, promptly entered a plea of guilty and by consent of the Solicitor, was given six years in the penitentiary. Charley Hall, the last of the three who have been brought to justice, also entered a plea of guilty and asked the clemency of the court.

MOONSHINER JUSTICE.

Andrew and Anderson Hogue, of Jackson county, were placed under $300 bond each Tuesday, charged with illicit distilling and selling whisky. The hearing was before United States Commissioner Parks, at Scottsboro. From the testimony, which is conclusive, it seems that A. J. Hogue, who is County Commissioner from the First District, a Justice of the Peace and postmaster at Kosh, with three sons, have been operating two stills for several years. The father was arrested some time ago and is now under bond for illicit distilling. The three boys escaped, but the two named above were caught a few days since. The third is still at large.

ALABAMA IRON.

An official of one of the large iron companies of Birmingham, states that the output of his company's furnaces has been sold for four months to come. This large order shows that the demand is increasing, and it also indicates that there is profit in making iron even at the prevailing low prices.

An expert has demonstrated that it costs $4.85 per ton to make iron in the Birmingham district. This low cost of production makes the Birmingham iron masters independent of the tariff and of eastern competition. It is the cost of production that determines the profit of iron making. There will always be a demand for as much iron as the Birmingham district can make.

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

There is a buzz and stir in Montevallo, such as was never seen before, says a recent special from that place. Everybody and everything seems to realize the Industrial School of Alabama will open its doors on the 12th day of October to the fair girls of our State.

President Reynolds is a hard worked man, but with his wonderful skill as an organizer and his extreme energy, everything will move off like clock work at the appointed time. A car load of the most beautiful furniture, for the school, has just arrived, and six pianos and several organs are on the road. The enrollment of pupils is rapidly being filled up, and if the distant counties are not heard from their places will be given to those applying for admission from other counties.

:o:

A YOUNG DEFAULTER.

The 18-year-old assistant cashier of the Bank of Lancaster, S. C., Ernest Hasseltine, has defaulted to the amount of $3,500 and skipped out. He dealt in futures.

:o:

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

Elkins Bros.' grist mill and elevator with 10,000 bushels of wheat were destroyed by fire at Chicago Junction, O., Sunday, causing a loss of $100,000.

The Ins and Outs of It.

If you get best wear out of a coat, best work must have gone into it. You can't get good bread out of poor flour.

Moral: You can't get the best out of anything, unless the best is in it; and the best has to be **put** in before it can be taken out. Now, we have a rule to test those sarsaparillas with a big "best" on the bottle. "Tell us what's put in you and we'll decide for ourselves about the best." That's fair. But these modest sarsaparillas say: "Oh! we can't tell. It's a secret. Have faith in the label." . . . Stop! There's one exception; one sarsaparilla that has no secret to hide. It's Ayer's. If you want to know what goes into Ayer's Sarsaparilla, ask your doctor to write for the formula. Then you can satisfy yourself that you get the best of the sarsaparilla argument when you **get Ayer's.**

Any doubt left? Get the "Curebook."
It kills doubts but cures doubters.
Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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SILVER! BRYAN AND SEWALL
Bannerette,
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A Novelty for Every Home.
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10 Cents by Mail.
AGENTS WANTED. -:- LIBERAL TERMS.
TOM EVANS, 34 Park Row, New York.

FLORIDA LANDS—$100 will buy land enough for a farm. I have 300 acres of best fruit and vegetable lands near the town of Grove City, subdivided into ten acre tracts at $10 per acre. One mile from Lemon bay, two miles from Gulf of Mexico. Practically below frost. The land has natural drainage, with all the timber necessary for building and fencing purposes. Saw mill near by. Now, while lands are cheap, is the time to secure a farm in this, the coming section of the South Gulf Coast. Address with stamp **D. W. Arline**, Grove City, Florida.

Why Let Your Chickens,
Hogs Cattle and Horses Die?
Dr. Salmon's Medicines are guaranteed to cure and fatten them or money refunded. If your dealer cannot supply you send 25 cents for large sample package and Farmer's hand book of information. Veterinary Medicine Co., Nashville, Tenn.

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE
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WE PAY YOUR R. R. FARE
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$100 SALARY Per month. We procure a situation for you. It costs you nothing to investigate. Do you want work at good pay? If so write us for particulars.
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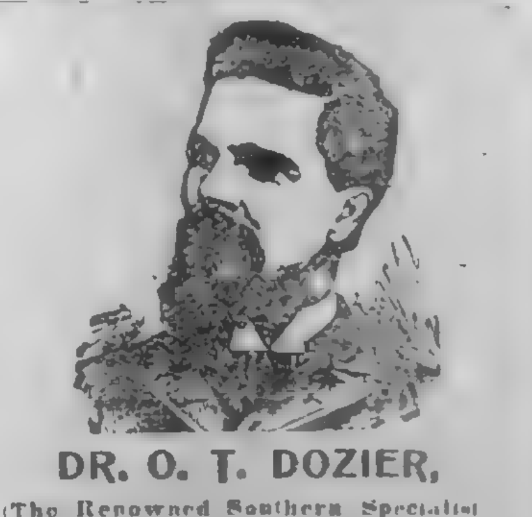
OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.



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Successfully treats, at office or BY MAIL, all forms of Chronic Nervous, Blood, Skin and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

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A FEW EXTRACTS FROM PRESS ENDORSEMENTS.

Hundreds more of like character, and thousands of high testimonials from patients can be furnished if necessary.

(Atlanta Constitution.)
Dr. O. T. Dozier, the head of the Southern Medical Dispensary of Birmingham, Ala., is a specialist of nearly twenty years' experience in the treatment of chronic, nervous and private diseases and his uniform success has given him a leading position in the medical profession.

(Masonic Guide.)
Dr. Dozier can be relied upon to treat diseases in the most successful manner, and he is known all over the south.

(The Southern Odd Fellow.)
We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be a brother Odd Fellow that can be relied on to carry out every promise he makes to those needing his services.

(Age Herald.)
* * * Dr. Dozier has resided for many years in Birmingham, and each successive year has added to his reputation, to his usefulness and to the esteem in which he is held by our best citizens. His long record and approved abilities entitle him to the proud distinction of standing at "the head of his profession."

(People's Weekly Tribune.)
As a specialist Dr. Dozier is unexcelled by any living physician * * * He is a Georgian by birth, a high-toned, cultured, Christian gentleman, strictly honest in all his dealings and financially responsible for all his contracts.

(Daily News, Birmingham.)
Dr. Dozier is a physician and surgeon of education, skill and experience, a man of culture and high literary attainments and a gentleman respected by all who know him. He can be relied on in all matters pertaining to his profession.

(Alabama Christian Advocate.)
His (Dr Dozier's) professional standing is unimpeachable and his character as a gentleman and citizen is above reproach.

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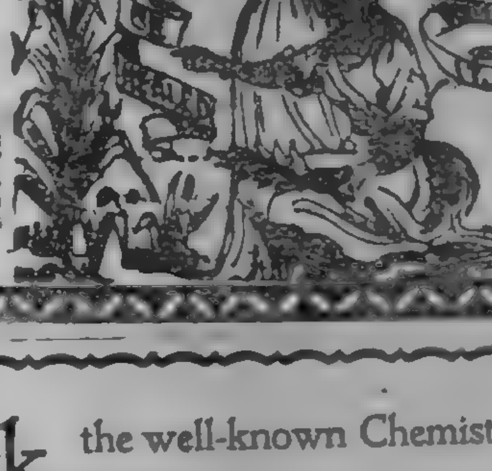
WINE OF CARDUI TREATMENT OF FEMALE DISEASES

Thousands of women are nervous, tired, have headache, sick stomach, fainting spells, dizziness, scanty or profuse menses, weak back, constipation; their sides, shoulders and limbs ache constantly—in fact, they suffer from general debility of the whole system. The superior tonic qualities of McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI make it the leading remedy for this class of troubles.

L. D. Pangburn, New Virginia, Iowa, says: "My wife has suffered for years from general weakness, pain in top of head, back and neck—at times could not do her work. One bottle of McElree's Wine of Cardui has given her instant relief. The effect is wonderful."



Prof. Babcock, the well-known Chemist, says:—

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Probate Judge

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1896 NO. 50.

"Free trains to Canton."

All oppressors of labor are for McKinley.

"All the enemies of labor are for McKinley."

"Down with the labor unions."—Mark Hanna.

"Fire every democrat in the shop." —Republican Boss.

Every dollar is redeemable in debts, taxes and commodities.

"Men Wanted: Must be for McKinley."—Joliet Steel Works.

Dear dollars means scarce dollars and hard times for the producers.

"Crush silver."—H. C. Payne, Republican National Campaign Committee.

Now is the accepted time to lead your erring brother into the political light.

"I discharge all men who won't vote for McKinley."—Corporation President.

"Suppress all talk in favor of silver in our workshops."—Hanna to his Foreman.

The government must own the railroads or the railroads will control the government.

What man so silly as to sell silver at 60 cents an ounce when he could have it coined into dollars.

Both parties have presented their Bills to the people. The jury will decide on November 3d which is the genuine.

There is a good deal of socialism and paternalism in the postal system, but no one is willing to abolish it even on that account.

Foreign news is not attracting much attention just now. The American people have decided to attend to their own business awhile.

We are constantly assured that the silver tide is turning, but it is not stated which particular section it is going to overflow next.

The man who robbed the Chicago alderman either made a mistake or has little respect for the adage that "there is honor among thieves."

Wheat, corn, cotton, hogs and cattle may double in price under free coinage of silver, even as the gold bugs say they will. But that won't hurt the farmer.

Even the British goldbugs are helping to boost the "existing gold standard" campaign by shipping gold over here and temporarily propping up the gold reserve.

The system that requires two bushels or pounds where one was promised seems to suit the plutocrat very well, but when it comes to reversing the operation the cry of national dishonor is raised.

We now rise to insist that the advance in the price of coal should not be tampered with. The coal combines have "studied the question" and know more about it than the ignorant common people.

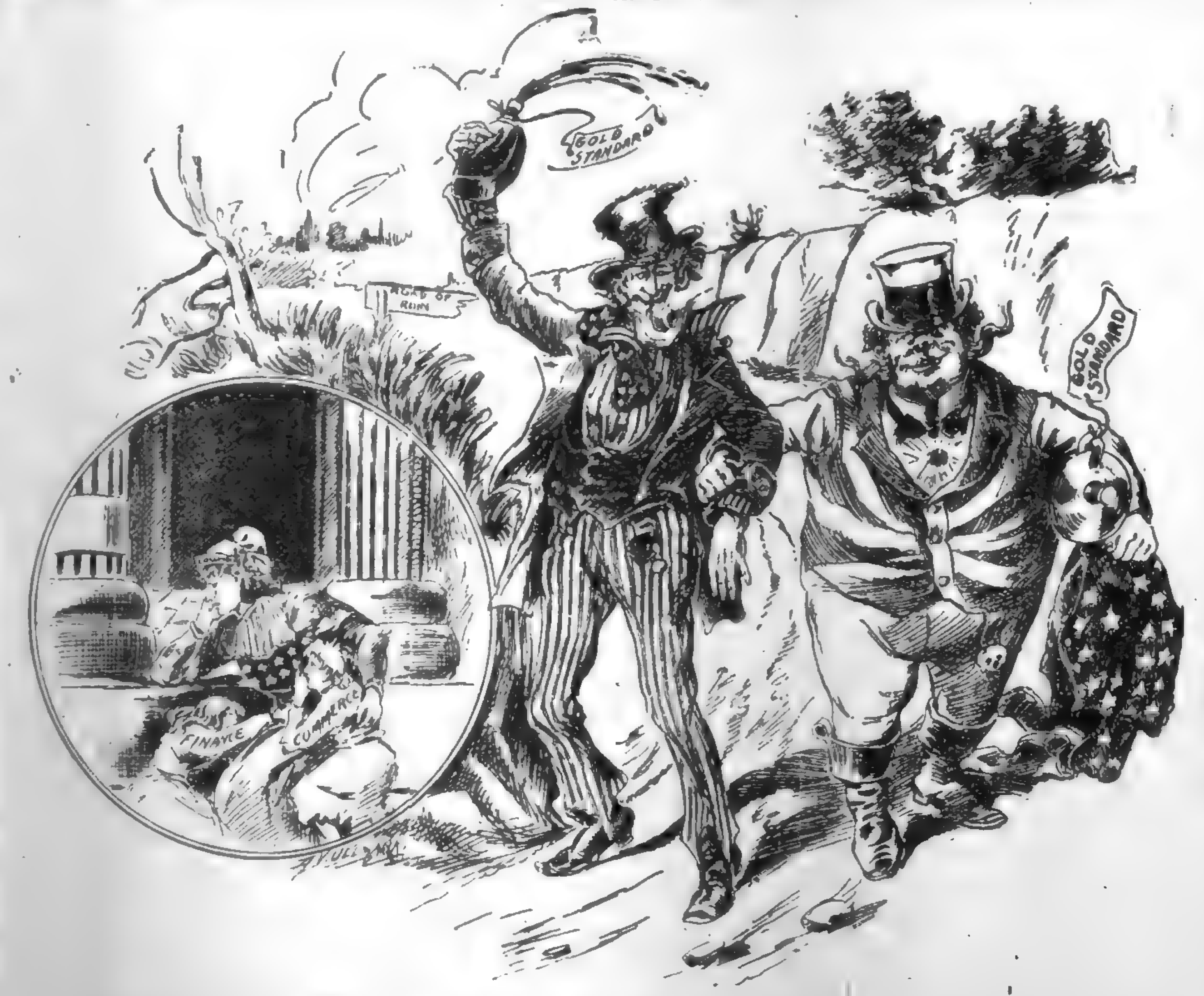
Some of the plutocratic papers are almost going into fits because the Supreme Court is being criticised. They seem to forget that there was a time when the Dred Scott decision of the court aroused the whole country and it was finally shot to death.

The principal argument the gold bugs make against free silver coinage is that it is cheap—too cheap. If it is true that it is cheap it is the result of adverse legislation. If adverse legislation will destroy its parity it is but reasonable to suppose that friendly legislation will restore it.

That speech in the senate last spring in which Senator David B. Hill promised to support the Chicago ticket and platform, and announced that Tillman should be kept out of the convention if he did not promise to do so, is one of the things which no doubt bears heavily on the New York senator's mind.

Senator Hill's silence reminds us of the story of the young man who was flirting with a girl. While in one of his moods of assumed passion he proposed marriage and she promptly accepted him. Astonished at the unexpected turn affairs had taken he leaned back in his chair and was silent for several minutes. The girl thinking the occasion demanded something more than silence said: "Jim, why don't you say something?" "I think there has enough been said," replied the crestfallen Jim. Hill evidently thinks enough has been said.

Phil Armour, Lyman Gage, Marshall Field and other prominent business men are annoyed at the impression given out by Harvey's book that they attended his "Financial School" in Chicago, and the metropolitan papers are again denying that Harvey ever held any Financial School in Chicago. These people should rest easily. Few people have any idea that they would for a moment attend any kind of a financial school not held by bankers, but there are several million people in this country who are investigating the financial question and that is what bothers the above named gentlemen.



JOHN BULL:—Hi got the Blooming Hidiot drunk. Now, hif Hi can keep 'im drunk until the Mortgage his closed, hold Hengland will be Mistress of the world for a thousand years to come.

THAT CONFERENCE.

WATSON, WASHBURN, REED AND RANKIN MEET.

Declare Their Purpose to Stand by the Action of the Party—National Convention—Bryan to Receive Full and Ardent Support of All Populists.

Recently Mr. Watson held a conference at St. Louis, with three members of the National Executive Committee. The result of that conference has been published to the country. It is proper to say that the conference was timely and the result was satisfactory to Mr. Watson and should be accepted by his friends. The time has arrived when the people demanded some action by the men whom they had made managers of the campaign. Discontent in the ranks was growing and revolt was rife in several states. The cause of most of this dissension grew out of the double-tailed presidential ticket. While there was much opposition manifested at St. Louis to the nomination of Mr. Bryan, all or nearly all were willing to accept the result provided the Democrats would do so in good faith. This was the feeling when the delegates left St. Louis. Having accepted the action of the national convention, it was not expected that the Democrats would reject the overtures there made and demand a further division of electors on the vice-presidential ticket, or that any state would bolt or reject the action of the national convention. Mr. Sewall's name was fairly put before the convention and rejected by an overwhelming majority. Then the different states began to hold the conventions and demands were made for further concessions. In Kansas and Colorado the whole of the electorial ticket was given to Bryan and Sewall. The Populists in those states had no opportunity to vote for Mr. Watson, the candidate of their own national convention. This action, of course, gave rise to much dissatisfaction which terminated in open revolt in those two states. This revolt was also spreading in other states where fusion on Sewall electors was in progress or had been made. Hence the conference between three of the national executive committee came in the nick of time.

The committee declares its purpose to remain loyal to Mr. Bryan. It also announces its purpose to "keep right in line with the action of our national convention." As to Mr. Sewall's withdrawal the report given out by the committee says: "We have formally made our request for that. The Democrats do not see their way clear to grant it. The responsibility of the result rests with them. Had Mr. Watson been substituted for Mr. Sewall and the silver forces thus united upon one set of candidates, representing both sides, fusion in every state would have been needless and we could have concentrated our efforts upon electing the union ticket. This would have brought out the entire silver vote and would have made Bryan's election sure." As to the situation in Kansas and Colorado the committee says: "The situation in those two states is unsatisfactory to our people. A proper division of electors must be made in them or our full party vote cannot be secured for Bryan. Our committee cannot recognize the action of the Populist state authorities in any state where the national convention has been bolted and a national nominee has been ignored."

This is a very plain declaration, yet it is in line with the action of the convention. It is a source of regret that the committee did not take this stand sooner. It is somewhat doubtful now if the matter can be patched up in time for the Populists to unite their vote in such manner as to carry the states named for Bryan. The action of those states has provoked much criticism outside and helped no little to complicate matters. It is questioned by many middle-of-the-road Populists whether any kind of fusion is in line with the action of the national convention. It is true that no speech made in the convention by those who favored Mr. Bryan's nomination contained any hint or allusion that further fusion than that agreed upon by the national conventiton was contemplated. It is pososible that Messrs. Washburne, Reed and Rankin have taken more advanced grounds on the situation than Chairman Butler occupies, but it is certain that a majority of the executive committee will sustain this action and it will meet with the hearty indorsement of the south and a large majority of the populists in the west and northwest. It is unfortunate, as the committee says, that the Democrats could not see their way clear to accomplish the withdrawal of Sewall and substitute Watson. As it is the committee has perhaps pointed the only way out of the difficulty and their action will doubtless be supported and adopted by all loyal Populists.

W. L. MORGAN.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Flashes of Thought Inspired by Passing Events.

The preamble to the People's party platform declares that "The influence of European money changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people." While this charge is very bold, its truth cannot be denied. Thousands of millions of dollars in railroad stocks and bonds, and other corporations in this country are held by British capitalists, and in Congress and state legislatures paid lobbyists are kept to influence (?) friendly, and defeat adverse legislation.

* * *

No intelligent person will deny that millions of dollars are spent annually to corrupt our law makers, our executives and the courts of this country. Political parties are usually divided upon matters of public policy. As a result a small minority holds the balance of power. This is the leverage upon which the lobby works. The two parties divided upon a question a small fraction of one party assisting the other is able to enact such legislation as the lobbyists demand. Then comes the power of the corporations, trusts and other combines that assist each other in securing special legislation. Both the tariff and silver questions are recent examples of how the will o. the people is thwarted.

* * *

There are two remedies for this evil. One is an aggregation of independent voters—the larger the better—to counteract the influence of the regular party minority vote; and the other is direct legislation. If this independent vote, representing a protest from the people against evil and corrupt legislation is large enough to check the influence of the lobby it is usually effective. But the better plan would be by direct legislation—a system which the People's party demands. By this means men vote upon issues without regard to party. No party success is involved in their vote and hence they are more disposed to study political questions from an independent standpoint and vote their honest convictions.

* * *

One of the recent cartoons of the plutocratic press represents Uncle Sam with a silver dollar in one hand and a magic wand in the other, saying to the people: "See, children, I touch this money (worth 53 cents) with this wand—and, presto! Its value becomes 100 cents!" The cartoon is wholly unfair, inapplicable to the subject and calculated to deceive. Every student of the money question will make a distinction between the commercial value of a dollar and its legal value. The magic wand represents the law and invests the piece of silver with the legal value of 100 cents, and authorizes it as a medium of exchange and a legal tender in the payment of debts. Its commercial value is only affected to the extent of the increased demand for its use. The value of money is not inherent in itself, necessarily, but as an agent to facilitate commerce. The man who finds a counterfeit ten dollar bill may pay it to A, whom he owes that amount; A may pay it to B, and B to C, and C to D, and D to the man who found it before it is detected to be a counterfeit; yet it has gone the rounds paid all these debts and no one is the loser thereby.

Then the question might arise why not have counterfeit money? The reason is simple. To preserve stability of prices it is necessary to have a uniform volume of currency. On this point all writers on political economy agree. And here comes an important issue raised by the People's party. The government (the people) alone can be trusted to preserve this uniformity of volume. Congress alone is invested with that power. It was denied to the states and why should it not be withheld from corporations who have every incentive to abuse it. Why even should it be confined to the uncertainties of the varying production of one, or even two, metals? The power over the currency carries with it the power over prices and the business of the country. If the government confines itself to gold and silver it is to a greater or less extent subject to the control of men who own and control these two commodities. This is a fact that is beyond dispute. The plenary power of the government over the currency question is not confined to the one duty of promoting barter by a system where all other commodities are made exchangeable into the two of gold and silver, but to promote the exchange of all commodities with each other. A paper money does this as well as a metallic currency.

* * *

One of the amusing phases of the campaign is that everything that happens, or is going to happen, in the line of the dreadful, is charged to the so-called free silver craze. Recently two men in the city of Chicago committed suicide. One was a millionaire banker and sound money advocate, and the other a poor man and a friend of the white metal. The millionaire drowned himself in Lake Michigan, and the poor man shot himself in Lincoln park. The rich man's suicide was caused by dyspepsia, inducing insomnia and aberration of the mind; the other by a fit of despondency. Notwithstanding the verdict of the coroner's jury to the contrary, the plutocratic papers announce that the real cause of both deaths was the agitation of the silver question. The banker, according to the theories of the plutocrats, went crazy because he was likely to have to pay his debts in 53 cent dollars, and the poor man took his own life because he had not even the 53 cent dollars.

Free Silver Not a Cure.

Daily News, Marceline, Mo., Dr. J. H Perrin Editor.

Those financial doctors who think that the free coinage of silver will be a panacea for all our national ills are very superficial in their observation of the economic problems that are pressing forward for solution at the present time. Are the people who produce the wealth of this country getting a just share of what they produce? Is it not a fact that the forces of nature have been monopolized to such an extent that the laboring man can only use them by the grace of some trust or combine? Then he is only permitted to have enough of the products of his own labor to keep him in a condition to continue his work, which is a battle for life. On the other hand the syndicate, trusts and combines, or any other name they may assume, grow immensely wealthy, and year by year the distance between the two classes is lengthening. What will be the result if this process is allowed to continue? It requires no philosopher to tell that a change will have to be made. We hope and believe that it yet can be made peaceably by the ballot but the time may come when it can't.

Heretofore when a workingman voted he simply expressed his choice as to the peculiar political brand the fellow should wear who skinned him. Now he is awaking to the importance of voting as to whether he should be skinned at all or not, and if he votes against any skinning process he is called an anarchist.

THE COINAGE LAWS.

HOW, WHEN AND WHERE THE "DOLLAR" WAS MADE "UNIT."

Is There a "Unit of Value?" If So of What Is It Composed Since the Law Prohibits the Coinage of the Gold Dollar?

The first law enacted by congress with reference to the creation of money was the law of 1792. That part of this law which fixes the different denominations and values of money is as follows:

"Sec. 9. And be it further enacted that there shall be from time to time struck and coined at the said mint, coins of gold, silver and copper of the following denominations, values and descriptions, viz: Eagles—each to be of the value of ten dollars or units and to contain two hundred and forty-seven grains and four-eighths of a grain of pure, or two hundred and seventy grains of standard gold. Half-eagles—each to be of the value of five dollars and to contain one hundred and twenty-three grains and six-eighths of a grain of pure, or one hundred and thirty-five grains of standard gold. Quarter eagles—each to be of the value of two dollars and a half-dollar and to contain sixty-one grains and seven-eighths of a grain of pure, or sixty-seven grains and four-eighths of a grain of standard gold. Dollars or units—each to be of the value of a Spanish milled dollar as the three hundred and seventy-one and four-sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or four hundred and sixteen grains of standard silver. Half-dollars—each to be of half the value of the dollar or unit and to contain one hundred and eighty-five grains and ten-sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or two hundred and eight grains of standard silver. Quarter-dollars—each to be of one-fourth the value of the dollar or unit and to contain ninety-two grains and thirteen-sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or one-hundred and four grains of standard silver. Dimes—each to be of the value of one-tenth of a dollar or unit and to contain thirty-seven grains and two-sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or forty-one grains and three-fifth parts of a grain of standard silver. Half-dimes—each to be of the value of one-twentieth of a dollar and to contain eighteen grains and nine-sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or twenty grains and four-fifth parts of a grain of standard silver. Cents—each to be of the value of the one-hundredth part of a dollar and to contain eleven pennyweights of copper. Half-cents—each to be of the value of half a cent and to contain five pennyweights and a half a pennyweight of copper."

The noticeable feature of this law is the manner in which it repeats the words "of the value of" when speaking about gold eagles, half and quarter eagles in connection with the "dollar," and the fact that the number of grains and parts of grains of silver used to make the dollar at that time are the the same as now.

The section of the law of 1832, which changed the ratio between the two metals reads as follows:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled: That the gold coins of the United States shall contain the following quantities of metals, that is to say—each eagle shall contain two hundred and thirty-two grains of pure gold, and two hundred and fifty-eight grains of standard gold; each half-eagle one hundred and sixteen grains of pure gold, and one hundred and twenty-nine grains of standard gold; each quarter-eagle shall contain fifty-eight grains of pure gold, and sixty-four and a half grains of standard gold; every such eagle shall be of the value of ten dollars; every such half-eagle shall be of the value of five dollars; and every such quarter-eagle shall be of the value of two dollars and fifty cents; and the said gold coins shall be received in all payments, when of full weight, according to their respective values; and when of less than full weight at less values proportioned to their respective actual weights."

This section changed the ratio from 15 to 1 to 16 to 1 by reducing the amount of gold in the eagles, half-eagles and quarter-eagles to the proper proportion to accomplish that purpose.

The first law providing for the coinage of double-eagles and gold dollars was enacted March 3, 1849. The two first sections of that law are as follows:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled: That there shall be from time to time struck and coined at the Mint of the United States and the branches thereof, conformably in all respects to the law (except that on the reverse of the gold dollar the figure of the eagle shall be omitted), and conformably in all respects to the standard for gold coins now established by law, coins of gold of the following denominations and values, viz: Double-eagles—each to be of the value of twenty dollars, or units, and gold dollars—each to of the value of one dollar, or unit.

"Sec. 2. And be it further enacted: That for all sums whatever the double-eagle shall be a legal tender for twenty dollars and the gold dollar shall be a legal tender for one dollar."

This was the first law enacted for the coining of gold "dollars," and it will be noticed from the manner in which they were bolstered up by the law specially declaring them "to be legal tender" and "of the value of one dollar" that the confidence in them was not of the spontaneous kind accorded to the silver dollar. It will also be noticed that in this law, enacted in 1849, the silver dollar was acknowledged to be the "dollar, or unit."

The next law affecting the "dollar," or "unit" was the famous law of Feb. 12, 1873, the two important sections of which are as follows:

"Sec. 14. That the gold coins of the United States shall be a one-dollar piece; which at the standard weight of twenty-five and eight-tenth grains, shall be the unit of value; a quarter-eagle, or two-and-a-half dollar piece; a three dollar piece; a half-eagle, or five dollar piece; an eagle, or ten dollar piece; and a double eagle, or twenty dollar piece. And the standard weight of the gold dollar shall be twenty-five and eight-tenths grains; of the quarter-eagle, or two-and-a-half-a-dollar piece, sixty-four and a half grains; of the three dollar piece seventy-seven and four-tenths grains; of the half eagle, or five dollar piece, one hundred and twenty-nine grains; of the eagle, or ten dollar piece; two hundred and fifty-eight grains; of the double-eagle, or twenty dollar piece, five hundred and sixteen grains; which coins shall be a legal tender in all payments at the nominal value, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance provided in this act for the single piece, and when reduced in weight below said standard and tolerance, shall be a legal tender at valuation in proportion to their actual weight; and any gold coin of the United States, if reduced in weight, by natural abrasion and not more than one-half of one per centum below the standard weight prescribed by law, after a circulation of twenty years, as shown by its date of coinage, and at a ratable proportion for any period less than twenty years, shall be received at their nominal value by the United States Treasury and its offices, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe for the protection of the Government against fraudulent abrasion or other practices; and any gold coins in the Treasury of the United States reduced in weight below this limit of abrasion shall be recoined.

"Sec. 15. That the silver coins of the United States shall be a trade-dollar, a half-dollar or fifty-cent piece, a quarter-dollar or twenty-five-cent piece, a dime or ten-cent piece; and the weight of the trade-dollar shall be four hundred and twenty grains, troy; the weight of the half-dollar shall be twelve grams (grammes) and one-half of a gram (gramme); the quarter-dollar and the dime shall be respectively, one-half and one-fifth of the weight of said half dollar; and said coins shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding five dollars in any one payment."

It will be noticed that by the previous coinage laws in which silver was the recognized "unit of value" all gold coins were, by permission, unlimited legal tender. In this law of '73, in which the "unit of value" was changed from the silver dollar to the gold one-dollar piece, silver was not permitted the unlimited legal tender quality formerly accorded to gold.

The limited legal tender conferred upon the trade-dollar by this act of '73 was taken away from it by a joint resolution adopted by the house and senate and approved July, 22, 1876, which declares:

"Sec. 2. That the trade-dollar shall not hereafter be a legal tender, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to limit from time to time the coinage thereof to such an amount as he may deem sufficient to meet the export demand for the same."

The full legal tender power was restored to the standard silver dollar by the first section of the Bland-Allison act, adopted Feb. 28, 1878, and which reads in part as follows:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled: That there shall be coined at the several mints of the United States silver dollars of the weight of four hundred and twelve and a half grains, troy, of standard silver, as provided in the act of January eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, on" which shall be the devices and superscriptions provided by said act, which coins together with all silver dollars heretofore coined by the United States of like weight and fineness shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract." (The remainder of the section limits the coinage to not less than two nor more than four millions of dollars per month at discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The legal tender portion of this law, never having been repealed, the silver dollar is today an unlimited legal tender.

The law of Sept. 26, 1890, declares:

"That from and after the passage of this act the coinage of the three-dollar gold piece, the one-dollar gold piece, and the three-cent nickel piece be, and the same is hereby, prohibited, and the pieces named shall not be struck or issued by the Mint of the United States."

Since the law of '73 expressly fixes the gold "one-dollar piece" as the "unit of value," the question suggests itself: Since the prohibition of the coinage of the gold one-dollar piece, have we a "unit of value"? If so, of what is it composed?

The law does not say that twenty-five and eight-tenth grains of standard gold shall constitute the "unit of value," but that the gold "one-dollar piece, which," at the standard weight of twenty-five and eight-tenths grains, shall be the unit of value." It seems plain from this that the country really has no "unit of value."

It is clearly evident that the politicians are doing a great deal of lying about Mexico.

All parties seem to favor the free coinage of talk.

ALABAMA CHRONICLES.

The News From Other Sections of Our Home State.

COLE GETS THE REWARD.

Thirteen Furnaces in Operation in the Birmingham District.—New Lumber Mill For Newtonville.—Forty New Machines For the Sylacauga Knitting Mills.—Come to Grief.

Henry C. Cole, the Ex-Deputy Sheriff of Jefferson county, who, with Deputy Sheriff James Ball, shot and killed Bart Thrasher, the noted Bibb County desperado outlaw and penitentiary escape, and also a pal, Lester Painter, has received $600 from Governor Oates. This was the amount of the reward offered for the capture of Thrasher, dead or alive, and his pal. Four hundred dollars was the amount offered for the capture of Thrasher, and the other $200 was for Painter.

The State offered the reward shortly after Thrasher's escape from Pratt Mines penitentiary When Thrasher killed Bass at Blocton the Governor made the reward state "dead or alive." Cole will divide the reward with Deputy Sheriff Ball and a man named Tanner who arranged the plan of capture.

FORTY NEW MACHINES.

T. J. Mathews, of Sylacauga, has returned from Philadelphia, where he purchased forty new machines for his knitting mill. The mill was started last spring, and since the day it was put in operation it has been run at a profit. It turns out a superior quantity of hosiery.

SHOWS COME TO GRIEF.

The great European and Public Shows came to grief in Sheffield Saturday. Half of the performers are in Florence giving a street exhibition, says a special from that place, with contribution attachment to get out of town. The show travels by river and floated down from Decatur Thursday.

HOWARD'S ENROLLMENT.

The first two weeks' work of Howard College at East Lake, for the session of '96, has closed with an enrollment of 145, and is expected to go much higher during the next two weeks. Never since the college has been at East Lake have the students gone to work more earnestly and quietly, and it bids fair to be a year of good work among the students under the efficient management of President A. D. Smith.

NEW LUMBER MILL.

A special to the Birmingham News from Fayette says: Mr. I. M. Whitney, of Newtonville, is in town this week. He is looking after the timber for Hancock Bros., of Tennessee, who contemplate putting up a large saw mill in Fayette. Mr. Whitney says that the mill is a go provided the necessary timber can be procured, and he informs us that he has yet to find a man who refuses to sell his timber. They expect to build a tram road from here to Newtonville and want to get all the timber in reach of the road. The road will cost about $50 per mile to build it, but these parties have the money to build the road and also cash to pay for timber as they get it.

THIRTEEN FURNACES.

There are thirteen furnaces in the district in blast, eight of them being those of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railway Company, and five those of the Sloss Iron & Steel Company, the Woodward Iron Company and others, says the Birmingham News. The only trouble is at the Dolomite ore mine of the Woodward Company, which is closed down, it is understood, on account of the refusal of the operatives to accept a reduction asked by the company until the market improves. It is stated that the Woodward Company meanwhile is getting ore from Ishkooda. A good round sale of pig iron was made recently by the Tennessee Company to a speculator. The company, for the first time in many months, sold more than its output. The boot has heretofore been on the other foot.

DEATH ON THE RAIL.

John Billow, an Aged White Man, Killed at Birmingham.

John Billow, an old man aged about 50 years, attempted to jump on the caboose of freight train No. 20, on the Louisville and Nashville road, as it was entering the city of Birmingham, Ala., in the lower part of the yards Sunday night about 6 o'clock, and met with injuries which proved fatal. The man stated that his home was in St. Louis, and thither a telegram was sent to ascertain what disposition should be made as to the remains.

LOSS WILL BE HEAVY.

The Old Detroit Free Press Building at Detroit Burned.

The old Free Press building, on the corner of Larned and Shelby Streets, is in flames, says a late dispatch from Detroit, and will probably be totally destroyed. It is a five-story brick structure, occupied by the job department of the Free Press Company, the Habben Electrotype and Engraving Company, Otley & Son, engravers, and Cliff & Higgins, bookbinders. The loss will be heavy.

POET MORRIS DEAD.

William Morris, the celebrated English poet, died at 11 o'clock Saturday forenoon in London, England He was 62 years of age.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

4th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
FOR CONGRESS
W. F. ALDRICH

Electors at large—Joseph H Harris of Chambers and S. A. Hobson of Tuscaloosa.

First district -A. B. Gaston of Mobile.

Second district—Lawrence S Knight of Crenshaw.

Third district—John G. Searcy of Barbour.

Fourth district—Thomas L Harvey of Calhoun.

Fifth district Edmund B. Langley of Tallapoosa.

Sixth district—H. P. Gaines of Walker.

Seventh district W. M. Coleman of Marshall.

Eigth district T B Buckley of Colbert

Ninth district Nelson Fuller of Bibb

Georgia has gone Democratic by an increased majority!

The Populists of the 4th congressional district, in the congressional district convention which convened at Calera on the 22d ult, acted wisely and in full accord with the voice of the party when they unanimously and by a rising vote nominated the Hon. W. F. Aldrich for congress. Mr. Aldrich, although a Republican, was elected two years ago to congress by the Populists. The certificate of election, however, was given to Gaston A. Robbins, of Dallas county, because of the fraudulent count of votes in Dallas county never cast, by the then united Democracy, every faction of which acquiesced in and endorsed the frauds perpetrated in that county. Mr. Aldrich from a sense of justice and right, and to the great satisfaction and wishes of the Populists of the district entered into a vigorous and manly contest, spending freely his time and money, in securing to the people a full and complete vindication of the right of suffrage, and an honest declaration and count of their votes.

Thus securing to the people of Alabama the rights of freemen, a luxury they have not enjoyed since 1800, when Tommie Jones, by chicanery and suppression of the majority, through ring combinations, duped and deceived a trusting people and secured a nomination to which he was not entitled, thereby received the reluctant vote of a majority of the people. Mr. Aldrich was successful in his contest and Robbins was unseated: honesty won and the voice of the majority prevailed; and he has made us an able and faithful representative, attentive to his duties, and from native ability and adaptation to the special duties required was appointed and is a member of the committee on banking and currency, one of the most important, if not the most important, committees in congress. He introduced many usefull bills in congress, and always voted to give full and honest effect to the voice of the majority as expressed at the ballot box. He is our representative and deserves our earnest and unstinted support because of the fact if nothing else, he is and has been instremental in securing to us, the Populists, a free ballot and an honest count,

APPOINTMENTS.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. A. P. Longshore will speak on Monday, Oct. 19, at Columbiana, at 1:30 p.m. and at Shelby at 7:30 p m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. T. D. Parsons will speak on Tuesday, Oct. 20 at Sycamore at 12 m and at Sylacauga at 4 p.m ; Wednesday, Oct. 21 at Childersburg at 10 a.m.; Thursday 22 at Vincent at 2:30 p.m.; Friday, Oct. 23 at Vandiver at 11 a.m.; Saturday Oct. 24 at Talladega at 11 a.m. and at ironaton at 5 p.m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. L. H. Reynolds will speak on Monday, Oct. 26 at Stanton; Tuesday, Oct. 27 at Verbena; Wednesday, Oct. 28 at Clanton and Coopers; Thursday, Oct. 29 at Jemison and Union; Friday, Oct. 30 at Saginaw Saturday, Oct. 31 at Aldrich. Monday, Nov. 2 at Calera.

Legal Notice.

By order of the Court of County Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given that the building which has formerly been used as a court house in Clanton, will be offered for sale for cash to the highest bidder on Monday, the 2nd day of November, 1896. The building will be sold in two parts, one known as the main court house and the other as jury rooms. The purchaser will be required to remove the building and clean the lot of all trash by November 21st, 1896. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bid if the bidder does not immediately pay amount of bid.

This Oct. 9, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

As it is a duty we owe to always give due reverence and proper recognition to the Divine Ruler on every occasion, and under every condition, and as the new court house which has been recently erected for Chilton county is now nearing completion and ready for occupancy and use, and it has been decided by the Commissioners and those having the matter in charge that the first use of the building should be for a religious purpose and to this end Rev. F. M. Woodof Jemison has consented to preach in the building at eleven o'clock on Thursday, Oct. 22nd. Several other prominent preachers will be invited to assist, and it is sincerely hoped that the service will be such as will inspire the people of Chilton county with a determination never to allow their house to be used for any purpose other than that of right and justice, and which will be approved by the Giver of all Laws. Everybody is invited to attend, and a useful and pleasant service is expected.

R. M. HONEYCUTT

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr

Strasburg.

Navy blue and oil colored calicoes at 5 and 6 cents at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

A full line of general merchandise is carried, and we solicit your patronage, Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

Salem Singings.

People are about through gathering here. We have just closed a few days meeting at this place. Bro. Ellison did some elegant preaching. We had provisions on the ground each day and all seemed to enjoy themselves. Miss Becca Mandlin of Plantersville paid us a flying visit on Saturday and spent the night with Misses Nettie and Lela Motley and all came out to church Sunday.

L. S. M.

* * *

Lily Lyrics.

Prof. J. M. Cordery has secured an "Arithmetic school" at Macedonia, and will begin teaching the 1st Monday in October.

Dame rumor hath it that we will soon hear the marriage bell peal forth—let the good work go on.

The cotton crop in this section, will soon all be gathered, and if it continues to rush on the market like it has for the last week, it will soon all be sold, at, from 7 to 7½ cents.

Miss Celeste Jones has returned from a visit to relatives and friends at Lomax.

Misses Lillie Savage, Della and Elma Blalack, of Maplesville, were the guests of Mrs. Mollie Rasberry. recently.

Miss Ollie Garner, after spending sometime at Maplesville, is again at home.

Opossums are about ripe, and are being gathered, and now, if potatoes were not so sorry, we would be able to have that good dish, "possum and tater."

CLINT.

Farmer's Mutual Insurance Ass'tion.

The quarterly meeting of this Association will be held next Tuesday, 13th inst., at Clanton. It is particularly requested that all the members attend as there is business of importance to be attended to.

J. A. LOGAN, Pres.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 30.

There is abundant evidence that republican money is being used in Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri and several other close states, to prevent a fusion on electors between the Populists and democrats. It is very probable that some sensational developments will soon be made in all these states and the most gigantic plot disclose to divide the silver forces and perpetuate the infamous reign of the gold power.

Whatever fusions are consummated this year between the democrats and Populists must be arranged very soon. In Missouri the union on electors has been accomplished and the State will give Bryan 75,000 majority.

Hon. Thomas Watson gave out a statement to the press last week in which he bitterly arraigned the democratic party for retaining Sewall on the presidential ticket. Mr. Watson's rather extreme position is being criticised by Chairman Butler, of the National Populist Committee, and many influential members of the party.

The recent declaration of Prince Bismarck, of Germany, in favor of Bimetalism is doing much to convert the German American voters in favor of the white metal.

L. J. Maddux, democratic candidate for congress in the Seventh California district has withdrawn in favor of Dr. C. H. Castle, the Populist nominee.

The Populists and democrats of Salt Lake county, Utah, have united on a county ticket. The Populists take four of the candidates and the democrats get the rest. The Populists in that section have heretofore been among the strongest middle of the-roaders in the country. The logic of events is doing more to unite reformers than everything else.

The Populists of Texas are strongly advocating a uniform system of school text books in their platform and on the stump.

It is announced from Washington that the United States Treasury department will soon issue a circular giving information respecting National, State and Savings Banks, loan and trust companies and private banks of the United States, compiled from reports of the comptroller of the currency, showing the aggregate resources and liabilities of such institutions, together with other important information relation to finance. A copy of the circular will be furnished free to any applying.

The Populists and democrats in Kansas estimate that they will carry that state by at least 25,000 majority.

The Massachusetts democratic convention endorsed free silver and nominated George Fred Williams for governor and the gold men withdrew.

The Veteran Soldiers' Bryan club of Nebraska has adopted resolutions denouncing Generals Siegel, Sickel, Alger et al for their trans-continental tour in the interest of McKinley.

A. L. Mims, People's party candidate for governor in Tennessee, is making a warm campaign, speaking every day.

The Rev. Park A Bradford has been forced to resign his pulpit at Tyngsboro, Mass., because of his free silver views.

The People's party state committee is claiming Texas by a plurality of 75,000 for Kearby for governor.

Reuben F. Kolb and P. G. Bowman, of Alabama, the former candidate for governor on the People's party ticket in 1894, the latter former state chairman, have taken the stump for Bryan and Sewall.

Prof. E. A. Ross, of the Stanford University, charges that professors in all of the leading colleges of the country are being coerced into supporting McKinley and opposing free silver on pain of losing their positions.

The bitter, implacable hatred which actuates the Kansas goldbugs was demonstrated at Topeka last week when a crowd of G. A. R. men in attendance at the Trades celebration howled down Hon. John S. Crosby who had been invited to address the meeting.

Nourish Him.

That's the whole secret in a word. We can cure no disease unless we can keep up the patient's strength. And there's only one way to do that—feed him. But if the system refuses food? Then use SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. It goes STRAIGHT TO THE BLOOD, stops the wasting, rekindles the vital fire, makes new flesh and so renders a hopeful fight possible against ANY disease.

Especially is this so in bronchial and lung troubles, in the relief and cure of which Scott's Emulsion has won its reputation. Book about it free.

Scott's Emulsion is no mysterious mixture. It is palatable, non-nauseating and infinitely preferable to the plain oil. The genuine has our trade-mark on salmon-colored wrapper. Get the genuine.

For sale at 50 cts. and $1.00 by all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

All kinds of furniture at lowest prices at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

Clanton, Ala., Oct. 7, 1896.

Editor BANNER: Having been called upon by some of the citizens our town to know why I don't put a stop to the sale of intoxicating ciders in Clanton I beg to say that I am powerless in this matter without assistance. I am ever ready to prosecute violators of the law, irrespective of person or persons, but before I can take any action in the prosecution of offenders, with few exceptions, there must be a charge preferred by some one other than myself. I am as opposed to the liquor traffic and street drunkenness as any citizen in town. Now in order to see who and how many of our citizens will join me in an effort to eliminate this, the great curse of our little town I respectfully solicit one and all to assemble at the court house on next Monday night, the 12th inst. Very respectfully,

A. C. SMITH

* * *

Enquire about the $25 gold watch to be given away at Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

* * *

West Chilton Warblings

To let the readers of the BANNER know I am still on the land among the living.

Health extremely good. Corn gathering is in full headway and is turning out good, there will be plenty housed to do the people, and some to sell. The cotton crop of this portion was all picked out in September and is ginned, packed and the bulk of it sold; cotton will average about a bale to every 4 acres; the long continued drouth and extreme heat, ruined the cotton in Alabama. The sugarcane crop is cut off over half.

Mr. Will Martin of Clanton and Mr. J. T. Martin of Jemison visited friends in West Chilton on the 1st, we were very glad to see them and hope they will come again.

Wylia McGee, a negro brakeman on the Jackson Lumber Co., dinky, fell between the cars and was cut in two a few days ago.

Capt. M. A. Barnes and C. G. Barnes will return in a few days to Palmetto, Fla. I hope our new representative may get up a new road law in our county, when I traveled through Dallas county and got back into Chilton I became ashamed of our roads.

OLD MIKE.

* * *

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

* * *

Senator J. K. Jones, the chairman of the "new Democracy," it is fair and just to say has proved his modesty, his sincerity, and his shrewdness. Perhaps no political manager was ever confronted by so perplexing a problem as is now offered him. No chairman in a national campaign had ever so slender a campaign fund. No man in like position had ever so eager, so earnest, so clamorous a constituency. Senator Jones is probably not unaware of the candition which confronts him, but he has that placid, even, stolid temperament which makes the many think that he is blind to the resposibilities of his position.

Marion Butler is a tall, broad shouldered, rather angular man, who swings down the streets with that long stride that seems typical of his political career. He is a strider all over. He has a rather heavy head of hair and a full beard, which keeps you guessing as to wheather his face is a strong one. As he talks his deep set eyes shut narrowly as though they were looking out of the smallest posible space, after the manner of a man whose nature is essentially feline. If I emphasize the impression of craftiness and shrewdness which Butler gives, it is fair to add that, save in a single instance, I believe he has never been charged with bad faith. The instance I speak of is when he announced his opposition to the re-election of his colleague, Pritchard. The latter, however, is less a friend of free silver than of McKinley, and Butler in all his manipulations of parties and tickets has still never shown a disposition to sacrifise a principal for a gain. The explination of his antagonism to Pritchard therefore set ms acceptable.—From "The Three Strategic Chiefs of the Presidential Campaign, By CARL SNIDER, in October.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1896,

for the election of Electors for President and vice-President of the United States, and for the election of a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

This 1st day of October, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897:

		1896
Pletcher's mill	October	1
Kincheon	"	2
Albert Headley's store	"	3
Benson	"	5
Maplesville	"	6
Shoultz	"	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 2 pm	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church, Beat 2	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Strasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore's school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor

Tax Collector's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1896:

		1896
Shoultz	October	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 4 pm	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Strasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore's school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30
Kincheon	November	2
Maplesville	"	3
Benson	"	4

T. J. HUTRAGE, Tax Collector

ELECTION MANAGERS

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for an election to be held in said County on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1896. To-wit:

Beat No. 1—T J Dorminy, J. W. Sorrell, Marshal Robinson Inspectors; J M Robinson, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 1 Providence)—I B Martin, Hugh Henry, Charles Johnson, Inspectors; J A Lowery, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 2 Jemison)—B M Gentry Ira Campbell, J P Givhan, Inspectors; G W Shaw, Returning officer.

Beat 3 (Box 1 Benson)—H W Varden John Wright, Andy Jones, Inspectors; John Middlebrooks, Returning officer

Beat 3 (Box 2 Macedonia)—Y O Freeman, A J Ware, Green Hayes, Inspectors; William Nix, Returning officer.

Beat 4—A A Ayres, John Graef, Alfred Popwell, Inspectors; A. C. Oates, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 1 Coopers)—J W G Kicker, B H Wells Hardy Jones, Inspectors; H A J Harris, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 2 Verbena)—W H Strock J J L Stewart, A H Courtney, Inspectors; — Thompson, Returning officer.

Beat 6—J R Vinson, Madison Popwell T J. Dickerson, Inspectors; Fayette Popwell, Returning officer.

Beat 7 (Box 1 Maplesville)—W Y Six G W Fox, W F Foshee, Inspectors; Geo Foshee, Returning officer

Beat 7 (Box 2 S eu tz) W A Green, J D Holsombeck L O Barnett, Inspectors; J N Gentry, Returning officer.

Beat 8—W A Weaver, D C Gaddy Alex Landers, Inspectors; Wiley Letcher, Returning officer.

Beat 8—D N Riggins W A Mims, James Collins, Inspectors; Wash Pesnce Returning officer.

Given under our hands, this the 2 day of October, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.
J. P VANDIVEER.
Clerk of Circuit Court.
J. T. COOLEY
Sheriff.

State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

I, J. T. Cooley, Sheriff of said County, hereby appoint the Returning Officers, above named at their respective voting places, to act as Special Deputy Sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This the 2d day of October, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

Fusion has been effected in Indiana, the Populists receiving five out of fifteen electors.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	[illegible]
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	[illegible]
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1 50
Silver Knight National Watchman	[illegible]

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	[illegible]
Birmingham State-Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

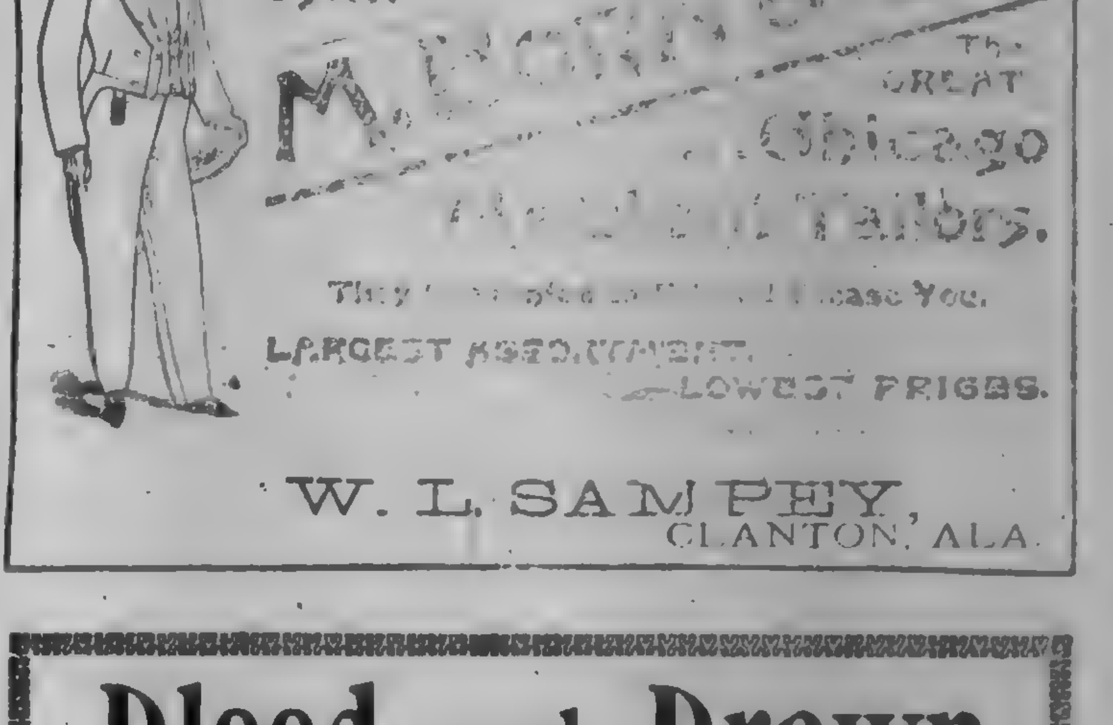
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.



Have Your CLOTHES made to Order by....

M. BORN & CO.

The GREAT Chicago Merchant Tailors.

They [illegible] Please You.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. —LOWEST PRICES.

W. L. SAMPEY, CLANTON, ALA.

Blood and Brawn

Impoverished blood means loss of strength. Probably seventy-five per cent. of the diseases with which mankind is afflicted are caused by impure blood. Very many diseases—such as **tetter, eczema, scrofula, erysipelas, etc.**, could not exist if the blood were perfectly pure. **V. V. V.** makes pure blood. It is composed of natural vegetable remedial agents skillfully compounded in the exact proportions to secure right results.

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

thoroughly cleanses the blood, tones up the whole system and brings back health, strength and happiness.

A purely vegetable compound and a wonderful specific, not only for all blood and skin diseases, but for rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, dyspepsia, malaria, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court meets second Monday [illegible] February, first Monday in April [illegible] Monday in May, second Monday [illegible] second Monday in August, [illegible] Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

[illegible] cents.	
Bales [illegible] to date	
[illegible]	812
[illegible]	440
W[illegible]	150
	1408

[illegible] CHEAP. Call [illegible] the B[illegible] Office.

[illegible] FOR SALE. I have [illegible] at a low price. [illegible] one and a half [illegible] Clanton. Will ex[illegible] seed at [illegible]

F. W[illegible]

M[illegible] his [illegible] last week.

[illegible] occupied by M[illegible] now vacant [illegible] will take the [illegible] to thoroughly repair [illegible]

M[illegible] has moved [illegible] house.

[illegible] is moving [illegible] vacated by Mr. [illegible]

[illegible] is moving [illegible]

[illegible] Garner will next week [illegible] family into his town [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] Middleton, of Haynev[illegible] spending this week with [illegible]

[illegible] SPEAKING!

[illegible] W. H. Skaggs will address [illegible] Clanton on Mon[illegible] 12, at 10 a.m., on the [illegible] of the day. Every [illegible]

Mr. Henry Honeycutt went to [illegible] Tuesday.

[illegible] Moore, after a [illegible] to relatives here re[illegible] home last Saturday.

[illegible] Foshee returned [illegible] week after a visit [illegible]

[illegible] Sue Chandler has [illegible] a pleasant visit to [illegible]

[illegible] Gallahorn is out on a [illegible]

[illegible] Johnson went to Bir[illegible] this morning.

[illegible] cheapest line of shoes in [illegible] at Mooney & Woolley's. [illegible]

[illegible] pounds of fine coffee for $1 [illegible] Mooney & Woolley's, Strasburg.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate [illegible] to the following persons: [illegible] Tom Williams and [illegible] Nelson.

[illegible] of our town people [illegible] to Providence this week [illegible] the annual meeting of the [illegible] Baptist Association.

[illegible] received a lot of men's and [illegible] of the latest styles at [illegible] suit the times at Mooney [illegible]'s, Strasburg.

Energy.

Mr. E. H. Smith met with the [illegible] misfortune last Thursday [illegible] being burned out. The [illegible] house and nearly all the [illegible] was lost as well as the [illegible] and kitchen. The [illegible] first discovered at the back [illegible] kitchen but how it orig[illegible] not known. There had [illegible] in the kitchen since [illegible] that morning. Mr [illegible] believes it was maliciously [illegible]

Free Pills

[illegible] your address to H. E. Buck[illegible] Chicago, and get a free [illegible] box of Dr. King's New Life [illegible] A trial will convince you of [illegible] These pills are easy in [illegible] are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. [illegible] do not weaken by their [illegible] by giving tone to stom[illegible] bowels greatly invigorate [illegible] Regular size 2c. per [illegible] Sold by J. S. Johnson, Drug[illegible]

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18321.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Sept. 14, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on October 24th, 1896, viz.: A[illegible] Logan, Homestead entry, No. 2[illegible], for the sw¼ of section 12 tp 23 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: James Wagoner, John Williams, Lewis Littleton, Marion Wagoner, all of Jumbo, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears and sleepless, miserable nights?

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Simonton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18353.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,179, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18352.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 25,170, for the e½ of se¼ of section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John E. Beardin, John W. Worthy, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his period[illegible] visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville	November	9
Shoultz	"	10
Valley Creek church	"	11
Welch's mill	"	12
Dixie	"	13
Stanton 9 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson	"	16
Macedonia church	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg	"	21
Mad[illegible]	"	22
Lomax	"	24
Mineral Springs	"	25
Men[illegible] church	"	26
Cane creek church	"	27
[illegible]	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	1
Coopers	"	5
Verb[illegible]	"	7&8
Wayss[illegible]	"	9
Kinchen[illegible]	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12

[illegible] Moss, Assessor.
[illegible], Collector.

FROM No. 2.

Campaign Edition.

THE ARENA.

Uncle Sam's Crown of Thorns.

"I will not aid to press down upon the bleeding brow of labor this crown of thorns."
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

All voters should read the Campaign Edition of The Arena, which began with the June issue and runs to November (6 months), price,

ONE DOLLAR.

Send your subscription to Business Office of this paper.

WANTED men and women at once. $25 00 a week easily made taking orders for the Campaign Edition of the Arena.
Secure your territory at once, address
ARENA PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Boston, Mass.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

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For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

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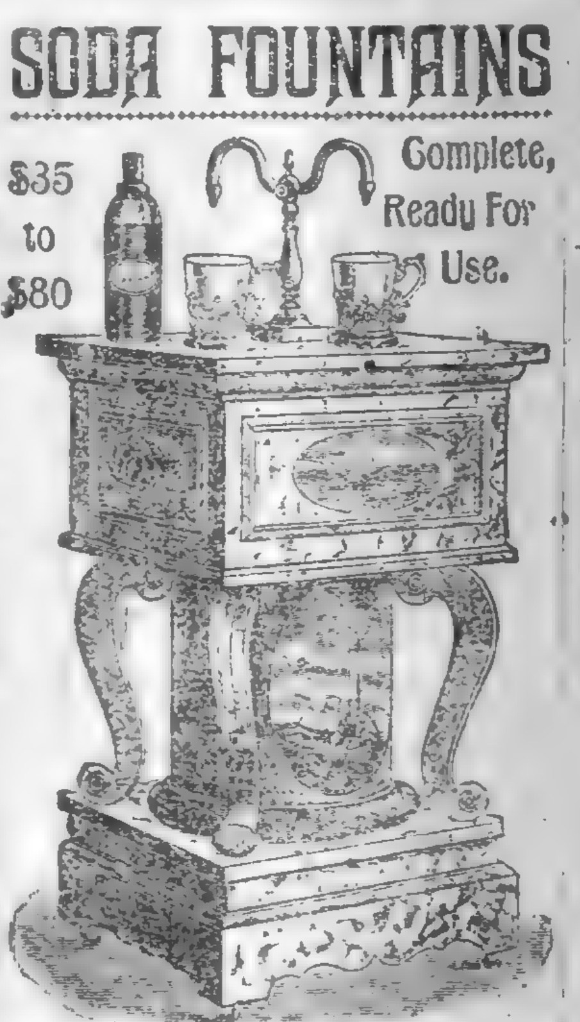
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.



30 Years in Use all Over the World

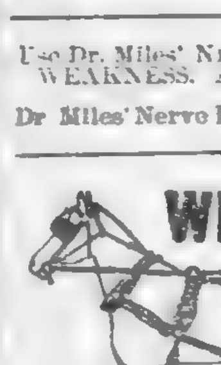
No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.



WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before [illegible]

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 21 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry.

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.
P. M. Moore, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.
P. M. Moore, Sheriff.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,351.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Thomas McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, Mary E. Gibbons, Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1896,

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real estate, belonging to said estate, to wit:

N1-2 of section 21 except the e1-2 of e1-2 of ne1-4, ne1-4 and sw1 4 of se1-4 of section 20, s1-2 of sw1 4 and sw1-4 of se 1-4 and ne1-4 of sw1-4 of section 16 all in township 22 range 13.

MARY E. GIBBONS,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U.S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

THE PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE CO.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

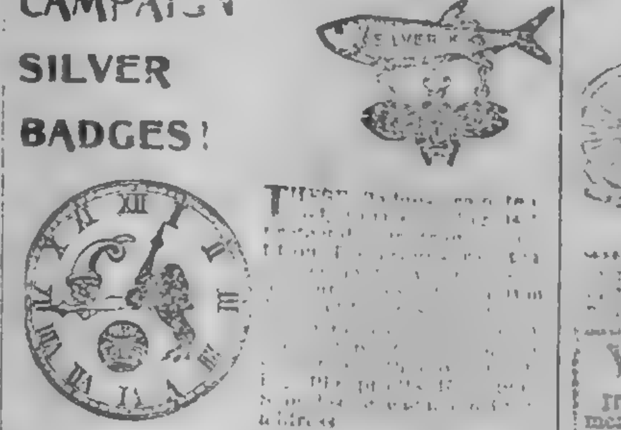
SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and [illegible] action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Z[illegible] Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co.; [illegible] sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net; and should retail at [illegible] 10 or 13 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original [illegible] than [illegible] cents per package, as we have too much re[illegible] cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason [illegible] and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined [illegible] the public by using the words constituting our trade name; there[illegible] (knowing you are posted) don't [illegible] some [illegible] per cent., instead of our [illegible] Dr. M. A. [illegible] Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, [illegible] is nothing [illegible]

[illegible] enclosing photograph, we will mail you free [illegible] on receipt of letter without photograph [illegible]

[illegible]

CAMPAIGN SILVER BADGES!



[illegible]

STATE HERALD BADGE DEPT

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements [illegible] for a high grade Acme [illegible] on approval. No [illegible] arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE Co., Elkhart, Ind,

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel.

Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER

JOB PRINTING AT THE BANNER OFFICE
FIRST-CLASS WORK
LOWEST PRICES

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently **cures.** For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

A monument to Stephen Girard is to be erected in Philadelphia. It is only sixty years since the college founder died, and Philadelphia is to be congratulated for her unusual promptitude in beginning to think of a monument.

It is noble to bear like a hero the calamities of life, but it is ignoble to continue to suffer under them when the time has arrived to triumph over them; and only an intelligent view of each case can reveal when that time has arrived.

An Albany paper inquires: "What is fame?" Well, we don't know; but we don't believe any man can be truly famous nowadays until he has been cured of some patent medicine disease and got his picture into the papers as miraculously saved.

A Connecticut man has asked his friends to buy tickets at $5 each for admission to his suicide. He proposes to enter a cage containing a lion and allow himself to be eaten by the beast in full view of the audience. But how about a rebate if the lion has a fit of indigestion or isn't hungry?

A new telescope has been constructed in Paris that will bring the moon into handshaking proximity to this terrestrial sphere. It is to be hoped that nobody will attempt to "touch" the man in the moon.

Oom Paul says that in all his Transvaal disturbances the Bible was his constant guide. It has enabled him to swap a chance to board and clothe five fellows fifteen years for $500,000 in cold cash—pretty good bargain.

If any one finds a stray church organ held under suspicious circumstances it is probably the property of the congregation of the Pleasant Valley Church, Barton County, Kan. That is believed to be the only church in the United States to-day that has lost its organ by theft. The crime is somewhat unusual, as ordinarily church organs would be regarded as too bulky to be successfully concealed by robbers. It is particularly heinous in this instance, as the instrument represents the results of numerous socials and church festivals. There is no suspicion that the music emitted by the organ has had anything to do with its abrupt taking off or that the singing inspired by the organ has aroused any latent predatory instincts in any of the congregation. The sole theory entertained is that some aggregation of persons simply stole the organ either because they wanted an organ or needed the money it would sell for, and that is the kind of a person chiefs of police have been notified to look out for.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

MR. J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.:

Dear Sir:—"Please send half-a-dozen boxes of your TETTERINE, C. O. D. This makes one and one half dozen I have ordered from you. Some I have used myself, the remainder I distributed among friends requiring it. It has effected a cure in every case where tried. Some of them have been doctoring with our best physicians, both here and in Boston, for years without any benefit. Some said it could not be cured, as it was inherited, but one box of TETTERINE effected a complete cure. I shall always keep a supply on hand, as I know myself what it is worth. Gratefully yours,"

P. O. HANLON,

Silver Springs Bleaching Co.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know, Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have 50 or $60 you can spare for a 10-volume encyclopædia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopædia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopædia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts collated in this book.

The greatest warrior is he who can truthfully say: "I am the Napoleon of myself."

Ever since 1865 there have been women (more each year) who claim that there is no soap half as good, or as economical as Dobbins' Electric. There must be some truth in their claim. Try it, see how much. Your grocer has it.

The singing of a nightingale is as certain as is the howling of a dog to foretell a death.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—LIZZIE FERREL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

"You are a 'dead shot' on giving past and future. —S. H Stephens, Gaines, Mo. Thousands testify the same way. Send date of birth and 10 cents for sketch of your life. L. C. Thomson, Astrologer, Kansas City, Mo.

Look

Sharply to the condition of your blood. At this season peculiar perils assail the system. There are sudden changes in temperature; fogs and dampness, chilly nights, lowering clouds, drenching rains. These sudden changes bring on colds, fevers, pneumonia, bronchitis and other ailments. Keep the blood pure, rich and full of vitality and you will be well. Remember,

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

LET US do your printing. [illegible] Address Free Press, [illegible]

MARRIAGE Paper with 800 ads and [illegible] many rich, free. J. W. Gunnels, Toledo O.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent free. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 41. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

A Few of the Latest and Most Interesting Political Events.

THE POPULIST NOMINATION

Accepted by Bryan in a Pithy, Pointed and Short Letter.—Silver Vote Must be Concentrated.—Hanna Says the Battle Royal Will Occur During Closing Days of October

William J. Bryan has given out his letter accepting the Populist nomination. It reads as follows: Gentlemen: The nomination of the People's party for the Presidency of the United States has been tendered me in such a generous spirit and upon such honorable terms that I am able to accept the same without departing from the platform adopted by the National convention at Chicago.

I fully appreciate the breadth of the patriotism which has actuated the members of the People's party, who, in order to consolidate the sentiment in favor of bimetallism, have been willing to go outside of party lines and support as their candidate one already named by the Democratic party, and also by the silver party.

I also appreciate the fact that while during all the years since 1873 a large majority of the Democratic party and a considerable minority of the Republican party have been consistent advocates of the free coinage of silver at the present ratio, yet since the organization of the People's party its members have unanimously supported such coinage as the only means of restoring bimetallism. By persistently pointing out the disastrous effects of a gold standard and protesting against each successive step towards financial bondage, the People's party have exerted an important influence in awakening the public to a realization of the Nation's political peril.

In a time like this, when a great political party is attempting to surrender the right to legislate for ourselves upon the financial question and is seeking to bind the American people to a foreign monetary system, it behooves us as lovers of our country and friends of American institutions to lay aside for the present such differences as may exist among us on minor questions, in order that our strength may be united in a supreme effort to wrest the Government from the hands of those who imagine that the Nation's finances are only secured when controlled by a few financiers and that National honor can only be maintained by serving acquiescence in any policy, however destructive, to the interests of the people of the United States, which foreign creditors, present or prospective, may desire to force upon us.

It is a cause of congratulation that we have in this campaign not only the support of Democrats, Populists and Republicans who have all along believed in independent bimetallism, but also the active co-operation of those Democrats and Republicans who have heretofore waited for international bimetallism, but now join with us rather than trust the destinies of the Nation in the hands of those who are holding out the delusive hope of foreign aid while they labor secretly for the permanent establishment of the single gold standard.

While difficulties have always arisen in the settlement of details of any plan of co-operation between distinct political organizations I am sure that the advocates of bimetallism are so intensely in earnest that they will be able to devise some means by which the free silver vote may be concentrated upon one electoral ticket in each State. To secure this result, charity towards the opinion of others and liberality on the part of all is necessary, but honest and sincere friends who are working towards a common result always find it possible to agree upon just and equitable terms.

The American people have proved equal to every emergency which has arisen in the past and I am confident that in the present emergency there will be no antagonism between the various regiments of the one great army which is marching to repel an invasion more dangerous to our welfare than an army with banners.

Acknowledging with gratitude your expressions of confidence and good will, I am, yours very truly,

W. J. BRYAN.

THE BATTLE ROYAL.

Regarding the future campaign work, Chairman Hanna, of the Republican National Committee, in an interview in New York Saturday, said: "I will leave New York Tuesday next, and stop at Cleveland on my way to Chicago. The battle royal during the remaining days of October is to be in the States of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Iowa and possibly Missouri. I cannot in any way divulge the plan of battle to be put in those States by the Republican National Committee. Naturally, I am very confident of Mr. Bryan's defeat, but it must not be any half way defeat; it must be sweeping in every detail and we must elect the soundest kind of 'sound money' Congress. A great deal of hard work remains to be put in. We have, however, thousands of willing hands and sound money Democrats are doing work of the greatest value, but as I have already said, a great fight is to be made in the States I have mentioned and those who wish to see the fur fly ought to be in Chicago during the last two weeks in October."

FOURTEEN SPEECHES.

Fifteen thousand men who came from the mills, furnaces, farms, colleges, work shops, mines and counting rooms of New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio and Indiana, marched up Main street hill in Canton today, says a Saturday special from McKinley's home, to greet and to hear Major McKinley, and then marched down again with the flush of enthusiasm in their faces and the promise of victory in their ringing cheers. Major McKinley has surpassed himself today. He was engaged in the pleasant work of meeting delegations from breakfast time until after sunset, and the lamps had been lighted an hour before the last delegation marched away. He has spoken to a greater number of large bodies of voters representing a vast variety of interests and industries than he had before addressed in a single day. He made fourteen formal speeches and several informal ones, and talked to thirty delegations. The day was superb, the air bracing and the sunshine genial.

SOUTHERN PROGRESS.

The New Industries Reported in the South in a Week.

The Chattanooga Tradesman is in close touch with all legitimate industrial interests of the South and special reports received indicate a much better feeling among manufacturers which is practically demonstrated by the increase in machinery wants published by the Tradesman this week. The movement in cotton and wheat continues active.

Confidence in the iron and steel market continues strong. The demand for pig iron increases and at some points, where investments in Southern pig have been so extensive, a speculative feeling is visible. Advices in Southern pig are being firmly maintained. The final test of the Hawkins process of steel-making from Alabama iron has been made at the plant of the Jefferson Steel Manufacturing Company, at North Birmingham, and was entirely satisfactory. The result will be the changing of the Jefferson Company's plant into a steel mill at no distant date. Thirteen furnaces are in blast in the Birmingham district, and large sales of iron are reported, the demand fully equalling the output. Iron men believe the upward movement in the market has come to stay.

The lumber market shows very little change. At some points business is increasing, while at others it is reported only fair for the season. White pine concerns reports considerable improvement in orders, but prices have not been affected. Yellow pine shows a moderate movement, but trade is not satisfactory and prices are still low. The hardwood industries are in active operation with plenty of orders and the calls for cypress are more frequent. The export trade is all that could be desired, the mills having all the work they can do.

The textile industries are characterized by increasing activity and but few idle spindles are reported in the South. The Northern mills that shut down during the dull period are also resuming and a healthy improvement is noted in the demand for finished goods. Work is progressing favorably on mills in course of construction and several large plants will be ready to begin business before the first of the year.

Among the most important new industries for the week the Tradesman reports the following: A $50,000 distillery, at Louisville, Ky.; a $15,000 rice factory, Fayetteville, Ark.; the City Ice Company, capital, $50,000, organized at Hot Springs, Ark.; a $200,000 cotton mill, at Douglassville, Ga.; the Monroe Cigar Company, capital $25,000, chartered at Tampa, Fla.; the Snyder Pump & Well Company, capital $15,000, at Richmond, Va.; and the Bryan Water, Ice, Light & power company, capital $20,000, at Bryan, Tex.

ONE THOUSAND SPANIARDS

Mowed Down by Dynamite Guns in the Hands of Insurgents.

A Key West, Fla., dispatch, dated Saturday, says:

The steamer Mascotte arrived here from Havana yesterday, having on board twenty-eight passengers, and among them was Samuel T. Tolan, who was arrested from an American steamer in Havana, and whose arrest caused a quarrel between Generals Lee and Weyler. He is on his way to Washington, where he will lay his case before the State Department. He states that he will make a claim for $10,000 damages.

Passengers report rumors in Havana that Maceo, in his attack on the trocha last Friday, used dynamite guns with terrible effect. The Spanish loss is placed at 1,000. That part of the trocha attacked was completely demolished. Many small skirmishes are reported. Maceo's victory has completely upset Weyler. Nothing more is heard of him taking the field in person. The troops are complaining bitterly of the food furnished them.

THIRTEEN KILLED.

Awful Result of a Boiler Explosion at Peterson, Kan.

The boiler of an engine drawing a southbound train on the Santa Fe road exploded while passing through Peterson, Kan., Sunday night. It is reported that thirteen people were killed and a number injured. One passenger from California for Chicago, named W. A. Beckler, after viewing the dead bodies, returned to his berth and shot himself in the head, dying instantly.

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WASHINGTON CHAT.

A Few Items of Interest From the Capital City.

BISHOP KEANE STEPS DOWN.

No Longr Rector of the Catholic University.—Supreme Court.—Docket For the Term, Which Begins October 12, Contains 615 Cases.—Return of Secretary Herbert.—Labor.

Bishop Keane, rector of the Catholic University of America, who recently withdrew from the head of that institution, makes the following statement concerning his withdrawal:

"Since my withdrawal from the rectorship of the Catholic University of America will probably be regarded by a considerable portion of the American public as a matter of some interest to them, and since unauthorized statements are apt to be misleading, I deem it my duty to state briefly and clearly the facts of the case."

Bishop Keane then states that on September 28 he received a letter from the Pope stating that custom forbade officials presiding over Catholic Universities in perpetuity. The Pope then invites Bishop Keane to choose as to whether he shall leave the United States, go to Rome and receive appointment to some archepiscopal see, or that he remain in the United States. The Pope also states that he is to be elevated to the rank of Archbishop, and closes:

"Confidently trusting, venerable brother, that you will accept this, our administrative act, with hearty good will, we most lovingly bestow upon you the apostolic benediction, as a pledge of our paternal affection." In reply to the Pope's letter Bishop Keane replied: "Without a moment of hesitation I accept the will of your holiness in the matter as manifestation of the providence of God, and from this instant I resign into the hands of his eminence, the Chancellor, the office of rector with all rights thereunto attached. Thanking your holiness for the freedom of choice granted me, I choose to remain in my own country, and moreover, without any official position whatsoever, in tranquility and peace."

Archbishop Keane, supplementing the letter, says: "I welcome my release from the office of rector of the university with profound gratitude. While I always regarded its duties as a labor of love, they had grown to be far beyond my strength and abilities, and the deliverance from the burden is a response to many prayers."

A NEW LABOR ORGANIZATION.

The official journal of the Knights of Labor, of this city, announces that a new organization of workingmen, to be known as "The Minute Men of '96," is being formed. The purpose of the organization as announced is to offset "the intimidation and coercion" claimed to be practiced at the ballot box in every State. M. J. Bishop, Grand Worthy Foreman of the Knights of Labor, signs the call to organize.

NAVY DEPARTMENT NOTES.

Secretary Herbert returned to his desk Monday morning, after nearly two months' absence and at once took under consideration the complication arising out of the torpedo boat competition. Late in the afternoon the Secretary settled the controversy by awarding two torpedo boats of the 30-knot class to the Bath Iron Works, Maine, and one 30-knot torpedo boat of the larger class to the Union Iron Works, of San Francisco.

The little cruiser Bancroft, on her way to duty as American guardship at Constantinople, reached Gibraltar yesterday and relieved all doubts as to her ability to cross the Atlantic.

In the cablegram from Captain Johnson, of the Cincinnati, received at the Navy Department today, he said the little ship had been delayed by heavy winds, but that all were well on board.

PICKED UP AT SEA.

Pilot boat Glance came in Key West, Fla., port Monday afternoon, having on board ten shipwrecked sailors from the Norwegian bark Saturn, which capsized last Monday during the hurricane on this coast. She was bound from Belize, Honduras, to Scotland, loaded with log wood. The men left the bark in a yawl boat and were picked up by the German bark Hedvig and transferred them to the pilot boat. The men were taken charge of by Consul Taylor.

HE WAS DECAPITATED.

W. K. Cameron, of the Cameron Furniture Company, Troy, Ala., had his head cut off by being run over by a Central railroad train in the yard at 7 o'clock Monday. He leaves a wife and four children. He lost his eldest daughter six weeks ago.

FRIGHTFUL CONDITION,

The Cyclone Stricken District of Florida—Death List Growing.

STARVATION STARES THEM.

Baker County One of the Heaviest Sufferers.—The Governor Asked to Issue an Appeal For Aid or to Call an Extra Session of the Legislature.—Distressing Stories.

Every report in regard to the recent storm increases the death list and the estimate of the property lost. The condition of the people in the storm district is appalling, and there is urgent need of aid to prevent starvation.

Advices from Baker county say: While the suffering in Baker county is great from the effects of the storm, the damage is also very great. It is estimated that the total loss aggregates some $250,000.

Sanderson's loss will reach fully $30,000, of which George P. Canova, one of the leading merchants, is damaged fully $15,000, and Mrs. McPons $5,000 to $10,000.

Aluste's loss is about $50,000, of which the Eppinger-Russell Company lose about $15,000.

John Villa's loss is about $60,000, of which the turpentine men lose in the neighborhood of $25,000.

McClenny's loss is about $20,000.

The balance is distributed among the farmers.

The above does not include the loss of cattle, which cannot be estimated until spring, Baker county being a large cattle raising section. In consequence of the above losses the County Commissioners have issued the following appeal, which explains itself:

To His Excellency, Hon. Henry L. Mitchell, Governor of the State of Florida:

The Board of County Commissioners, in regular session, do respectfully petition your excellency in his good judgment to devise some means to assist the suffering people of this (Baker) county in their sad affliction caused by the storm of last Tuesday. The people are in destitute circumstances, without shelter to cover their heads, without food to appease their hunger, and a great many are without a change of clothing. We would suggest to your excellency that an earnest call to uninjured counties to come to our aid, or if necessary, a call for an extra session of the Legislature would be of great moment. But one gin house stands in the county; every church and schoolhouse is destroyed, and the merchants, who are heavy losers, are unable to contribute to the distressed. Most all the farmers in the county have lost their cotton crops, just housed and ready for market, and as a consequence are unable to pay the merchants for advances and fertilizers furnished and even to purchase food for their suffering ones. We suggest that contributions be sent to the clerk of the Board of County Commissioners.

George Canova,
D. L. Roberts,
J. S. Dowling,
J. R. Barnes,
T. O. Phillips.

Advices from remote points are now arriving and tell the same story of death and destruction. A special from Old Town, LaFayette county, says: The storm last Tuesday was the worst ever seen in this section. It raged from 7 o'clock to 9 a. m. Nearly every dwelling house in the neighborhood was blown down, also barns, stables and all the fencing around the fields. Those whose dwellings are completely wrecked are: Mrs. McCarty, J. E. Chavious, P. B. Chavious, O. Y. and G. W. Felton and T. P. Chaires, Jr.

Young Chaires was caught under his house when falling and came very near being crushed to death. One horse was killed on his place, also one at O. Y. Felton's.

The crew of the steamer C. D. Owens are to leave tonight on their way home to Branford. They report the steamer wrecked in the lower part of the river and that the steamer Belle of Suwannee is also wrecked near the mouth. The Belle was used for towing log rafts into Cedar Keys from the Suwannee. The wreck of these two steamers will be a great misfortune to the people on the river, as they were the only boats on the river, hence it leaves this entire section without any transportation whatever.

SCORCHER FROM WATSON.

His Paper Scores Chairman Butler. Protested Against Fusion.

The publication in last week's issue of Thomas E. Watson's paper of an editorial attack on Chairman Marion Butler, of the Populist National Committee, has excited comment in politics, and is considered significant in view of the rumors afloat that Mr. Watson may retire from the ticket. The editorial in question is as follows:

"Attempts have been made to show that Mr. Watson favored fusion in the State of Indiana. That is not correct. Mr. Watson took the position at the beginning of the campaign that no Populist could consistently vote for a single Sewall elector any more than he could vote for a Hobart elector. He filed with Chairman Butler a written protest against Mr. Butler's fusion policy. Mr. Butler has ignored Mr. Watson's protest, and gone steadily forward on his own line. Mr. Watson's position is now what it was when the Georgia State Convention met. He is for a straight 'middle-of-the-road' ticket. In no other way can the Democratic managers be forced to bide by the St. Louis contract. Mr. Watson's position has been humiliating and embarrassing, and he has been compelled to submit to policies he did not approve."

CARLISLE IN KENTUCKY.

Chairman Davie, of the "National" Democratic State Central Committee of Kentucky, has received a letter from Secretary Carlisle stating that he could not leave Washington until October 25th, and that between that date and November 1st he would make five speeches in Kentucky.

ALMOST A MIRACLE.

THE RESTORATION TO HEALTH OF A PROMINENT MAN.

Worn Out by Exposure and Broken Down in Health He Was in Misery for Months—Is Now a Well and Happy Man—Read the Story.

From the News, Clarksburg, W. Va.

In the interest of common humanity, your reporter has the honor to send you an interesting and profitable interview had with one of Harrison County's most highly esteemed citizens, concerning his narrow and miraculous escape from death. The person referred to is Mr. Floyd E. Barnett, of Jarvisville, West Virginia, who is well known throughout Harrison County and other sections of the State.

Mr. Barnett's narrative is as follows: "I live at Jarvisville, West Virginia, was born and raised there, and am thirty-nine years of age. I am a farmer by occupation, and the exposure and hardships incident to this life finally overcame a strong constitution, and in the month of May, 1894, I was seized with what the medical fraternity pronounced sciatic rheumatism.

"The disease was first felt in the hip and soon became severely painful. Within a short time the whole lower extremity was affected and became terribly swollen, and at times the pain which was almost unbearable extended up into the shoulder. I consulted the best physicians and specialists in the country, some of whom treated me sometime, but to no successful purpose. I used various patent medicines and liniments of wide recommendation, but none of them gave relief. I worried along this way for some months, being unable to work and at times unable to move. I became restless at night and could not sleep. The disease seemed to affect my heart and it was utterly impossible to lie on my left side on account of the seriousness of the pain at the heart.

"My condition seemed a hopeless one and I was much discouraged, when by chance I happened to read an account in the Wheeling *Independent* of the wonderful cure of a person afflicted like myself, that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had effected. This was some time in the month of December. I immediately procured a box and began to use them. A change commenced at once.

"I continued to take the pills until I felt entirely cured. To-day I am a well and sound man. The pills not only cured my rheumatism, but drove that troublesome pain from my heart as well. For more than a year now I have not been troubled in the slightest with either malady, or any other for that matter. I am a strong man and perform as much manual labor as any farmer."

Mr. Barnett is a man highly respected for veracity. His statements are corroborated by his neighbors and his recovery is ascribed to the use of Dr. Williams' Pills. As he talked to your reporter, he showed every sign of being a man in excellent health and only too glad to tell the simple story of how his life was saved by the use of the pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

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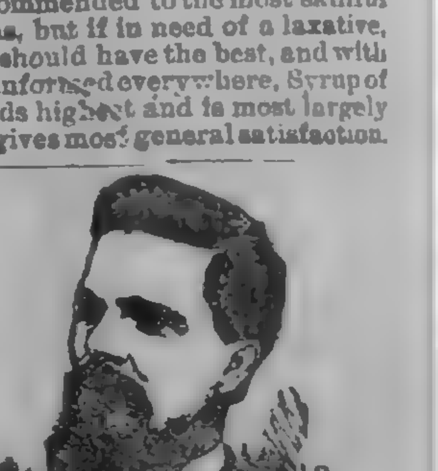

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(Atlanta Constitution.)

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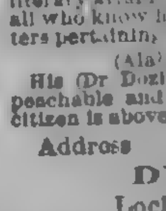

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VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1896. NO. 51.

THE CRIME OF 1873.

HOW ACT DEMONETIZING SILVER WAS PASSED.

It Was Rushed Through Congress Without Being Read and Debate Was Shut Off by the Previous Question—People Never Heard of It.

Arkansas Gazette: It has been often said, so often indeed that one would think every citizen of the country was familiar with the facts, but they are not, or if they read about it they have forgotten the facts.

The act demonetizing silver was [illegible] through congress. Less than a dozen members knew of it. President Grant, who signed the bill, was totally ignorant of it. Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, the chairman of the committee on coinage, weights and measures at the time, when charged with having advocated the demonetization of silver, said in a speech in the house: "In connection with the charge that I advocated the bill which demonetized the standard silver dollar, I say that though chairman of the committee on coinage, I was as ignorant of the fact that it would demonetize the silver dollar, or of its dropping the silver dollar from our system as were those distinguished gentlemen, Messrs. Blaine and Voorhees, who were then members of the house, and each of whom, a few days since, interrogated the other: 'Did you know it was dropped when the bill passed?' 'No,' said Mr. Blaine, 'did you?' 'No,' said Mr. Voorhees. 'I do not think there were three members in the house that knew it. I doubt whether Mr. Hooper, who, in my absence from the committee on coinage and attendance on the committee on ways and means, managed the bill, knew it. I say this in justice to him.'" This statement was made in the Forty-fifth congress.

In the Forty-sixth congress the matter was again brought to the attention of the house by Judge Kelly, who said: "All that I can say is that the committee on coinage, weights and measures, who reported the original bill, were faithful and able, and scanned its provisions closely; that as their organ I reported it: THAT IT CONTAINED PROVISIONS FOR BOTH THE STANDARD SILVER DOLLAR AND THE TRADE DOLLAR. Never having heard until a long time after its enactment into law of the substitution in the senate of the section which dropped the standard silver dollar, I profess to know nothing of its history, but I am prepared to say that in the legislation of this country there is no mystery equal to the demonetization of the silver dollar of the United States. I have never met a man who could tell just how it came about or why. The bill passed without any allusion in debate to the question of the retention or abandonment of the standard silver dollar."

Evidently the crime was committed after it had left the hands of the committee, and before it was voted on in the house. How it passed that body is as described by Congressman Bright of Tennessee: "It passed by fraud in the house, never having been printed in advance, being a substitute for the printed bill; never having been read at the clerk's desk, the reading having been dispensed with by an impression that the bill made no alteration in the coinage laws; it was passed without discussion, debate being cut off by operation of the previous question. It was passed, to my certain information, under such circumstances that the fraud escaped the attention of some of the most watchful, as well as the ablest statesmen in congress at the [illegible]

Senator Allison said in reference to the subject: "When the secret history of the bill of 1873 comes to be told, it will disclose the fact that the house of representatives intended to coin both gold and silver, and intended to place both metals upon the French relation instead of on our own, which was the scientific position with reference to the subject in 1873, but that the bill afterward was doctored."

Senator Beck said: "The bill never was understood by either house of congress." Senator Thurman said: "There was not a single man in the senate, unless a member of the committee from which the bill came, who had the slightest idea that it was even a squint toward demonetization."

Mr Holman, in the house, said "the measure and the methods of its passage was a colossal swindle. It does not possess the moral force of law."

Representative Cannon, of Illinois, says the bill was not discussed and other members of congress nor the people understood the scope of the [illegible].

Senator Hereford, of West Virginia, in a speech in the senate, said "the bill never was read, never was discussed, and the chairman of the committee said to Mr. Holman, when asked the question, that it did not affect the coinage in any way whatever."

Who was benefited by this crime? The foreign and New York bondholders. Who paid for it? Let the following affidavit explain. It was made by Frederick A. Luckenbach, a former member of the New York Stock Exchange, but a resident of Denver for several years. The present editor of the Gazette met Mr. Luckenbach in Denver and heard him rehearse the matter, substantially as given in this statement:

In 1865 I visited London, England, for the purpose of placing there Pennsylvania oil properties in which I was interested. I took with me letters of introduction to many gentlemen in London, among them one Mr. Ernest Seyd, from Robert M. Faust, ex-treasurer of Philadelphia. I became well acquainted with Mr. Seyd and with his brother, Richard Seyd, who, I understand, is yet living. I visited London thereafter every year, and with each visit renewed my acquaintance with Mr. Seyd. In February, 1874, while on one of these visits, and while his guest at dinner, I, among other things, alluded to rumors afloat of parliamentary corruption, and expressed astonishment that such corruption should exist. In reply to this he told me he could relate facts about the corruption of the American congress that would place it far ahead of the English parliament in that line. After dinner he invited me into another room, where he resumed the conversation about legislative corruption. He said: "If you will pledge me your honor as a gentleman not to divulge what I am about to tell you while I live, I will convince you that what I said about the corruption of the American congress is true." I gave him my promise, and he then continued: "I went to America in 1872-73, authorized to secure, if I could, the passage of a bill demonetizing silver. It was to the interest of those whom I represented—the governors of the Bank of England—to have it done. I took with me $500,000, with instructions if that was not sufficient to accomplish the object, to draw for another $500,000, or as much more as was necessary. I saw the committees of the house and senate and paid the money and stayed in America until I knew the measure was safe. Your people will not now comprehend the far-reaching extent of that measure, but they will in after years. Whatever you may think of corruption in the English parliament, I assure you I would not have dared to make such an attempt here as I did in your country."

Such, in brief, is the crime of 1873, the crime which the people of the United States are clamoring to have undone; a crime which, in the language of Mr. Carlisle, "would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilences and famines that ever occurred in the history of the world."

THE POSITION OF THE AMERICAN LABORER WHO ACCEPTS REPUBLICAN PRINCIPLES.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

He Accepts the Sop From the Plutocracy but Still Remains in the Stocks.

A Lumbering Lie Nailed.

The New Berne (N. C.) Chronicle in its first issue denies that American lumber has been affected by tariff change, and says:

"Since the tariff was removed less lumber has been shipped from Canada than for any like period when lumber was protected. * * * The demand is too slight, the supply too great—consequence, slump in the lumber industries. * * * Lumber, like all other things manufactured in the United States, has fallen in price because of underconsumption. Give the consumers their just deserts—an honest currency—and not only the sawmills but all the mills and factories will resume work, for the consumers will have the means with which to buy homes. Under our present gold standard—having at least one-half less than money enough with which to do the business of the nation—we may expect a continuation of hard times and closing factories; and just at this time, when the powers of Wall street are strenuously exerting themselves to frighten the American people into selling their birthright for a mess of Hannaism, we may expect fairly a pyrotechnic display of 'object lesson.'"

Political Pointers.

West Virginia is full of woods and the woods are full of democrats.—Register, Point Pleasant, W. Va.

Will Brother Hanna kindly arise and lead the Republican Glee club in singing, "Ark, from the Tombs a Doleful Sound," etc?

"The cold refrigerated fact remains that here in silver-cursed Mexico we have the money to pay our bills."—Mexican Herald.

If free silver is going to make gold worth so much more than now, what is the gold owner kicking about?—Harrisburg, Pa., Patriot.

Wall and Lombard streets are bitterly opposed to Bryan—all the more reason why those who earn their own living should support him.—Biddeford, Me., Times.

A silver dollar in the hands of the people is worth to them considerable more than two gold dollars in the pockets of a Wall street capitalist.—Gazette, Asheville, N. C.

We do not know where Miss Pollard is but it will be news to her to learn that Col. W. C. P. B. has discovered and recovered his conscience.—Wilmington, (N. C.) Star.

The goldbug argument is becoming reduced to the statement that "the silver craze is dying out." It is almighty lively to be on its deathbed.—Gazette, Phoenix, Ariz.

HUNTINGTON'S SCHEME.

Wants the Government to Wait 100 Years Longer.

The case of the Central Pacific railroad is one that justifies the government control of railroads. The relation of the Central Pacific and the government is thus stated by the Twentieth Century:

"The Central Pacific railroad company is bankrupt. Its immense indebtedness includes a round $80,000,000 to the United States government. This sum represents principal and interest of 6 per cent bonds, payable in thirty years from date, issued by the government to the builders of the Central Pacific road at different times between 1865 and 1872. The original sum total of them all aggregated about $28,000,000. The first of these bonds became payable in January, 1895, and the interest during all those years, not compounded, came to 180 per cent of the face value of the bonds. The remaining bonds fall due at intervals until 1902. Now, the sole survivor of the four men who built the road is C. P. Huntington, and he is responsible for the bills that turn up so persistently in congress.

Mr. Huntington wishes congress to decree that the railroad be granted 100 years longer in which to pay this debt. Interest he says should be 2 per cent, and the United States government should become responsible for both principal and interest of these new 100 year bonds. The bonds now existing are to be cancelled when the new bonds make their appearance, and the railroad itself shall be freed from its present indebtedness altogether. The railroad proposes to pay principal and interest of the new bonds in installments, the last one falling due in 1997.

That is a very interesting scheme. If it succeeds Mr. Huntington will be the most famous money maker that ever lived. For these reasons:

The Central Pacific railroad exists under California laws. It is not incorporated under the national government. Its charter expires in 1911. Its affairs must be wound up then. Should it pay its debts it may reincorporate. If not, it goes into a receiver's hands. Under the laws of California the four estates of Messrs. Huntington, Stanford, Crocker and Hopkins (the men who pushed the road through) are liable for the indebtedness. But when the government sued the Stanford estate, Mr. Cleveland's attorney general failed to carry the case to the courts on its merits, and lost before the supreme court of the United States. No justice changed his mind on this occasion. The corporation disappears in 1911. Suppose the government took possession of the road. It would get "two streaks of rust and a right of way." Huntington's scheme, defeated in the last democratic congress, and revived in the last republican one, grants him immunity from all liability. Uncle Sam hands over his security to Huntington, who gives him back a valise. Uncle Sam's security represents $65,000,000, plus $75,000,000 principal and interest respectively on the entire Pacific debt, plus $20,000,000 of sinking fund, plus millions more for costs and interest. Huntington's valise represents a corporation that disappears in 1911, and two streaks of rust and a right of way.

Huntington pursues this game of his by means of bills introduced into congress from time to time. The entire business of the house of representatives has been blocked by these measures."

Foraker's Blunder.

(St. Louis Republic, Silver Democrat.)

When Senator Foraker blundered into the statement that the reason silver dollars were maintained at a par with gold is because silver dollars and every other form of United States money are redeemable in gold he did a high service for the Democratic campaign. The letter of Assistant Secretary of the Treasurer Curtis to Congressman McRae, stating that the government does not redeem either silver dollars or silver certificates in gold, disposes of this campaign fraud. Neither the ignorant nor the lying orator can now dupe the voters into believing that the present silver dollars and certificates are good because they are redeemable in gold.

Palmer Isn't.

It is said that Palmer was a Democrat before Bryan was born. But Bryan is still a Democrat.—San Francisco Examiner.

Talk about "strong men"—there's Bryan carrying the country!

WHAT IS MONEY?

THE POWER TO CREATE VESTED IN CONGRESS ALONE.

The Value of Money Is Legal and Not Material—Iron and Steel Intrinsically Worth More Than Silver or Gold—Some Sound Reasoning.

While everybody—and most particularly those who have the least of it—are talking about money and discussing the money question, especially gold and silver money, it might be well for them, in order to better inform themselves, to stop and ask themselves the sober question in the above caption—"What Is Money?" The child will tell you that it is what you buy candy with. Some men, who pass for great statesmen, will tell you that it is gold and silver and bank paper based on gold and silver, with nickel and copper for currency. This is true. But these metals have not always been money, neither are they necessarily the only substance out of which money may be made. Money is a creation of law. The constitution of the United States says that "Congress shall have power to coin money and regulate the value thereof"; and it does not specify any particular substance out of which such money shall be coined. At different periods in the world's history nearly everything has been used as money. Probably the earliest money in general use to any great extent were sheep and cattle. In ancient Britain slaves were used as money and were called "living money." In Sparta, during the reign of Lycurgus, iron was the medium of exchange. Rome first used gold for money about two centuries before the Christian era. Carthage used leather bearing the stamp of government. Cathay used as money the inner bark of a certain tree, cut into circle and bearing the imprint of the king. It was a full legal tender, and to counterfeit it or depreciate it or attempt to depreciate it by refusing to accept it in payment for debts was death. Glass coin was at one time the currency of Arabia, and codfish was used as money in Newfoundland. At one time in Massachusetts musket balls were used as money. In 1732 tobacco was legal tender in Maryland, and nails were used for small change in Scotland as late as 1776. George W. Childs stated in his paper, the Ledger, that turnips circulated in Philadelphia in the place of copper cents as late as 1865. A hundred other instances could be mentioned. Money is a representative of value; simply a medium of exchange, and a creature of law. We will quote a little from high authority:

"Money is a value created by law. Its value is legal and not material. It is, perhaps, not easy to convince one that the value of metallic money is created by law. It is, however, a fact."—Henri Cernunchi.

"To coin money and regulate its value as an act of sovereignty involves the right to determine what shall be taken and received as money; at what measure or price it shall be taken; and what shall be its effect when passed or tendered in payment or satisfaction of legal obligations. Government can give to its stamp upon leather the same money value as if put upon gold or silver, or any other material."—Judge Tiffany, in "Constitution Law," page 221.

"Metallic money, while acting as coin, is identical with paper money in respect to its being destitute of intrinsic value."—North British Review.

"Money is a medium of exchange. Whatever performs this function, does the work, is money, no matter what it is made of."—Walker's Political Economy.

"Gold and silver are not intrinsically of the equal value of iron. No methods have been hitherto formed to establish a medium of trade equal in all advantages to its bills of credit made legal tender."—Benjamin Franklin.

The first legal tender established by Massachusetts was the beads of the Indians, and though insufficient in quantity, it answered the purpose of money quite as well as English gold or Spanish silver. Later the infant colony issued paper to pay soldiers sent on an expedition against Canada. The issue was for five thousand pounds in notes from five shillings to five pounds, and was redeemable in taxes. This money was not made a legal tender. It was not stamped as money by which private debts could be paid; but in 1692 it was ordered that they should be received at the treasury at five per cent over metal money. This "fiat" brought them at once to par with gold, and they stayed at par with that metal for twenty years, until taken up in the revenues of the colony.

In 1775 Virginia put out her notes to sustain the war of that period, and guaranteed their redemption in a specific tax. To make their success doubly sure, these notes bore interest at six per cent. Thomas Jefferson afterward wrote in his history of the colonial money: "Not a bill of this emission was found in circulation. It was locked up in the chests of executors, guardians, widows, farmers." Why? Because it was good money. It would not have been hoarded if it was not. Jefferson further says: "We then issued bills bottomed on a redeeming tax, but bearing no interest. These were received, and never depreciated a single farthing."

This is populist money. The money that the men who are ridiculed and abused and called cranks advocate. Money bottomed on taxes—backed by that which is now back of the gold interest-bearing bonds of the United States; the wealth of the entire country; the credit and the honor of the government. While studying the "silver question," don't forget the money question.

Cleveland and Carlisle.

The telegram of Mr. Cleveland to the bondocrats of Louisville on the occasion of the notification of the bolters that they had been nominated, was most natural. Mr. Cleveland during his last administration has been so busy in bond deals that it is natural he should mistake bondocrats for democrats. But it is a little odd that Mr. Carlisle in his communication should call the goldbug bondocrats "the old-fashioned democrats," when he declared in 1878 that this bondocratic "conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by legislation and otherwise from three-sevenths to one-half of the metallic money of the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age." Will Carlisle have the same faith in Cleveland after the 4th of March as he now has if he does not get a fat place in New York for his services as secretary? It is to be hoped that the Morgans and the Belmonts will retain both Cleveland and Carlisle as long as they live for their faithful service to them.

Why Manufacturers Intimidate.

The editor of this paper has been canvassing in Maryland, New York, and New England for the past two weeks, and asserts without fear of contradiction that if the people could cast their ballots without fraud and corruption on the part of the goldbugs and without intimidation on the part of employers of labor, Bryan would carry every section which the editor visited by a majority of more than two to one. The people appear to be all one way, the banks and the employers of labor all the other way. It seems that the London banks direct the policy of the New York banks, the New York banks control the country banks, and the country banks have got manufacturers and all other business men by the throat, and they dare not either think or act for themselves. And that explains why the employers of labor are issuing circulars and making threats against their employes if they do not vote for the perpetuation of the gold standard.

Porfirio Diaz on Mexico.

Much has been said about the disastrous effects of the free coinage in Mexico. Porfirio Diaz, the president of Mexico, tells us just what the effect of the use of silver is in his country, and how the difference of exchange benefits Mexico. His statement is published elsewhere in this issue.

Notwithstanding the undisputed evidence that the silver standard countries have a tariff against the United States in the difference of exchange which is a bounty on exports and a tax on imports, the republican party, claiming to be the party of protection for the United States, insists that China and Japan shall be first protected. That protection against the United States is just as much a cardinal doctrine of the republican party in this campaign as protection for the United States has ever been, is now well established.

Cuba.

The people of the United States, happy in the enjoyment of the blessings of free government, feel a generous sympathy toward all who are endeavoring to secure like blessings for themselves. This sympathy, while respecting all treaty obligations, is especially active and earnest when excited by the struggles of neighboring peoples, who, like the Cubans, are near enough to observe the workings of a government which derives all its authority from the consent of the governed.—W. J. Bryan.

Railroads.

The right of the United States government to regulate interstate commerce cannot be questioned and the necessity for the vigorous exercise of that right is becoming more and more imperative. The interests of the whole people require such an enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission as will enable it to prevent discrimination between persons and places and protect patrons from unreasonable charges.—W. J. Bryan.

Pacific Railroads.

The government cannot afford to discriminate between its debtors, and must therefore prosecute its legal claims against the Pacific railroads. Such a policy is necessary for the protection of the rights of patrons as well as for the interests of the government.—W. J. Bryan.

Mr. Stevenson Will Preside.

Vice-President Stevenson has informed Secretary Gardner of the Association of Bryan Clubs that he will accept the association's invitation to preside at the club convention at St. Louis on Oct. 3. The club officials now count upon an attendance of 10,000 delegates.

Nothing But Money.

Mr. Hanna is now using money and oratory in the west and oratory and money in the east—and principally money.—Nashville Sun.

Bragg Objects.

Detroit Tribune: That is to say, Gen. Bragg declines to be left alone with that other private in the ranks.

Gold democrats have talked a good deal about "Preserving the Ark of the covenant." Did they hear from it Monday?

NOT AN EXPERIMENT.

Free Silver Coinage Would Be Only a Return to First Principles.

(From Denver Times, Silver Republican.)

One of the arguments advanced by the gold standard advocates is that any change in our monetary system would create, in our own country, a dangerous disturbance of values and would completely upset our business relations with all foreign countries.

It might be supposed from their attitude on this question that we are enjoying a high degree of prosperity, and that this desirable state of existence might be endangered by the proposed change in the monetary system. In view of the bankruptcy, poverty, and distress of the people of the United States to-day, are we not called upon to try something, although the remedy we try may not be perfect? We have tried the single gold standard for over twenty years, and after so long a trial we have reached business paralysis, labor is unemployed and poverty and want is upon every side, and we have yet to hear of a prospect of improvement under a continuation of the gold standard.

Bimetallism, however, is no experiment. History tells us that under this system alone the world has been prosperous. To return to the bimetallic standard is no new order of things, and to wait for an international agreement is to never return to bimetallism. It is probable that an international agreement for the establishment of a ratio between gold and silver will never be made, even though all nations should suddenly become bimetallists. The reason for this is that each nation makes its own laws concerning legal tender money and banking.

An international agreement would be a treaty between nations, and treaties are of no other binding effect than the willingness of the parties to them to maintain them. It is the law of nations that any nation may withdraw from any treaty to which it is a party, whenever that treaty operates perniciously upon its interests.

A change in our financial system, however radical it might be, would not prevent other countries from trading with us. The United States could not build a wall high enough to prevent John Bull from climbing over it to sell us his goods, under whatever financial system we choose to adopt. If any foreign nation felt disposed to stop trading with us because her people disliked our financial system, we would try and get along without buying from them.

Commerce and trade do not depend upon the uniformity of money in the different countries. Gold itself is no international money. A little experimenting by the United States would not be out of place at the present time. Under the gold standard we have been steadily going from bad to worse, and yet from year to year the gold monometallists have insisted that trade would soon be better and times would improve—just hold on a little longer and all would be well.

The American people have had enough of the "prosperity" of the gold standard system, and propose to return to the financial system of prosperous times, and in doing so the country will be able to withstand the shock of the alleged experiment.

P. S.—The single gold standard is an experiment and the empty pocketbooks of the people tell how costly it has proved.

What Bryan Said in 1893.

"You may think you have buried the cause of bimetallism; you may congratulate yourselves that you have laid the free coinage of silver away in a sepulcher, newly-made since the election, and before the door rolled the veto stone. But, sirs, if our cause is just, as I believe it is, your labor has been in vain; no tomb was ever made so strong that it could imprison a righteous cause. Silver will lay aside its grave clothes and its shroud. It will yet rise, and its rising and reign will bless mankind."

Injunctions.

The recent abuses which have grown out of injunction proceedings have been so emphatically condemned by public opinion that the Senate bill providing for trial by jury in certain contest cases will meet with general approval.—W. J. Bryan.

A New Job.

Visitor—Where is your living skeleton nowadays?

Museum Manager—Out working for McKinley. He sits on the platform at Republican speakings as a Mexican laborer.

They All Love Sheehan Now.

The republican newspapers have been quick to perceive that all the political sins they used to attribute to Hon. William F. Sheehan have been laundered out of existence.

Ye Gods! Hear This.

With Hetty Green contributing to the campaign fund of the Texas republicans and Russell Sage worrying over the laboring man, it would seem that the country is safe.—Ex.

Needed Repairs.

Washington Post: Suppose Senator Thurston did change his mind on the financial question. Could the man be expected to stick to his old mind when it was out of repair?

Michigan Rainbow Chaser.

Don M. Dickinson predicts 50,000 majority for McKinley in Michigan. Mr. Dickinson gained considerable notoriety as the chief of the rainbow chasers in 1888.

THE JOKER'S BUDGET.

JESTS AND YARNS BY FUNNY MEN OF THE PRESS.

Unremitting—A Kiss Ratio—Why She Took Him—Her Claim to His Whiskers—A Much-Sought Way—Three Balls—A Rural Definition.

WHERE THE OUT CAME IN.

Doctor—The matter with you is that you want to be out more.

Patient—I'll be out enough when I get your bill, doctor.

ADVICE.

"Oh, dear, how the hours do drag! I wish I knew how to hurry them on."

"Why don't you apply the spur of the moment?"

AN APPARENT NECESSITY.

Chumley—I'd like to put an advertisement in the Bugle for a nurse.

Editor—That's right young man. The most sensible thing you could do.

INCAPACITATED.

Judge—You say your husband gave you that black eye. Then why isn't he in court to answer to the charge?

The Plaintiff—Sure, Your Honor, he can't see or walk.

SMALL CHANCE FOR HIM.

"Brown'll never go to glory in a chariot of fire."

"No; he'll hardly get to a roof garden in an elevator."

CARELESS FELLOW.

Pretty Wife—"What fools sheep are," the remark being suggested by something she was reading.

Abstracted Husband—"Yes, lamb," and he wondered why she rushed out slamming the door as she went.

SOCIOLOGICAL.

"And you really tell me that you have no paupers here?" said the astonished traveler.

"Not one," said the native. "How could we when the country is too poor to support 'em?"

OR AT LEAST A PIECE OF HIM.

"Isn't it terrible!" said the trembling Algerian. "Our ruler has been bitten by one of the royal mastiffs."

"It was to be expected," replied his philosophical comrade. "Every dog has his Dey, you know."

A DOUBT.

"The Amazons," exclaimed the courier, hurriedly, "are anxious to advance and throw themselves into the breach."

The King of Dahomey knit his brows.

"Do you think it would be safe?" he mused. "You know how it is about women throwing."

TAKEN LITERALLY.

Horton—What would you do if I should ask you to lend me ten dollars?

Bixby (who thinks it is a conundrum)—Give it up.

Horton—Thanks, old man. That's very good of you. I'll pay you back at the first possible moment 'pon honor.

KEEPING IT TO HIMSELF.

Diggs—What makes you wear your coat buttoned up to the chin in that way, old man? It isn't cold to-day.

Griggs—I know it, but my wife made me a present yesterday of a new necktie that she had bought herself.

UNREMITTING.

"I must say," remarked the merchant, "that Mr. Fucash devotes the most unremitting care to his business."

"He doesn't pay his bills, though," replied the bookkeeper.

"That's what I have reference to. Whenever we ask him to please remit, he doesn't pay any attention to it."

A KISS RATIO.

"Charley is a 16 to 1 man," said Ethel to Mabel, speaking of her fiance.

"I don't take any interest in politics," replied Mabel.

"Oh, this isn't politics."

"What is it?"

"He's willing to give me sixteen kisses for every one I give him."

WHY SHE TOOK HIM

"I understand that she can't resist a bargain."

"That's right. She'll buy the most useless things if they seem to be bargains. Why, her titled husband was a bargain."

"Really?"

"Yes indeed. If I'm not mistaken he was sold under the hammer for his debts and she bid him in."

A RURAL DEFINITION.

"What is the meaning of the word 'original?'" asked the rural teacher of the class of small boys.

"Liar, sir," shouted a little fellow at the foot of the class.

"No, sir!" thundered the teacher.

"Well, hit's mighty close ter it," said the boy, "fer dad says you're the most original liar he ever seen!"

A MUCH SOUGHT WAY.

Carruthers—"Yes: I wouldn't mind a situation that was quite laborious, in a way."

Waite—"In what way?"

Carruthers—"Why, where I'd have to work hard to convince myself that I was doing anything."

THREE BALLS.

"I see they are applying ball bearings to a great many things now."

"Yes, they have a ball-bearing sign down where I keep my watch."

A GENTLE HINT.

Mr. Spriggins (gently)—My dear, a Boston man was shot at by a burglar, and his life was saved by a button which the bullet struck.

Mrs. Spriggins—Well, what of it?

Mr. Spriggins (meekly)—Nothing, only the buttons must have been on.

The death of Harriet Beecher Stowe removes one who wrought a great service for the cause of liberty. Her famous story, though most emphatically a "novel with a purpose," deserves to rank high even from a literary standpoint; but as a factor in the abolition of slavery it will live in history. When the conditions described in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" were actually known to exist, and brought home to the hearts of the people, slavery was doomed.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Clanton, Ala.

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SUBSCRIBERS who receive this number of THE BANNER marked with two cross marks (XX) in blue pencil will kindly understand this is the last paper we can send them until their subscriptions are paid up.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

4th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
FOR CONGRESS
W. F. ALDRICH

Electors at large—Joseph H. Harris of Chambers and S. A. Hobson of Tuscaloosa.

First district—A. B. Gaston of Mobile

Second district—Lawrence S Knight of Crenshaw

Third district—John G. Searcy of Barbour.

Fourth district—Thomas L. Harvey of Calhoun.

Fifth district—Edmund B. Langley of Tallapoosa.

Sixth district—H. F. Gaines of Walker.

Seventh district—W. M. Coleman of Marshall.

Eigth district—F. B. Bickley of Colbert.

Ninth district—Nelson Fuller of Bibb.

WITH much pleasure we note the meeting of our citizens to discuss the question of the improvement of Clanton. That there is plenty of room for improvement no one will deny, and therefore it is merely a question of the best way of arriving at the desired end. No town can prosper unless some sort of system is adopted which will conduce to the common good. Where there is a population of one thousand persons within a limited area it is absolutely essential to their moral and material welfare that some organized authority should be recognized. It should not be so much a question of cost—though in the case of Clanton the taxation need be but very little—as a question of improving the social, religious and business status of our people. The committee appointed at Monday night's meeting we have no doubt will diligently devote themselves this week to the duty allotted them and we hope when they make their report at the meeting to be held next Monday night that every man in town will be in attendance.

HON. W. H. SKAGGS last Monday morning addressed the citizens of Clanton on the political issues of the day. Mr. J. A. Logan introduced him to the meeting. Mr. Skaggs spoke for two hours and was listened to with marked attention. He reviewed most of the leading features of the campaign, and briefly touched upon the good work already done by Hon. W. F. Aldrich, our candidate for congress, and the reasons why we should again elect him as our representative. Mr. Skaggs is an accomplished gentleman and an eloquent speaker and we have no doubt favorably impressed his audience.

WILL our readers bear in mind that Thursday next, the 22d inst., dedication services are to be held in the new court house. Rev. F. M. Woods of Jemison will preach at 11 o'clock and other prominent preachers are expected to attend. We hope that on this occasion, the first public use of our elegant palace of justice, that all will show their appreciation of this monument of Chilton's advancement, and fill the house to overflowing.

HON. H. A. WILSON has withdrawn from the Congressional contest in this district. It seems to us Mr. Wilson has acted wisely, he never had the slightest prospect of success and discreetly retire. Now the fight is between Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Capt. Plowman, for really it is not worth while to consider in the race the goldbug nominee, Mr. Dryer. But the withdrawal of Mr. Wilson considerably strengthens the position of our candidate, and whatever Republican following he had naturally reverts to Mr. Aldrich and increases his majority. But this should not cause Chilton county to cease its effort to do all in its power to make that majority as large as possible. We have only to remember two years ago how the Democratic nominee was declared elected and Mr. Aldrich had to contest the seat. We have no guarantee that the same tactics will not be adopted this time and Mr. Aldrich again have to contest and with this prospect in mind we must turn out in full force and elect Mr. Aldrich by a handsome majority.

We publish below resolutions adopted by the Executive committee of the People's Party of Conecuh county. These resolutions assert true Populist doctrine, and should be accepted and followed as the guiding star of Populists in Alabama. We are rid of two arch traitors, as well as stumbling blocks in the way, therefore, of success to Populist principles in our State. These resolutions mark out and blaze the way for all Populist to follow in Alabama. Any other course is the condonation and ratification of the election frauds in Alabama so often condemned by the people. Read the resolution and act accordingly.

Evergreen, Ala., Oct. 12, 1896.

At a meeting of the Executive committee of the People's party of Conecuh county held at Evergreen on Oct. 12, 1896, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted, and a copy ordered to be sent to the chairman of the State Executive committee.

WHEREAS, The People's Tribune, the recognized official organ of the People's party of Alabama, has seen proper to espouse the cause of the organized democracy, in opposition to the nominees of the People's party, and

WHEREAS, We believe the best means of preserving the organization consists in a loyal and consistent support of its nominees and its platform, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That this committee hereby ratifies and endorses the campaign committee at its meeting held at Calera on Oct. 5, inst., and pledges its undivided support to said committee in its efforts to preserve the honor and integrity of our party and to rid the party of all impostors and traitors.

P. M. BRUNER, Ch'n.
JNO. W. BROWN, Sec'y.

THE following correspondence explains itself, and we merely wish to remark that we heartily endorse the position taken by Judge Honeycutt. We agree with Mr. Crumpton that the white people of our county should be united, and cordially invite him and his friends to join us in electing Mr. Aldrich by the biggest majority Chilton has ever known. We think Mr. Crumpton is misinformed concerning Populists in his beat as we cannot for one moment see how any self-respecting Populist can vote any other way than the straight party ticket.

Maplesville, Ala., Oct. 13, 1896
Judge R. M. Honeycutt, Clanton

Dear Judge and Brother—The leading men of your party in this beat have declared their intention of supporting the Bryan and Sewal electors, as a vote for the Bryan and Watson electors would defeat, in all probability, the cause of the Populite party, to wit, Free Silver. They also say they will support our nominee for congress, Tom Plowman, as he has declared for free silver, although a national bank president, and that he also endorses the reformation of the national bank law.

Now, Judge, the time has come when there is a chance of once again uniting the white race of our beloved State. I ask you, as a patriot and a Christian, to use your efforts in that direction. Even if we fail to win this fight we will be organized to try it again in 1900. Use your influence with THE BANNER man and try to pull everything for Bryan and Sewall and Plowman. If in your good judgment you see this thing as I do, write and let me know your views.

Faithfully yours,
T. U. CRUMPTON,
Mem. Dem. Cong. Com. 4th Dis.

Clanton, Ala., Oct. 14, 1896.
Mr. T. U Crumpton, Maplesville,

My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of

(continued on 6th column next page)

HON. W. F. ALDRICH

OUR CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS

Hon. W. F. Aldrich after his successful contest, had only a short time to serve in congress before the end of the first session, but in that short time he was active and prompt in his duties, industrious and attentive to the interest of all the people of his district, state and country, and a short and succinct statement of his works in congress will fully demonstrate to the people the care and watchfulness he exerted in their behalf. His contest was not decided until the 13th day of March, 1896, when he was immediately sworn in and entered actively in the business of congress, and on the 16th day of March, 1896, introduced a Financial Bill, with the provisions of which Bill our readers are familiar, as the same has been extensively published and received favorable commendation from the press of all parties, a bill which will attract much attention and earnest consideration of the gold bugs and silverites at the approaching session of congress. On the 18th of March he introduced a bill for Public Buildings at Talladega, which will receive his close attention and earnest support, and no doubt will be passed before the end of his term; he voted for the resolution censuring Mr. Bayard for his unpatriotic speeches and references to his country in England. He voted to condemn partisanship in our foreign representatives: he voted against Boatner and in favor of no election in Boatner's district in Louisiana, where fraud permeated the whole election, and referred the whole matter back to the people for another election. On the 20th of March, 1896, as an expression of his humanitarianism, he voted to reduce cases in which the death penalty may be inflicted under the laws of the United States: on April 6th he voted for the resolution granting to Cuba belligerent rights: he voted that the District of Columbia should pay the expenses of its own public library, because that any citizen can use the National Library under necessary restriction: he voted in favor of the Filled Cheese Bill, in the interest of pure food. on the 16 h of April he was appointed a member of the committee on banking and currency, one of the most important committees in congress: he voted to seat Hon. A. T. Goodwyn in his contest with Judge Cobb in the Fifth District: he called up and endeavored to have passed the Senate a bill granting lands to the Girl's Industrial School of Alabama: he voted to concur in Senate Amendent to cut down number of battleships: he voted against Gen. Wheeler using the congressional Record for publishing matters not said or read in debate: he voted in favor of the River & Harbor Bill, including the survey of Warrior River, which the People's Party convention at Montgomery urged him to advocate. This he did, and secured an order for the survey. He voted in favor of Departments giving certain information concerning removals which were believed to be of a partisan character.

The foregoing is only a small part of the many services rendered by Mr. Aldrich during his brief time he was in congress, and is sufficient to show his unselfish devotion to the interests of all the people in this district.

While reflecting upon Kolb and Bowman's traitorous course and desertion of honest elections and a fair count in Alabama, it is gratifying to the honest and faithful Populists to note and compare the fidelity and honesty of Hon. W. F. Aldrich in supporting at all times those principles of fair and honest elections for which Populists have always contended. By Mr. Aldrich's efforts our votes have been counted against the protests of the organized Democracy. The following extracts from the congressional Records of the first session of the 54th congress will give you an idea of the frauds perpetrated upon us in this district in the Robbins and Aldrich election in 1894. Mr. Moody, M. C., says:

"MR. SPEAKER: It is my purpose, Mr. Speaker, to devote that portion of the time which is allotted to me to a plain statement of the outline of this case, leaving to my colleagues upon the committee the more important duty of it in detail. This contest arises in the Fourth Congressional district of Alabama. In that district, in the election of 1894, Mr. Gaston A. Robbins received the nomination and support of the Democratic party, and Mr. William F. Aldrich received the nomination of the Republican party and the indorsement and support of the Populists party and that wing of the Democratic party in Alabama that is called by the name of Jeffersonian Democrats. On the face of the returns Mr. Robbins received a majority of 3,736. That majority was attacked before the committee on the ground that it was fraudulent: and the committee have presented the contest to this House in three reports, two reports from the Republican members of the committee and one report from the Democratic members of the committee.

"The Democratic members of the committee agree that the returned plurality of 3,746 votes should be reduced, on the ground of fraud in the conduct of the election, to 559. The Republican members of the committee go further, and report—one wing of them—that not only the majority awarded to Mr. Robbins should be reduced, but that it should be extinguished altogether, and that the true majority was 601 for Mr. Aldrich, the Republican.

"Now, Mr. Speaker, it becomes an important thing for us to consider the nature of the district in which this contest arises. The Fourth Alabama district is composed of six counties. Five of them are known as white counties—that is, counties where the white population and the white voters largely predominate—and one of them is a black county, a county in which the colored voters and the colored population largely predominate. In the counties in which the white voters predominate, on the face of the returns the Republican candidate, Mr. Aldrich, received a majority of 1,654 votes. He therefore reached the black county with that majority in his favor, but by the returned vote in the county of Dallas, which is the black county, not only that plurality was met and extinguished, but a plurality was counted for the sitting member (Mr. Robbins). The county of Dallas showed upon the face of the returns 5,462 votes to the Democrat and 72 votes to the Republican.

"The Republican party authority in Alabama issued an order or a request to the Republican voters in the county of Dallas, not to register in the spring and not to vote in the fall. The evidence in this record proves and proves conclusively that to a very great extent the Republicans in Dallas county complied with that request made by their leaders."

Thus you see what Aldrich has accomplished and developed in securing the count of your votes, while Kolb and Bowman traitorously desert us.

Only One Standard

You and we may differ as to money standards and out of our very differences good may come. But we won't differ as to the merits of one standard emulsion of cod liver oil.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has won and held its way for nearly 25 years in the world of medicine until to-day it is almost as much the standard in all cases of lung trouble, and every condition of wasting whether in child or adult as quinine is in malarial fevers.

Differ on the money question if you will, but when it comes to a question of health, perhaps of life and death, get the standard.

Your druggist sells Scott's Emulsion. Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00
SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1896,

for the election of Electors for President and vice-President of the United States, and for the election of a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

This 1st day of October, 1896.
J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

ELECTION MANAGERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for an election to be held in said County on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1896. To-wit:

Beat No. 1—T J Dorminy, J W Sorrell, Mardical Robinson, Inspectors; J M Robinson, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 1 Providence)—I B Martin, Hugh Henry, Charles Johnson, Inspectors; J A Lowery, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 2 Jemison)—B M Gentry Ira Campbell, J P Givhan, Inspectors; G W Shaw, Returning officer.

Beat 3 (Box 1 Benson)—H W Varden, John Wright, Andy Jones, Inspectors; John Middlebrooks, Returning officer.

Beat 3 (Box 2 Macedonia)—Y O Freeman, A J Ware, Green Hayes, Inspectors; William Nix, Returning officer.

Beat 4—A A Ayres, John Grant, Alfred Popwell, Inspectors; A. C. Oates, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 1 Coopers)—J W G Kicker, B H Wells Hardy Jones, Inspectors; H A J Harris, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 2 Verbena)—W H Strock J J L Stewart, A H Courtney, Inspectors; — Thompson, Returning officer.

Beat 6—J R Vinson, Madison Popwell T L Dickerson, Inspectors; Fayette Popwell, Returning officer.

Beat 7 (Box 1 Maplesville)—W Y Nix G W Fox, W F Foshee, Inspectors; Geo Foshee, Returning officer.

Beat 7 (Box 2 Stoutz) W A Green, J D Holsomback L O Burnett, Inspectors: J N Gentry, Returning officer.

Beat 8—W A Weaver, D C Gaddy, Jack Landers, Inspectors; Wiley Letcher, Returning officer.

Beat 8—D N Riggins, W A Mims, James Collins, Inspectors; Wash Foshee Returning officer.

Given under our hands, this the 2 day of October, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.
J. P VANDERVEER,
Clerk of Circuit Court.
J. T. COOLEY
Sheriff.

State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

I, J. T. Cooley, Sheriff of said County, hereby appoint the Returning Officers, above named at their respective voting places, to act as Special Deputy Sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This the 2d day of October, 1896
J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

Tax Collector's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1896:

		1896
Shoultz	October	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 4 pm.	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Srasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rolins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30
Kincheon	November	2
Maplesville	"	3
Benson	"	4

T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

CAMPAIGN SILVER BADGES!

THESE Badges are patented, thus enabling us to protect dealers from competition. The designs are catchy and each vividly portrays the present financial situation. They will be treasured in after years as souvenirs of the greatest political revolution since the birth of our republic. Big profits for agents. Samples 10c. each. For terms address

STATE HERALD BADGE DEPT.
Birmingham, Ala.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J. S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices—Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

for many pears with Pollack & Co.

Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA

The great Family Remedy

No home should be without a bottle of V. V. V., the great specific for all diseases of the blood—a true boon to ailing man and woman. A health and strength restorative of the highest efficacy. V. V. V., a purely vegetable preparation of sterling worth, acts directly on the blood, purifying, renewing and giving new life to every part of the system. Diseases of many years standing quickly succumb to V. V. V.; the ills of the hour are at once rectified, while the system is completely fortified against sickness.

A positive and permanent cure for Scrofula, Tetter, Eczema, Malaria, Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Rheumatism in all its forms and blood poison of any nature. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

County Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in [illegible] Monday in May, second [illegible] second Monday in August, [illegible] Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

[illegible]

[illegible]	9?1
[illegible]	188
[illegible]	184
	1571

CHEAP! CHEAP! Call [illegible] the BANNER office.

[illegible] FOR SALE.—I have [illegible] at a low price, [illegible] and a half [illegible] Clanton. Will exchange [illegible] cotton seed at market price.

F. R. WOODWARD.

Mrs. W. [illegible] Clanton spent several days at her old home at Stanton.

Mrs. B. H. Sory, of Springfield, Tenn., stopped over with relatives on her way to South Alabama, last Saturday.

Mr. B. M. Foshee spent Sunday among friends in Clanton.

Miss Mary Anderson, of Springfield, Tenn., is visiting the family of Capt. Middleton this week. Miss Anderson is on her way to Florida where she will spend the winter.

Dr. W. F. Stewart visited Montgomery last Saturday.

Mr. Frank Harris, of Plantersville, was a welcome visitor to our town last Monday.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. [illegible] John [illegible]

[illegible] granted [illegible] Probate [illegible]

Mr. W. [illegible] be [illegible]

[illegible] of the court house [illegible] the [illegible] of our town. [illegible] Mr. John Garner [illegible] chair and Mr. W. [illegible] elected secretary. [illegible] complaints [illegible] persons being on the [illegible] that a majority of [illegible] be incorporated [illegible] and the [illegible] have been [illegible] quit. In [illegible] state mention [illegible] the bad state of repair [illegible] of our streets are [illegible] necessity of organized effort to keep them in better condition [illegible] one gentlemen after another [illegible] ed his views it became evident that the concensus of opinion was in favor of incorporation and on motion of Dr. Stewart the chair appointed a committee of two property holders, two business men and two attorneys—to draft a charter of incorporation and ascertain what would be the probable cost of putting our streets in good condition. The chair appointed J. P. VanDerveer, W. I. Mullins, Dr. Matthews, W. M. Wilson, I. A. Curry and W. J. Martin, and the meeting adjourned until Monday night next when the committee will make its report.

Slight frost was reported Tuesday morning.

Lily Lyrics.

Prof. Sartain has about secured the school at Mulberry academy and will begin teaching the 19th inst.

Miss Geneva Jones, who has been teaching at Valley Creek is now at home again.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie will begin a series of meetings at Isabella the third Sunday in this month. Our people met last Saturday and cleaned off the Isabella cemetery.

Miss Emma Deshazo, who has been spending sometime in Birmingham, was here on a visit to her parents last week.

Messrs. Moodie Rasberry and Henry Veazey took a trip to Jasper last week. Henry returned last Saturday and Moodie stopped in Birmingham for work.

Mr. John Wright has moved to Sheriff Cooley's place.

CLINT.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents and $1.00.

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.

MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 18 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS, P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18353.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18352.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼ of section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John E. Beardin, John W. Worthy, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to [illegible] adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville	November	9
Shoults	"	10
Valley Creek church	"	11
Welch's mill	"	12
Dixie	"	13
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson	"	16
Macedonia church	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg	"	21
Maddox's mill	"	23
Lomax	"	24
Mineral Springs	"	25
Mountain church	"	26
Cane Creek church	"	27
Ehrman's mill	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	4
Coopers	"	5
Verbena	"	7&8
Wayside church	"	9
Kincheon	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.
J. J. HEMPHILL, Collector.

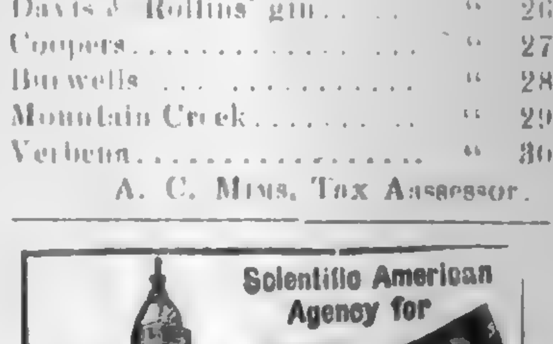
Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897.

		1896
Fletcher's mill	October	1
Kincheon	"	2
Albert Headley's store	"	3
Benson	"	5
Maplesville	"	6
Shoultz	"	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clintonford 1 pm to 2 pm	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church, B at 2	"	13
Caleb Jordan's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Strasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Lore's school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.



CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

→*PORTABLE*←

SODA FOUNTAINS

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes, I. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 12 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 21 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 12, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 20 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 20 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr's c 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 12, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 12, se qr of se qr and w half of se qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 12, as the property of W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry.

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W. G. Hayes, J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale at the court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July [illegible] 1896.

F. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday the 12th day of October 1896.

F. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the [illegible] day of October 1896.

J. T. [illegible], Sheriff.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18351.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,730, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Thomas McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18321.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. }
Sept. 14, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on October 24th, 1896, viz.: Alex Logan, Homestead entry, No. 23 181, for the sw¼ of section 12 tp 23 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: James Wagoner, John Williams, Lewis Littleton, Marion Wagoner, all of Jumbo, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM

has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

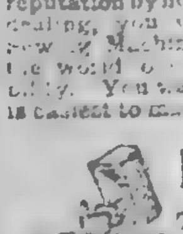
THE PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE CO.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, [illegible] Riding [illegible] Spring Wagons [illegible] Send for large catalogue.

No. [illegible]—Surrey Harness. Price $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

No. 77—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

APPOINTMENTS.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. A. P. Longshore will speak on Monday, Oct. 19, at Columbiana, at 1:30 p.m. and at Shelby at 7:30 p.m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. T. D. Parsons will speak on Tuesday, Oct. 20 at Sycamore at 12 m and at Sylacauga at 4 p.m.; Wednesday, Oct. 21 at Childersburg at 10 a.m.; Thursday 22 at Vincent at 2:30 p.m.; Friday, Oct. 23 at Vandiver at 11 a.m.; Saturday Oct. 24 at Talladega at 11 a.m. and at Ironaton at 5 p.m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. L. H. Reynolds will speak on Monday, Oct. 26 at Stanton; Tuesday, Oct. 27 at Verbena; Wednesday, Oct. 28 at Clanton and Coopers; Thursday, Oct. 29 at Jemison and Union; Friday, Oct. 30 at Saginaw; Saturday, Oct. 31 at Aldrich; Monday, Nov. 2 at Calera.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. L. H. Reynolds will address the people at Coopers on Wednesday Oct. 28 at 10 a.m. and at Clanton the same day at 3 p.m.

Legal Notice.

By order of the Court of County Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given that the building which has formerly been used as a court house in Clanton, will be offered for sale for cash to the highest bidder on Monday, the 2nd day of November, 1896. The building will be sold in two parts, one known as the [illegible] court house and the other as [illegible] The purchaser will be required to remove the building and clean the lot of all trash by November 21st, 1896. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bid if the bidder does not immediately pay amount of bid.

This Oct. [illegible] 1896.

R. M. HOLLEYMAN,
Judge of Probate.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

We have been having a few light showers, but not sufficient for fall planting.

Mrs. J. B. Paisley has moved to Selma to the regret of her many friends here.

We do not claim a boom, but expect like the turtle to win the race. Our very public spirited citizen, R. D. Martin, of whom we are justly proud, has presented our town with a lot and a schoolhouse will soon be erected on it by our liberal citizens.

Our very competent teacher, Miss Cora Smith, has a full school.

Mrs. Savage and her daughter, Miss Bessie, have been on a visit to Anniston.

Squire Adams, of Clanton, been a guest of B. O. Glover.

Miss Eva Bearden has returned from a visit to Bessemer.

Mrs. Mary Dubose has returned from a visit to Selma.

Mrs. Rebecca and Miss Mary Goodwyn, of Selma, are visiting relatives here.

Our faithful young minister kept his appointment with a most excellent sermon to-day, Rev. Mr. Roy.

The bycicle agent did a thriving business here and our streets are sometimes quite lively with them.

SUBSCRIBER.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

(Continued from 3d col. 2d page)

yours of yesterday calling my attention to the political situation at present, and asking me to alter my views and support Mr. Plowman for congress and Mr. Sewall for Vice-President. While I do not agree with you in this matter and cannot consistently see it as you do, still I appreciate your position, and the spirit in which your letter was written, and think that is the only way the difference of opinion among friends may be adjusted is by a candid expression of opinions between each other, in a kind and brotherly spirit.

I am not now, and never have taken an active part in politics, and am no party man in the least, as my past record will show that I have always been independent, so far as parties are concerned, and I expect to remain so. I have always supported the man nearest in accord with my views on the more important questions of the day, regardless of their party affiliations.

In regard to the support of Mr. Bryan for President, I expect to vote an electoral ticket which if elected will vote for Mr. Bryan. I will confess that I have not got the usual confidence in the sincerity of Mr. Bryan, and think his nomination at Chicago was for the purpose of side-tracking the People's party, as it was a foregone conclusion that the Populists would nominate him when their convention met at St. Louis. In order to head off any such movement the Democrats went outside their own party and nominated a man who had always identified himself with the people, to keep the Populists from nominating him as their candidate, and thus he [illegible] the [illegible] movement in politics in the United States. A man who would accept the nomination under such conditions is of course looked upon with more or less suspicion by me.

As to Mr. Sewall, the candidate for Vice-President on the Democratic ticket, will say that I know a little about him. I knew [illegible] of him until his nomination at Chicago. I am informed that he favors the free coinage of silver and in this I agree with him, but I do not think the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 is the relief of all these troubles which some people try to make us believe. In fact, I think that has very little to do with it, for so long as the money of the Government is issued and controlled by individuals and corporations our conditions will remain the same, whether the money is made of silver or gold. Mr. Sewall is largely identified with wealth corporations, the president of railroads and banking corporations, the leader and controling spirit in several trusts and combines, and in many ways is in direct antagonism to my views on many important national issues. The platform upon which Mr. Sewall is making the race declares strongly against all combinations, trusts and unlawful concentration and use of wealth, and Mr. Sewall is the embodiment of all that his platform opposes. The inconsistency of his position, I think is ridiculous. I am like many other Southern men in this that when a wealthy man from the state of Maine, the center of all the corruption and iniquity in American politics, is running against a true Southern man, a man who is in every way qualified for the position, a man whose interest is identical with my own, and a man who has honesty of purpose and the courage to speak his convictions, I shall most assuredly choose the latter. How can you conscienciously do otherwise?

And now, as regards the choice between the present candidates for congress from this district, will say that of the three now before the people, I shall support Mr. Aldrich. I think it unnecessary to speak of Mr. Dyer, as no one supposes for an instant that I would vote for him under present conditions.

I am personally acquainted with Mr. Aldrich and know him to be an upright, honest gentleman. He is a man of some wealth, all of which was accumulated by an industrious effort of his, developing and working the coal fields and other manufacturing industries here immediately in our district. He has always shown himself to be the laboring man's friend, and I know from the experience of many of my best friends that this position was not assumed for the purpose of making political friends, for he did it because he thought it was right, and long before he was spoken of or known in Alabama politics. A man who proves himself to be the friend of the poor laboring man, can always depend on my friendship and support, as against any man whose record shows to the contrary.

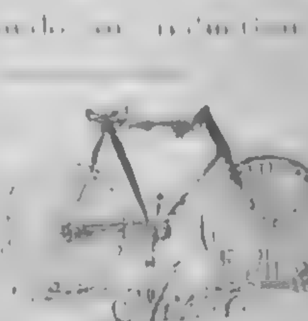
As I fear you will think me tedious, I will only speak of one thing concerning your man, Mr. Plowman. You, of course, remember the circumstances under which he received the nomination for congress in 1894, when the Democratic State committee had to convene to call him down. Your own paper, said he did not receive the nomination fairly; they spoke of it as "Plowman's shame," the "Party's disgrace," etc., and accused him (truthfully in my opinion) of stealing the nomination and then trying to hold on to it when he knew it was not his. I think that when a man who takes or attempts to take and convert to his own use a thing of value which he knows belongs to another, that in the sight of God and all honest people he has committed a great wrong, and any man who will do that thing is not worthy of an honest man's support, and is certainly not going to get mine.

I, like you, believe in the unity of the white people of the South, provided we can unite on something that's right and just, but I trust that I will never lose my love for honesty and justice enough to let party ties or anything else lead me to the support and endorsement of any man who is the exponent of the fraud and debauchery of the ballot-box, which has existed in our fair State for the last few years. I think the question of a free suffrage is more, or at least as much, important to us in this district as free silver. Give the white people of Alabama a free ballot and a fair count and they will see that free silver representatives are elected to congress.

Hoping that you will study this matter as a conscientious Christian man, and when you have studied the moral as well as the political side of it I think you will see the justice of my position.

I am yours very respectfully,
R. M. [illegible]

Until November 1 we will accept [illegible] cents for a twelve months subscription to THE BANNER. After that date we positively [illegible] make no reduction.



We Employ Young Men

to distribute our advertise[illegible] [illegible] Acme [illegible]

Young Ladies [illegible]

[illegible]

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

[illegible] Acme Cycle Co., Elkhart, Ind. [illegible] the Acme Light Road [illegible] I am very well pleased with the [illegible] Yours truly, [illegible]

FROM No. 2.

Campaign Edition.

THE ARENA.

Uncle Sam's Crown of Thorns.

"I will not aid to press down upon the bleeding brow of labor this crown of thorns."
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

All voters should read the Campaign Edition of The Arena, which began with the June issue and runs to November (6 months), price,

ONE DOLLAR.

Send your subscription to Business Office of this paper.

WANTED men and women at once. $25.00 a week easily made taking orders for the Campaign Edition of the Arena. Secure your territory at once, address ARENA PUBLISHING COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

[illegible] ITEMS

[illegible] Court meets second [illegible] first Monday in [illegible] Monday in May, second [illegible] Monday in August [illegible] Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

[illegible]	9?1
[illegible]	488
[illegible]	182
	1571

CH[illegible] WARE CHEAP. Call and [illegible] the BANNER office.

B[illegible] FOR SALE. I have [illegible] at a low price, with [illegible] one and a half miles [illegible] Clanton. Will exchange [illegible] cotton seed at market price.

F. R. WOODYARD.

Mrs. W. T. Callen spent several days at her old home at Stanton.

Mrs. B. H. Sory, of Springfield, Tenn., stopped over with relatives on her way to South Alabama, last Saturday.

Mr. D. M. Foshee spent Sunday among friends in Clanton.

Miss Mary Anderson, of Springfield, Tenn., is visiting the family of Capt. Middleton this week. Miss Anderson is on her way to Florida where she will spend the winter.

Dr. W. E. Stewart visited Montgomery last Saturday.

Mr. Frank Harris, of Plantersville, was a welcome visitor to our town last Monday.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. S. Johnson Jr.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. W. H. Lucas and Miss Sallie Arledge.

On M[illegible] night, in [illegible] of [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Smith, [illegible] of the citizens of [illegible] the court house for [illegible] the best [illegible] to improve [illegible] of our town. [illegible] Mr. John Garner Mr. [illegible] chair and Mr. W. [illegible] secretary. [illegible] companies [illegible] persons being on the [illegible] discussion soon [illegible] that a majority of [illegible] who [illegible] geo[illegible] brought [illegible] order, and the [illegible] have been [illegible] announced their [illegible] to quit. In the [illegible] debate mention was made of the bad state of repair in which most of our streets are and the necessity of organized effort to keep them in better condition. [illegible] one gentlemen after another [illegible] his views it became evident that the concensus of opinion was in favor of incorporation and on motion of Dr. Stewart the chair appointed a committee of six—two property holders, two business men and two attorneys—to draft a charter of incorporation and ascertain what would be the probable cost of putting our streets in good condition. The chair appointed J. P. VanDerveer, W. I. Mullins, Dr. Matthews, W. M. Wilson, T. A. Curry and W. J. Martin, and the meeting adjourned until Monday night next when the committee will make its report.

Slight frost was reported Tuesday morning.

Lily Lyrics.

Prof. Sartain has about secured the school at Mulberry academy and will begin teaching the 19th inst.

Miss Geneva Jones, who has been teaching at Valley Creek is now at home again.

Rev. P. M. Guthrie will begin a series of meetings at Isabella the third Sunday in this month. Our people met last Saturday and cleaned off the Isabella cemetery.

Miss Emma Deshazo, who has been spending sometime in Birmingham, was here on a visit to her parents last week.

Messrs. Moodie Rasberry and Henry Veazey took a trip to Jasper last week. Henry returned last Saturday and Moodie stopped in Birmingham for work.

Mr. John Wright has moved to Sheriff Cooley's place.

CLINT.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions, Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.

MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 19 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health......

P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18353.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Lewis R Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18352.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se¼ of section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John E. Beardin, John W. Worthy, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his period[illegible] visits to [illegible] counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville..........	November	9
Shoultz..............	"	10
Valley Creek church..	"	11
Welch's mill.........	"	12
Dixie................	"	13
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson...............	"	16
Macedonia church.....	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill...........	"	19
Jemison..............	"	20
Strasburg............	"	21
Maddox's mill........	"	22
Lomax................	"	24
Mineral Springs......	"	25
Mountzion church.....	"	26
Cane Creek church....	"	27
Ehrman's mill........	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	4
Coopers..............	"	5
Verbena..............	"	7&8
Wayside church.......	"	9
Kincheon.............	"	10
Clanton..............	"	11&12

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Collector.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897.

		1896
Pletcher's mill.........	October	1
Kincheon................	"	2
Albert Headley's store....	"	3
Benson..................	"	5
Maplesville.............	"	6
Shoultz.................	"	7
Valley Creek church.....	"	8
Dixie...................	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am...	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 2 pm..	"	10
Macedonia church........	"	12
Providence church, Beat 2.	"	13
Elijah Busby's..........	"	14
Jemison.................	"	15
Mineral Springs.........	"	16
Strasburg...............	"	17
Clanton.................	"	19
Cane Creek..............	"	20
Maddox's mill...........	"	21
Gore's school-house.....	"	22
Calloway's mill.........	"	23
Maple Springs church....	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin....	"	26
Coopers.................	"	27
Burwells................	"	28
Mountain Creek..........	"	29
Verbena.................	"	30

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

PORTABLE

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J. P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1 4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1 4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of nw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 19th day of October, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18351.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. }
September 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Thomas McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18321.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. }
Sept. 14, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on October 24th, 1896, viz.: Alex Logan, Homestead entry, No. 23 181, for the sw¼ of section 12 tp 23 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: James Wagoner, John Williams, Lewis Littleton, Marion Wagoner, all of Jumbo, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM

has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

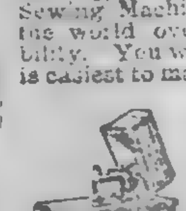
THE PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

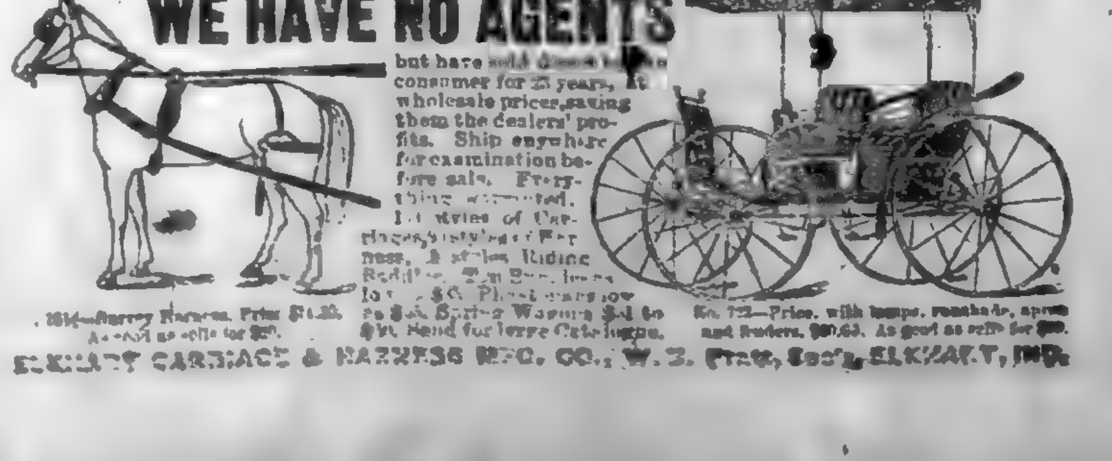
WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMEY,
Clanton, Ala.



WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. [illegible] styles of Carriages, [illegible] styles of Harness, [illegible] styles Riding Saddles. [illegible] [illegible] Spring Wagons [illegible] Send for large Catalogue.

No. 1—Surrey Harness. Price $15.50. As good as sells for $20.
No. 77—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

APPOINTMENTS.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. A. P. Longshore will speak on Monday, Oct. 19, at Columbiana, at 1:30 p.m. and at Shelby at 7:30 p.m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. T. D. Parsons will speak on Tuesday, Oct. 20 at Sycamore at 12 m and at Sylacauga at 4 p.m ; Wednesday, Oct. 21 at Childersburg at 10 a.m.; Thursday 22 at Vincent at 2:30 p.m.; Friday, Oct. 23 at Vandiver at 11 a.m.; Saturday Oct. 24 at Talladega at 11 a.m. and at Ironaton at 5 p.m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon L. H. Reynolds will speak on Monday, Oct. 26 at Stanton; Tuesday, Oct. 27 at Verbena; Wednesday, Oct. 28 at Clanton and Coopers; Thursday, Oct. 29 at Jemison and Union; Friday, Oct. 30 at Saginaw Saturday, Oct. 31 at Aldrich; Monday, Nov. 2 at Calera.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. L. H. Reynolds will address the people at Coopers on Wednesday Oct. 28 at 10 a.m. and at Clanton the same day at 3 p.m.

Legal Notice.

By order of the Court of County Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given that the building which has formerly been used as a court house in Clanton, will be offered for sale for cash to the highest bidder on Monday, the 2nd day of November, 1896. The building will be sold in two parts, one known as the main court house and the other as jury rooms. The purchaser will be required to remove the building and clean the lot of all trash by November 21st, 1895. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bid if the bidder does not immediately pay amount of bid.

This Oct. 9, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phœbe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

We have been having a few light showers, but not sufficient for fall planting.

Mrs. J. B. Paisley has moved to Selma to the regret of her many friends here.

We do not claim a boom, but expect like the turtle to win the race. Our very public spirited citizen, R. D. Martin, of whom we are justly proud, has presented our town with a lot and a schoolhouse will soon be erected on it by our liberal citizens.

Our very competent teacher, Miss Cora Smith, has a full school.

Mrs. Savage and her daughter, Miss Bessie, have been on a visit to Anniston.

Squire Adams, of Clanton, been a guest of B. O. Glover.

Miss Eva Bearden has returned from a visit to Bessemer.

Mrs. Mary DuBose has returned from a visit to Selma.

Mrs. Rebecca and Miss Mary Goodwyn, of Selma, are visiting relatives here.

Our faithful young minister kept his appointment with a most excellent sermon to-day, Rev. Mr. Roy.

The bicycle agent did a thriving business here, and our streets are sometimes quite lively with them.

SUBSCRIBER.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

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TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

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NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

(Continued from 2d col. 1st page)

yours of yesterday calling my attention to the political situation at present, and asking me to alter my views and support Mr. Plowman for congress and Mr. Sewall for Vice-President. While I do not agree with you in this matter and cannot consistently see it as you do, still I appreciate your position, and the spirit in which your letter was written, and think that is the only way the difference of opinion among friends may be adjusted is by a candid expression of opinions between each other, in a kind and brotherly spirit.

I am not now, and never have taken an active part in politics, and am no party man in the least, as my past record will show that I have always been independent, so far as parties are concerned, and I expect to remain so. I have always supported the man nearest in accord with my views on the more important questions of the day, regardless of their party affiliations.

In regard to the support of Mr. Bryan for President, I expect to vote an electoral ticket which if elected will vote for Mr. Bryan. I will confess that I have not got the utmost confidence in the sincerity of Mr. Bryan, and think his nomination at Chicago was for the purpose of side-tracking the People party, as it was a foregone conclusion that the Populists would nominate him when their convention met at St. Louis. In order to head off any such movement the Democrats went outside their own party and nominated a man who had always identified himself with the people, to keep the Populists from nominating him as their candidate, and thus overthrow the reform movement in politics in the United States. A man who would accept the nomination under such condition is of course looked upon with more or less suspicion by me.

As to Mr. Sewall, the candidate for Vice-President on the Democratic ticket, will say that I know very little about him. I had never heard of him until his nomination at Chicago. I am informed that he favors the free coinage of silver, and in this I agree with him; but I do not think the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 is the relief of all these troubles which some people try to make us believe. In fact, I think that has very little to do with it, for so long as the money of the Government is issued and controlled by individuals and corporations, our conditions will remain the same, whether the money is made of silver or gold. Mr. Sewall is largely identified with wealthy corporations, the president of railroads and banking corporations, the leader and controling spirit in several trusts and combines, and in many ways is in direct antagonism to my views on many important national issues. The platform upon which Mr. Sewall is making the race declares strongly against all combinations, trusts and unlawful concentration and use of wealth, and Mr. Sewall is the embodiment of all that his platform opposes. The inconsistency of his position, I think is ridiculous. I am like many other Southern men in this that when a wealthy man from the state of Maine; the center of all the corruption and iniquity in American politics, is running against a true Southern man, a man who is in every way qualified for the position, a man whose interest is identical with my own, and a man who has honesty of purpose and the courage to speak his convictions. I shall most assuredly choose the latter How can you conscienciously do otherwise?

And now, as regards the choice between the present candidates for congress from this district, will say that of the three now before the before the people, I shall support Mr. Aldrich. I think it unnecessary to speak of Mr. Dyer, as no one supposes for an instant that I would vote for him under present conditions.

I am personally acquainted with Mr. Aldrich and know him to be an upright, honest gentleman. He is a man of some wealth, all of which was accumulated by an industrious effort of his, developing and working the coal fields and other manufacturing industries here immediately in our district. He has always shown himself to be the laboring man's friend, and I know from the experience of many of my best friends that this position was not assumed for the purpose of making political friends, for he did it because he thought it was right, and long before he was spoken of or known in Alabama politics. A man who proves himself to be the friend of the poor laboring man, can always depend on my friendship and support, as against any man whose record shows to the cantrary

As I fear you will think me tedious, I will only speak of one thing concerning your man, Mr. Plowman. You, of course, remember the circumstances under which he received the nomination for congress in 1894, when the Democratic State committee had to convene to call him down. Your own paper said he did not receive the nomination fairly; they spoke of it as "Plowman's shame," the "Party's disgrace," etc., and accused him (truthfully in my opinion) of stealing the nomination and then trying to hold on to it when he knew it was not his. I think that when a man who takes or attempts to take and convert to own use a thing of value which knows belongs to another, that in the sight of God and all honest people he has committed a great wrong, and any man who will co that thing is not worthy of an honest man's support, and is certainly not going to get mine.

I, like you, believe in the unity of the white people of the South, provided we can unite on something that is right and just, but I trust that I will never lose my love for honesty and justice enough to let party ties or anything else lead me to the support and endorsement of any man who is the exponent of the fraud and debauchery of the ballot-box, which has existed in our fair State for the last few years I think the question of a free suffrage is more, or at least as much, important to us in this district as free silver. Give the white people of Alabama a free ballot and a fair count and they will see that free silver representatives are elected to congress.

Hoping that you will study this matter as a conscientious Christian man, and when you have studied the moral as well as the political side of it I think you will see the justice of my position.

I am yours very respectfully,
R. M. HONEYCUTT.

UNTIL November 1 we will accept 75 cents for a twelvemonths subscription to THE BANNER. After that date we positively cannot make any reduction.

We Employ Young Men

to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme [illegible] on approval. No [illegible] the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

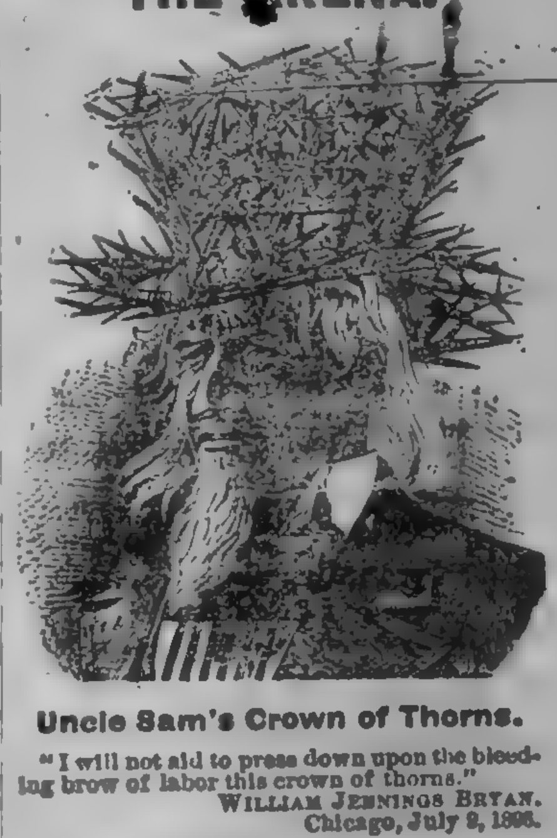
ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.
ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.,
DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself but everyone that has seen it pronounced it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

FROM No. 2.

Campaign Edition.

THE ARENA.



Uncle Sam's Crown of Thorns.

"I will not aid to press down upon the bleeding brow of labor this crown of thorns."
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

All voters should read the Campaign Edition of The Arena, which began with the June issue and runs to November (6 months), price,

ONE DOLLAR.

Send your subscription to Business Office of this paper.

WANTED men and women at once. $25.00 a week easily made taking orders for the Campaign Edition of the Arena. Secure your territory at once, address
ARENA PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Boston, Mass.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

Bad Blood

Fudley—Why is more poetry written in spring than at any other time of the year?

Scudley—I suppose it is because nearly everybody feels sort of good-for-nothing then.—Washington Times.

As Advertised.

New Yorker—But you advertised that you had running water on both floors.

Jayhawker—So we did, stranger; an' 'twas a foot deep in the cellar, but we hain't had no rain now goin' on a wee' to-morrow.—Exchange.

Mrs. Gray—I hear that Miss Brown is married. Her husband is a foreigner, is he not? Mrs. Green—He was not so considered at his home in France.—Boston Transcript.

Enjoying It.

And the soul of the wicked one was next condemned to fall through space at the rate of a mile a minute for 100,000 years.

"Say!" he shouted, as he passed the 10,000th ghostly milepost, "this beats any coasting I ever tried."—Indianapolis Journal.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed.

Street-car drivers in Spain receive $3 per week; in New South Wales they receive $12.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A REMARKABLE MAN.

Dr. O. T. Dozier, of Birmingham, Ala., whose card appears in another column of this paper, has, by his matchless success and wonderful skill in the treatment of chronic, nervous, blood, skin and private diseases, made for himself a name and fame unexcelled by any specialist of his day and generation. Read his card and write to him if you are not well.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know,

Or would you gladly improve your store of knowledge? You may not have $10 or $20 you can spare for a 10 volume encyclopedia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Book will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. [illegible] with the valuable facts [illegible].

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

A silk spinner in Aleppo, by working from sunrise to sunset, can earn seventy-five cents a day.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is the only floating soap that contains Borax. [illegible] laundry use it is incomparable. A perfect soap for all uses. Try it once. You'll use it always. Order of your grocer. Red wrapper.

Mail matter is sent from Paris to Berlin in thirty-five minutes by pneumatic tube.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

I can recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. Towns, Fort Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

You are a "dead shot" on giving past and future. [illegible] Thousands testify the same way. Send date of birth and [illegible] sketch of your life. [illegible], Astrologer, Kansas City, Mo.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

St. Vitus' Dance. One bottle Dr. Fenner's specific cures. Circular, Fredonia, N. Y.

Take

Care of your health at this season. See that your blood is pure, appetite good and all the organs in a healthy condition. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great building-up and blood purifying medicine and therefore it is the best medicine to take in the fall, when the atmosphere is laden with disease germs from decaying vegetation. Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents colds, pneumonia, bronchitis, fevers.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

AGENT to sell Lettuce Cream and Lettuce Cream Soap to consumer. Quick seller. Liberal commission. Send 2c in stamps for samples. Lettuce Cream Co., 114 5th Ave., N.Y.

LET US do your printing. 100 Cards or Envelopes 40 cts. Address Free Press, Sandoval, Ill.

We Want you to sell a household necessity. Sells at every house. Send stamp for particulars. Exchange Agency, Box 770, Hillsboro, Ohio.

YOU CAN MAKE MONEY selling the Ladies' Favorite Carpet Sweeper. Send stamp for particulars. Exchange Agency, Box 770 Hillsboro, Ohio.

$8 PAID Per 100 for Distributing Samples of Washing Fluid. Send 6c stps. A. W. SCOTT, Cohoes, N.Y.

Am. N. U. No. 42. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

CHRONICLES OF ALABAMA.

The Cream of Specials From Our Neighbor Towns.

EXCITEMENT IN ST. STEPHENS.

Improvements Contemplated in Demopolis.—State University Notes.—The Institution Opens With Flattering Prospects.—A Killing in Russell County.

Quite a little excitement was created in the Circuit Court room at St. Stephens by reason of the bondsmen of seven of the men charged with lynching Chris Chambliss coming into open court and surrendering their men to the Sheriff. The names of the men are Buck Hare, Lewis Becton, Will Wood, Jonh Hambrick, Tom Britton, Daniel McRae and Samp Williams. It is rumored that one other member of this alleged lynching party has turned State's evidence, as two of the number were not surrendered by their bondsmen. The unfortunate men could not give bond last night, and were put in jail.

POSTMASTER LODGED IN JAIL.

John A. Green, editor of the Gulf Breeze, and postmaster at Daphne, county seat of Baldwin county, was lodged in jail at Mobile Saturday night charged with embezzlement of $250 of postoffice funds.

COTTON GOING DOWN RIVER.

The steamer Tinsie Moore arrived at Mobile Saturday from up the Alabama river, bringing 1,003 bales of cotton, besides other freight. The Tinsie reports that there is considerable cotton at the landings along the river awaiting transportation, which has been delayed by the protracted dry spell.

KILLING IN RUSSELL.

Russell county is the scene of another killing. One day last week Jack Young, colored, killed his sister, Louisa Young, by knocking her in the head with an ax. The killing occurred on the Howard place, near Seale. It is reported that he committed a nameless offense upon the person of the woman before killing her.

BIG WHEAT EXPORTS.

One hundred and seventy-two car loads of wheat have been exported from Mobile to Mexico within the past week. The lot filled four big steamboats. This is the first lot of wheat ever brought to Mobile for export, but it is expected that more will follow. The failure of the Mexican grain crop started the ball rolling this way.

FUNDS NEEDED

In consideration of the fact that there is an insufficiency of funds in the treasury to meet accruing expenses, a resolution was passed authorizing the Court of County Commissioners of Tuskaloosa to borrow of the Merchants' National Bank for ninety days the sum of $3,000 at 8 per cent interest, and the Judge was authorized to draw a warrant on the county treasurer for the sum of $80 to cover the same.

STATE UNIVERSITY NOTES.

The University of Alabama opened with nearly as good attendance as last year. There are eighty boarding students who live in the barracks, thirty in the law class and twenty-five seniors, who are excused from all military duties. All of the senior class are compelled to reside outside of the barracks, and they are strictly forbidden to visit any room in the barracks, except on Saturday, when they are allowed to attend fraternity meetings.

DEMOPOLIS IMPROVEMENTS.

The demurrage order of the Southern railway, whereby parties are required to pay $1 per day on cars after forty-eight hours, is causing the merchants of Demopolis to grumble a good deal, but at the same time it makes them hustle out their goods. Demopolis has more stone pavements than any place its size in the State, and nothing adds more to its appearance than this. Just as soon as possible the city is going to have the pavement put down all through and around the park, which will make it a perfect beauty.

TO REVISE THE MILITARY LAWS.

The Board of Revision of the State Military Laws, composed of Major E. L. Higdon, Captain C. A. Jones, Captain J. K. Warren, Lieutenant J. B. Morrison and Lieutenant Underwood, has been busily engaged of late considering the State laws governing the military and some proposed amendments that have been suggested. It is understood that this committee is preparing a full set of laws relating to the military, which it will present to the Legislature next month. It promises some changes which will be of interest to the soldiers, the taxpayers and the people of the State in general.

THREE HUNDRED BANKRUPTS.

The Financial Condition in Brazil Is Most Critical.

The London Times publishes a dispatch from Rio Janeiro saying that the commercial and financial situation there is most critical. There have been 300 applications in bankruptcy, and many important firms are embarrassed.

The banks are restricting their operations. A bill granting six months' moratorium, and also a bill to increase taxation has been presented to Congress, despite the protests of the business interests.

The Government is helpless, and the Congress is incompetent to deal with the emergency.

SWEDISH COLONY AT BRISTOL.

Caldwell & Dulaney, brokers, of Bristol, Tenn., have just closed a deal for the establishment of a Swedish colony of 1,500 inhabitants in the suburbs of that place.

An agent of the Swedish Government has purchased 5,000 acres of land, to be laid out in tracts of twenty acres each. Each tract is to be occupied by a family of Swedes. These people will have their own schools, churches and mercantile enterprises.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

No Loss of Cash Despite the Interior Drain.—Excess Reserve Larger.

The New York Financier last week says: The statement of the clearing house banks of New York City for the week ending October 10 reflects the operations of an active week. Despite the fact that the shipments of currency to the interior for the past seven days exceeded $4,000,000, the banks report no loss of cash; in fact there was an actual gain of $11,100, the increase in specie counteracting the loss of $2,638,200 in legal tenders. As the imports of gold during the period covered were about equal to interior shipments, the small change in cash reserve does not appear at all illogical.

Loans showed an unusual expansion of $3,227,300, which is a favorable indication, although the increase is probably due to further preparations now pending for increased gold imports. Aside from this, however, there have been a number of local causes for loan expansion. The favorable feature of the statement is an increase of $3,751,700 in deposits, the total now reaching $458,484,800, or nearly $2,000,000 in excess of loans.

The increased deposits called for an additional reserve liability and the banks report $926,825 less surplus cash than at the close of the previous week. The excess reserve is still $15,599,200, which is larger than for the corresponding week last year by over $1,000,000. The operations of the week, including as they did a temporary rise in the local money market, due as much as anything else to the demand for cash from the West and South, together with the rapid fall in sterling exchange, which is an incident closely connected with the demand, presage a continuance of gold imports from Europe. The trade balances are largely in our favor, and must continue so for some time to come. It is only natural, under these conditions, that the funds drawn from New York should be replaced by remittances from abroad, and conservative bankers would not be surprised if this second movement exceeded expectations. The week's engagements of gold are in excess of $6,000,000, and unless unforeseen circumstances prevent the total will probably be doubled soon. This is exclusive of prospective results depending on the outcome of the election next month.

Of course an advance in foreign money centers might check a continuance of these imports.

THE PEOPLE EXCITED.

Carroll County, Miss., Stirred Up by What Proves to Be a Hoax.

The whole people of Carroll County, Miss., are terribly excited over the discovery of a negro plot to inaugurate a war of extermination, says a Saturday special from Grenada. Word from Carrollton is that a letter was found in the road addressed to a negro which exposed the diabolical plot. A secret society of negroes had negotiated with the Winchester Arms Company for a large number of rifles, and with these they proposed to slaughter white men, women and children. Several leaders have been arrested, and the excitement is very intense. Further particulars are anxiously awaited. Carrollton is the home of Senator Money. A number of negroes were killed in a riot there a few years ago, and bad blood still exists. There is no doubt that the situation is now critical.

A later dispatch from Carrollton, the "seat of war," says:

About five hundred white men assembled at Pisgah Church, in Beat 2, about eleven miles from here to-day, to discuss the situation in the pending riot, many hack loads going from here. The meeting organized by electing Judge W. T. Stevens as chairman and proceeded in an orderly way to investigate all facts. Witnesses were called on to make statements. After all the evidence against the fifteen negroes in jail and others not captured was heard able and eloquent speeches were made by District Attorney Hill, Hon. M. Southworth and others, and a vote was taken. The meeting decided by a practically unanimous vote to release the negroes in custody, and that there was no foundation for the charges against them. The vile and threatening letters are believed to have been written by designing men in Webster County to get up race trouble and get rid of the negro, Perry Williams. The white people of this section are to be congratulated that hasty action was not taken and innocent lives sacrificed, and Deputy Sheriffs Claude Brewer and Edgar Mullins and Sheriff James Somerville deserve and will receive the gratitude of all good citizens for their prompt and vigorous action yesterday and the day before in extending protection to the captured negroes. All is now quiet.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

A Few of the Interesting Happenings in the Political World.

NORTH CAROLINA POPULISTS.

Complete Fusion From Constable to Senator is Wanted by the Tar-Heelers.—West Virginia Has Fusion Between Populists and Democrats.—Pilgrims at Canton.

Populist leaders of North Carolina are ridiculing the Democratic Committee's proposition for Congressional fusion. They say the only proposition which ought to be made is one for complete fusion from constable to United States Senator.

The Republicans are making all sorts of efforts to retain Populist aid. They say regarding the matter of their voting for Guthrie, the Populist nominee for Governor, that since his hot abuse of their party they do not think their people could be induced to support him. Populist Chairman Ayer says everything the Democrats have done amounts to absolutely nothing.

NO EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO WORD.

The Secretary of State has overruled the protest of the regular Democratic State Committee to the admission of the sound money Democratic ticket to the Australian ballot, under the name of "National Democratic party." The protestors claim an exclusive right to the word "Democratic," but in this they were not upheld by the State Supervisor of Elections.

PILGRIMS AT CANTON.

The campaign at Canton reached its highest pitch of excitement today, says a Saturday dispatch from McKinley's home.

Delegations marched through the streets all day, and it was after midnight when the last enthusiastic pilgrims left town. Major McKinley made twenty speeches, a greater number than he had ever delivered in a single day.

FUSION PROBABLE IN INDIANA

The Democratic Executive Committee of Indiana which met at Indianapolis Saturday afternoon developed the first decisive steps toward fusion with the Populists in Indiana. The latter were given two of the five nominations for the Legislature, but the men suggested by the Populists were not accepted, Allen Heitshue and Charles Shifield, straight fusion Populists, being nominated.

STUMP FOR BRYAN AND SEWALL.

It will be recalled that some months ago a press dispatch was published to the effect that Henry C. Smith, the well known colored lawyer, formerly of Birmingham, had been displaced by the President from the Consulship at Santos, Brazil, for alleged dereliction of duty. The St. Louis Republic, in a dispatch from Washington, publishes a letter written by Smith to the President in which it appears that he has resigned and will take the stump for Bryan and Sewall.

WEST VIRGINIA HAS FUSION.

U. A. Olday, Secretary of the Democratic State Committee of West Virginia, is authority for the statement that the negotiations between the Populists and Democrats have been entirely satisfactory from his standpoint, and that the Populist State ticket will be withdrawn and the Democratic ticket substituted. The Populist State Committee has in its hands the resignation of almost every candidate on their State ticket, which will be used when the proper moment arrives.

TRIED TO DIE TOGETHER.

Otto Anderson, cashier of the savings department of the Bank of Little Rock, Ark., and Miss Cora Houdlette, were found unconscious on the porch of the public school building Wednesday morning. The young lady was immediately taken home and was revived by doctors. The young man was taken to the city hall, where physicians attended him. He will very likely die. A note was found in Anderson's pocket, but his father refuses to disclose its contents. It is believed to be a case of parental objections to marriage.

TO CHARGE FOR CYCLES.

At a conference of the officials of the Southern, Cincinnati Southern, Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis, Western & Atlantic and the Memphis & Charleston railroads, it has been decided to charge 25 cents for transporting bicycles. It was also recommended that the Southern Association adopt a similar rate for baby carriages.

YOU DON'T
SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN
RIDING,

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

WILL INCREASE WAGES.

Notice Posted Promising Increase if Mr. Bryan Is Elected.

It has been many days since a factory notice promising increased wages has been seen in this vicinity says a late special from Newark, O., to the Atlanta Constitution, but the employes of the Central City Stove Works here were treated to this novel sight. A peculiar provision accompanies the promise, namely, that in case of William J. Bryan's election an increase of 10 per cent in the wages of every employe in this union foundry will be given.

A remarkable feature in connection with the case is that the company's president, C. W. Cunningham, has been a life long Republican, while the heaviest stockholder, W. N. Fulton, is an enthusiastic silverite, though he is a leading banker. Nearly all the employes are Republicans, but all are Bryan suporters.

President Cunningham said today the reason the promise of better wages was made is that the company feels confident free coinage will so stimulate business, especially in the west, where the trade largely lies, that an increase will be jutifiable. He recited the fact that molders' wages before silver's demonetization were higher than they are today and pointed out how a manufacturer of stoves voluntarily increased wages in 1879, after the Bland act's passage, which revived the west. He believes business under free coinage will justify even further wage advances.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE OPENING.

The State Normal at Troy, Ala., has the largest opening in its entire history, there being now 273 on its "Attendance" course, and 277 on its Extension, making a total of 550 in all. The management expect to run a total this session of above 800.

A Senatorial and a Representative scholarship provision is extending the college advantages to all sections of the State. These are great advantages to teachers of limited means, and are proving popular. Teachers should see their Senator or Representative as to this, or the County Superintendent of Education.

Many scores of "Trained Teachers" have been called for by school officers, and every graduate or undergraduate of this college desiring a position, has been located. It thus pays to get Professional Training. Dr. Eldridge, the President of the College, put in a busy summer locating teachers and answering questions about the State Normal College at Troy, and has the very large attendance to show for it. Normal Schools are a great benefit to our educational system.

New buildings are to begin soon, and ten young carpenters are wanted for one-half day work and school attendance, too.

INSURGENTS DISLODGED

After a Severely Fought Battle—Over 100 Killed.

News of a heavy fight between insurgents and Spaniards came over the wires from Havana Tuesday. One dispatch says:

Lieutenant Colonel Granados left Pinar del Rio City yesterday he found at Guamaya and Cantabria a Spanish column surrounded by 3,000 rebels who had been sent by Maceo to attack the Spaniards. Lieutenant Colonel Granados made a vigorous attack upon the enemy, who fired twelve cannon shots at close range. A prompt retreat to Cantabria saved Granados' command, as well as the Spanish troops, which had been surrounded.

The Spanish forces were united at Cantabria and in the meantime the rebels had taken positions at Loma Blanca. The united Spanish forces made an attack upon the rebels, who were dislodged from their positions after a fight lasting five hours. The rebels lost eighty killed and a large number wounded. The Spaniards had twelve killed and ninety-two wounded, including four officers. Lieutenant Colonel Granados had started to march back to Pinar del Rio, when, at 3 p. m., he heard cannonading on the other side of the hills.

Yesterday a fierce engagement occurred at Teja del Negro between a force of 700 Spanish troops under General Bernal and the forces of Maceo. The rebels occupied good positions. The battle began at 9 o'clock in the morning. The enemy made a stubborn defense, but were finally dislodged, with a loss of 100 killed. It is said that when they retired they carried away 200 wounded. The Spanish losses were: Lieutenant Colonel Romero and General Bernal's adjutant, killed; Lieutenant Colonel Chascal and eight other officers, wounded; eighteen privates killed and sixty-five wounded.

TORPEDO BOAT CONTRACTS.

Contracts for the three torpedo boats which were awarded by Secretary Herbert Monday were promptly executed the next morning by President Scott of the Union Iron works, San Francisco, and General Hyde of the Bath Iron Works, Maine. The Pacific coast boat is a slight modification of the English boat Desperate, built by Thornycraft. Its displacement is 240 tons and its cost $227,500. The two Atlantic coast boats are duplicates of the French boat Normand of Havre, being a development of the speedy Forban type. They are of 143 tons displacement and will cost $192,000 each. These awards are in exact accord with the original recommendations made by Commodores Hickborn and Melville, which were opposed by Commodore Sampson, chief of ordnance, who contended that Herreshoff should get the contracts.

THE LAST AWARDS.

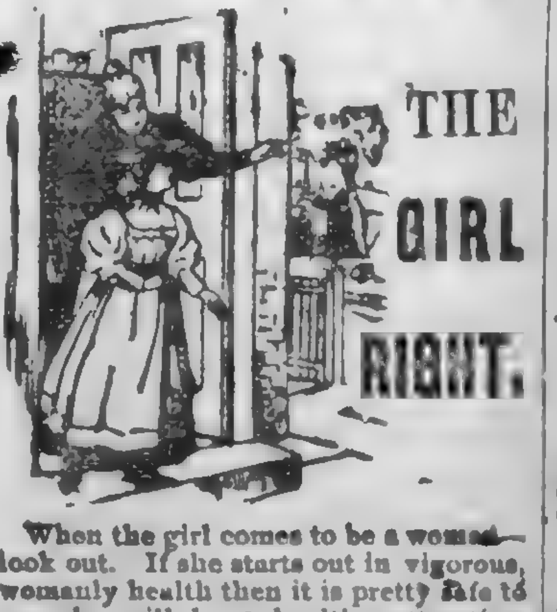
The awards for the torpedo boats authorised by congress to be constructed at a cost of $1,300,000, were completed Tuesday by Secretary Herbert, who gave one of the 22½ knot boats and two of the 20 knot boats to the Herreshoffs, all of these to be built according to the Herreshoffs own plans. Wolff & Zwicker, of Portland, Ore., get two of the 22½ knot boats, the Columbian Iron Works of Baltimore one of the 20 knot boats and Hillman & Co., of Philadelphia, one 20 knot boat. These awards, with the three already announced, made ten in all, and exhaust the appropriation.

The Pill that Will.

"The pill that will," implies the pills that won't. Their name is legion. The name of "the pill that will" is Ayer's Cathartic Pill. It is a pill to rely on. Properly used it will cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache; and the other ills that result from torpid liver. Ayer's pills are not designed to spur the liver into a momentary activity, leaving it in yet more incapable condition after the immediate effect is past. They are compounded with the purpose of toning up the entire system, removing the obstructing conditions, and putting the liver into proper relations with the rest of the organs for natural co-operation. The record of Ayer's Pills during the half century they have been in public use establishes their great and permanent value in all liver affections.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

START



THE GIRL RIGHT.

When the girl comes to be a woman—look out. If she starts out in vigorous, womanly health then it is pretty safe to say she will be a healthy, attractive, beautiful woman.

The beginning of womanhood is the real crisis in a woman's life. Nearly always something is wrong then in the distinctly feminine organs. Maybe it isn't very serious—no matter—the time to stop disease is when it starts.

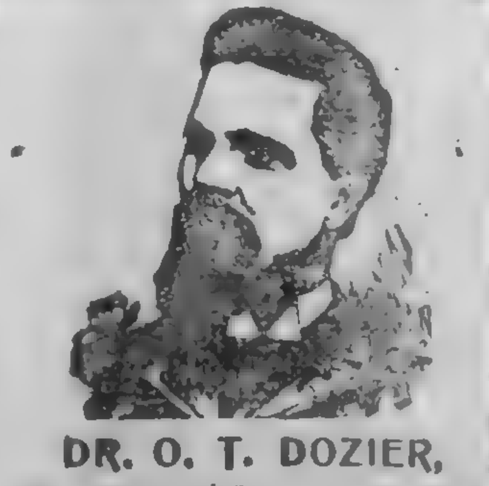
McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

will bring girls safely through the crisis. Taken at the first indication of weakness, it never fails. It regulates the monthly periods with perfect precision. Its action is direct upon the feminine organs that above all others, ought to be strong and well.

Start the girl right. Don't expose her to the dangers and tortures of dragging weakness, bearing down pains, nervous prostration and the debilitating drains so common to women.

McElree's Wine of Cardui, is a home treatment. It does away entirely with abhorrent "local examinations."

Sold at $1.00 a Bottle by Dealers in Medicine.



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(The Renowned Southern Specialist)

Birmingham, Ala.

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CURES GUARANTEED.

All Chronic Diseases of Lungs, Liver, Heart, Kidneys, Bladder, and all diseases of the Genito Urinary organs are in my line of practice. Diseases peculiar to women, and all venereal diseases of either sex [illegible] cured by mild and safe remedies. [illegible] ments to marriage, as Stricture, [illegible] cele, Impotence, Emissions and all [illegible] sults of self-abuse or excessive indulgence quickly and permanently cured. I guarantee satisfaction in every case I treat. My valuable "Book for Men Only," and Symptom Blanks for men or women will be sent free in plain, sealed envelope to all who apply. Consultation free, whether in person or by letter.

A FEW EXTRACTS FROM PRESS ENDORSEMENTS.

Hundreds more of like character, and thousands of high testimonials from patients can be furnished if necessary.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

Dr. O. T. Dozier, the head of the Southern Medical Dispensary of Birmingham, Ala., is a specialist of nearly twenty years' experience in the treatment of chronic, nervous and private diseases and his uniform success has given him a leading position in the medical profession.

(Masonic Guide.)

Dr. Dozier can be relied upon to treat diseases in the most successful manner, and he is known all over the south.

(The Southern Odd Fellow.)

We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be a [illegible] fellow that can be relied on to carry out every promise he makes [illegible].

(Age Herald.)

* * * Dr. Dozier has resided for many years in Birmingham, and such success as he has enjoyed in his reputation [illegible] profound distinction of standing at "the head of his profession."

(People's Weekly Tribune.)

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(Daily News, Birmingham.)

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([illegible])

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FLORIDA LANDS. $100 will buy 40 acres, enough for a farm. [illegible] W. Avil [illegible] Florida.

RODS and Dip Needles for Prospectors, Miners and Treasure Seekers. Circular, 2 cents. C. & M. [illegible], Palmyra, Penn. [illegible] Agents Wanted for new line of Specialties.

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PATENTS 20 years' experience. Send sketch for advice. [illegible] Deane, late prin. examiner U. S. Patent Office. [illegible] Weaver, McGill Building, Washington, D. C.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

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BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City.

Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. IV. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1896. NO. 52.

The band plays for sound money.

And now for the grand round up.

The campaign of education goes on.

The banks are the power behind the throne.

The [illegible] marched through [illegible]

[illegible] money is better than no [illegible]

[illegible] would soon settle the [illegible]

It is muscle and brains against [illegible]

[illegible] is that which gives the greatest [illegible]

This election settles nothing unless [illegible] right.

It is the big dollar of debt that is [illegible] the producer down.

Free silver does not mean free men, but it is a step in that direction.

The principles of populism are the [illegible] of the kingdom of heaven on earth.

So long as the banks control the volume of money there will be danger of [illegible]

[illegible] is danger in sleeping on guard even though a vast army is behind [illegible]

The people's party is the backbone of the silver movement, as well as other great reforms.

When Grover looks out upon the present political situation he no doubt has a "tired feeling."

The [illegible] man who votes for a single gold standard does so through ignorance, prejudice or coercion.

If we have been under a gold standard for twenty years and a gold standard is a good thing, where is the good thing, please?

The workingman only asks the right to earn his living. The speculator wants a license to steal what somebody else earns. Which is the more worthy of consideration?

The present national banking system is a greater curse than the single gold standard, in that it has the power to expand and contract the currency regardless of what is the standard.

The railroads are owned by corporations and the postoffices are owned by [illegible] in [illegible] the postmasters. Thus falls one objection to government ownership.

The gold bugs not only call the silver men idiots—but from the kind of arguments they present they appear to actually believe that the people are [illegible] enough to accept any kind of proposition they make.

Populist papers must be true leaders of the people, and have courage enough to stand up for principle instead of pottering along behind the commissary wagon waiting for something to tumble off to eat.

The real aristocracy of America is composed of those men who consider it greater to be an independent American citizen, than to wear a crown of blood-bought gold gorgeous with baubles of oyster-shell and carbon.

When our forefathers wrote the declaration of independence they forever declared that America was able to take care of herself without asking the consent of Europe. Shall we disgrace the memory of our fathers?

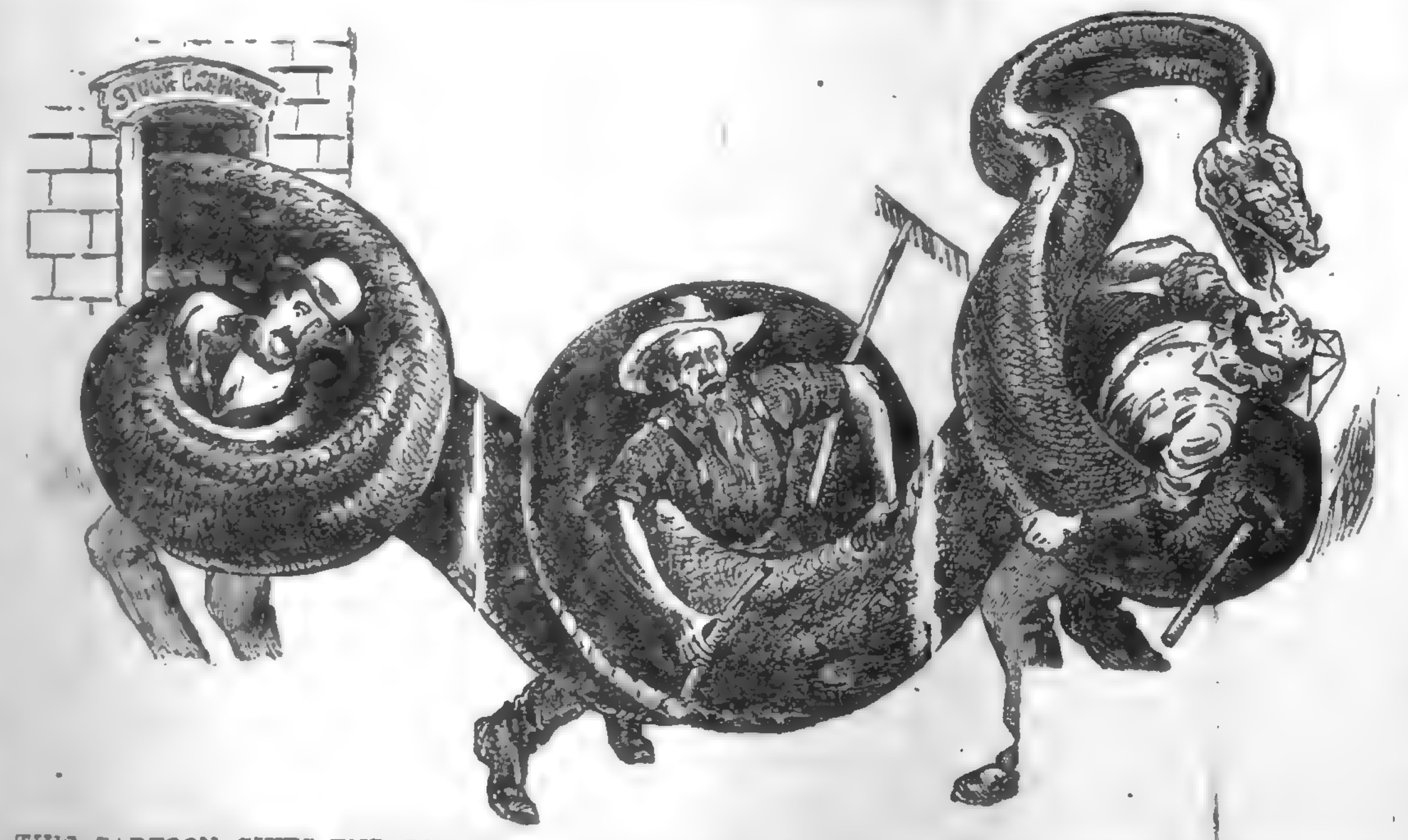
So tender-hearted are the editors who shed scalding tears over the prospect of the workingman being paid in cheap dollars that should the fiction department of the "Heavenly Messenger" be placed in their charge heaven would probably be flooded with angels' tears.

There is an old English recipe for cooking a hare, which begins with, "first catch the hare." Bryan doesn't propose to make any patronage pie until he is duly presented with the cap and apron of chief cook, and investigates the condition of the canned fruit and other things in the cellar.

Regulation a Failure.

[illegible] regulation of private enterprise is a disappointment and a failure. The United States today with all the reverence it has for a constitution which empowers congress to "regulate commerce," stands convicted before the whole world with failing to do it. This government has tried to "regulate commerce" by granting special privileges to corporations and then allowing itself to be swindled by its proteges. It has given millions of public money and loaned other millions to private railroad schemes to "regulate commerce," and then looked on while the railroad properties have been wrecked and the wreckers have become millionaires. It has tried to "regulate commerce" with every agency of commerce monopolized —private telephone, private railroads, private telegraph, private express, private coal mines, private shipping, private patents—with this result, that instead of government regulating commerce, commerce regulates government and the most skillful robbers have the greatest influence and are the noblest patriots.—Coming Nation.

TOM WATSON'S WALL STREET SNAKE.



THIS CARTOON GIVES THE POPULIST CANDIDATE'S OWN PICTURE OF THE MONEY POWER AND ITS DOINGS.—From New York World.

CANDIDATE BRYAN.

TELLS MARTINSBURG FARMERS THAT "MONEY IS A CREATURE OF LAW."

A Truthful Declaration Boldly and Unequivocally Made, the Significance of Which Is Comprehended by Thoughtful Reformers.

Mr. Bryan voiced good common sense and the straightest of populist doctrine on the money question when he talked as follows to the farmers of Martinsburg, W. Va., on the 30th of last month:

"My friends, our opponents assume that money is a thing creatd by commerce and that law has nothing to do with it. I want to say to you that money is a creature of law. You can have as much or as little money as the law permits. If the laws are made by those who want money to be high priced they make money scarce in order that money may be high priced. If you want money sufficiently plentiful to keep pace with population and industry, the laws have got to be made by those who believe in having enough money to keep pace with population. (Applause.)

Certainly "money is a creature of law." All populists worthy of the name know that and have known it for some time. Whether the law declares that the "creature" shall be made of gold, silver, copper, zinc, tin, paper, leather or any other substance, it is absolutely certain that it could have no existence but for the "fiat" of law calling it into being and establishing the quantity, character, shape, size, etc., of the material of which it is composed. Mr. Bryan evidently realizes this fact now whether he ever did before or not, and realizing this fact the people may safely confide in his ability to shortly discern the folly of the theory of redemption money.

The idea that one "creature of the law" must be redeemed by another creature of the same law in order to make the "redeemed" as good as the "redeemer" when it is all alike created for the same purpose, is so supremely ridiculous and inconsistent with good sense that no man of spirit and judgment will harbor it for a moment. The people can have money enough to transact their business properly on the very same terms and in the same way that they have postage stamps sufficient to answer their mail requirements. If the government should farm out its postoffices privileges and prerogatives upon the same terms it does its money furnishing functions to a few corporations, the people would have no right to expect that they would be permitted their present cheap postal facilities. Under present conditions the government will transport one hundred pounds or one hundred thousand pounds, of second class mail matter from New York to San Francisco at the uniform rate of one cent per pound, and it would charge the same rate if the matter was to be carried one or one thousand miles.

If this same work was done by a private corporation for private profit, the public, the great unthinking, burden-bearing public, would readily perceive the injustice (?) to the corporation, in the demand that it should carry the poor man's pound as cheaply as it carried the rich man's ton or hundred tons, and to bother itself about carrying it one mile at as low a rate per mile as it would the enormous products of the rich a thousand miles would be deemed by everybody as exquisitely absurd. It is plain enough that if this business was left to the mercy of private corporations, as so much of the people's business is, including the furnishing of the paper money necessary to carry on their trading, postage stamps and postage facilities would cost anywhere from five to ten times as much as at present, and the service would not be anything like as satisfactory.

The redemption theory of money is nothing more nor less than a clumsy attempt to call in the assistance of nature in limiting the supply of money. It is "clumsy," because the gold, or gold and silver, of which the theory holds the redemption money must be made, while produced in certain limited quantities, may, nevertheless, be, by the law creating money, divided into such infinitesimal money units as to create an absolutely unlimited supply of gold and silver money, to say nothing about the volume of paper money which might be based upon, and redeemable in, these depreciated money units. The law which declares that twenty-five and eight-tenths grains of standard gold shall constitute a dollar, might as easily declare for any other number less than that and it would be just as effective if it declared for the hundredth part of a grain as it is now. Then is it not correct to say that the redemption theory is a "clumsy" one? And does it not depend entirely upon the well-known abhorrence of the people, or their lazy disinclination, for the investigation of economic questions for its continuance?

But can anybody give a good reason why the accidents of nature, or any other power, should be invoked to limit the supply of money in any other way than that in which the supply of postage stamps is? Postage stamps are "creatures" of the government and are provided in amounts limited only by the demand by the government direct to the people for their express benefit. Money is a creature of the government that is as essential to the welfare of the people as postage stamps are, but instead of the government providing money direct to the people it only provides it to those who are fortunate enough to be the possessors of a certain kind of metal, or to bankers who can put up evidences of its own indebtedness, and the consequence is that 70,000,000 people are absolutely dependent upon a few metal and bond owners for their supply of money.

This condition is not only wrong, but it is largely responsible for the "hard times" universally complained of. The same money ideas obtain in this nation as prevail all over the world and while a change in the plan of providing this nation with money will not, of itself, bring entire relief, it is safe to assume, since other nations provided as this one is are even in a worse condition than it is that a change is necessary. The fact that W. J. Bryan has publicly proclaimed the doctrine that "money is a creature of law" inspires all intelligent, thoughtful reformers with renewed confidence in his ability, courage and honesty.

THOUGHTS ABOUT MONEY

By "Cranks and Anarchists."

The poor man who takes property by force is called a thief, but the creditor who can by legislation make a debtor pay a dollar twice as large as he borrowed is lauded as a friend of sound currency.—William J. Bryan.

Banks are more dangerous to the liberties of the people than standing armies.—Jefferson.

If the Americans adopt our banking and funding system, their liberties are gone.—Sir Wm. Pitt.

By the eternal, we will see which is to rule—the money power or the people!—Andrew Jackson.

Gold is the most useless metal in the world. Fit only for plugging teeth and ornamenting fools.—Dr. Franklin.

I have met and conquered all the allied armies of Europe, but England's paper money sent me to St. Helena.—Napoleon I.

The theory of intrinsic value of money has been abandoned by the best writers and speakers.—Encyclopedia Britannica.

Whoever controls the volume of money of any country is absolute master of all industry and commerce.—James A. Garfield.

Avarice says: "I will oppress the weak and devour the fruits of his labors and I will say it is fate that has so ordained."—Volney.

Bank paper must be suppressed, and the circulating medium must be restored to the nation, to whom it belongs.—Thomas Jefferson.

The bank is the union of the government and the money power—a union far more dangerous than church and state.—John C. Calhoun.

The present system of finance robs labor, gorges capital, makes the rich richer and the poor poorer, and turns a republic into an aristocracy of capital.—Wendell Phillips in 1870.

Anything upon which the government places its stamp and declares it a legal tender in payment of all debts and taxes is money, no matter what the material may be.—Henry Clay.

I believe the struggle now going on in this country and in other countries for a single gold standard will if successful produce widespread disaster in the end throughout the world.—James G. Blaine.

If a government contract a debt with a certain amount of money in circulation, and then contracts the money volume before the debt is paid, it is the most heinous crime that a government can commit against the people.—Abraham Lincoln.

Man is the only animal on earth that will quietly suffer for food among plenty. He is the only one whose brain is so small that he will see his tender offspring suffer with cold where there is plenty of material to keep him warm.—Inter Mountain Advocate.

My friends, unless our children have more patience and courage than saved this country from slavery, republican institutions will go down before moneyed corporations. Rich men die, but corporations are immortal. They are never afflicted with disease. In the long run they are bound to win with legislatures.—Wendell Phillips.

Place the money power in the hands of a combination of a few individuals and they, by expanding or contracting the currency, may raise or sink prices at pleasure, and by purchasing when at the greatest depression, and selling when at the greatest elevation, may command the whole property and industry of the community. The banking system concentrates and places this power in the hands of those who control it. Never was an engine invented better calculated to place the destinies of the many in the hands of the few.—John C. Calhoun.

"Yes, we may all congratulate ourselves that this cruel war is nearing a close. It has cost a vast amount of treasure and blood. The best blood of the flower of American youth has been freely offered upon our country's altar that the nation might live. It has been, indeed, a trying hour for the republic, but I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of the war, corporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the republic is destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of the war. God grant that my suspicions may prove groundless."—Abraham Lincoln.

The God of "Sound Money."

Gold is the king of kings, the monarch of money, the emperor of speculation, the unmoved spectator of Turkish atrocities, the General Gomez of revolution, the W. C. P. Breckinridge of morals, the managing editor of the daily press, the fashion-plate of society, the god of greed, the mascot of superstition, the great-grandfather of aristocracy, the chief slave-driver of human servitude, and sole manager of the millionaire's campaign for "sound money."

More blood has been shed to gratify the greed for gold than for all other causes on earth combined.

Kings are but mud without the power of gold to back them.

Speculation is but a boy's game of mumble-peg without the expanding and contracting properties of gold.

Turkish atrocities are only "dangerous" as they threaten the stability of English gold investments.

Morals are but dross compared with the gorgeous raiment that adorns the front pews of the great churches that are dedicated to oratory and hired music.

The daily press is but a jumping-jack on two twisted strings between the thumbs of gold-owners.

Society is but a butterfly dance over a field of new-mown clover, when gold ceases to be king.

Greed becomes a hog trying to swallow a barrel of slop, when the shining treasure it hoards and gloats upon becomes worthless.

Superstition becomes a fairy story of ancient dark ages, when people behold that the golden god they have worshipped is deaf, dumb, blind and powerless in the light of wisdom.

Aristocracy puls off its coat and goes to work when it can no longer juggle with gold.

As Garfield said, the men who control the money of a country control its government and trade. England controls the gold of the world, hence she can control the government and trade of every country on the globe that has a single-gold standard financial system.

OFF OF THEIR BASE.

SOME SELF-ALLEGED CHRISTIANS AND THEIR DEEDS.

The Hypocrites and Black Sheep within the Fold are Generally against Bryan—Usury in the Church—Legalizing Crime.

From The Coming Nation: War is generally carried on in the name of God and liberty; Christian people have taught themselves that they have a God-given right to kill and plunder all the little nations of helpless heathen in order to convert them—into slaves.

They call it fighting the devil. They call themselves Christian warriors, just as though a man could be a Christian and a legal murderer.

Imagine Christ and his disciples standing ready to cut each other's throat, and you have a fair picture of the Christian nations of today preparing to blow each other into eternity.

The man who discovers or invents some great life destroyer is considered a benefactor to his country, and the churches are the loudest in their applause. Can we hope for anything good to come out of such a Christian spirit of plunder and conquest?

The churches of Christ! Great God what misnomers! Accepting peace offerings from the greedy and heartless rich, peace-offerings in the shape of money squeezed from the toiling poor. How they mislead and corrupt the minds of the young, making them believe that the modern church is doing the work of Christ.

A wealthy Chicago woman lately donated $75,000 to Prof Swing's church and the committee has decided to invest the cash in mortgages, the income to be used in "broadening the work of the church," to use the language of the committee.

Think of it! A church that pretends to do the work of Christ, and living on the money squeezed from the mortgaged slave! Did Christ teach usury?

Christians get around this point by contending that any "legal amount of interest" is not usury.

In Colorado there is no legal rate of interest. The law allows you to demand whatever rate you can get, and to collect it, even if the poor mortgaged slave is turned out to starve in midwinter.

Why, brother toilers, there is not a single law that we have today in this greed-cursed country that conforms to the teachings of Christ. "Sell that thou hast and give to the poor," if carried out to the letter, and in the spirit of true Christianity, would wipe out every single law that protects property and makes debt a crime.

And yet the modern church conforms only to our man-made laws, construing Christ's law to suit the occasion.

Can we hope for any assistance from these corrupted people, while even the cause of Christ (?) is bolstered up by the accursed mortgage?

These are the Christian warriors who are fighting the devil—for revenue only; that go out to conquer heathen nations in the name of God—for plunder; who sing liberty songs, while they live on the usury squeezed from the poor mortgaged slaves, and offer the workingman miserable charity, instead of justice.

The average Christian of today is as much afraid of justice as the devil is supposed to be afraid of "holy water" and never grants it to anybody willingly. He seems to think it a dangerous habit to establish.

He is like the Irishman who was arrested for wife murder, and who was promised justice by his attorney. "Justice!" he exclaimed, "bedad Oi'm in a position to make use of anny other branch ov the legal profession, but justice is the wan thing I want to escape, begorrah!"

I have always been in favor of woman suffrage, and am yet, providing women are educated in something higher than modern churchism. But I used to think that women, being the chief support of the churches, would purify politics.

Alas, how sadly I have been mistaken. In Colorado the women have been voting for two years, and the state is more corrupt than ever. The saloon still flourishes and is legalized by high license; gambling goes on as usual. Only a few months ago in my own town a man who was openly accused of running a gambling hell was elected by a large majority to fill an important office.

The church people have been running little gambling schemes so long for the glory of God that they have grown to like it, and the professional gambler simply makes a background to their own picture of Christianity.

When the women of Colorado helped to "redeem the state," as the hypocritical politicians taught the Christians to yawp, I expected to see reform on every hand. Rev. Myron Reed and F. F. Passmore were called all sorts of vile names because they did not join the "redeemers;" but, just as these two heroes predicted, crime has been encouraged since that grand old man, Davis H. Waite, was defeated by the "redeemers."

Our Christian women helped to do it, and still the saloon is legalized; the poor miserable prostitutes are rounded up periodically, like so many cattle, and are fined to fatten the purse of public officers, while a small per cent goes to lighting and paving the streets where the pious redeemers tread.

And the mortgage laws are running in the same stage of hellish glory. Usury on every hand. But the church has grown used to it—grown and fattened on this child of hades; and never a word is heard against it from the pulpits.

They spend their time searching the Bible for the tracks of the devil, whom they claim to be fighting, while right in their own door-yard the devil's tracks are yet so plain and warm that a blind Christian could easily follow them, if he felt like doing so.

Ah, these Christian warriors seldom fight any national wrongs. Almost anything is right in their eyes, so long as it pays a revenue. They can see no harm in cornering wheat, or pork, or oil, or land, or money, even though thousands of the miserable poor suffer and die of want, and all around the church door reigns a hell of hopeless hunger. These Christian warriors can see no harm in it, so long as the church gets a rake-off.

These Christian warriors can see no sin or crime among those whom God(?) has blessed with wealth. Among those whose hearts are as hard as the granite walls of an orthodox hell, and who live to accumulate dollars squeezed from the hands of the toiling poor.

They do all their searching for sin among those whom the rich have robbed. Those whom God has blessed with poverty and want (God does it all). The crimes and sins of the miserable poor are searched out and laid bare before the world. The Christian newspapers are full of their sins every day, and the police go down among them to club them about for the glory of God and the eternal salvation of their souls.

At times some good souls go down among them to distribute tracts, in which the story of God's love is told them, for the purpose of making them feel still more miserable, and to look up to the rich as the people who have a divine right to build slums where the robbed and outraged poor can be hidden from the sight of God's elect, and hope can never, never come. Ah, the dear, Christian nations! Standing ready to rush their miserable poor into a bloody conflict in order that the victorious rich may glut themselves with plunder.

England has a Christian army whose business is to butcher the heathen and take possession of their land, and even butcher some other Christian army if they interfere.

Russia has a Christian army to rule over the government hell at home, and to gobble a little plunder from the heathens when a chance offers.

The whole of Europe is but a living hell for the toiling poor, walled in by the so-called Christian armies, who force the poor to throw up their hands while the rotten royalty rob them of all but a bare existence.

And is it any better in our own country? Oh, God, these pinched and furrowed faces of the wandering poor who knock at my door and ask for a crust of bread! What is the church and the Christian warriors doing for them? Nothing! And the echo of this cry goes up to God and rattles against the frame of high heaven, and the day of wrath draws nearer at every rising of the sun.

Ah, you Christian warriors, you are but camp-followers, and plunderers of the miserable poor; you never fight on the side of the weak and lowly, but are led by the political butchers who live but to plunder and fatten on the blood of the toiling poor.

Buying the Railroads.

The power of congress to regulate railroads was a live question in the seventies, made so by the Grange, then in its zenith.

In 1874 the United States senate appointed a special committee on transportation routes to the seaboard, consisting of Senators Windom (rep.) of Minnesota, John Sherman (rep.) of Ohio; Roscoe Conkling (rep.) of New York, H. G. Davis (dem.) of West Virginia, T. M. Norwood (dem.) of Georgia, J. W. Johnson (dem.) of Virginia, John H. Mitchell (rep.) of Oregon and S. B. Conover (rep.) of Florida. This committee devoted several months to an examination of the subject, and in their report may be found the following regarding the power of congress to regulate:

First. That the powers of congress, whatever it may be, are derived directly from the people of the several states and not from the states themselves.

Second. That every important word in the clauses which confer the "power to regulate commerce among the several states" and "to make all the laws valid necessary for carrying it into execution, has received legislative, executive and judicial construction, and under such construction the power of congress to regulate interstate transportation by railroads, and to aid and facilitate commerce, is easily established.

Third. That in the exercise of this power congress is authorized under the grant of auxiliary power, to employ such means as are appropriate and plainly adapted to their execution.

Fourth. That in the selection of means by which interstate commerce shall be regulated, congress may—

1. Prescribe the rule by which instruments, vehicles and agents engaged in transporting commodities from one state into or through another shall be governed; whether said transportation is by land or water.

2. That it may appropriate money for the construction of railways or canals, when the same shall be necessary for regulation of commerce.

3. That it may incorporate a company with authority to construct them.

4. That it may exercise the right of eminent domain within a state in order to provide for the construction of such railways or canals, or

5. It may in the exercise of the right of eminent domain, take for the public use, paying just compensation therefor, any existing railway or canal owned by private persons or corporations.

AMONG POLITICIANS.

The News of a Week in the Political Arena.

CLATON CALLED DOWN.

Could Not Hold the Office of District Attorney and Run for Congress Too.—The Negro and the Boodle Dispensers. — The Fanuiel Hall Crowd Wins in Massachusetts.

Henry D. Clayton, United States District Attorney for the middle district of Alabama, was last Saturday summarily removed from office by the President. Mr. Clayton was a delegate to the Chicago convention, is now a candidate for Congress from the Third District of Alabama and is a near relative of Senator Pugh of that State. Assistant District Attorney G. F. Moore has been placed in charge of the place. Some interesting correspondence led up to this action by the President. Early in October Attorney-General Harmon wrote Mr. Clayton a letter, stating that newspaper clippings and leters showed that he was a candidate for Congress, and his duties as District Attorney made the two positions inconsistent with each other. To this letter no reply was received. On October 8, Attorney-General Harmon wrote Mr. Clayton another letter, in which he assumed that his first letter had not been received by Mr. Clayton. He repeated much of his first letter in substance, and concluded "Please advise me upon receipt of this what you propose to do in view of the rule which makes your candidacy for another office inconsistent with the holding of your present position."

Mr. Clayton, on October 14, replied from Montgomery, Ala., to this last letter of Attorney-General Harmon. He stated that he was the regular nominee of the Democratic party from the Third District for Congress, and was engaged in the discharge of his duties as District Attorney; that he had heard of no complaints as to his neglecting his work, but that he was making speeches in behalf of his candidacy. He concluded as follows:

"I am not aware that any of the duties of my office have been neglected. I have thought that a man, though an office-holder, had the right of speech and the right to aspire to represent his people. I do not believe that my retention of the office of District Attorney should preclude me from those rights of citizenship which are enjoyed by my fellow citizens. I therefore decline to admit that my candidacy for Congress is inconsistent or incompatible with my present position."

Atorney-General Harmon laid the correspondence before the President, and at 2 o'clock Friday this telegram was sent:

"Department of Justice,
"Washington, Oct. 16, 1896.

"Henry D. Clayton, Office United States District Attorney, Montgomery, Ala:—

"For reasons appearing in our correspondence, the President has today removed you from the office of United States Attorney, which you now hold. You will govern yourself accordingly. Answer to your letter mailed today.

"JUDSON HARMON,
"Attorney-General."

THE NEGRO IS LEFT OUT.

It is reported that some of the leading negro politicians of Alabama are to make it uncomfortable for some of the white Republicans and Republican sympathizers by demanding to know what has become of all the campaign money this year. Heretofore the negroes have come in for a share of the campaign boodle of the Republicans in National election years, but this time the "Nationals" are said to have come in and cut them out of their share, and there is sore disappointments existing. This election fund has been heretofore a good, substantial source of revenue to the negroes, and it is stated that he is beginning to make things uncomfortable for his old political bosses by calling long and loud for his share of the plunder.

FANEUIL HALL CROWD WINS.

The ballot law Commissioners of Massachusetts have rendered their decision in the matter of the rival Democratic State conventions—that held in Faneuil Hall under the direction of the Democratic State Committee and the one held in Music Hall by the followers of George Fred Williams. The Commissioners decided in favor of the Faneuil Hall convention. Both conventions nominated Williams for Governor, but he declined to accept the Faneuil Hall nomination. This decision throws out the Music Hall proceedings, but as nomination papers have been filed, the ticket nominated at that gathering stands, as well as the Faneuil Hall ticket, which differs only in the choice of one elector

BAYS RESPECTFULLY DECLINES.

A. H. Bays, of Eupora, Miss., writes an open letter to H. M. Street, Chairman of the late "National" Democratic convention held at Jackson, declining to serve as Palmer and Buckner elector, and declaring that he is an old-fashioned Democrat and therefore not in sympathy with the independent movement.

A PREMATURE BLAST.

Four men were killed and several seriously hurt by an explosion of dynamite at Kennedy's camp, on the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf road, near Van Buren, Ark., early Friday morning. The accident occurred while workmen were blasting, the charge going off prematurely.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama.

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

4th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
FOR CONGRESS
W. F. ALDRICH

Electors at large—Joseph H. Harris of Chambers and S. A. Hobson of Tuscaloosa.

First district—A. B. Gaston of Mobile.

Second district—Lawrence S. Knight of Crenshaw.

Third district—John G. Searcy of Barbour.

Fourth district—Thomas L. Harvey of Calhoun.

Fifth district—Edmund B. Langley of Tallapoosa.

Sixth district—H. P. Gaines of Walker.

Seventh district—W. M. Coleman of Marshall.

Eigth district—T. B. Bickley of Colbert.

Ninth district—Nelson Fuller of Bibb.

UNTIL November 1 we will accept 75 cents for a twelvemonths subscription to THE BANNER. After that date we positively cannot make any reduction.

VOTE for Bryan and Watson electors and for W. F. Aldrich.

IT has been figured out that the combined tickets for Bryan and Watson and Bryan and Sewall will give Bryan 232 votes in the electoral college, but that neither Watson or Sewall, or Hobart or Buckner will have anything like enough votes to elect either of them, consequently the vice presidency will be thrown into the senate and the Populists hold the balance of power and will see that Tom Watson gets justice.

FEW men are better known and so highly respected in Chilton county than Hon. S. M. Adams late of Bibb, and we are certain the information that he has purchased a place near Jemison will be highly appreciated by our people. Mr. Adams removed his family into their new home last week. He will continue to serve his three churches in Bibb county, but otherwise has no other engagements for this next year. We cordially welcome this addition to Chilton's population.

THE great and only Capt. Reuben F. Kolb made some sort of an apology to the people of Chilton county last Monday at Clanton in regard to his recent return to the Democratic party. The genial Reuben always keeps his weather eye open, and knowing last Monday was the tax assessor's and tax collector's day here made sure of having a fairly good attendance. Well, he had a pretty good audience who went away using rather strong language. Mr. Kolb can no more deliver the Populists of Chilton county over to the Democratic party than he can himself which party he will belong to after Noverber 3, 1896.

REFERRING to Mr. Crumpton's letter in last week's BANNER we must call our readers attention to one sentence which most truly explains the Democratic demand for unity. Mr. Crumpton says "Even if we fail to win this fight we will be organized to try it again in 1900." There you have it straight, Mr. Populite. If you vote now for Bryan and Sewall and Plowman how will you be organized in 1900? Why in the Democratic party of course. In other words, all that the Democratic party requires of you now is to vote their ticket and in two years time you will be exactly where they have been trying to get you the last four years, that is back in the Democratic ranks. Can you afford to do it? We say No!

Address of Hon. S. M. Adams to the Populists of Alabama

To the Populist Party of Alabama:

Dear Friends—Having been written to, and requested by many of my friends—middle-of-the-road Populists—in the State of Alabama, to give my views on the present political situation in the State, I feel it my duty, first, to remind you of the fact that Bryan and Watson are the nominees of the People's Party for President and Vice-president, and for that reason all true and loyal Populists should give their support to them. What else can we do? Should we fail to do this we say to this country and to the world that we are not to be relied upon as a party and hence weaken the faith of all good and true men in our political honesty.

Is it right or reasonable for the Democratic party, or any other political party, to call upon us to abandon our nominee, sacrificing both him and our principles, for no other purpose than to elevate to office and to power a man whose personal interest necessarily must be opposed to every plank in our platform and to the platform upon which he is running for vice-president of the United States. The Democrats advise the Populists to sacrifice Watson and support Sewall, and use as an argument that a vote for Watson means half a vote for McKinley. Now, let us see. In Oregon and other Western States, the Democrats have united with the Populists on a straight Bryan and Watson ticket. If Watson was to come down, under the law there is not time to put out another ticket, and even should there be time it would be favorable to McKinley rather than to Bryan. The Democrats of this State should remember that a majority of the People's Party in the Western States came out of the Republican party, and in the event of the abandonment of the Populist nominee they would naturally revert to the Republican nominee, just in the same way that our Democratic friends in this State expect the Populists of Alabama and of the South to support the Democratic nominee.

I deny the charge that Watson's candidacy is an advantage to McKinley, but on the other hand, owing to the present condition in the West, there can be no hope of Bryan's success without Watson.

I would earnestly appeal to every Populist in Alabama to stand firmly by the Bryan and Watson electoral ticket. I make the appeal in the interests of Bryan as well as Watson, and above all in the interests of our party and the common good of our country. Good government, business prosperity, better prices for farm products, better wages for the workingmen, better educational facilities, a betterment of our moral, social and religious condition—all depend upon the Populists standing firm by a God-given principle which all parties in the last year have been to some extent forced to recognize. We have no gold-bugs in our party, no railroad kings, no bankers, none of the elements that go to make up the great organized power that today is opposed to the original idea of a free and independent government. This is a government of the people, by the people, and should be for the people, and not for the monied corporations. These principles are the principles for which our party was born. It came into existence pregnant with Jefferson and Jackson's ideas of government and for the reason that both the old political parties had proved recreant, to say the least of it, to government in the interest of the people. Both the old parties had co-operated in the destruction of silver and hence the new departure of the Democratic party in the present advocacy of the restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver must necessarily require careful watching and no better guardian can be employed than the true and tried Populist party, and let us place as its special watchmen Wm. J. Bryan and Thomas E. Watson.

Praying that an all wise Providence may direct you and keep you in the path of duty and save our country until it shall be indeed "The land of the free and the home of the brave."

I am yours respectfully,
S. M. ADAMS.

Jemison, Ala., Oct. 22, 1896.

The Populist party of Alabama, at the present time being without a State organ, I make this communication through the Clanton BANNER and request all Populist papers to copy. S. M. A.

No man in the United States has done so much for the building up of the Peoples' Party than Tom Watson. The national convention recognised that fact and nominated him for Vice President. Is there a single Populist in Alabama who will dare to deny this truth? Is there a single Populist in Alabama who will be so craven as to desert his own standard bearer? There is not a Populis worthy of the name who will not vote the straight ticket.

READ, mark, learn the names of the Bryan and Watson electors to be found on the ticket, printed in another column.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 15.

The opposition papers are devoting much space to inharmonious conditions in regard to the Vice Presidency. Rumors of withdrawals and acrimonious telegrams and interviews are abundant. However, Tom Watson seems to be busier doing good work in his State campaign than he is in getting off the ticket.

It is announced that Mr. Sewall of Maine has contributed twenty thousand dollars to the Democratic campaign fund.

Recent reports from every section of the country indicate the steady growth of the free silver sentiment and the probable election of Bryan. It is evident at this time that the working men hold the balance of power, and their votes will determine the contest. They have the welfare of the republic in their hands. They have the power to free themselves and their countrymen from slavery to the money kings. How will they use their power? If patriotism is not dead, truth and justice will triumph against bribery and coercion.

There are already more than seventy populist presidential electors in the field in the various states—enough to hold the balance of power in the electorial college and control the election of Vice President.

Wm. J. Bryan issued a formal letter of acceptance of the populist nomination for the presidency, last week, in reply to Chairman Allen's letter of notification. While not openly endorsing all of the populist platform, he expressed himself as being in full accord with the principles of the party. The letter will, no doubt, satisfy most resonable reformers.

The enemy are complimenting Jerry Simpson by sending much money and some of their biggist guns to fight him. That combination of spell-binders known as "the Generals," headed by Gen. Sickles, has been in his district recently. Still, Jerry has taken care of himself at home and found time besides to write W. M. Deisher, of the People's Party National Committee, a letter calling attention to Gen. Palmer's broken promise in regard to free silver at the time of his election to the Senate.

Members of the People's Party receive abundant and courteous recognition in the October periodicals. Carl Snider writes of Chairman Marion Butler in the Review of Reviews. Gen. Weaver contributes to the Chautauquan, a characteristically well written article on the "Battle of the Standards." Leslie's Weekly tells all it could learn of Seaborn Wright, of Georgia.

It is a good thing for the American people that the financial question is now clearly defined, and that they have forsaken all other controversy in order to give it their individual attention. As a nation we are patient and long suffering. We have for many moons heard the tinkle of the gold bug in the land, and we are at last alive to its meaning. We have seen high and low tariff tried. We have heard of the wonders that were to be accomplished by the repeal of the Sherman law. Then came bond issues, about which the less said the better, and a lingering panic which has reduced a large section of the people to a condition verging on despair. We have seen caressing clauses in the platforms of the political parties promising the rehabilitation of silver, and many other promises that have been cast aside and entirely forgotten after victory was attained.

Now the people know that neither protection nor free trade, no matter which in itself may be the better, can be of any real utility to the country, until the money question is settled and settled rightly. This is important, because only one great question can be attended to at a time. The issue once properly disposed of, others may be advantageously taken up. This one is the essential preparation for others.—U. S. Senator, J. P. Jones, in October Arena.

The Gun Goes Off

instantly when you pull the trigger. So sickness may come on suddenly. But it takes time to load the gun, and it takes time to get ready for those explosions called diseases. Coughs, colds, any "attack," whatever the subject be, often means preceding weakness and poor blood.

Are you getting thin? Is your appetite poor? Are you losing that snap, energy and vigor that make "clear-headedness?" Do one thing: build up your whole system with SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil. It is the essence of nourishment. It does not nauseate, does not trouble the stomach. And it replaces all that disease robs you of.

A book telling more about it sent free. Ask for it.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Editor BANNER: We notice in the last issue of the BANNER, what Rev. R. M. Honeycutt had to say in regard to religious service in the new court house. That suggestion will certainly be approved by all who accept Jehovah as Creator, Ruler, Preserver and Law Giver. We think that move to be admirable. May God be in that meeting and thus let all feel the inspiration so much needed in the walks of life. Another thought presents itself to our mind, while our beloved county is being thrown into the greatest political upheaval known to our generation. We see father against son, brother against brother, &c. There is something wrong. The preachers and churches are not looking earnestly enough heavenward for guidance in this struggle.

Please at your meeting on 22, make it a part of special prayer for relief in our national trouble. May our leaders keep principle and honesty of purpose nestled in the warmest part of their hearts so that a righteous enthusiasm may strengthen their efforts in behalf of a nation's redemption from present satanic influence. Ministers and people wake up, wake up! God alone can stay the ruthless hand of oppression.

MRS. IRA CAMPBELL.

HOW TO VOTE.

BELOW we show you how to vote next Tuesday week. The election law says the names of all candidates must be arranged alphabetically, consequently the name of Wm. F. Aldrich, whom you wish to vote for, and against which we have placed a cross-mark, X, just as you will do on November 3, is the first name on the ticket. Then take the names of the electors and make a X mark against those we have made a X mark on the ticket below, and you will vote for Bryan and Watson electors.

For Representative in the Fifty-fifth Congress of the United States from the Fourth District of the State of Alabama:
Vote for One.

X | Wm. F. Aldrich
| E. H. Dryer
| Thos. S. Plowman

For Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States:
Vote for Eleven.

| Nathan H. Alexander
| E. B. Almon
| John Andrews
| J. P. Appleton
| F. B. Baldwin
| J. M. Barnes
X | T. B. Bickley
| Wm. B. Browne
| Charles W. Buckley
| Thos. L. Bulger
| Joseph W. Burke
| W. P. Burks
| John D. Burnett
X | William M. Coleman
| C. E. Crenshaw
| O. E. Comstock
| J. B. Cumming
| Anthony R. Davison
| L. O Dawson
| Charles E. Dunn
| Thos. M. Espey
| Fred S. Ferguson
X | Nelson Fuller
X | H. P. Gaines
X | A. B. Gaston
X | Jos. H. Harris
X | Thos. L. Harvey
X | S. A. Hobson
| Daniel E. Huger
| Sam Will John
| A. B. Jones
X | Lawrence S. Knight
X | Edmund B. Langley
| Lawrence H. Lee
| J. C. Lester
| J. J. Mayfield
| J. P. Mudd
| William O. Mulkey
| Chas. B. Powell
| Charles Rattray
| R. Barnwell Rhett
| E. L. Russell
| J. W. A. Sanford
| R. L. Seale
X | John G. Searcy
| John B. Shields
| M. D. Sibert
| John A. Steele
| J. W. Stewart
| A. S. Stockdale
| J. J. Taylor
| Nicholas M. Ware
| Andrew J. Warner
| Morris D. Wickersham

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1896,

for the election of Electors for President and vice-President of the United States, and for the election of a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

This 1st day of October, 1896.
J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

ELECTION MANAGERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for an election to be held in said County on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1896. To-wit:

Beat No. 1—T J Dorminy, J W Sorrell, Mardical Robinson, Inspectors; J M Robinson, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 1 Providence)—I B Martin, Hugh Henry, Charles Johnson, Inspectors; J A Lowery, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 2 Jemison)—B M Gentry Ira Campbell, J P Givhan, Inspectors; G W Shaw, Returning officer.

Beat 3 (Box 1 Benson)—H W Varden, John Wright, Andy Jones, Inspectors; John Middlebrooks, Returning officer.

Beat 3 (Box 2 Macedonia)—Y O Freeman, A J Ware, Green Hayes, Inspectors; William Nix, Returning officer.

Beat 4—A A Ayres, John Grant, Alfred Popwell, Inspectors; A. C. Oates, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 1 Coopers)—J W G Kicker, B H Wells Hardy Jones, Inspectors; H A J Harris, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 2 Verbena)—W H Strock J J L Stewart, A H Courtney, Inspectors; — Thompson, Returning officer.

Beat 6—J R Vinson, Madison Popwell T L Dickerson, Inspectors; Fayette Popwell, Returning officer.

Beat 7 (Box 1 Maplesville)—W Y Nix G W Fox, W F Foshee, Inspectors; Geo Foshee, Returning officer.

Beat 7 (Box 2 Shoultz) W A Green, J D Holsomback, L O Burnett, Inspectors; J N Gentry, Returning officer.

Beat 8—W A Weaver, D C Gandy, Jack Landers, Inspectors; Wiley Letcher, Returning officer.

Beat 8—D N Riggins, W A Mims, James Collins, Inspectors; Wash Foshee Returning officer.

Given under our hands, this the 2 day of October, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.
J. P VANDERVEER,
Clerk of Circuit Court.
J. T. COOLEY
Sheriff.

State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

I, J. T. Cooley, Sheriff of said County, hereby appoint the Returning Officers, above named at their respective voting places, to act as Special Deputy Sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This the 2d day of October, 1896.
J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, in the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

So far as Chilton county is concerned Populists will vote for Bryan and Watson and Aldrich. Farewell, Capt. Kolb.

Tax Collector's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1896:

		1896
Shoultz	October	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 4 pm	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Srasburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30
Kincheon	November	2
Maplesville	"	3
Benson	"	4

T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Robert Wilson, Deceased } Probate Court Chilton County.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Robert Wilson, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of August, 1896, by Hon. R M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court for Chilton county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. WILSON,
Adm. Est. of Robert Wilson, Dec'd.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK.

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN
DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

for many years with Pollack & Co.

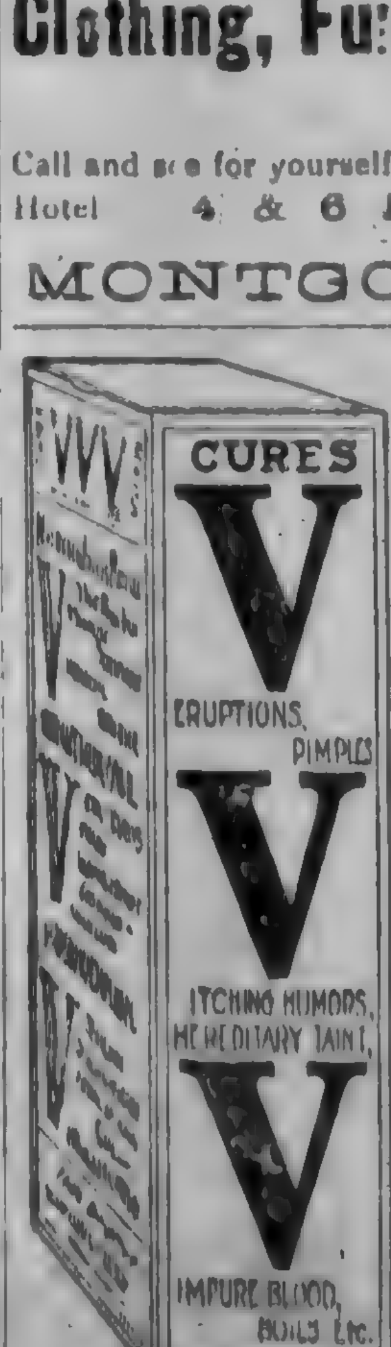
Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA



Every disease arising from an impure condition of the blood is quickly, surely and permanently cured by the great vegetable blood purifier and family remedy—V. V. V. No one living in or near a malarial district should be without this wonderful specific. A single bottle of V.V.V. will suffice to convince anyone that it positively

Cures Malaria

as well as liver complaint, rheumatism, kidney diseases, catarrh, etc. V. V. V. will thoroughly cleanse the blood of all impurities, driving from the system scrofula, tetter, eczema and all other humors. It strengthens and invigorates the whole body.

BARBER, MORROW & [illegible], Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second [illegible] in February, first Monday in [illegible] second Monday in May, second [illegible] July, second Monday in Au[illegible] first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6⅝ cents.
[illegible] received to-date:

[illegible]	985
[illegible]	527
[illegible]	220
	1732

BRICK FOR SALE. I have [illegible] for sale at a low price, [illegible] Lomax Road one and a half [illegible] north of Clanton. Will exchange [illegible] or cotton seed at [illegible] price.

F. R. WOODYARD.

[illegible] adjourned meeting of the [illegible] of Clanton was held last [illegible] the court house [illegible] attended. Mr. W. J. [illegible] was elected chairman and [illegible] Honeycutt secretary. [illegible] of the committee was [illegible] recommending the town [illegible], and the same [illegible] Mr. John Garner [illegible] member, was reap[illegible] prepare a charter of in[illegible]

[illegible] new court house was formally opened this morning. The dedication services were well attended, [illegible] M. Woods preaching a [illegible] sermon.

[illegible] had the pleasure of hearing [illegible] minutes last Thursday [illegible] gold bug nominees [illegible] and Buckner, who [illegible] their way to [illegible] They made no [illegible]

Miss [illegible] Phillips has returned [illegible] visit to her sister Mrs. Dunkin at Pratville.

Mr. N. W. Wilson visited Birmingham last week.

Mr. J. W. Johnson and wife left [illegible] Saturday for New Orleans where Mr. Johnson will study [illegible]

[illegible] H. Foshee visited Birmingham [illegible] day.

Mr. William Johnson, who has [illegible] attending school at East [illegible] left a few days ago for [illegible] where he will make his [illegible]

Mr Henry Honeycutt went to Birmingham Wednesday to hear Tom Watson.

Mr. W. H. Merritt went to Birmingham Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Evans went to Montgomery Tuesday.

Mrs B. T. Rasberry, of Mulberry was in town to-day.

Mr. Gaston A. Robbins, of Selma, was in town to-day to make a [illegible] to the Democrats of this place, but finding the dedication services at the new court house was engrossing the attention of every[illegible] gave up the idea, and attended [illegible] services instead.

[illegible] Honeycutt had a busy [illegible] this morning, commencing [illegible] day's work by uniting Mr. B. [illegible] Johnson and Miss Malone Bice, and Mr. Hubbard Glasscock and Miss M. A. Arledge. We wish [illegible] the newly married couples all happiness.

Mr. Tom Vines, of Miss., formerly a citizen of this county, is [illegible] on a visit to friends and relatives this week.

[illegible] for Aldrich.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is [illegible] teed to give perfect satisfac[illegible] money refunded. Price 25 [illegible] box. For sale by J S John[illegible]

Marriage licenses have been [illegible] this week by the Probate [illegible] to the following persons:

Mr. J. S. Rasberry and Miss Loretta Rasberry, Mr. James Fray and Miss Pascilla Cooper: Mr. J. W. [illegible] and Miss C. A. North[illegible] Mr. John Collum and Miss [illegible] Aycock: Mr. B. G. John[illegible] and Miss Malone Bice; Mr. [illegible] Glasscock and Miss M. A. [illegible]

[illegible] Robt. Doster and Fan[illegible]

Notice

[illegible] meeting of the Farm[illegible] Association [illegible] is hereby called [illegible] Clanton on Monday [illegible] All members [illegible] to come as business [illegible] has to be attended to

J. A. Logan, President.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have [illegible] prescription in Electric Bitters, [illegible] I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system [illegible] has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., [illegible] was all run down, could not eat [illegible] digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

Will Not Perform Miracles But It Will Cure.

DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE cures nervous prostration. Not miraculously, but scientifically, by first removing the germs of disease, and then supplying healthy nerve food, increasing the appetite, helping digestion and strengthening the entire system. Desperate cases require prolonged treatment as shown by that of Mrs. M. B. Reed, of Delta, Iowa, who writes: "As the result of a lightning stroke, the physicians said I had a light stroke of paralysis, my limbs would all draw up. I would have throbbings in my chest that seemed unendurable. For three months I could not sleep and for three weeks did not close my eyes. I prayed for sleep, and felt that if relief did not come I would be dead or insane. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and the second night slept two hours and from that time on my health improved; slowly at first, but steadily and surely. I took in all 40 bottles, and I cannot express how grateful I am, for I am now perfectly well, and have taken no medicine for over four months." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by druggists on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Book on heart and nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN,

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18353.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Lewis R Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18352.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se ¼ of section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John E Beardin, John W. Worthy, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of.

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's

LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896: 1896

Maplesville	November	9
Shoultz	"	10
Valley Creek church	"	11
Welch's mill	"	12
Dixie	"	13
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson	"	16
Macedonia church	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg	"	21
Maddox's mill	"	22
Lomax	"	24
Mineral Springs	"	25
Mountzion church	"	26
Cane Creek church	"	27
Ehrman's mill	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	4
Coopers	"	5
Verbena	"	7&8
Wayside church	"	9
Kincheon	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Collector.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1897: 1896

Pletcher's mill	October	1
Kincheon	"	2
Atbert Headley's store	"	3
Benson	"	5
Maplesville	"	6
Shoultz	"	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 2 pm	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church, Beat 2	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	17
Strasburg	"	16
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore's school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,354.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Thomas McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

PORTABLE

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of several executions issued out of the circuit court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. G. Hayes J. P. Nix and B. F. Rasberry, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

N ½ fractional sec 13 tp 22 r 12, w ½ sec 12 t 22 r 12, s 1-2 of n 1-2 sec 12 t 22 r 12, n 1-2 of ne ¼ sec 14 t 22 r 12, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, 30 acres of ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 11 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 t 22 r 12, nw 1-4 sec 18 t 22 r 13, n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 31 t 23 r 13, s 1-2 of sw 1 4 of sw 1-4 sec 7 t 22 r 13, se 1-4 of sw qr and sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 t 22 r 12, sw 1-2 of nw qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, e 1-2 of se qr of se qr sec 22 t 22 r 12, nw qr of ne qr sec 26 t 22 r 12, n half of se qr and n half of s half of se qr sec 15 t 22 r 12, s half of se qr and ne qr of se qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, nw qr of ne qr sec 19 t 22 r 13, s 1-2 of se qr of ne qr sec 18 t 22 r 13, n half of sw qr and sw qr of sw qr of nw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, se qr of ne qr and w half of ne qr of sw qr sec 17 t 22 r 13, as the property of W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry

Therefore, according to said command I shall expose for sale at public auction all the right, title and interest of the above named W G Hayes, J P Nix and B F Rasberry, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1896,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court-house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton this July 8, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 12th day of October, 1896.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, the 19th day of October, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

The above sale is continued until Monday, Oct. 26, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18321.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
Sept. 14, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on October 24th, 1896, viz.: Alex Logan, Homestead entry, No. 23,181, for the sw¼ of section 12 tp 23 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: James Wagoner, John Williams, Lewis Littleton, Marion Wagoner, all of Jumbo, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

THE PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. [illegible]—Surrey Harness, Price $[illegible]. As good as sells for $30.

No. [illegible]—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

APPOINTMENTS.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. A. P. Longshore will speak on Monday, Oct. 19, at Columbiana, at 1:30 p.m. and at Shelby at 7:30 p m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. T. D. Parsons will speak on Tuesday, Oct. 20 at Sycamore at 12 m. and at Sylacauga at 4 p.m.; Wednesday, Oct. 21 at Childersburg at 10 a.m.; Thursday 22 at Vincent at 2:30 p.m.; Friday, Oct. 23 at Vandiver at 11 a.m.; Saturday Oct. 14 at Talladega at 11 a.m. and at Ironaton at 5 p.m.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. L. H. Reynolds will speak on Monday, Oct. 26 at Stanton; Tuesday, Oct. 27 at Verbena; Wednesday, Oct. 28 at Clanton and Coopers; Thursday, Oct. 29 at Jemison and Union; Friday, Oct. 30 at Saginaw Saturday, Oct. 31 at Aldrich; Monday, Nov. 2 at Calera.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich and Hon. L. H. Reynolds will address the people at Coopers on Wednesday Oct. 28 at 10 a.m. and at Clanton the same day at 3 p.m.

Legal Notice.

By order of the Court of County Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given that the building which has formerly been used as a court house in Clanton, will be offered for sale for cash to the highest bidder on Monday, the 2nd day of November, 1896. The building will be sold in two parts, one known as the main court house and the other as jury rooms. The purchaser will be required to remove the building and clean the lot of all trash by November 21st, 1896. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bid if the bidder does not immediately pay amount of bid.

This Oct. 9, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

CAMPAIGN SILVER BADGES!

THESE Badges are patented, thus enabling us to protect dealers from competition. The designs are catchy [illegible] vividly portray the present financial situation. They will be treasured [illegible] for years as souvenirs of the greatest political [illegible] since the birth of our republic. Big profits for agents. 8 [illegible] each. For terms address

STATE HERALD BADGE DEP'T,
Birmingham, Ala.

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of [illegible] cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and [illegible], and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at [illegible] over 10 or 13 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original [illegible] cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is [illegible]; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined [illegible] deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some [illegible] package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as [illegible] is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a [illegible] package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, [illegible] cent package, free.

[illegible] the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach and [illegible], which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

[illegible] HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS—IRRITABILITY—[illegible]—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEP[illegible]—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS—[illegible] FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—[illegible] & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—[illegible]—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—[illegible] BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID [illegible] SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—[illegible]—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—[illegible]—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASE.—[illegible] OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—[illegible]—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR [illegible]—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY [illegible]—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—[illegible] AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—[illegible]—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES [illegible]—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN [illegible]—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—[illegible]—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS—[illegible] HEAT.—GENERAL [illegible]—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS [illegible]—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER [illegible]

[illegible] BY [illegible] THE ACTION OF THE [illegible] STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY [illegible]

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. [illegible]more, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

P. P. P.
P. P. P.
P.P.P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take **P. P. P.** It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. **P. P. P.**, (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by **P. P. P.**

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Flies are despised, but if every one was as persistent and hard to discourage as a fly, more people would succeed. When a fly gets after a person, it never knows when it is to stop. It may be scared off fifty times, but it never forgets, and soon returns, and makes a more determined effort than ever. All efforts to kil a fly usually result only in personal injury, and do not even scare the fly. The Bible holds Job up as an example of patience, but we bet there were no flies in his time.

Some men are too lazy to wash the tobacco stains out of their whiskers.

Richest Monarch in the World.

The vast wealth in jewels and specie left by the late Shah will be inherited by the new one, and $15,000,000 is not too high an estimate of their worth, the great globe of gold, incrusted with huge gems, being valued at £1,000,000, while the historical diamond, the Deryah-i-Nur, or Sea of Light, and a vast treasure of gems, form part of the largest and most valuable collection of precious stones in the world. Mozaffer-ed-Din commences his reign the wealthiest monarch of the world.

She Disliked Steamboats.

The wife of a physician who lives in Washington tells a story of a distant kinswoman who was her guest during the Christian Endeavor convention. The kinswoman lives in an inland New England town, and when she came to Washington she spent one night of the journey on board a steamboat. It was the first time she had ever traveled by water. She reached Washington extremely fatigued. The doctor's wife remarked it.

"Yes, I'm tired to death," said the kinswoman. "I don't know as I care to travel by water again. I read the card in my stateroom about how to put the life preserver on and I thought I understood it, but I guess I didn't, though. Some way, I couldn't seem to go to sleep with the thing on."

She Felt Reassured.

"What we want is to have money getting into circulation. It's the duty," he said, excitedly, "of every citizen to exert himself to secure that end."

"John, dear," said his wife, "I'm so glad to hear you say so. I want to order ever so many things at the store, but I hesitated about doing it, for fear you wouldn't want to see the money getting out of your hands into circulation."

How Merit Counts.

"My father got a box of TETTERINE from a friend who had obtained it somewhere in the West. He has had eczema very bad a long time, and TETTERINE is the only thing that has ever benefited him.

"Please send by Express C. O. D. half-dozen boxes. I've no doubt but it will be the means of selling a great deal of it here." Very truly, MRS. L. C. MALCOLM.

591 Cranston St., Providence, R. I.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
SEAL Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know, Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have $50 or $60 you can spare for a 10-volume encyclopædia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopædia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopædia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts collated in this book.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under absolute guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Do not use a flickering light for reading or sewing; use a lamp with a large burner, and use good oil.

Dobbins' Electric Soap is cheaper for you to use, if you follow directions, than any other soaps would be if given to you, for by its use clothes are saved. Clothes cost more than soap. Ask your grocer for Dobbins'. Take no other.

Do not work in a poor light, and avoid a glaring light, as it may be as bad as too little light.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

WHEN bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. ABBOTT, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

Votes

Have been cast by thousands of sufferers from impure blood, and their verdict has settled the question of the great curative power of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Every mail car brings in these letters of praise for Hood's Sarsaparilla. They tell the same wonderful story of health restored, pain and suffering relieved, and happiness brought back. They prove

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

CACTI, 10 different, 50c; 15, 65c prepaid. Orchids, 5 different, $5; 10, $5 prepaid. Resurrection Plants 5 for 10c; 1 doz. 15c prepaid. Remit stamps or express money order. J. A. McDowell & Co., City of Mexico.

MONEY GOLD, SILVER.... ....BOOK FREE. Dan Danehy, Columbus, O.

Am. N. U. No. 48. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

STATE DISPATCHES.

The News the Wires Brought From All Over Alabama.

THE STATE PRESS CONVENTION

In Session at Huntsville.—A Short and Strictly Business Meeting of the Quill Pushers.—Railroad Commissioners' Forthcoming Report.—Industrial Activity at Huntsville.

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Alabama Press Association met at Huntsville Wednesday of last week at 3 o'clock in the parlors of the Huntsville Hotel. President Robert M. Rawls, of the Athens Courier, delivered his annual address, which was ordered published in the minutes.

J. C. Camper, of the Florence Times, after a most graceful nomination by Miss Susanna Clay, of the Huntsville Democrat, was unanimously chosen President for the next twelve months. The First and Second Vice-Presidents elected were J. B. Simpson, of Montgomery, and Ira Champion, of Troy. Asa Rountree was unanimously re-elected Secretary.

W. M. Meeks, of Gadsden, was re-elected Treasurer; annual orator, Gen. C. P. Lane; essayist, Mr. Miles, Uniontown, and for poetess, the bright and genial Miss Virginia Clay, of the time-honored Democrat; historian, Col. W. W. Screws, of Montgomery.

At the evening session President Pettus, of the Huntsville Chamber of Commerce, introduced Hon. Ben Hunt, who delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the Chamber of Commerce and city to the State Press Association. Response was made by L. H. Grubbs, of the Decatur News.

President-elect Camper announced the following standing committees: Executive Committee—M. W. Camper, ex-officio member; J. B. Hanley, E. O. Neely, W. H. H. Judson, H. S. Shackelford. Legislative Committee—J. C. Williams, F. P. Glass, C. J. Hildreth, Rufus N. Rhodes, J. G. Harris.

The following is a list of the delegates to attend the National Editorial Association, which meets in Galveston, Tex., February 14, 1897: J. A. Rountree, Executive Committeeman; J. B. Hanley, Miss Susie Clay, W. M. Bunting, W. H. H. Judson, R. M. Rawls, E. O. Neely, Charles P. Lane, M. W. Camper, R. L. O'Neal, J. B. Simpson, E. Lesser, J. H. Vaught and L. Hensly Grubbs.

The following resolution was introduced by J. B. Simpson and was unanimously adopted:

Be it resolved, by the Alabama Press Association, That it commends the Tennessee Centennial Exposition to the favorable consideration of the press and people of Alabama; be it further

Resolved, That Hon. I. F. Culver, Commissioner of Agriculture, be and he is hereby earnestly requested to use and expend from the funds in the Agricultural Department (arising from the sale of fertilizer tags and otherwise), which said fund has been set apart by law, to hold fairs and otherwise advertise and develop the resources of Alabama, a sum sufficient to secure an exhibit of the matchless capabilities of Alabama commensurate with their importance and magnitude.

The following telegram was received:

"Nashville, Oct. 14, 1896.

"J. A. Rountree, Esq., Secretary Alabama Press Association, Huntsville:

"The Executive Committee of the Tennessee Press Association sends greetings. Come to see us during our Centennial.

"W. H. GRIFFIN, President.

"H. A. HASLOCK, Secretary."

On motion the invitation to visit the Tennessee Exposition was accepted, and the Secretary instructed to notify the proper authorities of the same.

A motion was made that the Legislative Committee be urged to carry out the following resolution, which was introduced by Secretary Rountree and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we urge the Legislature of Alabama to make such changes or amendments in our libel laws as to get them more in accord with the latest legislation of other States on this subject, requiring some element of malice to create libel, and when a newspaper publishes a report or item or items bona fide, and without intent to injure, the mere fact that an error may have been made shall not constitute it a libel, but the paper may be allowed to make a correction and give full reparation in its columns, if no malice is shown, instead of being held responsible in damages for the error or mistake innocently made by it.

Mrs. Virginia Clay Clopton delivered an excellent and instructive address, which was received amid much applause.

The place of holding the next session of the Association was left with the Executive Committee.

The meeting was short and strictly business, and much enjoyed.

UNTIL AFTER ELECTION.

The Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the middle district of Alabama were to have met in Montgomery on November 2, but Judge Bruce has published an order postponing the opening until Tuesday, November 5. The purpose of the postponement is to avoid interruption incident to the holding of the National election.

BUSINESS ACTIVITY.

The West Huntsville Furniture Factory resumed work Friday. About eight weeks ago the packing house was destroyed by fire. President James A. Ward says that there are enough orders on hand to run the factory for several weeks.

Mr. Jesse Boyd, of the Boyd Flouring Mill Company, has returned from a trip to Louisville, where he purchased the machinery for the new flour mill.

The Spoke and Handle Factory, which has been leased to a Knoxville corporation, will begin work in a few days.

PROMISES TO BE INTERESTING.

The Railroad Commission has been in session during the past week at Montgomery, and will be during most of the present week. Their attention is directed now particularly to the preparation of their annual report, which will be more explicit and more interesting this year than ever before. The Commission is determined to so compile the report as to convey to the people of the State an accurate and truthful impression as to railroad matters in Alabama generally, and particularly as to the work with which the roads have had to deal.

THE MUSCLE SHOALS WORK.

The work on Muscle Shoals canal, at Riverton, has been progressing rapidly under Mr. S. B. Williamson's supervision. About 200 men are employed there, and the lock is now nearing completion. It is the lower lock of the great boat canal which is to be built around Colbert Shoals, the whole work being of less magnitude but of equal importance with the Muscle Shoals canal. Muscle Shoals canal was opened for navigation several years ago, but it requires the constant attention of a skilled engineer and the presence of a considerable force of men to keep it in repair and running order.

:o:

KILLED HIS GRANDMOTHER.

Put a Bottle of Chloroform at Her Bedside.

A special from Clarksville, Ga., to the Atlanta Constitution, says that St. Clair Glover and his brother, a deaf mute, have been arrested and jailed, charged with the murder of their grandmother, Mrs. F. Y. Glover. St. Clair Glover has confessed and assumes all the responsibility. He states that he killed his grandmother because she cut him off in her will. The old lady was wealthy. She was found dead in her bed with a bottle of chloroform by her side. This was placed there to create the impression that it was suicide, but bruises on her face and throat indicated that she had been choked to death. The neighbors think that the mute had something to do with the murder.

:o:

AN OLD LADY SUICIDES.

Mrs. S. B. Causey, a widow, aged 72 years, committed suicide Thursday afternoon by hanging herself to a tree near her home, five miles west of Anniston, Ala. She is believed to have been insane on account of worrying over the failure to regain $250 which she and her daughters, who worked in the cotton mills there up to five years ago, had accumulated by hard labor and close economy. Five or six years since they loaned it for a few days to a prominent man in Anniston, but it had never been repaid. Her last single child, a daughter, was married Thursday, and rather than put herself upon her married children for support, she slipped away from the wedding feast and took her own life.

:o:

REMANDED AGAIN.

The Castles Admitted to Bail in the Heavy Sum of £40,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, who were arrested in London on October 7, on a charge of stealing a number of valuable furs, and, after arraignment in the Great Marlborough Street Police Court, remanded for a further hearing, were again arraigned Tuesday and remanded for a week, the Magistrate requiring bail in the sum of £40,000 for the release of both prisoners pending the hearing of the case next week. Bail was given.

The plea in behalf of Mrs. Castle was that she suffers from an ailment that makes her irresponsible for her actions. A plea of not guilty was entered in behalf of Mr. Castle.

:o:

INDICTMENTS IN BLANK.

Is the Regular Return of the Grand Jury at New Orleans.

The Grand Jury of the Parish of Orleans, La., Tuesday afternoon returned eleven indictments in blank, but they are understood to be against the officers and directors of the suspended Bank of Commerce of New Orleans. It is said that sensational developments will follow. The indictments against the directors are under section 877 of the revised statutes of Louisiana. This section relates to officers concealing the failing condition of a banking institution. Quite a flurry has been caused among the friends of the directors.

LINEN MILLS RESUME.

The American Linen Mills, of Fall River, Mass., started Tuesday, after a week's shut down on account of a break-down. The Robeson Mill, of that place, is still stopped. The Metacomet stopped Saturday for an indefinite period, and the Fall River manufactory will stop Saturday for an unknown time. Nothing is known regarding the course of the big mills.

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

HE FINDS FOOD FOR THOUGHT IN THE TRUTHFUL CAMERA.

Photo Gallery by the Countryside Marks Civilization's Progress.

The photograph gallery in a country town is one the most pleasing marks of Christian civilization and the advancement of modern science. I pass by one every day and it is gratifying to see its patrons awaiting their turn or coming out with smiling faces and all arrayed in their best apparel. It is a family discussion before they come what dress to wear, what ornaments, and how the hair shall be arranged, or whether to sit or stand, whether a side view or a front or whether the baby shall be taken alone or with its mother. All classes are on an equality before the camera, for the sunlight of nature has no favorites. So far as faces and features are concerned, the camera tells the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. This morning as I passed I saw a countryman sitting on the steps with a child in his arms. His wife and little girl were inside awaiting their turn. I used to know him before he was married, and so I stopped and gave him my hand. His folks were poor, honest and industrious, and I have great respect for all such. The women do the housework and have the care of the children. The men cultivate their little farms, work the roads, sit on the juries, nurse their sick neighbors, bury the dead, go fishing on Saturdays and take the family to meeting on Sundays. They are generally Populists, not because of any political principles involved, but because of affiliation and association. Most of their kind are Populists and therefore clannish. They stick together because they are either poor or less than rich. Their fathers fought in the late war, and these will fight in the next if it comes in their days. It may be a rich man's war, but it will be a poor man's fight.

"Are you going to have the baby's picture taken." "No; not this one," said he; "I wanted my wife's and our little girl's. They are in there. I I thought I would like to have them about the house, for life is uncertain, you know. Jim Moore's wife died last year und Jim says he would give the world for her picture, and Jack Brown lost his little girl in June. She was a mighty purty little thing, but Jack hain't got no picture and so I concluded to have some taken for fear of accident."

"That is all right," said I, "but suppose you die; wouldn't your wife like to have one of you?"

"I reckon she would. She mentioned that, but pictures don't become a rough man like me, and besides, it would cost more money than I have got to spare. The winter is comin' on and we all have to have shoes and stockings and the like, and my cotton crop was powerful short, but I will have mine taken sometime. I reckon all your folks have got 'em, haven't they?"

Love for wife and children is the best virtue of human kind, and poor folks have as much of it as rich ones. Yes, more. Many of them haven't anything else to divide their affections. It is a pleasing thing to see them at the picture gallery and to witness their pride when the work is done and the faces of their loved ones are before them on enameled cards, fresh and clean from the artist's hand. What a wonderful art it is. I remember well when the first daguerreotype was taken in our town. It was only forty years ago, and when our first little girl was four years old we had her picture taken. She was a little beauty then, and I thought the picture was the sweetest gem on earth. We have it now in its old-fashioned case. That little girl is long since a mother and has pictures of her own little girls, and they are much finer in their finish, but I prize the first one most. It carries me back in memory to the days of my sweetest, fondest, proudest, parental love. I idolize that child and I love her dearly yet, but she left us for a young man she was no kin to in the world, and who has never done anything for her but to give her a ring and books of poetry and a little French candy now and then. We had to give her up to him, and as Tom Hood said:

"She took our daylight with her
And the joys that we love best,
With morning light upon her brow
And pearls upon her breast."

Daguerre was a benefactor to the emotional side of our nature. He was a French artist—a painter of panoramas of cities like London and Paris and Naples. He used the rays of the sun through colored glass to heighten the effect of his paintings, and kept on experimenting with sunlight until in 1839 he caught it on the king and made it stick to metallic plates and reflect the images thrown upon them. His success was partly accidental, partly design, and he himself was astonished at his discovery. In 1840 Arago made the announcement to the academy of science and Daguerre was made an officer in the Legion of Honor and voted a pension of 6,000 francs a year. He died in 1851 and a monument was erected to him in Paris.

But like all inventions, Daguerre's was crude and imperfect. Photography has grown out of it and seems now to be the perfection of art. It is used in making the exact likenesses of all the great works of art and nature and bringing them in reach of the millions who have never seen and never will see the originals. All the monuments, pyramids, churches, cathedrals, bridges, mountains and waterfalls—all the grand old paintings of Raphael and Rembrandt, all the sculpture of the old masters and even the aspects of the moon and eclipses of the sun and the reproduction of the ancient manuscripts of the Old and New Testaments. The lightning itself cannot more instantly speed its way than photography now catches a bird on the wing or a race horse on the turf or a meteor in the heavens. Just so it was with the locomotive, the spinning jenny, the sewing machine, the telegraph and telephone. All were improved from time to time by the cunning of the human brain and human hand until they now seem to be perfect, but they are not.

On the mantle near me I see a cabinet photograph of a well preserved old man who has a sweet little black-eyed grand-child on his arm, while her head rests trustingly upon his shoulder and touches his venerable cheek. She looks shyly and timidly at you, but clings to the old man as the tender vine clings to the old oak that the storm has riven. The old man's face is calm and serene. I like those pictures for the children's sake, and wish that I was so coupled with every little grandchild and that my wife had some to match them. I was ruminating that when I am dead and gone and that little girl is a mother, maybe she will show the picture to her child and say: "I never knew my father, for he died when I was very young, but that old man was my grandfather and he was good to me and I loved him very dearly." Maybe when I am in the spirit land I will some times be near her and hear her talk that way—maybe so; who knows? Flowers and music are the sweetest gift of God to mankind and pictures and painting the sweetest that come from the hand of man.

But of all the cameras that catch and hold fast the images of art or nature there are men of science who assert that none are equal to the retina of the human eye. They say that every look or glance or vision makes an impression there. An impression so delicate and unpalpable that millions may lie upon its glassy surface and the last thing seen is on the top. They say that if a man is murdered while he faces the murderer the assailant's face and form will be found upon the victim's eyes. Some experiments have been made to prove this, but they were imperfect and unsatisfactory. Maybe it will yet be proven.—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

What Is a "Good" Tire?

What is a "good" bicycle tire? One that gives the least trouble and the most comfort to the most people. In other words:

One that is sold at a reasonable price.

One that, nevertheless, gives the dealer good profit on sales.

One that gives the rider and dealer the least trouble after being sold.

One that is backed by the right kind of guarantee when it does give trouble.

One that has a long average life.

One that has great strength.

One that has just the right amount of "bounce" for comfort.

One that will respond satisfactorily, in speed, to every atom of energy the rider puts into the pedals.

One that can be easily, quickly, and permanently repaired, on the road, without having to be taken from the rim.

All these are secured in Morgan & Wright double-tube tires.

Double-tube tires are now used by Bald, Cooper, Gardiner and nearly all of the leading racing men of the country.

Double-tube tires hold the principal bicycle records of the world.

Single-tube tires were pushed hard in Europe for about two years and a half, and practically gave up the ghost last year.

When a single-tuber begins to leak its owner's troubles begin. If he finishes without becoming nervously prostrated, kicking the family dog and becoming generally disagreeable to his people he is lucky. This is not, perhaps, the experience of everyone, but it will be backed up by the majority.

At least sixty-five out of every 100 riders use the Morgan & Wright double-tube, quick-repair tire.

Ask almost any repair man or old rider why.

Two Arkansas Sheriffs Short.

W. J. Taylor, sheriff of Union county, Ark., was removed from office Saturday by the circuit court at Eldorado, pending indictment for embezzlement. He is about $10,000 behind in his accounts. He was arrested and released on bond.

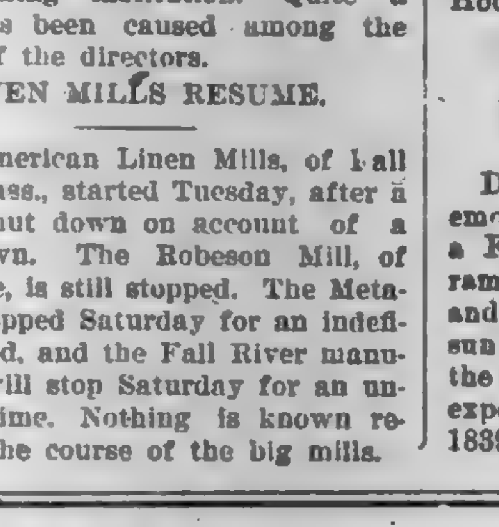
Sheriff Houpt, of Garland county, Ark., is short in his accounts with the State to the amount of about $20,000. State Auditor Mills issued a distress warrant but it had not been placed in the hands of officers Saturday. Houpt claims his shortage is due to the failure of the City Savings Bank and Trust Company, of Hot Springs.

:o:

SAID TO BE $29,000 SHORT.

John Berrien Walker, Treasurer of the Port Royal & Augusta railway, under Receiver J. H. Averill, is short about $29,000. It is reported that he took $10,000 with him. When last heard of he was in New York, at which place he wrote his wife to meet him. Walker's bond was only $10,000. The road, which has just been purchased by Thomas & Ryan, will probably bring suit against the bond of Receiver Averill for the difference.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,



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BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO.

Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

FULLY RESTORED.

A TRAVELING MAN MADE WELL AND HAPPY.

Attacked by the Two Fiends, Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble, but the Plots of Both are Foiled by the Pink Pills.

From the Republican, Caribou, Me.

Mr. O. A. Shepard, of Caribou, Maine, who was so dreadfully afflicted with kidney disease and rheumatism, and looked upon as incurable, tells the following story of his disability and cure:

"Early in the fall of 1894 I had, as I supposed, kidney trouble, and it was slowly and surely making headway in undermining my health for I was fast becoming unable to attend to my duties as a traveling salesman, my back seemed almost ready to break after riding any distance in buggy or sleigh. The bad feeling had been growing in my back for a period of five or six years, but I had not given it much attention, not supposing it to be anything but what would wear off. But in the fall above mentioned I was compelled to give my attention to it, for I had to stop traveling and go to doctoring myself. My efforts seemed fruitless. I grew worse and worse. My weight was decreasing. My blood was apparently growing poor and less in quantity.

"At this stage symptoms of pulmonary trouble appeared, making a bad complication, which the physicians did not attempt to cure, and I had lost hope.

"Just at this time, a friend, and he was a friend indeed, advised me to procure some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and with little faith that they would do me any good, but out of respect for my friend's advice, (I thought it would do no harm at least) I ordered six boxes. I took them. My blood at once began to increase and I for the first time in many weeks had a good night's sleep! My improvement was noticeable from the start! My weight began to increase! My appetite grew! Happy? Well I think I was! I at last had found just what my system needed to defeat the robbers preying on my health and I thought it the time to be merry.

"I purchased another half dozen boxes and when they were gone, two more, which effectually cured me. I increased in weight until from what was almost nothing for me, I tipped the scales at 196 pounds, my present weight, and I owe it all to the Pink Pills. May the knowledge of them be brought to all suffering as I did, for I know they will be benefited and cured, and I deem it a pleasure to recommend them.

"I have traveled for thirty years and have heard of many strange things, miracles, etc., but I think my own experience stranger than them all.

"Now I can drive hard all day, from early morning to late at night and not feel it. I am just as well as I ever was. No, sir, I never felt any bad effects from their use at all. It was a gradual but sure fight and the Pink Pills were victorious. Long may they wave!"

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

THE DEAF HEAR

DEAFNESS

and Head Noises relieved by using Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drums. New scientific invention; different from all other devices. The only safe, simple, comfortable and invisible Ear Drum in the world. Helps where medical skill fails. No wire or string attachment. Write for pamphlet. Free.

WILSON EAR DRUM CO.,
110 Trust Bldg., Louisville, Ky.

Money in Chickens

For 25c. in stamps we send a 100 PAGE BOOK giving the experience of a practical Poultry Raiser—not an amateur, but a man working for dollars and cents—during 25 years. It teaches how to Detect and Cure Diseases; Feed for Eggs and also for Fattening; which Fowls to save for Breeding; everything requisite for profitable Poultry raising. BOOK PUBLISHING CO. 134 Leonard Street, New York.

Why Let Your Chickens, Hogs Cattle and Horses Die?

Dr. Salmon's Medicines are guaranteed to cure and fatten them or money refunded. If your dealer cannot supply you send 25 cents for large sample package and Farmer's hand-book of information. Veterinary Medicine Co., Nashville, Tenn.

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
SHORTHAND, BOOKKEEPING &c.
WE PAY YOUR R. R. FARE.
SHORTHAND BY MAIL LESSON FREE.
1886

RODS and Dip Needles for Prospectors Miners and Treasure Seekers. Circular, 2 cents. P. & M. AGENCY, Palmyra, Penn. Also Agents Wanted for new line of Specialties.

PATENTS 30 years' experience. Send sketch for advice. (L. Deane, late prin. examiner U. S. Patent office.) DEANE & WEAVER, McGill Building, Washington, D. C.

GEARHART'S FAMILY KNITTER.

Knits a stocking heel and toe in ten minutes. Knits everything required in the household from homespun or factory, wool or cotton yarns. Most practical knitter on the market. A child can operate it. Strong, Durable, Simple, Rapid. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents wanted. For particulars and sample work, address

PRICE $8.00

J. E. GEARHART, Box 100, Clearfield, Pa.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
REGULATE THE LIVER
ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 318.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR

By J. Hamilton Ayers, A. M., M. D.

This is a most Valuable Book for the Household, teaching as it does the easily-distinguished Symptoms of different Diseases, the Causes, and Means of Preventing such Diseases, and the Simplest Remedies which will alleviate or cure.

598 PAGES, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

The Book is written in plain every-day English, and is free from the technical terms which render most Doctor Books so valueless to the generality of readers. This Book is intended to be of Service in the Family, and is so worded as to be readily understood by all. Only

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"Before and After Taking."

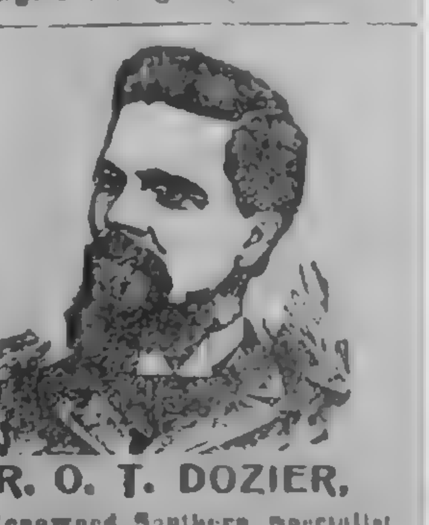
(The low price only being made possible by the immense edition printed. Not only does this Book contain so much Information Relative to Diseases, but very properly gives a Complete Analysis of everything pertaining to Courtship, Marriage and the Production and Rearing of Healthy Families; together with Valuable Recipes and Prescriptions, Explanations of Botanical Practice, Correct use of Ordinary Herbs. New Edition, Revised and Enlarged with Complete Index. With this Book in the house there is no excuse for not knowing what to do in an emergency. Don't wait until you have illness in your family before you order, but send at once for this valuable volume. ONLY 60 CENTS POST-PAID. Send postal notes or postage stamps of any denomination not larger than 5 cents.

BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



DR. O. T. DOZIER,

(The Renowned Southern Specialist)

Birmingham, Ala.

Successfully treats, at office or BY MAIL, all forms of Chronic Nervous, Blood, Skin and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

CURES GUARANTEED.

All Chronic Diseases of Lungs, Liver, Heart, Kidneys, Bladder, and all diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs are in my line of practice. Diseases peculiar to women, and all venereal diseases of either sex positively cured by mild and safe remedies. Impediments to marriage, as Stricture, Varicocele, Impotency, Emissions and all evil results of self-abuse or excessive indulgence quickly and permanently cured. I guarantee satisfaction in every case I treat. My valuable "Book for Men Only," and Symptom Blanks for men or women will be sent free in plain, sealed envelope to all who apply. Consultation free, whether in person or by letter.

A FEW EXTRACTS FROM PRESS ENDORSEMENTS,

Hundreds more of like character, and thousands of high testimonials from patients can be furnished if necessary.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

Dr. O. T. Dozier, the head of the Southern Medical Dispensary of Birmingham, Ala., is a specialist of nearly twenty years' experience in the treatment of chronic, nervous and private diseases and his uniform success has given him a leading position in the medical profession.

([illegible])

Dr. Dozier can be relied upon to treat diseases in the most successful manner, and he is known all over the south.

(The Southern Odd Fellow.)

We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be a brother Odd Fellow that can be relied on to carry out every promise he makes to those needing his services.

(Age Herald.)

* * * Dr. Dozier has resided for many years in Birmingham, and each successive year has added to his reputation, to his usefulness and to the esteem in which he is held by our best citizens. His long record and approved abilities entitle him to the proud distinction of standing at "the head of his profession."

(People's Weekly Tribune.)

As a specialist Dr. Dozier is unexcelled by any living physician. * * * He is a Georgian by birth, a high-toned, cultured, Christian gentleman, strictly honest in all his dealings and financially responsible for all his contracts.

(Daily News, Birmingham.)

Dr. Dozier is a physician and surgeon of education, skill and experience, a man of culture and high literary attainments and a gentleman respected by all who know him. He can be relied on in all matters pertaining to his profession.

(Alabama Christian Advocate.)

His (Dr. Dozier's) professional standing is unimpeachable and his character as a gentleman and citizen is above reproach.

Address

DR. O. T. DOZIER,
Lock Box 112, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

THE PEOPLE CAN BUY

From us at WHOLESALE PRICES, and [illegible] will be cheaper still. [illegible] list.

W. H. OWINGS.
2028 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

Flies are despised, but if every one was as persistent and hard to discourage as a fly, more people would succeed. When a fly gets after a person, it never knows what it is to stop. It may be scared off fifty times, but it never forgets, and soon returns, and makes a more determined effort than ever. All efforts to kill a fly usually result only in personal injury, and do not even scare the fly. The Bible holds Job up as an example of patience, but we bet there were no flies in his time.

Some men are too lazy to wash the tobacco stains out of their whiskers.

Richest Monarch in the World.

The vast wealth in jewels and specie left by the late Shah will be inherited by the new one, and $[illegible] is not too high an estimate of their worth, the great globe of gold, incrusted with huge gems, being valued at $[illegible], while the historical diamond, the Darya-i-Nur, or Sea of Light, and a vast treasure of gems, form part of the largest and most valuable collection of precious stones in the world. Muzaffar-ed-Din commences his reign the wealthiest monarch of the world.

She Disliked Steamboats.

The wife of a physician who lives in Washington tells a story of a distant kinswoman who was her guest during the Christian Endeavor convention. The kinswoman lives in an inland New England town, and when she came to Washington she spent one night of the journey on board a steamboat. It was the first time she had ever traveled by water. She reached Washington extremely fatigued. The doctor's wife remarked it.

"Yes, I'm tired to death," said the kinswoman. "I don't know as I care to travel by water again. I read the card in my stateroom about how to put the life preserver on and I thought I understood it, but I guess I didn't, though. Some way, I couldn't seem to go to sleep with the thing on."

She Felt Reassured.

"What we want is to have money getting into circulation. It's the duty," he said, excitedly, "of every citizen to exert himself to secure that end."

"John, dear," said his wife, "I'm so glad to hear you say so. I want to order ever so many things at the store, but I hesitated about doing it, for fear you wouldn't want to see the money getting out of your hands into circulation."

How Merit Counts.

My father got a box of Tetterine from a friend who had obtained it somewhere in the West. He has had eczema very bad a long time, and Tetterine is the only thing that has ever benefited him. [illegible] send by Express C. O. D. half dozen [illegible] but it will be the means [illegible] selling a great deal of it here." Very truly, Mrs. L. C. Malcolm, 501 Cranston St., Providence, R. I. 50c. box by mail for 50c. in stamps. J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. Frank J. Cheney.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. Gleason,

{ SEAL } Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know,

Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have $50 or $60 you can spare for a 25-volume encyclopædia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopædia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopædia [illegible] take advantage of this great offer at [illegible] store his mind with the valuable facts [illegible] this book.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under absolute guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Do not use a flickering light for reading or sewing; use a lamp with a large burner, and use good oil.

Dobbins' Electric Soap is cheaper for you to use, if you follow directions, than any other soaps would be if given to you, for by its use the clothes are saved. Clothes cost more than soap. Ask your grocer for Dobbins'. Take no other.

Do not work in a poor light, and avoid a glaring light, as it may be as bad as too little light.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. Abbott, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

Votes

Have been cast by thousands of sufferers from impure blood, and their verdict has settled the question of the great curative power of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Every mail car brings in these letters of praise for Hood's Sarsaparilla. They tell the same wonderful story of health restored, pain and suffering relieved, and happiness brought back. They prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

C[illegible] 10 different, size 15, 8 prepaid. Orchids [illegible] prepaid. Remit stamps or express money order. J. A. McDowell & Co., City of Mexico.

MONEY GOLD, SILVER.... ....BOOK FREE. Dan Danehy, Columbus, O.

Am. N.U. No. 48. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

STATE DISPATCHES.

The News the Wires Brought From All Over Alabama.

THE STATE PRESS CONVENTION

In Session at Huntsville.—A Short and Strictly Business Meeting of the Quill Pushers. Railroad Commissioners' Forthcoming Report. Industrial Activity at Huntsville.

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Alabama Press Association met at Huntsville Wednesday of last week at 8 o'clock in the parlors of the Huntsville Hotel. President Robert M. Rawls, of the Athens Courier, delivered his annual address, which was ordered published in the minutes.

J. C. Camper, of the [illegible] Times, after a most graceful nomination by Miss Virginia Clay, of the Huntsville Democrat, was unanimously chosen President for the next twelve months. The First and Second Vice Presidents elected were J. B. Simpson, of Montgomery, and Ira Champion, of Troy. Ned Rountree was unanimously re-elected Secretary.

W. M. Meeks of Gadsden was re-elected Treasurer, annual orator, Gen. [illegible] Lane, essayist, Mr. Miles Eastman, and for poetess, the bright and genial Miss Virginia Clay, of the time honored Democrat, historian, Col. W. W. Screws, of Montgomery.

At the evening session President Pettus, of the Huntsville Chamber of Commerce, introduced Hon. Ben Hunt, who delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the Chamber of Commerce and city to the State Press Association. Response was made by L. H. Grubbs, of the Decatur News.

President-elect Camper announced the following standing committees: Executive Committee—M. W. Camper, ex-officio member; J. B. Hanley, E. O. Neely, W. H. H. Judson, H. S. Shackelford. Legislative Committee—J. C. Williams, F. P. Glass, C. J. Hildreth, Rufus N. Rhodes, J. G. Harris.

The following is a list of the delegates to attend the National Editorial Association, which meets in Galveston, Tex., February 14, 1897: J. A. Rountree, Executive Committeeman; J. B. Hanley, Miss Susie Clay, W. M. Bunting, W. H. H. Judson, R. M. Rawls, E. O. Neely, Charles P. Lane, M. W. Camper, R. L. O'Neal, J. B. Simpson, E. Lesser, J. H. Vaught and L. Hensly Grubbs.

The following resolution was introduced by J. B. Simpson and was unanimously adopted:

Be it resolved, by the Alabama Press Association, That it commends the Tennessee Centennial Exposition to the favorable consideration of the press and people of Alabama; be it further

Resolved, That Hon. I. F. Culver, Commissioner of Agriculture, be and he is hereby earnestly requested to use and expend from the funds in the Agricultural Department (arising from the sale of fertilizer tags and otherwise), which said fund has been set apart by law, to hold fairs and otherwise advertise and develop the resources of Alabama, a sum sufficient to secure an exhibit of the matchless capabilities of Alabama commensurate with their importance and magnitude.

The following telegram was received:

"Nashville, Oct. 14, 1896.

"J. A. Rountree, Esq., Secretary Alabama Press Association, Huntsville:

"The Executive Committee of the Tennessee Press Association sends greetings. Come to see us during our Centennial.

"W. H. GRIFFIN, President.

"H. A. HASLOCK, Secretary."

On motion the invitation to visit the Tennessee Exposition was accepted, and the Secretary instructed to notify the proper authorities of the same.

A motion was made that the Legislative Committee be urged to carry out the following resolution, which was introduced by Secretary Rountree and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we urge the Legislature of Alabama to make such changes or amendments in our libel laws as to get them more in accord with the latest legislation of other States on this subject, requiring some element of malice to create libel, and when a newspaper publishes a report or item or items bona fide, and without intent to injure, the mere fact that an error may have been made shall not constitute it a libel, but the paper may be allowed to make a correction and give full reparation in its columns, if no malice is shown, instead of being held responsible in damages for the error or mistake innocently made by it.

Mrs. Virginia Clay Clopton delivered an excellent and instructive address, which was received amid much applause.

The place of holding the next session of the Association was left with the Executive Committee.

The meeting was short and strictly business, and much enjoyed.

UNTIL AFTER ELECTION.

The Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the middle district of Alabama were to have met in Montgomery on November 2, but Judge Bruce has published an order postponing the opening until Tuesday, November 5. The purpose of the postponement is to avoid interruption incident to the holding of the National election.

BUSINESS ACTIVITY.

The West Huntsville Furniture Factory resumed work Friday. About eight weeks ago the packing house was destroyed by fire. President James A. Ward says that there are enough orders on hand to run the factory for several weeks.

Mr. Jesse Boyd, of the Boyd Flouring Mill Company, has returned from a trip to Louisville, where he purchased the machinery for the new flour mill.

The Spoke and Handle Factory, which has been leased by a Knoxville corporation, will begin work in a few days.

PROMISES TO BE INTERESTING.

The Railroad Commission has been in session during the past week at Montgomery, and will be during most of the present week. Their attention is directed now particularly to the preparation of their annual report, which will be more explicit and more interesting this year than ever before. The Commission is determined to so compile the report as to convey to the people of the State an accurate and truthful impression as to railroad matters in Alabama generally, and particularly as to the work with which the roads have had to deal.

THE MUSCLE SHOALS WORK.

The work on Muscle Shoals canal, at Riverton, has been progressing rapidly under Mr. S. H. Williamson's supervision. About 200 men are employed there, and the lock is now nearing completion. It is the lower lock of the great boat canal which is to be built around Colbert Shoals, the whole work being of less magnitude but of equal importance with the Muscle Shoals canal. Muscle Shoals canal was opened for navigation several years ago, but it requires the constant attention of a skilled engineer and the presence of a considerable force of men to keep it in repair and running order.

KILLED HIS GRANDMOTHER.

Put a Bottle of Chloroform at Her Bedside.

A special from Clarksville, Ga., to the Atlanta Constitution says that St. Clair Glover and his brother, a deaf mute, have been arrested and jailed charged with the murder of their grandmother, Mrs. E. Y. Glover. St. Clair Glover has confessed and assumes all the responsibility. He states that he killed his grandmother because she cut him off in her will. The old lady was wealthy. She was found dead in her bed with a bottle of chloroform by her side. This was placed there to create the impression that it was suicide, but bruises on her face and throat indicated that she had been choked to death. The neighbors think that the mute had something to do with the murder.

AN OLD LADY SUICIDES.

Mrs. S. B. Causey, a widow, aged 72 years, committed suicide Thursday afternoon by hanging herself to a tree near her home, five miles west of Anniston, Ala. She is believed to have been insane on account of worrying over the failure to regain $250 which she and her daughters, who worked in the cotton mills there up to five years ago, had accumulated by hard labor and close economy. Five or six years since they loaned it for a few days to a prominent man in Anniston, but it had never been repaid. Her last single child, a daughter, was married Thursday, and rather than put herself upon her married children for support, she slipped away from the wedding feast and took her own life.

REMANDED AGAIN.

The Castles Admitted to Bail in the Heavy Sum of £40,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, who were arrested in London on October 7, on a charge of stealing a number of valuable furs, and, after arraignment in the Great Marlborough Street Police Court, remanded for a further hearing, were again arraigned Tuesday and remanded for a week, the Magistrate requiring bail in the sum of £40,000 for the release of both prisoners pending the hearing of the case next week. Bail was given.

The plea in behalf of Mrs. Castle was that she suffers from an ailment that makes her irresponsible for her actions. A plea of not guilty was entered in behalf of Mr. Castle.

INDICTMENTS IN BLANK.

Is the Regular Return of the Grand Jury at New Orleans.

The Grand Jury of the Parish of Orleans, La., Tuesday afternoon returned eleven indictments in blank, but they are understood to be against the officers and directors of the suspended Bank of Commerce of New Orleans. It is said that sensational developments will follow. The indictments against the directors are under section 877 of the revised statutes of Louisiana. This section relates to officers concealing the failing condition of a banking institution. Quite a flurry has been caused among the friends of the directors.

LINEN MILLS RESUME.

The American Linen Mills, of Fall River, Mass., started Tuesday, after a week's shut down on account of a break-down. The Robeson Mill, of that place, is still stopped. The Metacomet stopped Saturday for an indefinite period, and the Fall River manufactory will stop Saturday for an unknown time. Nothing is known regarding the course of the big mills.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,

Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—19 lbs

KEATING WHEEL CO.

HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

HE FINDS FOOD FOR THOUGHT IN THE TRUTHFUL CAMERA.

Photo Gallery by the Countryside Marks Civilization's Progress.

The photograph gallery in a country town is one the most pleasing marks of Christian civilization and the advancement of modern science. I pass by one every day and it is gratifying to see its patrons awaiting their turn or coming out with smiling faces and all arrayed in their best apparel. It is a family discussion before they come what dress to wear, what ornaments, and how the hair shall be arranged, or whether to sit or stand, whether a side view or a front or whether the baby shall be taken alone or with its mother. All classes are on an equality before the camera, for the sunlight of nature has no favorites. So far as faces and features are concerned, the camera tells the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. This morning as I passed I saw a countryman sitting on the steps with a child in his arms. His wife and little girl were inside awaiting their turn. I used to know him before he was married, and so I stopped and gave him my hand. His folks were poor, honest and industrious, and I have great respect for all such. The women do the housework and have the care of the children. The men cultivate their little farms, work the roads, sit on the juries, nurse their sick neighbors, bury the dead, go fishing on Saturdays and take the family to meeting on Sundays. They are generally Populists, not because of any political principles involved, but because of affiliation and association. Most of their kind are Populists and therefore clannish. They stick together because they are either poor or less than rich. Their fathers fought in the late war, and these will fight in the next if it comes in their days. It may be a rich man's war, but it will be a poor man's fight.

"Are you going to have the baby's picture taken." "No; not this one," said he; "I wanted my wife's and our little girl's. They are in there. I I thought I would like to have them about the house, for life is uncertain, you know. Jim Moore's wife died last year and Jim says he would give the world for her picture, and Jack Brown lost his little girl in June. She was a mighty purty little thing, but Jack hain't got no picture and so I concluded to have some taken for fear of accident.'

"That is all right," said I, "but suppose you die; wouldn't your wife like to have one of you?"

"I reckon she would. She mentioned that, but pictures don't become a rough man like me, and besides, it would cost more money than I have got to spare. The winter is comin' on and we all have to have shoes and stockings and the like, and my cotton crop was powerful short, but I will have mine taken sometime. I reckon all your folks have got 'em, haven't they?"

Love for wife and children is the best virtue of human kind, and poor folks have as much of it as rich ones. Yes, more. Many of them haven't anything else to divide their affections. It is a pleasing thing to see them at the picture gallery and to witness their pride when the work is done and the faces of their loved ones are before them on enameled cards, fresh and clean from the artist's hand. What a wonderful art it is. I remember well when the first daguerreotype was taken in our town. It was only forty years ago, and when our first little girl was four years old we had her picture taken. She was a little beauty then, and I thought the picture was the sweetest gem on earth. We have it now in its old-fashioned case. That little girl is long since a mother and has pictures of her own little girls, and they are much finer in their finish, but I prize the first one most. It carries me back in memory to the days of my sweetest, fondest, proudest, parental love. I idolize that child and I love her dearly yet, but she left us for a young man she was no kin to in the world, and who has never done anything for her but to give her a ring and books of poetry and a little French candy now and then. We had to give her up to him, and as Tom Hood said:

> "She took our daylight with her
> And the joys that we love best,
> With morning light upon her brow
> And pearls upon her breast."

Daguerre was a benefactor to the emotional side of our nature. He was a French artist—a painter of panoramas of cities like London and Paris and Naples. He used the rays of the sun through colored glass to heighten the effect of his paintings, and kept on experimenting with sunlight until in 1839 he caught it on the king and made it stick to metallic plates and so fast the images thrown upon them. His success was partly accidental, partly design, and he himself was astonished at his discovery. In 1840 Arago made the announcement to the academy of science and Daguerre was made an officer in the Legion of Honor and voted a pension of 6,000 francs a year. He died in 1851 and a monument was erected to him in Paris.

But like all inventions, Daguerre's was crude and imperfect. Photography has grown out of it and seems now to be the perfection of art. It is used in making the exact likenesses of all the great works of art and nature and bringing them in reach of the millions who have never seen and never will see the originals. All the monuments, pyramids, churches, cathedrals, bridges, mountains and waterfalls all the grand old paintings of Raphael and Rembrandt, all the sculpture of the old masters and even the sunspots of the moon and eclipses of the sun and the reproduction of the ancient manuscripts of the Old and New Testaments. The lightning itself cannot more instantly speed its way than photography now catches a bird on the wing or a race horse on the turf or a meteor in the heavens. Just as it was with the locomotive, the spinning jenny, the sewing machine, the telegraph and telephone. All were improved from time to time by the cunning of the human brain and human hand until they now seem to be perfect, but they are not.

On the mantle near me I see a cabinet photograph of a well preserved old man who has a sweet little black eyed grand-child on his arm, while her head rests trustingly upon his shoulder and touches his venerable cheek. She looks shyly and timidly at you, but clings to the old man as the tender vine clings to the old oak that the storm has riven. The old man's face is calm and serene. I like those pictures for the children's sake, and wish that I was so coupled with every little grandchild and that my wife had some to match them. I was ruminating that when I am dead and gone and that little girl is a mother, maybe she will show the picture to her child and say: "I never knew my father, for he died when I was very young, but that old man was my grandfather and he was good to me and I loved him very dearly." Maybe when I am in the spirit land I will some times be near her and hear her talk that way—maybe so; who knows? Flowers and music are the sweetest gift of God to mankind and pictures and painting the sweetest that come from the hand of man.

But of all the cameras that catch and hold fast the images of art or nature there are men of science who assert that none are equal to the retina of the human eye. They say that every look or glance or vision makes an impression there. An impression so delicate and unpalpable that millions may lie upon its glassy surface and the last thing seen is on the top. They say that if a man is murdered while he faces the murderer the assailant's face and form will be found upon the victim's eyes. Some experiments have been made to prove this, but they were imperfect and unsatisfactory. Maybe it will yet be proven.—Bill Arp in Atlanta Constitution.

What Is a "Good" Tire?

What is a "good" bicycle tire? One that gives the least trouble and the most comfort to the most people. In other words:

One that is sold at a reasonable price.

One that, nevertheless, gives the dealer good profit on sales.

One that gives the rider and dealer the least trouble after being sold.

One that is backed by the right kind of guarantee when it does give trouble.

One that has a long average life.

One that has great strength.

One that has just the right amount of "bounce" for comfort.

One that will respond satisfactorily, in speed, to every atom of energy the rider puts into the pedals.

One that can be easily, quickly, and permanently repaired, on the road, without having to be taken from the rim.

All these are secured in Morgan & Wright double-tube tires.

Double-tube tires are now used by Bald, Cooper, Gardiner and nearly all of the leading racing men of the country.

Double-tube tires hold the principal bicycle records of the world.

Single-tube tires were pushed hard in Europe for about two years and a half, and practically gave up the ghost last year.

When a single-tuber begins to leak its owner's troubles begin. If he finishes without becoming nervously prostrated, kicking the family dog and becoming generally disagreeable to his people he is lucky. This is not perhaps, the experience of everyone, but it will be backed up by the majority.

At least sixty-five out of every 100 riders use the Morgan & Wright double-tube, quick-repair tire.

Ask almost any repair man or old rider why.

Two Arkansas Sheriffs Short.

W. J. Taylor, sheriff of Union county, Ark., was removed from office Saturday by the circuit court at Eldorado, pending indictment for embezzlement. He is about $10,000 behind in his accounts. He was arrested and released on bond.

Sheriff Houpt, of Garland county, Ark., is short in his accounts with the State to the amount of about $20,000. State Auditor Mills issued a distress warrant but it had not been placed in the hands of officers Saturday. Houpt claims his shortage is due to the failure of the City Savings Bank and Trust Company, of Hot Springs.

SAID TO BE $29,000 SHORT.

John Berrien Walker, Treasurer of the Port Royal & Augusta railway, under Receiver J. H. Averill, is short about $29,000. It is reported that he took $10,000 with him. When last heard of he was in New York, at which place he wrote his wife to meet him. Walker's bond was only $10,000. The road, which has just been purchased by Thomas & Ryan, will probably bring suit against the bond of Receiver Averill for the difference.

FULLY RESTORED.

A TRAVELING MAN MADE WELL AND HAPPY.

Attacked by the Two Fiends, Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble, but the Pluts of Both are Foiled by the Pink Pills.

From the Republican, Gardiner, Me.

Mr. O. A. Shepard, of Gardiner, Maine, who was so dreadfully afflicted with kidney disease and rheumatism, and looked upon as incurable, tells the following story of his disability and cure:

"Early in the fall of 1894 I had, as I supposed, kidney trouble, and it was slowly and surely making headway in undermining my health, for I was fast becoming unable to attend to my duties as a traveling salesman, my back seemed almost ready to break after riding and distance in buggy or sleigh. The bad feeling had been growing in my back for a period of [illegible] years, but I had not given it much attention, but supposing it to be anything but what would wear off. But in the [illegible] eleven months I was compelled to give my attention to it, for I had the most unrelenting pain by its distracting inroads. My muscles seemed lifeless. I grew worse and worse. My weight was decreasing. My blood was apparently growing poor and less in quantity.

At this stage symptoms of pulmonary trouble appeared, making a bad complication, which the physicians did not attempt to cure, and I lost heart.

"About this time, a friend, and he was a friend indeed, advised me to procure some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and, with little faith that they would do me any good, but out of respect for my friend's advice, I thought it would do no harm at least, I got [illegible] boxes. I took them. My blood at once began to increase and for the first time in many weeks had a good night's sleep. My improvement was noticeable from the start. My weight began to increase. My appetite grew. Happy? Well I think I was! I at last had found just what my system needed to defeat the sickness preying on my health and I thought it the time to be merry.

"I purchased another half dozen boxes and when they were gone, two more, which effectually cured me. I increased in weight until from what was almost nothing for me [illegible] the scales at 190 pounds, my present weight, and I owe it all to the Pink Pills. May the knowledge of them be brought to all suffering as I did, for I know they will be benefited and cured, and I deem it a pleasure to recommend them.

"I have traveled for thirty years and have heard of many strange things, miracles, etc., but I think my own experience stranger than them all.

"Now I can drive hard all day, from early morning to late at night and not feel it. I am just as well as I ever was. No, sir, I never felt any bad effects from their use at all. It was a very cruel but sure fight and the Pink Pills were victorious. Long may they wave!"

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

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DEAFNESS

And Head Noises relieved by using Wilson's Common Sense Ear Drums. [illegible] Wilson Ear Drum Co., 11[illegible] Trust Bldg., Louisville, Ky.

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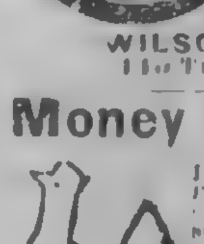

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If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, [illegible] If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

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We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be a brother Odd Fellow that can be relied on to carry out every promise he makes to those needing his services.

(Age-Herald.)

[illegible] Dr. Dozier has resided for many years in Birmingham [illegible] year has added to [illegible]

(People's Weekly Tribune.)

As a specialist Dr. Dozier is unexcelled by any living physician [illegible] Georgian by birth, a high toned, cultured, Christian gentleman, strictly honest in all his dealings and an [illegible] for all his [illegible]

(Daily News, Birmingham.)

Dr. Dozier [illegible] of education, skill and experience [illegible] of culture and high literary attainments [illegible] all who know him [illegible] in all matters pertaining to his profession.

(Alabama Christian Advocate.)

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BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE, 134 Leonard Street, N. Y. City.

THE BANNER.

Clerk

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1896. NO. 1.

Discontent lies at the bottom of all progress.

The paramount question is that of human rights.

Government ownership will break up the railroad trust.

One of the "paramount issues" now is "where are we at?"

There is practically no limit to consumption except the ability to buy.

Products are the result of labor, and low prices of products mean low wages.

The yellow-hammers are without doubt entitled to the "last year's bird's nest."

A gilt edged civilization may contain as much barbarism as no civilization at all.

There is every reason to believe that the yellow-hammers were only decoy ducks.

The price of products, under an equitable system of distribution, fixes the price of labor.

The men who buy votes before election will buy the votes of representatives after election

It is now about time to say "when the smoke of battle clears away, etc.," with a very extended etc.

One of the most dangerous phases of anarchy is that the employment of a man should control his vote.

Since the wealthy are the greatest tax dodgers, it comes with poor grace for them to talk about honesty in politics.

The government might experiment on government ownership of railroads by closing its mortgage on the Pacific roads.

The constant appreciation of money prevents it from seeking investment in enterprises, or being exchanged for commodities.

Middlemen buy the farmers' produce at the lowest prices possible, then sell to consumers at the highest price they can force by combination. The farmers should combine, and say something about the selling price themselves.

The St. Louis Evening Journal aptly remarks that "Within the boundaries of creation man is the only animal that will submissively suffer for food in a land of plenty and see his offspring suffer with cold when material to keep them warm is plentiful.

Are we free? Even as English colonists our forefathers enjoyed for one hundred and ten years the right of free and unlimited coinage of silver. But a hundred and twenty years after the declaration of independence we are told that we must ask England. Are we really independent?

Whatever Bourke Cochran or any other hired orator may say about the farmers the naked truth remains that the farmers produce the meat, bread and clothing of the world--and the aforesaid orators never eat a square meal nor don a nobby suit of fashionable clothes that the farmer did not handle first.

The gold-bug howl about "silver barons" is nonsensical flapdoodle. Might as well denounce the use of wheat because men make fortunes gambling in wheat futures, but the men who produce the wheat don't make any great fortunes, and nobody thinks of stopping the use of wheat just because some men speculate in it. We have no defense to offer for the gamblers in mining stocks; neither do we defend the men who speculate in wheat, pork or railroad stocks. Yet that does not change the fact that hot biscuits with ham and gravy make a fine breakfast; that railroads are a great convenience in travelling, and that silver makes good money.

The only possible ground which "international bimetallism," or a single gold standard, as brought forward in opposition to free coinage of silver, has to stand upon is that this country has been a borrower in European markets since silver was demonetized, and has agreed to pay in gold. But the restoration of silver would not prevent the payment of such obligations in gold. The production of gold would continue in this country, and we should coin both gold and silver. The fly in the ointment is that increasing the supply of money by free coinage of silver would reduce the purchasing power of gold and prevent the English gold syndicate stealing as much from the wealth producers of this country as they planned when they entered into the conspiracy to destroy half our money and make the dollars they receive in payment twice as great in purchasing power as the ones they loaned.

A Peculiar Australian Storm.

A prize was recently awarded by the Royal Society of New South Wales to the author of a paper on "Southerly Bursters." This is the name given in Australia to storms which begin with violent northerly winds, withering like the breath of a furnace, because they have swept across the burning sands of the interior, and bearing clouds of suffocating dust. Suddenly, in the midst of the tempest, the wind swings round into the southwest or south, and heavy rain begins to fall, driven before chilly blasts from the ice-clad regions that surround the South Pole.

WHAT IS REAL MONEY?

WHO SHOULD ISSUE AND CONTROL IT?

What Are Its Functions—How Determine the Proper Amount Necessary for Business—Prosperity and Employment of Labor.

We hold, that to a very large extent the shrinkage was caused by a decrease in, together with concentration of, our money.

This ought to be understood by all who are able to vote, yet, ask every business man and every man you meet on the streets and how varied the answers. In order to define as clearly as possible what money is, we here quote from some of the world's best authors, writers, and jurists on money and currency. It will be well for you who have not the authorities and who wish to have references at your command, to clip them out and paste in your scrap book.

Money is the impression of sovereign authority, conveying the legal tender of debt paying function on a piece of metal, paper or other substance. Destroy that impression, melt up the metal upon which it is placed, you extinguish the money and money value.

"Money is coin stamped metal, usually gold or silver, stamped by authority and used as a medium of commerce —Webster's Dictionary.

"Money is the medium of exchange. What ever performs this function, does the work, is money, no matter what it is made of."—Prof. Walker in Political Economy.

"Money is simply employed for bartering, as a ship for carrying. Its action is similar to a cart's, it fetches for its owner the things he is in want of."—Professor Jevons.

"The intrinsic value of money was the idea in the days of crude barbarism. The simplest and most perfect form of money is that which presents nothing but transferable debt, such as paper. It is only when states have reached a high degree of civilization that they adopt this perfect form of money.—Rees' Encyclopedia.

"Whatever power there is over the currency is vested in congress. If the power to declare what money is not in congress it is annihilated. * * We repeat, money is not a substance, but an impression of legal authority, a printed legal decree."—12 Wallace 519, United States Supreme Court.

"An article is determined to be money by reason of the performance by it of certain functions without regard to its form or substance.—Appleton's Encyclopedia.

"Metallic money, while acting as coin, is identical with paper money in respect to its being destitute of intrinsic value."—North British Review.

"Money is a tool of exchange and nothing more. It is not a measure of value, nor a standard of value, nor a representative of property. It transfers property conveniently from one party to another; as a wagon hauls goods from one place to another."—Professor Price.

"Moneys are of great varieties. The palpable characteristic which distinguishes money from the numerous subjects that resemble it, but which are not money, is its mark of authority, signifying that it is issued, circulated and made payable for debts, services, fines, taxes and commodities by virtue of law."—Alex Delmar in Science of Money.

"Money is a value created by law (a statutory law). The value of metallic money is created by law."—Henry Cornuschi.

"The legislation assumes that in contemplation of law, money of every species has the value which the law fixes on it; that congress has the constitutional power to say that ten pennyweights of silver shall henceforth be the dollar and do the office heretofore done by sixteen pennyweights, four and one half grains."—Attorney General U. S. (12 Wallace, U. S. Supreme Court report, page 519.)

"The gold dollar is not a commodity having an intrinsic value, but money having only a statutory value. * * And every dollar has the same value without regard to the material. * * The gold dollar has not intrinsic value. Money has only a statutory value. * * In business transactions gold is not a commodity, but money; nothing more nor less. This gold has and had a statutory value; legally each dollar passes for one hundred cents and legally it had no other value."—Supreme Court of Iowa, vol. 16.

"There is legally no such thing as gold or silver money. Money is the sovereign authority impressed on that which is capable of taking and retaining the impression. That upon which the stamp is placed is called coin; the coin may be metal, parchment or paper. "The value is in the stamp and not in the metal or material."—Judge Tiffany's Constitutional Law, written before the war.—Lantern.

A Queer Coin.

Fully half of the grown-up people of France believe the old story that Napoleon Bonaparte put a check for 100,000 francs in a silver five franc piece and that the coin is yet in circulation. They say that the people did not want the five-franc piece, and that in order to create a demand for it Napoleon resorted to the device mentioned. The check or treasury order, it is said, was written upon asbestos paper and enclosed in the metal at the time the coin was made. Thousands of five franc pieces are annually broken open and have been so inspected since the story of the check was first circulated.—New York Journal.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

Some of the Advantages to Be Secured by Its Adoptson.

It seems somewhat remarkable that in the general discussion of financial measures for the relief of the government as well as the prevailing stringency in the money market, so little has been said of the postal savings bank system. Perhaps it is from lack of definite information on the subject by the public. And yet such information is at hand. The broad and far-reaching possibilities of the system may well challenge attention, both as to its benefits to the government and to the depositors and borrowers.

The authority of the statistics about to be quoted is the official report for 1895 of the general government through the comptroller of the currency, whose duty requires him to make known the financial resources of the country. It appears that there are in several states of the union 1,017 savings banks. The number of depositors in each state, the aggregate amount of deposits and the per capita of the depositors, with much other valuable information, may be found in this report. For the present purpose it is only necessary to deal with the totals.

The total number of depositors in these 1,017 private savings banks is given at 4,875,519; the total amount of deposits at $1,810,597,023, and the average per capita of the depositors at $371.63. It may be worth while to note in passing that there are only four states in the union—New York, Massachussets, Pennsylvania and Connecticut—that have as large a number of depositors or as large a sum deposited as our state of California. New York leads with 1,615,178 depositors, the sum of $643,873,574, and an average per capita of depositors of $393.63; Massachusetts comes next with 1,247,090 depositors, $416,778,018 in deposits, with $224.20 per capita; and Connecticut has 337,254 depositors, with $136,928,358 in deposits, and $406.01 per capita; then follows Pennsylvania with 264,642 depositors, $68,522,217 in deposits and $258.92 per capita; while California shows 168,638 depositors, $126,830,518 in deposits and $752.08 per capita. New Hampshire follows California with 163,702 depositors, $66,746,703 in deposits and $407.73 per capita. No other state shows so large a per capita—$752.08—as California. Rhode Island comes next with $512.40, then New Hampshire with $407.73, Connecticut with $406.01, Ohio with $403.25, the lowest being North Carolina, with only $48.31.

In its present financial embarrassment the government is borrowing $100,000,000 at 4 per cent interest in gold for a term of thirty years, during which long period the interest will amount to $120,000,000 with an annual tax of $4,000,000, and then the principal, $100,000,000, will still have to be paid. However, the premiums paid for the bonds may reduce the interest, if we reckon nothing for the use of the $4,000,000 paid in annually for thirty years, to be about the same sum as the principal. Now, if the administration had proposed and secured the establishment of a postal savings bank system and had offered 4 per cent interest on deposits, with absolute security to the depositors, this rate of interest to run for one year or more, as the needs of the treasury might justify, and thereafter at 3 per cent interest, does any sane man suppose that, with over 18 times the $100,000,000 just borrowed in the private savings banks and over five times the $100,000,000 subscribed for, the government could not have obtained deposits to double the amount of the loan, or $200,000,000, which is less than one-tenth of the money in the savings banks and that offered for the bonds which are now to be issued?

There is every reason to suppose that with a postal savings bank system in full operation all over the country, with 3 per cent interest paid on deposits, the government would speedily have on hand not less than $1,000,000,000 (one thousand million dollars) and could loan the whole sum at 4 per cent, the one per cent paying all the expenses of making the loans and conducting the business. This would fix the rate of interest so low that private savings banks could not afford to pay 3 per cent interest on deposits, and declare large dividends, and hence in due time the government would have nearly two thousand millions in deposit to loan to the people at 4 per cent. As the capital of private savings banks is a mere trifle compared with the amount of the deposits, the bankers would employ their capital in useful industries and become producers, while the revenue from the postal savings banks would greatly lighten the burden of the national expenses.

The growth of the private savings banks system is an evidence of its great advantages to those who engage in the business of receiving deposits at a low rate of interest and loaning them at a higher rate of interest. In 1820 there were 10 savings banks, with $1,138,570 in deposits; in 1860 there were 278 savings banks, with $149,277,504 in deposits; in 1890 there were 931 of these banks, with deposits amounting to $1,524,844,506; five years later, in 1895, they had increased to 1,017 in number and the deposits were $1,810,597,023.

The advantage to depositors of a government system of postal savings banks are seen at a glance. First, they never fail; secondly, their doors are never closed because people in alarm make a run on the bank; third, depositors can always get their money when they want it. These are considerations which appeal to the good sense of any one who has intelligence enough to earn money and save a portion of it.

But there is another side of this subject worthy of serious consideration. It is the fate of those who borrow money from private savings banks. They are constantly losing their property by foreclosure of the bank mortgage at one half of the property value; and one bank never lends money to the borrower from another bank; the borrower must go under. This never happens under the postal or government system of savings banks if the borrower by extension of time on his loan can pay the interest.

I close with two suggestions. No demand has ever been made in any country that has adopted the postal savings banks system to have it abolished. It suits both the people and the government. And it ought not to be an objection to the system that the people's party has made it a part of their national platform.—Freeman's Labor Journal.

Infidelity.

In view of Bob Ingersoll's recent hysterical screeching about "anarchy, insanity and repudiation," it might be well to quote from one of his old speeches:

"In every country there is a satisfied class—too satisfied to care. They arelike the angels in heaven, who are too happy to be generous. This satisfied class asks no questions and answers none. They believe the world is just what it should be. All reformers are simply disturbers of the peace. When they talk low they should not be listened to. When they talk loud they should be suppressed. The truth is today what it always has been—what it always will be—those who feel are the only ones who think. A cry from the down-trodden, from the unfortunate, from men who despair and women who weep. There are times when mendicants become revolutionists—when a rag becomes a banner under which the oldest and bravest battle for the right."

By the way, Bob isn't the only goldbug that has indulged in revolutionary oratory at some time in the past. Even John Sherman, the yellowest of them all without and blackest within, has a past that he fain would drown in potations of liquid forgetfulness.

Women Live Longer Than Men.

There is a prevailing impression that men are not only less subject to ailments and illnesses but are longer-lived than women, but an examination of life insurance companies' tables will show that the term of life of women is slightly longer than that of men. The difference in the mortality rates during the first few years of life is striking. During the first year the mortality among males is decidedly greater than among females. Though more boys are born than girls, the proportions are reduced to almost even terms at the end of the first year by the excessive male mortality. Even during the first four years the mortality among males exceeds that among females, notwithstanding the fact that there are practically no distinctions made in the management of the two sexes. Both are subject to the same conditions, are dressed virtually alike, and receive the same food. At about five years the comparative death-rate among girls begins to increase. This has been attributed to the fact that boys of this age are more in the open air. The mortality in both sexes diminishes from this time to the twelfth year, when it attains its lowest point. It then steadily rises, being larger in each successive year. Between the twelfth and sixteenth years the death-rate among girls increases more rapidly than among boys, but after the sixteenth year, for several years, the rate of increase is more rapid on the male side. The explanations that have been offered for these peculiarities are not wholly satisfactory, but one fact is clear, that during early years females possess a greater tenacity of life than do males.

An Interesting Experiment.

The Hackney guardians have tried an interesting experiment. They lately sent fifty able-bodied paupers to Gen. Booth's farm colony at Hadleigh, in order to see if they could be turned by the Salvation Army's methods into useful citizens. Nineteen very soon returned to the workhouse, most of them having been dismissed for drunkenness. Others left from various causes, but at the end of the experimental period there was a virtuous residuum of fourteen. It is stated that these men have improved and are really anxious to earn their own livings. The guardians are sufficiently satisfied with the result to make them anxious to send another batch of paupers. They propose in future only to pay Gen. Booth for the six months of the pauper's residence at Hadleigh. That seems a reasonable proposal. We hope the experiment will be further developed. We do not see why pauper spade labor should not be applied on a large scale to Essex. It would benefit both the land and the paupers.—Spectator.

Why He Sold the Land.

A gentleman who has just returned from Alabama tells how some of the moneyed men in that state secured possession of a valuable piece of property. It seems that the farm, under which were valuable coal veins, was owned by an old colored man, who asked an exorbitant price. No agreement could be reached, and the prospectors waited. Finally, the property was bought for 30 pounds of sugar and a side of bacon. When the old fellow was asked why he sold the land so cheap he replied: "Ise can eat de bacon and sugar, but Ise could not eat de land, it was hard work to farm it."—Columbus Dispatch.

AS TO CIRCULATION.

ONE OF THE FALLACIES OF BANKERS EXPOSED.

Why Business Men Lose Confidence, Hoard Their Money, and How It Produces Business Stagnation, Panic and Industrial Depression.

In the discussion of the money question one of its main features is frequently lost sight of. There is a great deal said about the per capita circulation and the whole amount of money supposed to be in existence is cited and the claim set up that it is sufficient. According to the reports of the Secretary of the Treasury there is said to be in existence about $23 per capita.

There is no claim set up, however, that this amount of money is in actual circulation. On the other hand, it is estimated by good authorities that the amount in active circulation will not exceed $8 per capita, and some estimates, among which is no less authority than Senator Vest, of Missouri, place it as low as $4 or $5.

All authorities on finance agree that it is the volume of money in actual circulation which fixes the price of commodities. This being true, it follows that that money which circulates best is the best money. Herein lies one of the great objections to money having a commodity or commercial value. Originally gold and silver was merely an article of exchange, making barter more convenient. It has its origin in the days of barbarism, and can truthfully be said to be a relic of that age. The fact that it is the recognized currency of all ages is no better reason for its use as actual money, than that foolish superstition among the negroes which makes a "grave-yard rabbit's foot" more valuable than any other rabbit's foot.

But conceding, as we must, the recognized commercial value of gold and silver, we have only to consider its fitness as money. It is this commodity value, in our opinion, which constitutes it as the dangerous factor in our currency system.

Like all other commodities, the value of gold and silver depends upon the universal law of supply and demand. If the supply falls short, either through the ever-varying laws and chances which govern its production, or the demand increases by its extended uses, the natural consequence is that its value rises as compared with all other commodities, and holders of the precious metals are loth to part with them in exchange for commodities, the prices of which are constantly falling. Here, then, is where lack of confidence begins. What man having $10,000 in gold or silver would be willing to exchange it for real estate or personal property with the certain knowledge staring him in the face that the property for which he exchanged it would, within a year or two, be worth 25 per cent. less than it was when he acquired it?

The result is he loses confidence and hoards his money. It is taken out of circulation and the prices of commodities continue to fall in the exact proportion to the money taken from active circulation. This aggravates the situation, lack of confidence spreads, and financial collapse and industrial depression results.

This state of affairs continues until the people are reduced to the extremity of resorting to barter, which is the bed-rock of falling prices, and reaction sets in until some unforseen circumstance or indiscriminate and wild speculation again swings the pendulum of public confidence in the opposite direction. These are the laws which govern public confidence, create panics, govern prices, and cause financial depression, and this condition will remain as long as the present system of commodity money obtains.

But even if the $23 per capita was in actual circluation, it would not be sufficient in this country of unexampled enterprise and undeveloped resources. France has a circulation of $38 per capita, and her resources are developed and her population kept dense. It is quite true that much of our business is done through banks and with credit checks of different kinds, but this does not answer all the demands of our great commercial system.

There are millions of people who do not and cannot transact their business through the banks, and who must either depend upon money as a medium through which to make their exchange or resort to the old barbaric system of barter. Besides, they are compelled to have money with which to pay their debts and taxes, and when that money is scarce and dear it works a hardship on them.

If, then, to resort to both gold and silver as the foundation of our monetary system and our whole business fabric, subjects us to the ever-recurring danger of the lack of confidence, the hoarding of money, panic and business stagnation, it seems no less than a crime to lop off half of this foundation and depend upon the one commodity of gold alone.

Picket Stuck Through Him.

Near Hill Top, Ky., the other morning, Emery Hardin, a young farmer, fell on a picket fence which he was climbing. The end of one of the pickets entered the lower part of the body and penetrated the stomach, passing through him. He is still living, but cannot recover.

Same Thing.

While the statistics show that there are not so many donkeys in the United States as there were three years ago, the number of aeronauts is constantly increasing. This is a great country for keeping up its average.

SOME SOLEMN TRUTHS.

Mr. J. A. Wayland Sizes Up the Situation.

"A government that does not furnish its citizens comfort and pleasure should be destroyed by the people, and a government established that will give the people pleasure. As to our own country, every person knows that the so-called Congress is wasting the people's substance, that Congressmen are wholly neglectful of the people's welfare and that they are constantly busy deceiving the people as to what they are doing; and it is well known that they are constantly using their time in gambling for their own gain or sport, in sugar, stocks and poker and other disreputable means of getting gain, and wholly for their personal pleasure. It is no uncommon occurrence for Congressmen to be found drunk on the streets of the Capitol and to be found in any of the places of debauchery and degradation. The laws of our old, rotten and dishonest government are made for the punishment and degradation of what is called common people, and their commonality sonsists in their not being rich or in not having some affix or prefix to their names. All who have such titles are favored by the dirty little clique called the government, and a mechanic or farmer or a man who labors at what is called ordinary labor is treated as an inferior person, when, in fact, such are the only useful people in the land, and it is they who are constantly fleeced and degraded; and all because they are honest and not pretenders. The meanest and most wicked people are generally holding the offices and positions. It is by means of their pretense, fraud and trickery that they get them. An honest man waits to be invited before he enters a house. A thief will enter in the dark and by stealthy methods; and such methods are used to get the offices, and should an honest man be placed in office the ring of bad ones block every move he makes until he is compelled to adopt their methods, and thus it is that corruption grows and spreads, and such has been the spread of corrupt methods in this land that every branch of business is worked on that plan."—Extract from a manuscript.

Frozen Mutton.

The reason why Argentine mutton generally is of inferior price to that of New Zealand has a three-fold explanation. In the first place, New Zealand possesses to-day a mutton-producing breed superior to that grown in the Platte. In the second, the New Zealander feeds his stock during the winter time with extra forage, while in the Argentine the sheep are allowed to graze upon the same bare pampa during the dead season. The result of this is that the New Zealander produces an even, well-grown carcass, while there is sent home from the Plate one upon which a hasty covering of fat has been put during the spring months of the year. The difference between the two carcasses will readily be noted by any one who pays a visit to the cattle market. Thirdly, the freezer in New Zealand freezes the mutton on account of the breeder; and in the Argentine the freezer buys from the breeder. The disadvantage of the latter system, so long as the breeder has no knowledge of the requirements of the market, is apparent. The New Zealand breeder selects his wethers with care, rejecting any which will give an inferior weight, or which are insufficiently fattened for the butcher. He remits them in small droves to the freezing establishments, and takes every care that they shall arrive in perfect order. The Argentine breeder, on the other hand, makes a contract with the representative of the freezer to sell a given number; and the latter binds himself to remove them within a certain date.

A New Fabric.

A fabric of beautiful appearance is to be put upon the market—an improvement upon the waterproof coated materials rendered thus impervious by treatment with the well-known India rubber and other solutions. The improvement in this case consists in giving to the coated surface of such goods a dressing formed by a film of powder made by reducing glass to an impalpable dust and finely sieved so as to remove all crystallized appearance, this coating giving to the surface treated a fine, soft, silky and luminous effect. Thus coated, the material may be ornamented either before or after vulcanization, by printing or other method, in a suitable medium and in the colorings preferred, the desired pattern or design. For this purpose colors having an India rubber or other suitable waterproof medium are selected; and, in order to counteract the adhesive property, the material is treated after ornamentation to a second coating of pulverized glass; this also produces a luminous appearance, while not being soluble in water it possesses the advantage of being more substantial and lasting in its effects than the ordinary powders employed.—Montreal Star.

One Way.

"I shall yet set myself right before the world," cried the heroine.

"Ha, ha," laughed the villain.

Yet he did not know how her purpose could be defeated. However, he did not despair. Perhaps the police would decide the show was immoral and stop it before the last act.—Detroit Tribune.

Inconsiderate of Her.

"I'm not pleased with your school report, Bobby," said his father, with solemn look.

"I told the teacher you wouldn't be, but she was too stubborn to change it, the old pelican."—Detroit Free Press.

NEWSY STATE ITEMS.

The Latest News of Special Interest to Alabamians

INDUSTRIAL BIRMINGHAM.

Europe Buys 4,000 Tons of Her Iron Products—Vinegar and Other Works Established—Martin D. Sibert, One of the Democratic Electors Dies at Birmingham—Accident at Elba.

The Evening News, of Birmingham, of last Saturday, has the following interesting items:

Coal and iron movements show the effect of absorption in politics just like anything else, but, for all that, the Birmingham district has kept in both fields very satisfactorily, all things considered, for the past few weeks. As a general thing the iron market is what is known as quiet but firm. The same number of furnaces have been in blast all this fall, and for the past three weeks a 50 cent advance on the summer price has been received on No. 2 foundry. Coal is not up to the production of this time last year, but is constantly on the increase and two cold months, if they are cold, may considerably add to the average for the year. The coal and iron operators alike say the conditions are all that could be expected.

The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company sold 10,000 tons of iron in good round orders this week, of which 4,000 tons were bought by parties in England and will be exported via Brunswick, Ga. The sale means $27,000 to come back across the water to the Birmingham district. The price was as satisfactory, it is stated, as could have been gotten in this country for the same amount of iron at this time. The consumers manifest a desire to get quotations, even though they do not buy extensively, showing a disposition to be ready to buy as soon as the election is over.

Domestic coal trade is very good. The steam coal market is not as active as it was this time last year, when it had a phenomenal run at New Orleans. It is stated that the Tennessee State mines are causing some disarrangement in Alabama's coal trade in Georgia. It is understood that these mines have been selling coal at 48 cents per ton f. o. b. cars at the mines, while the Alabama operators pay their miners alone 40 cents per ton to dig the coal and cannot get it on the cars at the mines for less than 70 to 75 cents per ton. Tennessee has through her convict labor cut quite a swathe of business from the Birmingham district. The local coal trade has picked up the past two days on account of the change in the weather and movements are quite active. Work at the mines seems to be about the same.

MARTIN SIBERT DEAD.

Hon. Martin D. Sibert, Democratic elector from the Seventh district, and a prominent attorney of Gadsden, died Saturday morning at 3 o'clock at the Infirmary of Drs. Davis & Davis, on Avenue G and Twenty-first street, Birmingham, aged 29 years.

Mr. Sibert came to Birmingham a week for the purpose of having an operation performed, though one could not be attempted on account of his condition. Everything possible was done for him, but in vain, and death claimed him for its own. Death resulted from aneurism of the chest or thorax, a complication of diseases of the throat.

Mr. Sibert was well known all over the State. He was one of the most prominent attorneys in Gadsden and numbered his friends by the score. He was the son of Major and Mrs. W. J. Sibert, of Etowah county, and law partner of Major Amos E. Goodhue.

Mr. Sibert was on the electoral ticket of the Democratic party in this State. He was an ardent follower of free silver coinage, and was honored with a position on the ticket. His remains were taken to Gadsden by his parents and the interment took place at that place.

TWO WOMEN KILLED.

A special to the Montgomery Advertiser from Elba, Ala., says: Mrs. William Hanchey, Miss Elmira Hanchey and a little child were riding in a buggy near here, when the mule became frightened and ran away. When found by the side of the road both women were dead and the child had one leg and one arm broken.

BIRMINGHAM STEEL.

Parties in the West have written to Birmingham for twenty pounds of the steel made at the Jefferson Steel Works, at North Birmingham, by the Hawkins process. Just enough of the steel is wanted to test it. It will be in great demand yet.

DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI.

The water coal route to New Orleans and the Mississippi river sugar plantations will be opened in a few days and a substantial load of Alabama coal will find its way down the Father of Waters in barges. The route will thus be formally inaugurated and Alabama coal will knock at the doors of all the points on the Mississippi below Greenville in competition with that of Pennsylvania and Ohio and West Virginia.

VINEGAR WORKS ESTABLISHED

J. W. Hardesty, of Montgomery, has recently built a vinegar and other works in Birmingham. The new plant is located on Twenty-first street, between Avenues A and B, in the building formerly used by Mr. George F. Wheelock as a cornice works. The name of the company under which Mr Hardesty is doing business is the Detroit Cider and Vinegar Works.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS E. WATSON
Of Georgia

4th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
FOR CONGRESS
W. F. ALDRICH

Electors at large—Joseph H. Harris of Chambers and S. A. Hobson of Tuscaloosa.

First district—A. B. Gaston of Mobile.

Second district—Lawrence S. Knight of Crenshaw.

Third district—John G. Searcy of Barbour.

Fourth district—Thomas L. Harvey of Calhoun.

Fifth district—Edmund B. Langley of Tallapoosa.

Sixth district—H. P. Gaines of Walker.

Seventh district—W. M. Coleman of Marshall.

Eigth district—T. B. Bickley of Colbert.

Ninth district—Nelson Fuller of Bibb.

UNTIL November 1 we will accept 75 cents for a twelvemonths subcription to THE BANNER. After that date we positively cannot make any reduction.

VOTE next TUESDAY.

REMEMBER that this is positively the last week of our 75 cent offer.

EVERY Populist should do his duty to himself, his family and his country, by voting for the nominees of our party next Tuesday.

TUESDAY next is the decisive day, and every true Populist will go to the polls and cast his vote. Taking everything into consideration, we again advise our readers to vote for Bryan and Watson electors and W. F. Aldrich for congress.

THE country has suffered a loss in the death of ex-Speaker Crisp. While politically we were, in a measure, opposed to Mr. Crisp, we recognize the fact that he was one of our foremost Southern men, and as such we honor him and mourn his demise.

ALL friends of the late Alliance Herald will be glad to know its distinguished editor, Mr. Frank Baltzell, has re-entered the journalistic arena and commenced a new publication at Montgomery entitled The Alabama Monitor. Number one starts off in Mr. Baltzell's well known vigorous style, and we predict a brilliant future for the new journal, which is, of course, a straight middle-of-the-road paper.

OUR Democratic friends have engaged that notorious individual, Sam Will John, of Jefferson, to come and make a talk at Clanton next Saturday. Our readers will remember it was Sam Will John, who, in the last legislature, introduced the bill to disfranchise the people of Chilton county and give the Governor the power to appoint our county officers. Perhaps Mr. Sam Will John will explain why he wished to disfranchise us then, and whether his mission now is not another move in the same direction.

TOM WATSON, in his speech last week at Birmingham, which we wish every voter in the State could have heard, impressed upon his audience the necessity of every Populist standing by the nominees of our party. Mr. Watson, as is well known, is opposed to fusion in any form, but while that is the case he insisted that in the present election, as it is now too late to put out any middle-of-the-road ticket, it is the duty of every Populist to vote for the several candidates who have been regularly nominated by Populist conventions.

Tom Watson is standing up for you and right. Stand by Watson, show your voting strength. Democrats are equal to the emergency, and will assuredly steal Alabama for the Bryan and Sewall ticket. Democrats want Sewall or nobody. Do you want to endorse the stealing democracy of Alabama? If you do, then vote for Bryan, Sewall and Plowman. A vote for Plowman is an endorsement of ballot-box stuffing. A vote for Aldrich is an endorsement of honest election methods in Alabama. Do you want to endorse election frauds? Then vote for Plowman, the chief sinner in that line in the fourth congressional district. Aldrich by contest, secured for once, honest elections in the fourth district. Now show your appreciation of honest elections by voting for him next Tuesday. Go out to the election next Tuesday and vote. Show Kolb what you think of him and other traitors by your vote.

A Populist who casts his votes for Bryan and Sewall electors simply admits that he has hitherto been mistaken. Bryan's defeat, to the organized democracy of Alabama, is more acceptable to that body of ballot-box stuffers and thieves, than honesty in elections. What right have the organized ballot-box stuffing domocracy of Alabama to a Populist vote as a voluntary gift? Vote for Bryan and Watson electors on next Tuesday. The election thieves will do the rest. The organized democrats say to you Populists vote for us, and endorse all the thieving and stealing we have donde. Can a Populist be considered honest in his charges aganst the ballot-box thieves of Alabama, when he votes for Bryan and Sewall? Watch out for the campaign liar. He is abroad in the land.

Aldrich is the nominee of the People's Party for Congress. Vote for him or desert your party. Some Populists in this district like Kolb, have been enticed from the narrow but straight way by the promise of office hereafter from the democrats. Poor fools. You receive only a barren promise, while Kolb got the currency of the country, and democrats that know you next Tuesdey will know you no more forever. Selah. Every democratic speaker now, as well as four years ago, promised upon all the stumps in Alabama to give you free silver. What did you get then, say? You will get the same again if you listen to them. Democrats lied then and it is best now to distrust them, because they openly tell you that as between Tom Watson and defeat, they will take defeat.

Tom Plowman stole votes in the primary two years ago from his friend's, so the Democratic State Executive declared, and announced that Tommy, the primary runner, could not be recognized or voted for by that party. Honest elections can only be secured by the persistent effort and "votes" of Populists. Did you ever in your whole life hear of Tom Plowman asking for or advocating honest elections? The man who has heard or knows to the contrary has a patch of whiskers in the palm of his hand.

Populists stand by your nominee. You know that they are honest and above reproach, because Kolb and Bowman have deserted them. These worthies cannot stand honesty. Were you honest in your advocacy of Populist doctrine, or did a boodler like Kolb carry you in his market basket for sale? Answer ye Populists by your votes next Tuesday. Populists, if Kolb, with his confessed receipt of boodle for his service, is a fair specimen of what is honest either in you or fair elections, according to your idea, why then show your faith by voting with him next Tuesday; but if you be lieve in honesty in everything then vote aganst him.

Lomax.

Mr. Doll Hill has moved his family to Bessemer where he has accepted a position with the Rail-road company. We regret giving Mr. Hill and family up, as Mr. Hill is a good free hearted christian gentleman and will be missed at New Salem church. We hope that brother and sister Hill will have good luck and will return back some day to us.

A FRIEND.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Jemison, Ala., Oct. 27 1896.

To the voters of Chilton.

After hearing so much talk about our congressman Mr. Aldrich I want to call your attention to a few facts. First the Democrats say we must be consistent, and that we cannot afford to vote for Mr. Aldrich because he is a Republican. Ask them if they are not a nice lot of fellows to plead consistency in politics, when only last August they and the Republicans in their county were as thick as three in a bed all voting the same ticket, but they throw up their hands in holy horror and say that no true Populite can vote for Aldrich. Yes, they are the best set of fellows I every saw, so ready to give us advice; they seem to be our best friends, and the only objection they find to us is that we wont surrender our party and vote for their nominees. Why dont they vote for ours? Why didn't they ask us to help select a man for Congress? No, it was stard off, boys, wait, let us name the man then you Populists can come in and vote. Yes, sir, all you prodigal sons can return election day. Why, friends, if we were to come in and vote for their man they would not have any confidence in us themselves. They would say we cannot be trusted, and we could not. Are we too put up such men as Aldrich and Watson, and by the advice of Democrats sacrifice them? If we are to take their advice we will always vote their ticket. No, they cannot advise me to vote for a gold-bug and a man whom they said themselves two years ago had stolen the nomination for congress from Robbins. Why don't they sacrifice Plowman? If they want to unite the white men, let them come to us, we have the largest crowd of white men on our side and opened our doors to them last spring and they convinced us they were not a set to be trusted. Came in our primaries and voted, turned right around and ran aganist the men that they had helped nominate. We have a good clean man, no new convert to silver, a greenbacker all the time, while Mr. Plowman is only a recent convert, and just in time to get the nomination. Let us look well to the situation. You get into a bunch of hogs and beat them and they will get close together ready to defend eachother, but you go at them quiet and the first thing you know you will have them scattered, soon have them in a pen, so with us as long as the Democrats abused us we stayed close together ready to defend eachother, but watch out if they don't get some of us in a pen. The Democrats, Kolb & Co., have got awful scared that McKinley will carry Alabama. Why, can't they count Bryan and Sewall in like they counted Kolb out? It is the same crowd and I know they are none to good to do it. But here is the trouble, they are trying to scare our men with McKinley, to get them to vote for their man for congress. Did you hear one word about peace and uniting the white men, until they had nominated their man, Plowman, then they cried peace peace. Let us stand true to our men. Let every Populist in Chilton vote according to the agreement, stand to Watson and Aldrich as long as they are in the race. Don't be scared with McKinley, the returns are already made up in the black belt for Bryan and Sewall. Our congressman is what we are most interested in, and we have a man that is worthy, one we have tried, one that stood to our party in its darkest days. I have known him personally for fifteen years, and he has proved to be true to the laborer. Let us send him back to congress this time with a larger majorrity than we did before. Let's show to the world that we are still united, for, by our standing close together, we have exerted an influence that we never

(continued on 4th column next page)

Consumption

Out-door life and Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites have cured thousands of cases of consumption in the early stages. They cure old, advanced cases too; but not so many, nor so promptly. When a case is so far advanced that a cure cannot be made, even then SCOTT'S EMULSION checks the rapidity of the disease, relieves the pains in the chest, reduces the night sweats, and makes the cough easier. In these cases it comforts and prolongs life. Don't experiment with cures that destroy the digestion. Pin your faith to the one remedy which has been THE STANDARD FOR OVER 20 YEARS.

Book about it free for the asking.

For sale by all druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

HOW TO VOTE.

BELOW we show you how to vote next Tuesday week. The election law says the names of all candidates must be arranged alphabetically, consequently the name of Wm. F. Aldrich, whom you wish to vote for, and against which we have placed a cross-mark, X, just as you will do on November 3, is the first name on the ticket. Then take the names of the electors and make a X mark against those we have made a X mark on the ticket below, and you will vote for Bryan and Watson electors.

For Representative in the Fifty-fifth Congress of the United States from the Fourth District of the State of Alabama:

Vote for One.

X	William F. Aldrich
	Edmund H. Dryer
	Thomas S. Plowman

For Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States:

Vote for Eleven.

	Nathan H. Alexander
	Edward B. Almon
	John Andrews
	J. B. Appleton
	F. B. Baldwin
	J. M. Barnes
X	Thomas B. Bickley
	William B. Browne
	Charles W. Buckley
	Thomas L. Bulger
	Joseph W. Burke
	W. P. Burks
	John D. Burnett
X	William M. Coleman
	O. E. Comstock
	C. E. Crenshaw
	J. B. Cumming
	Anthony R. Davison
	L. O Dawson
	C. E. Dunn
	Thomas M. Espy
	Frederick S. Ferguson
X	Nelson Fuller
X	H. P. Gains
X	Alpheus B. Gaston
X	Joseph H. Harris
X	Thomas L. Harvey
X	S. A. Hobson
	Daniel E. Huger
	Samuel W. John
	A. B. Jones
X	Laurence S. Knight
X	Edmund B. Langley
	Lawrence H. Lee
	J. C. Lester
	James J. Mayfield
	J. P. Mudd
	William O. Mulkey
	Charles B. Powell
	Charles Rattery
	R. Barnwell Rhett
	Edward L. Russell
	John W. A. Sanford
	R. L. Seale
X	John G. Searcy
	John B. Shields
	Martin D. Sibert
	John A. Steele
	John W. Stewart
	A. S. Stockdale
	J. J. Taylor
	Nicholas M. Ware
	Andrew J. Warner
	Morris D. Wickersham

Among the business cards in this issue none is more interesting to the writer as a reminder of the better things of life than the announcement of the Chicago Cottage Organ Company of that peerless musical instrument, the Conover piano. Every material that ample capital could purchase necessary for the construction of a first-class instrument, and skilful hands to assemble these products of an age of invention and machanical improvement, have been used that the promoters might truly claim that the Conover is the leader of pianos. Against adverse national prosperity this instrument has steadily and rapidly gained the position it occupies as the piano most sought after by music lovers everywhere, the artists of Europe and America, and for the best homes of the land.

Not only, however, are the manufacturers of the Conover the leaders in the piano world,—but as makers of the renowned "Chicago Cottage" organ they are known throughout the world and their product is a household favorite in every county in the United States, and almost every village. As sole introducers of the "Kingsbury" and the well-know "Schubert" pianos they have a line of musical instruments that the most exacting demands of a music-loving clientele may require, both in tone, durability, construction and design, and have not omitted to duly consider the important subject of making a price so reasonable that the public is quick to avail itself of an unexcelled opportunity to gratify its taste for music. What better investment could be suggested to our readers than making a purchase of a piano or an organ? The Chicago Cottage Organ Company can supply you, and desire to include you mong their patrons.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1896,

for the election of Electors for President and vice-President of the United States, and for the election of a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama.

This 1st day of October, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

ELECTION MANAGERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for an election to be held in said County on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1896. To-wit:

Beat No. 1—T J Dorminy, J W Sorrell, Mardical Robinson, Inspectors; J M Robinson, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 1 Providence)—I B Martin, Hugh Henry, Charles Johnson, Inspectors; J A Lowery, Returning officer.

Beat 2 (Box 2 Jemison)—B M Gentry Ira Campbell, J P Givhan, Inspectors; G W Shaw, Returning officer.

Beat 3 (Box 1 Benson)—H W Yarden, John Wright, Andy Jones, Inspectors; John Middlebrooks, Returning officer.

Beat 3 (Box 2 Macedonia)—Y O Freeman, A J Ware, Green Hayes, Inspectors; William Nix, Returning officer.

Beat 4—A A Ayres, John Grant, Alfred Popwell, Inspectors; A. C. Oates, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 1 Coopers)—J W G Kicker, B H Wells Hardy Jones, Inspectors; H A J Harris, Returning officer.

Beat 5 (Box 2 Verbena)—W H Strock J J L Stewart, A H Courtney, Inspecters; — Thompson, Returning officer.

Beat 6—J R Vinson, Madison Popwell T L Dickerson, Inspectors; Fayette Popwell, Returning officer.

Beat 7 (Box 1 Maplesville)—W Y Nix G W Fox, W F Foshee, Inspectors; Geo Foshee, Returning officer.

Beat 7 (Box 2 Sheultz) W A Green, J D Holsomback, L O Burnett, Inspectors; J N Gentry, Returning officer.

Beat 8—W A Weaver, D C Gandy, Jack Landers, Inspectors; Wiley Letcher, Returning officer.

Beat 8—D N Riggins, W A Mims, James Collins, Inspectors; Wash Foshee Returning officer.

Given under our hands, this the 2 day of October, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate,
J. P VANDIVEER,
Clerk of Circuit Court,
J T. COOLEY
Sheriff.

State of Alabama }
Chilton County }

I, J. T. Cooley, Sheriff of said County, hereby appoint the Returning Officers, above named at their respective voting places, to act as Special Deputy Sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This the 2d day of October, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY, Sheriff.

Marvelous Results

From a letter written by Rev. J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife While I was pastor at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at J. S. Johnson, Jr Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00

Mr. J. W. Ledbetter, of Randolph, is in town this week on business.

Tax Collector's Notice.

FIRST ROUND

I will attend at the following named times and places for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1896:

		1896
Shoultz	October	7
Valley Creek church	"	8
Dixie	"	9
Stanton 8 am to 11 am	"	10
Clantonford 1 pm to 4 pm.	"	10
Macedonia church	"	12
Providence church	"	13
Elijah Busby's	"	14
Jemison	"	15
Mineral Springs	"	16
Sraeburg	"	17
Clanton	"	19
Cane Creek	"	20
Maddox's mill	"	21
Gore school-house	"	22
Calloway's mill	"	23
Maple Springs church	"	24
Davis & Rollins' gin	"	26
Coopers	"	27
Burwells	"	28
Mountain Creek	"	29
Verbena	"	30
Kincheon	November	2
Maplesville	"	3
Benson	"	4

T. J. HUBBARD, TaxCollector.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Robert Wilson, Deceased. } Probate Court Chilton County.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Robert Wilson, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of August, 1896, by Hon. R M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court for Chilton county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. WILSON,
Adm. Est. of Robert Wilson, Dec'd.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office

FIRST-CLASS WORK

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes,

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

for many years with Pollack & Co.

Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA

V V V

Chain Shot

You've got to use heavy ammunition when you fight such a malignant enemy as SCROFULA. There is nothing that will rout this disease like V. V. V.—the wonderful blood purifier and family remedy. It drives out all impurities and taints—whether hereditary or not—making the blood pure and healthy and the whole body strong and vigorous. V. V. V. is a specific for all blood and skin diseases, as well as rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6⅝ cents.

Bales received to-date:

Sampey	1051
Mullins	570
Wilson	235
	1856

BRICK FOR SALE. I have 75,000 brick for sale at a low price, on the Lomax Road one and a half miles north of Clanton. Will exchange for corn or cotton seed at market price.

F. R. WOODYARD.

REQUESTED. The citizens young and old, male and female, are requested to read and study for this week, our Saviour's last prayer before His crucifixion. St. John 17th chapter.

Mr. G. H. Green spent a few days in north Alabama last week.

Next Tuesday is election day, vote for Aldrich and Bryan and Watson electors.

W. W. Moore, the painter who made such an excellent job of the court house work, is now finishing several other jobs in Clanton. If you need any painting done you had better see him at once before he leaves. He is now working at Mr. W. L. Sampey's residence.

Mr. W. R. King, of Coosa, visited friends here last week.

Mrs. L. A. Thornton is on a visit to her daughter in Birmingham.

Mrs. G. W. Anderson, of Springfield Tenn., is down to see her parents here this week.

Mr. W. J. Gentry has moved his family to Oak Hill, Wilcox county, Ala., where he has accepted the position of mail carrier in that country.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Will Vinsant and Miss Ella Robinson; Mr. R. W. Ward and Miss Sarah C. Culp; Mr. Robert Sims and Miss Mary Barnett Lowe; Colored: Andrew Lykes and Mary Coleman.

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

Sheriff Cooley last Friday arrested Wylie Garner negro employed at Ehrman's Mill, on a chaage of rape committed on a little colored girl named Smitherman. Wylie is in jail and may consider himself lucky in being there.

Mr. D. K. Middleton, fo Hayneville, is visiting his parents here this week.

Mr. Lee Stewart has removed his family to Birmingham.

Mr. Tom Smith is building a new residence at the brickyard.

Fire yesterday at Mahans Mill destroyed a dwelling house; fortunately the mill escaped.

Notice.

A special meeting of the Farmers Mutual Insuarance Association of Chilton county, is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Monday November 2, 1896. All members are requested to come as business of importance has to be attended to

J. A. Logan, President.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jesse S. Martin, Sr., deceased.

Probate Court, Chilton County Ala.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 27th day of October, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

R. H. Martin, Administrator.

By his attorneys Adams & Martin

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for Talladega county, Alabama, rendered on to-wit the 3rd day of October, 1896, and in accordance with the terms thereof, I, James Crook, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Edward Gantt, deceased, will sell at public outcry, for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 9th day of December, 1896, within the legal hours of sale in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, the following described property in Chilton county, Alabama, to-wit: se¼ of sw¼ sec 3 and w½ of sec 6 all in t 21 r 14; ne¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ sec 10 and n ½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw1-4 and nw1-4 of sel-4 sec 12 all in t 22 r 14, w½ of nwl-4, sel-4 of nwl 4 and sel-4 of nel-4 sec 33, and sel 4 of sel-4 sec 20 all in t 22 r 14 and nwl-4 of sel-4 and swl-4 of swl-4 sec 32, t 21 r 15.

JAMES CROOK.

Admr. etc. of the estate of Edward Gantt, Dec'd.

This 21 day of October, 1896.

Ministers Should Use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration.

Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 10 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18353.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John W. Worthy, Homestead entry, No. 25,479, for the w½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18352.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Homestead entry, No. 23,170, for the e½ of se ¼ of section 10 tp 21 north of range 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: John E Beardin, John W. Worthy, Dolby Atkinson, John S. Beardin, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING

SHAVING

SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville..........	November	9
Shoultz	"	10
Valley Creek church..	"	11
Welch's mill..........	"	12
Dixie................	"	13
Stanton, 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson...............	"	16
Macedonia church...	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill...........	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg............	"	21
Maddox's mill........	"	22
Lomax................	"	24
Mineral Springs......	"	25
Mountzion church....	"	26
Cane Creek church....	"	27
Ehrman's mill........	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	4
Coopers..............	"	5
Verbena	"	7&8
Wayside church......	"	9
Kincheon............	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.

T. J. HUBBARD, Collector.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,354.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
September 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on October 31st, 1896, viz.: John E. Beardin, Homestead entry, No. 24,790, for the e½ of se¼ section 22 tp 21 north of r 11 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Lewis R. Hall, Calton Hall, Dolby Atkinson, Thomas McCormick, all of Maplesville, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

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For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

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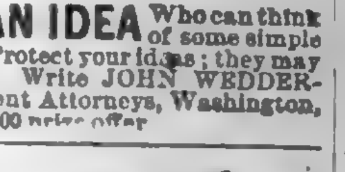
WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.



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THESE Badges are copyrighted, thus enabling us to protect dealers from competition. [illegible] souvenirs of the [illegible] birth of our party [illegible] Big profits for agents. [illegible] each. For terms address

STATE HERALD BADGE DEPT.

Birmingham, Ala.

PORTABLE

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

could have done if we had stayed in the old parties. Let us remain true and vote for those we have nominated. Don't weep over the loss of Kolb and Bowman, there is plenty of time between now and election day for them to get back into our party, but for my part I am glad I will have no more explaining to do for Kolb, the Democrats will have to explain for him in the future. I have followed Kolb through thick and thin, I did everything I could to make him governor, but I say farewell Kolb, we must part and I want to serve notice on Tom Jones now that we will not take him in our party, and if he and Kolb both get in the Democratic party she is broke up sure for no party can stand both of them at the same time.

Respectfully,

L. H. REYNOLDS.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $100 per bottle

THE JURORS.

Following are the names of jurors drawn for the fall term of circuit court, which will convene on Monday, November; 23 1896.

GRAND JURY.

J, M. Merchant, Thos. Williams, W. H. Parr, Milford Wooley, H. C. Young, Frank Harris, Craton Rasberry, Alfred Popwell, W. R. Dawson J M Robinson, R R Killingsworth, J W Scott, J E Knight, B W Silsby, G B Reed, J M Moody, John Burnett, Charlie Coburn, D H Mullins, H B Rodgers, Moses Popwell.

PETIT JURY—first week.

L W Thomas, J L Palmer, J A Miller, W J Brown, J J Roberts, S G Glasscock, Elijah Robinson, J S Aldrige, J G Smitherman, Jessie Thomas, M H Barnes, W B Jones, S N Waldrop, George Moore, John Harris, E H Mims, James Jones, G W Askins, Peter Barrett, J R Billingsley, W T Callen, Hugh Henry, G W Mims, J N Glasscock, T C Alred, Munroe Martin, J G Jones, W J Fleming, W P Cleckler, T M Mims, G L Spear James Nix, L L Culver, G W Gothard, J W Scott.

PETIT JURY—second week.

A J Glasscock, J W E Gulledge, W F Claughton, Hamp Shoults, J G White, D H Hudgins, J W Sorrell, J R Kemp, W H Thomas, J J Marcus, S M Yates, Wm. Reynolds, W A Sims, M A Bates, Thomas Roberts, J L Waldrop, John Runnels, John Robinson, Mart Gore, K R Burnett, W C Dickerson, W D Horsley, J E Cobb, W M Wood, J N Askins H C Bearden, A L Collins, D Z Merchant, LaFayett Ingram, G T Mims, W A Green, J E Champion, W E Vinsant, W W Rutherford, J W Baker.

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but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. [illegible]

No. [illegible] Surrey Harness. Price $[illegible]

No. 7[illegible] Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $[illegible]

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

News of the Campaign.

People's Party News Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 28.

From every state comes encouraging news of the effacement of party lines and the consolidation of all forces opposed to Hanna-McKinleyism. Hope grows fainter in Hanna's heart as he sees his plans for buying obstructionists and deserters among the democrats and Populists fail. That he has striven to accomplish this everywhere is no longer news.

The recent meeting of the executive committee of the People's party at Chicago resulted in George F. Washburn and Reed of Georgia going to visit Mr. Watson at his home. Chairman Jones has sent representatives to confer with them and it is to be hoped that fusion on electors may yet be arranged. His letter of acceptance has not yet reached Chairman Butler although it was mailed the 14th.

Lily Lyrics.

Prof. Startain has failed, as yet, to get as many subscribed pupils as he would like to have. Hence he did not begin teaching last Monday, as was stated in last weeks Lyrics.

An infant of Mr. Bob Robers was buried at Isabella last Saturday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Edwards, the 13th. inst.

Miss O'phelia King, entered the Industrial school, at Montevallo last Monday.

Miss Ollie Garner has just returned from a visit to her sister at Elmore Station.

We are glad to have Mr. B. H. Jones back in our midst.

Mr. E. J. Hayes will move to the Hammonds place this week.

Mr. W. J. Woolley gave a Musical last Thursday night in honor to the Mr. King, of Mountain Creek.

Our farmers are about done gathering now and the squirrels may look out.

CLINT.

Legal Notice.

By order of the Court of County Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given that the building which has formerly been used as a court house in Clanton, will be offered for sale for cash to the highest bidder on Monday, the 2nd day of November, 1896. The building will be sold in two parts, one known as the main court house and the other as jury rooms. The purchaser will be required to remove the building and clean the lot of all trash by November 21st, 1896. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bid if the bidder does not immediately pay amount of bid.

This Oct. 9, 1896.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

"ALL THE MAGAZINES IN ONE."

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Edited by ALBERT SHAW.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as its name implies, gives in readable form the best that appears in the other great magazines all over the world, generally on the same date that they are published. With the recent extraordinary increase of worthy periodicals, these careful reviews, summaries, and quotations, giving the gist of periodical literature, are alone worth the subscription price.

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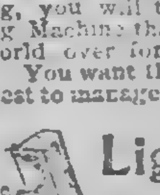

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

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Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

P.P.P.
P.P.P.
P. P. P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled. Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pains subsided and I was able to work. I feel better than I have for 20 years, and am confident of a complete recovery.
J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.
W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.
Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.
JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficacy of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am now entirely cured.
Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON, of Johnston & Co., Savannah, Ga.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. **P. P. P.** (*Lippman's Great Remedy*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johns[illegible]'s Drug Store.

A double-tandem bicycle, with four wheels arranged like those of a wagon, and four seats for riders, two in front and two behind, and carrying a hose-reel, rotary pump, etc., was exhibited at the recent bicycle show in Paris. The machine is intended as a fire engine. When the scene of the fire is reached, the pedals are thrown into gear with the pump, the hose is unrolled, and the riders, resuming their seats,

A French chemist claims to have succeeded in photographing thought, and says it can be done in the dark equally as well as in the light. There may be something in this; it is nothing new for a young man to get a negative from a girl, even in the dark.

A Kentucky contemporary thinks that "there is no reason now why Breckinridge should not be sent back to Congress." Miss Pollard knows at least 15,000 separate and distinct reasons worth a dollar apiece.

There are only nine George Washingtons in the Chicago city directory in a population exceeding 1,750,000; but it is only fair to state, however, that there are more than nine Chicagoans who practice Uncle George's precepts occasionally.

He who is passionate and hasty is generally honest. It is your old, dissembling hypocrite of whom you should beware. There is no deception in a bulldog. It is only the cur that sneaks up and bites you when your back is turned.

A $50 Doctor's Bill.

"I cannot recommend your TETTERINE enough. I had erysipelas in my face and head so bad that I could not do any work in three months, and I tried the doctors, and my doctor's bill is fifty dollars. A friend told me to get some of your TETTERINE, and I did so, and it has entirely cured me. I recommend it to everybody." Yours truly,

WILLIAM H. ALDERMAN,
Laton P. O. (Bullock Co.) Ga.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Slobbs—Here's a rather clever little book, "Don'ts for Club Men." Slobbs—It isn't the don'ts that worry me; it's the dues.—Philadelphia Record.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed.

Jonesy How is Mugler betting on the election? Smitty—With his mouth.—Roxbury Gazette.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know,

Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have 50 or $60 you can spare for a 10-volume encyclopedia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopedia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopedia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts collated in this book.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under absolute guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

He—It takes three generations to make a gentleman. She—And six figures.—Indianapolis Journal.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap contains all the good properties of Dobbins' Electric, combined with those of the best floating soap. No chapped hands where this soap is used. Same price as adulterated soaps without Borax. Red wrapper.

He—My life without you will be a lonely one. The Heiress—But think how busy you will have to be!—Life.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1894.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

Chronic

Catarrh cannot be cured by local applications. It is a constitutional disease, and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the disease, and soon effects a permanent cure. At the same time Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the whole system and makes you feel renewed in strength.

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Why Let Your Chickens, Hogs Cattle and Horses Die?

[illegible]
VETERINARY MEDICINE CO. Nashville, Tenn.

Am. N. U. No 44 1896.

[illegible]

PILES [illegible]

[illegible]

THE POLITICAL ARENA.

The Latest News from the Political Battlefields.

GEORGIA'S NEXT SENATOR.

The Death of Elector Sibert, of Alabama Will Not Complicate Matters.—Kansas Callers at Canton.—Bryan to Break the Record This Week.—When He Will Be Silent.

The death of Ex-Speaker Crisp, of Georgia, has thrown the politics of that State into confusion. When Senator Colquitt died, two years ago, Governor Northen appointed Mr. Crisp his successor. As he was in the midst of his duties as Speaker of the Federal House of Representatives, he declined whereupon Patrick Walsh was appointed and accepted. At the opening of the present National campaign Mr. Crisp announced himself for the succession to Senator John B. Gordon, and the Secretary of the interior, Hoke Smith, entered as the administration candidate. In the joint debates which followed, the malady which has cost Mr. Crisp his life made its appearance. He carried the nominating primaries overwhelmingly, and could have been elected at the coming session of the State legislature had he lived.

The result of Mr. Crisp's death is that there will be a scramble over the unexpected plum which is thus thrown out among the boys. "Pat" Walsh will be in the race again. Hoke Smith has hopes that his present support of Mr. Bryan, to the displeasure of Mr. Cleveland, may help his fortunes. James A. Robertson will be a prominent candidate. The sensation, however, will be the candidacy of Governor Atkinson, just elected to a second term. Fortunately for him, there has been a state election called for December to choose Supreme Judges. The election of a new Governor at the same time would entail no expense upon the State. In this event Stephen Clay would probably be a candidate for Governor.

DEATH OF ELECTOR SIBERT.

The Death of Elector Sibert Will Not Complicate Matters.

In this connection the following important address has been issued:

To the Democratic Voters of the State of Alabama: We regret to advise you of the death of the Hon. Martin D. Sibert, nominee of the Democratic and Conservative party for Elector for the Seventh District.

Hon. Columbus C. Appleton, who was nominated by the Democratic and Conservative party of this State, as alternate Elector, has been selected and is hereby recommended to the voters of the Democratic party to be voted for as Elector in place of Martin D. Sibert, deceased. It is of the utmost importance that every Democratic voter should be advised of the fact of the death of Mr. Sibert, and of the importance of casting his vote for Columbus C. Appleton, in accordance with the decision and recommendation of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party of this State, and we, therefore, hope that every one will disseminate this information and cooperate with us in securing this result.

JOHN B. KNOX,
Chairman State Executive Committee.
C. M. SHELLEY,
Chairman State Campaign Com.

WHY HE WILL BE SILENT.

Lieutenant Governor Nye, of Indiana, has written Chairman Pickens, of the Democratic "Sound Money" State Committee, of that State, announcing his opposition to free silver and the Chicago platform. He says the State of his health is all that prevents him from taking the stump in favor of "Sound Money."

ROWDIES ANNOY COCKRAN.

Bourke Cockran addressed 3,000 people at Evansville, Ind., Saturday night. A gang of rowdies tried to break up the meeting by shouting and other disorder. They would have probably succeeded, but for the vigorous interference of the police, who ejected the ring leaders.

WEST VIRGINIA POPULIST RESIGN

Three of the men on the Populist State ticket of West Virginia, have formally resigned, and it is supposed the others will soon follow. The three who resigned are Colonel Fitzgerald, candidate for Governor; W. C. Miller, candidate for Auditor, and I. H Offner, candidate for Treasurer. All resign in favor of the Democratic nominees and for the good of the cause of the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

CHAIRMAN CORCORAN RESIGNS.

Gen. John W. Corcoran, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, of Massachusetts, has resigned that position. In his letter to the Executive Committee he says in part: "The resolution which prompts this resignation was formed long since, and of the reasons therefor you are fully advised. Suffice it to repeat now that if health, comfort and professional duty did not require this course, the experience of the last month have given me all the 'active politics' that I will desire unless a decided change of heart and inclination is felt."

KANSANS AT CANTON.

Kansas came smilingly into Canton today, several hundred strong, says a Saturday dispatch from Major McKinley's home. Employes of the Santa Fe Railroad Company and others made one of the most enthusiastic delegations that has yet visited Canton. Some of the party were two days on the road. They were headed by President H. B. Morris, of the St. Louis Railway Men's Sound Money Club.

The singular crowd of the day was the party of post supervisors of Pennsylvania, who came to Canton from Pittsburg, where they were in [illegible] county. Pennsylvania was represented by several thousand people [illegible] again crowded with delegations, accompanied by bands, besides several hundred people from neighboring towns.

BRYAN TO BREAK RECORD.

The greatest piece of personal campaigning ever done by a public man in a single city is what will be attempted by William Jennings Bryan, in Chicago. Details of his programme of speech-making there was finally settled upon Saturday afternoon, and political annals show few if any instances approximating the remarkable character of the undertaking by a candidate for high public office at the supreme crisis of the final days of a National campaign.

The schedule as arranged, showing the halls and tents all arranged and the precise hour for Mr. Bryan to appear at each place, shows that the triple nominee is to deliver five speeches the night of his arrival in the city. Tuesday next, after speaking at probably a dozen points up the State on the road from Lincoln, Ill.

On Wednesday he delivers seven speeches, Thursday eight, and Friday probably more than on any other day, the exact limit having not yet been fixed. The record is expected to show over thirty different addresses in the three days and one evening named, the aim of the candidate apparently being to place himself practically in personal contact to the extent of sight and hearing of the entire population of every corner of the 176 square miles of territory within the limits of Chicago.

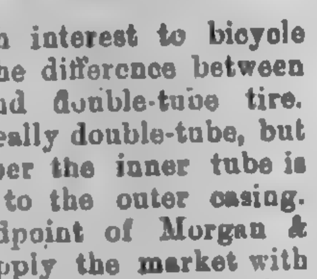
:o:

A False Rumor.

A paragraph has got started to the effect that Morgan & Wright, makers of the famous Morgan & Wright pneumatic tire, "have turned their attention to the manufacture of a single-tube tire that promises to be a hummer." It is learned that this report is absolutely untrue.

The single-tube tire makers of Europe shouted for two seasons and a half that their tires had only to be plugged, while the old original, glued-to-the-rim tire had to be torn apart before a hole could be fixed; but the old glued-to-the-rim tire won out, and in Europe the single-tuber has not been a strong competitor for two seasons. The trouble with it is that holes in the inner tube, which is stuck fast to the outer casing, cannot be found easily, and cause the tire to leak constantly.

Plugging holes which can be found is generally only a temporary repair, as the plugs work loose. There are exceptions, but this has been the rule. The complaint against the double-tube tire has been that the inner tube has to be taken out. Some people would rather make a repair badly, but easily, than to put in hard work and make a permanent repair.



The Morgan & Wright quick-repair strip is a boon to these lazy people. It is now a part of every Morgan & Wright tire. The illustration shows how the quick-repair strip closes a puncture. It is only necessary to pump as much air as possible into a tire which has been punctured, stick a little tool into the hole, and follow the few simple instructions in the catalogue, to make a quick, perfect and permanent repair, at the roadside.

While this tire is having such immense popularity, Morgan & Wright are not likely to make single-tube tires, which did not succeed even against the old style of Morgan & Wright double-tube tire.

It is of much interest to bicycle riders to know the difference between a single-tube and double-tube tire. Both tires are really double-tube, but in the single-tuber the inner tube is vulcanized fast to the outer casing. From the standpoint of Morgan & Wright, who supply the market with many more tires than all the other makers put together, the single-tuber is not correct, and they ought to know, as they make what the great majority want.

:o:

FEDERAL PRISONERS ESCAPE

Nine prisoners confined in the United States jail at Ft. Smith, Ark., succeeded in making their escape some time Thursday night. They tunneled into the cells where two boys of the Correta train robbers, in an attempt to escape, had made a hole to the roof recently, and let themselves down with ropes.

:o:

PERFECT FUSION IN OHIO.

William F. Barr, Presidential elector for the Twelfth Ohio district on the People's party ticket, has withdrawn his name. This secures perfect fusion of Democrats and Populists on the Bryan ticket in Ohio.

HON. THOMAS WATSON

Talks to Alabamians at Birmingham and Defines His Position.

COULDN'T SUPPORT SEWALL

But Had Bryan's Success at Heart.—Contends That His Withdrawal From the Race Would Injure Bryan's Chances.—His Speech Well Received.

The Hon. Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, the middle-of the road candidate for Vice-President, visited Birmingham last Wednesday. He was met at the depot by a committee composed of Dr. Crowe, Colonel Shugart and others. He was carried to the residence of Mr. Sibley, on the South Highlands, a former Georgia friend, where he spent several hours, returning at 4 o'clock to the Morris Hotel where he was met by many of his friends and supporters.

By 8 o'clock a large crowd of at least 1,500 or 2,000 people had gathered at Capitol Park awaiting the arrival of the speaker.

Mr. Watson reached the park at 8 o'clock, and was greeted with music by the Blocton Band, each musician wearing the miners' cap and candle.

Dr. Crowe presided over the meeting and presented to the audience Mr. Hobson, of Tuskaloosa, who introduced the speaker of the evening.

We give below only a brief report of what was said on the occasion by Mr. Watson. In reference to his position in the race he said:

My position in this campaign has not been pleasant. I have been misunderstood, my sayings misinterpreted and my motives misconstrued. I have not sought to lay any obstacle in the way of the success of Mr. Bryan. I have pointed out the way by which he could win, and that way and Democrats of the South and west. I did not see how we could get free silver votes in the east to defeat Hanna and Hannaism, but the South and the West would have to put foot to foot, hand to hand and heart to heart to accomplish our aim.

"The Democrats come to us and asked a partnership. They came to our convention. We did not go to theirs, and now we say, for God's sake, let us be one of the partners. Don't play the whole act and take us for Jonahs. You might forget to deliver us at the proper time.

"The Democrats say, 'quit shooting, boys, and give up your guns.' We say, 'no, you keep your guns and we will keep ours.' Let each party keep its organization and if you don't carry out free silver we are there to make you do it, and if you do carry it out we cant' hurt you.

"There are some of the very worst enemies to silver in Bryan's party. Every member of the Populist party is a friend to silver. Democrats like Gorman and Hill will never do anything for silver. These men are staying in the Democratic party because they think they can do more harm against silver within than without.

"You have men in the Democratic party who have stabbed the party in the past and will stab it in the future.

"Ours was the party that held the light up in the dark days of 1892 and 1893, and ours was the party that forced the Democratic leaders to get upon the Chicago platform, and now let us keep in line and don't stop the pressure. The People's party was the first party that put the coal of fire on the terrapin's back and set him to traveling.

"If you people want free silver I tell you to stay with the people.

"When any man says to me come off of the Populist ticket—a Southern man, blood of my blood, bone of my bone, with my every aspiration in the upbuilding of my country—when I am asked to lay in the dust and let this eastern plutocrat put his feet on my neck, I say no true Southern man wants me to do it. Proud men of the South, you have been furnishing more than half of the vote to elect the President, but you have never been allowed to write a platform or name a candidate.

"Before I would be false to my party and disappoint patriotic men and disband my party, I would die the death of a dog.

"We understand the compact at St. Louis to be this: We will undertake to elect one man and the Democrats the other. The Democrats to take the first place on the ticket and the Populists the second place, and by selecting a Western man for the first place and a Southern man for the second place, thereby controlling the vote of these two sections.

"Why should they have gone to the East for a man diametrically opposed to our principes? After you make a contract, stand by it; after a pledge is made, abide it.

"We have six votes in Kansas where the Democrats have one. We should have eight electors and the Democrats two. In Colorado, three votes to one. In Kansas the Populists have not put out any ticket at all. It has been a political deal by office-seekers on each side. They have swapped off the National ticket for State offices. They have done the same thing in Colorado.

"The Republicans of Georgia offered to give us their entire vote if we would agree to give them one place on the State ticket. My reply was: You cannot build a platform broad enough for a Populist and Republican to stand upon.

"In Texas our friends say we can get fifteen votes for you if you will give fifteen for McKinley. My reply was you cannot give me votes at the expense of Mr. Bryan.

"I tried to get our chairman in Kansas to put out a ticket and divide the vote, and I am now informed that that chairman denounces me as a traitor.

"When I speak for Bryan and Watson I speak for the ticket.

"Democrats are very fond of men on special occasions, on other occasions not so fond. In one State the chairman has applied to the Supreme Court to get a mandamus to keep my name on the ticket, since I have ordered it off.

"Take North Carolina. The Populists have fused with the Republicans on State offices and fused with the Democrats on the National ticket. The People's party steadily protests against fusing with either of these parties.

"Suppose I should go to North Carolina to make a speech. What would I say? I could not attack the Democrats, nor could I attack the Republicans. All I could do would be to repeat the Ten Commandments, say the Lord's prayer and sing the Doxology.

"Gentlemen, reach your conclusions like intelligent, brave men and stand by them. Free and fair discussion will bring out that which is best.

Mr. Watson then touched upon the revenue system and said that one of the great evils the People's party was seeking to rectify was the system of taxation at present in vogue.

"The Federal tax amounts to $7 a head for every man, woman and child in the Government. A family is estimated at five members, and for this family tax is paid to the amount of $35 per year. Now, start to pay this with 7 cents cotton and 8 cents corn and see what it amounts to. Great insurance and express companies pay no tax. National banks pay no tax, unless you call it a tax of $1 to make $8 per hundred interest tax. Men who have much should pay much and men who have little should pay little.

"According to the present tax system, the poorest man in this audience pays more tax than the richest railroad in the Republic."

In reference to the matter of transportation, he said: "And our transportation system, too, is wrong. One firm in Wall street, J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., has been buying up all the railroads without expending one dollar. If they can buy railroads by reorganizations and the issues of new stocks and bonds to take up the old ones, the Government ought to be able to do so. Yet some tell us to buy these railroads would bankrupt the Government.

"If the rivers are public highways, the railroads certainly ought to be. How would you like for Morgan & Co. to own the rivers?"

He then entered upon the discussion of the financial question, and made a most interesting and able argument in favor of a double standard.

"If you have a single gold standard every debt must be paid in gold, and Wall street will then have the world by the throat. You will have to have the gold to pay your taxes and your indebtedness, and from these hoarders alone can you obtain it. Then look for depression and serfdom never yet thought of by this American people.

"We of the South ought to get together. Let us love our country more and hate each other less. We are all Southern people, equally honest in our efforts."

"I want to know," said a voice, "how to vote? Who to vote for?"

"That's what I have been trying to impress you with all through this speech. Could not be less modest. Suppose a man was courting a girl and asked her to marry him every breath, and she was to ask him if he wanted her to marry him." (Applause and laughter).

"Are you in the field?" said another of the audience.

"I am in the field and am going to remain in the field. Before I was nominated I was wired if I would accept. I answered I would. My word of honor is out, and no influence or threats can make me furl the flag."

"Will not your course defeat Bryan?"

"The Populists were averse to going into the compact. Twenty-one States threatened to bolt the convention. My name was used to prevent this bolt and the inevitable split in the party, and to prevent this division was the reason I agreed to run with Bryan.

"If I should come down, instead of the Populists voting for Bryan, they would be farther from doing so. They would either stay at home or vote for McKinley. Should I come down, my friends would feel deceived, and rightly so. And the result would be that Bryan's campaign would collapse in Oregon and North Dakota. In those States the Democrats are running a Bryan and Watson ticket in order to carry those States for Bryan. My remaining on the ticket holds the fusion together in Indiana and Illinois, and this would collapse if I should come down. No Democrat ought to want me to come down.

"The Democratic chairman of Oregon wrote me a letter to the effect that if I came off the ticket that State would go for McKinley.

"I want to help Bryan, but I can't do everything with my people."

Another Field of Famine.

A drouth has occurred in the northern part of South Australia as a result of which the harvest is a total failure; [illegible]

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BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
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[illegible]

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COMPLETE INDEX.
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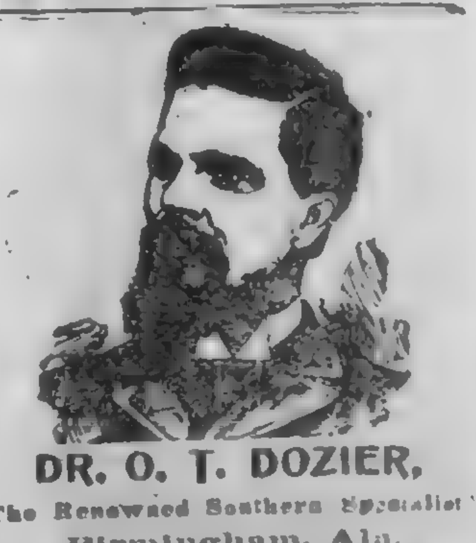

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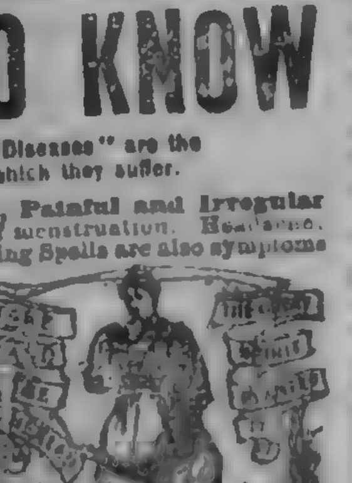

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1896. NO. 2.

The government still lives.

[illegible] best some of the trusts.

[illegible] A job-lot of political pre[illegible].

[illegible] a more honorable than [illegible].

[illegible] now fast the trusts [illegible].

[illegible]ilization is only refined and [illegible].

[illegible] yellow hammers can now go to [illegible] the cuckoos.

[illegible] of the world is [illegible].

[illegible] on with the work of education [illegible] well begun.

Debt [illegible] the form of slavery [illegible] servant to the lender.

[illegible] prosperity don't show up now [illegible] have been lots of lies told about [illegible].

[illegible] may help the bankers and [illegible] but it is costly to the pro[illegible].

The men who denounced the Dred [illegible] decision were pronounced an[illegible].

There should be enough money in circulation to provide against the en[illegible]ment of debt trade.

The improved methods of production would under a proper system of distribution shorten the hours of labor.

[illegible] church-upheld chattel slavery [illegible] it now seems to be doing debt slavery. It places property above human [illegible].

If a government is not administered [illegible] the greatest good to the greatest number it is not worthy of the name of government.

Great industries are the result of the intelligence and enterprise of the many, and the profits should be equitably distributed.

The true greatness of Abraham Lincoln was in his contention for the rights of labor as against the encroachments of capital.

The men who fought chattel slavery were villified, slandered and traduced the same as are now the men who oppose debt slavery.

Now is a good time to "cast up" accounts and review mistakes. Men who are not wise and honest leaders should be asked to step down in the "ranks."

The milestones which mark the progress of civilization were protests against unwise and unjust constitutions, court decisions and legal enactments.

Why not begin to agitate the question of demonetizing gold? If the law does not and cannot add to its value, why not let it go on its own intrinsic merits?

It is not the law that makes "something out of nothing," but the legal enactments which bestow special and valuable privileges on a few that is the contention of mankind.

One of the amusing phases of the campaign was that the greatest tax-dodgers made the most noise about national honor and sound money. Such scalawags ought to be hung.

The people are not only taking lessons in a "Financial School," but they are investigating other questions of economic reform of almost equal importance, and will be heard from later.

It ought to be seen to now that the free silver question doesn't serve the same purpose for the next ten or fifteen years that the tariff question did for twenty years—that of keeping the people divided and furnishing a hobby for politicians to ride into office.

Here's a Surprise.

Following closely on the decided stand taken by the Medical World, the representative organ of the profession which its name indicates, for direct legislation by the people, now comes the Weekly Law Bulletin and Ohio Law Journal and puts itself on record as favoring the reform. The legal fraternity, from the very nature of law, must be the most conservative of all. The Law Bulletin, commenting on the work of the last state legislature and its suggestion to elect only men pledged to carry out the wishes of their constituents, says:

"As to the remedy proposed by the Commercial Gazette's review of the that there may be spasmodic movements among the people to improve things, but they soon disgust, and affairs will soon go on as before. The most effective remedy would seem to be the introduction of the referendum as it exists in the Swiss republic. If it were known that legislation of doubtful character would be brought before the people for ratification or rejection, corrupt cliques would not find it worth while to spend large sums of money, etc., to secure such legislation in the first instance. It would relieve the legislatures of temptations which now surround them, and men who now go to the legislature for what there is in it for them would not be willing to go there when nothing could be made out of it. We should learn from experience of other republics."—The Toledo Union.

SOME SAD PICTURES.

DRAWN FROM LIFE BY A MAN WITHOUT A SOUL.

An Apt Illustration of How the Law Makes Poverty a Crime. It Is From The Coming Nation—Breaking the Laws of God and Man.

I was sitting in the park and resting my brain with the chatter and song of little birds and feeling happy in the thought that I had been born in free America and fate had so ordered my life that I drifted to the far west where men drew in the love of liberty with the very air they breathe.

I know I have been told this flowery story ever since I was old enough to appreciate a lie.

On the grass, a few rods from where I sat, two men were reclining and talking in a tone of voice too low for me to understand. Their faces and clothes were soiled with marks of box car travel, and I knew they were strangers.

Presently, one man got up off the grass and came over to where I sat musing and asked me if I knew where a willing man could find employment. I could not tell him. The town was full of idle men all the time and the highways and byways were full of workless men, going up and down this beggared continent in search of labor and a chance to earn a livelihood.

He went back to his companion with a dejected air, and lay down again on the grass. The happy little birds sang joyously overhead; the heavily laden bee went drowsily homeward through the balmy air; the tall weeds nodded in the gentle autumn wind; the big red ants at my feet went on laboring, excavating new cells for the enlargement of their great underground city; the whippoorwills were congregating overhead and skimming through the air in graceful circles while waiting for their pilot leader to order a flight to the south to escape the cold storms of the coming winter; the minister rode by in his carriage, seated alongside of the prominent banker who loans money at 10 per cent—and the two men lay on the grass.

The city marshal came into the park. He had been elected by the populists—the great reform party—the party pledged in their platform to protect the oppressed poor.

He stopped in front of the two men on the grass and asked them what they were doing there. They told him they were resting. He asked them what they had been working at. One replied that he was hunting work—had not worked for several months, except the few odd jobs he obtained to pay for a meal.

The marshal asked them if they had any money. The one had six dollars. He produced it from his vest pocket and showed it with pride. The other man—the one who had talked with me—the one who said he was hunting work, had but 5 cents.

"I am compelled to arrest you for a vagrant," said the marshal; and he laid his hand on the reclining man's shoulder and ordered him to get up. He led him away to the city jail, while his companion, who possessed $6 in cash, was left reclining on the grass.

There is nothing exciting about this story, nothing romantic, and nothing to show that we are a liberty loving people. I sat there and saw it all. I did not raise my voice in protest against this outrage. I was perfectly helpless. It was the law. Poverty has been made a crime.

The birds still sang their happy songs overhead, the bees went slowly winging their way home with their load of honey. The ants worked away at my feet; the whippoorwills collected into a large flock and their leader led them over the mountains toward the sunny plains of "sunny south," while away down in my heart I cursed such a system of government in which men are robbed of an opportunity to work, and then imprisoned as vagrants because they are moneyless.

My curiosity was aroused, so I went over and asked the man with the price of liberty in his pocket how it happened that he had money while his unfortunate companion had scarcely anything at all.

"It's simply my luck, stranger," he replied, with a hardened grin. "I had but 50 cents last night, but I got into a little game of 'draw' with the boys down at the water tank, and—well, luck was in my favor, and I smouched a pair of kings just at the time when I needed them, and I skinned the crowd. That's all."

And he turned over on his back, placed both arms over his eyes and went to sleep. He cared no more for his companion in distress than he did for a hungry Chinaman on the opposite side of the globe.

I started home with a mingled feeling of pity and contempt sickening every happy feeling which nature had generated in my heart. Of all the cruel, cold, selfish animals in the world civilized man was the most contemptible and depraved.

On my way home I stopped in front of the city jail. There was a stool on the outside of the door where the guard sat down in the cool of the day to smoke his pipe, so I sat down. I could not help the stranger who had been made a poverty criminal, but it made me feel as though I was giving him my sympathy more freely while remaining near his prison.

Looking down the street, I could see three church spires pointing toward heaven, two on the right and one on the left. Across the street were two licensed saloons. Men came out of them staggering under a load of poison.

The government gets a "rakeoff" on the sale of this poison; so does the city.

There is a law against gambling in this state but it is carried on in every saloon. I have a neighbor who squanders all his wages there while his wife is compelled to take in washing to support the family. The marshal knows all about it; all the ministers know it; all the good and pious brethren know that gambling goes on. It takes money to gamble, and that gives it the color of respectability.

It is a crime to beg for work, or the price of a meal.

While I sat there the marshal came out and stood in the open doorway of his office. A pair of painted prostitutes passed by; he raised his hat to them, he knew they had paid their licenses and they were doing business under the law. A gambler passed by and exchanged a friendly nod with the officer. Last week he killed a man. It was called a justifiable act. The dead man had drawn a gun on the gambler. The gambler had fleeced him, of course, but that belonged to the profession. He kept the finest gambling hell in the city, and his wife was a leading member of the Methodist church. Her donations were liberal.

In the state where I now live the chairman of the board of county commissioners attends to the charity fund. He is honored in proportion to the economy he forces upon the unfortunate and dependent poor. He is a pompous man, loves to be admired by the society ladies. He never had any morals to speak of.

He passes by the stool where I am sitting. A few rods farther on he is accosted by a poor widow whose misfortunes have driven her out to hunt assistance. She has been to the commissioners' office, but he was not there. Had not been there for two days, was attending to his profession—bookkeeping—at the office of his employer, two miles away from the commissioners' office. He could not draw his salary as commissioner except when performing actual duty for the city and county.

He took out his book and wrote an order for 75 cents to the corner grocery, which he handed to the widow. It did not consume over five minutes of his time, and he had already been credited with a day's work by his employer. But he immediately got into a street car and rode up to the commissioner's office and ordered the clerk to credit him with one day—$5.

The taxpayers say it costs so much to keep the poor, and the commissioner is told to make the poor live on a less amount of luxuries.

A real estate broker drives past with a victim from some foreign shore. He has told the stranger a thousand lies about the country. The soil is so rich that crops grow with scarcely any cultivation or care. The price of the land they have just been out to look at will be doubled in two weeks. The title is clear, and it is the best neighborhood God ever blest with his bounty.

The stranger only has a few hundred dollars to invest, but the broker assures him he can get work at good wages in the city, and he had better invest his ready cash before the good bargains are all snapped up.

I know what the end will be. The poor, deluded stranger will invest every cent of cash he possesses, in the faith of getting employment to support his family. When it is too late he will see how he has been deceived. There is no work to be had in the towns—his family is hungry—he cannot sell his interest in the ranch, because there was a big mortgage on it before he was swindled into buying it.

Well-meaning neighbors tell him he can get work up in the mountain towns. He goes up there and starves for a few weeks while hunting for work—takes pneumonia one day, and the next day he is a corpse, waiting in the morgue for some friend to recognize his features.

His wife and children find work; the years roll by, and they wonder what became of the husband and father. The broker grows wealthy and full of grace and takes the minister home to dine with him almost every Sunday, and has long ago sought and found pardon for his many deeds of skinflintism.

There is nothing romantic about this story, nothing that appeals to our patriotism, but it is a true story of American life. I have painted it just as I saw it with my own eyes. I defy the heathen and barbarous nations to produce a more disgusting picture of inhumanity to man.

And yet I have told nothing of our crimes. The picture I have painted is simply one depicting the daily practice of our law-abiding citizens. It is all supported and favored by our churches and church people.

If Christ came to America penniless, how long would it be before he was in the chain gang?

Poverty is a crime here.

Judging from the cartoons in the plutocratic papers the principal charge against the farmer is that his whiskers are too long. Of course this is a very grave offense and one that can only be partially atoned for by the fact that the farmer is kept so busy in the struggle to keep his head above the water that he has but little time to trim his whiskers in the latest plutocratic style. Another reason may be that he is "shaved" so often by speculators, demagogues and usurers that he stands in holy abhorrence of shaving himself.

The Republican party once made a vigorous kick against a decision of the supreme court—the Dred Scot decision—and it was severely denounced for it.

"Life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" can hardly be said to belong to a man who is denied the opportunity to earn a living by honest toil.

WHO CREATES MONEY?

MAJOR M'KINLEY SAYS POINTEDLY THAT THE GOVERNMENT DOES NOT.

He Neglected the Opportunity, However, to Name the Power That Does, and It Is Hoped That He Will Correct the Oversight.

Bryan's campaign declaration to the Martinsburg (West Va.) farmers that "money is a creature of law" called out a reply from Mr McKinley. In a speech Oct. 7 he spoke as follows:

"There is a deal of misunderstanding as to how the government gets its money and how it pays it out. There are some people who seem to believe that the way the government gets its money is to make it. The government gets its money by taxation, and can get it in no other way. It takes about $430,000,000 a year to conduct this government. A million and one-third dollars for every day is required to keep its wheels in operation. Now if the government had the power to make money, as some people seem to believe, or had the power to double the value of a thing by its stamp or fiat, it would not need to resort to taxation—it would simply set its mints to work and make the necessary amount of money to pay its running expenses. It would have paid off the national debt long years ago in this way. There is another thing I would have you all know—that the government cannot get gold or silver except through the customhouses or the internal revenue offices without giving something for it, just as you and I have to give something for it if we want gold or silver. Now how does the government distribute this money? Somebody asked me this question the other day. The government distributes its annual receipts under appropriations of congress to its creditors. That is the way the money of the government is distributed. It is distributed to the army and the navy, for public improvements, for rivers and harbors, for the great postal service of the country, for the expenses of congress, for sustaining the judiciary, to pay the principal and interest of the public debt, and to pay the pensions of soldiers and to other creditors of the government; and there is no other way for the government to distribute any money except to pay it to the people to whom it owes money. There is no such thing as a general distribution of money by the government of the United States. The point I want to make in the little talk I am giving to you this morning is this—that the government does not create money, that it can not create money and that whatever money it needs it has to collect from taxes, either by a system of direct taxation or by a system of indirect taxation, known as a tariff, and that if the government wants to have any gold or silver minted for its own uses it has to pay for that gold and that silver just as you and I would have to pay for it if we wanted it for our purposes. The idea that the government can create wealth is a mere myth. There is nothing that can create wealth except labor."

This is plain, very plain, but plain as it is, the major could have vastly simplified matters if he had only given his audience the name of the power that can and does "create money." Everybody knows that money exists, and that in this country it is divided into different denominations, as dimes, dollars, cents, etc., and everbody knows, or at least everybody who has attained to years of discretion, with the usual complement of sense, knows that the individual who undertakes to "create money" will speedily find himself in the penitentiary, and that, too, by the order of the very government which the major says cannot and does not "create money."

Of course, being a great statesman, the major knows the name of the power that "creates money," and of course being a member of a Christian church in good standing, he wouldn't lie to the people, but while this all follows as a matter of course, he, having excited the curiosity of the masses, has a duty to perform in the premises, and that is to tell them what power "creates money," unless, in fine, the knowledge they desire is a "state secret," in which event they will have to content themselves as they are, and in which event it would really have been much better for the interests he represents, as well as much kinder to the people, had he not mentioned the matter at all. There are quite a good many people who are really and truly of the belief that government does "create money," and the major's hint that they, being correct, the "national debt" might easily be paid and "national taxes" dispensed with, instead of operating to convince them of their folly, may suggest to them new methods of getting money into circulation.

Just think a moment what the adoption of these ideas would mean to the bond holding interest absorbing gentlemen who buy $5,000 dogs and in other ways encourage home industry and home talent represented by the gallant major! Why, a dog that can be bought now for the insignificant sum of $5,000 would then cost at least $20,000! and a handsome golf suit, costing now $50, would advance in price to not less than $200, and that would mean the utter destruction of the dog trade and a very wet blanket on the elegant business of golfing. Certainly it would be "anarchy," but when such men as Bryan turn "anarchists," there is no telling where the craze will stop.

There are several cranky agitators who do not hesitate to declare that "the government never borrowed a dollar" for the purpose of prosecuting the war, for the reason, first, the men who had money wouldn't lend it to the government; second, there wasn't money enough in the world, if our government could have borrowed it all, to pay its war bills; that the war was fought with paper money, and if the government really owes anything at all it was for paper money, and that the "debt" should be paid in the same kind of money which the government borrowed; therefore, "start your printing presses and pay the debt," and these same cranks do not hesitate to say that if the people need more money than this, then remit all taxes and print the money necessary to pay running expenses until such time as the proper limit to the amount of money is reached.

Of course this means anarchy, pure and simple, and perhaps the only effective way to stop its progress is for the major to tell the people plainly where money comes from, how it is created, etc., the fact that the constitution gives congress the power to coin money and regulate its value could easily be explained on the ground of expediency in maintaining the inviolability of the "state secret."

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Flashes of Thoughts Inspired by Passing Events.

The people's party did more to press the silver question to the front than all other forces put together. While it should have credit for this, recent developments cause us to ask the question, if it is not probable that too much prominence was given to it at the expense of other phases of the money question. The silver question considered alone and apart from the money question, is of minor importance and rather a weak foundation.

* * * *

All the objections that can be urged against gold coin with equal propriety can be urged against the white metal. Its volume depends upon chances of discovery, and while the free mintage of both metals comes nearer filling the demands for a circulating medium, the fact that the output of both depends upon the chances of discovery of new mines and the exhaustion of old ones, makes it next to impossible to preserve a uniformity in the volume of currency even with both used as money metals.

* * * *

Besides in gauging the battle on the silver question alone we were made subject to unfair comparisons that proved a serious obstacle in the fight. The countries of Mexico, Japan, China and some of the South American states were pointed out as examples of the evil effects of a silver basis, when as a matter of fact silver had little to do with the low rate of wages and poor condition of the laborer in those countries. It will be remembered that during the tariff discussion the contestants pointed to these same countries as examples of warning against a change of the "American policy."

* * * *

The whole monetary question should have entered into the discussion, especially the problems of who should issue the money and how it should be redeemed. But it seems to be in line with the usual tactics of considering the question of how not to settle it instead of grasping the real problem in dead earnest and demanding its consideration.

* * * *

The silver question is but a minor one among those incorporated in our platform, yet its discussion and consideration has engrossed the entire attention of the public. While this is to be regretted there is some consolation in the fact that the money question is "in court," and if the populists will pull themselves together and follow up their agitation much good may yet accrue from the animated contentions of the campaign just closed. Voting on a proposition does not always settle it, and even it it be claimed that the silver question is settled, the agitation of the financial question is only just begun.

* * * *

The developments of the recent campaign have emphasized the importance of wresting from the banks the power to issue money. The threats which have time and again emanated from Wall street as to what it would do in the event of the election of a free silver administration justifies the people to go to the extreme of not only withdrawing from them the privilege of issuing their own notes, but of revoking their charters. If we cannot have banks without surrendering to them the power over the immense business interests of the country and of yielding to their every demand on threats of a panic which they claim they can and will precipitate, then we were better off without banks.

* * * *

The campaign is over, but the enlightenment which the people received from it will be as seed sown upon good ground. Happily the discussion of one step toward monetary reform may lead to an investigation of the whole. Here, then, is the opportunity which Populists should improve. All political parties should now be put on their record and their ante-election promises. Every man's work should be measured for what it is worth. If he is not capable of leadership he should be deposed. Those who are elected and do not keep their records clear should be marked for retirement at the very first opportunity the people have to speak. Let it be known that close tab is being kept on every man, and that he will be held in strict account for his every action, and we will not have so much reason to complain of those whom we trust to represent our interests.

W. S. Morgan.

Rothschild's Platform.

An examination of the gold bug argument from Carlisle, formerly of Kentucky, down to little [illegible], will disclose the fact that they rest upon the following assumptions:

1. That the United States has no power to coin money and regulate the value thereof.

2. That money is created by government for export and not for use within the jurisdiction issuing it.

3. That the United States has no right to money which is not a full legal tender in every country of the world.

4. That foreign commerce consists in the exports of money and not of commodities.

5. That foreign balances are settled by exporting money and not by incurring a foreign debt.

6. That it is a good thing to buy more commodities than we sell and export our money to pay the differences.

7. That there can be no international trade without international money.

8. That it is the duty of the United States to have the same kind of financial legislation as Europe has, because Europe is a civilized country, and if the United States desires to be civilized its government, laws and customs must be the same as those of Europe.

9. That the best money is the dearest money, and the more rapidly the purchasing power of money increases the more equitably time contracts can be settled.

10. That the fact that the unlimited coinage of silver was always beneficial previous to 1873 proves conclusively that a return to the equal coinage of the two metals would be disastrous.

11. That the fact that all silver standard countries enjoy unexampled prosperity, while all gold standard countries are more miserable than at any time during the century is a conclusive reason why the United States should remain on the gold standard.

12. That because silver was demonetized without knowledge of the American people it ought not to be restored, because that would be a reflection upon the good faith of the eminent men who succeeded in cheating the people out of the money of the Constitution.

13. That the establishment of an independent financial system by the Fathers of the Republic, and in corporating the same in the Constitution, was an unfriendly act towards the British empire for which the patriots of Wall street are rendering reasonable satisfaction to the Mother Country.

14. That the Republican party came into existence as the friend of equal rights and opposed slavery in every form, which was an unpardonable offense to extortion, despotism and oppression, and makes it the bounden duty of every Republican to stand by the old party while it renders satisfaction to plutocracy and aristocracy for its organization in defiance of the divine right of money changers, bondholders and gold gamblers.

15. That it is the duty of the Democratic party to stand by the patriot of Buffalo and Wall street in vindicating the honor of an alien gold trust, and sanctify and purify the acquisition of wealth by bond deals, treasury raids, and honorable collusion with the speculators and money dealers of the world.

16. That the man who protests against any of the maxims of the gold king or their methods of robbing the people, is an anarchist and disturber of the public peace, and if he is a Populist or silver man, he is declared dangerous to the good government of gold gamblers and money changers for whose sole and exclusive benefit man was created and government ordained. —Sixteen To One.

Evil Result of the Gold Standard.

The recent issue of 262 millions of bonds in time of peace illustrates another serious evil of the present monetary system. The necessity the government is under of redeeming greenbacks in gold upon demand enables scheming men to draw large amounts of gold from the treasury and then say to the government, "Your reserve is getting low; you must have gold or you will be in danger of failure to keep your promise in respect to specie payments—issue bonds and get the gold back again." So the schemers get bonds for their gold, sell the bonds at a premium, take the greenbacks they get for the bonds and draw the gold out of the treasury again, till the government is frightened into a new issue of bonds, and so on in an endless chain; with a premium profit for Wall street on every issue of bonds, and nothing but accumulating debt for the nation. When bonds are issued in time of war the government gets a substantial equivalent, but these millions of bonds that are issued to keep up the gold reserve have secured to the people nothing at all of any real worth to them. The speculators rendered no service to the government—they simply drew out gold in order to speculate on the bonds that would be issued to get it back. The government might start with 30 millions of gold in the treasury and through the repetition of the above process, issue a billion of bonds, and at the end be just where it started, with 30 millions of gold in the treasury, and not a thing to show for the billion of debt but the keeping of a foolish promise that is of little advantage to anyone except the schemers who have found out how to gear it to a bond-printing press and make it turn the people's millions into their coffers as fast as they dare to turn on the current.—Prof. Frank Parsons of Boston University in October Arena.

The thing seems to have been loaded.

TRADE CONDITIONS.

What the Commercial Agencies Say of the State of Business.

IN A WAITING ATTITUDE.

The Volume of Business Is Smaller and Will Continue That Way Until After the Election—Merchants Buying With Caution—Pressure of the New York Money Market.

Last week's issue of Bradstreet's trade review says: Business in staple lines is confined to immediate wants, interest in the election absorbing attention. The volume of trade is smaller than a week ago, and will continue restricted until the results of the election [illegible].

The [illegible] distribution of merchandise for [illegible] weeks has begun to register itself in the bank clearings totals, the aggregate for which at all cities during the past six business days is $969,000,000, 7 per cent less than last week, but 10 per cent less than in the corresponding week one year ago.

Orders to an enormous amount have been placed with manufacturers, jobbers, commission houses and importers to be cancelled in the event of the success of the free silver cause. An encouraging feature is a further advance in the price of leather, wool, Bessemer pig iron, wheat, Indian corn, lard, raw and refined sugar, and for crude and refined petroleum. Prices are practically unchanged for pork and coffee, but hides are a little weaker, and prices for oats, wheat flour, cotton and print cloths, are lower. Only moderate orders have been placed for woolen goods for spring delivery, but manufacturers are disposed to buy some raw material.

Texas country merchants buy with extreme caution, and in Louisiana the advance in discount rates has rendered trade duller than it might otherwise have been. Mercantile failues throughout the United States have declined in number this week, the total being 246, against 202 last week and 229 in the week one year ago.

R. G. Dun & Co. has the following to say: A market without anything but politics to rule is not often seen. Business is almost abolished until after the election by the extraordinary pressure for money, by the indisposition of anybody who thinks that a chance for the better is near, by the feeling that it is now of no use to contract or buy when so little time remains before a decision and by the general absorption of business men in political activities. The indications show a gratifying confidence in preparing for better things, but an enormous volume of contracts and orders depend on the election, and while prices of materials are strong, with heavy speculative buying, the absence of immediate demand makes finished products generally quiet in price, though with evident expectation of strength.

The feature of the week has been the pressure of the New York money market in spite of the heavy arrivals of gold. Quotations of call loans at 100 per cent or more have no real meaning except that with practically four holidays to come in succession there is really no market. Commercial loans are almost a lost art, except as banks sustain their regular customers which they do generally with a fair degree of liberality. The hoarding or engagement of gold to provide against contingencies has far surpassed all records, and in exchange bought ahead, gold actually withdrawn and contracts to deliver gold if required probably exceeds in amount $100,000,000. The makers of contracts to deliver gold on demand have imported over $10,000,000, it is believed, and ordered $500,000 more this week; the withdrawals of gold from banks for temporary deposit elsewhere, or at the demand of customers, have been quite heavy, and the buying of foreign exchange has made the market entirely abnormal and quite out of relation to the existing state of foreign trade.

Cotton has held up remarkably well, in spite of trade estimates that the yield will be close to 9,000,000 bales. The trade believes such estimates erroneous and also believes that the present prices will not be found too high if with such a crop there should be good business in this and other countries. The mills are selling staple goods somewhat freely and print cloths are a shade higher, but there is neither much selling nor much effort to buy goods of other descriptions.

Iron has been bought largely by speculators, 25,000 tons of Bessemer at Pittsburg raising the price to $11.00; large quantities of gray forge raising the price to $10.40 and 20,000 tons, nearly all of Northern iron, at Chicago. Finished products do not change in quoted prices, although quotations are less shaded than of late to secure business, and there is a late belief that after a week there will be a marked change.

Failures for the week have been 270 in the United States, against 278 last year, and forty in Canada, against fifty-three last year.

AN AMERICAN CITIZEN

Is What Edward J. Avery, an Alleged Dynamiter, Says He Is.

Edward J. Ivery, alias Bell, an alleged dynamiter, who is under remand for further examination in the Bow Street Police Court, London, having applied to the United States Ambassador Bayard for the protection of the Embassy as an American citizen, the Embassy will send a representative to the Bow street court when the next hearing comes up, next Friday, to watch the proceedings, with a view of preserving the prisoners rights as a citizen of the United States.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office of Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain;
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

THE organized Democracy are now about convinced that Capt. Kolb could not deliver the goods.

FOUR years of Republican rule confronts us, and that is pretty rough after we have just managed to pull through four years of Democratic misrule.

ONE great lesson should be learned by all Populists in this election, and that is in future to take their'n straight—we don't seem to gain anything by concessions to either of the old parties.

AMONGST the first things we expect to hear from the new legislature will be the cry of the necessity for a new State constitution, and more amendments to the existing election law.

THE BANNER is now in its fifth year. A large number of subscriptions became due with our last issue and we hope all subscribers will promptly come forward and renew. All who receive this paper with a blue cross-mark on it, will kindly consider it an invitation to vote one dollar right away for a renewal of their subscription.

GOVERNOR Atkinson of Georgia who has only just been re-elected to the gubernatorial chair, is desirous of becoming senator. It seems to us that when a man is elected to any office it is his duty to his constituents to fill that office and not throw it over because there is a possibility of securing a more remunerative one. Tom Watson was denounced as an office-seeker, but what excuse can be found for Governor Atkinson?

WE think that no man had the right to paste a slip of paper with a printed name and a printed cross-mark on it upon the official ballots issued in Tuesday's election, and believe inspectors would have been fully justified in rejecting all such ballots. The election law provides blank spaces for voters to write the name of any person they wish to vote for whose name may not be printed on the ballot, and the innovation introduced by this slip pasting process is one to be closely looked into. We do not hesitate to say that if the death of a Populist elector had occurred instead of a Sewall man, the pasting of any substitute's printed name on the ballot would have been strenuously opposed by the powers that be.

THE committee appointed at the citizens meeting two weeks ago to draft a charter of incorporation for Clanton, we have no doubt are attending to that duty, but if so their proceedings seem to be remarkably quiet and no one knows what the results of their deliberations will be. The legislature meets next Tuesday and we presume the petition will be ready for presentation in a short time. Our citizens ought to make themselves acquainted with the provisions of the proposed charter BEFORE it is presented to the legislature, and not put the legislature to the trouble of passing an act granting a charter of incorporation which may or may not be acceptable to a majority of the people of the town. We are not saying this will necessarily be the case, but there is no reason why the citizens of Clanton should not know the nature of the charter under which it is proposed they shall live in future. We respectfully suggest to the committee that as soon as they have drafted the proposed charter they call a meeting of our citizens and submit it to their consideration, before it is presented to the legislature.

THE ELECTION.

THE election of 1896, which has been engrossing public attention to an almost unparalleled degree, is now a matter of history. The result seems to be, although at this moment it is by no means a certainty, that Mr. McKinley will be our next president, and if the reports are to be relied upon the Republicans will have a large majority in the House and also a majority in the Senate.

The reports yesterday were that McKinley would have at least 264 votes in the electoral college and Bryan 170, with California 9 and Oregon 4 yet to be heard from. On the other hand this morning brings the news that the reports of yesterday are not correct and that Bryan will yet have sufficient votes to elect him. Our opinion is, however, that McKinley is elected and will be our next president.

The result is naturally a disappointment to Populists who were anxiously looking forward to seeing better times under Bryan's administration and who have small expectations of relief from a Republican president and congress.

We believe that Populists have more cause to congratulate themselves than they have to bewail the result of this election for the reason it is very evident the people of the United States will not again trust the Democratic party, and unless McKinley's administration is conducive to the prosperity of the country, four years from now will see the end of the Republican party and the election of Populists from one end of the country to the other.

We have been unable to obtain reliable information as to the result of the election for congress in this district, and publish the following from this morning's State Herald for what it is worth.

Anniston, Nov. 4.—(Special.) For congress returns show that Plowman, democrat, carried Calhoun county by 550, Talladega by 184 and Cleburne by 155, while Aldrich, fusionist, gets Shelby by 500 and Chilton by 255. Plowman goes to Dallas county with 139 majority and there it will be largely increased. Two years ago Robbins, democrat, went to Dallas 1,600 votes short.

Government by Party.

At this writing political indications point to the election of Mr. McKinley by a large popular majority and a considerable majority in the Electoral College. With this election the coinage issue may perhaps disappear from American politics. On the one hand, it is not impossible that international agreement may be secured with France and Germany, if not with other European powers, for a bimetallic currency; on the other, it is not impossible that the discovery of the immense gold fields in South Africa may at once lessen the difficulty of establishing bimetalism and lessen the evils of the gold standard. But it appears to me very clear that the party which has selected Mr. Bryan as its standard bearer will not disappear. Though the issue formulated in 1896 will never again be similarly formulated, the tendencies appearing in 1896 will certainly reappear in two great national organizations. Conservatism will be represented in the one party, radicalism in the other. A too staied and self-satisfied content will be the fault of the one, and a too restless and eager demand for change the fault of the other. One will have too little, the other too much faith in popular government; the one will fear the excesses of liberty, the other will be impatient of constitutional restraints; the one will tend toward Toryism, the other toward radicalism, if not socialism. Let us hope that they may find as leaders worthy successors, the one to Alexander Hamilton, the other to Thomas Jefferson, and the great middle body of voters, alternately attracted by the promises and repelled by the failures of the competing parties may wisely mediate between them, that the country may thus be preserved from falling either into the political solidity and stagnation of Spain or the restlessness and untempered radicalism of France, and by the sometimes inspiring, sometimes restraining, influence of the people may be kept in that path of real and rational progress which has been the safety of Great Britain and the glory of Anglo-Saxon history.—From "A Summing-up of the Vital Issues of 1896," by Rev. Lyman Abbott, D.D., in November Review of Reviews.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

THE BATTLE OF THE BALLOTS

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 8, 1896.

When this letter reaches the reader the election will be over, the die cast, and the people of the United States will know what to expect during the next four years. All-anti-election news will be of doubtful interest, and hence, rather than offer our usual news letter, we will look back over the last few months and study and contrast the two political elements that have made our country a bloodless battle field.

That McKinley's candidacy was placed in the hands of an organized candicate at the crisis of his financial embarrassment, that this body paid his indebtedness and took his notes and that these same notes were afterward bought up by Mark Hanna is ancient history. We have seen syndicates and trusts organized for almost every other purpose, but a Presidential syndicate was a novelty. The management of this enterprise having fallen into the hands of Mark Hanna, that gentleman began his unique and iniquitous work in time. He invaded, either in person or by means of his trusted emissaries, every state. He dominated almost every state convention. Instructions for McKinley were as openly purchased as if it had been a stock or real estate transaction. That there were stronger better men in the race, at the beginning, no one denies. This man who had spent all his life talking tariff, but whose every utterance on finance had favored silver, suddenly lost his tongue and delegations in the South and West that would never have endorsed him as a goldbug gave him support on account of those utterances.

The only thing that relieved the monotony for the spectators was Senator Teller's walk out. However much his subsequent conduct may be criticised, his leave taking of the party, for which he had done so much, and the rallying around him of younger men whose future was necessarily jeopardized by the act, was indeed dramatic. He went out followed by hisses of rage. The delegates were relieved when he was gone; they shouted it. It was in the air. The dynamite had been removed, the slow fuse was put out.

In striking contrast to all this was the Chicago Convention, were a plain, honest man of the people stood up alone and the multitudes claimed him as their leader and champion. It was futile for the traditional leaders to advise a straddle, a compromise, a middle man. That was a convention of and for the people. Bland, Stone, Altgeld and Blackburn and others as brave and as earnest turned back the Hills and Whitneys and told them to their teeth that the time had come when the West and the South would be heard.

Then came the People's Party Convention, when many a scarred veteran who had fought so long and against such fearful odds, found here his hardest task was to quit fighting, to join hands with the men who were willing to help forward one of the several reforms the People's Party had been working for. But the rank and file were great enough to put country and home above party. And the work begun. We have felt that Bryan was our man and if he sits in the White House, People's Party votes will have put him there. That some alleged People's party men have heeded Mark Hanna's siren voice non can deny. That others have made unnatural alliances is deplorably true. Some men are not now, and never were, Populists. They are out of our ranks and cannot return.

However this campaign ends it is not the end to our party. Its work is but begun. There can be no real failure when the rights of the people, the brotherhood of humanity is at stake. Let every man begin the next Presidential campaign November 4, 1896, so that if we are in power we may stay in and if the opposing party be in we must begin in time to turn the rascals out.

A. R.

Thin, Pale Children

One satisfaction in giving Scott's Emulsion to children is they never object to it. The fact is, they soon become fond of it. Another satisfaction is because it will make them plump, and give them growth and prosperity. It should be given to all children who are too thin, or too pale. It does not make them over-fat, but plump.

It strengthens the digestive organs and the nerves, and furnishes material for rich blood.

We have a book telling you more on the subject. Sent free for the asking.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Lily Lyrics.

Mrs. Seaborn Jones will leave in a few days to visit her brother, Mr. Perry Edwards, in South Alabama

Miss Minnie Rasberry entered the Industrial School at Montevallo last week.

Mr. Newton Wilson, of Clanton, was over here last Sunday.

CLINT.

* * *

Union Singing at Big Springs.

The people assembled at 10:00 o'clock at Big Springs the first Sunday in November to engage in a song service.

T. A. King was elected chairman and W. U. Gaines, Joe Billingsley and W. W. Carter were appointed a committee to make out a program for the day.

The following leaders were placed on the program: J. C. Veazey, W. H. Cox, W. Billingsley, Wyatt.

Miss Daisie Cox was the principal organist with T. A. King and Mr. Billingsley assistants. The house was filled with attentive listeners and the day passed pleasantly and profitably.

J. C. VEAZEY, Sec.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

Our much needed rain has come and farmers are hurrying in late crops of rye, oats and turnips.

Farmers are now moving around briskly gathering in the fruits of their year's labor.

There is not so much cotton wagoned to Selma this season as usual.

Mr. J. C. DuBose is at home again from Selma.

Mr. Robert Martin has been to Selma. Mrs. Mary DuBose has been to Selma to have her eyes treated. We are enjoying a prayer-meeting held in the Methodist church.

Tom Plowman and Sid Bowie have been guests of T. U. Crumpton.

SUBSCRIBER.

* * *

Program of Mulberry Baptist S. S.

Convention to be held with Macedonia church, on Friday, November 27, 1896.

Prayer by Bro. G. W. Freeman, 10 a.m. Welcome address by Bro. S. E. Waldrup. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Bro. S. M. Adams.

Subjects for discussion—1. What is the best method of promoting an interest in Sabbath-school work? discussed by Bro. J. E. Jones and Bro. L. B. Pounds. 2. What effect should a Sabbath-school have on a church and community? discussed by Bro. M. D. Langston, W. H. Shaw and others. 3. What is the duty of a church towards a Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. R. M. Honeycutt, Z. J. Jones and others. Singing. 4. What is our motive in attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. A. Mims and Bro. David Smitherman and others. 5. Can we be better Christians or enjoy any more religion by attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. J. Fleming and James Neat. Mass-meeting, Sunday, 9 a.m., conducted by Bro. Albert Foshee. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Bro. R. M. Honeycutt.

There will be song service conducted by Z. J. Jones.

Among the business cards in this issue none is more interesting to the writer as a reminder of the better things of life than the announcement of the Chicago Cottage Organ Company of that peerless musical instrument, the Conover piano. Every material that ample capital could purchase necessary for the construction of a first-class instrument, and skillful hands to assemble these products of an age of invention and mechanical improvement, have been used that the promoters might truly claim that the Conover is the leader of pianos. Against adverse national prosperity this instrument has steadily and rapidly gained the position it occupies as the piano most sought after by music lovers everywhere, the artists of Europe and America, and for the best homes of the land.

Not only, however, are the manufacturers of the Conover the leaders in the piano world,—but as makers of the renowned "Chicago Cottage" organ they are known throughout the world and their product is a household favorite in every county in the United States, and almost every village. As sole introducers of the "Kingsbury" and the well-known "Schubert" pianos they have a line of musical instruments that the most exacting demands of a music-loving clientele may require, both in tone, durability, construction and design, and have not omitted to duly consider the important subject of making a price so reasonable that the public is quick to avail itself of an unexcelled opportunity to gratify its taste for music. What better investment could be suggested to our readers than making a purchase of a piano or an organ? The Chicago Cottage Organ Company can supply you, and desire to include you among their patrons.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville	November	9
Shoultz	"	10
Valley Creek church	"	11
Welch's mill	"	12
Dixie	"	13
Stanton, 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson	"	16
Macedonia church	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg	"	21
Maddox's mill	"	22
Lomax	"	24
Mineral Springs	"	25
Mountzion church	"	26
Cane Creek church	"	27
Ehrman's mill	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	4
Coopers	"	5
Verbena	"	7&8
Wayside church	"	9
Kincheon	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Collector.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine Try it once. Fifty cents and $1.00

THE JURORS.

Following are the names of jurors drawn for the fall term of circuit court, which will convene on Monday, November, 23 1896.

GRAND JURY.

J. M. Merchant, Thos. Williams. W. H. Parr, Milford Wooley, H. C. Young, Frank Harris, Craton Rasberry, Alfred Popwell, W. R. Dawson J M Robinson, R R Killingsworth, J W Scott, J E Knight, B W Silsby, G B Reed, J M Moody, John Burnett, Charlie Coburn, D H Mullins, H B Rodgers, Moses Popwell.

PETIT JURY—first week.

L W Thomas, J L Palmer, J A Miller W J Brown, J J Roberts, S G Glasscock, Elijah Robinson, J S Aldrige, J G Smith, [illegible]erman, Jessie Thomas, M H Barnes, W B Jones, S N Waldrop, George Moore, John Harris, E H Mims, James Jones, G W Askins, Peter Barrett, J R Billingsley, W T Callen, Hugh Henry, G W Mims, J N Glasscock, J C Alred, Munroe Martin, G Jones, W J Fleming W P Cleckler, T M Mims, G L Spear James Nix, L L Culver, G W Gothard, J W Scott.

PETIT JURY—second week.

A J Glasscock, J W E Gulledge, W F Claughton, Hamp Shoults, L G White, D H Hudgins, J W Sorroll, J R Kemp, W H Thomas, J J Marcus, S M Yates, Wm. Reynolds, W A Sims, M A Bates, Thomas Roberts, J L Waldrop, John Runnels, John Robinson, Mart Gore, K R Burnett, W C Dickerson, W D Horsley, J E Cobb, W M Wood, J N Askins, H C Bearden, A L Collins, D Z Merchant, LaFayett Ingram, G T Mims, W A Green, J E Champion, W E Vinsant, W W Rutherford, J W Baker.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Robert Wilson, Deceased } Probate Court Chilton County

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Robert Wilson, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of August, 1896, by Hon. R M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court for Chilton county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. WILSON.
Adm. Est. of Robert Wilson, Dec'd.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,526.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1896, viz.: Monroe Stewart, Homestead entry, No. 24,149, for the nw¼ of nw¼ section 12 tp 22 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Jake Hayes, of Thorsby, Ala., Anthony Latham, of Thorsby, Ala., Luke Latham, of Jemison, Ala., Robert Hicks, of Thorsby, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

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THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

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Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

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Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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CLANTON, ALABAMA.

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AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker's Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

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Has the Finest Line of

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To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA

CATARRH

is a more common and a more serious disease than most people imagine. Its cure depends upon constitutional treatment, not upon local remedies. V.V.V. cures catarrh because it purifies the blood, cleanses the secretory organs and brings the entire system to a condition of health and vigor. Composed entirely of health-giving vegetable remedial agents,

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The Great Family Remedy

is a wonderful specific for all blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—as well as rheumatism, malaria, liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, debility, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

BABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6¼ cents.

Bales received to-date:

[illegible]	1114
[illegible]	620
Wilson	253
	1987

BRICK FOR SALE. I have [illegible] brick for sale at a low price, on the Lenix Road one and a half miles north of Clanton. Will exchange for corn or cotton seed at market price.

F. R. WOODYARD.

W. N. Moore the Painter is still in Clanton. Any one wanting work done can leave word at Mr Sampey's.

The citizens are requested to read with care Acts 2nd chapter.

The ladies aid society of the M. E. church invite everyone to an oyster supper on Friday evening, November 6, to be given for the benefit of the Parsonage.

Mr. [illegible] N. Gentry, of Oakmulgee, was in town yesterday.

When you need clothing, furnishing goods, etc, you cannot do better than give S. P. Haardt, 4 & 6 Montgomery street (under the Exchange hotel) Montgomery a trial. He has some splendid goods at low prices.

Miss Celestia Jones, of Mulberry, was in town to-day.

Miss Roberta Johnson is down from Birmingham this week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sory, on their return from a visit to South Alabama, spent Sunday night with relatives in Clanton.

Miss Julia Hester, after a lengthy visit to relatives in Nashville, returned home this week to the delight of her many friends.

Miss Della Leeth, of Birmingham, is down on a visit to friends in town.

Mr. Saint Clair Thornton is visiting his parents here this week.

On Monday last a large number of citizens from all parts of the county came into town to attend the sale of the old court house building. Soon after one o'clock Judge Honeycutt mounted the rostrum and explained the conditions of the sale and then ex sheriff Moore, acting as auctioneer, requested bids. For the convenience of buyers the building was sold in two lots, the first lot being the main building and the second the back part containing the grand jury room etc. The first bid for the main building was $50. and from that point it advanced up to $115 at which price it was sold to Dr. J. S. Johnson Jr. Bidding on the grand jury room part commenced with an offer of $25, jumped to $50 and went up to $90 and again Dr. Johnson was the purchaser. The buildings are to be removed and everything cleared away before court meets on the 23 inst.

Judge Callen is spending this week at home here.

Commissioners court is in session this week. They met on Monday and adjourned over Tuesday to enable the Commissioners to go home to their respective beats to vote.

Election day passed off very quietly, the only excitement during the day being when a horse belonging to Mr. Eureka Downs, Coopers, ran away with a buggy. Fortunately no damage was done.

We understand Dr. Johnson will remove the old court house to the lot opposite his residence, at the rear of Mr. Sampey's store house, and the grand jury room will be removed to the lot next the Baptist church.

Dr. A. J. Massey, the well known Dentist, will be at the Duke House, Clanton, during the first week of Fall court to extract teeth by his painless process. Come promptly. All classess of Fine Dentistry done.

A Sunday-school Convention

For Chilton county, will be held at Verbena on Sunday, Nov. 15th. All Sunday-schools in the county, without regard to denominational lines, are earnestly requested to send delegates to said convention.

H. W. CAFFEY.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. S. E. Sneed and Mrs. Lucilla Thomas; Mr. Roland C. Hanlin and Miss Georgia V. H. Plant; Mr. Franklin Monroe Scott and Margaret Kezah Oats; Mr. G. W. Gray and Miss Susie Anderson; Mr. C. M. Northcutt and Miss Mattie Hankins.

Miss Minnie Hester left this morning on a visit to Nashville.

Col. Collier, who has just returned from a trip to the North, was in town Tuesday.

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."

A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 8th, 1895, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nerve troubles should try it. It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to thousands." A. C. LEHMAN.

Editor and proprietor of DER LANDSMAN.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

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Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

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there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the General Assembly of Alabama at its next session, for the passage of an Act empowering Alfred Popwell of Chilton County, Alabama, to sell and convey the interest in lands in Chilton County, Alabama, of the heirs of John Popwell deceased, in the estate of Reuben Popwell and Benjamin Popwell, both deceased. ALFRED POPWELL.

Clanton, Ala., November 5, 1896.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jesse S. Martin, Sr., deceased. Probate Court, Chilton County Ala. Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 27th day of October, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred. R. H. Martin, Administrator,

By his attorneys Adams & Martin

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for Talladega county, Alabama, rendered on to-wit the 3rd day of October, 1896, and in accordance with the terms thereof, I, James Crook, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Edward Gantt, deceased, will sell at public outcry, for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 9th day of December, 1896, within the legal hours of sale in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, the following described property in Chilton county, Alabama, to-wit: se¼ of sw¼ sec 3 and w½ of sec 6 all in t 21 r 14; ne¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ sec 10 and n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of sw1-4 and nw1-4 of se1-4 sec 12 all in t 22 r 14, w½ of nw1-4, se1-4 of nw1-4 and se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 33, and se1-4 of se1-4 sec 29 all in t 22 r 14 and nw1-4 of se1-4 and sw1-4 of sw1-4 sec 32, t 21 r 15.

JAMES CROOK.

Admr. etc. of the estate of Edward Gantt, Dec'd.

This 21 day of October, 1896.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

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Monthly — AN INTERNATIONAL MAGAZINE — Illustrated

Edited by ALBERT SHAW

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THIS magazine is, in its contributed and departmental features, what its readers, who include the most noted names of the English-speaking world, are pleased to call "absolutely up to date," "thoroughly abreast of the times," "invaluable," and "indispensable." It is profusely illustrated with timely portraits, views, and cartoons. Its original articles are of immediate interest, by the best authorities on their respective subjects. The Editor's "Progress of the World" gives a clear, rightly proportioned view of the history of the human race during the current month. The "Leading Articles of the Month" present the important parts of the best magazine articles that have been written in every part of the world. The newest and most important books are carefully reviewed. Indexes, chronological records, and other departments complete the certainty that the reader of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS will miss nothing of great significance that is said or written or done throughout the world.

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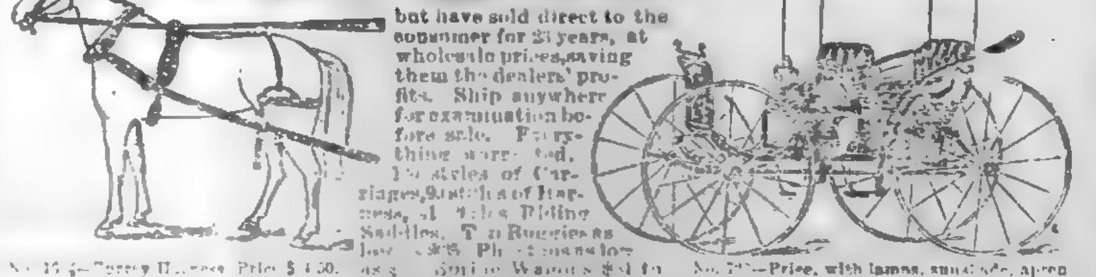

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No. [illegible]—Surrey Harness. Price $[illegible].

No. [illegible]—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

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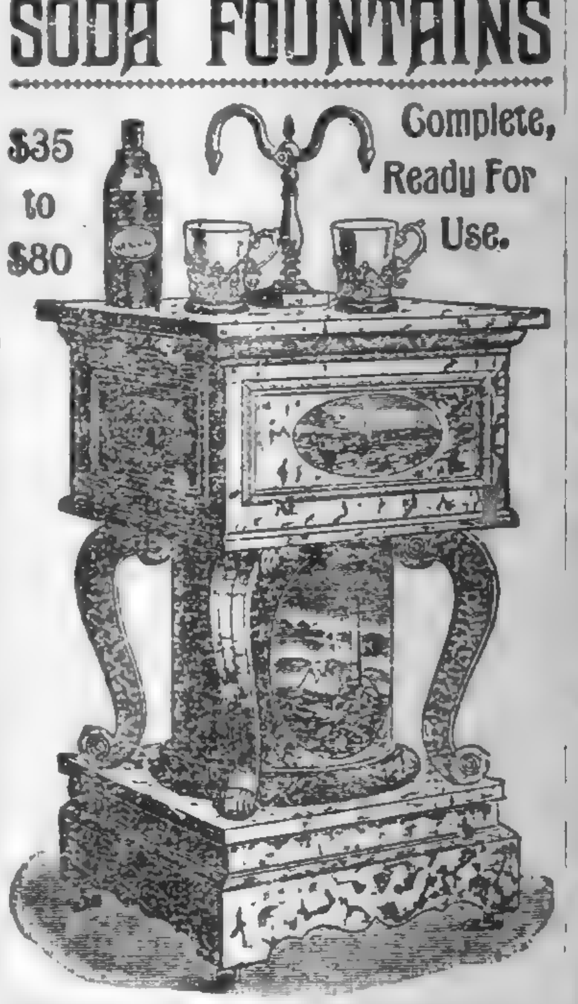

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30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. [illegible] No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, [illegible] year; [illegible] Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, [illegible] Broadway, New York City.

Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS, BURNS, BRUISES, SCALDS, SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, ITCH, ERYSIPELAS, CHAPPED HANDS, FROSTED FEET, RINGWORM AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation.

Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment, be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

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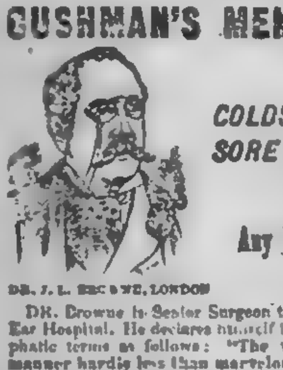
— FOR —

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or

Any Head or Throat Trouble.



DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathing, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when Cushman's Inhaler will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the influenza bacilli."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Besley Thorn, in communication in the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '92.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON.

KINGSTON, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

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WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.
Chicago, July 9, 1896.

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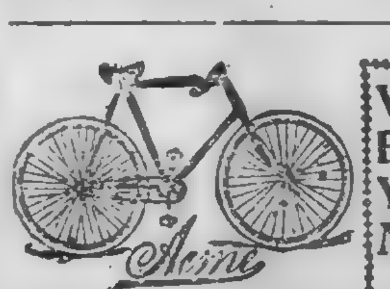

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to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel. Yours truly,

C. H. CHEATHAM.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

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Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 13 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package free.

[illegible] the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 18[illegible].

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—[illegible] CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—[illegible] BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—[illegible] DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—[illegible] YELLOW JAUNDICE.—[illegible] BAD COLDS.—[illegible] APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN [illegible]

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

P. P. P.
P. P. P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take **P. P. P.** It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. **P. P. P.**, (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by **P. P. P.**

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

The remarkable thing about most of the accidents that happen to bicyclists is that the injured is not a novice on the wheel, but generally an experienced if not an expert rider. The novices seem to have sense enough to keep out of danger's way. But as soon as one becomes accustomed to the wheel he begins to overestimate his ability to dodge danger when he gets into its path. Witness the foolhardiness of the youths who make a practice of riding through the tunnels between the cable cars.

Galveston is going to be the New York of Texas. Fine elevators are going up, ocean vessels are coming there for freight. St. Louis wheat exporters will export their wheat that way. The southwestern railroads all favor Galveston connections. Last year $1,000,000 worth of coal and gold was mined in that State; there are also numerous beds of lignite there.

Reading may make a full man, as Bacon says, but merely devouring papers and books, without thought, makes him no fuller than a goat.

It Took the Ribbon.

Dear Sir:—"Having used several boxes of your TETTERINE, I can say that it is the best remedy I have ever found for skin diseases. After failing with Cuticura and other similar preparations, through the recommendation of a friend I tried a box of TETTERINE, and two applications was all that it took to effect a complete cure of a breaking out on my foot of long standing. I think it is the best salve in the world for skin diseases." Yours truly,

R. B. ALEXANDER,
Mt. Sims, Texas.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under absolute guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Remorse is a teacher from which we should require but one lesson.

When Dobbins' Electric Soap was first made in 1865 it cost 20 *cents a bar*. It is *precisely* the same ingredients and quality *now* and *doesn't cost half*. Buy it of your grocer and preserve your clothes. If he hasn't it, he will get it.

No one should be so contented as to remain passive to poverty.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. LOTZ, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Eyes

Ears and nose are all more or less affected by catarrh. The eyes become inflamed, red and watery, with dull, heavy pains between them; there are roaring, buzzing noises in the ears, and sometimes the hearing is affected; the nose is a severe sufferer, with its constant, uncomfortable discharge. All these disagreeable symptoms may be removed by the use of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

75 Jacks and Jennets 75

I own the largest herd of Jacks and Jennets of any breeder in Tennessee. They are all black with white points and bred from the best sires and dams. Will sell on time or trade. Come and inspect my herd.

DeWITT SMITH, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

WANTED—State and local agents, male and female. Those having had sufficient experience to warrant their taking charge of large territory will do well to address us at once. We are in a position to suit almost everybody, both as to territory and terms. A modern and taking plan. Sick and death benefits. Write for terms. Union Beneficial Association, Ribson Building, Trenton, N. J.

PILES ABSOLUTELY CURED. For convincing proof and free sample, address Hermit Remedy Co., Dept. 8, 188 Dearborn St., Chicago.

MONEY GOLD, SILVER.... ....BOOK FREE. Dan Beachy, Columbus, O.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

OF INTEREST TO BICYCLE RIDERS.

There can be no question that one of the most important parts of a bicycle is the tire. It has to bear the brunt of the work, is constantly coming in contact with destroying elements, and generally receives the least care from the rider. The importance of the work it has to do was early recognized by makers of bicycles, however, and they have given much attention to this important adjunct of the wheel

There are today, perhaps, thirty different styles of bicycle tires on the market, all of which vary in detail. As to their various merits, theories are of little value, actual experience is the only way to determine this question. Unless an article gives satisfaction, demand for it soon ceases. After a test of over six years, during which time double-tube and single-tube tires have been marketed, at least three-fourths of all the riders in this country today demand and ride double-tube tires.

The leading firm in the United States, and in fact in the entire world, in the manufacture of double-tube tires, is Morgan & Wright, Chicago. Their history is interesting. The first pneumatic tire—the rags and glue kind—was giving trouble, and Morgan & Wright stepped in to fill a great public want. They furnished a tire that could be easily taken from the rim to be repaired. That was the principal requirement in those days, besides the usual requirements of speed, durability and comfort.

That was several years ago. Single tube tires had been pushed in Europe and were failing, and the same effort was being started in this country. The Morgan & Wright double-tube tire quickly proved its superiority, with the result stated above. The quick-repair, inner tube, which is this year a standard feature of all of this firm's tires, has made the position of double-tube tires practically invincible, by making it quick and easy for the riders to secure, at the roadside, a permanent repair—a thing admittedly impossible in the majority of single-tube accidents.

DIED THE DEATH OF HEROES.

Two Miners Responding to Another's Call For Aid Are Crushed to Death.

An incident resulting from a singular cause cost the lives of two men and the fatal injury of a third at Packer colliery No. 2, at Girardville, Penn., Monday afternoon. Thomas Welsh, of Lost Creek; John Halleran, of Gilberton; Joseph Staum, of Lost Creek, and Michael Mack were at work in the mine this afternoon. Walsh had been engaged in what is known as "robbing" pillars. He had driven a pole in the face of the breast in which match he had put his blast. He applied the match and hastened away for a place of shelter. He had gone but a few feet when a large lump of coal rolled onto his feet, pinning him to the ground. Momentarily expecting the blast, he cried for help. The other three men were working near, and disregarding the danger to themselves, ran to Welsh's rescue. They had scarcely reached it when the blast exploded, bringing down with it a mass of coal upon the men. Haloran and Straum were crushed to death and Welsh fatally injured, while Mack was fortunate in escaping with slight hurts.

A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Joe Davis, Colored, Cut to Pieces by a Freight Train.

Joe Davis, a colored brakeman on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, met a horrible death at an early hour Monday morning near Bangor, Ala., some miles above Birmingham. He was front brakeman on Second No. 73 freight, south-bound, which passed Bangor about 3 o'clock this morning. His lamp was out from some cause, and he went back to the rear brakeman and exchanged lamps. While going back to the front end of the train he fell between the cars in some manner and a number of cars run over him.

DANGEROUS TO REJECT.

This Kentucky Lover Put a Bullet Through the Girl's Head.

A special to the Times from Benton, Ky., says: Daisy Sullivan, daughter of J. M. Sullivan, living four miles north of here, was assassinated in cold blood Saturday night at 9 o'clock. The greatest excitement prevails as a result, as the young woman was a beautiful girl, of prominent family, and about 18 years of age. The assassin, who is believed to be a rejected suitor, is unknown, but bloodhounds are on his trail, and if he is caught there will be a lynching. The girl was found at her father's gate with a bullet hole in her head.

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Frightful Explosion at the Empire Magazine, Geneva, Ind.

The Empire Magazine, situated half a mile west and north of Geneva, Ind., exploded Saturday morning. Seven hundred quarts of nitro glycerine tore the magazine to atoms and wrecked scores of houses in the city. Hundreds of windows were blown out, walls were cracked and chimneys were torn down.

It is reported that a wagon was unloading at the magazine at the time of the explosion. The rumor has not been positively verified, but it is believed that such is the case. Not a trace of wagon, horses or driver can be found. A remarkable fact is that the Hercules Torpedo Company's magazine, situated only seventy-five yards from the Empire Magazine, did not explode. Twenty-five hundred quarts of explosives were stored in the Hercules Magazine, where a wall was blown in.

A DAMNABLE DEED.

Young Wife Shot Dead in the Attempt to Rob Her Husband.

Just outside the limits of Morriston, Pa., early Wednesday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miser, a young couple of Morristown, were returning from an afternoon drive when two men sprang from the roadside and seized the horses' heads. The men were armed with revolvers and they demanded of Miser that he turn over to them his valuables. Miser refused and started to whip up his horses. Thereupon the desperadoes opened fire. Miser was shot through the arm and his wife was shot through the head and instantly killed.

The murderers dragged Miser from the carriage and robbed him of his watch and money. They then rifled Mrs. Miser's body of her gold watch and made their escape.

Miser dragged himself to a near-by house and summoned assistance. He was brought to his home here, and is badly wounded. Miser was able to give the authorities a good description of the highwaymen, and the police are bending every effort to capture the outlaws.

THE SHIPYARD NUMBER

Of the New Alabama Is 290—A Curious Coincidence

Secretary of the Navy Herbert Wednesday morning announced that the un-named ships under construction will be named as follows: Battleships—Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin. Gunboats—Annapolis, Marietta, Newport, Princeton, Vicksburg and Wheeling.

The Alabama is the name given to the vessel heretofore designated as battleship No. 8, building at the Cramps yards, Philadelphia. It a curious coincidence that the shipyard number of this vessel is No. 290, which is the same as that used for the rebel cruiser Alabama when she was under construction in England.

The Alabama is slightly more formidable than the Kearsarge, building at Newport News, and is named for Secretary Herbert's adopted State. It is believed the selection was made by the President in compliment to the Secretary, just as the President was understood to have named the Brooklyn for Secretary Tracy's adopted city. The gunboat Marietta is named for the Ohio town of that name, and not for any other Marietta. The Wheeling is for the West Virginia city, the Princeton and Vicksburg for battles of those names, and the Annapolis and Newport for the naval stations in Maryland and Rhode Island.

THREE MEN INJURED.

One of Them, a Fireman, Had His Thigh Broken in Three Places.

There was a disastrous fire at Atalla, Ala., Tuesday night at 7 o'clock. The hotel building, two stories, belonging to W. P. Shahan, was entirely destroyed.

By a falling roof three men were badly hurt. One, Walter S. Cox, a member of the company, had both thighs broken in three separate places. Arthur McDonough and Fletcher Parrish, spectators, were injured, but not seriously. Cox is a bright young man in the prime of life, and of the best family. He is not expected to recover from internal injuries received.

The loss on the building is about $25,000, said to be covered by insurance.

Work on a New Road.

Seven miles of track have been laid on the Hoxie, Bocahontas and Northern Railroad between Hoxie and Pocahontas, Ark. Two new engines arrived a few days ago. Traffic will commence about Nov. 10.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)

KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

ALABAMA GLEANINGS.

The News of a Week From All Parts of Our Commonwealth.

INDUSTRIAL AND PERSONAL.

Political, Accidental and Other News. Peculiar and Perilous Experience of an Opelika Physician—Improvements at Bridgeport—An Old Man Killed Near Birmingham.

OPELIKA.

Wednesday night Dr. J. M. Watkins, of our city, was called in to see Mrs. Dick Williams professionally. At the time he entered the room he had a two-ounce phial of carbolic acid in his right hip pocket. In some way the phial was broken, and shortly afterwards he rose to give a dose of medicine to his patient, and found that he could not walk. He called the husband to give the medicine to his wife, and in a few moments he was totally insensible. His professional associate, Dr. J. G. Palmer, was sent for immediately, and arrived just in time to save his life. The poison, after breaking the phial, was rapidly absorbed and came very near proving fatal. Dr. Watkins is able to be about again, though he was within ten minutes of death that night.

It is only nine days until the East Alabama Fair swings open its gates. All indications show that this will be one of the largest and most successful fairs ever held in Opelika. The railroads have given low rates from all points within a radius of 150 miles. An excursion train will be run from Sylacauga every morning during the fair and the schedules of all other roads will be arranged especially to accommodate visitors to the fair. The attractions promise to surpass any ever offered in a preceding fair. Already a large number of stalls have been engaged for race horses. Rope walking, balloon ascensions and acrobatic performances will be some of the amusement features.

BRIDGEPORT.

At a meeting of the directors of the Bridgeport Stove Works it was decided to enlarge the foundry by building a steel annex of 50x75 feet. This will necessitate the employment of about 50 per cent more men and nearly double the output. The officers of the company have known for some time that it would be necessary to increase the plant to keep step with the growing business, but owing to the election it was thought best to wait. Within the past two months orders have come in so rapidly and the outlook is so bright that they were compelled to build.

George Spears, the 12-year-old son of J. M. Spears, of this city, had a rare and peculiar accident Sunday. The lad was eating persimmons, and in trying to swallow a seed it became lodged in his windpipe. The lad's breathing became difficult, and as there seemed to be no way of giving relief and on advice from local physicians he was carried to Chattanooga Wednesday morning for treatment.

SELMA.

The Liberia fever is still growing in Dallas. Emigration agents are constantly mingling with our colored population, distributing literature and pictures of the land of promise. There are not less than 1500 negroes in Dallas county to-day who are saving their money and getting ready to sail next January. Those who have gone before send glowing accounts of how easy it is for a colored man to make a living in that country. A colored blacksmith named Stone, who owned a lot with a shop thereon next to Iwerson's on Washington street, has sold the property to Mr. Iwerson, and will risk his all in Liberia. Many colored cooks are saving up their earnings with which to make the trip.

DECATUR.

James E. Peck, Probate Judge of the county of Morgan, died at that place this morning. Mrs. Dr. McGlathery, of Woodlawn, Ala., sister of the deceased, went up on the afternoon train to attend the last obsequies over the remains. The deceased was about 41 years of age. He was elected Probate Judge four years ago. Previous to that time he had been a school teacher of much prominence in the profession. His wife was Miss Emma Brown, sister of Mr. Arthur L. Brown, of Hartselle, Ala. He was a man of exemplary character. His death will be unexpected and sad news to many friends in this city.

ENSLEY CITY.

Mr. William Neill, a white man 67 years of age, was found dead Saturday morning by the side of the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad track, near the crossing of that road and the Ensley dummy line, by a negro named Jackson, an employe of the Pioneer Mining and Manufacturing Company at Thomas Furnace, as he was going to his work.

The back of the dead man's head bore a mark which indicated that his life had been knocked out by a railroad engine. He had attended the circus in Birmingham Friday, and was returning home when the accident occurred.

EUFAULA.

Eufaula, Oct. 31.—(Special Correspondence.)—A committee was engaged yesterday in testing the new water works. They just wanted to see how they would go. The hose was connected directly with the pumping station, and it was found that it would not stand. The pressure burst one line open and threw a nozzle from the other line. The test must have been more than satisfactory.

DEAF WOMAN KILLED.

Passenger train No. 3, on the Alabama Great Southern Railroad, south bound, struck and killed Mrs. Higgins between Springville and Argo, Ala., shortly after 1 o'clock Monday. The train was in charge of Conductor Ford and Engineer Spencer. It is stated that the lady was walking the track with her face the same way as the train was going, and that she was deaf. The engineer saw her and blew his whistle, but the lady, being deaf, did not hear it, and consequently the train struck her. She died soon after the accident.

BESEIGED BY FLAMES.

For a Time It Looked as Though a Holocaust Were Inevitable.

A disastrous fire in Ronald & Co.'s six-story building, on the corner of State street and Boreum Place, Brooklyn, in which there were a number of narrow escapes from loss of life, took place Tuesday afternoon. The firm are wholesalers of plumbers' supplies, and the other tenants are Fay, Harman & Chadwick Manufacturing Company, corset manufacturers; Locklit & Findley and the Seemon Brothers, skirt manufacturers. The latter firm employed seventy-five girls, and the fact that all got out safely is almost miraculous, as they were in the upper stories. The fire originated on the fourth floor from an unknown cause and spread rapidly, and in a few minutes the whole building was a mass of flames. The Fay, Harman & Chadwick employes, about 100 in number, nearly all of whom were girls, were in the part of the building first attacked by the flames, and there was a great jam on the stairs and fire escapes, but so far as can be learned all have been accounted for, but many of them fainted and had to be carried down the stairs.

The girls in Seemon Brothers skirt factory were panic-stricken when the dense smoke began penetrating their rooms, and many screamed and rushed helplessly about. The employers, assisted by the male help, partially quieted the girls and piloted them to the stairway, and all reached the street in safety.

The fire burned five hours and completely wrecked the building. The loss is estimated at $300,000, most of which is Ronalds & Co. Fay, Harman & Chadwick place their loss at $25,000.

The only person injured, so far as reported, was Fireman Frank McCarthy, who had his foot crushed.

KILLING AT COAL CREEK.

A Justice of the Peace Shot in a Melee Between Negroes.

A dispatch from Coal Creek, Tenn., the mining town thirty miles from Knoxville, says a very sensational shooting affray occurred there Monday night, in which two men were killed and others were wounded. The fight occurred at a McKirdey and Hobart meeting. A negro named Bud Black began shooting at another negro named Frank Martin. They exchanged shots and Martin fell mortally wounded, with two bullet holes through his body. One of the shots struck and instantly killed Robert Laughter, a justice of the peace, and one of the leading citizens of the town. Others were hit, but not seriously hurt. Black escaped.

FOUR MASKED MEN

Held Up Indian Agency, But Didn't Get the Money.

The Sac and Fox Indian Agency was held up by four masked robbers late Monday afternoon. Sac and Fox is sixty miles east of Guthrie, O. T., and only thirty miles from Carney. Three stores were robbed and $620 taken.

The Indian Agent, General Thomas, has $46,000 of Sac and Fox annuity money, to be paid to the Indians next week. This money the robbers were after. The robbers rushed into General Thomas' office and fired several shots, but Thomas was absent. As they rode out of town the fiends fired into a crowd of Indian children at the Government school, but none of the shots took effect.

Two of the robbers were recognized as being in the Carney hold-up last week. The news came over the telephone from Chandler, but the wires were soon cut, evidently by the bandits, and no further particulars can be learned.

THE GOLDEN TIDE.

Stream of Yellow Metal Still Pouring Into New York.

The steamer Campania, which arrived at New York from Europe Friday night, brought gold consigned as follows: Bank of Montreal, $1,000,000; L. von Hoffman & Co., $150,000, and Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., $100,000. Total, $1,250,000, and the steamer Augusta Victoria brought $100,000 to Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., and $60,000 to Muller, Schall & Co.

The steamship St. Louis arrived there with £110,000 for the National City Bank. The steamship Niagara brought $50,000 gold to Muller, Schall & Co. The Bank of British North America has £100,000 gold on the steamship St. Paul, which left Southampton to-day.

A SERIOUS RUNAWAY.

A Family Seriously Injured Near Sweetwater, Tenn.

Saturday morning as John McMillan, a farmer living near Sweetwater, Tenn., with his wife and two children in a wagon were coming into that town, the horses attached to the wagon became frightened, and before they could be controlled overturned the wagon, throwing the occupants out, all of whom sustained more or less injury. Mr. McMillan had his thigh broken and Mrs. McMillan sustained some severe cuts and bruises about the face. They were taken home and prompt medical attention given.

PRISONER HANGS HIMSELF.

Francis O. Carlson, a white prisoner, hanged himself in the county jail in Charleston, S. C., at an early hour Saturday morning. Carlson was awaiting trial charged with drawing a pistol on a lady on King street a few days ago, and his mind was supposed to be deranged. He took the cord from his bed some time this morning and hanged himself to the bars of his cell. His body was found by the jailer when daylight came.

STORM AT SEVELLE.

A cyclone swept over the city and province of Seville, Spain, Wednesday, wrecking a great many houses and killing and injuring a number of the inhabitants. The storm covered a wide area, in which the wires were prostrated, cutting off communication and greatly delaying the appeals for assistance made by the sufferers.

SICK NEARLY THIRTY YEARS.

BRILLIANT SERVICE IN THE WAR FOLLOWED BY PROLONGED SUFFERING.

High Private Briggs Brings His War-time Valor Into a Life and Death Combat—He Speaks of His Struggles Since the War.

From the Tribune, Hornellsville, N. Y.

There is no man in Oneida County, New York, who stands higher in the community than Mr. William H. Briggs, a wealthy farmer, and resident of Bridgewater, and a prominent member of the G. A. R. His statement will not be news to his friends, as they all know whereof he writes, but it is commended to the consideration of the public. Mr. Briggs writes as follows:

"It gives me great pleasure and satisfaction to be able to give honor where honor is due, and to that end I make this certificate, hoping it may be the means of others being benefited as I have been.

"I am a farmer residing near Bridgewater, Oneida County, New York; my name is William H. Briggs, and I am 56 years old. I am an old soldier, and member of the G. A. R., having served as high private in Co A. 1st New York Artillery, during the whole four years of the Rebellion. Though not a pensioner, and never an applicant for pension, I contracted through malarial climate, disease of liver and stomach, from which I suffered continuously, in various forms. In 1863 I had the jaundice, and it continued for years, to a greater or lesser degree. I never was free from dyspepsia, and palpitation of the heart, and suffered from nervous debility to such an extent that I could neither rest by night nor work by day. Night after night I walked the floor tormented by vague fears, which I knew were purely imaginary, and yet I could not shake them off. I came home in June, 1865, and from then until 1894 I was constantly attended by physicians, having employed three at different times during that period. These good doctors gave me occasionally temporary relief, but the good effects of their treatment quickly disappeared, and left me more despondent and wretched than ever.

"I did not believe in giving up, and was about to send to Utica for another physician, when Mr. H. Seifert, the blacksmith who attends to my horses, recommended me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as he assured me they had done wonderful things for him. I had read of these pills before and felt somewhat inclined to try them, before Seifert spoke of them, but his recommendation settled the matter, and I became Dr. Williams' patient. I took Pink Pills steadily until I have consumed four boxes, growing better and better every day, my liver working freely, my kidneys acting normally. My heart no longer troubled me, and I could digest my food. All that water brash, heart burn, buzzing in the head, as if there were a great empty space in my cranium, disappeared, and life began to be worth living, which it had not been since my army service. I was cured in less than one year from the time I began to take Pink Pills in 1894, and have been in fair health ever since. Of course, I have to be careful, as I easily catch cold, and it is apt to settle in my right side, but a dose or two of the Pink Pills soon set me to rights again, and I shall never be without them, unless something very unforeseen occurs.

"I do not want it understood that I am casting any stress against those who are pensioners. If I were needy I should certainly ask for what I am entitled to, but being amply provided with this world's goods, I do not require it. My old comrades can testify that I have helped many a one of them to get a pension.

"The above statement is true in every particular. I certify on honor.

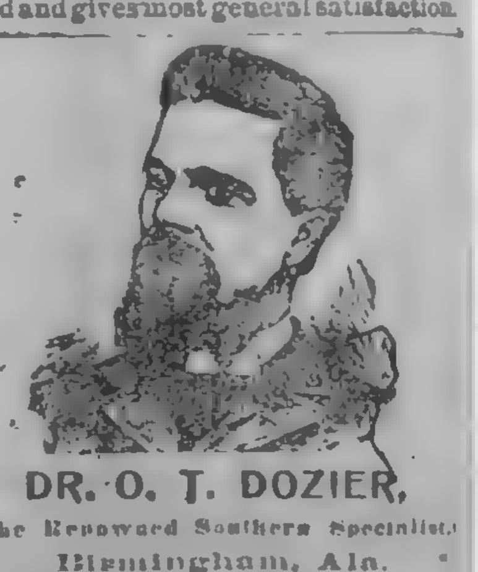
"(Signed) WM. H. BRIGGS."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



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(Atlanta Constitution.)

Dr. O. T. Dozier, the head of the Southern Medical Dispensary of Birmingham, Ala., is a specialist of nearly twenty years' experience in the treatment of chronic, nervous and private diseases and his uniform success has given him a leading position in the medical profession.

(Masonic Guide.)

Dr. Dozier can be relied upon to treat diseases in the most successful manner, and he is known all over the south.

(The Southern Odd Fellow.)

We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be a brother Odd Fellow that can be relied on to carry out every promise he makes to those needing his services.

(Age Herald.)

* * * Dr. Dozier has resided for many years in Birmingham, and each successive year has added to his reputation, to his usefulness and to the esteem in which he is held by our best citizens. His record and approved abilities entitle him to the proud distinction of standing at "the head of his profession."

(People's Weekly Tribune.)

As a specialist Dr. Dozier is unexcelled by any living physician. * * * He is a Georgian by birth, a high toned, cultured Christian gentleman, strictly honest in all his dealings and thoroughly reliable for all his contracts.

(City News, Birmingham.)

Dr. Dozier is a physician and surgeon of education, skill and experience, a man of culture and high literary attainments and a gentleman respected by all who know him. He can be relied on in all matters pertaining to his profession.

(Alabama Christian Advocate.)

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THE BANNER.

Clerk

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VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1896. NO. 7.

INTERESTING STATE NEWS.

The Happenings of a Week All Over Alabama.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S REPORT

An Interesting Document From the Hands of the State's Legal adviser. The State Legislature Meets—Candidates on Hand and at Work—State Press Simmerings.

Hon. W. C. Fitts, the Attorney-General, has issued his bi-ennial report. In it he says 12,118 criminal cases have been disposed of during two years, and of this number, 6,610 resulted in conviction, 223 in acquittal and [illegible] cases were abated or withdrawn. The report, which is one of [illegible] ever gotten out, is arranged with taste and contains the following:

From the general consolidated statement and from former reports of this office it appears that criminal cases have been disposed of in the State during the several bi-ennial periods of the last ten years as follows: In 1885-86, 11,011 cases; in 1887-88, 8,572 cases (two circuits not reported); in 1889-90, 12,274 cases; in 1891-92, 12,433 (one circuit not reported); for [illegible] 1895-96, 12,118 cases, as above stated.

Of the 6,610 convictions in the past two years, there were twenty sentences to death, 1,488 sentences to the penitentiary, 2,070 sentences to hard labor for the county, 262 sentences to jail and 2,799 fines imposed and sentenced. Five persons escaped after conviction, two died and twenty one were sent to the insane hospital; seventeen [illegible] remitted by the trial judge and five new trials were granted.

The twenty sentences to death were all for murder in the first degree.

The period is unusual in that it presents no instance in which the death penalty has been exacted for the crime [illegible].

It appears that there were 377 cases of murder disposed of in the State. Of this number there were fifty-six convictions of murder in the first degree, [illegible] seven convictions of murder in [illegible] second degree, forty-seven convictions of manslaughter in the first degree, twenty-seven convictions of [illegible]laughter in the second degree. [illegible] and larceny seems to have been [illegible] predominant crime, there being [illegible] cases of that offense. Of this [illegible] 1,001 convictions were secured, 514 defendants sentenced to the penitentiary; 151 to hard labor for the county, two to jail, three to the insane hospital, and in one instance the Circuit Court granted a new trial.

The kindred crimes of burglary [illegible] hard labor for the county, besides jail and fine [illegible] for the disfranchising of [illegible].

[illegible] were 1,196 cases of carrying concealed weapons, 687 of which convictions were secured.

The per cent of convictions in cases disposed of for the past two years throughout the State is about [illegible] per cent, an increase over the per cent [illegible] the bi-ennial period which immediately preceded the present one.

The per cent of convictions in the several courts ranges from 19 to [illegible], as will be seen by reference to the several tabulated statements, which shows the records of the solicitors separately.

Out of 12,118 cases disposed of, solicitors have entered nolle prosequies in 2,044. Thus it appears that the time [of] public officers and the money of the State has been used to set on foot 2,044 prosecutions which had to be abandoned when about to be put to the test. There must of necessity always [be] a considerable number of nolle prosequies, witnesses disappear or become corrupt after testifying before the grand jury, etc., but I hope the number will decrease and that thorough work in the grand jury room and prompt prosecutions after indictments will be found to remedy this matter somewhat.

MONTGOMERY LEGISLATURE.

The General Assembly convened in biennial session Tuesday. The Capitol had been put in the pink of condition, the Assembly halls repaired and repainted and much cleaner, more comfortable and attractive than for many years before.

The Senate will probably be organized with little trouble. President F. L. Pettus will probably succeed himself, although there is talk of his having a competitor. Even in this event it will not be difficult to decide between two aspirants, one ballot sufficing to determine.

W. L. Clay, of Huntsville, who has been Secretary of the Senate for several terms, will be opposed by John F. Proctor, of Scottsboro, who was the efficient clerk of the last House, and who has a strong support in the Senate.

Whether there will be any contest with Elmore Garrett for the Assistant Secretaryship of the Senate is not known.

It may take some days, however, to organize the House. There are seven prominent and popular candidates for the Speakership, and each goes in with apparently as good chances as the other to win. They are: John J. Altman, of Jefferson; N. N. Clements, of Tuskaloosa; Charles Waller, of Hale; Cecil Browne, of Talladega; D. J. Meadors, of Marengo; Wilson Brown, of Colbert, and B. L. Hibbard, of Monroe.

Mossie Wilson, of Clark, will doubtless succeed himself as clerk of the House, there being no opposition whatever to him.

GRACE'S GAP—DEAD NEGRO.

A negro was found in the woods near Grace's Gap, below Birmingham, on the Louisville and Nashville, with his head hacked almost out of shape. Deputies with dogs were sent to the scene and made a hot search for the man who had committed the crime. A hatchet covered with blood was found nearby, which proved a silent witness as to how the man was cut about the head. The negro will die. He was unable to speak, therefore it was impossible to obtain any information from him.

BIRMINGHAM—FOUND DEAD

Walter Stone, aged about 45 years, in the employ of Louis V. Clarke & Co., insurance agents of Birmingham, was found dead in a room at the Acme Hotel, in the Hewlett Block, on First avenue, of that city, Friday. Dr. Gillespie, the county physician, made an examination and pronounced death the result of heart failure. Coroner Jones, after investigating the facts surrounding the death, decided that no inquest was necessary.

FLORENCE—WATER WORKS.

A meeting of citizens of Florence held with the Business Association passed a resolution asking the Legislature not to authorise the issue of bonds by the city for the purchase of the water works until the matter has been submitted to the people. The resolution asks the Legislature to sanction the issue of bonds only upon condition of the people being allowed to vote upon it. The city has arranged for the purchase of the works, and all that is needed is legislative sanction to issue the bonds. There is some opposition to the deal.

STATE PRESS SIMMERINGS.

The colored voters of Birmingham have organized for the city campaign.

Most elaborate arrangements are in progress for Birmingham's Mardi Gras.

The Birmingham Rolling Mill is in full operation now, with the exception of two sheet mills.

The price of iron is advancing, and a raise in miners' wages will take place, under the sliding scale.

Frank W. Pickens, ex-postmaster in Pickens county, wanted on a charge of embezzlement, has been arrested in Paris, Tex.

T. T. Hillman, of Gadsden and Birmingham, will start the Gadsden furnace, which has been idle for four years, on January 1.

The Alabama Rolling Mill, at Gate City, resumed work on Monday. Its first order is for 600 tons of finished iron for St. Louis.

Three men are traveling through Northern Alabama buying and taking out black walnut stumps. They use the wood for veneer.

The new cotton mill at Prattville is nearing completion, and will be ready for business on or about the 1st of January, 1897. The machinists are very busy putting in the machinery.

Miss Lizzie Hendricks, a pretty Calhoun county girl, was awarded damages in the sum of $215 by the Circuit Court at Jacksonville recently for being overpowered and kissed by a conductor of the road, while she was en route a few months ago from Anniston to Rome.

The November term of the United States Court convened at Montgomery Friday. The criminal cases on the docket number over 500, more than half of them being for illicit distilling and for cutting timber from Government lands.

HOBART HOLDS THE KEY

His Vote, From Present Indications, Will Be Required

The announcement from Milwaukee by friends of Senator John L. Mitchell of Wisconsin, that he will support gold measures in the Senate, makes a tie of the gold and silver forces in that body, and puts upon Vice-President Hobart the responsibility of casting the deciding vote, this, of course, upon the assumption that no other changes are made.

Putting him among the gold men, the Senate of the next Congress, as at present indicated, would be divided among the parties as follows: Gold Republicans, 37; gold Democrats, 8; silver Democrats 29; silver Republicans, 10; Populists, 9.

Should Messrs. Carter, of Montana, and Shoup, of Idaho, who supported Major McKinley in the campaign, ally themselves with the dominant faction of the party, the gold vote in the Senate, after March 4 next, would be 47 and the silver vote 43.

The composition of the House of Representatives in the Fifty-fifth Congress remains substantially the same as at first sent out by the Southern Associated Press, the political division, according to the latest returns being: Republicans, 212; sound money Democrats, 2; Democrats, 120; silver Republicans, Populists and Fusionists, 23. Total, 357.

THE WAR IN CUBA.

Gen. Aldave Said to Have Defeated the Insurgents.

Gen. Aldave, with a force of troops conveying a provision and ammunition train of wagons to Manicaragua, in the Puerto Principe province, had an engagement with the rebels under Serafin Sanchez and Carillo Alberich. The loss of the insurgents was heavy. The Spaniards had one man killed and twenty wounded.

The steamer Guanico has arrived at Havana bringing three hundred sick soldiers from Pinar del Rio. Among the passengers on board the steamer was the rebel leader, Luis Laso, who had surrendered to the Spanish commander. When the ship arrived he was found dead in his cabin, having cut his throat.

DUN AND BRADSTREET

Make a Pen Picture of Coming Prosperity That Is Encouraging

STAPLE PRICES STIFFENING

The Iron Market Firmer and New Orders Begin to Roll In—Merchants and Manufacturers Look Confidently to the Future—Cotton, Resin and Turpentine Higher.

Bradstreet's commercial report for week ending November 7 says:

The expected has happened in the success of the fight for "sound money." One result is a return of confidence in the stability of values and the early revival of demand for staples. Lower rates of interest and a willingness on the part of banks to make loans which had previously been declined are additional evidence of the meaning of the maintenance of the gold standard.

Business was practically suspended throughout the country early this week, and there has been little increase in values compared with like periods in preceding weeks. But manufacturers and jobbers are more inclined to purchase in advance instead of for nearby wants only, and in a few lines, notably wool, cotton, iron and steel, a larger volume of purchases is reported.

That merchants generally share the confidence in an early revival is indicated by the hardening of staple prices and the increase in quotations in addition to those given in preceding weeks. Sales of cotton goods have been freer, and some mills are better employed. Woolen mills also report more orders, and a tendency to prefer higher cost goods.

Numerous industrial establishments which have started up within two days report being offered large orders if they would sell for 1897 delivery at present prices. Millions of dollars' worth of orders for general merchandise, given contingent on the success of sound money, are now being filled. Owing to the lateness of the season, few have regarded the outlook as promising much in the nature of a boom during the current year. At a few northwestern commercial centers large orders have been received from country merchants within a few days, and Georgia farmers have met their obligations more promptly than for years past, and Southern merchants and manufacturers are reported looking ahead confidently to a marked improvement in business in the near future.

Bank clearings totals continue below the billion dollar mark, $965,000,000, for the past week, an increase of 3 per cent over last week, but shows a decrease of 1 per cent, compared with the like total last year. Reactions in quotations are conspicuous only for Indian corn and lard, while prices for oats, pork, sugar and petroleum are firm and practically unchanged.

Pig iron is 25 cents higher, with sales of considerable amounts in Western markets.

Lumber is firm, the tendency is upward, and there is an advance for white pine.

Renewed demand for cotton goods and placing orders with mills advance print cloths.

Cotton, resin and turpentine are higher as is coffee, while meat, under the stimulus of a strong statistical position, and to an extent the results of the election, reports another marked advance.

DUN'S REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, says:

A great revolution has been effected this week in the conditions which control business. It could not be in any fair degree reflected as yet in transactions or in records, but there is ample evidence already that a crushing weight has been lifted and rolled away, and the business world has begun to adjust itself to a state of freedom and security which it has not known for years. Dread of immeasurable disaster no longer locks up resources and paralyzes enterprise and new contracts involving many millions have become binding since the election.

The instant vanishing of the premium on gold, which had reached about 2 per cent, the unlocking of many millions which had been hoarded, the collapse of the interest rate from 8 and 12 to 6 and 5½ per cent, and the quick demand for American securities on foreign account are signs of more lasting promise. The lifting of the load of peril and of fear, all men know, means an incalculable relief for all industry and trade.

Speculation in cotton was on the theory that mills would now start up, as many have done, and would meet a large demand for goods. But the [illegible] by realizing sales and a slight reaction. It will be all the better for business if bright hopes do not boost prices too fast.

The election has stiffened prices of pig iron, which reached $12 at Pittsburg for Bessemer, and the certainty that many large orders for buildings and bridges and other finished forms would now become operative justifies some advance. The future of this trade now depends upon the extent of increase in demand for finished products of iron and steel, which is likely to be materially affected by the course pursued by various combinations. The billet pool, which is still openly undersold at Pittsburg, and has caused no end of disturbance in business by favoring one class of producers to the detriment of another, has been in session here, and is said to have changed its basis of allotment so as to secure fairer results.

The nail combinations is now threatened with a hostile league of jobbers and producers, and is openly undersold. The bar combination, notwithstanding its large rebate, is still demanding more than the price at which steel bars are sold in great quantities. A slight advance in sheeting and print cloths is the only change which yet appears in the market for cotton goods, and practically no change has yet appeared in woolens.

Failures for the week have been 290 in the United States, against 280 last year; and 52 in Canada, against 40 last year.

A WARNING GIVEN.

It Is Addressed to the Republican Leaders by Anarchists.

The New York Herald says that the New York anarchists held a post-election meeting, and it was decided to tolerate or "give the Republicans a trial." A warning was written in Greek and sent to the Republican leaders. The following is a translation:

"Take care you don't rejoice too much in your hour of victory. Be just in all things. Do not crush the workingman. It is a bad time (for that). Keep your solemn pledges or the revolution will follow. A violent death to the traitor. 'The red hand.'"

Copies were sent to Mark Hanna, Thomas C. Platt, Chairman Hackett, of the Republican State Committee; Chauncey M. Depew, Senator Quay, Warner Miller and Frederick S. Gibbs, National Committeeman.

It was asked before the meeting broke up if all these gentlemen understood Greek, and an amendment was about to be offered to send the "warning" in English. Skoblenski, a Russian anarchist, gravely explained that the purpose of sending it in Greek was to enable each recipient to "ponder over it and carefully weigh its meaning."

Mr. Hackett missed his "warning," and when a copy received by the Herald was translated to him he laughed. Chauncey M. Depew's letter from the "Red Hand" reached the waste basket. Mr. Gibbs read his and seemed to enjoy it, and T. C. Platt, when he had perused the scrawl, said: "I would rather crush myself than the workingman. I am just in all things, and I always keep my solemn pledges, especially to my party."

PROCLAMATION

By the President Setting Apart November 26th for Thanksgiving.

Washington, Nov. 5.—The President last evening issued the following proclamation:

By the President of the United States:

The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe the God of nations for His watchful care which has shielded them from dire disaster and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings, and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices.

To the end that these thoughts may be quickened, it is fitting that on a day especially appointed, we should join together in approaching the throne of grace with praise and supplication.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday the 26th day of the present month of November, to be kept and observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout our land.

On that day let our people forego their usual work and occupation and assemble in their places of worship. Let them with one accord render thanks to the Ruler of the universe for our preservation as a nation and our deliverance from every threatened danger, for the peace that has dwelt within, the year that has passed; for the plenteous rewards that have followed the labors of our husbandmen, and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed for us.

And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, implore the forgiveness of our sins and a continuation of Heavenly favor.

Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the poor and needy, and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

Witness my hand and the seal of the United States, which I have caused to be hereto affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 4th day of November, in the year of the Lord 1896, and of the independence of the United States of America 121.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President.

RICHARD OLNEY,
Secretary of State.

JUMPED TO DEATH.

A Woman and Her Granddaughters Driven From a Bridge.

Mrs. J. M. McCarthy, of Scranton, Pa., with her two granddaughters, May and Margaret Clinch, aged 2 and 4 years, respectively, were caught by a train on a bridge of the Erie and Wyoming Valley road, which spans the Lackawanna river. They became frightened, and in trying to escape, were struck by the engine and fell into the stream below and were drowned. The bodies have not been recovered.

A ROYAL GREETING.

Senator Jones, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, reached his home at Hope, Ark., at noon Saturday. He was greeted by an immense crowd of people, and was given three hearty cheers. He was driven to the residence of his son-in-law in a carriage drawn by white horses, gaily bedecked with white chrysanthemums and other flowers.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

Bryan Reviews the Political Situation—Truth Will Yet Prevail.

LET'S CONTINUE TO WORK

Says the Leaders of the Silver Forces. Preserve the Line, Maintain the March, Suffering Not From Disappointed Personal Ambition, and Rich in the Merited Love of the People.

William Jennings Bryan this afternoon gave out the following statement:

To the Bimetallists of the United States:

"Conscious that millions of loyal hearts are saddened by temporary defeat, I beg to offer a word of hope and encouragement. No cause ever had supporters more brave, earnest and devoted than those who have espoused the cause of bimetallism. They have fought with all the zeal which conviction inspires. Events will prove whether they are right or wrong. Having done their duty as they saw it, they have nothing to regret.

"The Republican candidate has been heralded as the advance agent of prosperity. If his politics bring real prosperity to the American people, those who oppose him will share that prosperity. If, on the other hand, his politics prove an injury to the people generally, those of his supporters who do not belong to the office-holding class or to the privileged classes will suffer in common with those who opposed him.

"The friends of bimetallism have not been vanquished, they have simply been overcome. They believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy of the money changers against the welfare of the human race, and until convinced of their error will continue their warfare against it. The contest has been waged this year under great embarrassments and against great odds. For the first time during this generation public attention has been centered upon the money question, as the paramount issue, and this has been done in spite of all attempts upon the part of our opponents to prevent it.

"The Republican convention held out the delusive hope of international bimetallism, while Republican leaders labored secretly for gold monometallism. Gold standard Democrats have publicly advocated the election of the Indianapolis ticket, while they labored secretly for the election of the Republican ticket. The trusts and corporations have tried to excite a fear of lawlessness, while they themselves have been defying the law, and American financiers have boasted that they were the custodians of National honor while they were secretly bartering away the National financial independence.

"But in spite of the efforts of the administration and its supporters; in spite of the threats of the money loaners at home and abroad; in spite of the coercion practiced by the corporation employers; in spite of trusts and syndicates, in spite of enormous Republican campaign funds, and in spite of the influence of a hostile daily press, bimetallism has almost triumphed in its first great fight.

"The loss of a few States, and that, too, by very small pluralities, has defeated bimetallism for the present, but bimetallism emerges from the contest stronger than it was four months ago.

"I desire to commend the work of the three National Committees, which have joined in the management of this campaign.

"Co-operation between the members of distinct political organizations is always difficult, but it has been less so this year than usual. Interest in a common cause of great importance has reduced the friction to a minimum.

"I hereby express my personal gratitude to the individual members, as well as to the executive officers of the National Committees of the Democratic, Populist and Silver parties for their untiring and unselfish labors. They have laid the foundation for future success, and will be remembered as pioneers when victory is at last secured.

"No personal or political friend need grieve because of my defeat. My ambition has been to secure immediate legislation rather than to enjoy the honors of office, and, therefore, defeat brings to me no feeling of personal loss.

"Speaking for the wife who has shared my labors, as well as myself, I desire to say that we have been amply repaid for all that we have done. In the love of millions of our fellow citizens so kindly expressed, in knowledge gained by personal contact with the people and in broadened sympathies, we feel full compensation for whatever efforts we have put forth.

Our hearts have been touched by the devotion of friends, and our lives shall prove our appreciation of the affection which we prize as the richest reward which this campaign has brought.

"In the face of an enemy rejoicing in its victory, let the roll be called for the next engagement, and let us urge all friends of bimetallism to renew their allegiance to the cause. If we are right, as I believe we are, we shall yet triumph.

"Until convinced of his error, let each advocate of bimetallism continue to work. Let all silver clubs retain their organization, hold regular meetings and circulate literature. Our opponents have succeeded in this campaign, and must now put their theories to the test. Instead of talking mysteriously about 'sound money' and an 'honest dollar,' they must now elaborate and defend a financial system. Every step taken by them should be publicly considered by the silver clubs.

"Our cause has prospered most where the money question has been longest discussed among the people. During the next four years it will be studied all over this Nation, even more than it has been studied in the past.

"The year 1900 is not far away. Before that year arrives, international bimetallism will cease to deceive; before that year arrives the people who called themselves gold standard Democrats will become bimetallists and be with us, or they will become Republicans and be open enemies.

"Before that year the trusts will have convinced still more people that a trust is a menace to private welfare and to public safety. Before that year arrives, the evil effects of a gold standard will be even more evident than they are now, and the people then ready to demand an American financial policy or the American people will join with us in the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other Nation.

(Signed) "W. J. BRYAN."

THE FINAL RESULT.

The Latest Unofficial Returns in Tabulated Form.

The result of Tuesday's election, so far as the Presidency is concerned, is now definitely known in all the States except two—Kentucky, with thirteen electoral votes, and Wyoming, with three electoral votes. It will probably require the official count to decide the result in these States. It looks like McKinley will get Kentucky and Bryan Wyoming. The result with these two States thus placed is as follows:

Total Electoral Vote............447
Necessary to a Choice..........224

FOR M'KINLEY.

California	9
Connecticut	6
Delaware	3
Illinois	24
Indiana	15
Iowa	13
Kentucky*	13
Maine	6
Maryland	8
Massachusetts	15
Michigan	14
Minnesota	9
New Hampshire	4
New Jersey	10
New York	36
North Dakota	3
Ohio	23
Oregon	4
Pennsylvania	32
Rhode Island	4
South Dakota	4
Vermont	4
West Virginia	6
Wisconsin	12
Total	277

FOR BRYAN.

Alabama	11
Arkansas	8
Colorado	4
Florida	4
Georgia	13
Idaho	3
Kansas	10
Louisiana	8
Mississippi	9
Missouri	17
Montana	3
Nebraska	8
Nevada	3
North Carolina	11
South Carolina	9
Texas	15
Tennessee	12
Utah	3
Virginia	12
Washington	4
Wyoming*	3
Total	170

Doubtful*

It will be observed that McKinley's total vote cannot fall below 264. He will have to lose Kentucky for it to drop to these figures. Bryan's total cannot be lower than 167, and he must lose Wyoming for it to be that low.

BIG FIRE IN INDIANAPOLIS

The dry goods establishment of Lawrie & Robson, 26 and 28 West Washington street, Indianapolis, Ind., was completely destroyed by fire Saturday morning; loss over $100,000.

COLLISION AT SEA

In Which Thirteen Lives Are Lost. Carelessness the Cause.

A SCHOONER CUT IN TWO.

And of Those on Board Ten Are Rescued and Thirteen Perish—An Outgoing Steamship Did the Work—The Captain to Be Arrested—Pecuniary Loss of the Survivors Heavy.

The Steamer Tiber, Captain De Lisle, bound for Sidney, left here at 7 o'clock last night, says a Saturday dispatch from St. John, N. F. Fifteen minutes later, when just beyond the entrance to the harbor, she collided with the schooner Maggie, bound from Benavist Bay for St. Johns with a cargo of fish and lumber. Thirteen lives were lost.

The schooner carried a crew of nine and fourteen passengers, five of whom were women. The schooner had her lights displayed, and there was no justification on the steamer's part for the collision, because the night was clear and the schooner quite near the shore in a part of the entrance where steamers rarely go.

The schooner was struck midship, cut in two pieces and sank instantly. All on board were on deck. They were thrown into the water, and those saved were only rescued by the help of the floating deck load of lumber. Several were caught under the sails and dragged down with the sinking vessel. Others unable to keep afloat until the rescue boats arrived and dropped off the planks. Two men climbed up the steamer's side, and seven were saved by her boats. One woman was also saved, making ten souls rescued.

The other thirteen, nine men and four women, were drowned. Captain Bladon's wife, who was bringing her 16-year-old consumptive boy to the hospital at St. Johns, was drowned, though her husband had her on a plank. The boy was saved.

The captain's brother and nephew were also lost.

Seven widows and thirty three orphans is the result of the catastrophe.

The pecuniary losses of the survivors are heavy.

All on board the schooner were more or less closely related.

The accident happened within a half mile of the town. The steamer lay to [illegible] she sent a boat ashore to land the survivors and then continued her voyage.

The police are arranging to cause the arrest of the Tiber's captain in [illegible] days on a charge of manslaughter.

The Government is caring for the survivors.

WHEELS GO ROUND

Big Industrial Concerns Are Now Running on Full Time

The [illegible] company's factory, at [illegible], [illegible] months of [illegible] periods of idleness [illegible] started [illegible] on full time. The large cotton mills at [illegible] started on full time Monday of this week, and will [illegible].

The officers of the [illegible] Knitting Company at Worcester, said to be the largest knitting plant in the country, which has been running [illegible] hours daily over the [illegible], [illegible] says that owing to the way orders [illegible] coming in it was expected to shortly begin to run all night.

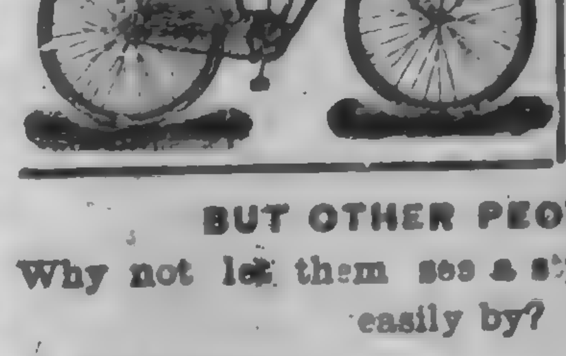
WILMINGTON'S RECORD BROKEN.

The British steamship Maudala, [illegible] master, cleared to-day from the Wilmington, N. C., port for Bremen, Germany, with 11,740 bales of upland cotton, weighing [illegible] pounds. This is the largest cargo of cotton ever carried out of Wilmington.

CALL FOR A SPECIAL SESSION.

Governor Drake, of Iowa, has issued a call for an extra session of the Legislature. It will begin January 19 and will probably last fifty days. The object is to complete the revision of the State Code, which was begun at the regular session last winter.

YOU DON'T
SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN
RIDING,



KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO.
Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)—
KEATING WHEEL CO.
HOLYOKE, MASS.
Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

THANKSGIVING DAY is appointed for Thursday, November 26.

THE committee appointed by the citizens of Clanton to prepare a charter of incorporation for the town have performed that duty, and this morning Mr. W. I. Mullins went down to Montgomery to place the bill before the Legislature. From a cursory reading of the proposed charter we do not see any objectionable features in it, and hope it will become law, but we still think the committee should have submitted it to the people of Clanton before presenting it to the Legislature. By so doing they would have obviated any chance of its becoming abortive as previous efforts in the same direction have been.

THE State Legislature convened at the capitol on Tuesday and at once proceeded to organize. Our Democratic friends, having full control of both houses, elected Hon. A. D. Sayre, of Montgomery, President of the Senate, and Hon. N. N. Clements, of Tuskaloosa, Speaker of the House. The Populist caucus nominated Hon. G. B. Deans for President of the Senate, and Hon. A. P. Longshore for Speaker of the House, but under the circumstances of course these nominations were merely a matter of form.

ACCORDING to the official returns Chilton county cast 756 votes for W. F. Aldrich, 477 for Thos. S. Plowman and 174 for E. H. Dryer. This gives Mr. Aldrich a plurality of 279 over Mr. Plowman. In the whole of the Fourth District, Mr. Plowman is declared to be elected by a majority of 3324, and of that number 3089 come from Dallas county. Mr. Aldrich who was in Selma last Saturday during the official count, entered a protest before the result was announced, on the ground that the election in every beat in Dallas county was conducted illegally.

FROM the official returns throughout the State of Alabama it appears that the Democrats have captured the whole nine congressional districts—not a single Populist or Republican being elected. We understand contests will be made by W. F. Aldrich in the Fourth, A. T. Goodwyn in the Fifth, M. W. Howard in the Seventh and G. B. Crowe in the Ninth. Maybe by the time the contests are finished there will not be nine Democratic Congressmen from Alabama.

MR. OATES, in his message to the Legislature, recommends among other things that the Sayre election law be abolished; that State elections be held every four years and that officers be ineligible to re-election; that the Legislature shall sit for sixty days instead of fifty as at present.

THE election of a United States Senator is the next move in politics. There are four prominent candidates; but probably the winning man will be Pugh or Oates.

THE directors of the American Bimetallic Union, who constitute the bulk of the silver leaders in three parties, have decided to maintain headquarters in Washington, from which to send out literature.

The branch office at Chicago will be consolidated with the Washington office, but the San Francisco branch is to be continued.

Gen. A. J. Warner, the President of the Union, has issued an address to the silver leagues and bimetallic unions urging that the fight for free silver be kept up for effect on the campaign of 1900.

Tom Watson's Letter of Acceptance.

ON Oct. 14th last Hon. Thos. E. Watson addressed his letter of acceptance of the Populist nomination for the vice-presidency to Senator Marion Butler, chairman of the notification committee, which has just now come to light.

We clip the following passages from the letter:

"As the time for beginning the presidential campaign of 1896 approached the democratic party found itself in a dying condition, and it resorted to a desperate remedy to save itself from dissolution. It publicly renounced the republican policies which it has already enacted into law, and professed the populist creed which it had bitterly assailed. Having closed the doors of the mints to silver, having sustained Mr. Cleveland in his refusal to allow the seigniorage coined, having condemned his issue of bonds in violation of law, having acquiesced in his traction policy of destroying the greenbacks, having helped to feed the trusts by the passage of the Wilson-Gorman-Jones tariff bill, the democratic party, realizing that it had lost the respect, the confidence and the patience of the people, determined to anticipate the triumph of populism by a public confession of political patience of the people, determined to anticipate the triumph of populism by a public confession of political guilt, an earnest assertion of change of heart, a devout acceptance of populist principle and a moderate demand that the people's party should vacate its quarters and surrender its political possessions.

"A very staggering piece of political impudence was this. It was not a minority of the democratic party which murdered silver in '93. It was a majority that did it—a majority of the house, a majority of the senate. And the men who committed the deed cannot now promise more solemnly to undo their work than they promised in 1892 to do it.

"During the dreary years of 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895, when republicans and democrats alike were falling over each other in the effort to be first at Wall street's feet, and lowest in the dust of political self-abasement to the trusts, the national banks, the railroads, the bondholders and the gold speculators, the people's party was the one champion of the people. It stood fearlessly against the hungry hordes of class legislation. It proclaimed constantly its undying antagonism to Wall street and its policies. It held aloft the sacred banner of a people's rights and called for patriots to rise and defend the republic. Since the bugle-note of Roderick woke the highlands, and the fiery cross sped from mountain to glen and from glen to hamlet, there has been no such spontaneous outburst of popular enthusiasm as marked the growth of the people's party. One creed, one purpose, one hope, one inspiration moved us all, and had we sternly put temptation aside and nominated a straight populist ticket at St. Louis, one man from the west and one from the south, we would have swept this land from sea to sea."

Do Wages Rise with Prices?

The returns for all industries in this country, as in England, show that wages advanced fully 50 per cent. during the period from 1860 to 1873, in which prices advanced about 15 per cent., and wages fell fully 15 per cent. during the period from 1873 to 1890, in which prices fell 25 per cent. The relative gains of the laborers were far greater during the period of expanding currency and rising prices under bimetallism than during the period of scarcer currency and falling prices under the gold standard.

These statistics, moreover, give the wages of laborers when actually employed, and the heaviest losses of laborers under the gold standard have come from the lack of employment. This was especially true of the years of panic and depression from 1873 to 1879. With the rise of prices that followed the resumption of specie payments and passage of the Bland act there was a marked recovery in the rate of wages and a still more marked recovery in the extent of employment. A similar period of relief came with the rise of prices under the Sherman act of 1890. But only during the years of comparatively steady or rising prices was labor fully employed and prosperous. Whenever prices fell the panic or depression in the commercial world created in labor an army of unemployed. These panics and depressions never came when prices were rising. Those who to day are simultaneously predicting that the free coinage of silver will cause the doubling of prices and a commercial panic have as little history as logic to support them. A panic has always meant the inability of business men to meet their obligations without selling at a loss. A panic never did occur and never can occur when prices are rising.—"Would Free Coinage Benefit Wage-earners?" I, The Affirmative View, by Dr. Charles B. Spear, in November Review of Reviews.

AFTER THE BATTLE

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 9, 1896.

Secretary Edgerton claims for the People's party in the next House 24 Congressman: Kansas 6. Nebraska 4. South Dacota 2; North Carolina 6, Idaho 1, Colorado 1, California 1. Alabama 1, Minnesota 1, and Indiana, 1, with possibly one more each from California, Alabama, and Illinois.

Later returns add to this as follows: Texas 4, Washington 2.

The People's party has elected full state tickets in several of the Western states, Nebraska heading the list.

Jerry Simpson, in spite of heavy odds, is elected by a handsome majority.

Honest Dick Bland, of Minnesota, is elected by a larger majority than ever, after being out of Congress for two years.

"Cyclone" Davis, of the Fourth Congressional district, Texas, is reported elected. Mr. Davis was seriously hurt by a blow on the head given by an ex-member of the state legislature when making his last campaign speech.

W. C. P. Breckenridge, of evil odor, is defeated.

Harry Skinner, of North Carolina, has been returned to Congress.

Altgeld's defeat in Illinois could only have been accomplished by boodle and bribery and that plutocratic hatred of every such noble champion of the common people as he has shown himself.

Missouri was saved to the New Democracy by the support of the Populists.

Bring on your prosperity! We have heard enough about it. It has been promised to us by the Plutocratic Press. They put it on the transparencies and had the weary laborer carry it through the street.

The orators have yelled that it was coming. Even the goldbug preachers pledged it. Now let it come. We will take no excuses. Begin at once. We are eager to see the difference between gold basis democratic rule and gold basis republican rule. We, the common people, the silver fanatics, calamity howlers, cranks, will not sit as spectators at this continuous show, but while we pay our price we will jeer the clown and hiss the villian and ring down the curtain in 1900 upon the whole sorry lot.

Wm. J. Bryan is not elected but he is not defeated. Such noble, patriotic labor as his has been, during the campaign just closed, cannot be in vain. Had the true will of the people been registered at the polls, had corruption, intimidation, trade and barter of votes been lacking, our candidate would have gone to the White House with such a majority as America has never seen. Bryan has made a campaign without a pareilel. None but a phenomenal man, mentally and physically, could nave endured the tremendous work and constant strain to which he has been subject. He has gone everywhere, calm, strong and confident in the midst of turmoil, weakness and doubt. He believed in the great common people and they responded. They wanted Bryan and Free Silver. That an avalanche of corruption spread over the land, that capital made its cruel hand felt at the throat of labor, that the workman had to choose between a free ballot and bread "for Mollie and the babies," that all partisan and sectional feeling was appealed to, made it possible for Hanna's tool to pose as president. But all of this has demonstrated that Mr. Bryan's backers had no money, with which to buy or bribe, that they were in sympathy with the laborer, that partisan and sectional spirit could be vanquished by patriotism and their leader has gone on record as the friend of all true Americans and as the fearless foe of all trusts, monopolies and enemies of freedom. Neither Mr. Bryan nor his party is defeated. The Hannacrats have had a good scare. This struggle will but give to us and our brave young leader strength for the conflict of 1900. Right is might and we will triumph yet. A.R

Poor Blood

When a horse is poor in flesh, a new harness won't give him strength. If a house is cold new furniture won't warm it. If your strength is easily exhausted; work a burden; nerves weak; digestion poor; muscles soft; if you are pale and worn out, the trouble is with the blood. It is not so much IMPURE blood as POOR blood. Pills won't make this blood rich; nor will bitters, nor iron tonics, any more than a new harness will give strength to the horse, or new furniture will make a house warm. For poor blood you want something that will make rich blood.

SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is the best remedy in the world for enriching the blood.

We have prepared a book telling you more about the subject. Sent Free. For sale by all druggists at 50c. & $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Lily Lyrics.

Mr. J. W. Kincade died at his home near this place last Sunday morning at 3 o'clock, leaving a devoted wife and seven little children and a host of friends to weep. We feel it a great loss but our loss is his gain.

Miss Mattie Lenoir is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Collins, at Oakmulgee.

Mr. Luther and Miss Celestia Jones are visiting friends in Birmingham this week.

Miss Mamie Johnson and Mr. Paton Wilson, of Clanton, were out here last Sunday.

Mr R. L Veazey has secured the school at Mulberry Academy, and began teaching last Monday.

Bro. E. M. Woods was here and preached our beloved brother Kincade's funeral last Monday.

Mr. G. W. Fox will move to Maplesville in a few days.

Dr. Dawson will move to Verbena ere long and Dr. Hayes is speaking of going to Jemison. I guess they think our people will not get sick any more. I hope they wont, but I am afraid we will. So here is a good opening for some good doctor. CLINT.

• • •

Program of Mulberry Baptist S. S. Convention to be held with Macedonia church, on Friday, November 27, 1896.

Prayer by Bro. G. W. Freeman. 10 a.m. Welcome address by Bro. S. E. Waldrup. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Bro. S. M. Adams.

Subjects for discussion—1. What is the best method of promoting an interest in Sabbath-school work? discussed by Bro. J. E. Jones and Bro. L. B. Pounds. 2. What effect should a Sabbath-school have on a church and community? discussed by Bro. M. D. Langston, W. H. Shaw and others. 3. What is the duty of a church towards a Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. R. M. Honeycutt, Z. J. Jones and others. Singing. 4. What is our motive in attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. A. Mims and Bro. David Smitherman and others. 5. Can we be better Christians or enjoy any more religion by attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. J. Fleming and James Neat. Mass-meeting, Sunday, 9 a.m., conducted by Bro. Albert Foshee. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Bro. R. M. Honeycutt.

There will be song service conducted by Z. J. Jones.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, A. C. Smith, Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder at the court house door in Clanton Alabama, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1896,

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real estate belonging to said estate, to-wit:

The sw1-4 of the se1-4 and all of the se 1-4 of the sw1-4 that lies east of Yellow Leaf Creek all in section 10 township 22 range 14 Chilton county, Alabama, containing sixty acres more or less.

A. C. SMITH,
Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased.

Eleven congressmen are returned from North Carolina by the fusion vote. Not a single McKinley republican was elected in the Idaho Legislature. Fusionists will control the legislature in South Dacota.

* * *

Among the business cards in this issue none is more interesting to the writer as a reminder of the better things of life than the announcement of the Chicago Cottage Organ Company of that peerless musical instrument, the Conover piano. Every material that ample capital could purchase necessary for the construction of a first-class instrument, and skillful hands to assemble these products of an age of invention and mechanical improvement, have been used that the promoters might truly claim that the Conover is the leader of pianos. Against adverse national prosperity this instrument has steadily and rapidly gained the position it occupies as the piano most sought after by music lovers everywhere, the artists of Europe and America, and for the best homes of the land.

Not only, however, are the manufacturers of the Conover the leaders in the piano world,—but as makers of the renowned "Chicago Cottage" organ they are known throughout the world and their product is a household favorite in every county in the United States, and almost every village. As sole introducers of the "Kingsbury" and the well-know "Schubert" pianos they have a line of musical instruments that the most exacting demands of a music-loving clientele may require, both in tone, durability, construction and design, and have not omitted to duly consider the important subject of making a price so reasonable that the public is quick to avail itself of an unexcelled opportunity to gratify its taste for music. What better investment could be suggested to our readers than making a purchase of a piano or an organ? The Chicago Cottage Organ Company can supply you, and desire to include you among their patrons.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

	1896
Maplesville	November 9
Shoultz	" 10
Valley Creek church	" 11
Welch's mill	" 12
Dixie	" 13
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	" 14
Benson	" 16
Macedonia church	" 17
Providence church beat 2	" 18
Hays' mill	" 19
Jemison	" 20
Strasburg	" 21
Maddox's mill	" 22
Lomax	" 24
Mineral Springs	" 25
Mountzion church	" 26
Cane Creek church	" 27
Ehrman's mill	" 30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber 4
Coopers	" 5
Verbena	" 7&8
Wayside church	" 9
Kincheon	" 10
Clanton	" 11&12

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Collector.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00

THE JURORS.

Following are the names of jurors drawn for the fall term of circuit court, which will convene on Monday, November, 23 1896.

GRAND JURY.

J. M. Merchant, Thos. Williams, W. H. Parr, Milford Wooley, H. C. Young, Frank Harris, Cra'on Rasberry, Alfred Popwell, W. R. Dawson J M Robinson, R R Killingsworth, J W Scott, J E Knight, B W Silsby, G B Reed, J M Moody, John Burnett, Charlie Coburn, D H Mullins, H B Rodgers, Moses Popwell.

PETIT JURY—first week.

L W Thomar, J L Palmer, J A Miller W J Brown, J J Roberts, S G Glasscock, Elijah Robinson, J S Aldrige, J G Smitherman, Jessie Thomas, M H Barnes, W B Jones, S N Waldrop, George Moore, John Harris, E H Mims, James Jones, G W Askins, Peter Barrett, J R Billingsley, W T Callen, Hugh Henry, G W Mims, J N Glasscock, J C Alred, Munroe Martin, J G Jones, W J Fleming, W P Cleckler, J M Mims, G J. Spear James Nix, L L Culver, G W Gothard, J W Scott.

PETIT JURY—second week.

A J Glasscock, J W E Gulledge, W F Claughton, Hamp Shoults, I G White, D H Hudgins, J W Sorroll, J R Kemp, W H Thomas, J J Marcus, S M Yates, Wm. Reynolds, W A Sims, M A Bates, Thomas Roberts, J L Waldrop, John Runnels, John Robinson, Mart Gore, K R Burnett, W C Dickerson, W D Horsley, J E Cobb, W M Wood, J N Askins, H C Bearden, A L Collins, D Z Merchant, LaFayett Ingram, G T Mims, W A Green, J E Champion, W E Vinsant, W W Rutherford, J W Baker.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Robert Wilson, Deceased } Probate Court Chilton County.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Robert Wilson, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of August, 1896, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court for Chilton county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. M. WILSON,
Adm. Est. of Robert Wilson, Dec'd.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,526.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
November 2, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given, that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1896, viz.: Monroe Stewart, Homestead entry, No. 24,149, for the nw¼ of nw¼ section 12 tp 22 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz.: Jake Hayes, of Thorsby, Ala., Anthony Latham, of Thorsby, Ala., Luke Latham, of Jemison, Ala., Robert Hicks, of Thorsby, Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	[illegible]
New York World (3 papers every week)	[illegible]
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	[illegible]
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	[illegible]
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	[illegible]
Silver Knight National Watchman	[illegible]

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	[illegible]
Birmingham State-Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise. Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

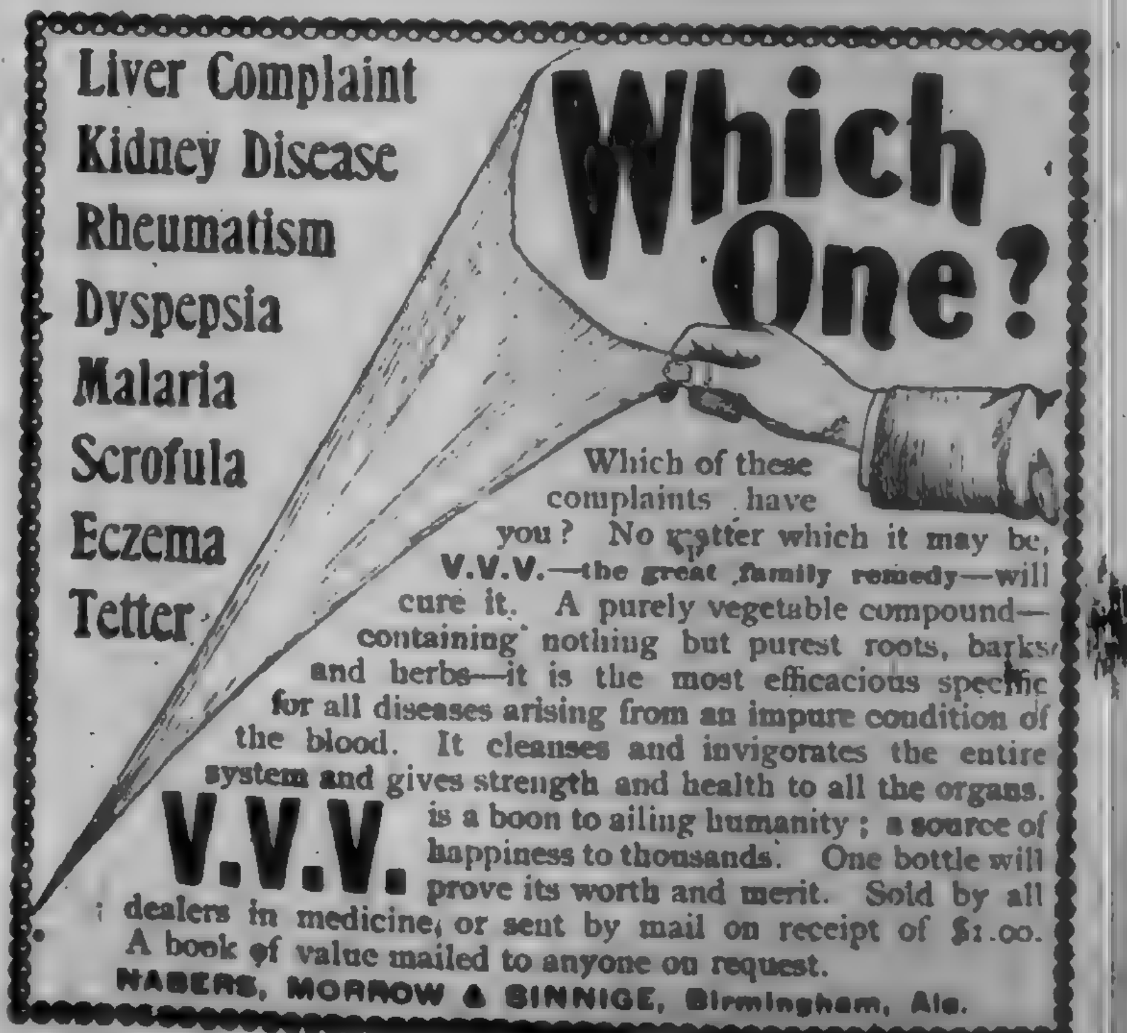
for many pears with Pollack & Co.

Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats
To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA



Liver Complaint
Kidney Disease
Rheumatism
Dyspepsia
Malaria
Scrofula
Eczema
Tetter

Which One?

Which of these complaints have you? No matter which it may be, V.V.V.—the great family remedy—will cure it. A purely vegetable compound—containing nothing but purest roots, barks and herbs—it is the most efficacious specific for all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood. It cleanses and invigorates the entire system and gives strength and health to all the organs. V.V.V. is a boon to ailing humanity; a source of happiness to thousands. One bottle will prove its worth and merit. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6¼ cents.

Bales received to-date:

Sampey	1400
Mullins	698
Wilson	293
	2391

BRICK FOR SALE. I have 75,000 brick for sale at a low price, on the Lomax Road one and a half miles north of Clanton. Will exchange for corn or cotton seed at market price.

F. R. WOODYARD.

W. W. Moore the Painter is still in Clanton Any one wanting work done can leave word at Mr. Sampey's.

When you need clothing, furnishing goods, etc., you cannot do better than give G. P. Haardt, 4 & 6 Montgomery street (under the Exchange hotel) Montgomery a trial. He has some splendid goods at low prices.

Dr. G. W. Shackelford, Dentist, will be in Clanton for one week only, commencing Monday Nov. 20. He extracts teeth positively without pain. Any one wishing the services of a good dentist will do well to call on him at Duke House. Prices for gold and amalgam fillings reasonable. All work first class and warranted.

Mr. J. M, Ward, of Haleysville, Ala., is visiting relatives here this week.

Dr. W. E. Stewart went to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. W. H. Taylor made a trip to Birmingham on business last Friday.

Hon. L. H. Reynolds passed through Clanton last Monday morning on his way to Montgomery to attend to his duties in the Legislature.

Judge Honeycutt is entertaining at his home this week his aged mother from Clear Creek, and his two sisters, Mrs. Z. H. Crim, of Henderson Texas, and Mrs B. B. Haigewood, of Big Sandy, Texas. Another sister, Mrs. Tempey Glass, of Clear Creek, was also included in this family reunion. It is ten years since the Judge and his relatives have had the pleasure of being together.

Miss Mary Anderson, of Springfield, Tenn., who has been spending several weeks with Capt. Middleton's family, left last Thursday for Brooksville, Fla.

Mr. J. A. Culp went to Montgomery this morning.

Mr. W. H. Foshee made a trip to Birmingham yesterday.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Dr. W. E. Stewart made a trip to Birmingham Monday.

Dr. J. S. Johnson Jr. is on a business trip to Birmingham.

Dr. A. J. Massey, the well known Dentist, will be at the Duke House, Clanton, during the first week of Fall court to extract teeth by the painless process. Come promptly. All classes of fine Dentistry done.

A Sunday-school Convention

For Chilton county, will be held at Verbena on Sunday, Nov. 15th. All Sunday-schools in the county, without regard to denominational lines, are earnestly requested to send delegates to said convention.

H. W. CALLAN.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. John Roberts and Miss Jennie Mahan; Mr. J. T. Rockett and Miss Isabella Clark; Mr. Wm Manuel Rasberry and Miss Rosie Belle Barrett; Mr. E. J. Weldon and Miss Ella L. Dunavan.

Mr. John McCullough, who is filling the position of yard foreman in the L. & N. yards at Birmingham, was visiting old friends here Monday.

Mr W. L. Sampey is considering the erection of a two-story brick building on the site of his present store house

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Roley Latham, deceased. Probate Court, Chilton county, Alabama.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of November, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, in said State, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

J. H. [illegible],
Administrator.

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does

HEART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient becomes alarmed and a nervous panic takes place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Wineinger, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes: "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpitation, pain in my left side, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and, before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects, I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the General Assembly of Alabama at its next session, for the passage of an Act empowering Alfred Popwell of Chilton County, Alabama, to sell and convey the interest in lands in Chilton County, Alabama, of the heirs of John Popwell deceased, in the estate of Reuben Popwell and Benjamin Popwell, both deceased.

ALFRED POPWELL.

Clanton, Ala., November 5, 1896.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jesse S. Martin, Sr., deceased Probate Court, Chilton County Ala.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 27th day of October, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

R. H. Martin, Administrator,
By his attorneys Adams & Martin.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for Talladega county, Alabama, rendered on to-wit the 3rd day of October, 1895, and in accordance with the terms thereof, I, James Crook, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Edward Gantt, deceased, will sell at public outcry, for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 9th day of December, 1896, within the legal hours of sale in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, the following described property in Chilton county, Alabama, to-wit: se¼ of nw¼ sec 3 and w½ of sec 6 all in t 21 r 14; ne¼ and n½ of sw¼ sec 10 and n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw1-4 and nw1-4 of se1-4 sec 12 all in t 22 r 14, w½ of nw1-4, se1-4 of nw1-4 and se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 33, and se1-4 of se1-4 sec 29 all in t 22 r 14 and nw1-4 of se1-4 and sw1-4 of sw1-4 sec 32, t 21 r 15.

JAMES CROOK,
Admr, etc, of the estate of Edward Gantt, Dec'd.
This 23 day of October, 1896

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY,

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his period of visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation. Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment, be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO.

VINCENNES, IND. or 324 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

Send your name for a Souvenir of the Works of Eugene Field,

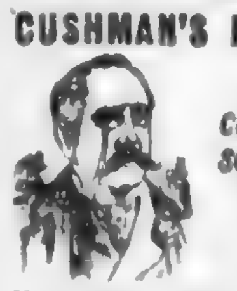
FIELD FLOWERS

The Eugene Field Monument Souvenir

The most beautiful Art Production of the century. "A small bunch of the most fragrant of blossoms gathered from the broad acres of Eugene Field's Farm of Love." Contains a selection of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Handsomely illustrated by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists as their contribution to the Monument Fund. But for the noble contributions of the great artists this book could not have been manufactured for $7.00. For sale at book stores, or sent prepaid on receipt of $1.10. The love offering to the Child's Poet Laureate, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the Monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet

Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund,
180 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD
PRESCRIBES
CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER
— FOR —



DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or

Any Head or Throat Trouble.

Dr. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathing, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE CURES IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when Cushman's Inhaler will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No clubbing or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in [illegible] the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. M. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is perhaps most destructive to the life of the Influenza bacillus."

SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Besley Thorne, in communication to the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's [illegible] that Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the [illegible] has passed off."

"I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend used me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I used it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON,
[illegible], N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried.

H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

THE PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville Ky.

We Employ Young Men

to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.,

DEAR SIRS: My Acme Light Roadster arrived yesterday morning and not only myself, but everyone that has seen it pronounces it a strictly first-class wheel and a beauty. I am very well pleased with the same, and will do all I can to get a great many more to buy your wheel.

Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists

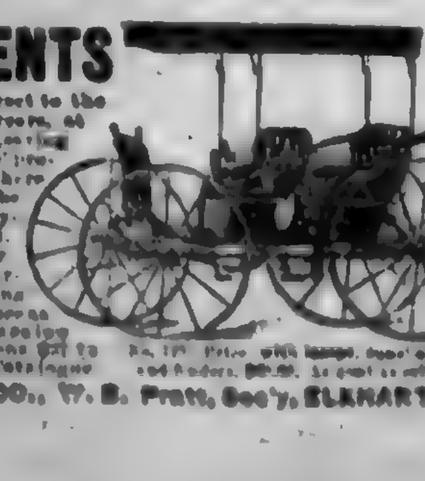
Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

No. 1[illegible] Surrey Harness. Price $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

but have sold direct to the consumer for [illegible] years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profit. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. [illegible] styles of Carriages, [illegible] styles of Harness. [illegible] Spring Wagons [illegible] Send for large free Catalogue.



No. 1[illegible] Price with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

COMING! COMING!

WATCH AND WAIT FOR THE DATE

HALL & MACFLINN'S

EQUINE AND CANINE CARNIVAL AND ROYAL ROMAN HIPPODROME

COMBINED WITH

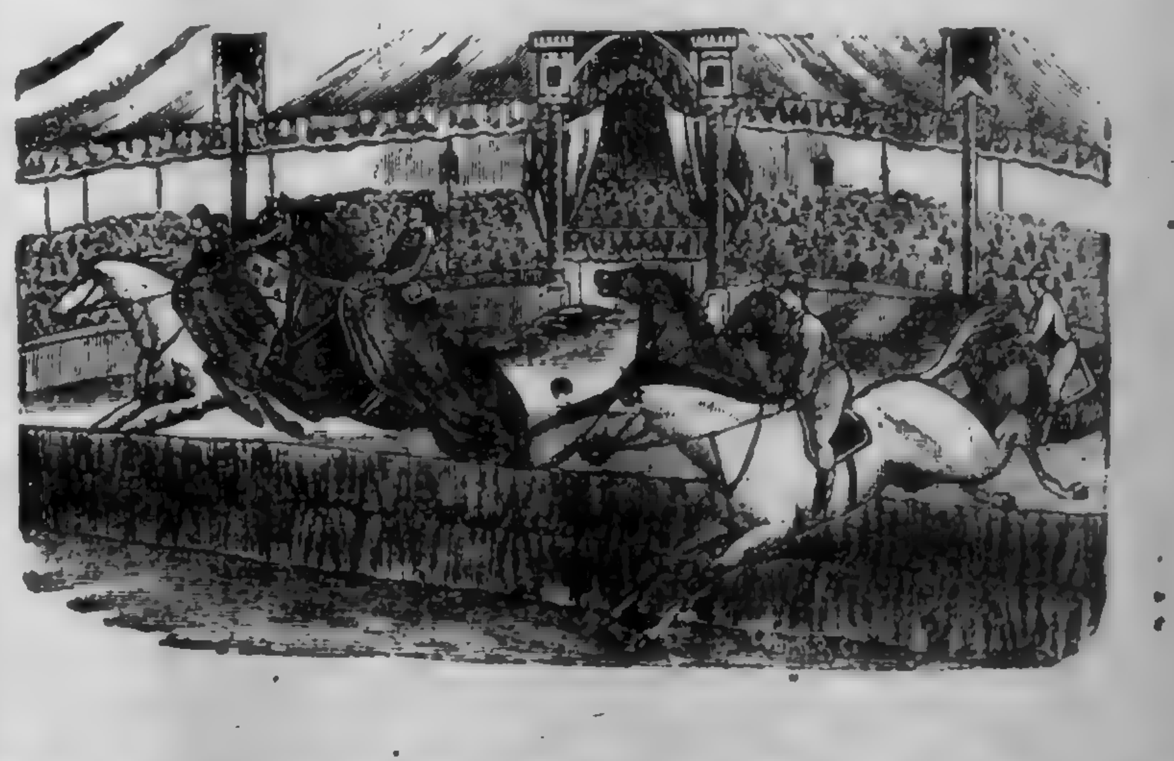
PROFESSOR HERR HAGENBECKES

TRAINED · ANIMAL · EXPOSITION

WILL EXHIBIT AT

Clanton, Friday, Nov. 20,

FOR ONE DAY ONLY



TWO ✿ BIG ✿ SHOWS ✿ IN ✿ ONE

A TRULY MORAL SHOW HONESTLY CONDUCTED

We allow no Gambling or Games of Chance

WE Advertise what we have and Show what WE Advertise

WE HAVE MORE ANIMALS
WE HAVE MORE SHETLAND PONIES
WE HAVE MORE AND BETTER HORSES
WE HAVE MORE FEATURES
THAN ANY SHOW TRAVELING

SEE our Performing Elephants

SEE our $10,000 Gorilla--only one in America

SEE our Troop Performing Monkeys

SEE our Huge Den Performing Lions

SEE our Wonderful Water Elephant

SEE the Best Ring Performance you ever saw in your life

COME in Town early and see our Grand Street Pageant--Rain or Shine

SPECIAL FEATURE

PROFESSOR CHESTER BALDWIN, THE CELEBRATED ILLINOIS AERONAUT

Will give a Grand Balloon Ascension 5000 feet to the Clouds and a Parachute leap Will Positively take place

REMEMBER THE DAY AND DATE

Jamison	**Thursday**	**November 19**
Clanton	**Friday**	**November 20**
Verbena	**Saturday**	**November 21**

How to Speak of Birds.

The correct names of the assemblages of birds are as follows: A covey of partridges; a aye, side or nest of pheasants; a beard of swans; an exalting of larks; a watching of nightingales; a team of ducks; a muster of peacocks; a bevy of quails; a flight of doves, a flock of gargle of geese; a spring of teals; a fall of woodcocks; a pack of grouse; a sedge of herons; a shoal of rocks; a trip of widgeon; a wisp or walk of snipe.

We make to-morrow harder by assuming useless obligations to-day that must be met to-morrow.

A man's moral character cannot be really elevated by external force. People may awaken and inspire and help each other by their interest, sympathy, advice and influence; but, if the character is to be built up into fair and beautiful proportions, it must be by the personal force of the individual himself.

"At this point she broke down and wept scalding tears." "Dear me! She must have been boiling over with rage."

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and sold by all druggists.

It is said that there is ground for a belief that James Monroe did not die of poverty, as often stated.

Among Our Exchanges.

[Bessemer Weekly.]

There is probably not a more highly educated physician in this section than Dr. O. T. Dozier. He is a specialist of many years' experience and successful practice. He is noted for his thorough mastery of the details and intricacies of his profession, and for unusual scientific attainments.

[Sunday Morning Star.]

Dr. Dozier's success has been simply marvelous and has elicited the most enthusiastic words of praise and gratitude from the dispensary's many patrons from all over the state.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

$100 Reward. $100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Are You Satisfied With What You Know,

Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have $8 or $10 you can spare for a 10-volume encyclopedia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred-page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopedia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopedia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts collated in this book.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under absolute guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

In 1848 President Polk offered Spain a million dollars for the island of Cuba, which offer was refused.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap costs more to make than any other floating soap made, but the consumers have to pay no more for it. It is 100 per cent. pure and made of Borax. You know what that means. Order of your grocer.

In Russia servants kiss their mistress's hand both in morning and evening greetings.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ills., Oct. 1, 1894.

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If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

One

Fact is worth a column of rhetoric. It is a fact established by the testimony of thousands, that Hood's Sarsaparilla does cure scrofula, salt rheum, catarrh, and other diseases and affections arising from impure state or low condition of the blood. It also overcomes that tired feeling, creates a good appetite and gives strength to every part of the system. Get only

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The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

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Dr. Salmon's Medicines are guaranteed to cure [illegible] or money refunded. If your dealer cannot supply you send 25 cents for large sample package and Farmer's hand book of information. VETERINARY MEDICINE CO., Nashville, Tenn.

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12 c. pay for your name in our Public Directory and gets you a Handy Dictionary of 31,000 words all worth $10 to you. South Pub. Co., Roanoke, Va.

Am. N.U. No. 46. 1896.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS.

THREE ANGELS.

Three Angels share the lot of human
 strife,
Three Angels glorify the path of life.
Love, Hope and Patience cheer us on
 our way;
Love, Hope and Patience form our
 spirit's stay;
Love, Hope and Patience watch us day
 by day,
And bid the desert bloom with beauty
 vernal,
Until the earthly fades in the eternal.

SISTERS.

Cawnpore, Sept. 13, 180—.

"Dear Miss Barton—May I venture to hope that you have not quite forgotten the friendship which made last summer—to me at least—so exceedingly pleasant? It is with the thought of your kindness still fresh in my memory that I dare to ask that question which has been growing more and more important to my mind ever since I left home. Will you be my wife? I feel I am asking much of you, but, indeed, I ask in all humility, knowing I have nothing to offer in exchange but a most sincere affection and a great desire to make you happy, and if I can in any degree succeed in that I shall be always yours most gratefully.

"DANIEL MERTON."

Upford Rectory, Norfolk,
Sept. 30, 180—.

"Dear Major Merton—I was very much surprised by your letter, as it had never struck me that you looked upon me as anything but a friend. But I, too, have pleasant memories of the summer, and I feel that I should be contented as your wife, however deeply I might miss my dear home and all the sad and happy associations with which this place is connected, and which must always make it dearer to me than any other in the world. My father has written to you, I know, so I need say no more. I am yours very sincerely,

"CONSTANCE BARTON."

"Mother," said Constance, a few days after writing this letter, "I cannot do it."

"But, my dearest, you must! You know it is only a week to the day you start, and your passage is taken, and all; and your trousseau has gone, and it is really quite easy; and Colonel and Mrs. Gore will look after you, and——"

"What is the good of talking, mother? You know I would travel anywhere; it is the thought of meeting him at the end!"

"Yes, dear," sighed Mrs. Barton. "I quite understand; but you won't mind in a little while. It will soon wear off."

"But it will not! How often must I tell you that this is no sudden freak? I have thought about it for weeks and weeks."

"Why did you not tell me, then?" said the mother, reproachfully.

"Because I could not be certain what I could endure. Yes"—answering a startled look in her hearer's face—"endure. I meant to marry him without loving him; it seemed quite easy, but—last night I found——"

"My dear Constance, go on! What could have influenced you last night?"

"We were coming home from choir practice, and the sun was setting just as we got to the top of the hill—and I stopped at the gate into the first field and watched the sun go down behind the fir trees and the mists come over the fields—and—I found I could not leave it."

"What! Leave what?"

"That gate, mother! No, you cannot understand it; you never would—so just try and forgive me, if you can."

"Constance, surely you cannot be thinking—After all these years!"

"No, mother; I never think, as you say, after all these years. The present is quite enough to think about, and—do you understand? I will not go out to India! I will not marry Major Merton, and so—will you tell my father, or shall I?"

"I will!"

Mrs. Barton went down the stairs with a heavy heart, and on reaching her husband's study sank into the first chair and sighed.

"Constance refuses to marry Major Merton!"

The rector gasped, but before he could say a word an indignant girlish voice broke in from the other end of the room.

"It is a shame! How dare she?"

"Are you there, Maud?" said Mrs. Barton. "Never mind; I should have had to tell you. I think it is a great pity."

"A pity! (scornfully). It is disgraceful. And how—how will he bear it? To have his love treated like that. She took it as though it were her right, and now she flings it away without thinking of his heart—breaking——" and something very like a sob sounded through the room.

"Don't be silly, Maud!" said her mother, in the tone which betrays how familiar is the sentence, and Maud had heard it all her life in response to her most enthusiastic ideas, as well as to her daily chatter, so its effect was small.

Her father and mother began to consider the position. Major Merton expecting a bride; their friends, Colonel and Mrs. Gore, waiting to escort Constance to Bombay and be present at the wedding; and, most important to the female mind, the trousseau, which was already on its way to Brindisi. What was to be done?

"Wire to Major Merton," suggested the rector. "'No. Constance;' or 'Constance refuses.'"

"No," said Mrs. Barton, decidedly, "the Gores must take our letters, and when he sees them alone on the steamer half the force of the blow will be broken; he will see something is wrong and that will be much better than a telegram."

"Yes," said Maud, "because he will not have to wait a fortnight for the explanation."

"Of course," said Mrs. Barton, pitifully, "though that had not struck me. And, by-the-bye, Maud, this will put an end to your Indian trip," and her mother looked bewildered.

"Why?" said Maud, quickly, and the sharp tones of her voice reduced the confused objections surging in her parents' minds into a feeble "It would not do." But through the long argument that followed, they found her imperious "Why not?" so difficult to answer, that she left them in the end saying wonderingly to each other, "And why not?"

The Ganges was steaming into Bombay harbor early one December morning. The passengers, most of them returning from leave, stood on deck watching for Malabar Hill and other familiar landmarks, full of the excitement of a return to that land which however they might call England "home," held most of their life's interests.

Colonel and Mrs. Gore were there, looking rather distracted as they thought of the unpleasant task which lay before them. Maud had disappeared below on some excuse, somewhat to their relief; they felt the sight of the offending bride's sister would not be likely to soothe matters with the forsaken bridegroom.

Maud, in an agony of suspense and half-shamed disgust with herself, was looking with misty eyes out of one of the portholes, when she heard a hasty step behind her, and before she had time to wonder who it was a voice she knew was saying in eager tones:

"Constance! How glad I am!"—She turned and faced—Major Merton. He looked disconcerted for a minute, and then went on: "I beg your pardon, Miss—er—Maud, I suppose I may say, but your figures are so much alike; and where is Constance?"

Poor Maud saw that all her strategems had been useless. She, of all people, had to tell him the bitter truth; she who all the voyage had pictured him having brain fever, ending probably in madness, when he learned how Constance had treated him. She was very young!

She hung her head like a naughty schoolgirl, feeling intolerably guilty, but something must be said, and gathering all her courage together she began:

"I cannot tell you how sorry I am. I am ashamed of Constance," and as Major Merton smiled in utter misconception of her meaning—"yes, ashamed that she is my sister, for, oh, Major Merton!—she is not—she won't—marry you!"

And all her composure fled before the sternness which gathered in his eyes, and, like a little coward, she began to cry. For a few minutes there was a dead silence, broken only by the sound of her sobs, and then a strong sunburned hand was laid on hers, and a very kindly voice said:

"My dear child, why should you cry? It is not your fault, you would not—have not done this thing, and really"—as this did not seem to have any effect—"it is much better that your sister should have found out her feelings, even, as it seems to me, rather late in the day."

"But it is shameful," sobbed Maud; "you will despise us all. It is so cool of her, you know."

Major Merton almost smiled.

"I could not despise her, and as for you—how could I despise you? I think you are sorry for me, and if those tears are for my pain, I cannot have another one. We all have disappointments sometimes, and I hope I know how to bear one."

Maud looked up through her tears again and wondered how Constance could have done this thing. She had never thought that he would bear it as he had; in her own mind she had expected him to stagger—turn white—and perhaps groan a little. She had always heard that a man's tears were so terrible to witness! Secretly, she felt a trifle disappointed when she thought over the scene which she had so often imagined.

However, there was no time for more to be said, for the Gores arrived in the saloon, half vexed and half relieved to gather from the looks of the pair before them that the dreaded disclosure was over, and that nothing remained for them to do but deliver the letters with which they had been intrusted, and let Major Merton depart as quickly as possible.

Mrs. Gore and Maud had been schoolfellows and were great friends, so that the latter found life a very pleasant thing in the gay little cantonment where the regiment which Colonel Gore commanded was stationed.

In April Mrs. Gore and Maud betook themselves to Naini Tal.

Colonel Gore came up in July, and his wife and Maud rode down as far as the Brewery to meet him. They arrived early at the meeting place, and walking on through the gorge, settled themselves near a bowlder covered with waving ferns, over which the water dripped, from whence they could see a bit of the road up which Colonel Gore must pass. Mrs. Gore was the first to catch sight of the traveller for whom they waited.

"Oh, Maud!" she cried, "what a bother! He is not alone. How like Ben to pick up some one, when he might know that I am dying to tell him everything as we ride up."

Mrs. Gore's astonishment knew no bounds when she found that the stranger was Major Merton, but Maud was silent until he asked her pointblank whether she had recognized him on the road, and then she answered very quietly:

"I thought it looked like you."

Mrs. Gore chattered away to Ben all the way home, but the pair behind was rather silent. Major Merton's recollections of Maud were very hazy, but he had imagined her to be a young woman of decided opinions, and one whose voice was heard more frequently than Constance's in the Norfolk Rectory, and he glanced at her from time to time, wondering at the change, little thinking that she was still oppressed by the thought of his sufferings, which, truth to tell, he had almost forgotten, having soon realised that he was just as happy without the bride who had so coolly deserted him.

As they passed through the bazaar and saw the first shimmer of the waters of the lake and faced the circle of the hills which surround it, he turned and asked her the inevitable question:

"How do you like Naini?"

And she, looking up at him for the first time, showed her dark eyes positively radiant with some hidden light and answered as though to a question in the Catechism—solemnly and earnestly:

"I think it is the most beautiful place in the whole world, Major Merton."

That night Mrs. Gore was silent for five whole minutes when alone with Ben, and then broke into such an infectious peal of laughter that he joined in it begging to know what it was all about.

"Oh," said she, "it struck me as being so funny! I believe we brought out Major Merton's bride, after all."

"What on earth do you mean?" said Colonel Gore.

"Why, Maud is such a sentimental child that I fancy the idea of Major Merton's broken heart, which, of course, was all nonsense, made her more than half in love with him herself, while, as for Major Merton, you know if a man wants to get married he will not give it up because one girl refuses him; he will go on till he finds one who will wed, so there will be no difficulty about him——"

"My dear child, stop! You have absolutely nothing to go upon, and I cannot have you matchmaking for Maud."

"I am not matchmaking!" (indignantly.) "I would not do anything so horrid. But you see how delightful it would be, and you know the regiment is in orders for Lucknow, and Major Merton's battery is at Cawnpore, so I should be able to see a lot of Maud when she was married, and——"

"You had much better go to bed. Merton is not likely to contemplate marriage for a long time after such a nasty hit."

"How little you know about men!" sighed the sage of twenty-four, and Colonel Gore subsided into silence with a chuckle of delight.

Mrs. Gore behaved very well. Even Ben, who kept a sharp lookout upon her, admitted that. She was friendly with Major Merton, certainly, but not ostentatiously so. She invited him to dinner about once a week, and to every picnic that she gave; but so she did Charlie Manners, the young R. A. who was Maud's friend, and whose devotion was so open that she could hardly help laughing over it to Major Merton in private.

And Maud, much older for her seven months' Indian experience, gave up pitying Major Merton, put the thought of Constance's misdeed away, and enjoyed the happiest weeks of her whole life, in that delightful state of mind, known once and once only, when a girl forgets the past and the future and feels that the present is very good.

Sept. 13.

"Maud—I go down to-morrow, and though I tried to speak to you last night I never had the opportunity, for when I had I was too miserably uncertain of what your answer would be to dare to risk all upon a question. But now I cannot leave you without getting one word of hope. You know—I need not tell you that—that I love you. You must have seen, ever since the day you met me half way down the hill, that you are dearer to me than any one else in the whole world; that I am content just to be with you; no, that is not true, for I want you for my own, all your dear self. Can you do it? How can I ask it, and whatever it may be you will know that I am yours and yours only."

Tuesday morning.

"One word will not do. Yes—and—Yes—and Yes—and that means I love you, and that means everything! Do you know that I am so glad you wrote? Can you guess why? Well, I read your letter to Constance, and I wanted to know whether you could write differently, and I see that you can! I shall see you to-night, and I will not think of to-morrow's goodby.

"MAUD."

No Two Men Alike.

The professor who would aim at shaping the character of all his students according to one uniform ideal standard would be attempting the impossible, because he would be striving to do what is at variance with the laws of nature and of nature's God. In all the Creator's works there is charming variety. There are no two stars in the firmament equal in magnitude and splendor, "for star differeth from star in glory"; there are no two leaves of the forest alike, no two grains of sand no two human faces. Neither can there be two men absolutely identical in mental capacity or moral disposition. One may excel in solid judgment, another in tenacity of memory and a third in brilliancy of imagination. One is naturally grave and solemn, another is gay and vivacious. One is of a phlegmatic, another of a sanguine temperament. One is constitutionally shy, timid and reserved, another is bold and demonstrative. One is taciturn; another has his heart in his mouth. The teacher should take his pupils as God made them, and aid them in bringing out the hidden powers of their soul. If he tries to adopt the levelling process by casting all in the same mould, his pupils will become forced and unnatural in their movements; they will lose heart, their spirit will be broken, their manhood crippled and impaired.—North American Review.

An Unfailing Sign of Longevity.

Starting from the base of the big toe there is a distinct line. That is the life line. In one foot it will curve along until it terminates under the instep far toward the lower base of the little toe. This means long life. If broken in the hollow of the foot it denotes a sickness at middle age, and if it terminates in the hollow of the foot it means a short life. This line is the most interesting one on the foot. The experiments that have been conducted lately have proven this to be an almost unfailing reading of longevity.

What is known as the Carver claim to the site of the city of St. Paul and part of Minneapolis is to be revived. Congress refused to recognise the claim in 1848, and in 1861 the original documents, purporting to cede the land from the Indians to Captain Jonathan Carver, were destroyed when the State Capitol was burned.

THE JOKER'S BUDGET.

JESTS AND YARNS BY FUNNY MEN OF THE PRESS.

Analytical—Blessed Reassurance—The Modern View—A Matter of Taste—No Use—Available Either Way—They Knew Her—Etc., Etc.

ANALYTICAL.

"What does Slyker think about this silver question?"

"There's no telling. All we know is what he says."

BLESSED REASSURANCE.

Mr. Frost—"I must turn you away. I have no work for you."

Rugged Strong—"Bless yer, sir; bless yer."

THE MODERN VIEW.

Mamma—Why were the five virgins whose lamps lacked oil called foolish?

Tommy—Maybe they had their bikes with 'em.

DEFINED.

"What is an accommodation train, papa?"

"An accommodation train, my son, is one that stops at every station that you don't want to get off at."

BAD RESULTS.

"Binks is a sort of photographic lover, isn't he?"

"Photographic? What do you mean?"

"Why, he's always bringing out negatives."

A MATTER OF TASTE.

Customer—You are using a different kind of soap from what you were, aren't you?

Barber—What makes you think so?

"It doesn't taste the same."

FAIR ENOUGH.

His Fiancee—Are you sure you would love me just as tenderly if our conditions were reversed—if you were rich and I were poor?

He—Reverse our conditions and try me.

LONG DRAWN OUT.

"How did you feel when Charlie was proposing?"

"I felt sure I'd say yes if he ever got through."

HIS OCCUPATION.

"What are you doing down there so long?" shouted the proprietor to Rastus

"Helpin' 'Lias, sah."

"What's 'Lias doing?"

"Nuthin."

LEFT IT TO HIM.

Jones—Hello, Smith! Got home again?

Smith—I suppose so. I don't look as if I was out of town, do I?

AT THE INQUEST.

Coroner—Is this man whom you found dead on the railroad track a total stranger?

Witness (who had been told by the company to be careful in his statements)—No, sor. His leg was gone intoirely. He was a partial stranger.

THEY KNEW HER.

Mabel—How many engagement rings did you bring back from the seashore?

Gertrude—None.

Mabel—Why, how did that happen?

Gertrude—Unluckily I got in with the same crowd that I met last year.

AVAILABLE EITHER WAY.

Helen—He is extremely reticent about his family.

Her Brother—Hum—must be a good man of bad family or a bad man of good family. You had best encourage him.

NO USE.

The conversation dragged.

"You are worth your weight in gold," he ventured to observe to the girl he so madly loved.

"Excuse me," she replied, freezingly, "but I detest politics."

Again the conversation dragged.

AWKWARD, YOU KNOW.

Flossie—Do you remember whether Tom's engagement ring had five diamonds?

Cissy—No. why?

Flossie—Because I've lost a ring in the water, and don't know whether it was Jack's or his.

COULDN'T RESIST.

Old Boy—I pride myself on keeping myself to myself. For instance, I did not speak to my next door neighbor for ten years.

Son—How did you come to speak to him first?

Old Boy—He brought home a new bicycle, and I couldn't resist giving him some hints how to ride it.

EXPLICIT.

"Patrick, I was sorry to hear that you were arrested last week. What was the charge against you?"

"Sivin dollars an' costs sir."

"I mean, what were you charged with when they brought you before the Justice?"

"Apple brandy, sor."

HARD TO TELL.

Little May—Why do they consider marriage such an important step in life?

Agatha—Because it's so hard to tell whether it's a step up or down.

An Electrical Aerial Torpedo.

Mr. H. G. Rich, electrical engineer, has invented an instrument of warfare which he calls an "aerial torpedo," designed to be used in the siege of cities, or to scatter large bodies of troops while at rest. The torpedo consists of a small-sized gas-filled balloon, capable of sustaining for any length of time from thirty to forty pounds at an elevation of from 500 to 1,000 feet above the earth. Inside of the lower or small end of the balloon is placed a metal cylinder, which contains an electrical device, the purpose of which is to ignite the gas in the balloon at any stated period. When this is done the balloon, of course, is destroyed, and the basket falls to the earth with great rapidity. Underneath the balloon is suspended a case or basket containing high explosives, similar to dynamite, which explodes with terrific force when striking a hard substance like the earth or walled embankments. The gas is carried in metal cylinders, enough being compressed in one cylinder to inflate a considerable number of balloons.

GOV. TAYLOR'S PLURAILTY.

Finally Figured Out to Be Something Over Eight Thousand.

Governor Taylor's plurality in Tennessee, based on unofficial but complete returns from eighty-five counties and estimates from the remaining eleven is 8,604. It is now blieved tha there will be but little change from these figures. The counties upon which estimates are made are Grainger, Hancock, Hardin, Lauderdale, Lewis, Meigs, Polk, Rhea, Scott Sequachee and Unicoi. Governor Taylor's total vote in eighty-five counties is 145,241, against 138,872 for Tillman.

A Cougher's Coffers

may not be so full as he wishes, but if he is wise he will neglect his coffers awhile and attend to his cough. A man's coffers may be so secure that no one can take them away from him. But a little cough has taken many a man away from his coffers. The "slight cough" is somewhat like the small pebble that lies on the mountain side, and appears utterly insignificant. A fluttering bird, perhaps, starts the pebble rolling, and the rolling pebble begets an avalanche that buries a town. Many fatal diseases begin with a slight cough. But any cough, taken in time, can be cured by the use of

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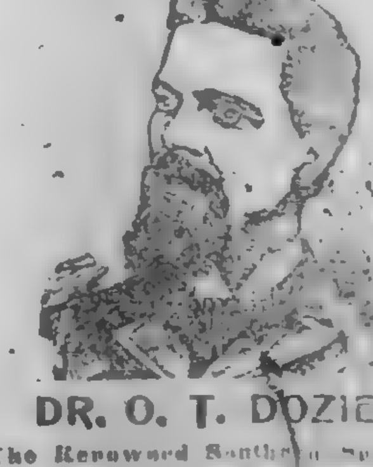

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(Atlanta Constitution.)

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(Daily News, Birmingham.)

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(Alabama Christian Advocate.)

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1896. NO. 4.

ALL dollars are flat.

THERE are no 50 cent dollars.

IT WAS a wild rush for the hog trough.

NOTHING is settled until it is settled right.

NOW let the agitation for a paper currency go on.

IT IS funny how easily men can believe what they want to believe.

THE principal trouble with fusion seems to be that it failed to fuse.

OF COURSE everybody is expected to explain just how it happened.

A MAN who is opposed to direct legislation is opposed to the people's rule.

AN overproduction of fools seems the greatest drawback to human happiness.

THE gold standard don't hit you; it just crawls on top of you and holds you down.

A PAPER currency based on taxes would be the most perfect that could be issued.

DIRECT legislation is the only hope of the republic. Keep up the agitation.

A CORRECT diagnosis of the case can be stated in three words: "Too much fusion."

IT SEEMS that the people have not yet forgotten their experience with the Democratic party.

IF THE dollar is to have 100 cents commercial value of material in it why make it legal tender?

NEITHER of the old parties will ever enact the measures of reform needed by the people.

IT IS safe to say that many of those foolish wheelbarrow riding bets are not worth 50-cents on the dollar.

WHEN the "smoke of battle clears away," the middle-of-the-road Populist will be a very respectable person.

THERE is a large lot of ante-election predictions that were once quite interesting, but are now very stale.

IT WAS not the [illegible] standard that the people wanted, but the Democratic party that they did not want.

THE preachers who want the gold standard would have danced like wild dervishes around Aaron's golden calf.

AS A rule what Great Britain wants us to have we should avoid, therefore we should repudiate the gold standard.

IF THE "advance agent" redeems the pledges of his party we may look for old prosperity around within the next year.

THE recent election only proves that the Democratic party having been tried and found wanting the people no longer trust it.

AS A rule bankers are tax-dodgers and their talk about national honor and "sound money," is all sound and not more than skin deep.

IT IS no dishonor for the law to confiscate a deadly weapon; it is therefore no violation of the "rights of property" to wipe out the gold standard.

IT IS one of the funny phases of politics that the place hunter always regards patriotism and his own advancement as one and the same thing.

THE recent election returns only show that the people will not trust the Democratic party to deliver them from the thralldom of industrial slavery.

THE most important lesson of this campaign is, that the best way to unite is not to divide. The men who first agitated the fusion methods are responsible for the division in the People's party.

IF THE government credit is good for a bond that draws interest why is it not for a paper dollar that draws no interest? The people say it is, but Shylock says not. Are you on the side of Shylock?

GOVERNMENT banks and government loans would furnish a circulating medium, "safe, sound and flexible," that would abundantly fill all the requirements of trade without the recurrence of panics.

NOW that McKinley and sound money has won the business men and those who have money might turn "confidence" loose and let him roam around even before the Major "takes his pen in hand" to indite his inaugural address.

DISHONEST and tyrannical methods in running conventions may be expected of the old parties, but when a reform party claiming to be actuated by principle and patriotism resorts to such methods it can only result in defeat and disgrace.

THE fact that the price of wheat has gone up is no argument in favor of the gold standard. The crop in India and Russia is short and the locusts devoured the Argentine harvest. It is not likely, however, that our foreign neighbors will always be so obliging—or the locusts either—and our gold standard friends should be very careful how they pile up argument on these little mishaps.

THE TALE IS TOLD.

THE ARGUMENT BETWEEN THE MASSES AND CLASSES.

The People Are the Law, the Courts and the Government—An Interesting Chapter from the Book—Volney's Ruins.

Whoever has read "Volney's Ruins" cannot have failed to find especial interest in the chapter entitled "The New Age." The Genius of tombs and ruins has shown him the empires of the past, the causes of their ruin and downfall and the influences which ever retard human progress and development; and, in view of these, he is lead to exclaim:

"Here, sunk in sorrow, my oppressed heart no longer found utterance. The Genius answered not, but I heard him whisper to himself:

"'Let us revive the hope of this man; for if he who loves his fellow creatures be suffered to despair, what will become of nations? The past is perhaps too discouraging; I must anticipate futurity, and disclose to the eye of virtue the astonishing age that is ready to begin; that, on viewing the object she desires, she may be animated with new ardor, and redouble her efforts to attain it.'"

Then follows the chapter upon "The New Age," in which the author is permitted to catch a glimpse of futurity. It is as follows:

"Scarcely had he finished these words, when a great tumult arose in the west, and turning to that quarter, I perceived, at the extremity of the Mediterranean, in one of the nations of Europe, a prodigious movement—such as when a violent sedition arises in a vast city—a numberless people, rushing in all directions, pour through the streets and fluctuate like waves in the public places. My ear, struck with the cries which resounded to the heavens, distinguished these words:

"'What is this new prodigy? What cruel and mysterious scourge is this? We are a numerous people and we want hands! We have an excellent soil, and we are in want of subsistence! We are active and laborious, and we live in indigence! We pay enormous tributes, and we are told they are not sufficient! We are at peace without, and our persons and property are not safe within. Who, then, is the secret enemy that devours us?'

"Some voices from the midst of the multitude replied:

"'Raise a discriminating standard; and let all those who maintain and nourish mankind by useful labors gather round it; and you will discover the enemy that preys upon you.'

"The standard being raised, this nation divided itself at once into two bodies of unequal magnitude and contrasted appearance. The one, innumerable, and almost total, exhibited in the poverty of its clothing, in its emaciated appearance and sun-burnt faces, the marks of misery and labor; the other, a little group, an insignificant faction, presented in its rich attire embroidered with gold and silver, and in its sleek and ruddy faces, the signs of leisure and abundance.

"Considering these men more attentively, I found that the great body was composed of farmers, artificers, merchants, all professions useful to society; and that the little group was made up of priests of every order, of financiers, of nobles, of men in livery, of commanders of armies; in a word, of the civil, military and religious agents of government.

These two bodies being assembled face to face, and regarding each other with astonishment, I saw indignation and rage arising in one side, and a sort of panic in the other. And the large body said to the little one: 'Why are you separated from us? Are you not of our number?'

"'No,' replied the group, 'you are the people; we are the privileged class, who have our laws, customs and rights peculiar to ourselves.'

"People.—'And what labor do you perform in our society?'

"Privileged class.—'None; we are not made to work.'

"People.—'How, then have you acquired these riches?'

"Privileged class.—'By taking the pains to govern you.'

"People. 'What! is this what you call governing? We toil and you enjoy! We produce and you dissipate! Wealth proceeds from us and you absorb it! Privileged men! class who are not of the people; form a nation apart, and govern yourselves.'

"Then the little group, deliberating on this new state of things, some of the most honorable among them said 'We must join the people and partake of their labors and burdens, for they are men like us, and our riches come from them;' but others arrogantly exclaimed: 'It would be a shame, an infamy, for us to mingle with the crowd; they are born to serve us. Are we not men of another race—the noble and pure descendants of the courageous of this empire? This multitude must be reminded of our rights and its own origin.'

"The nobles.—'People! know you not that our ancestors conquered this land, and that your race was spared only on condition of serving us? This is our social compact! this the government constituted by custom and prescribed by time.'

"People.—'O, conquerors, pure of blood! show us your genealogies! We shall see if what in an individual is robbery and plunder, can be virtuous in a nation.'

"And forthwith, voices were heard in every quarter calling out the nobles, by their names; and relating their origin and parentage; they told how the grandfather, great-grandfather, or even father, born traders and mechanics, after acquiring wealth in every way, had purchased their nobility for money; so that but very few families were really of the original stock. 'See,' said the voices, 'see these purse-proud commoners who deny their parents! see these plebeian recruits who look upon themselves as illustrious veterans!' and the peals of laughter were heard.

"And the civil governors said: 'These people are mild, and naturally servile; speak to them of the king and of the law, and they will return to duty. People! the king wills, the sovereign ordains!'

"People.—'The king can will nothing but the good of the people; the sovereign can only ordain according to law.'

"Civil governors.—'The law commands you to be submissive.'

"People.—'The law is the general will; and we will a new order of things.'

"Civil governors.—'You are then a rebel people.'

"People.—'A nation cannot revolt; tyrants only are rebels.'

"Civil governors.—'The king is on our side; he commands you to submit.'

"People.—'Kings are inseparable from their nations. Our king cannot be with you; you possess only his phantom.'

"And the military governors came forward. 'The people are timorous,' said they; 'we must threaten them; they will submit only to force. Soldiers, chastise this insolent multitude.'

"People.—'Soldiers, you are of our blood! Will you strike your brothers, your relatives? If the people perish who will nourish the army?'

"And the soldiers, grounding their arms, said to the chiefs: 'We are likewise the people; show us the enemy!'

"Then the ecclesiastical governors said: 'There is but one resource left. The people are superstitious; we must frighten them with the names of God and religion. Our dear brethren, our children! God has ordained us to govern you.'

"People.—'Show us your credentials from God!'

"Priests.—'You must have faith; reason leads astray.'

"People.—'Do you govern without reason?'

"Priests.—'God commands peace! Religion prescribes obedience.'

"People.—'Peace supposes justice. Obedience implies conviction of duty.'

"Priests.—'Suffering is the business of this world.'

"People.—'Show us the example.'

"Priests.—'Would you live without gods or kings?'

"People.—'We would live without oppressors.'

"Priests.—'You must have mediators, intercessors.'

"People.—'Mediators with God and with the king! courtiers and priests, your services are too expensive; we will henceforth manage our own affairs.'

"And the little group said: 'We are lost! the multitude are enlightened.'

"And the people answered: 'You are safe; since we are enlightened we will commit no violence; we only claim our rights. We feel resentments, but we will forget them. We were slaves, we might command; but we only wish to be free, and liberty is but justice.'"

In a footnote the author says:

"This dialogue between the people and the indolent classes, is applicable to every society; it contains the seeds of all the political vices and disorders that prevail, and which may be thus defined: Men who do nothing and who devour the substance of others, and men who arrogate to themselves particular rights and exclusive privileges of wealth and indolence."—The Advocate.

THE WILSON TARIFF.

Not the Cause of the Present Hard Times.

Those who claim that the present hard times are due to the operation of the Wilson tariff are recommended to study the following figures taken from the United States statistical abstract and treasury report for August, 1896:

Average total annual imports:

Tariff of '83.	McKinley bill.	Wilson bill.
$668,260,000	$830,190,000	$755,843,635

Average total dutiable imports:

Tariff of '83.	McKinley bill.	Wilson bill.
$443,340,090	$407,420,000	$389,333,539

Average total free imports:

Tariff of '83.	McKinley bill.	Wilson bill.
$224,915,000	$422,770,000	$366,510,096

Average total annual favorable balance of trade:

Tariff of '83.	McKinley bill.	Wilson bill.
$47,675,000	$74,567,000	$89,185,000

An analysis of these reports shows that under the McKinley law we had the largest volume of importations known in our history. The present much abused tariff law has brought about a materially larger favorable balance of trade than under either the McKinley law or the act of 1883.

Pay It Out.

Although Coxey's plan to issue money to build good roads, and thereby not only increase the volume of currency, but give employment to the idle, was ridiculed and scorned by congress, and Coxey himself put in jail ostensibly for carrying a banner a size larger than a Columbian postage stamp and fined for walking on the grass, it is not generally known that the road he traveled from Masillon, Ohio, to Washington was built by the national government and paid for out of national funds. The great national pike is an enduring monument of the idea which inspired Coxey and is in accord with that part of our platform. The improvement of the water ways is also exactly in line with this principle. There is nothing impractical, nothing unconstitutional, or nothing new and strange in this declaration.—Extract from speech of W. S. Morgan.

IF THE recent election returns don't kill the fusion snake it must possess greater vitality than the proverbial nine-lived cat.

FREE BALLOT AND FAIR COUNT

One of the Demands of the People's Party.

The People's party, at its National Convention at St. Louis, declared in favor of a free ballot and fair count in the following language:

"Believing that the elective franchise and an untrammeled ballot are essential to a government of, for, and by the people, the People's Party condemns the wholesale system of disfranchisement adopted in some of the States as unrepublican and undemocratic, and we declare it to be the duty of the several state legislatures, to take such action as will secure a full, free, and fair ballot and honest count."

With the Populists in most of the Southern States this question is one of supreme if not paramount importance.

If the pressing issues of the hour are to be settled in accordance with the spirit of the Declaration of Independence and the meaning of the Constitution, the people must be free to vote as they choose and have that vote counted as cast.

By a system of gerrymandering congressional districts in some states, and constitutional limitations and barefaced fraud in others, the great issue in these states is an untrammeled ballot. Without it no reform can be accomplished. Without it platforms, and declarations and demands amount to nothing. To the Populists of the South especially the importance of this issue is apparent. While they are agitating other questions no effort should be spared to secure to ever legal voter, not only the right to vote freely as he chooses, but the right to know that his vote will be counted as it is cast.

If the fear of negro domination ever was any excuse for tampering with the ballot box that day is past. Recent election returns prove that the negro to-day is with the party that most feared his domination, or that that party is guilty of the most flagrant frauds on the right of elective franchise that ever desgraced a civilized people. In either case the demand for a free ballot is no less urgent.

The cry should go up from one end of the land to the other for the rights of citizenship. The dark frauds which have been perpetrated on the right of elective franchise is a blot on our good name, a shame to our civilization. No party can any longer afford to condone or apologize for base election methods employed in many states in the South by the dominant party. If this question is pressed from now on as it should be, the party in power must either amend the laws and for its methods or the people will rise up and overthrow it. The right of free and untrammeled franchise is dearer to the American citizen than any other. Let a concerted effort be put forward from now on to secure that right, and in such manner that the demand dare not go unheeded.

WHAT WASHINGTON SAID.

Foreign Influence the Foe of Republican Government.

George Washington, in his farewell address, among other things said:

Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence, believe me, fellow citizens, the jealousy of a free people ought to be constantly awake, since history and experience prove that such influence is one of the most baneful foes of republican government. * * * The great rule of conduct for us in regard to foreign nations is to have with them as little political connection as possible. * * * Why forego the advantages of so peculiar a situation (as we possess)? Why quit our own to stand upon foreign ground? Why, by interweaving our destiny with that of any part of Europe, entangle our peace and prosperity in the toils of European ambition, rivalship, interest, humor or caprice? 'Tis true our policy is to steer clear of permanent alliances with any portion of the foreign world. * * * Constantly keeping in view that 'tis folly in one nation to look for disinterested favors from another; that it must pay with a portion of its independence for whatever it may accept under that character, there can be no greater error than to expect or calculate upon real favors from nation to nation. 'Tis an illusion which experience must cure which a just pride ought to discard.

JACKSON DEMOCRACY.

Extract from His Veto Message to Congress December 3, 1894.

"Circumstances make it my duty to call the attention of congress to the Bank of the United States. Created for the convenience of the government, that institution has become the scourge of the people. Its interference to postpone the payment of a portion of the national debt that it might retain the public money appropriated for that purpose to strengthen it in a political contest, the extraordinary extension and contraction of its accommodations to the community, its corrupt and partisan loans, its exclusion of the public directors from a knowledge of its most important proceedings, the unlimited authority conferred on the president to expend its fund in hiring writers and procuring the execution of printing and the use made of that authority, the retention of the pension money and books after the selection of new agents, have through various channels been laid before congress. They were substantially a confession that all the real distresses which individuals and the country had endured for the preceding six or eight months have been needlessly produced by it with the view of affecting, through the sufferings of the people, the legislative action of congress."

IT NOW rests with the Republican party to demonstrate that the gold standard is a good thing. If it don't do it it ought to be evident to every man that it is a fraud and that neither old party can be depended upon.

REAL ANARCHISTS.

WILL NOW TRY A HAND AT GOVERNMENT.

Will Despoil the People of Their Rights and May Bring on a Bloody Revolution—Some of the Offenses of Plutocracy.

The principles of the Declaration of Independence are just as potent today as they were in 1776. And the oppressions which the cowardly grandsons of revolutionary heroes suffer a-re just as galling and destructive of Liberty and equality as were the u-njust taxation and tyranny our forefathers fought against. The Engl-ish and American money power, which is the same, have crushed our government out of all semblance to a government of the people.

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unali-enable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure the rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is right of the people to alte-r or abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more dsiposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security.—Declaration of Independence.

Such has been the suffering of the useful producing classes of America, and they are beginning to see the necessity or restoring the government to the people from whom it has been stolen by the money powewr of England and America.

We submit facts as startling as were those recited in the Declaration that was framed by our forefathers.

The money power has prevented the passage of laws necessary for the public good.

It has caused the repeal of laws that kept money enough in circulation to enable the people to do a cash business without paying tribute to the money brokers.

It has delayed the passage of laws so as to enable trusts and enables trusts and combines to corner the market on staple products.

It has prevented the passage of laws for the benefit of the majority of the people.

It has forced its way into legislative halls in the form of a lobby to influence legislation for its own special purposes.

It has prevented state legislatures accomplishing the work for which they were called in special session. For instance, the late session of the Illinois legislature.

It has openly, flagrantly and boastfully disregarded the inter-state commerce law, and defied the anti-trust law.

It has prevented the administration of justice by controlling the courts.

It has made judges independent of the law, the constitution and the people.

It has, through its political heelers, created hundreds of useless high salaried offices, and had them filled by appointment from the enemies of the people.

It is building military fortresses and garrisoning them with rich men's sons, besides drilling school children to be soldiers instead of useful citizens.

It indicates what kind of text-books shall be used in our common schools, controls our colleges, and prevents even the preaching of the principles of Jesus Christ in many pulpits.

It has made the military independent of civil power.

The American money power has combined with England to force this country to maintain a financial policy that is robbing the people of their homes, and turning thousands out to beg, steal or starve.

It causes the building of war ships and cannon, and has secured an entire change in the tactics of the U. S. army, so that now soldiers are being specially trained to bombard houses and murder working people who dare assemble on the streets of our great infernos, called cities.

It has cut off our trade with the world by appropriating all our surplus products to pay interest on bonds and mortgages.

It has forced the issue of interest bearing bonds to enslave the people.

It deprives men of the right of trial by jury, and has set up a system of "government by injunction."

It has caused the sending of armed troops into a state where the local officers were fully capable of enforcing the law.

It has doubled the debts of the people, and thirty thousand of its representatives have stolen half the wealth of the nation.

It has secured by special grants enough land to maintain ten million people in honest industry.

It has rendered all our laws inoperative where the rich man is involved.

It has caused the supreme court to declare it unconstitutional to tax the rich.

It has bribed men chosen to represent the people.

It has made protection of property the sole object of our government.

It has plundered the people, driven young girls to prostitution, starved wives and children, driven men from happy firesides to wander on the highways and caused the murder and imprisonment of workingmen whose only crime was helplessness.

It is at this time engaged in fastening the chains of debt slavery upon the producers of this country, by issuing bonds, destroying the money of the people, and setting up a golden calf and a hunk of soap grease to rule the nation.

It has caused young men in the military service to shoot down their fathers, brothers and friends to "protect property," when itself has hired incendiaries to burn property so as to make an excuse for using military force in driving men back to work at starvation wages.

It has imprisoned men for stepping on the grass at Washington.

It has caused men to be sent to the penitentiary for asking for bread.

It was the cause of the late war in which thousands of able-bodied young men were murdered, and the principal result of which was the creation of a debt whereby not only the negro but the white man is made a slave, and the owner has not even the responsibility of feeding him.

And a hundred more things we might mention.

But, ye gods! is not this enough to boil the albumen white in every drop of patriotic blood in American veins?—Industrial Advocate.

AS TO SOLDIERS' PENSIONS.

The Plutocrats' Concern About Their Payment in Cheap Dollars.

The "sound money" people are visibly agitated over what appears to them to be the danger of paying the old soldier his pension in "cheap dollars." It is not the first time this element has manifested much concern about the interests of the old soldier. A suspicious circumstance, however, is that this concern always assumes greatest activity during the heat of a political campaign. Most of the old soldiers are aware of this and make due allowance for the self-interests which prompt this seeming devotion to their interests.

There was a time when the old soldier was being paid in 40-cent dollars as compared with gold. It was when he was enduring the hardships of tented field, of tiresome march and dangerous conflict. At that time this same sound money crew were at home, gambling in gold, depreciating the soldiers' money and speculating off the necessities of the government. Under the cloak of pretended patriotism they were bleeding the country. Their speculations prolonged the war and added to its cost. They purchased greenbacks for 40 cents on the dollar, converted them into bonds, and afterwards had a law passed making the bonds payable "in coin." By legislation they made their 40-cents worth a 100 cents. They did this although there was nothing promised or implied in the contract that it should be done. Not so with the soldier. He was first paid in coin, or its equivalent, and the implication was that he should continue to receive his pay in that kind of currency.

But he took it in greenbacks.

He never grumbled.

He knew that the honor of the Nation depended upon the success of arms and not on the kind of money he was paid in.

He marched and camped and fought until victory perched upon our banners. Then he was paid off in this purposely discredited money and went home.

In 1869 a law was passed which made up the difference between the coin and face value of the greenback to the bondholder. They called it protecting the National honor. A bill was introduced to make up this difference to the soldier.

It was hooted at and scorned.

The men who remained at home and bled the government were rewarded as patriots.

The men who bared their breasts to the enemy's bullets; who carried the flag from Sumter to Appomattox; who by their patriotic devotion saved not only the Nation's honor, but the Nation itself, were scorned and neglected by the treacherous leeches who bled their country in its hour of trial.

Talk about justice to the soldier! Let justice be done as it has been more than done to the bondholder, and every sound money blatherskite in the country would hold up his hands in holy horror.

The Sound Money Fallacy.

Sound money, honest money! What do you mean by that?

We mean that gold coin only is to be our legal tender.

But how are we to get enough to do all our business?

O, we do not intend that gold coin is to circulate. The circulation is to be of bank notes and silver, but it is to rest upon the gold. Every dollar is to be redeemable in gold.

But you will not have gold enough to redeem all the silver and paper. There will always be three or four dollars more of circulation than of redemption money.

Yes; but nobody will ever expect to see all the silver and paper come in for redemption at one time.

And that is honest money! A pretense of having enough gold on hand to redeem three or four times more of its representatives in silver and paper. Each representative being in reality worth not over 25 or 30 cents on the dollar. That is worse than the 50-cent silver dollar you accuse us of wanting to circulate. So much for your sound money.—Appeal to Reason.

WATSON'S LETTER.

The Long Delayed Letter of Acceptance At Last Given Out.

RATHER LATE, BUT IT COMES.

Hills and Gormans Would Have Joined the Republicans, and Bryans and Blands Would Have Joined the Pops. His Party Leaders, Butler in Particular, Roundly Roasted.

Atlanta, Ga.—The letter of acceptance written by "Tom" Watson accepting the Populist nomination for Vice-President, was Thursday made public. Seven columns of Watson's People's party paper are devoted to it. The letter is supplemented by four columns of advice to the Populists to "sit steady in the boat and hold their party together."

The editorial tone of the paper is one of fulfilled prophecy. Watson declares that the failure of the Populists to support Bryan in the close States brought about McKinley's election. He goes into a long review of the circumstances leading to his nomination at St. Louis, and accepts the Vice-Presidential nomination "because I said I would." He declares that if the St. Louis Populist Convention had nominated a straight Populist ticket it would have been elected. It would, he said, have driven the Hills and Gormans where they belong—into the Republican ranks—and the Bryans and Blands would have joined with the Populists. He complains bitterly of the treatment he received at the hands of the Populist leaders, and addresses himself particularly to Senator Butler in this way:

IN TRUE WATSON STYLE.

"Senator, a reform has no right to exist if it has no valid complaint to make. Populists cannot denounce the sins of the two old parties, and yet go into political co-partnership with them. The moment we make a treaty the war must cease, and when we cease our war upon the old parties we have no longer any excuse for living. Whenever right compromises wrong it is the right which suffers. The Democratic managers seem to resent as a strange piece of impertinence the fact that the Populists dared to nominate a ticket differing at the rear end from theirs. Coming to them with the 2,000,000 votes they were begging for and piteously needing, I can say with perfect assurance of telling the unqualified truth that my arrival on the field of battle was not welcomed as heartily as Blucher was welcomed by Wellington at Waterloo. They want my reinforcement, but they do not want me to lead them. They need Blucher's troops, but they draw the line at Blucher. That is hardly fair either to Blucher or his troops, nor is it the best way to defeat Napoleon. For this attitude upon the part of the Democratic managers I believe that you, Senator, are largely responsible. You made no effort to have me recognized. You publicly stated that I would not be notified of my nomination. You went into the fusion policy over my written protest, with all the zeal of a man who wanted to elect the Democratic ticket. In this I think you were wrong.

BUTLER UNTRUE TO HIS TRUST.

"As Chairman of the Populist Committee the party certainly expected you to do all you could to elect the Populist ticket. Had you demanded Mr. Sewall's withdrawal from the ticket he would have been withdrawn. I have a letter of yours in which you state that the Democratic Committee expected you to make the demand, but that you did not make it. From the perversity of temper with which the Democratic managers have refused to do the right thing by the Populists, it would seem that they prefer McKinleyism to anything which might seem to be partly a Populist triumph. Their subtle purpose is to couple the Bryan election with the complete destruction of the Populist party. The position taken in this letter will be bitterly assailed. Would that the pathway of duty were always carpeted with flowers. It rarely is. By making myself and the great party I represent a mere foot mat for the Democratic politicians to wipe their feet upon I could win much applause from that quarter. But if I were now lacking in the loyalty which was expected of me when chosen, I would grieve the men who have honored me, trusted me and defended and loved me.

"No one regrets more profoundly than I do that the Democratic managers have so shaped the campaign that the South has again been told that she must grovel in the dust and let an Eastern plutocrat place his foot upon her neck. These Populists of the rank and file have the spirit of martyrs and they would die for a principle more quickly than they would sell it. These men will not vote fro Mr. Sewall. If Senators Jones and Gorman really wish to defeat McKinley, let them lose no time in realizing this truth."

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, FLORENCE, ALA.

It is gratifying to know that the attendance is unprecedentedly large this year. The student body is exceptionally fine. The faculty is the strongest in the history of the College. It is inspiring to think of nearly 300 young people here from all parts of the State preparing to teach in the Public Schools. They do well to get ready to fill the places for which we have been bringing in teachers from other States.

The winter term will begin Monday, December 7. That will be an auspicious time for new students to enter, though they may do so any day during the school year.

One hundred dollars will defray a year's expenses, including board. President James K. Powers will be glad to send a catalogue to any who wish it.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly F. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain;
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY : : $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

THANKSGIVING Day is next Thursday.

THIS X mark is to remind you that when you come to court next week will be a good time to renew your subscription.

GEN. Edmund W. Pettus of Dallas was last Monday nominated by the Democratic caucus for the United States Senate on the first ballot, the vote being Pettus 87, Oates 36. Senator Pugh withdrew from the race earlier in the evening.

THE bill to incorporate the town of Clanton was introduced to the House last Monday by Hon. L. H. Reynolds. We hope all our citizens have made themselves acquainted with the provisions of the charter, a copy of it is in the possession of Mr. J. F. VanDerveer.

AFTER a week's balloting the Democratic caucus in Georgia nominated Hon. A. S. Clay for the United States Senate to succeed Mr. Crisp, deceased. Governor Atkinson withdrew from the race after several days balloting and most probably now wishes he had never been a candidate.

A BILL to appropriate $25,000 for the purpose of building a mansion for the Governor was defeated in the House yesterday. This is quite right, and we are glad to see this sign of economy in the present Legislature. As Mr. Longshore remarked "The State is now in debt; and this is no time for putting up fancy buildings."

THIS is the way a contemporary fixed up its scare headings on the result of the election:

Brave Bryan Battalions Battling for Bimetallism Badly Beaten by Bold Bands of Bankers Backed by Boodle.

Confederate Cohorts Crucified on the Cruel Cross and Consigned to the Cold Cemetery's Clammy Clap.

Poor Populists and Popocrats Punched and Pounded into Pulpy Pieces by Proud and Pampered Plutocracy.

WE note with satisfaction the appointment of Hon. John Harkins of Jefferson as chairman of the Mining and Manufacturing committee. We have known Mr. Harkins for several years and know him to be eminently qualified for the position he occupies. The appointment reflects credit upon the speaker and proves a disposition to at all events make use of the material he has to accomplish something in the nature of necessary reforms during the present session.

THE question of adopting a new constitution for any State is one that cannot be considered too carefully, and the fullest information should be given to the people before it is submitted to a vote. This question has been more or less discussed in some sections of Alabama for the last few years, but we doubt there are few persons in the State who can say what form the proposed new constitution is likely to take. If it is to be on the lines of the Mississippi plan, it is safe to say a majority of the people of Alabama do not want it. That the existing constitution might be advantageously amended in certain particulars we will not attempt to deny, but if a new constitution cannot be framed without disfranchising a large number of our citizens then we prefer to let the present one stand. A joint resolution has passed the Legislature providing for the appointment of a committee of three from the House and two from the Senate to prepare a bill to provide for the holding of a constitutional convention. We shall watch their proceedings with great interest.

HON. L. H. Reynolds, representative from Chilton county, introduced the first two bills in the House this session. The first is one which affects the whole State and may safely be left to the Legislative solons.

The second (which we print first) is one that affects Chilton county, and in our opinion is an improvement upon existing conditions. We have before contended it is bad policy to change all the county commissioners at the same time, and this bill simply provides that two new members be elected at a time, so that two old members would always be retained on the board. We hope it will become law.

We hear that an effort will be made to substitute for this bill the appointment by the Governor of a board of revenue for Chilton county, much on the same lines as was attempted and met with so much opposition two years ago. We have confidence in the Legislature refusing to pass any such substitute.

A BILL

To be entitled an Act to authorize the Commissioners' court of Chilton county to lay off said county into four Commissioners districts and to provide the manner of electing the County Commissioners.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, that the commissioners court of Chilton county, is authorized, and said court is hereby required to lay off said county into four commissioners districts as nearly equal in population as may be practicable.

SECTION 2. Be it further enacted that the qualified voters of Chilton county at the election for State officers every four years shall elect one commissioner for each district whose term of service shall commence at the expiration of the term of the present incumbents, and continue for four years, except as herein provided, and said commissioners shall reside in the district for which they are elected; provided that the term of office of two of said commissioners to be elected at the August election, 1900, shall close at the expiration of two years from their election, and at the August election 1902, their successors shall be elected whose term of office shall continue for four years.

SECTION 3. Be it further enacted that said commissioners' court shall designate in the order dividing said county into commissioners districts the two districts in which the commissioners shall be elected for the term of two years as herein provided.

SECTION 4. Be it further enacted that all laws and part of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

A BILL

To be entitled an act to amend section 3739 of the Code of Alabama.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama that section 3739 of the Code of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows:

3739 Carnal knowledge of a female under sixteen years of age. Any person who has carnal knowledge of any female under sixteen years, or abuses such female in the attempt to have carnal knowledge of her, must on conviction be punished at the discretion of the jury either by death or by imprisonment in the penitentiary for life.

Senator Butler in his paper, The Caucasian, says:

"Speaking now for the People's party of North Carolina, and we believe for the nation, we take the liberty of serving notice on Mr. Bryan that if he desires to head the reform forces of the People's party in the next fight he must do so under some other name than that of Democrat. The name has become a reproach and a stench among the people, and it will not be supported any more, now nor hereafter. In the campaign just closed the People's party joined forces with the Democrats and the Democrats played the people false, grossly and brutally false.

"We are done with them now and forever, and also with any man who seeks to lead the people hereafter under any standard that may bear the name or have the smirch of the word Democrat on."

Thorsby.

Thorsby in rapidly coming to the front and if it continues to grow at the same rate as it has done for the last few months, will soon be one of the largest towns in Chilton.

Next evening (Thanksgiving Day) a social entertainment, with supper, will be given at the school house here, for the benefit of the public school.

The entertainment will commence at 7 p.m., and the following program has been arranged:

1. Music.
2. Interesting Speech by Prof. H. W. Ryding.
3. Music.
4. Supper.

A cordial invitation is extended to everyone to come and enjoy themselves.

There will be a grand opening sale at the new store, under the management of Mr. J. Bice, next Saturday. Special bargains are offered.

A CLOSE SHAVE

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 17, 1896.

When the first election returns came in it looked like a republican landslide, but later developments show it to be quite the contrary. Like the wise man of old who said in his wrath that all men were fools and hoped to correct the statement later. They claimed at first an overwhelming victory and have neglected to give facts and figures since. The truth is that about 20,000 more votes would have put Bryan in the White House.

If the following states had given the additional number of votes opposite their names it would have given Bryan [illegible] electoral votes. These added to the 187 already sure would have given him 227 votes in the electoral college; three more than is needed to elect. Had California given [illegible], Delaware 1,630, Indiana 11,101, Kentucky 281, North Dakota 2,310, Oregon 1,000, South Dakota 131, West Virginia [illegible], Wyoming 111, in addition to the Bryan vote cast, the [illegible] would have been on the other issue.

Let no believer in silver be discouraged. These figures speak in eloquent words of the mighty hold the question has taken on the minds of the people and they are a safe prophecy of victory in the future.

It is generally conceded that an extra session of congress will be called by President McKinley.

W. J. Bryan has been inundated with business offers, all of which have handsome incomes attached. None of them have been accepted as yet. In his address to his supporters Mr. Bryan expresses himself in a dignified manner in regard to the result of the election but urges that the campaign of education be kept up.

C. D. Lane, a wealthy gold mine owner of California, offers to support Bryan and his family for the next four years so that he may be free to give his entire time to the great work for which he has shown himself so well fitted.

Sec. Morton, Henri Watterson et al, are out urging the democratic party to get a lesson out of its recent defeat and "rally to the support of the Indianapolis platform."

The Kansas, legislature stands: Populists 92, Democrats 9, Free Silver Republicans 2. A Populist Senator will of course be elected. Lewellen, Pfeffer and Breinthal are candidates.

Hon. Thomas Watson received twenty one votes in the electoral college. Gen. Weaver received twenty-two in 1892.

Georgia has elected two Populist congressman—one being T. W. West, the law partner of Tom Watson.

Hon. Joseph C. Sibley has been defeated for congress by 400 votes.

The expense of a Presidential election is enormous. This is the first campaign in which documents were carried on franks. Forty million of these documents were carried on congressional franks alone. The cost to the government in postage for the entire campaign is $2,400,000. The Australian ballot system calls for a greater number of officials than heretofore at the booths. The cost in the recent election averaged about one dollar per vote. In New York it is one dollar and thirty-four cents. Thus the cost to the entire country would be about $14,000,000, adding to this the postal expense we have in two items alone $16,400,000. If all illegal uses of money to influence votes, injury to business, and loss of time were estimated in dollars it could safely be put at $100,000,000.

National Chairman Marion Butler issued an address to his party Nov. 7th. He speaks in highest terms of Bryan and ascribes his defeat to the failure of the Silver Republicans to support him in such numbers as had been expected.

Late returns show that that good and able man, "Cyclone" Davis, is defeated in the congressional race.

A woman presidential elector is returned from Wyoming.

Only one county in Washington gave McKinley a majority.

See that it is there!

This is the trade-mark which is on the wrapper (salmon-colored) of every bottle of the genuine SCOTT'S EMULSION. Be sure this is on the package, and that nothing else is palmed off on you when you ask for it.

Nothing has been made that equals it to give strength and solid flesh to those who are run down or emaciated.

Your doctor will tell you that it is the one food for all those whose weight is below the standard of health.

Put up in 50 cts. and $1.00 sizes, and sold by all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Burwell Bits.

Death, the silent reaper, came on the 11 inst. and carried away the spirit of J. R. Mims, after a long and wearisome confinement to his bed. The man who had borne the respect and esteem of all who knew him from his boyhood to his death passed into the unknown beyond. He was, and had been for some years, a member of the M. E. church at Shady Grove. He was but [illegible] from a hundred years old and leaves three children to mourn his death. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved relatives.

Miss Sally Norris has returned home after spending some time with relatives at Prattville.

We are sorry we have lost one of our best men, G. J. Mundine; he has gone to Union Springs, Ala.

W. N. Pierce was at Coopers Friday on business.

J. G. Jones, who has been almost blind, we are glad to say is improving very fast.

Rev. J. Bice was the guest of W. N. Pierce last Friday.

Mr. R. McKee was down last week to buy out J. S. Jones' plantation; we learn they did not trade.

J. N. Y. V.

* * *

Program of Mulberry Baptist S. S.

Convention to be held with Macedonia church, on Friday, November 27, 1896.

Prayer by Bro. G. W. Freeman. 10 a.m. Welcome address by Bro. S. E. Waldrup. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Bro. S. M. Adams.

Subjects for discussion—1. What is the best method of promoting an interest in Sabbath-school work? discussed by Bro. J. E. Jones and Bro. L. B. Pounds. 2. What effect should a Sabbath-school have on a church and community? discussed by Bro. M. D. Langston, W. H. Shaw and others. 3. What is the duty of a church towards a Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. R. M. Honeycutt, Z. J. Jones and others. Singing. 4. What is our motive in attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. A. Mims and Bro. David Smitherman and others. 5. Can we be better Christians or enjoy any more religion by attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. J. Fleming and James Neat. Mass-meeting, Sunday, 9 a.m., conducted by Bro. Albert Foshee. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Bro. R. M. Honeycutt.

There will be song service conducted by Z. J. Jones.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

IT seems highly probably that Mr. McKinley will call an extra session of Congress soon after his inauguration.

* * *

Among the business cards in this issue none is more interesting to the writer as a reminder of the better things of life than the announcement of the Chicago Cottage Organ Company of that peerless musical instrument, the Conover piano. Every material that ample capital could purchase, necessary for the construction of a first-class instrument, and skillful hands to assemble these products of an age of invention and mechanical improvement, have been used that the promoters might truly claim that the Conover is the leader of pianos. Against adverse national prosperity this instrument has steadily and rapidly gained the position it occupies as the piano most sought after by music lovers everywhere, the artists of Europe and America, and for the best homes of the land.

Not only, however, are the manufacturers of the Conover the leaders in the piano world,—but as makers of the renowned "Chicago Cottage" organ they are known throughout the world and their product is a household favorite in every county in the United States, and almost every village. As sole introducers of the "Kingsbury" and the well-know "Schubert" pianos they have a line of musical instruments that the most exacting demands of a music-loving clientele may require, both in tone, durability, construction and design, and have not omitted to duly consider the important subject of making a price so reasonable that the public is quick to avail itself of an unexcelled opportunity to gratify its taste for music. What better investment could be suggested to our readers than making a purchase of a piano or an organ? The Chicago Cottage Organ Company can supply you, and desire to include you among their patrons.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville	November	9
[illegible]	"	10
[illegible]alley Creek church	"	11
Walch's mill	"	12
Dixie	"	13
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
[illegible]	"	16
Macedonia church	"	17
Providence church [illegible]	"	18
Hays' mill	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg	"	21
Maddox's mill	"	[illegible]
Lomax	"	[illegible]
Mineral Springs	"	[illegible]
[illegible] church	"	[illegible]
Cane Creek church	"	[illegible]
Chapman's mill	"	[illegible]
Providence church [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coopers	"	[illegible]
Verbena	"	[illegible]
Wayside church	"	[illegible]
Kingston	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12

A. L. Mims, Assessor
[illegible], Collector

Strasburg.

A new firm has just commenced business here, Messrs Collins & Moore, at Bice's old stand, and opened up with a fine assortment of new goods. This puts new life into the old town.

THE JURORS.

Following are the names of jurors drawn for the fall term of circuit court, which will convene on Monday, November, 23 1896

GRAND JURY.

I. M. Merchant, Thos. Williams, W. H. Parr, Milford Wooley, H. C. Young, Frank Harris, Craton Rasberry, Alfred Popwell, W. R. Dawson, j M Robinson, R R Killingsworth, j W Scott, j E Knight, B W Silsby, G B Reed, j M Moody, John Burnett, Charlie Coburn, D H Mullins, H B Rodgers, Moses Popwell.

PETIT JURY—first week.

L W Thomas, j L Palmer, j A Miller, W j Brown, j j Roberts, S G Glasscock, Elijah Robinson, j S Aldrige, j G Smith, erman, Jessie Thomas, M H Barnes, W B Jones, S N Waldrop, George Moore, John Harris, E H Mims, James Jones, G W Askins, Peter Barrett, J R Billingsley, W T Callen, Hugh Henry, G W Mims, J N Glasscock, J C Alred, Munroe Martin, J G Jones, W J Fleming, W P Checkler, T M Mims, G L Spear, James Nix, L L Culver, G W Gothard, J W Scot.

PETIT JURY—second week.

A J Glasscock, J W E Gulledge, W F Claughton, Hamp Shoults, I G White, D H Hudgins, j w Sorroll, j R Kemp, W H Thomas, j j Marcus, S M Yates, Wm Reynolds, W A Sims, M A Bates, Thomas Roberts, j L Waldrop, john Runnels, john Robinson, Mart Gore, K R Burnett, W C Dickerson, W D Horsley, j E Cobb, W M Wood, j N Askins, H C Bearden, A L Collins, D Z Merchant, LaFayett Ingram, G T Mims, W A Green, j E Champion, W E Vilsant, W W Rutherford, j W Baker.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 2c. per box. Sold by J. S. Johnson, Druggist.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, A. C. Smith, Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder at the court house door in Clanton Alabama, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1896.

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real estate belonging to said estate, to-wit:

The sw1-4 of the se1-4 and all of the se 1-4 of the sw1-4 that lies east of Yellow Leaf Creek all in section 10 township 22 range 14 Chilton county, Alabama, containing sixty acres more or less.

A. C. SMITH,
Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,526.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
November 2, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1896, viz.: Monroe Stewart, Homestead entry, No. 24,149, for the nw¼ of nw¼ section 12 tp 22 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Jake Hayes, of Thorsby, Ala., Anthony Latham, of Thorsby, Ala., Luke Latham, of Jemison, Ala., Robert Hicks, of Thorsby, Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	[illegible]
New York World (3 papers every week)	[illegible]
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	[illegible]
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	[illegible]
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	[illegible]
Silver Knight National Watchman	[illegible]

For $1.95 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial Appeal	[illegible]
Birmingham State Herald	[illegible]

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT.
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON - ALA

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

[for many pears with Pollack & Co.

Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA

Don't Groan over the aches and pains of rheumatism any longer. Drive the disease from your system with V. V. V., the wonderful blood purifier, and cure for rheumatism. V. V. V. is purely vegetable, containing nothing but the highest curative properties of roots, barks and herbs. It is so harmless that it may be given to a child, yet so efficacious that it cures diseases of many years standing.

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a sure specific for all forms of blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, malaria and dyspepsia. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of values mailed free to anyone on request. HABERS, MORROW & BINNICE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

...missioners' Court meets second ...day in February, first Monday in ...second Monday in May, second ... in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

...day 6½ cents.
...received to-date:

	1575
	793
	331
	2699

NOTICE.

...is hereby given that the ...warrants in favor of Confederate Widows for 1896 ...at to me by the Aud... ...are now ready to be de...

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

...Honeycutt went to Birmingham yesterday.

...week in Chilton—...Jemison, to-morrow at ...Saturday at Verbena.

...L. Sampey has decided ...brick store ...as the rush of Fall ...

...of Birmingham, was ...

...cross ties. Ap... J. D. GREEN, Clanton

...Everybody is re... ...the Hebrews ...notice first ...chapter 2.

..., the painter is ... Anyone wanting ...work at Mr. ...

...Carter, of Thorsby, ...his brother, Dr. ...Friday.

...L. Bassett, of Fort Val... ...at the Congre... ...church last Sunday after-...

...Potts contemplates ...the Cast place, half ...town.

...W. Shackelford, Dent... ...Clanton for one week ...Monday Nov. ...extracts teeth positively ...pain. Any one wishing ...a good dentist will ...call on him at Duke ... Prices for gold and amal... ...reasonable. All work ...warranted.

...Birmingham last Monday ...E. Gullahorn was the ...man in Alabama, owing ...arrival of a little female vis... Mother and child are doing ...

...Mrs. Patrick Smith de... ...visitors to court to know ...can get board and lodging at ...Smith house at reasonable ...

...Massey, the well known ...will be at the Duke House, ...during the first week of ...to extract teeth by his ...process. Come promptly. ...of Fine Dentistry done.

...licenses have been ...this week by the Probate ...the following persons: ...James A. Thomas and Miss ...Jones; Mr. W. J. Fi... ...Miss Ida Lou Poole; ...Edwards and Miss Mar... ...; Mr. Geo. Lockhart ...Sarah Thrash ...Tom Gunn and Osie ...

...numerous friends of Mrs. ...will be sorry to learn ...dangerously ill at her home ...and will join us in ...her speedy recovery.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

...salve in the world for ...Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt ...Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped ..., Chilblains, Corns, and ...Eruption, and positively ..., or no pay required. It is ...to give perfect satisfac- ...money refunded. Price 25 ...box. For sale by J S John-...

...on Tuesday evening at ...Baptist church, Six Mile, Bibb ...Mr. W. J. Martin, one of ...most promising young ...and Miss Sadie Fancher, ...belle of Six Mile. In ...of a crowded church ...McCord, of East Lake, ...the solemn ceremony ...the young couple one. ...visitors present were ...and Miss Bettie ...Clanton; Mr. H. I. Hon... Miss Minnie Muse of ...Mr. W. M. Adams and ...Gentry of Jemison; ...Gentry and Miss Maud ...Jemison, and Mr. Less ...and Mrs. Woolley of ... After the ceremony the ...party drove to Jemison ...came on to Clanton, where ...will make their home, next ... The BANNER joins the large ...friends of the happy young ...in wishing them a full ...of happiness and prosper... ...and cordially welcomes them to ...

...the same time and place Mr ...Thompson of Centerville, ...county, and Miss Bertie ...of Six Mile, were happily ...Rev. — Mitchell perform... ...the ceremony. We wish them ...happiness.

Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights?

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Simonton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the General Assembly of Alabama at its next session, for the passage of an Act empowering Alfred Popwell of Chilton County, Alabama, to sell and convey the interest in lands in Chilton County, Alabama, of the heirs of John Popwell deceased, in the estate of Reuben Popwell and Benjamin Popwell, both deceased.

ALFRED POPWELL.

Clanton, Ala., November 5, 1896.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jesse S. Martin, Sr., deceased Probate Court, Chilton County Ala.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 27th day of October, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

R. H. Martin, Administrator,
By his attorneys Adams & Martin.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for Talladega county, Alabama, rendered on to-wit the 3rd day of October, 1896, and in accordance with the terms thereof, I, James Crook, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Edward Gantt, deceased, will sell at public outcry, for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 9th day of December, 1896, within the legal hours of sale in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, the following described property in Chilton county, Alabama, to-wit: se¼ of sw¼ sec 3 and w½ of se¼ 6, all in t 21 r 14; ne¼ and n½ of sw¼ sec 10 and n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw1-4 and nw1-4 of se1-4 sec 12 all in t 22 r 14. w½ of nw1-4, se1-4 of nw1-4 and se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 33, and se1-4 of se1-4 sec 29 all in t 22 r 14 and nw1-4 of se1-4 and sw1-4 of sw1-4 sec 32, t 21 r 15.

JAMES CROOK,
Admr. etc. of the estate of Edward Gantt, Dec'd.

This 21 day of October, 1896.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co.; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

...ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—[illegible] BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DISPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO [illegible].—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHŒA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT-OF-SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND ENFEEBLED CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

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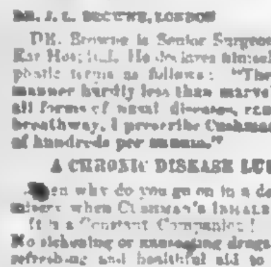

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DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE LURKS IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when CUSHMAN'S INHALER will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $3.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

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SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Beeley Thorn, in communication in the *London Lancet*, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off."

MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 31, '92.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON.

KINGSTON, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

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Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Rolly Latham, deceased, Probate Court, Chilton county, Alabama.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of November, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, in said State, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

J. H. SHOULTS,
Administrator.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

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The most beautiful Art Production of the century. "A small bunch of the most fragrant of blossoms gathered from the broad acres of Eugene Field's Farm of Love." Contains a selection of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Handsomely illustrated by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists as their contribution to the Monument Fund. But for the noble contributions of the great artists this book could not have been manufactured for $7.00. For sale at book stores, or sent prepaid on receipt of $1.10. The love offering to the Child's Poet Laureate, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the Monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet.

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ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
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FT. WORTH, TEX., Oct 10, 1895.

ACME CYCLE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

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Yours truly,
C. H. CHEATHAM.

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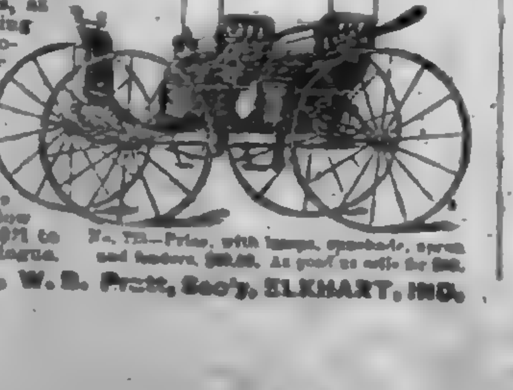
but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.



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There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

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Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation.

Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment, be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

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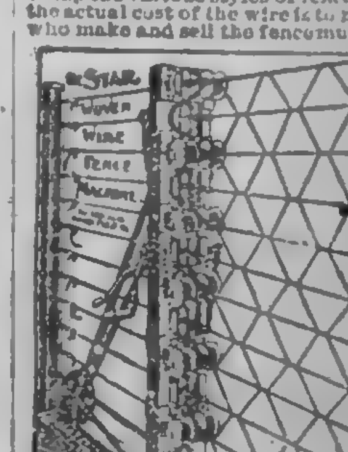
In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below, we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you buy the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer and



with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 4,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 78,400 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One-tenth as much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 125, Ridgeville, Ind.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

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LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

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I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

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From Two Well-known Physicians.

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Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

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Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

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The Cincinnati Times-Star can't understand the local project to "cut a new ship canal a mile in length for $10,000,000 and sell one mile of the lower end of the Chicago river for $15,000,000." Why, the smell alone would sell for more than that to any fertilizer factory.

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Dear Sir:—"Several physicians treated me without success for what they pronounced a stubborn case of eczema. In addition to this I have tried every so-called remedy that was suggested to me, but nothing did me the slightest good until in sheer desperation I tried your TETTERINE. This effected what seems to be a PERMANENT cure, and I take pleasure in testifying to its merit." Respectfully yours, ISAAC G. HAAS.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

Physician, Poet and Inventor.

It is seldom that nature endows one man with such diversity of talents in such pre-eminent degree as in the case of Dr. O. T. Dozier, of Birmingham, Ala.; but with him excellence is the mark and stamp of his genius in everything he attempts. His many inventions and the works of his facile pen have brought him fame and a just reward for his work. But it is as a healer of the sick that his greatest reputation has been won. Thousands of men and women, who have been cured by him, attest his wonderful skill, while hardly a paper published in the south has failed to commend and indorse him to its readers. He is indeed a remarkable man, a blessing to our people, and the whole south is proud of him as one of her most gifted sons. His card appears elsewhere in this issue and should be read by our every reader and clipped out and kept for future reference.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON.

{SEAL}

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under guarantee to cure. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A woman who has passed thirty thinks all other young women must be twenty-seven, anyway.

Do you wish to know how to have no steam, and not half the usual work on wash day? Ask your grocer for a bar of Dobbins' Electric Soap, and the directions will tell you how. Be sure to get no imitation. There are lots of them.

Scotchmen have almost entire control of the stone cutting industries of New York.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. Allie Douglass, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 20, 1894.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Catarrh

is just as surely a disease of the blood as is scrofula. So say the best authorities. How foolish it is, then, to expect a cure from snuffs, inhalants, etc. The sensible course is to purify your blood by taking the best blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has permanently cured Catarrh in a multitude of cases. It goes to the root of the trouble, which is impure blood. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CANCERS TUMORS and MALIGNANT SORES CURED.

NO KNIFE USED.

Address with stamp.

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WE PAY SALARY to men and women in every town to work for us, day or evening, at their homes; nice, pleasant work; no canvassing. Experience not necessary. Enclose stamp for particulars. STANDARD CO., 142 W. 23d St., N. Y.

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12c pay. for your name in our Public Directory and gets you a Handy Dictionary of [illegible] words worth $10 to you. South Pub. Co., Roanoke, Va

Am. N.U. No. 47. 1896

PILES ABSOLUTELY CURED For circular, proof and free sample, add [illegible]

STATE CHRONICLES.

Happenings of a Week All Over Alabama.

A TRAIN WRECKED

But No Lives Are Lost.—Huntsville Young Men Engage In An Ugly Practice.—Gov. Johnson's Private Secretary Will Be Chappel Cory. Little Chronicles.

Montgomery, Ala.—The fast mail on the Louisville and Nashvill Railroad for New Orleans leaving here at 9:30 Thursday night was wrecked when four miles from town, but fortunately no one was killed. The engine, baggage, express, smoker and one sleeper left the track. The mail car was shot at least fifty feet from the track, but landed right side up, and even the lights were not extinguished. The smoking-car was thrown down the embankment and rolled over on its side. It was in this car that the only damage was done. J. R. Latham, of Atlanta, was caught by the legs, and W. C. McCarvey, of Monroeville, Ala., by the arm, and each had to be cut off. These two were the most seriously hurt of any, and their injuries are not dangerous. A number of others were slightly bruised.

The cross-ties had been split so as to get the spikes out, and the track moved in about three inches so that when the engine struck it the flange of the driver rode the rail, and the engine was thrown from the track. Engineer Goins stuck to his engine and was not hurt.

MAPLEVILLE KILLING.

Mary White killed her husband, George White, at their home near Mapleville Wednesday night, shooting three pistol balls into his breast. Jealousy was the cause of the trouble. The couple have not been getting along amicably for some time past, and they had a difficulty a short time before the shooting.

SECRETARY TO GOVERNOR.

Mr. Campell Cory will be private secretary to Captain Joseph F. Johnson when the latter assumes the office of Governor. Mr. Cory recently returned from London, and his well known capability for the post, taken in conjunction with his return to the State, gave rise to the conjecture that he would be the next Governor's secretary. A dispatch from Montgomery confirms the belief. It is stated that Captain Johnson says that Mr. Cory will be his private secretary, adding that the appointment came without solicitation.

BRIDGEPORT'S PROGRESS.

Bridgeport, Ala.—Bridgeport has evidently taken a new lease on life, and is rapidly forging her way to the front as one of the most prosperous and energetic towns in North Alabama. During this week several very noticeable improvements have been made, among which are several houses repainted, the sidewalks of the city cleaned and the stove works has put on fifteen more moulders, and the directors are considering the advisability of paying off weekly and stopping the issuing of orders, which will be equivalent to an increase in wages of 5 per cent to the men.

A PLAIN INAUGURAL.

Montgomery, Ala.—Colonel and Adjutant-General Harvey E. Jones, of the State Troops, states that he has received a request from Governor-elect Joseph F. Johnson, that no military display be made at the inauguration on December 1. Governor Johnston stated that he desires a simple and quiet inaugural without the usual decorations. Colonel Jones stated that he does not presume to question Governor Johnston's wisdom in this decision, but that he regrets it on account of his own personal pride in the State troops.

"The troops are in splendid shape," he said, "and I like to show them off. We had prepared for a great day until I received the Governor's request yesterday, and in compliance therewith I have prepared and sent out a circular recalling all invitations for participation in the inaugural.

AN UGLY PRACTICE.

Huntsville, Ala.—The ugly habit of young men surprising people as they walk the streets on dark nights near our cotton mills has prevailed for some time. The officers of the law, however, have had occasion more than once to deal with these offenders, and it was thought the practice had been abolished until Thursday night, as Walter Winkle was passing through the grove near West Huntsville cotton mills, several shots were fired uncomfortably close to him, but he did not decamp, as was expected, so the fire was repeated, with an aim too accurate. Mr. Winkle, it is thought, is dangerously wounded, with a bullet in his groin. The police at once took the matter in hand, and have arrested eight young men on the charge of malicious mischief. They were tried before Justice R. P. Whitman, and seven of them were fined $25 each, and one was remanded to jail to await the developments of the young man's injuries.

MONTGOMERY—LEGISLATIVE.

Hon. A. D. Sayre, of Montgomery, was chosen President of the State Senate, and Hon. N. N. Clements, of Tuskaloosa, was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives. Both branches of the General Assembly have secured very able presiding officers.

The following other Democratic nominees were elected: Massie Wilson, of Clark, clerk; Jesse Adams, of Dale, assistant clerk; Val Taylor, of Marengo, engrossing clerk; Robert Hassin, of Etowah, doorkeeper.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Governor Oates' biennial message was presented to the House at noon. It is a voluminous document of some 25,000 words, and treats of every department of the State government. The Governor recommends:

That the Sayre election law be repealed.

That the county convict system be abolished and the State system reestablished.

That Building and Loan Associations be made to pay taxes on all of their asets.

That the assesament of taxes be more perfectly aranged for.

That the poll tax be increased to $2.

That State elections be held every four years, and that Supreme Court judges be elected every ten years.

That liberal appropriations be made for the Girls' Industrial School.

That a tax be levied especially for public schools.

That an increased appropriation be made for the State University.

That fees be allowed solicitors rather than salaries.

That there be appointed an examiner of acounts for each Congressional District.

That the State historian, at a $1,200 salary, be appointed.

That the erection of a Governor's mansion be allowed.

That no political conventions be held in the Capitol.

That a charge of $2 for comissions under seal be made.

LITTLE CHRONICLES.

—The Supreme Court is now calling cases from the Fifth Division.

—The Gate City Mill is now employing more men than ever before.

—There is a possibility of a large cotton mill being located at Irondale.

—Gov. Oates and Gen. Pettus are leaders in the Senatorial race.

—The Alabama Legislature is to be asked for aid for the Confederate soldiers' Home.

—Sand mountain farmers are better off this fall, financially and every other way, than ever before.

—The political excitement is still raging in Birmingham. The mayoralty question is still unsettled.

—The East Alabama Fair, at Opelika, was a grand success. For quality, the exhibits surpassed all former years.

—The organized Sunday school convention of Chilton county was held in the Methodist Church, Verbena, November 15.

—The Thomas furnaces at Birmingham are now shiping more iron than they are making, and are drawing on the reserve.

—Hon. Craig Smith, State Treasurer, has resigned his office and taken his seat in the House as a member from Dallas county.

—The woods on red mountain were on fire on Monday and Tuesday and the sight was a grand one from points at a distance.

—Tuesday was the last day under the law of Alabama in which candidates for city honors could have their names printed on the ticket.

—When the price of No. 1 foundry iron advances to $9 a ton at the furnace the miners will get an advance in the mining of coal. It is expected soon to reach $9.

—The cargoes of every vessel of the Harsley line from Mobile to Europe have been engaged till the end of the year. Such a rush of freights is unprecedented at this season.

—William J. McGill, a wealthy old farmer of Sulphur Springs, died from the effects of a fractured skull received in a quarrel with a merchant named Dan Houser.

A BIG THING.

Ground Broken in Dallas, Tex., for the St. Paul Sanitarium.

Dallas, Tex.—Ground was Friday broken for St. Paul's Sanitarium, a hospital to be erected under the auspices of the Sisters of Charity of the Catholic church, at a cost of $150,000. The securing of the hospital for Dallas was the work of the physicians of the city. They raised money among themselves and purchased two full blocks of ground as a site. The ceremonies to-day were witnessed by fully 1,000 persons. The Right Rev. Bishop Dunn, formerly of Chicago, threw the first spade full of earth. Besides the Bishop and local members of the Catholic clergy, Sister Mary Bernard, of Atlanta, Ga., who will be the mother superior of the institution, was present. All took turns at assisting in breaking ground. The site for the hospital is 378 by 461 feet. The building will front on Bryan, Hall and Pavillion streets.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, FLORENCE, ALA.

It is gratifying to know that the attendance is unprecedentedly large this year. The student body is exceptionally fine. The faculty is the strongest in the history of the College. It is inspiring to think of nearly 300 young people here from all parts of the State preparing to teach in the Public Schools. They do well to get ready to fill the places for which we have been bringing in teachers from other States.

The winter term will begin Monday, December 7. That will be an auspicious time for new students to enter, though they may do so any day during the school year.

One hundred dollars will defray a year's expenses, including board. President James K. Powers will be glad to send a catalogue to any who wish it.

STRANGLED TO DEATH.

Willie Wilkes Kills a Woman and Then Walks Coolly Away.

Jacksonville, Fla.—Mrs. Ravena Caramay, formerly of Knoxville, Tenn., but recently of Ocala, Fla., was strangled Saturday by her lover, R. Willie Wilkes, formerly of Florence, S. C., but of late years of Ocala. The man and woman came here from Ocala two weeks ago, and have quarreled frequently. Saturday Wilkes went to the woman's room, and after a quarrel, threw her on the bed and choked her until she was dead. The murderer coolly walked out of the house, and the body was not found until an hour later. Wilkes was captured as he was riding out of town on a bicycle.

MORE CUBAN AID.

Kingston, Jamaica.—An important expedition in aid of the insurgents in Cuba, conveying dispatches from New York of vital importance and stores of medicine and clothing sailed from here last week. The boats on board of which the expedition left here have returned and report the successful landing of the members of the party and the supplies upon the Cuban coast.

RELIGIOUS NEWS.

The Methodist and Baptist Bodies in Session.

Lynchburg, Va.—Upon roll-call 220 members were found in attendance on the 114th annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. Dr. Paul Whitehead, Dr. Judkins and Dr. Lafferty were appointed a committee on memorials. The annual report of Dr. Brown, book agent, was read by Rev. Mr. Lambeth, and then followed reports of the Board of Missions, the Board of Church Extensions and Secretary of Church Extensions.

CAROLINA BAPTISTS.

Winston, N. C.—The sixty-fourth annual session of the North Carolina Baptist State Convention opened at Morganton Wednesday with a good attendance of preachers and delegates. Dr. R. H. Marsh, of Oxford, is moderator. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. Robert Van Deviu, who recently accepted a call to Georgia. The convention represents 140,000 white Baptists in the State. It will close Sunday. During the week addresses will be delivered by eminent Baptist divines.

BAPTIST CONGRESS.

Nashville, Tenn.—The Baptist Congress in session here after devotional exercises discussed problems of "The Country Church." Rev. W. L. Munger, of Belding, Mich., and Rev. J. H. Baldridge, of Lancaster, S. C., were the chief debaters of the session. At the night session, "Is God the Father of All Men?" was the topic. Dr. F. H. Rowley, of Chicago, and Rev. George C. Baldwin, of Springfield, Mass., maintained the affirmative; President W. Pope Youman, of Grand River College, Gallatin, Mo., denying it. President Youman's speech was the feature of the day. The Congress adjourned Thursday morning.

MOBILE'S EXPORT BUSINESS

Continues to Increase Very Rapidly Wheat Appears on Her List.

Mobile, Ala.—The expansion of business at Mobile is well illustrated in the continued increase in the foreign exports of the port.

The exports for the first four months of the fiscal year 1896-97 exceeded the total for the same four months of the year previous by 52 per cent; the totals being $2,477,000 and $1,622,000. The increase is general. Wheat for the first time appears on the export list in October, 60,000 bushels going to Germany and 58,000 bushels to England. The corn exports for four months were [illegible] bushels, compared with [illegible] bushels last year. The cotton exports were $1,000,000 and $651,000 respectively, and the lumber exports were $500,000 and $305,000, both articles showing a flattering increase.

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION

St. Louis, Mo.—The 500 officers and delegates to the Twenty-third Annual Convention of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, were called to order in Exposition Music Hall at 9 o'clock Friday morning by President Frances A. Willard. Prior to this a morning prayer meeting was conducted in Schuyler Memorial Hall by Miss Elizabeth Greenwood, of New York.

At 11 o'clock the evangelistic hour began. An hour of prayer was observed at 12 o'clock.

In the afternoon reports of committees were in order, also reports of the secretary, treasurer and superintendents, the latter being given in ten minutes each.

A welcome meeting was held in the evening.

LONG ISLAND'S MAYOR

To Be Arrested on a Charge of Violating Election Laws.

Long Island City, N. Y.—A bench warrant has been issued for the arrest of Mayor Gleason, of Long Island City. The indictment is the result of charges by the Jeffersonian Democrats that in appointing election inspectors and poll clerks he violated the law which requires that the inspectors be appointed for the dominant parties, whereas he appointed Republicans and members of his own political faction, the Jeffersonians receiving only twenty of the 100 inspectors and poll clerks. The Jeffersonians are the silver Democrats.

ASSASSINATED BY NEGROES.

Augusta, Ga.—A special to the Chronicle from Washington, Ga., says: "Julius Hardy, a young man who runs a country store at Woodstock, was assassinated Friday night by negroes. The motive for the crime is not known, as no goods are missing from the store.

CONFEDERACY'S DAUGHTERS

Elect Officers for the Ensuing Year. Will Meet In Baltimore Next.

Nashville, Tenn.—Before adjourning Thursday afternoon the United Daughters of the Confederacy in annual session assembled at this place, elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President, Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee, of Lynchburg, Va.; First Vice-President, Mrs. D. Girard Wright, of Baltimore, Md.; Second Vice-President, Mrs. Augustine T. Smythe, of Charleston, S. C.; Recording Secretary, Mrs. John P. Hickman, of Nashville; Treasurer, Mrs. J. Jefferson Thomas, of Atlanta; Secretary, Miss Kate Mary Roland, of Virginia (now residing in Baltimore).

When the chair called on the Convention for invitations from the representatives of the various cities for the next meeting place, the following cities were placed in nomination: Lynchburg, Va., Jacksonville, Fla., Alexandria, Va., Baltimore, Md., and Montgomery, Ala. The votes were counted by States and resulted as follows: Baltimore 68, Alexandria 17, Lynchburg 5, Jacksonville 8, Montgomery 35.

AFTER THIRTY YEARS

Of Agitation the M., J. and K. Railroad is to Be Completed.

Mobile, Ala.—The Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City Railroad, an enterprise begun nearly thirty years ago but which first was brought to the point of construction last Spring, and which has hung fire since then because of the financial situation, will be put through without delay. President F. B. Morrill telegraphs from New York "as the direct result of McKinley's election the construction of the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City will be pushed to completion."

Advertisements for material, including 50,000 cross ties, have been made. The road is to be 185 miles long, passing from Mobile through Jackson, Greene, Perry, Jones, Covington, Simpson, Rankin and Hind counties, to Jackson, Miss., connecting there with the Illinois Central. It crosses the New Orleans and Northwestern road at Hattiesburg, Miss. The immediate outlay in this section will be $1,800,000.

A BLACK EYE.

The Mississippi Railroad Company Gave It to the Railroads.

Jackson, Miss.—The Mississippi Railroad Commission, after a three days' session, during which it wrestled with freight rates, has adjourned. In spite of vigorous protests from all roads doing business in the State, [illegible] would send them into the hands of a receiver. The Commission ordered reductions averaging about 20 per cent. The original order of the board was for a 40 per cent reduction but on the statements and protests [illegible] the order was modified about one half and generally accepted by the roads. The schedule on all roads except the Illinois Central was fixed and its [illegible] that many thousand dollars will thus be saved to the people of the State annually.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

Two Men and a Team are Dashed Into Eternity By an Explosion.

Ridgway, Pa.—Lewis Stewart and Patrick Donahue were instantly killed at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon about three miles from Johnsonburg by the explosion of nitro-glycerine. The two men were working for Markham & Martin, oil producers, of Kane, and were engaged in hauling nitro-glycerine to a magazine with a team of horses. It is supposed that one of the cans of the explosive fell to the ground and the terrible explosion resulted. No trace of the two men have as yet been found, while only a few fragments of horse flesh have been discovered in the branches of adjoining hemlock trees. The shock was plainly felt in the town of Johnsonburg, three miles distant, where some panes of glass were broken.

NO LONGER AN ATTRACTION.

Chicago, Ill.—The Famous Ferris wheel is in the hands of a receiver. Saturday Judge Horton appointed Andrew Onderdonk to take charge of the assets, under bond of $10,000. The company was nine months in arrears on the interest due on mortgage bonds of $300,000, and is totally insolvent.

BIG FIRE IN INDIANAPOLIS.

The dry goods establishment of Lawrie & Robson, 26 and 28 West Washington street, Indianapolis, Ind., was completely destroyed by fire Saturday morning; loss over $100,000.

YOU DON'T SEE YOUR WHEEL WHEN RIDING,

KEATING

BUT OTHER PEOPLE DO,

Why not let them see a stylish wheel glide easily by?

(KEATING)

KEATING WHEEL CO.

HOLYOKE, MASS.

Art Catalogue 4c. in Stamps.

ONE WOMAN'S CASE.

A Common Malady and a Remarkable Cure.

From the Herald, Boston, Mass.

When a great, popular remedy rises to such remarkable success as to be a worthy theme of comment in a whole section it may fairly be treated as a matter of news rather than mere business, because it is in a sense a public benefactor. In view of this fact a lady reporter was deputed to investigate personally the remarkable tonic and curative effects which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had shown, particularly in cases of nervous weakness and general debility, numerous instances of its efficacy in this class having been noted, especially in the vicinity of Boston.

A typical case was readily found in the experience of Mrs. Mary A. Conway, living on Erie street, Dorchester, Mass., who had been, according to her own testimony, suffering for a long time with physical and nervous weakness, accompanied by palpitation of the heart and irregularity of functions.

"It is true," she said, "that I have met with a remarkable restoration through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For some time I was completely run down, and the care of a family was a great strain upon me. My lips were white and my heart palpitated so severely that I could not go up and down stairs without great distress. My digestion, too, was weak, and I can truly say that I was suffering from a general lack of vitality.

"I took Pink Pills with misgivings, but after taking only a small quantity I was agreeably surprised to find that they were all and more than they had been described to be.

"From the very first time of taking the pills I began to notice their beneficial effect, and I found myself gradually and rapidly overcoming the varied physical weaknesses that seemed to have fastened upon me; my white lips were restored to their normal tinge, I regained color in my face, and as for the heart trouble I may say that it has completely vanished, and I can now go up and down stairs without any palpitation whatever. Heretofore I had black specks before my eyes and a tendency to dizziness, but now my head is clear and my vision is unimpaired.

"I shall continue to use the Pink Pills," said Mrs. Conway, "and to recommend them to my friends. I have found them to do great benefit, and I find that their use not only relieved me of the particular trouble which I had, but acted as a general tonic for my whole system. It seems to me that the more they are known the more they will come into general use, for people have been so often deceived by [illegible] that claim to cure everything that they are glad to find one that does exactly what is claimed for it."

Inquiries of physicians and apothecaries in this section also lead to the belief that such cases as that of Mrs. Conway are proving to be the prototypes of many other.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now given to the public as an unfailing blood builder and nerve restorer, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves. The pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4% Actual Potash.

Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

THE DEAF HEAR

DEAFNESS [illegible] Write for pamphlet. Free.

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From us at WHOLESALE prices, and second hand books will be cheaper still. Write for our catalogue and price list, free.

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Dr. Salmon's Medicines are guaranteed to cure and fatten them, or money refunded. If your dealer cannot supply you send 25 cents for large sample package and Farmer's hand book of information. VETERINARY MEDICINE CO., Nashville, Tenn.

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REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

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This is a most Valuable Book for the Household, teaching as it does the easily-distinguished Symptoms of different Diseases, the Causes, and Means of Preventing such Diseases, and the Simplest Remedies which will alleviate or cure.

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PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

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Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

DR. O. T. DOZIER,

The Renowned Southern Specialist [illegible]

Successfully treats all cases BY MAIL AT YOUR OWN HOME, all forms of Chronic [illegible] Blood and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

CURES GUARANTEED.

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DR. O. T. DOZIER,
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Breech Loaders, Single Barrel [illegible] Double Barrel [illegible] or $6. Top Lever [illegible] complete [illegible] Rifles, $1.75. **GUNS** Revolvers [illegible] Action, $1 [illegible] Below everyone. Send stamps for catalogue. H. & D. FOLSOM ARMS CO., 314 B'way, N. Y.

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OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1896. NO. 5.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING, THINKING AND DOING.

Will the Fusion Idea Be Continued?—Would Be Easy in Some States—A Difficult Task in Others—A Conference of Leaders Is Near at Hand.

The result of the election seemed to be a surprise to everybody almost, but the republicans. Up to the last minute both sides claimed everything. East of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio it was a republican landslide.

* * *

Notwithstanding the fact that the republicans have severely criticised Mr. Bryan for intimating that the question would be decided on sectional lines, the result proves the correction of his judgment. With the exception of California and Oregon the McKinley states are grouped in a bunch in the east and north, and extending as far west as Wyoming.

* * *

The result further shows that where the silver question has been agitated most Mr. Bryan received his best support. In the east the issue was new and the people had never studied it. Another four years of gold standard administration, unless it is a great improvement on that of Grover Cleveland's will likely give them an object lesson which will induce them to give the question serious consideration.

* * *

There is one element in the result which is fortunate for the opponents of the republican party. They have shifted all responsibility from their shoulders. The full responsibility is with the republicans. They will have both branches of congress and the president. They have placed themselves on record as the advance agent of prosperity. They have pledged their words that the gold standard will bring it. The whole country will watch for the results predicted and if the party fails to redeem its pledges its doom is sealed.

* * *

We are not of that class, however, who believe the country has gone to irretrievable ruin because the election did not go as we wished it. We have heard that cry for sixteen years. We have confidence in the intelligence and patriotism of the people as the great balance power that will be able to save the republic at any crisis. The harder the times the sooner the party in power will be voted out, and when it becomes evident that the party cannot be trusted then the people will revolt.

* * *

Great things are not born without great travail, and truth has always had to fight for every inch of ground it occupied. What education lacks in accomplishing, oppression and tyranny will supply. But the work of education is necessarily slow. But the object lessons educate very rapidly. That times will be better for a short time we do not doubt. When the boaconstrictor loosens his folds for another grip the victim feels easier until the pressure is renewed. Money will flow into circulation and enterprise will be stimulated, but woe unto the unwary who lose their heads and indulge in speculation. The trap will close again and another batch of mortgages be added to the burdens of the people.

* * *

How will the election affect the people's party? is a question now uppermost in everybody's mind. At this early date (Nov. 10) it is difficult to tell. We find a disposition on the part of some to continue the alliance with the democratic party. We do not think, however, that this will meet with the approbation of the great majority of members of the people's party. There was strong opposition to any alliance with the democrats during the recent campaign and that opposition has become intensified since the election. It is more than probable, however, that in such states as Kansas, Nebraska, and Colorado, where the local tickets have been successful, that a continued alliance will obtain, but in those states, the democrats cut but little figure so far as numbers are concerned, and their influence consists only in holding the balance of power. They are perhaps now practically absorbed by the populists.

* * *

In all the southern states the situation is different. To make an alliance with the democratic party means a total and absolute surrender of our party machinery. The same condition applies to Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, Indiana, Ohio and other northern states. The people's party must draw its recruits from both old parties. An alliance with the democrats not only prevents disgusted republicans from joining our ranks, but drives out some of our own members who never expected to be thus conveyed into the democratic camp. The same can be said with regard to an alliance with the republicans. It prevents disgusted democrats from joining us. The history of reform parties in this country is full of experiences of this kind.

* * *

There is evidently a strong feeling toward a re-organization of the party along the old lines. It is likely that a call will soon be made to that effect. There is a pretty general demand for such a call. It is no doubt best that something like this should be done. There is not only much confusion but considerable distrust of leaders among our ranks. A mass conocution at which the prominent men in the party were present, and a declaration as to the future policy of the party would do much to strengthen our lines and put us in active working condition. It seems to me that it is actually necessary that something of this kind should be done, and to fail to do it would be fatal to the people's party organization. There is a general call for such a convention and the probability is that if those who have the authority do not call it there will be a spontaneous call from the "boys in the trenches" that will bring it about anyway.

W. S. MORGAN.

FUNCTION OF MONEY.

Development of the Monetary Problem Means a Government Paper Currency.

Besides the checks and promissory notes, issued by individuals, which have a limited circulation, and the notes issued by banks, which have a more extended circulation, many governments issue notes directly that circulate generally among the people. As, however, the precious metals are the only commodities generally accepted as money throughout the world, all promises to pay are based upon one or another of them, but the aggregate of value represented by these promises to pay is so great that their fulfillment at any one time in coin or bullion would be impossible, the ratio between the volume of exchanges effected by the use of paper representatives of money to the volume effected by coin or bullion itself being greater than 9 to 1. This fact, that the total value called for by the paper representatives of value at any time in existence, although expressed in terms of the units of value originally designating coins, vastly exceeds the value of the metals as coined or held in bullion by the sources whence coins are issued, together with the fact that no man willinly and knowingly exchanges commodities for paper representatives of value without believing that he can obtain the worth called for by these representatives, leads to the perception that, after all, it is not the metals, however precious, but property of all kinds that is their basis, and that these paper representatives of value are succeeding coins in designating and measuring the value of the commodities for which they are exchanged. And as the value of commodities depends upon the efforts expended, under the law of supply and demand, in producing and delivering them at the place of need, the ultimate function of paper representatives of value is to measure and reward human effort.—"Development of the Monetary Problem," by Logan G. McPherson, in Popular Science Monthly.

Who Are the Anarchists?

How dear are the lives and comforts of the "dear people" to the exponents of plutocracy is evident from the following extracts, which might be indefinitely extended. The goldbugs are making beds for the poor; will the poor be fools enough to lie down in them?

The people be damned.—Vanderbilt.

The best meal to give a tramp is a leaden one.—N. Y. Herald.

The capital of this country is organized at last.—N. Y. Tribune.

The battle with socialism will be brief, but it will be hot.—Rev. Dr. Hitchcock.

There is too much freedom in this country rather than too little.—Indianapolis Journal.

If the workingmen had no vote they might be more amenable to the hard times.—Indianapolis News.

These brutal creatures (strikers) can understand no other reasoning than that of force. What they need is force, and enough of it to be remembered among them for generations.—N. Y. Tribune.

The simplest plan, probably, when one is not a member of the humane society, is to put a little strychnine or arsenic in the meat or other supplies furnished tramps.—Chicago Tribune.

There semes to be but one remedy and it must come—a change to land owners on one hand and tenant farmers on the other, something similar to what has existed in the old countries of Europe.—N. Y. Times.

Hand grenades should be thrown among those who are striving to obtain higher wages, as by such treatment they would be taught a valuable lesson, and other strikers would take warning by their fate.—Chicago Times.

The American laborer must make up his mind henceforth not to be so much better off than the European laborers. Men must be contented to work for less wages. In this way the workingman will be nearer to that station of life to which it has pleased God to call him.—New York World.

The people are almost unanimous in their desire for good times. The republicans have promised the country prosperity if they were given the power. They now have the opportunity. Every act of theirs will be watched with interest. They will be put on record. If permanent prosperity attends their administration of affairs nothing could happen that would prevent the people from giving them a further lease of power. Will they improve the opportunity?

One of the silliest things of which the plutocrats were guilty in the recent campaign was their attack on that part of the Chicago platform that criticised the action of the Supreme Court in regard to its decision on the income tax. There was nothing new or strange in that. Some of the best republicans that ever lived criticised severely the decision of the U. S. Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case and were of course denounced for it by the slave power.

It ought to be evident that there never was an independent or third party movement that did not have a tendency in some way to help one or the other of the old parties, but the charge of treason has never before been made so viciously on this account as in the recent campaign.

FREE SILVER AND FIAT.

The Difference Between Token Money and Commodity Money.

Some of our free silver democratic friends are very tender on the fiat money theory, yet they are obliged to fall back on it in order to support their position. We note that the most of them seem to get their idea of ultimate redemption money from Harvey, and evidently maintain that all paper money should be redeemed in gold or silver. Then follows their theory that it is the money of ultimate redemption that fixes prices without reference to the paper money in existence. Were it not for the fact that their opponents, the goldites, were as uneducated on the principles of finance as themselves, their argument would not stand a moment before an array of logic and facts. There was a time when there was no money of ultimate redemption in sight. What fixed prices then? The fact is we should have prices without any money. While money has most to do with prices, credit has also its share of influence upon them. But as to the fiat theory. All legal money is fiat. Fiat means a decree of law, and applies to all kinds of money. A great many people use the word fiat ignorantly. What they really mean is token money—that is money composed of material without intrinsic value—such as paper, leather, tin or any other cheap material.

Now anything is valuable for what it will accomplish. Money is designed as a medium of exchange. Money should circulate—that is what it is intended for. If a man wants to hoard property he has no right to demand that it shall be first stamped as money and then be taken from circulation and hid. This is the objection to gold and to some extent to silver. Both are commodity money—that is having both a legal and commercial value. Therefore they are both unreliable as money because they are liable to be hoarded or exported and thus affect the volume of currency in circulation and thereby affect prices.

It is not so with token money. It is redeemable in all things and its one mission is to assist in making exchange of property. It is not likely to be hoarded, and if it ever finds its way out of the country will soon come back. Its volume depends not upon the chances of discovery and the laborious process of taking it from the ground, but upon the will of the creator. As its creator is composed of the people who use it they can be relied upon to make it good. No man who builds a wagon for his own use will put a bad piece of timber in it. It is true that such a money system might interfere to some extent with the business of the banks and those who loan money, but it would be in the interests of the great mass of people.

Overproduction?

A great and extensive country, industrious people, good crops, a surplus of everything, at peace with the world, and in the midst of all these great blessings business men are forced to the wall, farmers after working from daylight to dark to mature a crop, after selling the same at beggarly prices are forced to mortgage their land to the banks or money lenders for enough money to carry them through the winter; thousands of men out of employment, people starving for bread is the picture of life in this great free (?) America to-day. And still the wise statesmen tell us that it is overproduction; lack of confidence that is causing all the misery. What a fertile brain it must have taken to have made such a discovery! Think of it, people are starving because crops are too good (what a blessed thing it would be to have a famine), and people going poorly clad because there has been an overproduction of clothing—bosh!—Labor World.

Novel Surgical Operation.

A quite novel surgical operation has successfully been performed at Parma, Italy, by Professor Camillo Verdelli, in the presence of all the physicians of the Parmese Hospital, and with very satisfactory results. The new operation was the washing of the heart. It was the first operation of the kind, and Prof. Verdelli employed the washing apparatus recently invented by Prof. Riva. After making an operative incision, Prof. Verdelli first cleaned the pericardium of the patient, a twelve-year-old boy, of the pus which had accumulated thereon, and then proceeded to wash the heart with a strong solution of soda biborate (borax). The operation was very successful, inasmuch as no further complication has arisen; the boy is now doing very well, and is on his way to complete recovery. Prof. Verdelli has received numerous congratulations for his success with the new operation from surgeons all over Europe.—Philadelphia Record.

A Story of Professor Herkomer.

A pretty story of Prof. Herkomer is told in one of the London papers. His aged father, who lives with him in his splendid home at Bushey, used to model in clay in his early life. He has recently taken to it again, but his fear is that soon his hands will lose their skill, and his work will show the marks of imperfection. It is his one sorrow. At night he goes to his early rest, and when he has gone Herkomer, the talented son, goes into the studio, takes up his father's feeble attempts, and makes the work as beautiful as art can make it. When the old man comes down in the morning, he takes the work and looks at it, and rubs his hands and says: "Ha! I can do as well as ever I did!"

THE men who have been led are not to blame; it is the men who have done the leading.

ALABAMA'S LAW-MAKERS.

The State Legislature Has Gotten Down to Hard Work.

GOVERNOR'S SECOND MESSAGE

Desires a Thorough Investigation of the State's Financial Condition.—Wants a Joint Committee for the Purpose.—Kyle, of Morgan, Wants to License Pistol "Toters."

Montgomery, Ala.—The following message from Governor Oates was sent to the House Friday, and is self-explanatory:

Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

In my biennial message to you at your organization I endeavored to show that the present deficiency in the revenue was $225,177.54, and after quoting from the auditor his estimate of the deficiency for the present fiscal year as $146,100, I stated that it would not exceed $150,000.

In the State Herald yesterday the following language was used editorially, to wit:

"The fact is that on the 1st of January, 1897, there will be a deficiency of something like $600,000 to deal with. Confronted, therefore, as we are with such a large deficit and with the further fact that there must be a very heavy increase in taxable valuations, on the tax rate, or a moderate increase in both to enable the State to meet its current expenses and extinguish the deficit, we cannot agree that it would be wise at this time to incur any additional liabilities not absolutely necessary for the proper administration of the Government."

If this editorial be true it proves that I uttered a falsehood in my message. If I told the truth then the editorial statement is false. I am also informed that the honorable gentleman, who will succeed me in the Chief Executive Office, some days ago requested that a Committee be raised to investigate the state of the treasury and ascertain the amount of the deficiency, which Committee, I am informed has not been raised. It is his right to have the information authoritatively.

I ask nothing except what is my due and desire the investigation to be a most thorough and searching one, and will order the State Examiner to aid any committee which may be raised. I hope it will be a joint committee from the two Houses. The people of the State should know the facts. It is but just to me and my administration and I most respectfully demand that immediate action be taken.

WM. C. OATES,
Governor.

HOUSE—FRIDAY.

Among the bills introduced to-day the most interesting was a measure by Mr. Kyle, of Morgan, "To regulate and license the carrying of concealed weapons in the State of Alabama." The bill provides that a license be granted to persons of good moral character, peaceable and law-abiding, when a certificate has been signed by not less than twenty householders and free holders of the neighborhood in which said person resides, testifying that he is of the peaceable character required under this act. It provides that the person to whom such license is granted shall be over 21 years of age, and that he shall pay to the Probate Judge, issuing the license, a tax of $20 for such license, and a fee of $1 to the Probate Judge for his services in performing such duty. A book shall be kept in the office of the Probate Judge showing a list of all who have been granted such privilege, and such book shall, at all times, be open to the public for inspection. A list of all who shall apply for such license and are refused on account of certain provisions of this act, shall be referred to the Grand Jury for investigation. The bill was referred to the Committee on Revision Laws.

SENATE—FRIDAY.

Senator Brewer, from the Committee on Rules, reported favorably this morning the resolution for the raising of a joint committee to prepare a bill for calling a Constitutional Convention. Mr. Hundley is leader of the opposition to this measure in the House, and offered a bill to repeal the Sayre Election law, which, he claimed, is so constructed that the delegates to a Constitutional Convention, should it be called, would not be fairly elected. Mr. Hundley stated that fraud had been committed under this law and he was taken up on this statement by Senators Kilpatrick and Brewer.

The resolution was finally re-committed to the Committee on Rules.

Senator Hogue's bill, providing that no State officer, excepting the Governor and Supreme Court Justices, shall receive a salary exceeding $2,000, was passed by the Senate this morning by a vote of 18 to 12.

The bill was strongly advocated on the floor by Senators Brewer, Cunningham, Robinson, Hundley and Hogue.

HOUSE—SATURDAY.

The only bill out of the usual run of legislation was introduced by Mr. Timberlake, the member from High Jackson. It was referred to the Committee on Temperance. The bill read as follows:

To regulate the dress of women and maintain the distinction of dress of the sexes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That it shall be unlawful for any woman to appear in any public place in this State attired in the habit or any part of the habit of man.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That no woman shall appear in any public place in this State so adorned as to unduly excite the passions of men.

Section 3. Be it further enacted, That Section 1 and 2 of this act shall imply all such articles of dress known as tights, bloomers, shirt waists and all articles of dress commonly worn by men at this time.

A short but heated discussion occurred over the passage of the general bill, introduced several days ago, to give a lien for the fees of practicing physicians to the amount of $10. All counties were stricken from this bill by amendments except two, Sumpter and Pickens, and the bill passed as a local measure.

SENATE—SATURDAY.

The important issue in the Senate to-day was the motion by Senator Smith, of Mobile, to reconsider the vote by which the Hogue salary bill passed the Senate yesterday. The opposition to the bill seems to have grown in a single night, and the forces were well organized to-day. The bill was ably opposed by Senators Pettus, McElldery and Case. Senator Hogue then made a motion to reconsider the vote, so that he might have an opportunity to amend by excepting county officers from the provisions of the measure. The motion carried, and the amendment was adopted. Mr. Kilpatrick then moved that consideration of the bill be postponed until the second Tuesday after recess. The motion prevailed by a vote of 14 to 13.

Just before adjournment of the Senate Dr. Cunningham, of Jefferson, introduced a new convict bill by unanimous consent.

The bill proposes a revolution of the present convict system, and is a carefully prepared measure. It affords a revenue to the State of about $100,000 per annum through the State working its convicts. The bill provides for the abolishment of present board of convict inspectors and substitutes a general manager with two superintending divisions and a medical director, with headquarters at Speiguers, Ala. This board is to be appointed by the Governor and indorsed by the Senate. The manager and medical director shall serve for six years at salaries of $2,400 per annum, and the superintendents for four years at salaries of $1,500 each and traveling expenses.

Printed copies of the general appropriation bill were distributed among the members to-day. This bill has been made a special order for Monday and will be a continuous order until disposed of.

HOUSE—MONDAY.

The lower House of the State Legislature got down to hard work this morning. A number of bills, both local and general were introduced, but the one that appeared to be the paramount issue was a bill by Mr. Meadows, of Marengo, to regulate primary elections. Among the other most important were the following:

By Hearn—To regulate the aportionment of the school fund in the State by fixing the apportionment by actual attendance of the pupils during the month of July.

By Davis—To set aside the school fund of Alabama for school purposes; education.

By Delchamps—For the payment of wages to workingmen and employees; appropriations.

By Wiley—To establish the convict and prison bureau, to provide for the administration of its business and for the inspection; penitentiary and criminal administration.

SENATE—MONDAY.

The Senators convened to-day at the usual hour. A message from the House was received stating its concurrence in the joint resolution to provide for the reprinting of 500 copies of out-of-print volumes of the Alabama Supreme Court reports, and referred to the Committee on Rules.

The third reading of Senator Brown's bill to permit women to practice law in this State precipitated one of the most brilliant debates ever heard in the Senate chamber. Two reports were had from the Judiciary Committee. The bill passed by a close vote, but its reception by the House is doubtful.

The following general bills were disposed of in the Senate as indicated below:

By Appling (H)—To amend an act entitled an act to amend section 3588 of the code, relating to the taking up of criminal dockets. Passed.

By Lavender—To revive judgment and decrees against administrations de bonis non, in cases where such judgments or decrees have been rendered against administrators in chief and such administrators in chief have died, been removed, or have resigned, before the payment of such judgment or decree. Passed with amendment.

By McElderry (S)—For the protection of the creditors of any insolvent and failing corporation against preferences made or suffered by the directors, officers or managers of such corporation of the code, approved February 18, 1895. Insures a trial by jury on law issues in chancery cases, if demanded by either party. Passed.

By Appling (H)—To amend section 3262 of the code. Passed, without amendment.

By Robinson (H)—To amend an act entitled an act to dissolve garnishments in cases where the defendant executes bond to plaintiff, approved February 12, 1891. Laid over informally and retains it place on the calendar.

By Brown (H)—To amend section 751 in the payment or security of debts. Passed.

By McElderry—To fix the times of holding the Circuit Courts in the several counties comprising the seventh judicial circuit. Passed.

:o:

AFIRE AND ABANDONED.

Vain Efforts to Save the Lumber-Laden Lake Steamer B. W. Arnold.

Houghton, Mich.—The steamer B. W. Arnold, on fire and abandoned by her crew, went ashore near the Salmon Trout River, in Lake Superior, Monday morning. The steamer left Duluth Thursday with a cargo of 800,000 feet of lumber, bound for Chicago, having in tow the schooner Mowatt, also lumber-laden. When off Ontonagon fire was discovered in the deck load in the forward part of the steamer. The crew fought the fire bravely, and every possible effort was made to save the vessel. The work of the crew was ineffectual, however, and after five hours of battling with the flames they were compelled to flee before the heat, which became unbearable. The crew then boarded the schooner, cut the tow-line, and the burning steamer was allowed to drift away. She was owned by the Mills Transportation Company, of Marysville, Mich. Her valuation is placed at $45,000.

:o:

AN OUTRAGEOUS ACTION.

Garcia's Son the Victim of Spanish Vengeance Sent to Penal Servitude.

New York, N. Y.—An evening paper says: The Spanish Government actuated, the Cubans in this city say, by news of a crushing defeat to Weyler's men by Gen. Calixto Garcia, of the Cuban army, have caused the arrest of the General's son, who was temporarily in Spain, and sent him to do penal servitude for life in a convict colony on the coast of Africa. News of the arrest was received by Mrs. Calixto Garcia, wife of the General, who is now in command of the insurgent forces in Santiago Province, in a letter from Barcelona. Young Garcia was arrested on the charge that he was intending to join the insurgents in Cuba after reaching the United States.

:o:

JERE BAXTER PERSEVERES.

He Has Interested More Capital in His Tennessee Central Railroad.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—Col. Jere Baxter, of Nashville, and representatives of certain capitalists of St. Louis and New York, whose names could not be learned, left Harriman Monday in vehicles, in company with Engineer Whitman, for an inspection trip over the Tennessee Central so far as graded. It is stated that Receiver Godfrey has about abandoned the idea of completing the line, and will agree to have it brought to sale, and the visit of these parties, it is believed, is made with a view to becoming its purchasers. It is understood that St. Louis parties are interested in the oil fields of Fentress and Overton counties, which this road traverses. The recent flow of oil at the Bob's Bar well, which is regarded as rather phenomenal, bears out the rumor that the St. Louisans are interested themselves in the railroad project.

:o:

CONFLICTING OPINIONS

Of the Reports From Porto Rico—Weyler's Head in Danger.

Madrid, Spain.—Senor Castellano, Minister of the Colonies, denies the truth of the story cabled recently of the probability of an uprising in Porto Rico, despite the fact that the story was based upon official advices from the island. But El Dia affirms the accuracy of the story, and declares that the Government has received advices showing the existence of a conspiracy to accomplish an insurrection.

SHOT THROUGH THE HEAD.

Fort Gaines, Ga.—Leon, the ten-year-old son of William Hammock, a prominent citizen, lost his life Saturday. He and his elder brother and a cousin were hunting when he was accidentally killed.

PERILS OF THE SEA.

A Tacoma Steamer Wrecked on a California Sand Bar.

HEROIC WORK OF RESCUERS.

Some of the Crew Rescued After Clinging to the Riging for Hours During a Terible Storm, and Attempts to Rescue the Remainder Are in Progress.

Point Arena, Cal.—The steamer San Benito, bound from Tacoma to San Francisco went ashore seven miles north of Point Arena Sunday morning. The steamer struck on a sand bar and broke in two. The San Benito carried forty-four men, and during the severe storm Saturday night must have lost her bearings. The wind blew terifically and a heavy sea was runing. The vesel struck about 1 o'clock in the morning, and an hour later broke just aft the smokestack. Boats were lowered, but one capsized immediately with five men in it, four of whom were drowned. Another boat with four of the crew capsized nine times, losing two men. Three men, by heroic means, reached shore. Daylight found the rest of the crew clinging to the rigging. Such a heavy sea is running that it is impossible to render asistance.

The drowned are: O. W. Scott, first engineer; F. Condon, second engineer; M. Pendergast, fireman; John Sheridan, messenger boy; one seaman, name unknown.

The steamer Point Arena reached the scene at 11 o'clock Sunday morning and sent out a boat, and by bravery and skilled seamanship rescued seven men. In making a second trip the boat was almost swamped and was compelled to abandon all efforts on account of the great breakers washing over the wreck. A sailor was washed overboard and reached shore almost dead. He was revived by a doctor on the beach.

At 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon a sailor jumped overboard and attempted to swim ashore with a line. The shoulder straps of his life-preserver broke and the man went down.

Lighthouse Keeper Brown and an Indian named Lazarus, William Comprey and "Al" Cunningham manned a boat and made two heroic efforts to conect the wreck with the shore line, but were unsuccessful.

The steamers Point Arena and Alcazar are off the wreck, but can render no assistance until the sea calms. Both parts of the ship are fast in the sand, fifty feet apart. The sailors claim the accident was on account of the fog-horn not blowing, but the night was clear and the light could be seen many miles.

:o:

BLACKBURN GIVES IT UP.

Will Now Try to Be Kentucky's Next Governor.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—The Commercial-Tribune's special from Lexington, Ky., says that Senator Blackburn has given up the Senatorial contest and determined to make the contest for Governor. Senator Blackburn is confident he can secure the nomination for Governor, and that he can be elected. It is stated that Senator Blackburn's present action in declining to contest for the Senatorship is due to gold Democrats refusing to stand by him as the caucus nominee.

:o:

GOING AFTER A COFFIN

An Alabama Man is Knocked from the Track by a Passenger Train.

Huntsville, Ala.—W. B. Cobb was killed at Paint Rock by Memphis and Charleston train No. 4, east-bound, Saturday night. Cobb attempted to cross in front of the train and was knocked down by it. His head was crushed and one leg was cut off. Cobb lived near New Hope, this county, and leaves a wife and four children. He had gone to Paint Rock to meet the train and get a coffin he expected to be brought in for his father.

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Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
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THIS X mark is to remind you that when you come to court next week will be a good time to renew your subscription.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

CAPT. KOLB has retired from the newspaper business, and disposed of the Tribune to Philander Morgan. As Mr. Margan took the same position as Capt. Kolb in the late compaign we presume the policy of the paper will be unchanged.

A GROWING opposition to the proposed charter of incorporation for Clanton is making itself manifest, and it seems tolerably evident that there are several features in the charter which are strongly objected to. We are decidedly in favor of incorporating the town, but unless the charter meets the approval of the people it is better left alone. We would again suggest to Mr. J. P. VanDerveer, as chairman of the committee, that he take the people into his confidence and make public the provisions of the charter.

A PARTY of young people, enjoying a hay-ride last Saturday night at Ensley City, near Birmingham, met with a fatal ending to their enjoyment. When the wagon was crossing a bridge over Village Creek, the bridge gave way, and down into the creek went wagon, horses and people. One unfortunate young man, Wm. Shannon, has since died, and several others are severely injured. The bridge was new, only having been completed a few days before and accepted by the county commissioners. Indignation meetings are being held in the vicinity, and it would seem there ought not to be much difficulty in fixing the responsibility on the right parties.

OBJECT lessons are generally very convincing. The merchants of Chilton county last week had splendid object lessons at Jemison, Clanton and Verbena, of the value of an advertisement in THE BANNER. There were larger crowds of people from all parts of the county congregated in the three above mentioned towns than were ever known before, and all brought to town by a single adv. in THE BANNER. The moral to all enterprising merchants is that if you waut to reach the people of Chilton county you must advertise in THE BANNER.

REDUCING salaries is not usually a very popular proceeding, but we are confident that the action of the Legislature in cutting down the appropriations will meet the approval of the people of the State The present Legislature seems to be economically inclined and is getting down to business in good style. We are glad to note however that while cutting down expenses where practicable, an appropriation of $15,000 was made for the Girl's Industrial School at Montevallo.

WHILE all this talk of a constitutional convention is going on, it seems to us a word about re-districting the State would be opportune. Take, for instance, our own (the fourth congressional) district, comprising six counties. In the FIVE WHITE counties, according to the returns, Aldrich majorities are 1093, and Plowman majorities 971—nett majority for Aldrich 122. Now comes the funny part. ONE BLACK county, Republican from end to end, returns a DEMOCRATIC majority of 3,089; the majority alone in that ONE BLACK county being 1025 over the combined majorities of the two candidates in the FIVE WHITE counties. Facts indisputable!

CIRCUIT COURT.

Circuit court convened on Monday, Judge N. D. Denson presiding. This was the first occasion of the public use of the new court house, and Judge, lawyers and clients, as well as the public generally, were unanimous in commending this improvement.

The docket was light and there were no cases of any public interest, the only case of any importance being the Alabama Mineral Land Co. vs. E. E. Jackson et al, involving the sum of $45,000. Judgment was given for the defendants, and notice of appeal was made on behalf of the plaintiffs. The petit jury was discharged Wednesday evening and the grand jury finished their labors this morning about ten o'clock.

The report of the County Treasurer was satisfactory, showing a balance on hand.

The following visiting attorneys were in attendance: E. E. Willett, Anniston; S. D. Logan, Centreville; W. A. Gunter, Montgomery; W. R. Oliver, Calera; W. A. Collier, Birmingham; C. S. G. Doster, Prattville; W. R. Brassell, Prattville; C. P. Jones, Montgomery; F. B. Baldwin, Verbena.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

To Hon. N. D. DENSON, Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit of Alabama:

We, the Grand Jury for the Fall Term, 1896, of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, respectfully submit the following final report:

We have enquired into the violations of law in our county and as a result have returned into Court 18 true bills.

We have examined the books of our county officers by committees and report the same properly kept as far as we can judge. Especially those of County Clerk.

The bonds of our county officials we consider good.

We are glad to note that our county has a new and attractive court house and we think that this fact should be a source of gratification to every citizen of our county.

We recommend that the water works at the county jail be put in perfect repair at once. With this exception we find our jail in good order. The prisoners have been well treated.

The roads of our county are in fair condition, but we earnestly urge that the road officers take a greater pride in the faithful discharge of their several duties, for we are convinced that the value of good roads to any county can not be easily over estimated.

We have examined into the financial condition of our county and hereto attach a report of the County Treasurer.

The comfort of our county poor we are glad to say has been properly considered.

We desire to thank your Honor for the explicit charge given, our Solicitor for kind and patient assistance, and our Bailiff for his prompt attendance.

Having now discharged our duties to the best of our ability we respectfuily ask to be discharged.

Very respectfully,
B. W. SILSBEE, Foreman.

Maplesville Music.

Mr. Oliver Latham's friends are glad to see him in our midst again in fine health and spirits.

A misnomer was made of the colored killing near this place the 3rd of this month, the woman was a daughter of Henry and Mary White and was married to John Henry Harvey, they had been living in great discontent some time, she pleads self-defence. The man spoke but a few words after the shooting, being shot through the heart, died immediately. The woman offered no resistance and was safely lodged in jail.

Several from here took advantage of excursion rates for pleasure and business trips.

Mrs. R. H. Martin and Miss Cora Smith have visited friends in Selma.

Mrs. Garner and her lovely daughter, Miss Ollie, have been guests of Mrs. Goodwin the past week.

McKinley's success hasn't brought prosperity yet. There is a considerable increase of tramps that are a great nuisance to house-keepers here, we think some of his extra wisdom would be well employed to get work for these unfortunates.

We are fearful the Opossums are not living in this locality in any security from the noise the festive small boys and dogs are making here after night.

The weather has been remarkably mild in this locality, cotton continued to grow and make later than ever known before.

SUBSCRIBER.

PROSPERITY WAVE.

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 24, 1896.

The Venezuelan arbitration has, after an infinite amount of red tape, been placed in the hands of a commission, composed of two representatives of Great Britain and the United States each, and the King of Sweden.

The recent meeting of the Knights of Labor has been of great interest. Secretary-treasurer Hays, in his report, exposed the violent attacks made upon the order by a clique, known as the "New York Triangle," composed of some of the Socialist Labor party, when they failed to get control of the K. of L. Among other measures the organization pledged itself to try to get before the next Congress, is the establishment of Postal Savings Banks.

W. J. Bryan, in company with several of his friends, has gone to Taney county, Missouri, to spend ten days hunting and fishing. From the time he left his home he was greeted with the same enthusiasm that he met everywhere before the election. Although he has not so announced, it is generally understood that Mr. Bryan will, about the first of January, publish a book on Bimetallism, to be supplemented by his biography, written by Mrs. Bryan, and a history of the recent campaign.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature of Alabama, seeking to make void all contracts calling for payment in gold or any other currency than the legal tender of the United States.

The Leader, of Canton, South Dakota, states that ballots were printed in the Russian language and men employed to do the marking, in McPherson county, at the recent election.

Carroll D. Wright, in his recently published census report, gives the number of unemployed at 3,523,730.

The leaders in the Silver cause will meet in Washington, immediately after the convening of Congress.

The war in Cuba goes on with renewed horrors. Spain has sent to Gen. Weyler 200,000 men, and the command to crush the rebels or resign in the near future. The Cubans are believed to have only about 7,000 men poorly fed, clothed and armed. Spanish ladies have sold their jewels, it is said, to raise money to provide troops, while Cuban women are fighting in the ranks. Owing to the possibility of trouble with Spain the Secretary of War has ordered the southern ports and their means of defense looked into and in some cases steps have been taken to render them less open to attack.

The first Populist headquarters for 1900 have been formally opened at Lincoln, Nebraska, on the ground floor of the Lincoln hotel.

The farmer element will predominate in the Nebraska legislative bodies. But one gold democrat was elected to either branch of the house.

Mark Hanna recently gave a gorgeous banquet to his Wall street adherants and admirers. All of the toasts proposed were boquets for the Chairman and he, in turn, distributed compliments and twenty dollar gold medals, as souvenirs of the occasion. Mr. Hanna, in his speech, with that delicate tact(?) that characterizes every utterance of that great "Cannibal of Labor," told how one of his hired "spell-binders" had said, "Mr. Hanna stands with one hand on the Almighty and one on McKinley, and he can't be beat."

It is given out that the Wilder mansion at Bolton, Mass., has been purchased by President-elect McKinley, through his manager, as a summer residence. This is the same house that was provided as a retreat for Napoleon, but never used by him as he too long delayed his departure from France. Ardent admirers of the Major may be delighted with this coincidence and regard it as further proof of his being a "man of destiny," but we venture to suggest that a little study of history or a sober second thought might divest this comparison of much of its glamor. It may be all very well to be like the great man of France—but there is Waterloo! A. R.

Broken Chain

The family circle is never so happy after the chain is broken and a link taken. Some family chains are strong, others weak. Have you a good family history? Or is there a tendency to coughs, throat or bronchial troubles, weak lungs? Has a brother, sister, parent or near relative had consumption? Then your family chain is weak. Strengthen it. Take SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. It makes rich blood, gives strength and vigor to weak lungs and run-down constitutions. With its aid the system throws off acute coughs and colds. It prevents the chain from breaking.

Shall we send you a book about this, free?

For sale by all druggists at 50c. and $1.00
SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

EDITOR BANNER: I think maybe some of our citizens of Chilton would like to hear something of the workings of the Legislature I will give them a few notes. We have done nothing of very much importance. We had a little fun over a bill to license women to practice law, but after a hard fight the bill was defeated. I was very sorry, for I am willing to give woman an equal chance with man in making a living. Some men are willing to let woman enter the field of hardship, but when it comes to professions of honor they want her to take a back seat.

I have put in another bill raising the age of consent to 14 years of age, and after a hard fight the committee has made a favorable report and I think it will pass. While I think this age too low, I think it much better than ten years.

Well, our people had just as well get ready for a constitutional convention, because I am a most sure one will be called. I think all of the Populites will oppose such a measure.

I think the proceedings of this house will be pleasanter than any for the last two or three sessions. Closing, I will say that I want the people of our county to feel free in any request they have to make of me, because I am their servant, and am here to do their wishes, so let them send me any suggestions that they see proper, and I assure them that I will appreciate the same.

Respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

* * *

Vine Hill.

As the election is over and political strife is at an end for the present and there is no danger of personal differences, I will return to my work of getting local news.

Health of community generally good.

Crops all gathered; ginning season closed and cotton about all marketed.

Glad to report Mr. Nole Merony able to be out again after being badly hurt by a fall.

Mrs. Jas. Johnson is very sick, hope she will soon be well.

Mr. C. A. Fisher is putting up a new dwelling.

J. M. Russell was severely, though not dangerously, cut by a foot-adze.

Mr. Butler and family were the guests of Mr. J. P. Willis this week.

There will be Thanksgiving services held at Vine Hill church Thursday. The young folks are expecting an enjoyable time. Our Sunday-school is still prospering; its an ever green school.

Mr. Ed Moore and Willis Blue went to Selma last week; in fact, almost everybody is going or has been to town.

Mr. Wm. Hunt has gone back home after a two months stay.

Glad to say that circuit court was of little interest except some had to attend as jurors.

Hope now the election is over that all the local news-gatherers will all help to make the BANNER the newsiest county paper in the State.

May peace and prosperity crown the BANNER in its efforts for justice, peace and equal rights to all men alike.

Yours again,
PAT.

* * *

LOST.—Tol Marcus lost a $5 bill, Wednesday, and will be glad if the finder will return it to him.

* * *

Among the business cards in this issue none is more interesting to the writer as a reminder of the better things of life than the announcement of the Chicago Cottage Organ Company of that peerless musical instrument, the Conover piano. Every material that ample capital could purchase necessary for the construction of a first-class instrument, and skillful hands to assemble these products of an age of invention and mechanical improvement, have been used that the promoters might truly claim that the Conover is the leader of pianos. Against adverse national prosperity this instrument has steadily and rapidly gained the position it occupies as the piano most sought after by music lovers everywhere, the artists of Europe and America, and for the best homes of the land.

Not only, however, are the manufacturers of the Conover the leaders in the piano world,—but as makers of the renowned "Chicago Cottage" organ they are known throughout the world and their product is a household favorite in every county in the United States, and almost every village. As sole introducers of the "Kingsbury" and the well-know "Schubert" pianos they have a line of musical instruments that the most exacting demands of a music-loving clientele may require, both in tone, durability, construction and design, and have not omitted to duly consider the important subject of making a price so reasonable that the public is quick to avail itself of an unexcelled opportunity to gratify its taste for music. What better investment could be suggested to our readers than making a purchase of a piano or an organ? The Chicago Cottage Organ Company can supply you, and desire to include you among their patrons.

Tax Notice.
Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville	November	9
Shoultz	"	10
Valley Creek church	"	11
Welch's mill	"	12
Dixie	"	13
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson	"	16
Macedonia church	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg	"	21
Maddox's mill	"	22
Lomax	"	24
Mineral Springs	"	25
Mountzion church	"	26
Cane Creek church	"	27
Ehrman's mill	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	4
Coopers	"	5
Verbena	"	7&8
Wayside church	"	9
Kincheon	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12
Benson	"	14
Maplesville	"	15
Smith's school-house	"	17
Jemison	"	18
Strasburg	"	19

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Collector.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phœbe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at J. S. Jonson, Jr., Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pension Warrants in favor of Confederate Soldiers Widows for 1896 have been sent to me by the Auditor, and are now ready to be delivered.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,

THE JURORS.

Following are the names of jurors drawn for the fall term of circuit court, which will convene on Monday, November, 23 1896.

PETIT JURY—second week.

A J Glasscock, J W E Gulledge, W F Claughton, Hamp Shoults, I G White, D H Hudgins, J W Sorrell, J R Kemp, W H Thomas, J J Marcus, S M Yates, Wm. Reynolds, W A Sims, M A Bates, Thomas Roberts, J L Waldrop, John Runnels, John Robinson, Mart Gore, K R Burnett, W C Dickerson, W D Horsley, J E Cobb, W M Wood, J N Askins, H C Bearden, A L Collins, D Z Merchant, LaFayett Ingram, G T Mims, W A Green, J E Champion, W E Vinsant, W W Rutherford, J W Baker.

Real Estate for Sale.

The following lands for sale very cheap by F. B. Baldwin, Verbena or W. H. Foshee Clanton, Ala.

SW¼ of sw¼ sec 33 tp 20 r 12; nw ¼ of nw¼ and se¼ of nw¼ sec 33 tp 21 r 11; e½ of sw¼ sec 28 tp 21 r 16; s½ of se¼ of ne¼ sec 23 tp 20 r 11; nw¼ of nw¼ sec 10, nw¼ of se¼ sec 20, ne¼ of se¼ sec 32 tp 20 r 11; nw¼ of ne¼ sec 10 tp 20 r 12; e½ of se¼ sec 26 tp 23 r 14; nw¼ of sw¼ and sw¼ of sw¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 15; se¼ of nw¼ sec 25 tp 21 r 11; ne¼ of ne¼ sec 4 tp r 12, all in Chilton county, Alabama.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,526.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1896, viz.: Monroe Stewart, Homestead entry, No. 24,149, for the nw¼ of nw¼ section 12 tp 22 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Jake Hayes, of Thorsby, Ala., Anthony Latham, of Thorsby, Ala., Luke Latham, of Jemison, Ala., Robert Hicks, of Thorsby, Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs: Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN
DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
- Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.
FURNITURE AND COFFINS
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT
for many years with Pollack & Co.
Has the Finest Line of
Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats
To be found in Montgomery
Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET
MONTGOMERY - ALA

Danger Ahead!

Don't neglect slight symptoms of ill health. Headaches—biliousness—constipation—these are warnings that there's danger ahead. Don't wait 'till you have a severe attack of sickness but take V.V.V. now and avoid liver complaint, bilious fever and like diseases. V.V.V. the great family remedy is a sure specific for all forms of liver complaint. It drives all impurities from the blood and system, toning and invigorating the whole body. V.V.V. is composed solely of roots, barks and herbs, having powerful healing properties, yet so harmless that no one can receive any but good effect from their use. V.V.V. cures every form of blood and skin disease, including the worst cases of scrofula, kidney diseases, rheumatism, catarrh, malaria, etc.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00.
A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court meets second [illegible] in February, first Monday in [illegible], second Monday in May, second [illegible] in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price today 6.55 cents.

Bales received to-date:

[illegible]	1650
[illegible]	853
[illegible]	375
	2878

STRAYED on Nov. 16th, one [illegible] mule, medium size, [illegible], [illegible] in order. A [illegible] offered for the mule. [illegible] Mrs. Sarah Mahan, 6 [illegible] of Stanton, Ala.

[illegible] Honeycutt went to Birmingham this morning.

Mr W. M. Adams was somewhat indisposed early part of this week.

[illegible] Collier, who was attending court, was taken sick on Tuesday, [illegible] to leave for his home in Birmingham, Wednesday morning.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. R. Ehrman is dangerously ill

Mrs. Middleton has been slightly [illegible] this week.

Dr Johnson, Sr., and Miss Roberta Johnson have gone to New Orleans to spend the winter.

Mr. W. H. Foshee went to Birmingham Sunday.

With sorrow we announce the death of Mrs. R. Ehrman this morning at her home in Birmingham, where she has been sick for some time. Mrs. Ehrman was a lady held in high esteem and respected in this county, and the bereaved husband and family have the deepest sympathy of all our citizens.

If you want a Piano or Organ we can sell you one at a low figure and on easy terms. THE BANNER, Clanton

Married last Thursday at the residence of the bride's parents near Clear Creek, Rev. J. L. Busby and Miss Alla M. Thompson, Rev. J. R. Crowson performing the ceremony. We wish the happy couple much felicity.

WANTED 1000 cross ties. Apply to G. H. GREEN, Clanton.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. J. L. Busby and Miss Alla M. Thompson; Mr. Virgil W. Wilson and Miss Rosa B. Grant.

Mr. Virgil W. Wilson and Miss Rosa B. Grant were united in the holy bonds of matrimony last Sunday at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R, T. Grant, near Coopers. Rev. Hardy Jones officiated. Long life and happiness is the wish of all their friends.

Mr. and Nrs. Norriss, of Mountain Creek and their daughter Mrs. Jones, were among the visitors to court this week.

MEALS 25 CENTS.

Court people can find accommodation at my store for meals at all hours during the day. All kinds of first class groceries on hand with fresh nuts, apples, candy, etc.

J. A. CULP, Clanton.

Dr. A. J. Massey is doing a good business extracting teeth by his painless process, judging from the crowd he has had this week He will be here next week until court adjourns; will then go to Bozeman, Verbena, Lily, Jemison and many other places where his customers are. Prompt payment is his motto. Be ready for him. He will continue his visits in Chilton more frequently. It will pay you to have him do your dental work

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

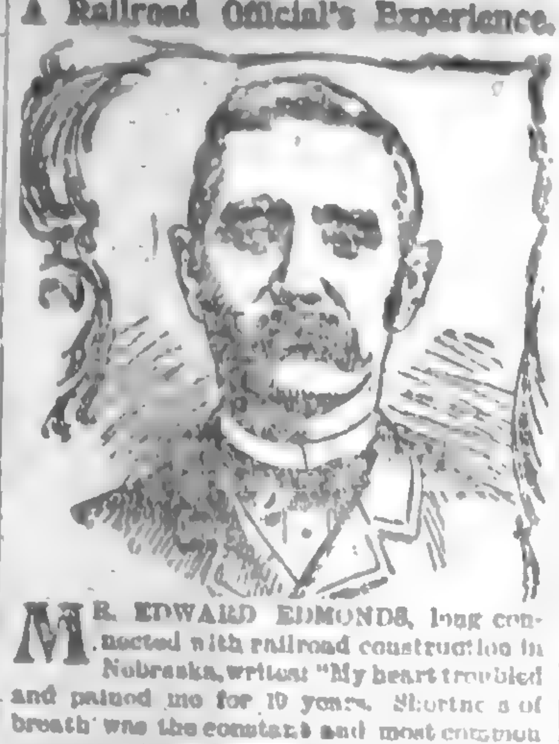
Program of Mulberry Baptist S. S. Convention to be held with Macedonia church, on Friday, November 27, 1896.

Prayer by Bro. G. W. Freeman. 10 a.m. Welcome address by Bro. S. E. Waldrup. Preaching at 11 a.m. by Bro. S. M. Adams.

Subjects for discussion—1. What is the best method of promoting interest in Sabbath-school work? discussed by Bro. J. E. Jones and Bro. L. B. Pounds. 2. What effect should a Sabbath-school have on a church and community? discussed by Bro. M. D. Langston, [illegible] H. Shaw and others. 3. What [illegible] duty of a church towards a Sabbath school? discussed by Bro. [illegible] M. Honeycutt, Z. J. Jones and others. Singing. 4. What is our motive in attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. A. [illegible] and Bro. David Smitherman and others. 5. Can we be better christians or enjoy any more religion by attending Sabbath-school? discussed by Bro. W. J. Fleming and James Neat. Mass-meeting, Sunday, 9 a.m., conducted by Bro. [illegible] Foshee. Preaching at 11 by Bro. R. M. Honeycutt. There will be song service conducted by Z. J. Jones.

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.



MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 10 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS.

P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the General Assembly of Alabama at its next session, for the passage of an Act empowering Alfred Popwell of Chilton County, Alabama, to sell and convey the interest in lands in Chilton County, Alabama, of the heirs of John Popwell deceased, in the estate of Reuben Popwell and Benjamin Popwell, both deceased.

ALFRED POPWELL.

Clanton, Ala., November 5, 1896.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jesse S. Martin, Sr., deceased. Probate Court, Chilton County Ala.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 27th day of October, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

R. H. Martin, Administrator,

By his attorneys Adams & Martin.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for Talladega county, Alabama, rendered on to-wit the 3rd day of October, 1896, and in accordance with the terms thereof, I, James Crook, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Edward Gantt, deceased, will sell at public outcry, for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 9th day of December, 1896, within the legal hours of sale in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, the following described property in Chilton county, Alabama, to-wit: se¼ of sw¼ sec 3 and w½ of sec 6 all in t 21 r 14; ne¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ sec 10 and n ½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw1-4 and nw1-4 of se1-4 sec 12 all in t 22 r 14, w½ of nw1-4, se1-4 of nw1-4 and se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 33, and se1-4 of se1-4 sec 29 all in t 22 r 14 and nw1-4 of se1-4 and sw1-4 of sw1-4 sec 32, t 21 r 15.

JAMES CROOK,

Admr etc, of the estate of Edward Gantt, Dec'd.

This 23 day of October, 1896.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING

SHAVING

SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS...

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

WATCH THIS SPACE

For the Announcements of

Dr. A. J. MASSEY

DENTIST,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Who will continue to make his periodical visits to Chilton and adjoining counties, and will publish the date he will be here in the BANNER.

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

Write us a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of those cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 12 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon; while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of [illegible] package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

[illegible] ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

[illegible] HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—[illegible].—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEP[illegible].—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—[illegible].—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED [illegible].—[illegible] & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FL[illegible].—[illegible].—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—[illegible] THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID [illegible] SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING [illegible].—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—[illegible] OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—[illegible] STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPE[illegible].—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING [illegible] SENSATIONS.—DESPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA [illegible] EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF [illegible].—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO [illegible].—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY [illegible] DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—[illegible].—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—[illegible] FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED [illegible].—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHOEA [illegible] CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—[illegible] & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS "OUT OF SORTS" NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER-WORKED PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & PALE AND [illegible] CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER, [illegible] BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

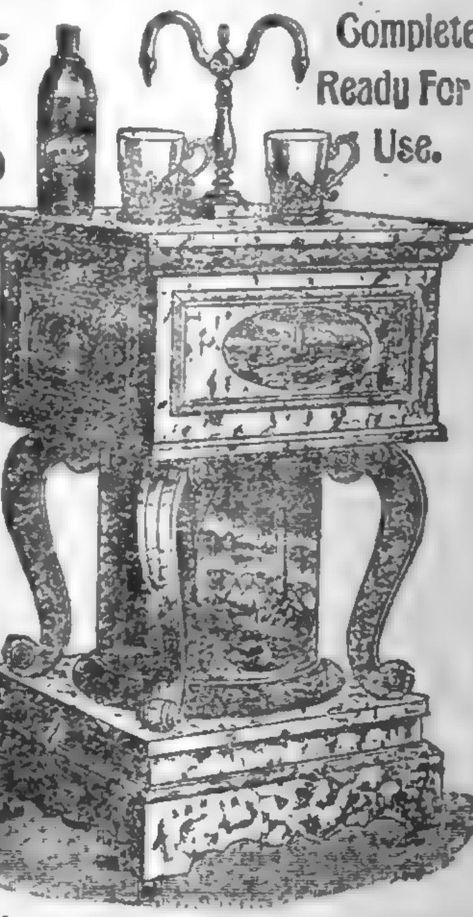
C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

PORTABLE

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.



80 Years In Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

Greatest Discovery of 19th Century. Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE, WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

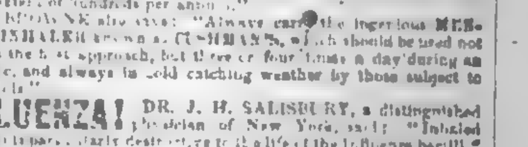
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol [illegible] cure Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathing, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER [illegible]."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to [illegible]."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."



Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of [illegible]. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

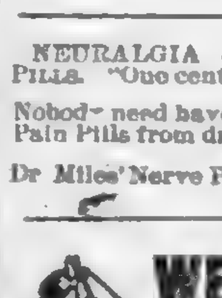
THE PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO,

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

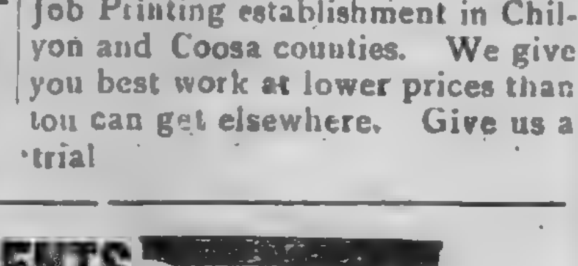
Dr Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS



No. [illegible]—Surrey Harness, Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 1[illegible] styles of Carriages, [illegible] styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $[illegible]. Spring Wagons $[illegible] to $[illegible]. Send for large Catalogue.



No. [illegible]—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Rolly Latham, deceased. Probate Court, Chilton county, Alabama.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of November, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, in said State, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

J. H. SHOULTS,

Administrator.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18597.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on January 2nd, 1897, viz.: Marry Dennis, widow of Daniel B. Dennis, H. E. No. 23,671, for the s½ of Fraction (A), Fraction (B) of Section 25 Tp. 21 n R 16 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: William N. Pierce, James S. Jones, John L. Howard, Pinkney M. Jones, all of Burwell, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I. A. C. Smith, Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder at the court house door in Clanton Alabama, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1896.

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real estate belonging to said estate, to-wit:

The sw1-4 of the se1-4 and all of the se 1-4 of the sw1-4 that lies east of Yellow Leaf Creek all in section 10 township 22 range 14 Chilton county, Alabama, containing sixty acres more or less.

A. C. SMITH,

Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville. Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

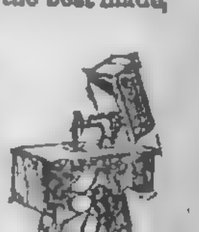
LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

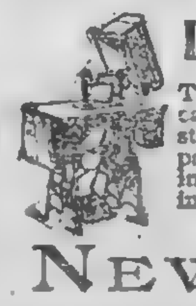
GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular



for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing, you will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (*patented*), no other has it; New Stand (*patented*), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMPEY,

Clanton, Ala.

THE

REVIEW OF REVIEWS

Monthly Illustrated

Edited by ALBERT SHAW

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THIS magazine is, in its contributed and departmental features, what its readers, who include the most noted names of the English-speaking world, are pleased to call "absolutely up to date," "[illegible] abreast of the times," "invaluable," and "indispensable." It is profusely illustrated with timely portraits, views, and cartoons. Its original articles are of immediate interest, by the best authorities on their respective subjects. The Editor's "Progress of the World" gives a clear, rightly proportioned view of the history of the human race during the current month. The "Leading Articles of the Month" present the important parts of the best magazine articles that have been written in every part of the world. The newest and most important books are carefully reviewed. Indexes, chronological records, and other departments complete the certainty that the reader of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS will miss nothing of great significance that is said or written or done throughout the world.

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Scientific American

[illegible]

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and sure [illegible] for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

CARTHAGE, Mo., July 24, 1896.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for forty [illegible] on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY [illegible].

It Acts Like a Charm.

SALEM, Ala., April 5, 1895.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions: the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do not sure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below, we have done more in [illegible] to enable the farmers of this country to [illegible] cost of the wire than all other [illegible] the United States [illegible] the total cost of the wire [illegible] who make and sell the fence [illegible]

[illegible] built strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 1[illegible] rods of any good woven wire fence [illegible] allows you to [illegible] with which you can [illegible] styles of [illegible] or lawn fence [illegible] Illustrated Catalogue, telling [illegible] may save you many dollars. Send [illegible] address, Kitselman Bros., [illegible]

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

P. P. P.
Lippman's Great Remedy
Brings Help to All!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. W[illegible]DER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,

Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*,) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Gold Relief Monument.

"It is due you and a pleasure for me to recommend your Tetterine. Truly it is an infallible remedy and cure for tetter. My wife had been annoyed by same for about twelve years, and after using the Tetterine for five days it disappeared entirely, to her great relief. She is ready to sing your praise, and I am prepared to contribute my cold dollar to erecting a monument to your name."
Yours, etc., A. M. Haywood, Evelyn, Ga.

To J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga. 1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

Many a life has been spoiled by not knowing the difference between thrift and stinginess.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and sold by all druggists.

Every man feels the need of some agreeable person to grumble to.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under absolute guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

It has recently been ascertained that almanacs and calendars date back to the year 300 A. D.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is 100 per cent pure. Made of Borax. It floats. Costs you same as poorer floating soap. Worth more. If all true you need it. Order one cake of your grocer, you'll want a box next.

What a blessed thing it is that even those of us who are reliable, don't have to prove all we say!

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

I could not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—Mrs. E. Moulton, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25c. a bottle.

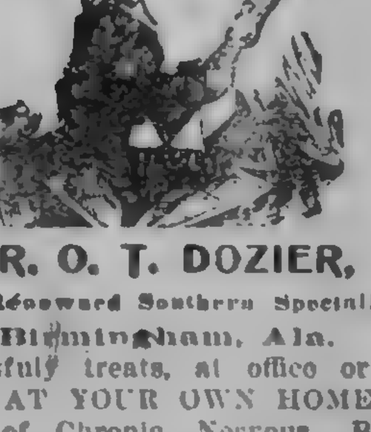
Ringing

Noises in the ears, sometimes a roaring; humming sound, or snapping like the report of a pistol, are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also results from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood. If you suffer from catarrh, try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, cure headache. 25c.



DR. O. T. DOZIER,
(The Renowned Southern Specialist.)
Birmingham, Ala.

Successfully treats, at office or BY MAIL AT YOUR OWN HOME, all forms of Chronic, Nervous, Blood, Skin and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

CURES GUARANTEED.

All Chronic Diseases of Lungs, Liver, Heart, Kidneys, Bladder, and all diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs are in my line of practice. Diseases peculiar to women, and all venereal diseases of either sex positively cured by mild and safe remedies. Impediments to marriage, as Stricture, Varicocele, Impotency, Emissions and all evil results of self-abuse or excessive indulgence quickly and permanently cured. I guarantee satisfaction in every case I treat. My valuable "Book for Men Only," and Symptom Blanks for men or women will be sent free in plain, sealed envelope to all who apply. Consultation free, whether in person or by letter.

A FEW EXTRACTS FROM PRESS ENDORSEMENTS

Hundreds more of like character, and thousands of high testimonials from patients can be furnished if necessary.

(Atlanta Constitution.)
Dr. O. T. Dozier, the head of the Southern Medical Dispensary of Birmingham, Ala., is a specialist of nearly twenty years' experience in the treatment of chronic, nervous and private diseases and his uniform success has given him a leading position in the medical profession.

(Masonic Guide.)
Dr. Dozier can be relied upon to treat diseases in the most successful manner, and he is known all over the south.

(The Southern Odd Fellow.)
We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be a brother Odd Fellow that can be relied on to carry out every promise he makes to those needing his services.

(Age Herald.)
* * * Dr. Dozier has resided for many years in Birmingham, and each successive year has added to his reputation, to his usefulness and to the esteem in which he is held by our best citizens. His long record and approved abilities entitle him to the proud distinction of standing at "the head of his profession."

(People's Weekly Tribune.)
As a specialist Dr. Dozier is unexcelled by any living physician * * * He is a Georgian by birth, a high toned, cultured Christian gentleman, strictly honest in all his dealings and financially responsible for all his contracts.

(Daily News, Birmingham.)
Dr. Dozier is a physician and surgeon of education, skill and experience, a man of culture and high literary attainments and a gentleman respected by all who know him. He can be relied on in all matters pertaining to his profession.

(Alabama Christian Advocate.)
His (Dr. Dozier's) professional standing is unimpeachable and his character as a gentleman and citizen is above reproach.

Address
DR. O. T. DOZIER,
Lock Box 112, Birmingham, Ala.

RODS For tracing and locating Gold or Silver Ore, lost or hidden treasures. M. D. FOWLER, Box 337, Southington, Conn.

WANTED—To buy old U. S. and Confederate cancelled stamps on original envelopes. Send stamp for reply. to E. S. Jones, Tullahoma, Tenn.

Am. N. U. No. 48. 1896.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS.

THE FARMER'S THANKSGIVING

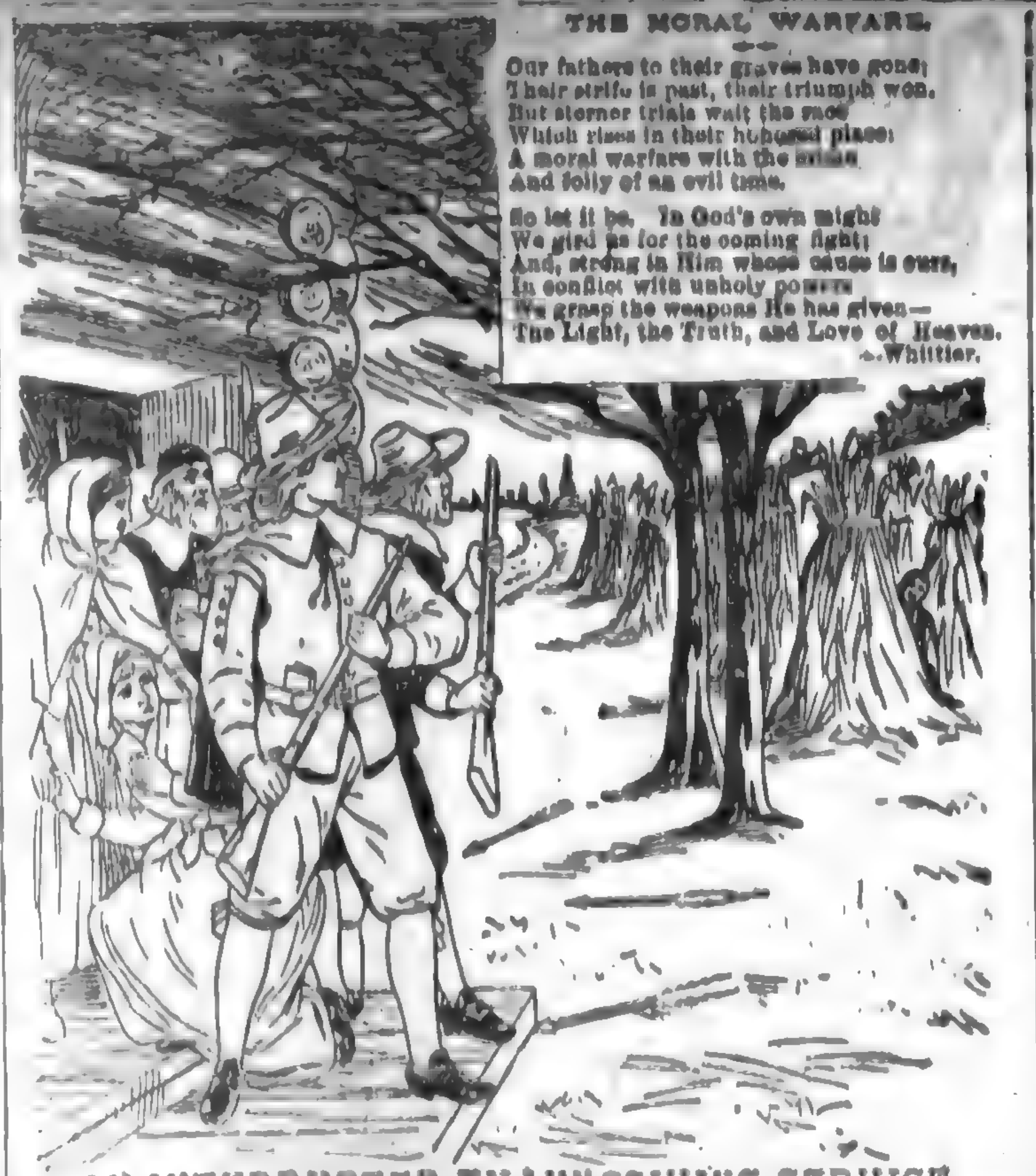
The earth is brown, and skies are gray,
And the windy woods are bare,
And the first white flakes of the coming snow
Are afloat in the frosty air;
But the sparks fly up from the hickory log
On the homestead's broad stone hearth,
And the windows shake, and the rafters ring,
To the lads' and the lasses' mirth.

The farmer's face is furrowed and worn,
And his locks are thin and white;
But his hand is steady, his voice is clear,
And his eye is blue and bright,
As he turns to look at his sweet old wife,
Who sits in her gown of gray,
With the cobweb 'kerchief, and creamy frills
She wore on her wedding day.

He bows his head to the laden board,
And the guests they are silent all.
'Thanksgiving, Lord, for the sun and rain,
And the fruit on the orchard wall,
For the silver wheat, and the golden corn,
And the crown of a peaceful life,
The greatest blessing that Thou canst give
A true and a loving wife!"

This white-haired lover he bends to kiss
Her hand in its frill of lace,
And the faded rose on her wrinkled cheek,
With a proud and a courtly grace;
And the snowflakes click on the window-pane,
And the rafters ring above,
And the angels sing at the gates of God
The words of the farmer's love.

—Minnie Irving.



AN INTERRUPTED THANKSGIVING SERVICE.

THE MORAL WARFARE.

Our fathers to their graves have gone;
Their strife is past, their triumph won.
But sterner trials wait the race
Which rises in their honored place:
A moral warfare with the crime
And folly of an evil time.

So let it be. In God's own might
We gird us for the coming fight;
And, strong in Him whose cause is ours,
In conflict with unholy powers
We grasp the weapons He has given—
The Light, the Truth, and Love of Heaven.

—Whittier.

HOME AGAIN.

A THANKSGIVING STORY.

RATHER a very singular name, Jane, such a very singular name. Oh, if it should be!"

The words were a wail, in accents of such utter misery, that the strong woman who heard them felt her eyes grow misty. She bent over the lounge where the speaker, a silver-haired old lady, helpless for years with paralysis, was lifting beseeching eyes to her face.

"Don't take on, so, deary," she said, soothingly. "There's many one, the more's the pity, driven to suicide by hunger and cold. Why should this one be—"

Then she choked. Her nursling, her baby, the child she worshiped, drived by hunger and cold to suicide.

"But, Jane," the invalid persisted, "it is such a strange name. See," and she pointed to one sentence in the paper before her; "the only clue to the identity of the would-be suicide is a wedding ring marked 'John to Delphine.'"

"I see," said the nurse, "but—but—"

And again the wished-for words of comfort failed her. The paragraph was no uncommon one, merely the record of a woman's attempt at self-destruction. She had thrown herself off a bridge, clasping a babe close in her arms, and had been rescued and taken, quite unconscious, to a hospital. Her dress was described and the inscription on the ring given; that was all.

But the paralyzed woman reading the newspaper was journeying over memory's plain, back—back twenty-five years, when a baby lay upon her breast, the only one God ever gave her. A blue eyed babe, nursed tenderly, reared in every luxury, petted, indulged for twenty long years, the idol of two loving hearts. Then—oh, the bitter rock on the plain—one day this child of so much love left her home to follow the fortune of a man who was so unfit for the care of her sweet girlhood, that her father had forbidden him to enter the house where his child dwelt.

The lovers—if the very name is not a desecration, where on one side was mercenary calculations, on the other blind worship—met at the house of friends and planned an elopement.

When Delphine was gone, when no doubt of her treachery to her parents remained, her father, a stern, hot-tempered man, cursed her, and forbade her name to be mentioned in his house. And her mother, even then helpless, shivered and moaned, and silently prayed for the child whose deceit could not destroy her mother's love.

And for five years no line came to tell them of repentance, no prayer for pardon.

One letter from John Hollis, the man who had so basely stolen a young, trusting girl from a happy home to follow his evil fortunes, the father answered, crushing forever the hope of fortune that had prompted the villain.

Such a letter as he read, grinding his teeth with impotent rage, effectually prevented a second demand upon his father-in-law's purse, and Delphine knew in that hour what misery lay before her.

But she made no appeal.

The future she had deliberately chosen she accepted as her punishment, seeing at last how wickedly she had requited the love of years.

"Mrs. Bernard, dear," Jane said, softly, caressing the haggard face, at last buried in the pillows of the lounge, "don't—don't take on so."

"If I only knew, if I only knew," the mother moaned; "and, oh, Jane! it is Thanksgiving Day. How can I pray thankfully if my darling lies to-day in a hospital dying—by her own act? Jane, I must see Mr. Bernard."

Jane went willingly upon this errand, but returned slowly.

"Mr. Bernard has gone out, ma'am."

"Gone out? Why, he never goes till after 10."

Down in the cosy library, where James Bernard enjoyed the leisure well earned by years of mercantile toil, the morning's newspaper had been opened deliberately, the money article scanned, the foreign news enjoyed, and the reader was idly looking over other columns, when a sentence seemed to spring out of the page before him, so clearly it stood defined against the mass of print.

"The only clew to the identity of the would-be suicide is a wedding ring, marked 'John to Delphine.'"

Eagerly every line of the tragedy was read, the sweat standing in great beads upon James Bernard's face.

"Shabby weeds!" he muttered, "a widow, starving!"

Then in his heart arose a great cry, breaking through the stern repression of years.

"Delphine, my girl, my treasure!"

He could read no more. Only that one pitiful record could he see upon the whole broad printed sheet, and the yearning bitterness of his heart would not be stilled.

"I must be sure," he thought, at length. "I hope Delia will not see this. Shall I see? No, my face would betray me. I will not see her until I can tell her it is not our child, or—"

What? He would consider no further, but put on his overcoat and hat, and hurried out into the bleak November air. It was Thanksgiving Day, and the city wore its holiday air.

Stores were closed, and groups were going to and fro with the expression expected pleasure brings upon faces worn with the world's cares.

The butchers' carts rattled about noisily and hurriedly, that turkeys might be delivered in time to secure longer holiday for the carriers. Children with "going to grandma's" legibly printed on their faces skipped lightly over the cold pavements.

Nobody noticed the handsomely dressed old man who strode rapidly in the direction of the city hospital, forgetting carriages, horse cars, everything but the necessity of satisfying that dreadful doubt in his heart.

Now he sickened for fear this desperate wretch was his child; now he prayed it might be, that he could claim her for his own again.

"Here—yes, sir," said the physician, in answer to his inquiries; "living? oh, yes, she'll get over it; needs food as much as anything. Can you see her? Certainly—Sarah," calling a nurse, "take this gentleman to 39—pauper ward."

"39—pauper," lay upon a cot that was scrupulously clean, perfectly comfortable, yet sent a chill to James Bernard's heart.

Her babe, a lovely boy of some six months, pale, but with large, dark eyes full of intelligence, was seated beside her, and the mother's eyes rested upon his face mournfully, but without any delirious fire.

James Bernard staggered back a little, and the nurse whispered:

"She's quite herself this morning, though she will tell us nothing of herself. Shall I speak to her?"

"No, I—I will speak to her."

The voice was hoarse, choked, but the woman upon the bed heard it, and looked up.

Many a cry of anguish, of dying agony, of piteous appeal had rung through that "pauper ward," but never one of more passionate entreaty than the one word, "Father!" that burst from the lips of the woman snatched from death by a policeman's rough grasp not twenty-four hours before.

The morning was dragging wearily along in the room where every luxury wealth could command was heaped about Mrs. Bernard's invalid lounge. Trembling with excitement, mingled hope and fear, the mother watched the hands of the clock travel slowly over the face. Again and again Jane had gone to the library, only to return to make the same report.

"He's not come in yet, ma'am."

It was past noon when the long strained patience gave way.

"Jane you must go to the hospital. I shall die in this agony of doubt. You can see if—if—this is a stranger, and—if not—oh, Jane, surely—surely her father will forgive her now."

As if in answer to the cry James Bernard at this moment entered the room. Upon his face there was a strange solemnity, and not seeming to see the quivering lips, the imploring eyes lifted to his face, he kissed his wife tenderly.

"Delia," he said, gently, "did you read the newspaper this morning?"

"Yes, James—I—"

"You saw, perhaps, a paragraph describing the attempted suicide of a woman—named—"

"Delphine! James, you read it? James—James you will see if it can be our child. James, you will forgive her now!"

And the poor, helpless figure writhed as if the poor mother would have thrown herself at her husband's feet.

"You thought—too," he said huskily.

"Yes, yes, Jane was going to go, but now you will go. You will see if our darling, our Delphine, has been driven to such mad misery as to try and take the life we cherished so tenderly. James, you will go?"

"Delia, you must try to be calm," cried her husband, frightened at the terrible agitation, so much more pitiful from her inability to move, except above her waist. It was awful to see the white, thin fingers twisting and working, the pale face so agonized. Literally afraid to tell his tidings, James Bernard took the little figure in his arms.

"If you will be quiet, love," he said, "I will tell you good news."

She was quiet enough then, lying panting with exhaustion in her husband's arms.

"Then you know!" she gasped.

"I have been to the hospital."

"And it is not our Delphine?"

"Delia, it is our Delphine!"

"Oh, James—James!" and here the tears broke forth, and the invalid shook with sobs.

"Our Delphine, Delia."

"Dying?"

"Thank Heaven, no! She has had hours of unconsciousness, but is rational again, and she knew me. Her illness now is not dangerous, only the effect of—" with a choking sob: "Starvation!"

"Oh, James—James!"

"She can be nursed back to life."

"There?"

"Can you bear it, Delia? She is here!"

"And not with me? Oh, how can you keep her from her mother?"

In answer to the cry, James Bernard left the room, motioning Jane to follow him. Only a few moments later he returned, half supporting, half carrying, a weak, trembling woman, who sank, half fainting, into her mother's arms.

There was a long silence, broken only by the voice of Mrs. Bernard, speaking low, caressing words and murmurs in answer, faint and low, but full of tenderness.

Then Jane appeared, asking:

"Is there no welcome for my bonnie boy, the darling with grandpa's eyes?"

And a glad greeting followed the painful, yet joyful meeting between the parents and the long lost child.

It was a sad story Delphine Hollis told to sympathizing listeners; but the miseries, the trials of the unloved wife were softened in the widow's recital, and over the dead was spread a mantle of gentle charity and forgiveness.

"Dinner, Mrs. Bernard," Jane said, at last, "and Thanksgiving."

And while she set the invalid's table, James Bernard escorted Delphine to the dining room to preside over the bountiful repast provided there, with a heart full of most sincere and fervent thanksgiving.

The Spirit of the Home-Coming.

There are many people who regard a Thanksgiving Day as a meaningless day, and its celebration once a year a waste of time and a mockery. It might have been, they go on to say, a day of reality to those who in early colonial times had hostile tribes, inclement weather and threatened starvation to fight, and whose natures were wrought upon to all their depths of fear and gratitude. But for us in these days of no National crises, in these days of money getting and materialism, a Thanksgiving Day means only a day in which, oftener than not, observances are a bore.

Yet for all that, and in spite of what the croakers say, year after year in every home in town and country some glad preparation for it is made. Feasts are prepared. Welcome stands ready. To the returning wanderer arms are outstretched; to the homeless wayfarer the hand is extended. Cost of labor and pain of preparation are forgotten in the joy of reunion. All the year that has gone has been with many but as vista looking toward it. For them all the year to follow shines as a new pathway leading to the same bright end.—Harper's Bazar.

A Soulless Sceptic.

"I'm tired," remarked the spectacular scoffer, "of reading these stories about the wayward son or the disowned daughter who invariably come back on Thanksgiving Day or Christmas, to be received into the bosom of the family."

"Why," replied his wife, "how hard hearted you are! Surely you must be touched by their repentence."

"Not as much as I'd like to be. I'd be more impressed if they'd select some day for coming back home when they aren't dead sure the family is going to have roast turkey for dinner."

Every Day.

Every day is a day of thanksgiving for Christians. They do not wait until the crops have been gathered before returning thanks, for they are thankful for every day's blessings. Still it is commendable custom for a Nation to officially recognize man's dependence, and to ask its people to unite in a common thanksgiving.

The late Justice Bowen's definition of a search for equity was "a blind man looking in a dark room for a black hat that isn't there."

A funny way to make money—Write jokes.

A SCATHING REBUKE

Administered by Hon. Thos. E. Watson to Chairman Butler.

WAS AN OPEN LETTER

And a Hot, Pointed Arraignment of the Populist Leader.—Accuses Butler of Having Betrayed Him.—"In This Campaign You Have Bargained with Republicans and Democrats."

Atlanta, Ga.—The Constitution prints the following: Tom Watson has been rubbing more red pepper into the wounds of Senator Marion Butler. In his paper, out Wednesday, he publishes his answer to Butler, and it is without any appearance of conservatism. In his reply Mr. Watson says, in part:

"You did not dare to publish it (the first letter) because you felt its arraignment of you to be unanswerable. Mr. Washburn's telegram (to which I was no party) did not control you then in not publishing the letter any more than they control you now in suppressing it. The truth is, Senator, you feel yourself to be a deeply guilty man—as, indeed, you are. Instead of managing this great campaign in a spirit of broad patriotism and courageous loyalty to your nominee and your party, you have allowed your personal ill-will toward me to divert you into a tortuous, narrow, jealous and disloyal policy, which has shipwrecked the People's party and brought the success of Mr. Bryan to a crisis of extreme peril.

"You now plead with me to pull you out of the hole. I shall do nothing of the kind. You pecked your way into it, you must peck your way out.

"Senator, you were selected as Chairman to help me with this campaign. You were expected to act with me and for me. You have not done so. You have acted without me, and you have acted against me. In nothing have you consulted me. At no time have you told me of your plans or your purposes.

"In all this you may be right, and I may be wrong. The Committee called off at one side by you at Chicago has sustained you and censured me. Therefore, my position is most painful. The Bryan-Sewall Committee is against me, and the Bryan-Watson Committee is against me.

"I stand alone.

"But, Senator, I was a Populist while you were still camping with the Democrats, and I have always been a middle-of-the-road Populist, while you never have been. A fusionist you have always been, and you bargain with the Republicans in one campaign and with the Democrats in the next. In this campaign you have bargained with both Republicans and Democrats.

"God only knows which bargain you intended to keep.

"As for me, I turn from you and appeal to the real, true-hearted Populists. If I have sinned against principle and right in demanding that our party and its nominees and its creed be represented by the Democrats who have come to us for help—then I want the party to say so, and I will bow to its decree.

"But you do not recognize your right to put me under the heels of the Democratic tricksters and bosses, and I shall continue to claim the privilege of speaking and writing for the national nominees of the People's party.

"I do not believe that the time has yet come when the Popusits willl say it is treason to be loyal to the Populist ticket. It is unnecessary for me to say that my letter of acceptance must stand just as it is written.

Yours truly,
THOMAS E. WATSON.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE, TROY, ALA.

The term examinations are in progress at the State Normal College and all are hopeful as to the outcome. Full 300 have enrolled thus far for attendance work, and about the same on the "Extension Course," and these 600 young people and teachers in the harness are pressing on to better and better attainments for their own sakes and that of the children they are preparing to teach in the Alabama schools. Every one of these who secures the requisite skill will secure recognition in the ranks of the profession, for the demand for trained teachers is now beyond the supply, President Eldridge informs us.

December 1 is the opening of the Winter Term, and many new students are expected then. Some of the Senatorial and Representative Scholarships are yet open to competition, and information about these may be had by calling on the Senator or Representative of your county, or by writing direct to the President of the College, at Troy, Ala. Applications should be made at once.

KILLED BY A FLYER.

Three Young People Hurled to Instantaneous Death.

Concord, Ky.—While the Misses Lula and Lizzie Lind, daughters of the proprietor of the Lind Hotel, in this city, and Al Pillock, a young attorney, were returning home in a buggy from a party some miles west of town, at 11:20 Thursday night, "flyer" No. 4, on the Chesapeake and Ohio road, struck the buggy at the First street crossing, hurling the three occupants some fifty feet in the air and killing them almost instantly. The train was going about fifty miles an hour, and as the depot was between them and the train, it is supposed that they did not hear it coming.

INTO A CIRCUS TRAIN.

Spartanburg, S. C.—As Forepaugh & Sells Brothers' Circus was being put on a train early Saturday morning a loaded coal car on the side track at a coal chute broke loose and ran a mile and a half, smashing two circus cars, injuring a pair of hippopotami, valued at $75,000 each. A big elephant was hurt, and the Cleopatra car was demolished. The damage is estimated at half a million dollars, and the Southern Railway will be sued by the circus.

AYER'S ARGUMENT.

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Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

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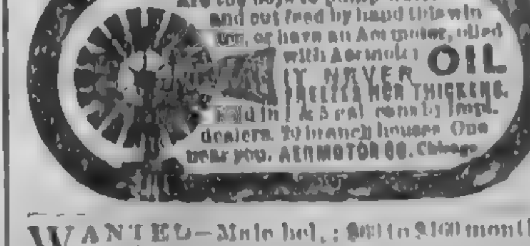

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THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1896. NO. 6.

WHAT WILL WE DO?

TOM WATSON SOLILOQUIZES OVER THE SITUATION.

"As Legatees of the Patriots of the Past, and Trustees for the Present and Future, Let Us Stand Firm."

People's party paper: I sit here by a warm hearth, surrounded by the comforts of home—a citizen secure in many inestimable rights.

How did I get them? Scholars conceived them, poets sang them, orators spoke them, warriors fought for them, martyrs died for them—and at length the statesman wrote them into laws.

I can worship God as I choose—not as some other man chooses—and there is no wheel to break me in, as there used to be, if my conscience varies from the king's.

I can vote as I please, and claim a voice in the making of laws and the choosing of rulers, and there is no block to behead me on—as there used to be for those who could see no "divine right" in the one-man power.

I can put forth the strength of my hand in any field of industry, and whatsoever I earn is mine, mine—and is not carted up to an embattled castle to feed some lazy lout of a robber who calls himself my feudal chief.

I can think anything that comes into my head, and, having thought it, can speak it—nay, speak it vociferously to any assemblage of human brethren who choose to hear; and I can attack the government and everybody connected with it for sins of omission and commission, without the slightest fear of being hanged for treason, or of having the dragoons disperse the meeting, or of being shut up in prison as a riotous and seditious person—all of which happenings would have occurred to me a few generations ago, unless perchance, I had turned my tongue to the chant of the priest and the flatteries of the king.

It has not been long since it was a crime to talk of the rights of the common people! a crime to assemble and discuss grievances; a crime to say that the governed should have voice in the government; a crime to claim liberty of speech and of conscience.

When I think of the awful punishments wreaked upon those who dared to denounce wrongs in the olden days, when nearly everything was wrong, I seek in vain for words to express my profound admiration for the courage of those who gave their lives to the Cause of the Right!

No such heroism has ever been shown on fields of battle as has been shown by the martyrs of civil liberty. The frown of kings could not silence them, nor the curses of Popes turn them. Prisons could not quench their fires, nor could the rack break aught but their bones. As they marched to the block, they stepped lightly—as pioneers leading the free of a great future. As they mounted the scaffold, they rose, step by step, proudly, like conquerors leading men upward and onward.

Their names are lost—nearly all of them—but here in my quiet home I sit, the legatee of their heroic work.

I lay my hand on the code of my country, and every great leading law in it has cost some brave man his life. I am guarded round about with guarantees and safe-guards—all consecrated with the blood of human sacrifice.

And do I owe nothing to anybody for all this?

Am I to nurse the slippered foot, by my own fireside, in selfish ease, and never stir forth to inquire how fares it with my brother?

Am I to be deaf to the cry of human suffering, blind to the havoc wrought by bad laws, cold-hearted to the plea of the helpless weak against the tyranny of the oppressive strong?

Am I to bask in the blessings brought me by the heroes of the past, and care nought for the miseries that may come upon the children who follow us?

God forbid!

No man holds his life for himself alone, but holds its splendid gifts as trustee—a trustee who must come to an account, some day, with the Most High.

Shall I be cast down because our efforts seem to result in so little? Shall I mope and fret because the world decides against us at the ballot box?

Not unless history shows me that majorities are always right, and ballot boxes infallible.

The man who strives merely to run with the biggest crowd is at best a sorry creature. The man who strives to be right, and to do right, is after all the only citizen who can rest under the infinite comfort of an approving conscience.

As legatees of the patriots of the past and trustees for the present and future, let us stand firm in defense of the right. Let us preach its gospel to whosoever will hear. And, as a mere matter of honesty and patriotic duty, let us speak as we believe, vote as we speak, and hold aloft, always, the higher and better ideals to which the human race must ever strive if it would move onward and upward.

A Sensible Comparison.

If the postoffices were under corporate control, as the railroads are, and discriminated against certain places or interests in favor of others as the railroads do, many enterprises which now flourish, would be crushed. If the railroads were owned by the government, as the postal service is, and run in the interest of all the people without discrimination, many enterprises which now cannot exist, would spring up and flourish. See?—Daily Tribune.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

What the People Are Thinking, Saying and Doing.

Some of our populist papers who fought the idea before the election, in the early part of the campaign, are now declaring for a four-years' campaign on the issue of free silver alone. We hope they will think better of it when "the smoke of battle clears away" and they get cooled down. In our humble opinion it is a mistake to make even the currency question in its entirety the sole issue. Other questions of almost equal import are pressing for settlement. It is by pressing these that we strengthen our lines. If our issues are practical and desirable, an assortment will not weaken us. While the logic of the situation may make the money question paramount with free silver at the front, we must carry with us other issues to strengthen our position. We have tried a battle on a single issue. We have lost. Now let us take up the other important and necessary reforms and press them forward. There is much that is humiliating in the oft repeated charge that Hanna is responsible for republican success and defeat of free silver. If this be true, then surely American citizenship is at a discount. If it is not true; the cause of financial reform is weakened by making the charge. We are loath to believe that one man owns and controls a majority of citizens in this country. It must be remembered that Mark Hanna had behind him the brains of some of the shrewdest business men in the country. He had unlimited means that were contributed by corporations and wealthy individuals. He was supplanted by shrewd men and skilful politicians at every point. It was all this aggregated force that defeated the cause of free silver. It is true that Hanna was both an unscrupulous and shrewd manager, but without such strong support as he had defeat for the republicans would have been overwhelming. No one man possesses the power over the people that Mark Hanna is said to have, and we but belittle our own manhood when several millions of us admit that we were outdone by one man.

* * *

At the National Farmers' (?) congress recently held at Indianapolis, Ind., ex-President Harrison delivered a lengthy address. He spoke of the custom of men of a particular avocation associating themselves together with commendation.

"The times are full of such associations," he said, "and I think they should be encouraged." General Harrison said; "Don't fight as one that beateth the air. I have no patience whatever with those people who are always fighting the air. If you have something to antagonize, out with it; specify it, make your attack directly, it must be so if it is to be effective. If there are abuses of any kind in legislation or in the business of the country, let us fix the public eye upon them until we have exposed the evils and then we can trust the country to make it right. It is mischievous to denounce classes, and this thing and that; and if there are trusts, let us know it, and bring legislation to bear upon them and court decrees to bear upon them and then we have accomplished something."

The farmers have not been backward in their demands for the past ten or twenty years, but the only response they seem to get is the charge that they are repudiators and anarchists. What the farmers must do is to emphasize their demands at the ballot box.

* * *

During his lifetime Mr. Windom, twice secretary of the treasury, used the following well chosen words regarding railroads, and which apply to other certain corporate powers: "The channels of thought (telegraph and telephone) and the channels of commerce thus owned and controlled by a few men, what is to restrain corporate power, or to fix a limit to its exactions upon the people? What is there to hinder these men from depressing or inflating the value of all kinds of property to suit their caprice or avarice, and thereby gathering into their own coffers the wealth of the nation? Where is the limit to such a power as this? What shall be said of the spirit of a free people who will submit without protest to be thus bound hand and foot?"

The position taken by the populists on this subject is the most impregnable of all their platform. It should be agitated on every occasion. The people should be told that it is no new and untried experiment, but one that has been successfully demonstrated by three-fourths of the civilized nations of the earth. Let the question of public ownership be given the prominence its merit deserves and our lines will be much strengthened in the next four years.

* * *

Secretary Pound Sterling Morton has opened his mouth again. In a recent interview he said:

"The democratic party is not dead; it still lives. Its principles are mighty and must prevail. And four years hence, beneath the banner hung to the breeze in Indianapolis it will march forth reunited and rejuvenated to victory. Dead? Why, it was never so much alive as today. The life of the party is co-existent with its principles. The principles of the democratic party are truth itself, and, therefore, eternal. Those principles, and most especially the party's position on the money question, were never better proclaimed than in the platform adopted by the Indianapolis convention."

Morton reminds me of the Irishman's turtle that was walking around after its head was cut off; "dead, but don't know it." Morton thinks the yellow-hammer ends the democratic party, when as a matter of fact that is only the back-yard end of the republican party. The other end is the largest but it hasn't got political sense enough at its head to pound sand in a rat hole.

* * *

There is some consolation, however, in the knowledge which this unwilling dispenser of garden seeds imparts to the country. He says: "We don't want another long agitation over the tariff. The present bill is all right. We have enough revenue for the legitimate needs of the government." Then he adds: "The only thing necessary is not more revenue but less expense. Cut down our expenses to meet our income." That is the best thing Morton ever said. Every sane man who knows anything about the subject knows that the expenses of government are much greater than is necessary. In the old days of Jefferson it cost the people about 60 cents each per annum to be "governed," and they were "governed" better than they are now for about $7 per head per annum. The secretary thinks that both the tariff and currency questions should be taken out of politics and given to a commission to settle. The danger of such a course would be in getting a commission of such men as Morton. Continuing his interview he declared himself certain that harmony would be restored between the two factions of the democratic party.

* * *

The Arkansas Democrat sizes up the situation in pretty good shape in the following spirited editorial:

"The next twelve months might be spent very profitably by the several varieties of democrats in getting together. That the several factions of the party are now wide apart, and that a great deal of friction exists, is not to be doubted. Let us see, in the first place, how many kinds of democrats—all claiming with great earnestness that they are the best democrats, and the only democrats, we find after the wreck. First, there are the democrats who voted for McKinley—a very large number. Second, there are the democrats who voted for Palmer and Buckner—a small number. Third, the democrats who took to the woods—a very considerable number. Fourth, the democrats who voted for Bryan but who would not swallow Watson; and fifth, the democrats who voted for Bryan with or without Watson. It is easy enough to revile each other and call hard names, but if we are ever to have a democratic party again, the thing to do is to get the warring factions together on some common ground. We shall never be reconciled or harmonized so long as we go on accusing each other of disloyalty and treachery. We can never present a formidable front to our ancient enemy while we are split up into hostile and warring factions. The need of the hour is cool judgment, good temper and a sincere desire for a return to old-time democratic principles. Certain it is that abuse of each other, crimination and recrimination, will not pave the way to success in the future. In its long career the democratic party has had many dangers and perils to contend with, but there was never a time when wise and conservative counsel was more in demand than the present. The very existence of the party depends upon it.

* * *

New Zealand is becoming an interesting study for people who desire the largest liberties consistent with the public good.

It is of interest to note how that colony taxes its citizens, for if there is one thing above another we need to discover in the United States, it is a system of taxation which will work out with absolute justice to every member of the commonwealth. The article makes clear the extent to which New Zealand has carried progressive taxation. The income tax is levied only on incomes exceeding $1,500 a year. Between that sum and $6,500 the tax is 5 per cent. On larger incomes it is 10 per cent. The land tax, also, is not levied upon persons of small means. Persons owning less than $2,500 worth of bare land are exempt from the tax, which rises as high as 1¼ per cent on holdings worth more than $1,000,000. In the taxation of owners of mortgaged lands, the amount of the mortgage is deducted, and the tax upon it is assessed to the owner of the mortgage. For the further relief of mortgagors from their hardships during recent years, the government lends money on farms, up to three-fifths of their value, at 5 per cent. The farmers must pay 6, but 1 per cent goes to the extinguishment of the debt. The average rate of interest on American farm mortgages is 7½ per cent.

Here is an example of farm loans that the government of the United States might do well to imitate. Some of our states already loan their school funds on real estate, which is to all intents and purposes a government loan on real estate. The New Zealand system of taxation, also presents an example worthy of imitation. It follows and is founded upon a well known and generally accepted law of nature that the strongest shall bear the greatest burden. Mankind recognize this in lower animals, but in this country our system of taxation places the greatest burdens upon the poor.

W. S. MORGAN.

A Goldite Hit Hard.

A silverite and a goldite were on the street the other day and a Review reporter was just opposite them. "I am surprised, colonel, to see a man of your sense advocating free silver. What on earth can you be thinking about?" remarked the goldbug. "Well, it is just this: If we have free silver you can pay your debts, and that is one reason I am interested in having free silver." A physician and a camphor bottle were called in.—Reidsville Review.

$500,000,000 CAPITAL.

GROVER WILL HAVE IT TO START A BANK.

He Will Endeavor to Control the Finances of the United States—Would Surely Bring a Revolution with Winchesters Instead of Ballots.

It is given out now through the Associated Press, the monopoly mouthpiece, that Cleveland is not to imitate General Grant in a trip around the world, but no reason is given to the public for the "King's change of mind." Accidentally, sound money has come in possession of the real reason.

He is going to start a national bank in New York city as soon as he leaves the White House next March, at least our Washington correspondent so learned.

It seems that someone, high in authority in Secretary Carlisle's office, told a friend so, confidentially, in speaking about his future plans, and the conversation was overheard by our correspondent's informant, a very reliable person. This official is to have an important post in "the greatest banking institution in the world"—it will probably be called the First National Bank of North America. Rothschilds own South America completely.

"Grover has become ambitious," says this friend, "since he has amassed several millions so easily, to become the 'richest man in the world,' and he is devoting all his energies and the advantages of the high office he holds, to make a foundation for his bank that will make it 'firm as the Rock of Gibraltar.'" He proposes to out-do Nicholas Biddle's United States bank scheme, and so be able to corner the people, and be the real ruler of the United States by being president of the bank that will have its powers to block the wheels of government whenever it chooses—that is, if the election is not so close as to give a basis to cry "fraud" and hold on where he is.

The capital stock of this bank is to be $500,000,000, based on United States bonds, $262,000,000 of which he has already issued himself to Pierpont Morgan and others in the deal. The remainder he will issue between election day and the 4th of next March, if the people will stand it; if not, McKinley is to issue them—Mark Hanna and John Sherman, no doubt, having agreed to do this in consideration of Grover using his influence to create the Palmer-Buckner ticket to aid in McKinley's election.

This bank is to be a competitor of the banks of England and France, and old Rothschild himself—the old Boss Jew's American adepts are discounting him at his own game of "hog." Pierpont Morgan, Benedict, Whitney and Stetson are to be fellow directors. It is believed that Dave Hill has eyes upon the attorneyship of the bank so fixed that he doesn't take any interest in the present election, but Carlisle is slated as head legal adviser. Probably Nicholas Biddle's bank that Jackson squelched out will appear in history as the smallest satelite in the heavens to the sun in comparison to Grover's colossal scheme. It will be the government, and McKinley, if elected, will be simply a subaltern to Grover the Great.

Such will be the tremendous power of the gold standard if Bryan is beaten.

THE GOLD BUGS

Will Have a Hard Time Redeeming Their Pledges.

The goldbugs will now have a hard time redeeming their pledges. All kinds of rank breaks were made to hold weak minded voters into line, and already we hear mutterings of disappointed expectations. Men who were promised big jobs at big wages immediately after McKinley's election are beginning to look up the prospects and are finding out that they have been hoodooed. The next day after McKinley was elected the packing house employes in Chicago went on a strike because they were not given the usual winter raise in wages. The simple election of McKinley was to disperse all indications of hard times and give everybody work at much higher wages than ever before heard of, but the Chicago packing houses refuse now to pay as much wages as they did last year during the panic. The silver forces told the laboring classes they would have to work for less wages under a continued gold standard and now they are getting a taste of it already. The writer heard a man swearing, Saturday, about his disappointment. He said they had promised him the brick plant would start up immediately after McKinley's election, and now they say it will not do so until next March. So he has been hoodooed out of his vote. Millions of men were made to believe that immense building operations would start as soon as "confidence" was restored by McKinley's election, that all the factories would start the next day and this country would be short of working men. We heard one man say the reason he voted for McKinley was that he was promised a good job of painting a house and now he expects to make several dollars out of it. Sold his vote for a promise, and now if, like most such promises, it fails to materialize, he will have sold out cheaper than did Judas when he got his thirty pieces of silver. In fact this is one way in which the goldbugs won their victory, by promises that mean nothing, and when their dupes find that they have been roped in there will be wailing and gnashing of teeth and those fellows will be wishing for another election in which to vote for a change.—Farmer's Tribune.

The best way to down the money power is with government banks.

THE HONORABLE UNION.

The Democrats Wanted to Hold Their Jobs.

The great reform movement which covered the entire West was forcing its way East and South. Thorough and complete reform in finance, transportation and land had become the battle-cry of well nigh a majority of the people west of the Missouri river, and of Texas and Georgia. A great party, the democratic party, had proven a traitor to the country and was in the throes of death. Democratic politicians foresaw that their jobs were about to be lost. Politicians who had cast the votes of their states once, twice, three times for Cleveland in as many national conventions, saw that the time had come when they had either to cease co-operating with Wall-street or give up their governorships, senatorships, congressional seats and county offices. This fact stared them in the face. They looked about them for a means of holding their jobs. Certain Western republicans and certain prominent populists were striving for a "union of reform forces" so they could get re-elected instead of being succeeded by populist advocates of government ownership of railroads. Why, yes, let's unite, was the happy thought of Vest, Voorhees, Jones of Arkansas and thousands of other democratic office-holders and office-seekers. "Let's unite in the democratic party." And Stewart, and Teller, and Weaver, and Allen, &c., &c., said "Let it be so." Just how many months ago they answered thus the public does not know, but circumstances very strongly point to a date nearly two years past. The "union of reform forces" advocated by Senator Stewart, now and for thirty years or more an attorney and lobbyist for the Central Pacific railroad, was believed at the time by many of us as intended as a move in opposition to government ownership of railroads, and especially in opposition to the government taking possession of the Pacific railroads under the past due mortgages.

Who were the head leaders in the move to capture the people's party? Jones of Arkansas and Senator Stewart.

Jones less than two years ago introduced a bill in the senate providing for four things: The issuance of five hundred million dollars of bonds; national banks to have one hundred per cent on bonds deposited instead of ninety per cent, and the charge for same to be reduced to one-quarter of one per cent per annum; the destruction of a part of the greenbacks and silver notes; for the unlimited coinage of silver. All these propositions in the one bill.

Stewart was on the senate Pacific railroads committee. That committee reported in favor of extending the time on the debt of the Pacific railroads to the government for eighty years and reducing the interest rate on the debt to two per cent. Stewart as a member of that committee favored the report. The report of the committee claimed that the government had better release all claims on the roads than to adopt the principle of government ownership by taking possession of the Pacific railroads and operating them. Stewart and Jones, Jones and Stewart. What immense reform would come from a movement engineered by them!—Missouri World.

Watson's Electoral Vote.

Had Mr. Bryan been elected president it is very likely the choice of vice-president would have fallen to the senate, for the division of votes would have prevented either Sewall or Watson from having a majority in the electoral college.

As it is, Watson will have at least 21 votes in the electoral college, and may receive more. He will get four votes from Louisiana, five from North Carolina, four Nebraska, two Washington, one from Utah, one from Montana and four Missouri. In 1892 the populists had 22 votes in the electoral college.

In other respects the party seems to have been as successful as in the past, or more so. Populist committeemen claim the election of twenty-one congressmen from California, Idaho, Colorado, Alabama, Nebraska, Kansas, North Carolina and South Dakota. In the present congress the populists have only six members. They also hope to secure senators from Kansas, South Dakota, Idaho and possibly North Carolina. This will leave them with about the same strength in the senate as they have at the present time.—Chicago Record.

The People Indorse This!

The public debt has been on the increase for several months.

The increase for March was $1,551,087.

The increase for May was $2,897,450.

The increase for July was $11,273,624.

The increase for August was $12,812,071.

The increase for September was $3,191,945.

The increase for October was $7,581,693.

This is not a very good showing for gold standard but the people have endorsed it and the secretary of the treasury should keep it. If it is wrong the people ought to have condemned it, but as they did not, one can only conclude that it is all right and ought to be perpetuated. When McKinley gets the helm, with John Sherman as secretary of the treasury, he may be able to beat this record. A sound money business revival ought at last to increase the public debt fifteen millions per month.—Southern Mercury.

All this talk about 1900 under a democratic banner is bosh. The rotten record of that party is too much for the people to ever stomach again.

ALABAMA'S LAW-MAKERS.

The State Legislature Has Gotten Down to Hard Work.

SOME OF THE BILLS PASSED.

The Work of Both Houses of the State Legislature in Condensed and Interesting Form.—Some Important Measures Disposed of.—Many Bills of Minor Importance Introduced.

HOUSE—FRIDAY.

This was a quiet day in the House, no discussions occurring, and strictly routine business being transacted. A batch of local bills were introduced, and local bills on the calendar taken up for passage. The appropriation bill was taken up and adopted with only one amendment, viz.: increase of the teller's salary in the treasurer's office from $1,000 to $1,200.

The following were among the new bills that were introduced:

By Fitts—To amend section 3,389 of the code. In forcible entry and unlawful detainers title not in issue. Revision of laws.

By Delchamp—To enable any county or separate school districts of the State to adopt a uniform series of text books to be used in the public schools of the counties or districts; education.

By Glove—To require corporation associations or persons operating railroads in this State to fence the railroads so operated. Commercial and common carriers.

By Glover—To provide for collection of damages for stock killed or injured by railroads; judiciary.

By Bouldin (by request)—To amend section 1880 of the code of 1886, relating to the redemption of real estate; judiciary.

By Bouldin—To amend section 4 of an act approved February 28, 1887, entitled an act to pay salaries to solicitors instead of the fees which they now receive, and to require the fees to be paid into the State treasury; judiciary.

At 12 o'clock the Senate reported to the House for the purpose of hearing a paper by Hon. James H. Fitts, of Tuskaloosa, on the subject of "State Legislation As It Affects the State University." Mr. Fitts' paper was lengthy and able. He held the attention of the Assembly for about two hours, giving a history of the State University and appealing to the Legislature for encouragement. He suggested the plan of the State's making loans to the young men of the State to the amount of $20,000 and receive notes for the same to be paid back in a reasonable length of time. This money to be used by its borrowers for educating themselves at this institution. He also suggested that State convicts be employed in the mineral lands belonging to the State University and that that institution receive a royalty from the State. He made many valuable and interesting suggestions.

SENATE—FRIDAY.

The Senate disposed of a long calendar of local bills today, previous to 12 o'clock, when they repaired in a body to the House for the purpose of attending the reading of a lengthy paper by Hon. James H. Fitts, of Tuskaloosa.

Ex-President Pettus occupied the chair today at the request of President Sayre. The business before the Senate was rapidly dispatched, the bills passed and introduced being almost altogether of a local nature.

The following general bills were taken from the calendar on third reading and disposed of as indicated:

By Kilpatrick (S)—To amend an act to relieve married women of their disabilities of minority, approved February 18, 1895. Passed.

By Smith (S)—To amend section 2836 of the code. Passed.

There were also a large number of local bills disposed of.

HOUSE—SATURDAY.

The Assembly will adjourn on Wednesday, the 9th inst., for a recess, until Wednesday January 20. This report was offered to-day by the joint committee on adjournment and adopted. This will equally divide the session into twenty-five days each. It was the desire of many of the members to adjourn next week, and considerable lobbying was done to that effect, but the majority seemed to be of the opinion that this would require too long a session after Christmas and keep many of the members who are interested in agriculture from their early duties of the year.

The following were among the general bills introduced and referred:

By Merrill—To prevent the granting of free passes, or the sale of tickets or passes at a discount other than sold to the public generally by any railroad or transportation company or officer or agent of any railroad or other transportation company, and to prevent he uses of such passes or tickets.

By Altman—To abolish the days of grace on negotiable and other commercial instruments.

By Lipscomb—Providing for printed or typewritten transcripts in cases appealed to the Supreme Court of the State.

By Troup (by request)—To amend an act dividing the State into nine Congressional districts.

By Altman—To provide for two weeks' pay to wage earners, employed in mining and manufacturing in Jefferson and other counties.

By Hibbard—To prevent and prohibit administrators and executors from selling lands of decedents after their debts are paid except when such sales are authorized and directed by the last will and testament.

By Kyle—To amend section 2322 of the code of 1886 relative to grounds of divorce.

By Tremp—To regulate pament of forfeitures in felony cases.

By McGuire (by request)—For relief of B. J. Costello, former sheriff of Geneva county.

By Cameron—To prohibit the sale of cigarettes.

SENATE—SATURDAY.

On the Senate calendar to-day there were only two bills, which indicates the promptness of the workings of that body.

The feature of the day's session was the introduction of a State dispensary bill by Senator Moody, of Tuskaloosa. The bill is in substance the famous "Tilman law," operated in South Carolina. This bill, or its equivalent, was introduced at the last session of the Legislature, and was fought for valiantly, but defeated by a considerable majority. The bill provides that in August, 1898, at the time of election of State officers, a popular election as to dispensary or no dispensary shall be held. This bill provides for the establishment of dispensaries, at which not more or less than one-half pint of liquor shall be sold to any one person on the same day, under the control of a public dispenser, who shall receive not less than $500 nor more than $5,000 per annum, and such dispensers "shall not drink or give away any liquors. Each county seat, where the sale of liquors is not already prohibited by law, shall be entitled to one dispensary; also, Anniston, in Calhoun county, shall also have a dispensary. Each city in the State shall be entitled to one dispensary, for each 10,000 of population or fraction thereof. The bill was referred to the Temperance Committee.

Another general liquor bill was introduced by Senator Matthews (by request), which seeks to amend section 1,391 of the code relating to the license and retail of liquors in the State.

M'KINLEY'S BUSY DAY.

Many Callers, Not the Least Important Being Senator Foraker.

Canton, Ohio.—Saturday was a busy day for Major McKinley. Callers began to arrive early in the morning and were numerous all day. Many were old acquaintances or chance sojourners in the city, who merely called to pay their respects, and some were high in the councils of the party. Aside from the demands of the visitors, the weather, which was cold, damp and dismal, militated against unnecessary ventures out of doors, and the President-elect spent the morning in the ruddy glow of the grate fire in his own room, or in Mrs. McKinley's room across the hall.

Among the early callers was Senator G. L. Wellington, of Maryland; S. A. Perkins, who was assistant secretary of the national committee in New York during the campaign; Col. Keurt, of Kenton, Ohio, commanding the Second Regiment, Ohio National Guard.

W. H. Thompson, L. B. Doud, C. A. Malloy, Joseph Adams and C. W Baker, a committee representing the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, reached here this morning and were given an audience with the President-elect. There is nothing authorative concerning the call except that they came with the greetings of the Exchange to the man so soon to be inaugurated President. Gossip, however, has it that the callers are interested in having Hon. Sam W. Allerton, familiarly known as "Farmer" Allerton, of Illinois, written opposite "Secretary of Agriculture" on the official Cabinet slate, and it is possible that they put in some good work for the Illinois man during the call.

Charles W. Hart, editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer, a prominent West Virginia Republican, whose name gossips have associated with the seat in the United States Senate, which the West Virginia Legislature will suply, with an occupant, was another of the morning callers.

Senator-elect Foraker was at the McKinley residence in the afternoon. Major McKinley was at the depot with the family carriage to meet him. They drove to the house, where lunch awaited them, and spent the afternoon in conversation.

HUSTLING FOR WAR SHIPS.

Spain Trying to Buy Those Just Built for Chili.

Newcastle-on-Tyne.—From reliable sources it has been learned that the Spanish Government asked Chili to sell the new cruiser Esmeralda, 5,000 tons, 23 knots, also the small battleship Congresso, both of which will be ready to sail for Valparaiso next month. The Chilian cabinet informed the Madrid Cabinet through the medium of the Spanish Minister at Santiago that the proposition could not be entertained. Similar advances by Spain were also made looking to the purchase of four fast torpedo catchers built for Chili at Yarrow's yard on the Thames.

DIPHTHERIA EPIDEMIC.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Secretary Hurty, of the State Board of Health, has received advices that diphtheria is epidemic at Columbus, Centre Point and Portland, that all cases have been quarantined and radical steps taken to eradicate the disease. Everything is being done for the abatement of the trouble.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

FRANK CRICHTON Editor & Proprietor

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Two years ago a bill was presented to the Legislature by Mr. Sam Will John, of Jefferson, providing for the appointment by the Governor of a board of revenue for Chilton county. It was unanimously opposed by Democrats and Populists alike—the chairman of the Democratic county executive committee, and other prominent Democrats, working together to secure its defeat. The result was the Legislature absolutely refused to interfere with the right of the free people of Chilton county to elect their own officers.

Last Friday a similar (but somewhat worse) bill was introduced, which is utterly condemned by every man in Chilton county, irrespective of political opinions. We publish it in full on the fourth column of this page. This bill, we are informed, has been drawn up by a Republican lawyer, who gave it to another Republican, Mr. Alex Wilson, whose business requires him to spend the whole of his time in Birmingham, and who is practically a non-resident of Chilton county. Mr. Wilson requested Hon. L. Y. Lipscomb, of Jefferson, to present it to the Legislature, which he did, and the bill was referred to the committee on local legislation, who now have it under advisement.

The bill is bad in principle, bad in its design, and would be, if enacted into law, bad in every respect for the people of Chilton county. It is bad in principle because it deprives the people of the democratic right to elect their own officers to attend to their home requirements. It is bad in its design because it is evidently aimed at our present board of commissioners, who have been elected by the people and who are fully competent to perform to the entire satisfaction of the county (with the exception of our Republican friend) all the duties which the bill requires of the proposed "board of county revenues." It would be bad for the county because the people would not have the slightest control over "the board of county revenue," while they can and do exert all the control necessary over the board of commissioners.

There is no excuse whatever for this bill. Under the board of commissioners, during the last four years, the county has freed itself of debt, is now out of debt, and in addition has built and paid for a handsome and substantial court house. There are few, if any, counties in the State which can show a better condition of affairs than Chilton.

The whole people of this county, both Democrats and Populists, are entirely opposed to this bill, and look with confidence to the present Legislature to repeat the action of its predecessor and consign this iniquitous anti-democratic measure to the oblivion it merits.

SOME talk has been indulged in in reference to the qunshing of juries this week, owing to some trifling irregularity in the drawing. No harm was intended and none was done. No one raised any objection to the character of the jurors in attendance, who were as good a set of men as can be found in the State. But county officials should invariably bear in mind there is always someone ready to find fault, and by strictly conforming to all technicalties of the law they avoid criticism. The Montgomery Advertiser, referring to our jurors, says: "over 90 per cent. are farmers." Well, considering Chilton is entirely an agricultural county, any reasonable person would naturally expect to find farmers and would not look for bankers and brokers on our juries.

GOVERNOR JOHNSTON starts well which promises fair for his administration.

Governor Johnston's Inaugural Address.

THE opening remarks of Governor Johnston's inaugural speech will be found on the fourth page. Following are some of the most important suggestions he makes to the Legislature:

CONTEST LAW.

I respectfully recommend that you proceed to enact a contest law, under which a fair decision can be had to the title to the various state officers, with the least possible delay and expense. It is of the greatest importance that no cloud should rest upon the title of the men called to fill the highest executive offices in the state: men chosen to these offices can but be greatly embarrassed in the discharge of their duties when any considerable number of our people honestly believe them to be beneficiaries of any fraud or unfair conduct. The single aim of such a law should be the ascertainment of the honest choice of the voters without regard to technical defects or irregularities. Such a statute I am sure can now be enacted free from any influence that would excite partisan feeling.

ELECTION LAW.

The honest purpose of every election is to ascertain the will of the majority as to who shall fill the offices. I am persuaded that our present law multiplies the difficulty of many voters in registering their will without any sufficient compensation.

I suggest that the registration law be entirely repealed, except in cities of more than 5,000 inhabitants and in precincts where the residence of the voter is more or less transitory. In the country precincts the great body of the voters are well known to the inspectors and the danger of illegal voting is so small that it does not justify the time lost or expense of registration.

The secrecy of the ballot should be preserved and more rigid laws enacted to prevent corporations or others employing large numbers of men from coercing the will of their employes. No greater danger can threaten free government than the corruption or coercion of voters by those who hold temporary authority over them, and no laws can be too rigid in inflicting just punishment upon those who would take advantage of their authority to prevent an honest expression of the will of the voter.

The inspectors of election should represent the contending parties and no technical defect should prevent effect being given to the will of the voter. In case of defective or insufficient returns, the county returning boards should have authority and be requested to call before them the precinct officers of election and require them to so amend or correct the returns as to make them speak the truth and enable them to be counted.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

I recomend also that you enact laws under which the various political organizations in the state may hold primary elections and secure fair nominations. Possession of the party machinery by one faction too often foreordains the result. The only real opportunity that members of a political party have to express their choice in selecting officials is in these primaries, and the passage of a just and fair law enabling all the candidates to take part in choosing managers for these primaries and preventing any faction from controlling them will do much to prevent unfair dealings and to secure nominations that will express the wishes and choice of a majority of the voters of the party. It is not expected that any such law should be compulsory until its aid is invoked, but the enactment of one entirely just and fair, designed solely to secure honest results would put those declining to avail themselves of its benefits so clearly in the wrong that their power to defeat the will of the majority would be greatly curtailed.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The duty is upon you to consider the necessity for a new constitution for our state. That the present constitution has served its purpose and now embarrases rather than promotes the objects it should subserve is manifest to all thinking men. We should approach the consideration of this question divested of all party spirit, and with a patriotic purpose to consider only the good of the state and the prosperity and advancement of all its people. Various attempts to secure amendments to our organic law have demonstrated that the very requirements of the constitution prevent any amendment. It is essential that some of the iron bands that have prevented our growth and development should be struck off.

The fear of improper restricture of the right of suffrage should not be allowed longer to stand in the way of relief demanded more strongly each year. The necessity for local taxation in aid of our public schools, and the extention of the system, reforms in our judicial system, the preservation of municipal growth and credit, the encouragement of immigration and manufactures, and the necessity for securing more equal laws in the distributing the burdens of government all demand that we should take this step.

It is also well known that a large and fruitful section of our state has had a constant menace to its growth and to the security of life and property that should be removed with such moderation, wisdom and justice, that even those deprived of the power to imperil these things would in the end find a blessing for themselves and their children in the restriction imposed. Many compensations can be found for the expense, the agitation and the danger that may confront your affirmative action in this matter.

The security, peace and concord that would come from the successful accomplishment would bless not only this generation, but those to follow us, by opening opportunities to progress and removing dangers sometimes averted by resort to methods that all patriotic citizens deplore.

A provision requiring a substantial poll tax to be paid by all who vote would probably give all the security needed, and at the same time largely increase our school fund.

All of us recognize the fact that this question must be met sooner or later, and I respectfully urge the general assembly to meet this issue now, honestly and fairly and with a courage that comes only to those who have unbounded confidence in the patriotism and intelligence of the free men of Alabama.

In conclusson, permit me to assure you of my cordial co-operation in all measures that may come before you looking to the good of our people.

JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON, Governor.

Circuit Court.

Circuit Court re-convened Monday morning, Judge Denson presiding. There were no cases of any great importance and the whole business was transacted by Wednesday evening. There were 16 convictions, 4 discharged not guilty, and 22 cases continued or otherwise disposed of. The principal convictions were Andrew Devenport, presenting gun, affirmed by supreme court, fined $10; Amanda Jones, col., carrying concealed weapons, $50; Charles Henry Brown, col., burglar, 3 years in penitentiary; Robert Hannon, col. grand larceny, 13 months in penitentiary; Bynum Cooper, col., grand larceny, 4 years in peniten. tiary; Georgia Ann Henry, col., manslaughter in first degree, 2½ years in penitentiary.

Mann Mims, killing mule, not guilty; Joseph Carlee, assault to rape, not guilty; and George Crosby, carrying concealed weapons, not guilty.

The following cases were continued: Wyley Garner, rape; Watley and Garner miscegenation; Latham and Klinner, adultery; Annie Young, grand larceny; German Crosby and others defaulting bail.

IT would seem from the small amount of business in the Circuit Court in recent sessions that one week in Spring and two in Fall would be ample, and would certainly save the county a good deal of expense.

The court house of Randolph county was burned down Monday and all records destroyed.

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 2, 1896.

A careful scrutiny of the large number of papers received at this office, justifies the statement that the People's Party press has not only taken a new lease on life but is being conducted with a heartiness and vigor that speaks but little comfort to the enemy. They seem to have taken up the campaign of education the presidential canvass has interrupted and are again discussing the several reforms that the party has heretofore demanded. A peculiarly hopeful tone is noticeable. A number of papers are being organized with good strong stock companies to back them.

Throat Coughs

Is there a tickling in the throat? Do you cough a great deal, especially when lying down? Are you hoarse at times? Does nearly every cold you take settle in your throat? These "throat coughs" are very deceptive. Don't neglect them. Troches, or cough syrups won't touch the spot. You must take remedies that will enrich the blood, tone up the nerves; and heal the inflamed membranes.

SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites contains such remedies. It has wonderful nourishing and healing power. The cause of the cough is removed; the whole system is given new life and vigor; and the danger from threatening lung trouble is swept away.

Book about it free.
For sale by all druggists at 50c. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

An Outrage on Democratic Principles.

A BILL

To be entitled an act to establish a Court of County Revenue for Chilton County.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama. That a Court of Record to be known as "The Court of County Revenues of Chilton County", be and the same is hereby established in the county of Chilton in this State, to be composed of the Judge of Probate as Principal Judge, and four Commissioners who shall be denominated commissioners— of reveneus for the county of Chilton, which commissioners shall be appointed by the Governor, and shall hold their office for six years, and until their successors are duly appointed and qualified.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That when the Court hereby established shall be in session, the Judge of Probate shall be the presiding Judge of the Court when he is present, and in his absence the said Commissioners, or a majority of them shall elect one of their number to act as presiding Judge pro tempore, who shall thereafter in the absence of the Judge of Probate, be the presiding Judge of the Court, and upon a tie vote the Presiding Judge shall have the casting vote, and a majority of the members of the Court shall be a quorum for the transaction of business.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the said Court hereby established shall have all the jurisdiction and all the powers which are now, or may hereafter be by law vested in the Courts of County Commissioners in this State, and the several members of the Court hereby established shall respectively perform all the duties and services and exercise all the powers which are or may be required by law of the several members of the Courts of County Commissioners in this State.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted That all general laws hereafter enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, in relation to the jurisdiction, powers, authority or duties of Courts of County Commissioners in this state shall apply to "The Court of County Revenues" hereby established, except so much of said general law as may relate to the mode of electing the members of said Courts of County Commissioners.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That the Judge of Probate shall receive four dollars per day, and each of said Commissioners shall receive three dollars per day for each day they are actually engaged in the performance of their duties and ten cents per mile traveled in going to and returning from the Court House for the purpose of attending said Court.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted. That the Court hereby established shall have the possession and control and custody of all papers, records and books pertaining to the Court of County Commissioners, or connected with its business, which before the establishment of said Court of County Revenue was pending and undetermined in the Court of County Commissioners heretofore existing in said County of Chilton, shall be heard and determined and disposed of by the Court of County Revenue hereby established.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act shall go into effect immediately on and after the approval of the same by the Governor.

* * *

Among the business cards in this issue none is more interesting to the writer as a reminder of the better things of life than the announcement of the Chicago Cottage Organ Company of that peerless musical instrument, the Conover piano. Every material that ample capital could purchase necessary for the construction of a first-class instrument, and skillful hands to assemble these products of an age of invention and mechanical improvement, have been used that the promoters might truly claim that the Conover is the leader of pianos. Against adverse national prosperity this instrument has steadily and rapidly gained the position it occupies as the piano most sought after by music lovers everywhere, the artists of Europe and America, and for the best homes of the land.

Not only, however, are the manufacturers of the Conover the leaders in the piano world,—but as makers of the renowned "Chicago Cottage" organ they are known throughout the world and their product is a household favorite in every county in the United States, and almost every village. As sole introducers of the "Kingsbury" and the well-know "Schubert" pianos they have a line of musical instruments that the most exacting demands of a music-loving clientele may require, both in tone, durability, construction and design, and have not omitted to duly consider the important subject of making a price so reasonable that the public is quick to avail itself of an unexcelled opportunity to gratify its taste for music. What better investment could be suggested to our readers than making a purchase of a piano or an organ? The Chicago Cottage Organ Company can supply you, and desire to include you among their patrons.

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.

The Institute for the first quarter of the present scholastic year for the white teachers of Chilton county will be held at Jemison, Friday and Saturday Dec. 18th and 19th 1896.

Program replete with interest. Free entertainment for teachers and visitors. Day and night sessions at Academy, with nice program of instrumental and vocal music, and other features provided for the entertainment and enjoyment of all. Some lecturers and speakers from a distance, whose names we hope to announce soon, are expected, and in addition to these, a concert program, by the Jemison High School, will be rendered on the night of the 18th.

We hope especially to have the teachers out in full force, as the law, as well as the interests of our schools, require your attendance at these institutes. The subjects admit of a wide range of discussion, and other talent added to our force this year will be on hand to assist in the success of the institute. So come, teachers, without fail.

PROGRAM.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18.

9 a.m. Music. Prayer—Rev. F. M. Woods. Welcome address, C. C. Slaton, Jemison; Response, E. Y. McMorries, Clanton. Organization, enrollment of names, etc.

9:30 Essay, Let the law of love reign in school, Miss Ida Robinson, Rocky Mount.

10 The qualified scholar vs. The qualified man, J. Alex Moore, Montevallo. Music.

10:30 True teaching, the development of moral, mental and physical power, L. E. Zach, Verbena.

11:30 Essay, Striving to create character, vs. contributing to the growth of character in the child, Miss Sophie Mullins, Jumbo. Recess.

2 p.m. Music. Teaching facts vs. teaching how to study, G. L. Speer, Lilly. Music.

3 Normal extension, and Lyceum courses, B. D. Wilson, Stanton.

4 Music. Intermission.

7 Concert exercises by Jemison School.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19.

9 a.m. Music. Prayer, Rev. S. M. Adams. Calling roll, reading minutes, etc.

9.30 Is teaching grammar, teaching language, E. Y. McMorries, Clanton.

10 Objects to be secured by composition, writing, P. M. McKee, Jumbo.

10:30 When is a reaning theroughly prepared, Miss M. V. Palma, Moss Hill. Music.

11 The study of English authors, Judson Strock, Coopers. Music. Recess.

2 p. m. Music. Are advanced views of education found among increasing numbers of patrons? Experience of all the teachers on this subject. Music.

3 Local taxation and school law, Hon. Jno. O. Turner, State Supt Dismission.

The local committee will prepare comfortable homes for teachers and visitors.

Remember the date Dec. 18th and 19th.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.
C. C. SLATON, Ch. Com.

Tax Notice.

Assessor's and Collector's LAST ROUND

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the taxes of Chilton county for the year 1897, and collecting the taxes for the year 1896:

		1896
Maplesville	November	9
Shoultz	"	10
Valley Creek church	"	11
Welch's mill	"	12
Dixie	"	13
Stanton 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.	"	14
Benson	"	16
Macedonia church	"	17
Providence church beat 2	"	18
Hays' mill	"	19
Jemison	"	20
Strasburg	"	21
Maddox's mill	"	22
Lomax	"	24
Mineral Springs	"	25
Mountzion church	"	26
Cane Creek church	"	27
Ehrman's mill	"	30
Providence church beat 5	Dec'ber	4
Coopers	"	5
Verbena	"	7&8
Wayside church	"	9
Kincheon	"	10
Clanton	"	11&12
Benson	"	14
Maplesville	"	15
Smith's school-house	"	17
Jemison	"	18
Strasburg	"	19

A. C. MIMS, Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Collector.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.
CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

for many years with Pollack & Co.

Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET
MONTGOMERY - ALA

Blood and Brawn

Impoverished blood means loss of strength. Probably seventy-five per cent. of the diseases with which mankind is afflicted are caused by impure blood. Very many diseases—such as tetter, eczema, scrofula, erysipelas, etc., could not exist if the blood were perfectly pure. V. V. V. makes pure blood. It is composed of natural vegetable remedial agents skillfully compounded in the exact proportions to secure right results.

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

thoroughly cleanses the blood, tones up the whole system and brings back health, strength and happiness.

A purely vegetable compound and a wonderful specific, not only for all blood and skin diseases, but for rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, dyspepsia, malaria, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

HABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6.65 cents.

Bales received to-date:

Sampey	17 6
Mullins	8 0
Wilson	385
	3 16

Mrs. B. F. Collier, sister of Judge R M. Honeycutt, of Keywance, Miss., has been spending some days with the Judge's family and returned last week to her home in Mississippi. Mrs. B. B. Hagewood, of Big Sandy, Texas, and Mrs. Z. H. Crim, of Henderson, Texas, also returned to their Texan homes the same day.

Miss Roberta Johnson returned from her trip to New Orleans Tuesday.

Dr. J. G. Hayes, of Maplesville, was in town last Thursday.

Messrs W. H. Foshee, J. M. Stanfield, J. W. Stanfield, W. Walker and Scott Chesnut went to Montgomery Tuesday to the inaugural ceremonies.

Dr. A. J. Massey, the dentist, [illegible] his engagements in Clanton as usual.

Mr. [illegible] is, we are sorry to say, very sick.

The Banner has been one hand short this week as Mr. J. H. Middleton has been on the sick list.

Bring in some pine, we will take it on subscription.

We [illegible] cold and disagreeable Monday and Tuesday, but they came to court all the same.

Deputy Marshall J. A. Dudley has removed his family to the house recently vacated by Mr. Oscar Nelson.

Col. Knox has moved into the McK[illegible] residence.

Mr. John Gafner has moved his family back into town to his old home.

Mr. Ed Willis, from Jumbo, has rented Mr. Garner's plantation, and moved there this week.

If you want a Piano or Organ we can sell you one at a low figure and on easy terms. The Banner, Clanton.

WANTED 1000 cross ties. Apply to G. H. Geeter, Clanton.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. Tilman I. Adams and Miss M[illegible] Johnson, Mr. Robert M. [illegible] and Miss Julia M. Collins; Mr. [illegible] D. Collins and Miss Mattie [illegible]; Mr. H. H. Bisco and Miss [illegible] Cunningham; [illegible] Elam Goodwin and [illegible] Rush.

[illegible] W. Dawson was in town Monday.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson.

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,526.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
November 2, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 12th, 1896, viz.: Monroe Stewart, Homestead entry, No. 24,149, for the nw¼ of nw¼ section 12 tp 22 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Jake Hayes, of Thorsby, Ala., Anthony Latham, of Thorsby, Ala., Luke Latham, of Jemison, Ala., Robert Hicks, of Thorsby, Ala.,

H. Purcell, Register

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned, by the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date the 30th day of November 1896, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court House door of said county at Clanton, on

MONDAY DECEMBER 28, 1896,

all that certain real estate which is described as follows, viz.: The southeast fourth of the northeast fourth of section fourteen, and the north half of the southwest fourth and the southwest fourth of the southwest fourth of section thirteen, township twenty-three, range fifteen, in Chilton county, Alabama, which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several owners thereof, the said property belonging to and being the property of the heirs at law of the estate of L. F. Marcus deceased.

H. I. Honeycutt, Commissioner.
Clanton, Ala., Dec. 2, 1896.

Will Not Perform Miracles But It Will Cure.

DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE cures nervous prostration. Not miraculously, but scientifically, by first removing the germs of disease, and then supplying healthy nerve food, increasing the appetite, helping digestion and strengthening the entire system. Desperate cases require prolonged treatment as shown by that of Mrs. M. B. Reed, of Delta, Iowa, who writes: "As the result of a lightning stroke, the physicians said I had a light stroke of paralysis, my limbs would all draw up. I would have throbbings in my chest that seemed unendurable. For three months I could not sleep and for three weeks did not close my eyes. I prayed for sleep, and felt that if relief did not come I would be dead or insane. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and the second night slept two hours and from that time on my health improved; slowly at first, but steadily and surely. I took in all 40 bottles, and I cannot express how grateful I am, for I am now perfectly well, and have taken no medicine for over four months." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by druggists on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Book on heart and nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE
WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Real Estate for Sale.

The following lands for sale very cheap by F. B. Baldwin, Verbena or W. H. Foshee Clanton, Ala.

Sw¼ of sw¼ sec 33 tp 20 r 12; nw¼ of nw¼ and se¼ of nw¼ sec 33 tp 21 r 11; e½ of sw¼ sec 28 tp 21 r 16; s½ of se¼ of ne¼ sec 23 tp 20 r 11; nw¼ of nw¼ sec 10, nw¼ of se¼ sec 20, ne¼ of se¼ sec 32 tp 20 r 11; nw¼ of ne¼ sec 10 tp 20 r 12; e½ of se¼ sec 26 tp 23 r 14; nw¼ of sw¼ and sw¼ of sw¼ sec 25 tp 23 r 15; se¼ of nw¼ sec 25 tp 21 r 11; ne¼ of ne¼ sec 4 tp r 12, all in Chilton county, Alabama.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for Talladega county, Alabama, rendered on to-wit the 3rd day of October, 1896, and in accordance with the terms thereof, I, James Crook, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Edward Gantt, deceased, will sell at public outcry, for cash to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 30th day of December, 1896, within the legal hours of sale in front of the court house door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, the following described property in Chilton county, Alabama, to-wit: se¼ of sw¼ sec 3 and w½ of sec 6 all in t 21 r 14; ne¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ sec 10 and n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw1-4 and nw1-4 of se1-4 sec 12 all in t 22 r 14, w½ of nw1-4 se1-4 of nw1-4 and se1-4 of ne1-4 sec 33, and se1-4 of se1-4 sec 29 all in t 22 r 14 and nw1-4 of se1-4 and sw1-4 of sw1-4 sec 32, t 21 r 15.

JAMES CROOK,
Admr. etc. of the estate of Edward Gantt, Dec'd.

This 23 day of October, 1896.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pension Warrants in favor of Confederate Soldiers Widows for 1896 have been sent to me by the Auditor, and are now ready to be delivered.

R. M. Honeycutt,

STRAYED on Nov. 16th, one black horse mule, medium size, tolerably old, thin in order. A liberal reward offered for the mule. Apply to Mrs. Sarah Mahan, 6 miles east of Stanton, Ala.

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

Lily Lyrics.

Quite a number of our young people attended the Sunday school convention at Macedonia last Friday and Saturday.

Mr. A. S. Jones gave an entertainment last Friday night.

Mr. G. W. Jones, T. I. Ward, and J. C. Veazey were in Birmingham last week.

Mrs. Seborn Jones, accompanied by Miss Edwards, has just returned from South Alabama. X. Y. Z.

* * *

State Alliance Notice.

Dudleyville, Ala. Nov. 23. 1896

County Secretaries that have not received minutes of the last State meeting will receive them by dropping me a card notifying me of their failure to receive the same.

J. W. Jackson,
State Secretary.

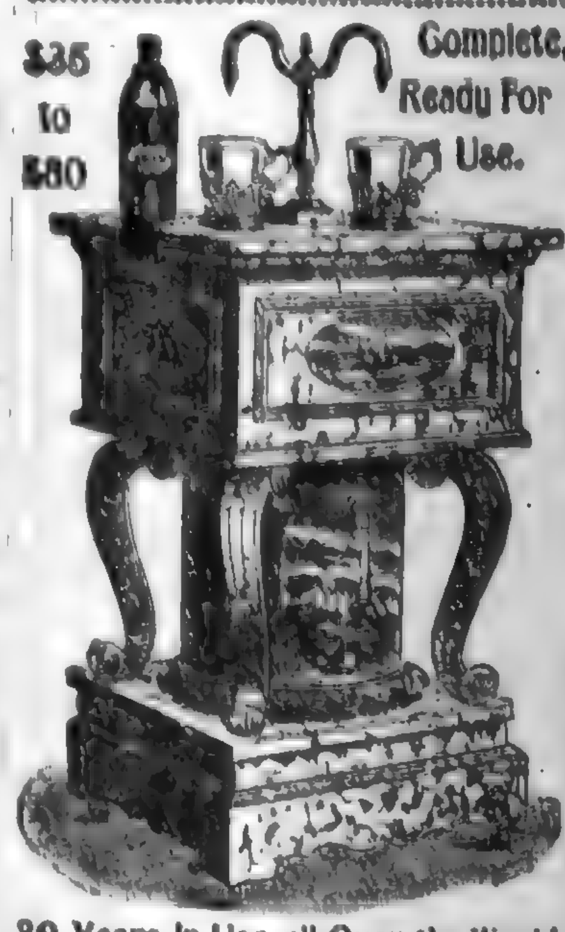
• • •

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

PORTABLE
SODA FOUNTAINS



$35 to $80 Complete, Ready For Use.

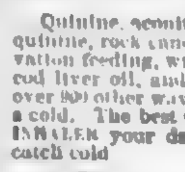
80 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

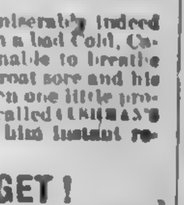
1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat," foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold



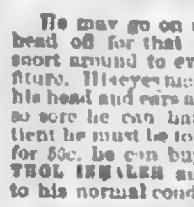
A man must be miserably indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!



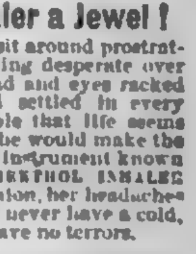
He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, snuffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!



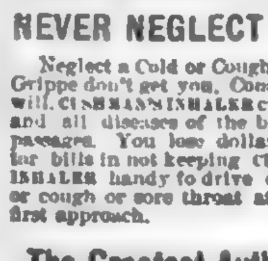
A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH



Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.



DR. BROWNE.

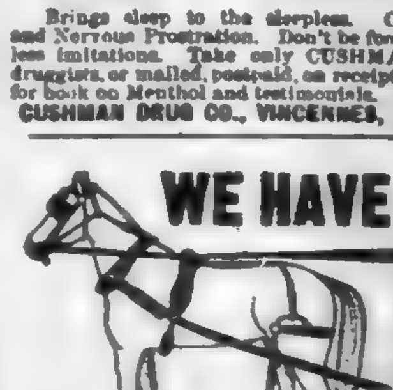
Dr. J. Lennox Browne, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

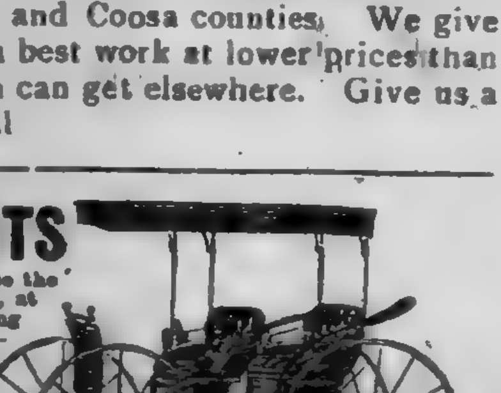
CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS



No. 1414—Surrey Harness. Price $16.50. As good as sells for $30.

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.



No. 723—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Roily Latham, deceased. Probate Court, Chilton county, Alabama.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of November, 1896, by the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, in said State, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time required by law, or said claims will be barred.

J. H. Shoults,
Administrator.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18597.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
Nov. 21, 1896. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 2nd, 1897, viz.: Marry Dennis, widow of Daniel B. Dennis, H. E. No. 23,671, for the s½ of Fraction (A), Fraction (B) of Section 25 Tp. 21 n R 16 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: William N. Pierce, James S. Jones, John L. Howard, Pinkney M. Jones, all of Burwell, Ala.

H. Purcell, Register

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, A. C. Smith, Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder at the court house door in Clanton Alabama, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1896,

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real estate belonging to said estate, to wit:

The sw1-4 of the se1-4 and all of the se1-4 of the sw1-4 that lies east of Yellow Leaf Creek all in section 10 township 22 range 14 Chilton county, Alabama, containing sixty acres more or less.

A. C. Smith,
Administrator of the estate of A. B. Hill, deceased.

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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
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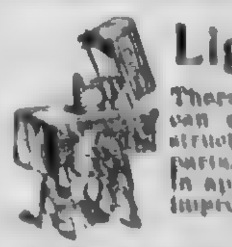

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Use Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

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LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. M. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

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For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Cynical.

"How is that song getting along?" asked the publisher's friend.

"Splendidly," was the enthusiastic reply. "It is going to be one of the hits of the day. Every musician who has heard it says that it's vile."—Washington Star.

An Honest Girl.

"The butcher offered me his hand this morning," said the hired girl.

"Indeed?"

"Yes'm. He tried to sell it to me with the steak, but I made him take it off the scales."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Scotch Indifference.

An old Scotch sergeant was going his rounds one night to see that all the lights were out in the barrack-rooms. Coming to a room where he thought he saw a light shining, he roared out:

"Put out that light, there!"

One of the men shouted back:

"It's the mune, sergeant!"

"I dinna care a tacket what it is," the sergeant said; "pit it oot."

Mr. Sewall is distinguished as owning the best vegetable garden in Maine."

The object of the manufacturers of Dobbins' Electric Soap has been for 28 years to make this soap of such *supe ior quality* that it will give *universal satisfaction*. Have they succeeded? Ask your grocer or it. Take no other.

There are forty-seven Chinese temples in America, but not a single Mohammedan mosque.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

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WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

Piso's Cure is a wonderful cough medicine.—MRS. W. PICKERT Van Siclen and Blake Avenues, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1894.

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WHEN bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

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Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

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A thorough revision of the Unabridged, the purpose of which has been not to display nor the provision of material for boastful and showy advertisement, but the due, judicious, scholarly, thorough perfecting of a work which in all the stages of its growth has obtained in an equal degree the favor and confidence of scholars and of the general public.

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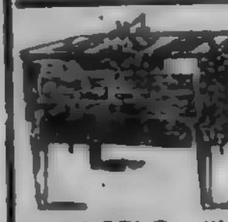

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CONSUMPTION

THE INAUGURAL.

Governor Joseph F. Johnston Inducted Into His Office.

THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

The Resources of of Alabama Form the Principal Topic of Discussion. The Industrial Situation of His Beloved State.—Her Wealth of Material Must Be Developed.

Montgomery, Ala.—Governor Joseph F. Johnson was inaugurated to-day. Before taking the oath of office he delivered the following address, sounding the keynote of his administration, which is to promote the development of Alabama's resources and improve the condition of her people:

To be chosen to the highest office within the gift of the people of the State should gratify the ambition and inspire the patriotism of any citizen. In entering upon the duties of the office I am about to assume, I do so with profound gratitude to the people, and with a just comprehension of the difficulties that beset the path before me. difficulties that can only be overcome by help from Him who holds us all in the hollow of his hand.

I shall undertake this work with the single purpose to do what I can to bring to our people the blessings of peace and prosperity, and with the conviction in my heart that I can best serve my party by best serving the people.

The hot political contests of this eventful year, that aroused so much passion, are now behind us; the people have registered their will and all good citizens should yield cheerful obedience to their mandate; if they have not erred in their verdict on the great question that broke party lines, returning prosperity will soon confirm their judgment; if they have erred no misrepresentation or coercion can deter them from setting aside the verdict and driving from place and power those who have misled or deceived them.

The past is beyond recall, but the future stands a willing handmaid to reward patriotic endeavor.

I shall not now discuss the cause of education that appeals to us with infant lips for opportunity to elevate and bless our children and our commonwealth, nor of other matters of grave importance to the people of our State. These I shall presently consider in a message to your general assembly; I prefer now, for the brief time I shall ask your attention, to speak somewhat of the resources and capabilities of the State we all love.

With an area of but little more than fifty thousand square miles, there is no territory of like size in the known world so prolific in the variety of its resources; were a wall erected around our State, cutting off all access, we could produce within our borders everything necessary for the comfort or convenience of man. Great veins of iron ore and seams of coal put at our command almost boundless resources in fuel, iron and steel. Splendid forests of yellow pine here stand ready to build homes for millions of people. Building stone and marble, fire clay, kaolin and lime exist in great abundance: walnut, maple, oak, cherry, ash and other hard woods await the hand of man for manufacture for the adornment of our homes.

In the production of pig iron we take rank as the fourth State in the Union; in iron ore, third; in coal, we stand fith; in the production of cotton, fourth, and in the manufacture, fourth.

In lumber we are near the head of the list.

It would be unjust should I fail to include in our minerals copper, lead, graphite, marl and gold; indeed the only mineral that we seem to be without and to want most in silver.

Leaving forest and mine and coming to our fields we find that they produce generously cotton, corn, wheat rye, oats, tobacco, rice and the grasses and here is the home of the pear, the peach, the grape and all small fruits. Vegetables are grown with great success, and in this industry is steadily developing. Our splendid rivers, the Alabama, Coosa, Tallapoosa, Warrior, Cahaba, Bigbee and Tennessee are the liquid arteries of the commonwealth, fed by innumerable creeks, all fruitful in power to convert our raw products into articles of merchandise.

Over 4,000 miles of railroads traverse our State from north to south, and east to west, furnishing quick transportation to market for our products.

When we come to our climate we find that the Giver of all good things has not stayed His hand, and that He has blessed us with opportunity to labor twelve months a year without detriment to health of comfort. Indeed, we can scarcely appreciate the blessings we enjoy in this respect when compared with less favorable regions, for even now we are seemingly unconscious that roses are blooming in our gardens, and that fragrant air is sweet with their perfume.

The Piedmont region of our State shows that its average thermometer in summer and winter correspond almost exactly with that of Berlin and Hamburg, whilst Mobile and the lower part of the State correspond largely with the climate of Frankfort-on-the-Main, and Carlsruhe. The average temperature for the whole State shows about 40 degrees Fahrenheit for January, 75 for July and 60 degrees for April and October.

Our streams abound in fish, our woods are fragrant with flowers, and our beautiful seaport supplies an abundance of fish and oysters for all our people. Nowhere in all the Republic can more prolific response be had from the soil to the intelligent cultivation of man. Nowhere can purer water, a more genial climate, or sunnier skies be found to bless contented homes.

These are our opportunities, these the substantial ground work upon which a great commonwealth can be erected.

It is our duty and our privilege to utilize these blessings.

This is the age of industrial development, and to that task the legislator and citizen should bend their energies and weary not in well doing. When we consider that we are now cultivating and utilizing less than one-third of these resources, and that the other two-thirds produce taxes only, it behooves us to invite to our borders and give generous welcome to men and money to aid in awakening these dormant resources.

Our pig iron should be melted and our cotton spun and woven at home, thus giving greater employment to labor and establishing home markets for our agricultural products.

The smoke of our factories should be found rising in every county, and our furnaces, like pillars of fire, should light the night.

The production of grasses and the raising of cattle should be stimulated until we become one of the great beef raising States of the Union.

There seems to be no good reason why our productive lands should not become a great center for the manufacture of beet sugar, and by its exportation to sister States add further store to an increasing income; canning establishments should utilize fruits fruits and vegetables that now too often rot on our farms.

Behind these splendid resources we have a patriotic and hospitable people, equal laws and an incorruptible judiciary securing to those who may come amongst us generous welcome and ample protection to life, liberty and property. Were these facts made known to the people of the north and west, where a trying climate and a dense population are constantly multiplying the difficulties in the struggle for existence. I am persuaded that the course of empire would be diverted to the South and that many of us here present would live to see our State as great in population, enterprise and wealth as she is now in resources.

We have nothing to ask of the Federal Government except equal laws, and perhaps the perfection of a system of coast defenses that in case of sudden war would enable our citizen soldiers to defend this fair land from invasion and maintain the National honor. Considering the gallantry of our brethren, who in obedience to the call of duty, were prodigal in deeds of valor in the war between the States, no one could doubt that should occasion arise, even more splendid achievements would adorn the defense of home and National integrity by the men of this generation.

We must also bear in mind that as our State progresses in population, wealth and development we can devote larger and larger sums to the education of our children, the reformation of our criminal classes and the enlightened progress of our people, until our commonwealth shall stand at the very head of the list of States, not only on the roll call, but in affection of the good and the wise.

In order to accomplish this great destiny no sumptuary laws, no restraint upon personal liberty; except for the common good, should ever mar our statute books, and all the people should be permitted to work out their own destiny; and worship God according to the dictates of their own consciences, free from any legislation that will hamper them in the enjoyment of their rights. We have the right to congratulate ourselves on the progress we have made. At the close of the war, after our ranks had been thinned by that bloody struggle, we returned to homes upon which the hand of disaster had fallen, without money or credit, more than half of our property destroyed, and with an alien government imposed upon us intent chiefly upon pillage. We undertook the task of reconstructing our fortunes, a task almost as great as that of conquering success on fiery fields against gallant soldiers thrice our superiors in numbers and equipment.

Within a generation we have restored the waste places, more than doubled our productions, built cities, opened mines, erected furnaces and factories, established our credit and largely increased our appropriations for free schools. This great work has been accomplished almost wholly by Southern women. We have been the pioneers of our development; on the great industrial fields we have met our brethren as competitors worthy of their steel. The manufacture of cotton is steadily drawing around the fields where it is grown. In iron we have not only invaded territory heretofore possessed by our friends in Pennsylvania and Ohio, and entrenched ourselves there for permanent occupation, but are now shipping our product to Great Britain and Italy, Germany and Spain, and underselling in their home markets those who have had the trade of the world for generations at their command.

Having accomplished such results as this ourselves, we have the right to expect that as sectional prejudice disappears before the rising light of a broader patriotism our progress shall be still greater in the future.

Here on this spot, hallowed to us by so many sacred memories; here where a young nation was born amid the thunder of hostile artillery, baptised in the blood of its noblest sons and then maintained the unequal struggle for sovereignty for four bloody years; what more appropriate place this for us to dedicate ourselves once more to the preservation and maintenance of the Union, whose declaration was framed, whose armies were led and whose highest court has been illuminated by Southern men?

Holding in our hearts an unforgetful memory of the splendid achievements of our revolutionary fathers, and the glorious deeds of our Confederate brethren, deeds that immortalized Southern valor and glorified American manhood, we should show to our brethren of other States that our people are as noble in peace as they were heroic in war, and that in the fields of education, morality, religion and industrial development we shall make a more splendid record than our brethren did on the fields of blood.

With a profound gratitude to the God of our fathers, that our lots have been cast in this sunny land, let us beseech Him to send warmth and vitality and enduring growth into every field of endeavor, that will make us strong to accomplish the things that make a State loved at home and revered abroad.

ALABAMA CHRONICLES.

The News of Our Own State in Paragraphs.

—A fine deposit of ochre has been found near Round Mountain.

—One of the Woodstock furnaces is to be put in blast next week.

—Cotton is being held for higher prices in Opelika; sellers will not sell.

—A house to house Sunday school census was recently taken in Montgomery.

—Mrs. Anna Desseker, one of the oldest residents of Selma, died in that city on Wednesday.

—J. A. Burgess & Son, of Edwardsville, have their new saw and planing mill in full operation.

—A syndicate is being formed in Birmingham to purchase leases in the Tennessee oil fields.

—The postoffice at Opelika has just been inspected, and has been declared to be in first-class condition.

—The Tredegar mineral properties, which are considered the richest in the South, are to be fully developed.

—F. J. Willoughby, of Heflin, has failed for $5,000. He is the first merchant who has failed in that county for four years.

—The Alabama Conference of the M. E. Church will convene in Montgomery on Wednesday, Bishop Granberry presiding.

—A negro boy was crushed to death by a switch engine at Opelika on Wednesday. He was crossing the track in a wagon when he was struck.

—The Florence Northern railway scheme may be revived. The proposed road is intended to run from Florence north to Linden, in Perry county.

—Upon a rumor that the firm of J. C. McKenzie & Co., wholesale grocers of Montgomery, had failed, attachments to the amount of about $21,000 were issued last Wednesday night.

—Two parties, one of seventeen people and the other eight, left Anniston Wednesday for Texas. They came from near White Plains.

—While hunting 'possums near Anniston the other night, Flem Lindsey was caught under a tree that had been thrown and seriously injured.

—W. J. Tinney and Miss Sallie Bolin ran away from Columbiana and were married at Wilsonville. The young lady's parents opposed the match.

—Frank Smith shot a woman called Mrs. Lawson, at America mines, the other night, inflicting fatal wounds. Smith is at large and defies arrest.

—The Sunday School Convention of the Tuskaloosa Baptist Association met in session at Mount Olive, eight miles from Northport church, Tuskaloosa county.

—In a difficulty at Jasper, M. J. Parker seriously cut Samuel Childers, his father-in-law. Parker was placed under bond at his own request. Childers is expected to recover.

—Mark A. Gilbreth, aged 70 years, of Marshall county, got his arm broken and was badly bruised by his team running away. It is feared he will not survive the accident.

—While loading the ship Selma at Mobile with cotton Fred Nelson fell twenty-five feet and broke his neck, death resulting instantly. Three others were slightly hurt by a chain which fell.

—The Governor has commuted the sentence of John Grover, convicted of manslaughter in the first degree in the Cherokee Circuit Court, from five to two years. Grover was convicted for slaying the abuser of his mother.

—Many cars of brick, stone, lumber, lime, sand and other building materials are daily arriving at Montevallo and work is being pushed on the new building for the Girls' Industrial School. The Southern railway is doing the generous thing by hauling it all free of freight. The school now has over 180 pupils.

—At a dance hall in Selma Bob Holly was killed and Alf Holly fatally wounded. Happy and Devil Hays, who are charged with the deed, escaped. All are negroes.

—Archie Noble was sent to the penitentiary for four years from Carrollton. He is a son of Mrs. Noble, who is serving a life sentence in Georgia for the murder of her husband.

—The Baptist meeting at Greensboro has closed. There were seven conversions. Rev. W. A. Whittle, of Birmingham, assisted in the service.

A CIGARETTE DID IT.

Fire in a Kansas City Jail Causes a Panic Among Prisoners.

Kansas City, Mo.—At 3:30 o'clock Friday morning fire broke out in the Jackson county jail, and for a while it appeared as if the structure would be destroyed and many of the prisoners, 168 in number, cremated. Prompt work by the fire department prevented an awful holocaust, and the damage to the building will be only about $6,000. The first intimation the prisoners had of the fire was when a great wave of smoke rolled through the corridors and into their cells, and then a panic ensued. The male prisoners, although somewhat terrified, were undemonstrative as compared with the women on the upper tier. The women, most of them colored, worked themselves into a frenzy and screamed lustily. The firemen finally quieted them down, and within twenty minutes after their arrival the blaze was under control and half an hour later completely extinguished. The Criminal Court room and Marshall's office were wrecked. The fire was caused by a cigarette.

ARRESTED IN HAVANA.

Key West, Fla.—C. B. Pendleton, editor of the Equator Democrat, of this city, and correspondent of the New York Journal, was arrested Friday morning in Havana. It is reported that there were some irregularities in his passport that caused his detention.

Could we live without reflecting on the past, [illegible] indeed, we would be happy.

WIRE FLASHES.

The Latest News of Interest in Condensed Form.

ON LAND AND SEA.

Tells What is Going on all Over This Busy Country.—Crimes and Causalties Mixed Up with Notes of Industrial Improvement.—Some Business Failures.

—John Dove was hanged at Palo Pinto, Texas, for rape.

—There was a riot in Lowell, Mass., between Armenians and Greeks on one side and French Canadians on the other.

—The Sherrodsville (O.) coal mines have been closed, the 350 miners refusing to accept a reduction from 61 to 45 cents.

—G. A. Gill, proprietor of the South McAlester (I. T.) bank, assigned to W. B. Rutherford; assets, $15,000; liabilities, $37,000.

—The Anaconda Mining Company, at Butte, Mont., has given notice to its men of a cut in wages commencing December 1, from $3.50 to $3 per day.

—Daniel Frohman has secured the control of the two leading theaters in Cincinnati—the Grand Opera House and the Walnut Street Theater.

—Frank Johnson, colored, was hanged at Columbia, Tenn., for the murder of Austin Rye, whom he killed on August 1 last, and afterwards robbed of $5.

—W. S. Forman, of Illinois, the newly appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue, took the oath of office and entered upon the discharge of his duties.

—A shoting affray by which one person was almost instantly killed and two others were so badly injured that they cannot recover, occurred at Duryea, Pa.

—The St. Paul Warehouse and Elevator Company's elevator on Third street, containing 100,000 bushels of oats, was burned. Loss, $80,000; partly insured.

—The Executive Committee of the Texas Live Stock Association have decided to hold the next annual meeting of the association in San Antonio on March 8, 1897.

—The jury in the Burt murder trial at Austin, Texas, handed in their verdict, finding him guilty of murder in the first degree, and fixing punishment at death.

—At Kemela, Ore., in the Blue Mountains, the thermometer registered 15 degrees below zero Friday night. It is feared that much damage to grain will result.

—The report of Brig.-Gen. Coppinger, commander of the department of the Platte, headquarters at Omaha, says the military operations of the year have not been eventful.

—In a saloon row between Polanders and Armenians at Duryer, Pa., Frank Lambert and James Motslee received wounds from which they died, while John Betts is fatally injured.

—The Navy Department has received the report of inquiry, which investigated the condition of the battleship Texas. It is understood to be a severe criticism of the ship.

—On the advice of the Mayor of Vicksburg, Miss., the navy department has designated Miss Addie Trowbridge of that city to christen the new naval vessel Vicksburg, to be launched next month.

—Edward Goschwind, of the Boland & Goschwind Foundry Company, was killed at New Orleans by being struck by the follower head, which blew out while he was repairing the engine.

—Judge Bradley, of the District of Columbia Supreme Court, refused to grant Prince Yturbide, of Mexico, a mandamus to compel the Metropolitan Club of that city to reinstate him in membership.

—George E. Ross, receiving money clerk for the Pacific and United States Express companies, at Kansas City, has been located by the security company that furnished bond, and is now under surveilance by them.

—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Mine Hill and Schuylkill Railroad it was agreed to adopt the Philadelphia and Reading Company's offer of 6 per cent. on the capital stock of the Mine Hill Company.

—The Secretary of the Treasury has dismissed William R. Morley, engineer of the public building at Denver, Col., for collecting political assessments from Government employees in violation of the civil service law.

—Brig.-Gen. Bliss, commanding the division of Texas, calls attention in his annual report to the desirability of having another troop of cavalry on the Mexican frontier, near El Paso and opposite Jaurez, Mex.

—The amount of money stolen by Jashier John M Hoffer from the National Bank of Lebanon, Pa., is $110,173. There were other transactions with Lebanon banking institutions which, it is said, will swell the total amount of his peculations to $200,000.

—The railroad miners in the Pittsburg district will get the advance they have asked for without trouble. The operators have generally agreed to pay the 61 cent rate after December 1. The miners in the Ohio region will probably get a similar advance.

—Upon application of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York, United States' District Judge Foster, at Topeka, Kas., appointed Dwight Braman, of New York City, receiver of the St. Louis, Kansas and Southwestern Railway Company. The company owns a line sixty miles in length running from Arkansas City to Anthony, Kas.

BLOOD AT A FEAST.

T. W. White Slew James Cox at an Odd Fellows Banquet.

Coalburg, Ala.—A shooting affray took place at a banquet given by the Odd Fellow lodge, at this place, between James Cox, a foreman in the mines, and T. W. White, a convict guard. The first named was shot, dying from the wounds. Both white and Cox are well known about Coalburg. White is in jail at Birmingham. The difficulty did not originate at the banquet.

A FISHERMAN'S STORY.

Exposure Came Near Ending His Life.

From the Press, Utica N. Y.

Mr. William Dale is a highly respected farmer living in that part of the township of Brookfield known as the "Waterman District," and is well known as a thrifty and honorable man of independent means. Three years ago Mr. Dale was disabled from rheumatism in a most aggravated form, which medical skill seemed powerless to relieve, but suddenly he became to all appearance cured, was able to attend to his work, and ever since has been in looks at least the incarnation of sound bodily health.

The following is Mr. Dale's own statement of his case and what wrought the change.

BROOKFIELD, New York, July 14th, 1896.

"I am fifty-one years old, and by birth an Englishman. In my early life I followed the avocation of fisherman, in which by exposure I contracted rheumatism, from which I suffered more or less for many years. About three years ago, I arose one morning to find myself crippled, and the least exertion brought on most excruciating pains, so that I was forced to seek relief by going to bed and remaining motionless. Our family physician was immediately summoned, and he began the usual course of remedies but instead of helping me I became worse. My joints, especially in my left arm were inflamed and hot. I suffered much from derangement of the heart, and constant sweats, which were of a sour, ill smelling nature. My appetite failed me, my tongue was thickly coated, and altogether I was in a bad way. In addition to this, worriment of mind because I could not attend to the spring work on two farms which I owned, made my condition deplorable.

"While in this unhappy state, my friend, Mr. Amos Jaquays, of Columbus Centre, hearing of my illness, came over and recommended me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which he said had cured him of kidney disease. He also stated that William Woodman, whom I had known to be a terrible rheumatic sufferer all his life, was through this remedy now in the best of health.

"To make a long story short, I sent over to Mr. Silas York, who keeps a store and sells groceries by wagon through the county, for a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and began to take them according to directions. The results of the new treatment were astonishing, as after taking nine of the pills I was at work and ever since have done my full share of labor.

"Pink Pills are now our physician. We always keep them in the house, and doctors bills have ceased to be a part of the family expenses.

"These pills are becoming pretty well known in this part of the country, as all who have here used them swear by them, and do all in their power to make their virtues known.

"The above is a true statement, and if necessary I will make oath to the same.

"WM. DALE"

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

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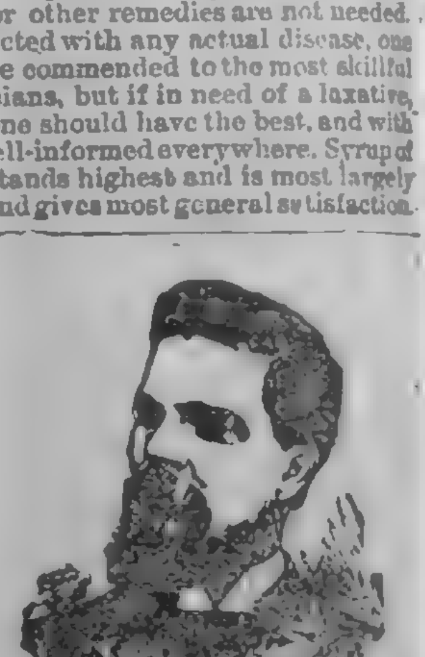

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(Atlanta Constitution.)

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(Masonic Guide.)

Dr. Dozier can be relied upon to treat diseases in the most successful manner, and he is known all over the south.

(The Southern Odd Fellow.)

We cannot add anything to the reputation Dr. O. T. Dozier has already acquired in the line of his profession, but we know him to be able [illegible] to carry out every promise he makes to those needing his services.

(Age Herald.)

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Am. N.U. No. 49. 1896.

THE BANNER.

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VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THU MISSING ISSUE NO. 8

LIVING POPULISM.

TOM WATSON MAKES A FEW REMARKS.

"It Has Called the Masses Into Such Life and Strength as They Have Not Had for a Generation.

People's Party Paper:

Its glory has been that it made its appeal directly to the people, sought to educate them, and tried to organize them in the behalf of better government.

As a school teacher, no political party ever made swifter headway than ours. We have educated the masses as fast as we could reach them, wherever people would listen converts were made. And no man ever returned to either of the old parties after having become a populist in principle.

It is true that our cause has suffered much damage at the hands of extremists. Radical ranters who burlesqued populism rather than illustrated it have prejudiced thousands against us. The fire-eaters who make war upon private ownership of property and who seem possessed by an insane desire to level everything in sight, alarm and disgust many a citizen whose heart and whose vote would be with us if he understood us just as we are.

During the recent campaign populist doctrines stood a better chance to get a fair hearing than ever before. When the democratic party adopted our platform at Chicago, we at once gained the ear of an immense audience which, up to that hour, had been hopelessly hostile to us. And now that the campaign is over, the moral victory which populism won at Chicago is still ours. No democrat can ever hereafter be heard to abuse or ridicule a creed which his party formally embraced.

Not only has populism done magnificent work as an educator, but it has achieved a yet more signal triumph as a liberator of the human mind from the slavery of party domination.

It has smashed party ties right and left. It has broken the idols of the market-place in a manner beautiful to behold. It has well-nigh abolished the party lash. It has utterly abolished social ostracism for political opinion's sake. No citizen any longer hesitates to take sides with any party he likes, or to vote for any candidate he prefers. The day of political persecution is over—even in the south—and populism did it!

Not only has our reform movement educated and liberalized the masses, but it leavened both the old parties until they themselves throb with the restless movement of the people. Never before did two campaign managers work harder to satisfy the minds of the common people than did Jones and Hanna. Never before did fact, argument and illustration count for so much in an election. Never before was so much economic literature printed, distributed and read.

A few years ago what did the campaign literature consist of? Lies, mostly. The democrats would get out a slander or two on Blaine or Garfield, and the republicans would concern their virtuous souls with a defect or so in Cleveland's moral character; and the contest was fought out on the old frayed and frazzled line of "Force-Bill" on one side, and "Bloody-shirt" on the other.

Look into the campaign books of the two old parties, a few years back, and see how much space is given to mere scandals, and how little to economic principles!

In this campaign all was changed—and populism has done it.

Everybody sought information. The voter wanted light. He demanded to know the facts. The printing presses groaned night and day to supply the demand.

The impression prevails that Mark Hanna's money bought McKinley's election. We do not share that opinion. It is practically impossible to bribe people by the million.

McKinley was elected because the republican writers and speakers were able to hold their men together, while Bryan's forces were scattered by bad management.

The populist theory of money is the only one which can successfully meet the "sound money" argument, and Bryan lost votes because our democratic allies were not willing to adopt our line of reasoning.

But although the campaign is over, the discussion of the money question goes right on.

It has received a mighty impulse which keeps it moving. And so greatly disturbed is Mark Hanna over the outlook, that he proposes to continue the republican campaign organization, and to keep it at work.

Thus has populism been doing its work. It has put down party despotism. It has erased the lines of sectionalism. It has brought politics to a battle of economic doctrines. It has forced the money question to the front. It has called the masses into such life and strength as they have not had for a generation. It has abolished political intolerance. It has made huge inroads upon political ignorance.

Let us not be discouraged, comrades. Good government does not happen by accident.

Under great disadvantages, we have fought a good fight. We must not falter nor fall back. The path of duty leads onward, and we must press forward therein. T. E. W.

The coal trust has taken advantage of the business boom to raise the price twenty-five cents per ton. This means a clear additional profit to the trust of fifty million dollars. It seems to us that the boom has hit the wrong end of business.

WHO WAS IT STRUCK HIM?

An Exchange Wants to Know Who Hit Billy Patterson.

Nonconformist: Looking to the states that were expected to give a majority for Mr. Bryan, but which went for McKinley, we find some significant things. In the states of Indiana, Kentucky, West Virginia, Wyoming, California, Oregon and the Dakotas, all of which are in the McKinley column, or are saved by a scratch, a change of 25,000 or 30,000 votes in the eight states would have reversed the election and sent Mr. Bryan to the White House.

Now, why were not those states carried by Mr. Bryan?

The answer is obvious.

In all these states, except West Virginia, the populist vote was a considerable factor, and in several of them this vote was largely driven to stay at home by the unreasonable demands of the democrats, that the populists surrender their organization and become "democrats." This they could not and would not do. It is true that finally, just before opening the polls, fair union terms were agreed upon, but it was too late to repair the damage done in the earlier part of the campaign. It was too late to heal the sores or hide the scars made early in the summer. If the democratic party had stopped when Mr. Bryan had been named for the presidency, and had recognized the fact that others than "democrats" desired free silver or monetary reform, and had referred the completion of the ticket to the expected allies that were to meet in two national conventions, July 22, at St. Louis, thus gracefully acknowledging in advance the services tendered, it would have opened the way for a union of forces that would have contained none of the elements of weakness that carried defeat to the standard bearer of the allied parties on the 3d of November. Monetary reform is postponed for four more years through the stubborn party greed that demanded all, and only yielded at a late hour what was wrung from it by half-disheartened, half-disgusted allies.

The nomination of Mr. Bryan was well done, but when it was accomplished, there appeared to be still a hankering for the "flesh-pots of Egypt," and an effort was made to throw a tub to the Eastern whale in the shape of a vice-presidential nomination that was in itself an insult to the expected allies. Some of them swallowed their chagrin, but the populists being longer trained in the needs of a campaign for reform, knew that a victory of that sort would be "apples of Sodom," turning to ashes at the touch of the possessor. Some populists were even willing to sacrifice all party pride and accept the professions of the so-called "regenerated democracy," trusting all to them, but a large portion of the party could not be seduced to such a course.

After concessions were made, the populists very generally accepted the situation and assisted in carrying out the plans matured by those placed in charge of party affairs.

The writer was one of those who wished things could have been arranged otherwise, but when the party conventions and officials had done all in their power, it was a choice of accepting the union effected or voting for McKinley, and there was no hesitancy in making up the decision.

Elsewhere in this paper is pointed out the tendency of late converts or new recruits to backslide, or return to old issues. Our only hope lies in a more perfect organization of the populist party, and the keeping intact of all its educational forces. The populist party is responsible for the great popular uprising, and it must keep abreast in the way of organization, nor slacken in any respect its efforts along the line marked out by the St. Louis platform.

ABOUT THE FUTURE.

Depression in Business Did Not Prevent Corporations and Trusts from Making Money.

It is a generally acepted fact that business has never been so dull as during the past year. There have been many failures and thousands of business houses have only been able to keep out of bankruptcy by borrowing money at usurious rates, sacrificing property and reducing expenses to a minimum. This has resulted in widespread hardships and misery to thousands of people. Of course there is no question, now that the election is over, that there will be a general revival in all lines of business, but how about the past year? Did the depression in business and the tightness of the money market prevent the trusts from making any money. Not n the least. The monopolies realized their usual enormous profits and they will continue to make money for several years, now that McKinley is elected.

The Standard Oil Company paid in dividends to its stockholders during the fiscal year ending November 1, the sum of $30,149,500. This represents quarterly dividends of 3 per cent and an additional dividend every quarter.

The American Sugar Refining Company, commonly termed the sugar trust, paid to its stockholders during the same period $7,023,120 in dividends. In addition to this enormous sum the trust has a surplus of $30,000,000 in sugar, bills and cash which has accumulated during the past year.

All of the other big trusts have made a great deal of money during the past year. The Western Union Telegraph Company, which has practically a monopoly of the telegraph business of the country, paid in dividends about $7,000,000. The United States Leather Company, which fixes the price of every pair of boots and shoes that is sold, has cleared immense profits. The nail trust, meat monopoly, rubber trust and anthracite coal trust have amassed large sums despite the business stagnation.

It is pertinent at this time to ask what will President-elect McKinley do with these monopolies? If it is true, and there seems not a particle of doubt of it, that Mr. McKinley was nominated and elected largely through the assistance of the trusts, there is little prospect of any immediate relief for the people through the enforcement of the law. The only recourse for the ridden citizens of the United States is to wait patiently and put their faith in the future. At present the outlook is far from encouraging, but it is hoped that the people will be able to bear the present condition of things a little longer. It is certainly exasperating to be compelled to pay exorbitant prices for every necessary of life and to believe that the next administration will be as indifferent to the woes of the people as is the present one. Nevertheless, let us hope for the best and trust that Mr. McKinley's conduct of the affairs of state will result in a greater measure of prosperity and happiness than has been the lot of millions of citizens during the past few years.—Arkansas Gazette.

Confidence.

It cannot be denied that there is a great deal in the business world depending upon confidence, but we scarcely dare to hope that confidence alone will restore prosperity to this country. When banks and capitalists put their money out, either as a loan or an investment, they must of course have "confidence" that they will not only receive back the principal, but a return for the use of their money. If conditions are such that the value of their money is appreciating, the security they demand must be gilt-edge, and but few are able to give it. As a result, money is hoarded because as it is appreciating in value and all commodities depreciating in the same ratio, no man wants to trade money for commodities, or invest it in enterprise. This hoarding, therefore, not only aggravates the situation until something takes place that "restores confidence" and induces men to let go of their money. It is claimed that the election of Mr. McKinley will do this, and we sincerely hope that it will. We are frank to confess, however, that we can see no good, substantial reason why it should do so, other than the one that it is a change from Grover Cleveland. The general opinion is that it cannot be any worse, and the universal hope is that it may be for the better. For this reason alone we may hope to see better times under the McKinley administration than we have had under that of Cleveland. But the republicans make no pretense of doing anything that will materially aid in establishing permanent prosperity. We will have the same grinding of trusts and relentless taxation by railroad corporations. The usury mill will continue to add to its grists and take its customary toll. The landlord will not reduce his rent, and there is no probability of increase of wages for the workingman. There is no visible prospect of a rise in the products of the farm to even equal the cost of production. There may be a temporary period of prosperity, but it will likely be for those only who are able financially to manipulate it all in their own interests. The speculator may profit by a temporary stimulation of prices, but by the time it reaches the outer edges of the great industrial world it will probably have spent its force without having benefited to any great extent the real producers of wealth.

The Political Preachers.

The political preachers have not all ceased haranguing their congregations on politics. One of these is Rev. J. H. Morron, of Peoria, Ill., who, last Sunday, offered the following prayer at the close of the services at the Second Presbyterian church: "Oh, Lord, we thank Thee for this house of worship. We thank Thee for this prayer service. We thank Thee for the mission fields and the missionaries. To-night, Oh, Lord, we especially thank Thee that our missionaries, working in foreign lands will not be compelled to have their beggarly stipends cut in two, that they will not have to labor for 50-cent dollars, but will be paid in full." This "prayer" caused considerable amazement among the congregation and well it might. It is hoped that Mr. Morron will get a few standard books on political economy and finance and endeavor to learn something about such matters, and the money question in particular. It is certainly too bad that the missionaries were in danger of being paid 50-cent dollars for their arduous work of converting the heathen, and it is extremely gratifying to learn that all such danger is now past. It may be remarked, incidentally, however, that there is no such thing as a 50-cent dollar, and it is apparent that the reverend gentleman has been mislead by reading gold-bug newspapers or listening to some of Hanna's hired howlers.—Arkansas Gazette.

Why England Is Rich.

The interest on $10,000,000,000 at 6 per cent would be $600,000,000 a year. Can any nation stand that? An "Eminent English authority" has been widely quoted as saying: "The interest from money loaned and profits of investments of English capital in the states amounted to $727,000,000 last year." The records of the London stock exchange last year show the English people held $12,500,000,000 of foreign securities. Mr. Gladstone said a few weeks ago that English investments and debts abroad were probably far above £2,000,000,000—Golden Rule.

Truth can be delayed but not killed.

IS FOR HUMANITY.

FIRST SERVICE OF THE UNION CHURCH.

Rev. Flavius J. Brobst Fearless in His Flaying of the Slave Masters of Today —Prelude and Sermon of Marked Interest.

A large audience was present in the Grand Opera House, Chicago, recently at the initial services of the "Union Church Association," of which Rev. Flavius J. Brobst is pastor.

"Henry Ward Beecher's fight against slavery, with reference to present conditions," was the subject of the prelude. The speaker began by telling what the famous orator had to contend with when he undertook to fight slavery. "The press," said he, "was either silent or against him. The merchants of the land ridiculed him. He was lampooned and caricatured throughout the country. The pulpit was enraged at his broad interpretation of scripture. Mobs were organized and bitter and malignant threats made. His very name became a synonym for everything that was low and mean. Yet under this fire the great Beecher only grew more determined. It served only to lift him to sublimer heights, and the battle royal was kept up for over twenty years before humanity achieved its splendid victory.

"But the slave master we have to contend with now is more subtle, more ferocious. He dominates the country and the world. He is many times richer and more arrogant than of old. He is very respectable. The pulpit calls it a divine institution—this slavery—and assaults any man who dares criticise it."

The speaker, referring to N. D. Hillis, a south side preacher and his utterances during the late campaign, said that he was "trying to make out of the grand American emblem the black flag of piracy. The men whom George Washington fought, the English George III., had some parts," said he, "that appealed to one, but the shylocks of our day arouse all the opposition of my heart. The degenerate successor of Beecher," he continued, "lent the influence of his own paper that the shylock system might succeed."

The sound of Parkhurst's name was greeted with hisses. The speaker scored a strong point when speaking of this sensational New York preacher, he said: "See the inconsistency of this man. Before the election he lent his assistance to the gold power, and last Sunday he decried the ladies of his congregation because they bought goods in the cheapest places, and thus helped starve the sewing girl. But he himself did a thousand times more harm to the servant girl and all wage earners when he upheld the gold standard." Continuing his prelude, he attacked a west side minister for his words in favor of gold monopoly before election and his recent assault against trusts.

The sermon which followed was on the theme, "Comrades of the Almighty." His sermon was a masterly one, and he fearlessly laid his lash on the ministers who supported monopoly and abandoned the interests of their flock. "They would like," said he, "to have us spend out of our hearts and minds the principles we stood for because gold has temporarily triumphed, but one day they shall see the monopoly of greed struck by the cause of humanity, and it shall go down never to rise again."

The aim and object of the new church was then enlarged upon by J. T. Sutherland, who stated that it would be religious, humanitarian and social. It was destined to be especially conspicuous by its social features. He laid great stress on the point that every one was free to give what he chose or thought he was able to give, but everyone was welcome. It was men they wanted and not their money.

SCAPEGOATS.

An Alleged Agreement Between Senator Jones and Marion Butler.

A Washington correspondent of the Chicago Times-Herald is responsible for the following:

"Altgeld, Tillman and Debs are to be dropped from the silver combination. Before Senator Jones and other free silver leaders left Chicago last week they agreed upon a line of policy for the coming four years." Whether or not they will be able to follow it is another matter, but I am able to tell with accuracy the nature of their agreement. They decided the agitation for free coinage of silver must go on. They wish, however, to cut loose from Altgeld, who, they claim, was a millstone around Bryan's neck; from Tillman, whose uncouth and violent utterances were the cause of much alarm, and from Debs, whose prominence in the campaign for Bryan alarmed all friends of social order and industrial peace.

"Moreover, the silver campaign of the future is to be waged without any complicating conditions, such as the attack upon the Supreme court and upon the power of the president to suppress disorder which interferes with interstate commerce. It was agreed by Senators Jones, Butler and their confreres that if it had not been for Altgeld, Tillman and Debs the unwise attack upon the Supreme court and the unnecessary condemnation of President Cleveland in order to please Altgeld, Bryan would have won the election.

"Senators Jones and Butler had no difficulty in reaching an agreement that Senators Jones and Butler are to be the two big men of the silver movement of the future. They are already laying their plans for bringing Bryan into their combination, though they do not agree that Bryan shall have the nomination in 1900. They want him to take the leadership in a campaign of education that is shortly to be set in motion, and if he does so with the idea that he is sure to be the candidate four years hence that is his lookout. Senator Butler has given a pledge to support the movement and he is relied upon to swing the populists into line again. Senator Jones has no sort of doubt that his own leadership in the democratic ranks will be acquiesced in without question."

The probabilities are that the above is a pure fiction, but it will be accepted as true until officially denied. Perhaps it is only a shrewd guess, based on the universal disposition of the fellow who is beaten to look about for a scapegoat to carry the burden of his sins into the wilderness of oblivion.

If it is true, Messrs. Jones and Butler have undertaken a contract that is likely to embarrass them. The rank and file who have followed these blunderers to defeat are not tendering any vote of thanks to Jones or Butler just now. Mr. Bryan's letter to Mr. Jones was characteristically courteous and magnanimous, but does not reflect the sentiments of the public.

Jones and Butler are hardly in a position to read other leaders out of the party, and reach the climax of absurdity when they presume to make a platform and nominate a candidate for 1900.—Civic Review.

RURAL WISDOM.

The Farm Products Which Are the Farmer's Income Should Not Be Taxed.

The farmers assembled in national congress at Indianapolis have taken the bull by the horns and come out plainly for what plutocrats usually style anarchy, but which common sense defines as much-needed reform. They take strong exceptions to the decision of the Supreme Court on the income tax law and declare that inasmuch as the farmers' income includes all the products of the farm, all farm products should be exempt from taxation or assessment. To the agricultural districts the supreme judges might well repair to learn the common sense interpretation of law, and should the provision levying taxes upon farm products be taken before the same supreme court that decided the income tax law unconstitutional, that tribunal could not consistently hold a different view on the income of the farmer, but consistency is no jewel with that august body: its decisions are based upon the financial standing of the parties interested in the controversy up for adjudication, and should a farmer attempt to have a law taxing him declared unconstitutional, the judges would no doubt give him the "horse laugh" and have him sent to jail for contempt of court. That is generally a poor man's portion.

They did not stop with this timely jab at the courts, but passed resolutions demanding that the existing laws against trusts be enforced by the authorities, and that where they are not strong enough they should be made stronger. The farmers perhaps see the direct effect of trusts more than any other class, and are very active in their demands to have the law applied. But why is the law not enforced? We have executive officers enough to enforce them; if they fail they can call upon the militia; if that fails they can call upon the United States army. But, who ever heard of the military being brought into play to make trusts or corporations respect the law? It is an unknown circumstance and will probably always remain an unseen spectacle. That force is reserved to pump lead into working people. The authorities do not wait for workingmen to break a law; the military is called out in anticipation of law breaking, but which seldom occurs until peanut-headed military officials force it.

Committee after committee has been appointed by both congress and state legislatures to investigate charges against trusts, but in some mysterious manner nothing has ever been done. Evidence of the existence of trusts and combines has been gathered in profusion by committees of congress, but according to an established custom it is always sidetracked before it reaches a focus and the trusts live on and flourish, flaunting the emblem of corruption in the faces of the people who are led to believe that they have representatives in congress.

May the expressions of these farmers grow until they sweep the country. —St. Louis Evening Journal.

Government Telegraphs.

Why should not every postoffice be a telegraph station under government control?

Strike your congressman while the iron is hot for government control of the telegraph.

Make the subject of government control of the telegraph a matter of interest to candidates for congress of any and all parties.

Last year the telegraph lines of Great Britain, owned by the government, transmitted over 80,000,000 messages. In this country the Western Union monopoly handled very little over two-thirds that number. However, what the matter lacked in business it more than made up in charges. The difference is that on the other side the business is done at cost for the benefit of all the people, while in this country users of the telegraph are compelled to pay all that the traffic will bear for the benefit of a private monopoly. How much longer are we going to stand it? Relief is in sight. See or write to your senators and congressmen and insist that they vote for the bills now pending in both houses for the establishment of a postal telegraph.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

There Is No Improvement Except in Holiday Goods.

BANK CLEARANCES ARE OFF.

Pig Iron, Steel, Hides, Leather and Grain Show a Downward Tendency. —Congress Has Affected Trade.— —Money in Abundant Supplies and Lending to London Continues.

New York, N. Y.—Bradstreet's report says:

There has ben no improvement in general trade this week except in holiday specialties. At Augusta, Louisville, Nashville, Charleston, Chattanooga, Cincinnati and Memphis, the condition of business is unchanged. Like reports come from Cleveland, Providence, Chicago, Omaha and Duluth, where activity is confined to the retail demand for holiday goods, and requests for staples continue moderate. The situation at Milwaukee, Galveston and Birmingham, Ala., is characterized as disappointing, but at St. Paul and Minneapolis there is more active demand for drugs, groceries, shoes and hats, and at Jacksonville, Savannah, Atlanta and New Orleans for staple goods. Distribution of merchandise in Texas has been checked by those who have held back cotton, awaiting higher prices. Unseasonable weather has again delayed demand for winter goods, and the approach of the period for stock-taking will prolong the season of dullness well into next month.

The tendency of prices is more conspicuously downward, noticeably for Bessemer pig iron, steel, billets, rails, hides, leather, flour, wheat, corn, oats, lard, cotton and petroleum. Comparatively steady quotations are reported for raw wool, print cloths, lumber, pork and sugar. Coffee is higher.

November gross railroad earnings, as expected, are the poorest for over two years. Total November earnings of 115 companies aggregate $38,154,762, a decrease of 10 per cent. from 1895, where there was a gain of 6.3 per cent. over November, 1894.

Bank clearings show the expected falling off, amounting to $1,005,700,000, or 15 per cent. less than in the preceding week.

There were 381 business failures reported in the United States this week, another increase, as compared with the average in recent weeks, and 68 more than in the like week one year ago.

DUN'S REVIEW.

New York.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of the trade, say:

The approach of the holidays and the doubt about the action of Congress put off further improvement until the new year. While industries have gained in working force, they are waiting for commensurate gain in demand, and meanwhile are trying to clear the away embarrassments which restrict them. Speculation has been halting and timid.

There is no sober-minded fear of foreign difficulty, but some have succeeded in imagining that Congress might go so far beyond the President's message regarding Cuba as to embroil this country with Spain. Money is in abundant supply. Lending to London continues, and there is nothing to cause less activity in general business except that the rush of orders deferred until after the election has not been continued. The volume of business showed by clearings has been for the week 5.2 per cent. smaller than last year. Scanty returns for December embrace so bad a report of St. Paul that they fell 16.4 per cent. below those of 1892, and earnings on United States roads amounting to $37,026,266 in November were 10.9 per cent. less that last year and 12.2 less than in 1892.

Cotton has declined 3.16 in spite of all stories that the crop had been nearly marketed and continues to come forward steadily. With over five million bales in sight, there are estimates based on Government reports that the yield is 8,300,000 to come forward in eight months and three weeks. When the official report first came there was a rush of buyers; a few minutes turned the current, and a rapid decline followed.

The iron output December 1 was 142,278 tons weekly, against 124,[illegible] November 1, and 213,797 a year ago, and unsold stocks reported were 31,[illegible] tons smaller than November 1, but these do not include stocks of the great steel companies. The entire industry is greatly demoralized by uncertainty regarding the great combinations.

Textile industries are working a larger force than in October, but there is not much evidence of larger demand, and some kinds of goods are accumulating. As raw cotton is lower, some yielding in prices of staples is expected, and buying is on that account more restrcted, a few qualities of goods having slightly declined. Print cloths are weak in tone with enormous stocks woolen goods are not in better demand, and there is a general disposition to make commitments ahead. Sales of wool in two weeks 14,378,900 pounds against 11,990,200 last year, are this year largely between traders, as the mills find at present little encouragement to buy, and London sales are a shade weaker. Quotations are not changed, though more frequent concessions are reported.

Failures for the week have been [illegible] in the United States against 338 last year, and 43 in Canada against 54 last year.

Advertising pays. Try it.

THE BANNER.

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1896. NO. 8

The most of the business revival is in the newspapers.

Hard times don't affect the mortgage. It goes right along.

The prosperity we get now will be of the republican brand.

The banks are now demanding the [illegible] of greenbacks.

The principle of direct legislation is the only hope of the republic.

No poor man was ever afflicted with [illegible]. This is a disease of the [illegible].

The next thing we look for from the [illegible] is a decision that the greenback is unconstitutional.

The corporations are the greatest [illegible], yet they are continually [illegible] the cry of anarchy.

Most of the prosperity seems to be in the [illegible] papers only. What's the matter with confidence?

Control of the currency means control of prices. Do you want to leave it in the hands of bankers?

[illegible] there is in the silver question is that it is only a step toward [illegible] of a purely scientific [illegible].

There is no more fruitful source of corruption in politics than that which [illegible] from corporate ownership of [illegible].

[illegible] principle an income tax is founded upon the law [illegible] should bear the [illegible].

[illegible] of the demands of the people's [illegible] the paramount issue in some [illegible] of the south is a free ballot [illegible].

People in this country who want a [illegible] should go to Europe; and [illegible] in Europe who don't like a republic should stay there.

It is generally admitted that the [illegible] boom is based on confidence, but it is not so clear what confidence is based upon.

General prosperity must be based on [illegible] prices for farm products, and [illegible] can only be secured through cheap money and cheap transportation.

The people's party should be perpetuated if it never elects a man to office. It has forced both the old parties to the discussion of economic questions.

Senator Caffery, of Louisiana, is in favor of retiring the greenbacks, and many of the southern leaders would be [illegible] along with him if the matter came up.

The bankers want the government to go out of the banking business. Of course! The people should compel the bankers to go out of the government business.

When you hear a rich plutocrat talking about honest money and the nation's [illegible], investigate his taxes and [illegible] out of ten you will find him a tax dodger.

Whenever the demand for property and money is equal the volume is sufficient. This may be more or less, depending on the amount of business and the facilities for quick transfers.

The corporations seem to be ushering in prosperity by discharging some of their men. The people are taking note of all these things and will play even at the first opportunity at the polls.

No man who ever investigated the system of public ownership of railways and telegraphs can furnish any valid objections, and those who have not so investigated should not try to urge objections.

The postal system is paternalism; the school system is paternalism; the public road system is paternalism; government itself is paternalism; yet the word often scares people who don't think out of their boots.

The republicans will scarcely try the experiment of making any considerable additions to the already high tariff. They may make some changes, but the set-back they received in 1892 will make them cautious about tariff legislation.

The wages of coal miners at Jackson, [illegible], have been reduced from 61 cents to [illegible] cents per ton, since the election. The trust has raised the price of coal [illegible] cents per ton. This is all on account of the business boom and returning confidence. Great thing—for the coal barons.

Gold is a coward; it never fights [illegible] when it is most needed it sneaks [illegible] and hides; it only comes out when there is no danger, and has always been used as a leverage to rob the common people. Its use as money is a relic of barbarism and unworthy of the civilization of the nineteenth century.

The Silver-Knight says: "This is no time for the silver democrats and populists to berate one another. Why, their honeymoon is hardly over." It may be all right about the honeymoon, but from present appearances, divorce proceedings are already filed. Someone seems to have violated the marriage bed.

LIVING POPULISM.

TOM WATSON MAKES A FEW REMARKS.

"It Has Called the Masses Into Such Life and Strength as They Have Not Had for a Generation.

People's Party Paper:

Its glory has been that it made its appeal directly to the people, sought to educate them, and tried to organize them in the behalf of better government.

As a school teacher, no political party ever made swifter headway than ours. We have educated the masses as fast as we could reach them, wherever people would listen converts were made. And no man ever returned to either of the old parties after having become a populist in principle.

It is true that our cause has suffered much damage at the hands of extremists. Radical ranters who burlesqued populism rather than illustrated it have prejudiced thousands against us. The fire-eaters who make war upon private ownership of property and who seem possessed by an insane desire to level everything in sight, alarm and disgust many a citizen whose heart and whose vote would be with us if he understood us just as we are.

During the recent campaign populist doctrines stood a better chance to get a fair hearing than ever before. When the democratic party adopted our platform at Chicago, we at once gained the ear of an immense audience which, up to that hour, had been hopelessly hostile to us. And now that the campaign is over, the moral victory which populism won at Chicago is still ours. No democrat can ever hereafter be heard to abuse or ridicule a creed which his party formally embraced.

Not only has populism done magnificent work as an educator, but it has achieved a yet more signal triumph as a liberator of the human mind from the slavery of party domination.

It has smashed party ties right and left. It has broken the idols of the market-place in a manner beautiful to behold. It has well-nigh abolished the party lash. It has utterly abolished social ostracism for political opinion's sake. No citizen any longer hesitates to take sides with any party he likes, or to vote for any candidate he prefers. The day of political persecution is over—even in the south—and populism did it!

Not only has our reform movement educated and liberalized the masses, but it leavened both the old parties until they themselves throb with the restless movement of the people. Never before did two campaign managers work harder to satisfy the minds of the common people than did Jones and Hanna. Never before did fact, argument and illustration count for so much in an election. Never before was so much economic literature printed, distributed and read.

A few years ago what did the campaign literature consist of? Lies, mostly. The democrats would get out a slander or two on Blaine or Garfield, and the republicans would concern their virtuous souls with a defect or so in Cleveland's moral character; and the contest was fought out on the old frayed and frazzled line of "Force-Bill" on one side, and "Bloody-shirt" on the other.

Look into the campaign books of the two old parties, a few years back, and see how much space is given to mere scandals, and how little to economic principles!

In this campaign all was changed—and populism has done it.

Everybody sought information. The voter wanted light. He demanded to know the facts. The printing presses groaned night and day to supply the demand.

The impression prevails that Mark Hanna's money bought McKinley's election. We do not share that opinion. It is practically impossible to bribe people by the million.

McKinley was elected because the republican writers and speakers were able to hold their men together, while Bryan's forces were scattered by bad management.

The populist theory of money is the only one which can successfully meet the "sound money" argument, and Bryan lost votes because our democratic allies were not willing to adopt our line of reasoning.

But although the campaign is over, the discussion of the money question goes right on.

It has received a mighty impulse which keeps it moving. And so greatly disturbed is Mark Hanna over the outlook, that he proposes to continue the republican campaign organization, and to keep it at work.

Thus has populism been doing its work. It has put down party despotism. It has erased the lines of sectionalism. It has brought politics to a battle of economic doctrines. It has forced the money question to the front. It has called the masses into such life and strength as they have not had for a generation. It has abolished political intolerance. It has made huge inroads upon political ignorance.

Let us not be discouraged, comrades. Good government does not happen by accident.

Under great disadvantages, we have fought a good fight. We must not falter nor fall back. The path of duty leads onward, and we must press forward therein.

T. E. W.

The coal trust has taken advantage of the business boom to raise the price twenty-five cents per ton. This means a clear additional profit to the trust of fifty million dollars. It seems to us that the boom has hit the wrong end of business.

WHO WAS IT STRUCK HIM?

An Exchange Wants to Know Who Hit Billy Patterson.

Nonconformist: Looking to the states that were expected to give a majority for Mr. Bryan, but which went for McKinley, we find some significant things. In the states of Indiana, Kentucky, West Virginia, Wyoming, California, Oregon and the Dakotas, all of which are in the McKinley column, or are saved by a scratch, a change of 25,000 or 30,000 votes in the eight states would have reversed the election and sent Mr. Bryan to the White House.

Now, why were not those states carried by Mr. Bryan?

The answer is obvious.

In all these states, except West Virginia, the populist vote was a considerable factor, and in several of them this vote was largely driven to stay at home by the unreasonable demands of the democrats, that the populists surrender their organization and become "democrats." This they could not and would not do. It is true that finally, just before opening the polls, fair union terms were agreed upon, but it was too late to repair the damage done in the earlier part of the campaign. It was too late to heal the sores or hide the scars made early in the summer. If the democratic party had stopped when Mr. Bryan had been named for the presidency, and had recognized the fact that others than "democrats" desired free silver or monetary reform, and had referred the completion of the ticket to the expected allies that were to meet in two national conventions, July 22, at St. Louis, thus gracefully acknowledging in advance the services tendered, it would have opened the way for a union of forces that would have contained none of the elements of weakness that carried defeat to the standard bearer of the allied parties on the 3d of November. Monetary reform is postponed for four more years through the stubborn party greed that demanded all, and only yielded at a late hour what was wrung from it by half-disheartened, half-disgusted allies.

The nomination of Mr. Bryan was well done, but when it was accomplished, there appeared to be still a hankering for the "flesh-pots of Egypt," and an effort was made to throw a tub to the Eastern whale in the shape of a vice-presidential nomination that was in itself an insult to the expected allies. Some of them swallowed their chagrin, but the populists being longer trained in the needs of a campaign for reform, knew that a victory of that sort would be "apples of Sodom," turning to ashes at the touch of the possessor. Some populists were even willing to sacrifice all party pride and accept the professions of the so-called "regenerated democracy," trusting all to them, but a large portion of the party could not be seduced to such a course.

After concessions were made, the populists very generally accepted the situation and assisted in carrying out the plans matured by those placed in charge of party affairs.

The writer was one of those who wished things could have been arranged otherwise, but when the party conventions and officials had done all in their power, it was a choice of accepting the union effected or voting for McKinley, and there was no hesitancy in making up the decision.

Elsewhere in this paper is pointed out the tendency of late converts or new recruits to backslide, or return to old issues. Our only hope lies in a more perfect organization of the populist party, and the keeping intact of all its educational forces. The populist party is responsible for the great popular uprising, and it must keep abreast in the way of organization, nor slacken in any respect its efforts along the line marked out by the St. Louis platform.

ABOUT THE FUTURE.

Depression in Business Did Not Prevent Corporations and Trusts from Making Money.

It is a generally acepted fact that business has never been so dull as during the past year. There have been many failures and thousands of business houses have only been able to keep out of bankruptcy by borrowing money at usurious rates, sacrificing property and reducing expenses to a minimum. This has resulted in widespread hardships and misery to thousands of people. Of course there is no question, now that the election is over, that there will be a general revival in all lines of business, but how about the past year? Did the depression in business and the tightness of the money market prevent the trusts from making any money. Not n the least. The monopolies realized their usual enormous profits and they will continue to make money for several years, now that McKinley is elected.

The Standard Oil Company paid in dividends to its stockholders during the fiscal year ending November 1, the sum of $30,149,500. This represents quarterly dividends of 3 per cent and an additional dividend every quarter.

The American Sugar Refining Company, commonly termed the sugar trust, paid to its stockholders during the same period $7,023,120 in dividends. In addition to this enormous sum the trust has a surplus of $30,000,000 in sugar, bills and cash which has accumulated during the past year.

All of the other big trusts have made a great deal of money during the past year. The Western Union Telegraph Company, which has practically a monopoly of the telegraph business of the country, paid in dividends about $7,000,000. The United States Leather Company, which fixes the price of every pair of boots and shoes that is sold, has cleared immense profits. The nail trust, meat monopoly, rubber trust and anthracite coal trust have amassed large sums despite the business stagnation.

It is pertinent at this time to ask what will President-elect McKinley do with these monopolies? If it is true, and there seems not a particle of doubt of it, that Mr. McKinley was nominated and elected largely through the assistance of the trusts, there is little prospect of any immediate relief for the people through the enforcement of the law. The only recourse for the ridden citizens of the United States is to wait patiently and put their faith in the future. At present the outlook is far from encouraging, but it is hoped that the people will be able to bear the present condition of things a little longer. It is certainly exasperating to be compelled to pay exorbitant prices for every necessary of life and to believe that the next administration will be as indifferent to the woes of the people as is the present one. Nevertheless, let us hope for the best and trust that Mr. McKinley's conduct of the affairs of state will result in a greater measure of prosperity and happiness than has been the lot of millions of citizens during the past few years.—Arkansas Gazette.

Confidence.

It cannot be denied that there is a great deal in the business world depending upon confidence, but we scarcely dare to hope that confidence alone will restore prosperity to this country. When banks and capitalists put their money out, either as a loan or an investment, they must of course have "confidence" that they will not only receive back the principal, but a return for the use of their money. If conditions are such that the value of their money is appreciating, the security they demand must be gilt-edge, and but few are able to give it. As a result, money is hoarded because as it is appreciating in value and all commodities depreciating in the same ratio, no man wants to trade money for commodities, or invest it in enterprise. This hoarding, therefore, not only aggravates the situation until something takes place that "restores confidence" and induces men to let go of their money. It is claimed that the election of Mr. McKinley will do this, and we sincerely hope that it will. We are frank to confess, however, that we cansee no good, substantial reason why it should do so, other than the one that it is a change from Grover Cleveland. The general opinion is that it cannot be any worse, and the universal hope is that it may be for the better. For this reason alone we may hope to see better times under the McKinley administration than we have had under that of Cleveland. But the republicans make no pretense of doing anything that will materially aid in establishing permanent prosperity. We will have the same grinding of trusts and relentless taxation by railroad corporations. The usury mill will continue to add to its grists and take its customary toll. The landlord will not reduce his rent, and there is no probability of increase of wages for the workingman. There is no visible prospect of a rise in the products of the farm to even equal the cost of production. There may be a temporary period of prosperity, but it will likely be for those only who are able financially to manipulate it all in their own interests. The speculator may profit by a temporary stimulation of prices, but by the time it reaches the outer edges of the great industrial world it will probably have spent its force without having benefited to any great extent the real producers of wealth.

The Political Preachers.

The political preachers have not all ceased haranguing their congregations on politics. One of these is Rev. J. H. Morron, of Peoria, Ill., who, last Sunday, offered the following prayer at the close of the services at the Second Presbyterian church: "Oh, Lord, we thank Thee for this house of worship. We thank Thee for this prayer service. We thank Thee for the mission fields and the missionaries. Tonight, Oh, Lord, we especially thank Thee that our missionaries, working in foreign lands will not be compelled to have their beggarly stipends cut in two, that they will not have to labor for 50-cent dollars, but will be paid in full." This "prayer" caused considerable amazement among the congregation and well it might. It is hoped that Mr. Morron will get a few standard books on political economy and finance and endeavor to learn something about such matters, and the money question in particular. It is certainly too bad that the missionaries were in danger of being paid 50-cent dollars for their arduous work of converting the heathen, and it is extremely gratifying to learn that all such danger is now past. It may be remarked, incidentally, however, that there is no such thing as a 50-cent dollar, and it is apparent that the reverend gentleman has been mislead by reading gold-bug newspapers or listening to some of Hanna's hired howlers.—Arkansas Gazette.

Why England Is Rich.

The interest on $10,000,000,000 at 6 per cent would be $600,000,000 a year. Can any nation stand that? An "Eminent English authority" has been widely quoted as saying: "The interest from money loaned and profits of investments of English capital in the states amounted to $737,000,000 last year." The records of the London stock exchange last year show the English people held $12,500,000,000 of foreign securities. Mr. Gladstone said a few weeks ago that English investments and debts abroad were probably far above £2,000,000,000—Golden Rule.

Truth can be delayed but not killed.

IS FOR HUMANITY.

FIRST SERVICE OF THE UNION CHURCH.

Rev. Flavius J. Brobst Fearless in His Flaying of the Slave Masters of Today —Prelude and Sermon of Marked Interest.

A large audience was present in the Grand Opera House, Chicago, recently at the initial services of the "Union Church Association," of which Rev. Flavius J. Brobst is pastor.

"Henry Ward Beecher's fight against slavery, with reference to present conditions," was the subject of the prelude. The speaker began by telling what the famous orator had to contend with when he undertook to fight slavery. "The press," said he, "was either silent or against him. The merchants of the land ridiculed him. He was lampooned and caricatured throughout the country. The pulpit was enraged at his broad interpretation of scripture. Mobs were organized and bitter and malignant threats made. His very name became a synonym for everything that was low and mean. Yet under this fire the great Beecher only grew more determined. It served only to lift him to sublimer heights, and the battle royal was kept up for over twenty years before humanity achieved its splendid victory.

"But the slave master we have to contend with now is more subtle, more ferocious. He dominates the country and the world. He is many times richer and more arrogant than of old. He is very respectable. The pulpit calls it a divine institution—this slavery—and assaults any man who dares criticise it."

The speaker, referring to N. D. Hillis, a south side preacher and his utterances during the late campaign, said that he was "trying to make out of the grand American emblem the black flag of piracy. The men whom George Washington fought, the English George III., had some parts," said he, "that appealed to one, but the shylocks of our day arouse all the opposition of my heart. The degenerate successor of Beecher," he continued, "lent the influence of his own paper that the shylock system might succeed."

The sound of Parkhurst's name was greeted with hisses. The speaker scored a strong point when speaking of this sensational New York preacher, he said: "See the inconsistency of this man. Before the election he lent his assistance to the gold power, and last Sunday he decried the ladies of his congregation because they bought goods in the cheapest places, and thus helped starve the sewing girl. But he himself did a thousand times more harm to the servant girl and all wage earners when he upheld the gold standard." Continuing his prelude, he attacked a west side minister for his words in favor of gold monopoly before election and his recent assault against trusts.

The sermon which followed was on the theme, "Comrades of the Almighty." His sermon was a masterly one, and he fearlessly laid his lash on the ministers who supported monopoly and abandoned the interests of their flock. "They would like," said he, "to have us spend out of our hearts and minds the principles we stood for because gold has temporarily triumphed, but one day they shall see the monopoly of greed struck by the cause of humanity, and it shall go down never to rise again."

The aim and object of the new church was then enlarged upon by J. T. Sutherland, who stated that it would be religious, humanitarian and social. It was destined to be especially conspicuous by its social features. He laid great stress on the point that every one was free to give what he chose or thought he was able to give, but everyone was welcome. It was men they wanted and not their money.

SCAPEGOATS.

An Alleged Agreement Between Senator Jones and Marion Butler.

A Washington correspondent of the Chicago Times-Herald is responsible for the following:

"Altgeld, Tillman and Debs are to be dropped from the silver combination. Before Senator Jones and other free silver leaders left Chicago last week they agreed upon a line of policy for the coming four years. Whether or not they will be able to follow it is another matter, but I am able to tell with accuracy the nature of their agreement. They decided the agitation for free coinage of silver must go on. They wish, however, to cut loose from Altgeld, who, they claim, was a millstone around Bryan's neck; from Tillman, whose uncouth and violent utterances were the cause of much alarm, and from Debs, whose prominence in the campaign for Bryan alarmed all friends of social order and industrial peace.

"Moreover, the silver campaign of the future is to be waged without any complicating conditions, such as the attack upon the Supreme court and upon the power of the president to suppress disorder which interferes with interstate commerce. It was agreed by Senators Jones, Butler and their confreres that if it had not been for Altgeld, Tillman and Debs the unwise attack upon the Supreme court and the unnecessary condemnation of President Cleveland in order to please Altgeld, Bryan would have won the election.

"Senators Jones and Butler had no difficulty in reaching an agreement that Senators Jones and Butler are to be the two big men of the silver movement of the future. They are already laying their plans for bringing Bryan into their combination, though they do not agree that Bryan shall have the nomination in 1900. They want him to take the leadership in a campaign of education that is shortly to be set in motion, and if he does so with the idea that he is sure to be the candidate four years hence that is his lookout. Senator Butler has given a pledge to support the movement and he is relied upon to swing the populists into line again. Senator Jones has no sort of doubt that his own leadership in the democratic ranks will be acquiesced in without question."

The probabilities are that the above is a pure fiction, but it will be accepted as true until officially denied. Perhaps it is only a shrewd guess, based on the universal disposition of the fellow who is beaten to look about for a scapegoat to carry the burden of his sins into the wilderness of oblivion.

If it is true, Messrs. Jones and Butler have undertaken a contract that is likely to embarrass them. The rank and file who have followed these blunderers to defeat are not tendering any vote of thanks to Jones or Butler just now. Mr. Bryan's letter to Mr. Jones was characteristically courteous and magnanimous, but does not reflect the sentiments of the public.

Jones and Butler are hardly in a position to read other leaders out of the party, and reach the climax of absurdity when they presume to make a platform and nominate a candidate for 1900.—Civic Review.

RURAL WISDOM.

The Farm Products Which Are the Farmer's Income Should Not Be Taxed.

The farmers assembled in national congress at Indianapolis have taken the bull by the horns and come out plainly for what plutocrats usually style anarchy, but which common sense defines as much-needed reform. They take strong exceptions to the decision of the Supreme Court on the income tax law and declare that inasmuch as the farmers' income includes all the products of the farm, all farm products should be exempt from taxation or assessment. To the agricultural districts the supreme judges might well repair to learn the common sense interpretation of law, and should the provision levying taxes upon farm products be taken before the same supreme court that decided the income tax law unconstitutional, that tribunal could not consistently hold a different view on the income of the farmer, but consistency is no jewel with that august body; its decisions are based upon the financial standing of the parties interested in the controversy up for adjudication, and should a farmer attempt to have a law taxing him declared unconstitutional, the judges would no doubt give him the "horse laugh" and have him sent to jail for contempt of court. That is generally a poor man's sportion.

They did not stop with this timely jab at the courts, but passed resolutions demanding that the existing laws against trusts be enforced by the authorities, and that where they are not strong enough they should be made stronger. The farmers perhaps see the direct effect of trusts more than any other class, and are very active in their demands to have the law applied. But why is the law not enforced? We have executive officers enough to enforce them; if they fail they can call upon the militia; if that fails they can call upon the United States army. But who ever heard of the military being brought into play to make trusts or corporations respect the law? It is an unknown circumstance and will probably always remain an unseen spectacle. That force is reserved to pump lead into working people. The authorities do not wait for workingmen to break a law; the military is called out in anticipation of law breaking, but which seldom occurs until peanut-headed military officials force it.

Committee after committee has been appointed by both congress and state legislatures to investigate charges against trusts, but in some mysterious manner nothing has ever been done. Evidence of the existence of trusts and combines has been gathered in profusion by committees of congress, but according to an established custom it is always sidetracked before it reaches a focus and the trusts live on and flourish, flaunting the emblem of corruption in the faces of the people who are led to believe that they have representatives in congress.

May the expressions of these farmers grow until they sweep the country. —St. Louis Evening Journal.

Government Telegraphs.

Why should not every postoffice be a telegraph station under government control?

Strike your congressman while the iron is hot for government control of the telegraph.

Make the subject of government control of the telegraph a matter of interest to candidates for congress of any and all parties.

Last year the telegraph lines of Great Britain, owned by the government, transmitted over 80,000,000 messages. In this country the Western Union monopoly handled very little over two-thirds that number. However, what the matter lacked in business it more than made up in charges. The difference is that on the other side the business is done at cost for the benefit of all the people, while in this country users of the telegraph are compelled to pay all that the traffic will bear for the benefit of a private monopoly. How much longer are we going to stand it? Relief is in sight. See or write to your senators and congressmen and insist that they vote for the bills now pending in both houses for the establishment of a postal telegraph.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

There Is No Improvement Except in Holiday Goods.

BANK CLEARANCES ARE OFF.

Pig Iron, Steel, Hides, Leather and Grain Show a Downward Tendency. —Congress Has Affected Trade.— —Money in Abundant Supplies and Lending to London Continues.

New York, N. Y.—Bradstreet's report says:

There has ben no improvement in general trade this week except in holiday specialties. At Augusta, Louisville, Nashville, Charleston, Chattanooga, Cincinnati and Memphis, the condition of business is unchanged. Like reports come from Cleveland, Providence, Chicago, Omaha and Duluth, where activity is confined to the retail demand for holiday goods, and requests for staples continue moderate. The situation at Milwaukee, Galveston and Birmingham, Ala., is characterized as disappointing, but at St. Paul and Minneapolis there is more active demand for drugs, groceries, shoes and hats, and at Jacksonville, Savannah, Atlanta and New Orleans for staple goods. Distribution of merchandise in Texas has been checked by those who have held back cotton, awaiting higher prices. Unseasonable weather has again delayed demand for winter goods, and the approach of the period for stock-taking will prolong the season of dullness well into next month.

The tendency of prices is more conspicuously downward, noticeably for Bessemer pig iron, steel, billets, rails, hides, leather, flour, wheat, corn, oats, lard, cotton and petroleum. Comparatively steady quotations are reported for raw wool, print cloths, lumber, pork and sugar. Coffee is higher.

November gross railroad earnings, as expected, are the poorest for over two years. Total November earnings of 115 companies aggregate $38,154,702, a decrease of 10 per cent. from 1895, where there was a gain of 6.3 per cent. over November, 1894.

Bank clearings show the expected falling off, amounting to $1,065,700,000, or 15 per cent. less than in the preceding week.

There were 351 business failures reported in the United States this week, another increase, as compared with the average in recent weeks, and 68 more than in the like week one year ago.

DUN'S REVIEW.

New York.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of the trade, say:

The approach of the holidays and the doubt about the action of Congress put off further improvement until the new year. While industries have gained in working force, they are waiting for commensurate gain in demand, and meanwhile are trying to clear the away embarrassments which restrict them. Speculation has been halting and timid.

There is no sober-minded fear of foreign difficulty, but some have succeeded in imagining that Congress might go so far beyond the President's message regarding Cuba as to embroil this country with Spain. Money is in abundant supply. Lending to London continues, and there is nothing to cause less activity in general business except that the rush of orders deferred until after the election has not been continued. The volume of business showed by clearings has been for the week 5.2 per cent. smaller than last year. Seventy returns for December embrace so bad a report of St. Paul that they fell 16.4 per cent. below those of 1892, and earnings on United States roads amounting to $37,026,206 in November were 10.9 per cent. less that last year and 12.2 less than in 1892.

Cotton has declined 3.16 in spite of all stories that the crop had been nearly marketed and continues to come forward steadily. With over five million bales in sight, there are estimates based on Government reports that the yield is 8,300,000 to come forward in eight months and three weeks. When the official report first came there was a rush of buyers; a few minutes turned the current, and a rapid decline followed.

The iron output December 1 was 142,278 tons weekly, against 124,[illegible] November 1, and 213,797 a year ago, and unsold stocks reported were 31,[illegible] tons smaller than November 1, but these do not include stocks of the great steel companies. The entire industry is greatly demoralized by uncertainty regarding the great combinations.

Textile industries are working a larger force than in October, but there is not much evidence of larger demand, and some kinds of goods are accumulating. As raw cotton is lower, some yielding in prices of staples is expected, and buying is on that account more restricted, a few qualities of goods having slightly declined. Print cloths are weak in tone with enormous stocks, woolen goods are not in better demand, and there is a general disposition to make commitments ahead. Sales of wool in two weeks 14,378,900 pounds against 11,999,200 last year, are this year largely between traders, as the mills find at present little encouragement to buy, and London sales are a shade weaker. Quotations are not changed, though more frequent concessions are reported.

Failures for the week have been [illegible] in the United States against 338 last year, and 43 in Canada against 54 last year.

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THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama.

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Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
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Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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A MERRY XMAS to you.

ONE of the best Xmas or New Year's gifts you can make to your friends is a year's subscription to the BANNER with a copy of the World Almanac and Encyclopedia all for $1.10.

MEETINGS are being held all over the United States in sympathy with the Cuban insurrection. It seems probable that the government will soon be compelled to take some definite action in this matter. The whole civilized world is aroused in consequence of the killing of Maceo.

A CAUCUS of Populist members of the Legislature was held at Montgomery last week and the Alabama Monitor was designated as the official organ of the party in the State. We shall be glad to see Chilton county sending a good list of subscribers to the Monitor. It is one of the best reform papers you can get. Our clubbing rate is $1.50 for THE BANNER and the Monitor for a year.

CHILTON county should be thankful that all its official records are now secure from the same fate as has recently happened to the records of Randolph county. The destruction by fire of the court house of that county swept away all their records which have been accumulating for fifty years. Our new court house with its fire-proof vaults removes all fear of the same thing happening here and demonstrates the wisdom of the building of the new court house.

ELECTION frauds are getting harder to successfully carry through every day. There may have been a time when there was some excuse for them, but that time is past, and now the people are determined that they shall exist no longer. The grand jury at Nashville, Tenn., was recently instructed to investigate the charges of fraud in connection with the August election, and as a result they returned indictments against six or eight local politicians. W. O. Shivers, deputy trustee, was indicted in two cases for issuing blank poll tax receipts, he having testified that he had issued twenty-five blanks, for which he had been paid $50 by Maney Schwab. Shivers gave bond for $250.

Is there no "Money Question" in all this broad land? Has the talk about silver swallowed the Populist doctrine on the question of money? Has the national banking system ceased to be of "deadly hostility to our republican institutions?" Do we no longer care that these corporations exercise the gigantic power of expanding and contracting the currency at their pleasure—thereby putting values up or down as they ordain? Can any business system be sound and enduring when one class enjoys, by law, the special privilege of supplying the currency to the unprivileged, and of charging their own prices for it?

Isn't it only a question of time when the unprivileged must sink into abject dependence upon the privileged, if this national banking system endures?

Shall the one issue of silver make us forget that four thousand malignant cancers, called national banks, are eating the life out of this republic.

AND now it is a paper trust. The manufacturers of white paper used by newspapers are said to be forming a trust in New York. The good Lord have mercy on us if white paper goes any higher. It takes close financing now to pay the paper bill and get a square meal with the surplus change.

CONGRESSMAN W. F. Aldrich on Monday last introduced a bill "to require contestees in contested election cases to give bond to the United States." The bill was referred to the committee on Elections No. 1. A correspondent of the Montgomery Journal says:

Representative Wm. F. Aldrich of Alabama, introduced a bill yesterday of considerable interest to the south, which furnishes the major part of election contests. The bill is not without merit, having many things to recommend it to favorable consideration. Mr. Aldrich, the author of the bill, contested the seat he now holds in the present house, the contestee being Mr. Robbins, who has the governor's certificate. The house unseated Robbins. The last election Aldrich was again a candidate for election, and was beaten, the certificate being given his Democratic opponent. He is getting in readiness to make a contest and it is to be presumed he wants to make conditions as hard as he can for the sitting members in the fifty fifth congress, for if the decision of the house is once more against the sitting members he will have put in all his time for more glory.

The bill does not affect the allowance for contested election expenses.

General Coxey has written an open letter to Senator Butler, resigning from the National committee. He objects to sold out and tied down to the single issue of silver.

The President's Message.

There is one astonishing utterance in the President's message. It is astonishing because it is so at variance with Mr. Cleveland's reputation for candor and courage in dealing with the facts of public administration. Mr. Cleveland says:

In the mean time no deficit that has occurred or may occur need excite or disturb us. To meet any such deficit we have in the treasury, in addition to a gold reserve of $100,000,000, a surplus of more than $128,000,000 applicable to the payment of the expenses of the government, and which must, unless expended for that purpose, remain a useless hoard, or, if not extravagantly wasted, must in any event be perverted from the purpose of its exaction from our people. The payment, therefore, of any deficiency in the revenue from this fund is nothing more than its proper and legitimate use. The government, thus applying a surplus fortunately in its treasury to the payment of expenses not met by its current revenues, is not at all to be likened to a man living beyond his income, and thus incurring debt or encroaching on his principal.

This is, to use the mildest word possible, utterly disingenuous. This "surplus" of $128,000,000 is not a surplus at all. It is not an unexpended remainder of income. Every dollar of it, and every dollar also of the $100,000,000 gold reserve, is a borrowed dollar. Worse than that, the two funds taken together constitute only the remainder of a borrowed fund of which no less than $34,000,000 has already gone to meet the extravagance that spends beyond income.

The only reason this money is in the treasury is because Mr. Cleveland's administration borrowed $100,000,000 on bonds of 1904 and $162,315,400 on bonds of 1925. In issuing these bonds the administration earnestly protested that its purpose was not to pay government expenses, but solely to maintain the gold-redemption fund intact, and it bitterly resented The World's demonstration that the money was borrowed in part to pay expenses. Yet not only has a large proportion of it gone to make good current deficiencies in revenue, but the President coolly points to the remainder "fortunately in the treasury" as available for the same purpose.

The President says that this use of the proceeds of the bond sales "is not at all to be likened to a man living beyond his income, and thus incurring debt or encroaching on his principal." But why not? If a man borrows money with which to meet outstanding demand notes, and after redeeming a portion of them (and reissuing them!) proceeds to spend the "surplus fortunately in his hands," what would be thought of his prudence—not to mention his honesty?

The facts are, first, that but for the borrowing of this $262,315,400 the treasury would be now bankrupt and a debtor by many millions; secondly, that against the $228,000,000 to which Mr. Cleveland points as an available surplus there is an outstanding and overdue demand indebtedness of $372,170,117, every dollar of which is subject to instant demand.

So far, therefore, from having any surplus of $128,000,000 in addition to the $100,000,000 gold reserve, we have in fact a treasury deficit of $144,000,000. In other words, we owe that much more than we can pay.

We cannot recall any State paper that contains so flagrant or so obvious a misrepresentation as this of President Cleveland's.—New York World.

Political Pointers.

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 15, 1896.

A National Federation of Building Trades is about to be formed with headquarters at St. Louis.

Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow, pastor of the Vine St. Congregational church, has invited President Gompers to speak in his church during the meeting of the Federation of Labor at Cincinnati, beginning December 14. The chief effort of this meeting will be to have the eight hour law for the day's labor go into effect.

Greater New York is considering owning its own gas and plants, and Ed. M. Grout has also advise municipal ownership of street railways and telephone lines and suggests that the matter be submitted to popular vote.

The Kansas press dwell at length on the need of the incoming administration in that State being free from all weakness and mistakes. Much interest is felt in the approaching senatorial contest which is understood to be between Peffer and Breidenthal. Only one delegate is instructed for Peffer, and the many papers are calling for an expression from the people.

Governor-elect Leedy, of Kansas, has declared for the permanent union of the fusionists in his State and announces that loyalty to the silver cause will be his test in exercising his appointive power. He has appointed a Silver Republican as his private secretary.

The Eastern newspaper are making vicious attacks on Governor-elect Rogers, of Washington. He has given the railroads in his State to understand that the freight laws were made be obeyed, hence the howl emitted by the organs of the owners of said roads. Rogers is a Populist and is all right.

John D. Rockfeller, backed by the Standard Oil Company, is to erect mammoth rolling mills to compete with Carnegie. A plant costing $10,000,000 is to be located in South Chicago, on land already purchased, having a lake front of 32,000 feet. A fleet of vessels is in course of construction. Carnegie at present controls the manufacture and sale of steel rails, and this new concern claims to be able to put them on the market fifty per cent. cheaper than they are furnished at present. Until we can handle them by law, we are glad to see the trusts fight one another.

Another trust was born December 5th, when the manufactures of wood-working machinery, representing a capital of $20,000,000, consolidated.

An effort is being made in Louisville, Kentucky, to establish a Free Silver and Reform organ, by selling $100,000 worth of stocks in shares of $25 each. Also by means of an annual subscription of $6, payable in advance.

The condition of the working classes in Canada is so serious that the unemployed have been holding a meeting at Toronto, where resolutions were passed embodying the following demands: removal of taxes on buildings and personal property; the spending of the $4,000,000 of government surplus in developing mineral resources; the settling of the poor on free lands; the passage of a law establishing a minimum rate of wages at fifteen cents per hour; and a small sum to be provided for superanuated working men.

Mr. Bryan is working eighteen hours a day on his book and at his correspondence which has reached as high as 2,500 letters a day. The book is to be called "The First Battle" and the preface, which has been given to the press, is marked by that simplicity of style and modesty of manner that characterizes Mr. Bryan at all times.

Senator Carlysle's estimates of appropriations required includes $56,000,000 for military and navy extension; $146,000,000 for army and navy pensions, while $31,000,000 covers internal improvements. Total estimates amount to nearly $500,000,000.

The affidavit of Gen. Fry, (late of Coxey's army) candidate for Governor on the Socialist ticket, in Missouri, declares that his campaign expenses were but 85 cents. A.R.

Scott's Emulsion

is made up of the most essential elements that go to nourish the body. Where the appetite is varying or lacking, it increases it, and where digestion is weak, it aids it to perform its function in a more vigorous way. It enriches the blood, makes healthy flesh and cures chronic coughs and colds by making it possible for the body to resist disease. Our friends tell us "IT WORKS WONDERS" but we never like to over-state the merits of our remedy even when it has been tested and tried for over twenty-five years. If you will ask for it, we will send you a book telling you more about the subject than we can put in a few words.

Go to your druggist for Scott's Emulsion. Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

Strasburg.

Some one stole Mr. Eiland's horse saddle and bridle Saturday night; we have not heard of the thief being caught yet.

The lucky number that draws the watch at Mooney & Woolley's is 25. The person holding that number will present it and get the watch.

Business has been rather dull here for the last week or so, holding up for Xmas.

* * *

West Chilton Warblings

Times are very lively in West Chilton. Nearly all the farmers are preparing for another crop. Splitting rails, building fences, and clearing; Several new buildings have been erected in the community and more are contemplating building. This is the way to build up a community; we can boast of having as good a community as there is in the county, according to our wealth.

Rev. A. M. Perry delivered an excellent sermon to a very large crowd at Vally Creek last Sunday; we have called Bro. Perry for our pastor the coming year.

The young people's prayer-meeting at Valley Creek is progressing very well.

Mr. S. R. Barnes and family, of Woodlawn visited friends and relatives here Saturday and Sunday last.

Mr. H. W. Cole has gone down near Mobile to accept a job.

Well boys, Xmas is nearly here, mind where you go, and sign this vow with me, never to drink any more whiskey. Success to the BANNER, and its many readers.

YOUNG MIKE.

* * *

Republican Mass Meeting.

Editor BANNER: The Republican party of Chilton county in massmeeting at Sardis, Saturday, Dec. 12th, 1896, unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

W. F. FOSHEE, Secretary.

Whereas the Republican party of Chilton county has no permanent organization and for years has had no voice in any convention of the party, except the self constituted and pretended authority of Robt. H. Knox, who really represents no one except himself, and the enemies of our party, and whereas the Republican people who are loyal to the government and Republican institutions and who reside in this county desire to be known and heard, now, therefore, be it

Resolved that we now and here organize the Republican party of Chilton county by the election of a chairman of our executive committee by this massmeeting and that a member of said committee be selected from each beat or precinct of said county, said chairman and members to hold office for the next ensuing two years, vacancies to be filled by the Republicans of the beats or beat where they occur during said time.

Resolved, further, that we indorse and stand by Hon. W. F. Aldrich in his contest with Thos. S. Plowman for a seat in the 55th congress to which Mr. Aldrich was duly and legally elected, and that we use all honorable means to establish the frauds committed against him and the party in the last election and thereby vindicate the right of American citizens to have a free vote and a fair count in every election.

Resolved, further, that we indorse in advance our President, Wm. McKinley, and his administration.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

"The Progress of the World," the editorial department of the Review of Reviews, touches in the December number on a great variety of topics of national and international significance. After devoting several paragraphs to a lucid and instructive analysis of the results of the Presidential election, the editor proceeds to review the history of the efforts to obtain arbitration of the Veneuelan boundary dispute with Great Britain, which have finally resulted successfully, explaining the attitude of the United States in the controversy; discusses the merits and demerits of the Cleveland administration now drawing to a close, criticising with special vigor the President's Turkish policy; describes the latest phases of the European situation, with reference to Eastern question and the Franco-Russian alliance; comments on Lord Roseberry's resignation and the resulting complications in English politics—making altogether a most interesting and valuable summary of the world's important doings for the month just passed.

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.

The Institute for the first quarter of the present scholastic year for the white teachers of Chilton county will be held at Jemison, Friday and Saturday Dec. 18th and 19th 1896.

Program replete with interest. Free entertainment for teachers and visitors. Day and night sessions at Academy, with nice program of instrumental and vocal music, and other features provided for the entertainment and enjoyment of all. Some lecturers and speakers from a distance, whose names we hope to announce soon, are expected, and in addition to these, a concert program, by the Jemison High School, will be rendered on the night of the 18th.

We hope especially to have the teachers out in full force, as the law, as well as the interests of our schools, require your attendance at these institutes. The subjects admit of a wide range of discussion, and other talent added to our force this year will be on hand to assist in the success of the institute. So come, teachers, without fail.

PROGRAM.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18.

9 a.m. Music. Prayer—Rev. F. M. Woods. Welcome address, C. C. Slaton, Jemison; Response, E. Y. McMorries, Clanton. Organization, enrollment of names, etc.

9:30 Essay, Let the law of love reign in school, Miss Ida Robinson, Rocky Mount.

10 The qualified scholar vs. The qualified man, J. Alex Moore, Montevallo. Music.

10:30 True teaching, the development of moral, mental and physical power, L. E. Zach, Verbena.

11:30 Essay, Striving to create character, vs. contributing to the growth of character in the child, Miss Sophie Mullins, Jumbo. Recess.

2 p.m. Music. Teaching facts vs. teaching how to study, G. L. Speer, Lilly. Music.

3 Normal extension, and Lyceum courses, B. D. Wilson, Stanton.

4 Music. Intermission.

7 Concert exercises by Jemison School.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19.

9 a.m. Music. Prayer, Rev. S. M. Adams. Calling roll, reading minutes, etc.

9.30 Is teaching grammar, teaching language, E. Y. McMorries, Clanton.

10 Objects to be secured by composition, writing, P. M. McKee, Jumbo.

10:30 When is a reaning thoroughly prepared, Miss M. V. Palma, Moss Hill. Music.

11 The study of English authors, Judson Strock, Coopers. Music. Recess.

2 p.m. Music. Are advanced views of education found among increasing numbers of patrons? Experience of all the teachers on this subject. Music.

3 Local taxation and school law, Hon. Jno. O. Turner, State Supt. Dismission.

The local committee will prepare comfortable homes for teachers and visitors.

Remember the date, Dec. 18th and 19th.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.
C. C. SLATON, Ch. Com.

Tax Collector's Notice.

I will be in Clanton on December 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30 and 31, for the purpose of collecting the State and county taxes for the year 1896.

T. J. HUBBARD,
Tax Collector.

L. & N. Change of Schedule.

To go into effect December 20.

Train No	arv. Clanton	
2	arv. Clanton	9:54 a.m
3	"	5:59 p.m
4	"	10.35 p.m
9	"	7:48 a.m
10	"	5:26 p.m

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich, who was legally and fairly elected as the representative from this district to Congress on the 3rd of November, has served notice of contest of the election of Capt. Plowman who was counted in by the returning board of Dallas county. Mr. Aldrich alledges that Plowman's majority was obtained by fraud and ballot box stuffing.

The "virtuous and intelligent" ballot thieves of Dallas county are slick artists when it comes to manipulating an election, but like all other criminals, they generally leave something undone or do something by which their rascality can be proven in a court which is disposed to give an honest and fair investigation of the frauds.

The evidence in this case will be voluminous and will convince any honest man that Aldrich was elected by at least 3000 majority and will be good literature to place in the hands of immigration agents.—Columbiana Advocate.

THE BANNER

THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
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Job Printing Cheap at THE BANNER office
FIRST-CLASS WORK

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

W. M. WILSON & BROTHER,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC AND SEA ISLAND GUANOS.
DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

CLANTON ALA.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices—Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

for many years with Pollack & Co.

Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA

Every disease arising from an impure condition of the blood is quickly, surely and permanently cured by the great vegetable blood purifier and family remedy—V. V. V. No one living in or near a malarial district should be without this wonderful specific. A single bottle of V. V. V. will suffice to convince anyone that it positively

Cures Malaria

as well as liver complaint, rheumatism, kidney diseases, catarrh, etc. V. V. V. will thoroughly cleanse the blood of all impurities, driving from the system scrofula, tetter, eczema and all other humors. It strengthens and invigorates the whole body. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed free to anyone on request.

BARBERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6 cents.

Bales received to-date:

Sampey	1827
Mullins	981
Wilson	447
	3255

If you want a Piano or Organ we can sell you one at a low figure and on easy terms. THE BANNER, Clanton.

Mr Claude McRee, of Montgomery, visited friends and relatives here the first of this week.

Mrs. ... Matthews, of Marion, is visiting her brother, Dr. Matthews, and family this week.

... A. L. Sampey went to the capital city this morning.

... n Morgan has moved ... into his residence in ...

... reliable Capital City ... Company of Montgomery represented in Clanton by Sampey.

WANTED 1000 cross-ties. Apply G. H. GREEN, Clanton.

... W. W. Culp has been suffering ... attack of grippe this ...

... McMorries' family have ... been on the sick list this ... both Caldwell and Bascom ... to remain at home for ... The Professor is ... improving.

The work of removing the old ... house has commenced.

Messrs Merritt and Chesnutt have begun work on their new ...

Mr W. I. Mullins is thinking of building a new brick store house.

Mr G. W. Anderson went to Montgomery yesterday.

Dr. W. E. Stewart was called ... Monday morning to attend Mr. J. S. Forniss, a brother-in-law of Capt. Middleton.

Dr. Johnson has commenced to remove the old restaurant building formerly occupied by Mr. Pat Smith.

See W. L. Sampey about insuring your property against fire.

Miss Sophia Mullins, of Jumbo, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Evans Pinckard is at work again after a severe sickness.

Mr Neil Duke after visiting relatives here returned home this morning.

In the United States court at Montgomery Tuesday the following prisoners were each sentenced to eighteen months in the penitentiary for violations of the internal revenue laws: James W. Waggoner, ... Ingram, William Sharron, ... Nix, William Mims, G. W. Moore, Lane Mass, J. B. Stokes, ... Gibson, Charles Hodges, ... A. Bryant, West Shaw. ... Bruce announced that in future instead of giving thirty and ... day jail sentences to illicit distillers he will send them to the penitentiary.

Mr. J. A. Culp went down to the capital city this morning.

Mrs. Mat Davis, at Mahan & Davis mill, is very sick with pneumonia.

Mr. Hayes Hunt's little boy fell down at the depot this morning and cut his left knee. Dr. Johnson sewed it up and he is getting along nicely.

... Johnson has entered into a ... with Mr. Holt of Montgomery to remove the old court ... The old main court ... be placed where Albert ... store now stands. Culp's ... use and the grand jury ... be moved into the lot ... the BANNER office and the ... store.

Teacher's Institute to be ... next two days at Jemison ... es to be of unusual interest. ... e you attend.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons: Mr James M. Langston and Miss Daisy A. Hand; Mr. W. M. ... and Miss N. B. Vinson; Mr. John Ceckler and Miss Mary C. Heasley; Mr. Samuel H. Sanderson and Miss Lula Fox.

WANTED everyone to know we have taken possession of the Mims old mill and will grind at any time. Someone in attendance all the time. We will accomodate you and will appreciate your patronage.

H. DRIVER & SON.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Fifty cents and $1.00

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."

A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 6th, 1895, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nerve troubles should try it. It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to thousands." A. C. LEHMAN.

Editor and proprietor of DER LANDSMAN.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned, by the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date the 30th day of November 1896, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court House door of said county at Clanton, on

MONDAY DECEMBER 28, 1896,

all that certain real estate which is described as follows, viz: The southeast fourth of the northeast fourth of section fourteen, and the north half of the southwest fourth and the southwest fourth of the southwest fourth of section thirteen, township twenty-three, range fifteen, in Chilton county, Alabama, which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several owners thereof, the said property belonging to and being the property of the heirs at law of the estate of L. F. Marcus deceased.

H. I. HONEYCUTT, Commissioner.

Clanton, Ala., Dec. 2, 1896.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Pension Warrants in favor of Confederate Soldiers Widows for 1896 have been sent to me by the Auditor, and are now ready to be delivered. R. M. HONEYCUTT.

STRAYED on Nov 16th, one black horse mule, medium size, tolerably old, thin in order. A liberal reward offered for the mule. Apply to Mrs. Sarah Mahan, 6 miles east of Stanton, Ala.

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Jemison.

Married last Sunday at Jemison Mr. James M. Langston and Miss Daisy A Hand, Rev. F. M. Woods performing the ceremony. The BANNER wishes the happy young couple a full measure of domestic felicity and prosperity.

* * *

State Alliance Notice.

Dudleyville, Ala. Nov. 23, 1896

County Secretaries that have not received minutes of the last State meeting will receive them by dropping me a card notifying me of their failure to receive the same.

J. W. JACKSON,
State Secretary.

* * *

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

* * *

We shall be pleased to publish contributions at all times, and request that the friends of the BANNER send us all the items of news that come within their notice, and thus assist us to make the BANNER the newsiest as well as the most popular paper of Chilton county.

A BOON TO HUMANITY!

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

Greatest Discovery of 19th Century. Cures all troubles of the Head and Throat.

CATARRH, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, LaGRIPPE, WILL CURE You. First Inhalation stops Sneezing, Snuffing Coughing, Headache. Continued use effects SURE CURE.

It has no equal for COLDS, Sore Throat Hay Fever, Bronchitis, La GRIPPE. The most Refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration.

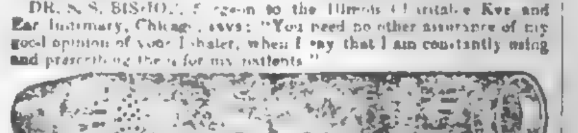
ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

J LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

DR. BROWNE also says: "Always carry the ingenious MENTHOL INHALER known as CUSHMAN'S, which should be used not only on the first approach, but three or four times a day during an epidemic, and always in cold catching weather by those subject to bad colds."

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli."

DR. S. S. BISHOP, Surgeon to the Illinois Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Chicago, says: "You need no other assurance of my good opinion of your Inhaler, when I say that I am constantly using and prescribing them for my patients."



Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. Price, 50c. at all Druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Ind., or 324 Dearborn St., Chicago.

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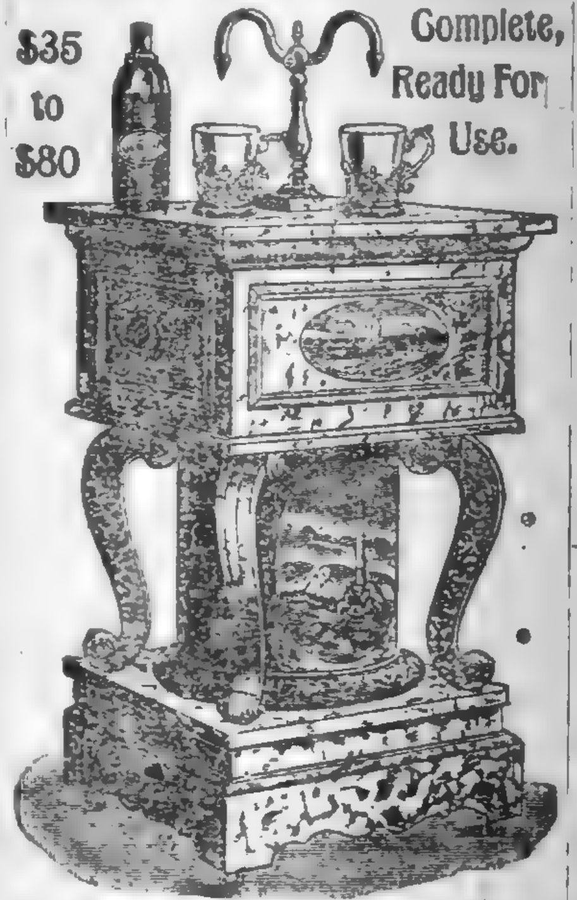
PORTABLE

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80



Complete, Ready For Use.

80 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆◆

Softens the Hands.

Go and get a 25c box of Cushman's Menthol Balm and keep it in the house. It is the safest remedy and surest for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Sores, or any skin eruptions. It is quick to relieve pain and inflammation. For Farmers cracked hands it is a wonderful cure. Largest box of ointment on the market.

Cured His Mother.

CARTHAGE, Mo., July 28, 1895.—Your Menthol Salve cured mother's hands. She has had no trouble with her hands since I got her the box. My mother is happy and doing all her own work again. She was not able to do any work for three years on account of her hands. Your Balm has cured them. I thank you very much. ROY RAHM.

It Acts Like a Charm.

SALEM, Ala., April 6, 1892.—I have used your Menthol Balm on some old bad sores, and on two or three cases of itch and other eruptions: the patients say it "acts like a charm." Please send four boxes Balm. I intend to encourage the use of your preparations because they do act sure enough "like a charm." D. W. FLOYD, M. D.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists. Cushman Drug Co., Vincennes, Indiana.

We Employ Young Men

in distributing our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms.

If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY, ELKHART, IND.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,668.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
December 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 23rd, 1897 viz.: Emmett W. Headley Homestead entry, No. 26,208, for the e½ of ne¼ section 20 tp 21 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Joseph Hayes, of Maplesville, Ala, Wiley Ramsey, of Lily, Ala., Simon Clark, of Maplesville, Ala., James Hayes, of Maplesville Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18597.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Nov. 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 2nd, 1897, viz.: Marry Dennis, widow of Daniel B. Dennis, H. E. No. 28,671, for the s½ of Fraction (A), Fraction (B) of Section 25 Tp. 21 n R 16 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: William N. Pierce, James S. Jones, John L. Howard, Pinkney M Jones, all of Burwell, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

THE

WORLD ALMANAC AND ENCYCLOPEDIA

.... FOR ....

1897

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THE WORLD,
Pulitzer Bldg.,
New York.

Ready
Jan. 1, 1897.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville Ky

SUBSCRIBERS receiving their paper with a blue cross (X) mark on it will understand their subscription has expired and will oblige by renewing. Kindly mention to your friends THE BANNER costs only One Dollar per year, or Fifty Cents for six months.

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 22 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.

No. 1034—Surrey Harness, Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

No. 718—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $80.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS.

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

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LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

BUY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

Do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and think you can get the best made, finest finish and MOST POPULAR SEWING MACHINE for a mere song. Buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the NEW HOME.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

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Clanton, Ala.

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Monthly AN INTERNATIONAL MAGAZINE Illustrated

Edited by ALBERT SHAW

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THIS magazine is, in its contributed and departmental features, what its readers, who include the most noted names of the English-speaking world, are pleased to call "absolutely up to date," "thoroughly abreast of the times," "invaluable," and "indispensable." It is profusely illustrated with timely portraits, views, and cartoons. Its original articles are of immediate interest, by the best authorities on their respective subjects. The Editor's "Progress of the World" gives a clear, rightly proportioned view of the history of the human race during the current month. The "Leading Articles of the Month" present the important parts of the best magazine articles that have been written in every part of the world. The newest and most important books are carefully reviewed. Indexes, chronological records, and other departments complete the certainty that the reader of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS will miss nothing of great significance that is said or written or done throughout the world.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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TEACH YOURSELF TO WRITE SHORTHAND!

How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

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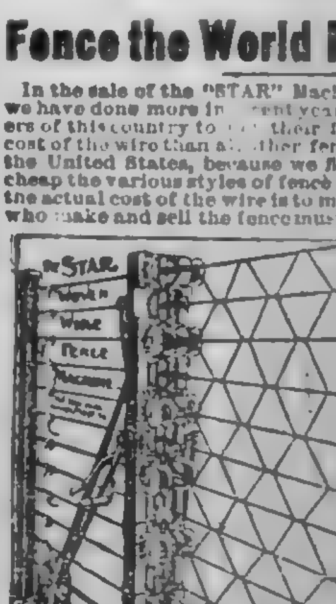
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below we have done more in recent years to enable the ... ers of this country to ... their fencing at the ... cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figured and showed how cheap the various styles of fence can be made ... the actual cost of the wire is to make them ... who make and sell the fence must add three ...



... to ... and ... cost of the wire. We ... a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse-high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone, in the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer with which you can make over 50 styles, ... eral styles of Ornamental yard or ... show how the farmers of this country ... machine it is only necessary ... chines sold by us were run for ... chine making 40 rods per day ... fence to go around the ... 0,000 rods or 1,250 miles ... were run only 60 days ... rods per day each, they ... 24,000,000 rods, which ... rods or 240 miles ... combined product of all the ... the United States would not ... much. Invest it in a postal card ... illustrated Catalogue, telling ... may save you many dollars ... Address, Kitselman Bros., ...

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

Subscribe for the BANNER!

P.P.P.
P.P.P.
P.P.P.
LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY
BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

MACEO ASSASSINATED.

Invited to a Conference and Shot Down Like a Dog.

A RELIC OF BARBARISM

Which Has Roused the Civilized World to Cry Out in Horror—When Called Upon to Surrender He Cried "Never!" and Died With "Cuba Libre" on His Lips.

Atlanta, Ga.—The Constitution's Key West special gives the following account of Maceo's death, indicating his betrayal and implicating Dr. Zertucha:

Your correspondent is now enabled to state upon the most undoubted authority that the death of Gen. Maceo was a premeditated assassination, and that the failure to produce his body is because its mutilated condition would shock even Spanish official sensibilities.

It seems that General Maceo had planned a successful crossing of the trocha, and that, taking the sea route, with a body guard, he was to rejoin his forces east of Mariel. This was accomplished in safety, and while standing alone, within sight of a line of skirmishers, the general was shot down by men in hiding, who were awaiting their victim. His body, so far as Spanish reports go, at once disappeared, but the truth is that it was hacked up by the assassins, who exhausted every indignity of which brutal minds are capable.

It has been well known for a year past that there was a price set upon Maceo's head, and that Captain-General Weyler looked toward assassination and not military triumph for victory. His last official act upon reaching the island was to give recognition to the plateadoes, bands of free booters whom his predecessor punished as severely as did the Cubans. These men, following in the wake of both armies, would murder and plunder, and when chased down by the indignant Cubans, would find protection within Spanish lines, whilst the latter would officially deny all knowledge of them. But a few weeks ago a band of these men attacked a convent in the province of Puerto Principe, which was filled with young girls, who were most shamefully abused. Some of these men were caught by General Lacret, the insurgent leader, and executed, while the greater part of them found protection within Spanish lines. Although the enormity of their crimes was known, and their victims were convent school girls, the criminals were protected from molestation and are to-day free.

These are the men whom General Weyler has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to attach to his cause, and through him he has ordered the killing of foreigners whom he dared not to call up in court. To them he has made offers of reward for the assassination of innocent leaders. For three weeks it has been known in Havana that a clever bribe was out for the surrender of General Maceo. It was to the effect that he held the ticket which called for the grand prize of $50,000 in the Havana lottery. He did not care to call for the cashing of this cleverly arranged bribe; and then it was, upon the departure of General Weyler for the hills several days ago that it was bruited about that the man who killed Maceo could have the prize.

The story of Maceo's death, as told from official sources, sustains fully the theory of assassination. General Maceo, instead of crossing the trocha directly with his men, was, through some covert influence, induced to pass Mariel in a boat, and to reach his forces on the east side of the dead line. There everything was in readiness by the conspirators, and the brave leader fell a victim to the trap into which he had walked. How singular it is, that Spaniards, who usually kill everyone in sight, should have been considerate enough to have allowed Maceo's physician, Maximo Zertucha, to surrender. Instead of putting him in chains and rushing him off to a dungeon, he is treated with distinction, is paraded before newspaper correspondents, and has that freedom of speech which is a novelty in Cuba.

The depression into which the Cubans were thrown upon the first announcement of Maceo's death, now that the fact of his cowardly assassination is confirmed, has changed to that of desperate determination, and will make even more persistent their fight for freedom. Maceo's assassination is pointed out as conclusive evidence that Spain is still a stranger to civilized methods and the lesson drawn therefrom by the Cubans is that they might as well die with their faces to the foe, as become the victims of assassination.

BRUTALLY ASSASSINATED.

Full Details of the Treacherous Method Resorted To.

Cincinnati, O.—The Scripps-McRae League correspondent at Jacksonville, Fla., wired the Post as follows:

This city was thrown into great excitement by the news this afternoon that the patriots had admitted the correctness of the report that the brave leader, Antonio Maceo, had been butchered.

C. M. De Huaua, chief of the Florida Cuban junta, gave out the following to the correspondent: "A letter received by a prominent Cuban in this city gives the detailed account of the assassination of General Maceo and the entire staff, with the exception of Dr. Zertucha, who was Maceo's physician. The letter came from a reliable source in Havana, but the correspondent's name is withheld, for the obvious reason, said Mr. De Huaua, that the writer would be shot within an hour by the Spanish authorities if they knew who gave the details of one of the most horrible atrocities ever chronicled in modern warfare."

From the letter it appears that the Marquis of Ahumeda, who officiated as captain-general of Cuba during General Weyler's absence in the field, sent a letter to General Maceo, inviting the Cuban leader to a conference. Maceo never for a moment thinking that treachery was intended, especially as the invitation came from such a prominent Spaniard as the Marquis of Ahumeda, immediately returned an answer saying that he would be glad to meet the Spanish general, and only accompanied by his staff he went to the rendezvous, little dreaming of the awful fate in store for him. On arriving at the trocha, the Spanish soldiers there, acting under orders, actually saluted the rebel chieftain as he passed, and after reaching the rendezvous the Cuban leader was surprised to see, instead of the Marquis Ahumeda, a large body of Spanish soldiers, who seemed to come from every side. The actions of the Spanish troops were so suspicious that Maceo felt that they had him cruelly trapped, and his suspicions were confirmed when a peremptory order came from a splendidly mounted officer to surrender. "Never!" was the reply, and hardly had the words been uttered when volley after volley was poured into the little band of patriots, who, although hemmed in all sides, outnumbered almost 100 to 1, stuck spurs to their horses and with cries of Cuba libre, rode gallantly to their death.

"Maceo is reported to have fallen at the first fire, with a bullet through his head, breaking his jaw. Another hit him in the abdomen. Both were fatal. Young Gomez was the next to fall, and in a few moments a number of bloody corpses, shot almost beyond recognition, were all that remained of the gallant Cubans, who trusted to Spanish honor.

"Only one member of the staff escaped, and that was Dr. Zertucha. The latter says the corpses were buried on the field, and every precaution taken to keep the details from being made public."

THE CRIME CALLS FOR ACTION,

And Congress Is Expected to Take Prompt Steps.

Washington.—The news of the alleged assassination of Maceo under the cover of what was practically a flag of truce, is accepted as true at the Cuban Legation here, and was received with a thrill of horror by Congressmen who learned of it. If authentic confirmation of Mr. Huau's story should be received from Acting Consul General Springer in Havana, some immediate action from Congress may be looked for in the coming week. There are facts in Huau's story, which, as the Cubans here believe, fit in with previous reports and make them intelligible. It was regarded as incomprehensible that a rough and tumble fighter like Maceo should be found killed in silk underwear and with all his jewelry on his person. But if he was riding out for a parley, nothing would be more natural to a Cuban than to attire himself in his most gorgeous array.

Resolutions of inquiry on the subject will probably be introduced in one or both Houses of Congress on Monday next.

LATER DETAILS OF THE MURDER

Congressmen and Senators Tender Their Sympathy to Cuba.

Havana, Cuba.—Further inquiries by the correspondent of the Associated Press have elicited the following additional details, which are positively reliable, of the manner in which Antonio Maceo met his death. It is known that Maceo expected the insurgent leader Sanchez to concentrate his forces in Havana province in readiness for Maceo when he should pass the trocha. It happened, however, that in passing the Spanish column commanded by Major Cirujeda, Maceo mistook the force of guerrillas under Peral for Sanchez's vanguard, and found himself amongst them before he discovered his mistake. At the first volley from the Spanish, Maceo fell wounded. The insurgents, taken by surprise, commenced a general fire as they retreated and abandoned Maceo in a dying condition.

Colonel Fiejoo has had an engagement at Campo Florida, near here, with the concentrated forces of the insurgents which were with Maceo at the time he was killed, and which are now following the leaders Aguirre, Castillo, Aranguren, Cardenas, Galit and Lozo, and which number 1,300 horsemen.

Colonel Fiejoo again met these forces at Tumba Ouarto, where he inflicted a loss of ten killed, their wounded being carried off. The Spanish had nineteen wounded.

Private advices from Santiago de Las Vegas, this province, state that the prominent insurgent leader Perico Delgado has been seriously wounded and has remained hidden in the woods since the last engagement with General Figuerea. The advices add that it is expected that several bodies of insurgents will soon surrender to the Spanish authorities.

The steamer San Ignacio has arrived here, having on board 1,240 soldiers to reinforce the Spanish forces in Cuba.

THE WOMEN WIN.

Supreme Court of Idaho Decides They Are to Have Suffrage.

Boise, Ida.—Women suffrage is an accomplished fact in Idaho. The Supreme Court has rendered a decision in effect that when any proposed amendment to the Constitution receives a majority of the votes cast on the proposition, whether or not it is a majority of all the vote cast at that election, said amendment is carried.

The woman suffrage amendment received 6,000 votes more than those cast against it, though not a majority of the votes cast at the election.

WARNED BY WHITECAPS.

Dallas, Tex.—Whitecaps have threatened to blow up Planter James Moore's home with dynamite if he employs negro tenants on his Dallas county land the coming season. Notices have been posted in numerous places ordering the negroes to leave or take the consequences—dynamite and Winchester rifles. Moore and his tenants have appealed to Sheriff Cable for protection, and he has detailed a special patrol of men in Moore's neighborhood.

NEW STATE LAWS.

A List of Laws Passed by the General Assembly.

AT THE RECENT SESSION.

Only Eighteen General Laws and One Hundred and Forty-four Local.—Five Joint Resolutions.—Two Vetoes By the Governor.—General Bills Next Half Session.

(From the Montgomery Advertiser)

The General Assembly before recess devoted its attention mainly to the consideration of local laws. Governor Johnson recommended in his message that all local matters be disposed of before recess in order that the last half of the session should be given to bills of a general nature. From the result of their work this seems to have been done, and it is a fact that not one law of any great general importance has ben considered yet.

The record made up shows that there were only eighteen general laws, one hundred and forty-four local laws and five joint resolutions passed and two vetoes by the Governor. The follow are the captions of the Acts on the Record Book of the Governor's Recording Secretary yesterday:

S. 74. Joint resolution authorizing the employment of messenger and servants.

H. 112. To incorporate the Normal School of Florence.

H. 52. To repeal act to regulate the issue of garnishments as to Calhoun and Cleburne.

H. 25. To incorporate the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of Alabama.

H. 131. To amend section 4 of charter of Tuskegee Normal School.

H. 103. To provide for the compensation of Solicitor of Walker County.

H. 66. To establish a separate school district for Etowah County.

H. 58. To establish Fort Madison School District in Clarke County.

H. 48. To regulate the summoning of witnesses in Bibb County.

H. 10. To amend section 751 of the Code. (Relating to taking up criminal docket).

H. 36. To amend act to amend section 3,588 of the Code. (Practice partition suits).

H. 157. To provide Financial Committee for Covington County.

H. 140. To amend act to constitute Tuskaloosa a separate school district.

H. 95. To amend act to fix the time and regulate the holding of courts in Eighth Judicial Circuit.

H. 81. To secure copyrights for the books of the State.

H. 200. For the preservation of quail in Hale County.

H. 77. To provide for registration and payment of fees of State's witnesses before the Grand Juries where defendant is not arrested.

H. 35. To amend section 3,262 of the Code. (Jurisdiction of Chancery Court to sell for division.)

S. 44. To amend act to incorporate the Southern Mutual Fre Insurance Company.

H. 150. For the preservation of game in Bibb County.

H. 175. To amend section 2,071 of the Code. (Appraisement of personal property.)

H. 22. To regulate the summoning and attendance of witnesses in Cullman County.

H. 83. To require the members of the County Commission in Madison County to give bond.

H. 49. To require judgments and decrees against administrators de bonis non, where they have died or been removed.

H. 46. For protection of birds in Chambers County.

H. 37. To authorize the filing and recording of certain deeds in Walker, Marion, Lamar and Fayette Counties.

H. 16. To amend section 1 of an act to protect outstanding crops in Mobile.

H. 61. To regulate the time of holding regular terms of the Commissioners' Court in Cullman County.

H. 102. To amend act to incorporate the city of Tuskaloosa.

H. 182. To make all fines assessed upon conviction of misdemeanors, in Morgan county, payable in money.

S. 73. To incorporate the Montezuma University of Bessemer.

S. 26. To relieve Laura C. Hill, of Montgomery County, of the disabilities of non-age.

H. 17. To amend sections 1 and 2 of an act to change the compensation of the Solicitor of Mobile County.

H. 152. To amend section 2,571 of the Code. (Waiver indorsed on attachment.)

H. 169. To amend section 3,874 of the Code.

H. 79. To authorize and require the Commissioners' Court of Lamar County to pay State witnesses out of general fund.

H. 187. To amend act to incorporate the city of Tuskaloosa.

H. 40. To create a separate school district of Cullman.

H. 130. To authorize the CityCouncil of Phenix City to issue bonds for improving same.

H. 9. To repeal act to provide for protection of game in Fayette County.

H. 91. To confirm incorporation of Athenian Culb, of Mobile.

H. 38. To change time of holding Chancery Courts in Southeast Chancery Division in Blount, Walker and Winston Counties.

H. 216. To prevent stock from running at large in Hale and Tuskaloosa.

H. 29. To authorize the corporate authorities of Decatur to assess, levy and collect special tax for fire protection.

H. 159. To donate twenty-five copies of Code to the University Library.

H. 372. To amend charter of Uniontown.

H. 132. To amend act to fix the right of Mobile to certain real estate.

H. 109. To regulate the manner of making contracts by Commissioners' Court of Cullman County.

H. 191. To authorize the City Council of Athens to issue bonds to improve said city.

H. 218. To provide for compensation of jurors in the County Court of Bibb County.

H. 220. To authorize the Solicitor of the Ninth Circuit a deputy for Western Division of Blount County.

H. 141. To prohibit law partner of Solicitor of defending in cases where Solicitor prosecutes.

Joint Resolution 2. To provide for joint committee to examine work of Code Commissioner.

Joint Resolution 1. Looking to procuring reprint of Alabama Reports.

H. 71. To establish and maintain ferries in Jackson County.

H. 12. To incorporate the town of Hamilton, in Marion County.

H. 85. To authorize Commissioners of Lee County to issue bonds for building a courthouse.

S. 19. To amend act to bar certain claims of witnesses in Bullock County.

S. 48 To amend act to confer additional jurisdiction upon County Court of Wilcox County.

S. 77. To incorporate St. Clair College.

H. 372. To amend act to amend charter of Uniontown.

S. 33. To allow the County Commissioners in each county to appropriate money for armory rent for military companies.

H. 78. To confirm the incorporation of the Jones Valley Club.

H. 351. To prohibit sale of liquor within five miles of Elba High School, in Elba, Coffee County.

H. 270. To fix the time of holding the Circuit Court in Geneva and Henry counties.

H. 256. To amend section 2,243, providing for appeals from judgments of Justices of the Peace.

H. 178. To legalize the jury box of Monroe County.

H. 145. To authorize foreman of Grand Jury to issue certificates to witnesses examined.

H. 116. To provide for refilling the jury boxes in Chambers, Coosa and Macon Counties.

(Continues in next issue.)

NATIONAL DEMOCRATS

To Keep Up Their Organization, But Will Not Spread Out.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The National Executive Committee of the National Democratic party held its first meeting since the election at the Bates House in this city, Thursday afternoon, and in the evening enjoyed a little supper with Henry Watterson as the guest of honor.

The business of the afternoon was the auditing of the accounts of the committee and discussing the question of organization during the next four years. The accounts were found to be correct, with a balance left in the treasury, not a large one, but sufficient to send out a good deal of literature before the next Presidential election comes around.

Those present were: W. D. Bynum, chairman; John P. Frenzel, treasurer, and John R. Wilson, of this city, the latter holding the proxy of L. C. Krauthoff, of Kansas City; Henry Watterson, W. B. Haldeman and George M. Davie, all of Louisville; Thomas H. Clark, of Montgomery, Ala., holding the proxy of J. M. Faulkner, M. B. Spellman, of New Orleans; G. Foster Peabody, of Brooklyn; John P. Hopkins, of Chicago; C. V. Holman, of Rockland, Me.; F. W. McCutcheon, of St. Paul, and William B. Given, of Columbia, Pa., holding the proxy of John C. Bullitt, of Philadelphia.

It was decided to hold the organization intact and not to make an effort to extend it into States where it had no footing in the last campaign.

Various sub-committees were appointed and resolutions were adopted on the death of John R. Fellows, of New York, and C. A. Ewing, of Illinois.

HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE.

Bremen, Germany.—The steamer Salier, Captain Wemp, from Bremen for Buenos Ayres, left Corunna, Spain, on December 7, and is reported to have foundered off Villa Gracia, Spain, and all hands lost. She carried a crew of sixty, and the total loss of life is believed to be about seventy-eight. Persistent reports reach here from Madrid that more than two hundred emigrants took passage on the Salier at Corunna, and that all of them were lost.

A later dispatch asserts that there were 210 passengers on the steamer, including one German, 113 Russians, thirty-five Galicians and sixty-one Spaniards, and adds that it is feared that all of them were lost.

A STRIKE ENDED.

Rolling Mill Men Agree to Accept a 10 Per Cent. Cut.

San Francisco, Cal.—The strike at the Pacific Rolling Mills is at an end. The men have agreed to a 10 per cent. reduction of their wages. About forty of the employees resumed work Saturday morning. The other half of the force are still out, but expect to be back to work in a day or so.

GAY WHILE IT LASTED.

Swindler Lives in Clover on the Strength of a Bogus Check

Altoona, Pa.—A stranger calling himself P. H. Bradley is under arrest here as a check swindler, and it is said he is wanted by several Western railroad companies for forging railroad passes. It was first thought that he might be Dyer, the absconding New York bookkeeper, but that theory was set aside by the arrival from that city of a detective who failed to identify him.

Bradley deposited in the First National Bank of this city a check for $500 drawn on a bank in Dayton, Ohio. A bank book in which the deposit was credited was given him, but he was not to draw against it until information from Dayton had been received. He ignored the warning and bought diamonds and clothing, giving checks on First National Bank and exhibiting the bank book. Learning of these transactions, the bank officials caused his arrest. He has been held pending the receipt of more detailed information from the West.

VOLUNTEERS FOR CUBA.

One Thousand Men to Leave New Orleans to Fight for Liberty.

St. Louis, Mo.—Volunteers for the relief of the Cuban insurgents are being mobilized in this city, and next Friday if all plans are carried out successfully 1,000 men will leave New Orleans for Cuba. Two hundred of these are St. Louisians, the remainder coming from East St. Louis and points South of here on the lines of the Illinois Central and Iron Mountain railroads.

Julius Van Gerst, of New Orleans, will be in charge of the expedition, with W. C. Carter, J. L. Goodner and Cornelius Knott, of this city, as aids. The quartette met here to-day and completed arrangements. Van Gerst and Knott will leave this evening on the Illinois Central, picking up the men on the road as far South as Cairo and perhaps Memphis, and will then proceed via. steamboat to New Orleans.

DIDN'T WANT MUCH.

Forger at Cleveland, Ohio, Signs a Check for $75,000.

Cleveland, Ohio.—The name of Judge E. T. Hamilton, of Cleveland, was forged to a $75,000 check Saturday. Early in the afternoon a man appeared at the Loraine Street Bank and presented an order for that amount on the Dime Savings and Building Company, payable to C. N. Cunningham. The treasurer offered an excuse for not paying it at once, and Cunningham departed. Meanwhile the signature had been pronounced a forgery by Judge Hamilton. At 3 o'clock Cunningham again appeared. He was told that the bank had failed to get the money and was requested to return at 5 o'clock. He agreed to do so, and has not been seen since.

SUICIDE AT VANDERBILT.

Student Sterling Turner, of Wartrace, Cuts His Throat.

Nashville, Tenn.—Sunday about 12 o'clock, noon, Sterling W. Turner, of the junior class of Vanderbilt University, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, in his room. It was not discovered until 3 o'clock by some of his companions who went to his room, and, failing to get in, forced an entrance, finding Turner dead, in a pool of blood.

Turner was 23 years old; President of the University Y. M. C. A.; lived at Watrace, Tenn., and was suffering from the effects of over-study.

TO CONCEAL MURDER.

Victim's Body Buried Beneath the Body of a Mule.

Knox, Ind.—The body of Ed Fetters, a horse dealer, was found buried with the carcass of a mule near here Friday, and to-day Fetters' partner, William Sutherlin, was arrested, charged with the murder. The grave had been carefully dug, and the animal's body placed so as to conceal that of the man in case the grave should be carelessly opened. It s' claimed by the authorities that several people are implicated in the crime.

BOTH MUST HANG.

Sentences of Walling and Jackson Affirmed by the Supreme Court.

Frankfort, Ky.—The Court of Appeals has denied Alonzo Walling a new trial. The opinion in the case was written by Judge Hazelrigg, to whom the Scott Jackson case was submitted. Both men will be hanged for the murder of Pearl Bryan.

At least one kind of reform is needed in New York. On opening day 18,000 school children had to be turned away because there had been no room provided for them by the authorities.

BLACKSHEAR, GA.

MR. SHUPTRINE.

Dear Sir:—"The box of TETTERINE I purchased of you has, I believe, permanently cured me of a ringworm that has been a great annoyance to me for five years. I cheerfully recommend it to those troubled with ringworm. Send a box to Mrs. Allen Brown of this place." Respectfully,

J. C. BREWER, D. D. S.

1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials free. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

If a young man who wears "buttons" doesn't smoke cigarettes, it is because he has not yet learned.

If you are *doubtful* as to the use of Dobbins' Electric Soap, and cannot accept the experience of *millions* who use it, after the 33 years it has been on the market, *one trial* will convince *you*. Ask your grocer for it. Take no imitation.

Every man admires a woman who looks at her husband's bunch of office keys with awe and reverence.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflamation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—M. P. DIETER, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1894

Save

The expense of doctors' bills. Keep your blood pure, your digestion good and your system regular at this season by taking a course of

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4%

Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

Collier Red Seal Eckstein and O. K.
Lead $5.50; Oil, 42; Colors, 15, net.
Mixed Paint, 85c. to $1.00 per gallon.
Wall Paper 5c. per roll.
School Desks, Pews, Furniture and
Building Material of ALL kinds.

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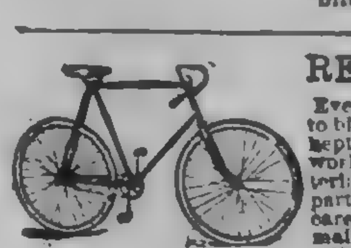

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VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1896. NO 9.

THE FAVORITE CHRISTMAS POEM.

The Night Before Christmas.

'Twas the night before Christmas, when all through the house
Not a creature was stirring, not even a mouse;
The stockings were hung by the chimney with care,
In hopes that St. Nicholas soon would be there;
The children were nestled all snug in their beds,
While visions of sugar-plums danced through their heads;
And mamma in her kerchief, and I in my cap,
Had just settled our brains for a long winter's nap,
When out on the lawn there arose such a clatter,
I sprang from my bed to see what was the matter.
Away to the window I flew like a flash,
Tore open the shutters and threw up the sash.
The moon, on the breast of the new fallen snow,
Gave a luster of mid-day to objects below;
When what to my wondering eyes should appear,
But a miniature sleigh and eight tiny reindeer,
With a little old driver, so lively and quick,
I knew in a moment it must be St. Nick.
More rapid than eagles his coursers they came,
And he whistled, and shouted, and call'd them by name;
"Now, Dasher! now, Dancer! now, Prancer! now, Vixen!
On, Comet! on, Cupid! on, Donder and Blitzen! —
To the top of the porch, to the top of the wall!
Now dash away, dash away, dash away all!"
As dry leaves that before the wild hurricane fly,
When they meet with an obstacle, mount to the sky,
So up to the house-top the coursers they flew,
With the sleigh full of toys, and St. Nicholas, too.
And then in a twinkling I heard on the roof
The prancing and pawing of each little hoof.
As I drew in my head, and was turning around,
Down the chimney St. Nicholas came with a bound.
He was dress'd all in fur from his head to his foot,
And his clothes were all tarnish'd with ashes and soot;
A bundle of toys he had flung on his back,
And he look'd like a peddler just opening his pack.
His eyes, how they twinkled! his dimples how merry!
His cheeks were like roses, his nose like a cherry.
His droll little mouth was drawn up like a bow,
And the beard on his chin was as white as the snow.
The stump of a pipe he held tight in his teeth,
And the smoke, it encircled his head like a wreath.
He had a broad face and a little round belly
That shook, when he laugh'd, like a bowl full of jelly.
He was chubby and plump—a right jolly old elf—
And I laugh'd when I saw him, in spite of myself.
A wink of his eye, and a twist of his head,
Soon gave me to know I had nothing to dread.
He spake not a word, but went straight to his work,
And fill'd all the stockings; then turned with a jerk,
And laying his finger aside of his nose,
And giving a nod, up the chimney he rose,
He sprang to his sleigh, to his team gave a whistle,
And away they all flew like the down of a thistle;
But I heard him exclaim, ere he drove out of sight,
"Happy Christmas to all, and to all a good night!"

—Clement C. Moore.

BABY BUSKING.

A CHRISTMAS STORY.

DON'T talk to me of Christmas—and its joys! Whisper your platitudes to ears that know what joy is; carry your wishes to hearts that may respond to them, smile your Christmas hopes into eyes that shall smile back at you—to whom Christmas is something more than a mere day, of the 365, to be got through with in one fashion or another. Christmas indeed!"

Paul Dargan spoke with a bitterness that was startling, even to me who knew him. He walked rapidly to and fro in the shabby room, beating his hands together now and then as he walked. A shabby and forlorn figure, with wild and unkempt hair falling into his eyes—eyes that had in them the light of tempestuous despair. His friend looked at him sadly.

"Ah, Paul! you did not always talk in this fashion. There was a time when men spoke of you, and said that you would do great things—a time when your eyes were bright and eager with hope. What has changed you?"

"Yes, there was such a time," replied the other slowly, pausing in his walk. "There is such a time in every man's life. Sometimes it lasts with us, and all is well. Ofttimes it dies away, like the mirage in the desert when one comes near to it. It died away with me."

"THE LAST TIME!" HE MUTTERED.

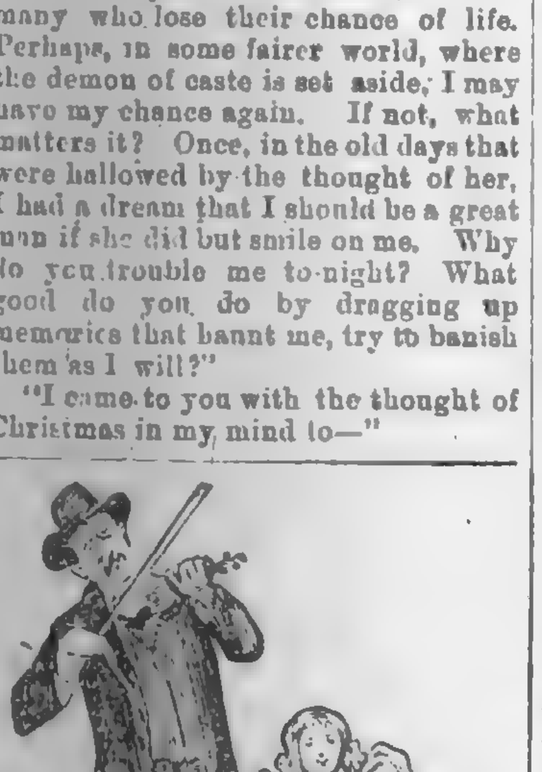
"But it may come again," urged his friend, quickly. "You have been reckless, and have set your feet on a path which leads to oblivion; it cannot be too late to turn back. I am no fatalist, but I would give much to see you your old self again. It is not too late."

"It is too late," replied the other steadily. "To some men Providence stretches out a hand once only—and they miss it. The hand was stretched out to me—the white hand of a woman. I—I could not grasp it. I have drifted ever since with the swift tide that bears men to perdition. Don't let us talk of it."

"I must. I cannot let you go like this."

"You trouble yourself needlessly, but you are very good. The woman I loved was far above me—rich, and with a position she must take in the world. I was a poor, struggling fellow, with nothing to offer her. I was scarcely ever permitted to see her. I dared not speak. I am but one of the many who lose their chance of life. Perhaps, in some fairer world, where the demon of caste is set aside, I may have my chance again. If not, what matters it? Once, in the old days that were hallowed by the thought of her, I had a dream that I should be a great man if she did but smile on me. Why do you trouble me to-night? What good do you do by dragging up memories that haunt me, try to banish them as I will?"

"I came to you with the thought of Christmas in my mind to—"



PICKED UP THE VIOLIN AND PLAYED.

"Curse Christmas! What thoughts of Christmas can I have that I should cling to the name? All the 'might-have-been' of my life is a thing of the past—a thing done with. Leave me. I am tired of it all. Like a child, I am weary of my toy—the toy men call life. It is broken in my hands. I only long for the night and sleep.

Paul Dargan was left alone at last in the shabby, scantily furnished room, illuminated only by the gas lamp outside shining through the uncurtained windows.

For a long time he stood there, with his nervous hands clutching his mouth. Once he poured some spirit into a glass with an unsteady hand and drank it hurriedly.

"Christmas Eve!" he muttered, at last. "Christmas Eve—and poverty, and loneliness, and despair. All men make excuses, but I think I am right to night when I say that if one woman had smiled on me four years ago I might not have been what I am. Who shall say? And to-night ends it. It will be a fitting irony to die when all other men make merry and are glad—to go out like the fluttering flame of a candle when all other lights burn most brightly."

He laughed mirthlessly, and crossed the room and took his shabby hat from a peg and put it on and presently went out, locking the door and passing noiselessly down the stairs.

Outside there were hurrying men and women, who jostled him as he passed—men and women with the love and good-will of Christmas in their hearts, whose hearty tones and laughter rang out through the frosty air—men and women to whom, at this time of all the year, sorrow and care seemed a forgotten thing, a something left behind and done with utterly and forever.

There were cheery shopmen who appeared to be ready almost to give away their wares if only they might enter into the spirit of the time and benefit mankind. The shivering match-seller at the corner of the street even wore a smile, ghostly though it might be.

The shabby figure of Paul passed on through it all, and entered a restaurant, and sat down at one of the tables.

"The last time," he muttered. "Why should I not go out of life like a philosopher, and let the wine that has helped me on the downward road bring a smile to my lips and a warmth to my limbs? The last time!"

The waiter looked at him dubiously, yet brought all he ordered. But the man could not eat; he thrust the food aside after a while and drank the wine eagerly.

Then he paid his reckoning, and went out again into the darkness.

He found his way to Waterloo Bridge, and stood there, looking over the parapet into the light-flecked water beneath him. How solemnly it ran along there, while all the careless noise and mirth and traffic rolled on above.

He shuddered and turned away in the direction of Lambeth, walking on listlessly and aimlessly, with a certain dimly triumphant feeling upon him that it was all nothing to him—that he had done with it.

Almost unconsciously, he noticed the figure of a child going on slowly before him—a small and lonely figure—a girl, of some seven years of age, clad in an old and worn frock. He noticed, too, with the wondering eye of a musician, that the little one carried, tucked under her arm, a small-sized violin.

It was a very steady little figure, with some evident purpose in its mind, although it walked with a strange shrinking timidity, as though unused to the streets.

With a new feeling of curiosity in his mind, he found himself following the child; he completely forgot that there had been a fixed intention in his mind to visit the large public house which stands at the corner of the road at the end of the bridge. The child went on and Paul Dargan followed.

Presently she stopped in the roadway outside a public house, and began in a very clumsy, childish fashion to tune her instrument.

A few people stopped in surprise, and Paul, drawing nearer, saw the child's face by the light of the street lamp above her.

Such a face, with great, grave, innocent eyes, and a tender little mouth that was just now quivering and nervous. The child's bright hair had escaped in clustering profusion over her shoulders.

Some old memory must have been stirred in the man's breast by the sight of the childish face; he put his thin hand up for a moment and covered his eyes. Then he looked again at the little figure with eager attention.

The crowd that had gathered was a very silent one. They looked at the child half in awe and wonder, half in unspoken admiration.

She tucked the violin under her little, soft chin, and drew the bow across the strings, and began to sing in a pretty childish treble a quaint little nursery ballad about her dolly.

It was the sweetest, rarest little song, rising and falling in that quavering voice. Paul Dargan felt a lump in his throat and a mist gathering in his eyes as he listened; he felt that he was a viler creature even than he had pictured himself, and that heaven was further away.

Suddenly, without a word of warning, the violin ceased, the song died away; the child bent her curly head and burst into an agony of weeping. She had kept up bravely enough, but the loneliness, the terror, the strangeness of standing in the midst of this crowd of people was too much for her.

In an instant a rough woman standing there with a shawl over her head, was down on her knees in the bare roadway, soothing the child with rough but gentle words—words that had the accent which, coarse or fine, is the tenderest of any among the tongues of men.

"I—I can't sing any more," sobbed the child. "I—I thought it would be all so easy. I saw a woman do it the other day, and people gave her money. Sis wanted money badly, and I crept out and thought that I would earn some, and tell her that Santa Claus had sent it in the night."

She stopped in awe and wonder and glanced up. A man who had stood beside them and heard the words had picked up the little violin and played upon its strings with the touch of a master hand, the while his voice rang out in the words of an old familiar song, in tones as pure and true as they had ever rung out years before in the houses of the rich and great, when all the world was beginning to talk of him.

The solitary, hopeless man, wrecked and forlorn, sang and played for this baby as he had never sung and played when men flattered him and gave him their gold. And there was a light upon the face he raised to the quiet stars which it had not worn for years.

The song died away at last and they pressed about him—rough men and women though they were—with many an awkward compliment, and with the coins ready in their palms. He collected it all together and tied it in the little one's handkerchief and handed it to her.

"Tell me where you come from, my little singer," he said, "and let me take you home. You are a brave little lassie, and you may give all this to Sis, and have a merry Christmas after all."

The child put her hands confidingly in his and looked up into his face.

"Yes—take me home, please, and let me tell Sis that you sang for me, and got in all the money, and helped me. Sis will be glad."

"I don't think that I did much, little one," he replied. "But did you come out all alone, without telling any one?"

"Yes. I don't think that Sis would have let me come if I had told her. But I have seen her crying often and often, because she has no money, and because we are so hungry."

"Poor little mite!" he murmured, and walked on by her side thoughtfully.

"This is our street," she said, presently, when they had walked some distance in silence.

At the same moment a figure came hurrying towards them—the figure of a young woman. She caught sight of the child and suddenly stooped down and took her in her arms.

"Oh! Baby, dear—where have you been? I have wandered about like a mad woman, scarcely knowing what had happened, or what had become of you. Where have you been?"

Baby told her story, and then turned towards Paul Dargan, who had stood perfectly still, like a man turned to stone.

"And this good, kind gentleman," added Baby, "sang to the people when I broke down, and got such a lot of money and gave it all to me. Won't you thank him, Sis?"

"I am sure, sir," began the girl. And then broke off hurriedly and took a step towards Paul and looked at him eagerly. "Mr. Dargan?" she exclaimed.

"I did not think, Miss Mayne," he replied in a low voice, "that the little one was bringing me to you. If—if I have been—of any service—I am glad. But I do not understand."

"We cannot talk in the street, Mr. Dargan. Will you come in with us for a few minutes?"

She turned as she spoke, with one arm about the child, and walked down the quiet little street. Paul having the violin under his arm, could do nothing but follow.

It was a poor room indeed into which they went, and the girls seemed distressed that he should find them in such straits.

"When last you saw us, Mr. Dargan," she said, slowly, "all things were different; the world smiled upon us. But my father failed suddenly—lost everything he had in the world and died soon after. My mother is dead, too. Baby and I have struggled on as best we could. I have been able to secure a little needlework sometimes. I don't think you saw much of Baby in the old days, Mr. Dargan. She is my only sister, and was most probably in the nursery."

"No, I don't think I saw her," he replied.

"You, too, have suffered reverses?" she asked, timidly.

"Of, my own making—yes. Life lost its sweetness for me four years ago. I have been drifting since. This night was to have been my last. Baby stopped me."

"Why should life have lost its sweetness?" she asked, softly, turning her shining eyes upon him.

HE TOOK THE LITTLE HAND IN HIS.

"Because I dreamed a dream—a hopeless dream, because I aspired to a woman who was far above me as the stars."

"But no woman is ever above a good man, Mr. Dargan. Custom binds her tongue and seals her lips. Mr. Dargan, we are both in the same boat now, with all the hard world before us, and the current is strong and I"—

"Grace, sweet Grace, will you take my broken life—will you help me to mould it to something better—will you let us pull down the stream in the same boat together, dear love?"

His arms were about her—the light of a love that she had tried to crush down was in her eyes, and as she raised her face to his, he read her answer there even before she spoke.

"Dear Paul, I would have done so long since if you had asked me."

I was certainly the merriest little Christmas dinner to which three hungry people ever sat down that following day. They were shabby people but they were happy, and their hearts were light and their hopes high.

"And I am to live with you when you get married?" Baby asked.

"Yes," said Paul, laughing happily. "But upon one condition only—that you never go busking again."

"Busking—what's that?" asked the child, opening her big eyes in perplexity.

"You were busking last night, Baby," said Paul. He took the little hand in his and raised it to his lips. "And I thank the God of Christmastide for it, little one. Some day you will know and understand why I say so. God bless you, Baby Busking."—Illustrated Bits.

CHRISTMAS CANDY.

How Many Home-Made Sweets May Be Easily Produced.

Uncooked "fondant," or cream, as it is popularly termed, forms the foundation for an almost endless variety of home-made candy, and it is easily and quickly prepared. Confectioners' sugar is the best material to use, but very satisfactory results can be achieved with ordinary powdered sugar. Sift a quantity of powdered sugar on a smooth board, making it as nearly cone shaped as possible. Into a well in the centre put a little cold water, work in sugar till the water is absorbed, then add water a little at a time till a smooth, stiff paste is formed. From this fondant, using different colors and flavors, a great variety of candy can be produced.

Lemon Creams—Work the sifted sugar to a paste with lemon juice, and add a little of the grated rind. Roll into balls and flatten, then dry.

Cream Walnuts and Dates—Cut a roll of the fondant into sections, roll each into a ball, and press half a walnut meat on either side. Place on oiled paper to harden. Halve dates, remove the stones, roll each half in a piece of fondant, then in granulated sugar.

Chocolate Creams—Make the fondant of equal parts of the whites of eggs and milk; roll portions into small balls and drop them one at a time into melted chocolate. Take them out with a fork placed underneath, let drain, then drop on oiled paper.

Lozenges—Flavor portions of the fondant with essence of wintergreen, peppermint or cinnamon, dust a board with sugar, roll the fondant thin and cut with the top of a salt bottle.

Crystalized Popcorn—Boil a teacupful of granulated sugar, three tablespoonfuls of water and one tablespoonful of butter. When a hard ball can be formed of a little dropped in cold water, throw in three quarts of nicely popped corn and stir briskly till each kernel is well coated.

Butternut Balls—Chop butternut meats very fine, add a little of your favorite spice. Make a frosting as if for cake, thicken it with the chopped nuts till it can be handled. Rub the hands with a very little butter, roll the paste into little balls and put them on buttered tins allowing space for spreading.

Crystalized Nuts—Lay the nut meats in the beaten whites of eggs, stir and drain, beat what is left in the dish and what drains from them, and pour it over the nuts. Roll each one in powdered sugar and dry in a cool oven.

Sugar Drops—Measure out five drops of essence of peppermint and cream tartar the size of a pea. When a teacupful of granulated sugar and two tablespoonsful of water have boiled five minutes, stir in the peppermint and cream tartar, first taking the kettle from the fire. Beat briskly till the mixture whitens, then drop on oiled paper. To make wintergreen drops, flavor with essence of wintergreen and color with cochineal; for rose use eight drops of rose extract and tint with a little cochineal.

White Candy—Boil together two teacupsful of granulated sugar, one teacupful of water and one tablespoon of vinegar until a little dropped in ice cold water becomes brittle. Pour it into buttered tins and when cool enough to handle pull, working in a little vanilla. Form into sticks, and before they are cold cut into sections with a sharp knife.

Wrap these bonbons separately in different colors of tissue paper. Line some pretty boxes with fringed tissue paper and tie about each box a band of narrow ribbon with bow.

Arriving at a Conclusion.

Willie Slimson—"Mamma, does Santa Claus get in his sleigh on Christmas Eve and drive around to all the houses of the little boys and girls?"

Mrs. Slimson—"Yes, dear."

Willie—"And does he stop at each chimney as he goes along, and leave just the right things?"

Mrs. Slimson—"Yes, dear."

Willie—"He must be pretty quick to visit all the little boys and girls in one night."

Mrs. Slimson—"He is, dear."

Willie (thoughtfully)—"I don't believe he does it that way."

Mrs. Slimson—"How do you think he does it?"

Willie—"I think he plans ahead and does some of the work beforehand."

Mrs. Slimson—"What makes you think so?"

Willie—"Well, I notice that he's got all my presents put away in one of the closets, already."

Where He Would Like It.

Small Boy (teasing)—"Say, papa, what you going to give me for Christmas?"

Papa—"If you don't quit bothering me I'll give you a whipping."

S. B.—"All right, pop; put it in my stocking, won't you?"

STATE CHRONICLES.

Interesting Happenings Throughout Alabama.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Notes of Industrial Progress—What Is Going on Among the People of Our Neighboring Towns and Cities—An Interesting Budget of Important Events.

BERRY STATION—ROBBERY.

A train robbery occurred Thursday night about 7 o'clock between Berry and Bankston Stations, in Fayette County, on the Southern Railway.

The robbery was done by two men well masked, and they were evidently experts in the business, though from all reports they did not get much booty for their trouble.

The train held up was No. 85, westbound, which was pulled by Engineer Graham Jones and in charge of Conductor T. A. Slaughter. The train was flagged down with a lantern, and the stop was made on a trestle. It was between 7 and 7:20 o'clock, and the clouds made it a little dark. One man climbed up on the engine and covered the engineer and fireman with pistols. He was stern in his demands.

The other robber got on the baggage and express car and began work on battering down the door. He was assisted a few moments later by the other robber and the engineer, who thought it best to help rather than to die, the orders from the robber being in that tenure.

The inside of the baggage car was reached and Express and Baggage Messenger A. L. Buffington was ordered to throw up his hands and all would be well. It was reported that one of the safes in the car was smashed open, and that the robbers got a little for their trouble and then made off.

The country where the robbery took place is hilly. The robbers evidently had planned the attack for some time, for it was not done, judging from the information, in a bungling manner. On a trestle the train is said to have stopped, which kept the people in the cars from going to the assistance of the men in the head of the train. The robbers could soon lose themselves in the country, and, having three or four hours the start, are liable to have left the State and gotten down in the neighborhood of Mississippi, and in the haunts that the once famous Rube Burrows knew so well.

BIRMINGHAM—IRON.

A shipment of eighty car loads of Birmingham pig iron to Savannah, there to be forwarded by steamer to Genoa, Italy, has just been made. The sale of Alabama pig iron in large quantities to foreign buyers has become such a common thing that nobody is now surprised when sales are made, and little attention is paid by the public to any except to those of some magnitude. It is said that a large number of foreign orders are about to be closed for Birmingham iron, and that shipments promise to be heavier within the next thirty days than ever before.

ASHLAND—ASSASSINATION.

While John J. Thornton, one of the editors of the Clay County Advance, was sitting in front of his hearthstone surrounded by his family, some one shot him in the back of the head through a window, out of the darkness. The entire top of his head was torn off and death was instantaneous.

Thornton, at the request of his mother, had just taken up his mandolin to make some music. He played the "Last Serenade" very sweetly, when just as the last notes of the music died out the fatal shot was fired and the player fell forward a corpse at his mother's feet.

HUNTSVILLE—GOLD.

It has been a long time since as much yellow money has been in circulation in this place as was seen to-day. Yesterday over $6,000 in gold was carried in one package from the banking house of W. R. Rison & Co. to the Dallas Mill and paid out to the operatives.

Charles Winright, who has been in the North as immigration agent for the Chamber of Commerce, returned last night, bringing with him four families. He says an excursion will be run here from that section early in January.

SELMA—A KILLING.

Allen Coleman, a wealthy farmer, was shot and instantly killed Thursday evening by West Etheridge. The two men had been enemies for some time, and Etheridge has been tried on charges of burning the gin house of Coleman. Both men were on their way from town, and as Etheridge passed Coleman's buggy he fired at Coleman with a shotgun the entire load of buckshot taking effect in the back of the head. Coleman was unarmed. Etheridge disappeared.

JAPAN MIXED IN IT.

Madrid, Spain.—La Pais asserts that it has been definitely proven that Japan has landed men and munitions of war upon the Phillipine Islands, and that Phillipine rebels are commanded by Japanese officers. Two more battalions of troops have sailed for Manila.

It is usually a man who has a head like a cork who gets along best in the swim.

TREND OF TRADE.

Bradstreet and Dun Report Business Generally Dull.

A GOOD HOLIDAY TRADE.

But Only in Staples, Such as Candy, Nuts, Fruit and Groceries—Prices Still Continue Downward—Demand for Cloths Far Below the Increased Production.

New York, N. Y.—Wholesale trade continues of smaller volume than was expected, practically the only activity in wholesale lines being in groceries, candies, fruits and nuts, says Bradstreet's for last week.

The weather has interferred with seasonable business, which at many centers is smaller than in preceding years, in that a larger proportion of purchases are of a cheap grade. There is a decrease in demand at Atlanta and Seattle, but at Nashville, Sioux Falls, Savannah and Jacksonville jobbing lines remain quiet and unchanged, with retailers of holiday goods experiencing the only activity.

The downward tendency of prices pointed out a fortnight ago is continued. This includes quotations for hides, which caused boot and shoe jobbers to restrict purchases, anticipating cuts in prices for shoes; steel rails with a drop of $3.00 a ton owing to the dissolution of the pool; steel billets with a drop of $3.25 on the failure of the combination and Bessemer pig iron owing to the general tendency of iron and steel. Cotton, too, is lower on confidence in a larger crop than was expected; print cloth as product of that staple, and because of the large stock of the same; anthracite coal, Indian corn, oats and petroleum. Steady or practically unchanged quotations are reported for pork, lard, coffee and sugar. Wheat and resin are higher. At the South the decline in the price of raw cotton may affect country merchants who are still carrying that staple. An increased wheat acreage is reported from California.

Total bank clearings for the week have not changed materially, increasing only about 2 per cent. compared with last week. When contrasted with the corresponding period last year this week's total shows a falling off of 9 per cent.

There are 359 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, twenty-two fewer than last week and twenty-six less than in the corresponding week one year ago.

R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade say:

Cuban reports, unusual closeness of money in Germany and the decision that there will be no action on the tariff this session have not really changed the situation, but have been talked about as if they might change it. The holiday trade is generally large, though at some points more confined to cheap goods than usual, and the influence of the increase in the working force is felt in other ways. Put until the new year the only material changes expected are such as prepare for a large business next year. In the iron and steel industry these appear of the utmost importance.

Exports of cotton are naturally stimulated by lower prices and with forced liquidation of important speculative operations cotton has declined to 7.12c., recovering to 7.19c. July 15 the price was 7.06c.; short crop stories raised it to 8.87c. September 10, and it has now gone back about to the starting point. Receipts from plantations continue heavy, while commercial stocks here and abroad are only about as large as a year ago, when the movement had been 1,100,000 bales less. The demand for goods in this country falls below the increased production, and the market is weak in tone, with prices of some jobbers' bleached goods sharply reduced. Speculation in wool has halted.

The control of the mountain iron of Messabi mine has been leased for fifty years or purchased by the Carnegie interest from Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, the ore to be shipped by his new steamship line on the lakes and by the new railway which the Carnegie Company is building to Lake Erie. This, with the erection of sixteen new open hearth furnaces, making thirty-six, insures an enormous increase of product at extreme low cost, and will affect all combinations in steel products or in ore. The billet pool has practically dissolved, and sales are reported at $16 to $17, the contracts to supply consumers through most of the while of next year. The beam pool has revived and restored the price to $1.55, but nails and steel bars are a shade lower. The Rail Association has been in session, and our Philadelphia dispatch states that rails are sold at $25, against $28 so long maintained. Bessemer pig and gray forge are a shade lower at Pittsburg, Virginia and Alabama irons are offered 25 cents lower at the East, and with much uncertainty regarding great changes in progress; very little is done in finished products, and generally at concessions. A sale of 3,000,000 pounds of lake copper is reported at 11½ cents. Coke tracts reported at $150.

Failures for the week have been 387 in the United States, against 377 last year, and 41 in Canada, against 32 last year.

Pie tastes just as good off a shingle to a hungry boy.

Welcome is preferable to custard for dinner.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's right maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

CONGRESS adjourned Tuesday until January 5.

PROSPERITY seems to be coming with a rush. Several heavy bank failures are reported this week.

WE have been glad to notice that all our merchants have been doing a fine holiday business.

HON. W. J. BRYAN lectured to a large audience last night in Atlanta. This is a special lecture and not one of the series of fifty lectures he is to make and for which he is to receive $50,000.

GOVERNOR Johnston has appointed Mr. Claughton of Verbena one of the watchman at the capital. Before the Legislature adjourned a resolution was passed that the watchman shall hereafter wear grey uniforms, and be invested with police powers.

THE removal of the old courthouse completely alters the appearance of Clanton. It is to be hoped now that some attention will be paid to putting our streets in better condition. Corporation or no corporation the streets certainly need some attention.

OUR Congressman, Hon. William F. Aldrich, has distributed throughout his District, over one thousand copies of the "Year Book" of the Department of Agriculture of the United States, and has, by an extra effort, so we are informad, secured some additional copies, which will be forwarded to those who make application for them. Those of our readers who have not received this book and are desirous of obtaining a valuable work, should write to Congressman W. F. Aldrich, care House of Represetatives, Washington, D. C., at once.

THE following contests for seats in the fifty-fifth congress have been filed to-wit: Thomas H. Clark vs. J. F. Stallings, in the second district; G. L. Comer vs. H. D. Clayton, in the third district; W. F. Aldrich vs. T. S. Plowman, in the fourth; A. T. Goodwyn vs. Willis Brewer, in the fifth; and Oscar R. Hundley vs. Joseph Wheeler in the eight. By the time the investigation of the frauds practiced in all these districts shall be fully ventilated the committee on privileges and elections will be ready to say that the other democrats holding certificates ought to be kicked out on general principles. These contests, with the twenty others from the south, appeal to congress for the enactment of a law to govern federal elections. The only reason that the first and ninth districts are not represented by contestents is likely for some other reason than that the friends of the democratic candidate did not steal more than all the votes comprised in the majority returned for them. The indications are that Dr. G. B. Crowe will contest in the ninth.—Monitor.

LAST Thursday in Congress Mr. William F. Aldrich submitted the following Resolution, and it was referred to the committee on rules and ordered to be printed.

Resolved, That it shall be in order immediately after the approval of the Sournal on the morning of sixth day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, to take up Senate bill numbered twenty-four hundred and sixty-one, entitled, "An act to grant lands to the States of Alabama for the use of the Industrial School for Girls of Alabama and of the Tuskegee Normal Industrial Institute," and consider the same in the House as in the Committee of the whole until the same shall be disposed of.

Congressman William F. Aldrich of the fourth district of Alabama beecame well known in the last session of congress, not only for having made a successful contest for his seat against Gaston A. Robbins, the democratic member from that district, but by a financial bill which would, in the opinion of very many, be a solution of the financial troubles which now assail the country, and in passing we might remark that they have not been settled by the last election as some fondly hoped they would be.

Mr. Aldrich has introduced a bill to require contestees in contested election cases to give bond to the United States, and in reply to a question propounded to him by the correspondent of the Journal, concerning his object and motive in so doing, he said:

"The bill you speak of is an attempt to prevent frivolous coutested election cases coming before Congress for senttlement. As the law now stands, and as the practice of congress has been, the returned member retains his seat often until the last few weeks of the second session of his term. The contestee therefore receives nearly $10,000 in salary and allowances for mileage and stationary amounting to perhaps $1,000 more, and the same salary and allowances are paid the contestant when seated, thus burdening the United States with double expenses for the same services. In addition to this great injustice, it offers a premium for fraudulent election certificates."

"Mr. Aldrich, do you think your bill, if it becomes a law, would result in limiting the number of contested election cases?"

"Yes, I think so. There were 33 contests in the present house, some of which have not yet been settled, and the expenses to the government because of them could not have been less than $250,000. About one-half of this expense would be saved if this proposed bill should beome a law. I do not contemplate depriving either the contestant or the contestee of the allowance for making the contest, as that would probably operate in some cases to prevent a poor man from contesting a just cause. I am confident that if this bill was in effect the certificate would be given to the member really elected, as the premium now offered by the government for fraudulent election certificates would not be in operation."—Montgomery Journal.

Representative Aldrich, of the fourth Congressional district of Alabama, will contest the election of Representative-elect Plowman, and served notice of contest Saturday. Mr. Aldrich says that although elected to Congress by over 3,000 majority he was deprived of the certificate through fraud and ballot-box stuffing.—Silver Knight.

Hon. Thomas Watson, of Georgia, recently Populist candidate for Vice-president, will appear before the committee on elections January 8 to contest the title to the seat now held by Judge Black in the House. Judge Black was elected to this Congress over Mr. Watson, but the Populist candidate charged that the election was procured by fraud, so Judge Black resigned and was re-elected in a special election held October 2, 1895, by a majority of 1,500. Mr. Watson contends that the second election was also secured by fraud. —Silver Knight.

A MERRY XMAS to you all.

Your Vitality?

The essence of life is force. Every breath you breathe, every heart beat, every motion of your hand, takes force. The measure of force we call vitality. If this is lacking, there is loss of flesh, lack of resistive power, a tendency to catch disease easily, especially a tendency to Consumption. For low vitality nothing is better than Scott's Emulsion. It supplies force by furnishing the nourishing, strengthening elements of food in an easily digested form; enriches the blood, and builds up the system. When ordinary food is of no avail, Scott's Emulsion will supply the body with all the vital elements of life.

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00. All druggists.

If you will ask for it we will send you a book telling you all about Scott's Emulsion. Free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

Political Pointers.

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 22, 1896.

The fight against the Trusts is on. A few years ago the man who dwelt at length on this growing evil was called a Populist, a "calamity howler," but open beneficiary of some sort of a trust and every newspaper except the trust organs agree that we must, in some way, stay the growth of this octopus that threatens to strangle the farmer and the small tradesman. The hardest part of any work is done when public sentiment is aroused in regard to it. In this, as in nearly all reform work the People's party press has had to take the initiative, do much hard work and get but meagre thanks. If the good work but go on, however, there is small complaint made.

A lecture on "Trusts, Their Benefits and Evils," was recently delivered at the First Congregational church, in Kansas City, Mo., by a wealthy and well known Judge. His summary of the local injury from the coal trusts of Missouri and Kansas and the abuses of the gas and fire insurance companies received hearty applause, and the Commonwealth Club, T. E. Palmer, President, will take up the question with the intention of pushing legislation.

Governor-elect Rogers, of Washington, has issued a pamphlet in which he takes the ground that the homestead should not be taxed and proposes an amendment to the State Constitution to that effect.

The Supreme Court has decided against Bhapman, the representative of S. Pierpont Morgan, in the financial scandal of Cleveland's bond-issues, thus making it possible to arrest Morgan, Belmont, Stetson et al.

An Inter-National Hypothecated Bank has been started in Chicago with a capital of $10,000,000. Branches are to be established at Paric, London, Berlin and Busterdam.

Senator Allen has been out-Heroding Herod by calling up the Dingley Bill and forcing the Republican Senators to show their hands. He has also been giving Grandma Hoar a good rating. These things may not be entirely in accord with that senatorial courtesy and dignity of which we hear much and see little, but it shows the Republican Senators that they have men to deal with. It may also serve to stop the insane attacks upon the west that have grown to be all too frequent. Mr. Allen defended his State and others from the charge of repudiation and class legislation. The character of the Western people he not only vindicated but entered counter-charges against the old Bay state that her history renders irrefutable. A few more such plain talks and perhaps even the obtuse and narrow-minded Senator from Massachusetts may learn that it is a good idea to let a western man alone, in time to avert the catastrophe that must have prompted some wise man to write "Beware of the wrath of the patient man." Mr. Allen has also offered a bill to have a senatorial committee of nine on "the use of money in elections."

Among the many good things to be done by the Kansas legislature, which all the world knows is Populist, are the following: Enlarge the power of the railroad commissions, abolish the board of pardons and create a pardon clerk, enlarge the asylums for the insane, diminish the number of state boards by consolidation, and reduce the number of state house clerks. The proposed holding of a conststutional convention in that state is causing much agitation. Senater Peffer seems to be, at this writing, in the lead in the senatorial race. The Kansas Farmer's Alliance, which once numbered 107,000 members, has now but 1,000 and threatens to disband at its next meeting.

The Populist Territorial Committee has been called together for January 11th, the day preceding the convening of the Legislature at Guthrie, Oklahoma.

The Silver Clubs of Kansas, have been called to meet at Topeka, January 12. 1897.

A National Bureau of volunteer reform speakers has been established in St. Louis. Some five thousand speakers will be sent into the field.

Hon. Thos. Watson will appear before the Committee on Elections on January 8, to contest the title to the seat now held by Judge Black.

The electoral vote of California has been tabulated and shows as follows: Republican 146,588; Fusion 44,766; Prohibition 2,573.

The First National bank, of Hollidayburg, Pennsylvania, one of the original fifty licensed, has closed its doors, alleging as the reason; the great run made upon it during the last thirty days. Some bank failure is daily announced in the same papers that a short time since were predicting such disaster if Bryan was elected. We find no editorial comment.

At the meeting of the American Bimetallic Union at Washington, D. C., it was determined to form all Silver organizations into one great Union as a nucleus for a "New Party."

The republicans are offering to put a prohibitive tax on silver and lead ores and wool, on condition that the bolters come into party-caucus. An agreement to unite, on part of the democrats, Populists and silver republicans will prevent, by seven votes, the republicans from carrying any measure.

A. R.

THE SOUTH IN 1895.

In order to understand and to appreciate the great progress and growth of the South in the year 1895, it is necessary to glance at the condition of this country soon after the close of the civil war. From the Ohio river south to the Mexican Gulf, from the Atlantic west to the tractless prairies of Texas was a scene of a fair and beautiful country laid waste by the cruel hands of war.

When we contemplate this South of twenty years ago—a country abounding in sad desolation, its people impoverished and stricken by a disastrous war, and then look at the marvelous achievements, business progress, and general prosperity of this South of 1895, it seems as wonderful as the tale of Aladdins Lamp.

In the record of the year 1895, prominent and far reaching in its results was the Atlanta Exposition. This display of Southern products, wealth and enterprise to the world will bear its greatest fruits not in heavy investments of Northern capital or in the inflow of thousands of the people of the South to their own opportunities and in the stimulation to greater activities by seeing the work Atlanta has accomplished.

Its influence will, however, be felt upon the entire country, broadening the patriotism of the American people and bringing the different parts of this country into greater harmony and closer business relations with one another.

During the year 1895, the revival of the business has put into operation many furnaces and made the rate of out-put of both coal and iron at the close of the year greater than at any former time in the history of the South. The making of steel from Southern iron is yet in its infancy, but its possibilities have been demonstrated beyond doubt. Heavy sales of basic iron have been made to steel-making concerns of the North, and now a large number of plants are being started up in the South.

The year 1895 was again made memorable in Southern progress, when the government awarded to a Southern ship-building industry a contract for two great battle ships to cost $4,500,000. This same company has now under contract for the government eight vessels, the aggregate of construction of which will be nearly $7,000,000. The influence of this will materially affect the whole South. That a Southern firm underbid the great ship builders of Philadelphia and San Fransisco by nearly half a million on each vessel indicates the growth of the manufacturing interest of the South.

The greatest industrial development in the South, and the industry which will bring more wealth than even coal and iron combined is the great activity in cotton manufacturing. Ten years ago the manufacturing business was lucrative almost any where. New England and British cotton mills could afford to pay for the transportation of cotton 1000 or 3000 miles, to buy high priced coal, to pay exorbitant taxes, and still realize good profits.

But great enconomical changes have now taken place so that the country or section of country which has the greatest manutacturing advantages will command the commerce of the world.

The South has a monopoly in cotton productions, and has unparalleled facilities for cotton manufacturing as was shown during the hard times of the last few years, and is beginning to attract Northern and Southern capitalist.

Cotton mills are going up all over the South. New England millmen are seeking to find more inviting locations in Southern fields.

Another noticeable feature is now the remarkable Southern trend of population. The development of counties seem to go by tidal waves of population. The West has to a great extent been taken possession of, and people are looking for a new Eldorado. It is to the South that the world's attention is now being drawn. The barriers that have kept people away are now being broken down. Southern ports are being opened to ocean commerce, and the South has entered the field of competition for Western transportation. The results of this Western and Southern business relation can hardly be measured.

Railroads will traverse this section from all directions, leading to Southern ports. Immigration will be greatly facilitated, manufacturing and agricultural interests will be assisted, and there will soon be seen a creation of wealth greater than that of the North-west during the days of the great Western movement.

These may seem the views of an enthusiast, and some may say that they have not felt these great industrial movements that have been going on in the South for the last few years; but nevertheless the movements are in progress.

The year 1895 will be a great epoch in the business history of the South.

The sun that went down in defeat behind the smoking heights of Gettysburg has risen again in a clearer sky, to shine with added lustre and ever increasing brilliancy.

The cry "go West young man" is no longer heard. The star empire is moving southward. In the language of Depew, "The young men of the South have no need to seek their fortunes in the crowded cities of the North. At their own doors and within their own States are their missions and careers." Many years surpassig in grandeur of results and brilliancy of execution the year 1895, a year of glorious movements, are destined to come to our Southern homes. The prophet's eye cannot foresee the splendid conditions that Providence has in store for us, if we are only true to ourselves and our highest interests.

WALTER KENDRICK

Burwell, Ala.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trial Bottles at J. S. Johnson, Jr. Drug Store.

L. & N. Change of Schedule.

To go into effect December 20

Train No			
2	arv	Clanton	9:54 a.m
3	"	"	5:59 p.m
4	"	"	10 35 p.m
9	"	"	7:43 a.m
10	"	"	5:26 p m

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The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

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Do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and think you can get the best made, finest finish and MOST POPULAR SEWING MACHINE for a mere song. Buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the NEW HOME.

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CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
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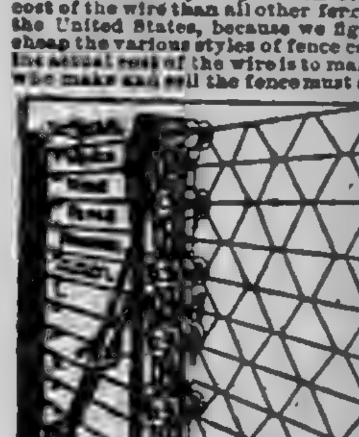
Clanton, Ala.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire Fence on earth, horse high, bull strong, pig and chicken tight, for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer and with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 400,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 76,800 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories in the United States would not equal this. One cent isn't much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our Large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 1062, Ridgeville, Indiana.



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such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

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For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
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Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

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And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

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Has the Finest Line of

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To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

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You've got to use heavy ammunition when you fight such a malignant enemy as SCROFULA. There is nothing that will rout this disease like V. V. V.—the wonderful blood purifier and family remedy. It drives out all impurities and taints—whether hereditary or not—making the blood pure and healthy and the whole body strong and vigorous. V. V. V. is a specific for all blood and skin diseases, as well as rheumatism, catarrh, liver and kidney complaints, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

HABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in ..., second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6 cents.

Bales received to-date:

Sampey	1846
Mullins	981
Wilson	448
	3275

If you want a Piano or Organ we can sell you one at a low figure and on easy terms. THE BANNER, Clanton

Mr. Leroy Watts spent Tuesday in Montgomery on business.

Mr. R. Ehrman was in Clanton Sunday night when he received a telegram from Birmingham stating that his dwelling had been destroyed by fire, but later he received another saying that it had been only scorched. We are glad no further damage was done.

Miss Iona Smith, of Ehrman's mill, left Monday to spend the Xmas holidays in Birmingham and Cedartown, Georgia. We wish that Miss Smith may spend a merry Xmas.

Mr. Lee Watts went to Montgomery Tuesday.

Mrs. Merritt was in Montgomery the first of the week.

Dr. W. E. Stewart went to Birmingham Monday after his mother who has been quite sick, but we are glad to say is some better.

Mr. J. F. McKee went to Montgomery this week.

Mr. W. H. Wright was in Birmingham last Monday.

The old reliable Capital City Insurance Company of Montgomery is represented in Clanton by W. L. Sampey.

WANTED 1000 cross-ties. Apply to G. H. GREEN, Clanton.

Mr. Pate Wilson went to Birmingham Monday on business.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons: Mr. T. G. Ellison and Miss S. A. Wilson; Mr. E. J. Frith and Miss Birdie Adams; Mr. Robert Leach and Miss Ida E. Langston; Mr. John M. Brantley and Miss Mary A. Gibson; Mr. George N. Honeycutt and Miss Fannie Burnett; Mr. Earnest M. Marcus and Miss Mary M. Cleckler; Mr. Newton A. Vinson and Miss Rebecca M. Driver; Mr. William T. Thames and Miss Melvinie E. Glasscock; Mr. James P. Grimes and Miss Louisa Patrick.

Colored. Robert Steel and Roxie Motts.

WANTED everyone to know we have taken possession of the Mimbs mill and will grind at any time. Someone in attendance all the time. We will accomodate you and will appreciate your patronage.
H. DRIVER & SON.

See W. L. Sampey about insuring your property against fire.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, who has been attending school at East Lake, is spending the Xmas holidays in Clanton.

Mr. Wm. McDaniel has removed to the Berry Wells place

Mr. Wm. Jones, of Thorsby, has removed to the house vacated by Mr. Wm. McDaniel.

Rev. W. E. Dennis, our new Methodist preacher, has moved to the parsonage.

Married yesterday at the residence of the bride's parents near Strasburg; Mr. George N. Honeycutt and Miss Fannie Burnett, Rev. L. B. Pounds performing the ceremony. Mr. Honeycutt is the eldest son of Judge Honeycutt and is highly respected and Miss Burnett is a charming and popular young lady. Their large circle of friends wish the the happy young couple a long and prospsrous life.

Mr. Thos. A. Curry is spending the Xmas holidays with friends at Furman in Wilcox county.

Mr. J. C. Dennis is enjoying the holidays with friends in Atlanta, Ga.

Great preparations are being made for the Xmas tree at the Baptist church.

Mr. William Smith of Coosa is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Smith here.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00

Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At all druggists

Subscribe for the BANNER!

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does

HEART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient becomes alarmed and a nervous panic takes place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Wineinger, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes: "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpitation, pain in my left side, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects, I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COITON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yar

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission, issued and addressed to the undersigned, by the Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date the 30th day of November 1896, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court House door of said county at Clanton, on

MONDAY DECEMBER 28, 1896,

all that certain real estate which is described as follows, viz.: The southeast fourth of the northeast fourth of section fourteen, and the north half of the southwest fourth and the southwest fourth of the southwest fourth of section thirteen, township twenty-three, range fifteen, in Chilton county, Alabama, which said land is to be sold under the decree of said court for the purpose of a division between and among the several owners thereof, the said property belonging to and being the property of the heirs at law of the estate of L. F. Marcus deceased.

H. I. HONEYCUTT, Commissioner.
Clanton, Ala., Dec. 2, 1896.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CLANTON, ALA.

Will practice in all the State and Federa Courts of Alabama.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pension Warrants in favor of Confederate Soldiers Widows for 1896 have been sent to me by the Auditor, and are now ready to be delivered. R. M. HONEYCUTT,

STRAYED on Nov. 16th, one black horse mule, medium size, tolerably old, thin in order. A liberal reward offered for the mule. Apply to Mrs. Sarah Mahan, 6 miles east of Stanton, Ala.

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

State Alliance Notice.

Dudleyville, Ala. Nov. 23, 1896

County Secretaries that have not received minutes of the last State meeting will receive them by dropping me a card notifying me of their failure to receive the same.

J. W. JACKSON,
State Secretary.

• • •

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

1000 WAYS TO CURE A COLD!

Quinine, aconite, hot tea, onion syrup, whiskey and quinine, rock candy and rye, a "sweat," foot bath, starvation feeding, wrapping your hose around your neck, cod liver oil, and old hundreds cough cure, these and over 900 other ways are used by the human race to cure a cold. The best way is to make CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER your daily companion and you will never catch cold

A man must be miserable indeed who is laid up with a bad Cold, Catarrh, Headache, unable to breathe without pain, his throat sore and his head throbbing, when one little product in the market called CUSHMAN'S INHALER will give him instant relief.

RELIEF EASY TO GET!

He may go on and on, sneeze his head off for that matter, sniffle and snort around to everybody's discomfiture. His eyes may become inflamed, his head and ears ache, and his throat so sore he can hardly swallow. Patient he must be to endure it all when for 50c. he can buy CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER and restore himself to his normal condition.

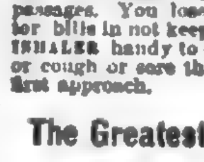
Cushman's Menthol Inhaler a Jewel!

A woman will sit around prostrated in nerves, feeling desperate over loss of sleep, head and eyes racked with pain, cold settled in every bone, so miserable that life seems a blank, but if she would make the marvelous little instrument known as CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER her daily companion, her headaches would come less frequent, she would never have a cold, and sore throat and catarrh would have no terrors.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD OR COUGH

Neglect a Cold or Cough and if La Grippe don't get you, Consumption will. CUSHMAN'S INHALER cures colds and all diseases of the breathway passages. You lose dollars in doctor bills in not keeping CUSHMAN'S INHALER handy to drive off a cold or cough or sore throat at its very first approach.

The Greatest Authority in the World.



DR. BROWNE.

DR. J. LENNOX BROWNE, F. R. C. S. Ed. Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, says: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal diseases, causing obstruction to the natural breathway, I prescribe CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER to the extent of hundreds per annum."

[Is not this recommendation sufficient that all who read may profit by it?]

Brings sleep to the sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless Imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. Write for book on Menthol and testimonials.

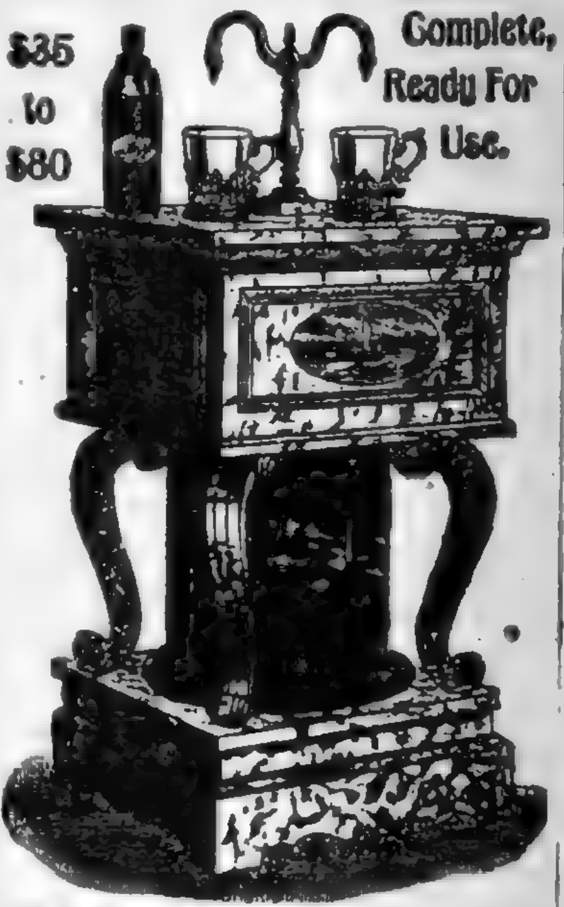
CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

★ PORTABLE ★

SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.



30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

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THE BENN PITMAN SYSTEM

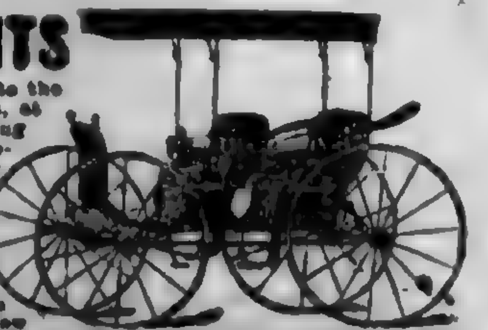
has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

THE PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE CO.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

No. 1 ... Surrey Harness, Price $16.50. As good as sells for $25.

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $35. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large Catalogue.



No. 725—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $60.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,668.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
December 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 23rd, 1897, viz.: Emmett W. Headley Homestead entry, No. 26,208, for the e½ of ne¼ section 20 tp 21 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.: Joseph Hayes, of Maplesville, Ala., Wiley Ramsey, of Lily, Ala., Simon Clark, of Maplesville, Ala., James Hayes, of Maplesville Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register

Final Proof Notice

Notice No. 18597.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Nov. 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 2nd, 1897, viz.: Marry Dennis, widow of Daniel B. Dennis, H. E. No. 23,671, for the s½ of Fraction (A), Fraction (B) of Section 25 Tp. 21 n R 16 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: William N. Pierce, James S. Jones, John L. Howard, Pinkney M Jones, all of Burwell, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

THE

WORLD ALMANAC AND ENCYCLOPEDIA

.... FOR ....

1897

It will answer any question you may ask it.

"The Standard American Annual."

NEARLY 600 PAGES, OVER 1,500 TOPICS TREATED.

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No American who wishes to know his country can be without it.

Ready Jan. 1, 1897.

THE WORLD,
Pulitzer Bldg.,
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THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—IS VIA THE—

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

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NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Subscribers receiving their paper with a blue cross (X) mark on it will understand their subscription has expired and will oblige by renewing. Kindly mention to your friends THE BANNER costs only One Dollar per year, or Fifty Cents for 6 months.

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE WINNERS:

CONOVER PIANOS

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGANS

WERE GIVEN

HIGHEST AWARDS

At the World's Exposition for excellent manufacture, quality, uniformity and volume of tone, elasticity of touch, artistic cases, materials and workmanship of highest grade.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIANOS AND ORGANS IN THE WORLD.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

$1.00 FOR YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.

... a letter covering these three points:

FIRST.—State how long you have known, or used, or sold "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine."

SECOND.—State diseases you have known it to cure and give the names of ... cured by it.

THIRD.—Give your opinion as to the difference between its strength and action, and the strength and action of the "Liver Regulator" made by J. H. Zeilin & Co., and the "Black Draught" made by Chattanooga Medicine Co; both of which have sold to dealers at 6 or 7 cents per package, net, and should retail at not over 10 or 13 cents, if consumers are not imposed upon, while our Original article cannot be sold at less than 25 cents per package, as we have too much regard for human life to use cheap drugs in any of our medicines. The reason is plain; Zeilin & Co. and the old proprietors of "Black Draught" were both enjoined from deceiving the public by using the words constituting our trade name; therefore, look out that some dealer (not knowing you are posted) don't sell you some cheap package at a profit of 300 or 400 per cent., instead of our Genuine "Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine," which you be sure to specify, and take no other, as there is nothing else like it.

On receipt of your letter enclosing photograph, we will mail you free of charge, a $1.00 package Liver Medicine, or on receipt of letter without photograph, we will mail you a 25 cent package, free.

See the ailments, caused by indispositions of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has invariably cured since 1840.

SICK HEADACHE.—PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—DROWSINESS.—IRRITABILITY.—INDIGESTION.—COLD FEET.—ENLARGEMENT OF LIVER & SPLEEN.—SLEEPLESSNESS.—LOW SPIRITS.—GENERAL LASSITUDE.—DULLNESS.—HEAVINESS.—TIRED FEELING.—SOUR STOMACH.—BAD TASTE IN MOUTH.—CONSTIPATED BOWELS.—SKIN & EYES YELLOW.—BILIOUSNESS.—LOSS OF STRENGTH & FLESH.—COATED TONGUE.—PAINS IN SIDE & UNDER SHOULDER BLADES.—FOUL BREATH.—SHIMMERING BEFORE THE EYES.—WEIGHT IN STOMACH AFTER EATING.—TORPID LIVER.—FLESH SOFT & FLABBY.—ACUTE & CHRONIC MALARIA.—BILE COMING UP IN MOUTH.—NERVOUS HEADACHES.—MEMORY CLOUDED & INDISTINCT.—WIND COLIC.—PILES, BY CURING CONSTIPATION PRODUCING IT.—KIDNEY DISEASES.—FULLNESS OF BLOOD IN HEAD.—NUMBNESS OF HANDS, ARMS & FEET.—BELCHING UP GAS.—BLOATING OF STOMACH AFTER FOOD IS TAKEN.—IRREGULAR APPETITE.—HEARTBURN.—DIMNESS OF VISION.—DIZZINESS UPON SUDDENLY GETTING UP.—SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS.—DISPONDENCY OF PREGNANT WOMEN.—NAUSEA BEFORE OR AFTER EATING.—VERTIGO.—YELLOW JAUNDICE.—DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION.—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—BAD COLDS.—BACKACHES SO COMMON TO MOTHERS.—FLATULENCY.—LOSS OF APPETITE.—PAINS & ACHES IN JOINTS.—CHILLY FEELINGS DOWN THE BACK.—LIMBS FEEL TOO HEAVY.—CRAMP COLIC.—SKIN DRY & HARSH.—BILIOUS FEVERS.—PALENESS.—WEAKNESS.—THINNESS.—DETESTATION OF FOOD.—SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT.—GENERAL DEBILITY.—FRETFULNESS OF TEETHING CHILDREN.—DYSPEPSIA.—NERVOUS DEPRESSION OF TIRED WOMEN.—UNPLEASANT DREAMS.—SPITTING UP OF FOOD AFTER EATING.—DIARRHEA OF CHILDREN, BY REMOVING THE CAUSE.—GNAWING SENSATIONS IN STOMACH.—PUFFINESS & DARK RINGS UNDER THE EYES.—THAT RESTLESS ... "OUT OF SORTS," NOT SICK AND NOT WELL FEELING, SO COMMON WITH OVER ... PEOPLE.—IT BUILDS UP WEAK & DEBILITATED MOTHERS AND FATHERS & ... CHILDREN, BY PERFECTLY REGULATING THE ACTION OF THE KIDNEYS, ... STOMACH & BOWELS, SO THAT ALL FOOD TAKEN IS NATURALLY ASSIMILATED.

... F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO., Props., ST. LOUIS, MO.

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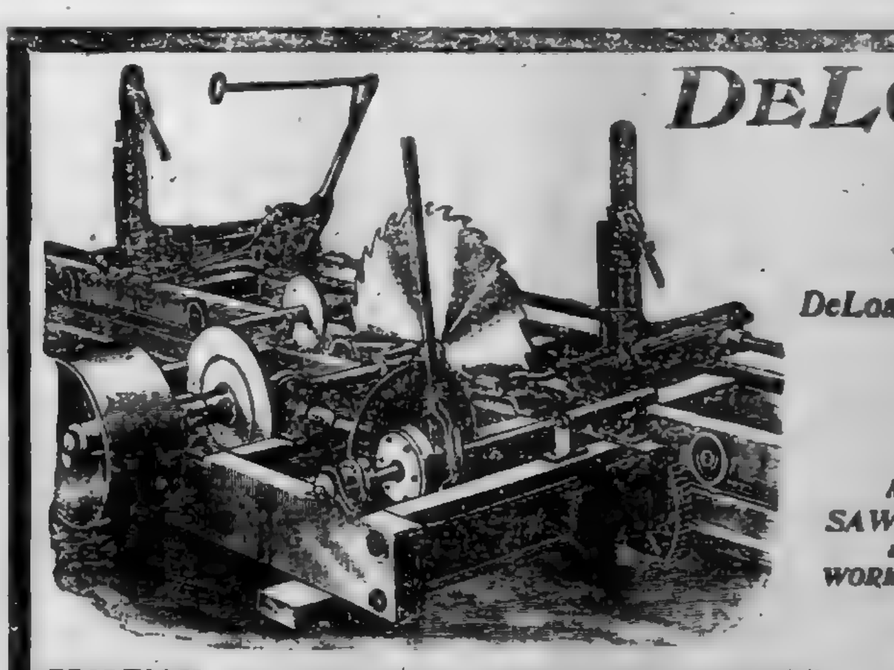
Variable Friction Feed Saw Mills,
Planers and Matchers,
DeLoach Corn and Flour Mills,
Turbine Water Wheels,
"Hungry Elephant" Baling Press,
Engines and Boilers.

MILL MACHINERY AND GEARING OF ALL KINDS.
SAW REPAIRING a specialty.
WORK GUARANTEED.



FRICTION causes nearly all the trouble in life, and more especially in machinery. Our *VARIABLE FRICTION* as applied to Saw Mills and Planers enables the operator to take just what he needs and no more. *Warranted* to yield a capacity twenty per cent. greater than the old style with same power.

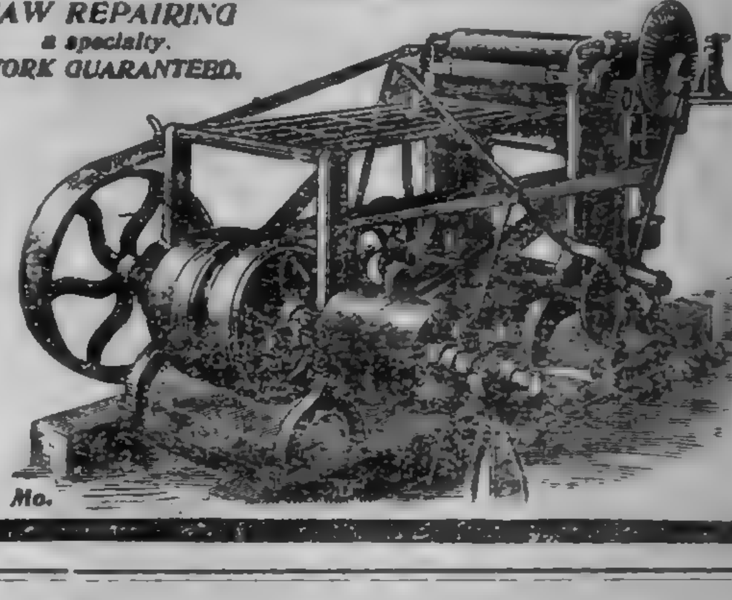
97 Saw Mills sold in one month proves its wonderful popularity, and they go to all parts of the world.

The DeLoach Variable Friction Feed Planer Matcher and Moulder beats them all

Write at once for large illustrated catalogue.

DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

165 Washington St., New York City, and 111 S. 11th St., St. Louis, Mo.



P. P. P.
P. P. P.
P. P. P.
Lippman's Great Remedy
Brings Help To All!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a NEW MAN.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the **Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age.** It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store,

"Noah," asked Captain Kidd, "I've always wanted to know one thing—did you only take two of every kind of creature on board the ark?" "As passengers, yes," said Noah; "but our steward had about four hundred chickens and lobsters in the ice-box for Sundays, just the same."—Burlington Hawkeye.

Milwaukee's legless man was married the other day. Leap year and he couldn't escape from the new woman.

Has Done Wonders.

CENTREVILLE, R. I., Sept. 27, 1891.
"On a recent journey to Alabama I have heard from a Jesuit Father of Mobile College some wonder of cures from eczema, etc., from the use of TETTERINE.
"I have several people of my congregation that are suffering from eczema, tetter, etc., for a number of years. Please send me two boxes by mail. I want to see what your TETTERINE will do for them. I enclose one dollar." Yours respectfully,
REV. C. P. GABOURY.
1 box by mail for 50c. in stamps
J. T. SHUPTRINE, Savannah, Ga.

Gibbon's massive history occupied over twenty years of his life. Compared with this, his other works are insignificant.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Mulhall, the noted statistician, spent over forty years in accumulating the material for his one volume of statistics.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Scott's Waverly Novels, upon which his fame now mainly rests, were all written between 1814 and 1825.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is not an imitation. It is original. The only soap that floats, contains Borax and is 100 per cent. pure. It is worthy of a trial. Every lady who tries it continues its use. Red wrapper.

Raphael enjoyed a life of 37 years, from 1483 to 1520. His period of active work covered about fifteen years.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell at 25cents a bottle.

Hope

Returns to the heart of the victim bound in the chains of rheumatism, dyspepsia, scrofula, catarrh, when blood is enriched and purified by

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

Potash

is a necessary and important ingredient of complete fertilizers. Crops of all kinds require a properly balanced manure. The best

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CONSUMPTION

NATIONAL CONGRESS.

What Our Senators and Representatives Are Doing.

THE NEWS OF A WEEK.

Bills Introduced, and Passed or Referred.—Many Matters of Interest to the People Being Given Due Consideration.—The Cuban War Attracting Much Attention.

SENATE—WEDNESDAY.

A very interesting and important discussion upon Mr. Allen's (Pop., Neb.) resolution to take up the Dingley bill for consideration in the Senate was started to-day by Mr. Vest, and was participated in by Senators Allen, Chandler, Gallinger, Frye, Aldrich, Sherman, Teller Mills and Gorman.

In the course of the debate more than one allusion was made to frauds and corruption at the late Presidential election, and Mr. Teller remarked pointedly that he was not certain that his candidate (Mr. Bryan) had been defeated.

The debate began early in the day and displaced the regular order, the Immigration bill, at the expiration of the morning hour. Senators Teller and Gorman were the last two to come into the debate, and the ones to bring it to a head. Mr. Teller declared positively that it had been well known that if every Republican Senator voted for the Dingley bill it would have still lacked one of a majority, and that it was the merest pretence for anybody to say that he had expected that bill to become a law.

A number of other Senators joined in the discussion, including Mr. Gorman, Platt and Sherman.

Mr. Sherman said: "I am inclined to think that, in view of the statements as to the impossibility of passing the Dingley bill, that we ought not to waste any more time about it. We are not disposed to attempt impossibilities."

That was the last word of important discussion, and the Senate, after a short executive session, adjourned until to-morrow.

Before the debate on the Dingley bill began the Senate passed the Pension Appropriation bill without amendment—the only bill of general interest acted upon.

HOUSE—WEDNESDAY.

The House to-day, in committee of the whole, devoted nearly all of a four-hour session to the Army Appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1898.

A great portion of the time was spent in discussing a ruling of the chairman of the committee, Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, that an amendment to cut off the Hot Springs Hospital, as recommended by the Surgeon-General and Secretary of War, was out of order, being a change of existing law. Messrs. Dingley (Rep., Me.), Bailey (Dem., Tex.), Little (Dem., Ark.), Grew (Rep., Penn.), Hull (Rep., Ia.), Lacey (Rep., Ia.), Cannon (Rep., Ill.), and others participating.

The question was important, as affecting the power of the House under the rules to limit, restrict or define the expenditure of money carried by appropriation bill. One point the committee —69 to 53—sustained the chairman, but later refused to sustain him —37 to 84—and the amendment cutting out the hospital was agreed to. In the House Mr. Little made the point of no quorum on the vote adopting the amendment, and none appearing on the count by the Speaker, the House, at 4:10 adjourned until to-morrow.

In the morning hour Mr. Bailey (Dem., Tex.) asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution directing the Committee on Naval Affairs to investigate the construction of the battleship Texas, but it was referred to the committee without action.

SENATE—THURSDAY.

The bill which passed the House of Representatives last session, and for which a substitute was reported by the Senate Committee, to amend the immigration laws of the United States, occupied the attention of the Senate during the whole of to-day's session. The substitute was amended in some particulars, the most notable amendment being one providing that the act shall not apply to Cuban refugees during the existing troubles in Cuba; and then it was passed by a vote of 52 to 10 and a conference asked with the House.

The House amendment to the Senate bill, as to the lands of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, were laid before the Senate, and were, on motion of Mr. Hill, non-concurred in, and a conference asked. Senators Hill, Platt and Clark being appointed conferees on the part of the Senate.

In presenting a lot of petitions from Alabama, declaring that there was no lawful State Government in that State, Mr. Chandler collided with Mr. Allen in reference to the failure of Mr. Allen's resolution of inquiry on that subject last session, Mr. Chandler asserting that the resolution had failed because of some intemperate remarks of Mr. Allen's questioning the motives of Republican Senators, and Mr. Allen denying that, but asserting that he had a grave suspicion that the resolution never would be acted on in good faith on the Republican side of the Chamber.

A bill to authorize the construction of a railroad bridge across the Sabine river between Louisiana and Texas was reported and passed.

After a short executive session the Senate at 4:30 p. m. adjourned until Monday next.

HOUSE—THURSDAY.

The House to-day set the inaugural ball rolling by the passage of the usual bills authorizing the laying of necessary and temporary railroad tracks to accommodate the increased travel, the use of streets and reservations for the erection of reviewing stands and the loan of such Government flags and ensigns as can be spared for decorative purposes.

The army appropriation bill, which was the unfinished business at the opening of the session, was passed, after the amendment recommended by the committees of the whole on Wednesday, practically abolishing the hospital at Hot Springs, Ark., by cutting off the appropriation for its maintenance had been agreed to.

Mr. Woodman (Republican, Illinois) introduced a bill to amend the section of the revised statutes relative to neutrality, which prohibits military expeditions against people at peace with the United States. He proposed to add to this section the following: "Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be considered or construed as applying to or as applicable to the supplying of means for charitable purposes, for hospital stores and medicines, or for the relief of persons who may be ill, wounded, destitute or otherwise helpless or disabled."

The passage of the measure would allow the shipment of food, medicines and clothing to Cuba

Mr. Burton (Republican, Ohio) offered a resolution directing the President to enter into negotiations with Britain to secure, if possible, the abrogation of the section of the treaty of 1817, which prohibits the building of war vessels at ship yards located on the great lakes. Half a dozen measures of local interest to the District of Columbia, and consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was begun in committee of the whole. Thirty-one pages of the 110 comprising the bill were disposed of without amendment, when, at 5 o'clock, the committee arose and the House adjourned until to-morrow.

SENATE—FRIDAY.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, by a practically unanimous vote this morning, ordered a favorable report to be made to the Senate Monday on the Cameron resolution recognizing the independence of the Republic of Cuba. A verbal change was made in the text of the resolution, so that as finally agreed to it reads as follows:

Resolved, etc., That the independence of the Republic of Cuba be and the same is hereby acknowledged by the United States of America.

Section 2—That the United States will use its friendly offices with the Government of Spain to bring to a close the war between Spain and Cuba.

Secretary Olney, who had been requested to appear before the committee by Senator Sherman, was present for one hour and laid before the committee all of the information in possession of the State Department. He stated to the committee very fully the policy of the administration and the reasons that actuated it in its present attitude towards the insurrection in Cuba.

Senator Cameron was instructed to prepare the report that will be submitted to the Senate Monday. As a matter of fact the report was written and was submitted to the committee this morning. It is looked upon as an exceedingly strong document, and goes into the diplomatic history of the United States very fully to show our policy in the matter of recognizing new States. Some few additions and alterations were suggested by other members of the committee, but the report as drawn by the Senator is practically complete.

There is an impression among some of the members of the committee that the President will veto the resolution, it being joint in its character and requiring the executive's approval or disapproval. If Mr. Cleveland should enter his veto, it is claimed that Congress will be able to pass the resolution by the necessary two-thirds vote.

HOUSE—FRIDAY.

This was private bill day in the House under the rules, and the request of Mr. Bingham, Republican, of Pennsylvania, for unanimous consent to proceed with the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill met objection. Thirty-seven private pension bills previously reported by the committee of the whole were passed and the rest of the afternoon was occupied in discussing five war claims bills, one of which, for the relief of Thomas B. Reed, a Pennsylvania soldier, was passed.

The report of the conferees was agreed to extending until ten days after the beginning of the next session the limit within which the joint Congressional Commission on regulations for the free use of alcohol in the arts and manufactures might report.

A bill to pay $5,000 to Flora A. Darling, widow of a Confederate General, for money alleged to have been taken from her at the time of her arrest on a steamer at New Orleans when traveling on a safe permit granted by Gen. N. P. Banks, was laid on the table, despite the favorable recommendation of the committee.

At 5 o'clock, under the rules, the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

HON. JOHN J. INGALLS.

The Brilliant Ex-President of the U. S. Senate to Visit Birmingham.

Birmingham, Ala.—Hon. John J. Ingalls, Ex-President of the United States Senate, will visit Birmingham and deliver his great lecture at O'Brien's Opera House, Wednesday night, January 13. The consummate powers, brilliant wit and captivating rhetoric of this "wizard of the English language," makes his appearance a notable event in any city. His theme, as announced, will be "The Crisis." Some thrilling things will doubtless be said upon the present political complications and the threatened war with Spain over the Cuban matter.

The brilliant Kansan seems to have it in for the Populists. It is hoped after meeting Southern people the great statesman may love us more than he has manifested in the past.

One good trait makes a person good, but one bad trait dims the light of an otherwise good man.

The man who invariably whistles does very little thinking. But he keeps other people thinking, all the same.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Latest Dispatches From the National Capital.

WORK OF COMMITTEES.

Rather Suggestive Orders Issued to Naval Vessels—The Mississippi Outlet Considered by the River and Harbor Committee—Washington Hotels and the Inauguration—Other Matters.

Washington, D. C.—Acting Secretary McAdoo, of the Navy, Friday summoned the chiefs of construction, engineering and ordnance, Commodores Hichborn, Melville and Sampson, and ordered them to take whatever steps were necessary to expedite the repairs on all ships now in commission at the Atlantic coast navy yards. This action is taken, it is explained, in order that all available ships may be ready to rendezvous for drill purposes with Admiral Bunce's fleet at Hampton Roads not later than January 1. The chiefs were also directed to approve no changes or extensive repairs in ships for the present, as it was the desire of the department to get all the commissioned vessels away from the navy yards in order that urgent work may be prosecuted on other vessels which have been dismantled for thorough overhauling. This extra work at the navy yards is said to be made possible through the assurances given to Commodores Melville and Hichborn by the appropriation committee, before which they appeared this morning, in regard to the urgency deficiency item of a million dollars for naval work imperatively demanded. The required amount was promised, and the officers were told the money would be promptly placed at their disposal on their explanation that all work would have to be suspended at once and wholesale discharges made unless prompt relief was afforded.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED ORPHANS.

The full extent of the Armenian massacres is indicated in a report to the State Department by United States Consul Bergholdt, at Erzeroum, in which he says: The number of Armenian children under 12 years of age left orphans by the massacres of 1896 is 15,000, according to the estimates of the missionaries.

The question of what shall be done with these orphans is receiving the attention of the Christian world. The American board of commissioners has the question of creating orphanages and industrial institutions under consideration. German charitable or religious societies are preparing to establish orphan asylums and the British Ambassador at Constantinople has instituted a movement leading towards settling a number of widows and their children from the province of Erzeroum, on the Island of Cyprus.

In Erzeroum there are 180 widows with 700 children without means, and in Frzenigan 100 widows with 450 children and at Baitbourt 119 widows with 500 children. The widows of Baitbourt are in particularly distressing circumstances, not a male major remaining.

THE MISSISSIPPI OUTLET.

The House River and Harbor Committee gave a long hearing Friday to a delegation consisting of Messrs. Woodruff and Sanders, of New Orleans; Bravo, of Pittsburg; McDonald, of La Crosse; Mahoney, of Sioux City, and Ex-Governor Stannard, of Missouri, in support of the proposition requiring the engineer department to make a survey of Pass L'Outre, in the Mississippi river, to obtain an estimate of cost for the repair of the crevasses now existing there, with a view to an appropriation subsequently for that purpose.

It was explained that the Eads heirs, who are required under the original contract to maintain the depth required, twenty-eight feet, assert their inability to do so because of the crevasse, the delegation asserting on the other hand that navigation should not be endangered on this account.

The committee decided, therefore, that a hearing would be given at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon to the Government of the Eads heirs before reaching a conclusion.

WASHINGTON HOTELS.

Reports having been circulated in Philadelphia and other cities to the effect that the Washington hotels had entered into a combination to charge exorbitant rates during the inauguration week, Chairman Bell, of the Inauguration Committee, authorizes an explicit denial of the reports.

Chairman Bell says: "I have caused diligent inquiry to be made of the different hotels, and I find the story to be absolutely untrue. So far as I can find no hotel proposes to charge more than the usual rates at such times."

All indications point to the largest crowd ever seen in Washington at an inauguration, and preparations are well under way for the entertainment and care of the visitors upon that occasion, and with the well known ability of Washington to properly handle large crowds, no fears need be entertained of extortion or lack of accommodations for all who may come.

THE SPANISH MINISTER.

In regard to the Cameron resolution in the Senate the Spanish Minister says, with considerable emphasis, that while certain sensational papers may be relied upon to publish alleged statements from him, he is confident that all sensible people will appreciate that he has declined and will uniformly refuse to be led into any discussion or criticisms whatever touching a matter under the consideration of Congress. Such a matter he would not discuss privately under any circumstances, and he seizes this opportunity to warn everyone against statements on the subject which might be attributed to him, however indirect.

Ambition is the star that leads through life and stands still over the grave.

Fatigue of the Eye.

A star appears more distinct if one looks at a point near it than it does when looking at the star itself. This is due to what is called "fatigue" of the retina. When looking at an object we naturally focus that object on the most sensitive part of the retina and keep the image permanently there. Now, in the case of a star, the image is a microscopic point and covers only an infinitesimal portion of the retina, and the great strain on this portion produces immediate "fatigue." If we look at a point near the star, then, as the eye moves, the image travels over the retina and successive portions of it are called into play so quickly that "fatigue" is not experienced. It does not do to look at another star near it, for then the eye is kept fixed and "fatigue" at once ensues. To most eyes the Pleiades appear far more distinct when we fix our eyes on a blank space of the heavens near them than when we look at them directly.

Unusual Surgical Operation.

A quite novel surgical operation has successfully been performed at Parma, Italy, by Professor Camillo Verdelli, in the presence of all the physicians of the Parmese hospital and with very satisfactory results. The new operation was the washing of the heart. It was the first operation of the kind and Professor Verdelli employed the washing apparatus recently invented by Professor Riva. After making an operative incision Professor Verdelli first cleaned the pericardium of the patient, a 12-year-old boy, of the pus which had accumulated thereon, and then proceeded to wash the heart with a strong solution of soda biborate (borax). The operation was very successful, inasmuch as no further complication has arisen. The boy is now doing very well and is on his way to complete recovery. Professor Vardelli has received numerous congratulations for his success with the new operation from surgeons all over Europe.

Beggars in China.

A Chinaman can live well upon five cents a day, yet there are more beggars in China than in any other country, They travel in great companies, men, women and children. The women suffer on this tramp, because their feet are bandaged. Crowds of young beggars follow carriagers for miles, howling for gifts. Professionals often multilate their children so they may excite sympathy. These swarms of beggars are the result of there not being enough work for them all. Each family takes care of its own poor to a great extent and the Chinese are no lazy, so it is the force of circumstances more than anything else that contributes to this state.

Revival of a Gallows Bird.

An Arab named Mohammed Ben Aidlel Benzerti was hanged recently in Tunis, Algeria, for killing four other Arabs. After the usual time the body was taken down and given to his relatives, who were preparing to bury him, when he remarked: "Before burying me, give me something to drink." They took him to a hospital and he is likely to recover.

First Wife—My man's just gone out wild as a hawk 'cos he can't find any money to spend on beer. Second Wife—Where do you hide it? Do tell! Mine knows everywhere 'bout the house. I can't hide nothin' from him long. First Wife—I always puts it in his own coat pocket, the one as hangs up behind the door, and he don't never look there for money.—Ally Sloper.

It is noble to bear like a hero the calamities of life, but it is ignoble to continue to suffer under them when the time has arrived to triumph over them; and only an intelligent view of each case can reveal when that time has arrived.

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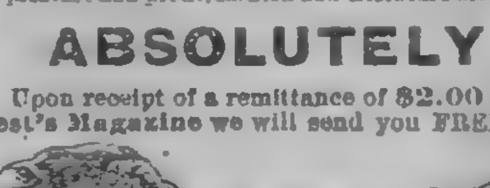

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THE BANNER. Lebik

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31 1896. NO 10.

Most of the patriots proved to be pirates.

Fools and traitors are a bad mixture in politics.

No more bonds forever, and down with banks of issue.

Organized greed should be met with organized manhood.

Bayard will soon come to America to represent England.

The Cuban question will likely hang fire until the new administration comes in.

Paper money based simply on taxes is the best form of currency we could have.

McKinley has not yet signified which one of the ready-made cabinets he will [illegible]

Lying has become so common among politicians that it is scarcely noticed any more.

If the Republicans don't give us better times they won't know what hit them in 1898.

The men who advocate the free silver [illegible] will soon find themselves behind the procession.

The men who want to use the People's party for a door mat should be "cast into outer darkness."

It was "a chance" that killed the Democrats; we may now see what it will do for the Republicans.

"Dook" Pullman has reduced wages 12 per cent in his shops. Wanted to get on a parity with prosperity.

A railroad commission is a farce; nothing short of public ownership will settle the transportation question satisfactorily.

We need a decrease of pauper immigration from foreign countries rather than an increase of the standing army.

The latest news bearing on the construction of McKinley's cabinet is that Senator Cullom is beginning to look like Lincoln again.

Why don't the workingmen profit by the example of the trusts and increase their wages in anticipation of the "wave of prosperity."

McKinley will have to settle the 16 to 1 question after all, he'll have to decide which "1" of the "16" men who want the office will get it.

Talk about "cold waves," what do you call that of November 4th? The "wave of prosperity" has not been able to chase the chill off of us.

It was very nice in Grover to issue that Thanksgiving proclamation the day after we knew we were to have a change from his administration.

The election returns show that a little [illegible] and some patriotism would [illegible] the people to down the money power, but no "hog party" can do it.

It seems that Grover Cleveland never learned the art of making money until he was elected President. It is a little singular the other presidents didn't learn it even then.

Great Britain bulldozes small nations and arbitrates with the large ones. Fortunately, the South American Republics have a big brother Samuel to look after their interests.

The silver question will not be the issue in 1900. It will be talked to death by that time. Men who can see no further in finance than free silver cannot long entertain an intelligent [illegible]

The inter-state commerce law seems to be mis-named. It should be called "An Act entitled an Act to permit railroad corporations and United States courts to run the government by injunction, and rob the people at will."

The plutocrats will do well to remember that "nothing is settled until it is settled right." The slave power [illegible] in various ways to compromise the issue of chattel slavery, and protect their institution by legal enactment but the people finally rose up and shot it to death.

[illegible] slaughter pen which should be taken charge of by Uncle Sam, at least long enough to put a stop to the brutal butcheries now going on there. We are barred as a nation from saying anything about the Armenian butcheries while the most cruel murders are being committed right under our nose. But, then, the sugar trust is making millions out of it, and the interests of the trust must not be interfered with.

Politics for Pay.

Henry George says that T. V. Powderly received $5,000 from Hanna for aiding in the war against the laboring men.

Bourke Cochran is said to have received $500 for each speech he made.

Benedict Arnold received a brigadier general's commission and $20,000. Wallace was entirely confidential, but presumably satisfactory to all parties.

Judas Iscariot was more moderate in his demands than any of the foregoing gentlemen in playing the traitor, but probably he received all he was worth, being that he received it in silver, and at the same time encouraged the hemp industry.

THE TELEGRAPH.

WHAT EXPERIENCE SHOWS AND SHOULD TEACH.

In the Face of the Facts Presented by Professor Parsons After a Searching Inquiry It Is Nonsense to Permit Private Ownership States.

Prof. Frank Parsons, in his tenth installment of "The Telegraph Monopoly," which appears in the Arena for December, deals with the experience of England under both private and public ownership. The following lengthy extract will be found unusually interesting, and it is certainly convincing of the correctness of the people's party demand for government ownership of the telegraphs:

The experience of England constitutes a most powerful argument for public ownership of the telegraph. Up to 1870 the telegraph business in Great Britain was in the hands of private companies, and for many years complaints had been made of excessive charges, poor service and inadequate facilities. The companies pretended to compete, but in reality had an understanding among themselves which prevented the reduction of rates to a just figure. They were satisfied to keep the tariff up and allow each company to obtain such share of the business as its territory and facilities commanded.

In 1869 the tariff charged by the United Kingdom company, as well as by the older Electric, International, British and Irish Magnetic companies was:

1s. (24 cents) for 20 words up to 100 miles.

1s. 6d. (36 cents) for 20 words up to 200 miles.

2s. (48 cents) for 20 words beyond 300 miles.

3s. to 6s. for messages to Ireland.

In many instances these rates, high as they were, did not cover the whole transmission of a telegram. They only applied to the wires of a single company, and when a message had to be transmitted over the systems of two or more companies an additional charge, frequently of considerable amount, was levied.

These rates were scandalously high, and yet our own people at the time in question (1869) were frequently compelled to pay from five to six times as much for the same distance and the same number of words.

In 1865 the Edinburgh chamber of commerce called the attention of Lord Stanley, the postmaster general, to the telegraph question, showing that the rates were unreasonably high, the transmission unsatisfactory because of delays and inaccuracies, the treatment of the press unfair and many towns and districts wholly unprovided for. The Edinburgh committee gave careful consideration to three different remedial measures: (1) a regulated amalgamation of existing companies; (2) the establishment of entire free trade in public telegraphy; (3) the transfer of the service to the postoffice. Its conclusion was in favor of the last, but it agreed to recommend the appointment of a royal commission of inquiry prior to legislation.

Lord Stanley appointed Frank Ives Scudamore to "inquire whether the telegraph might be beneficially worked by the postoffice." Mr. Scudamore was a man of the highest character, thoroughly impartial and of very fine ability. He made a scientific study of the abuses of the existing service in England, the condition of the service in other countries, the benefits likely to result from a postal system and the difficulties and disadvantages that might attach to it. The result was that he came to believe in the postal telegraph, and in 1866 he made his report, a very able paper, conclusively showing the advantages of the present plan. In 1868 he made a supplementary report to Lord Stanley's successor, the Earl of Montrose, who transmitted it to the house of lords with a communication, of which the following is a part:

In the inclosed report and that which preceded it frequent reference is made to the manner in which the telegraph systems of Belgium and Switzerland have been framed and maintained by the postoffices of those countries. The example of the colony of Victoria might however have been cited with equal propriety, for in that colony the telegraph has long been worked by the postoffice and with such success that although the charges for transmission are high, the proportion of telegrams to letters is as high as in Belgium. There is indeed nothing new in the proposed scheme. Of its various parts each has been tried, and tried with success, either in Belgium, in Switzerland, in France, or in a British colony, and taking into account the greater wealth and commercial activity of the United Kingdom, I see no reason to doubt that the scheme, as a whole, will be equally successful here.

Your lordships will readily perceive that such a system, besides facilitating social intercourse, strengthening and multiplying the relations between the inhabitants of different districts and stimulating the growth of trade and commerce, will also strengthen the country from hostility from without and aid in the maintaining of law and order within the kingdom.

The chancellor of the exchequer, in moving for leave to introduce the bill, said:

It would be admitted as a general principle that the monopoly that had succeeded so well in regard to the conveyance of letters might be expected to succeed equally as well in a more rapid method of communication. I am not aware of any objection to monopoly in one case that would not hold good in the other. This country is behind others in the matter of telegraphic communication. The proportion of telegrams to letters is far less in this country than in Belgium or Switzerland. In 1866 the proportions were in Belgium, 1 to 37; in Switzerland, 1 to 69; in Great Britain, 1 to 121.

These figures show that we are suffering from high rates for telegraphic communication and inadequate facilities. If we were equally favored in the matter of charges, etc., the probability is that the proportion of telegrams would be largely increased. Our present system does not give satisfaction to the commercial world. A deputation from the Associated Chambers of Commerce waited upon the postmaster general and myself at the treasury to present a memorial on this subject. They complained of high rates, vexatious delays, inaccurate rendering of messages and the absence of telegraphic communication in whole districts. Under the present system of private administration there is little prospect of fair reduction in rates.

After speaking of the extortionate charges of the private companies in the paragraph already quoted, Postmaster-General Morley continues thus:

Not only were the charges high, but the systems were incomplete. It was in the nature of things that companies whose aim was to secure a profit for their shareholders should restrict their operations as far as possible to the principal towns. In the absence of an obligation to work the telegraphs as a national undertaking they naturally refrained from extensions to the smaller towns and villages or to districts remote from the chief centers of population, which could not be expected to yield a remunerative business. Thus several towns in England and Wales with from 3,000 to 6,000 inhabitants were without any telegraph facilities, being situated at distances of from five to ten miles from the nearest telegraph station. Where such towns were provided with telegraphic communication the office was, as a rule, situated at the railway station, frequently at an inconvenient distance from the center of the town.

In the large towns the telegraph offices were not well distributed. The offices of three or four companies were apt to be clustered together in the business center of the city, sometimes only a few yards distant from each other, while the suburbs and outlying districts were almost wholly neglected. When the inquiry of 1865 was instituted, the total number of places supplied with telegraphic communication by all the companies together was about 1,000, while the number of places having postal communication at the same date was 10,685.

The situation is thus graphically described by Mr. Scudamore:

By maintaining high charges as long as they could, by reducing those charges inch by inch, as it were, and only under pressure, by the confinement of their operations to important towns and by planting their offices mainly in the business centers of those towns the telegraph companies had brought speculative men, and speculative men only, to a free use of the telegraph. Whoever could make money on a turn of the market, whoever could advantageously place a few pounds when "Bumblebee" went below "Dulcibella" in the betting, whoever had it at heart to let Thames street know that there was a large take of herring at Wick, rushed cheerfully to the telegraph office and would have submitted to any inconvenience and paid any charge to get his massage through in time. But the general public, puzzled by a variable and complex tariff and disheartened by the distance of the telegraph offices from their doors, had got to regard the telegraph as a medium of communication which they might use in times of sore necessity, and then only, and to look upon a telegraph message with a feeling amounting to fear.

The parallel between the English telegraph before 1870 and our own system today is very striking. We have in an aggravated form all the evils the English reformers complained of and several additional ones of our own—boundless dilution of stock, enormous profits, telegraphic millionaires, monopoly of market reports, systematic ill treatment of employes, etc. England had abundant reason for revolt. America has still greater reason.

The press of Great Britain, as we have seen, demanded a government telegraph and persisted in discussing the subject in spite of the threatened stoppage of their dispatches.

The telegraph companies used every effort to prevent and impede the reform. The objections they raised were:

1. It was not the government's business to telegraph.

2. There would be a loss if it did.

3. The telegraph would be better conducted under private enterprise.

4. The government rates would be higher.

5. And the use of the telegraph would decrease.

6. The government service would be nonprogressive, no stimulus to invention, etc.

7. The secrecy of messages would be violated.

8. The telegraph would be used as a party machine.

9. The government could not be sued.

10. To establish a public telegraph would be an arbitrary and unjust interference with private interests. The companies had risked their capital in the new enterprise, and just as they were about to get their reward the government was going to take the business away from them. Private enterprise experimented, and the people wanted to steal the fruit.

These objections are very familiar. Our monopolists know them by heart and use them over and over, taking no notice of the answers to them no matter how many times they are refuted. It is easy to answer them a priori, and the overwhelming demonstration of their falsity by the actual experience of England ought to have buried them forever beyond the possibility of disinterment.

1. It is the government's business to transmit intelligence, and that business includes the use of the telegraph and all other appropriate means of transmission.

2. If rates remained the same, an increase of profit instead of a loss was to be expected by reason of the economies that would result from a united telegraph in combination with the postal service. The people could keep rates up and realize a large profit, or put rates down, thereby increasing the usefulness of the telegraph and taking their profit in the form of more and better service for the same money. They did the latter, and, as a matter of fact, they have saved, at the lowest estimate, $150,000,000 in twenty-five years. The telegraphing they have done would have cost them at least $150,000,000 more than it has cost, including expenses of operation, extensions, repairs, interest on the capital, water purchase and all.

3. It stands to reason that a servant appointed and paid by himself, and whose avowed interest and effort are to line his own pocket with the utmost possible "giltiness" consistent with his personal safety—it stands to reason that such a servant will not conduct your telegraph or any other business of yours as well as you can do it yourself or have it done by your own agent. As a matter of fact, the public telegraph service turned out to be vastly superior to the private telegraph service according to the universal verdict of the English people.

4. It was reasonable to expect that the government rates would be lower, because the government would work at cost and would, moreover, secure an absolute economy relatively to private corporations in the conduct of the telegraph. In fact, the rates dropped at once one-third to two-thirds, average one-half, and afterward the ordinary inland rate was again reduced almost one-half.

5. The use of the telegraph doubled the first year.

6. The government service has adopted new inventions and shown a progressive spirit in respect to employes as well as the service of the public.

7. There has been no complaint of violation of secrecy.

8. Nor the least suspicion of partisan use.

9. The government can be sued and is sued. Claims against the government are tried judicially the same as other claims.

10. Interference with private interests to accomplish a public good is not arbitrary and unjust; it is the very essence of justice and good government. The private interests of gamblers, saloonkeepers, opium sellers, shipowners housebuilders, powder makers, bone grinders, grain elevator men, etc., private interests both good and bad, are interfered with for the sake of the public welfare. Telegraph interests form no exception. The companies had already received large returns on their investment and would receive full compensation for their capital when the public took their plant—more than full compensation as it turned out.

The companies themselves knew enough to understand that all their pleas from one to nine were nonsense—mere scarecrows to frighten ignorant timidity. It is possible they might have put some faith in the tenth point.

Men who have long enjoyed the privilege of putting their hands in their neighbors' pockets may really regard an interference with their time honored custom as arbitrary and unjust. Kings and emperors have not been noted for recognizing the wisdom and justice of democracy. No matter how arbitrary and unjust a despotism may be, it will hurl the whole of ethics at any one who brings a suit of ejectment against it.

The merchants, the press and the people generally were not deceived by the outcry raised by the companies and a few conservatives who, not being able to distinguish between proper and improper extension of government functions, were fearful of any enlargement of public activities. The people knew, without reading the refutations of learned men, that the companies' pleas from one to ten were lies and sophistries; that their only real objection was the loss of an opportunity for unjust profits.

In 1868, as we have said, the chambers of commerce petitioned the commons, charging the existing telegraph system with extortion, error and inadequacy. Mr. Scudamore's reports and the committee's investigations gave overwhelming evidence of the truth of the charge and of the advantages of a national system. The press urged a change. The liberal leader, Mr. Gladstone, then as always anxious for the public weal and for that alone, took up the measure, bore down the opposition of the companies and secured the passage of a law (July 31, 1868) enabling the postmaster general to purchase the whole, or any part he thought fit, of any existing telegraph property. And in 1869 another act was passed giving the postoffice the exclusive control of the telegraph business.

On the 29th of January, 1870, all the telegraphs in the kingdom became an integral part of the postoffice. The government bought from the companies 77,000 miles of wire, with equipment, for $32,108,214, or $416 a mile. The lines had cost the companies only $11,000,000, and were really worth a the time of the transfer not more than $8,000,000. This was England's mistake. She paid at least four-times the value of the lines, probably more. The French government put up 68,000 miles of wire, with equipment, for $65 to $66 a mile. When the acts of 1868-69 were passed, in spite of all the companies could do, they determined at least to make the transfer as difficult and costly as possible. It was easy to raise the value of stock in contemplation of a government purchase. Such a rise would be apt to take place to some extent even without manipulation. In some cases shares that were selling for $125 in 1866-67 realized the holders $400 when the lines were sold to the government. The shares of another company rose from $132 in November, 1867, to $258 at the time of the government purchase. In another company the shares rose from $30 to $133. And yet the companies did not always get what they asked by any means. The Northeastern railway company claimed £540,292 in compensation for its telegraph department, besides a large sum for interest. It was awarded in all £168,696. The Metropolitan Railway company claimed in all £433,000, and were awarded £51,907. These two instances out of more than twenty suffice to show the extent to which the fraudulent greed of the companies would have bled the country if it had had its way unchecked.

The government's first move was the rapid extension of the lines into districts hitherto unprovided with telegraph facilities, and the reduction of the tariff to the uniform rate of one shilling for twenty words, social or commercial, and seventy-five words press by day, 100 words by night, all irrespective of distance, a reduction estimated at one-third to one-half.

The result was a vast and immediate increase in the popular use of the telegraph. Social messages and newspaper traffic developed enormously. The telegraph became something more than an aid to speculation and began to be of use to the people.

In respect to adequacy the superiority of the English system is equally clear. It would not be fair to compare the number of offices or messages per square mile, for England is more thickly populated than the United States, but it is fair to compare the relation between telegraph facilities and postal facilities in the two countries. Great Britain has 20,000 postoffices and 10,000 telegraph offices, less than one-fourth of which are railroad offices. The Western Union (the Mackay offices are mostly needless duplications) has 21,000 offices (about three-fourths of which are railroad offices or situated at places inconvenient or inaccessible to the general public, such as stock exchanges, policy shops, etc.), as against 70,000 postoffices. The relation between telegraph and postoffice is therefore 1 to 2 in Great Britain and 1 to 3½ here, including the railroad offices, and one to 2.6 in Great Britain as compared with 1 to 10 in the United States, taking the commercial offices alone—that is, to every fourteen postoffices in Great Britain there are seven efficient telegraph offices, while in this country to every fourteen postoffices there are not more than four efficient telegraph offices, and, considering the commercial offices alone, there are over five to fourteen postoffices over the sea and about one to fourteen postoffices here.

Economy of Government Ownership.

By abolishing 590 presidents, with their staffs (one would do)	$25,000,000
Abolishing the high-priced managers and their staffs.	4,000,000
Abolishing attorneys and legal expenses	12,000,000
Abolishing merely competitive offices, solicitors, etc.	12,000,000
Abolishing 5-7 of the advertising account which is incurred for competitive purposes	5,000,000
Abolishment traffic associations, which are employed to adjust matters between competing roads..	4,000,000
Exclusive use of short routes	25,000,000
Consolidation of working depots, offices and staffs.	20,000,000
Uniformity of rails, cars, machinery, etc., cheapening their manufacture, avoiding freight blockades, return of "empties" belonging to other roads, clerkage to keep account of cars and adjust divisions of earnings among the roads; by making simple, easily understood tariff, saving the time and labor of clerks and the public, by all the numberless little economies of a vast corporation under a single management, and no competitive warfare to waste its energies	15,000,000
By avoiding strikes and developing a better feeling generally	10,000,000
By abolishing the corruption fund used in legislatures	30,000,000
By abolishing the pass evil.	30,000,000
By abolishing unjust rebates	50,000,000
By having no rent or interest	285,000,000
By having no dividends to [illegible]	83,000,000
By putting surplus in the people's treasury	52,000,000
Total	$661,000,000

General Miles wants an increase of the standing army in order to the more effectually protect the robberies of the sitting army.

The Republicans are pledged to international bimetallism. All right, let us have it that way.

MORGAN'S MELANGE

NOTES AND COMMENT ON CURRENT TOPICE.

Wendell Phillips' Parting Words—An Up-to-Date Chicago Judge—Gen. Miles Purpose with a Big Army—Other Matters.

When we study the conditions which surround us on every side, we appreciate the full meaning of the words of Wendell Phillips when he said: "When I die I wish but two words written on my tombstone: 'Infidel' and 'Traitor'—infidel to a church that could be at peace in the presence of sin; traitor to a government that was a magnificent conspiracy against justice."

* * *

Judge Foster, of Chicago, fined a woman $10, one day last week, because her rooster persisted in "crowing" before daylight, thereby disturbing the slumber of one of her neighbors. That "judge" is a dandy. If Juke Pullman had starved a few of his men to death Foster would rule that he had a perfect right to do so.—Ex. That "Jedge" is fully up to the spirit of our civilization. If there is anything that is calculated to disturb the equanimity of a "Jedge" more than anything it is a rooster crowing and waking him up before daylight.

* * *

The Caucasian is stirred up over the fact that General Miles recommended an increase of the standing army, and that the bankers are preparing at the same time to make a raid on the greenbacks. It asserts that these are the two danger signals which should engage the people's attention. It says: "Such an army cannot be needed to meet any foreign foe that might appear, for we can always depend on the patriotism of our people for volunteers to meet any such peril when it may arise. We challenge any man who favors this increase to give his reasons—a standing army is a dead expense to the tax-payers, and is opposed to the genius of our government."

* * *

"There can be but one purpose," continues the authority above quoted, "and that is to train a standing army to serve monopolies and trusts, and to shoot down any who may oppose the avarice and oppression of industrial kings and monopoly tyrants. The present army is big enough for that purpose, but the fact that they want it more than doubled shows that they have planned new and greater schemes of robbing and oppression." This apprehension is becoming pretty general among the people, and it is not without some grounds. People naturally connect military force and despotism. It would seem that our civil authority was sufficient for all purposes, but if it should fail, there is the militia and the great body of the people to supplement it.

* * *

The Caucasian, further discussing the danger of surrendering to the banks the absolute control of the currency, says: "The constitution provides that the government shall issue all money. It is a function of government—a function of sovereignty. To turn over to the banks the power to levy and collect taxes from the people would not be near as dangerous to our property and liberty as to turn over to them the issue of our money and the control of its volume. Put the country on the gold standard and then let the banks control all the paper currency and the speculators and bankers would have the country absolutely at their mercy. It is bad enough now to bring hard times to all except those who enjoy special privileges, but the avarice of these money sharks is not yet satisfied. If the bankers have this tremendous power, in addition to the power they already have, then they can oppress the people at will beyond all endurance, and they want a big standing army to put down any kicking on the part of an outraged people and to enforce the robbery of these shylocks at the point of the bayonet."

* * *

The plutocrats ridicule the idea of money without intrinsic value, but all their ridicule and tirades of abuse cannot wipe out the expressions of a long list of eminent authorities that have placed themselves on record against the intrinsic value theory. Among these was United States Senator Plumb, of Kansas, who, in a speech in the senate, in reply to John Sherman, said: "The senator from Ohio said in a brief speech which he made the other day on a minor clause of this bill, in a spirit of candor that did not characterize his speech of yesterday, that gold and silver had been created by the Almighty as money, and had been such from the beginning of time. 'What God hath joined together, let no man put asunder.' If gold is money, then silver is money, and if gold to-day is any more money than silver it is because the law has made it so, giving to gold the exclusive money function and degrading silver."

"The American people are logical. Whenever it is settled that it is the law and not the designation of the Almighty, the fiat of legislation and not intrinsic value or a long course of business or a concensus of public opinion which constitutes money, they will not long halt on gold, or silver either, for that matter, but go at once on paper as the only logical and proper representative—as the medium of exchange." W. S. MORGAN.

With a man for President who looks like Napoleon, and one in the cabinet who looks like Lincoln, what do we need with a standing army? Come down off your perch, Miles. We can plug our way through.

A ROGUE PLANT.

It Lies in Wait for Flies and Other Insects.

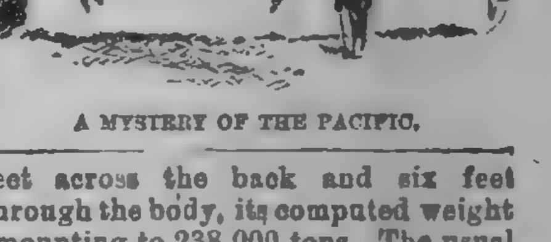
Here's the picture of a rogue of a plant that lies in wait like a highway robber for unwary flies and other insects and when they appear it swallows them up and their friends never hear of them again. It has been given the botanical name of sarracenia, but it is commonly called the pitcher plant, from the fact that its leaves are rolled into the form of pitchers, in which many a poor fly is caught. The flies are attracted to the plant by a sweet liquid which it gives off, and in their greediness they go a little too far and are killed. Botanists do not know exactly why the plant should wish a dinner of flies, but there must be some good reason for it, else its pitchers would not be so attractive. By experiment they have found that the plant will live just as well where the flies cannot get at it at all. So all the evidence would indicate that it is just a rogue, killing flies because it really enjoys the sport.

A BANDIT PLANT.

ODD AND MARVELOUS

The Colossal Recumbent Rock Figure on Easter Island.

The accompanying picture is from a photograph of a recumbent rock figure found on Easter Island, in the South Pacific. This island is about 2000 miles from the coast of Chile. As many as 500 figures, mainly busts, have been counted on the island. They differ considerably in size; from the pigmy of three feet to those of giant proportions, the largest measured being seventy feet long, 14½ feet across the back and six feet through the body, its computed weight amounting to 238,000 tons. The usual height of these wonderful busts is about twenty feet, having a weight of seventy-six tons each, by far the greater portion being about this size. Yet these huge masses of stone were not only moved considerable distances from the still existing quarries where they were sculptured, but were placed in an upright position on vast platforms of stone prepared for their reception, and were finally decorated by having the huge cylinders of stone placed on their heads, the whole indicating a surprising engineering knowledge and skill, recalling that exhibited by the ancient Peruvians in their mighty undertakings. The origin of these interesting antiquities is unknown.—Philadelphia Record.

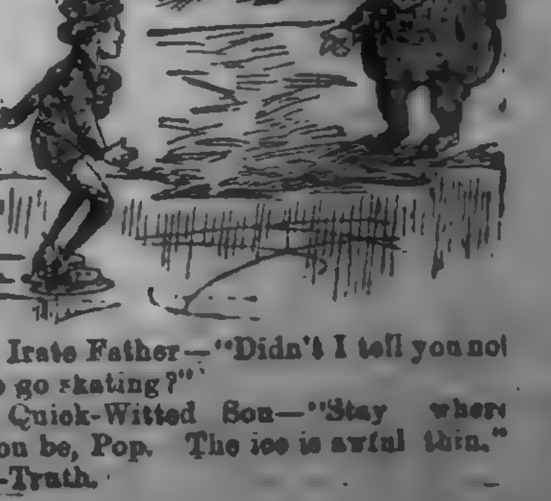


A MYSTERY OF THE PACIFIC.

The Pious Robin.

Here is a story of an orthodox robin. Some time ago I attended morning service in Ely Cathedral, where, during the prayers, a robin kept flitting about the building, joining occasionally in the service with a modest "chirrup." When the clergyman ascended the pulpit and began to speak, the robin deliberately perched himself on one of the pinnacles of the chancel-screen, quite close to the orator, and the louder did the robin sing, much to the amusement of the congregation. I have no recollection of what the sermon was about, but the robin's singing made a deep impression upon me. —London Telegraph.

Presence of Mind.



Irate Father—"Didn't I tell you not to go skating?"

Quick-Witted Son—"Stay where you be, Pop. The ice is awful thin." —Truth.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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A Happy new year.

Write it 1897 to-morrow.

The year passes away with rumors of war; we hope it will continue to be rumors only.

Make all your good resolutions to-day and hold to them until this time next year, when you can easily renew them.

The latest report is that the gallant Maceo was not killed, but was badly wounded, and hidden away before the Spaniards could get hold of him; we trust the report is correct.

The Commercial Bank of Selma failed yesterday, with liabilities about $300,000. The bank was an old established one and held in high estimation, and we are sorry it has succumbed to "returning prosperity."

Two years ago with much pleasure The Banner announced, on good authority, the marriage of Mr. Dave Cooley and Miss Mattie Wooley and exerted itself to the utmost in wishing them all imaginable joy. The announcement turned out to be unfounded and all our good wishes were thrown away. They were not lost altogether, however, and we carefully preserved them until the present moment when we again offer them with more added to the same happy young couple who were really married this time at the home of Mr. Milford Woolly, father of the bride, on Mulberry on Chrismas Eve. There is no mistake about it this time, because Rev. W. M. Woods tied the nuptial knot and tied it tight, too. There was also a large crowd present at the ceremony who afterwards celebrated the event in a most enjoyable manner. The young couple will make their home with Sheriff Cooley, who requires Dave's assistance in the shrievalty office. Once again we wish them a long and happy life. This is another instance of The Banner being up-to-date. We announced the marriage two years before the event.

One of the most awful calamities that has ever occurred in railroad history took place last Sunday morning when the accommodation train between Birmingham and Blocton went through the iron bridge over the Cahaba river and fell a distance of 110 feet, and without a moment's warning thirty souls were precipitated into eternity. Details of this terrible catastrophe will be found on the fourth page. The general opinion is that train-wreckers, fiends in human shape, displaced a rail with the result as before stated. It is hard to believe there can be human beings with such diabolical dispositions as to wantonly destroy innocent lives for any cause whatever. Unfortunately there are such monsters and it is well for the world when they are captured and destroyed. Every effort should be made by the railroad companies and the government to run these miscreants down and punish them as they deserve. Hanging is far too good for wretches who would remove a rail on a bridge 110 feet high—just think for a moment, about half as high again as the top of the tower to the new court house.

Our readers will deeply sympathize with the family of Rev. J. G. Lowrey. Mr. Lowrey lost a beloved daughther and two grandchildren in this horrible catastrophe while the unfortunate husband and father, Mr. Henry Hanbury, was pinned down in the wreckage and saw them burn up before his eyes without being able to move a hand to help them escape their terrible fate.

The Census of 1900 and the Question of a Permanent Bureau.

In view of the election figures much interest will attach to the result of the census enumeration which must be made a little more than three years hence. The preparations for that enumeration are under discussion. It is quite time that the plans for so colosial an undertaking should be well in hand. The best opinion upon this subject, both in Europe and in America, unanimously favors the maintenance of a permanent bureau, as distinguished from an organization temporarily created once in ten years. It is true that the actual enumeration must require the employment of a great army of temporary agents; but the director of the census should be a permanent official, and he should have in his office at Washington a staff of expert assistants and statisticians always at work. Most of the special inquiries which are undertaken every ten years in connection with the census, could well be distributed throughout the intervening years, so that there would be no lack of tasks of an important character to keep the bureau occupied. Hon. Carrol. D. Wright, Superintendent of the Department of Labor, was authorized some time ago by Congress to draft a bill outlining the organization and work of a permanent census bureau. Colonel Wright has complied with this instruction, and his draft is now in the hands of the proper Congressional committee. The American Statistical Association and the American Economic Association, at their last annual meetings appointed representatives to confer as a joint committee upon this question of a permanent census bureau. This joint committee was made up of statistical experts and other gentlemen having a wide general knowledge of the subject in question. A unanimous agreement has been reached by the joint committee in favor of a permanent census bureau; and Congress has been memorialized to that effect. The statistical work of the Department of Agriculture might well be made over to such a permanent census bureau, and other statistical undertakings could from time to time be devolved upon the bureau as circumstances might seem to render advisable.—From "The Progress of the World," in January Review of Reviews.

"How not to Better Social Conditions" is the title of an article by Theodore Roosevelt in the January Review of Reviews. Mr. Roosevelt is permitted to publish a letter addressed to him a few months since by the Hon. Thos Watson, then the candidate for Vice-president on the Populist ticket with Mr. Bryan. This letter was occasioned by Mr. Roosevelt's article in the September Review of Reviews dealing with the Vice-presidential candidates. The letter is a most important an interesting contribution to what may be termed the personal literature of the last campaign; it puts its writer in a new light, and must lead to a thorough revision of the opinions about "Tom Watson" entained so generally by his political opponents.

It is getting to be so costly a matter to the United States to pay all expenses of contestants in Congressional cases, and their salaries if successful, and in the mean time to pay the salaries of the men occupying the seats during the contest, that a bill to put a stop to this recently introduced in the House by Representative William F. Aldrich, of Alabama, himself a successful contestant at the last session, has attracted a great deal of attention.

"This bill," said Representative Aldrich, to a Post reporter yesterday, "is an attempt to prevent frivolous contested election cases coming before Congress for settlement. As the law now stands, and as the practice of Congress has been, the returned member retains his seat often until the last few weeks of the second session of his term. The contestee therefore receives nearly $10,000 in salary and allowances for mileage and stationary, amounting to perhaps to a thousand dollars more, and the salary and allowances are paid to the contestant when seated, thus burdening the United States with double expenses for the same services. In addition to this great injustice, it offers a premium for fraudulent election certificates.

"To show that the salary is an inducement to that end, I will quote the words of a prominent Democratic politician in my district, who said to me, 'Mr. Plowman will get the certificate, and as it took you more than a year to unseat Mr. Robbins, we are satisfied if we can hold Mr. Plowman in for that length of time.'

"Viewed in another light, it is exceedingly unjust to the party represented by the contestant to be deprived of representation in Congress for practically a whole term for which their member was elected. In the matter of post-office appointments, and changes which come close to and affect each community of the district, its voice is not heard, and the majority are deprived of representation.'—Washington Post.

Political Pointers.

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 29, 1896.

The Cuban situation, as far as these United States are concerned, becomes more serious each day. Just before adjournment for the holidays members of the Senate and the lower House were equally surprised to learn that with the Chief Executive alone rests the power to recognize a belligerent power. This fact was first stated by Secretary Olney before the Senatorial Committee and has since been embodied in the manifesto. He also urges that the insurgents have made no effort to establish any government and so cannot be recognized. Prominent men like John Sherman, Cameron, Garland and Vest hold an opposite opinion and much excitement prevailed just before adjournment.

President Cleveland has returned from his duck shooting jaunt.

The subject of increasing the salary of Congressmen from five thousand to seven thousand five hundred, is being discussed.

The Pacific Railroad Bill will be brought up January 8th.

Senator Allen's plan of having an Investigating Committee appointed by the Senate to look into the use of money during the recent election has found hearty support among the believers in silver. Senator Allen has expressed himself as ready to retire from the Senate to make room for Bryan if that gentleman should desire to accept the place.

The sentiment in favor of Hon. Thos. Watson being seated in Congress, grows daily.

Secretary Carlisle's report, although it has been somewhat anticipated in the President's message, is not lacking in interest. He reports for year ending June 30th, '96, revenues from all sources $409,475,408, expenditures $434,698,654, deficit $25,203,245. Much of the greater part of the estimated deficiency for the current fiscal year has already been incurred, and has been paid, leaving still in the Treasury on the first day of December a balance of $225,036,708, which, after deducting the gold reserve, is about $100,000,000 more than is necessary as a permanent fund to insure the regular conduct of the ordidary fiscal operations of the Government. From bond sales and interest thereon, $111,170,376. Decrease in ordinary expenditures $4,105,852. Increase in receipt, $19,102,205. The revenues are classified as follows: Customs, $148,000,000; internal revenue, $150,000,000; miscellaneous, $20,000,000; postal, $89,793,120.

The pretended fight on the Chattanooga Pipe Trust goes on. The plant is being enlarged and is enjoying a great deal of free advertising.

The validity of the gold contract is being tested in many states. When alleged silver legislatures fail to legislate against gold contracts the genuineness of their sentiment for the white metal is questioned.

The Populists of Leavenworth, Kansas, have asked for eleven of the offices that Governor-elect Leedy is to fill by appointment.

The necessity of a new political party containing the elements that voted for Bryan, being organized with a new name, is being widely discussed and conceded to.

A Bimetallic State Convention composed of Populists, Silver Republicans and Democrats is called to meet at Lincoln, Neb., January 2, 1897. The call is endorsed by the People's Party State Committee.

The Virginia Sun, a leading Populist paper of Virginia, has had to suspend. This is much to be regretted.

At the recent election two kinds of ballot machines were tested, one Rochester, New York, and the other at Worcester, Mass. Neither proved satisfactory, as many as two hundred votes failing to be recorded, but the manufacturers are to consolidate and hope to combine the good and discard the bad features of each, thus securing a machine that will insure honest voting, quick returns and large savings in hire of officers.

A. R.

50 lbs. of Coal

A day would keep your rooms warm in winter. But that small stove will burn only twenty-five. Hence, discomfort and misery.

A certain amount of fat, burned daily, would keep your body warm and healthy. But your digestion is bad, and you don't get it from ordinary fat-food. Hence you are chilly, you catch cold easily, you have coughs and shivers; while pneumonia, bronchitis, or consumption finds you with no resistive power.

Do this. Burn better fuel. Use SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil. Appetite and digestive power will revive; and soon a warm coating of good flesh will protect the vital organs against the cold and the body against disease.

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00

Book free for the asking.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

West Chilton Warblings

Christmas passed off calm and pleasant in these parts; but little fun for the young people; no parties yet, but a good many Xmas trees round about and an abundance of shooting and fire works, it seemed like every body was well supplied with gun powder.

West Chilton has been on a building boom sometime—building new houses and repairing old ones.

Mr. T. A. Gay has built a new store house on Steer Creek below old Bull's Bur and has opened up a big dry goods store and we may get a post office there. We have named the place Kininghamtonville.

Mr. E. W. Bailey is building a new residence.

The head of the Jackson lumber company's railroad has become to be a desperate place, it now gose by the name of dismal hell. There is nothing but drinking, gambling, shooting and fighting out there all the time. A few days ago Jack Latheram shot and killed Oscar Temp out there near the same place where Joe O'Neal killed Mr. Malkom. O'Neal and Latheram have both escaped. The great cause of all the trouble out there is "wild-cat" whiskey and bad women, and our officers ought to break it up. The two men that were killed were both good peaceable men.

Old Mr. Anderson Davis of Jones' Switch has bought the Dr. Jeffers house and lot in Plantersville and is moving there.

Rev. J. W. Cabaniss has moved to Plantersville.

Mr. John Martin of Jemison has been visiting his best girl near Valley Creek during Xmas.

Mr. Frank Perry and Miss Dovey Perry of Chadwick have been visiting friends at Valley Creek the past week.

Mr. Leon Latheram has a brood sow 5 years old that has brought 40 pigs and raised them all in 4 years.

There is a certain place on the Centerville road over in West Chilton that has become so badly haunted until people won't pass that way in the day time. There can be heard something like a storm or a heavy wind passing by, when at the same time there will not be wind enough to move a leaf. At other times there is a racket like a lot of coons or cats climbing trees but still nothing can be seen, and after night can be seen all kinds of red angry fires and lights there. This haunted place is just above William Prices.

Success to the Banner and its Editor,

Old Mike.

* * *

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c, per box. Sold by J. S. Johnson, Druggist.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

Mrs. Cladia Paisley and family are here for a week's visit at the old homestead.

Mrs. N. A. Goodwin is in Birmingham with her invalid sister, Mrs. Campbell.

Mrs. A. S. Foshee has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Parnell, of Stanton.

Mrs. D. J. Watersworth of Stanton has been visiting friends here.

The friends of Wheler Foshee are glad to have him with them again.

Mrs. R. H. Martin was agreeably surprised Xmas eve by a visit from her brothers, F. D. Kelley of Savannah and W. D. Kelley of Selma, and Miss Mammie Hodges of Marion have visited her also.

We feel very grateful to Mr. Ensley Cooper for the hand-rail he made over Byrd's creek.

James DuBose is visiting friends here at his old home.

We had a most enjoyable Xmas tree on the 24th, both young and old seemed to aid in each others happiness. Miss Cora Smith added much to the enjoyment, by the excellent recitations of her school, which reflected great credit to their excellent teacher. To speak of the good performance of any would be invidious for this reason we cannot personate none.

A happy New Year to all our friends and specially to the readers of the Banner.

Subscriber.

Send your name for a Souvenir of the Works of Eugene Field,

FIELD FLOWERS

The Eugene Field Monument Souvenir

The most beautiful Art Production of the century. "A small bunch of the most fragrant of blossoms gathered from the broad acres of Eugene Field's Farm of Love." Contains a selection of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Handsomely illustrated by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists as their contribution to the Monument Fund. But for the noble contributions of the great artists this book could not have been manufactured for $7.00. For sale at book stores, or sent prepaid on receipt of $1.10. The love offering to the Child's Poet Laureate, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the Monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet.

Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund,
180 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

L. & N. Change of Schedule.

To go into effect December 20.

Train No		arv. Clanton	
Train No	2	arv. Clanton	9:54 a.m
"	3	"	5:59 p.m
"	4	"	10:35 p.m
"	9	"	7:43 a.m
"	10	"	5:26 p.m

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Justice Court of W. H. Streck a Justice of the Peace for beat 5 of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against J. E. White out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said J. E. White I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One (1) one-horse wagon.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named J. E. White in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1897,

during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated this 29 day of December, 1896.

J. T. Cooley,
Sheriff Chilton county, Alabama.

BUY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

Do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and think you can get the best made, finest finish and MOST POPULAR SEWING MACHINE for a mere song. Buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the NEW HOME.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.

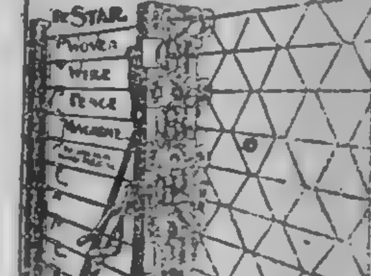
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown [illegible] we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to make them, and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We [illegible] enough wire to make [illegible] feet [illegible] for the same money that will buy [illegible] rods of any good woven wire fence [illegible] the fence [illegible] with which you can make over [illegible] in [illegible] several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fence. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to [illegible] that [illegible] machines sold by us were run for twenty days [illegible] machine making 40 rods per day, there [illegible] enough fence to go around the world, [illegible] 60,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. And if [illegible] were run only 60 days during the year [illegible] rods per day each, they would make a [illegible] 24,000,000 rods, which would make [illegible] rods or 249 miles for every working [illegible] combined product of all the Loom Fence [illegible] the United States would not equal this. [illegible] much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 1092, Ridgeville, Ind.



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FREDONIA, N. Y.
LARGEST MANUFACT'RS OF FELT PADS AND HOUSINGS IN THE UNITED STATES

GIG, COACH, BREAST HOUSINGS
OUR SPECIALTIES.

Send for Our Catalogue and Price-List.
We want live jobbers to handle Our Goods.
Liberal Discounts.

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THE LEADING PAPER OF CHILTON COUNTY.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Peoples Tribune (Birmingham)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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FIRST-CLASS WORK

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DRUGS, : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

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DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

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DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

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W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

A New Clothing Store
And New Prices--Reduced to the Utmost Limit.

G. P. HAARDT

for many years with Pollack & Co.

Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

MONTGOMERY - ALA

CATARRH

is a more common and a more serious disease than most people imagine. Its cure depends upon constitutional treatment, not upon local remedies. V.V.V. cures catarrh because it purifies the blood, cleanses the secretory organs and brings the entire system to a condition of health and vigor. Composed entirely of health-giving vegetable remedial agents,

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a wonderful specific for all blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—as well as rheumatism, malaria, liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, debility, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6 cents.

Bales received to-date:

Sampey	1855
Martin	992
Wilson	448
	3295

If you want a Piano or Organ we can sell you one at a low figure and on easy terms. THE BANNER, Clanton.

Mr. Darwell Foshee spent Xmas with parents in Clanton.

Mr. Sam Gulhorn is in Montgomery this week.

Mr. Harvey Chandler went to Montgomery Monday.

Miss Tampa Cherry is among our pleasant visitors in Clanton this week.

Misses Woods, of Jemison, was in Clanton during Xmas week.

Last Friday night the "Kids" of our town enjoyed a most delightful entertainment, with refreshments, at the residence of Mr. J. H. Hale.

The old reliable Capital City Insurance Company of Montgomery is represented in Clanton by W. L. Sampey.

Miss [illegible] Thornton's school closed the 23rd, inst., and Miss Florence Gulhorn was awarded the first prize and Master Cleveland G[illegible] the second.

Rev. W. B. Dennis preached his first sermon in the Methodist church here Sunday to a large audience.

Christmas day came on quietly, nothing very exciting until after every one had enjoyed a Xmas dinner, and with a rush a large crowd began to prepare for the "fantastic" parade, which was enjoyed by the whole town.

WANTED 1000 cross-ties. Apply to G. H. GREEN, Clanton.

Clanton was lively last Monday night—there were two entertainments, one at Mr. Eugene Evans, and the other at Mrs. Davis' boarding house, both were enjoyed very much by those who attended.

The Xmas tree last Thursday night at the Baptist church was a social feast for the Sunday-school children.

Mr. A. T. Williamson, of Montgomery, who is well remembered for his work here has returned and ready to do any painting, paper-hanging, graining and kalcomining.

Mr. Will Callen is indisposed this week.

Mr. Charles F. Williams and Mr. Forrest Williams, of Comanche, Tex., is spending the holidays with friends and relatives here. Charles will return to Texas in about two weeks but Forrest has decided to remain in Chilton.

Mr. W. H. Smith returned to his home in Coosa, after spending some time with parents here.

Mr. Russell McDaniel, of Montgomery, spent Christmas with parents here.

Mr. Eugene Evans will entertain his friends this evening with an entertainment.

Mr. Charlie Merrit is Spending his Xmas holidays with parents in Clanton.

Mr. W. F. Culp is still on the sick list.

Dr. W. F. Middleton, after spending some time with parents here, returned to Texas last Monday morning.

The many friends of Mr. Barron McMorries are glad to see him out on the streets again after a two week's spell of sickness.

Mr. Willie Perdew, of Greenville, is visiting relatives this week in Clanton.

Dr. V. H. Caine is enjoying a short vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Sampey entertained a large number of friends at their residence Xmas night.

See W. L. Sampey about insuring your property against fire.

The J. R. Kemp place has been by rented by the family of Dr. J. S. Johnson Sr., and moved into this week. The Doctor returned from New Orleans, finding it did not agree with him.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate judge to the following persons.

Mr. D. C. Cooley and Miss Mattie Wooley; Mr. James Harrell and Miss Bettie Horton; Mr. Willie Johnson and Miss Lula Mims; Mr. Joseph Smitherman and Mrs. Missouri Lewis; Mr. C. J. Littlejohn and Miss Viola Langston; Mr. V. J. Gragg, Jr., and Miss Viola Rutherford; Mr. W. E. Thompson and Victoria Rutherford

Colored. Joe Crosby and Carry Davis; Ed Owen and Olie Bailey; Aaron Cooper and Lizzie Flowers; Will Cummins and Birdie Hill; Frank Allison and Camilla Cobero.

Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights?

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Stanton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

MONTGOMERY

Is one of the largest inland cotton markets in the world, and one of the greatest distributing points for Dry Goods and Groceries south of the Ohio river. If you intend carrying your

COTTON

there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

$1800.00 GIVEN AWAY TO INVENTORS.

$150 every month given away to any one who applies through us for the most meritorious patent during the month preceding.

We secure the best patents for our clients, and the object of this offer is to encourage inventors to keep track of their bright ideas. At the same time we wish to impress upon the public the fact that

IT'S THE SIMPLE, TRIVIAL INVENTIONS THAT YIELD FORTUNES,

such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our $150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

All communications regarded strictly confidential.

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pension Warrants in favor of Confederate Soldiers Widows for 1896 have been sent to me by the Auditor, and are now ready to be delivered.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,

STRAYED on Nov. 16th, one black horse mule, medium size, tolerably old, thin in order. A liberal reward offered for the mule. Apply to Mrs. Sarah Mahan, 6 miles east of Stanton, Ala.

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

SUBSCRIBERS receiving their papers with a blue cross (X) mark on it will understand their subscription has expired and will oblige by renewing. Kindly mention to your friends THE BANNER costs only One dollar per year, or Fifty Cents for six months.

State Alliance Notice.

Dudleyville, Ala. Nov. 23, 1896

County Secretaries that have not received minutes of the last State meeting will receive them by dropping me a card notifying me of their failure to receive the same.

J. W. JACKSON,
State Secretary.

* * *

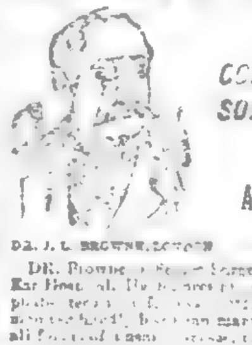
The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD PRESCRIBES

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

— FOR —

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or Any Head or Throat Trouble.



DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

DR. Browne, Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, [illegible] Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE CURED IN EVERY BAD CASE!

[illegible]

DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished [illegible] of New York, [illegible] London Lancet, [illegible]

T. DOUGLAS MORTON.

[illegible] HEADACHE [illegible] CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

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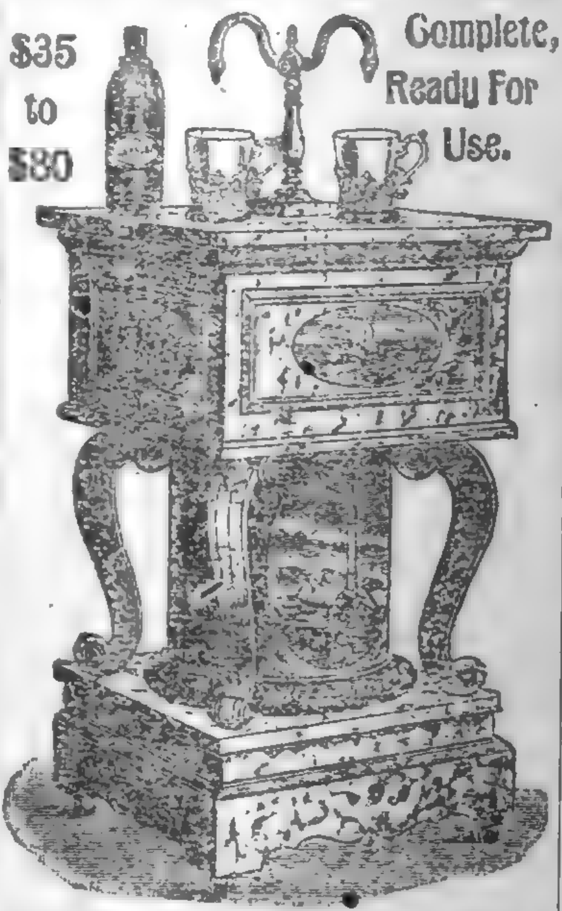
SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.



30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.

MADISON, INDIANA.

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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation. Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
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Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,668.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., December 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 23rd, 1897, viz.: Emmett W. Headley Homestead entry, No. 26,208, for the e½ of ne¼ section 20 tp 21 north of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Joseph Hayes, of Maplesville, Ala., Wiley Ramsey, of Lily, Ala., Simon Clark, of Maplesville, Ala., James Hayes, of Maplesville Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18597.

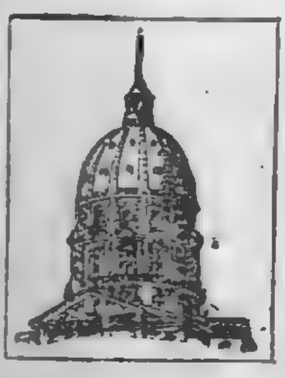
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 2nd, 1897, viz.: Marry Dennis, widow of Daniel B. Dennis, H. E. No. 23,671, for the s½ of Fraction (A), Fraction (B) of section 25 Tp. 21 n R 16 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: William. N. Pierce, James S. Jones, John L. Howard, Pinkney M Jones, all of Burwell, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

THE WORLD ALMANAC AND ENCYCLOPEDIA ....FOR.... 1897



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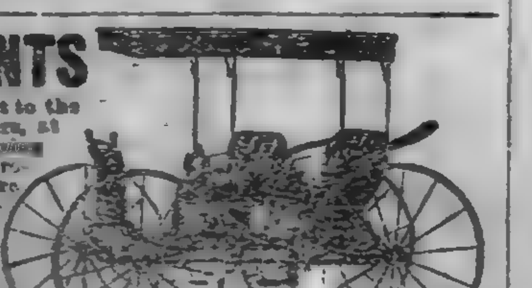

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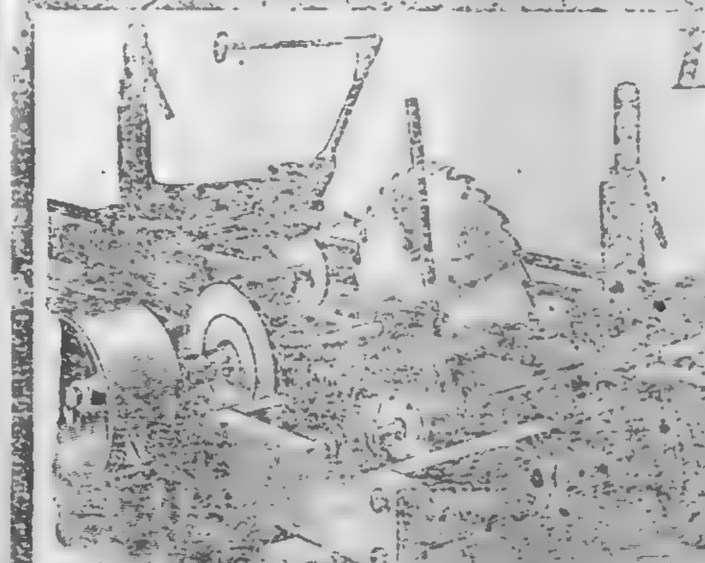

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P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take **P. P. P.** It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

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A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

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A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

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Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

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"Noah," asked Captain Kidd, "I've always wanted to know one thing—did you only take two of every kind of creature on board the ark?" "As passengers, yes," said Noah; "but our steward had about four hundred chickens and lobsters in the ice-box for Sundays, just the same."—Burlington Hawkeye.

Milwaukee's legless man was married the other day. Leap year and he couldn't escape from the new woman.

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CENTERVILLE, R. I., Sept. 27, 1891.
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Gibbon's massive history occupied over twenty years of his life. Compared with this, his other works are insignificant.

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Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Mulhall, the noted statistician, spent over forty years in accumulating the material for his one volume of statistics.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address
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Raphael enjoyed a life of 37 years, from 1483 to 1520. His period of active work covered about fifteen years.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice. Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1891.

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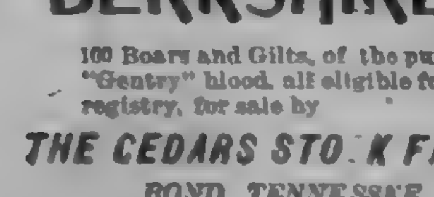

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CONSUMPTION

NATIONAL CONGRESS.

What Our Senators and Representatives Are Doing.

THE NEWS OF A WEEK.

Bills Introduced, and Passed or Referred.—Many Matters of Interest to the People Being Given Due Consideration.—The Cuban War Attracting Much Attention.

SENATE—WEDNESDAY.

A very interesting and important discussion upon Mr. Allen's (Pop., Neb.) resolution to take up the Dingley bill for consideration in the Senate was started to-day by Mr. Vest, and was participated in by Senators Allen, Chandler, Gallinger, Frye, Aldrich, Sherman, Teller Mills and Gorman.

In the course of the debate more than one allusion was made to frauds and corruption at the late Presidential election, and Mr. Teller remarked pointedly that he was not certain that his candidate (Mr. Bryan) had been defeated.

The debate began early in the day and displaced the regular order, the Immigration bill, at the expiration of the morning hour. Senators Teller and Gorman were the last two to come into the debate, and the ones to bring it to a head. Mr. Teller declared positively that it had been well known that if every Republican Senator voted for the Dingley bill it would have still lacked one of a majority, and that it was the merest pretence for anybody to say that he had expected that bill to become a law.

A number of other Senators joined in the discussion, including Mr. Gorman, Platt and Sherman.

Mr. Sherman said: "I am inclined to think that, in view of the statements as to the impossibility of passing the Dingley bill, that we ought not to waste any more time about it. We are not disposed to attempt impossibilities."

That was the last word of important discussion, and the Senate, after a short executive session, adjourned until to-morrow.

Before the debate on the Dingley bill began the Senate passed the Pension Appropriation bill without amendment—the only bill of general interest acted upon.

HOUSE—WEDNESDAY.

The House to-day, in committee of the whole, devoted nearly all of a four-hour session to the Army Appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1898.

A great portion of the time was spent in discussing a ruling of the chairman of the committee, Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, that an amendment to cut off the Hot Springs Hospital, as recommended by the Surgeon-General and Secretary of War, was out of order, being a change of existing law. Messrs. Dingley (Rep., Me.), Bailey (Dem., Tex.), Little (Dem., Ark.), Grew (Rep., Penn.), Hull (Rep., Ia.), Lacey (Rep., Ia.), Cannon (Rep., Ill.), and others participating.

The question was important, as affecting the power of the House under the rules to limit, restrict or define the expenditure of money carried by appropriation bill. One point the committee—69 to 53—sustained the chairman, but later refused to sustain him—71 to 84—and the amendment cutting out the hospital was agreed to. In the House Mr. Little made the point of no quorum on the vote adopting the amendment, and none appearing on the count by the Speaker, the House, at 4:10 adjourned until to-morrow.

In the morning hour Mr. Bailey (Dem., Tex.) asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution directing the Committee on Naval Affairs to investigate the construction of the battleship Texas, but it was referred to the committee without action.

SENATE—THURSDAY.

The bill which passed the House of Representatives last session, and for which a substitute was reported by the Senate Committee, to amend the immigration laws of the United States, occupied the attention of the Senate during the whole of to-day's session. The substitute was amended in some particulars, the most notable amendment being one providing that the act shall not apply to Cuban refugees during the existing troubles in Cuba; and then it was passed by a vote of 52 to 10 and a conference asked with the House.

The House amendment to the Senate bill, as to the lands of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, were laid before the Senate, and were, on motion of Mr. Hill, non-concurred in, and a conference asked, Senators Hill, Platt and Clark being appointed conferees on the part of the Senate.

In presenting a lot of petitions from Alabama, declaring that there was no lawful State Government in that State, Mr. Chandler collided with Mr. Allen in reference to the failure of Mr. Allen's resolution of inquiry on that subject last session, Mr. Chandler asserting that the resolution had failed because of some intemperate remarks of Mr. Allen's questioning the motives of Republican Senators, and Mr. Allen denying that, but asserting that he had a grave suspicion that the resolution never would be acted on in good faith on the Republican side of the Chamber.

A bill to authorize the construction of a railroad bridge across the Sabine river between Louisiana and Texas was reported and passed.

After a short executive session the Senate at 4:30 p. m. adjourned until Monday next.

HOUSE—THURSDAY.

The House to-day set the inaugural ball rolling by the passage of the usual bills authorising the laying of necessary and temporary railroad tracks to accommodate the increased travel, the use of streets and reservations for the erection of reviewing stands and the loan of such Government flags and ensigns as can be spared for decorative purposes.

The army appropriation bill, which was the unfinished business at the opening of the session, was passed, after the amendment recommended by the committees of the whole on Wednesday, practically abolishing the hospital at Hot Springs, Ark., by cutting off the appropriation for its maintenance had been agreed to.

Mr. Woodman (Republican, Illinois) introduced a bill to amend the section of the revised statutes relative to neutrality, which prohibits military expeditions against people at peace with the United States. He proposed to add to this section the following: "Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be considered or construed as applying to or as applicable to the supplying of means for charitable purposes, for hospital stores and medicines, or for the relief of persons who may be ill, wounded, destitute or otherwise helpless or disabled."

The passage of the measure would allow the shipment of food, medicines and clothing to Cuba.

Mr. Burton (Republican, Ohio) offered a resolution directing the President to enter into negotiations with Britain to secure, if possible, the abrogation of the section of the treaty of 1817, which prohibits the building of war vessels at ship yards located on the great lakes. Half a dozen measures of local interest to the District of Columbia, and consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was begun in committee of the whole. Thirty-one pages of the 110 comprising the bill were disposed of without amendment, when, at 5 o'clock, the committee arose and the House adjourned until to-morrow.

SENATE—FRIDAY.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, by a practically unanimous vote this morning, ordered a favorable report to be made to the Senate Monday on the Cameron resolution recognizing the independence of the Republic of Cuba. A verbal change was made in the text of the resolution, so that as finally agreed to it reads as follows:

Resolved, etc., That the independence of the Republic of Cuba be and the same is hereby acknowledged by the United States of America.

Section 2—That the United States will use its friendly offices with the Government of Spain to bring to a close the war between Spain and Cuba.

Secretary Olney, who had been requested to appear before the committee by Senator Sherman, was present for one hour and laid before the committee all of the information in possession of the State Department. He stated to the committee very fully the policy of the administration and the reasons that actuated it in its present attitude towards the insurrection in Cuba.

Senator Cameron was instructed to prepare the report that will be submitted to the Senate Monday. As a matter of fact the report was written and was submitted to the committee this morning. It is looked upon as an exceedingly strong document, and goes into the diplomatic history of the United States very fully to show our policy in the matter of recognizing new States. Some few additions and alterations were suggested by other members of the committee, but the report as drawn by the Senator is practically complete.

There is an impression among some of the members of the committee that the President will veto the resolution, it being joint in its character and requiring the executive's approval or disapproval. If Mr. Cleveland should enter his veto, it is claimed that Congress will be able to pass the resolution by the necessary two-thirds vote.

HOUSE—FRIDAY.

This was private bill day in the House under the rules, and the request of Mr. Bingham, Republican, of Pennsylvania, for unanimous consent to proceed with the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill met objection. Thirty-seven private pension bills previously reported by the committee of the whole were passed and the rest of the afternoon was occupied in discussing five war claims bills, one of which, for the relief of Thomas B. Reed, a Pennsylvania soldier, was passed.

The report of the conferees was agreed to extending until ten days after the beginning of the next session the limit within which the joint Congressional Commission on regulations for the free use of alcohol in the arts and manufactures might report.

A bill to pay $5,000 to Flora A. Darling, widow of a Confederate General, for money alleged to have been taken from her at the time of her arrest on a steamer at New Orleans when traveling on a safe permit granted by Gen. N. P. Banks, was laid on the table, despite the favorable recommendation of the committee.

At 5 o'clock, under the rules, the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

HON. JOHN J. INGALLS.

The Brilliant Ex-President of the U. S. Senate to Visit Birmingham.

Birmingham, Ala.—Hon. John J. Ingalls, Ex-President of the United States Senate, will visit Birmingham and deliver his great lecture at O'Brien's Opera House, Wednesday night, January 13. The consummate powers, brilliant wit and captivating rhetoric of this "wizard of the English language," makes his appearance a notable event in any city. His theme, as announced, will be "The Crisis." Some thrilling things will doubtless be said upon the present political complications and the threatened war with Spain over the Cuban matter.

The brilliant Kansan seems to have it in for the Populists. It is hoped after meeting Southern people the great statesman may love us more than he has manifested in the past.

One good trait makes a person good, but one bad trait dims the light of an otherwise good man.

The man who invariably whistles does very little thinking. But he keeps other people thinking, all the same.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Latest Dispatches From the National Capital.

WORK OF COMMITTEES.

Rather Suggestive Orders Issued to Naval Vessels—The Mississippi Outlet Considered by the River and Harbor Committee—Washington Hotels and the Inauguration—Other Matters.

Washington, D. C.—Acting Secretary McAdoo, of the Navy, Friday summoned the chiefs of construction, engineering and ordnance, Commodores Hichborn, Melville and Sampson, and ordered them to take whatever steps were necessary to expedite the repairs on all ships now in commission at the Atlantic coast navy yards. This action is taken, it is explained, in order that all available ships may be ready to rendezvous for drill purposes with Admiral Bunce's fleet at Hampton Roads not later than January 1. The chiefs were also directed to approve no changes or extensive repairs in ships for the present, as it was the desire of the department to get all the commissioned vessels away from the navy yards in order that urgent work may be prosecuted on other vessels which have been dismantled for thorough overhauling. This extra work at the navy yards is said to be made possible through the assurances given to Commodores Melville and Hichborn by the appropriation committee, before which they appeared this morning, in regard to the urgency deficiency item of a million dollars for naval work imperatively demanded. The required amount was promised, and the officers were told the money would be promptly placed at their disposal on their explanation that all work would have to be suspended at once and wholesale discharges made unless prompt relief was afforded.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED ORPHANS.

The full extent of the Armenian massacres is indicated in a report to the State Department by United States Consul Bergholdt, at Erzeroum, in which he says: The number of Armenian children under 12 years of age left orphans by the massacres of 1896 is 15,000, according to the estimates of the missionaries.

The question of what shall be done with these orphans is receiving the attention of the Christian world. The American board of commissioners has the question of creating orphanages and industrial institutions under consideration. German charitable or religious societies are preparing to establish orphan asylums and the British Ambassador at Constantinople has instituted a movement leading towards settling a number of widows and their children from the province of Erzeroum, on the Island of Cyprus.

In Erzeroum there are 180 widows with 700 children without means, and in Frzenigan 100 widows with 450 children and at Baitbourt 119 widows with 500 children. The widows of Baitbourt are in particularly distressing circumstances, not a male major remaining.

THE MISSISSIPPI OUTLET.

The House River and Harbor Committee gave a long hearing Friday to a delegation consisting of Messrs. Woodruff and Sanders, of New Orleans; Bravo, of Pittsburg; McDonald, of La Crosse; Mahoney, of Sioux City, and Ex-Governor Stannard, of Missouri, in support of the proposition requiring the engineer department to make a survey of Pass L'Outre, in the Mississippi river, to obtain an estimate of cost for the repair of the crevasses now existing there, with a view to an appropriation subsequently for that purpose.

It was explained that the Eads heirs, who are required under the original contract to maintain the depth required, twenty-eight feet, assert their inability to do so because of the crevasse, the delegation asserting on the other hand that navigation should not be endangered on this account.

The committee decided, therefore, that a hearing would be given at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon to the Government of the Eads heirs before reaching a conclusion.

WASHINGTON HOTELS.

Reports having been circulated in Philadelphia and other cities to the effect that the Washington hotels had entered into a combination to charge exorbitant rates during the inauguration week, Chairman Bell, of the Inauguration Committee, authorizes an explicit denial of the reports.

Chairman Bell says: "I have caused diligent inquiry to be made of the different hotels, and I find the story to be absolutely untrue. So far as I can find no hotel proposes to charge more than the usual rates at such times."

All indications point to the largest crowd ever seen in Washington at an inauguration, and preparations are well under way for the entertainment and care of the visitors upon that occasion, and with the well known ability of Washington to properly handle large crowds, no fears need be entertained of extortion or lack of accommodations for all who may come.

THE SPANISH MINISTER.

In regard to the Cameron resolution in the Senate the Spanish Minister says, with considerable emphasis, that while certain sensational papers may be relied upon to publish alleged statements from him, he is confident that all sensible people will appreciate that he has declined and will uniformly refuse to be led into any discussion or criticism whatever touching a matter under the consideration of Congress. Such a matter he would not discuss privately under any circumstances, and he seizes this opportunity to warn everyone against statements on the subject which might be attributed to him, however indirect.

Ambition is the star that leads through life and stands still over the grave.

Fatigue of the Eye.

A star appears more distinct if one looks at a point near it than it does when looking at the star itself. This is due to what is called "fatigue" of the retina. When looking at an object we naturally focus that object on the most sensitive part of the retina and keep the image permanently there. Now, in the case of a star, the image is a microscopic point and covers only an infinitesimal portion of the retina, and the great strain on this portion produces immediate "fatigue." If we look at a point near the star, then, as the eye moves, the image travels over the retina and successive portions of it are called into play so quickly that "fatigue" is not experienced. It does not do to look at another star near it, for then the eye is kept fixed and "fatigue" at once ensues. To most eyes the Pleiades appear far more distinct when we fix our eyes on a blank space of the heavens near them than when we look at them directly.

Unusual Surgical Operation.

A quite novel surgical operation has successfully been performed at Parma, Italy, by Professor Camillo Verdelli, in the presence of all the physicians of the Parmese hospital and with very satisfactory results. The new operation was the washing of the heart. It was the first operation of the kind and Professor Verdelli employed the washing apparatus recently invented by Professor Riva. After making an operative incision Professor Verdelli first cleaned the pericardium of the patient, a 12-year-old boy, of the pus which had accumulated thereon, and then proceeded to wash the heart with a strong solution of soda biborate (borax). The operation was very successful, inasmuch as no further complication has arisen. The boy is now doing very well and is on his way to complete recovery. Professor Vardelli has received numerous congratulations for his success with the new operation from surgeons all over Europe.

Beggars in China.

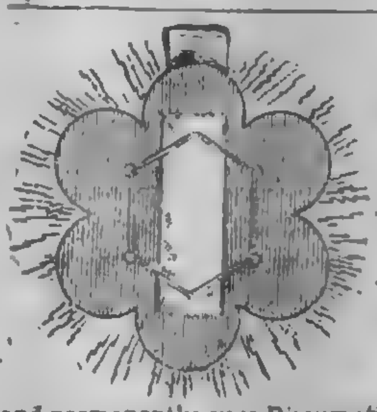
A Chinaman can live well upon five cents a day, yet there are more beggars in China than in any other country. They travel in great companies, men, women and children. The women suffer on this tramp, because their feet are bandaged. Crowds of young beggars follow carriagers for miles, howling for gifts. Professionals often multilate their children so they may excite sympathy. These swarms of beggars are the result of there not being enough work for them all. Each family takes care of its own poor to a great extent and the Chinese are not lazy, so it is the force of circumstances more than anything else that contributes to this state.

Revival of a Gallows Bird.

An Arab named Mohammed Ben Aidlel Benzerti was hanged recently in Tunis, Algeria, for killing four other Arabs. After the usual time the body was taken down and given to his relatives, who were preparing to bury him, when he remarked: "Before burying me, give me something to drink." They took him to a hospital and he is likely to recover.

First Wife—My man's just gone out wild as a hawk 'cos he can't find any money to spend on beer. Second Wife—Where do you hide it? Do tell! Mine knows everywhere 'bout the house. I can't hide nothin' from him long. First Wife—I always puts it in his own coat pocket, the one as hangs up behind the door, and he don't never look there for money.—Ally Sloper.

It is noble to bear like a hero the calamities of life, but it is ignoble to continue to suffer under them when the time has arrived to triumph over them; and only an intelligent view of each case can reveal when that time has arrived.



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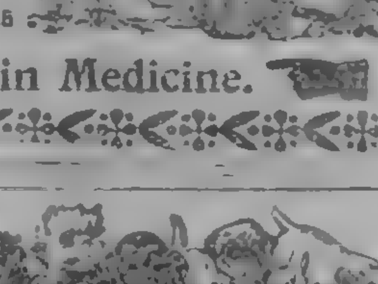

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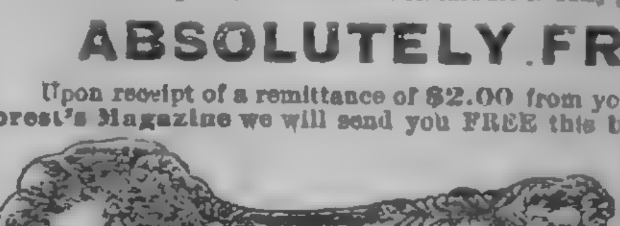

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THE BANNER.

Clerk

Let the people rule

VOL. V. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31 1896. NO 10.

Most of the patriots proved to be pirates.

Fools and traitors are a bad mixture in politics.

No more bonds forever, and down with banks of issue.

Organized greed should be met with organized manhood.

Bayard will soon come to America to represent England.

The Cuban question will likely hang fire until the new administration comes in.

Paper money based simply on taxes is the best form of currency we could have.

McKinley has not yet signified which one of the ready-made cabinets he will appoint.

Lying has become so common among [illegible] that it is scarcely noticed any more.

If the Republicans don't give us better times they won't know what hit them in 1898.

The men who advocate the free silver [illegible] will soon find themselves behind the procession.

The men who want to use the People's party for a door mat should be cast into outer darkness."

It was "a chance" that killed the Democrats; we may now see what it will do for the Republicans.

"Dook" Pullman has reduced wages [illegible] per cent in his shops. Wanted to get on a parity with prosperity.

A railroad commission is a farce; nothing short of public ownership will settle the transportation question satisfactorily.

We need a decrease of pauper immigration from foreign countries rather than an increase of the standing army.

The latest news bearing on the construction of McKinley's cabinet is that Senator Cullom is beginning to look like Lincoln again.

Why don't the workingmen profit by the example of the trusts and increase their wages in anticipation of the "wave of prosperity."

McKinley will have to settle the [illegible] question after all; he'll have to decide which "1" of the "16" men who want the office will get it.

Talk about "cold waves," what do we call that of November 4th? The "wave of prosperity" has not been able to chase the chill off of us.

It was very nice in Grover to issue that Thanksgiving proclamation the day after we knew we were to have a change from his administration.

The election returns show that a little wisdom and some patriotism would enable the people to down the money power, but no "hog party" can do it.

It seems that Grover Cleveland never learned the art of making money until he was elected President. It is a little strange the other presidents didn't learn it even then.

Great Britain bulldozes small nations and arbitrates with the large ones. Fortunately the South American Republics have a big brother Samuel to look after their interests.

The silver question will not be the issue in 1900. It will be talked to death by that time. Men who can see further in finance than free silver [illegible] long entertain an intelligent public.

The inter-state commerce law seems to be mis-named. It should be called "An Act entitled an Act to permit railroad corporations and United States [illegible] to run the government by injunction, and rob the people at will."

[illegible] autocrats will do well to remember that "nothing is settled until it is settled right." The slave power [illegible] in various ways to compromise the issue of chattel slavery, and protect their institution by legal enactment, but the people finally rose and shot it to death.

Cuba [illegible] slaughter pen which should be taken charge of by Uncle Sam, at once [illegible] enough to put a stop to the brutal butcheries now going on there. We are [illegible] as a nation from saying anything about the Armenian butcheries [illegible] the most cruel murders are being committed right under our nose. [illegible] the sugar trust is making money out of it, and the interests of the trust must not be interfered with.

Politics for Pay.

[illegible] George says that T. V. Powderly received $5,000 from Hanna for [illegible] the war against the labor[illegible]

Bourke Cochran is said to have received [illegible] for each speech he made.

[illegible] Arnold received a brigadier general's commission and $20,000. [illegible] was entirely confidential, but [illegible] satisfactory to all parties. Judas Iscariot was more moderate in his demands than any of the foregoing gentlemen in playing the traitor, [illegible] probably he received all he was worth, being that he received it in silver and at the same time encouraged the hemp industry.

THE TELEGRAPH.

WHAT EXPERIENCE SHOWS AND SHOULD TEACH.

In the Face of the Facts Presented by Professor Parsons After a Searching Inquiry It Is Nonsense to Permit Private Ownership States.

Prof. Frank Parsons, in his tenth installment of "The Telegraph Monopoly," which appears in the Arena for December, deals with the experience of England under both private and public ownership. The following lengthy extract will be found unusually interesting, and it is certainly convincing of the correctness of the people's party demand for government ownership of the telegraphs:

The experience of England constitutes a most powerful argument for public ownership of the telegraph. Up to 1870 the telegraph business in Great Britain was in the hands of private companies, and for many years complaints had been made of excessive charges, poor service and inadequate facilities. The companies pretended to compete, but in reality had an understanding among themselves which prevented the reduction of rates to a just figure. They were satisfied to keep the tariff up and allow each company to obtain such share of the business as its territory and facilities commanded.

In 1869 the tariff charged by the United Kingdom company, as well as by the older Electric, International, British and Irish Magnetic companies was:

1s. (24 cents) for 20 words up to 100 miles.

1s. 6d. (36 cents) for 20 words up to 200 miles.

2s. (48 cents) for 20 words beyond 200 miles.

3s. to 6s. for messages to Ireland.

In many instances these rates, high as they were, did not cover the whole transmission of a telegram. They only applied to the wires of a single company, and when a message had to be transmitted over the systems of two or more companies an additional charge, frequently of considerable amount, was levied.

These rates were scandalously high, and yet our own people at the time in question (1869) were frequently compelled to pay from five to six times as much for the same distance and the same number of words.

In 1865 the Edinburgh chamber of commerce called the attention of Lord Stanley, the postmaster general, to the telegraph question, showing that the rates were unreasonably high, the transmission unsatisfactory because of delays and inaccuracies, the treatment of the press unfair and many towns and districts wholly unprovided for. The Edinburgh committee gave careful consideration to three different remedial measures: (1) a regulated amalgamation of existing companies; (2) the establishment of entire free trade in public telegraphy; (3) the transfer of the service to the postoffice. Its conclusion was in favor of the last, but it agreed to recommend the appointment of a royal commission of inquiry prior to legislation.

Lord Stanley appointed Frank Ives Scudamore to "inquire whether the telegraph might be beneficially worked by the postoffice." Mr. Scudamore was a man of the highest character, thoroughly impartial and of very fine ability. He made a scientific study of the abuses of the existing service in England, the condition of the service in other countries, the benefits likely to result from a postal system and the difficulties and disadvantages that might attach to it. The result was that he came to believe in the postal telegraph, and in 1866 he made his report, a very able paper, conclusively showing the advantages of the present plan. In 1868 he made a supplementary report to Lord Stanley's successor, the Earl of Montrose, who transmitted it to the house of lords with a communication, of which the following is a part:

In the inclosed report and that which preceded it frequent reference is made to the manner in which the telegraph systems of Belgium and Switzerland have been framed and maintained by the postoffices of those countries. The example of the colony of Victoria might however have been cited with equal propriety, for in that colony the telegraph has long been worked by the postoffice and with such success that although the charges for transmission are high, the proportion of telegrams to letters is as high as in Belgium. There is indeed nothing new in the proposed scheme. Of its various parts each has been tried, and tried with success, either in Belgium, in Switzerland, in France, or in a British colony, and taking into account the greater wealth and commercial activity of the United Kingdom, I see no reason to doubt that the scheme, as a whole, will be equally successful here.

Your lordships will readily perceive that such a system, besides facilitating social intercourse, strengthening and multiplying the relations between the inhabitants of different districts and stimulating the growth of trade and commerce, will also strengthen the country from hostility from without and aid in the maintaining of law and order within the kingdom.

The chancellor of the exchequer, in moving for leave to introduce the bill, said:

It would be admitted as a general principle that the monopoly that had succeeded so well in regard to the conveyance of letters might be expected to succeed equally as well in a more rapid method of communication. I am not aware of any objection to monopoly in one case that would not hold good in the other. This country is behind others in the matter of telegraphic communication. The proportion of telegrams to letters is far less in this country than in Belgium or Switzerland. In 1866 the proportions were in Belgium, 1 to 37; in Switzerland, 1 to 69; in Great Britain, 1 to 121.

These figures show that we are suffering from high rates for telegraphic communication and inadequate facilities. If we were equally favored in the matter of charges, etc., the probability is that the proportion of telegrams would be largely increased. Our present system does not give satisfaction to the commercial world. A deputation from the Associated Chambers of Commerce waited upon the postmaster general and myself at the treasury to present a memorial on this subject. They complained of high rates, vexatious delays, inaccurate rendering of messages and the absence of telegraphic communication in whole districts. Under the present system of private administration there is little prospect of fair reduction in rates.

After speaking of the extortionate charges of the private companies in the paragraph already quoted, Postmaster-General Morley continues thus:

Not only were the charges high, but the systems were incomplete. It was in the nature of things that companies whose aim was to secure a profit for their shareholders should restrict their operations as far as possible to the principal towns. In the absence of an obligation to work the telegraphs as a national undertaking they naturally refrained from extensions to the smaller towns and villages or to districts remote from the chief centers of population, which could not be expected to yield a remunerative business. Thus several towns in England and Wales with from 3,000 to 6,000 inhabitants were without any telegraph facilities, being situated at distances of from five to ten miles from the nearest telegraph station. Where such towns were provided with telegraphic communication the office was, as a rule, situated at the railway station, frequently at an inconvenient distance from the center of the town.

In the large towns the telegraph offices were not well distributed. The offices of three or four companies were apt to be clustered together in the business center of the city, sometimes only a few yards distant from each other, while the suburbs and outlying districts were almost wholly neglected. When the inquiry of 1865 was instituted, the total number of places supplied with telegraphic communication by all the companies together was about 1,000, while the number of places having postal communication at the same date was 10,685.

The situation is thus graphically described by Mr. Scudamore:

By maintaining high charges as long as they could, by reducing those charges inch by inch, as it were, and only under pressure, by the confinement of their operations to important towns and by planting their offices mainly in the business centers of those towns the telegraph companies had brought speculative men, and speculative men only, to a free use of the telegraph. Whoever could make money on a turn of the market, whoever could advantageously place a few pounds when "Bumblebee" went below "Dulcibella" in the betting, whoever had it at heart to let Thames street know that there was a large take of herring at Wick, rushed cheerfully to the telegraph office and would have submitted to any inconvenience and paid any charge to get his massage through in time. But the general public, puzzled by a variable and complex tariff and disheartened by the distance of the telegraph offices from their doors, had got to regard the telegraph as a medium of communication which they might use in times of sore necessity, and then only, and to look upon a telegraph message with a feeling amounting to fear.

The parallel between the English telegraph before 1870 and our own system today is very striking. We have in an aggravated form all the evils the English reformers complained of and several additional ones of our own—boundless dilution of stock, enormous profits, telegraphic millionaires, monopoly of market reports, systematic ill treatment of employes, etc. England had abundant reason for revolt. America has still greater reason.

The press of Great Britain, as we have seen, demanded a government telegraph and persisted in discussing the subject in spite of the threatened stoppage of their dispatches.

The telegraph companies used every effort to prevent and impede the reform. The objections they raised were:

1. It was not the government's business to telegraph.
2. There would be a loss if it did.
3. The telegraph would be better conducted under private enterprise.
4. The government rates would be higher.
5. And the use of the telegraph would decrease.
6. The government service would be nonprogressive, no stimulus to invention, etc.
7. The secrecy of messages would be violated.
8. The telegraph would be used as a party machine.
9. The government could not be sued.
10. To establish a public telegraph would be an arbitrary and unjust interference with private interests. The companies had risked their capital in the new enterprise, and just as they were about to get their reward the government was going to take the business away from them. Private enterprise experimented, and the people wanted to steal the fruit.

These objections are very familiar. Our monopolists know them by heart and use them over and over, taking no notice of the answers to them no matter how many times they are refuted. It is easy to answer them a priori, and the overwhelming demonstration of their falsity by the actual experience of England ought to have buried them forever beyond the possibility of disinterment.

1. It is the government's business to transmit intelligence, and that business includes the use of the telegraph and all other appropriate means of transmission.

2. If rates remained the same, an increase of profit instead of a loss was to be expected by reason of the economies that would result from a united telegraph in combination with the postal service. The people could keep rates up and realize a large profit, or put rates down, thereby increasing the usefulness of the telegraph and taking their profit in the form of more and better service for the same money. They did the latter, and, as a matter of fact, they have saved, at the lowest estimate, $150,000,000 in twenty-five years. The telegraphing they have done would have cost them at least $150,000,000 more than it has cost, including expenses of operation, extensions, repairs, interest on the capital, water purchase and all.

3. It stands to reason that a servant appointed and paid by himself, and whose avowed interest and effort are to line his own pocket with the utmost possible "giltiness" consistent with his personal safety—it stands to reason that such a servant will not conduct your telegraph or any other business of yours as well as you can do it yourself or have it done by your own agent. As a matter of fact, the public telegraph service turned out to be vastly superior to the private telegraph service according to the universal verdict of the English people.

4. It was reasonable to expect that the government rates would be lower, because the government would work at cost and would, moreover, secure an absolute economy relatively to private corporations in the conduct of the telegraph. In fact, the rates dropped at once one-third to two-thirds, average one-half, and afterward the ordinary inland rate was again reduced almost one-half.

5. The use of the telegraph doubled the first year.

6. The government service has adopted new inventions and shown a progressive spirit in respect to employes as well as the service of the public.

7. There has been no complaint of violation of secrecy.

8. Nor the least suspicion of partisan use.

9. The government can be sued and is sued. Claims against the government are tried judicially the same as other claims.

10. Interference with private interests to accomplish a public good is not arbitrary and unjust; it is the very essence of justice and good government. The private interests of gamblers, saloonkeepers, opium sellers, shipowners housebuilders, powder makers, bone grinders, grain elevator men, etc., private interests both good and bad, are interfered with for the sake of the public welfare. Telegraph interests form no exception. The companies had already received large returns on their investment and would receive full compensation for their capital when the public took their plant—more than full compensation as it turned out.

The companies themselves knew enough to understand that all their pleas from one to nine were nonsense—mere scarecrows to frighten ignorant timidity. It is possible they might have put some faith in the tenth point.

Men who have long enjoyed the privilege of putting their hands in their neighbors' pockets may really regard an interference with their time honored custom as arbitrary and unjust. Kings and emperors have not been noted for recognizing the wisdom and justice of democracy. No matter how arbitrary and unjust a despotism may be, it will hurl the whole of ethics at any one who brings a suit of ejectment against it.

The merchants, the press and the people generally were not deceived by the outcry raised by the companies and a few conservatives who, not being able to distinguish between proper and improper extension of government functions, were fearful of any enlargement of public activities. The people knew, without reading the refutations of learned men, that the companies' pleas from one to ten were lies and sophistries; that their only real objection was the loss of an opportunity for unjust profits.

In 1868, as we have said, the chambers of commerce petitioned the commons, charging the existing telegraph system with extortion, error and inadequacy. Mr. Scudamore's reports and the committee's investigations gave overwhelming evidence of the truth of the charge and of the advantages of a national system. The press urged a change. The liberal leader, Mr. Gladstone, then as always anxious for the public weal and for that alone, took up the measure, bore down the opposition of the companies and secured the passage of a law (July 31, 1868) enabling the postmaster general to purchase the whole, or any part he thought fit, of any existing telegraph property. And in 1869 another act was passed giving the postoffice the exclusive control of the telegraph business.

On the 29th of January, 1870, all the telegraphs in the kingdom became an integral part of the postoffice. The government bought from the companies 77,000 miles of wire, with equipment, for $32,168,214, or $416 a mile. The lines had cost the companies only $11,000,000, and were really worth at the time of the transfer not more than $8,000,000. This was England's mistake. She paid at least four times the value of the lines, probably more. The French government put up 68,000 miles of wire, with equipment, for $65 to $66 a mile. When the acts of 1868-69 were passed, in spite of all the companies could do, they determined at least to make the transfer as difficult and costly as possible. It was easy to raise the value of stock in contemplation of a government purchase. Such a rise would be apt to take place to some extent even without manipulation. In some cases shares that were selling for $125 in 1866-67 realized the holders $400 when the lines were sold to the government. The shares of another company rose from $132 in November, 1867, to $259 at the time of the government purchase. In another company the shares rose from $30 to $133. And yet the companies did not always get what they asked by any means. The Northeastern railway company claimed £540,292 in compensation for its telegraph department, besides a large sum for interest. It was awarded in all £168,696. The Metropolitan Railway company claimed in all £438,000, and were awarded £51,907. These two instances out of more than twenty suffice to show the extent to which the fraudulent greed of the companies would have bled the country if it had had its way unchecked.

The government's first move was the rapid extension of the lines into districts hitherto unprovided with telegraph facilities, and the reduction of the tariff to the uniform rate of one shilling for twenty words, social or commercial, and seventy-five words press by day, 100 words by night, all irrespective of distance, a reduction estimated at one-third to one-half.

The result was a vast and immediate increase in the popular use of the telegraph. Social messages and newspaper traffic developed enormously. The telegraph became something more than an aid to speculation and began to be of use to the people.

In respect to adequacy the superiority of the English system is equally clear. It would not be fair to compare the number of offices or messages per square mile, for England is more thickly populated than the United States, but it is fair to compare the relation between telegraph facilities and postal facilities in the two countries. Great Britain has 20,000 postoffices and 10,000 telegraph offices, less than one-fourth of which are railroad offices. The Western Union (the Mackay offices are mostly needless duplications) has 21,000 offices (about three-fourths of which are railroad offices or situated at places inconvenient or inaccessible to the general public, such as stock exchanges, policy shops, etc.), as against 70,000 postoffices. The relation between telegraph and postoffice is therefore 1 to 2 in Great Britain and 1 to 3½ here, including the railroad offices, and one to 2.6 in Great Britain as compared with 1 to 10 in the United States, taking the commercial offices alone—that is, to every fourteen postoffices in Great Britain there are seven efficient telegraph offices, while in this country to every fourteen postoffices there are not more than four efficient telegraph offices, and, considering the commercial offices alone, there are over five to fourteen postoffices over the sea and about one to fourteen postoffices here.

Economy of Government Ownership.

By abolishing 590 presidents with their staffs (one would do)	$25,000,000
Abolishing the high-priced managers and their staffs.	4,000,000
Abolishing attorneys and legal expenses	12,000,000
Abolishing merely competitive offices, solicitors, etc.	12,000,000
Abolishing 5-7 of the advertising account which is incurred for competitive purposes	5,000,000
Abolishment traffic associations, which are employed to adjust matters between competing roads..	4,000,000
Exclusive use of short routes	25,000,000
Consolidation of working depots, offices and staffs.	20,000,000
Uniformity of rails, cars, machinery, etc., cheapening their manufacture, avoiding freight blockades, return of "empties" belonging to other roads, clerkage to keep account of cars and adjust divisions of earnings among the roads; by making simple, easily understood tariff, saving the time and labor of clerks and the public, by all the numberless little economies of a vast corporation under a single management, and no competitive warfare to waste its energies	15,000,000
By avoiding strikes and developing a better feeling generally	10,000,000
By abolishing the corruption fund used in legislatures	30,000,000
By abolishing the pass evil.	30,000,000
By abolishing unjust [illegible]	50,000,000
By having no rent or interest	285,000,000
By having no dividends to pay	82,000,000
By putting surplus in the people's treasury	52,000,000
Total	$661,000,000

General Miles wants an increase of the standing army in order to the more effectually protect the robberies of the sitting army.

The Republicans are pledged to international bimetallism. All right, let us have it that way.

MORGAN'S MELANGE

NOTES AND COMMENT ON CURRENT TOPICE.

Wendell Phillips' Parting Words—An Up-to-Date Chicago Judge—Gen. Miles Purpose with a Big Army—Other Matters.

When we study the conditions which surround us on every side, we appreciate the full meaning of the words of Wendell Phillips when he said: "When I die I wish but two words written on my tombstone: 'Infidel' and 'Traitor' —infidel to a church that could be at peace in the presence of sin; traitor to a government that was a magnificent conspiracy against justice."

* * *

Judge Foster, of Chicago, fined a woman $10, one day last week, because her rooster persisted in "crowing" before daylight, thereby disturbing the slumber of one of her neighbors. That "judge" is a dandy. If Juke Pullman had starved a few of his men to death Foster would rule that he had a perfect right to do so.—Ex. That "Jedge" is fully up to the spirit of our civilization. If there is anything that is calculated to disturb the equanimity of a "Jedge" more than anything it is a rooster crowing and waking him up before daylight.

* * *

The Caucasian is stirred up over the fact that General Miles recommended an increase of the standing army, and that the bankers are preparing at the same time to make a raid on the greenbacks. It asserts that these are the two danger signals which should engage the people's attention. It says: "Such an army cannot be needed to meet any foreign foe that might appear, for we can always depend on the patriotism of our people for volunteers to meet any such peril when it may arise. We challenge any man who favors this increase to give his reasons —a standing army is a dead expense to the tax-payers, and is opposed to the genius of our government."

* * *

"There can be but one purpose," continues the authority above quoted, "and that is to train a standing army to serve monopolies and trusts, and to shoot down any who may oppose the avarice and oppression of industrial kings and monopoly tyrants. The present army is big enough for that purpose, but the fact that they want it more than doubled shows that they have planned new and greater schemes of robbing and oppression." This apprehension is becoming pretty general among the people, and it is not without some grounds. People naturally connect military force and despotism. It would seem that our civil authority was sufficient for all purposes, but if it should fail, there is the militia and the great body of the people to supplement it.

* * *

The Caucasian, further discussing the danger of surrendering to the banks the absolute control of the currency, says: "The constitution provides that the government shall issue all money. It is a function of government—a function of sovereignty. To turn over to the banks the power to levy and collect taxes from the people would not be near as dangerous to our property and liberty as to turn over to them the issue of our money and the control of its volume. Put the country on the gold standard and then let the banks control all the paper currency and the speculators and bankers would have the country absolutely at their mercy. It is bad enough now to bring hard times to all except those who enjoy special privileges, but the avarice of these money sharks is not yet satisfied. If the bankers have this tremendous power, in addition to the power they already have, then they can oppress the people at will beyond all endurance, and they want a big standing army to put down any kicking on the part of an outraged people and to enforce the robbery of these shylocks at the point of the bayonet."

* * *

The plutocrats ridicule the idea of money without intrinsic value, but all their ridicule and tirades of abuse cannot wipe out the expressions of a long list of eminent authorities that have placed themselves on record against the intrinsic value theory. Among these was United States Senator Plumb, of Kansas, who, in a speech in the senate, in reply to John Sherman, said: "The senator from Ohio said in a brief speech which he made the other day on a minor clause of this bill, in a spirit of candor that did not characterize his speech of yesterday, that gold and silver had been created by the Almighty as money, and had been such from the beginning of time. 'What God hath joined together, let no man put asunder.' If gold is money, then silver is money, and if gold to-day is any more money than silver it is because the law has made it so, giving to gold the exclusive money function and degrading silver."

"The American people are logical. Whenever it is settled that it is the law and not the designation of the Almighty, the fiat of legislation and not intrinsic value or a long course of business or a concensus of public opinion which constitutes money, they will not long halt on gold, or silver either, for that matter, but go at once on paper as the only logical and proper representative—as the medium of exchange." W. S. MORGAN.

With a man for President who looks like Napoleon, and one in the cabinet who looks like Lincoln, what do we need with a standing army? Come down off your perch, Miles. We can bluff our way through.

A ROGUE PLANT.

It Lies in Wait for Flies and Other Insects.

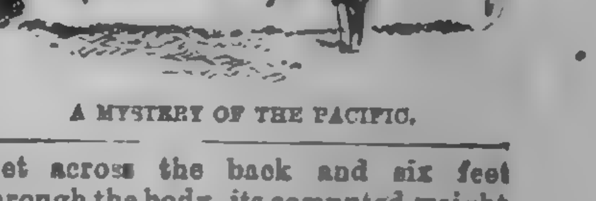
Here's the picture of a rogue of a plant that lies in wait like a highway robber for unwary flies and other insects and when they appear it swallows them up and their friends never hear of them again. It has been given the botanical name of sarracenia, but it is commonly called the pitcher plant, from the fact that its leaves are rolled into the form of pitchers, in which many a poor fly is caught. The flies are attracted to the plant by a sweet liquid which it gives off, and in their greediness they go a little too far and are killed. Botanists do not know exactly why the plant should wish a dinner of flies, but there must be some good reason for it, else its pitchers would not be so attractive. By experiment they have found that the plant will live just as well where the flies cannot get at it at all. So all the evidence would indicate that it is just a rogue, killing flies because it really enjoys the sport.

A BANDIT PLANT.

ODD AND MARVELOUS

The Colossal Recumbent Rock Figure on Easter Island.

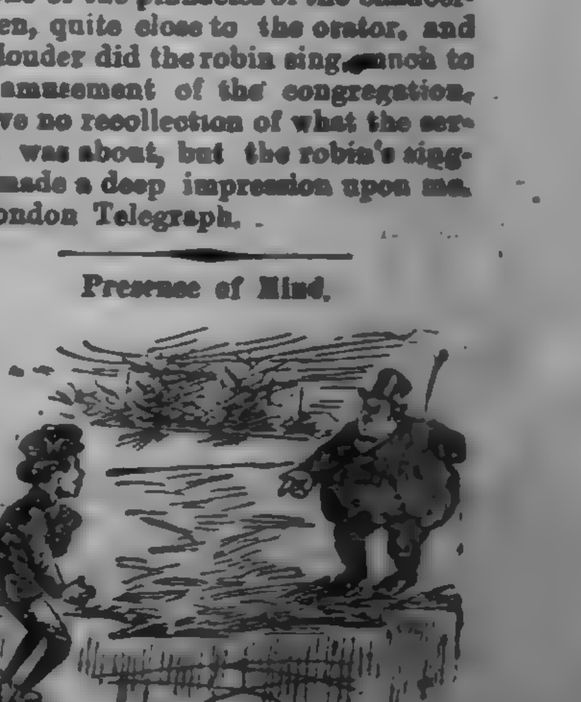
The accompanying picture is from a photograph of a recumbent rock figure found on Easter Island, in the South Pacific. This island is about 2000 miles from the coast of Chile. As many as 500 figures, mainly busts, have been counted on the island. They differ considerably in size, from the pigmy of three feet to those of giant proportions, the largest measured being seventy feet long, 14½ feet across the back and six feet through the body, its computed weight amounting to 238,000 tons. The usual height of these wonderful busts is about twenty feet, having a weight of seventy-six tons each, by far the greater portion being about this size. Yet these huge masses of stone were not only moved considerable distances from the still existing quarries where they were sculptured, but were placed in an upright position on vast platforms of stone prepared for their reception, and were finally decorated by having the huge cylinders of stone placed on their heads, the whole indicating a surprising engineering knowledge and skill, recalling that exhibited by the ancient Peruvians in their mighty undertakings. The origin of these interesting antiquities is unknown.—Philadelphia Record.


A MYSTERY OF THE PACIFIC.

The Pious Robin.

Here is a story of an orthodox robin. Some time ago I attended morning service in Ely Cathedral, where, during the prayers, a robin kept flitting about the building, joining occasionally in the service with a modest "chirrup." When the clergyman ascended the pulpit and began to speak, the robin deliberately perched himself on one of the pinnacles of the chancel-screen, quite close to the orator, and the louder did the robin sing, much to the amusement of the congregation. I have no recollection of what the sermon was about, but the robin's singing made a deep impression upon me. —London Telegraph.

Presence of Mind.



Irate Father—"Didn't I tell you not to go skating?"

Quick-Witted Son—"Stay where you be, Pop. The ice is awful thin." —Truth.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama.

Entered at the Post Office at Clanton, Ala., as Second-class mail matter.

Official Organ State Assembly K. of L. of Alabama

"Here shall the press the People's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw.
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

SUBSCRIPTION, YEARLY - - $1.00

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

A HAPPY new year.

WRITE it 1897 to-morrow.

THE year passes away with rumors of war; we hope it will continue to be rumors only.

MAKE all your good resolutions to-day and hold to them until this time next year, when you can easily renew them.

THE latest report is that the gallant Maceo was not killed, but was badly wounded, and hidden away before the Spaniards could get hold of him; we trust the report is correct.

THE Commercial Bank of Selma failed yesterday, with liabilities about $300,000. The bank was an old established one and held in high estimation, and we are sorry it has succumbed to "returning prosperity."

Two years ago with much pleasure THE BANNER announced, on good authority, the marriage of Mr. Dave Cooley and Miss Mattie Wooley and exerted itself to the utmost in wishing them all imaginable joy. The announcement turned out to be unfounded and all our good wishes were thrown away. They were not lost altogether, however, and we carefully preserved them until the present moment when we again offer them with more added to the same happy young couple who were really married this time at the home of Mr. Milford Woolly, father of the bride, on Mulberry on Chrismas Eve. There is no mistake about it this time, because Rev. W. M. Woods tied the nuptial knot and tied it tight, too. There was also a large crowd present at the ceremony who afterwards celebrated the event in a most enjoyable manner. The young couple will make their home with Sheriff Cooley, who requires Dave's assistance in the shrievalty office. Once again we wish them a long and happy life. This is another instance of THE BANNER being up-to-date. We announced the marriage two years before the event.

ONE of the most awful calamities that has ever occurred in railroad history took place last Sunday morning when the accommodation train between Birmingham and Blocton went through the iron bridge over the Cahaba river and fell a distance of 110 feet, and without a moment's warning thirty souls were precipitated into eternity. Details of this terrible catastrophe will be found on the fourth page. The general opinion is that train-wreckers, fiends in human shape, displaced a rail with the result as before stated. It is hard to believe there can be human beings with such diabolical dispositions as to wantonly destroy innocent lives for any cause whatever. Unfortunately there are such monsters and it is well for the world when they are captured and destroyed. Every effort should be made by the railroad companies and the government to run these miscreants down and punish them as they deserve. Hanging is far too good for wretches who would remove a rail on a bridge 110 feet high—just think for a moment, about half as high again as the top of the tower to the new court house.

Our readers will deeply sympathize with the family of Rev. J. G. Lowrey. Mr. Lowrey lost a beloved daughther and two grandchildren in this horrible catastrophe while the unfortunate husband and father, Mr. Henry Hanbury, was pinned down in the wreckage and saw them burn up before his eyes without being able to move a hand to help them escape their terrible fate.

The Census of 1900 and the Question of a Permanent Bureau.

In view of the election figures much interest will attach to the result of the census enumeration which must be made a little more than three years hence. The preparations for that enumeration are under discussion. It is quite time that the plans for so colosial an undertaking should be well in hand. The best opinion upon this subject, both in Europe and in America, unanimously favors the maintenance of a permanent bureau, as distinguished from an organization temporarily created once in ten years. It is true that the actual enumeration must require the employment of a great army of temporary agents; but the director of the census should be a permanent official, and he should have in his office at Washington a staff of expert assistants and statisticians always at work. Most of the special inquiries which are undertaken every ten years in connection with the census, could well be distributed throughout the intervening years, so that there would be no lack of tasks o an important character to keep the bureau occupied. Hon. Carroll D. Wright, Superintendent of the Department of Labor, was authorized some time ago by Congress to draft a bill outlining the organization and work of a permanent census bureau. Colonel Wright has complied with this instruction, and his draft is now in the hands of the proper Congressional committee. The American Statistical Association and the American Economic Association, at their last annual meetings appointed representatives to confer as a joint committee upon this question of a permanent census bureau. This joint committee was made up of statistical experts and other gentlemen having a wide general knowledge of the subject in question. A unanimous agreement has been reached by the joint committee in favor of a permanent census bureau; and Congress has been memorialized to that effect. The statistical work of the Department of Agriculture might well be made over to such a permanent census bureau, and other statistical undertakings could from time to time be devolved upon the bureau as circumstances might seem to render advisable.—From "The Progress of the World," in January Review of Reviews.

"HOW NOT to Better Social Conditions" is the title of an article by Theodore Roosevelt in the January Review of Reviews. Mr. Roosevelt is permitted to publish a letter addressed to him a few months since by the Hon. Thos Watson, then the candidate for Vice-president on the Populist ticket with Mr. Bryan. This letter was occassioned by Mr. Roosevelt's article in the September Review of Reviews dealing with the Vice-presidential candidates. The letter is a most important an interesting contribution to what may be termed the personal literature of the last campaign; it puts its writer in a new light, and must lead to a thorough revision of the opinions about "Tom Watson" entained so generelly by his political opponents.

It is getting to be so costly a matter to the United States to pay all expenses of contestants in Congressional cases, and their salaries if successful, and in the mean time to pay the salaries of the men occupying the seats during the contest, that a bill to put a stop to this recently introduced in the House by Representative William F. Aldrich, of Alabama, himself a successful contestant at the last session, has attracted a great deal of attention.

"This bill," said Representative Aldrich, to a Post reporter yesterday, "is an attempt to prevent frivolous contested election cases coming before Congress for settlement. As the law now stands, and as the practice of Congress has been, the returned member retains his seat often until the last few weeks of the second session of his term. The contestee therefore receives nearly $10,000 in salary and allowances for mileage and stationary, amounting to perhaps to a thousand dollars more, and the salary and allowances are paid to the contestant when seated, thus burdening the United States with double expenses for the same services. In addition to this great injustice, it offers a premium for fraudulent election certificates.

"To show that the salary is an inducement to that end, I will quote the words of a prominent Democratic politician in my district, who said to me, 'Mr. Plowman will get the certificate, and as it took you more than a year to unseat Mr. Robbins, we are satisfied if we can hold Mr. Plowman in for that length of time.'

"Viewed in another light, it is exceedingly unjust to the party represented by the contestant to be deprived of representation in Congress for practically a whole term for which their member was elected. In the matter of post-office appointments, and changes which come close to and affect each community of the district, its voice is not heard, and the majority are deprived of representation."—Washington Post.

Political Pointers.

People's Press Bureau, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 29, 1896.

The Cuban situation, as far as these United States are concerned, becomes more serious each day. Just before adjournment for the holidays members of the Senate and the lower House were equally surprised to learn that with the Chief Executive alone rests the power to recognize a belligerent power. This fact was first stated by Secretary Olney before the Senatorial Committee and has since been embodied in the manifesto. He also urges that the insurgents have made no effort to establish any government and so cannot be recognized. Prominent men like John Sherman, Cameron, Garland and Vest hold an opposite opinion and much excitement prevailed just before adjournment.

President Cleveland has returned from his duck shooting jaunt.

The subject of increasing the salary of Congressmen from five thousand to seven thousand five hundred, is being discussed.

The Pacific Railroad Bill will be brought up January 8th.

Senator Allen's plan of having an Investigating Committee appointed by the Senate to look into the use of money during the recent election has found hearty support among the believers in silver. Senator Allen has expressed himself as ready to retire from the Senate to make room for Bryan if that gentleman should desire to accept the place.

The sentiment in favor of Hon. Thos. Watson being seated in Congress, grows daily.

Secretary Carlisle's report, although it has been somewhat anticipated in the President's message, is not lacking in interest. He reports for year ending June 30th, '96, revenues from all sources $409,475,408, expenditures $434,698,654, deficit $25,203,245. Much of the greater part of the estimated deficiency for the current fiscal year has already been incurred, and has been paid, leaving still in the Treasury on the first day of December a balance of $225,036,708, which, after deducting the gold reserve, is about $100,000,000 more than is necessary as a permanent fund to insure the regular conduct of the ordidary fiscal operations of the Government. From bond sales and interest, thereon, $111,170,376. Decrease in ordinary expenditures $4,105,852. Increase in receipt, $19,102,205. The revenues are classified as follows; Customs, $148,000,000; internal revenue, $150,000,000; miscellaneous, $20,000,000; postal, $89,793,120.

The pretended fight on the Chattanooga Pipe Trust goes on. The plant is being enlarged and is enjoying a great deal of free advertising.

The validity of the gold contract is being tested in many states. When alledged silver legislatures fail to legisiate against gold contracts the genuineness of their sentiment for the white metal is questioned.

The Populists of Leavenworth, Kansas, have asked for eleven of the offices that Governor-elect Leedy is to fill by appointment.

The necessity of a new political party containing the elements that voted for Bryan, being organized with a new name, is being widely discussed and conceded to.

A Bimetallic State Convention composed of Populists, Silver Republicans and Democrats is called to meet at Lincoln, Neb., January 2, 1897. The call is endorsed by the People's Party State Committee.

The Virginia Sun, a leading Populist paper of Virginia, has had to suspend. This is much to be regretted.

At the recent election two kinds of ballot machines were tested, one Rochester, New York, and the other at Worcester, Mass. Neither proved satisfactory, as many as two hundred votes failing to be recorded, but the manufacturers are to consolidate and hope to combine the good and discard the bad features of each, thus sesuring a machine that will insure honest voting, quick returns and large savings in hire of officers.

A. R.

50 lbs. of Coal

A day would keep your rooms warm in winter. But that small stove will burn only twenty-five. Hence, discomfort and misery.

A certain amount of fat, burned daily, would keep your body warm and healthy. But your digestion is bad, and you don't get it from ordinary fat-food. Hence you are chilly, you catch cold easily, you have coughs and shivers; while pneumonia, bronchitis, or consumption finds you with no resistive power.

Do this. Burn better fuel. Use SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil. Appetite and digestive power will revive; and soon a warm coating of good flesh will protect the vital organs against the cold and the body against disease.

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00
Book free for the asking.
SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

West Chilton Warblings

Christmas passed off calm and pleasant in these parts; but little fun for the young people; no parties yet, but a good many Xmas trees round about and an abundance of shooting and fire works, it seemed like every body was well supplied with gun powder.

West Chilton has been on a building boom sometime—building new houses and repairing old ones.

Mr. T. A. Gay has built a new store house on Steer Creek below old Bull's Bur and has opened up a big dry goods store and we may get a post office there. We have named the place Kinninghamtonville.

Mr. E. W. Bailey is building a new residence.

The head of the Jackson lumber company's railroad has become to be a desperate place, it now gose by the name of dismal hell. There is nothing but drinking, gambling, shooting and fighting out there all the time. A few days ago Jack Latheram shot and killed Oscar Temp out there near the same place where Joe O'Neal killed Mr. Malkom. O'Neal and Latheram have both escaped. The great cause of all the trouble out there is "wild cat" whiskey and bad women, and our officers ought to break it up. The two men that were killed were both good peaceable men.

Old Mr. Anderson Davis of Jones' Switch has bought the Dr. Jeffers house and lot in Plantersville and is moving there.

Rev. J. W. Cabaniss has moved to Plantersville.

Mr. John Martin of Jemison has been visiting his best girl near Valley Creek during Xmas.

Mr. Frank Perry and Miss Dovey Perry of Chadwick have been visiting friends at Valley Creek the past week.

Mr. Leon Latheram has a brood sow 5 years old that has brought 40 pigs and raised them all in 4 years.

There is a certain place on the Centerville road over in West Chilton that has become so badly haunted until people won't pass that way in the day time. There can be heard something like a storm or a heavy wind passing by, when at the same time there will not be wind enough to move a leaf. At other times there is a racket like a lot of coons or cats climbing trees but still nothing can be seen, and after night can be seen all kinds of red angry fires and lights there. This haunted place is just above William Prices.

Success to the BANNER and its Editor,

OLD MIKE.

* * *

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Consumption and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guarteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by J. S. Johnson, Druggist.

* * *

Maplesville Music.

Mrs. Cladia Paisley and family are here for a week's visit at the old homestead.

Mrs. N. A. Goodwin is in Birmingham with her invalid sister. Mrs. Campbell.

Mrs. A. S. Foshee has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Parnell of Stanton.

Mrs. D. J. Watersworth of Stanton has been visiting friends here.

The friends of Wheler Foshee are glad to have him with them again.

Mrs. R. H. Martin was agreeably surprised Xmas eve by a visit from her brothers, F. D. Kelley of Savannah and W. D. Kelley of Selma, and Miss Mammie Hodges of Marion have visited her also.

We feel very grateful to Mr. Eusley Cooper for the hand-rail he made over Byrd's creek.

James DuBose is visiting friends here at his old home.

We had a most enjoyable Xmas tree on the 24th, both young and old seemed to aid in each others happiness. Miss Cora Smith added much to the enjoyment, by the excellent recitations of her school, which reflected great credit to their excellent teacher. To speak of the good performance of any would be invidious for this reason we cannot personate none.

A happy New Year to all our friends and specially to the reader of the BANNER.

SUBSCRIBER.

Send your name for a Souvenir of the Works of Eugene Field,

FIELD FLOWERS

The Eugene Field Monument Souvenir

The most beautiful Art Production of the century. "A small bunch of the most fragrant of blossoms gathered from the broad acres of Eugene Field's Farm of Love." Contains a selection of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Handsomely illustrated by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists as their contribution to the Monument Fund. But for the noble contributions of the great artists this book could not have been manufactured for $7.00. For sale at book stores, or sent prepaid on receipt of $1.10. The love offering to the Child's Poet Laureate, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the Monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet.

Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund,
180 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up saying: "Your boy wont live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery and he knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at J. S. Johnson, Jr., Drug Store.

L. & N. Change of Schedule.

To go into effect December 20.

Train No			
2	arv.	Clanton	9:54 a.m
3	"	"	5:59 p.m
4	"	"	10:35 p.m
9	"	"	7:43 a.m
10	"	"	5:26 p.m

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruption, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by J S Johnson Jr.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Justice Court of W. H. Streck a Justice of the Peace for beat 5 of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against J. E. White out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said J. E. White I have levied on the following property, to-wit: One (1) one-horse wagon.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named J. E. White in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1897,

during the legal hours of sale, at the court house door in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama.

Dated this 29 day of December, 1896.

J. T. COOLEY,
Sheriff Chilton county, Alabama.

BUY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

Do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and think you can get the best made, finest finish and MOST POPULAR SEWING MACHINE for a mere song. Buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the NEW HOME.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.

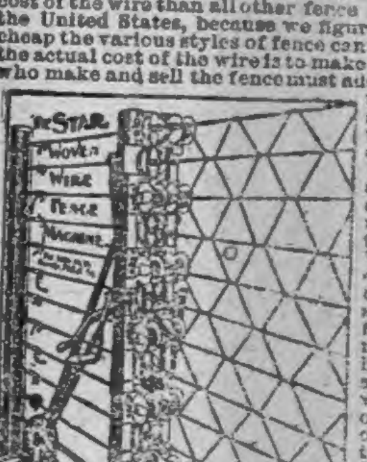
The New Home Sewing Machine Co.
ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SAMPEY,
Clanton, Ala.

Fence the World in 20 Days.

In the sale of the "STAR" Machine, as shown below we have done more in recent years to enable the farmers of this country to get their fencing at the actual cost of the wire than all other fence manufacturers in the United States, because we figure and show how cheap the various styles of fence can be made, or what the actual cost of the wire is to make them, while those who make and sell the fence must add the cost of labor to manufacture and their profit to the actual cost of the wire. We can sell you a Machine and enough wire to make 100 rods of the best Woven Wire fence on earth, horse high bull strong, pig and chicken tight for the same money that will buy 100 rods of any good woven wire fence now on the market. In one case you have the fence alone. In the other you have not only the fence but a machine which enables you to be your own fence manufacturer, with which you can make over 50 styles, including several styles of Ornamental yard or lawn fences. To show how the farmers of this country appreciate this machine it is only necessary to say that if all the machines sold by us were run for twenty days, each machine making 40 rods per day, they would make enough fence to go around the world, being an average of 80,000 rods or 1,250 miles per day. If all of the machines were run only 60 days during the year, making 40 rods per day each, they would make a grand total of 24,000,000 rods, which would make an average of 76,800 rods or 240 miles for every working day in the year. The combined product of all the Loom Fence Factories of the United States would not equal this. One cent isn't much. Invest it in a postal card and send for our Large Illustrated Catalogue, telling all about fencing. It may save you many dollars. Sent Free for the asking. Address, Kitselman Bros., Box 1095, Ridgeville, Ind.



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LARGEST MANUFACT'RS OF FELT PADS AND HOUSINGS IN THE UNITED STATES

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HOUSINGS
OUR SPECIALTIES.

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Liberal Discounts.

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OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and any of the following papers for one year:

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Cosmopolitan (America's Leading Magazine)	$1.50
People's Party Paper (Tom Watson)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50

For $1.25 we will send you The Banner and either of the following papers for one year:

Memphis Commercial-Appeal	$1.25
Birmingham State-Herald	$1.25

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Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions and Plantation Supplies.

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DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS AND ACID PHOSPHATES OF HIGH GRADES.
AGENTS FOR WHITE SEWING MACHINES.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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G. P. HAARDT

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Has the Finest Line of

Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Hats

To be found in Montgomery

Call and see for yourself at the New Clothing Store under Exchange Hotel 4 & 6 MONTGOMERY STREET

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CATARRH

is a more common and a more serious disease than most people imagine. Its cure depends upon constitutional treatment, not upon local remedies. V.V.V. cures catarrh because it purifies the blood, cleanses the secretory organs and brings the entire system to a condition of health and vigor. Composed entirely of health-giving vegetable remedial agents,

V. V. V.

The Great Family Remedy

is a wonderful specific for all blood and skin diseases—scrofula, tetter, eczema, erysipelas, etc.—as well as rheumatism, malaria, liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, debility, etc. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. A book of value mailed to anyone on request.

NABERS, MORROW & SINNIGE, Birmingham, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Clanton Cotton Market.

Price to-day 6 cents.

Bales received to-date:

Sampey	1855
Malone	992
Wilson	448
	3295

If you want a Piano or Organ we can sell you one at a low figure and on easy terms. THE BANNER, Clanton.

Mr. Durword Foshee spent Xmas with parents in Clanton.

Mr. Sam Gulihorn is in Montgomery this week.

Mr. Harvey Chandler went to Montgomery Monday.

Miss Tampa Cherry is among our pleasant visitors in Clanton this week.

Misses Woods, of Jemison, was in Clanton during Xmas week.

Last Friday night the "Kids" of our town enjoyed a most delightful entertainment, with refreshments, at the residence of Mr. J. H. Hunt.

The old reliable Capital City Insurance Company of Montgomery is represented in Clanton by W. L. Sampey.

Miss Rosa Thornton's school closed the 23rd, inst., and Miss Florence Gullihorn was awarded the first prize and Master Cleveland Giles the second.

Rev. W. B. Dennis preached his first sermon in the Methodist church here Sunday to a large audience.

Christmas day came on quietly, nothing very exciting until after every one had enjoyed a Xmas dinner, and with a rush a large crowd began to prepare for the "fantastic" parade, which was enjoyed by the whole town.

WANTED 1000 cross-ties. Apply to G. H. GREEN, Clanton.

Clanton was lively last Monday night—there were two entertainments, one at Mr. Eugene Evans, and the other at Mrs. Davis' boarding house, both were enjoyed very much by those who attended.

The Xmas tree last Thursday night at the Baptist church was a social feast for the Sunday-school children.

Mr. A. T. Williamson, of Montgomery, who is well remembered for his work here has returned and ready to do any painting, paperhanging, graining and kalcomining.

Mr. Will Callea is indisposed this week.

Mr. Charles F. Williams and Mr. Forrest Williams, of Comanche, Tex., is spending the holidays with friends and relatives here. Charles will return to Texas in about two weeks but Forrest has decided to remain in Chilton.

Mr. W. H. Smith returned to his home in Coosa, after spending some time with parents here.

Mr. Russell McDaniel, of Montgomery, spent Christmas with parents here.

Mr. Eugene Evans will entertain his friends this evening with an entertainment.

Mr. Charlie Merritt is Spending his Xmas holidays with parents in Clanton.

Mr. W. F. Culp is still on the sick list.

Dr. W. F. Middleton, after spending some time with parents here, returned to Texas last Monday morning.

The many friends of Mr. Bassen McMorries are glad to see him out on the streets again after a two week's spell of sickness.

Mr. Willie Perdew, of Greenville, is visiting relatives this week in Clanton.

Dr. V. H. Caine is enjoying a short vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Sampey entertained a large number of friends at their residence Xmas night.

See W. L. Sampey about insuring your property against fire.

The J. R. Kemp place has been by rented by the family of Dr. J. S. Johnson Sr., and moved into this week. The Doctor returned from New Orleans, finding it did not agree with him.

Marriage licenses have been granted this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. D. C. Cooley and Miss Mattie Wooley; Mr. James Harrell and Miss Bettie Horton; Mr. Willie Johnson and Miss Lula Mims; Mr. Joseph Smitherman and Mrs. Missouri Lewis; Mr. C. J. Littlejohn and Miss Viola Langston; Mr. V. J. Gragg, Jr., and Miss Viola Rutherford; Mr. W. E. Thompsonand Victoria Rutherford Coloren. Joe Crosby and Carry Davis; Ed Owen and Olie Bailey; Aaron Cooper and Lizzie Flowers; Will Commins and Birdie Hill; Frank Allison and Camilla Cobern.

Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights?

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health...... Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Simonton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted! I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

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there go to

MARKS & GAYLE

WAREHOUSEMEN

where the

Best Appointed Wagon Yard

in the city will be

FREE

to you the year round. This wagon yard is in the heart of the city. Separate rooms for white and colored. Plenty of water and stalls.

$1800.00
GIVEN AWAY TO INVENTORS.

$100.00 every month given away to any one who applies through us for the most meritorious patent during the month preceding.

We secure the best patents for our clients, and the object of this offer is to encourage inventors to keep track of their bright ideas. At the same time we wish to impress upon the public the fact that

IT'S THE SIMPLE, TRIVIAL INVENTIONS THAT YIELD FORTUNES,

such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our $150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

All communications regarded strictly confidential.

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HAIR CUTTING
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SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

MERRITT'S NEW BUILDING CLANTON

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pension Warrants in favor of Confederate Soldiers Widows for 1896 have been sent to me by the Auditor, and are now ready to be delivered. R. M. HONEYCUTT,

STRAYED on Nov. 16th, one black horse mule, medium size, tolerably old, thin in order. A liberal reward offered for the mule. Apply to Mrs. Sarah Mahan, 6 miles east of Stanton, Ala.

STRAYED One small mouse colored mule striped legs. Strayed Oct. 16. A liberal reward offered. Return to Dr. J. S. Johnson, Jr., Clanton, Ala.

SUBSCRIBERS receiving their paper with a blue cross (X) mark on it will understand their subscription has expired and will oblige by renewing. Kindly mention to your friends THE BANNER costs only One Dollar per year, or Fifty Cents for six months.

State Alliance Notice.

Dudleyville, Ala. Nov. 23, 1896

County Secretaries that have not received minutes of the last State meeting will receive them by dropping me a card notifying me of their failure to receive the same.

J. W. JACKSON,
State Secretary.

* * *

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

THE GREATEST AUTHORITY IN THE WORLD PRESCRIBES

CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER

—FOR—

COLDS IN HEAD, CATARRH, SORE THROAT, LA GRIPPE, HEADACHE or Any Head or Throat Trouble.

DR. J. L. BROWNE, LONDON

DR. Browne is Senior Surgeon to the Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. He declares himself in a recent medical journal in emphatic terms as follows: "The vapor of Menthol checks in a manner hardly less than marvelous, acute Colds in the head. For all forms of nasal disease, causing obstruction to the natural breathing, I prescribe Cushman's Menthol Inhaler to the extent of hundreds per annum."

A CHRONIC DISEASE CURES IN EVERY BAD COLD!

Then why do you go on in a deluded way trying to wear out your misery when CUSHMAN'S INHALER will relieve you instantly.

It is a Constant Companion! $5.00 worth of medicine for 50 cts. No sickening or nauseating drugs to debilitate your system. Only a refreshing and healthful aid to you. Indispensable in traveling. Public singers and speakers use it and find it the greatest aid in strengthening the throat.

INFLUENZA! DR. J. H. SALISBURY, a distinguished physician of New York, said: "Inhaled Menthol is particularly destructive to the life of the Influenza bacilli." SEA SICKNESS! Dr. Kesley Thorn, in communication in the London Lancet, says: "I have found Cushman's Menthol Inhaler exercises a marked beneficial effect in Sea Sickness and especially in the headache and vertigo, which remains after the actual vomiting and retching passed off." MOTTVILLE, N. Y., Jan. 21, '95.

I have had Catarrh about ten years. A friend sent me one of your Inhalers. It helped me the first time I tried it.

T. DOUGLAS MORTON, KINGSTON, N. Y.

I have used one of your Menthol Inhalers for about a month for Chronic Catarrh of twenty years' standing. It has given me more relief than all other remedies I ever tried. H. LATHAM.

The most refreshing and Healthful aid to HEADACHE Sufferers. Brings Sleep to the Sleepless. Cures Insomnia and Nervous Prostration. Don't be fooled with worthless imitations. Take only CUSHMAN'S. 50c. at druggists, or mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Write for Book on Menthol and testimonials. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., Vincennes, Ind. or No. 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS

$35 to $80

Complete, Ready For Use.

30 Years in Use all Over the World

No Generators or Extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any $4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its one.

CHAPMAN & CO.
MADISON, INDIANA.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
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Cushman's Menthol Balm

Is the safest, surest, and most reliable remedy for

CUTS	SALT RHEUM	CHAPPED HANDS
BURNS	ULCERS	FROSTED FEET
BRUISES	ITCH	RINGWORM
SCALDS	ERYSIPELAS	AND OLD SORES.

Specially Recommended for PILES.

Quick to Relieve Pain and Reduce Inflammation. Guaranteed to give satisfaction; when you need an ointment, be sure to get Cushman's Menthol Balm. Do not accept anything else as being just as good. This Balm is the Largest Box of Ointment and the best on the market.

If you cannot get it of your druggist send 25c. for one box by mail. Sold by all leading druggists.

CUSHMAN DRUG CO.
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How? Study the *Manual of Phonography*, by Benn Pitman and Jerome B. Howard. A perfect self-instructor. Over 300,000 sold. Sold by all booksellers, or we will send it by mail, with the *Phonographic Reader* and the *Phonographic Copy Book*, for $1.35, cloth, or $1.15, boards.

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has for 43 years been the standard. Called by the U. S. Bureau of Education "The American System." First prize, World's Fair. Full information and complete catalogue, free.

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No. 3 — Harness. Price $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

No. [illegible] — with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $[illegible]. As good as sells for $[illegible].

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18,688.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., December 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 23rd, 1897, viz.: Emmett W. Headley Homestead entry, No. 26,208, for the e½ of ne¼ section 20 tp 21 north of r 13 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Joseph Hayes, of Maplesville, Ala., Wiley Ramsey, of Lily, Ala., Simon Clark, of Maplesville, Ala., James Hayes, of Maplesville Ala.,

H. PURCELL, Register

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 18597.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before The Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 2nd, 1897, viz.: Marry Dennis, widow of Daniel B. Dennis, H. E. No. 23,671, for the s½ of Fraction (A), Fraction (B) of section 25 Tp. 21 n R 16 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz.: William N. Pierce, James S. Jones, John L. Howard, Pinkney M Jones, all of Burwell, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register

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Pulitzer Bldg.,
New York.

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L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

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Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

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WERE GIVEN HIGHEST AWARDS

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CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION FREE.

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WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer.

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MILL MACHINERY AND GEARING OF ALL KINDS.

SAW REPAIRING a specialty. WORK GUARANTEED.

FRICTION causes nearly all the trouble in life, and more especially in machinery. Our *VARIABLE FRICTION* as applied to Saw Mills and Planers enables the operator to take just what he needs and no more. *Warranted* to yield a capacity twenty per cent. greater than the old style with same power.

97 Saw Mills sold in one month proves its wonderful popularity, and they go to all parts of the world.

The DeLoach Variable Friction Feed Planer Matcher and Moulder beats them all

Write at once for large illustrated catalogue.

DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

168 Washington St., New York City, and 111 S. 11th St., St. Louis, Mo.

P. P. P. LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY BRINGS HELP TO ALL!

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take **P. P. P.** It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. R. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnansville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a great many cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

DRS. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P., has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. **P. P. P.**, (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by **P. P. P.**

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, **Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.**

For sale at Dr. Johnson's Drug Store.

Russia's Alaskan territory as approved by Great Britain included a strip twenty miles back from the shore line. Russia ceded that right to the United States on payment of $7,000,000. Now comes England and says that the twenty-mile strip must be measured from the outermost boundary of the shore islands. This is a violation of both the letter and the spirit of the existing treaties.

There are two things men don't enjoy—kissing a girl through her veil, or the visits of kin.

Advice to young writers is the burden of many a paragraph and article. The wisdom of the earlier authors also ought to be remembered. It was a learned woman of the tenth century who wrote these words, which literary aspirants may well remember: "I am fearful of appearing greater than I am, being perplexed by two things, both of which are wrong, namely, the neglect of talents vouchsafed to one by God, and the pretence to talents one has not."

People are very lenient with eccentricity until it takes the form of long finger nails.

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Piso's Cure cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E. CADY, Huntington, Ind., Nov 12, 1894.

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Am. N.U. No.53. 1896.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

A BIT OF LIFE.

A maiden sat within the door
And sang as many times before.
A man to daily toil passed by,
No love nor pleasure lit his eye,
But when he heard the merry song
He whistled as he went along.

A woman by the window wept
For one who in the churchyard slept,
But when upon her hearing fell
That tune she knew and loved so well,
The flood of burning tears was stayed,
And soon a song her lips essayed.

Her neighbor heard the tender strain,
And softly joined the sweet refrain.
Thus, all day long that one song bore
Its joyousness from door to door.

—Clara J. Denton, in Ladies' Home Journal.

A JUMP FOR FREEDOM.

OH yes, a steady lot, us drivers? Well, we have to be, there's no choice in the matter. Driving wants a clear head, and a man who can make up his mind what to do in a moment. The majority of people don't half realize the work there is to do, or the responsibilities of the "foot-plate."

I often think, myself, the difference there is between us chaps and the captain of a Channel boat. I used to think of it more when I was on the "Sou'-Western," running the Continental train to Southampton. Maybe I had a couple of hundred lives in tow; but I'll venture to say very few of them thought of the man who had them and the train in sole charge, for though the fireman's along with you, the driver is responsible for everything, including him. Yet when the passengers stepped aboard the Channel boat, if they got a glimpse of the captain they'd look at him wiih a kind of awe.

I don't say all this out of jealousy, but I've often thought if we had a uniform, with gold lace round our caps and collars and an engine worked on our shoulders, folks who were going a long journey would think more of us, and say: "That's our driver," just as you hear them remark "That's our captain."

Still, as I say, I wouldn't change. There's a charm about the "foot-plate" and a pride in your engine that only a driver knows. Why, I've seen men get quite affectionate over a favorite engine, and almost cry when they were changed to another. Adventures? Well, the life's full of adventures, more or less; not very interesting to the general public, perhaps, but exciting enough to us. Stop, though. I can tell you one adventure I had years ago, which will interest you—about the most remarkable thing that ever happened to me, and about as curious an affair as you could find in the history of the line, I reckon. It was while I was on the Sou'-Western, and before I became a regular express driver.

Before you can quite understand it, I must tell you something about the line itself. From Clapham Junction to Hampton Court there are four lines of rails, two of them used for up and down "fast" trains, and the others for up and down "slow." You have the same sort of thing on some of the other lines; the London and Northwestern, for instance, has four lines as far as Roade, beyond Bletchley, only they are worked differently to the South-western.

The London and North-Western run their up and down fast trains on the two left hand lines of rails from Euston, and the up and down slow on the two right hand, so that, when two trains are going in the same direction there is always a line of metals between them. But from Clapham to Hampton Court Junction the outer left hand rail is used for slow, and the next to it, the inner left hand, for fast, the outer right and inner right being used for up-slow and fast respectively. The "up-slow" extends all the way to Woking, but this has nothing to do with my story.

Thus, you see, if one train passes another going in the same direction, the trains are close together. Sometimes I have known two trains travel alongside each other at the same rate for two or three minutes, and more than once I have spoken from my engine to the driver of another train, and given or received a bit of 'baccy when we were going at the rate of forty or fifty miles an hour. The Northern system is generally considered to be the better of the two, but the South-Western still sticks to the other plan.

One day, in the winter of 188—, there had been a special cheap excursion from Portsmouth to Waterloo; I forget what the occasion was; but, anyhow, I was detailed on duty to take this train back to Portsmouth. We were to start at 9.27, and as far as Hampton Court Junction to run on the outer, or slow, line. The last train before us was the nine o'clock, so you see we expected a clear run. We were not to stop anywhere before reaching Portsmouth.

The train was a heavy one, as a good number of people had taken advantage of the excursion, and it seemed that we should hardly get off to time. As a matter of fact, however, we were only two minutes late in starting, and were soon bowling away merrily towards the south.

The boat express to Southampton leaves Waterloo at 9.35, and runs from there to Basingstoke without a stop, traveling to Hampton Court Junction on the fast line. We had just passed Ryan's Park when I heard the approaching roar of the express coming down behind us. We were traveling a good forty miles an hour at the time, and the other train began to pass ours very slowly. Presently the express engine was alongside ours, and the driver sang out a cheery "What ho! mate," as the two "cabs" came together. Creeping gradually past us, the carriages of the boat train became visible, and as I glanced at them I could distinguish the passengers plainly. Five coaches had already passed us, when I stood well on the left-hand side of the foot-plate, farthest from the other train, to allow my fireman to perform his office.

At this moment my engine put on a little spurt, and the two trains were running almost exactly at the same pace, the other just slightly gaining. I happened to glance over my shoulder, when, to my astonishment, I saw a man in the other train deliberately opening the door of his compartment, which was just drawing opposite to the "cab" of my engine. Before I could recover from my surprise he had stepped out on the footboard of the carriage, and in another second he sprang upon the foot-plate of my engine, clutching at the rail on the cab, while the door of the carriage he had left, obeying the motion of the train, shut with a slam.

In an agony of terror, my mate and I seized him and dragged him into a position of safety, while the other train spurted forward and passed us. For a moment or two neither of us spoke. I was the first to recover my presence of mind, and the habit of duty mastered my curiosity for the instant.

"Hold on here," I shouted. "Jim, fire her up, man; wait till we get through Woking—then we'll see to him. Steady, sir! Keep over in that corner, please, and thank Providence you're not a dead man."

"Mad, I should think," said my fireman, as he set to work again shovelling on the coals, while I riveted my attention to the mass of red and green lights we were ever and anon approaching and passing.

At Hampton Court Junction we were switched on to the "fast" line, following the boat-express by about six minutes, and in half an hour or so we were through Woking, and then I turned to the stranger. He was a young man, clean shaven, and well dressed; deadly pale and trembling, clutching hard at the support. The foot-plate's a bit shaky to a novice.

"Are you mad, sir? Do you know you've had a fearful escape? What, in the name of all that's wonderful, do you mean by it?"

"N-no; I'm not mad. I—I was forced to do it."

"Forced to do it? Why, you were alone in the carriage, as far as I could see."

"Yes, yes, I know that. But I was desperate. I'll explain everything."

"Wait a minute or two; I can't attend now. Tell me when we're through Guildford."

How he started as we entered the Guildford tunnel just beyond the station! I thought he'd fall at first, and my mate had to hold on to him for a minute. When we were clear of the tunnel, I asked him for his explanation.

"I wanted to escape," he said, "and it was the only way."

"Escape? Who from? The police, I suppose? Well, don't you think you've done that, my friend?"

"No, no, no! Not from the police. I'm not a criminal. Listen, and I'll tell you. I've got mixed up with a terrible secret society—a set of people composed of the very worst sort of Anarchists—men of several Nations. It would be too long a story to tell you how I came to join it, but when once among such people, there is no drawing back. We were pledged with the most awful oaths to secrecy, and terrible penalties were ordained for those who proved traitors. I would have given anything to set myself free, but it was impossible.

"Well, one evening last week we held a meeting to determine the performance of an awful act. I can't tell you exactly the truth, but I will go so far as to say it was the assassination as a certain great personage on the Continent. We drew lots, in order that the assasiin might be chosen. The lot fell upon me. In vain I begged to be excused, the others were relentless, and the president said to me:

"'George Felton, you have sworn obedience, and obey you must. The lot has fallen upon you, and you must perform the deed. If you refuse, or if you even hesitate, there is only one penalty, and that you know. It is death, and it is useless for you to try to escape from it. This is how you will proceed: Until Thursday you will be carefully watched. The evening of that day you will take the boat-train via Southampton and Havre for Paris. You will travel by that route because it is the less frequented. You will go absolutely alone, but every step you will be watched. The "brethren" will be posted all along the line of route. At Waterloo two of the men will watch you into the train. At Basingstoke two others will keep their eyes on you while the train is stopping there. At Southampton you will be watched on board the boat, and the same thing will happen at Havre and Rouen, your only stoping-places. At Paris you will be met by two comrades, who will keep you in view until the final arrangements have been made, when you will be told how to act. So do not think to escape, as every movement will be watched.'"

The train flew on; my mate and I were interested, as you may well guess. He paused for a moment to allow of the engine being coaled once more, then I said:

"But you might have stopped the train by pulling the communicator, and—"

"I'm coming to that. I had thought of trying to escape thus, but just as the train moved out of the station a little note was thrown in at the window by a 'comrade,' who had been watching me. I opened it and read as follows: 'We never thought the other night that perhaps you might try to escape by stopping the train en route and jumping off. In case such an idea has entered your head, you may as well know that the "brothers" are on the train. You know what that means. You are helpless. Be brave for the sake of the "cause."'"

"Have you got that letter?" said the fireman.

"No; I tore it up. Well, I tell you, I was desperate. I had half made up my mind to jump and risk it, when we gradually began to pass your train. I was alone in my compartment, and could see the well-filled carriages close to me. I sat looking at them mechanically, when the idea suddenly seized me, and I asked myself the question: 'Why shouldn't I change trains?' By this time I was opposite to the guard's van in the front, and there was not a moment to be lost. It was too late to try for that when I opened the door, and my only course was to jump on to your engine. Thank God, I did so safely!"

"Aye, you've had a lucky escape, and you may well thank God. Well, what's to be done now?"

"Where are you bound for?"

"Portsmouth."

"Do you stop anywhere first?"

"No."

"Well, look here. Can't I slip off on the outer side as we come into the station?"

"I don't know so much about that. You've come on the foot-plate uninvited, and you ought to give an account of it to the authorities. If I let you get off without, I'm liable for a row myself. Besides, how are we to know your story's true?"

"Before God I swear it's true. And no one need ever know I was here. I'll make it well worth your while. Besides," he added, piteously, "it's my only chance. When they know I've escaped they'll search high and low. If this isn't kept quiet they'll know about it before I have the start of them, and that means certain death. I couldn't escape. As it is, I've got money enough to get well out of the country before they know."

Well, it seemed rough enough on the poor chap, but my mate stuck out against letting him go. I argued the matter out with him as well as I could, and he was beginning to come round to my point of view when I suddenly exclaimed:

"Look out, mate, there's a block at Petersfield."

The distant signal was shining with a red light instead of a green, and we put on the brakes until the train was almost at a standstill.

"For God's sake, let me get off," begged the stranger.

My mate and I looked at one another. The train came to a stop close to the signal.

"Don't refuse me. See here," and he held out five sovereigns and literally pressed them into my hand. I looked at Jim again. He nodded.

"All right, get off and keep quiet till we've gone on. Good luck to you. Here, I don't want your money."

But he was gone in a moment. Then the semaphore arm fell with a crash, the green light shone out, and we started once again; nor did we stop till we had reached Portsmouth. Later on, my mate and I talked the matter over between us, and agreed that we would not mention it to anyone, as it was better for all that it should be kept quiet. Then I offered him half the money.

"No," said he, "I won't take it. If his story's true, it's something like the price of blood. They must have given him the cash for his journey and expenses."

I hadn't seen it in that light.

"Well, mate, I believe you're right. I never thought of that. I shan't touch it either. I couldn't bring myself to do it. But what shall we do with it?"

Finally, we agreed to send it anonymously to a railway charity, and the next morning we did so.

Two days after that, I was off duty, when the fireman came round to my house, with a curious expression on his face and a newspaper in his hand. "Read that," he said, quickly pointing to a paragraph. I read as follows:

"MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE OF A CRIMINAL.

"Oh Thursday evening last a strange occurrence, the facts of which are unknown, must have taken place somewhere on the main line of the Southwestern Railway between Waterloo and Basingstoke. Our readers will remember the case of embezzlement and forgery at the head offices of the 'Amalgamated General European and Colonial Exchange,' a forgery on a large scale, in which the under cashier, Charles Winfield, a clever, and unfortunately well-trusted young man, was deeply implicated. Winfield, by some means, managed to escape arrest and the police have been assiduously following his track since. On the evening in question Detective Baxter, of Scotland Yard, recognized Winfield in a first-class compartment of the 9.35 boat-train from Waterloo to Southampton. The train was just moving out of the station, and it was impossible for the detective to get in, but he ran along the platform by the side of the window, clearly identified his man, took the number of the carriage, and noticed which compartment it was, and immediately wired to Basingstroke, the first stopping place. When, however, the train arrived at this place the police, who had assembled on the platform, found no trace of the criminal. It was ascertained that the train had not pulled up once; the particular compartment was empty, but a thorough search was made throughout the train, it being thought that he might have changed carriages by the foot board. It is supposed that Winfield recognized the fact that he had been discovered at the last moment on his way to the Continent, and guessing that he would be arrested at Basingstroke, must have jumped off the train in a moment of desperation. Whether the unhappy man was killed or escaped remains a mystery, no trace of him having been discovered."

"What do you think of that!" said my mate.

"Well," I said, "I think he half deserved to escape on account of his pluck. And—well, he was the finest liar I've ever met!"

The fireman nodded his head slowly, and then said:

"Well, I had my doubts most of the time. He was too fine a liar for me!"
—Strand Magazine.

High Price for a Relic.

Numismatists have been greatly interested this week in the sale at auction of the remarkable collection of coins, known as the Montagu collection, including the famous Juxon medal, presented by Charles I. to Bishop Juxon on the scaffold, just before the former's execution. The bidding for this relic was of the liveliest description, and it was finally sold for $3850, said to be the highest price ever paid for a coin.—New York Post.

Pickling Weakens Iron.

Experiments indicate that iron is weakened by being pickled and galvanized. A dozen eyebolts, all alike, so far as could be perceived, were carefully selected; six of these were laid aside and the others galvanized. When the galvanized bolts were returned the twelve were tested, and it was found that the galvanized bolts were the ones to break; in no instance did the ungalvanized ones give way.—American Artisan.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

There are two kinds of women in this world; one kind sits and sighs silently about her wrongs, and the other storms and raves about her rights.

He who thinks he can find within himself the means of doing without others is much mistaken, but he who thinks that others cannot do without him is still more mistaken.

Wouldst thou rather be a peasant's son that knew, were it ever so rudely, there was a God in heaven and in man, or a duke's son that only knew there were two and thirty quarters on the family coach?

We must make people feel that heaven and hell are not places for drinking sweet wine or being broiled alive, some distance off, but they are here before us and within us, in the street and at the fireside.

People who make puns are like wanton boys that put coppers on the railroad tracks. They amuse themselves and other children, but their little trick may upset a freight train of conversation for the sake of a battered witticism.

The one fact in which all unavoidably agree is that we come into the world alone and we go out of the world alone and though we travel in company and make a great show of our fellowship and of bearing one another's burdens we carry our deepest burdens alone.

No employment can drag a true man to any lower level, but he may lift any honest, honorable employment to a higher level. The one great question which is of transcendent importance is—character. Take care of that and leave your reputation to take care of itself.

He is not rich that hath much, but he that hath enough; nor he indigent that hath little, but he that craves more. For we are not rich or poor, happy or unhappy, honorable or mean, so much according to the proportion of that which we possess as of that which we desire.—The South-West.

Need for Sleep.

By far the most important compensation for all effects of fatigue is sleep. Everybody, even the man mentally most inert, develops when awake a mass of mental effort which he cannot afford continuously without suffering. We need, therefore, regularly recurring periods in which the consumption of mental force shall be slower than the continuous replacement. The lower the degree to which the activity of the brain sinks then, the more rapid and more complete the recovery.

The mental vigor of most men is usually maintained at a certain height for the longest time in the forenoon. Evidences of fatigue come on later at that time of day than in the evening, when the store of force in our brain has been already considerably drawn upon by the whole day's work. If no recovery by sleep is enjoyed, or it is imperfect, the consequences will invariably make themselves evident the next day in a depression of mental vigor, as well as in a rise in the personal susceptibility to fatigue. The rapidity with which one of the persons I experimented upon could perform his tasks in addition sank about a third after a night journey by railway with insufficient sleep. Another experimenter could detect the effects of keeping himself awake all night in a gradual decrease of vigor lasting through four days. This observation was all the more surprising because the subject was not conscious of the long duration of the disturbance, and was first made aware of it incidentally by the results of continued measurements on the causes of the manifestations of fatigue.—Popular Science Monthly.

The Apple Era.

"Apples, apples, apples," is the cry of the season. Apples for indigestion, apples for the complexion, apples for insomnia, and ever more apples for everything. One man complains that after paying a big doctor's fee for advice concerning sleeplessness, his physician as a finalty said, "There is no better remedy for your complaint than eating a good juicy apple just before retiring. It is light, easily digested, and creates just the amount of heat in your stomach necessary to bring the blood from the brain and so promote restfulness in that busy organ."

A girl whose complexion has been a source of worry for months has the same experience to relate. "Use this lotion and these pills," says Esculapius, "but by no means omit eating a large apple three times a day; the malic acid contained in them is the best remedy for your trouble, and nature presents it in a most agreeable pill form."

At Boston dinner tables the apple is one of the accepted forms of decoration, and several small cut glass dishes of rosy-cheeked health producers are used to offset the mound of flowers in the center, and with it form the only spectacular adjuncts to the feast. Very pretty, too, they look, carrying back the fancy of the satiated diner-out to to the time—when an apple, fragrant, juicy, probably purloined from a forbidden orchard, formed the summum bonum of his existence.—Washington Star.

Denied Naturalization.

Sven Andreason applied for naturalization at Chicago the other day, and failed to get it for a curious reason. Andreason is a Norwegian, and insisted that his papers should record that he renounced allegiance to the "King of Norway and Sweden." The County Clerk declared that there is no such monarch, though there is a "King of Sweden and Norway." Official accuracy and National pride found themselves at odds, and as neither would yield Andreason was not admitted to citizenship.—San Francisco Chronicle.

The First Surname.

The first person in Great Britain credited with bearing a surname was John de Clavering, son of Robert Fitzroger, by command of King Henry I., by virtue of and from his barony of Clavering, in Essex. The father was owner of the baronies of Clavering and Warkworth. The oldest surnames in this country in Doomsday book are taken from places owned by the persons, with the addition of "de," as John de Clavering, Walter de Vernon, etc.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When your urine stains your linen it is evident you have kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate is convincing proof that your kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Sold by druggists at fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and book free mention this paper and send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., six cents in stamps to cover cost of postage.

Editor Labouchere of London Truth recently invited his readers to send in suggestions as to the best way to celebrate the completion of the sixtieth year of Queen Victoria's reign. The first suggestion received was: "Abdicate. Proclaim the British republic. Disestablish the state church. Abolish the House of Lords." How is this, coming from a monarchy?

A Chicago boy gets three months in the house of correction for stealing a collar button. More than one man has gone to a worse place forever through losing one.

Having seen a newspaper portrait of the late Sultan of Zanzibar, we cannot help feeling that justice has scored another touchdown in his case.

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With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

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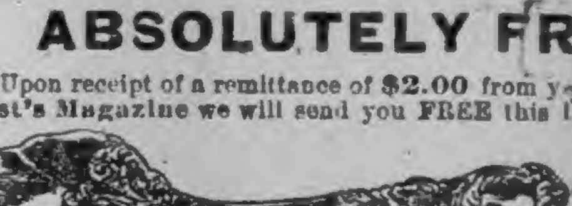

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